

## REOPENING OF RUSS. PROBLEM IS IMMINENT

Russian Anti-Bolsheviks Just as Reluctant as Ever to Meet Bolshevists in Conference But Are Becoming Desperate.

## UKRAINE IN POSSESSION OF THE BOLSHEVIK

This Gives the Latter Possession of Large Supplies of Food and Materials Desired in Their Warfare.

## ALLIES TO ISSUE ANOTHER INVITATION

Whether Prinkipo Will be the Designated Place of Meeting Will Depend Upon the Attitude of the Bolshevists.

(By Arthur S. Draper)  
Special to The N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.  
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London, Feb. 25.—Re-opening and re-consideration of the Russian problem seems imminent. The situation is approximately as follows:

First, the Prinkipo conference, as originally planned cannot be held.

Second, Lenin has granted permission for a Bernese Socialist Labor congress commission to go to Russia and study conditions, and the British members of the Premier Lloyd George and presented reasons why he should permit the delegates to visit Russia.

Third, two Bolshevik armies in Southern Russia have been severely mauled by Denikin's volunteer force, but on the other hand Krasnov's army of Cosacks has suffered a costly reverse on the Don, while in the north the Bolshevists have made powerful attacks on the Allied troops at Archangel and Murman.

The whole of the Ukraine is now in the possession of the Bolshevists, who have thus regained possession of large supplies of food.

The Russian anti-Bolsheviks are again in a situation to ever meet the Bolshevists in conference, but they are becoming so desperate that they will be compelled to agree to the Allies' refusal to increase their material assistance.

It is considered probable that another invitation to Prinkipo will again be issued as the place of meeting depends upon the attitude of the Bolshevists.

Russian opponents of Lenin, who hoped for many months that the tide would turn against the Bolshevist leader, now feel that he is proving more powerful daily, and that he has succeeded in collecting and distributing food enough to meet the immediate necessities of the masses, and thus assure himself against overthrow by the people he has led into a class war.

Simultaneously he has organized a large army, repaired the railways and now commands a force which is calculated to give a lot of trouble.

The anti-Bolsheviks are opposed, also, to the suggested "cordon sanitaire," holding that such a policy would mean the disintegration of the Russian state without helping the affected districts. Such a blockade, they contend, will drive the masses of the very people it would be intended to help, because the Bolshevists, being in power, would be the last to see the blockade.

The Globe, lamenting the fact that the Russian friends are beginning to regard the Allies with suspicion, says:

"The premier does not hold out any hope of definite help to stem the tide of Bolshevism at its source. Official America seems to have declared 'hands off,' and no policy, save negotiation in discernible arms, the statement of our rulers. The net result will be probably, and almost inevitably, to drive Russia into the arms of Germany."

Mr. Cachtin, a deputy for Paris, writing in the Manchester Guardian, says that Germany is

that a Diet be convoked. Other reports say the entire agrarian party in Bavaria is opposed to the council of the republic, but that the peasants cannot exert any great force as they have only a few troops.

Despatches received by local newspapers assert that Government troops made a successful surprise attack against the Spartacists at Starckrad. The chief of the Spartacists, Thiele, was arrested and captured. The despatches report that the Government troops captured a large quantity of arms and ammunition.

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## THE MOST VITAL QUESTION ASKED IN PARIS TODAY

Is Peace Being Delayed? If so, Who is Delaying it, and Why? Talked and Discussed By All.

## ASSURANCES OF SPEED HAD BEEN GIVEN

When League of Nations Was Out of Way it Was Supposed Essential Problems of Peace Making Would Have Right of Way.

## WILL ARMIES REMAIN ON GERMAN FRONT?

Paris Believes Much Time is Being Wasted in Discussing Questions That Could be Settled After Peace is Signed.

(By Frederik Moore)  
(Special to The St. John Standard and New York Tribune, Copyright, 1919, New York Tribune, Inc.)

Paris, Feb. 25.—Is peace being delayed? Who is delaying it, and why? These are vital questions in Paris.

When the League of Nations was set out of the way, it was supposed that the essential problems of peace making would immediately obtain right of way, and be sped to conclusion, so that the armies of millions still holding the battle fronts could be demobilized.

Colonel House took Mr. Wilson's place, although physically he is not strong. Nevertheless he is mentally vigorous and apparently anxious to achieve the purpose Mr. Wilson is now reported to desire, namely, the signature of Germany to the terms of peace within a month after his return to Europe. The president naturally desires to see this consummation before his return to the United States, but there is admittedly little chance of this.

The European armistice contains no clause to see this consummation before his return to the United States, but there is admittedly little chance of this.

These are a few of the grave questions now agitating statesmen and the group of ten engaged in making peace. Meantime the conference continues to hear the advocates of causes that are not vital to peace with Germany.

These questions can be settled as well after as before the treaty of peace is signed. Why are they being considered now?

President Wilson, Col. House, Premier Clemenceau, Marshal Foch, Premier Lloyd George, Arthur Balfour, Premier Orlando and Baron Sennine have known exactly what to do all the time.

It is admitted, there are vital disagreements in this small group which are causing the delay. Despite the president's repeated statement, the council of ten and not the peoples are making peace.

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## AMERICANS WHO REMAINED IN BERLIN DURING THE WAR MUCH REDUCED IN FLESH

### CHINO-JAPANESE AGREEMENTS BEFORE PEACE CONFERENCE REVEAL THE JAPS AND GERMANS GOING HAND IN HAND

Japanese Financiers Granted the Privilege of Making Loans to China for Building Railroads in Mongolia, Manchuria and China Proper—Chinese to Recognize All Agreements Between Japan and Germany.

Paris, Feb. 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—Japanese financiers are granted the privilege of making loans to China for the building of hundreds of miles of railway in Mongolia, Manchuria and China proper, and the Japanese are granted the right to participate in the operation of the railways now constructed in Shantung province, under notes exchanged by Japan and China on September 24, 1918.

These notes, which are now before the Peace Conference, supplement the treaty and notes of May 25, 1915, between Japan and China, in which the Chinese engaged to recognize all agreements between the Japanese and Germans respecting the disposition of

German rights and interests in Shantung Province.

Baron Goto, the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Tsune Hsiang Chang, Chinese minister to Japan, signed the three sets of notes exchanged on December 24, last year. One set outlined the new railways which the Japanese capitalists may finance in Manchuria, Mongolia and Chihli Province, North China.

The second set outlines the railway Japanese capital may finance in Shantung Province, to connect the existing German owned lines with the other principal railway lines in North China. The third set stipulates the conditions under which Japan may participate with China in Shantung Province affairs.

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## PARLIAMENT STARTS UPON ITS SESSIONS

The Opening Day Heard Notable Tributes to the Memory of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

## SOLDIER MEMBERS MAKE ABLE SPEECHES

Their Addresses Were Not of the Old Fashioned Partisan Type—They Denoted Independence of Thought.

## LIBERAL LEADER MAKES WEAK SHOWING

His Criticisms Not Overly Forceful or Effective—Invites Wanderers to Return to the Fold.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Setting out upon the session today, parliament heard notable tributes to the memory of Sir Wilfrid Laurier; listened to two young soldier members make unusually able speeches in moving and seconding the address in reply to the speech from the throne, saw Mr. D. J. Thomas White, acting prime minister, review and defend what the administration has done.

The tributes to Sir Wilfrid's memory were worthy of the great man to which they sought to do justice. Sir Thomas White, who was one of Sir Wilfrid's greatest admirers, spoke with deep feeling and fine eloquence, the House was visibly moved as he told of the dead statesman's "totality of excellence" of his exalted character of heart and mind, and of his devotion to the ideals of human liberty.

While evidently speaking without preparation, and therefore at great disadvantage, Mr. MacKenzie's tribute had a ring of sincerity which made up for whatever eloquence it may have lacked.

"Speaker," he said, "by the side of that vacant chair—a chair that will never be filled in my lifetime nor in the lifetime of any man here, but it is no disparagement of any man here to say that we have not the man nor the material to fill the chair of the late leader of the Liberal party."

Mr. Lemieux, one of the few remaining orators in the House, and for many years Sir Wilfrid's chief lieutenant in Quebec, pronounced a magnificent address in French, dwelling eloquently upon Sir Wilfrid's love of France, which had given him life, and which he had given him life.

"Adieu, great heart," exclaimed Mr. Lemieux, in his peroration. "We thank you, Laurier, for the shining moments which you bequeath to the historian, his brilliancy shall never fade it will be a beacon light, which the lamp of the future will look to, it will be as a column of fire which will guide on their march towards the promised land of a better dominion all sections of the Canadian people, recalled at last to one another, and linked together by a union sacred."

The speeches of Major Redman and Capt. Manion in moving and seconding the address were not of the old-fashioned partisan type, which too often consisted of little better than unqualified and exaggerated praise of the government of the day. They denoted independence of thought, and a study of national problems, and taken all in all, were probably the best opening addresses which parliament has listened to for some years.

Mr. MacKenzie, in replying for the opposition, made his first speech as Liberal leader, and his criticism was not overly forceful or effective. He concluded by stating that the light burned in the window for wandering sheep of the party, an announcement received with considerable laughter.

## HABEAS CORPUS FOR SPANIARDS

The Fourteen Arrested on Suspicion of Plotting to Kill President Wilson Are Granted Such Writs.

New York, Feb. 25.—The fourteen Spaniards who were arrested Sunday by the United States secret service and held in custody at the Hotel Knox in the Federal Court on application of Harry Weinberger, an attorney. The writ is returnable tomorrow.

Weinberger, in his application, declared "the United States secret service has admitted it has no proof that the defendants participated in a conspiracy to kill the president, and at the present time the police now are merely putting them through what is commonly known as the 'third degree,' with the expectation of obtaining information from them."

## ALARMIST PROPAGANDA

Paris, Feb. 25.—In commenting on the reports of disorders in various parts of Germany, the Matin says that alarmist information is being sent out by German propaganda bureaux. This information, it says, is intended to bear upon the decisions of the peace conference by attempting to arouse a threat of Bolshevism.

## FINANCIAL MATTERS EXPLAINED TO SUPREME COUNCIL TUESDAY

The Transport to Poland of Polish Divisions in France and Italy Was Examined Into, Marshal Foch Being Present—Instructions Sent to Inter-Allied Commission at Warsaw.

Paris, Feb. 25.—An official statement today says:

"In behalf of the inter-allied financial committee, M. Crespi (Italy), explained the measures to be taken to avoid the non-payment of coupons of the Austro-Hungarian debt falling due March 1, in the absence of an agreement among the different states of the former Austro-Hungarian monarchy. The committee's proposals were approved."

"The question of the transport to Poland of the Polish divisions in France and Italy was examined. Marshal Foch taking part. The conference sent instructions on this subject to the inter-allied commission at Warsaw."

"M. Verotti, of the African department, explained the demands of France in the direction of the suppression of the different states of the former Austro-Hungarian monarchy and the imposition on Germany of necessary guarantees to prevent her from resuming the hostile action in Morocco, which she took against France during the last ten years."

## DEPTH BOMB KILLS THREE

Men Attached to U. S. Naval Station Were Carrying Bomb When it Exploded.

New York, Feb. 25.—Three men attached to the naval aviation station at Rockaway Beach, were killed, today, by the explosion of a depth bomb which they were carrying.

The victims, a chief petty officer and two sailors, were carrying the bomb, which contained 150 pounds of trinitrotoluene to a distant point in the bay.

Three other sailors who were following their comrades narrowly escaped death.

The names of the men killed were withheld by their officers pending the sending of official notes to the men's families by the navy department at Washington. The explosion tore a crater in the sandy beach and scattered the bodies of the men who had been killed.

## NEW ARMISTICE FIXES GERMANY

Marshal Foch Says it Will Provide for the Military and Naval Disarmament of That Country.

Paris, Feb. 25.—Marshal Foch, in discussing diplomatic situation with a representative of the Havas Agency here today, said that the new armistice convention will provide for the naval and military disarmament of Germany. He added that the armistice convention, the supreme council would also deal with the new agreement clauses concerning financial and territorial questions.

In that way, the armistice convention the Marshal said, would comprise all the basis for a preliminary peace treaty.

## BOLSHEVIK AGENTS KEPT FROM PARIS

Tried to Get in With a Party of French Refugees Who Arrived in Paris Sunday.

Paris, Feb. 25.—(Havas)—Three agents of the Bolshevist government of Russia, it became known today, attempted to get into France with a party of sixty French refugees who arrived in Paris Sunday. The Bolshevists have not been permitted to proceed to Paris, and are being held in the port where they disembarked. The agents are said to have one million, five hundred thousand rubles in their possession.

## QUIET RESTORED IN BUDAPEST

All Communist Miners Who Started the Trouble Are in Prison—Trouble Due to Economic Situation.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—Quiet has been restored in Budapest, after the communist disorders of Friday and Saturday, according to a telegram from the Hungarian capital dated Sunday. All the communist miners who started the trouble are in prison, and the police also have arrested the members of the committee of the union of discharged non-commissioned officers and soldiers. The trouble is said to have been due to the economic situation and not to any desire to overthrow the government.

## M. CLEMENCEAU MUCH IMPROVED

Paris, Feb. 25.—(Havas)—The condition of Premier Clemenceau is very good, Prof. Turffer, one of his physicians said today. The Premier had a good rest last night, and his appetite is excellent. Among the callers at the Premier's residence today were Stephen Pichon and Louis Loucheur, Minister of Reconstruction. The Premier spent much time early in the day at his writing desk.

## DEFAULTERS HEARD AT PERTH

Small Fine in One Case While Another Was Continued Under Bail.

Perth, N. B., February 25.—(Camille Arsenau, of Edmundston, who was apprehended on February 15th, by the military police for not reporting for duty when called by the registrar, was tried here today before Magistrate Hansen.

Lucas, St. John, appeared to press the charge for the prosecution. It was contended, on behalf of the defendant, that the defendant had not reported, and was liable to a heavy fine, or imprisonment.

W. E. McMonagle, B. C. L., who appeared for the defendant, produced evidence to show that his client had been discharged at Valcartier, and was then under the impression that it was not necessary that he report, further, that the intention of the military authorities was only to prosecute those who had deliberately refused to obey the military orders.

Magistrate Hansen stated he felt it his duty to impose at least the minimum penalty and fined the defendant \$10 and costs. Arsenau, who had his application to the Andover jail since his apprehension, left on the evening train for his home.

The case of Albert Dunster, who appeared for a charge that the defendant had not signed his name to the proclamation was issued by the registrar, was next taken up. Mr. McMonagle, appearing for Dunster, argued that his client believed himself over thirty-five years of age, and that his birth certificate was in England, which would verify the contentions of the defendant and his counsel. Mr. McMonagle then made application for bail for his client pending the arrival of the certificates. Magistrate Hansen stated in response to the plea of the defendant's counsel, and in view of the complications of this particular case it was only fair that bail be given, pending the receipt of the defendant's birth certificate.

## WILL NOT CALL EXTRA SESSION

President Wilson Announces There Will Be No Special Congress Until After He Returns From His Second Trip to Paris.

Washington, Feb. 25.—President Wilson will not call an extra session of congress until his return from Europe, Senator Martin of Virginia, Democratic leader in the Senate, made this announcement tonight after a conference with the President at the White House. While the president did not state when he expected to reach home, after his second trip overseas, Senator Martin gave it as his personal opinion that it would not likely be earlier than June first.

## CONFUSING REPORTS REACH PARIS CONCERNING BAVARIAN TANGLE



SPORTING GOSSIP

ST. THOMAS TEAM BEAT ST. JOSEPH'S

Fast Game of Hockey Played at Chatham—Score at Finish Was Three to One.

Chatham, N. B., Feb. 22.—The St. Thomas College hockey team defeated the St. Joseph's College team in the college rink, Chatham, on Thursday evening, Feb. 20th, by a 3-1 score.

The St. Thomas team and the edge on the visitors and scored three goals in the opening period. The St. Joseph's defence tightened up and for the rest of the game the locals failed to score.

Chill in goal and Abell at center point for the Memcook overtook blocked the repeated rushes of the St. Thomas forwards and nullified their future efforts to score.

Champagne and LeBlanc displayed some good combination but were effectively blocked by Foley and Riordan of the St. Thomas defence.

Champion on left wing for the visitors played a constant game and saved his team from a shut out in the last minutes of play.

Lyons and McKenna did the scoring for the locals, the former netting two.

McNeely at left wing played an aggressive game throughout.

Carton in goal was given little opportunity to display his ability.

George Duncan handled the white in a satisfactory manner.

Line up: St. Thomas. St. Joseph.

Carton Goal Cahill Point.

Riordan-Malones Centre Beaulieu Cover Point.

Foley Centre Abell Right Wing.

Lyons Right Wing LeBlanc Left Wing.

McKenna Left Wing Champoux Right Wing.

McNeely Left Wing Champoux Right Wing.

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SPORTING GOSSIP

ADDITIONAL PRIZE FOR STURDEE DOGS

St. John Dogs Win Special Prize for Best Brace of Irish Setters in the Big New York Show.

Mrs. E. A. Sturdee's Irish setters, Glencho Morty O'Callaghan, and Glencho Connemara, in addition to prizes won in their respective breed classes at the Westminster Kennel Club's Show in New York last week, simply ran off with the coveted special prize for Best Brace.

The judge stated that these dogs were the best quality he had yet seen, and he had not met their equal in size for a long time. In the Open Class Glencho Connemara was placed over the winner's dog, 1917 and the reserve winner of 1918.

ON BLACK'S ALLEYS The Speeds and Weasels clashed in the City League on Black's alleys last evening. The rodents gnawed the wood to the tune of 1,348 total but the Speeds (two to their name) won under the wire with a total count of 1,428, taking the four corners.

In the Commercial League Western Union met W. E. Hatheway's team and took three corners. Tonight the T. S. Simms and Emerson and Fisher aggregations met.

DOUBT ABOUT GERMAN TRUTH (Ottawa Journal.)

The very definite statement of Winston Spencer Churchill as to the practical means that Allies are going to take to see that Germany behaves herself and insists the reparations assessment against her cease up reassessing a matter in connection with the peace settlement about which there has been considerable doubt and misgiving in the public mind. It may be utterly unlikely that Germany, after the beating she has sustained and its disastrous consequences and in view of the terrible cost of the war, would contemplate a new aggression, but there might be a passive defiance which would result in serious complications. The Allies do not propose to trust to appearances or to take chances with Germany. They are going to be certain as far as she is concerned. To this end, as Colonel Churchill says, they are going to keep in close proximity to Germany an adequate military force—a few trust-worthy persons well provided with what President Wilson would call "instrumentalities" to keep watch on the Rhine—presumably until such time as Germany has made good her damage obligations. By the time Germany has paid her bills in full, the Allies will have a sufficient force to see that she does not attempt to make any warlike move for revenge or anything else.

Even those who are most generous by inclination toward Germany, are in mind the thoroughness with which the spirit of war and treachery was inculcated into the Germans, must admit that such precautions cannot be neglected. For so far there has been little sign of repentance in Germany. There has even been a very apparent reluctance on the part of the Germans to see in their defeat that their unvanquished army was not the invincible force they believed it to be. All of us hope that the Allies will come to see the error of their ways and become as other people, qualifying their country for membership in the League of Nations. But until they do, the Allies must keep a check rein on. Even though the Germans were to accept the terms of the League of Nations, it is not proper to trust them until the validity of their assertion had been proven by time. So far, they have not even made a pretence of reformation.

The decision of the Allied powers to take such practical measures for their protection as Colonel Churchill has outlined will likely result in the dissipation of much of the distrust entertained by the French for the League of Nations scheme. France has desired more certain protection from Germany than that which a League of Nations without force at its command seemed to her likely to afford. She will have this protection in the "watch on the Rhine" and in the reparations which will be imposed on Germany. The League of Nations, it is hoped, will be the ultimate preserver of the peace of the world, but until its effectiveness can be demonstrated, it is to be maintained a trustworthy grip on Germany.

Quinine That Does Not Affect Head Because of Its Tonic and Laxative Effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets) can be taken by anyone without risk of dizziness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.

PERSONALS Mr. and Mrs. David Kennedy, of Minto, announce the engagement of their daughter, Amy Luella, to Charles D. Sleep, of Chipman, N. B. Wedding to take place in the near future.

Thinking about Typewriters? Are you? What about a Remington—Can you really improve on the suggestion? A. Milne Fraser, Jas. A. Little, Mgr., 57 Dock street, St. John, N. B.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 24.—Practical demobilization of all the United States naval establishments in Europe on waters; the sale of the great Lafayette wireless station at Bourdeaux to the French Government at a price of approximately \$4,000,000, and other hitherto unpublished facts on American naval activities in the war were announced here today by Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Roosevelt, who arrived with President Wilson on the George Washington.

For the last month, Mr. Roosevelt has been in Europe demobilizing the naval forces, liquidating contracts and settling claims. Good progress was made in all of the work, he said, and the British and French governments had met the United States halfway in the settlements of claims and disposal of material.

At the war should not be lost sight of, said Mr. MacKenzie. The great struggle to afford Canadians an opportunity to show that they could excel on the field of battle as well as in peaceful pursuits. On behalf of the opposition party, the people of Canada which it represented he wished to congratulate the boys on what they had accomplished.

Mr. MacKenzie urged the Government that the country would suffer if something was not done to counteract the flow of the population from the farm to the city. The tendency was now for people to leave the farms and congregate in the cities. Thus the production of food was decreasing and the prices consequently increasing.

Mr. Burnham (Peterboro)—"Would you reduce the number of factories?"

Mr. MacKenzie—"I would reduce the number if there were too many. I wish the Government would institute machinery for going something other than turning out the British Council. That is one kind of factory I would be quite willing to see done away with."

THE BRITISH OVERSEAS BANK New Banking Institution to Facilitate and Finance Foreign Trade.

London, Feb. 24.—The Anglo-South American Bank, Glyn, Mills, Currie & Company, the Northern Bank, the Bank of Montreal, the Union Bank of Scotland and Williams Deacons Bank are combining, it is announced, to furnish capital for a new banking institution to be known as the British Overseas Bank. The special object of the new bank will be to facilitate and finance foreign trade.

"SUFFS" ARRESTED IN BOSTON Boston, Feb. 24.—Twenty-two women members of the National Women's Party arrested in front of the state house today when they refused to comply with orders of the police to disperse. They were charged with failing to obey a city ordinance. The women had taken their positions in front of the reviewing stand several hours before the presidential parade was due to pass. Some carried banners with characteristic inscriptions such as "No conscription without consent" and "No conscription without consent."

Woodstock, N. B., Feb. 25.—The Bank of Montreal this afternoon bought the lot of land, corner of King and Main streets, upon which the buildings were recently burned, from Mr. and Mrs. P. Bradley and Miss R. Muloung which has been in possession of their family for about 100 years for \$3,500. The bank will erect a three-story building on the premises work commencing in the early spring.

London, Feb. 24.—(By Can. Associated Press)—It has been announced in parliament that all possible steps are being taken to expedite the return of Canadian munition workers. The ships, with accommodations for 1,900 men, will sail in March for Canada. This information is forthcoming through Will Crooks, who asserted that 2,000 Canadians were brought here for munition work and had been sent out of work for the past two months.

Cashed In. What became of the village belle whose face was her fortune? She cashed in. Yes? Married a millionaire.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Acknowledge Republic Berné, Feb. 24.—The former King and Queen of Wurtemberg, in taking part in a recent election, gave their names as Herr and Frau Wurtemberg, thus acknowledging the republic, according to a report reaching here from Tubingen. They appeared before the ballot box as plain citizens without an escort.

SEVEN SENTENCE SERMONS. A loving heart is the beginning of all knowledge.—Caryle.

The great obstacle to progress is prejudice.—Boe.

An' you've got to get up early If you want to take in God.—Lowell.

We know what God is like because we know the character of Jesus Christ.—George Hodges.

It is for chastening that ye endure; God dealth with you as with sons; for what son is there whom his father chasteneth not?—Heb. 12:7.

God give us men! A time like this demands Strong minds, great hearts, true faith, and ready hands, Men whom the lust of office does not kill; Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy; Men who possess opinions and a will; Men who have honor, and who will not lie; Tall men, sun-crowned, who live above the fog In public duty and in private thinking! —J. G. Holland.

'Tis not the eating, nor 'tis not the exclaim.—John Selkirk.

DISCUSSION IN PARLIAMENT

ON FORESHADOWED LEGISLATION

Liberal Leader MacKenzie Was Very Moderate in His Criticisms of the Government — Acting Prime Minister Sketched Briefly the Government Plans—Hon. F. B. Carvell Speaks Today.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Good headway was made with the debate on the address in the Commons today, subsequent to paying of tributes to the late Liberal leader. The debate may be somewhat prolonged, although the scope is held out that it may be brought to a close before the end of the week. It depends upon the number of back and middle-bench members who desire to be heard, but who have not as yet revealed their intentions.

In addition to Major D. L. Redman, of Calgary and Captain (Dr.) Manion of Port William and Rainy River, the first day's debate was productive of efforts by D. MacKenzie, Liberal House leader, Sir Thomas White, the acting prime minister, and A. R. McMaster, Liberal member for Bromo. Hon. F. B. Carvell moved the adjournment and will be the first speaker on Wednesday.

Mr. MacKenzie, who has been somewhat noted in the past for long speeches, confined his effort to fifty minutes, moderately criticized the government and its programme. In opening he referred to his position as leader as being temporary.

He asked that full justice be done to the returned soldiers, and urged that steps be taken to stop the flow from the farm to the factory. Referring to the proposed Dominion franchise act Mr. MacKenzie said he was opposed to a duplication of the provincial lists. The money to be voted for highways, he said, should be divided between the provinces. In closing he invited Liberal Unionists to come back to the Liberal fold.

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Liberal Leader MacKenzie Was Very Moderate in His Criticisms of the Government — Acting Prime Minister Sketched Briefly the Government Plans—Hon. F. B. Carvell Speaks Today.

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HOUSE OF COMMONS EULOGIZES THE EXEMPLARY LIFE OF LATE SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Sir Thomas White, Acting Premier, Pays a Fitting Tribute to the Memory of the Departed Chief—His Strong Attachment and Devotion to the Ideals of Freedom and Liberty Were Lauded.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 25.—Tribute was paid in the House of Commons this afternoon to the memory of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Sir Thomas White, the acting premier, said the death of Sir Wilfrid had removed a most distinguished and commanding personality from the stage of public life.

"During his long career," said Sir Thomas, "he had been identified with all the great political controversies since the period of Confederation. His name has carried far beyond the boundaries of Canada, and in Britain and France and the United States, as well as in other countries, the name of Sir Wilfrid Laurier has long been respected and admired as one of the outstanding statesmen of the world."

"With such a career, with such titles to distinction, we of this house may well look upon this occasion with pride to ourselves, and in appreciation of him examine as to the nature of the political principles to which he subscribed his characteristics as a statesman, the personal qualities and attributes of the man himself and the sources of the great power and influence which he exercised within and without the halls of parliament."

Sir Thomas said the principles which guided Sir Wilfrid's political actions were his strong attachment and devotion to the ideals of freedom and liberty, personal, civil and religious.

He believed in freedom of opinion, free speech, freedom of conscience. That these were his views might be gathered not only from his own speeches but from the names of those whom he followed, Gladstone, Bright and Lincoln. These names were often on his lips and he had diligently studied their career and utterances.

"From this starting point of attachment," said Sir Thomas, "he was led to greatly admire the British political system and the security and guarantees for liberty which it embodies and affords. He was a great constitutionalist, an ardent upholder of principles of free government, with all that it involves. It seems to me at times

thinking, he said, of the beautiful way in which the departed leader had been wont to speak on occasions somewhat similar to this, and it made him long "for the touch of the vanished hand, and the sound of a voice that is still."

The work which Sir Wilfrid Laurier had accomplished in securing for Canada her proper place under the folds of the British flag was, in the speaker's opinion, of prime importance. At the Queen's Jubilee, the coronation of King Edward and other great occasions, his presence had been of the utmost value in establishing firmly the position of the dominion.

Sir Wilfrid, said Mr. Mackenzie, was a man of the soil. He could understand the feelings of the people because he had grown and lived with them. If he had been born in any other country, in the United States, for example, his position, the speaker said, would have been similar to that of Washington or Lincoln.

From Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux followed. The whisper of death, he said, had passed over the Home. In the words of the poet, "the trumpet's silver voice is still the warden's silent on the sill, but death was a law and not a calamity. Let it be said to him who from the grave, yesterday, and tomorrow would come to write the biography of Sir Wilfrid, that none better than Sir Wilfrid understood this great fact. For a long time Sir Wilfrid had been preparing himself for the passage from life into death. It was without bitterness and with a smile on his lips that the old fighter went to his grave."

Sir Wilfrid's sentiments, Mr. Lemieux said, were essentially Canadian. He loved France which had given him liberty, but the first place in his heart was always for Canada. He was above all things profoundly Canadian.

ROAD ENGINEER'S ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report of the road engineer, G. N. Hatfield, was presented to the council yesterday, and contains some very interesting figures about the work done on the streets during the year. New pavements to a value of \$4,050,000 were laid. There was expended for repairs to Macadam streets \$23,627.86; scavenger work cost, east side, \$23,455.51; north end, \$17,827.75; west side \$4,971.56; a total of \$51,249.82 for street cleaning for the city. The repairs to sidewalks, east side, \$6,746.87; north end, \$1,897.33; west side, \$644.35 a total of \$9,489.05.

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WEDDING PRESENTS EXHIBITED AT ST. JAMES' PALACE

Nearly Seven Hundred Presents to Princess Patricia and Commander Ramsay Are on View—Many Canadian Presents in the Lot.

London, Feb. 25.—(By Canadian Associated Press)—Nearly seven hundred presents to Princess Patricia and Commander Ramsay are on view at the St. James' Palace today. A remarkable feature was the extensive collection of jade articles, whilst furniture, silver and glass ornaments encircled with sea shells apparently through long immersion in the bed of the ocean. This present bore the initials of the bride and groom.

Another little gift was a set of cuff links with the Canadian arms, marked "Princess Patricia, 1919."

The following are the principal gifts: From the Royal Family, the King and Queen, silver caskets.

Queen Alexandra, silver coffee service, Indian shawls and diamond pin.

Duke of Connaught, household linen and antique chair.

Princess Louise, dinner service. Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, mahogany table.

Prince Arthur, suit trays. Princess Arthur, cigarette lighter. Princess Patricia to bridegroom, dressing case and valuable bag.

Bridegroom to bride, fitted bag of Chinese tucker.

The following Canadian presents have already arrived: Colonel Adams, Medical Corps, Montreal, picture by Samuel Prout.

Lady Allan, Chinese writing set. Major General Biddell, lamp.

Mrs. George Dawson, of Yukon, gold enamel spoon.

Colonel Blaylock, silver mounted tea case.

Sir Robert Burden, mahogany sofa.

Mrs. Rivers Borkley, Works of Shakespeare.

Sir Henry and Lady Bursall, visitore book.

Officers of the First Canadian Division, silver casket with a hundred guineas.

Canada Club, writing table.

Mrs. George and Lady Foster, silver cases boxes.

Mrs. Hamilton Gault, picture from Canada.

Miss Edna Hendrie, tortoise-shell case.

Lady Holt, books.

Sir Edward and Lady Kemp, antique fender stool.

Colonel Herbert Wilson, antique silver cup.

Lord Mount Stephen, cheque.

Colonel Pelly, silver ink stand, made from the hoof of his charger.

Sir George and Lady Perley, tea and coffee services.

Princess Patricia's Club, cushion.

CAPT. HOWARD GOES TO PHILIPPINES

United States Military Officer Appointed to Important Position—Is Well Known Summer Visitor to Province

The hosts of friends in this city and Hampton, will learn with pleasure of the recent post assigned Captain Frank C. Howard, of Haverhill, Mass., who signed up in the American army some time ago and is now being sent to the Philippine Isles, in the interests of the American militia.

Mrs. Charles Leach, 58 Murray street is in receipt of an edition of the Haverhill Evening Gazette from her uncle, under date of February 1st, which states "Captain Frank C. Howard, who has been home on a few weeks' leave of absence left Monday for San Francisco to sail February 5th for the Philippines, where he is to be stationed for two years. Mrs. Howard and their baby son Donald will join Captain Howard later."

Captain Howard is a first cousin of Mrs. Leach, and previous to the outbreak of the war visited the province and city every autumn when the season for "Big Game" was on, and during one season resided in a summer home at Hampton. At the time of his trips East he was employed as a chemist in his native city and drew down good money, but threw up his position to enlist in the American forces. Another brother, Lieutenant Fred Howard, is now recognized in the U. S. army.

To the influence of the Sabbath, the church and the teachings of the Bible.

The rest of his lecture was of the various incidents and predicaments of a person. They were all of a humorous nature, and for nearly two hours the audience was kept laughing at the troubles and experiences of an average preacher, told by "one who has been there." Though the lecture was of a humorous strain, there were many points brought out which merit serious consideration.

During the evening William McEachern rendered very acceptably the patriotic solo, "Land of Light and Glory."

The pastor of the church, the Rev. Nell McLaughlin, acted as chairman.

CALLS ANGLLO-SAXONS BEDROCK OF LEAGUE

Dr. Cabot Applauded at City Club Luncheon—Lieut. Col. White Urges Unmuzzled Press in United States.

(Boston Globe). Lieut. Col. Herbert H. White, business manager of the Harvard Surgical Unit, recently returned from France, was introduced by Frea Smith of the City Club yesterday at a luncheon given by the club in honor of the unit, as "Doctor of Commerciality and Common Sense."

Although a business man, Mr. White said that during his service with the unit he had become accustomed to be addressed as "Dr.," and found it more expeditious and satisfactory to be called "Dr." than to stop and explain that he was a mere business man, trying to do his bit for the common cause of humanity in the big war.

Col. White told the gathering that the 3800 who volunteered for service in the unit did so because there was something in this section of the country, before America got into the war, a strong feeling that they should do something for the Allies. In concluding his remarks Col. White said that Lord Northcliffe's papers had done a great service for England and that it had been for the disclosures of the Northcliffe press England's shortage of shells and artillery would not have been so speedily rectified.

"England is blessed by an unmuzzled press," said the colonel. "It is the duty of the people of the United States to see to it that we, too, have an unmuzzled press and that we should know the facts of our efforts in the war as well as the efforts of our allies."

Lieut. Col. Hugh Cabot, chief surgeon of the unit, wearing his British uniform and British decoration, which he received from the hands of King George, told the audience the story of the unit. While the capacity of the hospital to which the unit was assigned was about 3,000 beds, it was able to care for many more, because of the splendid work of an Irishman, Maj. O'Connor, whom he "inherited" from the British, as registrar of the hospital. He paid a glowing tribute to Maj. Shattuck of this city, who also wears an English decoration, but the Major was too modest to make a speech, standing and bowing his acknowledgments at the ovation his name received.

Col. Cabot told of the tenacity and pagacity of the English Tommy, saying it was not the British staff or the British General who won the war, but plain Tommy Atkins. He sketched

of the hardships of the British common soldier of the first 100,000 who went over to Belgium and France and said: "British doggedness, the utter incapacity of thinking that he can be killed; is a trait that it would be well for his American cousin to emulate."

Dr. Cabot endorsed the movement for a League of Nations, saying that a distinct understanding between the British Empire and the United States ought to form the foundation for such a league. "The Anglo-Saxon must be the bedrock," said he, "of any League of Nations to which we give our support. Our relations with the Latin race are too superficial and we are bound to misunderstand them at times."

"With England and America in agreement it will not be worth while for anybody else to disagree," said he, amid great applause.

It Always Does. "What has?" "Trying to make other people think I'm rich."

Keep the Bowels Regular And You Won't Be Sick

If the bowels do not move regularly, they will, sooner or later, become constipated, and constipation is productive of more ill-health than almost any other trouble.

The sole cause of constipation is an inactive liver, and unless the liver is kept active, you may be sure that headaches, piles, heartburn, biliousness, jaundice, floating specks before the eyes, and many other troubles will follow the wrong action of this, one of the most important organs of the body.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills will regulate the bowels so that you will have a free and easy motion every day, and one pill a night for thirty days will cure the worst case of constipation.

They do this by acting directly on the liver and making the bile pass through the bowels instead of allowing it to get into the blood, thus causing many stomach and bowel troubles.

Mrs. Jos. Labrec, Louise Apts., Calgary, Alta., writes—"I have been troubled with constipation for the last two years. I have tried numerous treatments, but have never been relieved by anything until I used Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills which are helping me wonderfully."

We do not claim that Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are a "cure" but we claim that there is nothing better for a sluggish liver.

Price 25c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price. The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto.

Is Your Blood Starving For Want of Iron?

Modern Methods of Cooking and Living Have Made an Alarming Increase in Iron Deficiency in Blood of American Men and Women.

WHY NUXATED IRON SO QUICKLY BUILDS UP WEAK, NERVOUS, RUN-DOWN FOLKS—Over 3,000,000 People Annually Taking it in This Country Alone to Increase Their Strength, Power, Energy and Endurance.

"Is your blood starving for want of iron? Iron is red blood food. If you were to go without eating until you became weak, thin and emaciated, you could not do a more serious harm to yourself than when you let your blood literally starve for want of iron—iron that gives it strength and power to change food into living tissue," says Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly physician of Bellevue Hospital (Out-Dept.) New York and the Westchester County Hospital.

"Modern methods of cooking and the rapid pace at which people of this country live has made such an alarming increase in iron deficiency in the blood of American men and women that I have often marveled at the large number of people who lack iron in the blood, and who never suspect the cause of their weakness, run-down state. Lack of iron in the blood not only makes a man a physical and mental weakling, nervous, irritable and easily fatigued, but it utterly robs him of that virile force, that stamina and strength of will which are so necessary to success and power in every walk of life. It may also transform a beautiful, sweet-tempered woman into one who is cross, nervous and irritable. I have strongly emphasized the great necessity of physicians making blood examinations of their weak, anemic, run-down patients. Thousands of persons go on year after year suffering from physical weakness and a highly nervous condition due to lack of sufficient iron in their red blood corpuscles without ever realizing the real and true cause of their trouble. Without iron in your blood your food merely passes through the body, something like corn through an old mill with rollers so wide apart that the mill can't grind."

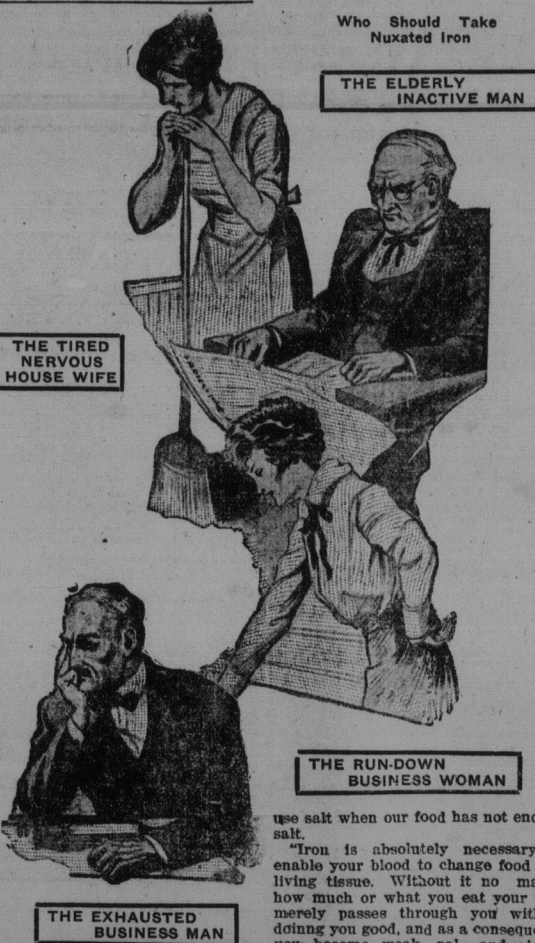
"For want of iron you may be an old man at thirty, dull of intellect, poor memory, nervous, irritable and run down, while at 50 or 60 with plenty of iron in your blood you may still be young in feeling, full of life, your whole being brimming over with vim and energy."

"As proof of this take the case of former United States Senator and Vice-Presidential nominee Charles A. Towne, who at past 58 is still a veritable mountain of tireless energy. Senator Towne says: 'I have found Nuxated Iron of the greatest benefit as a tonic and regulative. Henceforth I shall not be without it. I am in a position to testify for the benefit of others to the remarkable and immediate helpfulness of this remedy, and I unhesitatingly recommend Nuxated Iron to those who feel the need of renewed energy and the regularity of bodily functions.'"

"But in my opinion you can't make strong, keen, forceful men and healthy, rosy-cheeked women by feeding them on metallic iron. The old forms of metallic iron must go through a digestive process to transform them into organic iron—Nuxated Iron—before they are ready to be taken up and assimilated by the human system. Notwithstanding all that has been said and written on this subject by well-known physicians, thousands of people still insist in dosing themselves with metallic iron simply, I suppose, because it costs a few cents less. I

strongly advise readers in all cases to get a physician's prescription for organic iron—Nuxated Iron—or if you don't want to go to the trouble, then purchase only Nuxated Iron in its original packages and see that this particular name (Nuxated Iron) appears on the package. If you have taken preparations such as Nux and Iron and other similar iron products and failed to get results, remember that such products are an entirely different thing from Nuxated Iron."

In commenting upon the value of Nuxated Iron as a means for creating red blood, strength and endurance, Dr. Ferdinand Kline, a New York physician and Medical Author says: "Scarcely a day goes by but that I see women whose careworn faces, dragging steps and generally weak, tired appearance show unmistakable signs of that anemic, run-down condition usually brought on by lack of iron in the blood. There can be no strong, healthy, beautiful women without iron and iron, as such, is not a healthful food. The usual cooking methods remove the iron of Mother Earth from so many of our most common foods, this iron deficiency should be supplied by using some form of organic iron just as we



use salt when our food has not enough iron in it. Iron is absolutely necessary to enable your blood to change food into living tissue. Without it no matter how much or how often you eat your food merely passes through you without doing you good, and as a consequence you become weak, pale and sticky-looking just like a plant trying to grow in a soil deficient in iron. Pallor means anemia. The skin of an anemic woman is pale, the flesh flabby. By the memory fails, and often they become weak, nervous, irritable, despondent and melancholy. Give such a woman a short course of Nuxated Iron and she often quickly becomes an entirely different individual—strong, healthy and rosy-cheeked. I have used Nuxated Iron widely in my own practice in most severe, aggravated conditions with unfailing results. I have inspired many other physicians to give it a trial, all of whom have given me most surprising reports in regard to its great power as a health and strength builder. Manufacturers Note: Nuxated Iron which is used by Dr. Sullivan and others, with such surprising results, and which is prescribed and recommended above by physicians, is not a secret remedy but one which is well known to druggists everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, makes them black, nor upset the stomach. The manufacturer guarantees successful and entirely satisfactory results to every purchaser or they will refund your money. This iron is dispensed in this city by Wasson's drug store, and all other druggists.

Advertisement for 'Chocolates as a Dessert'. Includes text: 'PASS the chocolates again, please.' They certainly give a finesse to the meal, which is a most decided improvement over the customary heavy puddings or fancy pastries. Good chocolates are quite the vogue now for the third course and as a tasty, profitable and beneficial dessert, their use is a most sensible custom. The many occasions on which chocolates can be served with relish and appreciation make them almost a household necessity. As delicate, delicious desserts—at afternoon tea—as a relish for luncheon—mid the family circle in quiet hours—or at late suppers—chocolates may be served with excellent taste and good form. Chocolates are not a luxury. They are energy-producing food and can be eaten in your home with benefit to both old and young. Canadian-made chocolates have no superiors. Their high standards of quality and wholesomeness are obtained by purity in manufacture and the careful selection of all materials used.



### The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited 43 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada. H. V. MACKINNON, Manager and Editor.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1919.

#### EMPIRE ORGANIZATION.

Among the problems which present new aspects as the result of the war is that of Imperial Federation, the problem of promoting in some form the political unification of the Empire. Before the war some steps had been taken in the direction of political consolidation through the occasional Imperial Conferences, but the main principle of any system of political unity—the right of the Overseas Dominions to a definite voice in the determination of foreign relations had not made much headway. If or when the Mother Country consulted representatives of the Dominions on matters of foreign policy directly and specifically affecting them, it was an act of courtesy rather than the recognition of a right. As for the general questions of the Empire and civilization owes to the professional navy, and to overcome Britain—and it may very well be argued that they saved the situation at the outset—it must be said that they did not win the war alone. A citizen army had to be created, and a new navy improvised. The great battle fleet which typifies the might and majesty of Britain was impotent before the new weapon which Germany launched at merchant shipping—the arctic of the Empire, and to overcome the fatal menace of the practical U-boats it was necessary to organize a new force composed of men of the merchant service, fishermen and not a few fishermen.

A government which pursues foreign policies by secret diplomacy is incompatible with a condition of affairs that necessitates the wholesale conversion of peaceful citizens into fighting men. A British government can no longer deny the Dominions a voice in the determination of foreign relations on the ground that their contribution to Imperial defence has amounted to practically nothing. The presence of the representatives of the Overseas Dominions at the Peace Conference marks a distinct change in the relations of the Mother Country and the Daughter States.

The war has cleared the way for the political consolidation of the Empire. It has shown that the component parts of the Empire, these apparently haphazard growths of centuries, these immense and marvelous masses of living interests, are bound together by bonds as solid as they are sensitive. Sir John Seeley, in his lectures on Political Science, observed that Britain seemed to have "conquered the world in a fit of absence of mind." The British dominions have expanded in an unprecedented, seemingly unconscious way, without plan, without design, but naturally and irresistibly. These expanding masses of eager life, scattered over the earth, everywhere bear the impress of the British spirit, enriched by their respective historical evolutions, broadened and deepened by the larger freedom, the wider opportunity, of new lands. They constitute a real British Commonwealth, but a Commonwealth without political unity, or political form. To give to this Commonwealth a political form and means of political expression—that is the great task which awaits the earnest endeavor of Imperial statesmen. As a result of the war the Mother Country must perform abandon the arguments that she formerly appeared to consider a sufficient answer to the idea of taking the Overseas Dominions into real partnership. As a result of the war, too, the national self-consciousness of the Overseas Dominions has been developed to such an extent that they are not likely to be content to remain in the position of daughters in their Mother's House, even though they be mistresses in their own. In state papers and political speeches the phrase Overseas Dominions is now generally substituted for the term colonies, but this will hardly satisfy the amour propre of the young nations whose improvised armies have fought with a valor and efficiency unsurpassed by the best troops of Great Britain and France.

After the unconscious growth comes the need of conscious organization—of some definite political arrangement calculated to promote the integration of the Empire and consolidate its common interests. A theoretical system is not likely to be put forward as a means of Imperial Federation; the interests of the various commonwealths are complicated, complex, multiform; and symmetrical schemes of reform are not in accord with the genius of the British people. The method of Imperial Federation will probably follow the broad lines of precedents already

established, of developments already in progress, of tendencies already apparent. In respect to the political unification of the Empire, the main lines upon which the organization of the Empire are likely to proceed. Possibly the lessons of the great war may modify the whole policy of the Empire in respect to defence; possibly the League of Nations may remove the question of defence from the domain of imperial needs. But probably international rivalry will still continue with sufficient vigor to make the question of defence one of first importance for the Overseas Dominions, as well as for the Mother Country. In any case the security and well being of Great Britain will still require the development of the food producing capacity of the Overseas Dominions. And it is around the elemental question of food, probably more than the question of defence, that the interests of the British Empire require consolidation and organization. In this direction, indeed, considerable progress has been made already, progress that will probably be accelerated now that the United States is ceasing to be a large exporter of foodstuffs. Side by side with this there has developed an increasing interdependence of interests within the Empire itself. But until some form of political unity is established to give adequate expression and comprehensive guidance to these interdependent interests which have grown up more or less unconsciously, acting and reacting upon one another more or less independently, the progress of the Empire will not be what it might be.

#### PATRONAGE.

The Standard prints today a letter from a well known resident of this Province who takes exception to the views of this paper with respect to patronage. No doubt there is general diversity of opinion regarding this subject, but it should be noted that the attitude of the Standard is not an endorsement of the patronage system which is recognized everywhere as a weakness in our administration. Yet this paper cannot believe that any improvement whatever has been brought about by the substitution of the Civil Service Commission for the old form of patronage. In fact, so far as we are able to ascertain, conditions now are worse than they were before in view of the fact that people are not now appointed on their merits as was the intention of those who favored the abolition of the patronage system, but are appointed on the same old plan as before, with this difference, that the persons recommending the appointments are not responsible to any recognized party and that selections so far made in this Province by the Civil Service Commission have not been as good as those made under the old patronage system.

The great complaint against the old plan was that as a rule those appointed to office were supporters of the administration then existing, while other persons of equal or greater ability were prohibited from holding office because of their political views. Today we are getting in public offices many incompetents; we are getting people who have not intelligence enough to hold a decided opinion one way or the other politically, and these are named for office by persons decidedly opposed to Union administration, and who, by reason of the ill-advised policy now followed are securing positions for their friends or their prospective supporters in opposition to the party now in power. As a matter of fact, in many parts of this Province, capable persons are prohibited from holding office because of the fact that they support Union Government, which is just the same condition as prevailed under the old system, and members of parliament who realize this state of affairs are prevented from making any protest or from advising the Civil Service Commission in respect to the selection of candidates.

The patronage system was an evil, but it was a more efficient method of securing capable office holders than is the present irresponsible plan.

#### THE NEW LEADER.

The selection of Daniel D. McKenzie, M. P., as Liberal leader is of value only to Daniel D. himself, as he has existed for the past ten or twelve years and gives him a standing to which his own ability would never have brought him. D. D. is not a bad sort. He is rather narrow-minded, and a Scotchman—though of course this last is nothing against him—And he has made a speech every session, as a rule. He had to do this in order that his constituents might know he was present in Ottawa. But no person now remembers anything he has ever said. However, his selection will make very little difference either way to the Unionist party, for he is the leader of a group which, by its policy in this matter alone, has shown itself to be so narrow that the better-thinking class of Liberals who have supported Union, but who might

under certain circumstances be inclined to revert to their former principles, will now stand aloof more decidedly than ever. The ruling element of the Laurierite section being unable to secure the appointment of a French-Canadian to succeed the late leader, exercised sufficient influence to prevent the appointment of an English-speaking member of recognized ability. The fact that Hon. Mr. Fielding differed from the Laurierite policy on one point was sufficient to prevent his nomination. Union has never had anything to fear from this Laurierite section for the principles upon which Union is based are too strong to be disturbed by petty party partisanship. The disturbing influences, if such there be, will come from inside.

The regrettable accident on the Kennebecas River yesterday has caused profound regret. There is a fascination in motoring on the ice, a fascination due in some degree to the element of danger involved, and this practice is being followed by a large number of automobile owners during the present winter. It was generally realized that the river ice, by reason of the continued mild weather, and the constant wearing away by the undercurrent had become in reality unsafe for heavy travel. Yet some holding contrary opinions had continued the practice, and today many friends in St. John mourn the untimely death of two estimable citizens. To the families of those who have met this fate deepest sympathy will be extended.

#### WHAT THEY SAY

**Another King Attacked.**  
London Free Press.—Another King gone! It has been King, and now it is reported as having abdicated in favor of that volatile young fellow—Lig-nite.

**A Gross Exaggeration.**  
Toronto Globe.—The little German woman to speak in a German parliament began her address, "Gentlemen and Ladies." A witty compliment to the men, even though it was a gross exaggeration.

**What Next?**  
Hamilton Herald.—Just how far this women's rights outrage has gone is illustrated by the Toronto policeman's wife, who objects to cleaning her husband's boots, bringing the coal up from the cellar, and to his selecting her clothes.

**Plenty of Pro-Cent.**  
Edmonton Journal.—Surprise is expressed that some young women should be so ready to bow to the Kaiser. But there is nothing very astonishing about it. Most other convicted murderers whose cases have been given much publicity are the recipients of such attentions from degenerate females.

**Engaging Candor.**  
Toronto Star.—The following advertisement, quite out of the ordinary, recently appeared in the situations column of the London Times: "Efficient major, promoted by accident, no decorations, not so young as he used to be, wants job; salary by consideration; not too much work. Box T. 250."

**Wide Gulp.**  
Mail and Empire.—The French Liberals who followed Sir Wilfrid Laurier (object to having a temporary leader anyone who supported the Unionist Government) in a party conference in the Ontario and Western Unionist Liberals are likely soon to appreciate more than ever the wide of chasm that divides them from their former party associates.

**Will Have No Say.**  
The Sentinel, Toronto.—Bourassa says "when the next hour of decision comes, we shall begin by demanding the independence of Canada." Loyal Canadians agree that Mr. Bourassa is disqualified from demanding anything for Canada. If his teaching had been efficacious, Canada would now be a German colony. As to the future of Canada, Bourassa and his school will have nothing at all to say.

**The Marvels of Science.**  
Calgary Herald.—Anticipating ultimate prohibition of the liquor traffic, English chemists have been experimenting to produce a pellet which will contain the elements of the "kick" more than ever the widest of members of the Hard Drinkers' Union.

**A Difference.**  
Vancouver Province.—The British Premier has returned to London to meet the newly-elected parliamentary representatives of the people. The president of the United States is returning to Washington to act with the recently-elected representatives of the people. He will be in Washington in time to sign the bills passed by the Democratic Congress, some months after the people had elected a Republican Congress. Britain and the United States are democratic countries, with a difference. No representative in Great Britain legislates after he has been defeated at the polls.

#### A BIT OF VERSE

**THE HOME GUARDS.**  
1914-1919.  
(Arthur Conan Doyle.)  
The dreams are passed and gone, old memories  
That came to you and me,  
Of a six days' stunt on an east coast front,  
And the fun with back to the sea.  
Lord, how we worked, and sweated  
To be fit when the day should come:  
Four years, my lad, and five months more,  
Since first we followed the drum.  
Though "Follow the drum" is a bit too

### Little Benny's Note Book.

BY LEE PAPE.  
The Park Ave. News.

Weather, Middling.  
Sports. Sig Hunt gave a birthday party at his house last Saturday night in honor of his fox terrier Teddy being 2 years old, and one of the games was to see who could blow out a candle the furthest away from the vase, and just then he sneezed so hard the candle went out, thus winning on a fowl.

Society. Miss Maud Jonson heard about the Chinese ladies making their feet little by bandaging them all up with bandages, and last Sunday night she bandaged one of hers all up to see what would happen and Monday morning it was bigger instead of smaller on account of the bandages being so tight, Miss Jonson saying this country is good snuff for her and she don't care how the Chinese ladies act.

Pome by Sidney Martin.  
The Ignorant Wind,  
I had a little Sunday cap,  
It was while as innocent snow,  
Some wind blew it into a puddle  
And now I wear it every day or so.

Trifling Fucks about trifling People. Leroy Shooter took a bath last Saturday night without anybody reminding him, and the rest of the family is still talking about it.

grand,  
For we ran to no such frills;  
It was just the whistles of Nature's  
men  
That heartened us up the hills.  
That and the foot of the corporals' flute,  
Until he could blow no more,  
And the lit of "Sussex by the Sea,"  
The marching song of the corps.  
Those hills! My word, you would soon get fit,  
Be you ever so staid and staid,  
If you had it with rife and machine kit  
To Rotherfield Hill and back!  
Drills in halls, and drills outdoors,  
And drills of every type,  
Till we wore our boots with forming  
And our coats with "Shoulder hips!"  
No glory ours, no swank no pay,  
One dull evening's grind!  
Find yourself, and nothing a day,  
Were the terms that the old boys signed.  
Just drill and march, and drill again,  
And swot at the old parade;  
But they got two hundred thousand men  
Not bad for the one brigade!

A good two hundred thousand came  
On the chance of that east coast  
fight;  
They may have been old, and stiff,  
But, by George, their hearts were right!  
Discipline! My! "Eyes right!" they  
cried  
As we passed the drill hall door,  
And left it at that—so we marched  
From three to half-past four.  
And sold! Why, after a real wet  
bout  
In a hole in the Flanders mud  
It would puzzle the Boche to feteen  
us out,  
For we couldn't get out if we  
would!

Some think we could have stood war's  
test,  
Some say that we could not;  
But a chap can only do his best  
And offer all he's got.  
Fall out the guard! The old home  
guard!  
Pile arms! Right turn! Dismiss!  
No grounds, even if it's hard  
To break our ranks like this!  
We can't show much in the way of  
fun  
For four and a half years gone;  
If we'd had our chance—just one!  
Carry on, old sport, carry on!

**A BIT OF FUN**  
Security.  
Did you lend that forgetful friend  
of ours the book he asked for?  
Yes, but I took care to borrow his  
umbrella the same day.  
Not Exactly.  
He—Do you know anything about the  
saurian tribe?  
She—No; are they the new people  
who moved in the block last week?  
Baltimore American.

**THE BEST QUALITY AT  
A REASONABLE PRICE**  
Glasses Are An Aid  
To Health  
Eye strain which comes from  
overtaxing the muscles that  
control the eye ball, brings on  
physical and nervous fatigue.  
It may be present when sight  
is excellent, this good vision  
being secured by constantly  
straining the muscles of the  
eye.  
The remedy is glasses, not  
medicine. Properly fitted and  
adjusted, they relieve the  
muscles of the extra work,  
ending headaches, nervous-  
ness, exhaustion and other re-  
sults of eye strain which are  
a drag on general health.  
Sharpe's make a specialty of  
the scientific making and fit-  
ting of glasses.

**L. L. Sharpe & Son**  
Jewelers and Opticians.  
Two Stores—  
21 King St., 189 Union St.

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In Good Shape**  
It will pay you in the  
long run for a house in  
good repair commands  
the better rental.  
We Supply  
Inside and Outside Fin-  
ish, Hardwood Floors,  
Art Glass, Window Glass.  
Everything in Wood and  
Glass for Buildings.  
Phone Main 3000  
**MURRAY & GREGORY,  
LIMITED**

**LANDING  
FEED FLOUR  
PRICE LOW**  
**C. H. PETERS SONS LIMITED, ST. JOHN, N. B.**

**OUR NEW TERM  
BEGINS**  
Thursday, January 2nd  
Send for Catalogue.  
**S. Kerr,  
Principal**

### "McAvity Special" Razor

We have just received a full assortment of the famous "McAvity Special" Razor. These razors are thoroughly tested and set ready for use to give entire satisfaction. Widths 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

With Black Handle ..... \$2.00  
With White Handle ..... \$2.50

**T. McAVITY & SONS, LTD.**

**Ferguson & Page**  
Diamond Importers and Jewelers

**NATAL TOKENS**  
As the yearly cycle brings around  
birth anniversaries of your family,  
and of friends, you like to remember,  
an inspection of our select offerings  
in Jewelry, Watches, Sterling Silver  
and related wares will reveal to you  
many appropriate gift suggestions.  
Especially would we draw your attention  
to our interesting collection of  
Birth Stones.  
We await your visit with interest.

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Will Prevent  
Frozen Radiators**  
Do not drain your radiator or use substitutes.  
On draught or in sealed gallon cans.

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### FINAL SESSIONS MISSIONARY

Rev. R. T. McKim and Rev. H. C. Priest, at Centenary Yearly Meeting, Formed—Rev. A. F. Robb, dressed Large Audience at

How the individual and the congregation could assist in the spread of missionary enthusiasm was the topic of yesterday afternoon's addresses at the Missionary Institute held at Centenary Hall.

Rev. Neil McLaughlin presided and the two speakers were Rev. R. T. McKim and Rev. H. C. Priest. Mr. McKim's subject was "The Place of Stewardship in the Work of Missions," and he pointed out that one of the greatest necessities of the mission work is intercessory prayer. He reminded the hearers of the Biblical story of the bread of Moses which were upheld and said that when people at home prayed earnestly for those in the foreign field the missionaries were given the victory against the powers of darkness. He said that the spread of the Gospel was actually prevented by the lack of prayer and felt that each should personally interest themselves in a missionary and intercede for that worker. Mr. McKim spoke of the inspiration which a friend, a missionary who is laboring in the far north, is to him and showed how every individual could plan by personal assistance to make the way less hard for someone who was teaching the heathen of the love of the Master.

Rev. H. C. Priest spoke on the topic "How to Promote the Missionary Life of the Congregation," and laid stress on the fact that to spread missionary enthusiasm it is necessary to be enthusiastic oneself and to teach a missionary subject one must possess the exact knowledge. That the missionary interest of a congregation is dependent upon the spiritual life of that congregation was repeated again and again. Mr. Priest felt that more knowledge could be spread through the pulpits by the preachers informing themselves of the doings and endeavors of the "Ambassadors of God's Kingdom"—by the leaders in the Sunday school and in Young People's Societies reviving the interest in missions by the reading and study of the many books published on the matter and by more encouragement being given at home to make this subject a living thing, to vitalize the missionary knowledge so that it would become a real issue and not something which was far off and of no personal moment.

Both talks were full of inspiration and help, and were appreciated by the large audience assembled yesterday. After the meetings study classes were formed in groups. Rev. H. C. Priest taking that of "The Dominion," Rev. H. E. Stillwell that of "The Way and Its Effect Upon Missions," and Rev. A. F. Robb resuming the study of Korea.

The ladies of the city supplied a bountiful supper which was served in the Central Baptist church school room by the ladies of that church with the following as convenors: Mrs. Z. Alwood, Mrs. C. C. Corkum, Mrs. Sophie Belver.

Evening and Final Session.  
The final session opened shortly after eight o'clock with the Rev. H. C.

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### FINAL SESSIONS OF THE MISSIONARY INSTITUTE HELD

Rev. R. T. McKim and Rev. H. C. Priest Were the Speakers at Centenary Yesterday Afternoon—Study Classes Formed—Rev. A. F. Robb and Rev. H. C. Priest Addressed Large Audience at Evening Session.

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Rev. Neil McLaughlin presided and the two speakers were Rev. R. T. McKim and Rev. H. C. Priest. Mr. McKim's subject was "The Place of Stewardship in the Work of Missions," and he pointed out that one of the greatest necessities of the mission work is intensive prayer.

Rev. H. C. Priest spoke on the "foreign devils" who were upholding and said that when people at home prayed earnestly for those in the foreign field the missionaries were given the victory against the powers of darkness.

Rev. H. C. Priest spoke on the topic "How to Promote the Missionary Life of the Congregation," and laid stress on the fact that to spread the Gospel was actually prevented by the lack of prayer and felt that each one should personally interest themselves in a missionary and intercede for that worker.

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### THE SOLDIERS' FARM SETTLEMENT BOARD

First Session of the Agricultural Qualifications Committee Began Yesterday—About Twenty-five Applicants Appeared.

The first session of the agricultural qualifications committee, of the Soldiers' Farm Settlement Board, began yesterday and will be continued today.

The meetings are being held in the government rooms, Prince William street, and a large number of applicants have to be dealt with. Yesterday about twenty-five applicants appeared before the committee and stated their qualifications.

The board is composed of Thomas Caldwell, of Florenceville, chairman, and Major J. J. Bull, of Woodstock. These men are all practical agriculturists and the two latter named are returned soldiers.

Major Robertson, who is the marketing agent of the board, was present at the meeting.

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### COUNCIL SESSION HELD YESTERDAY

Curbsone Programme Again Referred to Committee—Commissioner of Safety Will Sell Rifles—W. K. Clawson Appointed District Commissioner.

The city council yesterday afternoon decided to again refer the proposed curbsone programme of Commissioner Fisher to committee, in order that more information regarding certain streets and the prospects for paving them in the near future, might be furnished.

The commissioner of safety was given authority to sell the rifles belonging to the department at the best possible price. A communication from the residents of Lansdowne Avenue, asking for certain work on this street was referred to the committee.

The committee of the whole recommended the approval of the bills advertised and the sending of them to the legislature; that permission be granted to the Red Triangle Club to erect an electric sign on Charlotte street; that a bill of \$313.34 from T. McAvity and Sons be paid and the adoption of the programme for the laying of granite curbing as outlined by Commissioner Fisher.

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### THE TUXIS BOYS' WEEKLY CONCLAVE

Boys from United St. John Churches Enjoyed Supper and Addresses Last Evening—St. David's Team Receive Trophy.

Last night witnessed one of the most instructive and most enjoyable evenings at the Y. M. C. A. for some time. The occasion was the weekly convalesce of Tuxis boys from the United St. John churches, which was presided over by A. K. Crookshank.

After supper, which was served by the ladies of Exmouth street Methodist church, W. E. Braden, Toronto, addressed the boys with a few impromptu remarks, and G. E. Barbour, in the unavoidable absence of Senator Thorne, presented the Thorne trophy to the athletic team of the St. David's church, winners of the recent Father and Son Week athletic meet.

Leatie Kerr, captain of the team, accepted the trophy and made a suitable acknowledgment. Mrs. George F. Matthews furnished an unique form of lecturing, when in her talk on "Music," the various points were illustrated by a number of selections furnished by Mrs. R. Taylor McKim, at the piano; Mrs. West, violin; and A. C. Skelton, vocalist.

ST. JOHN BOY FOUND IN FREDERICTON

H. P. Enslow Ran Away from Home and Was Found Working in Larrigan Factory in Capital Yesterday.

A lad named H. P. Enslow, twelve years old, ran away from his home in this city a short time ago. He had been playing truant from school and it is stated that after being punished he resolved to leave the city. Yesterday Chief of Police (Fisher) located the boy working in the Palmers Larrigan Factory in Fredericton, much to the joy of the parents. The runaway reached home late last night, coming in from the capital on the McAdam express.

LONDON LIFE STAFF ENJOY A BANQUET

About twenty members of the staff of the London Life Assurance Company met at the Manor House, Glen Falls, last night, where a sumptuous banquet and a most entertaining musical programme was enjoyed. A feature of the night was a mock trial, the defendant being a person who had not paid his insurance premiums as they fell due; with twenty men to testify against him, of course he was found guilty. Songs, stories and the terpsichorean art served to fill the night with enjoyment and the guests are looking forward to "another just the same."

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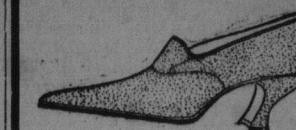
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Our Evening Shoes are all made on special pump lasts and have that glove fitting feeling on the foot. Combined with fit are the newest patterns and shapes—an ideal combination. We carry all sizes and widths, AA to D.

White and Black Satin Pumps ..... \$6.50  
Black Kid Pumps ..... \$4.50 to \$9.00  
Brown Kid Pumps ..... \$6.50 to \$7.50  
Grey Kid Pumps ..... \$7.50 and \$12.00  
Patent Leather Pumps ..... \$4.50 to \$8.50

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One reason for this remarkable growth is in the quality of our coal.

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# Society

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The Standard Limited 82 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

### MARRIED.

HOYT-DAVIE—The marriage was solemnized on December 20th, 1918, at the Church of St. Philip and St. James, by the rector, of the Royal Highlanders of Canada, son of the late W. Hoyt and Mrs. Hoyt, of McAdam, N. B., and Gwendoline Mand Davie, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Davie, of Austonley, Crofts Lea Park, Ilfracombe, North Devon, England.

### DIED.

ROSS—In this city on the 24th inst., Annie, wife of John Ross, of Westfield, aged 51 years, leaving her husband, five daughters, five sons, and four brothers to mourn. Funeral on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, at Westfield.

McCanna—In this city on the 24th inst., Mary A. Morris, wife of David McCanna, leaving her husband and step-daughter to mourn. Funeral from her late residence, 49 St. David's Street, Thursday morning at 8.30 to the Cathedral, for solemn High Mass of Requiem. Friends invited to attend.

STACKHOUSE—At Millidgeville on the 25th inst., James Willac Stackhouse, leaving a wife, one son and two brothers to mourn. Funeral Thursday, 2.30 p.m. Coaches leave Scott's Corner 2 p.m.

RITCHIE—In this city, on February 25, Mrs. Bridge Ritchie, widow of the late James Ritchie, leaving one brother, Dennis McGrath, and several nieces and nephews to mourn. Funeral on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from the Mater Misericordiae Home.

GREGORY—At Everett, Mass., on February 23rd, James W. Gregory, formerly of St. John, leaving two daughters and one son to mourn. Funeral from Trinity church at 5.30 o'clock, Thursday afternoon.

JOHNSTON—Sudden, on February 25th, 1919, Robert L. Johnston, aged 47 years, leaving wife and one son to mourn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DURANT—In this city on the 25th inst., Jessie Sanction, youngest daughter of the late Louis and Mary Durant. Funeral notice later.

Special Razor  
The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

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The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

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The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

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The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

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The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.

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The famous "McAvity" razor is thoroughly tested and set ready for the 5-8 and 3-4 inch.



# New Brunswick Telephone Co. Stock Dividends 8%

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**Eastern Securities Co., Ltd.**  
James MacMurray,  
Managing Director  
92 Prince William Street,  
St. John, N. B.

## MONTREAL SALES.

(McDougall and Cowans)  
Montreal, Tuesday, Feb. 25—  
Morning.  
Vic Bonds 1922—6,550 @ 100.  
Vic Bonds 1927—1,100 @ 101, 1,000 @ 100 1/2, 2,000 @ 101 1/2.  
Vic Bonds 1928—5,100 @ 103 1/2, 200 @ 102 1/2.  
Steamships Com.—75 @ 44, 25 @ 44 1/2.  
Steamships Pfd.—5 @ 77 1/2.  
Brazilian—5 @ 52 1/2, 10 @ 52.  
Dom. Textile—89 @ 194, 25 @ 104 1/2.  
Vic Bonds 1923—4,500 @ 100.  
Vic Bonds 1923—2,100 @ 102 1/2, 2,000 @ 102 1/2.  
Can Cement Com.—10 @ 60 1/2, 25 @ 60.  
Steel Can Com.—25 @ 61.  
Can Cement Pfd.—125 @ 100.  
Dom Iron Com.—40 @ 61 1/2.  
Cedars Bonds—4,500 @ 99 1/2.  
Shawinigan—25 @ 113 1/2.  
Montreal Power—100 @ 89 1/2.  
1931 War Loan—1,000 @ 96 1/2, 2,000 @ 96 1/2.  
Tram Debentures—10,000 @ 73 1/2.  
Can Car Com.—30 @ 82 1/2.  
1927 War Loan—200 @ 98.  
Can Car Pfd.—25 @ 87, 5 @ 87 1/2, 125 @ 88.  
Laurentide Pulp—29 @ 200, 40 @ 208 1/2.  
Smelters—120 @ 35 1/2.  
Riorion Pfd.—7 @ 85.  
Toronto Ry. Bonds—2,000 @ 93.  
Abbit—75 @ 64, 35 @ 64 1/2, 90 @ 75, 10 @ 64 1/2.  
Asbestos Com.—37 @ 53, 25 @ 52 1/2.  
Asbestos Pfd.—7 @ 70, 60 @ 69.  
Felt Pfd.—25 @ 49 1/2.  
Laurentide Power—27 @ 67, 75 @ 66 1/2.  
Span. River Pfd.—170 @ 62.  
Span. River Com.—25 @ 39 1/2.  
Nor Amer Pulp—45 @ 4 1/4, 250 @ 4.  
Bank Montreal—5 @ 212 1/2.  
Peuman Bonds—4,000 @ 88.  
Afternoon.  
Vic Bonds 1922—7,000 @ 100.  
Vic Bonds 1927—3,000 @ 101.  
Vic Bonds 1928—100 @ 102 1/2, 2,000 @ 102 1/2.  
Brazilian—25 @ 52, 10 @ 52 1/2.  
Dom. Textile—5 @ 103 1/2.  
1923 Vic Bonds—5,000 @ 100, 500 @ 100 1/2.  
1923 Vic Bonds—1,150 @ 102, 2,500 @ 102 1/2.  
Can Cem Com.—50 @ 66, 10 @ 66 1/2.  
Steel Can Com.—66 @ 60 1/2.  
Steel Can Pfd.—200 @ 87 1/2.  
Dom Iron Com.—60 @ 61 1/2.  
Shawinigan—60 @ 116.  
Montreal Power—30 @ 89 1/2.  
1925 War Loan—1,500 @ 97 1/2.  
Can Car Com.—50 @ 82 1/2.  
McDonalds—25 @ 23, 60 @ 23 1/2, 20 @ 23, 67 @ 23 1/2, 25 @ 64, 160 @ 64 1/2.  
Quebec Railway—100 @ 17.  
Waymack—20 @ 31.  
Asbestos Com.—50 @ 52 1/2, 35 @ 52.  
Span. River Pfd.—25 @ 62, 115 @ 62 1/2.  
Glass—25 @ 42 1/2, 25 @ 42.  
Nor Amer Pulp—125 @ 4.  
Dom Canners—5 @ 37.  
Can Cotton—60 @ 68.  
Peuman Bonds—30 @ 49.  
(McDougall and Cowans.)

# SHIPBUILDING INDUSTRY IN NEED OF SKILLED MEN

Head of Polson Iron Works Says Firm Has Contracts for Next Three Years That Will Keep Company Going at Top Speed—Col. Miller Feels Time is Opportune for the "Forward, Canada" Movement.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)  
In the next four or five years Canada will experience the greatest shipbuilding boom in its history, and the country will have a period of great industrial development and expansion. This is the very optimistic opinion of Col. J. B. Miller, head of the Polson Iron Works and one of the leading business men who contribute to the "Forward Canada" movement. The only problem which is confronting his firm at present is the shortage of skilled mechanics, and because of the inability to obtain efficient tradesmen it has been forced to retrain numerous orders for boats, boilers and engines.  
The great advertisement that Canada has gained through her magnificent efforts in the war will have the effect of bringing greatly increased trade and wealth to the country, he declares, and it is his belief that there will be a closer co-operation between capital and labor in the years to come. There will in all likelihood be a reduction in the high rate of wages paid during the war, but the reduction must be in proportion to the cost of living. Wages must not be reduced, while the cost of living remains high. Colonel Miller is of the opinion that there will not be any serious labor disturbance following the cessation of the war activities. The months previous to the signing of the armistice he was rather pessimistic regarding the industrial future of Canada and the task of re-establishing the soldiers in civil life, but the situation is being so well controlled and the industrial outlook so promising in every part of the Dominion that all fear of depression has vanished.  
Discussing the possibilities of the shipbuilding industry, Colonel Miller stated that there was a great shortage of ocean tonnage in practically all countries of the world, and that the new year will see a tremendous demand made upon all the large shipbuilders. There will, of course, be competition for the work, and it will be the desire of the various countries to obtain the most efficient return for the lowest outlay. Because of the high rate of wages paid in the wages which obtained during the war, but no violent reduction.  
Much Work Ahead.  
"Canada shipbuilders should be kept very busy for the next four or five years at least," he said, "and there has been a tremendous loss of ships, and they have got to be replaced. My firm has contracts for the next three years, and we will be going at top speed all the time. There is a great shortage of skilled men for shipbuilding work, and the industry is very bright indeed to me."

The unemployment question.  
"Do you think there will be an unemployment problem in Canada immediately or in the near future?" Col. Miller was asked. "I don't think there will be any serious period of unemployment in this country," he replied, "but I think, however, that there will be a gradual reduction in wages. But it must be in accordance with the cost of living. There will not be anything violent, but a steady falling back to the old standards, but the wages and the cost of living are bound to recede. One will not stay up and the other go down."  
"I don't see that there will be any great disturbance in the labor market now that the readjustment period has begun," he said, "and Canada has received a great advertisement from the war, and has come out of the struggle in a much better position than any other country. She has wonderful resources and untold possibilities, and the outlook for the future is very bright indeed to me."

# THE BRITISH OVERSEAS BANK

New Banking Institution to Facilitate and Finance Foreign Trade.  
London, Feb. 24.—The Anglo-Siam American Bank, Glynn, Mills, Currie & Company, the Northern Bank and Company of Belfast, the Union Bank of Scotland and Williams Deacons Bank are combining, it is announced, to furnish capital for a new banking institution to be called the British Overseas Bank. The special object of the new bank will be to facilitate and finance foreign trade.

# N. Y. QUOTATIONS.

(McDougall and Cowans.)	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am Beet Sug	7 1/4	7 1/2	7 1/4	7 3/4
Am Car Ppy	90 1/2	90 3/4	90	90 1/2
Am Loco	6 1/4	6 1/2	6 1/4	6 1/2
Am Sugar	120 1/2	122	120 1/2	121 1/2
Am Smelt	67 1/2	67 3/4	67 1/2	67 3/4
Am Sll Ppy	82	82 1/2	82	82 1/2
Am Woolen	55 1/2	57 1/2	55 1/2	57 1/2
Am Tele	105	105 1/2	105	105 1/2
Amcondia	59 1/2	59 3/4	59 1/2	59 3/4
Am Loco	6 1/4	6 1/2	6 1/4	6 1/2
Artichon	92	92 1/2	92	92 1/2
Bald and Ohio	48 1/2	48 3/4	48 1/2	48 3/4
Balt Loco	78	78 1/2	78	78 1/2
Brass Steel	62 1/2	62 3/4	62 1/2	62 3/4
Brook Rap Tr	25	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
C F I	38 1/2	38 3/4	38 1/2	38 3/4
China	32 1/2	32 3/4	32 1/2	32 3/4
Ches and Ohio	67 1/2	67 3/4	67 1/2	67 3/4
Can Pac	163 1/2	163 3/4	163 1/2	163 3/4
Dredgers	55 1/2	55 3/4	55 1/2	55 3/4
Cres Steel	58 1/2	58 3/4	58 1/2	58 3/4
Eric Com	16 1/2	16 3/4	16 1/2	16 3/4
Gr Nor Ore	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
Ind Alcohol	119 1/2	119 3/4	119 1/2	119 3/4
Gen Motors	142 1/2	142 3/4	142 1/2	142 3/4
Royal Dutch	95 1/2	95 3/4	95 1/2	95 3/4
Inspira Cop	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
Kans City Sou	30	30 1/2	30	30 1/2
Kenne Cop	30	30 1/2	30	30 1/2
Lehigh Val	55 1/2	55 3/4	55 1/2	55 3/4
Mer Mar Pld	100	100 1/2	100	100 1/2
Mex Petrol	180	180 1/2	180	180 1/2
Midvale Steel	42 1/2	42 3/4	42 1/2	42 3/4
Miss Pac	25	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
NY NH and H	23 1/2	23 3/4	23 1/2	23 3/4
NY Cent	92 1/2	92 3/4	92 1/2	92 3/4
Nor Pac	92 1/2	92 3/4	92 1/2	92 3/4
Penn	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
Reading Com	81	81 1/2	81	81 1/2
Repub Steel	76 1/2	76 3/4	76 1/2	76 3/4
St Paul	36 1/2	36 3/4	36 1/2	36 3/4
Son Pac	102 1/2	102 3/4	102 1/2	102 3/4
Sou Rail	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 3/4
Studebaker	65	65 1/2	65	65 1/2
Union Pac	120 1/2	120 3/4	120 1/2	120 3/4
U S Sll Com	94 1/2	94 3/4	94 1/2	94 3/4
U S Rub	83	83 1/2	83	83 1/2
Utah Cop	67 1/2	67 3/4	67 1/2	67 3/4
Westinghouse	43 1/2	43 3/4	43 1/2	43 3/4

# N. Y. COTTON MARKET.

(McDougall and Cowans.)	Mar.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar.	22 1/2	22 3/4	22 1/2	22 3/4
May	21 1/2	21 3/4	21 1/2	21 3/4
July	21 1/2	21 3/4	21 1/2	21 3/4
Oct.	20 1/2	20 3/4	20 1/2	20 3/4

# CALL MONEY RULES AT 6 PER CENT.

Motors and Allied Shares Defied the Monetary Considerations of Tuesday's Market

New York, Feb. 25.—Trading in stocks today was distinctly affected by yesterday's unexpected advance in call loans to maximum quotations of the past two years. Pools curtailed the specialties in the various speculative issues and the trend most often was uncertain.  
The end flurry in money also seemed to remain outside interest or buying, factors of considerable importance in the broader and more confident movement of the previous session.  
Call money ruled at six per cent, the rate falling a fraction towards the close, when most demands had been satisfied. Firmer tendencies also prevailed for time money, particularly the larger maturities.  
The only section of the stock list which seemed to defy monetary considerations was that comprising the motors and allied shares. Gains of 2 to almost 6 points were scored by General Motors, Kelly-Springfield Tire and Rubber, the latter showing the entire market towards the close.  
Oils, prominent equipments including United States Steel and Baldwin locomotives reacted 1 to 2 points, also leathers and utilities, while cobalt yielded slightly on realizing and sugars were favored by free trading.  
As a whole, the market was characterized by a general reduction in the price of raw material.  
The manufacturers are guided by the price of ore, said Mr. Perry. Besides it was very improbable that intending purchasers of metal products would decide on any large contracts at present. They would be content to wait until there was a decided drop in the price of raw material.  
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# MARKETS AT A GLANCE

Machine tool dealers express no pleasure in the way in which the market is being glutted with machinery in the United States. The same thing holds good in Canada, but not to such a degree. The latter do not seem to be so well under control. Canada has received a great advertisement from the war, and has come out of the struggle in a much better position than any other country. She has wonderful resources and untold possibilities, and the outlook for the future is very bright indeed to me.

# BANK OF MONTREAL BUYS PROPERTY

Secure Valuable Land in Woodstock Upon Which They Will Erect a Three-Story Building.  
Woodstock, N. B., Feb. 25.—The Bank of Montreal this afternoon bought the lot of land, corner of King and Main streets, which the buildings were recently burned, from Mr. and Mrs. P. Bradley and Miss K. McLeod, who have been in possession of their family for about 100 years, for \$5,000. The bank will erect a three-story building on the premises work commencing in the early spring.

# CHICAGO PRODUCE.

(McDougall and Cowans.)	Mar.	High.	Low.	Close.
Chicago, Feb. 25.—CORN—No. 3 yellow, 1 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 1 1/2; No. 5 yellow, 1 1/2; No. 6 white, 60c; standard white, 62c.				
OATS—No. 2, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2.				
BARLEY—No. 2, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2.				
TIMOTHY—\$7 to \$10.				
LOVE—\$10 to \$12.				
PORK—Nominal.				
LARD—\$26.25.				
RIBS—\$24.50 to \$25.				

# REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Property transfers during the week have been recorded as follows:  
St. John county—Emma Lordy et al to K. L. A. Lordy, property in Simonds; Catherine W. McIntosh et al to C. P. Sanford, property in Marsh road; Annie M. and H. F. Puddington to W. F. Smith, property in Peel street; Prudential Trust Co., Ltd., to G. P. Kinross, property in Lancaster for \$1,000; Prudential Trust Co., Ltd., to Louis Tillier, property in Lancaster for \$1,500.  
Kings county—J. L. Bartlett to R. H. Bartlett, property in Stodholm; Edw. Dawson to G. L. Braman, property in Robbsey; John Jackson to T. L. Saxter, property in Robbsey; G. H. McCully to Eunice D. Jonah, property in Havelock; Robert Sherwood to Ada M. Sherwood, property in Robbsey; Peter White to Mortgage to Ernest Plerko, property in Norton; E. B. Walters to J. Y. Hamilton, property in Stodholm.

# LOOKS FOR A SLIGHT LULL IN INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY

Mr. Gordon F. Perry of Opinion There Will be Period of Waiting for Settled Conditions in Metal Markets, and When This is Reached a General "Forward, Canada" Development in All Lines Will Follow.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)  
While very optimistic regarding the future of Canada Mr. Gordon F. Perry, general manager of the National Iron Corporation, expects a lull in business for the next few months. It could not be expected, he declared in an interview with the Mail and Empire, that the manufacturers of the country could change over from the tremendous activity of the war days to peace conditions without a temporary lull in operations. There would be a period of waiting for settled conditions in the metal markets, and when this was reached a general development in all lines of business would follow.  
With regard to his own business Mr. Perry stated that the firm was practically marking time. The high price of metal prohibited the manufacture of goods for sale on a peace-time market, and until there was a decided reduction in the price of metal the output would be comparatively small. Besides it was very improbable that intending purchasers of metal products would decide on any large contracts at present. They would be content to wait until there was a decided drop in the price of raw material.  
"The manufacturers are guided by the price of ore," said Mr. Perry. Besides it was very improbable that intending purchasers of metal products would decide on any large contracts at present. They would be content to wait until there was a decided drop in the price of raw material.  
"The manufacturers are guided by the price of ore," said Mr. Perry. Besides it was very improbable that intending purchasers of metal products would decide on any large contracts at present. They would be content to wait until there was a decided drop in the price of raw material.

# TO CONTROL CANAL

Washington, Feb. 25.—A favorable report was ordered today by the United States Commerce Commission on the bill introduced yesterday by Senator Fletcher of Florida, authorizing government acquisition and operation of the Cape Cod Canal at a cost not to exceed \$10,000,000.  
The bill would require a period of immigration to open up the great wastes and to develop its vast resources. "The larger markets will be more numerous and greater sources of employment."

# FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT BUY VICTORY BONDS

McDOUGALL & COWANS  
Members Montreal Stock Exchange  
58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B.  
Branch Offices: Ottawa, Winnipeg, Halifax, St. John, Quebec. HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.  
Orders executed on all Exchanges.

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will collect rents, pay taxes, make repairs, insure and fully administer properties, relieving its clients of all concern in regard to them.  
This company is under the same direction and management as the CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORATION Established 1855.  
whose Total Assets exceed Thirty-one Million Dollars.  
Advisory Board for the Province of New Brunswick: W. Malcolm MacKay, Rothesay. Hon. W. E. Foster, St. John.  
Branch Office, corner Prince William Street and Market Square, St. John, N. B.  
H. N. M. STANBURY, Manager.

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# FIRE INSURANCE

The Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Co. ESTABLISHED 1849.  
General Assets, \$10,945,902.28. Cash Capital, \$2,500,000.00.  
Net Surplus, \$7,251,372.83.  
Knowlton & Gilchrist, Agents.  
Pugsley Building, Cor. Princess and Canterbury Sts., St. John, N. B. Applications for Agents Invited.

# CUNARD ANCHOR-DONALDSON

Regular Passenger Service to all British Ports  
CUNARD LINE  
TO LONDON  
From New York—Pannonia March  
New York—TO LIVERPOOL  
From—Boston Princess Juliana Feb. 25  
Boston Royal George Feb. 27  
New York Aquitania Mar. 6  
New York Caronia Mar. 13  
New York Orduna Mar. 15  
New York Raxonia Mar. 18

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The Regular MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE between Canada and the West Indies  
R.M.S.P.  
Is the most attractive Tourist Route available to Canadian Travellers today.  
Literature sent on request  
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO. HALIFAX, N. S.

# The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited.

On and after June 1st, 1919, a steamer of this company leaves St. John every Saturday, 7.30 a.m., for Black Harbor, calling at Dipper Harbor and Beaver Harbor.  
Leaves Black Harbor Monday, two hours of high water, for St. Andrew, calling at Lord's Cove, Richardson, L'Etete or Back Bay.  
Leaves St. Andrew Monday evening or Tuesday morning, according to the tide, for St. George, Back Bay and Black Harbor.  
Leaves Black Harbor Wednesday on the tide for Dipper Harbor, calling at Beaver Harbor.  
Leaves Dipper Harbor for St. John 8 a.m. Thursday.  
Agent—Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co., Ltd., Phone 2881. Manager Lewis Connor.  
This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

# GRAND MANAN S.S. CO. CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing October 1st and until further notice, steamer will sail as follows:  
Leave Grand Manan Mondays, 7.30 a.m., for St. John via Eastport, Campbellville and Wilson's Beach.  
Returning, leave Turnhall's Wharf, St. John, Wednesdays, 7.30 a.m., for Grand Manan via Wilson's Beach, Campbellville and Eastport.  
Leave Grand Manan Thursdays at 7.30 a.m., for St. Stephen, via Campbellville, Eastport, Cumming's Cove and St. Andrew.  
Returning leave St. Stephen Fridays at 7.00 a.m. (tide and ice permitting), for Grand Manan via St. Andrew, Cumming's Cove, Eastport and Campbellville and Eastport.  
Leave Grand Manan Saturdays at 7.30 a.m., for St. Andrew, via Campbellville, Eastport and Cumming's Cove, returning same day at 1.00 p.m. for Grand Manan in same ports.  
SCOTT D. GUPPILL, Manager.

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Agents at St. John.

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All Sizes American Anthracite  
George Creek Blacksmith  
Springhill Reserve  
PRICES LOW.  
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McGIVERN COAL CO.  
8 MILL STREET,  
TEL. 42

# MORE N. B. HEROES HERE THIS MORNING

Returned Men Arrived  
Halifax Yesterday on Express of Britain—St. John Soldiers Will Reach This Morning at Six O'clock

The following were received by Charles Robinson, Secretary N. B. Returned Soldiers' Commission, yesterday:  
"H. M. T. Empress of Britain arrived at Halifax today, with the following men, who will proceed to New Brunswick by special train":  
Lieut. C. P. Innes, St. John.  
Sergt. L. Creighton, 37 Queen St. E. John.  
Sergt. G. L. Donest, Elm Tree Gloucester Co.  
Sergt. D. H. Ferguson, Six Roads Gloucester Co.  
Sergt. G. Gagne, Polletrie Mills.  
Sergt. N. W. Hughson, Stanley York Co.  
Sergt. O. J. Jones, River Glade Gloucester Co.  
Sergt. H. G. McIntyre, Havelock Street, St. John West.  
Sergt. A. E. Porter, 183 Carter St. Manchester, N. H.  
Sergt. D. E. Whistling, Loggville.  
Sergt. J. H. O'Brien, Wawoit, Chatelet Co.  
Gnr. H. J. Anderson, Port Elgin.  
Pte. E. Boucher, 27 Louis Street, Moncton.  
Pte. Brown  
Pte. A. D. Clarke, Narrows, Queen Co.  
Pte. W. Conway, 85 St. Patrick St. St. John.  
Pte. W. R. Donaldson, 47 Broad St. St. John.  
Pte. H. Douthright, Petticoat.  
Spr. J. L. Fenderson, Jockey River.  
Spr. F. G. Fowle, Upper Water St. Chatham.  
Spr. C. Frank, 135 Erin Street, St. John.  
Cpl. O. French, Bathurst.  
Pte. A. Frimette, Roberville, Bathurst.  
Pte. L. V. Frimette, Petticoat, Gloucester Co.  
Pte. J. Gagne, Polletrie Mills.  
Pte. A. Gallant, Grangue.  
Pte. A. L. Gallant, Richibouctou.  
G. M. Gates, 155 Brusse Street, St. John.  
Pte. J. Gaudette, St. Paul's.  
Pte. C. Gaudroger, St. John's, N. F.  
Pte. A. Gaudron, 186 Victoria St. Moncton.  
Snr. G. L. Gehken, 241 24th Ave. Minneapolis, U.S.A.  
Pte. A. Godwin, St. Leonard Park, Mad. Co.  
Pte. Gougen, T. P., 2 St. Short St. St. John.  
Pte. A. Gould, Cape Bald.  
Pte. H. A. Gould, Cape Bald.  
Pte. G. Gould, Little Aldovan, Kent Co.  
Pte. J. J. Grant, 237 Church St. Moncton.  
Pte. M. Grant, Pelrecom, Carleton Co.  
Pte. A. L. Gray, 195 High Street, Moncton.  
Spr. G. Gray, Pond Street, St. John.  
Spr. C. Gray, Belle Dune River, Gloucester Co.  
Cpl. A. Hachey, 19 Brunswick St. Moncton.  
Pte. F. Haley, Point St. Charles, Montreal.  
Pte. E. W. Hammond, Cranston Ave. St. John.  
Pte. H. A. Hannington, Shelias.  
Pte. W. Hanson, Rowena, Victoria Co.

# CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at tongue! Then give fruit laxative for stomach, liver, bowels.

# "California Syrup of Figs" can't harm children and they love it.



Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign the little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.  
When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stom-ach-ache, diarrhoea remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.  
Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ill: give a teaspoonful and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.  
Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."



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Regular Passenger Service to all British Ports

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The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited.

On and after June 1st, 1919, a steamer of this company leaves St. John every Saturday...

Leaves Black's Harbor Monday, two hours of high water...

Leaves St. Andrews Monday evening or Tuesday morning...

Leaves Black's Harbor Wednesday on the tide for Dipper Harbor...

Leaves Dipper Harbor for St. John 8 a. m. Thursday.

Agents—Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co., Ltd.

SCOTT D. GUPPILL, Manager.

GRAND MANAN S.S. CO.

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Leave Grand Manan Mondays, 7:30 a. m. for St. John via Eastport...

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Leave Grand Manan Saturdays at 7:30 a. m. for St. Andrews...

Agents at St. John.

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COAL

IN STOCK All Sizes American Anthracite

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LANDING SYDNEY SOFT COAL

McGIVERN COAL CO. 8 MILL STREET, TEL. 42

MORE N. B. HEROES HERE THIS MORNING

Returned Men Arrived at Halifax Yesterday on Empress of Britain—St. John Soldiers Will Reach City This Morning at Six O'clock

The following wire was received by Charles Robinson, Secretary N. B. Returned Soldiers' Commission, yesterday:

"H. M. T. Empress of Britain arrived at Halifax today with the following men, who will proceed to New Brunswick by special train"

- List of names and addresses of returned soldiers, including Lieut. C. P. Inches, Sgt. L. Creighton, etc.

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STORKERSEN ARCTIC EXPEDITION SAFE ON NOR. COAST OF ALASKA

The Explorations of the Party Have Resulted in Acquiring Much Scientific Data for Canada's Naval Archives.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—The Department of the Naval Service has received today from Port Tiden, Alaska, a despatch from Storkersen, announcing the safe arrival of his ice exploration party on November 7 last, on the north coast of Alaska.

The work carried out by Storkersen was planned by Mr. Stefansson, who intended to command the party personally, but was prevented from doing so by typhoid, which overtook him about three weeks before the expected start.

Storkersen's party, when they left the north coast of Alaska at Cross Island, consisted of nine whites and four Eskimos with eight sledges. They started March 15, 1918. After about two weeks of travel northward across the ice, Storkersen's party reached the sledges and four of the men. Two hundred miles from Alaska he sent back three more sledges and all but four of his companions. Their plan then was to camp on the ice and drift with it. They carried practically no provisions, expecting to live on seals and Polar bears. It had been the general belief of geographers and Polar authorities that there was a current running westward, and that Storkersen's party would be carried west, parallel to the coast of Siberia. His drift had been toward Storkersen would undoubtedly have remained on the ice all winter, but it appears from his despatch today that no such westward drift was found but the ice cake on which they were camped was carried around in what may be considered a large eddy. They commenced their drift at about 73 north latitude and 146 east longitude. The most northerly point reached by them, Storkersen reports to have been 74 north latitude and 152 west longitude, while the most easterly point reached was 144 1/2 west longitude. In addition to valuable deep sea soundings which were taken, although no report of them has been received, this exploration has shown the inaccuracy of the theory previously held as to currents in this part of the Polar sea, and has given additional demonstration of the safety and suitability for Polar exploration of them. Substantiating the country, Storkersen reports that, after seven months without other provisions than those secured by his rifle, his party landed all safe.

The other four members of the party were Gustav Masik, Lorne Knight, Marti Killian and G. G. Gumar.

- List of names and addresses of expedition members, including P. W. Hargrove, J. Herbert, etc.

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DOMINION SPRINGHILL BITUMINOUS STEAM COALS

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LIMITED, Agents at St. John.

COAL

IN STOCK All Sizes American Anthracite

R. P. & W. F. Starr, Limited, Agents at St. John.

LANDING SYDNEY SOFT COAL

McGIVERN COAL CO. 8 MILL STREET, TEL. 42

CHINESE DELEGATES TO REVEAL ALL

Instructed by the Foreign Office to Make Known to Peace Conference All the Secret Agreements.

Peking, Feb. 25.—The foreign office yesterday despatched a cable message to the Chinese delegation at the peace conference in Paris enumerating the China-Japanese agreements of which copies have been telegraphed to the delegation from Peking. These, in addition to the agreements relating to Japan's twenty-one demands and the China-Japanese military convention, copies of which the delegation took with it when it left for Paris, comprise all the secret agreements between China and Japan, the message sets forth.

The foreign office cablegram, as given out here reads:

"With regard to the China-Japanese agreements you took away with you, copies made by the foreign office of all those relating to the twenty-one demands and the China-Japanese military convention. The foreign office has already telegraphed the text, first, of the Kiro forest and mines agreement, secondly, the draft of the agreements for the Manchurian and Mongolian railway loans; thirdly, the draft of the agreements for the Kiam-Schowfu and Tselan-Shunshu railway loans; fourthly, the notes exchanged regarding the co-operative working of the Kiaochow-Tselan railway.

"Besides these there are no other secret agreements, nor are there secret treaties of any kind.

"Please disclose all these documents to the peace conference as circumstances permit, and act according to your discretion."

HER FIVE CHILDREN

Had Whooping Cough At The Same Time.

Whooping cough is one of the most dangerous diseases of children, especially to those under five years of age. It first starts with a fever and cough, sneezing, watering of the eyes and an irritation of the throat. Later the coughing increases, the child becomes livid in the face, the eyes appear as if they would burst from their sockets and suffocation seems imminent.

On the first sign of whooping cough we would advise the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. This famous remedy will clear the bronchial tubes of the collected mucus and phlegm, and in this way ease the racking cough, and in a short time make it disappear entirely.

Mrs. Walter McLaughery, North Battleford, Sask., writes:—"I have five children, the eldest thirteen and the baby two years old. They all had the whooping cough at the same time. I tried two or three cough remedies, but none gave the same satisfaction as Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A home where there are young children should never be without it. I will highly recommend it to those who want a quick cure."

There are many imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, so be sure you get the genuine by insisting that the package is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25c and 50c, and manufactured by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A New Hero.

A group of housewives were having tea together at a restaurant and talking over the events of the day. The question under discussion was as to who had done most to win the war. Some said Hais, others Beatty, others Fock.

At last one woman chimed in. "I don't know who's done most to win the war, she said, but I know who's been most talked about."

"Who's that?" came a chorus. "Why, this 'ere Alce Lorraine that the French and Germans came to blows over!"

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Improve Your Looks

by purifying the blood. Sallow skin, liver spots, pimples and blotches are usually due to impure or impoverished blood.

Clear the skin, put roses in pale cheeks, brighten the eyes, build up the whole system by taking

Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS

It's a wonderful tonic for women, especially for those who are suffering from nervousness and gives the happiest results when used regularly and according to directions.

At most stores. 25c a bottle. Family size 50c. Sold by all druggists.

The Bradley Drug Company, Limited, St. John, N. B.

FAMINE STRUTS IN WARSAW

Hunger Condition Becoming Daily More Unbearable—Clothing Badly Needed.

Warsaw, Feb. 24.—(By The Associated Press)—Forty pounds of wheat flour is being sold at Moscow for 800 rubles, and a pound of meat is fifty rubles a pound, with both commodities virtually unobtainable. Starving horses, which fall to the streets, are stripped of their flesh before they are cold. Money is of little value, and pearls, diamonds, jewels, fine bronze clocks and paintings bring little when traded. Thefts in those lines are therefore frequent. In order to get food, refugees from Moscow, were recently held up at Smolensk, it is said, and their clothing was stolen, but the soldiers disdained to take a beautiful pearl necklace, so that its owners were able to sell the necklace here.

WEDDINGS

Palmer-Helliar.

A very interesting and pretty wedding was solemnized Saturday morning at eleven o'clock, January 18th, at St. James Gardens, Wesley's Church, Worthing, by the Rev. Canon, when Elizabeth Emma Grace, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Helliar, became the bride of William Almour Palmer, 194th Canadian Battalion, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus P. Palmer of New Brunswick.

The ceremony which was performed in the presence of a number of guests was conducted by Rev. Alfred Bingham of Worthing. The bride entered the church on the arm of her father, looking most charming in a beautiful gown of white crepe de chine trimmed with hand embroidery and silver tulle. She carried a bouquet of white lilies, carnations and chrysanthemums. She also wore a bridal veil, Juliet style. The bridesmaids, Miss Evelyn and Miss Cecilia, sisters of the bride were becoming gowns of pink crepe de chine. The groom was served by Mr. James Potts. After the ceremony a dainty breakfast was given by the bride and groom to the wedding party. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. B. Norgett, Miss G. Francis, Miss L. Francis, Miss D. Porter, Miss F. Norgett, Miss F. Scales, Mr. H. Johnston, Mr. W. Francis, Sr., and Mr. W. Francis, Jr. The bride travelled in a blue velvet costume with light fawn Valenciennes lace set of a Chinese silk fur. The happy couple will take up their residence in New Brunswick where the groom is employed in the civil service.

SMOKE

Master Mason

ITS GOOD TOBACCO

Take a plug of fragrant Master Mason, cut a pipe-ful of it, fill your pipe and light and enjoy the best, coolest, sweetest smoke of your life.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO. HALIFAX, N. S.

OBITUARY

James W. Gregory.

Friends of James W. Gregory will learn with regret of his death which occurred on Sunday last at Everett, Mass. Deceased was a former resident of this city and leaves to mourn two daughters, Mrs. George Smith and Mrs. J. H. Turner, also one son, Arnold, all of Everett, Mass. He is also survived by two brothers, Frederick of this city, and Cyrus of Winnipeg, Man. Mrs. Gregory is the widow of the late James W. Gregory, St. John, and the funeral will take place from Trinity church at 2:30 o'clock, Thursday afternoon.

George Manuel.

Woodstock, N. B., Feb. 25.—George A. Manuel, aged forty-five years, died this afternoon after a brief illness with pneumonia. He was the son of the late Alex. Manuel of Woodstock. He lived in Houlton for most of his life, following the business of carriage painting. Recently he was inspector of the board of health, and at his death was connected with an insurance company. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. and Knights of Pythias. He is survived by the widow and one daughter, Miss Pearl.

Mrs. Bridget Ritchie.

The death of Mrs. Bridget Ritchie, widow of James Ritchie, of Amherst, N. S., took place last evening at the Mater Misericordiae Home, at the advanced age of 78 years. She is survived by one brother, Dennis McGrath, of this city. The funeral will take place today at 2:30 from the Home.

Lossing Power.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—Dominion Alliance is being accused of indifference to its duty because it did not exert itself in North Ontario to save from defeat the candidate of the government which introduced and passed the strongest prohibition law Ontario ever had. Perhaps the alliance is not much to be blamed, however, it never had any perceptible political strength in some places of late, also, it has been losing its moral strength.



It takes a joint of beef to make a bottle of Bovril

Bovril contains the goodness of the beef.

THE vital elements that give beef its special place and value as a food are concentrated and stored in Bovril.

Just as the equivalent light of 32 candles is concentrated in one electric lamp, so the vital elements of beef—of many pounds of beef—are concentrated in a single bottle of Bovril.

But Bovril is not merely a precious food in itself; it possesses the peculiar power of enabling you to extract more nourishment from other foods. This gives Bovril its wonderful body-building power, proved by independent experiment to be from 10 to 20 times the amount taken. Bovril, therefore, in the true sense of the word, is a Great Food Saver.

Always keep Bovril in the house.

Bovril stands alone

Canada Food Board, Licence No. 13-442

SMOKE

Master Mason

ITS GOOD TOBACCO

Take a plug of fragrant Master Mason, cut a pipe-ful of it, fill your pipe and light and enjoy the best, coolest, sweetest smoke of your life.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO. HALIFAX, N. S.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

GENUINE bears signature

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

MARITIME DENTAL PARLORS

Enjoy life while it lasts. If you must wear a plate, do not be content with one that is a continual source of annoyance to you, but come to us and your mouth will experience all the comforts of child hood and your face will have the charm of youth.

PEERLESS VULCO DENTURE

FULL SET \$8.00

PAINLESS EXTRACTION ONLY 25 CENTS

Guaranteed Crown and Bridge Work \$4.00 and \$5.00. BROKEN PLATES REPAIRED IN 3 HOURS

Fillings of all kinds. Free consultation. Trained Nurse in attendance.

DR. A. J. MCKNIGHT, Proprietor, 58 Charlotte Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

PHONE N. 2789-21. Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.



LOYALIST CHAPTER I. O. D. E. SCORE ANOTHER SUCCESS

Revue of 1919 Held at Imperial Theatre Last Evening Delights Large Audience—Excellent Program Given.

Pretty girls, flowers, songs, dances, music, stunts and pictures; all these are mingled in a gay and lively melody in the minds of those who witnessed the Revue of 1919 given under the auspices of the Loyalist Chapter, I. O. D. E. at the Imperial Theatre last evening.

Much talent was displayed in every number, the Country Potygraph Album provoking roars of laughter. The beauty of the Greek statues was admired, and the clever and graceful dancing was enjoyed.

The stage settings and handsome original costumes are alike deserving of praise. Mrs. Hugh MacKay is regent of the Loyalist Chapter, which is to be congratulated on the Revue of 1919.

The program, written by Theodore Roberts was well delivered by Miss Kathleen Coster, who appeared from the centre of a reproduction of the I. O. D. E. badge.

- 1. Prologue, Miss Kathleen Coster. 2. An Old Fashioned Bouquet. "The Flower That Never Dies," sung by Miss Valde Fenton, assisted by Spring—The Misses Jean White, Louise Holly, Constance Campbell, Summer—Misses Phyllis Kenney, Lesley Grant, Margaret Paterson, Autumn—Misses Audrey McLeod, Barbara Jack, Althea Hazen. Winter—Misses Lou Robinson, Mary White, Emily Sturdee, Frances McInerney, Eileen Morrison, Helen Oudlip, Annie Armstrong, Agnes Anderson, Ethel Powell, Angela Mason, Elaine Nesbitt, Dorothy Blair, Hortense Mahor, Olive Gregory, Marjorie Robertson, Marion Sorrell. 3. Dance—Fox Trot, Miss Kathleen Sturdee and Lieut. Leslie Martin. 4. Greek Statuary—A. Ariadne, imper-

The Greatest of Indoor Sports

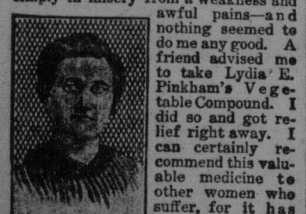
Eating Old Man Dyspepsia to a Finish With Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Tackle a Good Fine Lunch and Get Away With It.



Our stomachs lead us three or more times a day to the business of eating. And it is the greatest of indoor sports, a year-round affair throughout life. To keep the stomach fit, to keep it traced and in training at all times, the very simple expedient of a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet after meals will prove a constant source of both protection and preparedness.

IN MISERY FOR YEARS

Mrs. Courtney Tells How She Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Oskaloosa, Iowa.—"For years I was simply in misery from a weakness and awful pains—and nothing seemed to do me any good. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and got relief right away. I can certainly recommend this valuable medicine to other women who suffer, for it has done such good work for me and I know it will help others if they will give it a fair trial."

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM NOW

Says We Must Keep Feet Dry, Avoid Exposure and Eat Less Meat.

Stay off the damp ground, avoid exposure, keep feet dry, eat less meat, drink lots of water and above all take a spoonful of saita occasionally to keep down uric acid.

Rheumatism is caused by poisonous toxin, called uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine.

The pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.

- sonated by Miss Vivian Fowler; II. Polymia, impersonated by Dorothy Hickson; III. Hecate, impersonated by Beatrice Fleet, Julia Crawford, Helen Pendleton; IV. Enterope, impersonated by Vera Smith; V. Apollo, impersonated by Madeleine Pines; VI. Niobe and Child, impersonated by Miss Rita Brennan, Miss Nan Powers. (Arranged and staged by Miss Amelia Green.) Soloist, Lieut. Allison Taylor. Holidays—January, Miss E. Nesbitt; February, Miss A. Turner; March, Miss F. McInerney; April, Miss E. Powell; May, Miss T. Holly; July, Miss I. McLean; October, Miss M. Lee; November, Miss C. Campbell; December, Miss C. Campbell. 7. A Scene from Midsight Prologue, Soloists—Misses Agnes Anderson, Rhona Lloyd. Solo Dancers—Misses A. Anderson, Rhona Lloyd, Constance Campbell, Lieut. Allison Taylor. Hawaiian Dancers—Misses Elizabeth Kenney, E. Sturdee, K. Sturdee. Hawaiian Orchestra—Lieut. P. Sheard, Prof. G. Davidson, Messrs. P. Starr and G. Belyea. Jazz Band—Director, Signor Gilsenan; Messrs. Coniston, Heenan, Lamb, Knowles, Nokes, O'Connor, White, Gandy, Edwards, Master M. Ford. Chorus—Mrs. Carr, Mrs. Reynolds, the Misses McLean, Blanch, Mullin, Magee, Melnerney, Sorrell, Locket, Johnson, Ryan, Alward Shaw, Paterson, Cuthill, Grant, McLeod, White, Cowell, Robertson, Southouse, Bauer, Messers, Emery, Shaw, Ball, Vincent, Gregory, Ryan, Salmon, Young, Gandy, Belyea, Stevenson, McLeod, Vaughan, Thomson, White, Walker, Sadler, Vroom, Gifford. (Arranged by Mrs. N. R. Des Brisay and Miss M. Ford.) Pages—Miss Katherine Mullin, Master David Pidgeon.

- Part II. 1. Country Potygraph Album—Shown by Rebecca Sparks Peters to the new Parson, Rev. Pittinger, Produced by Mrs. Gordon Sancton, assisted by Miss Frances Kerr. Cast—Rebecca Sparks Peters, Marie Furlong Coleman, Rev. Pittinger, Mr. Geo. Price. 1. Ma "when she was little," Miss Katherine Mullin, Rev. Pittinger. 2. Cousin Flora, Mrs. Wm. Lockhart. 3. Elmer Boody and his wife, Miss Lou Robinson, Mr. Gordon Peters. 4. Cousin Willie Pebbles, Mr. Robert Anderson. 5. Imogen Penelope Lounsbury, Mrs. Gordon McDonald. 6. Mr. and Mrs. Puella Parmum, Miss Kathleen Coster, Capt. B. M. Hay. 7. Emma Beale, Mrs. David Pidgeon. 8. Ed and Charlie Peters, Mr. Heber Vroom, Mr. Fred Keator. 9. Aunt Sophrony Ann-Gowdy, Mrs. J. F. Fraser. 10. Peter and his wife, Miss Eliza, both Furlong, Mr. W. H. Golding. Song, Spring's Awakening, Miss Louise Knight. 11. The Temple of Dusk—The Image, Mr. G. Ormond Perley. This is the story:—In the distant past a temple maiden sacred to the Gods Loved, and for this offence forever doomed. She sits an image in the sacred court.

BRINGING UP FATHER.



GERMANY OFFERS PORTS FOR RETURN OF AMERICAN TROOPS

Lloyd Line Indorsed by Government in Proposal That United States Forces be Embarked on Big Fleet at Bremen and Hamburg for Return to America.

Berlin, Feb. 23. (By the Associated Press)—A proposal to transport several hundred thousand men of the American Expeditionary Forces to the United States by way of Germany, placing them on board ships at Bremen and Hamburg, has been submitted to the American authorities.

The proposal, which was submitted by the directors of the North German Lloyd line with the approval of the German government, provided that a fleet of big liners with a normal carrying capacity of 50,000 passengers should be assigned to this service, and the troops transported from their present stations over the direct trunk lines to Bremen and Hamburg. Over these lines, according to General Groener, now in charge of the German railways, a speedy movement would be practical.

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UPSET STOMACH

Pape's Diapepsin at once ends sourness, gas, acidity, indigestion.

Undigested food! Lumps of pain; belching gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—No waiting!



The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion, dyspepsia, sourness, the sourness, gases and stomach acidity end.

THE PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court in the matter of the estate of John Runciman, William Runciman has been appointed administrator de bonis non, in place of the former administrator, the late William Runciman, Sr., J. B. M. Baxter is proctor.

Hair Often Ruined By Careless Washing

If you want to keep your hair looking in its best, be careful what you wash it with. Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else, that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it. The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mildified coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than anything else you can use.

CHINESE MERCENARIES ARE EMPLOYED BY BOLSHEVISTS

(The information furnished in the accompanying memorandum has been obtained partly from official statements and partly from sources believed to be reliable.)

In a leading article published on 16th January, 1919, the London Morning Post said:—It appears that during the war the Russian Government was forced by necessity to import great masses of Chinese coolies into Russia for work behind the lines.

It is reported that the Moscow Red Guard numbers about 40,000 of whom about half are Letts. The pay of the latter is 3,000 roubles per month in addition to an issue of 1 R. of bread per day.

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UPSET STOMACH

OPERA HOUSE VAUDEVILLE

TODAY Matinee at 2.30 Evening 7.30 and 9.30

ALMA GRAY AND CO. Dainty English Singer of Exclusive Songs

JOHN P. REED Odds and Ends in Blackface Comedy

RONAIR and WARD Comedy Skit with Songs and Dances

NIP and TUCK Acrobats Extraordinary

THE IRON TEST

IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

One Matinee, 2 to 3.30; Eve'g, Two Shows, 7 and 9

"FOR HUSBANDS ONLY"

FEATURING MILDRED HARRIS A Perfectly Innocent Photoplay Though Teaching a Great Lesson

THIS PICTURE HAS FOR SOME REASON OR OTHER STIRRED UP A LOT OF CONTROVERSY. Like many another picture viewed by the N. B. Board of Censors it was finally condemned.

The Most Exacting Lady Will Like It

WHAT THE TITLE REALLY MEANS: The title of this Loie Weber production is rather startling but is also misleading.

Burton Holmes Travelogue—"In Montreal" Lyons-Moran Comedy

A SHOW FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Why Be Fat? The answer of most fat people is that constant dieting is hard, continual exercise is tiresome, exhaustive—then, too, it might be harmful to force the weight down!

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN THIS ONE? UNIQUE (MON. TUE. WED.) PROGRAM

CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "THE PILE DRIVER" "REEL" FUNNY, YOU'LL ENJOY THIS ONE

COMING—Next Monday—"Babbling Tongues."

Matinees 3.00 Evenings 7.15-9.00

Always a Good Show for Ladies & Gentlemen

FRIDAY—AMATEUR NIGHT

A Reliable

AUTOMOBILES WILLARD STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE STATION

BAKERS ST. JOHN BAKERY

BINDERS AND PRINTERS Modern Artistic Work by Skilled Operators

CONTRACTORS KANE & RING

ISAAC MERCER Carpenter and Jobber

W. A. MUNRO Carpenter-Contractor

EDWARD BATES Carpenter, Contractor, Appraiser, Etc.

CANDY MANUFACTURER "G. B." CHOCOLATES

COAL AND WOOD COLWELL FUEL CO., LTD.

H. A. DOHERTY Successor to F. C. MESSENGER

ELEVATORS We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.

ELECTRICAL GOODS ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

ENGRAVERS F.C. WESLEY CO.

FARM MACHINERY OLIVER FLOWS

FIRE INSURANCE WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.

FOR "Insurance That Insures"

Frank R. Fairweather & Co., 12 Canterbury Street. Phone M. 653.







AROUND THE CITY  
GALES WITH RAIN

THE COUNTY COURT.  
The County Court which was convened yesterday morning in the turnkey's office in the jail, was adjourned for two weeks, when it will meet in the Masonic temple.

HIGGINS INQUEST.  
The inquest into the death of Harold Higgins which will be held in the North End police station will be in all probability held in the Alexandra school building, Coroner Kenney announced last night.

JUVENILE COURT MATTERS.  
The mayor and city commissioners, W. E. Braden, A. R. Crookshank and A. M. Greig held a conference yesterday morning in the mayor's office on juvenile court matters. Mr. Braden outlined the work of the juvenile court in other cities and answered a number of questions.

WAREHOUSE COMPLETED.  
The new warehouse, erected by the city for lease to the Eastern B.S. Company, is now complete with the exception of the painting, and this will be done as soon as the weather is favorable. The new structure will enable the company to handle traffic much more expeditiously than formerly.

JEWISH WEDDING.  
A wedding of much interest took place last night when at the Hasen Avenue synagogue, Rabbi Fleischer united in the bonds of matrimony Miss R. Milber and J. Gordon. After the ceremony the wedding party and their friends adjourned to the Moose Hall, Charlotte street, where a sumptuous banquet was served. After the banquet dancing was indulged in for a few hours.

JUNIOR BUSINESS BOYS.  
An informal gathering of the Junior Business Boys at the Y. M. C. A. last night was addressed by Wilbert E. Braden, of the National Council, Toronto, who told how the places in the working world left vacant by those who had died overseas and those who are returning incapacitated for further service, must be filled by the younger generation. The dignity of constructive labor was extolled by the speaker and his talk made a marked impression upon his hearers.

BUILDING DIRECTORS MET.  
At the annual meeting of the G. W. V. A. Building Association held yesterday morning the retiring members of the board of directors were re-elected. They are: Mayor Hayes, E. A. Schofield, P. C. Boatman, G. L. Warwick and M. E. Agar. Officers will be elected at a subsequent meeting of the directors. The directors referred to the fact that there still was a large mortgage on the building and hopes were expressed that public assistance would be given in wiping this off.

LOCAL EXECUTIVE MET.  
At a meeting of the local executive of the National War Savings Committee, held last evening at the headquarters office, the ward chairman reported very satisfactory conditions in their territories. The report from the Thrift Day drive under the auspices of the Y. W. P. A. was received and the committee expressed their appreciation of the splendid work accomplished by the young ladies that day, and a vote of thanks was ordered sent to the association. H. A. Mence reported that good progress in the organization of War Savings societies. Ways and means to create further interest in the campaign were discussed and it was decided that reports made will be submitted to the provincial executive at once.

1919 REVUE MATINEE

The Loyalist Chapter takes much pleasure in announcing that they have been able to secure the Imperial Theatre for a matinee on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Those unable to procure tickets for the Tuesday evening performance will have an opportunity of seeing the 1919 Revue on Wednesday afternoon matinee. Box office open at Imperial Theatre 9 a. m. Wednesday. Lower floor, 75, balcony, 50.

PICTURE FIRST THEN THE REVUE

Imperial Theatre Will Show Mildred Harris Feature at 2 to 3.30, After Which Local Show.  
There will be special liveliness around the Imperial Theatre this afternoon. At sharp 2 o'clock the Mildred Harris feature, "For Husband's Only," (merely title of an incidental pantomime and not what it implies) will be commenced, concluding at 3.30. Then the Loyalist Chapter 1919 Revue will be given, lasting until close to 5 o'clock. Naturally therefore the King Square theatre will hum with merry-making crowds from lunch time to supper. In the evening the Imperial will resume its usual two programmes, at 7 and 8.45.

SERVICE WELL RENDERED AND WELL APPRECIATED.

For twenty-seven years this institution has worked to the one end to make Dykeman's service best service. Good service as we understand it, and work for it, means permanent satisfaction for every customer in every transaction made within this store. Our service of today—of this early spring season is nothing less than not being satisfied with the splendid achievements of past service, but to better and broader service at every opportunity. Nothing heartens endeavor as does expressed appreciation by store patrons on the receipt of courteous and helpful attention on the part of any member of the store staff.

As a store we are but human. As individuals such encouragements are the greatest stimulants to betterment. Such acknowledgments should be forwarded to the office. At the same time any shortcomings we would like to learn about—a first aid towards their correction.

AUTOMOBILE PLUNGES THROUGH ICE IN RIVER;  
J. L. McAVITY AND SGT. HARRIS HAD NARROW ESCAPE  
ROBT. L. JOHNSTON AND E. R. OSTEN DROWNED

Fatal Accident Occurred off Sandy Point in Kennebecasis Yesterday Afternoon—Car Run Into Crack in the Ice—Lt.-Col. McAvity and Chauffeur Swim from Submerged Car to Safety—Harris Saved Colonel's Life by Timely Assistance—Messrs. Johnston and Osten Trapped Under the Ice—Bodies Recovered Five Hours After Accident by Diver Edmund Howard.

The citizens of St. John were shocked and grieved yesterday when the word was passed around that R. L. Johnston, one of the best known and younger business men of the city, and E. R. Von der Osten, who recently returned from a four years' captivity in Germany, had been drowned, and that Lieut.-Col. J. L. McAvity, who raised and took to France the famous 26th Battalion, and his chauffeur, Sgt. Harris, had a narrow escape from the same fate. During the afternoon and evening the accident was the sole topic of conversation, and many and varied were the rumors going the rounds. At first it was reported that Col. McAvity was the only survivor, but this report proved to be unfounded.

The party went into the water at nine minutes after twelve, this being the hour at which Mr. Johnston's watch stopped. Col. McAvity and Sgt. Harris were fortunate enough to escape from the watery grave which threatened, and on being rescued that the other members of the party, Messrs. Johnston and Von der Osten, had been drowned, made their way to Millidgeville, a distance of about two miles, and Col. McAvity got in touch with city friends and notified them of the sad happening. Arrangements were immediately made for rushing rescue parties to the scene for the purpose of recovering the bodies of the men who had lost their lives. In this they were successful, the body of Robert L. Johnston being recovered about 5.45 and that of Mr. Von der Osten about half an hour later. The bodies were found and brought to the surface by diver Edmund Howard, of the West Side, and now lie at the undertaking parlors of M. N. Powers, Princess Street.

Last night Coroner Kenney had not decided whether an inquest would be held or not, but will make a decision today. The party, consisting of Lieut.-Col. McAvity, Robert L. Johnston, E. R. Von der Osten and the chauffeur, Sgt. Harris, left the city shortly before twelve o'clock, intending to make a spin up the Kennebecasis from Millidgeville to Rousesay. They went out the Sandy Point Road and took the ice at Sandy Point. When about 100 feet from the shore the automobile plunged through a thin spot in the ice and went down in about twenty feet of water.

When the word was received at the King Street store of T. McAvity and Sons, that the car had gone through the ice and two men were drowned, preparations were at once made to send out rescue parties. The McDermott Bros., with a lot of rigging, and Edmund Howard, with a diving outfit and three trucks, were sent out accompanying them were Ronald, Clifford and Percy McAvity, Major Gordon and William Johnston, brothers of R. L. Johnston, and Capt. Robinson. Col. McAvity and Sgt. Harris were brought to the city and the work of recovering the bodies of the two who were drowned begun.

Lt.-Col. McAvity Relates His Experience.  
Lieut.-Colonel James L. McAvity, when seen at his home last evening, was resting quite comfortably in bed, although having a high temperature at the time. He was asked concerning the accident, and gladly stated the following: "We left the city about 11.45 o'clock in my automobile, a 'Big Four Overland' with Sedan top. We were en route to Riverside, and, as far as I can say we were not going to see the ice harvesting on the Kennebecasis, although some might have mentioned it. We were on a business trip, in which Mr. Osten is interested. At Plum-sweep, near Sussex, in the salt springs there. I was in the rear seat with Mr. Osten, while Mr. Johnston and the chauffeur were in the forward seat. Naturally being in the rear seat I could not see over the hood of the machine, and it never occurred to me even to look if we were on a 'bad' or not. We were all talking business at the time, and Mr. Johnston turned around in the car to speak to me, previously requesting me to accompany him to Montreal in the immediate future. Suddenly the car went in the ice, and as it went down, I tried to unlatch the door on my side, but couldn't force it open. Soon after, when the waters had equalized its pressure, I forced open the door, and seeing an opening overhead, swam for it. I reached the surface about 'all in' and clung to the ice, and if the chauffeur had not arisen to the surface I simply would have clung to the ice until numbed with cold, and slipped back again, but fortunately my chauffeur was on the ice and aided me in getting out. Soon after a broken cane came to the surface, my military hat, and a felt hat—whom the latter had belonged to I really don't know, but believe it was Mr. Osten's. Looking at my watch, it stopped at 12.15, presumably the time we went under the ice."

Speaking about Mr. Osten, the Colonel remarked: "He had just returned to Canada some short time ago, being imprisoned in Germany, where he had gone just previous to the outbreak of the war on business. Although a German by birth, he had no use for the Germans and was quite loud in his declamations toward his countrymen." Speaking of the chauffeur, the Colonel remarked that "it was he who saved my life; coupled with the assistance of Divine Providence, and the strength given to me."

A physician called in to see the Colonel last evening and advised him to none the less disturbed, and hopes to be out doors soon.

Some remark how or in what manner, the chauffeur who was below, extricated himself as he did. Sergeant Harris is an athletic chap, well built, and no doubt kept his presence of mind, determined to fight his way to the top. He did it, and Colonel McAvity is a glad man today that he did so, for had he not Colonel McAvity would not have been living today.

Diver Howard Tells of Finding Bodies Immediately on arriving at the scene of the accident, the rescue party procured a number of saws and in order to give Diver Howard more room to work saved away a considerable block of ice. The diver then went down to make his examination. Mr. Howard in speaking to The Standard last night said when he first went down he made an examination of the car. He found it empty and brought these to the surface. He then made a second descent to try and locate the bodies of Messrs. Johnston and Von der Osten. About 5.45 he found the body of Mr. Johnston and brought it to the surface. When he found the body was about 40 feet away from the car down stream. By this time it was beginning to get dark, but Mr. Howard decided to make another attempt to find the body of Mr. Von der Osten. He went down and made quite a wide circuit around the car and just as he was about to give up his search ran into the body of the missing man. The body was standing upright in the water and Mr. Howard cut it a start when he found it. It was about 100 feet from the car and on the same side of the car as when the body of Mr. Johnston was found, evidently having been carried that far by the current. A peculiar fact was that the deceased had no coat on, having probably taken it off before he got out of the car.

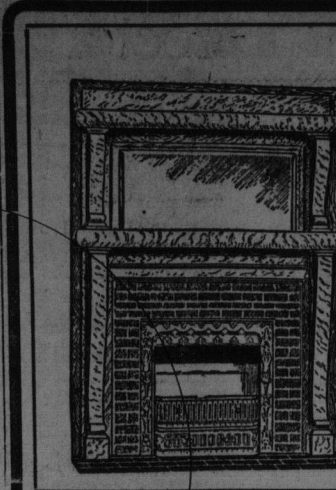
Bodies Brought to City. When the body of Mr. Johnston was brought to the surface his brothers, Gordon and William, left at once and brought it to the city, taking it to the undertaking parlors of M. N. Powers, Princess Street. Major Gordon Johnston said the car must have gone into the water a few minutes after twelve, as his brother's watch stopped at nine minutes after twelve. Late Robert L. Johnston. Robert L. Johnston, who was 48th year of his age, and one of the best known and popular of the younger business men of the city. He began his career in the city with J. M. Humphrey and Co. and was with them for some years. Later he entered into the brokerage business for himself and had been very successful. He is a son of the late John Johnston, painter, and is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Josephine Horne, and one child, two brothers, Major Gordon M. and William, and four sisters, Mrs. Thomas Wran, Campbellton, Mrs. Kenneth Brown, Montreal, and the Misses Bossa and Mary at home.

Yachtman Assists. Walter Logan, rear commodore of the R. K. Y. C. on learning of the accident, and being well acquainted with the river, at once offered his services to assist in recovering the bodies and hastened to the scene, taking some tackle along with him. Knowing the state of the tides and the location well, Mr. Logan with others proved of valuable assistance to Diver Edmund Howard in the work of recovering the bodies.

Speaking of the sad affair last evening Mr. Logan said that the accident occurred about fifty feet from the shore and had traveled a short distance from the route taken, they would have crossed the river in safety. At the place where the accident occurred there was a crack in the ice which is caused by the tide drifting the ice and fall running round the point. The water is not open, but there is only a thin coating of ice that forms over the crack. Mr. Logan believes that the car was going along at a rather rapid rate of speed, that the front wheels crossed the crack and reached the opposite side when the rear wheels broke through and the car plunged backwards into the river, for when it was located by the diver it had turned nearly round in the opposite direction from what it had been going at the time of the accident. Mr. Logan remained with the others of the rescue party until the two bodies were found and speaks in the highest praise for the work of Diver Howard. The place where the car broke through left an opening in the ice about five feet wide. To give the diver a better chance to work those present, by the use of saws, managed to cut a section of the ice and make the opening much larger.

When the diver discovered the car and reported that the bodies were within Mr. Logan said he then thought that perhaps the bodies had been carried down the river by the tide and there would be great difficulty in locating them. However, Diver Howard was untiring in his efforts, and after persistent hard work, it was a great relief to the various persons on the ice when he finally located both bodies.

NEW WET WASH. Ladies on the west side will be pleased to know that the Wet Wash is now in operation on their side of the harbor. Work called for and delivered the same day. Phone West 555.



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Oak, Mahogany, and Colonial White, so much in favor, are prominent in the ample range of finishes shown in our display of Artistic Wood Mantels. Prevailing designs, thorough workmanship, and high quality in our Wood Mantels will at once appeal to the discriminating purchaser.

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IT CUTS HOUSEWORK IN HALF  
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Buy Thrift Stamps WE SELL THEM  
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- FANCY COLORED VOILES in best English and American makes. These are in dainty stripes and floral patterns on backgrounds of Rose, Purple, Apricot, Mauve, etc. 75c to \$1.15 yard.
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- TUSSAH SILKS in plain and fancy designs, in pretty colored grounds. 1 yard wide, 72c to \$1.60 yard.
- MERCERIZED COTTON POP-LINS, particularly favored for Dresses, Sport Coats, Wash Suits, etc. Also much used for making Children's Rompers. These are in almost every color. 27 and 36 in. wide. 35c to \$1.75 yard.
- PARIS FOULARDS in striped, fancy and dotted patterns on darker colored grounds. 31 in. wide 90c yard.
- CEPPEA SERGE, splendid for Middy Blouses, Wash Skirts, Sleeping Garments, etc. 31 in. wide 80c yard.

HANDSOME WHITE MATERIALS in variety for Summer Skirts, etc. These include Gabardines, Corduroys, Bedford Cord and Plain and Fancy Poplins.  
Wash Goods Section, Ground Floor

Have you seen the bargains offered in Our Big Remodeling Sale? Our entire stocks of Men's and Boys' Clothing are greatly reduced to clear. Men's Clothing Section, 2nd Floor.

JAPAN RUGS—This is Japanese week in our Carpet Department. We are featuring Japan Rugs in many desirable sizes and qualities.  
HEAVY JAP RUGS—15x26, \$1.40; 4x7, \$9.75; 6x9, \$16.75; 8x10, \$25.00; 9x12, \$38.00.  
STRAW MATTING in plain and fancy designs. Beautiful qualities. 45c, 50c and 55c yard.  
STRAW RUGS in all sizes, designs and colors, 45c to \$9.65. It is advisable to make an early selection of these goods as quantities are limited. Carpet Section, Germain Street.

Manchester Robertson Allison Limited  
KING STREET GERMAIN STREET MARKET SQUARE

Women's Tailored Hats

As previously announced we have opened a commendable department—Women's Tailored Street and Sport Hats of Silk, Plush and Straw. Considering the manufacturers of these hats made exclusively for us in St. John by Knox of New York we say the name alone, "Knox" recommends these hats.

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OVER HALF A CENTURY  
63 King Street, St. John, N. B.