

# The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 45--No. 17.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1916.

Whole No. 2311.

**GLENCOE  
PICTURE SHOW**  
Town Hall  
EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT  
without fail  
Good Interesting Pictures  
Sure to Please  
TWO SHOWS 7.30 and 9.00  
Popular Prices, 10c and 15c

**Card of Thanks.**  
Mrs. Mawhinney and family wish to express their gratitude to friends and neighbors for kindnesses and sympathy extended to them in their bereavement.

**Farm for Sale.**  
150 acres, parts of lots 14 and 15 in the 5th concession, Ekfrid. Apply to E. Ash, Route 4, Glencoe.

**Seed Potatoes.**  
Good home-grown Dooleys for sale at farm of John Gould, Longwoods Road, next Saturday.

**Card of Thanks.**  
I wish to thank Mr. James Poole for his promptness in getting my cheques covering the loss in my recent fire, having had them three days after the adjustment. CHAS. DEAN.

**For Sale.**  
A home in Glencoe; half acre of land, with brick house and good barn. Located on McRae Street. Apply G. M. Barker, Glencoe.

**NOTICE!**

Wm. Muirhead will take Cream and Eggs at Huston's office, Glencoe. Wagons will also be collecting. Cash paid for eggs. Get our proposition about cream.

**SILVERWOODS, LIMITED**

**Cream Wanted.**  
Will receive cream daily throughout the week, but ask you to avoid Saturdays as much as possible. Cream wagon will be on its routes again this summer. Cash for eggs.—Alex. McNeil.

**DENTISTRY**  
R. J. McFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 16.

**JAMES POOLE**  
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

**GEORGE WILSON**  
Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main street, over Lumley's drug store.

**J. B. COUGH & SON**  
Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone: Day 23, Night 93

**G. G. McNaughton**  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance  
Phone Bethel U. C. R. P. O. Newbury No. 41 R. R. No. 2.

**CLUBBING RATES**

Renew your newspaper and magazine subscriptions at the Transcript office. We can save you money, as well as the trouble and expense of remitting. The following are some of our clubbing rates:—  
The Transcript and Family Herald and Weekly Star \$1.95  
Daily Advertiser, morning or afternoon edition 2.95  
Daily Free Press, morning 3.75  
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Weekly Sun 1.85  
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Weekly Free Press 1.95  
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All subscriptions are payable in advance. Address:—  
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**BOOST FOR  
THE TOWN**  
and have your Clothes hand tailored in Glencoe. Our Spring Stock is complete; bought at prices before the advance. Buy now and save money.

**TOMLINSON  
TAILOR AND HABERDASHER**

**Potatoes**

Table Potatoes, Delaware, Dooley and Irish Cobbler Seed Potatoes for sale.

Seed Barley, Oats and all kinds of seeds in packages or bulk.

Choice Oatmeal, 8 lbs. for 25c.

**CASH FOR EGGS  
McAlpine Bros.**

We carry a Full Line of  
Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

**J. M. Anderson**  
Tinsmith Plumber

**CHANTRY FARM**  
Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls  
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

**Notice to Creditors.**

In the Estate of Robert William Huston, late of the Township of Ekfrid in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario," 1914, Ch. 121, Sec. 26, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of Robert William Huston, who died on or about the sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1916, are required, on or before the fifteenth day of May, 1916, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss, of the Village of Glencoe, solicitors for Edmund Thomas Huston, administrator of the estate of the said deceased, their claims and statements, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.  
And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.  
Dated the 27th day of April, A. D. 1916.

**ELLIOTT & MOSS**  
Solicitors for Edmund Thomas Huston, Administrator of the Estate of the said deceased.

**CANADIAN  
PACIFIC  
S. S. LINE**

Donaldson S. S. Line  
Allan S. S. Line  
White Star S. S. Line  
Royal S. S. Line

Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.

**R. CLANAHAN Ticket Agent  
GLENCOE**

**Western Farmers' Weather  
Insurance Company**  
Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

**E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe**

**MILITARY WRIST WATCHES**  
—WITH—  
UNBREAKABLE GLASS AND RADIUM DIAL AND HANDS

These are very suitable for presentation gifts to the soldiers. Every watch is fitted with a jewelled lever movement and guaranteed to have been carefully tested before leaving our store. Prices—\$3.50, \$6.90, \$10.75 and \$12.00.

We also have a large stock of Ladies' Bracelet Watches, convertible and regular styles; gold, white and silver dials. Prices, \$13.00 to \$25.00.

When your Eyes need attention remember we make a specialty of testing eyes and fitting glasses.

**C. E. DAVIDSON - JEWELER**  
OPTICIAN ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

**Keith's Cash Store**  
A large assortment of Spring and Summer Goods in Millinery, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.

**P. D. KEITH**

**MITCHELL & HAGERTY**  
Hardware Merchants, Glencoe, Ontario

**Campbell's Varnish Stains** **Martin-Senour Paints**

**Perfection Oil Stoves** **Frost Wire Fence**

We have just received our Spring Stock. Full line of goods to assist the Housewife.

**ESTABLISHED IN NEW PREMISES**

We are now fully established in the McCreery & Young old stand. Our whole attention will be given to Staple and Fancy Groceries, Domestic and Foreign Fruits. We are heavily stocked with new goods and can quote you interesting low prices, quality considered. Call and be convinced.

Highest market prices given for good Table Butter and Eggs in cash or trade.  
We sell Parnell's Homemade Bread at 5c a loaf—the kind mother makes—healthiest.  
Try our specials in Bulk Teas and Coffees.  
Goods promptly delivered anywhere in town.

**W. A. CURRIE & CO.**

**Red Cedar Shingles**  
Do not "CLOSE THE DEAL" for your roof until you let us figure with you. Our 5X B. C. Shingles make a cheap and permanent job.

**Galvanized Iron Roofing**  
We sell this Roofing and it will pay you to get our prices.

**McPHERSON & CLARKE**  
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard GLENCOE, ONT.  
Beaver Board and Fibre Board in stock

**District and General.**

Sugar is higher in price than at any time since 1898.  
Neil McArthur, Middlemiss, has enlisted at St. Thomas.

Blenheim and Ridgeway streets will be closed again this season.  
Strathroy young men are raising a fund to assist injured lumbermen.

P. A. McVicar, of Rodney, has celebrated his twentieth year as auctioneer.

The total population of Chatham is placed at 12,539, an increase of 149 over last year.

W. C. Whiting, of Muncey, has a sow which has had 31 pigs during the last year.

St. Thomas now has a population of 17,174, an increase of 145 over last year's figures.

Two Ridgeway men were fined \$5 and costs for failing to feed a lively horse they had hired.

The last fall of snow last year was on the 12th of April, while in 1890 snow fell as late as June 4.

Fruit growers state that the fruit trees in this vicinity have come through the winter in good shape.

Peter McCallum and Miss Annie McKillop, daughter of Mrs. Janet McKillop, were married at the manse, Cowal, on Wednesday.

A Toronto contracting firm is to build 90 workmen's houses in the vicinity of the new \$1,000,000 sugar factory at Chatham.

The bill increasing the marriage license fee in Ontario from \$2 to \$5 has passed its third reading in the Legislature and will become law.

Mr. Cruikshank, assistant ticket agent for the G. T. R. at Petrolia, has been appointed station agent at Alvin to succeed W. E. Gernaine.

The contract has been awarded for the erection of a brick residence for Alex. Batten, Middlemiss, and a frame residence for Godfrey Gilchrist, Dumwich.

The students of Wardsville high school recently presented a wrist watch to Pte. Campbell and a signet ring to Pte. Doyle, two of last year's students.

Robert F. Whyte, a well-known Wabash passenger conductor, and resident of Windsor for more than thirty years, died suddenly at his residence on Wednesday night.

Mrs. Wm. Reysaert, wife of a prominent farmer of Warwick township, was taken suddenly ill while driving home from Watford and expired in the buggy before reaching home.

Sir Adam Beck, head of the Canadian remount commission, has received instructions to purchase more horses for war purposes, and will act personally as buyer at London, Ont.

Harry Kipp, of Leamington, brought action against the township of Raleigh for \$394 damages for injuries to his automobile owing to non-repair of Talbot Road and was awarded \$20.

Fred Simard, of Tilbury North, had a narrow escape when a team he was plowing with were struck by lightning and instantly killed. Mr. Simard was knocked down by the shock, but suffered no injury.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bowie, of Metcalfe, announce the engagement of their only daughter, Anna B., to Mr. Wm. E. Woods, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Woods, Brooke. The marriage will take place in May.

James Giffen, a respected resident of Strathroy, died suddenly at his residence in his 70th year. He was born in Ekfrid and lived in Plympton and Adelaide for some time before going to Strathroy five years ago.

No fewer than 683 fires, one million and a half dollars damage to property and the loss of 38 lives occurred during 1914 as the direct cause of children playing with matches. Keep the matches away from the children.

A man in the King's uniform has a right to accost any civilian with a request for his name or not being in khaki, was the ruling of Magistrate Coughlin, of Stratford, in fining Lone Abby \$1.00 and \$2.25 costs for insulting Pte. Smith, 110th Batt.

A pretty pink and white wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Simpson, Ridgeway, on Wednesday, April 19th, when their youngest daughter, Bertha Irene, was united in marriage to George S. Eilen, son of Wm. Eilen.

County Clerk John Stuart and Mrs. Stuart were given a farewell party by the people residing near their old home in Carleton last week prior to their moving to London. Mr. Stuart was presented with a signet ring and Mrs. Stuart was given a silver table mirror.

Queen Mary, of England, is at the head of an organization of women who have started a crusade to persuade society women to set an example to the nation by reducing their expenditure to the strict minimum and giving up all expensive living and lavish entertaining.

George A. Oldrieve is moving his saw mill from Wallacestown to St. Thomas. The mill was erected in the sixties and is one of the oldest saw mills in Elgin county. It did a big trade until the timber in Dunwich township became practically exhausted.

Wm. Down, a farmer living four miles north of Appleton, was using a cream separator in his barn, when lightning struck and killed a dog lying at his feet. Mr. Down was uninjured. His son, who was feeding the stock, had a pitchfork knocked from his hand, and sustained a slight shock. Nine head of cattle were thrown down by the lightning, and two of them were killed.

**Death of Col. Davidson.**

Colonel Andrew Duncan Davidson, commissioner of the Canadian Northern Railway for the past eleven years, died of internal troubles in the Rochester, Minn., Hospital, late Saturday night. The news came as a distinct surprise to relatives and business associates, who a month ago saw him leave Toronto for a southern trip. He was not in the best of health, but his physician believed a rest in North Carolina would bring back his strength. When the colonel reached his home in Duluth he was taken seriously ill; three physicians advised an immediate operation in Rochester, Minn., and while definite information is not available as yet, it is believed he died from the effects of this operation.

Railroad activities and lands colonization has been Col. Davidson's life work. During his career it is estimated he has sold over 15,000,000 acres of land, and is popularly known as "The Man Who Made the Saskatchewan Valley." He was born in the township of Ekfrid, near Glencoe, on May 18, 1853, of Scotch and Irish parents. His education consisted solely of public and business school training. He married Miss Ella F. McRae, of Glencoe, by whom he had one daughter, Edith, who died about three years ago.

Colonel Davidson had wide business interests. Primarily he was a member of the firm of Davidson & McRae, General Agents, Canadian Northern Lands, with offices in Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg. The colonel managed the Toronto office, a son-in-law, P. S. Darling, looked after the Montreal end, and a brother, Col. A. R. Davidson, was manager at Winnipeg. Col. McRae, his partner, is on active service in England, and is head of the Canadian Overseas Army Service Corps.

Among other business connections he was president of the Canadian Western Lumber Co., president of the Columbia River Lumber Co., director of the Western Canada Flour Mills Co., and president of the Canadian Northern Prairie Lands Co. At the early age of 19 Andrew Davidson had visions too big to develop on his father's small farm at Glencoe, and he decided to seek his fortune in the States. After spending a year lumbering in the bush of Wisconsin he entered a school of telegraphy with \$800 hard earned cash to his credit. Upon graduation he made his first railway connection as agent and operator for the Green Bay and Minnesota Railway at Blair. He saved, and within four years invested his total capital in a general store, grain and lumber business, and later a bank in Minnesota, Minn. His business flourished; he widened his banking interests and later became interested in iron deposits in the Lake Superior country. History has it that during his early business career in the States he was offered many high political appointments which he turned down, accepting only the mayoralty of his own city, Little Falls.

With his increasing prosperity 90 men out of 100 would have stayed in the States. Not so Col. Davidson. He came back to Canada by his own declaration to "settle and develop my native country." He was the first man to recognize that the soil of the Saskatchewan valley and western Canada was capable of growing the best wheat in the world, but till 1902 he made little progress in selling and settling the government land. Then, in 1902, he organized a party of bankers and newspapermen in Chicago and took them, at his own expense, to see the country in which he had so much faith. Before they returned to the States he had sold them 180,000 acres. The American newspapermen spread the news of Canada's wonderful opportunity, and thus began the "American invasion." Within seven months Col. Davidson and his partners sold 1,200,000 acres of their holdings.

What Col. Davidson did in Saskatchewan he practically duplicated in British Columbia, but along somewhat different lines. In 1905 he first became interested in the resources of that province, and right up till his death was interested in coal mining, whaling and lumbering in that section. Personally he was a most affable and likeable man. Clean living—he neither smoked nor drank—left him a strong frame. He was above medium height and well built. Outstanding characteristics of the man were his modesty and straightforwardness of address. His business days ended when he was through his work and began earlier in life at 6 o'clock in the morning.

His military title came to him from two sources. The state of Minnesota, in recognition of his achievements there, granted him a commission in the National guard. And he also held an honorary colonelcy on Sir Sam Hughes' headquarters staff at Ottawa. Col. Davidson was with the party which accompanied Lord Roberts on his tour of inspection of the British lines before the death of the eminent British general. Recently his native town of Glencoe has frequently heard him speak at recruiting rallies. He held strong imperialistic ideas and believed that Canada's best future and interests lay along the lines of a nation within an empire.

Colonel Davidson's remains were taken to Duluth where interment was made on Tuesday.

**Methodist Church.**

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER  
"The beliefs of men who do not believe" is Mr. Howson's subject for next Sunday evening. Free thinkers and doubters will find this subject interesting. "Indications from nature and revelation as to what we should be and do" will be the subject considered in the morning. Mrs. Moore will lead the service of song. Visitors always welcome.

**Easter Vestry Meeting.**

The annual Easter vestry meeting was held at St. John's church on Monday night. The financial report of the wardens, in spite of the stringency of the war, was an excellent one and the books balanced within \$10 of even, though at the first of April the auditors reported a deficit of nearly \$100. The rector reported the average attendance as returned on the first of the year as a marked improvement over the year previous.

Miss Blackburn, on behalf of the ladies' societies, reported a very successful year, the Guild and Calendar societies having paid the taxes, insurance, etc., on the church and rectory, and \$100 of principal on the rectory.

The Senior W. A. had not quite as good a showing, but the improvement on the part of the Junior W. A. made fully up for it.

The Sunday School report, presented by Sidney Overton, the efficient secretary, was very satisfactory, financially and otherwise. The S. S. Lenten offering to missions was \$12. Mr. Tait presented Miss Rogers' report of the choir activities. The supplying of the choir cost \$70, and the choir, after meeting all its various claims, handed in \$5 as an Easter offering.

Mr. Roome spoke of the great need of the east window, in regard to which it was arranged to call a special meeting.

The old wardens were reinstated, and votes of thanks passed to them, Miss Rogers and the choir and the auditors and caretaker, and last and above all to the ladies.

**Death of Miss Mawhinney.**

Citizens were greatly shocked at the sudden demise of Miss Annie Mawhinney, a much respected lady, daughter of the late John Mawhinney, who passed away shortly after 9 o'clock on Thursday evening from an epileptic convulsion.

Miss Mawhinney was apparently enjoying her usual health and had gone in company with Mrs. A. B. McLeellan to Mrs. Keith's millinery room to purchase a new hat. After making the purchase the ladies went upstairs to visit Mrs. Keith. Shortly after being seated and while engaged in conversation Miss Mawhinney was seized with a convulsion and expired in a few minutes.

Besides her mother, who has been ill for some time with paralysis, Miss Mawhinney leaves six brothers—Joseph, of Swift Current, Sask.; Dr. Elgin, of Chicago; L. N., J. W. and Thomas, of Ekfrid, and W. C., at home. Deceased was in her 45th year.

The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon to Oakland cemetery. Service was held at the home on Victoria street and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Howson, pastor of the Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Dr. Ford. Relatives present from a distance were Miss Sarah McLean, of Galt; Mrs. Vansickle and daughter, Mrs. Grace, of Hamilton; Albert Newcombe, of Port Dover, and Mrs. Hugh Smith, of London.

**Committed for Trial.**

John L. McIntyre was committed for trial on Thursday on the charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of his daughter, Mary Irene, who died in childbirth at the family home in Moss on April 7th. After hearing a number of witnesses, Police Magistrate D. C. McKenzie thought that a prima facie case had been made out, and sent the accused for trial before a higher court.

The evidence taken before the magistrate differed but little from that given at the coroner's inquest. McIntyre's trial will not take place until the fall assizes and application for bail will be made by his solicitor, P. H. Bartlett.

**Archy Beaton's Will.**

Several Glencoe people gave evidence in a case at the county court in London in which action was brought to test the validity of a will made by Archibald Beaton, of Glencoe, who died in the London Asylum in 1909. The court decided that the will was perfectly valid and ordered it to be proved. There are over one hundred beneficiaries and each one has to prove his right before he can get a share of the estate, which amounts to \$5,000. Lawyers in the case stated that between the court costs and other things there will not be much left for anybody.

Six years before he was taken to the asylum Mr. Beaton went to the office of Elliott & Moss and made his will. Mr. Moss stated that at the time Mr. Beaton was apparently perfectly sane and thoroughly capable of administering his business.

A great deal of trouble appears to have resulted through Mr. Beaton's not having kept in touch with his relatives. In Scotland he had an uncle and aunt who were very kind to him and he wished that they or their heirs should receive the money he had. When he died an effort was made to locate these people in Scotland and advertisements were inserted in the papers. It was found that they had come to Canada, a short time after Mr. Beaton himself had left that country sixty years ago, and settled in Simcoe county. Instead of there being two or three to get the \$5,000 he left there are now over 100 children and grandchildren and great-grandchildren of his uncle and aunt.

It's always to a man's credit to pay cash.

No, Jane, it isn't the bad eggs that produce tough chickens.



## Fresh and Refreshing "SALADA" B76

is composed of clean, whole young leaves. Picked right, blended right and packed right. It brings the fragrance of an Eastern garden to your table. BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN

## A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPS WOLLEY

(Author of "Gold, Gold in Cariboo," Etc.)

### CHAPTER XII.—(Cont'd.)

At this point Jim Combe joined them, was given a drink and solemnly introduced to the corpse.

In return he lent a hand at bearing it, and abandoning all ideas of a professional pace, or the decorum of silence, the party in its shirt sleeves, trotted to within sight of Soda Creek before dark. Here, however, the procession paused, reformed, put on its coats and funeral face, and marched with great pomp to the door of the Ideal.

Here, again, an unexpected difficulty met them. The Ideal was the only place to which any one went on arriving at Soda Creek, but in spite of the former habits of their charge, it was evidently now no place for Mr. Hayes.

"Poor old hoss, I guess you ain't allowed in here now. Where'll we take him to, doc?"

An empty house was suggested where the body would be safe from the dogs until the clergyman came for it next day, and there it was locked up for the night.

But even then the doctor was not ready for his patient at the Risky Ranch. By unanimous consent it was held fitting that Soda Creek should celebrate old man Hayes' reception in due form, and no protest on Jim's part was of any avail. The men had had enough whiskey to make them as stubborn as mules. Jim Combe was in despair. Every drink that the reckless crowd took made it more noisy and more quarrelsome, whilst the doctor was rapidly progressing from the convivial to the maudlin stage of drunkenness.

Finally, Protheroe declared his intention of going to take one drink with the old man.

"Let him alone where he is," urged Ed. "He won't understand now."

"Wish understand, wish he? You think he's gone away. Nonsense, he's here all right. He'll understand, you bet."

The idea was too grizzly. That any poor devil should be condemned even after death's release to hang round the Ideal, struck Jim as the climax of horrors to which hell itself would be a mild punishment.

But he saw in the sot's determination his own opportunity. Going up to the only man in the place who was still sober, he touched him on the shoulder.

"Bill, would you do something for a woman?"

The big man, who was still drowsy by the stove, started from his slumber.

"A woman. There ain't no woman here. It's only whiskey and hell."

"But there's women elsewhere, down to the Risky Ranch, for instance. Will you do something to help one of them?"

"Anythin'," he said, rising. "Then go up into that fellow's

room," pointing to the doctor, "and corral all his outfit, instruments and grip-sack, whatever he takes along with him when he goes visiting. No one will notice you as you live here, and if they do they are too drunk to mind."

"What do you want it for?"

"There's a woman a-lying down to the Risky, and I've got to get that little hog and his fixin's to save her. You heard him say he wouldn't come."

"I did, curse him; but he won't be any good like that. They never are any good when you want them," and he sank back into his dreams.

"He won't be like that when I get him to the Risky. Will you do it?"

"All right; if it's for a woman," and he slouched off to the part of the house where his boarders slept.

Meanwhile Jim Combe went out to secure his own horse and another. The latter part of the business was horse-stealing, almost the worst of offences in Cattlemans' country, but he had already to a friend, and was meditating a worse offence than horse-stealing.

When he had tied the two horses at the back of the empty house in which old man Hayes lay, he returned to the bar room.

There he found his ally, Bill. "Have you got the things?"

"Yes."

"Then sneak out and cinch them on tight behind the saddle of my horse, a big red roan, tied up behind the house where Hayes' body lies, and wait there for me. Don't make any mistake, and don't speak till I do."

Bill took his orders in silence, and whilst he slipped out at the back, Jim Combe went up to the bar, and called for drinks for the crowd.

"Thought you was going to take a drink with the old man," he said to the doctor, who was now half asleep.

"So I wash, but I can't get any fellow to go along."

"And you're too scared to go alone? I thought you were a scientific joker, who didn't believe in ghosts or spirits, or any of them things you can't see or stick a knife into."

"Don't know what I believe, and I don't know what I'm scared of. I'm scared of anything, Mishter Jim Combe; if you are a foot taller than me."

Jim laughed aggravatingly. He knew the man's peculiarities.

"Why, you're afraid right now, I'll bet you the next round of drinks that you dare not go alone to take a glass with old Hayes."

The bet suited the humor of the crowd, besides the form of settlement touched their personal interest.

"It's up to you, doc," they cried. "You're the little man to win his money."

To do the doctor justice, he was no coward, drunk or sober.

"Hand me the bottle, Ike," he said, rallying in the most extraordinary

manner, and speaking quite soberly. "And one of those glass es. See you again, gentlemen," and he walked towards the door.

"I guess it's my money that's up, so if no one has any objection, I'll still hunt the doc and see that he goes right to it. That's the bet, isn't it?" asked Combe.

"I guess so."

"Nobody else leaves the room until we come back. I don't want the doctor's friends handy to keep his courage up."

"He don't want any. Don't you worry. The doc's got as much grit as the next man."

"Appears like it," said Jim, and stole out, shutting the door noiselessly behind him.

### CHAPTER XIII.

Very solemnly and placing each foot with carefully calculated precision, the little doctor made his way from the Ideal to the place where old man Hayes had been stored out of the way of the dogs.

The awful heat and closeness of the bar room which he had left, made the chill of the night air more noticeable. It struck him like a bar of cold iron across the forehead and made him catch his breath with a gasp. But his errand had no terror for him. He was one of those who, having learned a great deal about the mechanism of the human body, looked upon it as an indifferent piece of machinery capable of many improvements, and having about it nothing of the supernatural.

As a locomotive he considered it beneath contempt. Walking was at best but a succession of falls avoided. That had always been his opinion, but he had never known so much difficulty before in getting up that hind pro in time to save a collapse.

Before starting from the bar room door he had taken a line upon the house which he wished to reach, and he had contrived not to lose sight of his points, but it was difficult to keep them, moving as he felt compelled to do, as a knight moves at chess.

Earth seemed for once to have no solidity; the laws of gravity in his particular case seemed to have been suspended; his feet would not keep down and he suffered from an almost irresistible temptation to allow his legs to collapse altogether, a temptation which arose from a growing conviction that they really had nothing whatever to do with him, and that he could move perfectly well by the mere exertion of will power. But he was not sufficiently drunk yet to yield to this temptation. He still had some control over his memory, and he remembered that he had tried that game before, and had been found in the street very cold indeed the next morning.

Dr. Protheroe had a considerable knowledge of the many infirmities of the flesh, but his knowledge of the different expressions of alcoholic dementia was comprehensive. He even diagnosed his own case accurately as he staggered along.

"Drunk," he said, severely; "very drunk. Iish the cold air has done it. Always does it; but I'm not 'fraid. Who said Doctor Protheroe was 'fraid?"

He stopped, swaying dangerously in the middle of the dark street to think out that problem, but even his mind could only move now as the knight moves. It would not go straight.

"Doctor Protheroe 'fraid?" he repeated this two or three times in a sort of sing-song, and then, suddenly: "Dr. Protheroe," he said, "Doctor Protheroe—oe, Thomash's, London—England. Not Ontario! None of your bloom'n' Canadian 'bout me. Doctor Protheroe, Thomash's, London, England. Gentleman; professional man," and then he burst into peal upon peal of derisive laughter, in the midst of which he fell flat upon his face in the mud.

After lying there for a few minutes chuckling still to himself, he rose upon his hands, and knees, reached for his hat, put it rakishly upon the back of his head, and continued his journey upon all fours.

"Varicoses veins," he muttered, as he went. "Shyatic, gout, notin' to do wi' whiskey. All rot. Cause—absurd attempt violate lawsh of nature. Man dam fool; meant to walk or four legsh, tries to walk on two. Posherior limbs over worked; painful swelling followah. Of course." But in spite of the excellence of his reasoning he was obliged after a time to conform to custom, and finished his journey in a wild burst upon two legs, which landed him in a heap at the old man's door.

The violent exercise did something to counteract the effects of the chill air upon his heated brain, but not enough. He could remember that the door fastened with a latch; he could even repeat to himself the necessary instructions for lifting the latch; but for the life of him he could not find it.

Sitting upon the ground with his eyes carefully and talking rapidly but incoherently, he explored the whole door from the mud to within six inches of the lock half a dozen times, and at last, concluding that he must have reached the wrong side of the house, began to crawl round it, until utterly weary, he sank despairingly into a peculiarly cold puddle, from which lowly station he beat intermittently upon the solid pine logs of the wall imploring old man Hayes to "get up and take a fellow in." At last oblivion came to him, but not in the kindly fashion in which he had grown accustomed. There was a dif-

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ficulty about his breathing which he did not remember to have noticed on previous occasions. It was quite natural that he should have turned over on his back, but his head was rolling about in an unusual way, and there seemed to be an obstruction in front of his mouth.

"Asphyxiation," he decided. "Unusual symptom, rather think unnatural. Not had enough whiskey for that," and then he went out into space where nothing mattered, and thought itself became a mere succession of vague and disconnected suggestions.

One of these, the most persistent, was that he was flying. He remembered, as you do in dreams, that he had done this before. He had never been quite certain whether it was in dreams that he flew, or in waking life. The dream had always seemed so real, but he knew that he was flying now. He left himself going up and up, and it was only with difficulty that he kept from falling back, because he tried to flap his wings and could not. They were tied to his sides.

(To be Continued.)

## THE MAN WHO IS TAXING BRITAIN

OWES HIS SUCCESS IN POLITICS  
TO THOROUGHNESS.

Takes Infinite Pain to Master Every  
Subject He Has to Deal

With.

It has been the lot of Mr. McKenna to tax the British people—at all events, the wealthier section of them—more heavily than has ever been dreamed of in the past. The recent mammoth taxes proposed by him on incomes amount, in the case of just ordinarily big incomes, to over 33 per cent. of the total income, and in the case of extraordinarily big incomes, to far more than double that proportion of the total income.

Like Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. McKenna has increased his popularity and also enhanced his strength in the House of Commons since the coalition Government was started. In truth, that was no difficult matter so far as regarded the standing of either of them in the estimation of his opponents. It is probable, however, that the House as a whole likes both men better because, in these latter days, it has, in the case of each, taken more pains to discern the man beneath the



Rt. Hon. Reg. McKenna.

mannerism. At or time, in days not far distant, few men in the House of Commons were so disliked by those on the benches opposite as was Mr. McKenna. His mistakes—and he has made not a few of them, for neither as Home Secretary nor as First Lord of the Admiralty was he any stupendous success—were constantly magnified into preposterous dimensions. His rising to speak was usually the signal for either departure or derision on the part of his opponents. In fact with much that is wholly admirable, there is not a little that is slightly annoying in Mr. McKenna's make-up. He has an air of omniscience

about him which goes far to exasperate those who do not share his very obvious belief in himself. He was reputed to believe in science rather than in sentiment, to be somewhat hard, as well as intensely "superior," while his manner was rather rasping and harsh. But now all this is changed. With his former opponents smiling upon him, he smiles back on them in return, and can be as conciliatory as the occasion seems to require.

### Sure of Himself.

The present Chancellor of the Exchequer is, comparatively speaking, a young man. He was born 53 years ago. For that matter he is probably as young to-day as he ever was in his life. For he was born with an old head on young shoulders. He has been M. P. for his present constituency, North Monmouthshire, since 1895. He has held the offices of Financial Secretary of the Treasury, President of the Board of Education, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Home Secretary. He has been something of an athlete, too. In 1887 he rowed bow in the Cambridge University boat, and he also won the Grand and the Stewards' Cup at Henley regatta. At one time, when the question of the Boer War well-nigh rent the Liberal party in twain, Mr. McKenna was far from seeing eye to eye with his present leader. Mr. Asquith, of course, adhered to the Liberal Imperialist action of the party, of which Lord Rosebery and Sir Edward Grey were recognized leaders. On the other hand, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman led the section which was frankly pro-Boer. Mr. McKenna was neither a Liberal Imperialist nor a pro-Boer. But he objected to Mr. Asquith's platform activities on behalf of the Liberal Imperialist section, as likely to render the divisions in the party needlessly acute. He accordingly addressed a letter to the present Premier urging him not to attend and speak at a banquet arranged by the Liberal Imperialists in his honor. Mr. Asquith retorted to "My dear McKenna" with considerable spirit, and attended the banquet.

Those who know McKenna best say that the man is not really so much hard as he is sure of himself. He has some reasons for this surety. He is a lucid and logical, if not a very lively, speaker. He masters a case thoroughly, and will take infinite pains to secure exactitude in facts and figures. He has been a success as Chancellor of the Exchequer, because in that office, if in any, thoroughness is its own reward. And he is certainly thoroughly thorough.

### His Charming Wife.

It is now eight years since Mr. McKenna married his very charming wife, who, by the way, is about a quarter of a century his junior. And though Mr. McKenna has made his enemies, she has made nothing but friends. Mrs. McKenna is the daughter of Col. Sir Herbert Jekyll, who, among many other claims to fame, is noted as one of the most discriminating devotees of the fine arts in England. She has inherited her father's love for the beautiful, and his faculty of collecting much that is rare. Her

"finds" amongst the antiques are a perfect by-word among her friends. Her eye is as keen among the stalls as it is on the golf links—she is an inveterate and most proficient golfer. She gives the least time possible to the concerns of the drawing-room and the tea table. She takes more interest in the flight of a golf ball than in the flight of a duchess. It is in her nursery, rather than in the political world, that she stoops to conquer. And it is probably for these reasons that, living as she does among so many people who have forgotten how to be children, her many friends swear by her, as both the wisest and the youngest of the wives of Cabinet Ministers.

### WHERE THE CONFLICT RAGES.

Artist Paints Battle of Verdun With Shells Falling Around Him.

Perched on a tower on top of a hill near Verdun, the storm of battle by no means disconcerting him, Mr. Francois Flameng, a French artist, is calmly preparing a colossal historic painting of this struggle, the greatest of the war and of all wars. He is making his sketches undisturbed amid falling shells and the din of bursting projectiles and is working hard every hour of daylight to complete his studies.

"I have been before Verdun eight days," he writes to his friend, General Niox, custodian of the army museum in Paris. "From my observatory I can see the whole panorama of this epic battle from the south along the Meuse to the north near the Argonne. I am trying to get all the details, for I know that the smallest corner of this field of carnage is watered with the noblest French blood."

"My task delights me, for I know that my studies may give hereafter an exact view of this Homeric struggle and that perhaps it will be the only thing that will remain vivid of all my work. I have put into it all my confidence and all my tenderness. My heart is moved with pity when I think of those who are dying between the hills in front of me and when I see the terrible shells falling on our lines I want to throw myself on my knees and pray for the sublime and unknown heroes who will have saved their country and humanity."

"I am sorry you are so far from the battlefield; if you were here you would very quickly share our serenity, our blind faith in final success. Verdun cannot be taken now. It should be known that we are superior on all points to the Germans, for never was a more formidable struggle imposed on us, never was war more contrary to our temperament. It has revealed to us virtues in ourselves that we did not recognize. Let us thank fate for having afforded us this hard test, because it will have rejuvenated our race. Let us look to the future without fear and let us be patient."

### Similarity.

"Have you any references?"

"Yes, mum, but I left them at home. Like me photographs they don't do me justice."

## AN IDEAL TONIC

When your head is dull and heavy, your tongue furred, and you feel done-up and good for nothing, without knowing what is really the matter with you, probably all that is needed to restore you to health and vigor is a few doses of a reliable digestive tonic and stomachic remedy such as Mother Seigel's Syrup. Take it after each meal for a few days and note how beneficial is its action upon the stomach, liver and bowels—how it restores tone and healthy activity to these important organs, and by so doing enables you to gain new stores of vigour, vitality and health.

MOTHER  
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The new 1.00 size contains three times as much as the trial size sold at 50c per bottle.



### Horse Sale Distemper

You know that when you buy or sell through the sales has about one chance in fifty to escape **SPOHN'S DISTEMPER**. "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." By the bottle, or dozen bottles, at all druggists, horse, goods houses or delivered by the manufacturer, SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Gochen, Ind., U.S.A.

## HOW TO WIN THIS GREATEST OF WARS

FATHER VAUGHAN SAYS TO KILL  
MORE GERMANS.

Famous Priest Renews His Attacks on Those Who Would Spare the Enemy.

"Kill Germans if you would win the war," continues to be the slogan of the Rev. Bernard Vaughan, priest militant, of London, England. Father Vaughan recently answered another clergyman who thought it was a pity to kill so many Germans by saying: "In my blundering stupidity I had thought it a pity to miss so many of them."

In a late issue of Reynolds' Newspaper Father Vaughan returns to the charge with the following:

There are two extreme schools of thought respecting this life and death struggle called warfare. The militarists and pacifists are poles apart in their teaching about war. One the one hand, while Prussian war lords make out war to be not only a "biological necessity," but also the "religion of valor," the Society of Friends, on the other hand, declared that nothing can justify "the repelling of force. The German Bernhard would turn ploughshares into swords, and the Russian Tolstoy would, on the contrary, crush swords into ploughshares. A plague on both your houses, say I. Between these optimistic and pessimistic views about the right to fight, there is a third class made up of people like the Rev. Dr. Meyer and the Rev. Newsham Taylor, who lead one under the impression that they regard the present European war as some international football match, with the betting on our side, and with the hope that none of the players in the rough game will be badly hurt. They and their followers, in their solicitude for our welfare, keep on raising against me how beaming ecclesiastical lips it is to give the advice to kill Germans.

Must Go On Killing Germans. I suppose I am expected by this school of thought to exhort our troops not to kill them. Mr. Bernard Shaw has reminded me that there is another way of ending the war besides that of killing Germans, and that is to end it by killing Englishmen. My attitude toward the war may be summed up in a very simple syllogism. It is this: Warfare means killing the troops fighting against you. But the troops fighting against us are German. Therefore, the war for us means killing Germans.

About the major premise Mr. Shaw and myself are in complete agreement. It is with the minor premise that we seem to be quarrelling. It is not quite clear whether he puts Englishmen where I put Germans. No doubt the pro-German puts Englishmen where I put England's enemy. So that the conclusion to be drawn from the premises depends altogether upon which side you are in the fight. As it is as clear as noonday to me that we have entered into this devastating war with a clear conscience and clean hands, I am satisfied that we must go on killing Germans until we have reached the number that will entitle us to dictate to the enemy our terms of peace and to save Europe from the tyranny, the Kultur of the superman with his super-State. We have drawn the sword to protect the neutrality, independence, and autonomy of the smaller European kingdoms, and it is our rooted determination never to slip that sword into its scabbard again till Europe is rid of its menace to liberty, justice, and civilization.

Prussianism Must Go. To the militarist, then, who regards warfare as the highest expression of life, I say it is the worst expression of physical evil; and to the pacifist who contends that nothing can justify war, I reply that there are occasions when you must make use of the worst physical evil—warfare—in order to support some great moral cause. In other words, a just war means making use of physical forces to secure some great moral end.

Let us get to grips with this question about the rights and wrongs of warfare, and let me again remind you that there is a far greater evil than war, and that is sin. War in its most repellent aspect can never get away from its character, as a physical evil only, whereas sin is the brand called moral evil. The founder of Christianity warns us not so much to fear him who can kill the body only as to fear him who can destroy the soul also. In the eighteen millions of casualties recorded in the present scientific slaughter of the human race not a single soul has been necessarily hurt, though that number of bodies have been hit. I believe that this war, a terribly physical evil though it is, has sent phylloxera souls innumerable who might otherwise have lost their way thither. Meanwhile I am satisfied that God in His good time will give to the Allies a great and lasting victory against a foe who, having started out to Kaiserize Prussia and Prussianize Germany, meant to Germanize the world.

A word of praise to-day is worth a bucket of tears shed to-morrow.

## NEURALGIA KILLS PAIN BRUISES RHEUMATISM

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Mothers: "Keep a bottle in your home"

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## About the House

### Learn Art of Concentration.

"Oh, but I must wash on Monday!" exclaims the methodical housewife, "and of course we must have a hot dinner on Sunday noon. We've always had it."

And so it goes. The average housekeeper is quite convinced that such and such things must be done as they have always been done, and that she must spend a certain amount of time (registered only in her own mind) on certain household tasks. She may have more time, why others, in fact, have "a career," when it takes her every minute of her waking hours merely to manage the home. Now, if there is one fault greater than others which we lay against women in their present state we would say it is lack of power to concentrate. How they can "fritter time away"! Take two women, each with two babies and supposedly identical tasks in their respective homes. One woman is able to carry on club work or take subscriptions for a magazine or sell home-made bread, thus increasing the family income. The other woman is constantly trying to wind up the household red tape and come to an end of her complex household duties.

The sole reason for difference between these two women is undoubtedly that the former can concentrate, and that she has in mind something over and beyond her housework, worthy of concentration. She wanted to take the subscriptions, she wanted to develop as her husband's bookkeeper, she wanted to find time to be her children's companion. So she studied and shortened her work, and concentrated, thinking of the most important ends first and not putting undue prominence on the details.

Any woman, yes, any homemaker, even with children, can do something outside of her home if she really wants to. We have no patience with a fairly wide circle of ladies who grumble that other women have careers or work outside the home and that they cannot. The chances are that they are not willing to make the sacrifices necessary—to stride both horns of a career and matrimony. They may not be willing, for instance, to give up an excess of telephoning to friends, gossip and chit-chat. They may not be willing to spend fewer hours running from shop to shop looking for a waist 50 cents lower and spending in doing it three valuable hours in which at concentrated work they could certainly have earned several dollars. They may not be willing to give up an amount of amusement and social life which eats more time out of the average woman's day than any one has estimated. We all want to be neighborly and to have friends, but that does not mean telephoning for an hour after breakfast to find out what so-and-so wore, or what she said, or where they are going.

We know several women who, with children, have met success in work outside of the home and at the same time managed a beautiful family life. One woman, with three little children, managed to support the entire family when her husband was crippled. Another, with two children and a baby, finds she can devote at least three hours a day to literary work. Another has sent children through college by representing magazines, and in no case was the home neglected. But in every case the women were willing to put their work definitely before "society" dress and detail. Any woman can find that she can spend 18 hours a day in a home if she wants to, but that does not mean that the home needs 18 hours of her time in order to be well run. The reason some women have both a career and a home is because they are sensible enough to cut down household red tape, concentrate and stop frittering their time away.

### Dainty Dishes

**Potatoes with Carrots.**—Peel and boil six good-sized potatoes. When cooked, rub through wire sieve and season with salt and pepper and warm butter. Use a little milk to moisten them. Beat well and mound with knife in beehive shape on vegetable dish. Have tender sliced carrots, warming in butter. Lay carrots, dot top with a few carrot slices and serve hot.

**Imperial Salad.**—To one-half cup washed, chopped and celery add equal measure of canned pineapple, chopped and drained thoroughly. Spoon one and one-fourth tablespoons granulated gelatin in one-fourth cup cold water for five minutes and dissolve in one-fourth cup boiling water. Strain and add to first mixture, then add one-fourth cup of vinegar and sugar, two-thirds cup canned pineapple syrup, one and one-half tablespoons lemon juice and a few grains salt. Turn into individual moulds, first dipped in cold water, and chill thoroughly. Remove from moulds to nests of crisp lettuce leaves and serve with mayonnaise.

**Lady Finger.**—Add two heaping tablespoons powdered sugar to stiffly beaten whites of three eggs. Add to these well-beaten yolks of two eggs and vanilla extract. Fold in one-

## Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

half cup flour, which has been sifted twice, with pinch of salt. Line pan with paper but do not grease it, and press batter through pastry tube on it. Form into strips four inches long and one inch wide. Sprinkle with powdered sugar, and bake in moderate oven ten minutes.

**Steamed Veal Cutlet.**—One and one-half pounds veal cutlets, one egg, one pint milk, one tablespoon flour, one tablespoon butter, cracker or bread crumbs. Have veal sliced thin and cut into pieces suitable for individual service. Beat egg slightly, add salt and pepper to it, and dip veal in. Roll in cracker crumbs, brown in butter or any desired fat, sprinkle with a little more salt and pepper and place in pan which will fit in steamer. Make cream sauce of butter, flour and milk, add to it a few grains baking soda, pour over veal and steam two hours. For any such cooking as this canned milk is invaluable and inexpensive as well as convenient. Thin it to desired consistency and use in the same way as fresh milk. Or keep it thicker than fresh milk and omit flour.

**Banana Cream Pie.**—Two cupfuls milk, three eggs, three-quarters cup granulated sugar, one-fourth cup corn starch, one-fourth teaspoonful salt, two bananas, three table-spoonfuls powdered sugar, vanilla, flaky pastry. Scald milk and stir into it granulated sugar, corn starch mixed with a little cold milk, and salt. When smooth and thick, cool a little and stir in one whole egg and two egg yolks, lightly beaten together. Flavor with one-half teaspoonful vanilla and pour into pie plate lined with pastry. Oven should be hot at first, then moderated to prevent boiling. Peel bananas, remove threads, and when pie is done slice fruit over custard, cover at once with meringue of egg whites, powdered sugar and one-fourth teaspoonful vanilla, and bake ten minutes in slow oven.

### Useful Hints.

Biscuits should always be started in a very hot oven.

White blouses will not turn yellow if washed in cold water.

Never hurry your bread-making. If you do, the bread is apt to be sour.

When frying fish, the fat should be boiling hot before the fish are put in.

Cream cheese and dates make good filling for a brown-bread sandwich.

Cabbage leaves contain a great deal of gluten, therefore they are very nourishing.

Strawberry ice cream will be more attractive with a ripe red strawberry sitting on the top of each serving.

Remember that a box of elastic bands of assorted sizes is a great convenience in the kitchen.

To make a good meringue, allow two table-spoonfuls of powdered sugar to the white of one egg.

To keep moths out of the piano, rub the woodwork inside of the case frequently with turpentine.

Delicious extract of either orange or lemon can be made by paring the rinds off as thin as paper and putting them into a bottle of alcohol.

A good recipe to follow in making thin white sauce for vegetables is a table-spoonful of butter and a table-spoonful of flour to one cup of milk.

The apron with two enormous pockets is a great convenience when putting the house in order. So many pockets can be stuffed in the apron that it is a pretty notion when arranging the butter for a luncheon to form each portion into a cone and stick a sprig of parsley in the top of each cone.

No fruit jar that has been standing for weeks is free from germs. Before putting fruit in them they should be thoroughly sterilized by boiling in soda water.

### DOING NOTHING FOR A COLD.

But Got Up in the Morning Feeling All Right.

Old Abijah Meeker tottered into the store, crawled in behind the red-hot stove, and sat carefully down in the warmest corner of the battered old settle. Taking out his handkerchief, he gave a mighty sneeze and sonorously blew his nose; then, squinting and blinking, he glowered round.

The place was deserted except for the proprietor, busy at his desk. Old Abijah seemed disappointed. He expected to feel once or twice in the direction of the sawdust box round the other side of the stove, then cackled tentatively.

"Te-hee!" The proprietor looked over the top of his spectacles toward the corner back of the stove.

Encouraged, old Abijah went on with a sardonic grin. "Te-hee! Jest, met that dude school teacher goin' to the san'tar'um. Had a cold, he says. Goin' for treatment. Te-hee! A cold! Got one myself. I don't do nothin' for a cold. When I go home Sally'll gi' me a drink of hot ginger tea, and soak my feet in b'llin' hot mustard water, and rub my chest with mutton tarter, and put some on it on my nose, and give me a dose of sperrits of nitre, and a bag of hot sand for my stummock. I'll go to bed, and in the mornin'—gosh! I'll be all right. I don't do nothin' for a cold. San'tar'um! Te-hee!" And old Abijah sneezed in derision.

## DISSOLUTE GERMAN YOUTHS.

Stringent Rules Applying to Boys Under 17 Promulgated.

The authorities in all parts of Germany have determined to take active and very drastic steps against the various influences which are alleged to be at work in the deterioration of the young. Criminologists and statisticians by the score brought forward details of dissoluteness which are almost incredible, and pointed out the rapidly increasing number of youthful delinquents, and the increasing gravity of their offenses. All of these authorities called on the Government to take steps to save the youth of the Fatherland and to act the part of the natural parent, who was prevented by his military duties from bringing up his children as law-abiding citizens. Action is now being taken, the military authorities and the municipality competing with one another in the number and severity of the ordinances which are being issued. As a sample of these we may take the ordinances issued by the commander of the first Bavarian Army Corps.

It is forbidden to give or to sell to youths under 17 cigars, cigarettes or tobacco for smoking, chewing or snuffing. Youths under 17 are forbidden to smoke on the streets or other public places.

It is not permitted to youths under 17 to enter eating or drinking houses after 9 p.m., even though accompanied by their parents or guardians. At other times they will not be permitted without the presence of parents or guardians, pastors or teachers. Should it be necessary, the local police may fix an earlier hour than 9 p.m.

Very stringent rules apply to visits to cinemas. Children under 17, whether accompanied by guardians or alone, will not be permitted to enter, except to such pictures as have been specially sanctioned by the police as innocuous. Should children under 17 visit the sanctioned pictures, they must do so in batches, and be accompanied by responsible elders. A most important reform is the total abolition of the pictorial representations hung outside of cinemas. It is the experience of the police that the majority of these pictures exercise a potent influence for evil.

Booksellers are forbidden to sell books to youthful persons which may exercise a bad influence on them by vitiating the sound principles which they have acquired at school and in their homes. A list of 50 books, many of them with patriotic titles, is supplied to dealers, which on no account must be sold or lent to young people.

### A LIVELY PET.

Panther Cub Which Grew Up to be Altogether Too Funny.

It was in the course of a hunting trip in the jungle that Sir Robert Baden-Powell acquired the unusual pet whose story he tells in "Memories of India," his fascinating volume of reminiscences.

We directed our elephants into the patch of high grass in which the panther was said to be. Presently, as we swished through it, my animal paused and began to sniff with his trunk. Peering down into the grass, I saw a small patch of spotted fur. It looked like the forefoot of a panther. I took quick aim and fired immediately behind it in order to hit the animal in the body. The small patch still twitched about, and then I saw that it was a wee panther cub just able to crawl. So I slid off my elephant and picked it up.

The cub flickered and became a favorite with everyone, especially with my fox terrier. The two spent most of their time gamboling and rolling over together. After a time the kitten began to grow into a lumbering hobbledohy, with great loose flaps and strong jaws. Then the gambles began to result in howls from the dog. The cub's mousting became painful to him, as indeed it did to me; my hands were scarred and torn with the youngster's endearments.

He became increasingly playful. He would career round the garden and into the house, jump on the table in my sitting-room, and sweep everything off with a crash; then with a bound he would clear the sofa and dash out of the window into the veranda and on the breakfast table, where a smash of crockery would send him off in a pretended panic round the garden again. I could never feel angry with him; he made me laugh so.

One day, when out walking, I met some ladies whom I knew. I stood talking to them with the panther at heel. Presently the breeze caught the lace edging of a lady's petticoat. Spots pricked his ears, and his head gradually went more and more sideways as he gazed with fascination on the twinkling lace.

"What is it?" he thought. "Is it alive? Yes, it must be." Phit-chumm! and he suddenly sprang. The lady whisked her skirt out of the way with a scream. That was too much; Spots set to work to claw in dead earnest. I don't know where he would have stopped if I had not got him by the collar and hauled him off.

Shortly afterwards I had to leave India, and I offered my charming panther to anyone who would like to have him. I gave a twenty-four hours' trial of him to anyone who thought of taking him. Lots of people tried him, but none applied for him as a permanent gift, and I eventually sold him to Jamrah.

Complaint of ill luck is often an apology for laziness.



The Spirit of Our Tommies.

Life here is just one round of pleasure. All one 'as to do is 'heat and sleep, dodge the bully shells, and blow the 'eads haff the bloomin' Germans. Between while it's a bit slow, you know, but we 'opes it'll get livelier.

## The Fashions

### Belts Return to Favor.

Daytime dresses, this season, seem to have reached the height of perfection. There are the simplest of the simple, in designs for morning or sweet wear, and the daintiest, most airy possible of creations for afternoon and evening purposes. The typical summer dress is more charming than it has been for many a year. It is fashioned of the fascinating voiles, crepes, flouncings, and organdies favored this season, and trimmed with ribbon, lace, embroidery and beads.

**Beads as Trimming.** China beads are particularly effective for this purpose; these are used for yokes, collars, cuffs, and for girdles. For the taffeta afternoon dress the beads are in colors or white, according to their application. An extremely simple, long-lined dress of Lanvin's, in tan gaberdine, is effectively finished by a narrow woven girdle of beads in the vivid Indian colorings; this girdle was weighted with two heavy tassels, and was caught loosely about the normal waistline, knotted and allowed to fall nearly to the skirt hem on left side. The girdle composed the only bit of contrast on the dress, and the effect was charming.

A white bead girdle on an afternoon or a dance frock of net is most effective, too; the china beads may be used, or the glittering crystal beads. These woven girdles give us an excellent opportunity to put into use the knowledge of bead weaving which the majority of us gained when bead embroidery was so popular a form of fancy work, some years ago. One may use her own ideas as to color combinations, this being another chance for developing personality in dress. The use of color is undoubtedly the greatest factor in obtaining the desired note of the season, therefore, one should not hesitate to use



A Becoming House Dress.

color in effective combinations, in ribbon, braids and embroidery of all kinds, the touch of handwork is introduced on frock, blouse and suit, anywhere, and everywhere possible. The daytime dress of serge, natural linen or taffeta, is rendered doubly becoming by a bit of vivid wool or bead embroidery, and the evening frock, no matter how simple, is a thing of glitter and sparkle.



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plain, and vice-versa. The breakfast dress illustrated is fashioned of a daintily figured voile, with ribbon-edged cape collar of plain white voile. The house dress, which could quite as well serve for a street frock, developed in serge or linen, is fashioned of dark blue madras, trimmed with bands of white voile. Both designs are simple, practical and becoming.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ont. Department W.

## WHEN WILL THIS CRUEL WAR BE OVER?

Chas. M. Bice, Denver, Colorado.

It would require the prophetic vision of a Daniel or an Isaiah to predict its end with certainty.

Many have essayed to do so, but in too many instances the wish is "father to the thought."

Mr. Hudson Maxim predicts it will end in five years, possibly in three, and he has history on his side.

Perhaps the greatest conflict in history, before the present struggle, was the American Civil War, 1861 to 1865, and in many respects the parallels are striking. The South was virtually in Germany's position to-day, in her economic conditions, with her ports all blockaded, and like Germany she hoped for foreign interference. The Mason-Slidell incident was hailed by the South as a clever piece of work. But the Confederacy failed to enlist foreign recognition or help, and the struggle assumed the shape of endurance only.

Like Germany, the South was amply prepared for the conflict in the start, and held out for over 4 years against an overwhelmingly superior enemy in everything except brains.

The English Civil War, which was characterized by such terrific battles as Marston, Edgehill, Moor and Naseby, lasted 8 years.

The war of the Spanish Succession which staged such conflicts as Ramillies, Blenheim, and Malplaques drew its devastating length along a period of 13 years.

For 8 years the struggle that put Maria Theresa on the Austrian throne ebbed and flowed over the same ground, as we see in some of the most bitter battles of the present war.

The conflict that gave Prussia her military rank is known as the Seven Years' War.

It took 8 years of hard fighting to free the American Colonies, while the Napoleonic Wars continued for 15 years and produced Austerlitz, Marengo, Trafalgar, Jena, Leipzig and ended in Waterloo.

The Greek struggle for independence lasted 7 years, from 1821 to 1828.

These are nearly all what might be termed modern wars; but the more ancient conflicts lasted much longer, because the instruments of death were not so perfect as those of modern times.

France and England fought for a century, (1337 to 1453), while the Hussite war lasted nearly 30 years, and the French civil war, provoked by the edict of Nantes, continued for a long time. If required over 40 years to free the Netherlands from Spanish rule. The 30 Years' War secured religious freedom for Germany. But there have been very short wars, as instanced by the defeat of Austria by Prussia in 1866, taking only 7 weeks.

The Russo-Turkish war of 1877 continued only a few months, and the Franco-Prussian war of 1870 was virtually ended in 6 weeks. Japan defeated Russia, 1905, and secured the independence of Korea, in a little over a year; and the U. S. whipped Spain in 1898, in one year.

Yet, it cannot with certainty be predicted that this, the greatest of all wars, including on opposite sides so many of the great Powers of the world will be of short duration. With the wonderful improvements in arms, explosives, and modern scientific appliances, the air crafts and submarines brought into requisition for the first time, infuse elements in the problem that render prediction of the end a hazardous undertaking. These, it would seem, must decide the conflict very rapidly, but if not so decided, they are apt to become long drawn out affairs.

Resources do not seem to play such important parts in present day wars as formerly, because the deprivation is made up by the aid of science in devising new sources of sustenance. Food, it seems, has become of least importance in starving out a belligerent; what counts most is lack of material, money and loss of trade.

We all hope the enemy will collapse soon, but we should be prepared for a long drawn out struggle.

## HEALTH

### Antidotes for Poison.

When any acid has been taken, the white of egg and sweet oil should be given freely; for alcohol, hot, strong coffee, used as an enema, and warm applications to the armpits and feet will give relief.

For alkalies, administer lime or lemon juice, vinegar or oil.

In arsenic poisoning, the best immediate remedies are oil, milk and lime water, and castor oil. When overcome with gas, fresh air and artificial respiration should be resorted to until the doctor comes, and when calling him the cause of the trouble should be stated so that he may bring a pulmotor and a supply of oxygen.

The antidotes for chloral are hot, strong coffee, artificial respiration, and walking the patient up and down so as to prevent sleep. On no account should he be allowed to sleep, and in case the walking alone does not keep him awake, use applications of cold water or ice to the face.

Cocaine requires the administration of an emetic consisting of mustard plaster applied to the spine.

For sugar of lead take white of egg.

For mercury white of egg or flour and milk.

In the case of opium give a mustard emetic, strong coffee, slap, shake, rouse the patient any way you can, and on no account allow him to go to sleep.

Phosphorus poisoning occurs sometimes through children sucking matches and for this reason they should be kept well out of way. If, however, poisoning occurs, give warm milk and magnesia.

In cases of ptomaine poisoning, an emetic, castor oil and a stimulant are advised.

Nor strychnine poisoning give bromide of ammonium in one-dram doses.

### Tobacco Banned By Science.

The spirit which hovered about the red man's council fires, floating upward in the smoke of the peace pipe, seems to have charmed all mankind. The use of tobacco in one form or another in three centuries and a half has become world-wide.

Despite the almost universal indulgence and the praises that have been sung of the soothing effect of tobacco, science condemns it and offers an imposing array of experiments to prove the ill effects which follow its use.

Tobacco is a drug which contains powerful poisons. Its charm lies in its drug effects. If it have any beneficial effects they are not discoverable to the scientific investigator. On the other hand, there are certain decided results tending to physical deterioration, which are readily recognizable. It is a heart depressant, and experiments on animals have shown that it has a tendency to produce hardening of the arteries. Some of the foremost authorities have made clinical observations, which indicate that the use of tobacco has similar effects on man.

As is generally the case in the use of drugs, there is a tendency to increasing indulgence. Those who have had experience in athletics are familiar with the fact that the use of tobacco results in interference with the breathing by depressing the heart action. There are other affects common to smokers.

To make a summary in brief, the results of all scientific investigations seem to prove conclusively that the use of tobacco is distinctly harmful to the majority of men.

### Tricked His Spouse.

Wife (at breakfast)—Could I have a little money for shopping to-day, dear?

Hub—Certainly. Would you rather have an old \$5 bill or a new one?

Wife—A new one, of course.

Hub—Well, here's the one—and I'm \$4 to the good.

### He Was Included.

Minister—A made seven hearts happy to-day.

Parishioner—How was that?

Minister—Married three couples.

Parishioner—That only makes six.

Minister—Well, you don't think I did it for nothing?

### The Wretch.

Mrs. Youngbride—Boo hoo! Jack threw a cake at me. One that I made myself, too.

Her Friend—The monster! He might have killed you.

### Fox-Trots, Now.

"They say," remarked the spinster boarder, "that the woman who hesitates is lost."

"Lost is not the proper word for it," growled the fussy old bachelor at the pedal extremity of the table. "She's extinct!"

The wise man takes a back seat and watches the fool butt into danger.

The penurious woman was talking to her maid, who had been with her three weeks. "What do you want to leave us for, Mary? I am sure we have treated you as one of the family." "Indeed an' you have, ma'am, and I've made up me mind not to stand it any longer."



## Selling Out Carpets

AT LESS THAN PRESENT WHOLESALE PRICES

We placed heavy orders a year ago and at present have a very large stock. Besides the difficulty in buying from manufacturers now, the prices are so much higher that we have decided to buy no more Carpets until after the war.

Bring in size of room and decide today while our stock is so well assorted.

**Tapestry Woven Ingrain Squares**  
The most desirable Bedroom Carpets  
All sizes, 6x9 feet up to 12x13 feet 6 inches.  
Special prices for these splendid selling carpets—\$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50.

**Balmoral Tapestry Squares**  
British make in a wide range of patterns and colorings. Sizes, 2 1/2 yds. to 14 1/2 yds.  
Prices, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$10.50 up to \$30.00.

**Crossley's Velvet Squares**  
With a world reputation for quality. Sizes, 2 1/2 x 3 1/2 yds. Prices, \$9.50 to \$35.00.

**Nairn's Scotch Linoleums**  
with that smooth surface that stands so much more wear. A third more value than any other make. Prices while they last, 35c to 75c sq. yd.

Bring your Butter and Eggs to this store.  
We pay Cash for Eggs.

**J.N. Currie & Co.**

## Production and Thrift

"GAIN or no gain the cause before the farmers of Canada is as clear as it was last year—they must produce abundantly in order to meet the demands that may be made, and I believe this to be especially true in regard to live stock, the world's supply of which must be particularly affected in this vast struggle."—HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE BASED ON REPORTS CONTAINED IN "THE AGRICULTURAL WAR BOOK, 1916," PUBLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA, ONT.

**LIVE STOCK**—The herds and flocks of Europe have been greatly reduced. When the war is over there will be a great demand for breeding stock. Canadian farmers should keep this in mind.

**MEATS**—In 1915 Great Britain imported 664,508 tons of beef, mutton and lamb, of which 364,245 tons came from without the Empire. Out of 430,420 tons of beef only 104,967 tons came from within the Empire.

The demands of the Allies for frozen beef, canned beef, bacon and hams will increase rather than diminish. Orders are coming to Canada. The decreasing tonnage space available will give Canada an advantage if we have the supplies.

**DAIRYING**—Home consumption of milk, butter and cheese has increased of late years. The war demands for these have been unlimited. The Canadian cheese exports from Montreal in 1915 were nearly \$6,500,000 over 1914. Prices at Montreal—Cheese: January 1915, 15 1/4 to 17 cents; January 1916, 18 1/4 to 19 1/2 cents. Butter: January 1915, 24 to 28 1/4 cents; January 1916, 32 to 33 cents.

**EGGS**—Canada produced \$30,000,000 worth of eggs in 1915 and helped out Great Britain in the shortage. Shippers as well as producers have a duty and an opportunity in holding a place in that market.

WRITE TO THE DOMINION DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TO YOUR PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT FOR BULLETINS ON THESE SUBJECTS

Tens of thousands of Canada's food producers have enlisted and gone to the front. It is only fair to them that their home work shall be kept up as far as possible. The Empire needs all the food that we can produce in 1916.

PRODUCE MORE AND SAVE MORE  
MAKE LABOUR EFFICIENT

SAVE MATERIALS FROM WASTE  
SPEND MONEY WISELY

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

## FLOUR!

APPLE BLOSSOM, Pure Manitoba - \$3.25 cwt.  
INDUSTRIAL, Patent Blend - \$3.00 cwt.

Every bag guaranteed strictly first-class

THE WOODBURN MILLING CO., LIMITED  
GLENCOE

## The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscribers to addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; to addresses in the United States, \$1.50 per year—payable in advance. Advertising.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and writing stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1916.

### The Swallow.

Of all our little feathered friends none is more welcome on his return from his southern winter home than the swallow. His arrival was announced here on Monday, Friday—it would seem a little earlier than usual. Of this interesting and useful family there are six species—the Purple Martin, Cliff, Barn, Tree, Bank and Rough Winged swallow. The Chimney Swift is no relation, notwithstanding a superficial resemblance. The best known varieties in this neighborhood are the Barn swallow and the huge jolly Purple Martin. The Barn swallow, in small numbers, builds its nest in barns, as name suggests, and is readily distinguishable by its forked tail. The Cliff or House swallow, which most nearly resembles his first cousin, the Barn swallow, was very plentiful around farm buildings before the impudent and pugnacious so-called English sparrow made his appearance, since which time he has almost disappeared. This has been a veritable calamity to our country and helps to explain why we have to spray for every kind of fruit we try to grow. This may be readily understood when we realize that each of these little swallows devours from three to four hundred insects every day, and that in the palmy days of the past, before the advent of the sparrow, the eaves of the average barn were lined with their artistically built clay houses, accommodating hundreds of them. You can form from this an idea of the splendid service he would still be doing if he had been left in undisturbed possession. But the sparrow came, a usurper and an imposter, for as a matter of fact he is not an English bird but a Spanish one, having been imported to England, where he is as great a nuisance as he is in Canada. The trouble was that he was imported without his enemy. This explains why he has increased to such a dangerous extent. Farmers would be greatly helping their own interests if they would wage a vigorous war against the sparrow and thus offer the greatest inducements to our real friends, the Barn and Cliff swallows, to return again, as they would surely do. A farmer in an adjoining county fully demonstrated this, succeeding to such an extent that during the summer of 1915 he had between three and four hundred swallows nesting around his barn.

### School Reports.

Report of S. S. No. 2, for winter term. Names in order of percentage taken on examinations held during term.  
Sr. IV.—Myrtle King Part I. 63, Part II. 65, John Beattie Part I. 61, Part II. 44.  
Sr. III.—Mary Beattie Part I. 52, Part II. 61, Lillian King Part I. 52, Part II. 61.  
III. Class.—Russell Burchiel 60, Florence Gardiner 59, Willie Royer 58, Mabel Watson 37, George Winship 32.  
Sr. II. Class.—Susie Gardiner 72, Susie Bell 50, Lillian Waite 54.  
Sr. I. Class.—Bessie McCallum 58.  
Part II. Average of marks for the past four months.—Frank Bell 340, James Bell 326.  
Part I.—Ruthie King 609, Rosie Bell 602, Lila McCallum 546.  
O. E. HODGINS, Teacher.

Report of S. S. No. 4, Metcalfe, for March and April, 1916.  
Sr. IV. Class.—Hugh McCallum 60, John Walker 59, Russell Leitch 55.  
Sr. III. Class.—Gordon Field 64, Archie Walker 63.  
Sr. II. Class.—Ida Graham 75, Philip Patterson 71, Minnie McNeill 65, Malcolm Walker 61, Duncan McNaughton 60.  
II. Class.—Verna McCallum 80, Jean Patterson 80, Edna Munroe 75, Anna Bell Graham 63.  
Sr. Pt. II.—Ernest Walker 68, Beatrice Walker 61.  
Sr. Pt. I.—Ann Eva Walker 70.  
Pt. I.—Jean McNaughton, Gordon McCallum, James Graham, John H. Walker, Elsie Walker, Mildred Graham, Lloyd Denning, Colin D. Munroe, Mary W. Munroe.  
Primer.—Joan Munroe, Stuart Munroe, Gordon Denning.  
JEAN RAE.

The following is the report of S. S. No. 3, Moss, for April. Means absent for one exam.  
Sr. IV.—Lawrence Harvey 77, Tom Simpson 63, Jr.—Annie Wakefield 78, Florence Simpson 77, Verna Watterworth 73, Frank Brown 60.  
III. Sr.—Walter Whitfield 80, Fred Whitfield 82, Lloyd Simpson 71, Jr.—Hugh Whitfield 71, Amy James 55, Cecil Moore 53, Commy Moore 52.  
II.—Alice Harvey 79, Elliot Whitlock 76, Roy Whitlock 74, a Norman Winger 72, Wm. Whitlock 63.  
I. Sr.—Blanche Whitlock 82, Edith Lumley 50, Jr.—Richard Fry 53.  
Primer (names in order of merit). A.—Donnie Coyne, Jean Moore, Frank Walker, Helen Whitlock, Marion Grover, Willard Edwards, Lewis Moore, Earl Harvey. B.—Ross Edwards.  
WARD LEITCH, Teacher.

Easter report of U. S. S. No. 17, Moss.  
Class V.—Elsie Leitch 75, Mary McAlpine 66, Effie McKellar 65, John Leitch 63.  
Class IV.—Sr.—Grant Smith 70, Clarence McKellar 69, Nell Munroe 63, John Little 57, John Munroe 64, Leonard Munroe 56, Jr.—a Alex. McKellar 63, T. W. Little 56, Beatrice McAlpine 63.  
Class III.—Sr.—Neil Leitch 73, Neil Dewar 70, Garfield Munroe 59, Jr.—Willie McKellar 77, Jamie Munroe 74, Marion Campbell 74, Mae Moore 65, Tena Leitch 63, Emerson Little 60.

Class II. Lillian Campbell 64, Alexander Munroe absent.  
Pt. II. Sr. Orville Wood 61, Jr.—Hughie McKellar 44.  
Class I.—Albert Moore, Lloyd Little. Absent for one examination.  
ILA QUIGLEY.

April report of S. S. No. 12, Moss.  
Fifth Book.—pIrene McVicar 74.  
Fourth Book, Sr.—Hugh McAlpine 77, Jr.—A. D. McVicar 76.  
Third Book, Sr.—pDan McVicar 66, Oscar Goldrick 60, Jr.—pEmerson McVicar 73, pWilson McLean 72, pElla Quick 63.  
Second Book.—pSarah Mitchell 80, William H. Quick absent.  
First Book.—pWilliam A. Quick 75, pCatharine Purcell 69, pWinnifred McLean 61, Bruce McLean 49, Margaret McIntyre 17.  
Primer, A. Class.—pBarbara McVicar, Jean McVicar.  
B. Class.—pMisa Purcell.  
pIndicates perfect attendance.  
EVELYN M. McLAHLAN, Teacher.

Despondency and the "Blues," usually the result of constipation, quickly succumb to Rexall Orderlies. Sold only by Rexall Drug Stores, 15¢ and 25¢ boxes.—J. A. Scott.

### G. H. S. Exams (Summary).

Percentages obtained at the different weekly exams from Christmas to Easter, 1916.

Form I.	
E. Poole	88
M. McRae	83
C. Howe	80
R. Gilbert	78
E. McKellar	76
F. Poole	74
G. Hurley	73
M. Fryer	73
V. Eddie	72
B. King	71
J. Edie	68
M. Westcott	65
M. Graham	65
M. Leitch	62
M. R. Duncan	60
S. McLachlan	59

Form II.	
C. McBean	94
J. McAlpine	85
S. McKellar	83
G. Grant	82
M. Baldwin	77
D. McAlpine	77
E. McDonald	77
C. Hicks	72
H. Sutherland	71
C. Sutton	60
H. Sutherland	60
R. Owen	60
M. Gardiner	61
F. Westcott	59
F. Smith	59
E. Giles	58
A. Aldred	49
L. Dalgety	45

Form III.—Normal Entrance.	
J. Humphries	93
J. McLachlan	87
C. Bayne	86
L. Luckham	82
F. McLachlan	82
A. Campbell	82
M. McArthur	81
S. McCutcheon	78
W. McVicar	77
R. Clanshane	76
F. Keith	75
W. Lethbridge	75
L. Eddie	74
B. Silcox	71
M. Galbraith	71
H. Moss	71
A. McArthur	69
E. Smith	65
A. D. McDonald	64

Junior Matriculation.	
J. Humphries	84
C. Bayne	75
J. McLachlan	73
M. McArthur	69
L. Luckham	68
S. McCutcheon	67
A. Campbell	63
W. Lethbridge	63
H. Moss	62
A. D. McDonald	60

Partial Matriculation.	
E. Husey	78
A. E. Aldred	65

Part II. Faculty Entrance.	
M. Bayne	84
G. Campbell	77
M. Chalk	77
Part D and Ancient History.	
A. Mawhinney	77

Advertising.  
I asked eight dollars and a half for one fine black Polled Angus calf, which price was none too high; I hoofed it west, I hoofed it east, endeavoring to sell the beast, but no one wished to buy. Day after day I toiled along, and bored men with the same old song, "I have a calf for sale; I ask eight bones and fifty cents, for this unequalled critter, gent— who will dig up the kale?" Then said a friend, "Oh, rest your feet, and quit your wearing out the street, and howling by the year; spend fifty cents and advertise your saved-off cow of pocket size, and buyers will appear." I followed up the same advice, and put my jaded feet on ice; and when the ad. appeared, ten customers came to my gate; one bought the calf and paid the freight, the others bucked and reared. And thus, by printing little ads., the wise man gathers in the scads, and rests his aching corns; a little ad. will make more noise than fifty-seven busy boys all tooting on their horns.

There is nothing equal to Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

## For Boy's Shoes

We have one of the strongest shoes made in Canada.

These are made of solid leather right through.

We guarantee every pair not to rip. Any time, if they rip or the sole comes loose, we sew the rips free of charge.

These shoes are made under our own instructions.

Even if you do not need the shoes at the present time, come in and see them.

We are only too glad to show them.

## MODERN SHOE STORE

Main Street

**PAINT** direct from factory saving dealer's profit  
Ready Mixed and Fire Resistant—Barn, Roof, Iron, Priming \$1.25 a gallon for 10 gallons for \$10  
Our Paints are guaranteed to give satisfaction.  
MINERAL PAINT COMPANY, LONDON, ONT.



**I won't go out, I'll telephone!**  
When those biting winds whirl round, the modern housewife turns with ever increased comfort and delight to her telephone.  
It's aid in stormy weather is invaluable; in pleasant weather a necessity. The modern home is actually managed by Bell Telephone, which laughs at rain or hail, snow or heat and costs only a few cents a day. No installation charge.  
Have you a telephone? If not, fill out the coupon below and mail it to-day!  
The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.  
Gentlemen—Please see me about Residence Telephone Service.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_



**Homeseekers Excursions**  
Every Tuesday, March to October.  
"All Rail"  
Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route"  
Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The CANADIAN PACIFIC will take you there, give you all the information about the best places, and help you to success.  
Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Spring horse fairs—Strathroy, Thursday, April 27; Mount Brydges, Friday, April 28; Glencoe, Wednesday, May 3.

Miller's Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The pests are macerated in the stomach and pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an entire and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement there when these powders are in operation. Nothing could be more desirable than their action.



# EASY SHOES

## THIS SEASON'S STYLES

are ready for your selection in styles that are pretty and graceful. Every detail of fit and finish are perfect in our shoes. Call and examine and try them on.

## MODERN SHOE STORE

MAIN STREET

### MRS. W. A. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, GLENCOE

Phone 25

#### RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

##### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**Main Line.**  
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 3 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 8:20 p. m.; No. 16, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 33, way freight and passenger, 9:45 a. m.; No. 115, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 2:30 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 3:45 p. m.  
Nov. 11, 16, 115 and 15, Sundays included.  
**Wabash and Air Line.**  
Eastbound—No. 33, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.; No. 33, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p. m.  
Nov. 11, 16, 115 and 15, Sundays included.  
**Kingscourt Branch.**  
Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tipton and points west, No. 33, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 117, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 8:40 p. m.  
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 118, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 120, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 34, mixed, 5:15 p. m.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.**  
Eastbound—No. 634, Sundays included, 12:10 p. m.; No. 672, 5:30 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 671, 9:25 a. m.; No. 633, Sundays included, 5:15 p. m.

##### GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.  
Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

##### BORN.

COLLIERSON.—At Keewatin, on Saturday, April 15, to Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Collier, a daughter—Catharine.

GUNN.—In Winnipeg, on Monday, April 24, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh S. Gunn, a son.

##### LOCAL.

See Mayhew's change of ad. Rain is still keeping the farmers off the land.

Say, we've got both housecleaning and measles at our place.

But little seedling has been done as yet, owing to the wet weather.

Robert Toohill, of Napier, is recovering from a severe illness with pneumonia.

Miss Gladys Wood has secured a position as bookkeeper with McPherson & Clarke.

The annual spring show of breeding horses will be held on the fair grounds, Glencoe, Wednesday, 3rd May.

Several new recruits joined a company of the 135th in their 90-mile hike from and back to Strathroy last week.

The switchboard at the local telephone office was out of order from 8:30 Monday evening until 7:30 Tuesday morning.

Reeve J. A. and Mrs. McLachlan entertained the officers of D Company, 135th Battalion, to a turkey dinner on Tuesday evening.

Even the scarcity of help has its compensation for the farmer. While he will have to be his own hired man, he will surely be his own boss this year.

Glencoe's municipal flag was at half-mast on Monday out of respect to the late Col. A. D. Davidson, whose death was announced in the daily press that morning.

Military manoeuvres and a military band, with a patriotic concert in the evening, are some of the special attractions being arranged for the Glencoe Horse Show on June 3rd.

Rev. W. G. Howson will complete his pastorate of four years in the Methodist church in Glencoe this conference. He has only a few more Sundays to remain, and his work in Glencoe will be done.

mess tent will be made to D Company on behalf of the citizens of Glencoe. A meeting of the Patriotic Association will be held the same evening at 7:30 in the council chamber, at which all contributors to the machine gun fund are urged to be present.

I have taken the agency from a great number of Canadian and British manufacturers to sell their goods by sample until such time as they get located in business again. If you require anything in dry goods, rugs, curtains, men's suits or furnishings, I can give you mail order prices which will be a saving to you of about 25 per cent. See me when you want anything in these lines before buying elsewhere. Office next to John Smith's meat market. —CHAS. DEAN, Manufacturers' Agent.

Easter Sunday services in the Presbyterian church were commemorative of the Lord's resurrection, and there was a tasty arrangement of Easter lilies, carnations and other flowers in front of the pulpit. The pastor's addresses were particularly interesting as well as appropriate. In the service of praise the choir was materially assisted by Miss Graham, of Dufferin, who sang in the morning "Let Us Have Peace" and in the evening "O Sweetly Solemn Thought." Miss Graham has a voice of exceptional volume and sweetness and in interpretation does splendid justice to her selections. Glencoe is always pleased to hear Miss Graham, and she has been heartily expressed that she may often visit us in this manner.

After the regular meeting of the Epworth League of the Methodist church on Tuesday evening, Corp. Harry Hicks and Pte. Isaac Kuns, members of the league, were called to the front and made the recipients of tokens of remembrance from members of the league and church, prior to their leaving to train at London. Misses Jean Precious and Jean McLachlan read the addresses and made the presentations. Corp. Hicks receiving a wrist watch and Pte. Kuns a fountain pen and leather pass case, which were graciously acknowledged. Rev. Mr. Ford and Major Tanton gave very interesting addresses, and during the evening Miss Annie Davidson rendered a pleasing solo and R. Singleton an interesting mental. Light refreshments were served, and the meeting closed by singing "God Be With You Till We Meet Again."

#### SPECIAL NOTICES

Cash for eggs at Mayhew's.  
Horse blanket found.—Transcript office.

Marriage licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathroy. 054  
Fresh supply of table potatoes on hand.—McAlpine Bros.

For sale—Good heavy horse. Apply to Herb. Gould, Newbury. 12  
Pure bred Pekin duck eggs for sale, 75c for 11. B. McRae, phone 53. 11  
Barned Rock settings \$1.00. Bred to lay.—John N. Sexsmith, Glencoe.

For shoes and men's socks, go to Sexsmith's. Repairing a specialty.  
House and lot on King street for sale. Apply to McAlpine Bros., Glencoe. 007

For sale—a good second-hand wood cook stove with reservoir. Apply to Edwin Gale. 11  
House and barn to rent, corner McRae and Elizabeth streets. Apply to John Hills. 12

Eggs for hatching. White Leghorns, best laying strain, \$1.00 per 15. —M. L. Farrell. 12  
Housekeeper wanted for family of three. Apply to W. C. Mawhinney, Victoria street, south, Glencoe.

Highest price for eggs in cash or trade paid at W. A. Currie & Co.'s, central grocers, Young's block. 12  
Girl wanted for general housework. Out of town. Good wages. Fare paid. Apply at Transcript office. 117

W. A. Currie & Co. are selling Silverwood's Ice Cream—smoother velvet. Also a full line of soft drinks. 104

Don't miss the Chi-Namel display of wood finish during the demonstration at Wright's Hardware, April 27th, see page 5. 10-2

Class for lessons in oil painting will open the 1st of May. Call at millinery parlors for particulars.—Mrs. W. A. Currie. 10-2

Hand selected slats dried White Cap Dent seed corn for sale: 92 per cent. ger. Also a few hand-picked beans.—Hugh McCutcheon. 12

Person who took umbrella in mistake at Methodist church and left one with initials "M. B. S." can make exchange at Transcript office.

W. A. Currie & Co. are now taking into stock daily, lettuce, rhubarb, bananas, oranges, pineapples, etc., in addition to their well assorted stock of general groceries.

Holders of lock boxes in the Glencoe post office will please note that the yearly rent fell due on April 1st and that prompt renewal is requested. All boxes not paid on 30th April will be closed without further notice. 10-2

The cheapest floor covering as well as the most durable, is produced by the Chi-Namel graining system, only 2c per square foot. Demonstration by lady demonstrator at Wright's Hardware, on Thursday, April 27th. 10-2

Retiring from the shoe business. Leather is going to be higher, and my entire stock will be sold cheap. Sale to continue till stock is sold. Terms strictly cash. All parties indebted to me kindly call and settle.—J. E. Roome. 104

Right in line for the spring shoe trade. Our stock of spring shoes has arrived and is ready for sale. A fuller and better line than ever. We are prepared to offer some of the best values in shoes ever offered. Shoes for everyone—the babies, the children, the boys and girls, the men and women. The very latest and best, at reasonable prices. A pleasure to show them. Come and see them before purchasing elsewhere. A full line of groceries always in stock. Fresh fish a specialty in season.—C. George. 007

Women are queer, but if it wasn't for the men cupids would never have been needed.  
An apple a day keeps the doctor away; an onion a day keeps them all away.

## THE JOY OF BEING ALIVE AND WELL

Restored To Health By "Fruit-a-tives"  
The Famous Fruit Medicine



MDE. ROCHON

Rochon, P.Q. March 2nd, 1915.

"I have received the most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. I suffered for years from Rheumatism and change of life, and I took every remedy obtainable, without any good results. I heard of 'Fruit-a-tives' and gave it a trial and it was the only medicine that really did me good. Now I am entirely well; the Rheumatism has disappeared and the terrible pains in my body are all gone. I am exceedingly grateful to 'Fruit-a-tives' for such relief, and I hope that others who suffer from such distressing diseases will try 'Fruit-a-tives' and get well."

MADAME ISABE ROCHON.

The marvellous work that 'Fruit-a-tives' is doing, in overcoming disease and healing the sick, is winning the admiration of thousands and thousands. 20c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

#### Field Crop Competition.

The Mosa and Ekfrid Agricultural Society will hold a field crop competition in fall wheat. The amount of land must be not less than five acres. Seventy-five dollars will be given in prizes—the first \$20, the lowest \$4. Any persons wishing to compete must send in their entry to R. W. McKellar, Glencoe, not later than May 25th, 1916.

You may have something which you do not want and which somebody else does want. Insert a short ad. in the Transcript for a week or three weeks, and see what good results you will get. Everything goes from a first-class horse to a pair of chickens, etc. Someone is inquiring every day for what you have for sale, and the small fee for the advertisement is nothing compared to the value to you of the sale. Do it now. Others have tried it and found it profitable, why not you?

#### Attractive Dining Car Service.

Probably nothing helps more to make a railway journey really enjoyable than a visit to the "Dining Car," especially if it be a Canadian Pacific Dining Car, where the passenger is assured of the highest form of efficiency in the culinary art, the choicest provisions the market affords, prepared on the scientific principle known as "Dietetic Blending." Your favorite dish, as you like it, may be enjoyed at reasonable cost, amidst ideal surroundings, while travelling on the Canadian Pacific.

Glencoe Junior Red Cross forwarded the following hospital supplies for the front on Saturday:—305 surgical pads, 500 bandages, 108 towels, 14 wash cloths, 15 handkerchiefs, 1 pair pillow cases.

#### PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Fred Johnson, of Merlin, spent Sunday in town.

—Alex. Craig, of Detroit, was home for the week-end.

—Harry Davenport was home from Detroit for Easter.

—Miss Sadie Currie was home from Windsor for Easter.

—Russell Parish was home from Detroit for a few days.

—Mrs. R. C. Twiss spent Easter with her sister at Forest.

—Gordon Penhale, of St. Thomas, is visiting at Geo. Bechill's.

—Frank Howson was home from London for the week-end.

—Miss Frances Dunn, of Hamilton, is visiting Miss Ada Dundon.

—Mrs. W. C. King is spending the holidays with friends in Detroit.

—Madam Watterworth was home from St. Thomas for the holiday.

—Morley L. Farrell, of Sarnia, spent the holiday with his parents here.

—Miss Annie Aldred is spending the Easter holidays with London friends.

—Misses Edith and Jean Precious spent Easter with their sisters in Detroit.

—Mrs. Wm. Weekes, of Mosa, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fred Aldred.

—Miss Dorothy Adams is spending the holidays at the home of Mrs. Fred Aldred.

—Miss Kate Graham, of Dutton, was the guest of Miss Tena Elliott for Easter.

—David McGuire has returned after spending a week at his home in Oshawa.

—M. L. Farrell and son Lloyd spent Good Friday with the former's father in Tupperville.

—Miss Norma Currie and R. W. Roberts spent Easter at the latter's home in London.

—Miss Ada M. Hill, of Toronto, spent the Easter holidays with her friend, Miss Hazel Eddie.

—Mrs. A. M. McRae and granddaughter, Mary Simpson, are on a two-weeks' visit in Detroit.

—Nurse Beatrice Vause, of Spokane, Wash., is spending a few weeks' holidays with her parents here.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Hyttenrauch and son, of Windsor, spent the holidays with Mrs. W. G. Craig.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McRae and son Kenneth spent the Easter holidays in Windsor and Detroit.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnston, of Millinery, spent Easter with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Innes.

—Mrs. Geo. H. Small and children, of St. Thomas, are spending a few days with relatives in Glencoe and Bothwell.

—Mrs. J. A. Rose, of London, and Mrs. L. Ross, of Alvinston, spent the week-end at their brother's, F. W. Gibbins.

—Misses Margaret Morrison, Tena Marsh and Nellie Farrell are home from London Normal School for the holidays.

—Pte. Archie Finlayson, of the paymaster's office, 133rd Battalion, Guelph, was at his home here for the week-end.

—Misses Winnie Gale, Myrtle Reycraft and Edna and Edith Precious, teachers, are home from their schools for the holidays.

—Nurse Carrothers, who has been in attendance on Mrs. R. P. McLevey for some time, returned to London on Monday evening.

—Malcolm McIntyre and Daniel McAlpine attended the funeral of the late John D. McIntyre, of North Yorkmouth, on Friday.

—P. J. McDonald, a one-time grain dealer in Glencoe, is in town for a few days. Mr. McDonald is now travelling for a mercantile firm.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Shaw and Mr. and Mrs. Alex. J. Stuart are attending the funeral of their mother, Mrs. Angela McDonald, near Strathroy, in Adelaide.

## AN INVITATION

You are cordially invited to visit our store on the date named below and learn how to refinish floors, furniture, etc. THIS OCCASION IS VERY SPECIAL. A representative direct from The Ohio Varnish Company will be with us with a display of beautiful colorings and finishes for woodwork, floors, furniture, etc.

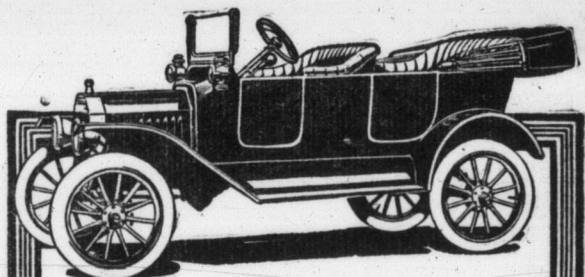
APRIL 27th CHI-NAMEL 27th  
REGULAR 20c CAN FREE  
Containing enough varnish to cover 25 square feet of surface

#### THIS COUPON

is good for one 20c Can of CHI-NAMEL VARNISH upon the purchase of one new 10c Brush (merely to insure a fair trial) during our Chi-Namel Demonstration. If larger can is desired, Coupon will apply as 20c against purchase price.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

JAMES WRIGHT & SON



"MADE IN CANADA"

### Ford Touring Car Price \$530

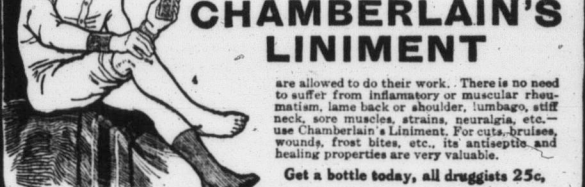
Take a little comfort as you go—especially if you can combine it with profit. The man who owns a Ford has provided healthful enjoyment for his entire family and equipped himself with an economical servant as well.

The Ford Runabout is \$480; the Compelet \$730; the Sedan \$890; the Town Car \$780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale in Glencoe at Alex. Duncanson's.



### "Ah—that certainly feels good"

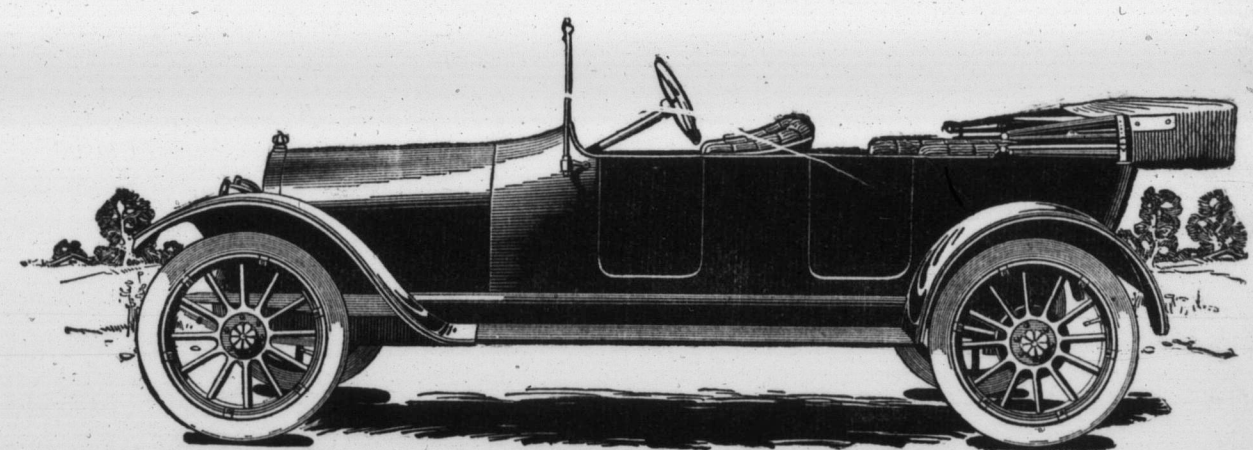
The dull throbbing pain in the joints disappears, the burning ache in the muscles gives way to ease and comfort—that's the finish of rheumatism when the healing, penetrating oils in



### CHAMBERLAIN'S LINIMENT

are allowed to do their work. There is no need to suffer from inflammatory or muscular rheumatism, lame back or shoulder, lumbago, stiff neck, sore muscles, strains, neuralgia, etc.—use Chamberlain's Liniment. For cuts, bruises, wounds, frost bites, etc., its antiseptic and healing properties are very valuable.

Get a bottle today, all druggists 25c.



## BRISCOE

### THE CAR THAT WILL MAKE HISTORY IN 1916

No event in the motor world of Canada is of more importance than the advent of the Briscoe—popularly known as "The French Car at an American price." This car is now being made in Canada at Brockville, Ont., by a strong company, composed of the American Briscoe and allied Canadian interests. A big modern plant is established with an experienced American staff.

The Briscoe was the sensation this spring in New York, Chicago, Detroit and Montreal motor shows. It has been adopted by the Canadian Government for the light car requirements of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

Never before has such wonderful value been offered at anything like the price in Canada. Only a few of the special features have to be mentioned to show even the uninitiated that this car is all that it claims to be, in having all the appearance and advantages of the larger, higher priced cars, but lighter, simpler, more economical to operate and at a most reasonable price.

The rugged strength of the 38 h. p. motor, 4 or 8 cylinder, each "A brute for power"—the beauty of line and finish—the luxury of equipment—electric

starter—electric lights, 114 inch wheel base, full floating rear axle, cantilever springs, chrome vanadium steel working parts, rabbit lined bronze bearings throughout the motor—all tell their story of assured strength, service and comfort.

See the Briscoe at your dealer's and compare it with every other car in the market. Compare it point for point—price, strength, comfort and durability. You can have your choice of five passenger touring or Clover Leaf Roadster. Write us for full specifications and particulars.

4-38 \$975 f. o. b. Brockville, Touring or Roadster

## WM. McCALLUM

Agent and Distributor for Glencoe District



## TREBIZOND GARRISON ABANDONED GUNS AND OTHER BOOTY

Troops From Warships Were Landed West of the City. Ottoman Shore Batteries Destroyed.

A despatch from Petrograd says:—Details of the surprisingly swift Russian descent upon Trebizond and of the strategy that forced the Turkish defenders precipitately to abandon the city, which, with German assistance, they had made every effort to convert into a stronghold impregnable against Russian attack from the sea or land, are coming in from different sources. According to the latest despatches, a decisive part in the Russian operations was played by the Black Sea fleet, which, after a severe bombardment of the city and the destruction of the great Turkish shore batteries, landed a considerable number of troops and further threatened the surrounded city.

Employing the same tactics as they had repeatedly used with success in their progress along the littoral, the Russian warships moved forward for some distance beyond their objective and sent troops ashore considerably to the westward of Trebizond, threatening to entrap the Turkish garrison. This move was carried out in concert with the advance of the Russian land forces, which, since the capture of the Turkish positions at Kara Dora, had penetrated to within striking distance of Trebizond without meeting serious resistance, and was accom-

panied by a steady bombardment from the sea.

As soon as the Turks witnessed the Russian preparations to land beyond Trebizond they gave up all resistance and scattered pell mell in the two directions open to them—one, the route along the coast, and the other, the road south-west toward Erzerum.

Trebizond contained a garrison of between 50,000 and 60,000. A considerable amount of war booty, including a large number of the latest type German heavy guns, was left behind, for since the fall of Erzerum, Trebizond has been the chief base and provisioning centre for the Turks operating in this theatre.

With the fall of Trebizond the Turks lost the second of their two principal fortified points in Asia Minor, and will in the future have to depend solely upon improvised defences and the natural difficulties of the country to prevent the westward sweep of the Russian Caucasian armies.

Trebizond never before surrendered to Russian arms, although it was threatened from Baiburt in 1829, and the moral effect of the victory, it is considered here, will be enormous.

For centuries Trebizond has been the chief trading centre for Asia Minor with the important caravan routes into the interior of Turkey and Persia.

## MORE RUSSIANS TO AID JOFFRE

Quarter of a Million to be Rushed to the Western Theatre of War.

A despatch from Paris says:—The arrival of the transports which brought the Russian troops sent to join the Entente forces on the western front have been expected since Tuesday, but a heavy storm in the Mediterranean delayed their reaching Marseilles until Thursday. Every precaution for their protection had been taken owing to reports that hostile submarines were operating in the Mediterranean, but the voyage was concluded without the development of any untoward incident. The protecting flotilla included a number of Japanese warships.

The coming of Russian troops to the western front has been talked of by military people for two or three months. The reason, as now explained, is that it is easier for Russia to arm and supply fighting material to Russian troops on the western front than on the eastern. Russia still has many hundred thousand more men under training than she can use on her fighting lines because the Russian problem continues to be not how to get men, but munitions. The allies can obviously provide complete equipment for Russians more easily in France than by shipping to Russia. Possibly a quarter of a million men will be sent into France this Spring.

## LARGE WAR ORDERS COME TO CANADA.

Contracts for Munitions and Supplies Reach \$80,000,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The announcement was made on Wednesday that since the establishment of the credit of \$75,000,000 for the British Government in Canada by the chartered banks at the instance of the Government, \$80,000,000 worth of orders for munitions and supplies have been placed in the Dominion by the Imperial authorities. Sir Thomas White announced on March 15 last that the credit for the British Government had been provided as a result of an offer made by the Canadian Bankers' Association, on behalf of the banks, after conferences between himself and that body which had extended over several weeks.

## GERMANY IS ENROLLING BOYS OF SEVENTEEN YEARS.

A despatch from Paris says:—Germany has begun the enrollment of her 1915 class—boys of seventeen. Notices ordering them to inscribe their names on the Landsturm register have been posted at Aix-le-Chapelle.

## ARMENIAN CHAIN OF HILLS CAPTURED BY THE RUSSIANS

Troops Brought From Gallipoli Annihilated—Hundreds of Ottoman Dead Left on Field.

A despatch from Petrograd says:—While the northern armies of the Grand Duke were completing the conquest of Trebizond the other Russian army advancing from Erzerum gained an important victory. In the region of Aschikala, west of Erzerum, the Russian troops by night assault carried a chain of high hills which had been strongly organized. They captured four Turkish officers and more than 120 men. The enemy left

## WILSON'S NOTE NOW DELIVERED

Ambassador Gerard Hands Message on Submarine Issue to Berlin Minister.

A despatch from Berlin says:—The American note in regard to submarine warfare is now in the hands of the German Government. It was delivered on Thursday evening to Foreign Minister von Jagow in the usual manner, with no attendant circumstances to mark the unusual importance of the occasion. Owing to the length of the note and the appendix and to the delayed arrival of one section of the note, it was not ready for presentation until 7.30 o'clock. Ambassador Gerard then rolled the document in a magazine to protect it from a light rain which was falling, and walked across the square to the Foreign Office. The Ambassador was received immediately. The Foreign Minister read the note, and a short, general conversation followed.

## TRADE OF CANADA FOR FISCAL YEAR.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—A statement of Canadian trade, prepared by the Department of Customs, shows a total of \$882,872,502 in exports for the fiscal year just closed, and \$564,480,998 in imports. The reverse yet by countries have not yet been compiled. The statement follows:—Imports into Canada during the fiscal year ended 31st March, 1916:

Dutiable	\$310,168,216
Free	254,312,782
Total	\$564,480,998
Entered for consumption:	
Dutiable	\$289,332,729
Free	252,710,834
Total	\$542,043,563
Exports:	
Domestic	\$741,610,953
Foreign	141,261,549
Total	\$882,872,502

## SEEDING IN ALBERTA.

Spring Operations Never Faster in the Province.

A despatch from Calgary says:—Seeding is 20 per cent. done in Southern Alberta, more than 10 per cent. complete in Northern Alberta, and going ahead over all the Province with breakneck speed. "This was the statement made Wednesday morning by a high official of the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Company, who has just returned to Calgary from a trip through many parts of the Province. "Never did spring operations go faster," he added.

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## THE WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WAR



The most important piece of news during the week was the announcement on Thursday of the arrival at Marseilles of a strong force of Russian soldiers. The news came as a dramatic surprise, and the first intimation that there had been such a movement came in the orders of General Joffre to the French troops therein he expressed his appreciation of Russia's action in this showing her determination to keep up the fight along with the Allies for a common cause. There was no announcement as to what the strength of the Russian force was, but the Russian capture of the Turkish seaport of Trebizond on the Black Sea was another piece of news which came quite unexpectedly. Since the capture of Erzerum on February 15 by the army of the Grand Duke Nicholas but little had been heard of any further movement of this force. It was known that the Grand Duke was giving the Turks little time to recover from the loss of their Caucasian town.

## Markets of the World

### Breadstuffs.

Toronto, April 25.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.13; No. 2 Northern, \$1.12; No. 3 Northern, \$1.08, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 46c; No. 3 C.W., 44c; extra No. 1 feed 44c; No. 1 feed, 43c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 85c, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 44 to 45c; commercial, 43 to 44c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 commercial, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 2 commercial, 98c to \$1.00; No. 3 commercial, 95 to 97c; feed wheat, 86 to 88c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.60; peas, according to sample, \$1.20 to \$1.50, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malt, 62 to 63c; feed, 59 to 62c, according to freights outside. Buckwheat—69 to 70c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 90 to 91c; rejected, according to sample, 86 to 88c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.50; second patents, in jute bags, \$5.80; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.80, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$4.15 to \$4.25; track Toronto; \$4.20 to \$4.40, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, \$24; shorts, per ton, \$25; middlings, per ton, \$26; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.60 to \$1.70.

### Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 29 to 33c; inferior, 25c; creamery prints, 35 to 36c; solids, 33 to 34c.

Eggs—New laid, 24c; do, in cartons, 25 to 26c.

Honey—Prices in 10 to 60-lb. tins 13 1/2 to 14c. Combs—No. 1, \$2.75 to \$3; No. 2, \$2.25 to \$2.40.

Beans—\$4 to \$4.40, the latter for hand-picked.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19c. Maple syrup—\$1.40 per Imperial gallon.

Poultry—Chickens, 21 to 22c; fowls, 18 to 20c; ducks, 24 to 25c; turkeys, 25c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario \$1.65 to \$1.70, and New Brunswick at \$1.80 to \$1.85 per bag, on track.

### Montreal Markets.

Montreal, April 25.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 85 to 87c. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 54c; No. 3, 53c; extra No. 1 feed, 53c; No. 2 local white, 50 1/2 to 51c; No. 3 local white, 49 1/2 to 50c; No. 4 local white, 48 1/2 to 49c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 68 to 71c; malt, 75 to 77c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, first, \$6.60; second, \$6.10; strong bakers', \$5.90; winter patents, choice, \$6.00; straight rollers, \$5.30 to \$5.40; do, bags, \$2.45 to \$2.50. Rolled oats—30lb, \$5.10 to \$5.20; do, bags, 30 lb., \$2.40 to \$2.45. Bran, \$2.4. Shorts,

Trebizond is 185 miles from Erzerum, and the difficulties to be surmounted were great, but the Grand Duke pressed on and with the help of the Russian Black Sea fleet captured the town in the early part of this week.

The importance of this capture by the Russians cannot be overestimated. It practically means the loss of Mesopotamia to the Turks, but the immediate result will probably be that the pressure on General Townshend's force, shut in in Kut-el-Amara, will be lessened.

Lake's relieving force is having a hard time in the advance along the Tigris, not only on account of the opposition of the Turks, but because of an attack on April 17-18 they forced the retirement of the British division on the south bank to a distance of 600-800 yards.

A new offensive by the Allies in the Balkans is looked for as soon as the armies there are got properly together. Despite Greece's protest,

more men are being massed on Sudal Bay, and last Tuesday a force of Serbians joined the other Allies there.

The fighting around Verdun has lost all appearance of a general assault on the defences of the town. Scattered attacks here and there by the Germans show that the warfare there has now paraken of the nature of trench warfare. Both to the east and the west of the Meuse there has been a series of artillery duels with but few infantry attacks.

The British forces in the neighborhood of St. Eloi were attacked at the end of last week by the Germans, but they regained what little they lost, and in addition went some distance through the German lines.

The Italians have begun a new offensive against the Austrians, and have been successful in capturing Monte Fume Pass and Monte Alcora, a commanding height on the front. Several other positions have been taken, the Italian artillery lending great assistance in breaking down the Austrian defences.

## BRITISH SUCCESS IN NORTHERN FRANCE

Considerable Losses are Inflicted on Enemy.

A despatch from London says: The following official communication was issued on Sunday night.

"Last night we made a successful raid against the enemy's trenches southwest of Thiépval. Thirteen prisoners were captured and a number of casualties were inflicted on the enemy by our men bombing their dugouts. Our casualties were very slight."

"Mining activity continues in the Hohenzollern sector. To-day there were artillery actions about Hebuterne, Neuville-St. Vaast, Souchez and Carancy and about the Ypres-Comines Canal."

"Our artillery dispersed an enemy working party in front of St. Eloi this afternoon."

"Friday night the King's Shropshire Light Infantry recaptured a trench on the Ypres-Langemark road which was lost the night of April 19. Our line there is completely re-established."

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## 600,000 GERMANS ON VERDUN FRONT

Enemy Has Thus Far Made Use of Thirty Divisions of Troops.

A despatch from Paris says: In their attempts to take Verdun the Germans up to Saturday had made use of 30 divisions of troops, amounting roughly to 600,000 men, according to an official statement issued by the French War Office on Sunday. The statement indicates that more than this total have been used, since some of the divisions have been reorganized, their depleted ranks filled out, and they have returned to the front several times.

"It is worthy of note," the official statement says, "that the German command seeks to conduct the operations with the smallest number of troops possible, but to maintain them and keep them on this front, until they are completely used up. As losses are suffered, it re-forms the units with reinforcements and sends them back to the attack barely reconstituted. It is thus that certain divisions have reappeared on the front as many as three and even four times."

French surprise attacks were carried out successfully on Saturday night against German listening posts in the Bois d'Avocourt west of the Meuse. This is the only infantry activity reported in the Verdun region on Sunday. The Germans have not renewed their attacks on the Bethincourt brook, Le Mort Homme front, where they were twice repulsed with considerable losses on Saturday. The German artillery was active on Sunday against Hill 304, the important position on the west bank of the Bethincourt brook, and there also was a bombardment of the French positions on the east bank of the Meuse and in the Woivre.

An attempt by the Germans on Saturday night to capture a mitrailleuse which was causing them trouble west of Vanquois, in the Argonne, failed.

## BRITISH TAKE AFRICAN TOWNS

General Smuts Advances into the Interior.

A despatch from London says: Amazing progress has been made by General Smuts in his campaign in German East Africa, and a great battle is now in progress at Kondoa Irangi, over 150 miles across the frontier from British East Africa. Instead of striking along the Tanga railway General Smuts has pushed inland at a tremendous rate, penetrating the Umbugwe and Kondoa Irangi districts. Umbugwe and Salanga are in British hands. It is not generally known that a considerable force of Abyssinian troops are attached to Gen. Smuts' forces.

## GREEKS MASSACRED IN BIG TURK CITIES

Hundreds Slain in Adrianople, Constantinople and Smyrna.

A despatch from London says: Wholesale massacres of Greeks at Adrianople, Constantinople and Smyrna are reported in a Saloniki despatch to the Morning Post. "In Adrianople and Demotica, Turks and Bulgarians acting together," says the despatch, "killed 400 and wounded 300 Greeks after pillaging their houses. In the Smyrna district several Greek villages were raided, 200 persons being killed and many wounded. Constantinople was likewise the scene of serious massacres, no figures pertaining to which," adds the correspondent, "are available. All the massacres occurred on April 11."

## GEN. VON DER GOLTZ DEAD.

Organizer of the Dardanelles Defences Passes Away.

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—Baron Kolmar von der Goltz, commander-in-chief of the Turkish army, died Wednesday of spotted fever at the headquarters of his Turkish army, according to an official announcement received here from Berlin. He had been ill ten days.

## "HOLLAND MAY BE AT WAR WITHIN NEXT EIGHT DAYS"

Remarkable Article Published in the Rotterdam Socialist Newspaper Volk.

A despatch from London says: The Rotterdam correspondent of the Daily Mail cables that the crisis in Holland continues to cause great anxiety. It is understood that Germany has informed Holland that Great Britain intended to attack her and proposed to send German troops to Holland.

The Socialist newspaper 'Volk,' which first protested against Dutch military measures, especially the stoppage of Easter holidays to the troops, now writes in a different strain, saying: "After an interview between a Socialist leader and the Premier we hold that these military precautions are very necessary. The people must support the Government and must recognize that Holland may be at war in eight days."

## "EARLESS PETE" THE GUERRILLA

RUSSIAN PEASANT TERROR TO GERMANS.

Attacks Outposts, Raids Convoys and Lures Troops Into Marshes.

Winter, the difficulties of the campaign on the eastern front in Russia, and the knowledge of the impenetrable Pinsk marshes have made a Russian national hero out of a daring peasant who is known throughout the Czar's dominions as "Earless Pete." This man, according to a writer for the Novoe Vremya, a Petrograd newspaper, is the grimmest of all Germany's enemies, and is feared by the German troops to such an extent that his name is one to conjure with. Just how much the guerrilla leader is feared is ascertained from German newspapers that have been found in the trenches, and make much of the daring exploits of the man.

### Daily Toll of Death.

"Everywhere along the eight hundred mile front," says the Russian writer, "German outposts are being attacked, sentries are being sniped, convoys raided, trenches pestered at night, and every day a toll of death is being taken, and a still greater toll of terror. One of Earless Pete's latest exploits was when he crept with his hand between two disconnected German trenches on the Pinsk-Baronovitch section and came back with the headgear of thirty slaughtered German whom he had slain from ambush."

"These volunteers of ours are either local peasants, disbanded soldiers, or young men from remote parts belonging to the 'educated' class. Our peasants are now awake. By encroaching on wholly Russian soil the invaders have rendered us a special service. The Poles could be coerced or terrorized into submission. To-day the Germans are fighting among men of Russian race and faith, who feel that they are defending their hearths and their homes. Neither bribes nor threats avail."

### No Ear for Foes.

"It is this fact that gave 'Earless Pete' his name. In reality he is not earless and can hear a German sneeze a verve away. He is 'earless' because he has no ear open to our country's foes. 'Pete' slays no unarmed or disabled man, but in battle he neither gives nor expects mercy. He has never commanded more than seventy men, but he has killed or put out of action at least 300 Germans. 'Pete' wins because with all their technical perfection the Kaiser's battalions lack the scouting, sporting instincts needed for coping with the guerrillas."

"Pete's allies are the winter snows; still more the winter thaws. He operates only in marsh land. In the Pinsk marshes once thaw sets in, malaria comes. 'Pete's' men are injured. They know the country and are familiar with narrow lanes of traversable land in the illimitable marsh. Here is a sample of the way 'Earless Pete' works to confuse and terrorize the Germans:

### Lured Into Trap.

"Pete' made a feint attack on a strong German outpost and pretended to be alarmed at the strength of the enemy and to flee. The enemy pursued 'Pete's' men took the longest, narrowest path through the swamp. When the pursuers were crowded on the main road, bordered with swamp land, with rotten ice, 'Pete' turned and attacked. Simultaneously others of his men appeared on the flank. The Germans could not deploy. Those who left the road crashed through the melting ice. A terrific fire cut up the Germans. Thirty out of a hundred got away. The rest perished."

"Yard deep snow which has hampered the German movements is 'Pete's' friend. Swathed in white sheets, moving silently on skis, the guerrillas approach and snipe or pour volleys into the German trenches. Germans dash out, shooting wildly. They try to charge, and only founder in the snow. In the darkness these attacks have succeeded again and again."

### BULLET IN HEART FOR YEAR.

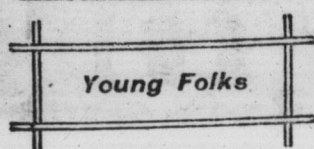
French Sergeant, Wounded in Battle of the Marne, Recovers.

After carrying a ten-gauge, one-third ounce shrapnel bullet in his heart for a year, a French sergeant was operated on, and to-day is in good health. The case was reported to the Academy of Science. The sergeant was wounded in the battle of the Marne and lay unconscious on the battlefield for 24 hours. He finally was sent to a hospital in Nimes, and apparently recovered from his wound. Later manifesting abdominal troubles he was operated on for appendicitis.

Grave heart trouble developed, and a radio examination revealed a projectile lodged in the right ventricle. The bullet was extracted successfully in September, 1915, and a year after the battle of the Marne, and the heart was sutured or sewed together.

In January, 1916, the same military surgeon, Dr. Beaussant, removed a grenade splinter from another soldier's heart.





### The Foot Log.

There was once a foot log that lived by itself. All the other foot logs were far away down the brook, but this log had been placed where the brook was very narrow and the dogwood and hemlock branches trailed in the water. The reason it was there was that it helped to make a short cut to the little schoolhouse on the mountain.

"Ding! ding! ding!" the school bell would call and then the children would come hurrying across the foot log. The old log loved to feel the pressure of the little feet. Some came dancing along fearlessly others walked carefully, and some lagged or loitered as the children stopped to look at the minnows in the clear brook water.

One day a boy drew out his knife and cut a face on the old log. "There," he said, "there you are, old Mr. Foot Log! Now you have eyes and a nose and a mouth."

The other children liked the idea. They thought a log man was nicer than a snow man, because he could not melt and run away. They often stopped to talk to Mr. Foot Log, and they liked to think that at night bears and panthers crossed the water on his back.

Very late in the autumn a storm of wind and rain came down upon the mountain. The great pines lashed their long arms, the wind walked through the woods, and the water rose high in the little brook. When morning came all was still and the sun was shining. The children ran gayly to school, but when they came to the brook they stopped. The water was wide and muddy and the foot log was gone!

"Oh Mr. Foot Log has run away," sobbed one little girl.

"Never mind," said the boy who had carved Mr. Foot Log's face. "I think I know where Mr. Foot Log is. Now let me carry you across the water."

Because he was very big and tall the boy carried all the smaller children across the swollen brook.

The next morning, when the children went to school, there lay Mr. Foot Log in the same old place!

"Where was he? Where did Mr. Foot Log go?" cried the children.

The big boy laughed. "He was down in the sawmill pond," he explained. "I pulled him out and brought him back. It is never well to let a friend get away from your daily path, especially such a true and tried old friend as Mr. Foot Log is."

—Youth's Companion.

### THE CHINESE LANGUAGE.

The People of China Do Not Understand One Another.

An incident, trifling in itself, that shows the difficulties with which a traveler in China has occasionally to contend, is told by Sir Alexander Hsien in his interesting account of a trip through the interior provinces entitled, "On the Trail of the Opium Poppy."

When we left Fu-chiang Hsien, he says, one of the local escort, evidently a man of the streets, began to make up to the mulcteer in charge of the litter. He hovered round the front and the mulcteer addressed him:

"You are one of our escort, aren't you?"

The man replied in some unintelligible jargon, and the mulcteer tried him again: "What is the name of the place at which we stop to-night?"

The man appeared not to understand the question, and I replied for him: "Ning-yuan Hsien."

The mulcteer thereupon said to himself, "This is very funny. I understand all my foreign employer says, but I do not understand what this man, a countryman of my own, says to me, nor does he understand me."

The man passed on to the second mulcteer after a long silence, but the latter was equally unable to understand him. Nothing daunted, the man took refuge in song, and kept on singing nearly the whole of the day.

When will China possess a language that will be intelligible to the whole Chinese race?

### WOMAN COOKS ARMY TUTOR.

Their Employment to Instruct Soldiers Urged in England.

Dr. Sloan Chesser, speaking recently at a meeting at the Institute of Hygiene, London, urged the employment of women cooks to instruct soldiers. Those in charge of canteens and hospital kitchens, she said, were in many cases ignorant of cooking and dietetics, and the Government had only begun, in a small way, to utilize trained women cooks to teach the soldiers.

If England could, on a large scale, use good women cooks, with soldiers working under them, the country would save in a camp where a division is billeted several thousand pounds each week.

Most women, Dr. Chesser insisted, made the mistake of being too anxious to save in food. Girls might be trained for "home service" in the kitchen, the garden, the farm, the counting house or the hospital. It should be impossible for any healthy woman to be idle at the present time.

## BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

In the Spring Most People Need a Tonic Medicine.

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order is the pimples, unsightly eruptions and eczema that come frequently with the change from winter to spring. These prove that the long indoor life of winter has had its effect upon the blood, and that a tonic medicine is needed to put it right. Indeed, there are few people who do not need a tonic at this season. Bad blood does not merely show itself in disfiguring eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia; poor appetite and a desire to avoid exertion. You cannot cure these troubles by the use of purgative medicines—you need a tonic, and a tonic only, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired, ailing men, women and children. If you are out of sorts give this medicine a trial and see how quickly it will restore the appetite, revive drooping spirits, and fill your veins with new, health-giving blood.

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box of six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### NEW YAW TO EXTRACT BULLETS

Electric Bell Rings When Bullet is Reached by Instrument.

The war has brought into being many ingenious pieces of apparatus designed to aid the British surgeon in his difficult work. Some of these instruments are much too complicated to be described in the pages of a lay journal, but there are others the value of which can be appreciated readily by anyone.

Among these is the telephone probe, of which a good deal has already been heard, and now a bullet extractor has been introduced with the object of facilitating what is often a tedious and difficult operation. This bullet extractor has necessarily been constructed to meet definite requirements. In the first place, the operation is performed in the dark, the bullet being visible by the shadow thrown by X-rays. In the second place, the bullet must be removed with the least possible danger of injury to important structures. In the third place, the operation of removal must be made as easy as practicable.

The first object has been secured by fitting a fluorescent screen to the apparatus in such a manner that, if an X-ray tube be placed under the table and the room darkened, the shadow of the bullet and of the points of the forceps will be visible continuously. But the solution of one difficulty in this case raises another—that of the darkened room. Cutting instruments cannot be used unless the surgeon can see what he is doing, and as this instrument has to work in the dark it is constructed with a blunt point that will work its way down between structures, separating without doing appreciable damage pressing structures aside rather than through them. A very powerful pair of forceps is necessary to grip and extract a bullet, and a great deal of damage might be done if something than a nerve, was picked up along with the bullet. Accordingly, the blades of the forceps are attached to an electric bell, which only rings when both the blades are touching the bullet. Therefore, if the bell is made to ring while the blades are being opened to grasp the bullet, and if the bell continues to ring when the bullet is seized, nothing else can have been picked up beside the bullet, and there is no danger in pulling it out. The surgeon using this instrument can therefore not only see what he is doing, but, by means of the bell, he has a very accurate sense of touch for any piece of metal that he is watching the points of his forceps attempting to pick up from among the structure deep down below the skin.

The instrument has been used with success in a number of cases, but it is still upon its trial; later on it will not doubt be possible to state whether or not this beautiful theory will stand the test of actual service conditions. It appears to have given good results in experimental work, but the real test will be when the instrument comes to be used by others than those who have carried out the investigations.

### THEN PATTI LAUGHED.

It is difficult to realize that that wonderful woman Madame Patti will celebrate her seventy-third birthday this month, but such is the fact, and in spite of her age, her voice still retains its remarkable powers.

Madame Patti has told a good story about a little girl who was learning music. The famous singer had explained to her the meaning of the musical signs F and FF.

"Now," said Madame Patti, "if F means forte, what does FF mean?"

The little girl thought seriously for a moment, and then her face brightened.

"I know," she said at last, "eighty."

## Cure Borders on the Miraculous

A. SAWYER TELLS OF WONDERFUL WORK OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

He and His Wife, After Years of Doctoring, Found Quick Relief and Permanent Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Caporal Junction, Ont., April 24th.—(Special).—Bordering on the miraculous is the cure of Mr. A. Sawyer, of this place. For ten years he was an invalid. Five doctors failed to help him. When he was a complete wreck, and unable to walk across his room, he decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. Six boxes of them made him like a new man.

"Yes, I suffered for ten years," Mr. Sawyer said in speaking of his cure. "The doctors, of whom I tried five in all, couldn't give me any permanent relief. Science said I had rheumatism, others called it lumbago, but I got steadily worse."

"I must say I was a complete wreck when I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills. They made a new man of me. My wife got the same good results from them. It was after trying several doctors and a specialist from Sault Ste. Marie, who advised her to stay in bed a month, that she decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. She took a dozen boxes in all with splendid results. We both praise Dodd's Kidney Pills. No one can speak too highly of them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have a record of over a quarter of a century in Canada, during which time they have earned undying praise in all parts of the Dominion. Ask your neighbors about them.

### SCANDAL IN HUN WAR LOAN.

Government mEptied the Savings Banks.

The London Telegraph's Rome correspondent says that, according to indirect information from Berlin, Dr. Liebknecht disclosed a fact of considerable gravity during the sitting of the Reichstag on April 8 regarding the latest German loan. The President, Ministers and Deputies alike made the most determined efforts to prevent Dr. Liebknecht from speaking, and the censorship prevented the newspapers from publishing anything about it.

Persons in Germany do not know, or know only imperfectly, what Dr. Liebknecht said, but great fear prevails in Germany that to cover the loan the Government emptied the savings banks and kindred institutions. The ten milliard loan is a colossal misfortune, and Liebknecht would seem to have disclosed this in the Reichstag in two or three sentences heard in the tumult.

After the sitting it was made impossible for Dr. Liebknecht to communicate with any newspaper. There was a demand for his arrest, but the Government was afraid to take this step, fearing the indignation of the working classes, whose savings had been commandeered.

The conclusion to be drawn from the above is that it will be impossible for Germany to float any further loan. Echoes of the scandal must have reached Austria-Hungary, and will have a prejudicial effect on Austro-Hungarian borrowing.

### Her Dress.

"I dress expensively. Do you think you could do as well for me in that respect as father does?" "Perhaps so," said the young man. "Still, I shouldn't like to go around looking as shabby as he does."

**A Crisp, Delicious "Snack" for luncheon or after-theatre, or any old time when the appetite craves "something different" is TRISCUIT, the Shredded Whole Wheat toast. Heat it in the oven to restore its crispness, then serve with butter, soft cheese or marmalades. As a toast for chafing dish cookery it is a rare delight. It is full of real nutriment.**



Made in Canada.

## FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Victoria school staffs have been reduced by 30 teachers.

Coal is to drop 50 cents a ton in Vancouver this spring.

South Vancouver is talking of establishing a woolen factory.

Vernon property is assessed for \$4,042,753, a slight increase over 1915.

Nelson will be the scene of a mining convention for one week early in July.

Lee Sing was fined \$75 in the Victoria Police Court for keeping on opium joint.

The Fraser Hotel at New Westminster was recently sold out by the sheriff.

A motion to establish a dog tax at Langley was lost in the council by a vote of 3 to 4.

Bridge Foreman Johnson has a crew of 28 men at work now on the new Crow River bridge at Creston.

There were 288 births, 95 deaths, and 94 marriages in the city of Vancouver during the month of March.

Work will be begun immediately on the construction of a plant for the treatment of complex ores in Nelson.

During the past winter over 4,000,000 feet of logs were taken out at the Crow's Nest Pass Lumber Company's camp.

In South Vancouver eleven Chinaman, gardeners, and sakers, are being damages they allege to have been done to their gardens by the floods.

There has been received at the Court House, for the Government exhibit there, a pure white cock pheasant from the Kelowna district.

A new traffic by-law in Victoria is to the effect that pedestrians must not cross the streets at intersections, but only at designated crossings.

The announcement is made by the C. P. R. that during the coming summer no liquor will be sold at the company's hotels at Banff and Lake Louise.

Fishermen from the Vedder River and Stave River report that steelhead salmon are plentiful and have been caught in large numbers in the last two weeks.

To fall a distance of seventy feet and still live is the experience of Edward Tolson, who was employed on

the Government grain elevator at the foot of Salisbury Drive.

It is reported that better returns from placer gold mining in various streams in the Fort Steele division were obtained in 1915 than for several years previous. The value of the gold recovered has been estimated at \$10,000,000.

Kamloops people are taking hold of the preliminary arrangements for the next convention of the Western Canada Irrigation Association, which is to be held there July 23-25.

At Patricia Immigration Officer A. A. Westlake is kept very busy preventing undesirable persons from crossing the boundary at this point from the American side into Canada, and hardly a day passes that he does not turn some back.

During the season of 1915 the Okanagan United Growers, the central organization which markets the product of the nine fruit unions from Salmon Arm to Penticton, did a volume of business reaching the splendid total of \$802,198.

The sawmill at Cascade, employing eighty men, will resume operations at once. It has a good supply of logs, and will run all summer. It is reported that work will soon be resumed upon the big gold mine at Carmel.

### THE BEST MEDICINE FOR THE BABY

The best medicine for the baby is the one that never fails to cure and which, at the same time, the mother may give with perfect assurance that it is absolutely safe. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. They are the only medicine absolutely guaranteed entirely free from injurious drugs and what is more they never fail to free the baby from those minor ills of babyhood and childhood. Once a mother has used them she would use no other medicine. They regulate the stomach and bowels; drive out constipation; expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### LOSS OF LIVES IN WAR.

The latest estimates of the dead and permanently incapacitated from the war are 2,000,000 for the Entente countries and 1,980,000 for the Teutonic allies, says the New York World. The proportions to total population are 0.7 per cent. for the Entente countries and 1.4 for their enemy. The greatest sufferers are Austria-Hungary, with 1.7 per cent.; Germany, 1.5 per cent.; and France, 1.3 per cent.

### Minard's Liniment Co., Limited:

I was very sick with Quinsy and thought I would strangle. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT, and it cured me at once. I am never without it now.

Yours gratefully,  
W. S. C. D. PRINCE.

Nauwigewauk, Oct. 21st.

### Fathers and Sons

"The old-fashioned boy used to mind every word his father said."

"Yes," replied the rather cynical youth; "but you must remember that the old-fashioned boy had one of those thoughtful, old-fashioned fathers."

Minard's Liniment is the friend of the old-fashioned father.

### DEADLY FRAGRANCE.

Delicious Perfume Disguised Poison Gases.

A Central News correspondent sends the following description of an abortive German attack made under cover of gas:

"On Saturday evening the word went around that the Germans were preparing to attack, and all night long the big guns behind us were sending the great shells roaring over our heads towards the Germans. Just after dawn a delicious fragrance was noticed, wafted along by a gentle north-west breeze. The perfume of lilac! We were all standing up and sniffing the beautiful scent when the scene changed. The O. C. came raging along and shouting something incoherently about goggles. The next moment the whole regiment got it, and every man was fumbling frantically for his goggles. When the goggles were adjusted relief came gradually but surely. The order came to put on gas helmets, and a few minutes later a white mist came towards us. It was about twelve inches high, but growing volume from the German trenches. When it reached us it was a wall of grey-green vapor. But the fearful moments sped by, and now we were breathing gaspily."

"Peering through our eye-pieces, we descried perhaps a hundred Germans climbing their parapet and coming stumbling forward, waving their rifles. Our machine guns were sputtering bullets at the rate of four hundred a minute. Before he had got twenty yards from his trench the last German was down."

"All at once one became aware of a dark mass of men surging along. On they came in loose order at a lumbering trot, probably three or four hundred, wearing gas masks and looking like giant loathsome things."

"Then, just before our eyes, the



leading Germans stopped, twisted and fell, and we were too hoarse to cheer as the terrible machine guns wiped away the whole line as a child's wet hand wipes away a row of figures on a slate."

### He Was a Navigator.

Sir Charles Wyndham, during his American tour, said at a dinner in New York:—"Too many of us resemble a boy at the wheel. The boy stood on the bridge of a schooner beside the captain on a starry night. It suddenly became necessary for the captain to go below, and he said to the boy—'Here take the wheel, I'll be back in a few minutes. Steer by that star and you will be all right.' The boy began to steer the boat, and soon he got her out of her course. The star now appeared astern instead of ahead. He shouted down to the captain—'Hi, skipper, come up and find us another star. I've passed that one.'"

### A Distinction.

"Did that firm fail to pay its debts?"

"No, it failed so it wouldn't have to pay them."

### Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Too Willing Worker.

"Yes, the boss said he was losing money on the things I was making."

"And what were you making?"

"Mistakes."

Beauty may be only skin deep, but every woman knows that that is deep enough.

### Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy. No Smearing.

Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Remedy 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

### Rough on Dad.

Frank's mother took him to a conjuring performance one afternoon and the small boy was much impressed by the wonders he saw. That evening, after tea, he said:

"Father, I wish I was a magician."

"Do you, sonny?" said the father, with a smile. "If you were one what would you do?"

"Well," said the boy thoughtfully, "I'd turn you into a rat and call the cat, and wouldn't I have a lark!"

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

### ROSEBERY'S JUDGMENT.

Two or three times a week Lord Rosebery is to be found lunching at Buckingham Palace, which merely emphasizes that King George, like his father, has the firmest faith in Lord Rosebery's judgment, and like to get his views on important questions. Lord Rosebery has, of course, known King George since he was a child, and was a constant visitor at Sandringham. He was always a favorite with the young Princes and Princesses, and used to love to romp with them in the schoolroom to their hearts' content.

## PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores.

See box.

Zam-Buk

## MICA AXLE GREASE

Fills the grooves of the worn axle. Makes a perfect bearing surface. Prevents blocked wheels. Lets your horse pull bigger loads. The Mica does it.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

JOHN PALMER CO. Limited.

Fredrickton, N. B., Canada.

ED. 7.

ISSUE 1A-16.

What Dreams are Made of. Dillydally (a chronic procrastinator)—"I dreamt last night that I—ah—proposed to you. I wonder what that is a sign of?"

Miss Lingerlong (desperately)—"It is a sign that you have got more sense when you are asleep than when you are awake."

### Ask for Minard's and take no other

### FOOD FOR BATTALION.

In the British army a battalion of 1,016 men requires for its daily rations 625 two-pound loaves, 127 pounds of bacon, more than 13 pounds of salt and nearly 13 pounds of pepper, to mention only a few of the items.

### SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH CORN, etc. Dealers, Carman, Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

### FOR SALE.

SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES—18 Superior Needles 25c. Shuttles 25c. Bobbins 5c. Belts 25c. for any Machine. Superior Supplies Co., Hamilton, Ont.

### MACHINERY.

CHEESE FACTORY BOILERS, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Gears. Let us figure on your requirements. Napanee Iron Works, Ltd., Napanee.

### AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED TO HANDLE our rapid selling specialties. Enormous profits. Acme Supply Co., Kingston, Ont.

### HELP WANTED.

WANTED—LATH MACHINEISTS and Fitters. Toolmakers also operators experienced on the larger size shells. Phone or wire applications preferred. B. Bell & Son Company, Ltd., St. George, Ont.

### NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

PUPIL NURSES NEEDED MAY 1ST. Exceptional advantages—Modern Nurses' Home; fully equipped Rooms; eight hour schedule; allowance of \$5.00 per month with uniforms and text books after three months probationary period; two years of full school required for entrance. For full particulars address Miss Frederick, R. Galsier, Superintendent of Nurses, City Hospital, Cleveland, Ohio.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bell's Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

### "Overseas" Liniment

Why suffer with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back or pain of any kind, when "Overseas" Liniment will cure you. The Highest Grade Liniment made Guaranteed. Send at once. Family size \$1.00.

### OVERSEAS CHEMICAL CO.

810 Bathurst St., Toronto, Can.

### BOOK ON DOG DISEASES

And How to Feed Mailed free to any address by the Author

H. CLAY GLOVER, V.S. 118 West 31st Street, New York

### Sickness Causes Inefficiency

If you are losing time and money through sickness, write at once to F. Harvey Reed Co., Ltd. of Remedies for Rheumatism, Asthma, Congestion of Kidneys, Piles, Epilepsy or Falling Sickness, Nervous Debility, Catarrh, Eczema, Rheumatism, C. Sores or Ulcers, and Indigestion. They have been perfected by years of medical practice, and are not sold with results after 30 days, they cost you nothing. Send no money but return this ad for postpaid full State drug and particulars. F. Harvey Reed Co., Suite A, 5004, Station N., New York, N.Y.

### SPECIALLY MADE FARM FOOTWEAR

DELIVERED TO YOU \$325

Here is a light weight, durable and comfortable working shoe specially suitable for farmers, woodmen, millmen, trackmen, laborers—all who require extra strong, easy footwear for working in. We make them of the splendid oil-tanned Skowhegan water-proof leather that has no equal.

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Fredrickton, N. B., Canada.

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ISSUE 1A-16.



# ANOTHER BIG SENSATION CARPETS, RUGS AND LINOLEUMS

Every Style Every Color Every Material Every Size

## TAPESTRY RUGS

2 1/2 x 3	Sensational price... \$6.85	3 x 4	Sensational price... \$15.00
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3 x 3 1/2	" " " " \$12.00	4 x 5, English Tapestry	" " " " \$30.00



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A classy Suit or Light Overcoat made to your measure for \$10.00 to \$25.00. Ready to wear from \$10.00 to \$18.00.

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Are you going to put the artistic touch on your home by papering a few of those dingy rooms. Call and see our large assortment of papers. Prices 4c to \$1.00 per roll.

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The shrewd housekeeper will know better than to miss these wonderful bargains. These goods were bought months ago, before the advance in price. This is how we can sell at such sensational prices. Scrims, ranging in price from 12c to 45c. Window Shades from 25c to 75c.

**Now for the biggest week in MILLINERY**

On sale in three groups, which will reveal the latest in really smart trimmed hats.  
**\$2.19, \$2.98, \$3.75**

The real classy **Spring Shoes** are to be found at Mayhew's, at very moderate prices, in Men's, Women's and Children's.

Always the latest in **Men's Haberdashery**  
The real smart Collars, the novelty Ties and real up-to-the-minute Shirts. Especially new are our "Zebra" Collars. Call and see them at our earliest convenience.

**Cash for Eggs**

**E. MAYHEW & CO.**  
Headquarters For Homefurnishings

## The Transcript.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1916.

### Newbury

Mrs. Wm. C. King spent Easter holidays in Detroit.  
Mrs. Duncan Fletcher spent Good Friday in Detroit.  
Mrs. Jas. Patterson spent a few days in Detroit.  
Mrs. Lewthwaite and two children arrived home from Gananoque on Wednesday last.  
Miss Sarah Fletcher is home from Galt for the holidays.  
Miss Bessie Fennell is visiting with Miss Millard, at Bridgeburg, and will take in the Ontario Teachers' Convention at Toronto this week.  
The Red Cross Circle received a letter from Miss Bowker, secretary of the Circle at London, a few days ago, acknowledging with thanks "the splendidly knit socks and well-made shirts." The shipment contained—shirts 33, socks 25, wash cloths 9, pillow cases 6. The Circle here have

undertaken to provide food and clean underwear for a prisoner in Germany, namely, Ben. P. Wildig, a member of the Strathcona Horse. A small amount from any person will be gratefully received for this worthy cause.  
Among the Easter visitors in town were Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Gray, Mrs. Roy Murray, Misses Leah and Velma Armstrong, Miss Margaret McKee, Wm. H. Grant, Albert Grant, Thos. Woods, Renford Albert, of Windsor; Miss Dora Sinclair, Miss Ida Gibb, of Detroit; Miss Margaret Haggith, of Chatham; Miss Owens, of Oakville; Mr. and Mrs. A. Walker and family, of London; Curtis Lang, of Detroit; John Johnston and sister May, of Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. Glennie, of Delaware; Mrs. Churchill, of London; Mrs. Hubert and two children, of Toronto.  
Mrs. S. G. Ward and daughter Maggie and Mrs. G. Martin and daughter Edith spent the Easter holidays with Lambeth relatives.  
Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

### BETHEL.

Mrs. Geo. Moore is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. J. Northwood, in Thedford.  
Misses Alma and Vera Towers have returned home after spending the holidays with friends in Glencoe.  
Bill Johnston, of D Co., 135th Battalion, Glencoe, spent the week-end with friends here.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Moore received a cablegram from their son, Geo. W., of the A. M. C., letting them know of his safe arrival in England.  
The measles has hit this burg in full force. Nearly everyone is taking it. Another of our boys, Harold McAlpine, has answered his country's call and enlisted in "The Pride of Middlesex," the 135th.  
As THE OIL RUBS IN, THE PAIN RITES OUT.—Applied to the seat of pain in any part of the body the skin absorbs the soothing liniment under brisk friction and the patient obtains almost instant relief. The results of the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have surprised many who were acquainted with its qualities, and once known it will not be neglected. Try it.

## Wardsville

Miss Bessie Hindson is visiting friends in Detroit.  
Miss Gladys Kellington, of Windsor, is visiting Miss Blanche Snell.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Morrow and daughter Dorothy, of Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. C. Sheppard and daughters Ruth and Nancy, of Detroit, and Mr. and Mrs. R. McDonald, of Appin, spent the holiday with Mrs. M. Mulligan.  
Miss Mabel and Earl Milner, Miss Maud Wilson and Ethridge Purdy, of Detroit, spent the holidays at their homes here.  
Messrs. Willing and Mixer, of Seattle, visited the former's cousin, Miss M. Aitchison.  
Dr. J. Russell, of Toronto, is visiting his sister, Mrs. A. Sheppard.  
Miss Ivy Henderson, of Victoria Hospital, London, spent the holiday at her home here.  
Misses Gundry and Millard, of the High School, spent the holidays at their homes in Aylmer and Bridgeburg respectively.  
Miss M. Archer spent the holiday in Warwick.  
Mrs. McKay, of London, spent the holiday with her daughter, Mrs. O. J. Glenn.  
Miss L. McMahon is visiting at her home in Delhi.  
Earl Linden is visiting friends in Middlemiss.  
Fred Tuke, of London, spent the holiday with Leonard Purdy.  
Miss Hilda Bluff, of Embro, spent last week at her home here.  
A social evening in honor of Ptes. Nelson Doyle and James Campbell, of the 91st Battalion, St. Thomas, given by the pupils of the High School on Wednesday evening in the school, was much enjoyed. The first part of the evening was spent in games and contests in the empty room. A good program was given and lunch served in the north room upstairs. Pte. Doyle was presented with a signet ring and Pte. Campbell with a wrist watch. Both the boys went to High School before they enlisted and were well known in the town.  
Miss Bessie Watterworth, of Port Lambton, is visiting at her home here.  
J. B. Martyn spent a few days last week in London.

A Winnipeg paper says:—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Douglas, who died Wednesday afternoon, was held from the residence of her son, Dr. Douglas, medical health officer for the city, and was of a private nature. The late Mrs. Douglas was born 76 years ago at Wardsville, Ontario, and came to Winnipeg in 1882, living here ever since. Those who knew her well appreciated her kindly disposition and the interest she took in Holy Trinity church, of which she was one of the members. Her husband, Captain W. D. Douglas, who was well known and respected here, died ten years ago. The deceased is survived by her only son, Dr. Douglas, and C. F. Adair, a nephew.

## Kilmartin.

Home for the holidays are Miss Bessie McIntyre, from London; Mac and Alice Moore and Mrs. Moore and Will McBride, from Walkerville; Misses E. McAlpine, M. Leitch and M. Munroe, from London Normal.  
Miss Combs, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss D. B. McAlpine.  
Dan and Rob. McAlpine and the Misses McAlpine, of Detroit, spent the week-end at their home here.  
Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Munroe spent the week-end in St. Thomas.  
Mr. and Mrs. Abbott, of London, are visiting at Neil Munroe's.  
Mr. and Mrs. Dug. Patterson, of Appin, spent Sunday at the latter's home here.  
Master Kenneth McAlpine, of London, is visiting relatives here.

Don't scold a child for being cross: try Rexall Orderlies, as the trouble is probably with the bowels. Sold only by Rexall Drug Stores, 15c and 25c boxes.—J. A. Scott.

## WOODGREEN.

Miss Gertrude Lumley, of Detroit, is visiting her parents here.  
Mrs. R. Robert Tillson and daughter, of Kempton, are spending the holidays at Wm. Tillson's.  
Miss Neta Watterworth is home from Welland for the holidays.  
Hazel Moore is home from London Normal.  
Tom Halliday, of Chatham, is a visitor here.  
Dr. John Russell and family, of Toronto, are visiting at Isaac Watterworth's.  
James Thomson is home for the summer after spending some time at Burlington.  
Miss Kate Lumley is visiting at Chatham and Croton.  
Mrs. E. Zimmerman, of London, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Watterworth, Big Bend.  
The attendance at No. 3 Sunday School is increasing. Great interest is being taken to make this a success. A cordial welcome is extended to all. School commences at 3 p. m. every Sunday.  
Master Harley Luckham, of Glencoe, is spending a few days with Frank Brown.  
Wm. Gould and children are spending Easter at St. Thomas.  
George Jones continues in poor health. We hope for his speedy recovery.  
Mrs. Lorenzo Watterworth is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Long, of Melbourne, who is sick with pneumonia.  
John Walker, of London, is visiting at Joseph Walker's.  
The roads here are in bad condition; automobiles get stuck every day. There is nothing to equal a good driving horse this spring.  
Wheat has wintered well, and the clover meadows show prospects of a bumper crop of hay.

THEY ARE CAREFULLY PREPARED.—Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

## Appin

Mrs. Patterson and daughter Effie have returned from a visit to Essex.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Macfie and family, of London, spent Easter at James W. Macfie's.  
Pte. Angus McMaster, of Toronto, spent the holidays at his home here.  
Mrs. Edwards, of London, spent Sunday with her son Roy.  
We are pleased to hear that Miss Violet Rankin, who has been seriously ill in Victoria Hospital, London, is improving.  
William Stevenson spent Easter at Stratroy.  
Tom Bartlett, of Christina, spent a few days at G. M. Fisher's.  
Miss Mae Simmons, of Detroit, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Payne.  
Fishing is the order of the day.  
Bert Cushman has purchased the English property and has moved in.  
Peter McIntyre has returned from the West and reports conditions good out there.  
N. A. Galbraith arrived home from the West Tuesday noon.  
R. E. C. McDonald and wife spent Good Friday in Wardsville.  
The annual Easter vestry meeting of St. Alban's church, Appin, was held on Tuesday evening, April 25th. The wardens' report as usual was very satisfactory, being able, in spite of all, to show a small balance in hand. The war has affected this congregation materially. The former wardens, Messrs. Covey and May, were re-elected and Mr. Edwards retains his post as treasurer.

## Melbourne

On Wednesday, April 19th, the citizens of Melbourne and vicinity entertained a company of the 135th Battalion to dinner, which was served in the schoolroom of the Methodist church. The Melbourne orchestra furnished music during the dinner hour. At one o'clock a programme was given in the Woodman Hall. W. G. Robinson occupied the chair. Solos were given by members of the company and addresses by Chaplain Graham, Capt. Dancy and others. The company left at 2:30 o'clock for Delaware.  
The officers and teachers of the Methodist Sunday School held their annual meeting on Thursday evening. The following officers were elected:—Superintendent, W. G. Robinson; assistant superintendent, Archie Caruthers; secretaries, Norman Graham and Hazen Clarke. The teachers for the coming year are Ernest Cavethorpe, Mrs. Will Clarke, Miss Mabel Richards, Mrs. J. B. Currie, Miss Mary Mather, Miss Elizabeth Cornell and Mrs. W. G. Robinson.  
Owing to illness, Rev. D. C. Stephens was unable to occupy his pulpit on Sunday.  
Mr. Fisher, of London, spent a few days in our village.  
Mr. Gleason made a flying visit to our village last week.  
The members of the Epworth League are preparing for their anniversary, which will be held on April 30th.

Miss Edna Petch, of London, is spending a few days at her home here.  
Mrs. (Dr.) Howell is visiting friends in Sarnia.

## EEFRID.

Geo. M. McCallum is home, having finished his course at business college.  
The ladies of the E. P. S. met at the home of Mrs. G. C. Smith on Thursday afternoon and sewed up a good number of shirts and hospital garments for the soldiers, besides having a social afternoon.  
The numerous showers have delayed the farmers with their spring seeding.  
W. H. Switzer has purchased from Gilbert McLean the fifty acres adjoining his farm.  
Frances Wynn is spending the Easter vacation at her home here.  
Mrs. C. Campbell and daughter Mamie, of Norwood, and Mrs. A. McBean and daughter, of Glencoe, spent the holidays with Mrs. A. McTaggart.  
Away for Easter—W. H. Switzer, of Delhi; Mr. and Mrs. A. Black, of Delaware; Mrs. R. Giles and Julia Giles, at Hagersville; Mrs. A. D. McCallum, and Don McCallum, at London; Mr. and Mrs. Bernice Galbraith, at Janet's Creek; Mrs. J. L. Hull and family, at Mount Brydges.  
Clifford McDonald has recovered from a severe attack of measles.  
Marvin Newbigging has purchased a hundred-acre farm from McDonald Bros.  
Mrs. Eliza Eaton returned to her home Monday, having spent the winter months with her daughter in Dunwich.  
Mrs. Chris. McCallum is still confined to her bed. A trained nurse is in attendance.

## Crinan

E. Evans is visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. A. McEwen, con. 2.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. D. McRae and family spent Friday at his home, con. A.  
Malcolm McIntyre is on the sick list.  
John D. McRae lost a valuable horse last week.  
Miss Dorothy Coll, who has been visiting at the home of Miss Grace McIntyre, con. 2, has returned to Ridgelytown.  
Pte. Chas. Kelly, of the 91st Batt., who had engaged with A. J. McMurchy, was taken ill with the measles and is now at his home in West Lorne.  
Pte. Will Perryman, who was well known here, has left for England with the 7th Batt. from London. We all wish "Billy" every success.  
The Willing Workers hold their regular meeting this week.  
Several copies of the woman's patriotic issue of the St. Thomas Times were received here and the paper certainly was well worth the small sum charged for it. It was prepared by the I. D. O. E. of St. Thomas.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Thatcher*

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Strength Economy Service

IN Saxon "Six" you note the quality refinements formerly found only on the expensive cars. Timken axles and Timken bearings throughout the chassis—and Timken stands for the best in this part of a motor car. Two unit starting and lighting system. Helical bevel driving gears—they banish noise and friction. Yacht-line body—of marked beauty. Handsome everlasting finish of superb lustre. 112 inch wheelbase. Plenty of room both in front and rear seat. At its price—\$1,115—Saxon "Six" is the greatest dollar for dollar value in its field.

**GEO. D. HURLEY - GLENCOE**  
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For Hair Health Use Rexall "93" Hair Tonic.  
If it does not improve the health of your hair and scalp we will pay for what you use in the trial.  
Buy a bottle of Rexall "93" Hair Tonic, use it as directed for 30 days, then if not entirely satisfied, come and tell us and we will promptly hand back your money. Rexall "93" Hair Tonic is pleasant to use, has a faint agreeable odor and is sold at Rexall Drug stores exclusively, 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.  
Rexall's Shampoo Paste is recommended to keep the hair clean, soft and beautiful—25c.  
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Model 5A Touring Car  
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**Specifications**  
Model 5A Touring Car  
Five-passenger; left-hand drive; center control; four-cylinder motor cut on block; circulating splash lubricating system; thermo-siphon cooling system; Connecticut ignition; gravity feed gasoline system in coil; selective type transmission; 3 speeds forward and reverse; three-quarter floating rear axle; internal expanding and external contracting brakes; demountable tires, 20 x 3 1/2 inch tires; Non-Skid tread on rear; 30-inch front cast-iron springs in rear; front semi-elliptic; stream line with ample leg room in both compartments; 105-inch wheelbase; standard equipment, including electric starter, electric generator, electric lights throughout, one-man top, speedometer, gasoline pump, electric horn and complete tool equipment.

There is an investment-satisfaction in owning a Gray Dort—a feeling that you have made an investment rather than a purchase.  
As you drive your Gray Dort this feeling will be more strongly borne home to you that you have received real value for your money.  
When you consider that the 1916 Gray Dort Model Five-A Touring Car fully equipped with electric lighting and starting and demountable rims sells for only \$850 and that its equipment is complete, not a single accessory to buy, you begin to get an idea of the great value the Gray Dort offers.  
Buyers should see the Gray Dort at our showrooms and let us explain this value point by point.  
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