

Telegraphic News.

London, August 10.
A rumor was current last night that the steamer "Great Eastern" had succeeded in recovering the Atlantic cable of 1865.
The statement that an attempt was made to assassinate the Emperor of Montenegro, in Austria, is contradicted.
New York Aug 11.
The overdue steamer "Arcturion" has been heard from under canvas, her propeller became deranged. She required no assistance.
The dredge works of Sewall, Day & Co., Boston, was partially burned to day. Loss \$40,000.
Gold 115 3/4.

London, July 11.
The office of Master of Rolls has been offered to Sir John Duke Coleridge but refused.

Mr. Ayrton, late Commissioner of Public Works, becomes Judge Advocate General, an office vacant for three years.

The Truck System in Canada.

[From the Monetary Times.]
The last relic of the truck system, so much in vogue at one time and which ought to be wiped out is seen in the ruinous method so common of exchanging such articles as butter and wool for store goods. It requires very little discrimination to discover that the system is injurious and unprofitable.

Years ago when the countries were sparsely settled, markets distant, travelling facilities poor, and money less plentiful, this system served its turn. These conditions are now all changed, and it is now ridiculous folly to retain this barbarous custom, with markets easily and cheaply accessible, where every article of produce raised by the farmer is convertible into cash at marketable values.

The farmer has every inducement to break up this system; he is the principal sufferer. Hundreds of storekeepers who yearly suffer loss, probably fail to see how they would benefit by conducting their business in any other way. Both farmers and storekeepers would be necessarily benefited by adopting the correct principle of business—selling for cash. The annual production of two important articles of produce now being marketed largely in this way, viz: wool and butter, has risen to figures of importance. It is the farmers' interest that these articles should be sold so as to realize for him the largest possible return. Yet a large quantity in some localities is bartered away. The storekeeper is equally interested with the farmer, in abolishing a custom that is alike unprofitable to both.

The new German Arm.

The manufacture of the Mauser rifle for the German army is proceeding so rapidly that a private memorandum has recently been issued laying down the order in which it is to be issued to the six army corps about to receive it. The list begins with the guards, and proceeds successively to the third, second, tenth, eighth, and eleventh regiments. The ordinary summer course of musketry instruction at Spandau is not to be held this year, the whole force of the school being devoted to instructing the detachments about to be sent there in the use of the new weapon. Every infantry and rifle battalion in the six corps above mentioned has been directed to send one officer, two sergeants and an armorer-sergeant for this purpose. These will take the places lately filled by similar detachments which have been under training from every cavalry regiment which is to receive the new breech-loader made from the captured Chassepots converted into carbines. All dragoon, hussar and Uhlán regiments have been thus prepared and, therefore, presumably are to continue to carry fire arms. The short needle guns hitherto in use by these light cavalry are to be handed over to the men of the transport train. The number of field guns of the new pattern, finally approved, is also being completed. Under the new organization of the new artillery, they will require a supply of 2,316 guns, there being 391 batteries in all.

Business Prospects.

Alfording to the business prospects of the country, the New York "Tribune" says: "Just when it is safe to call a nation most prosperous it is difficult to tell. It seems to us, however, that the outlook for business in the United States is more favorable than it was four months ago. Speculation has subsided to a check, and a good deal of indebtedness, foreign and domestic, has been liquidated. The New York banks are stronger than they were a year ago, and there is a prospect that the pressure on them and the consequent stringency in the money market will not be so great as it was in the fall of 1872. The prices of speculative stocks have generally fallen, and the Wall street gamblers follow their gamewit with less ardor. The Alabama indemnity of \$15,500,000 is to be paid in September, when \$20,000,000 in gold will be paid out of the Treasury in redemption of bonds. At no time of the year could such a disbursement be made with more salutary effect."

CANADIAN SHIPPING.—The "Monetary Times," in concluding a series of articles on the Commerce of Canada, after referring to the number of vessels built and registered at Canadian ports, throws out the following suggestion:—"Judging from these statistics, our shipping and ship building interests may be justly said to be in a healthy condition, and we regret, in taking our leave of the subject, that we are not able to lay our hands upon a statement showing the present aggregate size and importance of our Canadian marine. We are not in possession of figures later than 1868, and an estimate prepared at that time put the

total number of vessels at 6,165, the tonnage at 859,829, and the value at \$33,679,157. We are not aware that any such return is prepared by the Government, and would suggest to the Minister of Marine, the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, that he might put a feather in his cap, by getting a correct inventory made of all the vessels, their names, descriptions, etc., belonging to the Dominion, with the total number of seamen employed. We feel assured that the correct returns would exceed the above figures, and prove our maritime resources to be highly flattering to us as a people."

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, AUG. 13, 1873.

Pacific Untruthful Charges.

It is a matter of surprise to all honest minds, that after so many refutations and contradictions, that arch liar McMillen and his satellites return to the charge, and persist in their notorious design to blacken the character of the leading men of the Dominion, and injure the credit of the country. Nothing will satisfy them until the Cabinet is hurled from power and ignominiously consigned to the dark shades of contempt. They cease not to inflame the public mind, by the most outrageous attacks upon the honor and honesty of the Government, in their villainous attempts to get hold of a great public undertaking, which their friends when in power, will award them, as a reward for place and emolument. They know full well, that unless they succeed, the Pacific Railway will be built by, and owned by the Dominion Government—a consummation devoutly wished by all lovers of our great country. It is not probable that they will succeed in their base efforts.

Parliament is to open to-day, and we prefer waiting to hear the result of these proceedings, rather than give currency to the speculations already published.

MARINE HOSPITAL.—We learn that the Dominion Board of Works have awarded the contract for building the new Marine Hospital to Mr. Angus Stinson, and that he will be assisted in the building by Mr. Nathan Treadwell. Work was commenced on Monday last.

The Assessment and Taxes.

The experience of most people will justify them in examining facts and figures, before condemning the acts of men placed by themselves in authority, as it frequently happens that unless they adopt this course, hasty and unjust conclusions are arrived at, as for instance with reference to the late assessment, and the apparent high taxes for the present year. It is almost too late to find fault with the assessors—the men of their own choice, sworn to perform their duty.

Formerly the taxes were levied with less discrimination, as the assessors usually adopted the scale established by their predecessors, by which means many escaped with a mere poll tax or a nominal income. While the taxes were at a low figure there were very few complaints, but since the amount levied by the purchase of the last Fire Engine, and the annual outlay demanded as a fire tax, the people begin to complain; this year the dissatisfaction finds vent in expressions deep and loud. The total assessment for the present year as compared to last year is not much larger.

A mistaken idea prevails that a larger sum has been assessed for School purposes in consequence of new buildings than last year; this is not the case. Only the sum voted by the public school meeting could be, or is assessed. Another reason of the increase is in the depletion of the population; some new buildings are going up and improvements made will bear a proportion the coming year. The amount assessed on the inhabitants for school purposes this year, is no larger than the past, notwithstanding the erection of the large school building, which is a credit to the Town—thanks to the forethought and indefatigable exertions of the Trustees. The discrepancy in the tax is principally owing to the manner in which it has been laid on by the Assessors, by not assessing income on real or personal property. It is probable that the taxes will not be so heavy next year. To sum up, the whole cause of the present dissatisfaction is owing to the unequal distribution of the tax by the Assessors.

THE CHOLERA.—From the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, we have received a circular to the local authorities of the Dominion, commanding them, that should cholera unfortunately visit their localities, that the responsibility of dealing with the public health, excepting quarantine, rests with themselves. Accompanying the circular is a pamphlet containing information with reference to cholera and its treatment, &c. The information imparted is of an important nature—cleanliness of person and premises, pure ventilation, moderation in diet, pure drinking water, sudden changes of temperature, &c. On feeling an attack of cholera, apply without delay to a physician—the advice tendered in this timely little pamphlet. The memorandum on cholera was adopted by a Medical Conference, held in the Office of Agriculture in 1866.

HARBOR MASTERS.—The Canada "Gazette" publishes the following appointments of Harbour Masters. Capt. Absalom Christie, St. Stephen; Capt. John Balson, St. Andrews; Mr. Jas. Dick, St. George; Mr. Benjamin Beatty, Camp Bella.

During the past week, the city of Portland, Me., was visited with two destructive fires, which destroyed three steamships, wharves, Grand Trunk warehouses, and other property. Two women, a little girl and two men, who jumped into the water

from steamers were drowned. Loss \$600,000, insurance \$250,000.

REMOVAL.—Our contemporary, the St. John "Globe" notwithstanding in opposition, manages to obtain information which even Government papers at times do not possess. The application for aid during the elections which it refers to, in one instance at least, was made, but there were no funds for such purpose at any time. People who live in glass houses should not throw stones.

On Sunday night last about half past ten o'clock, there was a magnificent star shower of shooting stars to the Westward and Southward.

MR. LANERGAN, Manager of the Theatre, St. John, who is deservedly popular with all classes, was presented by Mayor Reed, on the part of the citizens, with a valuable chronometer balance gold hunting watch, as a testimonial of their esteem and respect. The inscription on the watch is as follows:—"From his St. John Friends, at his 18th Benefit, to J. W. Lanergan, Esq., Manager St. John Dramatic Lyceum, 1873."

The Young Men's Christian Association Bazaar, was opened last week at St. John. It was, as it should be, largely patronized; the various departments were most attractive, which were presided over with much grace and modesty by the ladies and gentlemen in charge. The affair was peculiarly and otherwise a decided success.

It is said that there are 25,000 Bostonians absent from that city, enjoying the cool sea breezes and pleasant climate of the Maritime Provinces.

The Rev. David Roy, D.D., pastor of the Presbyterian Church at New Glasgow, N.S., died on the 3d inst., aged 82.

There is a large number of strangers in town from the United States and various parts of the Dominion; all appear to enjoy themselves.

Scarcity of Labor.

The country is suffering from the want of labor. Causes have been in operation for twenty years past to drain these Provinces of labor, they could ill afford to spare. There has been the Emigration Flaga to California, the Western States, and to the great labor markets of which Boston is the centre. Our young men whose imaginations were excited with stories of rapid wealth accumulated there, and crazy for change, have by thousands left the old home and the old fireside, for unknown perils and untold scenes. During these years every village and almost every house has contributed its quota to the army constantly filing Westward. The bones bleaching along Prairie trails, the graves on the Nevada and mines of California, and graveyards of the cities tell the story of high emigration early ended, and of many a heartstone desolately waiting for the wanderer who will never return.

This constant drain, year by year, has now become seriously to affect our labor resources. It is true our population has increased, and at a greater ratio than in the New England States, still the labor is no ways adequate to the wants. Within twenty years the industries of the country have become nearly revolutionized. Railways and canals have been projected and constructed; forests have been cleared and villages and towns have arisen; mines of metals and minerals have been developed; shipbuilding has taken an immense stride forward, until Canada now ranks amongst the foremost ship-building countries of the world; but more than all our great factories and industries have almost entirely within twenty years come into existence. The industries now take a wide range. Everything from book-making and paper-making for our native literature, to the manufacture of metals and woods used in the arts, in agriculture, railroading, shipbuilding and fishing. Woolen factories, Cotton factories, Foundries, Tanneries, Manufactures of Leather, Glass, Wood, Wool, and Iron have each absorbed a very large amount of the labor of the country and proportionally reduced the labor that would otherwise have been in the fields of the agriculturist.

To these two causes alone, viz: the constant flow of emigrants to the States and the absorption of labor by home industries are sufficient to account for the scarcity of labor on the farm.

We apprehend this scarcity is only temporary, for several reasons. The emigration to the States is falling off. California is now well settled and does not offer those inducements to the venturesome it did in the gold fever days. Pecuniarily, the West offers no advantage over these Maritime Provinces; and still less is it to be considered on social and moral grounds.

Are not these matters of interest when a man considers where he shall build a home for himself, his wife, his sons and his daughters. Assuredly, And less and less every year is the stream setting West. As our cities build up, and our mining, manufacturing, and commercial interests expand there will be less and less occasion for mechanic artizan or professional man to leave Canada to obtain skilled employment. The day is past and gone when Canada cannot give as good wages as any land to the most ambitious of her sons. So we believe the ruinous process—Emigration has passed its worst. The turning of the tide might be hailed with joy by every lover of his country, for probably no cause has operated more disastrously to its interests than this yearly skimming of its best blood and muscle. [Post.]

We are happy to state that Mr. Henry O'Neill, Sen., is so far recovered from his severe illness, as to be able to be driven out.

The Rev. F. O'Neill was on a brief visit to his relatives last week, and preached to a large congregation in the Roman Catholic Church on Sabbath last.

PIC-NICS.—The Scotch Church Sabbath School Pic Nic was held yesterday at Mowat's Grove, and the Wesleyan on Navy Island opposite the town. Both pic nics were well attended and passed off agreeably to all present.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE FOR SEPTEMBER.—This Magazine, a universal favorite with all classes of society, rich and poor, is issued for September, and a rare number it is, brim full of genuine matter such as interests all readers. It has a nice whaler's story, telling of adventure in the arctic regions (which was crowded out of the August number), and a well written sketch about newspaper reporters, contributed by one of that useful profession, the celebrated M. Quid of the Detroit Free Press, a most promising young writer, who served through the war as a soldier, has passed many months in the Indian country as a trapper and hunter, and now acts as editor. In addition to all this is a well-prepared paper on Brazil, several beautiful stories, an extra good supply of poetry, and among the latter is a poem by Miss Mosely, of Virginia, a near relation of the celebrated Colonel Mosely of guerilla fame, and the usual illustrations and comic cuts. All the back numbers from January supplied by the publishers, THOMES & TALBOT, 36 Bromfield Street, Boston, and for sale at all periodical stores in the country.

SUMMARY.

—A black snake was killed at Spring Hill on Tuesday morning, measuring 3 feet 8 inches in length.

—Rev. Mr. Bigstock has accepted the appointment to the rectory of Trinity Church, St. John.

—Wolves in immense numbers have appeared the first time in many years among the settlements near the Straits of Belle Isle, and have entirely broken up one settlement. On the night of July 1st they attacked a party killing and devouring three men and one woman.

—The master of a Halifax vessel, recently arrived at Boston from San Domingo, informed the editors of the "Herald" that the consular agent at the latter place attempted to bribe him to cast away the vessel on her voyage home.

—The first Presbyterian Church ever erected in Digby County, N.S., was opened on Sunday last.

—The Wisconsin farmers are up and doing. Anti monopoly conventions, and reform movements are heard from every day. They all have in view the same objects. They mean death to corrupt political organizations and venal party leaders; economic reform in the administration of government affairs; no more class legislation to make the rich richer and the poor poorer; and no more building up of monopoly and protection of wealth at the cost of industry and labor.

—Mr. L. A. Torrens of Bangor, the well known musician and director, has it reported, instituted a suit against Mr. Barry, a vocalist of Boston, for \$10,000 damages, on account of certain testimony in relation to Mrs. Barry and Mr. Torrens, brought out in the late Barry divorce case.

AN INTERESTING CASE.—A hearing was held this week before Judge Stradman at Fredericton, on application made by H. C. McMonagle, Esq., on behalf of Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co., J. & W. F. Harrison and others, to compel Messrs. J. & S. Glasier to make an assignment under the Insolvent Act of 1869 for the benefit of their creditors. Several of the creditors were opposed to the attempt, and A. L. Palmer, Esq., appeared on behalf of the Glasiers. The statement of affairs submitted showed that the Glasiers had ample resources, and that to compel them to assign now would be prejudicial to the general interests of the creditors, whilst the contentiousness of Mr. Palmer on the legal points involved were so strong and able that the Judge dismissed the application, throwing the costs on the applicants.

This matter has caused some interest, for the J. Glasier of the firm is the Hon. John Glasier, a member of the Dominion Senate; and to compel the firm to go into bankruptcy would have involved Glasier's resignation of his seat in the Senate. An impression has gone abroad, and is generally believed to be well founded—though we do not know or what grounds—that this was the real object of the effort to declare the Glasiers bankrupt, first to secure the seat for another party in St. John County, and next to punish Glasier for his opposition to the Dominion Government. To day it is stated in the streets that the Glasiers have retained and instructed Mr. Palmer to at once proceed against the Messrs. Burpee and Harrison for defamation of character. [Globe.]

THE RAILWAY MAGNATES.—The party of gentlemen connected with Railroads of the adjoining Republic, who are visiting this Province with a view to ascertain how far it may be advantageous to consolidate the running of Railways from St. John to Boston and other points, left Fredericton yesterday in the steamer "David Weston." They were met at Long Island by Governor Wilnot, Hon. E. Willis, and Mr. B. Lout, of the "Express Line" of steamers, who had proceeded up river in the "Ethiopia."

The party appeared to enjoy the trip, which

was in every respect as charming as the beautiful weather and the glorious harbor scene could make it. Everywhere the beauties of the river scenery were noticed and admired by the entire party—not an object of interest escaping observation.

The party were accompanied from Fredericton by E. R. Burpee, Esq., and C. H. Fairweather, Esq. Coaches were in readiness at the Indian landing of the steamer by arrangement, and the party was conveyed to the Victoria Hotel where quarters had been obtained. This morning it is the intention of the visitors to proceed across the Bay to Annapolis by steamer "Empress"; and thence to Halifax by rail. [Daily News, 9 h.

The magnificent moose head and horns, sent home by the team for presentation to Esq. Dacie, for his kindness to the Canadian team of 1872, were mounted on a shield covered with scarlet cloth, and borne by four Canadians to the Earl's quarters during the last week of the Camp, the remainder of the team, dressed in full uniform, acting as an escort. Col. Peters made the presentation of a brief but very happy address. Earl Dacie was very gracious in his reply. Among the guests present on the occasion were the Princess Mary of Cambridge, Prince Teck, Lord Selbourn and Lord Ripon.

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst., by the Rev. P. Keay, Mr. William Cockburn, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, U.S., to Miss Elizabeth C. Cameron, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas Cameron, of St. Patrick, Chas. Co.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
Aug. 8, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, general cargo.
9, Jane, Clark, Boston, sand, J. Watson.
11, Pointer, Tattin, Portland, flour, 160.
&c. H. O'Neill and others.
Daisy, Maloney, Portsmouth, ballast.
CLEARED.
Aug. 12, Antelope, Hyatt, Portland, 1100 posts, 1450 sleepers, R. Ross.
Jane, Clark, St. John, ballast.
13, Harriet, Sheehan, Portsmouth, 2250 sleepers.

For sale or to Let.

THE Two story Dwelling HOUSE and Lot corner King and Barr streets. The property is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs would make a pleasant residence. Possession given immediately. Apply at the Standard Office.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the House and half Lot on Queen street, occupied by A. Whitaker. The house is 26 feet square, a story and a half high, with an L for kitchen. It is disposed of prior to 1st September next, it will on that day be offered at Public Auction, at 11 o'clock, A.M. Apply at the Standard Office.

C. E. O'HATHWAY, Auctioneer.

August 6, 1873.

Time for Sale.

300 BARRELS first quality of LIME, are offered for sale low by W. M. HICK.

July 31.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Marine and Fishery Office, Saint John, N.B. until the 5th August next, inclusive, for the erection of an Engine House and Engineer's Dwelling at Cape Frange, Albert County, N.B. To be addressed "Tenders for Fog Alarm Building." The names of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion of Canada, willing to become sureties for the fulfillment of the contract, to be enclosed. Plans and specifications can be seen at this office. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. H. HARDING, Agent Marine & Fisheries, St. John, N.B. Saint John, N.B., July 17th, 1873. July 23

Picked Up.

OF Machias Seal Island, on the 14th instant, a large BOAT. Any person proving property and paying expenses, can obtain the same on application to JOHN CONLEY, Light Keeper, Machias Seal Island, April 18, 1873. May 14—61.

Notice to the Public.

On and after 1st July next, Canada Post Cards will pass between Canada and the United States by affixing a one cent ordinary Postage Stamp on the address side of the Post Card. If not so prepared they will not be forwarded. J. McMILLAN, P.O. Inspector, June 23 31.

of which Andrew was on the floor bleeding profusely.

I've bled the soul out of him, said Terence, breathless. A dirty little emerald like that to be taking the paw of me, and be going to be staling the very prison away from me. Come along quick, yer banner.

When we once more reached the Castle gate, there was a post-chaise standing there; and in the Governor's office was my friend Mr. Chandler, the wreck of the smart superior I had last seen. There were great gaps in his row of shining teeth, his tall hat was knocked into the shape of a pancake; his neat frock coat was hanging in tatters at his back.

O, man! he groaned, as I came in; how could you leave me in the hands of those barbarians? See how I've been treated! Why I was mobbed in that horrible place! Why did you suffer that man to drive away and leave me?

How could I help it? said I. Haven't I had desperate work to keep my own prisoner? Look at my face; it is blood stained, certainly. Look at my prisoner; his head was a mass of bruises. If I hadn't fought to the death I'd have lost him.

And is this the way they generally go on about here said Chandler.

Pretty much about I said.

Then I'll never return to that horrible place, never. I'll go straight back to Somerset House and tell 'em they must send a prize fighter to take charge of the district. I shall report very favorable of you McAlister, and your desperate courage.

So he did, I am glad to say, and I got my district soon after, and a rise in salary, and married Katie Stewart. Terence and I were fast friends from that time, and when the old grandmother died I helped him to emigrate to America, where I hear he's doing very well in the public line, but I never met with such another adventure.—Be gravia.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Harper's Weekly.

Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

THE WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—[Louisville Courier Journal.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

TERMS:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4.00
An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for \$20.00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7.00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time. The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent by express, at the rate of \$5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

READ THIS!

All persons having leisure to spare, and wishing to increase their income, please send an address prepaid to under- signed. Occupations easy and honorable, and of small, and especially so, to ladies. \$2.50 per day without risk or expense.

TEA-POTS.

JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank:—A large assortment of

TEA-POTS and other Ware.

CHINESE TEA-POTS:—

ROYALTY BLACK TEA-POTS.

ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS.

For sale low by

F. & J. A. WHITE.

No. 10 Charlotte street, St. John's.

Government House Ottawa

Monday, 27th Feb. 1873.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic. Chap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of St. John's, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

mar 5

W. A. HINSMORTH,

Clk. Privy Council.

MILLINERY

and

Fancy Goods.

MISS E. O'NEILL respectfully intimates to the ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

in Miss Swift's building, where she has a Stock of FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and despatch.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

1873.

ODELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships

"POLYNESIAN," "MORAVIAN" and "SARMA-
THIAN."

60 Bles and Cases

NEW

SPRING GOODS,

(PERSONALLY SELECTED.)

DRESS MATERIALS,

SHAWLS.

Back Alpaccas,

CLOTHS,

COTTONS AND LINENS,

Prints, Muslins, Hosiery.

HATS, RIBBONS,

FLOWERS and FEATHERS.

CARPETS & RUGS,

Damask & Lace Curtains.

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

HATS & CAPS.

Wholesale and Retail.

Tenders Wanted.

\$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the

TOWN of ST. ANDREWS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of October, instant, for the purchase of the \$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the Town of Saint Andrews, Chap. 59, entitled "An Act to authorize the Town of Saint Andrews to aid the Saint Andrews Hotel Company." These Debentures are—10 of them for \$100 each, 4 of them for \$200, 3 of them for \$400, and 4 of them for \$500; are dated 19th of Sept., 1871, bear interest from that date at six per cent. payable 1st July and 1st January; are payable in twenty years, and are a first class investment.

NEVILLE G. D. PARKER, Co.

Hon. Secy. St. Andrews Hotel.

St. Andrews, 2nd Oct. 1872. oc 2 3i

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Pleasant, he will

CONTINUE THE BUSINESS.

and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage so liberally extended to the establishment.

TRANSIENT and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms.

GOOD STABLEING—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.

COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers

M. CLARKE,

Proprietor.

St. Andrews, April 17, 1872

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STUBBS.)

Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.

During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be reopened on 1st of May next.

Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.

Terms \$2.00 per day.

June 12 THOMAS F. RAYMOND,

Proprietor.

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to

all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and cooked while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.

2. It is the only one that is Automatically Sealed, therefore, the only Self-Sealing Jar in the market.

3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use it successfully.

4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the handling of the hot jars entirely avoided.

5. It is well known, that fruit Jars which are closed with tight fastenings burst by fermentation, and the effect upon the content and surrounding well understood by many housekeepers.

The Cover of the Valve Jar being a perfect safety valve makes an explosion impossible, and entirely obviates every difficulty that exists in other fastenings.

For sale by

F. J. A. WHITE,

10 Charlotte St., St. John

sep 10

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS

Patent Medicines, Perfumery,

Toilet Articles, Groceries,

Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.

St. Andrews.

MADAM JUNCTION

EATING HOUSE.

S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.

Jan. 16, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, barrister at Law, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee of said estate, and appointing another Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C.

The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.

Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 18th day of October, A. D. 1872.

JAMES MORAN, Ass. gues.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, TINCT. MEDICINES,

DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL

INSTRUMENTS,

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,

24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

Orders from the Country promptly executed.

Ships' Medicine Chests Fitted and Re-fitted.

Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.

api 12 7—ly

Plans of School Houses.

Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of expense to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county.

Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge on application to the Chief Superintendent.

THEODORE H. RAND,

Jan 1 li Chief Superintendent of Education

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Chains, Rings, Brooches,

Locketts, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,

Papier Maché, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS

Toys, Fancy Soap and Perfumery.

Together with a general assortment of

House Furnishing & Fancy Goods

WEDDING RINGS made to order.

July 19 4i

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary.

R. ROBINSON,

St. Andrews, Oct 24 1872. President.

Co-partnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into

Professors of Co-partnership, under the style and firm of

Street & Stevenson.

GEO. D. STREET.

R. K. STEVENSON

St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins.

25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For

sale,

—O—

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In

Bond or Duty paid.

—O—

Vacuum Pan Sugars.

53 Bbls. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar,

choice quality, just received and for sale at

lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,

St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL,

GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant,

AND

AUCTIONER.

St. George, N. B.

REFERENCES: Hon. B. R. STEVENSON, Sur.

General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews;

Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqrs. St.

George; Chas. F. Finch, Esq., St. John; J.

Murphy, and David Main, Esq., St. Ste-

phen.

MOLASSES.

Es Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.

211 Bbls.

19 Tons

16 Bbls.

The above is a very choice Cargo and will be

sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Es "Choice" from London.

40 Hds.

30 qr Casks

200 Cases

20 Casks

20 Hds.

10 Bbls. Retford Crushed Sugar

500 London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.

20 qr Casks

75 Hds.

31 Bbls. "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead

4 Hds.

do Boiled and Raw

4 qr Casks

Linseed Oil.

J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

A. W. P. Smith

At his Office, Water Street Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS

\$2.50 per Annum—if paid in advance.

\$3 If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written orders or continued

till forbid, if no written directions.

First insertion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts.

Each repetition of do 20 cts.

First insertion of all over 12 lines 80 cts per line.

Each repetition of do 2 cts per line.

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY.

Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch Shakespeare Paper collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and dandy style, together with a full line of Gents. Furnishing Goods.

Chignons, Curls, Switches in Jute and Linen, Busties, Hoop Skirts and small wares, Ladies Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, worked

SLIPPERS and OTTAMANS.

FLANNELS, in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Harack & Miller's White Cottons, Brown dotti, tickings, &c.

As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.

Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House.

N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

JAMES BRADLEY,

St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in this town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to Law.

Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov. 1872.

THOMAS HIPWELL,