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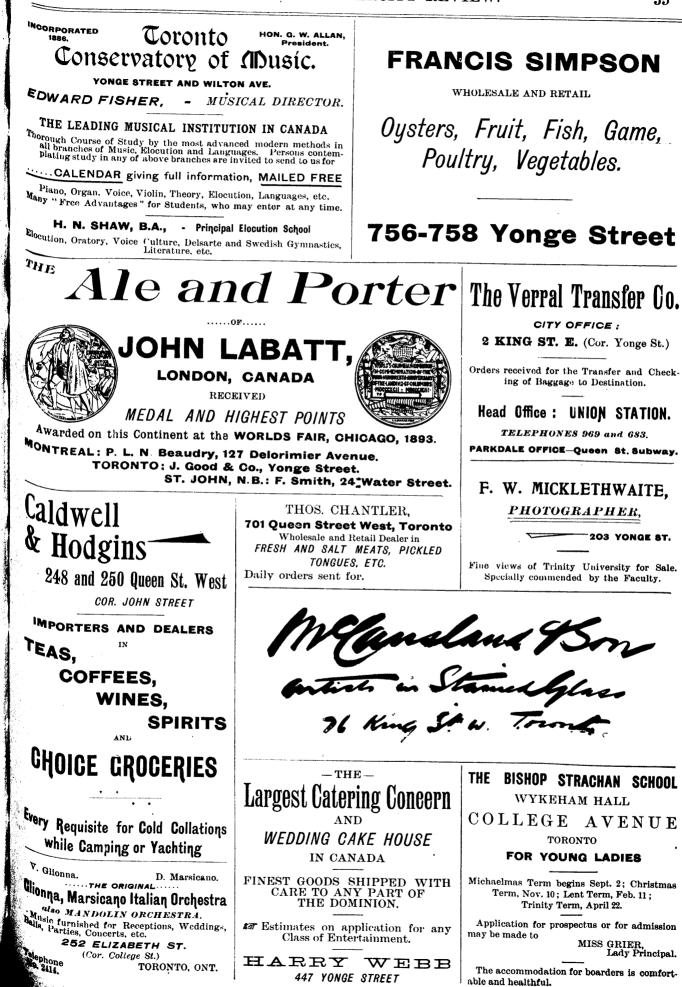
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Trinity University Review

A Journal of Literature, University Thought, and Events.

Vol. X.

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No. 3.

Trinity University Review.

Published in twelve monthly issues by Convocation and the Under aduates in Arts and Medicine of Trinity University.

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J. H. MACGILL, Business Manager,

the Literary contributions or items of personal interest are solicited from we students, alumni, and friends of the University. The names of the Versers must be appended to their communications, but not necessarily publication. Trinity University, Toronto.

BOARD OF EDITORS : C. H. BRADBURN, Editor-in-Chief. J. H. MACGILL, M.A. D. F. CAMPBELL. H. T. S. BOYLE. H. C. GRIFFITH. Convocation : H. YOUNG, M.A.

REV. H. H. BEDFORD-JONES, M.A.

Editorial Topics.

The House of Commons is an interest-PARLIAMENT. ing study at the present time with the Liberals in the summer of the dis-pirity and the Conservatives newly thrust into the disbiriting shades of opposition. Each party has adapted being shades of opposition. Each party and the Op-Notition is caviling at the Government and its broken houses with customary vigour, while the Government has then up the imperial cry, and is prepared to frame the wife "most useful to this country in its relations to the ben impire of which we form a part." Assurances have wing given that the changes which are to be made in the Reven that the changes which are to be interest and the will be gradual, as all thinking men foresaw and the tariff is a revenue tariff with becked, for whether our tariff is a revenue tariff with incidental ^{herected}, for whether our tarin is a revenue trained to the tarine tar thains that we shall, no matter what party is in power, the a tariff, protection, and chiefly, revenue derived from the tariff, protection, and chiefly, revenue derived from the tariff, protection and chiefly of tariff, protection then The unfortunate School Question has been un-The unfortunate School Question and it. by the ped that it had become quiescent, and it has, so far the vast majority of the electors are concerned. It has wast majority of the electrics are constructed in harm as be expected from a purely religious controversy be expected from a purely religious constrained by the has no place in federal politics, and never should we had no place in federal plan labour law will be a popular we had. The proposed alien labour law will be a popular the are and should be passed by both houses without the opening of the shipping season would be a by The opening of the shipping season mount of as the Amble time to make its scope particularly plain, for as American vessels begin to pass through our canals the American vessels begin to pass through on the walk the the banks while the merry mariners of Old England the their craft in charge until it were again in neutral their craft in charge until it were again in the second reasure is the might be levied on all to it it is considered that an oather the levied on all region of the levied on all double that which is levied the CL. Is a most startling when the second startling when the second startling when the second startling a second startling the Chinese. The Franchise Bill is a most startling hevelutionary expedient to lessen the expenses of the heral elections, and should scarcely pass in the form out-in the daily press. To give the local legislatures the to include the bominion franchise at pleasure is the daily press. To give the local logitudes is juggle with the Dominion franchise at pleasure is too absurd to be seriously considered.

The ending of the course of successful THE S. HILDA'S Lenten lectures which have been held in BUILDING FUND. Convocation Hall each Saturday after-

noon for the past six weeks, is a fitting time to call the attention of the friends of the University to the growth of the building fund and the purpose for which it is being raised. The history of S. Hilda's, and the object with which the college was founded, is well known to all who take an interest in the movement for the higher education of women, for the claims of S. Hilda's have been well put forward. Up to the present time the success has been encouraging, and the undertaking has reached that point where the obstacles which always present themselves at the outset, have been overcome and the scheme is now fairly afloat on placid waters. The idea of a woman's residence college in affiliation with the University has been accepted by the governing body, the Corporation, which has shown its favour by granting to S. Hilda's a piece of ground for the erection of a college building. As soon as \$15,000 has been raised building operations may be begun on the plans which have been drawn up by Mr. W. A. Langton. The original building will be constructed to accommodate twenty students. Each one will have a separate bedroom, and some of the rooms will be built so that there may be a common sitting-room for two students. Provision has been made in the plans for the enlargement of the original building as necessity may require, including plans for an oratory, library, dining hall, reception room and gymnasium. The fund already in hand amounts to over \$1,100, and at the time of writing the funds from the course of lectures which will easily bring the amount over the \$1,500 mark, have not been taken into account. The sum of \$2,175 has been subscribed, but has not yet been received, so that the fund already secured amounts to more than \$3,500. As yet there are many friends of the project who have not contributed to the fund, who will subscribe as the fund grows, so that S. Hilda's College is no longer a project merely, but an assured success and we look in a few years to see a handsome building occupying a site on the northeast portion of the College grounds.

THE EVILS OF THE MODEL SCHOOL.

Attention has recently been drawn to the almost countless numbers of teachers who are being turned out by the Model Schools each year, and to the paucity in the number of situations which will require to be filled. The inevitable result is, of course, that the salaries which are being offered are ridiculously small, considered either as a return for the original cost of acquiring the training called for by the boards which have vacancies to fill, or as a remuneration for the duties which must be undertaken. Nor does the whole evil lie in the fact that there are so few positions, for it is greatly aggravated by the scandalous practice of asking candidates to "state salary expected." Indeed, in many cases the salary expected sets us wondering and then, perchance, pondering, or even philosophising over the small amount of creature comforts which mankind, is willing to satisfy itself with and labour for to the end of its days. But, it is reasonable to suppose, that when a teacher names a salary and accepts a position, that he is sufficiently satisfied and no one has a right to complain. Certainly not that teacher. And yet, "there are others," as any school boy will tell you ; others whose position and livelihood are materially affected by the sad fact

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that school boards will use such methods and that teachers will consent to cheapen their services to an extent that is The "others" are to be pitied in that, through appalling. no fault of their own, they find themselves in an unfortunate position into which they have to some extent been cajoled, and out of which they can get only at considerable inconvenience and loss. The way by which they arrived at their unfortunate position was the pleasant, broad way of the Model Schools; the ways by which they get out are divergent and thorny.

That the number of Model Schools in the province is far in excess of the work which they are required to do is gradually becoming alarmingly apparent, and at the presentmoment we see the unusual spectacle of factories, or mills, or whatever you may choose to liken them to, turning out about three times as much material as there is any demand for. At the same time another branch of the same government educational system is tugging at the provincial purse strings in the hope of obtaining sufficient money to pay a deficit of several thousands. There are Model Schools in each county receiving support from the Education Department of Ontario and charging fees by no means adequate to meet the expenses of maintenance. The fees are altogether too low. This is, no doubt, that the advantages of the Model Schools may be within the reach of all. as we are told when a dictionary is offered for sale, but now that it has become apparent that there is by no means room for "all" to gain a livelihood by teaching, the fees might reasonably be raised so that the Model Schools should be self-sustaining But, it might be objected, by such action a great number of prospectively proficient teachers would be lost to the world. Not necessarily, for, in addition to raising the fees the number of Model Schools should be reduced considerably. This reduction in the number of Schools would necessitate but a small increase in the amount of the fees, owing to the reduced cost of maintenance consequent upon centralization and the increased number of students at each school. Then, when the reduction had been accomplished, and the fees had been raised sufficiently to make the Model Schools self-sustaining, the Education Department would by in a position to devote a portion of the sum voted in previous years to this account to scholarships, or exhibitions-call them what you willto be given to a candidate or candidates at each Model School who would otherwise be unable to take the course, provided the candidate had shown that he possessed a natural faculty for teaching. The examination should not be all, or nearly all, a written one, but should consist, to a considerable extent, of tests of the candidate's natural ability to impart knowledge, or, in other words, to teach.

In another way the Model School as it exists at present raises false hopes and fails in its work, while it in part, and to a greater extent its offshoot the Normal School also, does harm to the universities. When a teacher has completed the course at the Model School and is thus qualified to hold a position under the government which has trained him, which in fact has done more than that, has well nigh coaxed him to be trained, he has some claim to have at least a reasonable chance given him of obtaining employment in the educational system for which he is avowedly educated. Unfortunately, this chance is not given. It is impossible that it could be given when two of every three persons who are trained by the government as teachers must look for employment in some other occupation in order that they may earn their daily bread. This, at present, so far as the Normal Schools are concerned, is not so true, since they are not so numerous. But these, too, are becoming a burden and an evil, though in a different way.

It is being pretty well accepted by the graduates of our universities as a burdensome but unavoidable law that they must take a course at a Normal School (or at the School of

Pedagogy, which is really a Normal School), before they can with success, compete for the few places which become vacant from time to time on the staffs of the Collegiate Institutes and High Schools. And, on the other hand, it has become a sore grievance to the man who, with his certificate and Normal School training alone to depend upon, finds himself out classed by the university man who has taken a Normal School course. If the Normal School were fulfilling its duty there would be no preference given the university graduate. Evidently, then, as a thing by itself the Normal School is a failure, and until it becomes incorporated as * department of university education its maintenance is a piece of useless extravagance and an intolerable grievance

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What becomes of the superfluity of teachers which reduces wages and quality to a minimum? is a fair quee The embryos loiter for a time, waiting in vain " for tion. something to turn up," and then drift into the current of the busy world to obtain wages as best they may. The time which they have spent in the training schools has been a loss to them, to a great extent, for, if they had not the money to lose in a gaming speculation they could much better have used it in fitting themselves for the occupation into which they have ultimately drifted. If they have been able to afford the outlay they would have expended their money to much better advantage in taking a university course. A Model School or Normal School course is to a great extent technical and teaches knowledge only as a means to an end—and that end to teach again. A university course should teach knowledge, but of different sort-namely, culture.

The superabundance of teachers and the poorness of wages must soon bring into existence some sort of protective association similar in character to the Law Society and the Medical Council, if radical means for checking the over crowding are not shortly adopted. The subject, in any case, presents food for reflection whether considered means of economizing for the benefit of the provincial university, or for the good of all university, or for the good of all university education of our public schools on an our public schools, or as a social problem in this age of overcrowding when we of the rising generation are of the forted with the fond hope that "there is always room at the ton" the top."

"THE STORY OF CANADA."*

BY DR. BOURINOT.

Dr. Bourinot by his various writings has already has Canada good service, but we think that no book he one published is likely to be of such general value as the one we have before us. It form we have before us. It forms one of the well known series, "The Story of the N "The Story of the Nations," a series which has an excel-lent reputation and wide circulation which has an excel lent reputation and wide circulation in England and the United States. It cannot fail the United States. It cannot fail that it will add greatly to the knowledge of our country and its history in $q_{At}^{arthers}$ where it is important that they are the start of the s where it is important that they should be known. time when special attention is being directed in the mother country to the affairs of Canada it country to the affairs of Canada it is most satisfactory that such a book as this by D_{μ} . Power

such a book as this by Dr. Bourinot should appear. The different books in the Story of the Nation Berief, e the works of such well have are the works of such well known writers as Freeman, Thorold Rogers, Moreo Starth, or writers as Freeman, Thorold Rogers, Morse Stephen, Gustave Masson, Baring Gould, etc. With many of these books we are self acquainted, and do not hesitate to say that Dr. Bourinot's Story of Canada is well worther Story of Canada is well worthy to stand side by side the best of them. Trinity has every reason to feel prod that one of her sons has thus added to be the trinction be that one of her sons has thus added to the distinction

The book is well printed, and written in a style eminently adable. The illustrations are readable. The illustrations are numerous and of especial

*"The Story of Canada," by J. G. Bourinot, C.M.G., LL.D., P. The Story of the Nations. London, T. Fisher Unwin. Toronto, The Clark Co., Limited.

interest. Many of them are taken as the author points out from sources not accessible to the ordinary student, and have been selected "not simply with the object of pleasing the general reader," which they cannot fail to do, "but rather of elucidating the historical narrative." A word of praise too should be given to the maps and plans which form a most valuable feature of the book.

Though, as we see from its title, it does not claim to be ^a History of Canada, it will serve the purpose better than ^{any} book of its size already published. No event of ^{importance} is omitted and the work is marked by historical ^{accuracy} and scrupulous fairness.

It opens with an introductory chapter descriptive of the natural features of the Dominion as it is. Then follow twelve chapters dealing with the periods of discovery and rench rule, succeeded by five chapters which give an account of the great struggle between England and France for dominion in North America. These chapters covering the romantic period of the history of Canada, which will Probably be found the most interesting by the majority of readers, take up considerably more than half the book. The subsequent history is not dealt with at such lengthbut Dr. Bourinot carefully selects the leading features and brings them before us in their proper proportion. Separate chapters deal with the American Revolution, the coming of the Loyalists and the war of 1812—but we are not led through the weary maze of party quarrels. He himself says :-- "I have not entered into the intrigues and conflicts which have been so bitter and frequent during the operation of parliamentary government in a country where polilicians are so numerous, and statesmanship is so often hampered and government injuriously affected by the selfish interests of party, but have simply given the conpicuous and dominant results of political action since the oncession of representative institutions to the provinces of British North America." For this we are grateful. In the closing chapters we have a sketch of the history of the North-West, and a review of the condition of the French Canadians. It is satisfactory to see that Dr. Bourinot, who has many opportunities of knowing, is convinced that the mass of the inhabitants of Quebec, with their leaders, are completely loyal to Confederation and the British Empire.

College Chronicle.

day begins the Easter term.

On the suggestion of some members of the Divinity forward one week. They accordingly begin on April bth, and end on Wednesday of Passion Week, thus leaving the more solemn days of that season free from the beighting influence of an "everlasting grind."

Episcopon (of whom notice elsewhere is given) was read this year on S. Patrick's Night. This date was indeed ago, the first sod was turned for the University buildings.

Notice has been posted announcing that a prize of \$10.00 several paper on the Greek Testament to be written off in thould do much towards stirring up a deeper interest in this most important subject. Greek Test. is occasionally studed at by the knowing ones, and for Exam. purposes work for the summer and a possible \$10 at its latter end, this little competition will fully supply his wants and occupy his time.

The quantum for the reading prizes in the Divinity Class was somewhat increased this year. In Chapel where the Provost, Prof. Huntingford and Mr. White acted as examiners, two lessons, one from the Gospels the other from the Epistles were read, together with a couple of selections from the Prayer Book. The next day's work, before Prof. Clark, Mr. Bedford Jones and Mr. H. N. Shaw, was devoted to sight selections from Macaulay's "Essay on Dryden" and Wordsworth's "Ode on Immortality." Thanks to the energy of the examiners, the results were posted the following day, when Rev. C. A. Seager, M.A., '94 appeared first, with Dr. J. Bushel '96, and Mr. J. A. Fenning '96 were *equali* for second place. The prizes are of the money order, and are twelve, eight and four in denomination.

EPISCOPON.

On the night of S. Patrick's day Hall was well filled with undergraduates and a sprinkling of old Grads, to hear the message which the Venerable Father sent to his children. When supper had been disposed of and pipes and cigarettes sent up their clouds and wreaths of smoke each one pushed his chair close up to the dais, just without the charmed circle of light which cast a halo about the scribe, Mr. David Rogers, and prepared to listen attentively to praise and censure as it appeared written in the annual message of Father Episcopon. The Father's mood was sad this year for he saw many things to criticize and condemn, and but few to praise. Father Episcopon is an exacting confessor who requires incontestable proof of worth ere he will commend, and whodistinguishes with marvellous astuteness the failings, faults and idiosyncrasies of his wayward children. Shrouded in the mystery of anonymous contribution, culled with judgment and discretion by the scribe, the Father's message is a wholesome reproof, and gives, what rarely occurs in life, an opportunity "to see ourselves as others see us." The verbose orations of the rising Demosthenes, the didactic philosophy of the aspiring Plato, the frivolities of the man of fashion, the cooings of some amorous Corydon the carelessness of the lounger, the effusions of the poet are all brightly sketched or lightly touched with wit and fancy until they form almost too truthful a mirror in enduring prose or verse. Episcopon has been an institution peculiar to Trinity for some thirtythree years now, and has its "years," which are memorable like many another college custom. There are one or two volumes of Episcopon which are especially noteworthy, though none of very recent date. The Episcopon of ninetyseven forms a criterion by which Episcopon's will be judged for some years to come, with which some numbers of recent years may well be contrasted. That of Mr. Lampman is perhaps the most recent landmark, but for equitable comment, and justy merited castigation the Episcopon of ninety-seven now overshadows it, and all Trinity men of this present undergraduate generation swear by the Episcopon of Mr. David Rogers, Scribe.

LIBRARY NOTES.

The following books. etc., have been received :--U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey (1895), Dominion Census (1870-1 and 1880-1), Columbia College Bulletin, Church Missionary Gleaner and the Canadian Church Magazine and Mission News for March, Report of the Commission of Crown Lands for Ontario (1896), Report on Lunatic and Idiot Asylums (1896), Johnson's Graphic Statistics of Canada, Canada at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition

(London, 1886), Vol. 50 of the Dictionary of National Biography, a collection of letters from Bishop Strachan to the late Canon Logan, (presented by Mr. Henry Montgomery), and the National Portrait Gallery of British Musicians, (presented by Mr. W. C. Tregarthen, Mus. Bac., Johannesburg, South Africa).

Convocation Hotes.

EDITORS.

THE REV. H.H. BEDFORD JONES, M.A. A.H. YOUNG, M.A.

In consideration of a grant of \$100.00 a year this space is set aside for the use of the Convocation of the University.

LECTURES.

On Monday evening, the 29th inst., the Reverend the Dean lectured on "Sheridan" in Trinity Church schoolhouse, Woodstock, having addressed a meeting in the afternoon in behalf of Convocation. It is probable that a Local Branch will be formed in the Autumn.

At Brantford the last of the series of lectures was delivered in Grace Church schoolhouse on Tuesday, the 30th inst. As a result of these lectures Trinity is much better known than it ever was before in Brantford and the vicinity, the newspapers having given very favourable notices of them. Thanks to the kindly interest of the Rector and of two or three of Trinity's graduates, there seems to be some possibility of the formation of a Local Branch after the Dean's lecture next month.

With the delivery of courses of lectures at such important centres as Stratford, Orangeville, Galt, Brantford, and Oakville and of individual lectures at various other towns, Convocation may well be content.

LECTURE LIST.

As the season is so far advanced, the lecture list is withdrawn. If, however, any lecturers are wanted, application may still be made to the Convener of the lecture committee.

THE CHANCELLOR'S PORTRAIT.

As announced in the February issue, the Chancellor's portrait is to be unveiled on Wednesday, April 7th, after the Convocation for conferring degrees in Medicine. The order of proceedings will be :- Presentation by the Reverend the Vice-Chancellor of an address to the Chancellor, unveiling of the portrait by the Chairman of Convocation, acceptance of it on behalf of the University by the Honourable the Chief Justice of Ontario, one of the oldest members of Corporation, and a speech by the Chancellor in reply to the address presented to him.

LITERARY INSTITUTE.

The meeting on March 12th was called to order by Mr. J. H. MacGill, M.A. The attendance was the best during the term, owing no doubt to the interest taken in the nominations, and the last of the inter-year debates between Divinity and '97. After the usual opening routine, the chairman called for nominations for the various offices for the coming y ar. After some slight hesitation the first name was submitted, and then name after name was proposed, most of them accompanied by short and pointed The meeting became decidedly interesting; speeches. many were the aspirants to office and it looked as if every office would be contested hotly. Throughout the meeting the interest kept up, and even for Ex officio, some half dozen names were put in nomination. The business of the evening being thus disposed of the Institute resolved itself into a mock Parliament, Mr. H. T. S. Boyle being elected Speaker. The subject under discussion was, "Resolved

that Greece is justified in her interference in Cretan affairs." Class '97 took the Government benches and upheld the resolution, while Divinity as the Opposition party, of course opposed it. Messrs. Bradburn and D. F. Camp bell again championed the Government's cause, and Messrs. McCallum and Anderson upheld the honour of Divinity Mr. Bradburn opened the debate with a concise and logical speech, which was listened to with well deserved attention. His colleague, Mr. Campbell, though questioned frequently by his opponents, nevertheless succeeded in putting his arguments strongly before the House. Mr. McCallum, leader of the Opposition, was in good form, and his supporter Mr. Anderson, made what was undoubtedly the speech of the evening. Mr. Bradburn closed a somewhat excited discussion. The division resulted in another Government defeat by a narrow majority of one. Amidst the wild tumult that followed Mr. McCallum moved an adjournment which, resulting in a tie, Mr. Speaker declared lost, and Mr. Rogers, on behalf of the Government, moved for a recount. This was also lost, and the meeting adjourned in no small confusion.

Another large audience faced the chairman, Mr. Mc, Callum, B.A., on March 19th. The annual election of officers was the chief business before the meeting. The reports of the several officers for the past year were highly satisfactory, the Treasurer's showing a balance of some ninety dollars. The election was not so interesting as at first anticipated, for the withdrawal of some of the strong est men let several offices go by acclamation and made the contests in others somewhat tame. In this way, the offices of President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Curator, and Librarian all went without a struggle. The other offices were contested strenuously. The result is as follows. President, J. Bushell, '96, B.A.; 1st Vice-Pres., J. F. Rounthwaite, '97; 2nd Vice-Pres., C. A. Heaven, '96, B.A.; Treasurer, H. I. Johnson, '98; Secretary, A. L. Ireland. '98: Librarian L. Malaughlin '00. Librarian Ireland, '98; Librarian, L. McLaughlin, '99; Librarian, '98; K. Muckleston, '99; Councillor, F. W. Brennen, '98, Tad The usual valedictories were given by the esteemed Head of College and the of College and others, after which an adjournment made to the rooms of the successful candidates when ample justice was done their generous hospitality.

The new council, though with one or two exceptions somewhat inexperienced, is nevertheless a strong one, and the Institute will we are the Institute will suffer no loss at its hands. The offices are well distributed, and every year is well represented.

It is a cause of general regret that some of our best men refused to stand as candidates for election. It is felt that they would have added no small amount of strength to the council, and would have contributed largely to the Institute's future success. Prrsonal reasons no doubt prompted their withdrawal.

OXFORD vs. CAMBRIDGE.

THE RIVAL TEAMS.

The committee of the Oxford University Athletic Club have definitely selected the team to do battle against the Light Blues et Oussel' Clinical against the In the mile Carleton drops out and Hildyard takes and place, the little Canadian place, the little Canadian runner joining Wilberforce and Freemantle in

Three Mile Race.

 OXFORD. J. M. Freemantle, Eton and Hutford. C. H. Carleton, TRINITY College, TORONTO, '93, and Brasenose. A. R. Wilberforce, Win- chester and Christ Church. e Sportsman, March 17th.

This gives Carleton his blue, one of the most highly coveted honours in the world of sports. In Mr. Carleton's case it is especially well deserved, his Oxford days having been marked by a long series of successes in running, to which his present position forms a fitting and most honourable climax. THE REVIEW congratulates our old graduate and impatiently awaits the reports of this year's Games.

SONG OF THE GENERAL PRACTITIONER.

He must not walk his rounds, for fear his patients think him poor

And dearly do they love to see a carriage at their door; And if his horse is fat : "He must have little work to do;" And if it's lean, the reason is : "He starves the poor old screw.",

Should he call upon his patients every day when they are ill, His motive plainly is "to make a great big doctor's bill :

If he visits them less frequently, thus less'ning their expense, The chances are, he'll be accused of wilful negligence.

About his own afflictions he must never say a word ;

The notion of a doctor being ill is so absurd.

And when, perhaps from overwork, he's laid upon the shelf, His sympathising patients say, "Physician, heal thyself."

B. O. P.

PERSONAL.

Arthur Pottenger, '93, was noticed in Hall the other night.

The REVIEW wishes Professor Clark many happy returns of the 26th. Old and new friends alike sent tangible proof of their regards for him.

Kirwan Martin, '82, and D'Arcy Martin, '89, both of Hamilton, were in town lately attending the meeting of the executive committee of Convocation.

Trinity mourns the loss of another graduate in the death of R. M. Stephens, M.B., '77, who died recently at Manitowaning where he was government doctor.

Mr. P. S. Lampman, '88, of Victoria, B.C., for some time past secretary of the Law Society of the Pacific Province, is about to open an office in Rossland, B.C.

For some time past, Mr. J. G L. Abbott, '91, has been engaged in legal practice in Rossland where he represents his firm, Messrs. Davis, Marshall, Macneill & Abbott, of Vancouver, B.C.

Rev. Frank DuMoulin, for some time curate of Trinity Church, Chicago, has accepted the rectory of Emmanuel church, Cleveland. Mr. DuMoulin is to be congratulated upon his rapid preferment.

Mr. Cortez Fessenden, M.A. '71, Trinity, was giving evidence on the publication of school texts, etc., before the Public Account Committee of the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday, March 17th.

Mr. Martin Cleworth, erstwhile director of the Trinity College Amateur Dramatic Society (now some time, alas, defunct) and Mr. Henry Sanders, a star in the same late amented, spent a pleasant evening in college a week or so since.

THE REVIEW congratulates Dr. Bourinot '54 and '89, of Ottawa, upon his recent appointment as Honorary Fellow of the Royal Colonial Institute, London, Eng., in welldeserved "recognition of his usefulness as a writer on col-Onial subjects," as the notification runneth.

Mr. J. P. Whitney, leader of the local opposition, and Col. A. J. Matheson, of Perth, were dined in Hall lately. These two gentlemen are the first lay representatives on Corporation for the new Diocese of Ottawa, having but ately been appointed by Bishop Hamilton. Col. Matheis one of our "old Grads" dating back to the year 1865. this degree of B. C. L. was granted in 1889.

A geological lecture, entitled "The Story of the Earth,"

was delivered by Prof. Montgomery in the city of Stratford recently, in connection with Convocation's lecture scheme. A large audience greeted the lecturer in S. James' church school house, to which electric wires had been conducted to supply the electric light lantern used to illustrate the address. Upwards of sixty views were exhibited, chiefly of the strange creatures whose fossilised remains have been found in rocks of the past ages. At the close of the lecture interesting addresses were made by the Rector of S. James', Rev. D. Williams, Mr. Buckingham and others.

Rev. C. H. Shutt, M.A., an erstwhile editor of Rouge et Noir and the first business manager of the REVIEW paid his old friends a visit a few weeks ago. Many old scenes were recalled and much history detailed. Mr Shutt still takes an active interest in all College institutions, an interest, indeed, which has borne fruit in the happy way of sending men, and able men, to take a place in our Halls and also to head the lists in some of our classes. He, like too many others of our Canadian clergy, has fallen under the spell of the American Church, and is now rector of S. Paul's church, Albany, N.Y.

Rev. J. C. Roper, rector in charge of S. Thomas' church, Toronto, has been unanimously elected to a professorship in the general Theological Seminary, New York, he having become well and favorably known through his attendance in the United States at conventions of the S. Andrew's Brotherhood. His departure from Toronto will be a loss not only to his parish and this city, but to the province at large, and we heartily wish him success in his new work. We hope that he will continue to take an interest in this University, with which he has been more or less intimately connected ever since his arrival in this country, as Professor, examiner, member of the corporation, and of the Executive Committee of Convocation.

A recent number of the Montreal Star announces that the Lord Bishop of Montreal has appointed the Rev. H. J. Evans to be a Canon of Christ Church Cathedral in that city. Canon Evans, who is, by the way, a brother of the Venerable Archdeacon Evans, took his B. A. at Trinity in 1856, and his M.A. in 1859. In 1863 he was ordained a deacon by Bishop Cronyn, and a priest in 1865. For some time he was classical and mathematical tutor in Huron Theological College and, after a brief incumbency in the parish of Port Rowan, he removed to the Diocese of Montreal where he has worked ever since. As a city missionary he has been singularly successful and at the present time he is Rector of All Saints' Church, connected with which are two missions-in Amherst Park and Montreal Annex. We congratulate the Canon on the mark of appreciation of his many useful labours which his Bishop has conferred upon him.

THEOLOGICAL AND MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The Annual General Business Meeting was held on Tuesday, March 23rd, in Room 2, the Provost in the chair.

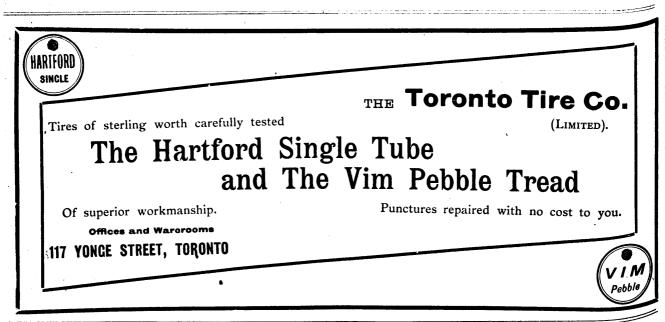
The report of the Treasurer, showing a balance of \$24.27 was read and adopted.

It was decided to continue the annual grant of \$50 to Fairbank Mission until May, 1898.

The Secretary's report showing satisfactory work during the year was also read and adopted.

Prof. Cayley moved, and Rev. G. F. Davidson seconded the following important resolution :-

"That in the opinion of this Annual General Meeting of the Trinity College Theological and Missionary Society it would greatly strengthen the work of Trinity if all the Divinity graduates become members of this Society thus saving the reduplication of machinery and uniting the past and present students of the College in one Society for the purposes of theological study and missionary work.



The following were elected officers for the ensuing year :-

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President, The Provost, (ex-officio); 1st Vice-President. Rev. C. A. Seager; 2nd Vice-President, Mr. J. R. H. Warren; Secretarv, Mr. J. F. Rounthwaite; Treasurer, Mr E. P. S. Spencer.

Executive Committee. Clergy :- Rev.'s E. F. Davidson, E. C. Cayley, A. U. de Pencier, C. L. Ingles, C. H. Shortt, H. P. Lowe.

Students :--- Messrs. Broughall, Heaven, Howard, representing the Divinity men. Messrs. Boyle, Muckleston, Marling, representing the Arts men.

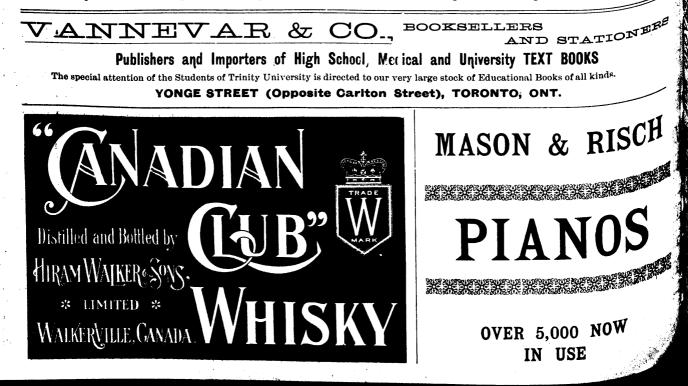
MISSIONARY NOTES.

All who have promised or intend to give to the Nagano church, are requested to do so as soon as possible, so that the original intention of sending the money to Japan by Easter may be carried out.

Dr. Aspland, a man of very varied experience in mission work in India and other parts of the world, is taking our M. D. He will receive the degree at the Medical Convocation on April 7th. Dr. Aspland has lately been engaged in that most arduous and perilous work of the Deep Mr. Missions in Labrador Our content With Devilort Missions in Labrador. Our zealous Vice. President, Warren, tried to arrange for a meeting, but, unfortunately, Dr. Aupland was and it Warren, tried to arrange for a meeting, but, unfortunated Dr. Aspland was not able to come on the only night which was open to the men. We thus missed a great treat We as the missionary is an earnest and eloquent speaker. hope the committee for corresponding with missionaries will keep Dr. Aspland in mind.

CLERGY HOUSES.

This is a subject which has come very much to the front tely many features to lately, many feeling that some such scheme is necessary It the country is to be reached and efficiently worked. commends itself for many reasons—it is far more $e_{ave}^{conomic}$ cal and more beneficial to the Cl cal and more beneficial to the Church to provide for five of six active, zealous, young men, than to keep a man's wife and six or seven children, that to keep a man's out and six or seven children, it is better than sending men out alone, as in the clearer better alone, as in the clergy house system the missionaries the assist and encourage each other. Next year we hope Society will arrange to get De Society will arrange to get Dr. Langtry, Mr. Shortt and Mr. Barlow Cumberland and other Mr. Barlow Cumberland and others interested in the work to address meetings in the Culture to address meetings in the College.





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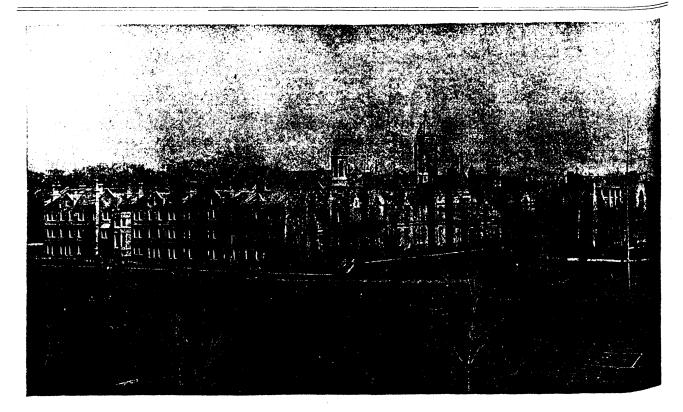
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faculty of Erts In proceeding to the Degree of B.A., students may select one or more fully equipped Hon^{our} Courses in the following branches : Classics, Mathematics, Modern Languages, Physical and Natural Science, Theology, and Mental and Moral Philosophy and History.

Matriculation Examination At this examination, held in July, nine Scholarships are awarded on the result of the Pass and Honour Examinations :---

The Wellington Scholarship in Classics of \$275 (\$80 and three years' tuition free). The Wellington Scholarship in Mathematics of \$275 (\$80 and three years' tuition free). The Bishop Strachan Scholarship in Classics of \$235 (\$40 and three years' tuition free). The Burnside Scholarship in Mathematics of \$235 (\$40 and three years' tuition free). The Dickson Scholarship in Modern Languages of \$235 (\$40 and three years' tuition free). The Dickson Scholarship in Physical and Natural Science of \$35 (\$40 and three years' tuition free). The Burnside Scholarship in English and History and Geography of \$235 (\$40 and three years' tuition free). The Pettit Scholarship in Divinity of \$235 (\$40 and three years' tuition free).

In addition to the above, a Scholarship in Mental and Moral Philosophy will be awarded at the end of the Second Year, entitling the holder to one year's free tuition.

The Matriculation Examination may be taken at the various High Schools and Collegiate Institutes in the Province, or in the Convocation Hall of the University. A Supplemental Examination is held in October, in the Convocation Hall only. Pass Candidates must take Latin, Greek (or its substitutes—see Calendar), Mathematics, History Geography, and English.

S. HILDA'S ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN IS IN AFFILIATION.

faculty of Medicine Medical College, Toronto; The Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston.

faculty of Law The Examinations of this Faculty for the Degree of B.C.L. are held in June.

faculty of Music forms etc., etc., should be obtained from the Registrar, address Trinity University, Toronto.