

BUSINESS NOTICES

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, N.B., every Thursday morning...

HAMS. HAMS. Smoked and Green. 400 POUNDS HAM, Green, Smoked or Canned.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

CURE SICK HEADACHE. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take.

CARTER'S MEDICINE CO. New York City.

BURDO'S BLOOD PURIFIER. WILL CURE GRINDERS, BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, FLU, BRUISES, JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, ERYSIPELAS, SCURVY, SALT RHEUM, THE COMMON HEADACHE, BRUISES, AND EVERY SPECIES OF BLOOD POISON.

TIN SHOP. Have now opened the well known establishment formerly occupied by the late James Gray, and with the full patronage of former friends...

TINWARE. Parlor and Cooking Stoves, 400 M. SHAVED CEDAR SHINGLES.

WEBSTER. In Shop, Russian and Turkey Bindings.

Daniel Desmond CLOTHING & PRINTING. GRETTONS, GOTTONS.

Jas. Brown. LADIES and GENTS.

Patent Reference Index. THE STATISTICAL YEAR BOOK.

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HATS! NEW HATS. ONE HUNDRED AND TEN DOZEN HATS.

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE

VOL. 11--No. 28. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, APRIL 30, 1885. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR. TERMS--\$1.50 a Year, in Advance

General Business. ALBERT LIME. THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT COY. Best Quality Selected Lime.

Notice to Mill Owners. THE Subscriber is prepared to furnish his PATENT LOW WATER GEAR...

Merchant Tailors, AMHERST, N. S. Customers' measures taken and suits or single garments sent to you part of the country.

NOTICE. From this date the Miramichi will pay for hauling the STEAM FIRE ENGINE.

NOW ON HAND. A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED LINE OF CANNED GOODS.

REFRESHED PRUIT. TOMATOES, Green, Red, Yellow, etc.

SHIPCHANDLERY. NAVAL STORES. GEORGE WATT.

REVERE HOUSE. LOWER WATER STREET, CHATHAM, N. B.

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Canada House, Corner Water and St. John Streets, CHATHAM. LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM.

W. & R. Brodie, Commission Merchants. FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Medical. Dr. J. S. Benson, RESIDENCE: Duke Street - Chatham.

General Business. Executors' Notice. ALL persons having any just claims against the Estate of John Macgregor...

Flour Flour!! 125 bbls. COOK'S FRIEND, patent, 125 " PARAGON, patent, 125 " TRIUMPH, " 125 " FOUNTAIN, " To be sold LOW FOR CASH.

JAMAICA! IN STORE VERY FINE OLD RUM! IN PUNOONS AND QUARTERS. CROP OF 1880.

PERSONALLY SELECTED IN JAMAICA BY OUR MR. T. WILLIAM BELL & Co. WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

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CHATHAM RAILWAY. WINTER 1884-5. LOCAL TIME TABLE. EXPRESS ACCOMMODATION.

Patent Medicines. of all kinds go to the Newcastle Drug Store. Flower Pots, Sponges, Toilet Articles and Fancy Soaps.

ART GALLERY. Old Pictures Enlarged. Finished in Oil, Water Colors or India Ink.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!! THE LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF GENERAL HARDWARE & C.

Removed to the Building adjoining Messrs. Guy, Bevan & Co's Office, WILL BE SOLD OFF AT PRIVATE SALE FOR WHATEVER THEY WILL BRING!

Intending purchasers will do well to call at once and secure for themselves Bargains. J. R. GOGGIN.

NOW ARRIVING. SPRING IMPORTATIONS! FULL LINES OF Spring & Summer DRESS GOODS.

Hosiery. Haberdashery, etc. Carpets, Cutlery, ENGLISH & AMERICAN HATS, Latest Styles.

J. B. Snowball. On Sale. ONE SECOND HAND DOUBLE TRUCK WAGON...

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Advise to mothers. Many children suffer and die from no other cause than an excess of Worms in the Stomach or Intestines...

St. Patrick's street bridge over the Rideau at Ottawa has been washed away.

Time and money are both saved by keeping in the house a bottle or two of Scott's Emulsion...

Germany is preparing a series of enormous colonial enterprises. The acquisition of Zanzibar is certain sooner or later.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites For Affections of the Lungs and Wasting Diseases.

A league of Anglo-Burgans has been broken up at Antioch, Ga. They have secured thousands of dollars worth of property.

Dr. J. S. Benson, New Orleans, La. says: "I can candidly declare Scott's Emulsion is the finest preparation of the kind that has ever been brought to my notice..."

President Cleveland has decided not to appoint civilians to official positions in the army as long as vacancies can be filled by the advancement of officers already in the service.

A Poor Italian Finds \$75,000 in Gold. Opposite the Miss and Tenn. depot we found Mr. H. L. Schmidt. He was born and raised in this city as a butcher.

Waterloo News. Walter Liston, of Waterloo, writes that Hagar's Yellow Oil has done great good in his family...

Several English collieries are testing blasting cartridges of cast-iron in place of the ordinary gunpowder or dynamite cartridges.

The secret success of Burdock Blood Purifier is said to be due upon the bowels, the liver, the kidneys, the skin and the blood.

Mr. Edward M. Bridge predicts that in the near future the art of photography will be sought to determine the result of all important horse races.

Mr. John Clark, of Millbridge, Ont., declares it can, and that Hagar's Yellow Oil is the remedy that cured him.

An estimate of the quantity of sediment carried down by Chinese rivers indicates that if the deposit continues at the present rate the Yellow Sea will be converted into dry land in 36,000 years.

It is a great mistake to suppose that dyspepsia can be cured but must be endured until it has made gloomy and miserable thereby. Alexander Burns, of Coburg, was cured after suffering fifteen years.

The botanical literature of the Chinese is quite extensive and important, and dates back to 2697 B. C.

CHERRY B. C. wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is harmless for the most frail, woman, child, invalid or smallest child to use.

"Almost dead or nearly dying" For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney disease, liver complaints, severe cough-called consumption, having been cured.

Women given nearly crazy! From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, weakness and various diseases peculiar to women. People drawn out of shape from excruciating pain of Rheumatism. Indigestion and chronic, or suffering from scrofula.

It is stated that the Queen will visit Ireland next summer. Remember This. If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well while all else fails.

Notice. TENDERS will be received at the Department of Public Works, Fredericton, until MONDAY, MAY 4TH, PROXIMO for the service of A SAILING VESSEL, from 25 to 50 tons Register, to ply, during the season, between Bathurst & Misou Harbor.

From 'Advance' Extra of Saturday Evening

(Special despatches to the Miramichi Advance.)

The Northwest Rebellion I

A BATTLE WITH THE REBELS!

The Prairie Fired

The Killed and Wounded.

Gen. Middleton's hat shot through.

WINNIPEG, April 24th.

Gen. Middleton, with the advanced detachment on the right bank of the Sasatchewan, encountered the rebels 15 miles south of Batoche's crossing; 200 Indians and French half-breeds lay in ambush in the ravine, and opened heavy fire on our troops.

The casualties upon the side of the volunteers were pretty large on account of the surprise.

Private Ferguson and Sergt. Mackin, sharpshooters of the 90th Batt., are known to be killed. Some 50 are reported wounded. Among the latter is Capt. Clark of No. 6 company 90th Batt.

Gen. Middleton had a rifle bullet fired through his hat. The battle began about 9 o'clock this morning and was in progress about one o'clock.

The rebels set fire to the prairie, but a heavy rain storm put the fire out. The general at once surrounded the ravine and the hope is expressed that none of the rebels have escaped.

"A" battery is also reported to have suffered some in both killed and wounded.

A later despatch announces that the fighting began at 9.15 a. m. The rebels, advancing from the creek near the river, opened fire upon the scouts led by Major Boulton, the latter returning the fire, when the rebels remounted and returned to their place of ambush. From the ambush they rose each time in firing.

Gen. Middleton at once deployed the troops in skirmishing order. "A" Battery could not at first feel the enemy with the guns, so good was their shelter. Eventually, however, the battery got into better position and raised a raking fire among them. Two hours, in which the rebel reserves were scolded, were demolished.

The rebels next made a dash and fought the 90th at close quarters, but a severe fire from the left wing forced the rebels to retire.

The fight was Indian style on the part of the rebels, who were always either concealed behind trees or on bluffs. Their fire was hot and very effective. Capt. Clark, with the sharpshooters, first advanced in skirmishing order, after the scouts signalled danger, and closely following were the Toronto infantrymen, the latter taking the right flank. The conflict now became general and terribly severe.

WINNIPEG, APRIL 25.

A special from Clark's Crossing on Saturday said that the fight of yesterday was a reverse for Gen. Middleton and that the volunteers were really forced to retreat.

The rebels seem to have followed the troops to camp and were defiantly awaiting a renewal of hostilities, which they are likely to receive with more vigor than before.

The rebel line, if any, is said to be very small. The place for the fight was well chosen, giving rebels a great advantage over our men fighting.

The scene of the fight is an open prairie a mile in length, ending in a slightly inclined hill with bluffs on each side. The bluffs are well wooded.

On the north side of ravine rebels were entrenched in force and from thence they poured a deadly fire upon the volunteers, while the latter were unable to see the enemy, who were hidden behind trees and rocks and from their place of ambush picked out their men with great accuracy.

Even the guns of "A" battery failed to dislodge the enemy.

The rebels are reported to have gone in direction of Batoche Crossing. Troops will have to pass the entire distance through thick wooded country.

Gen. Middleton camped last night on the south side of the ravine and about midway between the battle and the crossing. The total casualties on the Volunteers' side in the engagement is put down at 12 killed and 50 wounded.

The Governor General's body guard reached Qu'Appelle at noon yesterday and started immediately in the support of Gen. Middleton, and it is thought that the rebels will now endeavor to cut off the troops supplies by the capture of Clark's Crossing.

In this event the loss to our troops would be terrible to estimate.

The general believed the enemy suffered considerable loss and says the advantage of their position may have caused less casualties on their side than to his force.

Four of the most expert of the rebel sharpshooters are now surrounded by the troops. The general does not deem it advisable to make any attack upon them, but is desiring that they should exhaust their ammunition.

The whole detachment departed down the west bank of the river under Lord Melgund and Col. Montezuma of "A" battery has returned and the force are again united and are now marching on Batoche's camp, about fifteen miles distant, after having burned the trail.

A large number of ponies belonging to the rebels and three of the Indians operating with them were captured.

From this point telegraphic communication ceases and despatches will be somewhat later as communication will have to be kept up with a courier.

LOSAN, APRIL 26th.

A despatch from St. Petersburg received here yesterday afternoon states that the Car has issued an imperative ukase sanctioning the raising of a large force of Turcoman militia by General Komaroff.

The Cabinet Council yesterday lasted three hours and a half. It is rumored that the course to be pursued by the ministry in the Commons on Monday, when the debate on the vote of credit comes up was decided on, but nothing definite concerning the decision arrived at has transpired.

LOSAN, APRIL 27th.

The Observer, in a special edition, says it believes Earl Granville, in his second despatch to St. Petersburg reiterated the demand that military supplies be held regarding Penjiah battle, on spot where battle was fought.

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During the past month, the Russian military authorities sent 10,000 troops across the Caspian Sea from Bokoza. Of these, 6,000 landed at Chikolas and four thousand at Krasnoselsk.

Two thousand men were additionally sent from Turkistan to Merv prior to despatches of those reinforcements. There were 8,000 men stationed in the Caspian territory, Merv's nearest point to Afghanistan, where there is a large Russian force stationed, the garrison now numbering 6,000 men.

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CLARK'S CROSSING, APRIL 28.

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It is positively known that twenty-five half-breeds and Indians were killed, and that number were counted dead upon the field.

Among the dead was the body of Gabriel Dumont, a prominent rebel leader who was killed by a bullet towards the close of the engagement, while urging on his men.

Sergeant Dalton also reports that Riel was seen among the rebels during the engagement, but towards evening he fled from the ravine and made towards his stronghold at Batoche, for reinforcements. It is supposed.

A corps composed of "C" Company and grenadiers pursued the retreating squad of rebels for a short distance but was recalled before inflicting any damage on them. The total number of volunteers killed, Dalton says is seven. Over twenty rebel ponies lie dead along the ravine.

Arthur Watson of School of Infantry died from effects of his wound on Friday night.

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The rebels are reported to have gone in direction of Batoche Crossing. Troops will have to pass the entire distance through thick wooded country.

Gen. Middleton camped last night on the south side of the ravine and about midway between the battle and the crossing. The total casualties on the Volunteers' side in the engagement is put down at 12 killed and 50 wounded.

The Governor General's body guard reached Qu'Appelle at noon yesterday and started immediately in the support of Gen. Middleton, and it is thought that the rebels will now endeavor to cut off the troops supplies by the capture of Clark's Crossing.

In this event the loss to our troops would be terrible to estimate.

The general believed the enemy suffered considerable loss and says the advantage of their position may have caused less casualties on their side than to his force.

Four of the most expert of the rebel sharpshooters are now surrounded by the troops. The general does not deem it advisable to make any attack upon them, but is desiring that they should exhaust their ammunition.

The whole detachment departed down the west bank of the river under Lord Melgund and Col. Montezuma of "A" battery has returned and the force are again united and are now marching on Batoche's camp, about fifteen miles distant, after having burned the trail.

A large number of ponies belonging to the rebels and three of the Indians operating with them were captured.

From this point telegraphic communication ceases and despatches will be somewhat later as communication will have to be kept up with a courier.

LOSAN, APRIL 26th.

A despatch from St. Petersburg received here yesterday afternoon states that the Car has issued an imperative ukase sanctioning the raising of a large force of Turcoman militia by General Komaroff.

The Cabinet Council yesterday lasted three hours and a half. It is rumored that the course to be pursued by the ministry in the Commons on Monday, when the debate on the vote of credit comes up was decided on, but nothing definite concerning the decision arrived at has transpired.

LOSAN, APRIL 27th.

The Observer, in a special edition, says it believes Earl Granville, in his second despatch to St. Petersburg reiterated the demand that military supplies be held regarding Penjiah battle, on spot where battle was fought.

SIMLA, APRIL 28.

During the past month, the Russian military authorities sent 10,000 troops across the Caspian Sea from Bokoza. Of these, 6,000 landed at Chikolas and four thousand at Krasnoselsk.

Two thousand men were additionally sent from Turkistan to Merv prior to despatches of those reinforcements. There were 8,000 men stationed in the Caspian territory, Merv's nearest point to Afghanistan, where there is a large Russian force stationed, the garrison now numbering 6,000 men.

From Daily Advance of Monday 27th.

(Special despatches to the Miramichi Advance.)

WAR WITH RUSSIA PROBABLE

RUMORS THAT HERAT AND PENJIAH ARE TO BE CEDED TO RUSSIA.

GEN. MIDDLETON MOVING UPON THE REBEL STRONGHOLD.

FEARS FOR THE SUPPLY STEAMER NORTHBOURNE.

LOSAN, APRIL 27th.

St. Petersburg, correspondent of Daily Telegraph states that late English press articles received there by special courier on Friday.

An imperial Council meeting was held on Saturday and it was decided to reply to the Car favored the most moderate address. It is possible he may accompany them to the front as chaplain and will also get lady nurses.

CLARK'S CROSSING, APRIL 28.

Sergeant Dalton, of Boulton's troops, Courier for General Middleton, has just arrived here and brings exciting news. He says Friday's fight was a great deal more disastrous to rebels than was at first supposed, and that Gen. Middleton's forces won a decided victory.

It is positively known that twenty-five half-breeds and Indians were killed, and that number were counted dead upon the field.

Among the dead was the body of Gabriel Dumont, a prominent rebel leader who was killed by a bullet towards the close of the engagement, while urging on his men.

Sergeant Dalton also reports that Riel was seen among the rebels during the engagement, but towards evening he fled from the ravine and made towards his stronghold at Batoche, for reinforcements. It is supposed.

A corps composed of "C" Company and grenadiers pursued the retreating squad of rebels for a short distance but was recalled before inflicting any damage on them. The total number of volunteers killed, Dalton says is seven. Over twenty rebel ponies lie dead along the ravine.

Arthur Watson of School of Infantry died from effects of his wound on Friday night.

CLARK'S CROSSING, APRIL 28.

There was no fighting to-day.

Baker of Boulton's troops died last night. Lieut. Swinford's death is also reported, but not confirmed.

Supply and other trains arriving last night nearly got into the rebel camp, thinking the rebels had proceeded to Batoche. Having discovered their mistake they were approaching our camp from the direction of the enemy's line and not hearing challenge of sentries were fired on. Eight shots were discharged without doing further injury than alarming the entire camp on both sides of the river.

WINNIPEG, APRIL 28.

A special from Clark's Crossing on Saturday said that the fight of yesterday was a reverse for Gen. Middleton and that the volunteers were really forced to retreat.

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