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QUALITY



Shoes

GIRLS

and can give you a better  
ever before.

LS:

Calf and Kid Bluchers or  
er pair  
\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25  
Kid Bals or Bluchers Our  
Sizes 11 to 2. Per pair  
\$1.95

Specials

of CHOICE DRIED  
for the Threshing Season.

\$1.00  
.20  
1.00  
.50

Specials



Co.  
LIMITED

Sample Gloves

Now on sale, some 17 dozen Men's  
Work Gloves. Choice goods at  
manufacturer's prices.

C. H. GORDON & CO.

The West.

WORK SHOES

We are clearing out several lines of  
Men's Strong Work Shoes. You will  
neither kick about the wear or the  
prices. Make your feet glad.

C. H. GORDON & CO.

Vol. 12 No. 25

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1908

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER YEAR

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Farm Lands and City Property

FIRE INSURANCE--We represent some of the oldest, largest  
and wealthiest Fire Insurance Com-  
panies in the World, and their rates are no higher than those charged by the  
"weak ones"

FOR SALE  
FARM LANDS CITY PROPERTY PLATE GLASS INSURANCE  
HEALTH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE BONDS

P. McARA, Jr.  
1837 South Railway Street Phone 118

Imperial Bank of Canada FARMERS!

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO  
Capital Authorized \$10,000,000  
Capital (Paid Up) \$4,925,000  
Reserve \$4,925,000

D. R. WILKIE, President  
HON. ROBT. JAFFRAY, Vice-President

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN--Lloyds  
Bank, Ltd. 71 Lombard Street, London.

BRANCHES IN PROVINCES OF  
MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA,  
QUEBEC, ONTARIO, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Farming and general business transacted.  
Savings Bank Department--Interest  
allowed on deposits from date of deposit  
and credited quarterly.

REGINA BRANCH  
J. A. WETMORE, Manager

Bring your BUTTER, EGGS,  
CHICKENS, PORK AND  
BEEF HERE.

We Pay the Highest Cash Prices

The Star Provision  
Co. Ltd.

11th Ave. Darke Block  
Groceries, Meats, Bread  
and Pastry

A Gift  
for a Man

It's foolish to give a man  
those things he naturally  
prefers to buy himself. He's  
hard to satisfy along these  
lines. But there are gifts  
which are bound to please.



A GOOD BOX OF

Eaton, Crane and Pike  
Linen

gentlemen's size, will appeal to any man of refined taste.  
The smaller sizes please the most fastidious women, too.

We sell it for 50c. to \$1.00. Let us show you.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

FOR LADIES WATCHES FOR LADIES

You Promised Your Wife a Watch if the Wheat Was Not Frozen  
We have selected the best assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Watches that  
is possible to get. Our Special is a Gold 14k. filled with 15 jewel movement  
Ladies' size for \$15.00. Gents' size, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

M. G. HOWE, Jeweller and Graduate Optician, Regina

Threshers!

If you want good  
SUPPLIES

for this season's work--call on us.

If you buy here you always have the best.

Armstrong, Smyth & Dowsell  
Limited

ELECTIONS WILL BE  
HELD ON OCTOBER 26

Parliament Has Been Dissolved and the Election  
Campaign Is Now On--Hon. R. W. Scott Resigns  
as Secretary of State and is Succeeded by Chas.  
Murphy.

Ottawa, Sept. 15.--Monday, Octo-  
ber 26, was decided on today as the  
date of the general elections, with  
nominations a week earlier on Octo-  
ber 19.

The decision was reached at a  
meeting of the cabinet council this  
afternoon, at which the ministers in  
attendance were Sir Wilfrid Laurier,  
Hon. R. W. Scott, Hon. L. P. Bro-  
deur, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, and  
Hon. George P. Graham.

It was probably the last meeting  
which will be attended by Hon. R.  
W. Scott, who will, ere the minis-  
ters gather together again, be suc-  
ceeded as secretary of state by Chas.  
Murphy, K.C.

The proclamation dissolving the  
present parliament was signed by His  
Excellency, Earl Grey, tonight, on  
the eve of his departure for the west.  
It will appear in an "extra" of the  
Canadian Gazette, which will be issued  
on Thursday.

The date is a little earlier than  
originally selected, as the govern-  
ment found that all the arrangements  
for putting the machinery of the elec-  
tion law into motion could be com-  
pleted in time to put the date for-  
ward two or three days.

The writs for the holding of the  
election will be sent out at once to  
the various constituencies. Hon. R.  
W. Scott, secretary of state, who  
has charge of an immense amount of  
detail work involved in the prepara-  
tion of the election lists, the ap-  
pointment of returning officers, etc.,  
will continue in office until the work  
is finished. Consequently the incom-  
ing minister, Charles Murphy, will  
not be sworn in until next week.

The returning officer in most of the  
constituencies have already been se-  
lected. With but few exceptions they  
will be the sheriffs of their respec-  
tive districts, although in some cases  
it has been found that other ap-  
pointments were rendered necessary.

REGINA'S  
POPULATION

The Religious Census Shows 22  
Sects--Population Set Down  
at 8,975--The Number of  
Each Sect.

A religious census of the city was  
taken last Friday and on Monday the  
figures were given out. This census  
shows that there are 22 different  
sects in the city, of these the Pro-  
testants predominate. There are  
9456 Protestants; 1862 Roman Cath-  
olics, 150 Greeks, and 79 Hebrews.

The following is a detailed list  
showing the number of each sect:

Adventist	10
Baptist	279
Brethren	10
Christian Science	13
Christian	8
Congregational	16
Church of England	1713
Evangelical	24
Friends	4
Greek	150
Hebrews	79
Lutheran	261
Methodist	1
Mohammedan	1
Methodist	1581
Nazarene	34
Presbyterian	2329
Roman Catholic	1862
Salvation Army	68
Sabbatist	2
Universalist	5
Unitarian	8
Belonging to no church and with no church preference	55
Belonging to no church but hav- ing a church preference	67
Estimated number in homes where information could not be obtained	400
Total population	8975

In accordance with the provisions  
of the act passed at the last session  
of the legislature to incorporate the  
Institute of Chartered Accountants of  
Saskatchewan, an order-in-council has  
been issued appointing the following  
board: Basil H. Carter of Regina,  
Harold Jagger, of Moose Jaw, and  
William Batz of Saskatoon. Mr. Car-  
ter has been authorized to call the  
board at an early date to take ac-  
tion looking towards the placing of  
the institute upon a working basis.



NEW YORK  
DENTAL PARLORS

Scarth St. (Opp. King's Hotel)

NOW is the time to have your  
teeth attended to.

We use Painless Methods in all  
work and give you High-Class Den-  
tistry at LOWEST PRICES.

Our 20th Century Teeth, made  
with double suction, will give you  
perfect satisfaction.

Crown and Bridge  
Work a Specialty

A. GREGOR SMITH, D.D.S., L.D.S.  
Manager and Proprietor

CONVENTION  
SEPTEMBER 30

A Convention of Conservatives  
for Regina Federal Constitu-  
ency to be Held in Regina on  
Wednesday, September 30.

A convention of Conservatives for  
the federal constituency of Regina is  
announced to be held in the Borden  
Club, Regina, on Wednesday, Septem-  
ber 30th. This announcement has  
been made today by President Whit-  
more of the Regina Constituency  
Conservative Association.

The action of Mr. Whitmore in do-  
ing so will be endorsed by all mem-  
bers of the party having the best in-  
terests of the party at heart. If there  
is any lack of harmony within the  
party, a convention will clear the  
air. Unanimity should be restored if  
it is proven there is cause for its  
existence. If the convention sees fit  
to endorse J. K. Melanis, the West  
will do its best to have him elected  
on October 26th. If in its wisdom  
the convention deems wise to do oth-  
erwise we will support the action of  
the convention. This paper takes the  
attitude that the Borden platform is  
in the best interests of Canada, and  
that this constituency should elect a  
supporter of that platform on Octo-  
ber 26th. To do this the party must  
be united. If a convention does this  
it has served a good purpose.

Pioneer Gone

The death took place at Victoria  
on Saturday of John Dobbin, one of  
the pioneers of Regina. Mr. Dobbin  
was very well-known and esteemed in  
this city. He came west to Regina  
in the early days and resided here un-  
til about two years ago when he  
moved to the Pacific coast for his  
health. He was a member of the  
Dominion Land office staff until 1896.  
After that he was engaged in differ-  
ent ventures in the city, one of which  
was the general store business for  
which he occupied the building now  
known as the Mickleborough block.

Mr. Dobbin was a strong Conserva-  
tive in politics and was always at  
work for the best interests of the  
party. He was also known as a  
staunch member of the Orange Order  
and when possible at all attended  
every meeting. In religion he was a  
member of the Methodist church and  
at times occupied the pulpit.

Mr. Dobbin had been ailing for  
some time and the end was not en-  
tirely unexpected. The remains were  
taken to Chesley, Ont. for interment.  
His widow survives him.

The city has decided to secure plans  
from Mr. Meyer J. Sturm, architect,  
Chicago for the city hospital. The report  
of the health and relief committee  
which was adopted, dealing with the  
subject is as follows: "Your com-  
mittee on health and relief beg to re-  
port that owing to the difficulties  
having arisen between the local ar-  
chitects and the city it has been  
found impossible to accept any of the  
plans, and consequently your com-  
mittee after careful consideration, re-  
solved to enter into an agreement  
with Mr. Meyer J. Sturm, architect,  
Chicago, for furnishing the necessary  
plans and specifications in accordance  
with a letter from him dated 24th,  
August 1908."

An Extra Value in Ladies'  
Cloth Suits



STRICTLY Tailor-made Suits of fine smooth-finish-  
ed Tweeds, in small stripes. Coat is long with  
square front, closing with four buttons, mannish collar;  
coat is lined throughout with Roman Satin. Skirt is  
full pleated style and is entirely without trimming.  
We have this suit in brown and black, navy and black,  
navy and brown and green and brown. \$25.00  
Extra value at

PRETTY BLACK SKIRTS

Black Chiffon Panama Skirt, full pleated except  
for front tucked panel, trimmed  
with self strapping and buttons. Each..... \$9.00

Black Voile Skirt, 21-gored style, has wide fold  
of self trimmed with silk, also silk bands  
applied in a Grecian pattern. Each..... \$15.00

Black Chiffon Panama Skirt, plaited back and  
front, plain gored sides, trimmed with self  
folds, finished with buttons, back and front  
trimmed with silk bands. Each..... \$13.50

R. H. Williams & Sons, Limited  
THE GLASGOW HOUSE

Millinery  
Opening

At  
McCarthy's

At  
McCarthy's

September 23-24-25  
and the Following Days

On the above dates our mammoth premises will open the  
Fall Showing of Millinery and General Merchandise. Care  
and attention has been used in preparing this, our first  
general Fall Opening. On Wednesday Evening we will be  
open until 10 p.m. Come and bring your friends.

GOOD MUSIC REFRESHMENTS WILL BE SERVED

The McCarthy Supply Co., Ltd.  
Broad Street THE ECONOMY HOUSE Regina, Sask.

For the Housewife!

FOR CLEANING CARPETS  
USE SUFFICIENT

"YOUNG TOM"

to make a painful of rich suds. Take a sponge  
or woollen cloth (sponge preferred) dip into suds  
and squeeze until reasonably dry; wipe over  
surface of carpet, covering a small area at each  
time, then after thoroughly rinsing in clean water  
take sponge and go over soaped surface thus re-  
moving all traces of soap from the carpet.  
Sponge over the whole carpet in this manner and  
you will find that you have it thoroughly clean.

Makes Carpet Look Like New

"YOUNG TOM" Washing Powder



# R. L. BORDEN'S MESSAGE TO DOMINION ELECTORS

## The Desire of the Liberals to Conceal and Condone Wrong-Doing--The Halifax Platform of 1907 Meets Canada's Requirements and Commands the Confidence of the People--Liberal Record of Bungling.

The following report of R. L. Borden's recent speech at Halifax was given a clear definition of the Conservative position in this campaign: At your recent convention Mr. O'Mullin, my worthy and valued colleague in the last contest, has moved the nomination of Mr. Crosby, who as alderman and mayor of the city during a long term of years, has rendered splendid service to the citizens of Halifax and who in the wider sphere at Ottawa will guard the interests of the people with equal zeal and devotion. You chose me once more as one of your candidates, and both Mr. Crosby and I have accepted the honor. One condition I make imperative in my acceptance. The campaign must be a clean one; no corrupt practices must be employed in our behalf. I do not fear defeat in a clean campaign, but I prefer overwhelming defeat to victory won by improper means. I stand upon my platform of a year ago. Fight the ballot thief and the briber. Fight all any influences within our own party which favor corrupt methods.

### JUSTICE MUST PREVAIL

Rely on the justice of our cause and upon a thorough exposure to the people of our opponent's evil record. Great exaltation has been manifested by the Liberal press at the alleged discovery of improper practices at the by-election in Colchester. Mr. Stanfield has declared that if the charge is made good he will resign his seat, even though the acts were committed without the knowledge or consent of himself or his committee. The case is, still before the courts and it would be improper to assume in advance either the guilt or the innocence of the persons accused. If there has been wrongdoing by Conservatives I denounce it, I denounce those who committed it or who are responsible for it and I declare that they should be punished with full legal penalties. No man who resorts to corrupt acts in the supposed interest of our party, is a true friend of the party. If we preach purity and practice corruption, we shall be despised by all.

### ISSUES OF CAMPAIGN

I now come to consider the issues of the campaign and the records of our opponents. In 1893 the Liberal party met in convention at Ottawa, under the leadership of Mr. (now Sir) Wilfrid Laurier, and declared its policy, the ten planks of which may be summarized as follows: 1. Denunciation of the principle of protection as radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people. 2. Promotion of a reciprocity treaty with the United States and closer trade relations with that country. 3. Purity of administration. 4. Strong expression of alarm at the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure and the consequent undue taxation of the people and a pledge to the strictest economy in the administration of the government. 5. Affirmance of the ancient and undoubted right of the house of commons to inquire into all matters of public expenditure and a denunciation of any reference of such matters to royal commissions created on the advice of the accused. 6. Declaration that the sales of public lands should be to actual settlers only and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler. 7. Repeal of the Franchise Act and a return to the provincial franchise. 8. County boundaries for electoral divisions. 9. Declaration that the present constitution of the senate is inconsistent with the federal principle and is in other respects defective and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principles of popular government. 10. Declaration of the admittedly great evils of intemperance and a pledge to ascertain the minds of the people by means of a plebiscite.

### HAVE IGNORED PLATFORM

Putting aside two minor planks, 7 and 8, relative to the franchise act and the delimitation of electoral divisions, the present government has not even pretended or attempted to carry out its declared and avowed policy except with respect to closer trade relations with the United States. This departure from their language in denunciation of the members of the opposition as scoundrels, the "opposition" did not create, but merely exposed the scandals. But in 1907 the government appointed three gentlemen to investigate the operation of the Civil Service Act and to make suggestions with respect thereto. The three gentlemen appointed were well known Liberals--Mr. Courtenay, Mr. Fyfe and Mr. Bazin.

### CONDEMNED THE ACTIONS

The authority conferred upon them by the commission was couched in

terms which justified the commissioners in entering upon an investigation of a much more thorough and sweeping character than the government contemplated or desired. The time at the disposal of the commissioners did not permit them to touch more than the fringe of any department, but into one branch the marine and fisheries department they made a most thorough examination. No member of the opposition has ventured upon a stronger condemnation of the present methods of administration than that found within the pages of the commissioner's report. A few quotations will give you an idea of its unsparring criticism. "Candidates who just fluked through the examination by means of greater political influence have received appointments over the heads of more worthy and better qualified candidates. \* \* \* People have been brought in from the outside over the heads of men who have given their lifetime to the departments. \* \* \* Promotions have been forced on the departments owing to political influence, the officials promoted doing the same work as they did in the lower grade. \* \* \* In the outside service politics enter into every appointment. \* \* \* The politics of the party is of greater importance in making appointments and promotions than the public interests of the Dominion. Those who have the political pull use it for all its worth. "Large amounts have been spent for supplies bought from those employing public patronage at what may be called retail prices. Heavy expenditures have been incurred without necessary consideration or supervision. "The time has come when this practice of paying retail prices to a few favored merchants should be discontinued."

### OF GENERAL APPLICATION

The foregoing criticism was of general application. Then coming to the department of marine, the commissioners use still stronger language. "Organization, discipline, zeal for the public service and regard for economy are all conspicuous by their absence. "There is no visible sign of a single directing hand or an intelligent purpose, unless it be that of spending as much money as possible. Zeal for economy and good management, or pride in the work is not visible. "There is not only a lack of efficient organization and method in the department, there would also seem to be a lack of conscience. In connection with the enormous expenditures which are deemed necessary the word 'discount' never appears. It is placidly assumed that there is no such thing, but the whole commercial world knows better. If no one gets any benefit from the trade with the government except the trader, then it must be clear in these great purchases made for the government without discount, its officers must be assisting the trader to get better prices from the government than he can get anywhere else, for every-where else he has to give discount. In other words some of the government officers are serving two masters and apparently succeeding with both, Scripture notwithstanding."

### MEANS OF GREAT INCREASE

"One officer is quoted as stating that a savings of \$25,000 per annum might be made in lighthouse expenditure by the Quebec agency alone. Again it is reported that \$8,000 to \$10,000 a year might be saved in one year by buying at wholesale instead of retail rates. "The lighthouse board in two years approved of application for increase of navigation amounting to \$1,891,813. The commissioners say that the board has been the means of greatly increasing the expenditure of the department and much of the increase has been wasted."

### EXPOSED THE SCANDALS

For two years the opposition fought hard in the face of obstructive tactics to bring many such matters to light in the public accounts committee. Some of them were exposed and some of them were concealed. The whole policy of the government and its followers was to shut off investigation and prevent publicity. When facts discreditable to the government were elicited the opposition was accused of muck-raking by those who made profit by the "muck." Notwithstanding this, public attention was aroused by the exposures. The Moncton land deal and the remarkable profits paid to A. E. Walberg and Geo. T. Merwin were made public. The government paid the latter gentleman more than \$19,000 for goods which he had purchased the day before for less than \$12,000. The \$8,000 thus presented to Mr. Merwin were wantonly and unnecessarily taken from the public treasury of Canada. A private trustee so administering his trust would be subject to the penalties of the criminal law.

### SOME MORE SCANDALS

The celebrated purchase of files from Charles Strubb, the operations of the Eastern Supply Co., the enormous sums paid to the North Atlantic Trading company, the outrageous waste of money in the notorious expedition of the Arctic, the payment of nearly \$2,000 to a tailor for superintending the construction of a building costing \$4,700, the absurdly high price paid for a few days in each year on the St. Lawrence, the dredging contracts involving the loss of millions of public moneys, the enormous profits paid in patronage prices and to middlemen were in some measure exposed in parliament and in the public accounts committee. The party press subsidized during the past twelve years to the extent of nearly six million dollars strained the resources of the English language in denunciation of the members of the opposition as scoundrels. They seemed to forget that the "opposition" did not create, but merely exposed the scandals. But in 1907 the government appointed three gentlemen to investigate the operation of the Civil Service Act and to make suggestions with respect thereto. The three gentlemen appointed were well known Liberals--Mr. Courtenay, Mr. Fyfe and Mr. Bazin.

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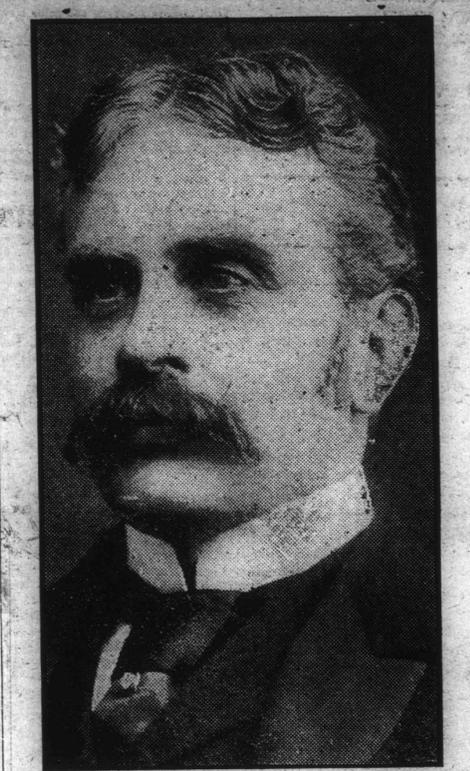
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Mr. R. L. Borden, Liberal-Conservative Leader

### FIELDING RAISED THE SLOGAN OF "STRICTEST ECONOMY"

Fielding raised the slogan of "strictest economy." Has the burning zeal for economy which actuated these gentlemen in 1893 been manifest during the past twelve years of their administration? What has been the record of these men who vowed to heaven that the expenditure of forty million dollars would be reduced by from two to four millions per annum when they came to power? "It is a disgrace and a shame to the government that they ask for an expenditure of \$38,300,000 a year," shouted these gentlemen in chorus in 1893. In 1896 the expenditure of the Conservative government was \$41,702,383 in 1908 the Liberal government spent \$110,500,000, and the estimates for the present year, including bounties and railway subsidies, amount to \$164,523,681. During ten years of Liberal rule the expenditure has been 232 millions greater than in the ten years of Conservative rule. Where has the money gone? A portion of it has been properly expended for legitimate purposes, but how many millions have been wasted upon useless expenditure, in absurd prices and unjustifiable profits. Ask the middlemen, ask the partisan friends upon the patronage list.

### EVIDENCE OF WASTED MONEY

Look around Canada, look around each province, consider the expenditure of public money in each separate community, and ask yourself what has become of this enormous expenditure. Is the present rate of interest to be maintained? We are confronted with a probable deficit of more than thirty million dollars for the present year. We have yet to pay for the Transcontinental railway the revenue has been decreasing by nearly two million dollars a month the public debt is increasing at an alarming rate and there are numerous demands upon the public exchequer at the present time for legitimate public works. Liberals who voted for economy on the 23rd of June, 1896, consider the record of the men for whom you voted, consider the pledge they gave, and say at the polls whether you are satisfied with their performance.

### "INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT"

What of the independence of parliament for which Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his friends declaimed in 1893. The government had hardly been formed before the premier wrote the following letter to one of his supporters, then a member of parliament who had demanded consideration. He said: "This is what I propose. The position of lieutenant-governor will be at our disposition at the end of 1897, and if from now until that time you are not appointed judge, I propose to place the lieutenant-governorship at your disposal." The gentleman to whom that letter was written sat in parliament for two sessions in possession of that promise which was fulfilled by his appointment to the bench. Since then no less than seventy-five members of parliament have been appointed to positions of emolument or to the senate. We can only conjecture how far such considerations may account for the solid planks which obstructs parliamentary inquiries. Sir Wilfrid Laurier proclaimed his hostility to investigation of public expenditure by royal commission or by judges. He declared that judges do not get out half the truth. Mr. Justice Cassels is sitting as a royal commissioner at the present time for the purpose of investigating questions of public expenditure which, according to Sir

### FIELDING RAISED THE SLOGAN OF "STRICTEST ECONOMY"

Fielding raised the slogan of "strictest economy." Has the burning zeal for economy which actuated these gentlemen in 1893 been manifest during the past twelve years of their administration? What has been the record of these men who vowed to heaven that the expenditure of forty million dollars would be reduced by from two to four millions per annum when they came to power? "It is a disgrace and a shame to the government that they ask for an expenditure of \$38,300,000 a year," shouted these gentlemen in chorus in 1893. In 1896 the expenditure of the Conservative government was \$41,702,383 in 1908 the Liberal government spent \$110,500,000, and the estimates for the present year, including bounties and railway subsidies, amount to \$164,523,681. During ten years of Liberal rule the expenditure has been 232 millions greater than in the ten years of Conservative rule. Where has the money gone? A portion of it has been properly expended for legitimate purposes, but how many millions have been wasted upon useless expenditure, in absurd prices and unjustifiable profits. Ask the middlemen, ask the partisan friends upon the patronage list.

### EVIDENCE OF WASTED MONEY

Look around Canada, look around each province, consider the expenditure of public money in each separate community, and ask yourself what has become of this enormous expenditure. Is the present rate of interest to be maintained? We are confronted with a probable deficit of more than thirty million dollars for the present year. We have yet to pay for the Transcontinental railway the revenue has been decreasing by nearly two million dollars a month the public debt is increasing at an alarming rate and there are numerous demands upon the public exchequer at the present time for legitimate public works. Liberals who voted for economy on the 23rd of June, 1896, consider the record of the men for whom you voted, consider the pledge they gave, and say at the polls whether you are satisfied with their performance.

### "INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT"

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Wilfrid ought to be investigated by parliament and by parliament alone. POLICY HAS BEEN FALSIFIED. The avowed policy of the Liberal party with respect to public lands has been outraged and falsified in the most astonishing manner by the present administration. The sixth plank laid down at the Ottawa convention was as follows: "That in the opinion of this convention the sale of public lands of the Dominion should be to actual settlers only, and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler."

Under the present regime the settler has had small chance in competition with the speculator. A brief enumeration of some of the larger deals is all that time will permit. Certain gentlemen formed themselves into a company known as the Saskatchewan Valley Land company and the government handed over 250,000 acres at one dollar an acre, payable one-half in scrip worth twenty-five to fifty cents on the dollar and the balance spread over a term of five years. This land was disposed of at from eight to fifteen dollars per acre.

### AN UNDERHAND GRANT

The grant was made behind the back of parliament and of the people. Its complicated conditions were all in favor of the speculator and all against the settler. 371,749 acres were presented to friends of the government by closed grazing leases, the greater portion of which was suddenly granted between April 9th and July 17, 1895, after which no further closed leases were granted. This future restriction naturally increased the value of these grants to the fortunate holders. The expression of "closed" lease means that the land is held from settlement for a period of twenty-one years no matter what influx of settlers may occur. The total area comprised more than 580 square miles. The circumstances connected with certain of these grants are very suspicious, but time does not permit their consideration this evening. In each case the lucky grantee obtains the right to purchase at one dollar per acre ten per cent of his holdings. At a moderate estimate this would be worth from ten to fifteen dollars per acre. It is needless to add that in every instance the grants were made without any opportunity for public competition.

### TIMBER FOR ALL FRIENDS

Timber limits without number have been granted to friends of the government. There has been no opportunity for public competition, no reserve bid, no upset price, no examination or estimate by the government or the value of the areas granted, no opportunity to any competitor to make such examination as would justify him in bidding. One very prominent member of the Liberal party has thus secured 800,320 acres of timber limits. Others have almost equally fortunate. The greater portion of the valuable timber lands in the northwest has passed into the hands of prominent friends of the government. A Liberal campaign pamphlet bears this legend in bold

(Continued on page 6)

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Red Face and Hands. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

Falling Hair, Etc. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

To Contract the Lips. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

Orange-Flower Cream. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

Hair Falls Out Worse on Right Side. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

Peroxide on the Hair. If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details! CALL FOR FREE BOOKLET "HINTS TO SHAVERS" "Carbo-Magnetic" Klase de Cashion Strop, \$1.00. NO HONING, NO GRINDING.

THE WEST

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THE MANAGER, THE WEST COMPANY, LIMITED REGINA, SASK.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1908

What Borden Would Do

In an interview with the Winnipeg Free Press, Hon. Walter Scott, expresses himself as anxious to know what Hon. R. L. Borden would do with regard to the Grand Trunk Pacific railway if he is elected next month.

Does he think for a minute that when Mr. Borden becomes premier that all the work will stop and that all the extravagance put into this undertaking will be lost altogether?

Payments will not be made for cuttings through sand hills on the basis of those sand hills being rock.

Mr. Borden will do what any honest business man would do, when faced with such a muddle.

Editorial Note

Let Laurier finish his work, not later than October 26th.

"My hair is gray, elect me pray."—From Sir Wilfrid's address to the electors of Canada.

"Let Laurier finish his work." Yes, there are more timber limits to be given away to friends.

If we preach purity and practice corruption we shall be worthy of all the scorn that can be poured upon us.—R. L. Borden at Halifax.

The Almonte Rifle Association have turned in the Ross Rifles supplied them, refusing to shoot with them. Quite a recommend for the rifle that has cost the government and country so much.

All along the Liberals have claimed that the tariff was a dead issue. However they are again trotting it out for this campaign. Their version has been dead since 1893 and will be buried on Oct. 26th, 1908.

The following appeared in last week's issue of the Maple Creek Ranching News: "Regina, Sept. 14.—It is rumored here that "The West" the Conservative weekly, will shortly change hands, and possibly politics, and appear as a daily."

According to the immigration regulations, all second and third class passengers on boats entering Canada are to be subjected to medical and educational tests no matter whether they hail from Holland or are real Canadians from Saskatchewan or any other province of the Dominion.

In his Halifax speech, Mr. Borden said: "The campaign must be clean; no corrupt practices must be employed in our behalf. I do not fear defeat in a clean campaign, but I prefer overwhelming defeat to victory won by improper means."

Hon. Frank Oliver is stumping in the western provinces and upholding every action of the Liberal government since 1896. Yet here is what the same gentleman had to say, before he became a minister although his party was then in power, "The promises and performances of the

government were a by-word and a laughing stock in the country." Wonderful how personal aggrandizement changes opinions.

Laurier says now that he is going to build the Hudson's Bay Railway. According to the Scott program before the recent provincial elections the people were being led to believe that if the Scott party were returned to power the Hudson Bay railway would be built, if not the day after the election, at least in a very short time.

At the Borden meeting at Quebec, Premier Hazen of New Brunswick made an exceedingly specific charge of dishonesty against Mr. William Pugsley.

Laurier's remark that the Liberal party knows what to do with its black sheep, Mr. Hazen drew attention to Mr. Pugsley's record, and to discoveries made when the Conservatives came into office in New Brunswick.

The story has been published already; it amounts to this, that the New Brunswick ministers under Mr. Pugsley's regime used the provincial treasury as their bank, drawing whatever money they wished whenever they wished, carrying heavy balances over at the end of each year and paying no interest for the money so overdrawn in their private affairs.

Miller for Saltcoats. Cupar, Sask., Sept. 18.—The Conservative party in the Dominion electoral division of Saltcoats have selected J. C. Miller of Neudorf, as the standard bearer for the contest on October 26.

J. R. Dinnen of Abernethy, whose name was the choice of the convention in April last found it impossible to contest the riding in this election and had requested the party to allow his name to be withdrawn. Mr. Miller is of German descent, but was born and educated in Ontario.

Press Comment.

Mr. J. T. Brown returned from Chicago last week fully restored to health, and in first class fighting trim. J. T. certainly has his nerve with him when he expects to turn that 1,000 Conservative majority to a minority.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier recently admitted that there were a number of black sheep in his party. But he makes no effort to kick them out. So long as they are allowed to remain and rob the public treasury the pretence of sincerity of the Liberal press and leaders will be discounted when they object to Foster, et al.

Hon. R. W. Scott has left the cabinet. Sir Wilfrid still plays the title role, but of the "support" he had when he first took office only five performers remain—the two knights, Sir Richard and Sir Frederick, and Messrs. Fielding, Paterson and Fisher.

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Mr. Borden was optimistic regarding the election. He said his critics stated that the party was not a unit on the Halifax platform, but nearly every plank had been discussed in the House and more Halifax planks had been forced on the government than Liberal planks of the 1893 platform.

Mr. Borden stated that protection was not designed for manufacturers only but the entire Dominion, the object being to keep the people at home, by providing work, which they must otherwise seek abroad. He declared the Conservatives were not guilty of corrupt practices, and the coming election would be fought on clean lines.

Mr. Borden declared that if the civil service commission report had been made in Britain no government would have survived 48 hours after its publication.

Prince Albert, Sept. 18.—At the largest and most enthusiastic convention ever held here the Conservatives of Prince Albert riding last night nominated James McKay, K. C., for the forthcoming election.

There was an attendance of over 30 delegates, numbers coming in from the Duck Lake ridings, and over 30 from the Carrot river country.

The two chief names mentioned in the convention were those of the veteran Dr. Spence, and the nominee. The former gracefully withdrew and made Mr. McKay's nomination unanimous.

Mr. McKay's nomination came as somewhat of a surprise to the Liberals and considerable of a disappointment. They have been counting on the doctor, whom they thought

Three Liberals are in the field, Geo. Russell and A. Benard of Prince Albert and Joe Nolan of North Battleford. No Provincial Righter was nominated.

Toronto Liberals are trying hard to induce Sir Wilfrid Laurier to address a meeting in that city some time during the present campaign. The Liberal chieftain has been assured that there will be an immense outpouring of people to hear him and that the party will make a large noise; but Sir Wilfrid can't be persuaded. He has left the management of the tour entirely in the hands of the provincial organization, which considers a Liberal demonstration in Toronto as so much powder wasted.

The Liberals of west Peterboro have nominated J. R. Stratton as their candidate for the house of commons. Mr. Stratton was in the Ross government of Ontario till he was practically forced out by the exposure of Mr. Ganev. He with Mr. Graham and Mr. Mackay, were taken in when the rotten government Canada ever had, made its last desperate effort to keep its hold on the provincial treasury.

Mr. Stratton succeeds in following them, nothing important of the old Ontario machine will be missing when Sir Wilfrid looks around his supporters. It is a question whether the people of Canada will stomach what Ontario aped out.

CALDER HAVING A TIME

It is probable now that Hon. W. R. Motherwell will run in Humboldt when Dr. Neesley resigns to contest that constituency for the federal house. It was thought at one time that the people could be induced to take Calder but they would not agree. Moosomin wouldn't have Calder, neither would Rosthern, and it begins to look as if Calder wasn't wanted very badly by even the Liberals of the province.

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Mr. Miller is of German descent, but was born and educated in Ontario. Although a comparatively young man he is a successful business man and already an old time westerner, with the best interests of Saskatchewan at heart.

His influence has been considered a strong factor by the Conservative and Provincial Rights parties during recent elections and the Conservative party congratulate themselves on having one of the ablest and strongest men that could be chosen for Saltcoats, and already see ahead of them an even more brilliant victory than had the two Provincial Righters in the two subdivisions of this riding, Pheasant Hills and North Qu'Appelle.

BORDEN AT SHERBROOKE.

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 19.—R. L. Borden, accompanied by the premiers of New Brunswick and Manitoba, and Secretary Hanna of Ontario, opened the Conservative campaign here yesterday and had a splendid reception at the Monument National. The meeting in the stadium was very large and keen interest was shown.

Mr. Borden was optimistic regarding the election. He said his critics stated that the party was not a unit on the Halifax platform, but nearly every plank had been discussed in the House and more Halifax planks had been forced on the government than Liberal planks of the 1893 platform.

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and is on every bottle of it sold in the world—which amounts to several millions yearly. Why? Because it has made so many sickly children strong and well—given health and rosy cheeks to so many pale, anaemic girls and restored to health so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.

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they could defeat. On hearing of Jas McKay's nomination, Senator Tom Davis openly announced that he will compel Frank Oliver to make the Prince Albert riding a deferred election, as this was the only way they could hope to win the seat.

There is the greatest enthusiasm in the city and district, and unless some unusually raw work is done by the Grit machine, Mr. McKay cannot be approached.

CASES TO BE HEARD

Justice Johnstone Presides at Supreme Court to Try List of Cases.—Label Cases on Friday Week.

The Supreme Court for Regina judicial district opened yesterday, Justice Johnstone presiding. The cases set down are as follows:

CRIMINAL

The King vs. J. K. Smith, forgery charged, on bail.

The King vs. C. Marker, theft, on bail.

The King vs. J. Ownes, theft charged, on bail.

The King vs. J. Nestman, assault charged, on bail.

The King vs. R. McLelland, no bail.

The King vs. Walter Scott, libel, on bail.

The King vs. J. G. McDonald, libel on bail.

The King vs. Kaistko, housebreaking, no bail.

The King vs. Jotchen, housebreaking, no bail.

CIVIL

Warnock vs. Hemstreet, Ontario, judgment, \$2,427.99.

Mah Po vs. Smith et al, false imprisonment, \$2,000.

Matchett vs. Moerike, lien note, \$376.

Euse Land vs. Phillips, commission of sale of land, \$480.

Scott vs. City of Regina, specific performance.

International vs. Hopper, conversion, \$195.

Marin vs. Mollinson, foreign judgment, \$231.96.

Wessel vs. Tudge, injunction and order to convey, \$2,303.17.

International vs. Kleiter, goods sold.

McKee vs. Grover, commission, of \$211.85.

Shuster vs. Halbgewachs, cancellation of agreement, \$104.15.

Shuster vs. Halbgewachs, cancellation of agreement, \$55.

Morgan vs. Smith, detinue.

Howard vs. Selloes, work and labor \$310.

Robinson vs. Bradley, detinue.

Robinson vs. Bradley, work and labor, goods sold and delivered, \$1,181.81.

Small vs. Booth, promissory note, \$519.63.

Flood et al. vs. Brotman et al. promissory note, \$316.55.

Johnston vs. Orey et al. work and labor, \$106.

Colpitts vs. Francombe, purchase of house, etc., \$326.82.

Tracksell vs. Evans, commission, \$320.

Armstrong vs. Leland et al, damages, \$361.

Independent vs. Cleugh.

Label Cases Next Week

When the case of King vs. Scott was called, Norman Mackenzie for the defence asked for an adjournment to Friday week. Mr. Embury acting for Mr. Laird agreed, and the case is fixed for that date.

The same applies to the case of King vs. McDonald. Mr. Mackenzie asked that this case might stand till Friday also. C. E. D. Wood and W. S. Ball acting for Mr. McDonald on the understanding that the case be finally decided at this term of the court.

The judge remarked that he had noticed there was no preliminary hearing in this case. There was no oath to show that the offense was committed, and the documents did not disclose any libel.

It was not disposed to consent to a prosecution on any charge. The case of Joseph Owens charged with horse stealing was disposed of, the jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty.

CHINAMEN GET DAMAGES

Police Will Have To Pay \$25 and Costs for Improper Detention of Celestials.

Judge Prendergast handed out his judgment in the Chinamen cases last Thursday.

The charge laid by the Chinamen against the police, was for improper arrest and detention. It will be remembered that at the time of the poisoning cases in the Capital case, on Lorne street, that the suspected guilty Chinaman disappeared and that the police were using their best endeavors to locate him.

In doing so they arrested the Chinamen in town, 67 in all, and had them detained in the town hall. Afterwards these Chinamen sued the police for damages.

The judge decided that they did not suffer such damage to business or reputation as would justify heavy damages; however he assessed the police \$25 and costs.

Returning Officers

The following returning officers have been appointed for the federal constituencies in Saskatchewan: Assiniboia—Lawrence C. Porter, of Carlyle.

Battleford—D. K. Weber of Battleford.

Humboldt—F. C. Wright, Lanigan.

Mackenzie—H. Christopherson, of Yorkton.

Moose Jaw—W. D. McIntyre, of Moose Jaw.

Prince Albert—Jas. Wilson, Prince Albert.

Qu'Appelle—Angus J. McPhail, of Waseley.

Regina—James M. Wessell, of Regina.

Saltcoats—Thos. Bee, Lemberg.

Saskatoon—John C. Bell of Saskatoon.

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Advertisement for White: "What a str... face you have on your... has figures for only el... Green: "I had to have... way. The watch was lo... every half day, and the... said it was impossible... to go any faster."—Jud... "These almonds look... Mrs. Schoppen, that is... rather high " "well,"... met, the grocer, "the P... advanced prices awfully... that to do with the c... madam, these are the... shell almonds."—Phila...

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Per bushel	3.00
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Per ton	2.40
Per 100 lbs	1.30
Per 50 lbs	1.10
Per 25 lbs	1.00
Per 10 lbs	.50
Per 5 lbs	.25

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is prepared for those who cannot attend college, instruction being given through correspondence, and by teachers who will visit the various centers in the interests of Home Study Students.

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Bank of Ottawa-Building Regina, Saskatchewan

### THE PUBLIC LIBRARY

Librarian Honeyman Outlines the Work That Has Been Done--To Open in November

While the organization of the Regina public library is not yet complete such progress has been made as enables me to make public, through the courtesy of the city press, some information regarding the institution and the lines on which it will be conducted.

With this end in view bulletins, of which this is the first, will appear from time to time in the city press dealing with the library and its administration, its relations with the public and its many aspects of usefulness.

The first definite action towards the establishment of a public library for the city was taken on the 15th day of October 1907 when a petition signed by Walter Scott and 154 others was presented to the city council praying for the establishment of a public library under the Public Libraries Act. On the 17th of December following a bylaw was introduced in the council by Ald. Macdonald and Ald. Cowan giving effect to the prayer of the petitioners.

The act referred to provides for the government of a public library as follows: "The general management, regulation and control of the library shall be vested in and exercised by a board of management which shall be a body corporate and politic."

The board shall consist of seven members as follows: The mayor or other official head of the municipality shall be ex-officio a member of the board during his term of office, and the council shall appoint from among the residents of the municipality the remaining six members of the board, three of whom shall hold office until the date of the first meeting in January of the year following their appointment and the other three shall hold office until the date of the first meeting of the council in January of the second year following their appointment.

The board of the Regina Public Library were appointed at their meeting of the council of Feb. 17th last, as follows: Rev. G. C. Hill, A. M. Penwick, B.A., S. C. Burton, John McCarthy, Thos. Wilkinson, J. F. L. Embury and his worship the mayor ex-officio. The first meeting of the board was held on the 27th of March. Rev. Mr. Hill was appointed chairman, Mr. J. Kelso Hunter, city clerk, interim secretary and the various standing committees to attend to the different branches of organization were named. Since that date the board have held regular meetings on the second Thursday of each month besides special meetings. The real hard work has, however, been done by the committees, especially that on books which had a formidable and responsible task before them and which I venture to think they have performed in a manner which will meet with the approbation of the citizens when the results are before them.

At a meeting of the board held on the 2nd of July the undersigned was appointed librarian and at the following meeting he was also given the office of secretary-treasurer of the board, immediately assuming the duties of his office.

For the present the city council have provided the library with quarters on the first floor of the new city hall building. The rooms occupy the south western portion of the floor and are large and well lighted. One room will be used for a public reading room and the other large room for book stacks and administrative purposes. There are two other smaller rooms which can be devoted to special purposes. The rooms are steam heated and can be made cool and comfortable in summer. The floors have been laid with cork carpet which is agreeable to the tread

and effectually deadens the sound of tramping feet. Arrangements are being made to have the walls covered in tasteful and restful colors and high class engravings of historical and general subjects, suitably framed will be displayed.

The furnishings now on their way from the east, will be handsome and substantial and of the same general character and design as the other city hall fittings.

Although all possible effort has been made to hasten the opening of this institution it is hardly likely that it can be opened to the public before November. The getting-together and shipping of a large number of books which have to be got from all parts of the continent and some from Great Britain and Europe is a matter that takes time. Meantime arrangements will be made so that once the books do arrive there will be no time lost in getting them into circulation.

The most modern and up-to-date methods of administration will be adopted and no effort will be spared to make the institution a benefit to every member of the community, old or young. The books under each section will be the latest and best procurable, and all the old standard works will also be available. In a later bulletin I hope to go more fully into a description of the books. In the next I will deal with the general plan of admission to be adopted.

J. R. C. HONEYMAN,  
Librarian.

### Gazette Appointments

The current issue of the Saskatchewan Gazette contains the official notice of the election of twenty-five members of the new legislature, as follows:

- Regina City—J. F. Bole.
- Pipestone—A. B. Gillis.
- Arm River—G. A. Scott.
- Duck Lake—Hon. W. F. A. Turgeon.
- Pheasant Hills—H. H. Willway.
- Touchwood—G. M. Atkinson.
- Moose Jaw City—J. H. Wellington.
- Wadena—H. O. Pierce.
- Souris—A. Riddell.
- Francis—J. J. Stevenson.
- Prince Albert City—J. E. Bradshaw.
- Lloydminster—H. C. Lisle.
- Saltcoats—Thos. MacNutt.
- South Qu'Appelle—Hon. F. W. G. Haultain.
- Moosomin—A. S. Smith.
- Weyburn—R. M. Mitchell.
- Last Mountain—T. A. Anderson.
- Prince Albert County—S. J. Donaldson.
- Rosthern—Gerhard-Ems.
- Regina County—F. C. Tate.
- Moose Mountain—W. Elliott.
- Battleford—S. S. Simpson.
- Yorkton—T. H. Garry.
- Kinistino—G. B. Johnston.
- Swift Current—Hon. Walter Scott.

The following recent appointments are also gazetted:

Justices of the Peace:  
William Davey of Strongfield.  
W. B. Cruickshank, of Owenstown.  
John B. Rissler of Rama.  
F. J. Sauter of Fairlight.

### ILLS OF CHILDHOOD.

#### HOW TO CURE THEM

In thousands of homes Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine used when children are ailing, and the mother who keeps this medicine on hand may feel as safe as though there was a doctor constantly in the house. Baby's Own Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, break up colds, expel worms, and make teething easy. The mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no opiate or poisonous soothing stuff. Mrs. H. F. Bonnyman, Mattail, N.S., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl while teething and for constipation, and think there is no medicine can equal them." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Carload Apples

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J. F. L. Embury. Wm. B. Watkins  
W. B. Scott

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J. F. BRYANT, L.L.B.

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Barristers, Advocates, Notaries  
H. V. Bigelow, M.A., LL.B.  
Alex. Ross. Regina, Sask.

HAULTAIN & CROSS  
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Phone 665. P.O. Box 128

DR. JOHN WILSON  
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.  
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary Col-  
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domesticated animals.  
Residence—Ross Street, Regina. Three  
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Meats give us a call.

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can't do better  
than come for a  
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MR. R. L. BORDEN.

## The Liberal-Conservative Platform

As Enunciated at Halifax and Other Places by Mr. R. L. Borden, Leader of His Majesty's Loyal Opposition in the House of Commons.

- Honest appropriation and expenditure of public moneys in the public interest.
- Appointment of public officials under consideration of capacity and personal character and not of party service alone.
- More effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections, to ensure through publicity as to expenditures by political organizations, to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters, to expedite hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof, to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices and if necessary to appoint an independent prosecuting officer to enforce the laws so amended.
- A thorough and complete reformation of the laws relating to the Civil Service so that future appointments shall be made by an independent commission acting upon the report of examiners after competitive examination.
- Such reform in the selecting of members of the senate as will make that chamber a more useful and representative body.
- A more careful selection of the sources from which immigrants shall be sought, a more rigid inspection of immigrants and the abolition of the bonus system, except under very special circumstances and for the purpose of obtaining particularly desirable classes of settlers.
- The management and development of the public domain (in which are to be included great national franchises) for the public benefit and under such conditions that a respectable proportion of the increment of value arising therefrom shall inure to the people.
- The operation and management of our government railways by an independent commission, free from partizan control or interference.
- Development and improvement of our national waterways, the equipment of national ports, the improvement of transportation facilities and subsequent reduction of freight rates between the place of production and market, whether at home or abroad, and the establishment of a thorough system of cold storage.
- The re-organization of the present railway commission as a public utilities commission with wider power and more extended jurisdiction, so as to establish thorough and effective control over all corporations owning or operating public utilities or invested with a franchise of a national character.
- The establishment after due investigation of a system of national telegraphs and telephones under conditions which shall be just to capital already invested in those enterprises.
- The improvement of existing postal facilities, especially in newly developed portions of the country, and inauguration, after proper enquiry as to cost of a system of free rural mail delivery.
- A fiscal policy which will promote the production within Canada of all useful articles that can be advantageously manufactured from or by means of our natural resources, having due regard to the interests of the consumer as well as to the just claims of our wage-earning population.
- The promotion by negotiation and other constitutional means of a system of mutual preferential trade within the empire.
- The restoration of the public lands to the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan upon fair terms.
- The unimpaired maintenance of all powers of self-government which have been conferred upon the provinces of Canada under the constitution.

### R. L. Borden's Message to Dominion Electors

(Continued from page 3.)

letters: "Liberals Have Made Good" It must be admitted that certain Liberals have made good—at the expense of the people.

#### WILL GIVE COUNTRY AWAY

It is safe to prophesy that in another five years little will be left of the public domain if the present administration is continued in power. And yet from the subsidized organs the cry goes up that Laurier should be allowed to complete his work. The timber limits thus given away for a mere song are held at fabulous prices and for purely speculative purposes, only a trifling portion of them being worked or operated. The net result of the transaction is simply this: The timber remains uncut, the title has passed from the people, to the speculator, and the enormous yearly increase of value will go into the capacious pockets of Liberal members of parliament and their friends instead of the public treasury. The United States government has inaugurated a great system of irrigation whereby its arid lands are reclaimed at a minimum cost and parcelled out to settlers in small holdings at the cost of reclamation. Our government overrides the reports of its own officers in order that the settler may be compelled to pay toll to the speculative promoters of irrigation companies. President Roosevelt has withdrawn the public timber lands of the United States from sale and proposes to conserve them as a great national asset. Our government on the contrary burns with impatience to hand over all the great natural resources of Canada to its grasping partisans. This has been fulfilled in the pledge that our public lands should be for the settler and not for the speculator.

#### WILL MAKE REDRESS

How far restitution may be possible we do not know. If fraud or imposition has been practiced, if the trustees and servants of the people have conspired to plunder the interests they were bound to protect, there must be a remedy for the wrong, and we have pledged ourselves to pursue every legitimate means of redress which can be made available in the interests of the people and consistently with the principles of constitutional government.

Another plank in our platform provided for rural free mail delivery. The Liberal press and many Liberal leaders thundered against this proposal. The post master general very strongly opposed it. But he has seen new light. In a speech at Megantic, reported in the Montreal Herald of August 20, Mr. Lemieux made this statement: "In a few days I expect to have the pleasure of announcing that my department is to make delivery of mail in the country districts as well as in the cities of Canada. I have gone into this question carefully and I am convinced that the revenue of my department is sufficient to admit of this great improvement which is designed for the exclusive benefit of the rural population."

Thus another of our planks has been adopted by the government, which evidently realize that to the Halifax platform of 1907 and not to the Ottawa platform of 1893, they must look for guidance and inspiration.

It has been the fashion until recently, although not during the past session, to berate the opposition as weak and inefficient. An opposition which can force great reforms, such as these upon an unwilling government, has every reason to congratulate itself and the party it represents has no cause to fear for its efficiency.

#### REMOVAL OF INEQUALITIES

As the labor of the producer, whether on the farm, in the forest, or within the factory, is the real foundation of national wealth and prosperity, and as the principle of democracy should give to the people a fuller measure of hope and a firmer grasp of opportunity, so it should be the task of good statesmanship to remove unnecessary inequalities and anomalies which oppress the producer and which to future generations will seem not only unjust but absurd. Especially if we expect our young men to remain on the farm, the convenience of communication and transportation and the comforts of life, which modern conditions make available, should as far as possible be brought within the reach of every farmer. Our wage-earning classes must not be driven by unequal competition to standards of resistance which will result in the deterioration and degradation of our laboring population.

#### COMMANDS CONFIDENCE

The Halifax platform of 1907 has regard to these considerations. It has been ratified and approved at nearly every Conservative convention since held. It commands the confidence of the people and has received the enthusiastic approval of every meeting which I address during my campaign of last year. It is an adaptation to conditions of today of that great national policy upon which Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues swept the country thirty years ago, and it is not too much to hope that at the general election now approaching, it will receive the same enthusiastic endorsement and approval as that which inscribed victory upon the Liberal Conservative banners of the 17th of September 1878.

#### QUEBEC BRIDGE BUNGLER

I have spoken of corruption, what about efficiency? What branch of the administration has not been mismanaged by the government? What great public undertaking have they not bungled? They declared the Quebec

### CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM ADOPTED

The subsidized Liberal press have sought to pour contempt upon the platform which I laid down in this city on August 20, 1907. The present government has been in power for more than twelve years. You have heard to what extent they have carried out their policy of 1893 during that period. I have had the unique satisfaction of seeing the government of the day, forced by public opinion to carry into effect a very substantial portion of the policy which I advocated a year ago. I unhesitatingly make the assertion that within one year the Halifax platform has been carried into effect to greater extent than their own platform during the twelve years of power.

Look at the facts. Our policy demanded certain specified reforms in the electoral laws. Some although not all of these have been brought about. For that purpose we introduced a bill into parliament early during the recent session and several important provisions of that bill were adopted in the government measure eventually passed.

#### CIVIL SERVICE REFORM

The fourth plank in our platform demanded a thorough and complete reformation of the laws relating to the civil service so that future appointments shall be made by an independent commission acting upon the report of examiners after competitive examination. The force of public opinion and the conditions disclosed in the report of the civil service commission have compelled the government to adopt this plank although they have restricted its application to the inside service and have thus retained very extensive powers of patronage.

Our platform required the reorganization of the railway commission and the extension of its powers and jurisdiction to telegraph lines. This report of our policy has been carried into effect by the present government during the recent session.

#### RURAL FREE DELIVERY

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bridge a national undertaking. They made provision for its construction by bond guarantee and they handed over all control of the enterprise and the expenditure to a company with practically no capital. Today it lies a wreck at the bottom of the St. Lawrence at a loss to this country of no less than six million dollars. To complete that work will involve a total expenditure of no less than fourteen million dollars. This statement made by me in parliament has not been challenged by any member of the administration.

They extended the Intercolonial railway to Montreal at an excessive cost, although the then Conservative majority in the senate saved the country at least four hundred thousand dollars on the Drummond railway deal. They proclaimed that deficits on the Intercolonial railway would then become a thing of the past; they declared that the Intercolonial railway would then have its terminus in a city instead of a field, and would command the trade of the west. The western trade has not been secured, the deficits of the Intercolonial railway have been greater than before and that promise also remains unfulfilled.

#### THE ALL-RED PROJECT

They cancelled a contract made by Sir Charles Tupper for a fast Atlantic service and they announced with shouts of triumph that they had secured an equally good contract at a much smaller figure and that the fast Atlantic service was accomplished. Their bottle-necked fast Atlantic service has long since passed into the limbo of forgotten things, although its memory was revived when the country was called upon to pay interest on the deposit which had been declared an absolute guarantee that the enterprise would reach a successful issue.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier declares himself the author of the all-red project. It was hardly necessary for Sir Chas Tupper to remind us that the proposal was his own, and that Sir Wilfrid defeated it more than ten years ago. The Liberal-Conservative party originated and still stands for the project of a fast Atlantic service, and it also maintains that the interest of our producers demand more efficient freight service, more favorable freight rates, and a thorough complete system of cold storage.

#### EXTRAVAGANCE OVER RAILWAYS

After five months of the session of 1908 had passed they suddenly rushed into a contract for the construction of a national transcontinental railway against the protest of the minister of railways, Hon. A. G. Blair. In vain we protested that there was not sufficient information. They laid certain venerable documents and reports upon the table of parliament and affirmed that there were mountains of information. They vowed that thirteen million dollars placed at interest would pay the cost of the whole undertaking and that the entire road from Winnipeg to Montreal would not cost more than fifty-two million. Their own official returns brought down to parliament during the present session show that the road will cost the country from one hundred and seventy-five to two hundred millions of dollars, and there is good reason to believe that the public debt will be nearly doubled before its completion. The cost of the enterprise will amount to nearly one million dollars for every constituency in Canada. How much of this is being squandered or pilfered. The Hodgins enquiry has been buried, but protests of the Grand Trunk engineers are on record declaring that hundreds of thousands of yards of common earth excavation, payable at twenty-one cents per yard, have been classified as solid rock payable at \$1.50 per yard. These charges were in the possession of the government before Hodgins made his public statement. The government through its majority on the committee of enquiry has refused investigation.

#### JAPANESE INFLUX

They undertook the negotiation of a treaty with Japan, procured its ratification by misrepresentation to parliament, deliberately abandoned the Conservative policy of controlling immigration of laborers and artisans from that country, brushed aside the repeated warnings of the British government, handed over to Japan all control of immigration to Canada from that country, and thus precipitated an influx of Japanese laborers which brought about the Vancouver riots. Having raised the storm they sent the postmaster general to Tokyo, humbly beseeching Japan to forego her treaty rights and begging the Japanese government to exercise that control over the situation which Canada might have exercised if the stipulation upon which the Conservatives had insisted and which Japan had agreed to accept.

#### IS TIME FOR A CHANGE

In a time of business depression and financial stringency there have poured into nearly every important city and town in Canada hundreds of immigrants unable to find work and helpless to provide for themselves. An altogether too late and even startling proportion of these are diseased or physically unwell. The country first pays a bonus to bring such undesirable to our shores and then each individual community is obliged to assume the burden of providing food and shelter as well as accommodation in asylums and hospitals.

The oven does the baking, the fire-box controls the oven heat, and the grates hold the coal or wood that produces the heat, so THE GRATES are important.



## Sask-alta Range

"Sask-alta" Double Duplex Grates are made in four pieces, each grate shaken separately. Ashes over one grate can be shaken without wasting good fuel over other grate. No poking necessary, thereby saving fuel. Dampers at both ends of fire-box secure perfect drafts. When grates are inverted for wood a patent clamp retains them in position. The easiest-working way is the surest-serving way—and that's "Sask-alta" way.

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Careful statistics compiled in Ontario show amazing outrageous conditions brought to pass through lack of ordinary care and prudence by the federal government.

Upon this record of maladministration and inefficiency our opponents do not meet the people with much confidence, and unless public opinion is utterly dead their plaintive appeals for a further mandate will meet with a chilling response. Canada believes it is time for a change.

#### CONSERVATIVE LEADERS

Let me say in conclusion, that I rejoice to see upon our platform tonight the Conservative leaders from other provinces, who have honored us with their presence. Sir James Whitney and Hon. Richard McBride are unavoidably absent. The former has sent a splendid representative in the person of the provincial secretary of Ontario, Hon. W. J. Hanna. Mr. Roblin needs no introduction to this audience. He has given to Manitoba honest and progressive government, which has won for him the confidence and affection of that province as evidenced in his recent well-deserved victory. I had the pleasure of his splendid aid upon the platform progress.

When that triumph comes let us receive it not so much in a spirit of elation as with a thorough and abiding sense of the tremendous responsibilities thus imposed upon us and with an earnest determination that our record shall be worthy of that great party which for eighteen years guided the destinies of this country, laid the foundation of our national unity and greatness and wrote in Canada's history so many glorious pages of honorable achievement and progress.

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Fuller information and Time Tables from  
F. J. HURKETT,  
Agent Can. Nor. Ry.,  
Regina.

### PROVINCIAL NEWS

B. J. Bott is arranging to start a newspaper at Craik, Sask.

J. Cruikshank of Hanley will publish a paper at Outlook, Sask. November 1st. It will be called Outlook Observer.

The Coast Lumber Co., has chased from the Independent L. Co. their yards at Moose Jaw those on the Soo line. The Lumber Co. will establish their office at Moose Jaw.

O. B. Fyeh reports a big thrum from his machine, which work south of Pasqua. In one hour he threshed 4,000 bushels of a Staples' farm, then moved on Brown's farm and there threshed 600 bushels before closing the Moose Jaw News.

Southly has been truly named centre of the great wheat belt. Five week new threshing outfits unloaded and got to work, and result together with others, abears have been loaded and set out to date. While the elevator busy from morn till eve with eight or ten teams waiting a load, most of the wheat is going Northern and some 1 and 2, some go among the rejected smut. As there are from 15 outfits working here the thrum will not last long—Earl Grezette.

One of our local lumber men lover of fast horses, and it was on him. Two respected citizens served a German entering the in an ancient vehicle the locomotive power of which was a quadruped owned by a gentleman named Noah, a builder of cup chills in Asia Minor at one time, an animal ambled along in a weary manner as if seeking quiet spot to die. The citizens thereupon hatched a plot and course of a few seconds the tele line was busy. The scene now to the portals of a lumber yard figure dashed forth and west street and enquired about the horse from Estevan which could purchased very cheaply. The owners showed him the beast when the dealer in-laths made them up the rigors, and the joke was them—Routieu Enterprise.

Robert Sterling of Shellbrook in the city on Tuesday. He is

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O. B. Fysh reports a big threshing stunt from his machine, which is at work south of Pasqua. In one day he threshed 4,000 bushels of oats on Brown's farm, then moved over to Moore's farm and there threshed 1,000 bushels before closing down. — Moose Jaw News.

Southly has been truly named the centre of the great wheat belt. Last week five new threshing outfits were unloaded and got to work, and as a result together with others, about 15 ears have been loaded and shipped out to date. While the elevator is busy from morn till eve with often eight or ten teams waiting to unload, most of the wheat is going to Northern and some 1 and 2, while some go among the rejected for smut. As there are from 15 to 20 outfits working here the threshing will not last long. — Earl Grey Gazette.

One of our local lumber men is a lover of fast horses; and it was one on him. Two respected citizens observed a German entering the town in an ancient vehicle the locomotive power of which was a quadruped apparently owned by a gentleman named Noah, a builder of cup challengers in Asia Minor at one time; and the animal ambled along in a world-weary manner as if seeking some quiet spot to die. The citizens two, thereupon hatched a plot and in the course of a few seconds the telephone line was busy. The scene now change to the portals of a lumber yard. A figure dashed forth and went up street and enquired about the fast horse from Estevan which could be purchased very cheaply. The conspirators showed him the beast whereupon the dealer in laths made them put up the cigars; and the joke was on them. — Rouleau Enterprise.

Robert Sterling of Shellbrook, was in the city on Tuesday. He brought

In a sample of his wheat in the sheaf and threshed. The wheat is certainly splendid. It is the white-fife variety and is a beautiful color and the kernels are round and plump. Mr. Sterling has a great laugh on the Dominion government. He sent a sample of his 1907 wheat to Ottawa to be tested. The government reported that it only showed 8 per cent germinating qualities. He sold what he didn't need to Jos. Kidd for 90 cents a bushel. The balance he used for seed and sowed two bushels to the acre. The drop looked as if the germinating qualities were nearer a hundred per cent., as it took 3 1/2 lbs. of twine per acre to harvest the grain. The yield will be 35 to 40 bushels per acre. The facts in connection with this case would give the impression that either the government's tests are no good or else they were working against Prince Albert district. It is known that seed grain was brought all the way from the old country and sold to the homesteaders of the west for a mortgage on the homestead. It is also known that while plenty of grain was offered the government in Prince Albert district, it was not purchased. — The Times, Prince Albert.

**Normal School Sessions**

Arrangements have been made by the department of education for holding local sessions of the normal school for training for third class certificates. These sessions will open at Regina and Prince Albert on Nov. 23rd, and will continue in session until January 29, 1909.

In case six or more applications from persons holding the necessary qualifications are received from other centres in the province, arrangements may be made by the department for holding additional sessions.

Those intending to take training should apply at an early date for forms of application for admission.

The next session for training for second class certificates will open at Regina on Monday, January 4, 1909. Teachers holding third class certificates which expire before January 1, and who are otherwise qualified will be expected to attend the spring session of the normal school. No first class session will be held until after the next departmental examinations.

**RAILWAYS FOR THE NORTH**

**C. P. R. Arranging to Build Up North of Edmonton—Surveyors Have Already Been Over the Country.**

That railways must be built in Canada as far north as the wheat will grow has long been recognized and realized by thinking railway men, but that plans had already been developed and preliminary steps taken to enter the wild unknown territory north of the Athabasca river were not made public until a party of surveyors trailed into Edmonton a day or so ago and casually informed the public that they had been engaged all summer locating two railway branch lines for the Canadian Pacific which will eventually add half as many miles of track to the system as it operates today.

The survey party were under orders to do a certain amount of preliminary work which, on the face of it, looked as though a railway would eventually be put through. But the leading engineers claim they know nothing of the intentions of the company and that they were merely drafting reports for the information of the officials of the road at the head office in Montreal. They said, however, that they had been locating a line through the Pine Pass from Edmonton and another line north to Dunvegan and the Peace river.

From the head office of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Windsor St., the following explanation of the company's plans comes from a man who, next to Sir Thomas Shaughnessy the president, probably understands the policy of the corporation better than any other man living. He declines to allow his name to be used on the ground that, in regard to affairs of such importance, the president and the president alone should be allowed to voice the plans of the company to the public. He says:

"As early as 1893 when the Calgary and Edmonton railway first accepted passengers from the main line of the C.P.R. to carry them north, our officials here began to make plans to enter the Edmonton district and farther north. The first step was taken when the C.P.R. received control of the Calgary and Edmonton by leasing it over for a term of years. This gave our road running rights as far north as Strathcona, the town on the north side of the Saskatchewan river, opposite Edmonton. From Strathcona to Edmonton a distance of about five

miles over the Saskatchewan, spanned only by a government bridge, the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific, a railway with a long name and little else had the charter to build with and rights to lay their track on the bridge and enter Edmonton.

"This was eventually done—how, I am not at liberty to say. Some claim that the C.P.R. put up the money, he that as it may, the first train crossed the Saskatchewan from Strathcona to Edmonton in 1905, and the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific, a five mile long road, became a fact. Later on the C.P.R. took over the running and operation of it also so that they now control traffic as far north as the city of Edmonton.

"Up to the present the traffic to the north has not warranted an extension farther. Traffic to the west and east is now being looked after by the Canadian Northern. But several years ago the question of an all Canadian route to the Yukon was brought up. The government took the matter in hand, survey parties were sent out and a trail cutting party from Fort Saskatchewan composed mainly of mounted police, were set to work to clear a pack trail from the head of the Peace river, at Fort St. John, to the Yukon.

"Since then the Peace River, Grand Prairie and Dunvegan country has become quite settled. Grain is being raised, cattle are being raised, farming, milling and other industries are springing up. It will not be long before a railway is needed, and it will not be long before you will see the C.P.R. following close with its picks and shovels on the trail of the axes of the surveyors and explorers.

"Running a survey, however, is a long way ahead of driving spikes, and although officials of the road have this gigantic project in mind, a project which cannot end until it reaches Dawson City or even farther, it will take a lot of preliminary work yet before construction work is started."

Carterhall, Mtd. MINARD'S LINIMENT Co., Ltd. Dear Sirs,—While I was in the country last summer I was badly bitten by mosquitoes, so badly that I thought I would be disgraced for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your liniment to allay the irritation, and did so. The effect was more than I expected, a few applications completely curing the irritation, and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes. Yours truly, W. A. V. R.

**VETERANS TO ORGANIZE**

**The South African Veterans to Form an Association to Protect Their Interests in Many Directions.**

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—A movement has been inaugurated to organize the 8,000 Canadian veterans of the South African war into a big federation with the object of advancing and protecting their interests in many directions.

The necessity for the organization has, it is claimed, become imperative owing to determined efforts of land speculators in every part of Canada to buy up the veterans' scrip at a price greatly below its market value. Veterans realize that only by acting unitedly and refusing to sell their land below a reasonable figure and through a central board of their own appointment can they succeed in defeating the land speculator.

The proposal is to form a Dominion Veterans' Association which will in a sense, be a governing body for the veterans of the Dominion. All through Canada in leading centres, a score of veterans' associations are in existence, the membership of these associations practically embracing all veterans in the districts.

Each of these associations has been invited to send delegates to a meeting to be held in Winnipeg Oct. 12th, for the purpose of forming a Dominion association. This Dominion association, when formed, will, it is proposed form a location board of three thoroughly informed, trustworthy men, veterans themselves, to advise the veterans where the most desirable lands are obtainable, and to assist them in selecting these lands if they desire to take up residence upon them.

This board would also have power to fix a reasonable price for veterans' rights, and be an official medium through which veterans may be encouraged to sell their scrip. Calgary has been suggested as the headquarters of the board, that city being the centre for American settlers who are anxious to buy additional land than their homestead and pre-emption allowances, and are willing to pay a good price for veteran's scrip.

It is believed that by veterans' refusing to sell only through this board they will secure from \$800 to a thousand dollars for their rights, and save the profit which would otherwise go to land speculators. This board would be a boon to set-

ters in all parts of Canada, but particularly those outside of the western provinces who cannot leave their business to locate and fulfill homestead duties upon the land located. It is estimated that not more than 4,000 veterans will become settlers upon western land, the remaining 5,000 for business and other reasons will be obliged to sell their rights. Thus the existence of a board through which these 5,000 men can market their rights will be a decided advantage, and afford them needed protection from speculators.

**Acocose, the Runner**

"Something may be expected of Paul Acocose, the Grenfell Indian, as a long distance runner, says the Grenfell Sun. Like all his race Acocose is lath-framed, creating at times the impression of a shuffle. His gait is ungainly, but deceptive, as he travels very easily despite an apparent awkwardness. Acocose was scarcely winded after running five miles at a fair clip and against a strong wind, so that his power of endurance should not be questioned.

The greatest handicap with which Acocose has to contend, is his lack of scientific handling. He is a sort of rough and ready runner, but were he thoroughly groomed and coached a decided change for the better would be immediately apparent. Acocose is rather unkempt and somewhat inclined to indifference, but with a little more polish may develop into a really high class man.

A distinct advantage with which the Indian is blessed, is a spirit of absolute calm and dogged determination. Not once in his five mile run did he glance behind nor to either side. He set his face at the start, and held to an even gait to the stretch of the last lap, confident in his ability to wear his opponents out. His stride carries with it a magnificent swing and he is tireless in the machine-like regularity with which he glides away.

Acocose may never be in Longboat's class, but he easily ranks with the greatest long distance runners in western Canada. If judiciously handled and compelled to take good care of himself, Acocose may be a national champion in the course of two or three seasons, but he will require watching and coaching. Taking the Winnipeg exhibition race as a criterion, it is safe to say that the Indian is good for almost any distance from five to twenty-five miles.

To advertise is human; To be honest therein is divine.

**Comic and Serious**

The bee that gets the honey doesn't hang around the hive.

Opportunity knocks but once, for the world hates a knocker.

A confiding nature will buy a hair restorer off a bald druggist.

To be successful you must have a fine disregard for difficulties.

Time and thought taken in complaining of competition are useless expenditure of energy. It lessens your capacity for the accomplishment of things for which you are employed.

"Stubb—I see your family is back from Europe. Are they well?"  
"Penn—I don't know. Haven't had time to ask them. I've been too busy trying to get over the flood of souvenir postals they sent me from the other side.—Ex."

Mrs. Nixdore (proudly) "Professor Fort called at our house today, and my daughter played the piano for him. He just raved over her playing."  
Mrs. Peppery: "How rude! Why couldn't he conceal his feelings the way the rest of us do?"—Philadelphia Press.

"So you think advertising pays?"  
Inquired the proprietor of the Yellow Front Grocery.

"I do," answered the editor of the Boggsville Bugle. "In a good medium it pays the advertiser, and in a poor medium it pays the medium. But it always pays."

An enterprising gentleman from the breezy west, who superintends the railroad eating house in that town, has recently hung out a sign that furnishes considerable amusement to those who pass by. It reads:  
Pies like mother used to make .....5c.  
Fies like mother used to try to make, 10c.

A couple of blacksmiths in an Alabama town concluded to dissolve their partnership, and made the fact known by nailing on the door of their shop a notice to that effect. The notice ran as follows: "The ko-partnership heretofore existing between me and Mose Jenkins is hereby resolved. All persons owing the firm will settle with me, and all persons that the firm owes to will settle with Mose."



**Double Duplex Grates**

Double Duplex Grates are made to be shaken separately. They can be shaken without touching the grate. No poking or poking. Dampers at both perfect drafts. When wood a patent clamp. The easiest-working grating way—and that's

**ary's**

ancouver, St. John, Hamilton, Calgary

KE CO. Ltd. Local Agent

at many of our meetings in that province last autumn.  
Mr. Hazin and his more recent victory, is still fresh in your recollection. After fighting for many years in opposition, he has been called to the premiership of his province and has inaugurated an era of efficient, progressive and honest government so long denied the province of New Brunswick.  
These Conservative victories, as well as that of Sir James Whitney, and Mr. McBride, are but the precursor and augury of that still greater victory which we believe awaits us when the people of this country next record their votes at the polls.

When that triumph comes let us receive it not so much in a spirit of elation as with a thorough and abiding sense of the tremendous responsibilities thus imposed upon us and with an earnest determination that our record shall be worthy of that great party which for eighteen years guided the destinies of this country, laid the foundation of our national unity and greatness and wrote in Canada's history so many glorious pages of honorable achievement and progress.

KEPT FOR ANY OR GUN MADE changed, Bought or Sold Silver or Gold Plating Small Machine Work Done Proprietor R. E. Mickleborough's Phone 401

thern Railway

ORT LINE

EDMONTON

west Rates

Single Fare	\$15.30
30 Day Return Fare	\$26.50

Regina and Warman.

ing and Dining Cars

nan and Edmonton.

ation and Time Tables from F. J. HURKETT, Agent Can. Nor. Ry., Regina.

**The West Company, Limited**

EVERY Farmer should have his own Letterheads and Envelopes printed, but only a few of them have. In order to induce every farmer to make a beginning along this line, we have decided to make a

**Special Offer To Hold Good Until Nov. 1**

We will supply any farmer during this time with 500 Envelopes and 500 Sheets of Paper, printed in one color, for \$3.50.

This offer will only hold good until that date.

**SPECIAL OFFER TO FARMERS**

ELECTIONS are the order of the day, and we give the news in concise form for the busy readers. From now until January 1, 1909, we will send

**THE WEST to any reader in the Province of Saskatchewan For 25 Cents**

Send in your money now and be among the first to take advantage of this offer.

**Printers and Publishers, Box 394, Regina, Sask.**

**Local and General**

Mr. Carrs, of Lumsden, was in the city yesterday.

Embury, Watkins and Scott, have opened a law office at Rouleau, Sask. The Maple Leaf restaurant in the McCarthy block closed on Saturday night.

Miss Dot Marsh is up from Toronto visiting her sister, Mrs. A. E. Whitmore.

W. B. Willoughby, the well known Moose Jaw lawyer, has recently returned from a trip to Europe.

Mr. Barber, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Gordon, left for his home in Milwaukee on Saturday last.

"The Cottage Cafe" opened for business on Monday morning. W. Holden, formerly chef for Kennedy & Dallas, is manager.

Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, is at present on a shooting expedition in the west. On Monday he was at Buffalo Lake.

Chief Justice Wetmore sentenced Peter Daniels to two years in Alberta penitentiary last Friday. Daniels was convicted of horse stealing in the File Hills district.

J. W. Rutherford, B.S.A., of the Manitoba Agricultural College staff, has been appointed deputy minister of agriculture for Saskatchewan to succeed the late A. P. Ketchen.

The marriage of Miss Edna May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. H. Boyle to Walter O. Wright, of Toronto, took place last evening at 5:30 at the residence of the bride's parents, Hamilton St.

Ald. Peverett and Mrs. Peverett have gone to Ottawa and other points in the east. While in Ottawa Mr. Peverett will attend the general synod, and Mrs. Peverett the triennial meeting of the W. A. of the church of England.

A new loan company is to be opened in Regina about the first week in October when the Huron and Erie, of London, Ont., will begin operations here. The agency will be under the management of one who will be glad to give all information to customers and supply them with money on first class mortgage security, at lowest rates of interest and easy terms of payment.

J. A. Killough of Pense is getting up a display of vegetables and home grown fruits at the request of the provincial government at Regina. It is to be displayed at the C.P.R. immigration offices in London, Eng. Mr. Killough was doubtless selected to prepare this exhibit on account of the fact that he exhibited successfully in Toronto, and later secured a cup and diploma for his exhibit at Nelson, B.C.

Fire destroyed the store and contents belonging to S. W. Beswick at Grand Coulee last Saturday night. So far the cause of the fire is unknown. Mr. Beswick left his store about 10 o'clock on Saturday night, but by 11:30 when the fire was discovered it had assumed such proportions as made it impossible for any of the contents being removed. Once or twice it was feared that Wright Bros. store would also be destroyed, but the efforts of the citizens prevented this. The total loss is estimated at \$5,000 part of which is covered by insurance.

The first session of the exchequer court ever held in Regina was held in the council chamber at the new city hall last Monday morning. Sir Thomas Taylor, ex-chief justice of Manitoba presided, he taking the place of Judge Cassels. Only one case came before the court, that being Rogers vs. The Crown. The complainant Rogers was represented by W. B. Willoughby of Moose Jaw, but there was no counsel for the crown. The case was as follows: Rogers bought a quarter section of land from a man named Ward who held a recommendation for a patent for the land which he had done the duties as a homesteader on. Afterwards Ward was charged with theft and being out on bail left the country. As a result of executing his bail, the crown on the land was sold and a certificate issued stating that the land was to revert to the crown. Rogers applied for the amount realized from the sale of the crop and a clear title to the land, both of which were allowed.

Death claimed another of the pioneers in this district on Monday when Elizabeth Tudge, wife of Mr. William Tudge, Sr., passed away at her home five miles north of the town, after an illness extending over several months. The deceased lady was 66 years of age and had been a resident of this district since 1887, coming from England that year to join her husband who had come out three years before. During the early days of settlement she shared the hardships of the pioneer and took an important part in bettering the conditions of life in the district. By her kindly manner and readiness to assist others in trouble or distress, she had won the love and esteem of all by whom she was known and her death will be a cause of general regret. The remains were laid to rest in Wapella cemetery yesterday afternoon after services at Christ church, a large number of sorrowing friends accompanying the funeral cortege to the grave. The bereaved husband and family have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their hour of bereavement. Wapella Post.

**The Wheat Situation**

The wheat markets have been steady and firm during the week with a hardening tendency in the last three days, and prices at the close of today's business in the U.S. and in Winnipeg show advances of 1/2 to 1/4 over closing prices of a week ago. The waiting attitude of the trade, which we mentioned in our last week review seems to have passed off, and the apprehensive fears of lower prices obtaining as soon as our western Canadian wheat began to move freely, have given place to renewed confidence in the inherent strength of the present grain situation of the world. It looks very like turning out as we said in our last week's review viz: that just as the decline was predicted in winter wheat prices as the crop began to move freely, resulted in substantial advance instead, so the apprehensions of a break in prices as soon as the spring wheat should move freely are being swept away by the influence of a firm and healthy market, and fair advance in price instead of a decline. Amid a steady continuation of ideal weather for the finishing of harvesting over Western Canada, and the progress of threshing, the movement of the new crop eastward on the railways to the terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur at the head of Lake Superior, has sprung within the space of one week from the size of a moderate stream to that of a wide deep-flowing river. On the 8th inst. the report of the inspectors at Winnipeg showed 171 cars, while today's report shows 516 cars inspected. On the first three days of the week there were 687 cars inspected, and on the last three days the number is 1827 cars. For the week there were 2514 cars of wheat inspected against only 2287 cars of the corresponding days last year. These figures show how "large" the movement of new wheat has become all at once. It will continue on this large scale daily for the ensuing three months if railway facilities are kept up to the present pitch, of which there is some doubt owing to the machinists' strike on the C.P.R. The same heavy movement is in full swing in the spring wheat country across the international line, as yesterday the receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth were 1850 cars of wheat.—The Commercial.

**McInnes for Saskatoon**

At a large and representative convention of the Conservatives of the federal constituency of Saskatoon, M. A. McInnes, of Saskatoon East, was unanimously offered and accepted the nomination of the party for the Dominion House of Commons at the approaching election. The nomination came as a surprise to most of the assembled delegates, which included men from almost every part of the riding, as the general impression seemed to be that Dr. H. E. Munroe, the Provincial Rights candidate in Saskatoon three years ago, would have consented to stand. The friends of the doctor were doomed to disappointment, however, for after one of the most popular demonstrations in favor of any political nominee in the west, Dr. Munroe announced that owing to professional and business reasons, he was reluctantly compelled to decline to carry the party banner to victory at the approaching election. The delegates were visibly disappointed, and after speeches from a large number of country delegates, which must indeed have proved gratifying to Dr. Munroe, considerable pressure was brought to bear upon the doctor, he being given ten minutes in which to give an answer, at the end of which time he announced that he found himself in the position where it was utterly impossible for him to accede to the wishes of his friends to be their candidate, and that he could under no circumstance accept the nomination at this time, expressing the hope, however, that in the very near future, circumstances would be such that he might answer the call of his friends if they again desired him.

No less than nine names were put in nomination, but in short speeches all but two declined—John Evans, of Evansdale and Mr. McInnes. Mr. Evans, while willing to take the nomination if it was the wish of the convention, at the same time made it plain to the assembled delegates that he would much rather work for some other man, and on motion of Mr. Ramsay, of Bladworth, seconded by Paul Decker of Delmont and Mr. Heinrichs of Hanley, the nomination of Mr. McInnes was made unanimous. Mr. McInnes in accepting made a fighting speech, and from the first made a decidedly good impression on his friends from the rural sections, with the result that when he concluded he received an outburst of applause which augurs well for the result.—Saskatoon Capital.

**REGINA MARKETS**

<b>WHEAT—</b>	
No. 1 Northern	80
No. 2 Northern	77
No. 3 Northern	74
No. 4	69
<b>OATS—</b>	
No. 2 White	36
<b>PRODUCE—</b>	
Butter	30
Eggs	30
Potatoes	60

**THE TRADING CO. WEEKLY STORE NEWS**

**Men's Sheep-Lined Coats**

The Sheepskin-lined Coat takes first place of all working coats for warmth and general good service. Better values and larger assortments is the news we give you in regard to our New Stock of Sheepskin-lined Coats. Let us quote a few prices:

**Our Special \$10.00** Men's High-grade Sheepskin-lined Corduroy Coats, fawn shade, fly front, clasp fasteners, three pockets bound with leather, deep 6 inch Wombat Fur Collar with tab for throat, double elastic woollen cuff in sleeves, leather arm shields. Our leader at **\$10.00**



Men's Fawn Corduroy Sheepskin-lined Coats, absolutely stormproof, padded to fasten close up at throat with deep Fur Collar, clasp fasteners. Extra good value. **\$8.00**

Men's Heavy Khaki Duck Sleep-lined Coats, double-stitched seams, fly front, with clasp fasteners, 6 inch Sheep-lined Collar, flap pockets, double elastic woollen cuff, sleeves warmly lined. Our price **\$6.00**

**Special Values in Duck Working Coats**  
We have special values in Men's Heavy Duck Hunting or Working Coats. Some are made reversible with Duck and Corduroy and others are rubberized on the inside. All styles **\$2.50 to \$6.00**  
Prices range from

**Three Good Ones in Men's Working Trousers, \$1.50, 2.00, 3.50**

Three lines of Working Trousers that at their prices are the biggest values we have ever offered. Made of strong, sturdy Canadian Wool Tweeds in plain grey.



**BOOTS**

Men's genuine oil grain Congress or Blucher Laceed Boots, suitable for heavy work, double pegged solid leather soles. Regular \$8.25. Going while they last **\$1.75** at

**Big 3 Polish**

ONE OF THE BEST  
Going while it lasts at **5c per box**

**Saturday <sup>60</sup> Minute Special**

150 Yards Fancy Dresden Ribbons

4 1/2 inches wide. **60 Minutes Saturday, 8c yd.**

**Our Grocery Specials**

7-lb. Pails of Jam, all kinds. First-class goods. Our special, per pail **50c**  
8 tins first-class Tomatoes for **\$1.00**

IN THE GROCERY DEPARTMENT

**Fall Dress Goods Specials**

We have made a special effort this season to make our Dress Goods Department one of the most up-to-date in the West. We have nearly double the choice we have ever had before, and bought from the best markets, and at the lowest cash price obtainable.

**SPECIAL**

**Panama Suiting**  
Guaranteed all wool, fine, neat finish, 42 inches wide. All the new shades; Navy, cardinal, brown, green, champagne, cream, black, Copenhagen, etc. Our Special Price, per yard **50c.**



**A Few Specials**

**Panama Suiting**  
Just the same quality as the other only it is 54 inches wide. Regular price 90c. Our Special Price, per yard **75c.**

**Tweed Effect Suitings**  
Medium weight, in Plain and Tweed Effects. Good serviceable wearing material. Extra good for Children's School Dresses. 40 inches wide. Good value at 60c yard. Our Special Price **45c.**

**Shepherds Check or Plaid Suitings**  
All the different sizes of Checks and Plaids, 40 and 42 inches wide. Our Special Prices, **60c.** per yard, **35c, 50c.**

**Cook Stoves, Ranges, Heaters**

IN OUR HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

The cold weather is coming and just as sure you are going to need New Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heaters, and we want you to remember that we have a large stock of these goods and that we are pleased at all times to show and demonstrate to you the good points of our Ranges and Heaters, even if we know that you do not intend to buy at present and the best news we have for you is that our prices are lower than ever. We are not like the most of stores, in that when we buy goods at lower prices than usual the first thing we do is to give our customers low prices. The best goods at the lowest prices is our motto. We have:



Cook Stoves, \$14.00 to \$36.00  
Equal to any made

Steel Ranges from \$43.00 to \$75.00  
Complete with reservoir or warming closet. Sold with or without warming closet or reservoir.

Heating Stoves from \$4.50 to \$53.00  
In this line we include Globe Heaters, Hot Blast Heaters and handsome Base Burners, with or without ovens.

**The Regina Trading Co. LIMITED**

Western Canada's Greatest Store

Sar  
Now  
Work  
C. H.

VOL. 12 No. 26

**MONEY**  
On Improved

**FIRE INSURANCE**  
panies in the World, and the "weak ones"

FARM LANDS CITY HEALTH AND

1837 South Railway

**Imperial Bank of**

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital Authorized \$10,000,000  
Paid Up \$2,000,000

D. H. WILKIE, President  
HON. ROBT. JAFFRAY, Vice-President

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN  
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