

FATALITIES IN EASTERN CANADA

TWO LIVES LOST BY DROWNING AT ST. JOHN

Hotel Proprietor Asphyxiated by Gas—Mrs Joyce, Who Was Shot by Husband, is Dead.

Toronto, May 28.—John Sharpe, proprietor of the Prince's hotel, Gravenhurst, was found dead in bed in a room at the Gladstone house yesterday, with the gas jet turned on full and the room filled with gas.

Drowning Accident.

St. John, N. B., May 28.—At Millerville, a suburb of St. John, on Saturday afternoon, Walter S. and Ernest White, sons of Robert J. White, were drowned a few yards from shore.

Mrs. Joyce Dead.

Kingston, May 28.—Mrs. Joyce, who was shot through the body at Ralton on Saturday morning by her jealous husband, John Joyce, who later cut his own throat, is dead of her wounds.

PRINCE ENA.

Senators and Deputies Present an Address of Welcome.

Madrid, May 28.—A delegation of the senators and deputies waited on the Pardo king and presented Prince Ena, with an address of welcome, on behalf of the Spanish nation.

Convict's Death.

Kingston, May 28.—John McGee, the noted criminal, who tried to escape from the penitentiary on Thursday night, is dead from injuries received by falling down a chimney, up which he was climbing in order to effect his escape.

Insurance Inquiry.

Toronto, May 28.—The insurance companies are engaged in the inquiry this morning, with a view to the liquidation of the Confederation Life, in the witness box. Mr. Macdonald, who holds 400 shares of Confederation stock, said he was familiar with the affairs of the company, but could not say how many proxies were held by himself and other directors, even approximately.

Found Dead.

Toronto, May 28.—Victor Jacobs, who came to Toronto from some point on the Pacific Coast last Thursday, was found dead in his room in the Commercial hotel on Jarvis street this morning. He was sitting in a chair with a newspaper over his head. Heart failure was the cause of death.

Found Drowned.

Montreal, May 28.—At an early hour this morning the body of Ben Drearies, Montreal West, was taken out of the Lachine canal near the bridge at Cote St. Paul. Deceased had left home last night between nine and ten o'clock, and was supposed to visit to a friend, and when he did not return the suspicions of the family were aroused and search was made, with the result as stated. Drearies was 50 years of age, and is survived by a large family. He owned considerable property and was a gentleman farmer at Montreal West. For a period of several months Drearies had been in the habit of drinking heavily, and it is believed that he had been drinking at the time of his death.

Committed Suicide.

Toronto, May 28.—Caroline Blake, a 19-year-old girl, employed as seamstress at Toronto Junction, committed suicide last night by turning on the gas in her bedroom and allowing herself to be suffocated. No reason is assigned for the act.

Are Destitute.

Toronto, May 28.—Fifteen entirely destitute families were among four hundred English immigrants who arrived in the city on Saturday. They were sent to Canada by the corporation of Bristol.

Will Visit Coast.

Toronto, May 28.—Arrangements are being made for an excursion of the Canadian manufacturers through the Northwest after their annual meeting, which is to be held in Winnipeg, September 15th and 16th. The delegates will go to the Pacific Coast.

Visits Hamilton.

Hamilton, May 28.—His Excellency Earl Grey and his party arrived in Hamilton yesterday. This morning a civic reception was held, after which the governor-general opened a sanitarium.

Car Works.

Port William, May 28.—The Canadian Foundry Co. propose to establish a large car wheel works here, employing at least 200 men.

Shot Himself.

Dominion City, Man., May 28.—An old farmer named Albert Wortley Emery, who had resided near here for

20 years, blew out his brains with a shotgun in the house on his homestead.

Assinibola Conference. Winnipeg, May 28.—The Assinibola Methodist conference will open in Brandon on Wednesday, the 29th instant, and will be followed by the Alberta conference, which convenes at Edmonton on June 14th. Many prominent officials of the church will be present.

Oil Boring. Edmonton, May 28.—J. Bannetto, of the Edmonton & Athabasca Development Company, arrived in the city last evening on the Canadian Northern from Winnipeg and will leave for the north to-morrow to take charge of the company's oil boring at Fort McMurray. This year he is taking with him more machinery of more powerful quality, which will enable him to reach a depth of 2,000 or 3,000 feet if necessary. He is taking six men with him from Edmonton and will employ more in the north. He expects, providing no serious delays are met, to return in the fall with prospects of an established enterprise.

Have No Intention of Doing Anything in Opposition to Views of People.

(Special to the Times.) Toronto, May 29.—The Crow's Nest Coal Company directors met yesterday when the complaint of Mr. Quale, of the Fernie citizens' committee, in regard to alleged transactions of the company in disposing of property to employees with the presumptive idea of affecting the vote on the waterworks by-law was brought to the notice of the board by the chairman, Senator Cox.

The directors took the stand that they were not on the ground, but that they should have every confidence in Manager Lindsay, who reported to them the sales made, and they acquiesced. When people wanted to buy property Mr. Lindsay conducted the negotiations, and the board agreed to the sales.

"The feeling of the directors is not to do anything at all in opposition to the views of the people in Fernie. Said one of them: 'We have no intention of doing any injustice whatever to Fernie.'"

ELLEN TERRY'S JUBILEE.

The King and Queen Will Attend Matinee at Drury Lane Theatre on June 12th.

London, May 28.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra have promised to attend the Ellen Terry jubilee matinee at the Drury Lane theatre on June 12th. It will be a grand affair. Besides the number of leaders in the theatrical profession, assisting Madame Melba and Signor Caruso will sing, W. S. Gilbert is arranging the play, "Trial by Jury," in which the jury will be composed of leading authors and the bridesmaids will be the actresses of the Lyceum days. A reminiscence of Lyceum items conducted by the composers, Mackenzie, Stanford, Edgerman and others, who wrote incidental music for the Irving plays. Several boxes for the matinee already have been booked at \$500.

FISHERMEN PERISHED.

Their Dory Was Probably Run Down by a Steamer During a Thick Fog.

Gloucester, Mass., May 28.—A private telegram received here last night from New York announces the loss of the crew of the mackerel netting sloop Hersey Deaylor. The sloop arrived at New York yesterday and reported that a dory crew of three were lost Saturday during a thick fog while away from the vessel to haul nets. The captain of the sloop expresses the belief that the dory was struck by a steamer and the men drowned.

THE LOUISVILLE WRECK.

Latest Report Places Number of Killed at Eight.

Louisville, Ky., May 28.—Eight persons were killed and 22 others injured today by the derailment of four cars of a passenger train on the Louisville & Nashville railroad. The train was near the union station in Louisville at a moderate speed, when a flange on a wheel of the smoker broke, throwing open a switch and causing two of the coaches to side-swipe several cars on a siding.

CHINESE CUSTOMS.

British Representative Has Satisfactory Interview With the Foreign Board.

Pekin, May 28.—In consequence of the vagueness of the Chinese reply to the second note of Great Britain on the customs question, the British charge d'affaires, Mr. Carnegie, paid a personal visit to the foreign board yesterday and discussed the question exhaustively with all the members. Mr. Carnegie considered the interview to be satisfactory, and today he sent notes to the other legations informing them of the results attained, and adding that he expected to receive satisfactory written assurances soon.

SIX MEN DROWNED.

Lost Their Lives by the Capsizing of Small Boats.

Chicago, May 28.—The overturning of a rowboat in the Desplaines river near Willow Springs, twenty miles south of here, resulted in the drowning of Chas. Saenger, Robert Heiden and Albert Brunke, all of Chicago, this afternoon. Miss Mary Rigney and Samuel Goldstein were rescued.

THREE JAPS DROWNED.

Lost Their Lives While Attempting to Escape From Game Warden.

Boise, Idaho, May 28.—Three Japanese were drowned near Marysville while attempting to escape from State Game Warden Stephens, who had arrested them for dynamiting fish in the north fork of Snake river. Stephens placed six Orientals under arrest and all made a dash for liberty, jumping into the river. Three managed to get across, but the other three were carried down stream and lost their lives.

MURDER AT ODESSA.

Odessa, May 28.—An agent of the secret police was shot in the main street here today. The assassin escaped.

Strike in the Harbor Continues.

Seventeen Russian steamers are unable to depart.

COMPLAINT FROM CITIZENS OF FERNIE

CONSIDERED BY DIRECTORS OF CROW'S NEST COMPANY

Have No Intention of Doing Anything in Opposition to Views of People.

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FIRE INSURANCE RATES INCREASED ON COAST

Los Angeles, Calif., May 28.—Local insurance managers have received notice that fire insurance rates on business blocks and on stocks of merchandise have been increased 2 per cent. all over the coast by the board of fire underwriters of the Pacific.

The new rate applies only to the business district. It is a part of the horizontal rise that has been made by the Pacific board pending the new adjustment of schedules.

COLORADO TRAGEDY.

Newly Married Couple Found Dead in Their Home.

Canon City, Colo., May 28.—The sound of two shots emanating from the home of W. C. Baldwin has caused an investigation, resulting in finding the dead bodies of Baldwin and his wife.

The body of Baldwin was lying on the floor, the head blown from the trunk. A shotgun was lying near by. The wife's dead body was standing nearly upright against the wall, the head shattered by the gunshot wounds.

The couple were married two months ago against parental objection. A coroner's investigation will be held to determine the nature of the tragedy. It is reported that a relative of the woman was near the Baldwin home shortly before the shots were heard.

CHINESE AT 'PRISCO.

Will Cost Them About \$60,000 to Obtain Duplicate Certificates From Federal Government.

San Francisco, May 28.—Chinese residents who were burned out during the recent fire will sustain a still further loss, it is said, that may reach as high as \$50,000 or \$60,000. They must obtain from the government at Washington duplicate certificates of legal residence in the United States. About 60,000 of the certificates were destroyed, according to an estimate made by officials of the Chinese bureau. This loss falls on the Chinese alone, as upon them rests the necessity where occasion may arise of proving the right to remain here.

POLICE READY.

Will Not Allow Fitzsimmons and Burns to Fight at North Essington.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 28.—Governor Pennypacker declined to make any commitment today on his action in ordering the state police to prevent the fight between Fitzsimmons and Burns in the Tuxedo Athletic Club at North Essington tonight. Officials at the state police department declined to disclose their plans, but said they would be sent to North Essington to prevent the fight if the club makes an attempt to hold it.

ANNUAL EVENT.

Guatemala Is Threatened With Revolt—Troops Are Being Massed.

Washington, D. C., May 28.—Guatemala is threatened with a revolution, according to dispatches received at the state department today from Minister Coombs. The scene of the trouble is in the northern part of the republic near the Mexican frontier, but the cause is international. Troops are being massed by the revolutionists in such numbers that foreigners with property interests in the republic are much alarmed.

SUEZ CANAL.

Decrease of British Shipping While That of Germany Increases.

London, May 28.—According to a parliamentary paper issued tonight, there was a decrease last year of 476,988 tons of British shipping passing through the Suez canal as compared with 1904, while for the same period the tonnage of German vessels passing through the canal increased 145,223 tons.

RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT.

Members Reject Advances Made by the Minister of Justice.

St. Petersburg, May 28.—There was much excitement in the corridor before the lower house met today. An officer identified as a colonel on the general staff, created a stir by openly declaring in the presence of a score of peasant members that the time had come when the army should support parliament, which represented the will of the people and the Emperor.

At the opening of the session a communication was read outlining a will to grant general authority to open private schools.

A petition signed by 75 members proposed the appointment of a parliamentary commission to investigate the abuse of power on the part of the administration.

When the debate on the personal liberty bill was resumed, M. Chicholoff, minister of justice, in an exceedingly liberal tone, made a speech in which he pointed out the necessity for supplementing the proposed laws which he endorsed, with bills providing for the reorganization of court procedure and orders to enable officials guilty of abuse of power to be prosecuted civilly.

The speech created much comment especially as the government distinctly repudiated all responsibility for the minister's conciliatory remarks yesterday, and in view of the fact that it was rumored that he would be dismissed.

The outcome of his conciliatory remarks was to show how great is the gulf between parliament and the ministry, the speakers who followed him scolding his advances and declaring their contempt for the government.

The personal liberty bill was then referred to a committee.

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CABINET WILL IGNORE MEMBERS

WILL NOT RESIGN NOR DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT

Russian Minister Takes the Ground That the House Acted Beyond its Power.

St. Petersburg, May 29.—As fore-shadowed in the statement made by the minister of agriculture to the Associated Press last night, the government has decided on its course of action with reference to the vote of lack of confidence of the lower house and its demand for the resignation of the ministry. It will swallow parliament's affront and treat its resolutions simply as a declaration beyond its competency, and consequently as not binding upon the monarchy.

In other words the government has decided to ignore the demand of the lower house, and the ministry will not resign, but neither will parliament be dissolved.

Moreover, instead of treating the action of the lower house as cause for offence the ministry will continue its conciliatory attitude in the hope that the storm will subside and unless parliament takes some revolutionary action the original plan of prolonging the summer vacation at the end of June will be carried out.

In the meantime the government will offer its own projects for the solution of the agrarian question, etc., and if they are rejected the lower house will be allowed to elaborate its own projects.

No amnesty will be granted, but the political prisoners will be released as rapidly as possible.

The ministry is evidently strongly convinced that its agrarian project will have the support of the Conservative interests of the country, which naturally are frightened at the universal scheme for expropriation of land proposed by the lower house.

Both the ministry and the Court Camilleville are understood to have joined in a decision to adopt the above tactics.

The radical wing of the Social Democrats is urging the lower house to transform itself into a constituent assembly, while the moderate wing offers to support the lower house if it continues its present role.

The spirit of the lower house was much calmer today. In the opening of the session a communication from Premier Goremykin was read announcing that the interpellation regarding the death sentence imposed by a court martial at Eliza on eight workmen accused of political murder and robbery had been to transmit to the war minister, M. Naboukoff, leader of the Constitutional Democrats, in behalf of the Constituent Democrats presented an interpellation demanding to know who was responsible for the provocative "Black Hundred" telegrams printed in the Official Messenger since the assembling of parliament.

The interpellation asks specifically whether they were printed with Premier Goremykin's permission, and if so what was the purpose of their bad location.

COLLECTIVE NOTE.

Address to Turkey by Powers on Questions of Customs Duties.

Constantinople, May 28.—The representatives of the powers in a collective note sent yesterday to the Turkish government, have agreed in principle to a three per cent. increase in the customs duties for a period of seven years, provided Turkey fulfils the stipulations of the powers regarding the enforcement of the mining law, the reform of the customs regulations for the storage of petroleum and guarantee the correct collection of duties and to make up the deficit in the Macedonian budget.

PUGILISTS ARRESTED.

McGovern and Britt Among Men Taken into Custody After Fight in New York.

New York, May 28.—Terry McGovern and James Britt and 18 other men, among whom were Harry Pollock, manager of the Twentieth Century Athletic Club, and Timothy Harat, the referee, were arrested last night after the fight between Britt and McGovern in Madison Square Garden, and were in the police court today charged with violation of the penal code, which regulates prize fights.

At the request of counsel for the prisoners, the court granted an adjournment until Thursday and continued the bail of \$500 each.

MICHAEL DAVITT.

Is Free From Pain but Gradually Slinking.

Dublin, May 29.—The bulletin issued this morning by the physician in attendance upon Michael Davitt says that he continues to lose ground, though he is resting quietly and is free from pain.

TRADING COMPANY CONTRACT.

W. T. R. Preston Has Completed His Evidence Before the Public Accounts Committee.

Ottawa, May 28.—When the public accounts committee met today Chalmers Balcourt read a cable from Lord Strathcona stating that he had forwarded to Sir Wilfrid Laurier a three page letter written by Jury in reference to the Ennis letters, as was requested by the committee.

Another letter was written by G. T. Merwin, Montreal, stating that while he was opposed to giving his private business to the committee, yet rather than have his name any longer connected with the matter, he was willing to go before the committee and state the prices at which he purchased marine supplies.

W. T. R. Preston then took the stand. Mr. Gervais asked witness if his evidence in regard to Lord Strathcona being conversant with and having approved all that was done in relation to the organization of the North Atlantic Trading Company was correct.

Mr. Preston, after having heard it read, said that it was quite correct. In this connection Mr. Gervais asked Mr. Preston to read his own memorandum on the subject dated October 26th, 1896, and a letter of Lord Strathcona to the department of the Interior.

Mr. Preston said his memorandum was prepared at the request of Lord Strathcona to the department of the Interior. Mr. Preston said his memorandum was prepared at the request of Lord Strathcona and Mr. Smart, and was submitted to Lord Strathcona.

Witness read a letter which Lord Strathcona forwarded with the proposed agreement to Ottawa. This letter was dated November 15th, 1896, and was addressed to the minister of the Interior. In concluding his letter Lord Strathcona said that "the new arrangement must be very confidential, and not made public in any way."

Mr. Preston's evidence is all in.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Minority of Senate Committee Has Prepared a Lengthy Report.

Washington, D. C., May 28.—In the recommendation of the construction of a lock canal across the isthmus of Panama, the minority of the senate committee on the subject of the Panama Canal has drafted an exhaustive report, which was submitted to the senate today by Chairman Millard. One of the chief arguments made in favor of the lock is that the Spooner Act shows that congress intended that should be the type, although the authority to decide was conferred upon the president.

The report then says: "The president having taken the advice of competent engineers of the canal commission, has recommended that it is advisable to construct a lock canal."

The minority declares that the only question presented is whether the president shall annul the action of the president or shall simply hold its hand and allow the president to exercise the power which has heretofore been conferred upon him.

LIFTON CUP RACE.

Two Yawls Which Were Forced to Return to Port Make a Fresh Start.

New York, May 28.—The two racing yawls Lila and Tamerlane, which withdrew from the race to Bermuda for the Lipton cup, after the Lila's mast was broken on Saturday, made a fresh start today for Bermuda from the Brooklyn Yacht Club. The Lila had a new mast, the Tamerlane had repaired her crippled rig and she re-entered the race. The third boat entered, continued the race on Saturday, she ought now to be well on her way to Bermuda if she has not been compelled to lie to on account of yesterday's storm. In addition to her big lead, she had a large allowance from the Lila and the Tamerlane and their chances of overhauling her are regarded as doubtful.

WINNIPEG NOTES.

Council Decides to Borrow \$1,500,000 For Civic Improvements—Sunday Car By-Law.

Winnipeg, May 29.—The city council decided last night to borrow \$1,500,000 for civic improvements.

The Sunday car-by-law was vigorously opposed by the Ministerial Association and labor men, and no progress was made with it. Labor men object to the clause that men may be asked to work more than sixty hours a week.

The assessed valuation of Port Arthur increased a million dollars over last year, and the total is now \$7,000,000. Application will be made for the incorporation as the city.

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

Government Denounced By Members of the Lower House.

St. Petersburg, May 29.—In the lower house today there was a long discussion on the famine existing in several districts, during which the government was most severely denounced for its refusal to help the peasants who had participated in agrarian disorders. Some of the speakers charged the government with being responsible for all the agrarian disorders. Premier Goremykin, minister of marine, Admiral Dyrrsen, minister of foreign affairs, E. B. Trolie, minister of war, Col. L. H. Tingsten.

BRITISH FORCE ATTACKED BY ZULUS

REBELS GOT WITHIN FIFTY YARDS OF TROOPS

Natives Repulsed After Two Hours, Fighting Leaving Seventy Dead on the Field.

Durban, Natal, May 28.—Six hundred rebel Zulus surrounded and attacked Colonel Leuchar's force yesterday afternoon near Buffalo river.

Under cover of the bush the natives got within fifty yards of the British, but the latter opened a heavy rifle fire upon them and after two hours fighting the Zulus fled, leaving seventy killed.

The British loss was one man killed and three wounded.

DIRIGIBLE AIRSHIP.

Berlin, May 28.—Major Van Parseval's dirigible airship made its first ascent in the presence of War Minister Von Finen and many members of the

ZULUS ATTACKED BRITISH CAMP

THREE SOLDIERS KILLED AND TWELVE WOUNDED

Fighting Lasted Several Hours and the Natives Were Repulsed With Heavy Loss.

Durban, Natal, May 30.—The rebel Zulus again attacked Colonel Leuchars's column yesterday.

They fiercely assaulted the British camp, fought obstinately for several hours, but finally were beaten off with heavy loss by the fire of the troops.

The British had three men killed and twelve wounded.

In an important encircling operation of the command of Colonel Mackenzie, forty to fifty of Chief Bambata's followers were killed and big herds of cattle and many women and children fell into the hands of the British.

BATTLESHIP ON ROCKS.

The Montague Struck During Fog—Engine and Boiler Rooms Are Flooded.

Bristol, Eng., May 30.—The British battleship Montague, of 14,000 tons and belonging to the Channel fleet, went ashore during a dense fog this morning on Shutter Point, Lundy Island, at the entrance of the Bristol channel.

The British admiralty has a dispatch confirming the announcement that the battleship Montague is ashore on Shutter Point. No details were given except that the sea was smooth, and that the crew were in no danger.

Fast on Rocks.

Bristol, May 30.—The Montague struck on a granite cone, southwest of Lundy Island, known as Shutter Point, at 2:10 this morning, and remained in her bottom.

The Montague was proceeding to Penzance for the forthcoming manoeuvres, and apparently missed her course in a fog.

The Montague was a first class steel battleship, she was launched in 1903, cost about \$5,250,000, and carried a crew of 750 officers and men.

ELEVATOR DESTROYED.

One Million Bushels of Wheat, Corn and Oats Went Up in Smoke.

Chicago, May 30.—Fire early to-day destroyed Armour & Company's elevator "D" at Pike street.

The elevator was destroyed 1,000,000 bushels of wheat, corn and oats. Four men employed in the elevator were hurt, one fatally.

AN ARMY OF EMPLOYEES.

Over Fifty One Thousand Persons on Pay Roll of City of New York.

New York, May 30.—It took 51,146 persons to conduct the government of the city of New York last year.

The salaries paid to these employees was \$64,264,647.52. This is four millions more than in 1905.

ALLEGED COUNTERFEITERS.

Two Italians Taken Into Custody by Officers of the United States Secret Service.

Washington, D. C., May 30.—Officers of the secret service yesterday raided a shack in an Italian camp near Washington, and arrested two Italians who are alleged to have been engaged in making counterfeit money.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Dr. Dube Opposed to Sale—Says About 75 Per Cent. of Standard Drugs Are Adulterated.

Ottawa, May 30.—Hon. Wm. Templeman presided at the special committee on patent medicine to-day.

The Queensland legislature recently passed an act, which has since received the royal assent, which confers on women the right of practicing as barristers, solicitors, or conveyancers in that colony.

Members of the colonial bar have the right to appear as advocates before the judicial committee of the privy council on appeals, there is nothing, it would seem, to prevent a lady barrister appearing before that tribunal on any appeal from Queensland.

The deepest bog in Great Britain is to be found at Tregaron, in Cardiganshire, where the peat is from 20 to 25 feet in thickness.

KANN ART COLLECTION.

No Efforts Being Made to Secure It For Museum.

New York, May 30.—The Tribune says: "Sir Casper Burdon Clark's art collection arrived here yesterday from Europe, laid at rest for the present the persistent rumors that art lovers intended to make an effort to acquire the Kann collection of paintings and other works of art for the Metropolitan Museum of Arts.

The Kann collection is said by connoisseurs to be rivalled only by that of the Rothschilds. It covers almost the whole field of art and is rumored to be held by administrators of the Kann estate at something like \$5,000,000.

Sir Purdon Clark's visit will be only a short one, the trip being made more particularly to deliver a lecture at Harvard on Friday. On Saturday he will start back to Europe, and among other countries will visit Switzerland, where he will inspect a certain collection, the nature of which is not disclosed, in the hope that it may be purchased for the Metropolitan Museum.

The directors refused to be drawn into the controversy now agitating art circles with reference to the alleged spoiling of certain pictures in the museum by cleaning or restoration processes.

THE INVESTIGATIONS.

F. D. Monk Calls Witness But Asks No Questions—Preston's Evidence Referred to House.

Ottawa, May 30.—When Alf. Jury was called before the agriculture committee to-day F. D. Monk, who summoned him, said that he had no questions to ask him.

At the public accounts committee, W. L. Griffith admitted that Mr. Preston's letters to Ennis were handed to him by Lord Strathcona.

The evidence of Preston at the agriculture committee and his refusal to answer questions were referred to the House on motion of Duncan Ross.

OREGON VISITED BY SEVERE STORM

CROPS AND HOUSES HAVE BEEN WASHED AWAY

The Umatilla River is Rising Rapidly and it is Feared Pendleton May Be Flooded.

Pendleton, Ore., May 30.—A severe storm is raging over Umatilla county and the creeks and streams are overflowing, the result being that crops and houses are being washed away.

The Umatilla river is rising a foot an hour, and fears are felt lest the levee breaks and floods the town.

Bridges in the vicinity of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company were washed out in several places, and the yards are full of freight trains held here while the eastbound passenger train will remain until the track can be opened.

ALARMING FIRE.

Flames Break Out in Building in Which Kerosene Is Stored.

Colon, May 30.—(9 a.m.)—Fire started at 8:30 this morning among the stock of kerosene belonging to the United States commissary department, fifty yards back of the main commissary building, where over half a million dollars' worth of goods are stored.

The origin of the fire is not known. Efforts are being made to confine the flames to the spot where they broke out and prevent them from reaching the main commissary building, but there is a possibility of an extensive conflagration.

DEATH OF "DEADWOOD DICK."

Hero of Dime Novels Died at Denver of Pneumonia.

Denver, Colo., May 30.—A dispatch from Cripple Creek says that Frank Palmer, said to be the original "Deadwood Dick" of dime novel fame, died in the county hospital here yesterday of pneumonia.

According to the dispatch Palmer was a nephew of former Senator John M. Palmer and claimed relationship to the late Potter Palmer, of Chicago. When 17 years old Palmer left home and drifted West. He went to Deadwood, South Dakota, in the early days of that camp and became a successful gambler, and the sports of the mining camp dubbed him "Deadwood Dick, the Plumber."

LADY BARRISTERS.

The Queensland legislature recently passed an act, which has since received the royal assent, which confers on women the right of practicing as barristers, solicitors, or conveyancers in that colony.

Members of the colonial bar have the right to appear as advocates before the judicial committee of the privy council on appeals, there is nothing, it would seem, to prevent a lady barrister appearing before that tribunal on any appeal from Queensland.

VICTIMS OF DISASTER.

The deepest bog in Great Britain is to be found at Tregaron, in Cardiganshire, where the peat is from 20 to 25 feet in thickness.

INQUIRY INTO INSURANCE AFFAIRS

CONFEDERATION LIFE'S SECRETARY ON STAND

Grand Trunk Railway Shareholders Authorize Issue of Fifteen Million Dollars Debiture Stock.

Toronto, May 29.—At this morning's session of the insurance inquiry, Col. MacDonald, secretary of the Confederation Life, gave a statement of the company's profits during the last year.

They amounted to \$325,000, but out of this \$149,000 had to be taken for losses, leaving a total net profit of \$176,000.

In respect to the commission on renewals, witness stated that the expenses had been gradually increasing, while the expenses for commissions on the first year's business had been increasing.

Regarding the rebating system he said he thought this should be abolished if Canadian and American companies acted in unison.

Dr. Leacock's Address. Toronto, May 29.—We must become a real, integral, governing part of the British empire. If not that, we shall become something infinitely less.

Dr. Leacock, of McGill University, Montreal, in a lecture last night at Massey hall on "Imperial Unity," delivered under the auspices of the Daughters of the Empire and in the presence of His Excellency Lord Grey and party.

Sir W. Howland.

Toronto, May 29.—Sir William Howland, first Canadian lieutenant-governor of Ontario, celebrated to-day his ninety-sixth birthday.

Charged With Gambling.

Toronto, May 29.—Summoned charging two bookmakers at the Woodbine with gambling were issued and served by officers of the morality department yesterday.

Railway Tariff.

Toronto, May 29.—Judge Killam, the chairman of the Dominion railway commission, which met here to-day, announced that the commission had decided to hold a general investigation into the railway tariff question, as affairs in this country had reached a stage where this was warranted.

St. Catharines, May 29.—William Elliott, an employee of Taylor & Bates' brewery, was killed and instantly killed on the railway crossing here this morning.

Medicine Hat, Alta., May 29.—The city council here proposes to buy out the Bell telephone system and municipalize it.

Escort of Cossacks Opened Fire on Crowd and Number of People Were Killed.

Borjomi, Trans-Caucasia, May 30.—An attempt was made on the life of Gen. Alikhanoff, governor-general of Kutais, last night as he was about to take a train for Tiflis.

The general arrived at the station surrounded by an escort of Cossacks when two bombs were thrown at him and exploded in the midst of the party seriously wounding Alikhanoff, a member of his staff and several Cossacks.

The remainder of the Cossacks immediately formed up and fired indiscriminately into the crowd killing many persons.

In addition the Cossacks burned to the ground buildings in the vicinity to which the people had fled.

Alikhanoff's Vengeance. St. Petersburg, May 30.—Gen. Alikhanoff, the "pacifier" of Kutais province, is the most hated man in the Caucasus.

For several months past fall the government was completely in the hands of the revolutionists, they being in full possession of the railroad which they had blown up in January.

Aikhanoff dispatched a column of Cossacks, who crossed the mountains, and with fire and sword laid waste the fertile Rion valley.

The general announced that at the first town reached he proposed to make the peoples' grandchildren remember his name. His vengeance was horrible. Hundreds of the inhabitants, mostly Georgians, and others were executed.

Many of the men were driven into the mountains, and the women were given over to the Cossacks. Fifty villages were absolutely wiped out. The atrocities committed attracted the attention of a whole country, and were the subjects of bitter complaint.

STAMER CAPSIZED—SIXTY-FIVE LIVES LOST

Riga, Livonia, May 30.—An overloaded excursion steamer capsized off a pier here yesterday evening drowning 65 persons.

The boat had just started for a neighboring watering place when she keeled over and sank. Only ten of the 75 persons on board were saved.

SEA COATED WITH PUMICE.

Probably Result of Some Recent Subterranean Disturbance.

Honolulu, May 29.—The schooner Lavinia arrived yesterday from Laysan Island and reported that the ocean in that vicinity is covered for many miles with a very heavy coating of pumice.

At Laysan Island and on the French Frigate shoals there were piles of pumice prior to the San Francisco earthquake. It is believed that there were some subterranean outbreaks, probably in connection with the Formosa earthquake.

News From Former War Minister of Guatemala Satisfactory to Revolutionists.

City of Mexico, May 30.—News from Guatemala, the former war minister of Guatemala, who is advancing from Salvador into Guatemala with 2,000 troops, including, it is said, Salvadorian regulars, is satisfactory to the revolutionists, who announce a glorious victory over the Guatemalans.

It is reported that Ocos was stormed last night by new forces with an American officer in charge.

LIVELY TILT IN VANCOUVER COURT

BETWEEN L. G. McPHILLIPS AND JOSEPH MARTIN

The Latter, Who Appeared as Witness, Makes Serious Charge Against Mr. McPhillips.

Vancouver, May 30.—Joseph Martin and L. G. McPhillips last night in the case of McPhillips vs. Parry had one of the liveliest tilts which ever occurred in a Vancouver courtroom.

Mr. Martin went into the box as a witness, and said that certain statements had been made to him by McPhillips's client, Turner.

Mr. McPhillips—And is that your idea of professional etiquette? Mr. Martin—I know what professional etiquette is, Mr. McPhillips. Mine is based on honor.

Mr. Martin—I tried to bring the matter before the benchers, but you got it thrown out.

Mr. McPhillips—Your statement is not true, and you know it. Mr. Martin—It is true. I can prove it.

The Chief Justice then ordered counsel to proceed, with the case.

ATTEMPT TO KILL GOVERNOR-GENERAL

GEN. AIKHAMOFF INJURED BY BOMB

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SPEARMINT WINNER OF THE DERBY

A RECORD CROWD VIEWED CLASSIC RACE

Picton Followed Sir Tatton Syke's Horse Past Post, Troutbeck Being Third—Twenty-One Started.

Epsem, Eng., May 30.—The weather to-day was ideal, and the dusty road from London to Epsem never carried a greater crowd, while the railroads, although they ran scores of specials, were unable to accommodate the Epsem bound people.

The race for the Derby stakes, 6,500 sovereigns for entire colts and fillies, foaled in 1905, about one mile and a half, was won by Sir Tatton Syke's Spearmint.

Mr. Dugdale's Picton was second and the Duke of Westminster's Troutbeck was third. Twenty-two horses started.

THREE MEN PERISHED.

Halifax, May 30.—Schooner Thetis, from Summerside, P. E. I., for Louisburg, was driven ashore at the entrance of Louisburg harbor last night.

The crew of four men took to the rigging, but only three were saved.

Three men perished. The crew of four men took to the rigging, but only three were saved.

Three Men on Trial at Kamloops—Edwards Identified as Bill Miner.

Kamloops, May 29.—The trial of the train robbers was commenced this morning at the adjourned sittings.

Edwards, Colquhoun and Dunn were charged with robbing His Majesty's mails, said Dunn, two orders of demands of shooting with intent to murder Sergeant Wilson and Constable Browning, of the R. N. W. M. P.

Mr. MacIntyre appeared for the prisoners, J. Murphy, M. P. P., and Deputy Attorney-General Maclean prosecuted for the crown.

Mr. MacIntyre made a strong appeal for the postponement of the trial until the summer months.

The Deputy Attorney-General objected to any postponement of the trial, counsel for the defence not having shown sufficient reason for such.

His Lordship, in refusing the application, severely scored the "yellow press," but did not think that the articles in question had had any effect on the jury-men.

After an adjournment for lunch the case proceeded with a jury of twelve, with J. Morrill as foreman, being empanelled.

Deputy Attorney-General Maclean first addressed the jury, relating the story of the hold-up, chase and subsequent capture of the "land pirates," as he termed them.

Several witnesses were called, testifying to the three prisoners having been round the district for some days before the robbery, and having purchased supplies in Kamloops, the empty packages, etc., being found in their possession.

Joseph Callin, the engineer of the train held up, then gave his evidence, identifying Colquhoun as being one of the robbers.

Callin's evidence was not finished when the court adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Warden Kelly, of San Quentin jail, arrived in town this morning. He at once recognized George Edwards as Bill Miner, who was confined in San Quentin jail from March, 1881, to June, 1901.

On the arrival of the prisoners at the court house this morning Kelly went up to Edwards, held out his hand, and said, "Hello, Bill, shake hands." Edwards took the proffered hand, replying, "I'll shake hands with you all right, but I don't know who you are."

Known at Armstrong. The Armstrong Advance says: "George Edwards is well known to a number at Armstrong, having for some time been employed as a farm laborer here. While a resident here he is said to have been somewhat of a favorite. He was particularly liked by those ranchers with families, because he was such a fatherly old fellow with the children. To-day in many a home in the valley the fathers and mothers are recounting tales of the visits of the old fellow to their homes. He was never more content than when playing with the 'kiddies' for hours he would sit out in the sun and romp with them."

BUILDINGS ROCKED.

Reading, Pa., May 29.—Reports from South Bucks county, near the Chester county line, this afternoon report earthquakes and vibrations which created great alarm. There was a general rocking of buildings.

APPOINTMENT CANCELLED.

E. Sims Is No Longer Deputy Shipping Master at Vancouver.

Vancouver, May 29.—In connection with the alleged smuggling case, Capt. J. P. Halden, shipping master, and a revenue notice from Ottawa cancelling E. Sims' appointment as deputy shipping master.

E. Sims, deputy shipping master, formerly of Port Vancouver, Seattle, where he was engaged in supplying sailors to ships, and Louis Hansen, who was engaged with Sims on the other side and is with him in Vancouver, were on trial in the police court yesterday on Friday and Saturday on the charge of kidnapping a man, Michael Keating.

After hearing the evidence the magistrate dismissed the case. The magistrate, in giving his decision, said that it is not necessary to determine whether or not the case up for trial, so that there could be a re-vestigation.

"It needs this for the benefit of the public and of the sailors. Four men swore that Keating was perfectly sober, and as this raised a doubt I must give the accused the benefit of it. It is a great temptation to the runners to run them in when the reward is so great. There is no according to law, and I do not know how much more. The obtaining of an advance is a very seedy transaction. I am satisfied that the 29 would have to do it did not want the clothes. I was sorry the clothes had been distributed, else I would have sent an officer over to have them brought into court. It is a good thing that the public has got the benefit of the evidence in this matter."

Keating was released on Monday from the police station. Magistrate Williams had decided that no case of shanghaiing had been proved, and that the old man could be taken back to the ship; but on Monday Captain Olsen, of the Mozambique, and Deputy Shipping Master Sims called at the jail and informed Keating that they would release him from all agreements, and that he did not have to go back on the Mozambique. The reason they are said to have given was that owing to the age of the man they thought it would be as well not to take him.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER. Portland, Ore., May 29.—Arthur G. Rehnke, formerly receiving teller of the Marshall and Ilsey National Bank, of Milwaukee, was arrested here last night on a telegraphic warrant charging him with the embezzlement of \$3,400. Rehnke expressed his willingness to return to Milwaukee.

GIANTIC FRAUDS.

One Million Dollars Believed to Have Been Taken From Mutual Life of New York.

New York, May 29.—The Tribune says to-day: "The grand jury in its investigation of the Mutual Life insurance company's affairs obtained evidence yesterday that many thousands of dollars were taken annually for twenty years from the treasury of the company by means of a series of 'check' bills, which were printed and supplied for the company through the firm of George McKibben & Son, bookbinders, No. 3 Park street, Port of the evidence was furnished by George McKibben, head of the firm, who was a witness in the afternoon. It was said that the criminal courts building yesterday afternoon that the unearthing of the frauds would probably result in the arrest of the officials of the Mutual Life. A saving of \$1,000,000 was made through the firm of George McKibben & Son, bookbinders, No. 3 Park street, Port of the evidence was furnished by George McKibben, head of the firm, who was a witness in the afternoon. 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JURY ON ROBBERS FAILED TO AGREE

Eleven For Conviction and One For Acquittal--Accused Will Be Arraigned Again Immediately.

Kamloops, B. C., May 31.—After deliberating seven hours on the evidence the jury in the Ducks train robbery case reported at 12.30 last night to the court they were unable to agree on a verdict and were discharged.

They stood eleven for conviction and one for acquittal.

Twice during the evening they came in for instructions, the points of contention seeming to be the question as to whether the peculiar tracks followed by Constable Fernie and his Indians were made by the boots worn by the prisoners.

The accused will again appear before Mr. Justice Irving, when a new jury will be empanelled and a new trial will begin.

New Trial in Progress. (Special to the Times.)

Kamloops, May 31.—One lone jurymen held out for the acquittal of the alleged train robbers.

Early this morning the foreman reported to Mr. Justice Irving that there was no hope of an agreement, so the jury was discharged. Eleven men stood for conviction of all three accused. The dissent is stated to be a Socialist.

BUSY MORNING AT LOCAL TRIBUNAL

WILLIAMS HAS BEEN COMMITTED TO TRIAL

On Charge of Criminal Assault--Evidence in McConnell Case Did Not Justify Conviction.

Magistrate Hall was confronted with an exceptionally large docket in police court this morning. There was the Green-McConnell case, in which the former charged that the latter kept dogs that were a nuisance to the neighborhood in which he resided; C. M. Gowen, an automobile chauffeur, had to answer to the accusation of speeding through the streets of Victoria; John Williams, charged with criminal assault, again came up for a hearing behind closed doors, and, in conclusion, the remanded provincial case against the Chinaman, Chang Sing, accused of stealing a propeller at Esquimalt and disposing of it at Aaronson's pawn shop, is being continued.

Naturally much interest centred in the first case on the list. All the evidence for the prosecutor, Mr. Green, and the defendant, T. P. McConnell, who was represented by Frank Higgins, had been taken at a previous session and the magistrate was to give his decision. As it was expected to involve the authority of the city council to enforce the section of the pound-by-law, upon which the prosecution based its case, the summing up was listened to most carefully.

The police magistrate said he wouldn't absolutely decide that the section of the pound-by-law in question was ultra vires. It was his opinion, however, that a conviction could not be supported under its provisions. He dismissed the case on other grounds. These were that the particular circumstances in the charge under consideration were not such as were contemplated when the section was passed. The weight of evidence showed that for two minutes at the outside on twenty mornings in the month the dogs complained of barked. The inconvenience suffered was not of a substantial character. A sick woman living near the kennels, than the prosecutor had given evidence to the effect that she had not been disturbed by the noise during a period when she could sleep neither night nor day. To bring the case within the second of the sections of the by-law, the charge would have to be proved more serious. If this wasn't true, the by-law would have to be construed into an absolute prohibition of the keeping of dogs. In the new act, which would come into force on the 14th of next month, the keeping of dogs was dealt with specially. The section under discussion then would have no force, nor would the council have any power to deal with the question. For that reason he did not think it necessary to declare the section ultra vires or otherwise.

The next case called was that of C. M. Gowen. The charge was driving an automobile along Government street on Saturday night at a speed greater than ten miles an hour. Asked to plead the accused said he "was doubtful." He, however, finally decided that he was guilty and was fined \$5, which was paid forthwith.

The Williams case was ventilated behind closed doors, the evidence occupying the attention of the court until noon. It was sufficiently strong against the accused to warrant a committal, and consequently the magistrate sent the accused for trial.

There being no time in the forenoon to deal with the charge of alleged theft by a propeller by a Chinaman named Chung Sing, the case was set for 4

who has often expressed the opinion outside that no poor man should be convicted of any offence.

A new trial was commenced this morning at 11. Mr. McIntyre, for the prisoners, made an application for a change of venue to Clinton, Revelstoke or Vancouver, but this was refused. Practically the same evidence will be submitted again.

Great interest was taken in the trial. Many women attended the sessions, and yesterday at noon ate lunch-basket dinners and amused themselves with new patterns of fancy-work.

At 2 o'clock Mr. McIntyre announced he would call no evidence. Deputy Attorney-General McLean spoke, then Messrs. McIntyre and Swanson, the last mentioned on behalf of Colquhoun.

Mr. Justice Irving pointed out, in his charge to the jury, that they could bring in a verdict of guilty on circumstantial evidence.

The jury left the court room at 6 o'clock. About 11 o'clock they came in and asked for instructions regarding certain distances and footprints. Then they struggled with the dissent again for several hours with the result as above stated.

If the second trial fails Dunn will be charged with shooting with intent and the second trial will be accused of the Miner, alias Edwards, will be accused of the Mission hold up.

6 o'clock this afternoon, and is now in progress. It will be remembered that F. Higgins, who is appearing for the defence, claimed that the accused bought the article in question from a boy in Esquimalt, and that when he disposed of it at Aaronson's emporium it was his own property.

BOUND NORTH. The Steamer Camosun Will Carry Passengers, Leaving Port This Evening.

The Union Steamship Company, of Vancouver, is making a strong bid for the northern freight and passenger business out of this port. The company's steamer Camosun, which sails at 6 o'clock to-night, will have about one hundred tons of freight and a very large passenger list. The latter will include Capt. Johnson, who goes north to take command of the Hudson's Bay Company steamer Mount Royal, which has been undergoing repairs on the Skeena and which is now about ready to resume service. A. R. Green, P. A. James, A. W. Slingshot, Mr. Hamilton, H. Erb, Messrs. Sweet and Lendenberg, P. Peterson, Mrs. Middleton, J. B. Brown, J. Herald, R. Cloin, W. McKenzie, S. Wise, L. J. Bakman, R. Goldie, Mrs. Bassett, F. Wilkes, C. J. Glen, E. Wilson, S. Harvey, J. W. Moore and party of fifteen, and about 30 steerage passengers.

THE FLOODS IN OREGON. Number of People at Pendleton Are Homeless--River Continues to Rise.

Pendleton, May 30.—One-third of the people of Pendleton are either temporarily homeless or have been driven into the upper floors of their residences by the rising waters of the Umatilla river, which is now a raging torrent, sweeping bridges and dykes before it.

Over the affected parts of the country the water is steadily rising, fed by the incessant rains. From every hand comes the news of bridges being swept away, irrigation dams and levees being broken, and business houses in great danger. The dam of the stocks stored in basements are submerged.

Communication with outlying districts is uncertain, but the steady rise of the Umatilla shows that the floods are still increasing. Rain is falling steadily.

At Walla Walla. Walla Walla, May 30.—This city and county is experiencing one of the worst floods in many years. Aided street, one of the principal business thoroughfares, is flooded three feet, and several residence streets are filled with water. Two bridges in the city have been washed out and three others are in great danger. The dam of the Walla Walla Power Company, on the Walla Walla river, 15 miles from this city, went out this morning, cutting off all lights and power. City officials are preparing to dynamite the Fifth street bridge, which offers great resistance to the rushing waters.

The water has invaded the basements of some of the largest stores and warehouses, and threatens destruction of some of the principal buildings.

The danger is increasing. No lives have been lost so far as known. Communication with outlying territory has been cut off. It is known from the character of debris washed down the river that some houses have been swept away.

A French farmer, who kept a number of ducks and cats, constructed ingeniously, in order to protect the latter from the former, a cat's nest, which he placed among the branches of a stunted oak tree.

MISSIONARY WORK.

Annual Gathering of the Junior Branches of Anglican Women.

The junior branches of the Woman's Auxiliary to missions in connection with the Anglican church was held in the schoolroom of Christ church Cathedral Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Perrin, president of the Woman's Auxiliary, presided.

A message of goodwill from the annual meeting of the Toronto branches was read at the meeting. Bishop Perrin in a short address, congratulated the branches on the first years' work.

Reports of the work done were read by the secretaries and treasurers of St. Christ church, St. John's, St. Saviour's and St. James' branches, in which it was set forth that bales had been sent to several missions and a Christmas tree provided for the Indians at Alert Bay.

Mrs. Cooper in an address traced the history of the diocese of Columbia from the consecration of Bishop Phillips in 1839 up to the present.

Rev. J. Grady gave an interesting address on missionary work in China. The bishop distributed the prizes and badges to the successful candidates in an examination recently held, including missionary work in India, and certain parts of the gospel and church catechism. In the first division the prize was awarded to Margaret Driver, who obtained 147 out of 150 marks; badges were presented to Mariejean Davies, Winnifred Andrew, Thelma Davies and Gladys Royds. In the second division Phyllis Burrell won the prize, and Phyllis Wollaston and Emeline Andrew obtained badges, and in the third Margaret Innes was given the prize.

The singing of the doxology brought the meeting to a close, after which tea was provided by the members of the senior branches.

THE MARIECHEN IS IN ESQUIMALT

SHIP WAS MOORED EARLY THIS MORNING

One Thousand Tons of Cargo Still in Steamer's Hold--Will Be Docked For Repairs.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

At one o'clock this morning the steamer Mariechen was moored to a buoy in Esquimalt harbor after a long tow from Juneau behind the P. C. Salvage steamer Solvar. The vessel had been anchored in Cadboro bay the previous night and was brought on to port when the wind subsided last evening.

As the ship stands it is impossible to state the extent of the damages which she sustained on the rocks at False bay. She is taking in a little water, necessitating the pumps being put in operation for a few hours every day. It has been purchased by Seattle company and will, it is believed, be shipped to that point as fast as it is unloaded.

It will be about a week before the steamer is ready to enter the harbor where a survey of her injuries will be made. When this has been done tenders for the repairs will probably be called. In the meanwhile the dock will be used by the P. C. Marine Railway Company for the steamer Otter, a big collier which is coming from Union on Friday to undergo a cleaning and overhauling, which will take four or five days to complete.

The Mariechen will then be placed on the blocks for possibly a couple of months. The vessel left Juneau for Esquimalt on May 19th and made stoppage a day at Takli, Ketchikan, and Cadboro bay. Considering her condition she stood the tow well and no trouble was experienced by the Salvor in bringing her to port.

The ship Dulovich, which has been undergoing repairs for some time, is now in running shape again, work on her having been finished to-day.

One of the contracts which the company have on hand, that of building a new quarantine tender for William Head, has not been advancing as rapidly as the company could wish. This is owing to a scarcity of labor.

RAVAGES OF FLOODS. Damage in Umatilla County, Oregon, May Reach One Million Dollars.

Portland, Ore., May 31.—A dispatch to the Oregonian from Pendleton, Oregon, says that the damage in Umatilla county from the floods of the past two days may reach one million dollars.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS. An Increase of More Than Half a Million Dollars Compared With Last May.

Ottawa, May 31.—The customs receipts for the Dominion during the present month amounted to \$1,242,285, an increase of \$58,586 over May, 1905. For the eleven months of the fiscal year the customs receipts were \$12,111,310, a total increase of \$4,485,092 over the same time last year.

BILLS REPORTED. Ottawa, May 31.—The railway committee of the Commons reported a bill to incorporate the Hill Crest Railway and Coal Company. It is an eighty-mile line from Morrissey, B. C.

The Northern Commercial Telegraph bill was reported, giving the company an increase in capital to \$700,000.

MISSIONARIES IN SOUTHERN INDIA

EFFECT OF FAMINES UPON THE POPULACE

The Sufferings of Impoverished Classes Graphically Related by Rev. E. Lynn.

With the immense population of approximately 300,000,000 Hindustan has only between 2,000 and 3,000 missionaries engaged in enlightening the minds of the ignorant in regard to the truths of the Gospel of Christ and the elevating influences of civilization.

Rev. J. Grady gave an interesting address on missionary work in China. The bishop distributed the prizes and badges to the successful candidates in an examination recently held, including missionary work in India, and certain parts of the gospel and church catechism. In the first division the prize was awarded to Margaret Driver, who obtained 147 out of 150 marks; badges were presented to Mariejean Davies, Winnifred Andrew, Thelma Davies and Gladys Royds. In the second division Phyllis Burrell won the prize, and Phyllis Wollaston and Emeline Andrew obtained badges, and in the third Margaret Innes was given the prize.

The singing of the doxology brought the meeting to a close, after which tea was provided by the members of the senior branches.

There is a likelihood that the Yellow Head pass through the Rocky mountains will become one of the busiest portions of the west within a few years. It is not improbable that within the near future four great railway systems, most of them transcontinental, will be carrying freight through this gateway into British Columbia.

The Canadian Northern, which is very reasonably expected to avail themselves of that pass, although plans have not yet been filed at Ottawa showing that it will be the route. The company will exhaust every means to discover whether a better pass exists before electing to take the Yellow Head, but those in a position to know believe that the latter will be the way taken by the Grand Trunk Pacific through the mountains.

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ATTRACTED TO PROVINCE.

Lieut.-Col. Swayne Will Take Up His Residence in the Okanagan.

Lieut.-Col. E. J. E. Swayne, the newly appointed governor of Honduras, who was in Victoria for several days, and enjoyed fishing on Vancouver Island, has purchased land in the vicinity of Vernon.

The colonel purchased the 640 acre property belonging to John Phillips on the south side of White valley adjoining the Leavitt ranch. The property also includes part of the old McKinnon range. The consideration was in the neighborhood of \$7,000. The colonel expects to return to the Okanagan in four or five years and take up his residence on his land.

Col. Swayne has been looking into the possibilities of the Okanagan as a suitable place for retiring India officers, and believes that it is just what the most frequent fishermen and pleasure and profitable employment for little capital.

Another meeting of the local Trades and Labor Council was held Wednesday to further arrange for the reception and entertainment of the members of the Trades and Labor Congress when it convenes in this city in September next.

Various plans were suggested for duly celebrating the event, but it was finally decided to appoint a committee to wait upon the Victoria Development and Tourist Association for the purpose of securing its co-operation in a grand parade, which might exhibit the industrial wealth of the Vancouver Island to good advantage. It was also suggested that a dance should be held on some evening of the delegates are here. This meeting with considerable approval a committee was appointed to investigate and report.

It is impossible at present to indicate the number of delegates likely to come west, but the men who do make the trip will include some of the most representative in the labor interests of the Dominion.

In this connection the following editorial reference in the Winnipeg Voice of recent date will be of general interest: "Although it is not finally settled, it is very probable that the visit of the British labor members of parliament to Canada will take place towards the end of August. Their trip will commence in the East and work toward the West with the expectation of meeting the Trades and Labor Congress when it convenes in Victoria, B. C., about the middle of September. It was at first planned for the representatives to visit Australia and take in Canada on the return, bringing them here in December or January. Later communications from J. Ramsay MacDonald, the secretary of the Labor party, give promise of a change in these plans as mentioned above."

The labor convention in September next will be the first ever held in British Columbia, and incalculable good is bound to result from whatever favorable impression labor leaders carry away with them.

Latest advices from the Orient.

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M. Kaho, vice-president of the company, was on board, en route round the world on a pleasure tour, accompanied by his private secretary, N. Takayanagi. The general superintendent of the line, Saida, was also among the passengers, and will meet T. Yatsui, the manager, at Kobe, in Seattle for the purpose of arranging a schedule with the Great Northern railway.

Two American missionaries returned from their labors in the Orient. Rev. W. Woodman, who has been stationed in Japan, and W. A. Main, engaged in religious work in Shanghai. The latter was accompanied by his wife and child. J. Radoloff, an engineer in the Spanish navy, was on his way home, having been returned from duty on a man-of-war now in Shanghai.

J. D. Costa de Moraes, Portuguese consul-general at Canton, is on his way to London, from whence he will go overland to Lisbon and report to his government. At Vancouver 29 Japanese and one American will be landed as well as a small amount of freight. The voyage was an extremely pleasant one, good weather being encountered the whole way across.

Advices received by the Kanagawa Maru show that the crisis in the rice famine are practically obliterated. There is now no distribution, and the new crop of rice is in first class condition. The Empire is considerably agitated over a verthe scheme to nationalize the railways, and already preparations are being made for the taking over of the roads in 1910.

Over half a million yen was realized from the seal, otter, cod, shark and tunny fisheries of Japan last year. Subsidies were paid by the government to two steamers and 35 sailing vessels, about 800 fishermen being employed in the industry. The catch of fur seals was 10,355 valued at 4,2100 yen and 153 sea otters valued at 76,500 yen. Cod, shark tunny, etc., realized 37,385 yen.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha is negotiating a loan of twenty million yen with an English syndicate through the Japan Industrial bank. All the property of the company will be pledged as security, and the interest will be fixed at between 4 1/2 and 5 per cent.

Professor Kimura, who recently invented a new system of wireless telephony, has been the subject of ferocious attacks by several German authorities who allege the principles of his device have been stolen from the Wireless Telegraph Company. Berlin. Prof. Kimura's inventions both in telegraphy and telephony have been adopted by the Japanese navy it is probable that official cognizance will be taken in the Canton and other rivers have caused considerable damage to crops, and a large loss of life. The country between Tamshui and Fatsan is almost entirely under water, and the latter place has been the scene of a great loss of life. A total loss is reported of the rice crop, and the first silk crop will not reach more than 20 per cent of the average. Famine appears to be in sight, and rice consumers are purchasing all they can at the present rates.

Kobe was on fete on May 19th and Extracurricular memorial services were held for the soldiers killed during the war. On the first day the religious ceremonies were performed, consisting of two services--first, conducted by the priests of the Shinto faith, being held in the morning, and the second, conducted by priests of the Buddhist religion, in the afternoon. At 1 p. m. on the 20th inst. the celebration of the triumphal return of the troops commenced. Processions of gishes, decorated cars, etc. were arranged, the inhabitants of Motomachi, I-chome, fitting out dancing and musical cars at their own expense, an example which was followed by residents in other streets. Horse races were another feature of the festivities on the Minatogawa, animals being brought from Harima and Awaji to compete.

The Japanese government is now engaged upon the production of national wealth, and the increased taxation in consequence of the war is arousing public attention. In compliance with its pledge to the Diet during the last session, it has appointed a committee--with the vice-minister for Finance at the head, and including officials in the finance department--for the purpose of investigating the existing taxation. Mr. Wakatsuki, vice-minister for Finance, is now travelling in Korea and Manchuria, and the committee will commence its investigations about the beginning of June.

It is evident from accounts received from Manchuria that Japan will have to spend money on railway betterments before her principal holding is of much value. The first great question, naturally, is whether the Japanese will change the gauge from the 4 ft. 8 1/2 in. standard gauge. If they made this change, in addition to all their other expenses they will have to invest at least £1,000,000 providing completely new rolling stock to replace that which they borrowed from their own railways in Japan. It is unlikely this will be done as there are a number of other very heavy outlays which will have to be at once entered into.

LEAVING ARMOUR COMPANY. President Valentine Announces His Resignation--Has Nothing to Say Regarding Future Plans.

Chicago, May 31.—A. Valentine, president of the Armour-Gray Company since its organization in 1880, yesterday announced his resignation, to take effect early in July on the return from Europe of J. O. Armour, head of the Armour interests. Mr. Valentine declined to discuss his plans for the future except in a general way, saying that he has under consideration a number of business propositions.

Mr. Valentine for years has been one of the largest traders on the board of trade. He has engineered several of the most important deals in the history of the exchange, and he has had a tremendous following among operators both here and in other cities.

RAINBOW GROWER'S WILL. Leaves \$750,000 to Establish Viticultural Station at Fresno.

San Francisco, May 31.—By the terms of the will of the late Theo. Kearney, the noted raisin grower of Fresno, who died suddenly several days ago on the steamship Caronia, while en route from New York to Queenstown, his entire estate, valued at \$750,000, is bequeathed to the University of California for the establishment of a viticultural station at Fresno. The will was made public yesterday by the Union Trust Company, executor of the estate.

TWO MORE DEATHS. Rawlins, Wyo., May 31.—William Wardlaw and Jesse Keating, convicts, died at the state penitentiary here yesterday from the effects of drinking wood alcohol.

B. & K. CHICK FOOD

THE POULTRY KEEPER'S FRIEND.

Write for samples and prices to BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY

125 Government St., Victoria.

BRITISH LABOR MEMBERS MAY VISIT VICTORIA

Will Probably Arrive Here During Trades and Labor Congress--Preparing For Reception of Delegates.

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AFTER THE WORLD.

The Colonist charges the Vancouver World with using a sensational headline publishing the following in its issue of May 26th: "A few days ago there appeared in the columns of this first-class family and enterprising journal an article which preferred severe charges against certain members of the 'band of adventurers, male and female,' who live at Victoria and are using certain public officials and certain departmental information for their own pecuniary advancement."

Our Victoria contemporary bids that "no government can permit itself to rest quietly under a charge of that kind, one which it would warrant the dismissal from office of the guilty member, and which, if untrue, merits the severest punishment for the newspaper responsible for its fabrication."

WISE COUNSEL.

Conservative newspapers just now feign to attach a great deal of importance to the opinions of the Toronto Globe. There are seasons when they affect to regard the utterances of the Toronto contemporary as the vapourings of an extremist, a hypocrite, a religious fanatic and a political humbug.

We have observed in the Colonist lately articles from the Globe expressing high ethical ideals. One appeared so strongly to the editor that it was put in type twice and printed in two separate columns. That may be accepted as a very high compliment to the Globe.

There is a perfectly clear distinction in Parliamentary procedure between a specific charge of wrongdoing and a suspicion suggested by circumstantial evidence. This distinction was properly drawn by the Premier and the Minister of Finance when the question of purchasing supplies for the recent Hudson's Bay expedition was raised by the opposition.

The charge referred to the special committee is one of deliberate fraud on the public treasury. The belief was repeatedly expressed in a previous debate that the amount of supplies purchased for the steamer Arctic, while fitting out for a two years' cruise to Hudson's Bay, was so great that the vessel's hold could not contain them all.

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on the work of investigation, such as examining witnesses on oath, requiring the production of accounts and papers, and the restrictions usually imposed on lawyers in the questioning of witnesses in courts of law. It is not necessary in order to bring up any matter in the Public Accounts Committee that there should be any allegation or even suspicion of wrongdoing.

It is perhaps too much to expect that the ridiculous dilemma in which the members of the opposition found themselves will bring about any betterment in their Parliamentary methods. The root of the trouble is incompatibility between a leader who is essentially a mild-mannered gentleman and a subordinate who is offensively aggressive and is constantly endeavoring to force his leader's hand.

GETTING READY.

The Premier and Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works are going up and down in the interior making all things ready for dissolution of the legislature and a general election. It is understood the leader of the Socialists has been enlightened as to what is pending and that he also is adjusting his political compasses and preparing to lay a straight course for the future.

Our valiant and unconquerable friend, Sam Hughes, M. P., has gained another victory, greater even than the capture of a strong battalion of truculent and fierce fighting Boers. It will be remembered that the Major, in command of a single unit in the preliminary operations of the Boer war, surrounded a commando of desperate rebels, subdued their spirits by the majesty of his presence and of his eloquence, and had them on the point of surrendering to him.

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OFFENDERS WILL BE PUNISHED.

The young Liberals of Toronto, in meeting assembled, have demanded, we are told, that every charge against the administration of the departments of Marine and Fisheries and of the Interior be analyzed and probed to the bottom. All sorts and conditions of Liberals in all parts of the country will join in the demands of the young Liberals of Toronto.

TRAIN ROBBERY AND OTHERS.

The public desire to secure the speedy conviction and punishment of the men charged with the robbery of a C. P. R. train is deep and natural. The holding-up of trains is an industrial manifestation that should be ground firmly under the heel of British law. This feeling is intensified by the conviction that the industry is not a native manifestation. It is not indigenous to the country, but an exotic from the other side.

useless to ask the public to give its attention to mere surface or external matters. "CONTINUITY OF MUNICIPAL SERVICE." If the ratepayers of a municipality, or of any governmental unit, desire "continuity of policy" in respect of administration they can easily have it by voting for continuity of representation.

The prospects of British Columbia are steadily improving. The products of our mines are increasing in value as well as in volume. Markets for our fruit are growing faster than the orchards we have planted or are on the point of planting.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS AUXILIARY FORMED.

Younger Element of Victoria Join in the Crusade Against the Dread Disease. During the past week a new society has been formed as an auxiliary to the Anti-Tuberculosis Society, composed of the younger element in Victoria.

TROUBLE ON ORION.

Three Members of the Crew Sentenced for Disobeying Orders. The whaling schooner Orion, which came into Esquimalt to have some pipes repaired and which was to have left last evening, is still in port.

THE DUST NUISANCE.

New Sprinkler Will Soon Be Ready for Operation. Now that the weather appears to be somewhat settled the need of a sprinkler to lay the dust effectually on all the principal streets is beginning to be felt.

BUDGET FACTS.

One of the most gratifying statements in Mr. Fielding's budget was that, judging by the revenue and working expenses of the Intercolonial Railway for the first ten months of 1905-06, he was justified in expecting an equilibrium in the accounts of that enterprise.

Farmers' Sons Wanted.

The brain of the elephant is remarkably small, being about one twenty-third the size of that of a human being in proportion to the weight of both.

has dared to question the integrity of his conduct or to impute to him motives inimical to the fair game, the well-being, or the true interests of Canada, his native land. We are quite sure that if the political opponents of Sir Wilfrid were not completely overcome by the maddening lust for office if they were not rendered desperate by the prospect of another ten years of opposition as a consequence of the remarkable prosperity of the Dominion and the quite natural popular association of such conditions with the administration of the day; if the Conservative party were not roused to a point bordering on insanity by the success which has attended the administrative efforts of a government which it was originally predicted would not last a year, it would display better judgment than it has shown in attacking Sir Wilfrid Laurier as a looter and grafter.

The Russian constitution is a very convenient and accommodating instrument from the standpoint of the Grand Dukes. It imposes no obligation upon the government to take cognizance of the opinions of the lower house elected by the people.

THE FERROL COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

had the previous average been maintained. According to the mortality reports of the twelfth United States census, the decrease in the death rate per 100,000, in 1890 was 18.90, 25.44 per 100,000, in 1895 was 19.05 per 100,000. This is an advance of which any country might be proud, but on the contrary a country and a people making no effort and doing nothing to prevent what can be prevented, should bow his head in shame.

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Can Consumption be Cured?

There is plenty of indisputable evidence to prove that Consumption has been cured even after the symptoms were well defined and the lungs actually involved.

On the other hand, there has always been a point beyond which the disease has been considered incurable. Until a comparatively recent date this point had a place at a very early stage of the malady, but modern scientific discovery and common-sense methods of treatment have gradually moved the hopeless point further and further back, until now the Consumptive is not "given up" until the very last stage of the disease is reached.

FERROL

In fact, it is claimed that, with plenty of fresh air, sunlight and comfortable surroundings, FERROL has pushed the hopeless point to the limit, that is to say, where these fail the chances of cure are very slim indeed.

FERROL does not kill the germs of Consumption (anything that will do that will kill the patient), but FERROL does the work by repairing the waste tissue, enriching the blood, toning the nerves, in short, by building up the whole system and thus enabling nature to expel the disease.

The only possible chance of curing Consumption is by proper nutrition, and FERROL is the only perfect nutrient, because it combines in palatable and easily digested form the very essentials of life—Oil, Iron and Phosphorus.

We feel some diffidence in claiming that FERROL will cure Consumption, lest we be misunderstood, but we have not the slightest hesitation in stating that it is an infallible cure for BRONCHITIS, CHRONIC COUGHS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, SCROFULA and all wasting diseases.

For restoring lost weight and building up the run-down system FERROL is absolutely without an equal.

THE FERROL COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

had the previous average been maintained. According to the mortality reports of the twelfth United States census, the decrease in the death rate per 100,000, in 1890 was 18.90, 25.44 per 100,000, in 1895 was 19.05 per 100,000. This is an advance of which any country might be proud, but on the contrary a country and a people making no effort and doing nothing to prevent what can be prevented, should bow his head in shame.

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SPANISH KING BRITISH

ROYAL MARRIAGE

Enthusiastic Crowds Greeted the Spanish King as He Was Showered With Passing Through

Madrid, May 31.—The day under a cloudless sunshine adding its glamour to the magnificent mass of colored streets were enveloped from an early hour sent an aspect of festivity. The entire night of dancing, and the included in the program of the night in cafes and at 8 o'clock crowds of the main thoroughfare took up their position, and the whole of the city was in a state of excitement.

The esplanade from palace was occupied by the Royal Guards in their glittering breast-plates. They formed semi-circles approaching to the palace crowds eager to salute the monarch. The massive palace were without the royal ensign, the regiment of halberds, cockades and arches with at the Princess gate palace court yard.

All the buildings were the yellow and red woven into sunburst and graceful stringers to roof, and arches of were suspended baskets and trailing flowers under this dazzling and flowers surging humanity in festive mood, wearing bunches of bright flowers and with bright color the air. The population turned out in a body to greet the monarch. The scene from the Pardo palace was one of striking contrast.

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SPANISH KING WEDS BRITISH PRINCESS

ROYAL MARRIAGE IN MADRID TO-DAY

Enthusiastic Crowds Greeted Bride Who Was Showered With Flowers While Passing Through Street

Madrid, May 31.—The city awoke to-day under a cloudless sky with dazzling sunshine adding to the glories of the wedding...

From an early hour the streets presented an aspect of extreme animation. The entire night had been passed amid the din of fireworks, singing and dancing...

At 8 o'clock crowds densely packed the main thoroughfares, and the troops took up their positions stopping all traffic...

The esplanade fronting the royal palace was occupied by regiments of the Royal Guards in full uniform with glistening breast-plates and helmets...

At 11 a. m. the marriage ceremony at once began. King Alfonso and his bride left the church at 12.30 p. m. The antiphonal music of the wedding by the firing of artillery salutes was wildly acclaimed by the people.

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Madrid, May 31.—The wedding procession after leaving the royal palace was loudly cheered by citizens massed along the route. Ahead rode trumpeters in crimson velvet suits of the time of Philip II. sounding the approach of the royal party...

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knights, but also single-handed and on horseback, with small javalins, conquered and killed an infuriated bull which had torn to pieces the greatest toreadors of Spain. The King, to commemorate this event, founded a monastery which the Jeronimo friars inaugurated. Later, Isabella, the Catholic, shifted the site of the monastery to its present place. Here it became the royal chapel, and during the reign of Philip IV. all the royal alliances and ceremonies took place there. At another time the cortes met there. After the expulsion of the friars the edifice became an artillery magazine, and later a carpenter establishment. Then it remained a workshop until in 1838 the government resolved to restore the building to its original object as a royal church. The sawmills were then removed and extensive renovating and repairing gave it back some of its ancient glory.

The style of the church is gothic, with two small towers and a large gothic portico, with rich stone carvings. The interior has the form of a cross with a window throwing a soft light across the altar. There are few artistic treasures within, and the scant light from the dusty stained glass windows makes the interior rather dark. Moreover, it is essentially a chapel rather than a magnificent cathedral, and it lacks that splendid perspective fitting a state ceremony. However, its dark walls are now hung with magnificent tapestry, while thousands of plants and flowers and burning candles give a setting worthy of this solemn act.

At 10.30 the envoys and foreign ministers began to arrive at the church. The interior, brilliantly lighted, and filled with flowers, gold faced uniforms and attractive costumes, presented a magnificent appearance. The crowds eager to gain points of vantage. The massive outlines of the palace were without decorations, save the royal ensign floating above. A regiment of halberdiers with "quadrocoques" stood with weapons crossed at the Princess gate leading to the palace court yard.

All along the route of the cortege hurried preparations were going on. Troops lined both sides of the streets in solid ranks for miles. The scene from the Puerto Del Sol to the Pardo palace was

One of Striking Brilliance. All the buildings were resplendent with the yellow and red colors of Spain woven into sunbursts, huge rosettes and graceful scrolls in the windows to roof, and arches of roses from which were suspended enormous flower baskets and trailing vines.

Under this dazzling canopy of flags and flowers surged dense masses of humanity in festive attire, the women wearing white mantillas and bunches of bright flowers in their hair, and with bright colored fans whipping the air. The population of the city had turned out in a body, and was augmented to twice its usual size by visitors from the country and surrounding towns.

Princess Victoria (Ena) came from the Pardo palace to Madrid early in the morning, accompanied by her mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg, and her ladies of honor and escorted by a regiment of the royal guards. The British party was in the ministry of marine, which had been sumptuously prepared. There the Princess put on her wedding dress and Queen Christiana

Greeted the Bride, after which the ladies breakfasted together in the blue saloon of the ministry. The wedding cortege started from the royal palace at 9.50 a.m. amid the ringing of church bells, the firing of artillery salutes and the clamorous enthusiasm of the crowds massed along the route.

The bride was showered with flowers as she drove to the church. Route to the Church. Madrid, May 31.—The route of the wedding cortege had been designed to give Princess Ena a glimpse of all that is best of Madrid in coming to the church, and at the same time to give the people an opportunity to see their new queen. The main route traversed the great arteries of Madrid, very broad and lined with fine buildings.

Along the way one passes the famous equestrian statue of Philip IV., surrounded by 44 other statues of the old Spanish kings. Further on is the opera house, not very imposing without, but recently transformed within by a superb royal box in which the new queen will soon take her place. At the Puerto Del Sol is the ministry of the interior, facing the splendid plaza. Beyond is the new building of the Hispano-American bank, and of one of the American insurance companies. The Cervantes statue, the parliamentary buildings, the ministry of finance and war, the academy of fine arts, the imposing bank of Spain are on the way to the palace. Nearby is the obelisk erected in honor of the martyrs of the war of independence, and the stately stock exchange building. At the Neptune fountain the route of the procession ascends to the Jeronimo church, in which the marriage ceremony takes place.

Practically the same route is passed on the way back from the church, but there are so many different branches of the pageant, some with the King alone, some with the bride's return, others with the Queen mother and other branches of the royal household, and the innumerable suites of foreign princes, that all Madrid has an opportunity to see something of the spectacle.

The Church. Madrid, May 31.—The church of San Jeronimo el Real, where the nuptial benediction was celebrated and the marriage benediction pronounced, is a quaint structure which has passed through some strange vicissitudes. This is not the first time a royal marriage was celebrated there; the wedding of Isabella II. took place in great pomp within its walls. But more recently the church was abandoned to a carpenter's shop and planing mill, and the sawmills took the place of the solemn mass of the mass. The origin of the church was one of the strange whims of the old king of Castile, Henry IV. He had set up a magnificent tournament on the Pardo road to celebrate the arrival of a new British ambassador. The tournament was notable for the course displayed by the King's favorite, Beltran De La Cueva, who not only unhorsed four

become their queen, aroused the people to the highest pitch of excitement. Men and women cheered and showed friendly salutation, while others from the balconies of the houses along the route showered the flowers upon the Princess and let loose hundreds of pigeons. The bride looked most charming and graciously acknowledged the continued ovations.

The massed bands played the Spanish national anthem as the bridal couple passed within the church. The ceremony was performed with all the impressiveness of the Roman ritual. Cardinal Sancho, Archbishop of Toledo, officiating.

Going to Spanish Versailles. Madrid, May 31.—The castle which Alfonso and his Queen have chosen for their honeymoon is the Spanish Versailles, known as La Granja. It is a quiet and quaint spot, far removed from the inquisitive throngs of the capital and with all the romantic surroundings suitable for a Royal honeymoon. The palace is situated at the foot of the imposing Pico de Zenalara in the Guadarrama mountains, high above the sea level.

Wedding Presents. Madrid, May 31.—The presents for King Alfonso and his bride are arriving from all quarters of the globe, from countries and their rulers, from provinces and cities, and even from school children of Spain, who have contributed their mite to show their loyalty to the King.

Michael Davitt Passed Away in Dublin. Well Known Irishman Succumbed to Blood Poisoning—Retired From Parliament in 1899.

London, May 30.—A notable career closed to-night when after a long and painful illness, Michael Davitt died peacefully and painlessly at 12 o'clock in the presence of his eldest son, Michael and his two daughters, who had devotedly attended him through his illness, and of many of his most intimate friends, including John Dillon. Shortly before his death, Father Hatton had been with him.

Mrs. Davitt, had been in constant attendance on her husband until a few days ago, when she, herself, was taken ill and was too weak to leave her room. She has not yet been informed of her husband's death. It is stated that Mr. Davitt left her a last message. The greatest sympathy has been displayed by all classes of society during Mr. Davitt's illness.

To-day the hospital was besieged by anxious enquirers. John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish party in parliament, was a frequent enquirer by telephone from the House of Commons and gave up his proposed continental trip over his proposed continental trip over the condition of his friend, the father of the Irish Land League. After a rally last night, Mr. Davitt was able to speak to those at his bedside, but soon showed that he was losing ground. Among the last callers at the hospital to-night was Lord Hensington, on behalf of the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and the Countess of Aberdeen.

Mr. Davitt retired from the representation of South Mayo in parliament in 1899, but to the last, took a keen interest in his country.

Death was due to blood poisoning which followed two operations for necrosis of the jaw bone and spread so rapidly that all efforts to stay its course were unavailing. Mr. Davitt's illness began with an insidious attack of toothache to which he paid no attention until John Dillon urged him to have recourse to medical advice.

For some time there were hopes of his recovery, but the state of his health which was undermined by exertions at the recent general elections greatly hindered his progress.

Magnificent Vehicles. were in keeping. They were drawn by six and eight white horses well matched and of the finest breeds. About these glittering vehicles circled retines of grooms, pages, heralds and others in the showy uniforms of Louis XIV.

The coaches of the Spanish grandees were hardly less remarkable than those of royalty. On reaching the chamber of deputies the procession came in sight of the church, which was magnificently adorned for the ceremony. Over the entrance was suspended an immense canopy of red and yellow velvet embroidered with Spanish escutcheons and supported on gold lipped lanterns. Awaiting the bridal party stood lines of halberdiers and palace guards.

Following the coaches of the Spanish princess and Infanta were those of the visiting princess, including the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Archduke and Archduchess Francis Ferdinand of Austria, the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Vladimir of Russia, Prince Albert of Prussia, and Prince Albert of Belgium, and representatives of all the royal houses of Europe.

Closing this dazzling array of princes appeared a coach bearing the royal crown, in which were seated King Alfonso, his witness, Prince Carlos and His Majesty's little nephew, Prince Alfonso, the actual heir to the throne of Spain.

As the King's coach appeared it was greeted by a great roar, while the multitude wildly waved handkerchiefs, fans and parasols. His Majesty could plainly be seen smiling and bowing to the popular greeting. He wore the uniform of a field marshal, his hat surmounted by a sweeping white plume.

The pageant, some with the King alone, some with the bride's return, others with the Queen mother and other branches of the royal household, and the innumerable suites of foreign princes, that all Madrid has an opportunity to see something of the spectacle.

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FISHING BOAT LOST EIGHT MEN

BECAME SEPARATED FROM SHIP DURING FOG

Woodstock Business Block Destroyed by Fire—Horrible Death of Young English Immigrant.

Sydney, N. S., May 30.—Late yesterday afternoon the Gloucester fishing clipper Olga arrived at North Sydney with the Stars and Stripes floating dismally at half mast in token of the loss of eight of her crew, nearly half the entire complement of men. The vessel was fishing about 12 miles off Cape North on Saturday, all her dories, containing 12 men, being out. In a short time an impenetrable fog rolled in and separated the men from the schooner. Search was immediately instituted for the missing men, and about an hour afterwards a dory with four men was discovered. For two days the search for the other eight men was kept up, but without avail, and the captain, giving the men up as lost, proceeded to North Sydney.

Thirty Thousand Damages. Woodstock, May 30.—This morning fire swept an area that was completely burned four years ago—the block on Main street directly opposite the Carleton hotel. Following is a list of those burned out: Holyoke & Brown, grocers; Walter Sogger, barber; Wilson's photo studio; Singer Sewing Machine Co.'s store; William H. Black, saloon; Gordon Bros., drug store; Sullivan's meat shop; Emberton's barber shop; Sullivan's grocery; Robert Walsh, pool and billiard room; Louis Laing, barber; Mrs. Loane & Co., fancy goods and bookstore; the L. E. Sheagreen Drug Co.; Larrytt & Co., photo studio. It is almost impossible to get at the total loss or individual losses, but it would be a conservative estimate to say that the insurance loss will be fully \$25,000.

Wages Increased. London, Ont., May 30.—The motor-men and conductors of the London street railway have been granted increased wages by the directors.

Was Given Up For Dead. Windsor, Ont., May 30.—Chas. Best, a young farmer residing near Harrow, went to the Klondike seven years ago. He had not been heard from since. A few days following his arrival at Nome he wrote that he was seriously ill. He was given up for dead. On Wednesday he arrived at Harrow. He made money in the Klondike, and is now in comfortable circumstances.

Fell Into Fire. Winnipeg, May 30.—A horrible fatality occurred at Winnipeg's beach, a summer resort about 50 miles from here, when a young English immigrant named George Griffin, who was standing in front of a great log fire, was seized with an epileptic fit and fell head foremost into the flames. No one witnessed the tragedy, but he was known to be subject to fits. He was dead when found a few minutes later.

Power Plant. Winnipeg, May 30.—Lieutenant-Governor McMillan to-day formally inaugurated the electric power plant of the Winnipeg Street Railway Company, situated on Winnipeg river, 60 miles from this city, and capable of developing 10,000 horse power. There was a large gathering of Winnipeg business men.

Winnipeg, May 30.—The Vulcan Iron Works Company to-day issued an injunction to restrain their striking moulders and machinists from picketing the premises and interfering with non-union men applying for employment. The action has created great interest in local labor circles.

English Mails. Montreal, May 30.—On and after July 26 weekly steamships carrying mail between Canada and Great Britain will sail Friday. This arrangement was arrived at between the government and steamship companies, the Allans and the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. Insurance Inquiry. Toronto, May 30.—At the insurance inquiry this morning objections were made by Wallace Nesbitt, K. C., counsel for the Confederation Life Company, to Mr. Shepley, Dominion government counsel, being allowed to bring names of agents into evidence. He asked it would injure their reputation, because they would have no opportunity to defend themselves. Mr. Shepley held that he should have the right to mention names in order to lay down general principles which the commissioners might make use of in making their report. He was upheld by Judge McTavish, the chairman. Mr. Nesbitt claimed agents would not come hundreds of miles to testify. Mr. Shepley said it was alleged the agents of the Confederation agents in Winnipeg had represented to a policyholder that her policy was worth \$1,322, which was not its face value at all. Mr. Macdonald, the company's attorney, denied this.

Another Investigation. Toronto, May 30.—Nicholas Murphy, K. C., has been appointed by the attorney-general to continue the investigation into the combine scandals which was begun by J. W. Curry, K. C., while crown attorney.

CHILDREN SUFFOCATED. Crawled Into Trunk, the Lid of Which Fell and They Were Unable to Escape. Kanekeake, Ills., May 31.—At the close of a four-hour search for her three young children, Mrs. Adelaide Van Slette found them at last dead in a trunk in an upper chamber. All three were little girls, the youngest a mere baby. One dead only was sitting upright, the others lay huddled together upon a pillow. The lid of the trunk was rigidly closed upon them. It is supposed they had crawled into the trunk during their play and that the cover fell and latched and they were suffocated.

THE LATE HENRIK IBSEN. Remains Will Lie in State at Christiania Before Being Interred. Christiania, May 31.—It has been arranged that the general public shall have an opportunity of honoring the late Henrik Ibsen this evening for the last time before his burial. During this period the catalogue will be guarded by a committee of the Authors' and Artists' Association. The funeral will be the occasion of the first rapprochement between Swedes and Norwegians since their recent political division of the two peoples. The Swedish universities and learned societies will send representatives and floral offerings.

MAY GO TO BENCH. Ottawa, May 31.—The report is current that Hon. C. Fitzpatrick will be appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court "a time to take his seat on Monday next.

PUBLISHER DEAD. Detroit, Mich., May 29.—James E. Scripps, founder and for many years publisher of the Evening News, of this city, and a former director of the Associated Press, died at his home here to-day after a long illness, aged 81 years.

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ATTEMPT ON LIVES OF KING AND QUEEN

Bomb Thrown at Alfonso and His Bride When on Their Way to the Royal Palace.

London, May 31.—7.02 p. m.—A dispatch to a news agency from Madrid says that a bomb was thrown at King Alfonso and Queen Victoria this afternoon, and that both escaped unhurt. The news agency dispatch adds that an enquiry was wounded and that a child and two horses were killed by the explosion.

A 14-year-old boy was arrested. It is further stated that the King and Queen behaved with great calmness, and that after the delay caused by the concussion, they proceeded to the palace.

CONTRACT LET. H. A. Frederick Will Manage Fifth Regiment Commissariat Department During Campaign. The contract for managing the commissariat department of the Fifth Regiment during the forthcoming summer campaign has been let to H. A. Frederick, formerly proprietor of the Windsor restaurant, Government street. He has agreed to provide two first class meals a day at the rate of 30 cents per man. It has been provided that the arrangements must be much more thorough than was the case last year or the agreement will not hold good. But Mr. Frederick promises a wholesome and substantial menu, and is confident of giving general satisfaction. Of course militia members must not expect to receive many delicacies, as the rate quoted is too reasonable to permit of such a thing, but the meals will be served in a clean manner and may be depended upon to prove appetizing, especially after a couple of hours' hand drill on the 6 inch guns or 13 inch field artillery.

JAPS IN MANCHURIA. Large Increase in Number of Subjects of Mikado in Newchwang. Washington, D. C., May 31.—The rapidity with which Japanese have supplanted, not only Russian soldiers, but merchants of that nationality, in Manchuria as a result of the late war, is clearly exhibited by the report of the commissioner of customs at Newchwang, the new principal port of the province. He states that in 1895 the total number of foreigners residing there was 22, of which all were Japanese with no Russians, in 1900 the number of foreigners was 1,564, of whom 35 were Japanese and 1,529 Russians, while in 1905, after the war, the number of foreigners was 7,899 of whom 7,398 were Japanese and only one Russian.

TRADING COMPANY CONTRACT. Ottawa, May 31.—Senator Macdonald, of British Columbia, has given notice in the Senate calling for papers giving the names of the North Atlantic Trading Company and all other particulars concerning it, as well as the reason for the cancellation of the contracts.

The naval appropriation bill was reported to the United States Senate on Tuesday by Chairman Hale. The total increase made by the Senate was \$2,461,037, making a grand total of \$103,070,670. The House provision for the powerful battleship fleet of the English ship Dreadnought remained in the bill.

"COLONEL NEWCOMB." London, May 30.—Michael Morris' dramatized version of William Thackeray's "The Newcomes" produced last night at His Majesty's theatre under the title of "Colonel Newcome," made a presentable play. Beerboom Tree gave a capital rendering of the part of the old Colonel. The play was given a fine mounting and an excellent cast and was well received.

The official reports of bomb outrages at Sebastopol on Sunday shows that six persons were killed, fourteen persons seriously injured, and six slightly hurt.

WE PAID \$100,000

For the American Rights to Ligozone, Yet We Will Buy the First Bottle and Give it to You to Try.

We paid \$100,

MARKET

show an increase... a few... received, and... The... The... also increasing... a large area... to the raising... of this year... for the local... this industry... there have been... Victoria to Fair... tomatoes... by way of... prices here... as charges added... a large one... received from... at \$4 a box... remains... it will go still... low:

PLACES TREES AT CITY'S DISPOSAL

SIR HENRI JOLY HAS MADE VALUABLE GIFT

Many Specimens of Hardwoods Raised by Him Will Beautify the City.

The most interesting announcement made at Tuesday night's meeting of the Victoria Development and Tourist Association was that Sir Henri Joly had decided to place at the disposal of the association practically all the hardwood trees remaining of those he raised from seed in the gardens at Government House. There was also a suggestion made that the zone on Pandora avenue be planted with these, as an exhibition of his work towards the advancement of forestry in British Columbia, and that it be named Lord-Quadrant park in remembrance of his home in Victoria.

TRAVEL THIS YEAR IS REPORTED LARGE

More People Going North Than in May Twelve Months Ago—Amur's Commission.

The great summer movement of people, which annually works to the material benefit of Victoria, has not yet set in in the manner it will assume a few weeks hence, but the increase noticeable over that apparent at this season a year ago is so large that reference to the travel now may be of general interest. One in the transportation business who is in a position to know the changes as they take place, said this morning that last year the movement in the direction of Bulkley valley had doubled the previous year, and though the season is too early to make a forecast, the indications are favorable that the same will occur this summer. On the Northern British Columbia coast considerable stir is evidenced at different points. More people are going to Port Simpson, up the Skeena river to Metlakahla, to Kalaen island, and up the Portland canal than was ever previously known to have gone in these directions at this time and the prospects, generally speaking, are very reassuring of a big volume of business.

THE MARIECHEN.

Report That She Arrived in Esquimalt Last Evening Was Premature and Caused Disappointment.

The report appearing in the Colonist this morning announcing that the steamer Mariechen had reached Esquimalt last evening has occasioned some little vexation. The steamer did not reach port, and those who went down to Esquimalt to-day to see the big ship rescued from destruction on the rocks of False Bay, Alaska, were both disappointed and annoyed. It was a case they said of the Colonist reporter sitting at his desk and imagining that the ship arrived as he pondered over probably some Oriental nightmare. As a matter of fact the Mariechen did not come to Esquimalt with three streams of water being pumped from her sides as the Colonist alleges this morning. Of the other hand she anchored in one of the bays near by finding it too stormy to round Trial Island last night and this morning. She is not looked for now until this evening.

ATTRACTING SETTLERS.

Committee Will Endeavor to Secure Sub-Division of Large Tracts of Land.

Secretary R. A. C. Grant, of the settlers' committee, made some very interesting remarks at Tuesday's meeting of the Development and Tourist Association. He pointed out that the present market for fruit and vegetables was practically unlimited, while many areas of land were unable to locate. This was caused by the presence of large holdings of land, such as those of the Hudson's Bay Company, that would be available for settlement should the tract be broken up and placed on the market. C. H. Lugin agreed with this contention and intimated that he was assured that any proposal in this regard would meet the hearty endorsement of the local officials of the company. It is understood the committee will take steps to formulate a comprehensive scheme and lay it before the large property holders. Until this scheme is thought out in detail the committee does not consider it advisable to take the matter up with the land owners. Meetings will be held shortly to discuss the matter.

THE SCHOOL EXAMS COMMENCE NEXT WEEK

Annual Vacation Starts Earlier Than Usual This Year—The Teachers' Institute.

Teachers and pupils of the public schools of British Columbia are beginning to-day to prepare for the examinations which always mark the conclusion of the summer term and the vacation which follows. Preparations are in progress for the former, particularly among the middle and upper divisions of the different schools, as the High school entrance examinations commence on the 20th of June. The general exams, however, start much sooner, in fact, in the Terminal City will make a round of the local institutions on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week for the purpose of hearing the reading of candidates. On the 12th of June St. Eamon will open the McGill matriculation examinations at the High school, and consequently those who intend writing are busy putting the finishing touches, so to speak, to their studies.

DEATH SEEMED NEAR.

Three Doctors Baffled But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Came to the Rescue.

Just a few months ago the home of Mr. James Beers, of Emerson, N. B., was filled with sorrow. It seemed that death would claim the life of their bright little girl. To-day this gloom is changed to joy. The little one is no longer ill, but is now bright, active and happy. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills brought this change after three doctors had failed. Concerning this illness and cure Mrs. Beers says: "At the age of six my little girl became very ill. A different time for the next year, and a half three doctors treated her without benefit. She was terribly run down and her blood was nothing but water. Then dropsy set in. She would not eat what her clothes were much too small for her. Her legs and feet were nearly twice their natural size. To make her torture worse rheumatism set in. Her state was pitiable. Sometimes we thought she could not live much longer and for three months she could not walk a step. To touch her was to cause her the greatest agony. The doctors were baffled—they could do nothing for her, and as a last resort we began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She took the pills several weeks when we saw there was a slight improvement. The improvement gradually became more marked, and by the time she had taken twenty-one boxes her cure was complete. It is now nine months since she took the pills, and she is now as well as the best. She is able to go to school every day. I cannot speak too highly in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for I feel they saved my little girl's life." Waterbury blood is the cause of over half the sickness which prevails today. To have health, strength and happiness you must have rich, red blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make this rich, red blood; that is why they cure anaemia, indigestion, loss of appetite, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous troubles, heart palpitation and all the ailments peculiar to growing girls and women. Sold by dealers in medicines or by mail at six, a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GAS FOR COOKING WILL BE BOOMED

LARGE EXTENSIONS TO MEET HEAVY DEMAND

Work Will Be Pushed as Fast as Laborers Can Be Secured.

As briefly mentioned in Tuesday's issue the B. C. Electric Railway Company, that owns the gas plant here, has entered upon a most extensive scheme of improvement. The ten miles of 4-inch mains to be laid out will run along the following streets: James Bay district—Belleville, Quebec, Kingston, Superior, Michigan, Menzies, Niagara, Clarence, Birdcage Walk, Kensington, and Dallas avenue. Central district—Upper Pandora, Yates, Cook, Quadra, Frederick, North Park and Fernwood road, and in the Work estate, King's road.

INVITING VISITORS.

Reception Committee at Work to Secure Large Number of Prominent People.

The reception committee of the Development and Tourist Association is working hard towards securing some important visitors to Victoria and vicinity. Prof. Porter, of McGill University, has been invited to bring his summer school in mineralogy to Vancouver Island this year. Several years ago a similar visit was paid to West Kootenay, and it is hoped the party may be induced to inspect the mines in the vicinity of Victoria this season. The British Medical Association is holding its quadrennial meeting in Toronto this year in conjunction with that of the Canadian societies under the same name. An effort will be made to induce as many as possible of the visiting members to come west to Victoria, and also to impress on the congress the advisability of holding its sessions here during the summer of 1910.

SPRING SALMON.

There Has Been a Small Run of Them on the Coast This Season.

The catch of spring salmon on the West Coast of Vancouver Island this season has been a light one. It is believed that there has not been more than 20 tons in all taken by the firms dealing in that class of fish. The spring salmon are used in the mild curing process, and last year there was an abundant run of them. This season, on the other hand, the fish have been scarce. The season for them is now past and the canneries on the West Coast are preparing for the sockeye run now. H. Brewster's cannery at Clayoquot is putting in traps this season. Last year an attempt was made to install traps, but the piles did not hold. This season with longer piles and a heavy driver the work is going on satisfactorily.

MAYOR MAKES REMARKS.

Regarding the Attitude of City Council Towards Local Improvement.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Development and Tourist Association Mayor Morley took occasion to make some pertinent remarks regarding the attitude of the city council towards local improvements and also as to funds available for maintenance of roads. He pointed out that there was only about \$20,000 each year that could be spent on roads, and with this sum only a very little could be done. Much of this restriction would be removed if a system of local improvements were adopted, but he could not do anything alone. At the beginning of the year he appointed a special committee to go into the matter, but nothing had been done, and he had been told by one of the members that he (the latter) would not take the trouble to investigate. At the same meeting a special committee reported inspection of bathing facilities at the Gorge, which they found very satisfactory. Various street improvements were recommended by the committee on civic affairs which the Mayor proposed to bring to the notice of the proper authorities. Other subjects dealt with at the meeting are noted elsewhere in this issue.

NUISANCES AT GORGE.

Movement on Foot to Compel Installation of Septic Tanks by Residents.

Many complaints have recently been made as to the careless manner in which sewage is permitted to be deposited in the waters of Victoria Arm. This nuisance is felt, not only outside, but inside the city limits. Much of the trouble could easily be eliminated by the provision of septic tanks which can be installed at considerable cost.

A recommendation in this connection was made at Tuesday's meeting of the Development and Tourist Association by a special committee appointed to investigate the matter. Some residents have been public spirited enough to put in these improvements without compulsion and the city council will be called upon to deal with the matter. It will be necessary to bring to the notice of the health officers having charge of the district outside the city.

THE OLD MEN MAY MOVE TO-MORROW

Home at the Willows is Large, Comfortable and Exceedingly Cheery—Description of Structure.

The home committee of the city council yesterday afternoon visited the fine new brick building erected at the Willows as an Old Men's Home, and found the premises complete and ready for occupancy. In consequence the home, it is expected, will be taken over and the twenty-one old men who have been living in the frame building which was ago was constructed at the northwest corner of the cemetery, will be moved into their new and altogether more suitable quarters. The building now completed at the Willows has been erected on an elevation, and from it an admirable view is to be obtained of the surrounding land and water, the environment in this respect being a complete and more cheery change from the hundreds of tombstones which formerly confronted their vision on almost every hand.

FRUIT FOR WINNIPEG.

Victoria and Vicinity Will Have Special Exhibit at the Manitoba Agricultural Exhibition at the Manitoba Fair.

It has been decided that Victoria will have a special exhibit at the big fall fair in Winnipeg. Although something has been done in connection with this as part of the British Columbia display, there has been some dissatisfaction expressed at the small attention devoted to this vicinity. To remedy this a splendid collection of products will be prepared and sent to Winnipeg with a competent man in charge. R. M. Palmer kindly offered to assist in this work and his services were gladly accepted.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

Preparations For Labor Day Celebration and Cycling Race in September.

A committee of the Trades and Labor Council held a meeting last week for the purpose of discussing arrangements for the Labor Day celebration, and the Trades and Labor Congress, which will meet in Victoria shortly after that occasion. It was proposed that Labor Day should be observed the day before the convention, and the suggestion was embodied in a communication to P. M. Draper, secretary of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada. The latter's reply, however, discouraged such an idea. He pointed out that the majority of the councils depended upon the receipts

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Buying a Cream Separator?

A little thought before buying a cream separator will save you a lot of hard work later on. Don't be talked into buying a machine with a high milk supply can—it's like pitching hay to pour milk into one. Besides it doesn't cost any more to get an easy running

U. S. Cream Separator

with a low milk tank that a child can reach, a simple bowl that's easily washed, and a set of entirely enclosed gears, protected from dirt and danger. The U. S. holds the WORLD'S RECORD for clean skimming—it is the most profitable machine for you to buy, and will last a lifetime. You'll be interested to look over a U. S. Separator.

The Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. DRAWER 613. TELEPHONE 59.

DR. KRUSS' GERMAN SPECIFIC

WILL CURE YOUR RHEUMATISM.

Ten years of successful use in hospital and private practice by hundreds of physicians has demonstrated the fact that it removes the acid from the system, controls its formation and dissolves recent deposits. This remedy contains the purest ingredients money can buy.

NO HUMBUG-C. O. D. OR TREATMENT SCHEME.

DR. KRUSS LABORATORY CO., Toronto, Can.

NOTICE

The taxpayers of the Municipality of Saanich are hereby notified that all taxes for 1905 are due and payable at the Provincial Assessor's Office, Victoria.

THE GREAT OFFER

Regular Price \$3.15

Weekly Edition \$4.00

The Semi Weekly Victoria Times

Regular Price \$1.00

and Pearson's Magazine

Regular Price \$5.15

OR The London Times Weekly and either one of the others For \$3.30

A great chance to obtain England's greatest weekly, British Columbia's greatest paper and a world-renowned magazine at a bargain. Annual subscriptions only, payable in advance, to F. S. Wright, Canadian Agent, the Times, Ottawa, Ontario.

For Fleas On Dogs USE GERMOL

It is a good disinfectant and deodorizer. Very effective disinfectant for sinks and drains, and for many other household uses.

25c. PER BOTTLE.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST

98 Government Street Near Yates Street

Fistula and Polyp

Any person, however inexperienced, usually cures either disease with Fleming's

Fleming's Fistula and Polyp Cure

Write us for a free copy. Ninety-six pages covering more than a hundred very interesting subjects. Durable bound, illustrated and from the following described

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated in Clayoquot District: Commencing at a post on the shore east from Froustville, thence north 30 chains, thence 40 chains west, thence 30 chains south to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement.

UCLLETT MERCANTILE CO., LTD. Victoria, May 15th, 1906.

DOMINION HOTEL, Victoria, B. C. Maintained on the highest standard; also ELKS, \$2.00 per day. Free bus. Stephen Jones, Prop.

to be Healthy and Beautiful by Mrs. Henry Symes

NEW WAY TO ACQUIRE TAPERING FINGERS

Sensible Summer Dress



Tapering fingers are the French woman's pride

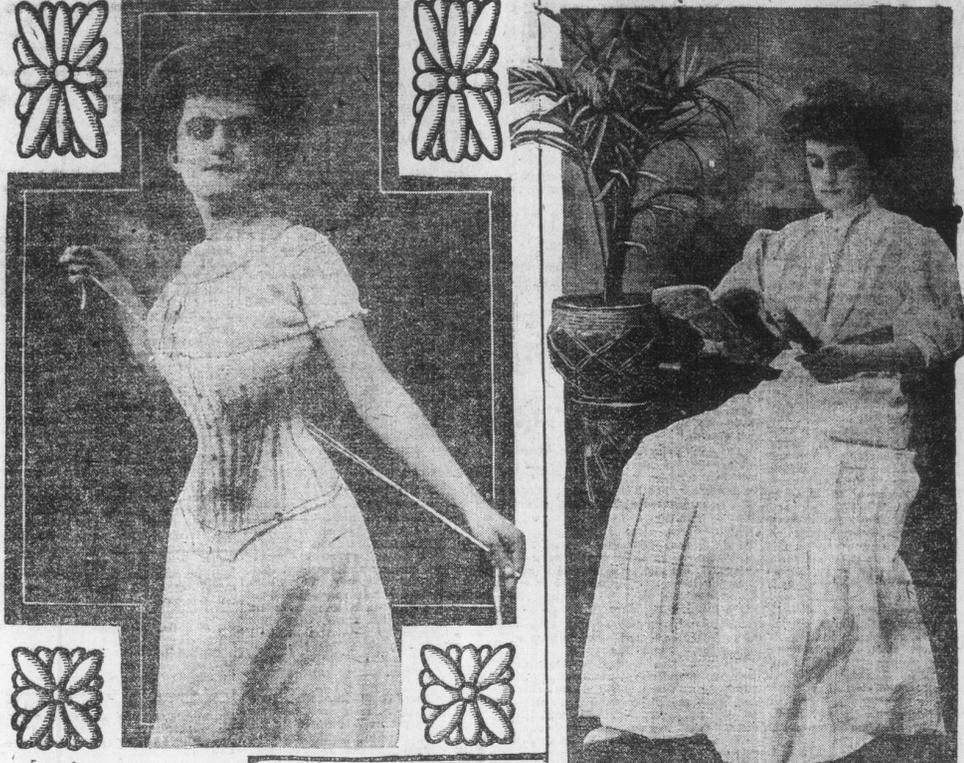
ALMOST every woman has an instinctive yearning for tapering finger tips. Undoubtedly they add much to the beauty of the hand, and if the finger ends are thick and chubby the general appearance of the hand is marred. Much may be done by shaping the nails properly. In my opinion, the best effect is obtained by making the nail follow the line of the finger end as nearly as possible.

The French women have always taken great pride in tapering finger tips, and to this is probably due the invention of little devices for training them in the way they should go. They are little things, like steel thimbles, and are lined with soft felt. There are different sizes for the various fingers, and these are adjusted by pressing them to the desired size.

The pressure should not be hard enough to cause any discomfort. Of course, results are not at once visible, but by continually wearing these little devices at night, and as often during the day as convenient, even very thick finger ends may be trained into a much more tapering effect.

Feeding Children

UP TO THE year of 18 children are much better without tea or coffee. Milk or milk and water is far better. Neither should pickles nor condiments of any kind except salt be allowed, and meat should only be allowed once a day. If children were more carefully fed, instead of being allowed to eat anything that is provided for their elders, there would be fewer dyspeptics in the years to come.



Ideal summer corset

THE woman who can not only keep cool, but look cool during the hot summer weather, accomplishes two important things. She secures her own comfort and she is a benefactor to her sex, for those that look at her cool countenance upon seeing her cool and calm under these trying conditions of the weather.

Dress, of course, is an extremely important thing in accomplishing a state of looking and feeling cool. On the subject of underclothing there is a difference of opinion. Linen is undoubtedly the coolest material to put next to the skin, and when in the form of linen meshed garments, which allow the perspiration to pass through freely, is very desirable. However, in our variable climate lightweight woollens are often advisable. They come very thinly woven and lessen the danger from sudden colds or chills.

Much comfort may be gained by substituting a lightweight corset for the one usually worn. There is an ideal corset made of lightweight porous material, free from stiffness and having only the number of bones absolutely necessary.

It is a good rule in summer to have no clothing tight enough to leave a mark on the body. One accessory of dress which is the undiscovered cause of many a hot, flushed face and feeling of great discomfort is a belt that is too tight. When this is of leather, it is particularly objectionable, as it excludes all possible air from the part of the body, and makes a small torrid zone that affects the whole system. The body too warm nearly every woman may obtain a supply. There is an endless variety of dress-stuffs that are cooler than black or dark colors should be borne in mind when making a selection.

If a woman's means are limited and washing is an extravagance to which she dare not pander, a thin silk of dark color should be worn.

Don't, if you can possibly avoid it, weigh your body down with a heavy corset. A corset of leather, it is particularly objectionable, as it excludes all possible air from the part of the body, and makes a small torrid zone that affects the whole system. The body too warm nearly every woman may obtain a supply. There is an endless variety of dress-stuffs that are cooler than black or dark colors should be borne in mind when making a selection.

White is coolest

WHILE the woman who can not only keep cool, but look cool during the hot summer weather, accomplishes two important things. She secures her own comfort and she is a benefactor to her sex, for those that look at her cool countenance upon seeing her cool and calm under these trying conditions of the weather.

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A Physician's Views on Clothing

By Dr. Emma E. Walker

HAVE you ever thought how much more sensible your brothers are in respect to their clothing than you are? Oliver Wendell Holmes says, in his inimitable way, "Woman is under the guidance of a minor law than any relating to her in- dividual safety." His comment is in virtue of this extreme in- dustry to consequences, this sublime contempt of disease and death, as com- pared with the loss of the smallest per- cent advantage—that woman has ac- quired the power of resistance to ex- posure which so astonishes the male sex. Think of her thin shoes and thin legs, her bare or scarcely protected neck and arms, her little rose-leaf pro- tector by the side of the woolen socks, the apron of flannel and broadcloth, and the warm hats and caps of her effemi- nate companion! Our cautions are of no use, except to the fragile sex—our brothers in acceptability and danger- ousness. I know a girl who for several months has had her feet very hard, and she might after night I see her sitting in a slouch wearing a dress with a "trans- parent neck" and any girls have a hard lesson to learn in the subject of cloth- ing.

Probably the best all-round material for wear next to the skin is wool. It prevents sudden formaldehyde absorp- tion and it absorbs considerable moist- ure without feeling wet. Evaporation from it takes place slowly; thus it will be avoided.

Wool is certainly the safest material to wear in the winter. It is great protection to the vital organs of the trunk—You know that in the tropics our soldiers are obliged to wear woolen abdominal band- ages. A great advantage of wool com- es in the air which it holds in its mesh. This is the principle on which the mesh underwears are made. Any material, no matter what it is, woven so as to be loose-meshed will retain its interstices a layer of air which is a great protector.

In the summer, although a very thin weight of wool can generally be worn with comfort, and certainly with ad- vantage in our changeable climate, cot- ton, linen, and silk all have their place. It is generally the girls in temperate climates. Cotton a warmer than silk. Silk stands next to cotton for warmth.

When material is porous, it allows emanations from the skin to pass out through it. Wool readily absorbs perspi- ration. This should be remembered, and the resultants should be taken, therefore, to keep it sweet and clean.

AIR CLOTHING WELL

Clothing worn next to the skin should be frequently washed. In order to re- move the fatty and saline matters which are thrown off by the skin, as well as any microbes which may be there, clothing should be well aired. Damp clothes offer an excellent soil for microbes, and are favorable to cer- tain skin diseases. Never wear at night what you wear in the daytime. Take each article, shake it well and hang it over a chair by itself so that it can be dried.

The union suit is the hygienic shape for the first garment. Two of its ad- vantages are the even distribution of weight and the lack of awkward ful- crum at the waist.

Begin now advocating any system of clothing, but it is well for you to study the question intelligently for your- self, and to arrange your manner of wearing so that you will wear as few heavy clothes as possible. In the win- ter the equestrian tights will give you warmth, and you can dispense with all other clothing. In the summer your shirt should be so hung that you do not feel its weight, it may be fast- ened to the corset waist for this pur- pose.

Every bad habit that many girls now have is that of pressing the waist line down. This may look "stylish" to you, but it is certainly not good for your physical culture. You may have heard many a young woman bragging about her corset. Personally, I do not approve of them, though they are said to have certain advantages. Great benefits in these garments have been made in recent years.

Many one of the various health waists well substituted for the corset. How- ever, take care if you wear these waists should cover only the hips. You must cultivate "Nature's corsets." If you are of the muscular type, strengthen all the muscles of the trunk—especially those of the waist. If you had seen, as I have, deep grooves in the liver of a woman who has worn tight corsets for years, you would learn not to "break down" when you don't wear them. The ordinary corset acts to your body as a bandage, and it is a broken arm, the activity of your lungs is impaired. Examinations made by a master of

Manner of Adjusting

Mrs. Symes' Advice to Correspondents

SWEET SIXTEEN—Try bleaching your neck with peroxide of hydrogen. Put a little in a saucer and apply with a soft cloth, taking care not to get any on the hair, as it will change the color.

READER—Following is the lotion for oily hair to which you refer:

Lotion for Oily, Damp Hair.

For greasy, moist hair the following is an excellent drying lotion. It used daily it tends to produce a crispy condition and an abundant growth of hair.

Powdered bicarbonate of soda, borate of soda (each powdered), 1 ounce; each; sa- line cologne, 1 fluid ounce; alcohol, 2 fluid ounces. Mix and bottle. Use with a dis- tilled water, 16 ounces.

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MELAINE—The Vaucaire Remedy is for best development only, and will not produce fat on any other part of the body.

K. G.—Try the following paste for re- moving your stubborn freckles:

For Obstinate Freckles.

Oxide of zinc, 1/2 dram; suboxide of bla- ue, 1/2 dram; salicylic acid, 1/2 dram; ex- tract, 1/2 dram.

Mix and apply upon the freckles at night before going to bed. In the morning remove with a little pow- dered borax and sweet oil.

E. Q. Z.—If your own drugist does not keep the almond milk, get him to procure it for you from a firm in one of the large cities.

A. C. T.—I repeat the formula with pleasure.

Orange-Flower Cream.

Oil of sweet almonds, 4 ounces; white wax, 2 drams; spermaceti, 6 drams; borax, 1/2 ounce; glycerine, 1/2 ounce; orange-flower water, 2 ounces; oil of sandal, 1/2 ounce; sugar, 1/2 ounce; oil of bergamot, 1/2 ounce.

Melt the first three ingredients, add the glycerine to the orange-flower water and mix with the borax in the mixture, then pour it slowly into the blended fat, stirring con- tinuously.

Dirt Settles on Hands

My husband is a machanic and in working gets his hands covered by dirty grease, which it is impossible to remove, regardless of how hard he scrubs or soaps them. It settles deep into the cracks and will not come out. Can you inform me through your paper of any preparation which will remove this grease? He used several kinds of ma- terials, but none of them removed all of the dirt out.

Mrs. A. S. H.

Your husband should use borax in the water in which he washes his hands. This with a good soap should remove the grease and dirt. Afterward apply the lotion recommended to interested for removal of stains.

To Remove Stains From Hands

I am a gentleman reader of your column, and feeling as I do, the good advice you give to others, I take the liberty of asking you to prescribe something to whiten my hands. It serves me more for sugar beet, for 1 ounce water at a sugar factory.

To soften, whiten and remove stains from the hands use glycerine and lemon. Put into a bottle two ounces of glycer- ine, two ounces of water, four table- spoonfuls of lemon juice and a few

Beware of tight clothing

In the summer, I have tried lemon juice, but it doesn't seem to do any good. I am very much worried about the summer, for my neck is so sore that I don't enjoy going anywhere. So will you please give me a lotion to give them away or lighten them? I am 18 years old and do housework, and an outdoors quite a bit. So will you please help me with something that will not harm the face or grow hair? I will be waiting for an answer.

Try the following remedy for your freckles, and before exposure to sun or wind rub a good cream well into the skin, wipe off with a soft cloth and dust lightly with a good toilet powder.

Dr. Shonaker's Bleach.

(For freckles and brown spots.)

Bichloride of mercury in coarse powder, 5 grains; witch hazel, 2 ounces; rosewater, 8 ounces.

Agitate until solution is obtained. Stop over the affected parts. Keep out of the way of ignorant persons and children.

Gray Hair and Wrinkles

Would you please state in your next issue if the doctor's prescription in last week's paper to restore the natural color of the hair is injurious to the hair? My hair is thinning, and has very many gray hairs. Please inform me how often it is to be used. Also have lot of small wrinkles on the chin. Do you think a lotion for premature wrinkles would be injurious for me to use? How often should it be used?

Mrs. W. H. S.

Neither of the lotions to which you refer is injurious if used as directed. The lotion for premature wrinkles may be applied every day.

Liked Powder

Will you kindly send me the recipe for the liquid powder, which I have been using with great benefit to remove freckles and wrinkles? I repeat the formula with pleasure.

For Whitening the Skin—A Liquid Powder

Pure oxide of zinc, 1 ounce; glycerine, 1 ounce; rosewater, 4 ounces; essence of rose, 15 drops.

Put the zinc, glycerine in a tin just enough of the rosewater to cover it, then add the glycerine, next the remainder of the rosewater.

Shake well and apply with a soft sponge or a brush. It will be sure, as I will wipe off before the liquid dries or it will be streaked.

To Develop the Bust

If you kindly heart in next week's paper a good bust developer.

MILDRED.

Dr. Vaucaire's Remedy for the Bust.

Liquid extract of ginseng (soasted), 10 grams; tincture of iodine, 10 grams; tincture of castor, 10 grams; simple syrup, 400 grams.

Too Fat

Having been a constant reader of your column for some time, I thought I would come to you for advice about my stoutness. I am a girl 24 years old and weigh almost 200 pounds. Could you please tell me what to do in order to get thin? For you know, that is too much for so young a woman to weigh. I cannot understand what is making me so stout, as I eat but very few sweet things, and I also have lots of exercise, as I do the housework for three brothers and myself. If you will please tell me how to reduce my fat, you will be greatly obliged.

HENNE.

Rules for the Reduction of Flesh.

Avoid all starchy and sweetened food, all cereals, vegetables containing sugar or starch, such as peas, beans, corn, potatoes, etc. Have your bread toasted; sprinkle it with salt instead of butter. Milk, I regret to say, if it be pure and good, is fattening. Skimmed milk may be drunk. Hot water is an excellent substitute for other beverages. Add a little of the juice of lemons to it, if you choose. Limit your sleeping hours to seven at the outside. No naps. You must take exercise.

If you cannot walk at least five miles a day, and do not wish, go to one of the institutions where mechanical massage is excellent. Several of my correspondents report good results from this method. It relieves the vigorous exercise they require. The system is thoroughly wholesome and does not recollect in that fat is carbon. Oxygen de- stroyed of burnt out carbon.

You must consume the carbon by the oxygen you take through your lungs. The more exercise the more oxygen and consequent destruction of fat by the one healthful method of curing obesity.

The more starch and sugar you eat, the more carbon to burn away.

Remedies for the Hair and Face

A dose and how often, I am troubled with impurities of the blood working out in the face, and will appreciate your advice. How many bottles do you think I should use?

Do you think this blood purifier will stop my face from breaking out? Nothing that I have tried will prevent these formations, and I wish you would advise me what to do for them. I want something that will prevent my face from breaking out this way, and not to cause it to break out as some things I have tried have affected it that way.

Take three teaspoonfuls of the blood purifier at one dose, preferably in the morning before eating. This will prob- ably drive the impurities from the blood and make the eruptions on your face a little more frequent at first, but if you persevere with the treatment and use the cream for which I am giving you formula, externally, I feel sure your complexion will soon improve.

Fossil Cream for Pimples.

Lanolin, 3 grams; sweet almond oil, 5 grams; sulphur precipitate, 5 grams; oxide zinc, 1/2 gram; extract of violet, 10 drops.

To Cure Danarruff

Iwould like to get a remedy that will stop dandruff and falling hair. I have tried almost all the patented remedies that I know of, but they seem to do no good. So I thought I would seek assistance from you, as I know a great many have been benefited through your paper.

N. T.

To Remove Dandruff

Tincture of cascades, 1 ounce; liquor ammonia, 1 dram; glycerine, 1/2 ounce; oil thyme, 1/2 dram; rosemary oil, 1/2 dram.

Mix all together with six ounces of rose- water. Apply to the scalp thoroughly with this preparation until no further evidence of dandruff is noticed.

Pores Very Large

Will you kindly give me advice how to treat my face for enlarged pores? I think it has been caused by an injudicious use of facial paint and powder, without first having applied cream.

Use a little borax in the water in which you bathe your face, and apply the following lotion:

Lotion for Enlarged Pores.

Boric acid, 1 dram; distilled witch hazel, 4 ounces.

Apply with a piece of old linen or absorbent cotton.

To Remove Wrinkle

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To Remove Impurities From the Blood

I have a clipping of a blood purifier that you gave, and I want to know exactly how to use it. Do you mean to take from one to four teaspoonfuls at one dose, or how? Please give exact directions and return this with your answer. I am 21 years old, so if you can, tell me exactly how much at

FRONT BOGGS
State and Insurance
100, Fort St.
1899.

7 room new
locality; price

acres, 6 room

ROAD—5 acres,
at trees, cottage,
and implements

acres fine land, 1
glass house and
barn, stock, im-
plements, can be
concern, can be

autiful home, with
50 acres land; a

(Foul Bay)—40
ce \$10,000.

N—64 acres, with
tivated, 20 acres
sheep; price \$2,250.

LOTS—Fronting
ce \$2,750.

—100-acre farm,
and pasture, 7
2 horses, 8 cows,
15 minutes walk
and post office, a
\$4,300.

60 acres, 15 acres
shed, 1/2 mile river
Duncans; price

acres bottom land,
Section 7; price

es, mostly clear,
price \$75.

at Tyoe Station,
ature, price only

nd lots; also sev-

season Hill park,
elling has electric
terms easy; price

Only two of those
corner Boyd and

age, at Foul Bay.

er of Dallas road,
large comfortable

which contains list
land farms.

W & ODDY
ST STREET.

8 roomed house, 66

4 roomed dwell-
ing houses, ches-

Head, \$635.

Building sites, just
to \$300 per lot.

On Shan-
terminus of
on of tram
land, suit-
600.

ll road, all cleared
all in 5 acre blocks.

CKS—Close to city.

LAN ON
AGE—An im-
proved real
current rates.

est.
est. Fire Insur-
Com.

N & CO.
Insurance Agents,
at Street.

modern bungalow,
for \$3,250; terms if

E—15 acres, good
vide to good ad-

RGE DWELLING.
lot, well located,
conveniences; term-

N BUNGALOW.
Park and car line;
easy terms.

ss.

No. 1, A. O. U. W.,
and fourth Wed-
A. O. U. W. Hall,
sitting the city cor-
and R. Noble, M.W.

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Different sizes for various fingers

ALMOST every woman has an instinctive yearning for tapering finger tips. Undoubtedly they add much to the beauty of the hand, and if the finger ends are thick and chubby the general appearance of the hand is marred. Much may be done by shaping the nails properly. In my opinion, the best effect is obtained by making the nail follow the line of the finger end as nearly as possible.

The French women have always taken great pride in tapering finger tips, and to this is probably due the invention of little devices for training them in the way they should go. They are little things, like steel thimbles, and are lined with soft felt. There are different sizes for the various fingers, and these are adjusted by pressing them to the desired size.

The pressure should not be hard enough to cause any discomfort. Of course, results are not at once visible, but by continually wearing these little devices at night, and as often during the day as convenient, even very thick finger ends may be trained into a much more tapering effect.

Ideal summer corset

THE woman who can not only keep cool, but look cool during the hot summer weather, accomplishes two important things. She secures her own comfort and she is a benefactor to her sex, for those that look at her cool countenance upon seeing her cool and calm under these trying conditions of the weather.

Dress, of course, is an extremely important thing in accomplishing a state of looking and feeling cool. On the subject of underclothing there is a difference of opinion. Linen is undoubtedly the coolest material to put next to the skin, and when in the form of linen meshed garments, which allow the perspiration to pass through freely, is very desirable. However, in our variable climate lightweight woollens are often advisable. They come very thinly woven and lessen the danger from sudden colds or chills.

Much comfort may be gained by substituting a lightweight corset for the one usually worn. There is an ideal corset made of lightweight porous material, free from stiffness and having only the number of bones absolutely necessary.

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White is coolest

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Application for a
title to Lot
No. 1, issued to
Charles W. W.
James Cochrane
members, on the 17th

en that it is my in-
tion hereof, to issue
mentioned Certi-

WOOTTON,
Registrar General,
1 day of May, 1906.

en that I intend to
of Victoria, at the
transfer from myself
of the license to
ermined liquors on
Y, on the premises
Hotel, situate on
Street and Oriental

of May, 1906.
RET M. McKEON.

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Use a little borax in the water in which you bathe your face, and apply the following lotion:

Lotion for Enlarged Pores.

Boric acid, 1 dram; distilled witch hazel, 4 ounces.

Apply with a piece of old linen or absorbent cotton.

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