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Montreal: 701-702 Eastern Townships Bank Bldg.

London, Eng.: 88 Fleet St., E.C.

Your customers want something to ward off the rigours of March weather, and you can just fill the bill by selling them

New York: Rooms 1109-1111, 160 Broadway,

ADIAN GROCER

Robinson's Patent Barley!

It is an equally efficient food for infants and invalids, and you can recommend it without hesitation. Stock "Patent Barley"—it's right in your line, and there's no reason the drug-store man should have the monopoly of this quick-moving product. Remember the name—Robinson's.

FRANK MAGOR & CO., ⁴⁰³ St. Paul MONTREAL

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Grocery, Fruit, Provision, Canned Goods and Foodstuffs Trades of Canada.

Toronto: 10 Front St. East.

PUBLICATION OFFICE: TORONTO, MARCH 4, 1910.

Agents for the Dominion of Canada

How Is Your Stock

"Crown Brand" Table Syrup ?

The wide-awake grocer gives this reliable, quick-selling line every prominence, because he has found that it just "hits the public taste."

You'll find it pays to handle "Crown Brand." It's the Syrup that guarantees "repeats."

EDWARDSBURG STARCH CO., LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1858

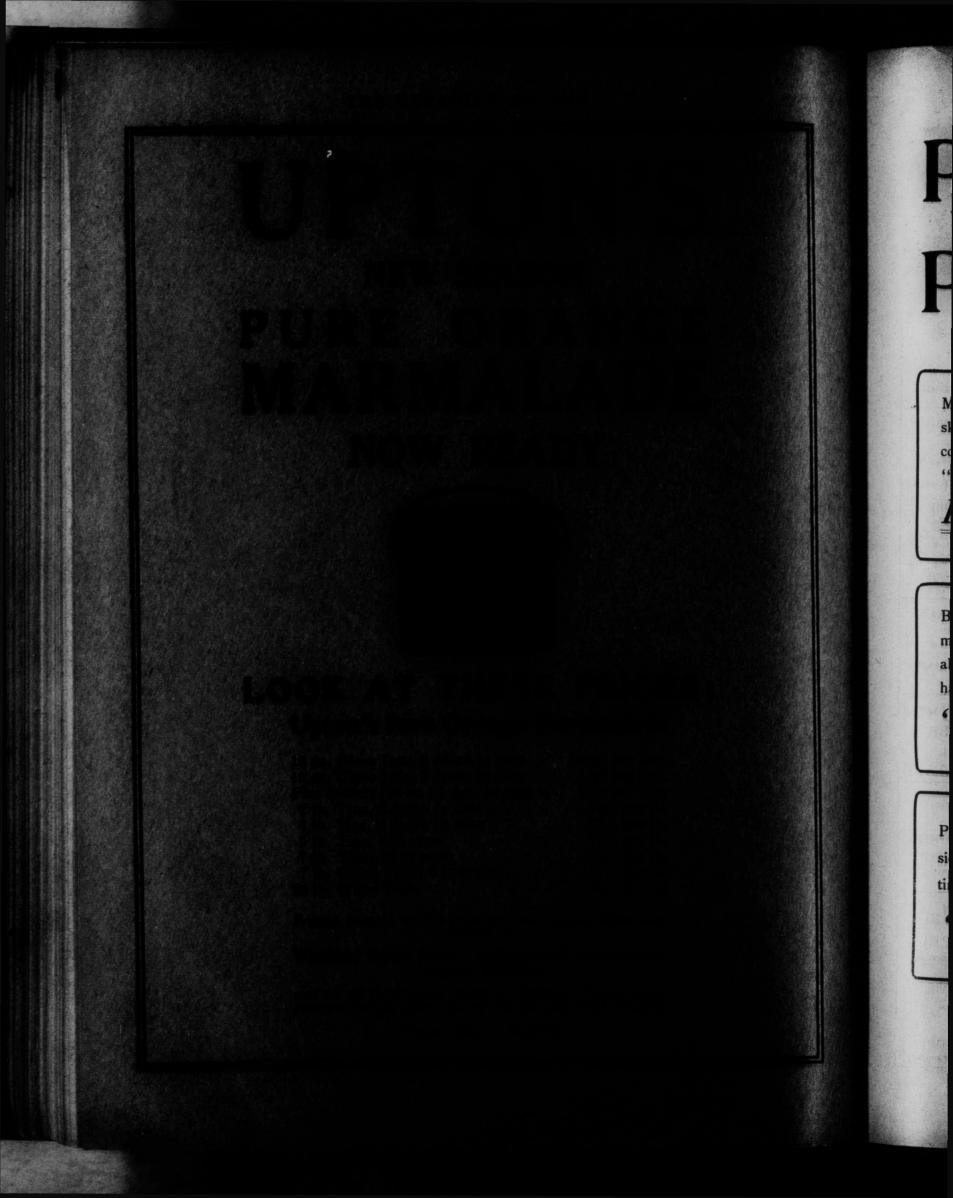
53 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Works, Cardinal, Ont.

164 St. James St., Montreal

Winnipeg: 511 Union Bank Buildin

NO. 9.

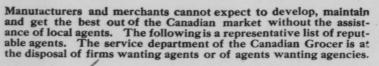


The satisfied customer assures a Profits permanent customer, yet without purity satisfaction of the lasting from Purity sort is not possible—or probable. Profits from Purity, therefore, com-mand regular trade. Profits from the articles advertised below are business builders. sort is not possible-or probable. business builders. Made pure for sixty years-as pure as pure oil and skill and experience can make it. The most sensitive "Shell" complexion or most delicate lingerie is safe with "Shell" Soap. Antiseptic, sanitary, clean. Not a Soap "tallow soap"-no decaying animal Pure Oil matter in it. Absolutely pure. Bramwell's Epsom Salts show a noteworthy absence of moisture from top to bottom of package. They are Epsom absolutely free from foreign substances. They never Salts have been and never will be classed with ordinary "salts" "Bramwell's " of commerce. They are in a class by themselves. Pastacaldi's Peel is prepared from the finest Corsican Citrons and you get what you pay for every time. No excess of sugar, but highest quality selected peel-drained. Pastacaldi's "Peels" name on every box. ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO., AGENTS

Montreal, Canada



Manufacturers' Agents and Brokers' Directory





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Winning Office

	/	Winnipeg Office
R. B. Colwell BROKER HALIFAX, N.S. REPRESENTING LEADING MANUFACTURERS, SUCH AS E. D. Smith Lowneys Toblers	E. H. BOWEN Manufacturers' Agent and Broker SHERBROOKE, QUE. Solicits representation of another first class firm putting up high grade goods. Eastern Townships thoroughly covered by three travellers. Highest references. Write im- mediately if you desire to have your line well introduced.	W. G. PATRICK & CO. Manufacturers' Agents and Importers 77 York Street, Toronto
J. W. GORHAM & CO. JERUSALEM WAREHOUSE, HALIFAX. N.S. Manufacturers' Agents and Grocery Brokers WAREHOUSEMEN Oan give close attention to few more first-class agencies. Highest references.	E. T. BUSINESS. Sour, Mr. Manufacturer, can do a good deal larger business in the Eastern Townships, if your lines are you want someone who thoroughly knows the field and to whom grocery business is not a Chinese puzzle. 15 Years on the Ground S. ROBITAILLE & CO., Sherbrooke	MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co. Limited AGENCY DEPARTMENT Agents for Grocers' Specialties and Wholesale Grocery Brokers TORONTO, Ont. DETROIT, Mich.
FOR SALE Cheap for cash, Fruit Cleaning Plant with Date Press. In good running order. J. T. ADAMSON & CO.	W. S. CLAWSON & CO. Manufacturers' Agents and Grocery Brokers. Warehousemen ST. JOHN, N.B. Open for a few more first-class lines.	JUST ARRIVED IN STORE Shipment from John Gray & Co., Limi'ed, Scotland, of their celebrated Jams and Marma- lade. 1's, glass, black currant, strawberry and raspberry jam. 1's, stone jars, black cur- rant, strawberry and raspberry jam. 1's, glass, marmalade. 7lb. tins Marmalade. We will gladly furnish prices. DOMINION BROKERAGE CO. 73 Front St. E., Toronto
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ROBERT ALLAN & CO. MONTREAL General Commission Merchants Representing Morris Packing Co. Pork and Lard-Finest Quality	W.H.Millman & Sons Wholesale Grocery Brokers TORONTO	Canadian Agencies Wanted E. SAVILLE WEBB 7 St. Stephens Street BRISTOL, :: ENGLAND
WAREHOUSE ACCOMMODATION IN OTTAWA Largest warehouse in Ottawa Valley, Fireproof; ow insurance rates; direct connection all railways. Convenient to navigation. Centrally located. Write for rates. Special rates for large quantities Dominion Warehousing Co., Ltd. 52 Nicholas Street. J. R. Routh, Manager.	NEWFOUNDLAND T. A. MACNAB & CO. ST. JOHN'S. NEWFOUNDLAND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS Importers and exporters. Proupt and careful at- tention to all business. Highest Canadian and foreign references. Cable address: "Macnab." St. John's. Codes: A,B,O, 5th edition, and private.	WRITE TO 10, Garfield Chambers, Belfast, Ireland For sample copy of the Irish Grocer, Drug, Provision and General Trades' Journal If you are interested in Irish Trade
CLARE, LITTLE & CO., WESTERN DISTRIBUTORS Wholessie Commission Merchants and Manufac- turers' Agents. Cars Distributed, Warehoused and Forwarded, Warehouse on Transfer Track. Busi- ness solicited. Our position is your opportunity. SASKATOON, Western Canada	G. C. WARREN Box 1036, Regina IMPORTER, WHOLESALE BROKER, and MANUFACTURERS' AGENT	Brokers and Man- ufacturers' Agents
J. W. SNOWDON Manufacturers' Agent 413 ST. PAUL STREET MONTREAL	W. G. A. LAMBE & CO. TORONTO ⁴ Grocery Brokers and Agents. Established 1885	-Your business card on this page will keep -your name and field of operations before Manufacturers, importers and others -looking for responsible representatives, It costs you little and means much to you if you are looking for agencies. Write for particulars to The Canadian Grocer Montreal Toronto Winnipeg

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Four years ago Wagstaffe's Jams were unknown in Canada. To-day Wagstaffe's Jams are sold from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

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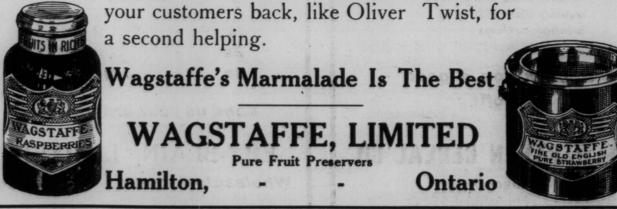
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WHY IS THIS?

Because they have that bright appearance and contain a rich, fruity flavor that is as sound as a bell. It is that, Mr. Grocer, that brings



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"AYLMER" JAMS, JELLIES PRESERVES, etc.

Every Glass Jar or other package of "AYLMER" Jams, Jellies or Marmalades is <u>Guaranteed Absolutely Pure</u>, put up from FRESH FRUIT when in season and FINEST GRANU-LATED SUGAR.

The flavor and high quality of "AYLMER" Preserves cannot be obtained in preserves made from pulp.

NO PRESERVATIVES NO COLORING

At every process cleanliness is reduced to a science.

"AYLMER" New Season's Scotch Marmalade and Orange Jelly Marmalade now ready. Send in your orders at once for stocks of these fine goods.

CANADIAN CANNERS

Limited

HAMILTON, - CANADA

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Borden's Brands are standard-

T takes goods of known quality—standard goods like Borden's---to build strength into a retail business---the sort of strength that endures throughout the years, and by means of which a large volume of profitable trade is attracted---and held.



VADI.

A 1

Always give prominent display to Borden's Brands. They'll repay you handsomely for your attention.

Borden's Condensed Milk Co.

WILLIAM H. DUNN - Montreal and Toronto

Scott, Bathgate & Co., Winnipeg, Man. Mason & Hickey, Winnipeg, Man. Shallcross, Macauley & Co., Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.

We have a Special **PROPOSITION**

Write for particulars to T. O. BAXTER, 27 Front Street East, - Toronto

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We contract of two pounds the sate hand

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to make to a leading grocer in each city and town in Ontario.

Our offer will hold good until March 31st, and can only be availed of by grocers of first-class financial standing.

6

Brand & Co., Limited, Mayfair Works, London, Eng.

MANUFACTURIRS OF

Brand's A1 Sauce Worcestershire Sauce Chutney, Soups Potted Meats Tongues in Glass Meat Extracts Brand's Essence of Beef Etc., Etc.

Berkel's Improved Slicing Machine

BERKEL'S Latest Improvement Patent Knife Guard to protect operators from accidents by thoughtlessly getting their hands against the circular knife. The only slicing machine in the world that has this protection.

BERKEL'S is the machine with the Patent Automatic Sharpener, by means of which the keen cutting edge on the knife is constantly maintained. The only machine with an automatic sharpening device. Simply press the Carborundum wheel shown in the cut above the knife downward and it strikes the knife edge at just the proper angle, a few turns of the wheel and your knife has an edge like a razor.

Will Slice Boiled

Ham and Bacon

Down to the

Last Ounce

We call attention to the photographic production of two plates of boiled ham, there is just **one pound** of ham on each plate, it was all cut from the same piece, the **eight** slices on the right hand plate were cut with an ordinary knife, while the twenty uniform slices on the left hand plate

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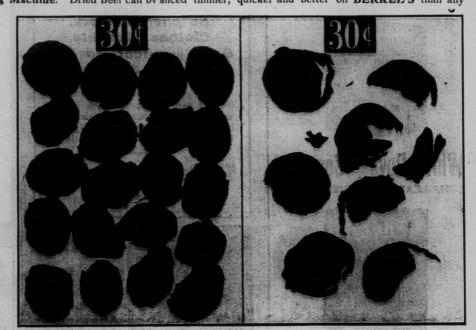
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other made. The BERKEL'S Im-proved Slicing Machine is now used by Grocers, Butchers, Depart-ment stores, Delicatessens, Hotels, Restaurants, Hospitals, Educational Institutions, Steamship and Railway Companies, Charitable Institutions, Penal Institutions, the Army and Navy, Soldiers' Homes etc. BERK-EL'S Improved Slicing Machine can be set to cut automatically (14) different thicknesses, from 1-40 of an inch up to 3⁄4 of an inch, "it cuts hread or meat equally well," re-quires no skill to operate and will slice perfectly more meat or bread in twelve miuutes than the most expert cutter can slice by hand in an hour. While it is a hand machine, for several years many packers, as well as grocers and marketmen who do a large sliced meat business. have been running their BERKEL'S Improved Slicing Machines by mechanical power. Enough pieces of bacon can be put on this machine to cut 300 slices a minute. This should be of interest to those who put up bacon in boxes, glass or tin cans.

were sliced on a slicing machine. This is an average result. The difference can be more or less marked according to the skill and time given the hand cutting, however the michine never can vary, the customer is always protected by dealing where there is a BERKEL'S Improved Slicing Machine. Dried Beef can by sliced thinner, quicker and better on BERKEL'S than any



CANADIAN SALES The W. A. FREEMAN CO., Limited, Hamilton, Ont.

T	HE	CAN	ADIAN	GROCER

The Government's Opinion of Our Factory Is Well Worth Considering—

Here is what the Dominion Government Inspector of Canned Fruits and Vegetables had to say about our factory—as reported in the St. John Standard of Wednesday, December 22nd, 1909 :

> "-----found everything in excellent shape. He "said that they were doing a very good business "and that the class of canned goods put up was "of the best quality."

It is in this factory that **BOSTON BAKED BEANS** and **BALAKLAVA BRAND SARDINES** are packed.

Quality Will Out — and a Government Inspector is Certainly a Disinterested Party,

The Eastern Canning Co., Port Canada, N.B.

CANADIAN AGENTS-C. A. Chouillou & Cie., Montreal; Green & Co., 25 Front Street East, Toronto; D. C. Hannah, London, Ont.; G. Wallace Weese, Hamilton; H. D. Marshall, 197 Sparks Street, Ottawa; H. M. McBride, 312 Ross Avenue, Winnipeg, Man.; Martin & Robertson, Vancouver, B.C.



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WAREHOUSES AT MONTREAL, OTTAWA, HAMILTON, KINGSTON, WINNIPEG, CALGARY.

This Enormous Plant is the Result of 50 Years' Experience in Making

JERSEY CREAM SODAS

and hundreds of varieties of Fancy Sweet Biscuits and Confectionery

Established in 1858 by T. Mc-Cormick in a very small shop, about 12 by 18 feet.

Now, look at the picture of the largest biscuit and candy factory in Canada, owned and managed by his three sons.

The factory is also the most modern on this continent—is thoroughly ventilated and kept scrupulously clean. Pre-eminently the best.

McCormick's Biscuits are made from Best Blended Flour, First Quality June Creamery Butter, Fresh, Sweet, Whole Milk, Pure Sugar, etc.

All materials are analyzed by an expert chemist and therefore McCormicks are in a position to guarantee the Purity and Quality of their biscuits.

No other Biscuit Factory in Canada employs a chemist to insure wholesomeness of its biscuits.

Continental Reputation.

Great numbers of discriminating American women-visitors to Canada have pronounced McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas vastly superior to the American crackers. They have even insisted on the factory shipping a supply to their grocers, stating that they were willing to pay the duty, if by so doing they could enjoy such a luxury.

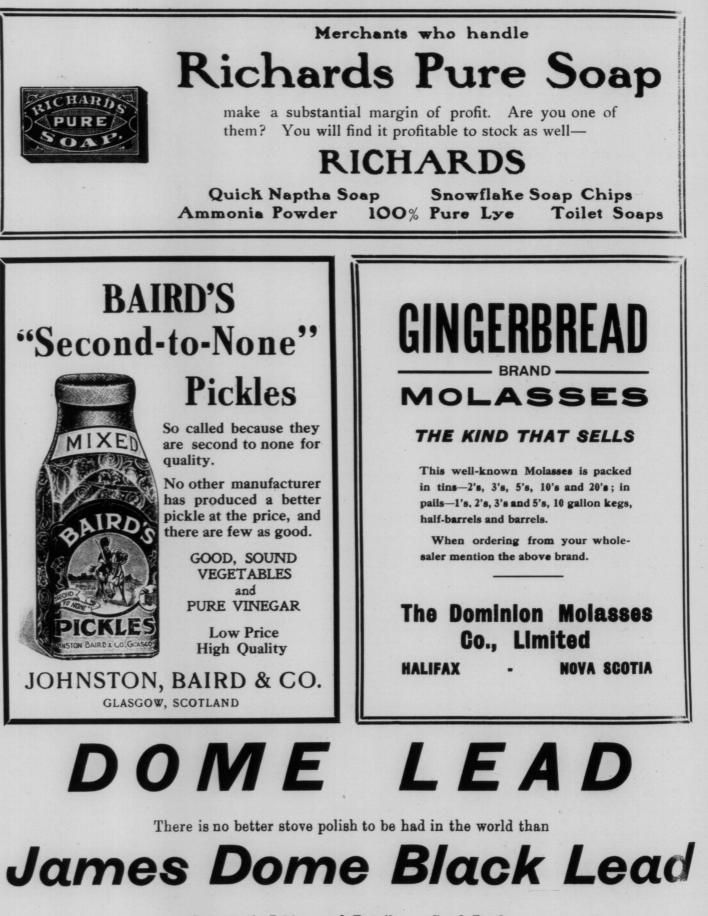
We have appreciated the confidence and assistance of the Grocery trade in Canada in placing our biscuits before the consumers and hope still further to merit your approval in our present efforts to assist your sales of our biscuits by advertising them extensively amongst the consumers. We hope you will keep on hand a good supply of



WE WILL ADVERTISE FOR SIX WEEKS JERSEY CREAM SODAS AND FANCY JERSEY CREAM SODAS.







Pays both Jobber and Retailer a Good Profit.

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W. G. A. LAMBE & CO.

Canadian Agents.

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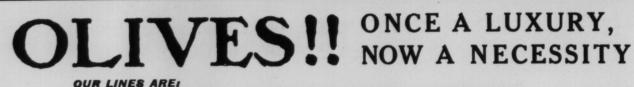
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Manzanillas, Queens, Club House, Nutoliv Pitted, Celery Stuffed, Pimento Stuffed

PACKED TASTILY IN NEAT GLASS PACKAGES AND IN BULK SELECTED FIRST QUALITY FRUIT ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL JOBBERS FROM COAST TO COAST.

> GORMAN, ECKERT & CO., Limited LARGEST PACKERS OF OLIVES IN THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

MADE CANADA

LONDON

Which would you do, employ one man-at \$4 a day and board, or 4 men at \$1 per day and board, if the one man could do the work of the four?

THE MCCASKEY ACCOUNT REGISTER SYSTEM

is the one man end of this problem. Ask us why. Information is free.

DOMINION REGISTER COMPANY, LIMITED Successor to The McCaskey Register Co. in Canada TORONTO, CANADA 96-104 Spadina Avenue

When You Buy

WINNIPEG

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Extra Granulated Sugar, you secure the results of the latest process, of modern machinery and of years of experience.

Manufactured by

The Canada Sugar Refining Company, Limited, Montreal, Que.

SHIRRIFF'S JELLY POWDERS Produce delicious jelly. Are easy to handle. Pure and palatable.

MPERIAL EXTRACT CO TORONTO.

Retain the natural fruit flavor. Refreshing and Reliable.

Are You Stocking Them?

They are sure and profitable sellers.

Imperial Extract Co., 8-10-12 Matilda St., Toronto



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BS.

75,000 Gallon Pickles in Brine

This is at least one of the largest stocks held in Canada.

Kegs-1, 5 and 10 Gallon. Bottles-Malt lever tops, and 40 oz. square.

Write for prices before placing orders elsewhere.

Thos. McCready & Son, Ltd., St. John, N.B. Bonded Vinegar, Pickle and Spice Manufacturers.

It's a Pleasure

To sell an article whose worth and superiority are acknowledged-a line that does not take an awful lot of talking, pushing and explanation to move. Such a line is



which differs from other hand-cleaners, because it is beneficial to the skin, whilst positive-ly removing every vestige of dirt, grease, paint or tar.

Buy from your jobber.



9.7. S.XDOG

SPRIEN

REPARED ON CORRECT CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES



MONTREAL

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Baking Powder has been giving satisfaction for the past 50 years. If you want purity and known quality without the fancy price, you should order Cook's Friend at once.

A LEADER FOR 50 YEARS

W.

BAKING POWDER SPECIALISTS

D. McLAREN,

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"IT CONTAINS NO ALUM"



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Get After the Peddler

Reach out after the tea trade he is getting—the trade that rightfully belongs to you. But how is this to be done? Only by educating your customers to purchase goods the peddler cannot buy. You can never hope to win back the peddler's tea trade by selling bulk teas. The peddler sells that.

Concentrate your energy and selling force on pushing a tea of supreme quality—well advertised and having an enormous sale—a tea the peddler cannot buy. Such a tea is



The most popular tea for a grocer to handle. For seventeen years it has maintained its prestige as the highest grade tea. A constantly growing demand shows its great value to every grocer as a sure trade-winner. With "SALADA" you serve the public well, and the peddler can't take your trade.

Prove it Yourself, Mr. Grocer

CANADIAN OFFICES

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Retailer's Failure Due to Inadequate Service

Neglected to Deliver Goods Promptly— Did Not Look After Service to Children —His Competitor Across the Street Made a Good Success Because He Gave Scientific Service—Provided Tables for Serving Tea to Ladies—Was Prompt in Tracing Complaints.

A Canadian grocer went out of business the other day in a prosperous town because he could not hold his trade.

He could not hold his trade because he did not give his customers the service they received for nothing from others.

For instance, one morning a woman ordered some jelly powder to assist in the making of a dessert for dinner.

She wanted it sent up early, and the clerk promised it would be there on time.

By an oversight the jelly powder did not go; the woman had no dessert for dinner that day on which, as it happened, her husband brought home with him a guest.

This naturally made here wrathy and her entire trade was transferred to a grocer across the street. It meant a loss of \$300 to the former grocer.

On another occasion a telephone order was placed with the same store for a few pounds of bacon.

The grocer was just out of bacon and he told the woman so, but made no offer to secure it for her.

The result was she ordered the bacon from a grocer across the street, who, although he too happened to be out of bacon, promised to fill the order without mentioning the dearth of his stock.

The contrast between the service of the two merchants formed an impression on that woman's mind; a similar occurrence happened a few days later and gradually she transferred her account to the grocer across the street.

The first dealer who supplied her lost an annual account of \$300 through inadequate service-\$25 every month.

A little girl came into the store one afternoon for some groceries for her mother. She had to wait a couple of minutes for her turn to be served.

In the meantime three or four grown-ups also stepped up to the counter; the latter were served first, and the little girl was late arriving home.

Upon being questioned by her mother the latter learned the cause of the delay and as this had happened before, she also took her account away from that store and gave it to the merchant across the street.

This meant another loss of \$300 per year.

By inefficient service this grocer continued to lose customer after customer and each one told of the inattention she had been getting.

Gradually he became unable to meet his regular payments and eventually he failed.

His chief fault was inefficient service, because he was not a scientific grocer.

He had been doing business with 100 customers and making a turnover at the rate of \$30,000 annually.

With scientific service he would have made money the lack of it caused him to fail.

Adequate service is recognized by the scientific grocer of the 20th century to be one of the most important requirements in a store. Science in service was used by the grocer across the street, who was getting all the custom lost by his negligent competitor. ime

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He saw to it that the one woman got her jelly powder when she wanted it; that the other secured the bacon, even at some extra trouble to himself, and that care wataken to wait on customers in the order in which they came into the store.

He looked closely after his assortment, being careful to have on hand what was called for.

He was able to do this easily because he did not stock too heavily on any single line.

The jelly powder was sent to the woman who required it at the stipulated time. She received other goods at the proper time, and eventually gave him her whole grocery account, which amounted to \$300 annually.

Another woman called him up by phone late one Sat urday evening saying that she had overlooked getting a roast of beef for the Sunday dinner, and would he kind by help her out?

The grocer readily consented, secured the beef and had it sent to her home.

This simple act of kindness won him a steady custom er; she was under an obligation to him (but of course, he didn't tell her so), and in her teacup conversation with her friends that grocer got many a good recommendation.

When women came to his store to shop there were at way a few chairs handy for them.

In one corner of the store were a couple of attractive tables, where tea was served free to those who desired it

Women used to look forward to their cup of tea in that store and unconsciously they would advertise it to their friends, whenever the subject of shopping came up

The proprietor always made it a point to speak to every person who entered the store, for he knew that all appreciated it.

He saw to it that his salesmen looked after the want of children just as readily as those of grown-ups.

Children were served in their turn and given the same considerations as the elder people.

All complaints were carefully attended to and point was strained to make things right.

For instance, one evening a telephone call was receive to the effect that a wrong brand of coffee had been set up.

The grocer regretted the occurrence, said he would e change it and look into the matter.

In two minutes he called up the woman to explathat one of his salesmen who was unaccustomed to takiher order, had made the error.

He had called his attention to it and it would not cur again; in the meantime a boy was on his way to h house with the kind she wanted and would she kind let him have the other?

In a few years' time he had secured double the customers simply because he gave scientific service to his customers

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THE CANADIAN GROCER

Time that Canada had a Definition for Pure Jam.

So Thinks Writer on Subject of Recent Government Bulletin Referring to Jam Inspection-Preservatives or Dyes not Neces-

By E. D. Smith.

sary He Claims-Why Coloring Matter is Used.

notice in your last issue a short detorial congratulating the country on the fact that in the last Bulletin issued

the Department of Inland Revenue, dictin 194, a great majority of the mis called "pure" have been found to

to by the government analyst. This

condition which existed even three is ago, much less five years ago, but

yet conditions are not what they ought to be and are really not what your analysis of that Bulletin would

ndicate, because under our present an-

tionated pure food laws the presence of

not necessarily stamp them as adul-terated. Under our present laws jam

may contain dye stuffs and preservative

and too great a percentage of water and still be called "pure jam." Of the 116 samples examined, al-though only one was pronounced adul-

terated and seven doubtful, there was a total of 49 which either contained preservative or dyes, or of which the

water contents were unduly high, a greater portion of them having both preservative and dye stuff in them. Now

what is the object of dye stuffs in jam,

jelly or marmalade, and what is the ob-

ject of preservative in jam, jelly or marmalade? The only possible object

is to cover up ignorance or careless

ness. A clean, careful, up-to-date man-ufacturer has no need of either of these articles. They are absolutely super-

Of course, by the means of coloring matter a manufacturer can dress up otherwise off colored goods; he can cover up a lot of defects and if the pub-

lie prefer bright colored goods, it is very easy to use the dye stuff. But with care in manufacture and a little

common sense on the part of the con-suming public in discriminating and judging whether goods are artificially

But if one manufacturer can use color-ing matter in every sample tested and the jam still be pronounced pure, of roome, it goes without saying that

Color Appeals to Public.

he one using coloring takes the eye public, pleases the retail grocer

use it pleases the public. The one of no dye stuffs cannot have his ds of the same color-nature does make them that way. One lot of

different from another, but al-his goods are put up pure and

and, I trust, will be so amended

nut dyes he gets no credit for t from those who read the Bulle-ader our present out-of-date laws are to be amended in the near

the anyone using dyes or preservative will be obliged to so state it on the inter. Then the manufacturer who has

red or not, there is no need of it.

manufacturer will use it in time use it is a great handicap for a daeturer who does not use dyes if

oods are classed as of no higher andard in Government Bulletins than

servative and dye stuffs in jams do

is a great improvement over

Why should a manufacturer of jam use preservatives? There is not the slightest necessity for it, and yet 19 of the samples contain preservative. Now the query is if 97 samples were put up and analyzed from different makers In the world without preservative, why could the 19 not have been put up without the preservative? It is evidently used to cover up something. I do not say that preservative should never be used for any purpose, but I say it should not be used where it is unnecessary, and that is the case of james, jellies and marmalade. Another thing that this Bulletin does

Another thing that this Bulletin does not show, is the fact that all of the samples of jam in this Bulletin may have contained 10 per cent. of glucose. By a careful perusal of the preface the following will be seen: "It is true that no legal definition of jam or explicit standard for the article yet exists for Canada, nevertheless the meaning of jam as fruit holed in mass with sugar jam as fruit boiled in mass with sugar and water is so well recognized and the term has legal meaning in so many countries that I have no hesitation in de claring a product made of more than 10 per cent. glucose is adulterated un-der the Act."

Definition of Jam Needed.

Consequently we do not know how many of the 116 samples contain 10 per cent. of glucose. It is surely time that

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we should have a definition of jam in this country. As conditions exist at present, I believe most of the imported jams contain 10 per cent. of glucose or less, whilst some of us are getting along without an ounce in this country and are thereby working at a disad-vantage of cost so that of these 116 samples only one of which was declared adulterated, the whole lot may contain 10 per cent. of glucose. Forty-nine of them are declared to contain preserva-tive or dyes or both, or water contents unduly high and sometimes all three unduly high and sometimes all three.

I think it is only fair that this side of the case should be presented and every grocer will be doing himself a justice, as well as the manufacturers of this construction is the million of the D this country, if he will send to the De-partment of Inland Revenue at Ottawa. secure Bulletin 194, and carefully peruse the contents.

BUSINESS MAN FOR MAYOR.

Napoleon Drouin, one of the proprietors of the Rock City Tobacco Co., won the Quebec mayoralty contest last week with the big majority of 1,324. Mr. Drouin is a business man of a fine calibre. Besides being interested in the tobacco company above referred to, he is also engaged in the wholesale grocery business. He has been a member of the Quebec council for the last 14 years. His opponent was Senator Choquette.

PERSONAL.

W. W. Hutchison, eastern manager, Lake of the Woods Milling Company, is back in Montreal.

F. H. Anson, Montreal, Superintendent Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, has returned from Europe.

Things That Shouldn't Be





Retailers should be careful to allow only the brightest clerks in the store to take orders over the telephone

Practical Methods Used in Retail Grocery Stores

A Potato Window Display in Chatham—Edmonton Merchant Points Out Value of a Country List—The Late Saturday Night Delivery Question—Why the Clerk Gets in Debt—Another Change From Credit to Cash.

Late Delivery Elimination.

Bracebridge, Ont., March 3.—Another link in the chain of success attached to our six o'clock delivery system will be attained on Saturday, Feb. 26. The butchers have agreed to follow the grocers in cutting out the late Saturday night delivery on that date. This means that in Bracebridge in the future there will be few overworked men and horses seen on the streets on Saturday nights deliverying groceries, flour and feed, bread, milk or meat until after midnight and away on into Sunday morning.

A good feature of the elimination of this late delivery is that practically all stores here will now be closed by 10 o'clock, giving the merchants and clerks a respectable time for retiring.

Against Co-operative Bill.

Ottawa, March 3.-There is considerable opposition to the Co-operative Bill now before the House of Commons among the retail trade here. One grocer spoken to, condemned the principle of giving to Co-operative Societies at no expense to them, rights for which joint stock companies have to pay dearly. Further it would seem to open the door to all kinds of dishonest practices, because under the Act, it would be possible to form a society with the word "limited" forming part of its name, which society would be composed of say four boys, twelve years of age and three adults with a total paid up capital of \$7. Such a society might borrow money from its members so as to be able to show a good bank account and on the strength of this account obtain for itself extensive credits, afterwards paying back to the members their cash loans and subjecting the creditors to heavy losses.

Moreover, no provision is made in the Act. whereby outsiders can procure copies of the rules of societies so incorporated, yet a knowledge of these rules is almost essential in determining whether or not a society is worthy of credit.

Clerks Were Appreciated.

Winnipeg, March 3.—"I tell you we enjoyed ourselves at Mr. Waring's home last evening, and it was certainly fine after a hard stocktaking season, for him to have such a jolly recreation," was the casual remark of a clerk in the Robinson & Co. store "the morning after." C. W. Waring, the manager, believes in showing appreciation for services rendered. "My boys were good to me during the holiday and stocktaking rush and I wanted to do some thing for them," said Mr. Waring. So the entire staff of eighteen men and one lady were invited to the manager's home where a banquet was prepared for them by Mrs. Waring and her daughter.

Potato Window Display.

Chatham, Ont., March 3.—A window piled full of the best quality of Kent County potatoes is an attractive feature at the King Edward Grocery, conducted by G. S. Bartlett. A large, neatly lettered show card, hanging in the window, states: "Finest

A large, neatly lettered show card, hanging in the window, states: "Finest Kent potatoes, one peck with every order, 11c per peck." Potatoes rarely forming the subject

Potatoes rarely forming the subject matter of a window display, the big pile of them has attracted much attention, especially in view of their large size. The price enhances the effect.

The pile of potatoes is surmounted by a basket of lettuce, and backed by smaller displays of cabbages and apples, the King Edward Grocery featuring fresh vegetables and fruits at all seasons of the year.

Keeps a Country List.

Edmonton, Alta., Mar. 3.—In a town or city surrounded by a good farming district, it is always advisable to have at one's finger tip some special prices on goods in large quantities. This is the claim at any rate made by an Edmonton merchant who sees to it 'that his clerks are just as well acquainted with these prices as he is himself.

He has special prices for instance on soap by the box, beans by the bushel, flour by the barrel, sack of rolled oats, lard by the tub, salt by the barrel, etc. This 'handy' list saves considerable time and is augmented when a farmer asks for a quantity of something not already on it. It prevents the necessity of the clerk going to the proprietor every time a quantity of anything is purchased to find out the price. If this list is not kept, very often the proprietor has to go to his books to determine what he is entited to get.

An Opening Announcement.

Hamilton, Mar. 3.—In opening a new store in Hamilton recently, the proprietor placed the following reader in a daily paper under the heading of "The New Baby":

New Baby": "In the world of grocery stores a new baby to-morrow offers itself to an ever expectant public. It is located at 146 James Street north, and is Carroll's sixth store. Everything in the store is new and up to date. It is lighted by electricity. The cash register is operated by electricity, and the coffee mill, which grinds coffee fresh for every customer, is driven by electricity. The cases, counters and shelving are of solid oak and are most complete, development and sanitary. This feature will appeal to you, as all articles of food are kept in bins and drawers, which positively proof against dust, demine, rats or other vermin, but met important of all, the stock is entirely new, bright, clean and thoroughly help grade. While the prices; just you like up Carroll's advertisement in this paper and get the surprise of your life."

From Credit to Cash.

Wallaceburg, Ont., Mar. 3.—Peter Forbes, grocer and butcher, turned over a new leaf, commencing Monday, and henceforth will conduct his business on a strictly cash basis. In the course of his announcement the following statements, among others, appear:

ments, among others, appear: "Cash is King—at Peter Forbes' store after Monday. Credit business is no good with him after that date. The credit business is a curse to any town "Have you ever stopped to think what a cash dollar will do for you in the way of buying your table supplies? Do you know that the man who sells for dash can afford to sell so much cheaper than the one who is charging up his goods on the book all the time, making bad debts that he will never be able to collect? Do you know that the cash business is the only satisfactory way to do business? If not, try it and be convinced If you stick to it, you will save enough in a year to open up a bank account"

Why the Clerk is in Debt.

St. John, N.B., March 2.—A close observer of the retail salesman problem referred recently to the fact that there were many clerks who did not live within their incomes. Some are habitually behind with their finances he said. "No matter how their salaries may

"No matter how their salaries and increase, they are proportionately hind in making things meet. When an employe is getting \$8 a week he is owing \$10, and he is working hard at the catching-up game all the time. The figures it out that if he only got \$10 he could apply the \$2 extra, and catching up in three weeks. The theory is diright, but the practice is not, for which this individual gets \$10 a week, instead of applying the \$2 extra to catching up, he finds that he wants better neaties and better underwear, and makes greater expenditure all along the finds so that instead of wiping out his diff he finds himself in still greater debt an his increased wages."

Changes Displays Often.

Sydney, C.B., March 2.—One of grocery store proprietors here we goes in extensively for window dress is A. D. Ingraham. He is a firm

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tever in nice window trims as a means drawing trade and as a consequence some splendid displays which he ages often. He caters to the best ile in Sydney.

F. Miles who opened a store here re years ago has built up a good mess by keeping good goods, selling fair prices, keeping an up-to-date and by giving the public good vice.

Service Rendered by a Recipe.

Halifax, N.S., March 2 .- The grocer's customers always appreciate any little attention in the way of recipes for making household dainties. This has been exemplified by a Halifax grocer in the sale of oranges for marmalade. With each purchase he hands out the following recipe :

"Cut the oranges in quarters, take out the oranges in quarters, take out the cores and seeds, to each pound of fruit allow three pints of cold water. Put into a howl and let this stand till next day, then squeeze the pulps, cut day, then squeeze the pulps, cut them into thin slices, and return them to the bowl of water; leave all till next day then boil till very tender. Again return all to the bowl, and after a day and night weigh the boiled fruit and water. Then place all in the preserving pan and add to each pound a pound and quarter of lump sugar. Then boil, stirring constantly, for an hour or more, or till the syrup jellies and the peel is transparent." the peel is transparent.

He finds this much appreciated by his customers, many of whom follow the receipe with success. This little act of service tends to hold his trade as well as to get new business.

WATCHING APPLE SHIPMENTS.

Complaints About Condition of Apples Arriving on British Market Being Investigated.

St. John, N.B., March 3 .- W. W. Moore, chief of the market branch of the Canadian Storage Department, Ottawa, was in the city last week looking after a shipment of apples which the Agricultural Department at Ottawa are sending to the Mother Country. This shipment is one carload of seven which they purchased last autumn in Ontario for experimental purposes.

the last two years there have been neucrous complaints from England reing the poor condition of the apples they receive from Canada. It s that through some defect in the ing, or else from not being properared for while in cold storage, the es, in the course of time, become included here and in that condition were d on the English markets.

e result of this is obvious, and the dian shippers have had to stand great reduction in prices. The ultural Department, however, have up the question and are now enring to better conditions. Last in they purchased seven carloads ples from Ontario and used them strictly for experimental purposes.

Among other things, they have tried different methods of packing and have also placed apples in cold storage at different degrees of temperature. Whichever proves to be the better means of preserving the fruit will be resorted to in future. This will not be known, however, until all the shipments have been received in England and word sent out from there.

Speaking of the butter and cheese exports to England during the last year, Mr. Moore said that there was a marked increase in the shipment of cheese, but a great falling-off in butter. He attributes the decrease in the exports of butter to the fact that the home consumption of this is now greater than it ever was, and also to the fact that of late a large amount of the Quebec and Ontario cream is being sent to the United States.

THE BREAD SALES ACT.

Toronto, March 3 .- The weight of a loaf of bread is again causing the Ontario Legislature to do some serious thinking. Owing to some complaints

A THORN IN THE TRADE.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce. Secret rebates given by traveling salesmen for grocery houses to retail buyers have been a thorn in the trade, and is said to have been the real reason back of considerable of the trouble between some manufacturers of foodstuffs which required that their goods be sold at a set price and some jobbers who refused to sign affidavits that there had been no cuts in price. The trouble seems to have crossed the border into Canada, according to The Canadian Grocer, of Toronto. While there is an anti-tipping law in New York, Canada seems to have one more stringent, according to the Canadian paper.

that have been made, W. K. McKnight withdrew the bill he introduced in 1908 and substituted for it a bill to be known as the Bread Sales Act.

It is pointed out that the chief dif-ference between the two bills is that the last Bill limits the weight of bread to twenty and forty ounces, and it makes no provision for any other size loaf to be sold excepting it is made under a direct contract between the baker and the consumer, thus making it a legal offence for any dealer or grocer to take a contract for his customer for any weight of loaf that he or she may desire, but leaving it legal as between the maker and the customer.

To this clause E. M. Trowern, secre-tary of the Retail Merchants' Associa-tion of Canada, took strong objection, stating that it was an unfair restriction placed upon the merchant and if it were allowed in this Bill it might creep into others, as the trade of merchants was restricted enough now without adding further troubles to him. Hon. Mr. Hanna promised that he would see that the retailer was pro-tected and he fully appreciated the objection taken by him.

MERCHANTS OPPOSE BILL.

Monster Delegation at Ottawa to Protest Against Co-operative Bill.

Ottawa, Mar. 3 .- The largest delegation of retail merchants that has ever visited Ottawa waited upon the Premier and members of the Cabinet on Friday morning, Feb. 25th. The delegation filled every seat in the

House of Commons and in the galleries. The object of their visit was to oppose the passage of the Co-operative Societies Bill, known as Bill No. 50 introduced by Lloyd Harris, of Brantford, and also to call attention to the fact that the bill introduced by Mr. Monk, M.P., contained clauses in it that made it practically a twin measure to the other bill and one whereby money could be raised from the poor people for saving and loan purposes and loaned out to the commercial company for the purpose of operation co-operative societies

E. M. Trowern, Dominion secretary of the Retail Merchants' Association, and J. A. Beaudry, Dominion Treasurer, were the principal speakers and they strongly denounced the bills as being against the best interests of the commerce of Canada.

The delegation was introduced by R.

Bickerdike, M.P. Mr. Brophy spoke for the Montreal Board of Trade, Mr. Lariviere for the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Cote for the Quebec Branch of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada and Mr. Hebert, for the Sherbrooke branch.

Sir Wilfred Laurier assured the delegation that their interests would be ful-ly considered but he advised the committee who had the bill in charge give it their careful attention as the bill was not a government measure.

Col. Jno. Davidson, of Davidson & Hay, Toronto, underwent a very serious operation at the beginning of the week. but, his friends will be pleased to learn, at the time of going to press he was progressing favorably.

Geo. Watt, Sr., head of Geo. Watt & Sons, wholesale grocers, Brantford, Ont., died on Thursday, Feb. 24, at the ripe old age of 86 years. He was for 58 years connected with above firm and identified at various times in his life with educational and municipal interests in Brantford. At the time of his death he was the oldest merchant in that city.

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT IT. The Canadian Grocer.

Dear Sirs .- Enclosed fin' money order for \$2.00 to renew our subscription to The Grocer for a year. We would not like to be without it.

THE A. RONALD CO., General Merchants. Minesing, Ont., Feb. 19, 1910.

Stores

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ur. 3.-Peter turned over Monday, business on the course of lowing state ar

Forbes' store siness is no at date. The to any town. o think what u in the way ies ? Do you ells for cash cheaper than his goods ing bad debts to collect ? h business is to do busi

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Retailers's Inquiries, with Answers Submitted

Liability of Merchant When He Signs an Order - The Frequency of Scale Inspection and Penalty-Glycerining Eggs for Making Old Eggs Look Fresh-Change From Credit to Cash.

CASE OF A SIGNED ORDER.

Editor Canadian Grocer,-Kindly an-swer in next issue of The Canadian Grocer

A orders goods from B to be shipped at future date, and A signs orders. A cancels order 2 weeks before ship-

ment; can B compel A to accept goods if shipped? H. T. A. if shipped ? Kincardine, Ont., Feb. 24, 1910.

Answer-The construction placed upon this by business men is that since A signs the order he can be compelled to accept the shipment providing the goods are according to sample or re-presentation. If such a contention were made then it would be a matter for either arbitration or for the law courts to decide.

SCALE INSPECTION.

Question-Will you kindly let me know in your next issue how often scales have to be inspected, the cost of scales have to be inspected, the cost of inspection, the penalty attached to a breach of the Weights and Measures Act and whether the Inland Revenue Department should fix them or not ? Toronto, March 2, 1910. M. W.

Answer-The Inland Revenue Department states that scales are inspected every two years with the exception of coal and public wigh scales, elevator scales and all spring scales which are inspected annually. Anyone can descales and all spring scales can de-inspected annually. Anyone can de-mand that a scale be tested by the De-partment at any time, but in the event of the scale being found correct the party who laid the complaint is obliged to new the cost of inspection. When a party who laid the computer. When to pay the cost of inspection. When scale is found incorrect a "reju card is placed on it which reads : "This weight measure or weighing machine must be repaired and submitted for inspection before being used for trade purposes."

The cost varies from 50 cents up ac-

cording to the capacity of the scale. Section 25, Weights and Measures Act reads: "Every person who uses or has reads: "Every person who uses or has in his possession for use, in trade, any weight, measure, scale, balance, steel-yard or weighing machine, which is false or unjust, shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars and not less than ten dollars, or, in the case of a subsequent offence, of fifty dollars; and any contract, bargain. sale or dealing made by the same shall be void; and the weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard or weighing machine balance, steelyard or weighing machine shall be forfeited, and shall be forth-with seized as being so forfeited." The Inland Revenue Department does

not fix scales.

GLYCERINING EGGS.

Writing from Ashcroft, B.C., a firm of general merchants desire to know something about how eggs are glycerined and why.

Answer-The solution used for glycerining eggs, according to an experienced egg handler, is Muriatic Acid and water —one part of acid to 90 parts of water

being used. This solution is used for the purpose of making old eggs look fresh, as it absorbs all the dirt on the shell making it rough, and opens the pores so that the eggs appear to be newly laid. If an egg is left in this solution over night, the shell will have disappeared by morning, as it eats up the shell available disappeared by morning, as it eats up the shell rapidly. The glycerine solu-tion, therefore, does not preserve the quality of the egg, but simply makes the egg look newer. The egg is only dipped in the solution for a second and then taken out again.

FROM CREDIT TO CASH.

Editor Canadian Grocer.- A short time ago in acknowledging a remittance from us you asked if you could be of any service to us, and taking advantage of your kind suggestion we would wish to have an expression of opinion or adto have an expression of opinion or ad-vice in regard to a problem with which we are now wrestling, viz. the change of our business system from that of credit to cash. Through experience and the medium of your valuable trade journal, you no doubt have come in contact with many other business men contact with many other business men who deemed it necessary to effect this same change, and an expression of opinion would be thankfully received and highly appreciated.

Without taking up too much of your valuable time permit us to place our position before you as clearly as possible.

Our village is situated on an Island in Quebec, eight miles distant from the n of ——, and nine miles distant n —— Station, the terminal of the — branch of the C.P.R. Thus you town of from see we are lacking in railway commun-ication. It might be well to mention also that communication with the first named town from this island is estab-lished during summer by means of a ferry-boat (upon which a return fare of is charged) while in winter the 15c crossing is always safe over the ice.

Our store is centrally located in a prosperous farming section embracing four townships, and, while after be-ginning business with a small capital we have succeeded in nine years in at-taining to a turnover of \$30,000, we feel that we could easily double this amount if we could retain the one-iourth of the business transacted in ---- by our farmers to-day. The large centre, of course, is always an attraction to people, the market is there and a large assortment of goods with pre-sumably "better" prices. The "better" prices are usually higher prices for these merchants have very heavy ex-penses for rent, help, taxation, etc.; nevertheless it is difficult to convince customers that they can buy cheaper in the smaller places. To divert any por-tion of this trade we recognize the fact that attractive prices must be offered and under the credit system it is difficult. How then to change to a cash basis without losing too many cus-tomers at once, is the problem which confronts us.

Customers, whose annual accounts average \$200 to \$300 and are promptly settled, cannot be set as the without any consideration. It would appear almost as business suicide to do Provision for these is the clief point of difficulty in changing to a sh basis. At one time we had thought of lending them money, and taking their notes with interest, but abuses would likely creep in here, the money might would eventually become mere money ienders. Here is the particular point upon which we would be pleased to

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Another point, after effecting the change, what would be the system of advertising to be adopted. Having no newspaper medium, how could we best spend our money to attain results from the advertising which we know is most essential to the conduct of a live and up-to-date business.

GENERAL MERCHANTS

The above letter from the "General Merchants," comes from Quebec prov-ince. The request is one on which it would be difficult to give advice which upon trial would be sure to prove ab-solutely correct. A business expert would have to personally look over the ground, because to understand such a situation knowledge of the public served by this store would be necessary. However, the following advice from an ex-perienced grocer and general merchant who has been in the business for more than 30 years and who has made a close study of such matters should prove beneficial to "General Merchants," whether they adopt his recommendation or not.

He writes : "His condition is rather a peculiar one, and yet it should not be as difficult to arrive at the proper solution of the problem as under ordin-ary conditions. Being 'situated on an island may have influences with which I am not familiar, but I fancy that the necessity of crossing on a boat in the summer and over the ice in the winter should be in his favor, unless the trip on the boat is considered from a pleas The is doing a very good business now and his object in changing for credit to cash is not that he needs the money, but to enable him to sell cheaper and to use a strong talking point. But even now, according to his statement he is in a position through lower expenses to sell cheaper than his competitors in a more expensive town. This would indimore expensive town. This would indi-cate that it is not altogether the bar-gain end of it that takes any of his customers to the larger towns. They may have friends there, or connections which they do not like to sever, and to cut prices for the purpose of gaining their trade may stir up an opposition They

their trade hay feeling. "If, by changing from credit to ash. he runs the risk of losing some \$200 and \$300 yearly customers, it is ther a dangerous thing to attempt, but if the attempt is to be made it should be done very carefully. Before thing this stop I would advise him takin all reliable customers into his contant ask them for their opinions. ence his case is properly presented to the friends should fall in with his own his idea and support him. In considering this point he should be very careful not to impress them with the idea that he is doing this to keep the people from go-

to the larger towns, but that he it solely for the purpose of giving own customers still better service. As a rule a credit customer will e him more of his trade during the ar than if he paid cash and if he does get the credit accommodation, he ght considerably reduce his purchases. Personally I never like to encourage a credit business, but under the circum-stances, I think he should move slowly and rather educate his customers to the cash system than to force them moo it.

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ending money in the way he sugts has been tried, but always, so far 1 am aware, led into trouble. Not having a local paper, his only way to advertise is by circular. I would advise a judicious use of the circular in placing before the farmers the reasons the merchant is in a favorable VIII situation to sell cheaper than in the towns. Whenever I could I would comtowns. pare prices showing that mine were equal to the others if not better.

TORONTO MARKET GETS GOOD CURRANTS.

Statement That the Contrary is the Case is Refuted.

Editor Canadian Grocer,-We read with some interest the letters headed "Why quality was poor," in your issue of January the 21st and Feb. 18th, relerring to the quality of currants ship-ped to the Canadian market. Your readers would be in a position to judge on what authority the many wild state-ments, contained in these letters, were made if the writers had subscribed their signatures.

Our object in writing this letter is to refute the impression-at least as far as Toronto market is concerned-that it is the rule for importers to buy lowest grades of currants, and from preference, or in ignorance, deal with irresponsible shippers. Our experience is exactly the contrary. It may be true that competition forces some importers to buy low grade fruit at a low price, but of late years this has become the exception rather than the rule.

We have no desire to use your columns to get free advertising for our principals in Patras, and will not mention them by name, but as the trade, wholesale and retail, recognise them as amongst the Largest and most reputable in the cur-rant business, their deliveries made dur-big the past six months amounting to over 12,000 half cases can be taken as table criterion of what grades are in de-trand here. Over 75 per cent. of the table, comprised high grade fruit from the Patras, Gulf, and Vostizza districts, of the remaining 25 per cent. of of the remaining 25 per cent. of thatra fruit, the greater part was a selected grade on which a premium of at test 6d. per cwt. over the market price is paid. We can to-day buy in Toron-for either of your correspondents, terrants of the very highest grades and good as can be procured in London anywhere else in the world.

hat success in the currant business is ched by selling high grade fruit, and by catering to buyers for price, is monstrated by the fact that the firm Toronto which imports the largest quantity of currants, confines its busi-

higher than the ordinary Filiatra, and is selling an ever increasing quantity of the highest of high grade, and high price fruit-the shade dried Vostizza The same firm cleans all its own fruit and has a plant designed and built by itself second to none in the world.

To some retail grocers all currants look alike, taste alike, and they fondly believe, sell alike. The same grocer ap-plies the same principals to everything he handles—so that this is not peculiar to the currant business—and fortunately bankruptcy has reduced the ranks of such men, to a very small number. As in every other business, the import-

er of currants in Canada has occasionally been the victim of the unscrupulous exporter. However, "once bitten twice shy," and when an English dried fruit dealer visited Toronto last summer and in his efforts to make sales for a certain firm of Patras shippers, denounced almost without exception every other firm in the currant business, he was guilty of a tactical error and learnt to his dis comfiture, that the firm for whom he was trying to do business had previous to four years ago made sales in Toron-to, but a number of unpaid claims made a second advent into the market, in this generation, impossible. Knowing this, makes the unsigned letter you publish in your issue of the 18th of Feb. from London, England read like a joke, or some-thing akin to it. Some of our London friends who pay this market a visit, are surprised that benighted "colonials" should deal direct with the source of supply, when we have the privilege of buying through London, by simply paying 3d or 6d per cwt. in insurance (or profit.)

Your correspondent in the hurried calls, which the business obtainable, warranted his making, evidently did not stop to get full and accurate information as to conditions here. Toronto im-porters do not purposely deal with shippers unknown to the trade-they have opportunity of doing business, through the medium of able and responsible brokers, direct with almost every reputable shipper of currants in Greece, from our personal knowledge they avail themselves of the opportunity. C. L. MARSHALL & CO

Toronto, Feb. 28, 1910.

APPLE SHIPPERS' LOSSES.

A Disastrous Season for Some Nova Scotia Men.

Halifax, N.S., March 3 - The past season was in some respects a disastrous one for the apple shippers of Nova Sco-tia. The speculators and some of the growers who shipped their own fruit lost large sums of money. The heaviest los-ses were incurred early in the season, and were due entirely to the poor qual-ity of the fruit. The apples in many cases were not matured and were rushed on the market in this condition. Then later on some of the apples arrived in poor shape, while others were improperly packed. All these conditions assisted in hammering down the prices, and it was a long time before the market re-covered. It is stated that some of the shippers lost sums of money ranging from \$10,000 to \$20,000 in the early dealings.

When the better grade of fruit was marketed later there was a general improvement in prices, and the latest re-

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ports received here are that apples are now in good demand and that even higher than the prevailing prices are expect-ed. The shippers who met with losses in the season now have hopes of early evening up to some extent.

CANNERS NOT IN MERGER.

First-hand Information From the Independent Canners Themselves.

In view of the interest centred in the names of the firms who are and who are not in the canners' merger, The Canadian Grocer has secured an authentic list of those who were not taken To obtain this list a letter was in. sent to the various independent can-ners-or they were personally seenasking them whether or not they were in the merger.

The following were written : Alvinston Canning Co., Alvinston, Ont.

Belleville Canning Co., Belleville, Ont. Burlington Canning Co., Burlington, Ont.

Bloomfield Packing Co., Bloomfield, Ont.

Farmers' Canning Co., Bloomfield, Ont.

Exeter Canning & Preserving Co., Exeter, Ont.

Essex Canning Co., Essex, Ont. Ingersoll Canning & Preserving Co., Ingersoll, Ont.

Wm. Fretz, Jordan, Ont.

London Canning Co., London, Ont. Meaford Canning Co., Meaford, Ont. Napanee Canning Co., Napanee, Ont. Newbury Canning Co., Newbury, Ont. North Port Canning Co., North Port, Ont

Bishop Bros., Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

Niagara Falls Canning Co., Nigara

Falls, Ont. Oshawa Canning Co., Oshawa, Ont. Old Homestead Canning Co., Picton, Ont.

St. Thomas Canning Co., St. Thomas. Ont.

Thamesville Canning Co., Thames-

ville, Ont. Tilbury Canning Co., Tilbury, Ont. Fraser Canning Co., Wallaceburg, Ont. Lakeside Canning Co., Wellinton, Ont. A. A. Morden & Son, Wellington, Ont. Stoney Point Canning Co., Stoney

Point, Ont. Port Milford Packing Co., Port Milford, Ont. Chas. Black, Silver Lake, Ont.

The replies to the query came as follows

Alvinston Canning Co.-No

Burlington Canning Co.-No. Bloomfield Packing Co.-Mr. Grant will. give you this information.

Farmers Canning Co.—No. Exeter Canning & Preserving Co.—No. Essex Canning Co.—Not in a position to give definite information.

Wm. Fretz.-No.

Wm. Fretz.—No. London Canning Co.—No. Bishop Bros.—No. Niagara Falls Canning Co.—Yes. Oshawa Canning Co.—No. St. Thomas Canning Co.—Not decided. Thamesville Canning Co.—No. Fraser Canning Co.—No deal com-leted

pleted.

A. A. Morden & Son.—No. Stoney Point Canning Co.—No. Port Milford Packing Co.—Not fully; they have our option.

The Canadian Grocer

Established - 1886

THE MACLEAN PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED JOHN BAYNE MACLEAN - PRESIDENT

Publishers of Trade Newspapers which circulate in the Provinces of British Columbis, Alberts, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, P.E. Island and Newfoundland

Cable Address : Macpubco, Toronto. Atabek, London, Eng

	OFFICES
CANADA-	
MONTREAL	Rooms 701-702, Eastern Town- ship Bank Building Telephone Main 1255 J. J. Gallagher
TORONTO	 10 Front Street East Telephone Main 7324 W. H. Seyler, Manager
WINNIPEG	- 511 Union Bank Building Telephone 3726 F. R. Munro
VANCOUVER -	H. Hodgson, 11 Hartney Chambers
ST. JOHN, N.B	W. E. Hopper
UNITED STATES-	
NEW YORK .	R. B. Huestis
Room 1109-111 Co. Buildi	1 Lawyers' Title, Insurance & Trust ng, 160 Broadway, New York, N.Y. Telephone, 1111 Cortland.
GREAT BRITAIN-	
LONDON -	98 Fleet Street, E.C. Telephone Central 12960 J. Meredith McKim
FRANCE-	
PARIS	- John F. Jones & Co., 31 bis Faubourg Montmartre
SWITZERLAND-	
EURICH	Orell Fusali & Co.
Subscription, Canada Great Britain, 8s. 6d.	and United States - \$2.00 Elsewhere, 12s.
PUBLISHI	ED EVERY FRIDAY

FEW STORAGE EGGS LEFT.

From all appearances there is not going to be any serious hold-over in storage eggs. Evidently the cold storage men last year figured the situation nicely in trying to make both ends meet, and this week, so far as the large egg packers in Toronto are concerned, will see the finish of the storage eggs.

One dealer on Wednesday morning had but one case left, while another had only five left. This does not include quantities of limed eggs used by bakers extensively, but the regular cold storage eggs for household purposes. Bakers prefer the limed egg on account of its high beating qualities.

New-laids are now coming in rapidly and if mild weather continues, jobbers will have sufficient quantities to supply the demand. Should cold weather set in and be prolonged, supplies could be easily rushed in from the United States to equalize the demand. In fact, a few carloads of United States eggs are in now or on the way.

There is no reason, therefore, to believe that eggs will change in price a great deal one way or another.

Strictly new-laids are practically the same price as at this time last year, probably a little firmer now, while cold storage are also quoted about the same.

PROFIT FROM MILK SCARE.

Now that there is so much talk about impurities in milk supplies, a splendid opportunity is furnished retailers to advance the sales of condensed milk, powdered milk, etc.

They are in a position to unhesitatingly recommend this milk as being absolutely free from contamination in view of the system of manufacture, the source of supply and the general care exercised by the manufacturers.

The present, therefore, is an opportune time for window displays of condensed, evaporated and powdered milk, backed up by window cards, price tickets and a few good straight talks in the local papers. It's the wideawake merchant in such a case who reaps the reward.

And it's an ill wind that blows nobody good.

CANADA AND THE U. S. TARIFF.

The maximum tariff under the Aldrich Payne Tariff goes into effect in the United States, March 31st. This tariff is levied against all countries which are held by the administration to accord more favorable terms to the imports of any other country than to those of the United States.

Just where Canada will stand when the maximum tariff goes into effect is so far unknown. Any doubt is due to the British preference. During the early stages of the discussion of the tariff bill in Congress, it was understood, semiofficially at least, that the preference which Canada gave to the mother land. would not be considered a discrimination against the United States. Nothing can be taken for granted, however, until the negotiations at present under way are concluded.

Another feature, which creates some doubt as to what the attitude of the United States is, is the Canadian-French treaty, which went into operation Feb. 1st. The effect this treaty may have is made doubly uncertain by the fact that the United States and France are not now on particularly amicable terms in tariff matters. Commercial peace has just been assured between Germany and the United States, but the outcome of the negotiations now pending with France are problematic.

One favorable condition is the attitude of President Taft. He has more than once signified his desire for friendly commercial relations with Canada. He is evidently sincere in this, but political influence may be brought to bear in the other direction. The commercial and financial interests in the United States, however, are opposed to the maximum tariff being levied against Canada. They know that Canada is the third largest customer the United States has, and that last year, although the total exports of the States last year decreased by 1.4 per cent., exports to Canada increased

19 per cent. Great Britain is the heavy est buyer, Germany second, with Canada a close third, and France the fourth order, considerably down in the list far as the value of purchases is cocerned.

Canada purchases more from United States every year than the who of Central America, Mexico and West Indies combined. In fact, it necessary to include also the exports China and Japan in order to create ures sufficiently large to compare while the exports to Canada.

Should the maximum tariff, which is poses an additional 25 per cent. on the regular tariff, go into force against Caada, there will certainly be reprisals the part of Canada. Her weapon is the 331-3 per cent. surtax, which would certainly be employed.

The so-called balance of trade is dready largely against Canada. We have buy from the United States double the quantity of merchandise they buy from us. In other words, last year we purchased \$182,600,000 worth of merchandise from the States, while their purchases from us amounted to \$92,600,000. It is scarcely likely that the United States will be in a hurry to levy the maximum tariff against Canada, and Canada meantime is standing firm.

NOT WATCHING HIS BUSINESS.

The necessity of looking closely after the leaks in the business is well examplified by the recent experience of a salesman for a well advertised food product. He was in the office of a wholesale grocer, and was "called down" hecause the volume of the distribution of his goods was less than the corresponding period a year ago.

"How do you know that" the salesman inquired.

"Well, I do not seem to see as much of them going out as I used to." Then the salesman went to his office and looked over his records. The result showed an increase of between 30 and 40 per cent.

"Never would have believed it," the jobber said, "but if you tell me it is true from the records I am willing to take your word for it."

Thus it is often that merchants who are supposed to keep in close to h with what is going on are careless in making statements such as is no d above. The merchant who leaves the details to his men and devotes his the and energies to finding the leaks in his business and how this and that is meing, and at what profit, is more than likely to be the man who will make the best success. OLD The t

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OLD EGGS MIXED WITH NEW.

The troubles that dealers have with heads and stale eggs are many. The other day one of them who handles eggs extensively called the attention of some hystanders to a particular case.

See here," he said, "this is the trable we are up against. These eggs were sent in as fresh with a letter that the shipper must have not less than 29 cents per dozen, and fully one-third are had and scarcely any are fresh eggs." This is the time of the year when there are all sorts of troubles of this had. Farmers have a portion of their winter supplies of eggs yet and when the hens begin to lay, they mix the old eggs with the fresh and send them to their stores. The merchants take them as new laid without examining them and send them along to the dealer.

This is considered to be one of the worst kinds of stealing and as the farmers are not by any means all dishonest, it is unfair to the honest ones that this is tolerated.

Country merchants are often afraid to find fault with the produce their customers bring in, but they forget that they are doing an injustice to those who are honest.

It is an easy matter at this time of the year to candle all the eggs that come to a store, and if the farmers knew that this is being done, the trouble would at once cease. Farmers are looked after and are being heavily fined for fraud in packing apples and adulterating milk. In milk there is always some chance of a mistake. Some cows produce much poorer milk than others, so that the man supplying poor milk may be suspected of watering it, but in eggs there is no excuse whatever. It would appear that any one who mixes old eggs with new laid, does it for the purpose of cheating, and as he can so easily be detected, some definite steps should be taken to have the practice eliminated.

A PROFIT OF 5100 PER CENT.

From a letter appearing elsewhere in this issue, written by a Chilliwack, B.C., morehant, a proof of the safe investtout that The Canadian Grocer is to subscribers is well exemplified.

He writes that he gets enough hints from each number to pay for a year's subscription.

What does this mean? It means that by issue is worth at least \$2 to him. Therefore, after paying his annual subtion he has at least made \$102 during the year out of The Canadian Gro-Hence on an outlay of \$2 his proties are \$102, or 5100 per cent.

Is there any other investment a groeen ean make which will bring him such

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returns? A safe answer is that there is not. All that is required is a careful perusal of the paper from cover to cover every week. The suggestions are there if the reader cares to utilize them.

THE CAT ON THE COUNTER.

The cartoon in last week's issue on "Things That Shouldn't be," has aroused considerable interest from readers, ineluding retailers, travelers, jobbers and manufacturers.

The cat upon the counter where foodstuffs are occasionally left open does not by any means denote eleanliness. It is unsanitary and "shouldn't be."

A traveler is the authority for the statement that cats are too often allowed to roam about the store. He says that not long ago he went into a grocery store where he found a cat lying in the window and actually sunning itself on a box of figs, while still another was licking the knife used for eutting bacon.

It is to be regretted that such should be the case in a twentieth-century grocery store. It is something that should be eliminated. No scientific merchant would allow it.

INSURANCE FROM ANYWHERE.

Merchants and manufacturers will be interested in knowing that the Committee of Fire Insurance Premium Payers. who have been fighting the Fire Underwriters' Combine before the Banking and Commerce Committee of the Senate at Ottawa. have been successful in preventing the adoption of the amendments desired by the insurance underwriters, whose requests, if granted, would have practically compelled every person desiring insurance to place their insurance with the so-called Canadian companies, who have established headquarters in Canada, but whose stock is mostly held in Great Britain or foreign countries.

The Premium Payers' Committee were ably represented before the Senate Committee and were able to show the Senators that the establishment of an insurance monopoly would be injurious to all branches of mercantile industry throughout Canada.

After discussing section 139, which provided that a firm may go outside the country for fire insurance by paying 15 per cent. on the premiums, Senator Dandurand said there were many principles involved. The first was, shall eitizens be allowed to freely insure in unlicensed foreign companies? This question the committee unanimously answered affirmatively.

The next question was, shall all unlicensed fire companies be prohibited from having representatives in Canada

to solicit insurance or from soliciting directly or indirectly? The committee gave a unanimous affirmative answer to this also.

The third question was, shall the person or firm going outside be taxed to a certain extent to help maintain the insurance department? The insurance men wanted this, but the committee by a very large majority decided that there shall be no tax for going outside.

The fourth question was, shall the insured who goes outside Canada be obliged to send annual returns as to the amount of insurance placed? This was answered in the affirmative.

The matter now goes back to the House of Commons, where it is possible that the insurance underwriters will renew their fight. After winning such a victory in the Senate, however, the Premium Payers are likely to again earry their point in the Commons.

CREAM OF TARTAR IMPROVED.

A recent bulletin issued by the Inland Revenue Department at Ottawa on Cream of Tartar inspections shows that 85 per cent. of the samples collected were genuine. Of this number, 50 samples, or nearly 24 per cent. of the entire collection, reach the standard of purity of 971/2 per cent. named in the British Pharmacopoeia. Of genuine samples which fail to reach this high standard, only 16 fall below 90 per cent. purity, and 3 below 88 per cent. of purity. The lowest percentage of purity found in any genuine sample is 86.

Cream of tartar has been inspected on several previous occasions, and it is interesting to note a general improvement in the quality.

The adulterants to be found in it are alum, acid phosphate of lime, and mixtures of these with starch.

Chief Analyst A. McGill states that this cannot but be regarded as a fraud when the mixture is sold as cream of tartar.

"Some of the substitutes." he says, "are possibly unobjectionable on the score of healthfulness, and their efficiency in bread-making may be granted. They are, of course, intended to be sold at a lower price than cream of tartar. It will be seen by referring to the present report, as well as to previous reports. that the retail price of cream of tartar seems to vary from 30 to 40 cents a pound. It will be noted that very few of the substitutes for cream of tartar are offered at a lower price than this. If cream of tartar substitutes, or so-called compound cream of tartars, are legally recognized, it can only be on condition of their being distinctly labeled to conform with section 24 (d) of the Aduiteration Act."

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Suggestions for Writing Effective Ad. Copy

The Displaying of Type Also a Subject for Thought -- Value of convincing Talks---Confusion of Articles Tends to Prevent Ad. From Being Read Carefully.

The subject of advertising is now an important one in view of the approach of the Easter season when so much advertising is usually done. Grocers should therefore take extra

We Believe That **Every Housekeeper** Wants the Best Especially if it Doesn't Cost Any More

Now we want to make this fair offer to any person not already using our delicious blend of Coffee.

Buy a half pound or pound, use it three or four times, then if you do not think it is the best coffee you ever used we will take it back and refund the full purchase price.

The well-known fact that we have the largest coffee business in the city and that we pay more for our coffee beans is the best proof that our blend is what we claim for it. The best sold in Lon-don. Our price 40c pound

Choice Smelte, Haddies, Bloaters and Loch Fyne Herrings.

Select Oysters

California Prunes

We handle the best grades in 2 sizes. Now is the time to enjoy them; 2 and 3 pounds for 25c

Our Big Special Bottle of Manzanilla Olives

The biggest value in the city. Each bottle contains from 80 to'90 good-sized Olives. A bottle ... 25c

California Ripe Olives

Bottles 20c Large Tins 45c Choice Rhubarb, Radishes, Green Onions, Lettuce, Parsley, Spinach, Salsify, Artichokes, Spanish On-ions, etc

Your telephone orders will be carefully taken and promptly filled.

THREE PHONES: Dundas Street, 3051 and 3052. South London 969.



Well-Written Retailer's Advertise-A ment.

pains with their ad. copy in order to obtain the best possible results and a few suggestions from advertisements from Canadian and Newfoundland papers should prove both interesting and valuable.

The T. A. Rowat & Co.'s ad. is a good one. The fine display lines in the introduction made a splendid opening sentence, but they might have been made more effective if the last three of them had been displayed in smaller type. The table is convincing and should The talk is convincing and should type. command attention. The panel an-nouncing choice smelts, haddies, bloat-ers, etc., would possibly have been more effective had some prices been quoted since the present is an ouportune time to call attention to fish. The method of displaying the type and prices from the panel down is good, being attrac-tive and not confusing.

The McLaurin & Dow ad. from a Fort William paper denotes alertness on the part of the proprietors, in view of the present investigations into the supply of milk in Ontario and the value of condensed milk.

The general appearance, however, might have been improved. The dis-play type used for the word "milk" is scarcely necessary and the ad. is on the whole a little confusing. For instance the copy writer begins by comparing milk with beef extract. One would na-turally expect to see more light on turally expect to see more light on this comparison later on, but no fur-ther mention is made of it. Also at-tention is called to the presence of a chemical used for embalming the dead, but no further use is made of this outside of the fact that formaldehyde is

Milks contain twice	the amount
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A LITTLE TALK TO USERS OF Milk and is the best known food for children. We wish to call your and is the best known food for children. We wish to call your testion to the following comparisons and leave it to your or good judgement whether you would prefer to feed your children

adulterated milk preserved with a poisonous chemical they use for embahang the dead or on pure milk with simply pure cane sugar added for a preservative.

Local Milk Dealers' Dope

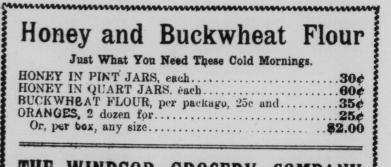
M. H. O. REPORT. FEB. 17. 1990. Fats 3 p. c .7p . r "Jersey Cream," fat 800 "St. Charles Cream" fat 710

prices-Milk, 10c per tin; Cr.

McLAURIN & DOW Phone 7 "Imperial Crocers" 402 Victoria Ave

An Appropriate Ad. Which Might Easily Have Been Made More Effective.

formaldehyde—a drug used in pre-serving dead bodies. Which are you using—ordinary adulterated milk that is weak in butter fat or pure milk that is strong in butter fat ? A little too much space is occupied by the name and address in the Wind-



THE WINDSOR GROCERY COMPANY **OPPOSITE** POSTOFFICE. GOV'T STREET

An Ad. in Which a Little Too Much Space is Used by the Name and Ad dress.

mentioned as being present in milk samples.

Here is a suggestion for this ad. : A LITTLE TALK TO USERS OF MILK.

The value of milk as a food is de-The value of milk as a food is de-termined by the amount of butter fat it contains. Thus the following comparison of the percentages of butter fat found in ordinary bulk milk with those in standard brands of Condensed Milk will interest you. (M. H. O. report and government statement should be inserted here). You will note that the Condensed sor Grocery Co.'s ad. from a Victoria, B.C., paper. Had a portion of this space been used at the top description of the honey and buckwheat, and their value on cold mornings the copy might have been more effective.

Z. Hebert, of Hudon, Hebert & Co., Montreal, has returned from Europe. C. A. MacMillan, treasurer Sugars & Canners, Ltd., has left Montreal on an extended trip to Western Canada, by way of St. Louis and Kansas City. He is accompanied by Mrs. MacMillan.

The Markets-Sugar Takes Another 10 Cent Jump

This Makes a 25 Cent Advance in Two Weeks — Good Deal of Speculation in Primary Markets and in New York—Visible Supply of Raws Show Decline in Camparison to Last Year—Molasses Firmer in Sympathy With Sugar Market— Brazil Nuts Cleaned Up—Evaporated Apples Attracting Some Attention.

See also Provisions, Gereals and Fruit, Vegetables and Fish Departments on pages following.

QUEBEC MARKETS

POINTERS--

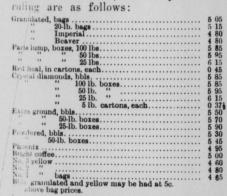
Sugar-Strong market. Canned Vegetables-Good demand. Japan Teas-Lower. Grenoble Walnuts-Higher.

Montreal, March 3, 1910. Firmness characterizes the majority of grocery markets this week. There have been no important advances, but a few fluctuations being observable. Sugar is upward in tendency, as a result of a continuation of the drought in Cuba, and firm advices from foreign markets. Canned vegetables are in good demand, all lines, but other tinned loodstuffs are not moving freely. French peas have been reduced greatly, owing to the French treaty. Some lower grade Japan teas are offering at attractive prices. Syrups and molasses are experiencing the usual good Lenten demand. Green cod is very scarce. Grenobie walnuts are higher.

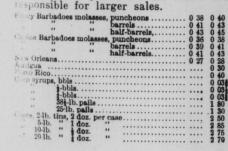
bie walnuts are higher. Business generally is satisfactory, with the outlook very good. Sugar.—A firm market rules this week

Sugar.—A firm market rules this week with another advance expected. Buying is naturally restricted in anticipation of higher figures, which seem especially likely in view of bullish news from the London market and a continuance of the drought in Cuba. Cane, beet and raw sugars have all been advanced in London.

[Editorial Note]—Since the above report was prepared, sugar made another advance of 10 cents, and the prices now ruling are as follows:



Syrups and Molasses.—Lenten demand for syrups and molasses makes business in these two lines quite as brisk as usual at this time of year, while the lower figures quoted for the latter are responsible for larger sales.



Tea.—More movement in Japan teas is noted this week, there being still some lower grade lots offering at attractive prices. High grade Japans are practically exhausted, as far as first hand supplies are concerned. Buyers are even now looking forward to early new crop arrivals. Other teas are about the same. Prices are steady.

Unoicest	0 40	0 50
Choice		0 37
Japans-Fine	0 32	0 37
	0.25	0 28
actual	0 20	
Good common	0 21	0 23
Common	0 19	0 21
Ceylon-Broken Orange Pekoe	0 21	0 40
Pekoes		0 22
Pekoe Souchongs.	0 20	0 22
T. A.	0 20	
India-Pekoe Souchongs	0 19	0 02
Ceylon greens-Young Hysons	0 20	0 25
Hyson	0 20	0 22
(Junpowders	0 19	0 22
China greens-Pingsuey gunpowder, low grade.	0 14	
		0 18
" " pea leaf	0 20	0 30
" " pinhead	0 30	0 50
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Coffee.-A fair business is being done at unchanged figures.

		Ginger, whole	0 15
		" Cochin	0 17
		Mace	
23	0 32	" white .	0 22
	13 16 15 18 20	Per 1b. 13 0 18 16 0 18 15 0 19 18 0 30 20 0 25 23 0 32	13 0 18 Ginger, whole 16 0 18 14 Cochin 15 0 19 Mace

Al

Dried Fruits.—Considerable interest continues to be displayed in the devastation scheme of the Greek Government. The fact that the authorities are willing to reimburse the growers to the extent of two or three millions of dollars to place the currant exporting business on a firm basis commands great interest, and further developments will be awaited with pleasurable anticipation, to say the least. Sultana raisins are strong, with demand for this grade, and most others rather inactive, but showing some signs of improvement. Prunes are inquired for a little more frequently, too. Better quality raisins are in lower supply weekly.

Currants, nne nilatras, per 10., not cleaned	0 05
" Patras nor lb	0 061
"Patras, per lb	0 08 0 09
Raisins-	
Australian, per lb., (to arrive) 0 081	0 09
Old seeded raisins.	0 06
California, choice seeded, 1-lb. pkgs "fancy seeded, 1-lb. pkgs	0 07
" loose muscatels, 3-crown, per lb 0 071	0 09 0 08
" 4-crown, per lb 0 08	0 09
" sultana, per lb 0 07	0 10
Valencia, fine off stalk, per lb	0 05
" select, per lb	0 (63
" 4-crown layers, per lb	0 06
NutsGrenoble walnuts are h	igher
this week, an advance of ic ha	
taken place. Peanuts continue in	de-
mand, but business in nuts general	
	iy is
not large.	
In shell-	
Filberts, Sicily, per lb	0 13
" Barcelona, per lb	0 101
Tarragona Almonds, per 1b 0 1	0 13

Walnuts, Grenobles, per lb	0	121	0	14
" Marbots, per lb			0	12
" Cornes, per lb			0	111
Shelled -				-
Almonds, 4-crown selected, per lb	0	321	0	35
" 3-crown " "	Ő	311	õ	33
	~		ŏ	30
" (in bags), standards, per lb	0	26	ñ	27
Cashews				

Spanish, No. 1	0 15
Pecans, per lb. Pistachios, per lb.	0 65 0 75
Walnuts- 0 23 Bordeaux halves	

Evaporated Apples.—An improvement in demand this week is noticeable, but there has been no change otherwise.

Rice and Tapioca.—Lower prices have stimulated demand for rice, and wholesalers give encouraging reports of sales. Tapioca is featureless.

Rice.	grade	B, bags, 2	50 1	pounds	s				÷.,	 								75	
**			00	44													2	75	
			50	**													2	75	
**	**	pockets 2	5 D	ounds.								2					2	85	
44	**	pockets	. 12	t poun	de	ι.				 								95	
	grade	c.c., 250 po	un	ds						 							2	65	
64		100															2	65	
**	**	50	4.6															65	
**	44	pock	ets.	25 por														75	
**	44			8, 121														85	
Tapic	ca, me	edium pea	rl							 • •			0	1	04	4	0	041	
				1000			-	_											

CANNED GOODS

MONTREAL—Owing to the French treaty, peas from France are reduced to a marked extent, declines running all the way from \$1.50 to \$2.50 a case, thus making the price of these goods within the reach of a much larger class. All canned vegetables are in strong demand at present, tomatoes, corn and peas being particularly brisk. Canned fruits are quiet, while fish is moving slowly. Salmon is in fair demand, rather an exception, while lobsters are slow, with stocks very small.

nmpbacks, dozen 0 95 1 00 hoes, dozen 1 35 1 40 ad Spring, dozen 1 35 1 40 ad Spring, dozen 1 35 1 40 ad Sockeye, dozen 1 85 2 00 beef, 14 1 50 Corned beef hash, 18 1 61 beef, 28 2 70 Jeilied hocks, 28 3 80 glish brawn, 28 3 00 Jeilied hocks, 68 1 00 neles pigs feet, 28 3 00 Paragon ox tongue, 3 50 ady lunch veal loaf 1 20 Paragon ox tongue, 3 50 sady lunch veal loaf 2 35 2 43 9 50 past beef, 18 2 70 1 50 Paragon ox tongue, sady lunch veal loaf 1 20 Paragon ox tongue, 9 50 9 50 past beef, 18 2 50 Paragon lunch tongue 3 00 past beef, 28 2 70 1 8 4 00 owed kidney, 28 5 50 Barced smoked beef, 45 1 60					
sas, sweet wrinkled, dozen 1 10 1 12 sas, stra sifted, dozen 1 52 1 60 sas, stra sifted, dozen 3 87 3 92 sans, dozen 0 85 0 85 srn, dozen 0 80 6 82 sans, dozen 0 82 90 matoes, dozen 1 37 1 40 sapherries, 2's, dozen 1 71 1 40 saches, 3's, dozen 1 65 1 65 saches, 3's, dozen 2 65 60 ars, 3's, dozen 2 65 1 60 ars, 3's, dozen 2 30 1 60 witholkerics, 2's, dozen 1 50 1 50 cars, 3's, dozen 2 30 2 05 ums, Greengaze, dozen 1 50 1 60 b flats, per dozen 1 50 1 60 b flats, per dozen 1 30 1 40 b flats, per dozen 1 30 1 40 d Sockeyc, dozen 1 30 1 40 d Sockeyc, dozen 1 30 1 40 d Sockeyc, dozen 1 35 1 60 ompressel corned Minced collops, 28. 2 50	eas, standard, dozen			8	1 05
ras, extra sifted, dozen. 1 52 1 60 ras, gallons. 3 874 3 924 rans, dozen. 0 85 3 924 rans, dozen. 0 80 6 824 matoes, dozen. 0 80 6 824 matoes, dozen. 1 371 140 sapherries, 2's, dozen 1 65 saches, 3's, dozen 2 65 cars, 3's, dozen 2 65 sars, 3's, dozen 1 65 saches, 3's, dozen 2 65 ums, Lombard dozen 0 35 ums, Lombard dozen 0 51 wtonberries, 2's, dozen 1 60 ums, Lombard dozen 1 50 b tails, per dozen 1 30 b. flats, per dozen 1 30 b. flats, per dozen 1 30 b. flats, per dozen 1 30 bef, 1's 1 50 Corned beef hash, 1's umpbacks, dozen 1 35 1 40 dd Sockeye, dozen 1 85 2 00 margen ox tongue, 1 35 1 40 1 85 2 00 margen ox tongue, 2 30 Jellied hocks, 2 3 3 50 mad	eas, early June, doze	n			
ans, gallons 3 87 3 3 92 3 sans, dozen 0 85 srn, dozen 0 80 6 82 0 90 matoes, dozen 0 82 0 90 saplerries, 2's, dozen 1 37 1 40 saches, 2's, dozen 1 60 sars, 2's, dozen 1 61 sars, 3's, dozen 2 65 sars, 3's, dozen 1 60 ars, 3's, dozen 2 30 90 ums, Greengace, dozen 1 60 ars, 3's, dozen 2 30 90 ums, Greengace, dozen 1 50 155 ums, Greengace, dozen 1 50 1 55 ums, Greengace, dozen 1 60 Clover Leaf and Horseshoe brands salmon 5 1 00 b flats, per dozen 2 02 1 umbpacks, dozen 1 30 b. flats, per dozen 1 30 b. flats, dozen 0 95 1 00 moressed corned Minced collops, 28. 2 50 margonox tongue, 28 2 00 Sockeer, 4022 margon ox tongue, 28 50 So past beef, 18. 1 20 Paragon ox tongue, 28 50 past beef, 18. 1 20 Paragon tox tongue, 28 50 past beef, 18. 50 <td>eas, sweet wrinkled,</td> <td>lozen</td> <td></td> <td>1 10</td> <td>1 12</td>	eas, sweet wrinkled,	lozen		1 10	1 12
ams dozen 0 85 pmatoes, dozen 0 80 arawberries, dozen 1 37i prawberries, dozen 1 37i aches, 3's, dozen 1 65 saches, 3's, dozen 2 65 ars, 3's, dozen 2 65 ums, Lombard dozen 0 95 ums, Greengake, dozen 1 60 ums, Greengake, dozen 1 60 ums, Greengake, dozen 1 60 ums, Lombard dozen 0 95 Lower Leaf and Horseshee brands salmon- 1 87 b tails, per dozen 1 30 b. flats, per dozen 1 35 b. flats, per dozen 1 35 b. flats, per dozen 1 35 bed Sockeye, dozen 1 85 umpbacks, dozen 1 35 beef, 14 1 50 napressed corned Minced collops, 28. 2 50 mapressed corned Minced collops, 28. 2 50 perilet horse, 28. 3 00 Jellied hocks, 28. 3 50 jadj hunch veal loaf 1 20 Paragon ox tongue, 28 5 50 paragon ox tongue, 28 50 Paragon ox tongue, 28 <td>eas, extra sifted, doz</td> <td>en</td> <td></td> <td>1 52</td> <td>1 60</td>	eas, extra sifted, doz	en		1 52	1 60
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Sady lunch veal loaf Paragon ox tongue, 1s	8	1 20			8 50
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bert & Co., m Europe. er Sugars & ntreal on an Canada, by sas City. He ucMillan.

TORONTO—There is nothing of an exciting character in the canned goods market. Peas are in small compass and are worth just double what they started at the opening of the season. This leaves a small profit to sell them at 10c each. If grocers would take advantage of prices when they come their way, they should sell their peas at a profit on the present cost. It is the general opinion that all kinds of canned goods will at least hold their own, with a chance of advances on some lines.

Beans 0 85	0 90	Red pitted cher-	
Corn 0 80	0 85	ries, 2's	1 75
Peas 1 10	1 60	Gallon apples 2 45	2 75
Pumpkins 0 80	0 85	Bartlett pears-	
Tomatoes, 3's 0 80	0 85	Heavy syrups, 2's	1 65
Strawberries, 2's 1 40	1 50	Light " 2's	1 15
Raspberries, 2's. 1 60	1 674	Heavy " 3's	2 40
Peaches, 2's	1 65	Heavy " 3's Light " 3's	1 70
** 3'8	2 65	Lombard plums,	
Lawtonberries	1 65	2's 0 80	0 85
Clover Leaf and Hor	seshoe l	orands salmon :	
1-lb. talls, dozen	1 90	Red Spring, doz. 1 55	1 65
lb. flats, dozen	1 25	Red Sockeye, dz. 1 65	
I-lb. flats, dozen	2 12		
Other salmon prices are:		Lobsters, halves, per dozen 1 85	2 20
Humpbacks, doz 0 95	1 00	Lobsters, quar-	
Cohoes, per doz. 1 45		ters, per dozen	1 40

ONTARIO MARKETS

POINTERS-

Sugar-Market up 10c. Ginger-Higher. Dried Fruits-Slow demand. Brazil Nuts-Scarcity.

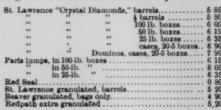
Toronto, March 3, 1910.

The grocery trade is active, especially in sugar, which is considerably excited. Canned goods are in fair demand and the stocks will likely not be much in excess of the season's requirements. Dried fruits are handicapped by the large quantities of apples, which are cheap, and also by the large quantities of all kinds of fruit which were preserved last summer. Tea and coffee meet with the usual steady demand.

Beans are in good demand and are likely to go higher. Evaporated apples are changing hands on account of the low prices.

Trade on the whole is improving from the usual quiet month of February, and March is hoped to bring lots of business.

Sugar—Again this week another advance of 10c on sugar has taken place, and the market remains strong. This is 25c in two weeks' time. The opinions of wholesale men vary considerably on the sugar question. Some claim that the excited condition of the market is owing largely to speculation, while others think that the principal buyers are refiners and that the advance is legitimate and substantial. Not one would venture to predict for certain either a rise or a drop, but all are of the opinion that it will not drop, but whether it will go higher is uncertain but likely.



 Imperial granulated
 4 90

 Acadia granulated (bags and barrels)
 5 1

 Wallaceburg
 5 10

 St. Lawrence golden, bbls.
 4 80

 Bright offee
 5 10

 No. 3 yellow
 4 90

 No. 3 yellow
 4 85

 No. 1 "
 4 85

 Oranulated and yellow, 100-lb. bags 50. less than bbls.

Syrup and Molasses—In sympathy with the sharp advance in sugar, molasses are also firmer and considerable quantities are changing hands.

Syrups-	Per	0850	Maple Syrup-		
21b. tins. 2 doz.			Gallons Sto case	4	80
in case		2 50	1 " 12 "		40
5 lb. tins, 2 doz.			Quarts, 24 "		40
in case		2 85		3	00
10 lb. tins, doz.			Molasses-		
in case		2 75	New Orleans,		
20 lb. tins, 1 doz.			medium 0 :	31 0	33
in case		2 70			
Barrels, per 1b		0 03	New Orleans, bbls0	29 0	31
Half barrels, lb.		0 03	Barbadoes, extra		
Quarter " "		0 03	fancy	0	45
Pails, 38 lbs. ea			Porto Rico 0	45 0	62
" 25 " "		1 30	Muscovada	0	30

Tea—Nothing new has developed in the tea market this week, and although the market is firm, there is no reason to think that any changes will take place that will, to any extent, affect the retailer in the near future.

Coffee— The lower grades are firm, and in some cases will bring a little more money. The more expensive varieties are steady.

 Rio, roasted.....012
 013
 Mocha, roasted.025
 028

 Santos, roasted.015
 017
 Java, roasted..027
 030

 Maricaibo, ''
 016
 018
 Rio green.....008
 09

Spices—Ginger, especially Jamaica, is higher, but on the whole spices are quiet, and orders are small.

Peppers, black. 0 15						
" white. 0 22	0 25					
black	0 10	Allspice	00	14	0	10
Peppers, whole,	0 10	Mace, ground				
white	0 21					
Ginger 0 22			0	15		16
Cinnamon 0 5	0 40					
Nutmeg 0 20	0 30	0 Celery seed			0	24

Dried Fruit—Dried fruits of all kinds are moving slowly. It is evident that the Canadian people are rapidly growing into the habit of using their own fruit, instead of depending on imported goods which are far inferior. With the increasing production of all kinds of the best fruits, which can be bought during the season at reasonable prices, and with the little trouble and expense of preserving them, it is quite likely that the demand for imported dried fruit will diminish.

Prunes-								P	er	lb.
30 to 40, in	n 25-lb.	boxe							0	114
40 to 50									õ	10
50 to 60									õ	08
60 to 70	44	**								071
70 to 80	#5	**							ŏ	
80 to 90		44								061
90 to 100										06
Same fr	mit in I	50.1h	hoves	1 cont	1000		••	••	•	00
	uit mi	00-10.	DOTER	t cent	10.00.					
Apricots-									1	
Standard.									0	15
Choice, 25	5 lb box	Les							0	
Fancy,									0	17
Candied an										
Lemon				Citro				14		17
Orange		0 11	1 0 191	Cition				**		**
Figs-		,	1 0 14							
Figs-	- 11						•	00	•	10
Elemes, per Tapnets, Bag figs	r 10						0	001	8	10
Tapnets,							0	038	Ň	09
Bag ngs					•••••		0	002	0	04
Dried peach										08
Dried appl	68								U	07
Currants-							-			
Fine Filiatz	88	0 06	0 07	Vosti	ZZ88		0	08	0	09
Patras										
	aned	c les	8.							
Raisins-								1		Sec. Wa
Sultana										
" fan	Cy						0	06		07
" ext	ra fano	y					0	08		09
Valencias,							0	06		06ł
Seeded, 111	b packe	ets, fa	ncy						0	08
" 16 0	DZ. DAC	kets.	choice							071
" 12 0	DZ.	18	44							06
Dates-									1	1
		0.05	0 051	Fards	choic	ont			0	081

Nuts—There is little doing in nuts It may, however, be mentioned that Brazil nuts are cleaned out, and that the new crop may be expected in about month. This looks strange and will remind us of the fact that the summer over in the south and that they are geing ready for the winter where the nuts come from. To enjoy them ne-Christmas they have to be held in stock.

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Walnuts	shelle	1	• • •	•••		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•	• •	• •		• •		••	0	32
Walnuts,	Border	10	• • •		•••	•••	•••	• •	••	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	•	••	•	•••
**	Bordes Marbo	ux	•••	• •	••	•••	•••	•	• •	•	• •	•	•	• •	•	••	•	• • •
**	shelled				**				•••	•••	*	**		**		••	ó	29
Filberts.																	0	12
Pecans					•					• •	• •	• •		• •			0	16
Brazils					• •	••	••	• •	• •		•••	• •		• •				
Peanuts,	roastee	1	•••	• • •	••	• •	• • •	••	• •	•	••	• •	•	• •		• •	0	08

Rice and Tapioca—There is nothin new in these lines this week, the markbeing steady.

		Per	lb.
Rice, stand. B.	0 (03	0 631
Standard B. from mills, 500 lbs. or over, f.o.b., Montreal.			0 00
Rangoon	0	031	0 054
Patna	01	05	0 0.5
Japan	0 (05ł	0 085
Java			0 07
Sago			0 65
Taploca, medium nearl	0 (141	0 0.14

Beans—The demand for beans is increasing from year to year. Whether this is owing to increase in population or to the discovery of the value of the bean as a food is not stated, but it is a fact all the same. Prices are firm and advancing, and are likely to command a good price during the year.

Prime beans, per bushel. 2 10 Hand-picked beans, per bushel. 2 25

Evaporated Apples—Having missed a good market early in the season, and nothing in sight that will bring it back, holders are now beginning to accept the best offer they can get, and in consequence three car loads changed hands within the last 10 days.

Evaporated apples..... 0 071 0

MANITOBA MARKETS

(Corrected by Wire).

POINTERS— Sugar—Up 5 cents. Seeded Raisins—Stronger. Cereals—Weaker.

Fish-Excellent Demand.

Winnipeg, March 3, 1910

There is a "great calm" in a few line on the wholesalers' list this week. More prominent in this condition perhaps cereals, and the reason for it can readily be explained. Where the trais lacking, however, it is made up other lines that have been quite obserof late. Fish, syrup and canned good are features in the present trade. The rise in the sugar market is interesting to many merchants who must do solheavy ordering soon. Travelers' orders have fallen

Travelers' orders have fallen slightly, perhaps because merchants we visiting wholesalers in Winnipeg in lar numbers recently. Shipments of good at any rate continue to be heavy at collections are coming in fairly well.

A wholesaler called the attention the writer to a comparison of the price

this week to those in the same lines of one year ago, and it was found that almost all lines had made some advance. There is certainly an increase in the cost of living, as this proves, but there also may have been an increase in the remuneration for the efforts of life and therefore really no comparative increase.

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Sugar—It is uncertain where sugar is going to stop. Another advance of 5c has been made and the market is still strong. The western demand is not affecting the market but it is solely a New York manipulation.

[Editorial Note] — Sugar advanced again this week 10 cents after the above report was submitted. The following are the ruling prices now:

Montreal and B.C. granulated, in		
" yellow, in bbls		
" ' in sacks		
eing sugar, in bbls		
" in boxes		
" " in small quantities		
owdered sugar, in bbls		
" in boxes		
" " in small quantit	88	
Lump, hard, in bbls		
" " in t-bbls		
" " in 100-lb cases		

Foreign Dried Fruit—The market on all these lines are changeless except that seeded raisins are on the verge of an advance. We do not quote any rise, but up until the present the producers' price has been prevailing and it has been found that the crop was not sufficient to warrant such a price. This condition has had a tendency to force the market up. These prices are all held quite strongly.

Courses	Gultana	raisins, u	naloar		on th			0	08
Smyrin 4	11	ii o	leaner	i ner	lb				091
Valana	in roleine	Pomler's	for	, por	000 00				85
* alciic	ia raisins,	Rewley's selects	, 1.0.8.	per c	480, 20				
		layers		208					95 05
Califor	nia reisin	s, choice a	hohea	20 8.	h na0	kagog		2	05
annor			r pack		n. hac	nages		0	06
66		fancy s			h nac	kages		0	00
			r pack		o. pac	nupco		0	061
**		choice a	seeded	in 1-1	b. pac	kages		~	
		De	r pack	age.				0	071
	"	pe fancy s	eeded	in 1-1	b. pacl	ages			
		pe	r pack	age				0	08ł
Raising	s, 3 crown	muscatel	s. per					0	061
								0	07
runes	, 90-100 pe	er lb						0	05
**	80-90							0	05
**	70-80								06
**	60-70							0	061
**	50-60							0	07
**	40-50							0	08I
	30-40	**							09
iver I	prunes, ac	c. to qual	lity				0 09	0	12
urran	ts, uncles	ned, loos	e pack	, per	lb				061
	dry, cl	eaned, Fi	liatras	, per l	b				061
	wet, cl	eaned, pe	rlb						071
	Filiatr	as, in 1-lt). pkg.	dry, o	eleane	d, per	b		08
ears,	per lb						0 09		15
eache	es, standa	rd, per lb.							08
	choice							0	09
s prico	ts, stands	rd, per lb							15
Dimme	choice	per lb							15
Tunis,	piccea, p	er lb	• • • • • •				0 11		12
Datos	mes, per	lb							091
, it	Ford OI	fallows, b	шк			• • • • • • •			
14	rara, 95	lb. boxes						1	30
iga m	or lb	, 30 in cas	e				à : à à à		07
Peel n	or lb lon						0 044	U	05
11 h p	", iei	non			• • • • • • •				091
**	" ora	nge						U	10
	CIL	ron					0 132	0	18

Syrup and Molasses—Syrup is going out well and the market is sure to be held firm for some time to come. Moasses have a fair market only. The following prices prevail.

Jup	Crown Bra	nd," 2-lb. tins, per 2 doz, case
		5-lb. tins, per 1 "
		10-1b. tins, per 1 "
**	44	
		20-10. Lins, per :
		barrel, per lb
		Nuger Syrup ner lb
Beehive	Brand, 2-1	b. tins, per 2 doz. case
	1 10	
	10	
	20	
Barbad	20 005 molasse	in t-bhis per gal
		s in bbls., per gal.
New Or	leans mola	

Rolled Oats—The whole cereal market is featureless. This fluctuating product has been quiet for some time and no change is anticipated at once. The price is exceptionally low due to competitive influences.

Nuts—Peanuts are firm and supplies are getting short. The demand is excellent and prices may be forced up. Walnuts and almonds are moving moderately and prices are held slightly weaker.

Honey—Supplies are not heavy and a strong demand prevails. Whether prices will be forced up soon is not known, but there is a possibility if past and present conditions continue.

Ioney,	21 lb. tins, per tin	0 37
"	5 " "	0 75
44	12 oz. jars, per dozen	2 10
66	60-1b ting per lb	0 124

Cornmeal—Prices are unchanged with a tendency to go higher. The demand is very heavy in all parts of the west. The eastern trade is not very heavy, which may be the reason for the retained low price.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables—There is no change in these markets this week. Supplies whether from local or foreign production are abundant and the trade is excellent. Cranberries have a particularly good market.

Carrots, per lb	0 021
Potatoes, per bushel	0 50
Cal. cauliflower, per crate	3 50
Native cabbage, per lb	0 02
Native oce.s, per bushei	0 75
Native onions, per doz	0 40
Oranges	3 75
Lemons	5 00
Apples. Ontario, per bol 3 75	5 00
Grape Fruit, per erate	6 00
Grapes, per keg	5 00
Bananas, per lb	0 05
Cranberries, per bbl 9 00	10 00

Tapioca and Sago—The sago advance is maintained strongly and tapioca has an excellent market.

are moderate.

Beans—No change has taken place, but the market continues in a fairly strong condition.

Evaporated Apples—Prices may go up soon as the inferior product is being worked off the market. The price to-day is firm at 9c and the better goods will be considerably in advance of that figure.

Cheese—The Ontario product is firm at 14 cents and may be 15 before long. The quality is said to be excellent on all cheese in stock.

Canned Goods-No quotations can be made in these lines and the market is featureless. Pineapple is reported very scarce and the price ranges from 60 to 90 cents according to size.

Fish—All kinds are in excellent demand while the prices are all medium. The best grades are moving the most freely which might be a surprise to our eastern friends who are under the impression that any old stuff will go here. The feature of western demand for any line is that of high grade. If eastern shippers would bear this fact in mind, it would ensure a better future for their own business and save annoyance and loss of trade at western points.

NOVA SCOTIA MARKETS.

Corrected by Wire.

Halifax, March 3, 1910. Another drop in the price of eggs is about the only feature of note in the local grocery market this week. Fresh laid stock is now selling at 25 cents per dozen. The demand is fairly good and the receipts are increasing. It is expected that the price will continue to drop from now until Easter.

Wholesale dealers report that the demand for fruit and vegetables is good for the season of the year. The quality of the Jamaica oranges that are coming on the market now is good. Navels are also of better quality, being sweeter than the earlier arrivals.

Cranberries are reported to be in good demand, and the quality of the stock is excellent for the season of the year. They are now quoted at \$7 per barrel.

There is a good demand for potatoes, and they are keeping much better than expected. The price remains unchanged.

Business conditions are reported to be quite satisfactory for the season of the year, and collections on the whole are good.

Creamery prints			Beef, Canadian		
per lb 0 26	0	27	per bbl	16	50
Creamery solids			Hams smoked	0	161
per 1b 0 27	0	28	Pork, fresh 0 10		111
Dairy, tubs, 1b. 0 23	Ō	24	Codfish, quintal		50
Fresh eggs doz	Ō	25	Herring, pickled	•	
Case eggs "		23	per bbl	5	00
Sugars-			Apples, per. bbl. 1 50	3	00
Extra Standard,			Potatoes-		
granulated	5	05	P.E. Island, bag	1	35
Austrian, bags,			Nova Scotia		60
granulated	4	95	Onions, Spanish		· .
Bright yellow		75	ber 1b	0	021
No. 1 yellow	4	60	Onions, Ameri-		
Flour h. wheat			can, per lb	0	021
per bbl 6 40	6	50	Onions, Canad-		
Flour, Ontario			ian, per bag 1 60	1	75
blends, bbl 5 75	5	85		-	10
Cornmeal, bag. 170	1	75	Molasses, fancy		
Oats 0 54	0	55	Barbados, bbl	0	38
Pork, American			Molasses, fancy		
per bbl	28	00	Barbados, gal. 0 32	0	35
Pork, clear bbl 30 00	32	00			
Beef, American			Beans, bushel	2	25
plate per bbl.17 00	18	00	Rolled Oats, bbl. 5 25	5	40

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKETS.

Corrected by Wire.

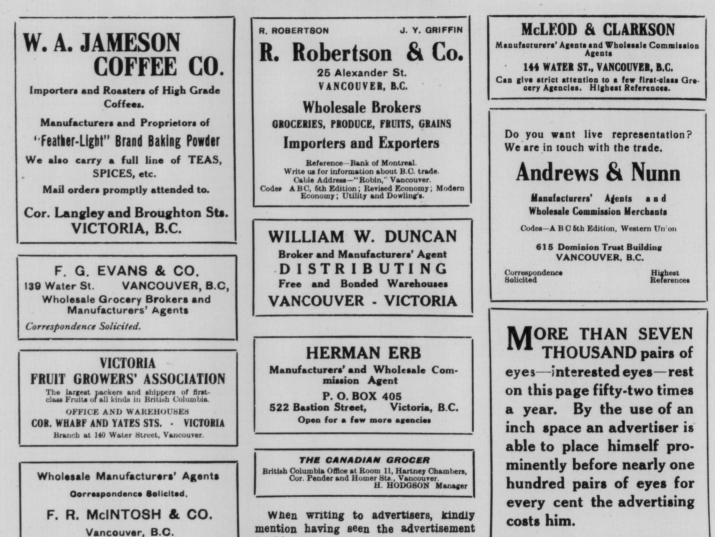
Vancouver, Mar. 3, 1910.

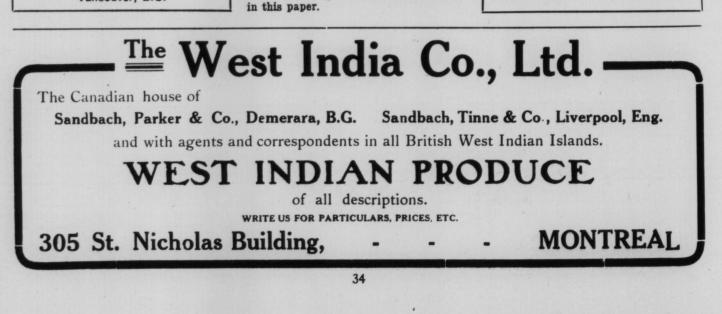
This is the time of year when butter takes an upward rise, not because the quality is excellent, but because the supply is limited and the demand is great. This week the jobbing quotation is 45 cents for the standard local creameries, though to get better is another thing. One company, who handles the output of a large creamery, has placed a lower figure than the standard creameries. It is quoting 38 cents, but will probably be asking 40 cents in a day or two. Eastern butter commands 30 cents strong, with a triffe higher quotation. Eastern Townships, Cloverdale and other brands that have such a good name, are brought

DIRECTORY OF

Manufacturers, Manufacturers' Agents, Brokers, Etc.

BRITISH COLUMBIA





Wonderful Growth In Ten Years

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for sing When Red Rose Tea was first placed on the Ontario market the business was transacted from St. John, N.B., where Red Rose Tea now occupies the largest and best equipped tea warehouse in Canada. The business in this Province grew so rapidly

that it became necessary to

open a branch at Toronto, and

premises were taken on Front

St. The business continued to

grow and it was not long before

we had to have more room, and

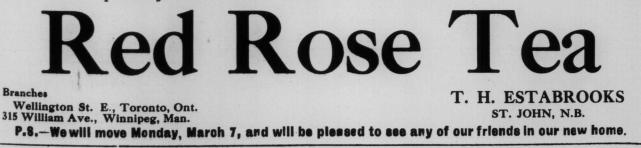
11 Travellers Outgrown Two Warehouses Into One of the Largest in Toronto

1910

the warehouse at 3 Wellington St. East, was leased, and we thought we were settled for a long time. But it has been wonderful the way the sales of Red Rose Tea have increased from year to year. With a considerable portion of our old lease yet to run, we are actually crowded out, and have taken a long lease of one of the largest warehouses in the city, that lately occupied by Todhunter & Mitchell at 7 Front St. East.

To outgrow two warehouses in a very few years is a unique experience. It gives you an idea of how Red Rose Tea sales are growing. This remarkable increase in the sales is the best proof of the sterling quality, the real excellence of strength and flavor of Red Rose Tea and the best proof that it will pay you to recommend it to your best trade.

It is quality that has made a success of



in in 56-th. boxes and bricked here, labelled with some particular creamery, and sold to all intents and purposes as local product.

With the advent of fresh California eggs, which are sold at 32 and 33 cents, eastern eggs are at 30 to 32 cents. Fairly heavy stocks are held, and it is now getting time to have them out of the way. Ontario cheese is 15 cents.

Ashcroft potatoes, quoted at \$40 a ton, are to be had when one can get them. They are now very scarce. Locals go as high as \$25.

Butter, local

Sugar, standard

granulated 5 6	creamery	0 4
Val. raisins, 1b 0 0		0 2
Cal. " " 00		0 3
Prunes 0 051 0 0	71 Eggs, local fresh 0 40	0 4
Currants 0 06 0 0	Eggs, California. 0 32	0 3
Dried aprioots. 0 11 0 1		
Flour, Standard.		0 2
bbl 6 9		
Commeal, p. 100	Lard, compound	0 1
lbs 2 6	0 Potatoes-	
Beans, per lb 0 034 0 0		0.0
Rice, per ton 68 00 76 (0 Local, ton 2	
Tapioca, per 1b 00		
Evaporated		1 3
apples 00		1 2
Butter, Eastern		1 0
dairy in tubs 0 2		3 4
Butter, Eastern	Strawberries	2 1
dairy, choice 0 30 0 3		16

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND MARKETS.

Corrected by Wire.

Sugar -					Rolled oats.					
Standard gran. 8	5	00	5	10	bag 90 lbs	2	50	2	60	
Yellow	4	60	4	70	Bran, per ton	26	00	27	00	
Crystal	3	90	4	00	Middlings, ton	29	140	30	00	
Flour, Ontario	5	70	5	90	Butter, cream-					
M initoba	6	60		75	ery, per lb	0	25	0	26	
Cornmeal, bag	1	75	1	85	Butter, dairy,					
Raisins, Val	0	061	0	07	fresh, per lb.	0	22	0	23	
Raisins, Cali-					Butter, dairy,					
fornia, seeded		081			tubs	- 0	19	0	21	
Currants		07			Eggs, dozen	0	22	- ()	25	
Rice				25	Potatoes, bus.	0	35	0	40	
Beans, bushel		15		30						
Cheese		121			Turnips, bus	0	15	0	20	
Lard, pure	0	17	0	176	Chickens, lb	0	11	0	12	
Molasses, fcy.					Pork, medium	0	10	0	101	
Barbadoes,gal		34		36						
Oatmeal 1001bs	3	15	3	25	Pork, heavy	- 0	09	10	10	

NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS

Corrected by Wire.

St. John, N. B., Mar 3, 1910.

The sugar market has been active during the last week and prices have advanced 10 cents per hundred pounds on all grades. Pork is also quoted higher and fish prices are firm. Canned corned beei is likewise among the products that have been marked up. The present quotations are :-

ar-	Molasses, fcy.
andard gran. 5 10 5 20	
andard gran. 5 10 5 20 astrian " 5 00 5 10	
ellows 4 60 5 00	
ur, Manitoba 6 55 6 65	
Ontario., 5 85 6 15	
mmeal, bags. 1 57 1 60	
lled oats, bbls 5 35 5 40	
ckwheat.	Potatoes, bbl. 1 25 1 50
est. grey, bag 2 90 3 00	Canned goods-
l. raisins, lb. 0 052 0 06	Peas, doz 1 10 1 50
. raisins, seed-	Corn, doz 0 85 0 90
d 0 071 0 08	Tomatoes, dz 0 95 1 00
d 0 071 0 08 rrants, 1b 0 07 0 07	Raspberries.
ines, 1b 0 051 0 05	dozen 1 85 1 90
e, 1b 0 03 0 03	
ans, hand	dozen 1 55 1 60
icked, bus 2 25 2 30	Balmon, case-
ans, yellow	Red spring 6 50 6 75
ye, bus 3 60 3 75	5 Cohoes 6 00 6 25
eese, 1b 0 131 0 14	
rd, compound	dozen 1 70 1 80
0 0 14 0 14	
rd, pure, lb. 0 17 C 1	
rk,domestic	Baked beans.
Dess 28 50 29 00	
rk. Ameri-	
an clear 28 00 28 5	o Fish-
rk, clear	Cod, dry 2 75 4 40
acks 28 50 32 5	o Herring, salt,
ef. Ameri-	half bbls 2 60 2 70
an plate 17 00 18 00	0 Herring.
ef, Canadi-	smoked, box 0 11 0 12
n plate 16 75 17 0	

Bug Stat Au Ye Flor Corr Roll Bu Wal Cal ecu Pru Rice Be Bea Chan It Lan Poor Poor Bea Bea Bea Bea Bea Bea Bea Bea

ALBERTA MARKETS.

Sugar B.C. gri Raymon Peels

Evap. a Prod

Sugar of 10-12

B. ba

Dry sal

7

Corrected by Wire.

8		Dry salt bacon.
anulated	5 84	smoked 0 18
nd "	. 5 74	Eggs, fresh, case
		30 dozen 9 50
	. 0 12	Butter-
		Alberta cream-
		ery bricks 0 30
fruits-		Alta. creamery
s, choice	. 0 16	solids 0 29
stand-	. 0 10	Alta. dairy 0 26
	0 15	Alta, tubs 0 25
s, choice stand-	0 10	Cheese-
	0.001	Ontario, large 0 15
	. 0 091	" twins 0 15
choice		" Stiltons 0 15
plums		beans-
40-50		Ontario, hand-
50-60		picked, bushel 2 75
60-70		California limas,
70-80		per lb 0 061
80-90		Canned fish
90-100	. 0 054	B.C. salmon,
pples, 50's 0 10	0 0 10	sockeye, 48-1's 7 50
ice-		B.C. cohoes,
ured ham		48-1's 5 75
verage	. 0 21	B.C. pinks, 48-1's 4 00 4 25
uredham		Sardines, domes-
	0.16	tic, 100-4 4 00
n bellies	0 21	Lobster, 48-1's 17 00
back		" 96-2's 18 50
t bacon		Fin. haddie, 48-1 5 65
		x m. mature, 10-1 0 00

WILL HELP THE MERCHANTS.

Morpeth, Ont., Mar. 3.-At a meeting held here recently the bean growers of this section organized an Ontario Bean Growers Association, modeled upon much the same lines as the Ontario Corn Growers' Association. The objects are to improve the seed and methods of cul-tivation, study the best means of combating insect pests, and gather general

information respecting the crop for the benefit of both buyers and sellers. The association is asking the Ontario Department of Agriculture to establish an experimental plot in bean growing, and to send an expert to address the farmers regarding the industry. The as farmers regarding the industry. The as-sociation has been placed on a broad basis, both buyers and sellers being eligible for membership.

Increased interest in bean growing is a great help to merchants in this section inasmuch as farmers have more money to spend and the merchants in such a case always get the preference.

ENTER PROTEST AGAIN.

Montreal, Mar. 3.-J. A. Dore, A. Daniel, J. D. Boileau and A. Dumont representing the licensed grocers of Montappeared before the Chambre de Commerce, February 24, to protest against the delivery by brewers of beer to private houses. This is a question of to private houses. This is a question of long standing, and it has been discussed at numerous meetings of the Montreal Retail Grocers' Association but a remedv to the existing state of affairs has not yet been found. The matter has been before the Quebec Legislature and success seemed imminent when the amalgamation of brewers took place and the government decided to postpone any contemplated change in regulations.

While the Chambre de Commerce - did not take any action it was decided that the matter should be once again brought before the Legislature.

DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Toronto, March 3.—A fire occurred in the building on Front Street, Toronto, last week, occupied among others by Green & Co., importers and manufacturers of grocery specialties. It started in the third flat, where a considerable quantity of goods, including grocery specialties. canned goods, cigars, etc., were stored, and being fanned by a strong wind, swept the flat. Extensive damage was done to the stock, but it is covered by insurance, and the offices below, as well as stock in other storage rooms in the building, were damaged by water.

A REAL SALESMAN.

What He Must Have Besides Knowledge of the Stock.

By R. C. Bretz.

The three most important factors of a successful salesman are, quickness to judge human nature, a pleasing personality and untiring patience-of course, granting a salesman must have an accurate knowledge of his stock at all times. In my estimation there are two kinds of sales made in selling a custom-er, namely, "the intelligent sale" and the "case of customer buys himself."

The intelligent sale is the one that holds your customer and brings him back. because the salesman has given the customer something else than that commonplace argument, "that's all the go," or "it looks well on you." He brings out the points of the goods and is able to meet any argument the customer may make in a pleasing, matter-of-fact way, but he does not rouse the obstinate ire of the customer and, in a brief conversation, shows his customer he is competent to handle him in an intelligent way. On the other hand, we have the "case of customer buys himself," the salesman merely pulling goods out of stock and trying them on in an unintelligent and listless way; he has already lost the confidence of his customer by not being able to meet some argument offered during the sale, and it is mere chance if the sale is made. The salesmen I am trying to describe in this article are few and far between, because one has acquired that art, his ambitions have made buyer, manager or proprietor out of him and his success is assured. An article on salemanship could fill a book and then not cover the different opinions of people on this subject.

A successful food fair conducted by Rea's departmental store, Montreal, in the grocery department, has just been concluded. Numerous Canadian manufacturers occupied attractive booths.

ANOTHER APPRECIATION.

Publishers, The Canadian Grocer,-Please find enclosed \$2.00 payment of subscription to your valuable magazine. We appreciate the same very much.

DOWNIE & SALMON. General Merchants.

Strathcona, Alta., Feb. 10, 1910.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

FOR SALE-A first-class general business in a good northern town. Turnover about forty-five thou-sand. Stock twelve thousand, all new. Good reasons for selling. Apply Box 335, CANADIAN GROCER, Toronto.

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The Effect of Cold Storage on Eggs and Poultry

Official States That Farmers Hold Fresh Eggs Too Long and Suggests Remedy—Would High Cost of Living be Reduced if Storage Time Limit Were Made? — Frozen Chickens Should Not be Thawed Out by Dealer.

In investigating the relation of the cold storage to the cost of living, some interesting information has been given before the committee appointed by the United States Congress.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, told the committee that certain eggs which he had paid 30 cents a dozen for in the open market were cold storage eggs, and were used for ordinary use in the kitchen-frying, scrambling and soft boiling. Other eggs, which the witness said his inspector saw laid, he paid sixty cents a dozen for. Some eggs bought as strictly fresh at 40 cents a dozen proved to be cold storage eggs -really the same as those sold frankly as cold storage eggs at 30 cents. It would appear, then, that while a fairly good egg, passing as "strictly fresh, can be had for 30 cents, the really fresh eggs command twice as much. This tends to show, said Dr. Wiley, that storage keeps down the price instead of boosting it.

"As I understand it," asked one of the Congressmen, "the important and first essential is to see that the food product, including the egg, goes into the warehouse fresh. If it goes in fresh, then it can be kept reasonably wholesome for a time; if it does not go in fresh, it is bad then and deteriorates from that time on ?"

Dr. Wiley replied: "That is exactly the idea that I tried to convey to the committee."

Asked if a method of inspection could be adopted which would guarantee eggs going into storage fresh, Dr. Wiley replied that "competent inspection of eggs entering cold storage, similar to the inspection which is now practised by the merchants themselves, but more rigid, would secure the entering into cold storage of sound eggs." The doctor said he felt sure that it was commercially practieable to do as he suggested. He said the cost of the test, with a 10 per cent. salt solution, would be almost nothing. The next best thing to an inspection, in the doctor's opinion, would be to date the packages, and the two would go very well together.

Lays Blame to Farmer.

He lays upon the farmer the chief blame for the lack of fresh eggs in the market.

According to his testimony, farmers' eggs are permitted to begin the process of growing stale before they leave the farm.

The farmer should be taught to put his eggs on ice, if necessary, the doctor thought. He said that almost every farmer could have an ice box in which eggs could be placed as soon as laid, so that they could be reduced to a temperature which would retard the process of decay. With good eggs to begin with, said the doctor, it is possible to keep them from six to nine months in cold storage and have them come out good to eat.

The chairman asked: "What is your opinion of the limit of time for storing good eggs?"

"I said not to exceed nine months," responded Dr. Wiley, who also said, when he fixed that time limit, that it was because he would not have eggs carried over to compete with the next season's crop.

It seems that the United States Government does not feel any particular apprehension that perishable products will be kept in storage so long as to become tainted. At any rate, it was the opinion of the secretary that it could not do any good to place a limit by law on the time that perishable products may, be kept in cold storage.

One Congressman asked whether "it would relieve the situation as to the rise in the price of foods if we were by law to limit the period of time that meat, poultry, butter, eggs, and other food supplies could be kept in storage?"

To this the secretary replied: "I doubt if it would, for after the fullest inquiry you would limit the time to such period only as that which the meat would be good when it was taken out, and the packers and all others, merchants who use these refrigerators, must do the same thing."

Cold Storage Chickens.

One reason why cold storage chickens sometimes seem disappointing is that the dealer thaws them and dips them in water to make them swell up and look plump. Cold storage chickens should be sold frozen, and never in any other way, said Dr. Wiley.

The doctor added that some of the most grevious evils connected with cold storage were due to the advanced state of decomposition that articles were in when they were placed in cold storage. Cold storage itself he considered practically the ideal method of keeping perishable products.

INFORMATION FOR BUYERS.

Supplied to the Trade by Sellers.

The MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd., beg to announce to their numerous customers, who have always stood by their renowned "Beauce Brand" Pure and Compound Maple Syrup, that they expect a full supply of both these lines to arrive about the end of March, and look for a continuance of their past favors.

"Kandy Kid," manufactured by Clyde Fuller & Bro., is certainly creating a stir in the confectionery trade. This line has attained a wonderful sale in a short time. It will pay all up-todate merchants to secure first benefits from this confection. The above-named firm are the largest popcorn manufacturers in Canada.

Brand & Co., through their representative at Toronto, are offering a special proposition to a leading grocer in every city and town in Ontario, in connection with Brand's A1 sauce and their various other lines.

The unique experience of outgrowing two warehouses in a few years has been the good fortune of the Toronto Branch of Red Rose Tea. For some years Red Rose Tea, at its headquar-ters in St. John, N.B., has occupied one of the largest and best equipped tea warehouses in Canada. This week the Toronto Branch is removing from 3 the Toronto Branch is removing from 3 Wellington St. East to one of the largest warehouses in that eity-that lately occupied by the Todhunter, Mitchell Co., at 7 Front St. East. This change shows the remarkable growth of the Red Rose Tea business in Ontario. When Red Rose was first placed on the Ontario market ten years ago the busi-ness was transacted from St. John. Soon it was found necessary to open a branch and Toronto was selected as the location. Premises were taken on Front St. and were soon outgrown. Then a lease was taken of the ware-house at 3 Wellington St. East, and the need of larger premises seemed a very distant probability. But with a considerable portion of the lease yet to run more room became an imperative necessity. The new premises at 7 Front st., East, will afford room for great expansion. The building is a hundred and eighty feet long by fifty wide, four stories and a basement, and is in the centre of the wholesale district. The centre of the wholesafe district. The interior is being remodeled and made up-to-date in every respect. The offices will be large and handsomely appoint-ed, and the shipping facilities will be the best. When T. H. Estabrooks, of St. John, N.B., proprietor of Red Rose Tea, entered the package tea business, he adopted for Red Rose a blend of Indian and Ceylon teas that has been found particularly well suited to Cana-dian tastes and conditions. Then he has steadily maintained the quality believing that in building a business, quality is more than price. The success of Red Rose, due to the quality of the tea, has been phenomenal, and in a few years has made Mr. Estabrooks one of the leading figures in the tea trade in Canada.

CATALOGUES AND BOOKLETS.

A handsome booklet has been received from London. England, published by R. Twining & Co., Ltd., tea men, setting forth the history of the House of Twining in three centuries. It is attractively gotten up in Old Country fashion, with the best of illustrations, tracing the House of Twining from 1710 up to the present time. It is in commemoration of the celebration of the bicentenary of the firm."

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GET in on the Ground Floor

The markets of the West are not yet glutted, and the man of enterprise has his opportunity of getting in there first! Does not this appeal to you, Mr. Manufacturer? We are here to assist you to capture this profitable trade. We have the facilities, the connection, the business ability and the financial standing to do so. Our large track warehouses are situated at the three chief distributing points of the West---Winnipeg, Calgary and Edmonton ---and we know we can serve you as no other firm can. Send us details of what you have to sell. We are after more business.

NICHOLSON @ BAIN

Wholesale Commission Merchants and Brokers

Winnipeg

Calgary

Edmonton

STORAGE FOR ALL CLASSES OF MERCHANDISE

Regina

We create the demand for you !

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Have you noticed the regular consumer advertising of

E.D.S. Brand Jams and Jellies?

Such bright and attractive copy cannot fail to attract trade for "E.D.S." Brand, and the quality of the goods will guarantee the repeat orders. There's pleasure in selling an article which has been certified as 100% pure, and there is, moreover, a good margin of profit. Are you handling this rapidly moving line?

39

Made by E. D. SMITH at his fruit farms Winona :: Ont. Stock our new line-UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE

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t mu lling cally e Lard



Hog Prices at the Highest Point in Forty Years

Another Advance Occurs and Cured Meats are Stronger —An Advance in Lard—Good Butter in Demand—Cold Storage Eggs Running Short, But New Laids Will Take Their Place.

The fact that a real scarcity of hogs is the cause of the high price is now admitted in general, and it is a fight or rather a race between the many packing houses, as to who is to get the peg. All are anxious to keep their factories in operation and make the best of it. Not only are the high prices of manufacturing increases in proportion as the supply decreases. If a factory has capacity to handle a certain number of hogs a day, but only gets nall the quantity the cost of producing the manufactured goods is almost double. It will be noticed that cured meats have not advanced with each cent on the cost of the hog. With the shrinkage, and extra cost of manufacturing in consequence of the light receipts, the packer claims he would be pastified to raise prices at least 3e on advances one cent.

The butter situation is gradually evening up and by the time the summer supply will be available, the held butter will likely have found its outlet, without leaving any serious losses to the holders.

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Igs.

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The egg trade, at least, so far as Toronto is concerned, worked out admirably. The cold storage eggs are all sold, and the demand can be safely supplied with the new laid, and if necessary our southern friends will be pleased to help us out.

MONTREAL.

Provisions.—Firm prices rule in the bard market, and the movement of pure is satisfactory. In compound there is not much activity. Hams and bacon are elling freely, with the situation praccally unchanged.

 Butter.—Brisk demand, especially from country districts, is responsible for continued firmness in the butter market. There has been a steady demand for butter from outside points this year, owing to stocks held by smaller people in the country becoming exhausted quite early.

Fall creamery solids		0 26 0	
Fresh creamery solids		0	ł
Fresh creamery prints		0	
Dairy, tubs, lb		0 21 0	å
Fresh dairy rolls.	2	0 23 0	å

Cheese.—Rapidly dwindling stocks, good export demand and a fair local trade are responsible for the strength displayed by the cheese market. Twins and smalls are up $\frac{1}{2}c$. this week.

uebec, lar	ge							÷ .		 		 				0	1
estern, la	rge						 									0	1
**	twins.				 					 		 					1
"	small,	20	lb	8.					 	 		 				0	1
ld cheese.	large															0	1

Eggs.—Larger importations from Chicago and other United States points are supplying the local market more satisfactorily than for some time, although demand is not as brisk as it has been. Supplies coming into town from outlying districts are below usual in volume. Lower prices are asked this week, as will be remarked.

No. 1, dozen			
Poultry.—Ch demand at old Supplies of all	prices.	Turkey is	

HoneyNominal	prices	contin	nue	a
leese, per lb	•••••	•••••	0 14	0 15
urkeys, per lb			0 19	0 22
oung ducks, per lb				
Iens, 1 er lb			0 12	0 15
hickens, per lb				

follows :

white clover como honey (nominal prices)	U	15	0 14	
Buckwheat, extracted	0	08	0 08	13
Clover. strained. bulk, 30 lb. tins	0	11	0 11	Ŧ
Buckwheat comb.	0	121	0 13	5

TORONTO.

Provisions.—In spite of all that is said and done, hogs will continue to soar, and this week have reached the highest point, which is said to be highest in 40 years. In consequence, several lines of cured meats have advanced 1c. a fb. Dressed hogs in the market bring \$12.25 per 100 fbs. and live hogs at country points, \$9 to \$9.15.

Long clear bacon, per lb				141
Smoked breakfast bacon, per lb	0	18	0	181
Roll bacon, per lb	0	14	0	14
Light hams, per lb			0	16
Medium hams, per lb			0	16
Large hams, per lb			0	151
Shoulder hams, per lb			0	13
Backs, plain, per lb				181
" pea meal	0	18	0	19
Heavy mess pork, per bbl	27	00	27	50
Short cut, per bbl				
Lard, tierces, per lb				
" tubs "	0	15	0	161
	ō	16	0	16
" compounds, per lb		-	Ő	12
Live hogs, at country points				15
Dressed hogs			12	

Butter.—The receipts of butter have slightly dropped off and good fresh made butter is firm and in good demand. If country merchants are careful in encouraging the farmers in making good butter and also in handling it themselves, there will be no danger of much of a break in

the prices. Those who pay attention to this part of their business should easily make from 1 to 2c. a tb. more for it.

rer	10.
0 28	0 29
0 25	0 26
0 23	0 24
0 20	0 22
0 19	0 20
0 18	0 19
	0 28 0 25 0 23 0 20 0 19 0 18

Cheese.—Little change takes place in the cheese situation, at least so far as the local market is concerned.

Eggs.—Cold storage eggs are practically all sold out and the trade has to depend on fresh eggs for its supply. There are some pickled eggs on hand which will keep the bakers going. If the weather continues mild the supply of new laid will rapidly increase, but if a severe spell should set in, the United States is ready to help us out. The winter is almost over, and in face of the fear of starvation prices, everything was so well calculated, that the demand was supplied at ordinary prices, and instead of censuring our cold storage men, we should pass a hearty vote of thanks.

Cold storage	eggs	• •							• •		 			0	27			
select eggs.				• •		 					 			0	29	0	30	
strictly new	laid.													0	30	0	31	

Poultry.—This is the dull season in the poultry line, and consequently the business will be light and uninteresting for some time.

Spring chicken, dressed	0	18	0 20
Hens, per lb. dressed	0	11	0 12
Turkeys, per lb., large	0	18	0 19
Ducks.	0	16	0 17

Honey.—Honey is more of a regular supply of food than it used to be, and consequently a more steady demand, but prices remain unchanged.

**	aamb	more	dozen	 •		••	0	14	0	148	
	como,	per	uozen	 •	• • •	• •	z	50	z	15	

NOT MUCH BACON AND BUTTER.

Montreal, March 3.—Exactly how much of Great Britain's gross imports go from here is shown in the report of the British Trade Commission, which has just been completed.

The following figures show what proportion of leading imports into the United Kingdom Canada supplied last year:

	Total	Imports
	British	from
	Imports.	Canada.
Wheat	£45,287,000	£7,604,000
Wheat, meal an		
flour	6,370,000	1,188,000
Live cattle	5,566,000	1,922,000
Bacon and hams	16,916,000	1,518,000
Butter	22,425,000	120,000
Cheese	6,830,000	4,519,000
Salmon, canned	999.000	483,000
Lobsters, canned	253,000	219,000
Wood, sawn or		
split	15,470,000	3,051,000
Wood, planed o	r	•
dressed	2,856,000	253,000
Leather	9,378,000	395,000

The figures relating to the imports of cheese are considered noteworthy by Montreal exporters. Canada and New Zealand between them supplied more than four-fifths of the cheese imported into the United Kingdom in 1909.

It will be noted that in the case of butter and bacon Canada has a long way yet to go in supplying even onequarter of the total amount in demand.

ADVOCATE OF WEIGHT PLAN.

Woodstock Merchant Points Out Unfairness in Selling Any Other Way.

Editor Canadian Grocer,—It is the candid opinion of many people that all grocers should sell such articles as cucumbers, cabbage, etc., by the pound or by weight, instead of selling them at the rate of 2, 3, 4 or whatever the number may be at 5 cents, as is the general custom now-a-days.

The reason these commodities should be sold by weight instead of by quantity is, that by taking the latter course all the customers of a grocer are not treated fairly. If a grocer has a crate of cucumbers or cabbage for sale and he is selling them at the rate of so many for five cents, naturally the first customer who comes into the store to buy these articles will pick out the largest and best articles that there are in the crate. In this way, by the time five or six customers have made purchases all the largest and best of the articles are gone, and customers who come in the store later on have to take "what is left." Any fairminded merchant can see that this is not the proper way to do business. On the other hand, if such commodities are sold by weight every customer is treated fairly and squarely, as each customer then gets the same quantity.

It is also the opinion of many people that a grocer would help his own business as well as accommodating his customers better if he would sell these articles by weight. When a man puts a crate of cabbage or cucumbers on sale in the morning and all the choice goods are picked up by the early shopper, the customer who comes in, say in the afternoon, does not always feel inclined to pay the same price for the smaller articles as the other customers did for the choice ones, whereas if a customer was told that the goods were being sold by the pound, they would buy at any time during the day, as then they would know they were getting a fair deal.

GROCER. Woodstock, Ont., March 3, 1910.

ORDER TAKERS GIVE REBATES.

Does This Come Within the Meaning of Secret Commissions Act?

Editor Canadian Grocer,—In reading what has appeared in The Canadian Grocer about the Secret Commissions 'Act, I am reminded of a discussion that took place some time ago about a certain act, upon which those discussing it held different opinions. One in the heat of his argument forcibly impressed upon the mind of his friend that in order to understand the act it was first necessary to know what it meant, and then to read it to get the right sense of it.

This seems to apply to this Secret Commissions Act, and I must declare that I do not know what it means and therefore cannot understand it when I read it. It appears, however, that the lawmakers aimed to check a certain evil,

but did not think of all the details of the trade it would include, or if they did, it remains for us to get busy and find out where we are at. Supposing a clerk in a retail store is sent out to solicit orders, and he does what has been frequently done-tips the cook for the trade. Would that come under this act? It is a wellknown fact that this is a serious evil and if this act covers that, it would be well to have a test case as soon as possible. There are instances where good customers are lost through the misrepresentation of the goods by the cook, and this was done for the bribe she received. It is well-known that in order to get trade in some restaurants and hotels. it is necessary to bribe the proper official. Does this act not also cover this tipping habit in every shape and form. Tips are usually given in order to receive some-thing over and above what a person really is intended to get.

If this law covers all these evils, it is certainly an angel in disguise, and should be welcomed by all honest business men. The people are rapidly waking up to the fact that all men are entitled to fair pay for their services, and in consequence the trade can afford to eliminate everything which is unfair and dishonest. K. L. an

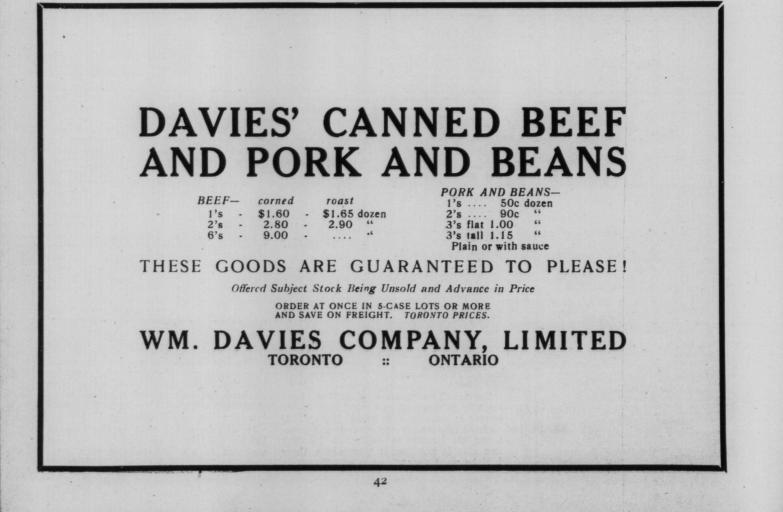
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London, Ont., March 3, 1910.

Even advertising is not a cure-all for all the ills a business is heir to. It must be supplemented by good salesmanship and correct business methods.





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Just Read the Directions!

GROCERS-

get familiar with the many uses of

GILLETT'S LYE

and recommend it to your customers for making scap, cleaning of all kinds, and as a disinfectant. It's a sure trade bringer. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES and the various "Just as good" kinds. They may cost you a few cents less per case, but do they pay you as well as the old reliable—the standard—GILLETT'S LYE?



GILLETT'S CHEMICAL WORKS ESTABLISHED 1852.



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EARLY CLOSING IN CHILLIWACK.

Ahead of Eastern Grocers - Weekly Hints Pay for Subscription.

Editor Canadian Grocer,-Find enelosed cheque for \$3 paying for our sub-scription to Jan. 11, 1911. We have been a subscriber to Grocer for \$7 or 18 years and we get enough hints from EACH number to pay for a year's subscription.

What's the matter with the Toronto grocers? We have six grocers here and we close our stores at 6 o'clock and on Saturday nights at 10 o'clock-pleased to note they are making a move to close at 7 o'clock in Toronto. We think they could just as well close at 6.

We are having quite lively times here building the B. C. Electric Tram from Vancouver, and the work that will be done in building the Canadian Northern and the V. V. & E. through Chilliwack is giving real estate a great noom.

Prices are quite high at present. We pay 40c lb. for creamery butter, 60c doz. for fresh eggs; 23c lb. for bacon, 19c lb. for lard, 2c lb. for wheat, \$7 bbl. for flour. .

We have a merchants' association and a clerks' association. Geo. R. Ashwell & Son. Chilliwack, B.C., Feb. 11, 1910.

LIMITING RETAIL CREDITS.

The following notice is being put up in many stores throughout Minnesota where they have organizations. They use a sign 12x18 inches:

"The wholesale grocers, meat, fruit and vegetable houses compel the retail grocers, meat dealers and general merchants to settle their bills in full twice a month, and to meet those conditions the retail grocer, meat dealer and merchant cannot extend credit beyond pay day and in no case for a longer period than thirty days."

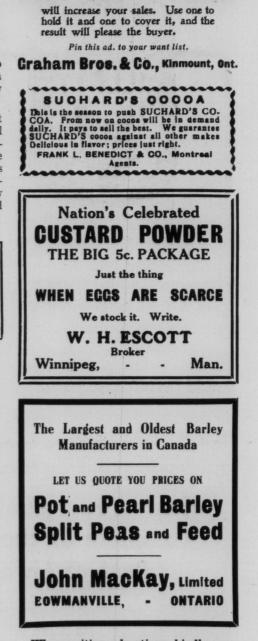
The GRAY, YOUNG & SPARLING CO., Limited



you in a rut so that progress turns out and goes around you! Buy

ANCHOR BRAND FLOUR

Manfd. by Leitch Brothers Flour Mills, Oak Lake, Manitoba, Canada.



Meat Sold in Dishes

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When writing advertisers kindly mention having seen the advertisement in this paper.

BISCUITS THAT SEL

6

It pays you best to sell groceries that make possible a quick turnover. Our lines have two features to recommend them-quality and price. So you need never worry over a possible "sticking" of our biscuits. They sell quickly.

Free sample and prices from

THE CANADIAN BISCUIT COMPANY, LIMITED LA PERADE, QUE.

The causes which lie behind Christie reputation.

For over half a century our whole efforts have been concentrated in the making of better biscuits.

We have paid no attention to any side issue—all the ability we possess and every hour of our experience has been utilized for the purpose of bettering Christie biscuits.

Every ounce of raw materials is selected and tested—the flour used is a blend of the best flours milled—butter, eggs, sugar and lard must all be high-grade table quality.

Our factory is the biggest, brightest and cleanest in all Canada. Our employees are all healthy and happy and imbued heart and soul with Christie ideals.

Christie ideals—that's the real source of Christie reputation. It's this constant effort to better the product of yesterday—this striving after excellence that has made the name *Christie* a household word all over the Dominion.

Are you making the most of Christie reputation?

Remember, "Christie biscuits do sell more than biscuits."

CHRISTIE, BROWN & CO., Ltd.

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Flour

Since market 1 the price the last though 2 date. The fig

although more hop ply chea never-cea change i of the gi or real c is watch manipula views bi ing cond crops is of in bu Under wheat n buying, practica on slight slowly a pour out the flou

> Flouring done ket is s

> supplied

Oatme with bu Fine oatme: Standard os

Granulated Golddust co Bolted corn Rolled oats,

Flour fixture. have re ers hav but on competi that all

1st Patent. 2nd Patent Strong bak

Straight ro Patents... Blended... Ceres ther th has dev

Flour Unchanged in Spite of Wheat Wanderings

Demand Not Extra Good—British Market Using Large Quantities of Russian Flour—Rolled Wheat Shows Advancing Tendency.

Since our last week's issue the wheat market had their usual flutterings, and the price reached the highest point since the last crop went on the market, although 2e below last year at the same date.

The fight seems to be a fairly even one, although gradually but slowly making it more hopeless for those who have to supply cheaper wheat. In this constant, never-ceasing, strenuous battle, every change in the weather, every condition of the growing crops and every supposed or real change in the total wheat supply is watched with an intense keenness, and manipulations follow according to the views big millers take of these changing conditions. Damage to the growing erops is closely watched and made use of in bulling the price.

of in bulling the price. Under all this high tension in the wheat market, the millers are slow in buying, and are selling their flour at practically the same price, and working on slightly smaller margins as the wheat slowly advances. Russia continues to pour out its enormous crop, which keeps the flour market in England too well supplied to suit our millers.

MONTREAL.

Flour—A good domestic trade is being done at unchanged prices. The market is steady.

	45
Straight rollers, bb b	20
Extra, bbl 4	80
	80
Glenora, bbl 5	30
	80
" strong bakers, bbl 5	30
Five Roses, bbl 5	80
	30
Harvest Queen, bbl 5	30
Oatmeal-Prices remain unchang with business but fair.	, red,

Fine oatmeal, bags	2 621
Standard oatmeal, bags	2 621
Granulated " "	2 621
Golddust commeal, 98-lb. bags	2 10
Bolted commeal, 100-bags	1 85
	5 05

TORONTO.

Flour—The local flour market is a fixture. For several months the prices have remained at the same figure. Millers have been looking for an advance, but on account of the small demand, competition would not admit the raise that all would like to make.

Ist Patent. Manitoba Wheat. 2nd Patent. Strong bakers.	 5 30
Winter Wheat.	
Straight roller Patents.	 5 30
Blended	 5 30

Cereals—The market is firm, but further than that nothing of any interest has developed this week. It is, however,

claimed that some rolled wheat had been sold at an advance of 15c a barrel. The tendency is upward.

 Rolled oats, small lots, 90 lb. sacks
 2 4

 "25 bags to car lots.
 2 2

 Rolled wheat, small lots, 100 lb. brls.
 3 1

 "25 brls. to car lots.
 2 8

 Standard and granulated oatmeal, 18 lb. sacks.
 2 6

DETAILS OF CEREAL MERGER.

The Firms Which Will be Included in the New Concern—J. G. Flavelle the President.

Montreal, March 3.—Promoters of the cereal merger announce this week the names of the mills which will be taken over by the newly-incorporated company, and give some facts regarding the stock and bond issue.

Eight leading firms will merge: The Tillson Co., Tillsonburg; the Flavelle Milling Co., Lindsay; P. McIntosh & Son, Toronto; James Wilson & Sons, Fergus; Walter Thomson & Son, London; Woodstock Cereal Co., Woodstock; D. R. Ross, Embro, and Martin Bros., Mount Forest. These mills turn out oatmeal, rolled

oats and flour, chiefly.

J. G. Flavelle will be president of the new concern.

Authorized capitalization will be \$1,-500,000, 7 per cent. preferred stock, and \$1,500,000 common stock. There will be left in the treasury \$500,000 preferred and \$500,000 common stock, while there will be an authorized issue of \$1,000,000 6 per cent. first mortgage bonds.

A. J. Nesbitt, managing director of the Investment Trust Co., Montreal, has been responsible for the bringing together of the firms.

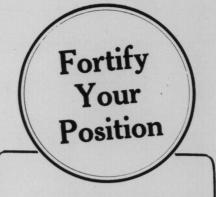
When P. McIntosh & Son were spoken to in reference to the above report, they disclaimed connection with the merger. They had heard nothing definite in reference to the matter, although they knew it had been talked of now for some time.

NEW COMPANIES.

The Glengarry Match Co., Alexandria, Ont., has been granted an Ontario charter. Among the provisional directors are R. B. McArthur, T. H. G. McCrodan and R. W. Adams. Notice is given that under the Act

Notice is given that under the Act respecting the licensing of extra provincial corporations, authority has been granted the Laing Packing and Provision Co., Quebec province, to do business in Ontario.

Victor Archambault, Sherbrooke, Que., was in Montreal on a short business trip last Saturday.



as a Grocer, by only handling lines that meet the public demand.

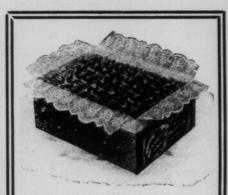
In the line of crackers, you can't go wrong if you are handling

Mooney's "Perfection" Cream Soda Crackers

The kind that always reach you in the same crisp and fresh condition as they leave our ovens.

A little extra care in the selection of the materials, and a little extra skill in mixing and baking have made the "Mooney" the best flavoured cracker and the most profitable to handle.





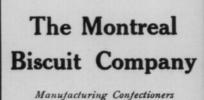
Sages tell us experience teaches! Wise men profit by that of others. If one firm handled a certain line for 25 years very successfully, would not you be inclined to take it up?

It is over a quarter of a century since we launched our now famous

"CHOCOLATE BORDO" (Registered)

Each succeeding year has been a record-breaker. The confection is a winner, a money-maker, a success in every sense of the word.

For 25 years we have profited. You can share in the success by featuring the brand.



MONTREAL



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LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY

> MONTREAL TORONTO OTTAWA LONDON ST. JOHN WINNIPEG KEEWATIN VANCOUVER

LIMITED

MAKERS OF FIVE ROSES

VE JUST overheard a conversation, Brother Grocer. Between the President and Mr. L., one of the FIVE ROSES men.

The President: "What's doing?"

Mr. L.: "Heard a woman complaining."

The President: "How very unusual!"

Mr. L.: "Complaining on FIVE ROSES, sir."

The Pres.: "Eh!"

Mr. L.: "Yes, sir. Called on Jones 'smorning. While discuss-"ing the wheat market, Mrs. B. comes in all flustered. Said "she'd used FIVE ROSES twenty years without "bad luck." "But the *last* barrel was a dose of disappointment—couldn't "do anything with it. Quite sore, she was, sir. Yes, sir." The President: "That's nice. What did YOU do?"

Mr. L.: "Why, nothing. I didn't let on."

"What, you don't mean to tell me you stood there and let a "woman work herself up into a frenzy over a cooking failure "without finding out what's what."

"But, sir, what could I do? She wasn't MY customer."

"Yes, sir; she was. You trot right back to Jones's as quick "as you can get there. Ask him, with my compliments, to see "Mrs. B. and get that flour back. You must send her another "barrel, or her money, all of it, together with our most abject "apologies—and do it NOW."

He did.

You see, Brother Grocer, the results of an accident in transit, flour damaged somehow.

We surely *love* complaints, because to rectify them makes us all the stronger with our customers.

And the President, quite indirectly, gave me a lesson in salesmanship, drawn from his own vast experience.

He believes, like all successful merchandizers, that Marshall Field was right when he said—"*The customer is always right.*" But the crucial point, Brother Grocer, is this:

If FIVE ROSES ever causes a disappointment, whatever the cause (for mistakes will happen in the best regulated families, you know), take the flour back as cheerfully as you can or care to and replace the sale, or refund full purchase money, no matter how much flour has been used.

We'll stand the *whole* loss, Brother Grocer, thanking YOU gratefully for the opportunity of living up to our guarantee. Do that, and we'll be friends for life.

For, you see, the FIVE ROSES guarantee is in no way worm bitten.

Merchants' Obligations in Trade Reformation

True Co-operation With the Farmers Needed, Says Writer, to Clear Atmosphere of Trade Troubles-Up to Merchants to Take Initiative-Would Tend to Eliminate Buying From Mail Order Houses.

By M. Moyer.

The discussions of the high cost of living have brought out a good many interesting points, apart from the solution of the problem. The one most con-spicuous is the fact that people engaged in different occupations, know so little about one another.

That foodstuffs, particularly farmers' products, are unusually high, all admit, but when some tried to put the blame on the retailer, it showed how little they knew of his business.

C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, in a very few words showed up the situation as it really exists. The whole trouble he said was the fact that the production was not keeping pace with the rapidly increasing consumption, and this explained itself when he demonstrated how the rural population was decreasing while the city population was rapidly increasing.

But he made another remark which should be interesting to retail merchants. He said that "farmers need not only co-operation among themselves, but they also needed the proper co-operation of the town and city people." By this I suppose he meant particularly those who handle the goods they produce and also what they have to buy. True co-operation is not to combine together for the purpose of gaining any special benefit at the expense of others, and is never right nor fair unless it works out in harmony with the best interests of all the people.

There are fundamental principles underlying the network of the world's activities, and to discover these and to work them out is the work of co-operation. Only a few years ago farmers were kind to each other in giving assistance to their neighbors and friends when they were in need, but true helpfulness was better understood when they started. through the assistance of the government, to help one another to get better results from their labor, through a clearer understanding of the principles that work for right and greater success.

To open the way to make it easier to succeed was not by producing anything that did not exist, but merely by learning how to utilize and harmonize the means at their disposal.

Merchants Should Break the Ice.

Wonderful has been the work accomplished, but the co-operation with the people who are not farmers, to which Mr. James refers, has not yet been attempted and it remains for the merchants to take the initiative in this work. A good deal is said just now about "cooperative" societies, but when the aims and objects are carefully investigated; it is nothing else than "combination,"

which means advantages for a certain class at the expense of others. The Cooperative Bill now before parliament is of this character, because it has features in it which aim for profit entirely separate from its intended purpose.

The agricultural industry has been greatly benefited through co-operation among farmers; and so have the merchants, but now is the time when cooperation between the two should be developed.

Taking it for granted that the retail and the wholesale trades are necessary for the convenience of the people and the only system known to the world that can render cheap and complete service, therefore, to bring out the best results for the entire community there should be "true co-operation." Combination Combination destroys individuality but co-operation in its true sense means full individual liberty under the best possible conditions.

What True Co-operation Is.

If the farmer does his very best to produce the highest quality of goods for the dealer to handle and the dealer does his best to give good service in return, that is co-operation, and the best results can only be attained through united effort. Being both in the same locality, the profit accruing from both will, to that extent, improve the value of the property in that neighborhood.

It is estimated that some of the choicest lots in Toronto are worth 4 or 5 million dollars an acre, and as this is made so valuable principally through the products of the farm, an agricultural paper recently claimed that such land does not pay its proper proportion of

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Sold by all the Wholesale Trade



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ley underst o-operation. hants to get

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taxes and that part of them should go back to reduce the taxes of the farmers. But why should the farmer make this hand so valuable and impoverish his own property at home, from which he is detiving the taxes in the natural way?

We hear much complaint about people anding their money to the large department stores. This is admitted to be a undrance to the natural growth of our country. The people would not do it if they understood the true principles of co-operation. It remains for the merchants to get busy.

SOME USEFUL HINTS.

The following hints are useful to the general merchant in two ways. He may use them himself and may advise his customers thus giving a better service:

Candles, dried meats, hams, bacon, and tongue all keep best in a cold but not damp place.

All rice, oatmeal, sago, etc., should be kept carefully covered from the air.

Dirty windows show untidy and careless storekeeping or housekeeping sooner than anything else.

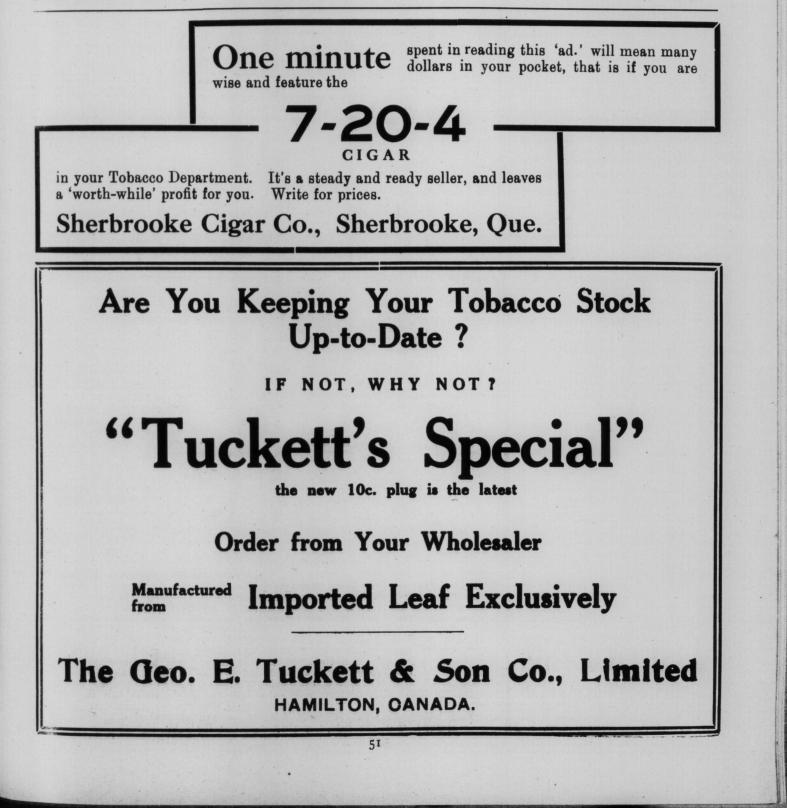
For barley water small pearl barley should not be used. Use only the larger sort ground small.

If ribbon has splashes of mud on it, it should be allowed to dry, then brush it off gently, and lightly sponge the stain with sal-volatile and water.

TRADE NOTES.

Assets of the Montreal Industrial Cooperative Co., Montreal, have been sold. The Retail Grocers' Association of London, Ont., has offered \$50 towards the purchase of factory sites.

A despatch from Sydney, C.B., tells of the following trade changes: A. R. McLeod, of Harrington, Ltd., Whitney Pier store, has accepted a position with Geo. Armstrong & Co., Ferry St.; M. W. Wherry, collector and order solicitor for Harrington Ltd., is now manager of the grocery department in the Harrington department store, Whitney Pier; W. A. L. Vash, who has conducted a large grocery business on Dorchester St. during the past four years has sold to Daniel A. McLean.





Advance of 25 Cents on California Navel Oranges

Firm Market This Week-Dealers Lose Heavily in Apples-Supply Appears to be Too Great for Demand - Good Call for Vegetables all Winter-Fish Market Firm With Some Advances.

MONTREAL.

Green Fruits-Fruit men who have handled apples as extensively as in the handled apples as extensively as in the past have been keenly disappointed in the outcome of the year's business. It has been a most discouraging season, due largely to the high prices asked and paid for apples early in the fall, when contracts were made with orchard owners. Good prices which were at the time anticipated failed to materialthe time anticipated failed to materialize, and more than one dealer has lost heavily. Many shipments have been consigned to Europe, where the loss has been as great as it would have been here, and, in some instances, greater. There is but slight activity at present. Apple supplies are more than sufficient to take_care of all demands, despite Government statistics which prophesied a searcity. Tallman Sweets are higher. Prices on other varieties have not changed. California navel oranges are firmer, on an advance of 25c, due to a stronger feeling in United States markets. Lemons are stronger, too. Other lines are normal.

Apples-		Lemons-	
aldwins, bbl	4 00	Verdillis, box	 2 50
reenings, bbl	4 00	Maoris, case	3 25
ussets	4 25	Messina bitters,	
ings, No. 1	4 00	box	 2 50
pies, per bbl	5 00	Limes, per box	 1 50
allman Sweets 3 50	4 00	Oranges-	
ananas crated.		Floridas	 3 00
bunch 1 75	2 00	California navels	3 00
ranberries, bbl. 6 00	7 00	Porto Ricos	2 50
ranberries, p e r		Mexicans	2 25
bushel box 1 50	2 00	Jamaica, crate	
ocoanuts, bags		Pineapples-	
Grape fruit-	1 20	Floridas, case	4 50
lorida, box	5 00	Strawberries-	
rapes, Almeria,	0.00	Florida, qt	 0 70
per keg	6 50	Tangerines, strap	 5 75
umquats, gt		angorneo, oursy	

Ci C

Fl

Vegetables-Roots are active, but there is no special demand for import-ed stuff. There have been slight flucthere is no special demand for impre-ed stuff. There have been slight fluc-tuations in several lines, but no appre-ciable changes in prices. Considerable hot house stuff is being brought into the city from neighboring places and this is selling freely in small lots. Radishes, mushrooms, and parsley are especially salable.

Beets, bag 0 40 0 50	Spanish, cases
Brussels sprouts,	150 lbs 3 0
per qt 0 23	Spanish, 1 cases 1 50 1 75
Compete has 0.40 0.50	Potatoes-
Carrots, bag 0 40 0 50	
(abbage, bbl 1 00 1 25	Montreal, bag 0 65 0 7
Celery-	Sweet, per bbl 2 50 3 50
Canadian, doz 0 75 0 90	" basket 1 50
California, crate 5 50	Parsley, dozen 0 3
Elanida anota 2.05 9.50	
Florida, crate 3 25 3 50	Parsnips, bag 0 75 0 8
Cauliflowers, cr'te 2 75 3 00	Radishes, dozen
Cucumbers-	bunches 0 4
Boston, doz 1 00 2 00	Rhubarb, doz 1 2
Garlic, per 1b 0 17	Spinach, bbl 4 0
Garne, per 10 vig	Tomatoes-
Green Peppers,	Tomatoes-
basket 0 75	Floridas, crate 50
Lettuce-	Cubans, crate 2 25 2 5
Curly, box 0 80 1 20	Turnips, bag 0 6
Mushrooms, 1b 0 75 1 00	" Quebec,
	per ton12 00 14 0
Onions-	per ton12 00 14 0
Ped per ber 0.90	

Fish-A proposal to bring cod fresh Fish—A proposal to bring cod fresh from the sea to this and western Can-adian markets the year round has been before the trade indefinitely for some time, but active measures are now un-der way which will result, through the use of the newly discovered Solling wrapping process, in Canadians being able at all times to secure fresh cod from far off Newfoundland, in excellent condition. Trial shipments are now be-ing made. Of course, the new style packing will mean higher expense, but ing made. Of course, the new style packing will mean higher expense, but it is thought that the better quality,

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fresher flavor, will make it easy for dealers to sell to the better class of trade. Haddock continues scarce, with demand active. Halibut is scarce and high. Tomcods are low in price and supplies are plentiful. Dried lines are moving out as usual, Shell fish are be-ing sold freely. Mild weather is affect-ing sales generally. ing sales generally.

FRESH	FROZEN
Codfish 0 041 0 05 Dore, winter caught,	Steak cod, lb0 05 0 05: Salmon, B.C., red,
perlb0 071 0 08	per 1b 0 08 0 084
Haddock 0 051 0 06	Smelts, 10 lb. boxes 0 10
Halibut, per lb. 0 09 0 10	Tom cods, per bbl 1 50
Herring, per 100.1 70 1 80	Whitefish, large, 1b 0 09 0 094
Mackerel 0 09 Pike 0 06 0 061	1b 0 09 0 094
SALTED A	ND PICKLED
Green cod, small, brl. 4 75	" bbls.,red 14 00 "Labrador, bbl 18 00 " bbls 9 00 " trcs., 300 lb
Labrador herring, bbl 5 00	" Labrador, bbl 18 00
Labrador herring, bbl 5 00	" " bbls 9 00
Labrador sea trout.	" " trcs.,
bbls 11 00	300 1b 26 00
Labrador sea trout,	Date CC18, per 10 0 0/2
half bbls 6 00	Salt sardines, 1 lb 3 00
No. 1 mackerel, pail 2 00	Sardines, bbl 5 50
bbls 8 00	No. 1 Hake, 200 lbs 3 59
Salmon, B.C., bbls. 8 00	
SM	OKED
Bloaters, large, per box	
Herring, new smoked, per bo	x 0 13
Herring, boneless, per lb	0 10
Kippered herring, per box	1 00

SHELL FISH

bsters, live, per lb. ked..... e, bulk, Imp. gal..... alshipt, "standards, per carrier 4 Imp. gal select, per carrier 4 Imp. gal.....

PREPARED FISH

TORONTO.

Green Fruits—The apple market is completely demoralized. Some apples have to be sold at a very low figure in order to avoid total loss. All apples have their particular time to be at their best, and those that are past their time are selling as low as \$1 a barrel. The very choicest spice as high The very choicest spies bring as high as \$4. The apple trade this season, on the whole, was disastrous to the large dealers.

The California navel oranges are now arriving in good shape. They are al-most free from frost, and are about 25c a case higher. Strawberries are more plentiful and will likely be lower.

Apples Bananas	1	75	2	00	Floridas 2 50 Mexican 2 00			
Cranberries, bbl Grapes, Almeria	7	50	8	00	Valentia 3 50	4	00	
per keg Grape Fruit	64	00 50	65	50 00	Marmalade, Sev- ille, per chest			
Lemons- Sicily Oranges-		25	2	75	Sicily bitter, box Pineapples, case 4 50			
Californianavels	3	00	3	25	Strawberries, qt. 0 50	0	60	

Californianavels 3 00 3 25 Strawberries, qt. 0 50 0 60 Vegetables—The business in fresh veg-etables during the winter is increasing from year to year. They do not seem to be a mere luxury, but an every day requirement. Sales are regular and nearly all grocery stores handle them. California celery, which monopolized the market for some time, is almost of the market, but is immediately follow ed by Florida celery which is now con-sidered superior in quality. Florida celery comes in cases half the size of the California. Cucumbers at \$2.50 a dozen and strawberries at 60c a box look a little bit high beside a barrel

of apples at them and o high prices. Asparagus,

A sparse do bunch...... Beets, beg... Beats, new, doz. Beans, green in di boxes... Cabbage, Cana-dian, dozen... Cabbage, Can-dian, dozen... Carrots, bag... Carrots, bag... Cal, per elery, Florida ucumbers, doz. ettuce, hamper ettuce, per doz fushrooms, lb. Mushrooms, lb.. Onions-Canadian, bag.. : Fish-The

but the sup marked by other one very firm higher all r several lin market. Fi ity on this haddie.

Goldeyes..... Herring, Lake Suj Pickerel, blue.... Pickerel yellow...

Steak Cod..... Halibut..... Haddock..... Haddock..... Herring, per 100. Mackerel, each... SMOKED.

Acadia, per crat "tablets, Bloaters, per bas Codfish, shredded "Bluenose Cod steak, per lb. Cod, Imperial, per Ciscoes, per bask

Oysters, standard gal....

TO DEV

Montreal Montreal; business tr was for a with prelin making of are expecte velopment Nova Scot smoked fish every year, time that volume, wi might be

Distr

. Leroone			
aragus,		Valencias, new,	-13
h	0 40	crate 3 00	3 25
bag	0 90	Spanish 2 50	2 75
new, doz	1 00	Green, per doz. 0 50	0 60
green in		Spanish, & cases	1 50
oxes	0 25	Parsnips, bag 0 85	0 90
lower, doz	2 25		
ge. Cana-		Potatoes-	0 00
n, dozen 0 35	0 40	Canadian, bag 0 55	0 60
age, Can.,	0 10	Bermuda, new,	
	1 35	per barrel	8 50
barrel		Sweet, hamper. 1 25	1 50
ts, bag 0 65	0 75	" barrel	3 50
ts, new, dz	1 25	Parsley, per doz	
ry, Cana-	1.25.16	bunches	0 70
n, dozen 0 30	0 35		0 40
, Cal., per		Radishes, doz 0 85	
5 00	5 50	Rhubarb, doz	1 00
v. Florida 3 25	3 50	Spinach, hamper	1 10
mbers, doz	2 50		
ce, hamper	2 50	Tomatoes, hot	
	0 30	house, 1b	0 25
ce, per doz		Tomatoes, case	
rooms, lb	0 90	of 6 baskets 3 00	4 00
lian hag 1 00	1 95	Turning hag	0 40

Beets Beets Beets Beets Beets Caulif Cabb per Carro Carro Carro Celer Caeler Celer Cucu Lettu Lettu

Canadian, bg., 100 1 25 Turnipe, bg.,0 40 Fish—The demand for fish is great, but the supply is rather light," was remarked by one of the fish dealers. Another one said : "The fish market is very firm and prices are about 1c higher all round." Fish are scarce and several lines are completely off the market. Fillets are gaining in popularity on this market; they are boneless haddie.

110/06/07/07	
LAKE FISH	(FROZEN)
Goldeyes	Pike 0 06 Trout 0 10 Whitefish 0 10
OCEAN FISH	H (FROZEN)
Steak Cod	Salmon, pink, per lb 0 09 "" red 0 10 " sea dressed 0 13 Smelts, No. 1 0 11 " extra 0 15
SMOKED, BONELESS	AND PICKLED FISH.
Acadia, per crate 2 40 "tablets, box 1 60 Bloaters, per basket 1 10 Codfish, shredded, box 1 80 "Bluenose, "1 40 Cod steak, per lb 0 07 Cod, Imperial, per lb 0 05 Ciscoes, per basket 1 25	Fillets, per lb
SHELL	
Oysters, standards, per gal 1 65	Oysters, selects, per gal 1 85 Oysters, extra selects 2 00
	and the second se

TO DEVELOP FISH BUSINESS.

Montreal, March 3.—A. H. Brittain, Montreal, has returned from a short business trip to Digby, N.S., where he was for a day engaged in connection with preliminary steps incidental to the making of definite arrangements which are expected to result in the greater development of the fish business in that Nova Scotian fishing town. A large smoked fish business is done from Digby every year, and it has been felt for some time that this could be made of larger volume, while the fresh fish industry might be profitably developed as well.



Car DOMESTIC CABBAGE FINE SOLID HEADS

Fancy Ripe Pineapples. Extra Fancy Florida Celery

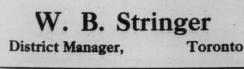
PRICE AND QUALITY ALWAYS RIGHT

HUGH WALKER & SON (Established 1861) GUELPH, ONTARIO

CITRUS EXCHANGE

A FACT

Market reports from the largest cities in America: New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburg, Boston, etc., state that Florida Oranges are selling for more money than any others. The quality is better; that is the reason. Why more of you do not handle Floridas is because you have not seen or tasted the finest oranges grown. Those you are buying you think are good enough, but the best markets are buying Florida Oranges, because they know they are the best. Order Floridas for full-flavored, sweet, juicy fruit. Our pack is carefully handled and graded.



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FISH and OYSTERS

EXPERIENCE and Efficiency is the keynote of success in our business. We buy only what is <u>RIGHT</u> and are not compelled to unload <u>second-class</u> stocks at different seasons of the year.

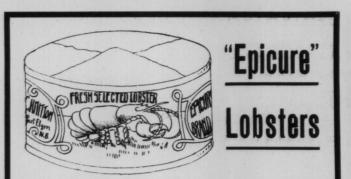
"That means "THAT you are selling the Best."

Fish is scarce, but we have a large assortment, even under difficulties.

If you want information, WRITE

The F. T. JAMES CO., Limited

Church and Colborne Sts.



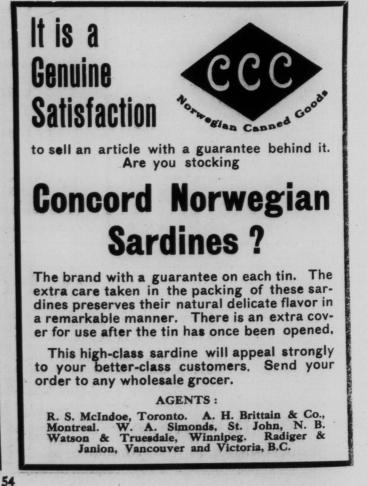
The surest proof of quality is a repeat order. This famous brand has sold—and repeated —so often that buyers never ask a question as to quality.

They know the brand represents highest excellence—choicest fish, only.

Early booking is advisable. Stocks are light and the catch may be small, so prices are likely to advance.

> Order to-day from your jobber or direct, and specify "Epicure" Brand Lobsters. Every can guaranteed.

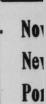
C. H. Mitton, Port Elgin, N.B. Broker Agents Wanted.



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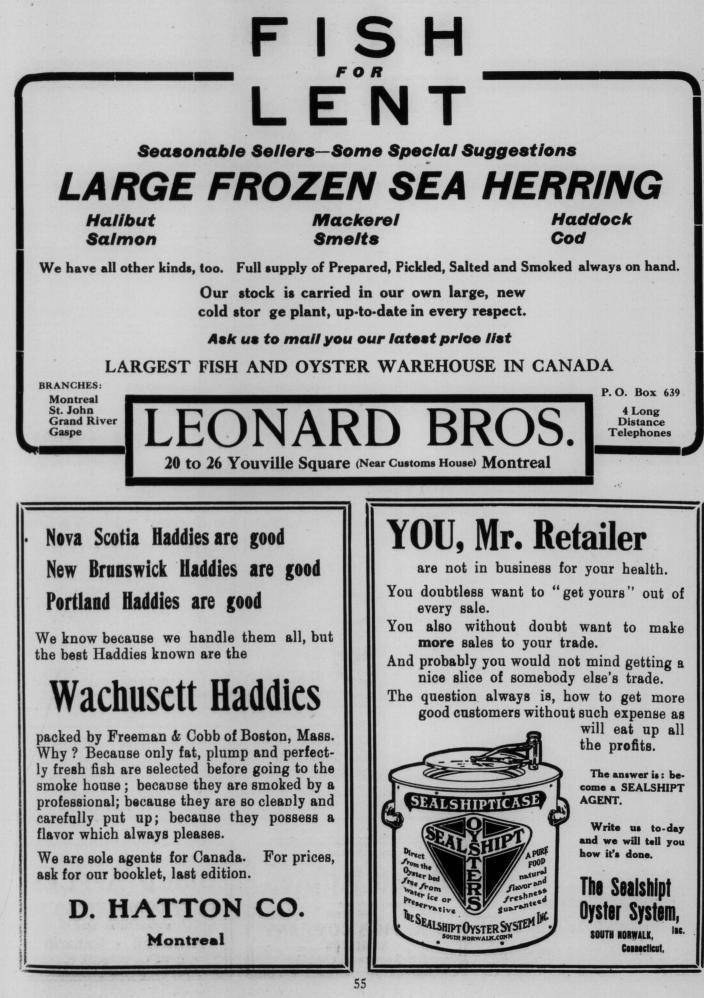
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METHODS OF FRUIT GROWERS.

What Does Their System of Co-opera-tion Mean?-How Jobbers Will be Affected.

A report comes from St. Catharines, Ont., to the effect that with the co-operation of all the fruit growers in connection with the Niagara District Fruit Growers' Association, three commission houses each in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, and one each in Quebec, Ottawa and London, will be established to handle the fruit from that vicinity, and a stock company to cover the district formed in connection therewith. The distribution committee of the association has taken the initiative in forming the grape growers of Ontario into one large company, with central management, and to include all existing co-operative companies and societies.

In discussing this matter, P. T. Peterson, of the Peterson Fruit Co., Montreal, said: "The establishment of three commission fruit houses in Montreal by the Niagara District Fruit Growers' Association, will not affect the business of the local houses to any extent.

"If these commission houses are established it will be for the purpose of handling small fruits, such as pears, peaches and grapes. These goods are of a perishable nature, and already some of the large wholesale firms have gone out of that special line of the trade, for the reason that the goods were sent here and sold on a commission, and the losses, owing to the perishable nature of the fruits, made the business unprofitable.

"Commission houses of the nature considered will be better able to handle this kind of trade, and they will also be able to make more money for themselves."

The fruit jobbers in Toronto give a different version of the above report, and claim that it is altogether misleading. The Fruit Growers' Association, they claim, do not intend to have their own houses to handle their fruit, but instead of shipping their goods to a large number of commission houses in one city, they are considering the advisability of consigning their shipments to about three in the largest cities and to one or two in smaller places. The growers claim that often the same fruit sold by different firms will come into competition with itself, and result in confusion and also in a loss. In doing this they consider that they can keep the few commission men better posted as to the quantity of fruit they may expect to receive.

The matter, however, is still under friendly consideration between the growers and the jobbers.

CHEAP POTATOES IN N.B.

In Carleton county, New Brunswick, potatoes are being sold by the farmers for 50 cents a barrel. At this price they are secured by shippers and after-being culled over are sent to the Cuban market. A number of the farmers are

going to share the risks of potato planting this year with the fertilizer men, putting in on halves. In Maine the farmers have asked the boards of trade throughout the eastern part of the state to economic in the state to economic in the state to economic in the state to be appreciated in the state to be appr the state to co-operate in a movement to assist them in selling their crop, a large part of which is still on their hands.

GROCERY TRADE CHANGES.

Business Transfers in all Parts of Dominion, Assignments, Deaths, Fires, Etc.

Ontario.

A. W. Dalglish, grocer, Vernon, Ont., has assigned.

Cardilla P. Powell, grocer, Essex, Ont., has sold to Miller & Wigle.

Guymer & Son, wholesale fruiterers, London, Ont., have been closed out. W. M. Abbot & Son, grocers, Iroquois,

Ont., have sustained loss by fire.

Frank Smith, general merchant, Vit-toria, Ont., has sustained loss by fire. Geo. Watt, Sr., of Geo. Watt & Sons, wholesale grocers, Brantford, Ont., died recently.

The Armstrong Co., wholesale tea merchants, Toronto, sustained loss by fire last week.

Quebec.

Duquette & Falcon, grocers, Montreal, have dissolved.

Fortier & Frere, grocers, Montreal, have registered.

L. R. Bourbeau, general merchant, Danville, Que., has assigned.

Assets of S. E. Adam, general mer-chant, D'Israeli, Que., are sold.

J. B. Ouellet, general merchant, 'Arthabaska, Que., are offering a compromise. The Mollins Food Co., Montreal, has

dissolved, Henry and Philippe Auclair, registered.

J. E. Couteur, has been appointed curator for Jos. Villeneuve, grocer, Pointe Gatineau.

Aime Benoit, general merchant, Notre Dame de bon Conseil, Que., is succeeded by L. P. Leclerc.

The Dominion Wafer Co., Montreal, has dissolved, Henry Auclair & Philippe Auclair, registered.

Demand of assignment has been made on A. Gauthier & Co., general merchants, Labelle, Que.

Western Canada.

C. H. Seitters, general merchant, Coaldale, Alta., advertises his business for sale

Sinclair & Co., general merchants, Prince Albert, Sask., are succeeded by W. O. Lloyd Davis.

F. D. Cockburn, who has for some years had charge of the Montreal branch of Pugsley, Dingman & Co., has gone to Winnipeg to assume the management of the branch recently opened there by the company.

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One way of increasing your fruit trade and your profits is to keep your stock cleaned up. A dozen oranges left to dry out and spoil in the bottom of a box reduces the profits on a whole case. Fruit that doesn't move in a reasonable time is bound to deteriorate in value and will not do your fruit trade any good. Again, if you can double your sales you double your profits, and your stock is always fresh and clean. Its very appearance is an added incentive to your customers to buy.

Every orange and lemon packed in the "Sunkist" wrappers passes the most rigid inspection ever given fruit. Every piece must be well colored, juicy and full flavored. As we ship entire train loads of fruit from California, we have the advantage over all traffic lines, thus bringing to you the best fruit of California in prime condition. "Sunkist" brand is fruit you can recommend, fruit your trade will appreciate, and you can build up a fresh fruit business that will make you more clear money than any other line of goods you handle. "Sunkist" on the wrappers of oranges and lemons means quality insurance.

We are taking special care with our Canadian shipments and believe every jobber can supply you with "Sunkist" oranges and lemons. If you have any trouble in having your order filled, we will be glad to hear from you.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS' EXCHANGE Distributing Points: TORONTO WINNIPEG MONTREAL CALGARY



Are your shelves stocked with these splendid sellers and satisfaction givers?

CONNORS BROS., Limited, Black's Harbor, N.B.

AGENTS-Grant, Oxley & Co., Halifax, N.S.; C. H. B. Hillcoat, Sydney, C.B.; J. L. Lovitt, Yarmouth, N.S.; D. Rattray & Sons. Quebec; Leonard Bros., Montreal; Arthur M. Loucks. Ottawa; C. De Carteret, Kingston; James Haywood, Toronto: Chas. Duncan, Winnipeg; Shallcross, Macauley & Co., Calgary, Alta.; J. Harley Brown, London, Ont.; R. Robertson & Co., Vancouver, B.C.; The Alf. Denis Co., Ltd., Edmonton, Alta.

How a Clerk's Savings Can Start Him in Business

Advantages of an Apprenticeship to the Grocer and to the Trade Pointed Out—The Future in the Grocery Business for Energetic Young Men With Business Acumen.

By A. H. Harvey.

While there are some grocers who succeeded without having served an apprenticeship, it is, however, safe to say that in some way or other they had to pay for want of experience and training. There is no getting away from the fact that in order to succeed in the grocery business with the keen competition and small profits now-a-days, a man requires a thorough knowledge of every detail of his business.

Unfortunately for the grocery trade, too many drift into it without any fitness for it, and without any training or knowledge of the business. On account of their failures and of their ignorant mistakes in putting the blame on the business, instead of on themselves, the grocery business is seemingly offering very few inducements to clever young men to prepare themselves for the grocery trade.

At the same time, if all the abuses could be eliminated, the grocery business would loom up and compare favorably with anything a young man could find to do. Like everything else the grocery business becomes pleasant and interesting in proportion as it is understood and mastered, and unless it is learned in the natural way by starting young in life, and learning it step by step one will never enjoy the full satisfaction which the grocery business has in store for him.

Therefore to become a successful grocer and one who will enjoy the business, it will be necessary to start as a boy and serve an apprenticeship.

His Natural Appearance.

Before deciding to do this he should first consider whether he is naturally adapted for it. As the grocer handles the goods which the people buy to eat, he should have a good appearance. Any deformity, such as mis-shaped hands, rough skin, imperfect speech, is a handicap in the grocery business.

Possessed of good qualities and with active and industrious habits the grocery business is open for a young man without any other means, to make a success, and gain the respect and confidence of the people. Not only must he learn to do the work in the store, but he must acquire the habits of saving, carefulness, promptness, accuracy, etc., which are all necessary and must be developed to the highest degree.

In making his agreement for his apprenticeship he must begin on business principles, and right from the start make up his mind to save some money even if his earnings are small. The first year he should save at least \$1 per week. This will mean that he has to deny himself many things, but as a rule, only those which are of no value to him. As his wages advance from year to year, his bank deposits should correspondingly increase. The second

year he should save at least \$2 a week, the third \$3, the fourth \$6, the fifth \$8, and the sixth \$10.

Capital Enough in Six Years.

If the boy starts at 17 years of age, and is faithful and diligent, he will have \$1,560 deposited in the bank when he is 23, in addition to interest accrued, besides his valuable training, which is worth infinitely more. With this capital, good habits, and the training and consequent knowledge of the business, he can begin a business of his own with every chance of success.

As said before, through incompetent men, who never learned the business,



THE LATE D. HATTON, Head of D. Hatton & Co., Montreal, Que., Who Passed Away a Short Time Ago.

and who do not even know enough about it to know that there is something to learn, the grocery business is regarded as a slavish business—a business of abuse and no thanks.

This is a mistake and is the outcome of ignorance and suspicion. First, such a merchant does not know his business, then he gets his jealous eye on his neighbor, and he acknowledges his inability to hold his own with his neighbor. With this combination he is a burden to himself and in his narrowness puts the blame on the business.

The grocery business offers opportunities for young men who will serve their apprenticeship and thoroughly learn the trade. The old way, without any qualification or fitness practised by

so many of our grocers has run its course, and the people demand a higher and better service. They are willing to pay for it, hence the opportunities for the right kind of boys.

VALUE OF A GOOD NATURE.

"In my opinion about the greatest natural asset a man can have," said a retailer a few days ago, "is that of good nature. And I am speaking entirely from a business point of view, too. Aside from the happiness that good nature brings to the individual himself, it has distinct business advantages that should not be lost sight of for an instant.

"In the first place, the good-natured man has lots of friends, and the value of friends who may be made customers, or who may be depended upon to give one the benefit of any good thing they may have is in itself a good thing. Then, too, the good-natured man is one who is confident, optimistic and willing to take a bigger chance in the course of his daily work than the suspicious and illtempered individual, and since all business is the taking of a chance to a greater or less extent, this is another resource that should be taken into account.

"Now it is easy enough to say be good-natured, but perhaps for some of us it is not the easiest thing in the world to become. To get away from the grouch habit, if we have it, is undoubtedly difficult, but it can be done, and all of us know of people who have overcome it. What I do want to say, and it applies to the merchant and his elerk with equal force, is that the result is worth the effort, not alone in making life more worth living, but in putting a larger cash balance on the right side of the account. and that is what all of us who are in business are striving to accomplish."

GENERAL STORE OPENINGS.

Among the business openings for general stores in western Canada as reported by the G.T.R. are the following: Cabot, Deer. Harte, Justice, Rivers, Pope and Uno in Manitoba; Zeneta, Good Eve Venn, Young and Tako in Saskatchewan. and Ryley in Alberta. In writing to Cabot, correspondence should be address ed to President, Town Council; to Deer. Justice, Rivers, Pope, Good Eve, Venn and Ryley, the Secretary of the Board of Trade should be addressed; to Harte. M. Collins, Carberry, Man.; to Uno. Zeneta, Young, the mayor of each; and to Tako. the Secretary of the Busines-Men's Association there.

Fred Ryan, of Sackville; A. Gordon Mills, N. W. Eveleigh, W. A. Kierstead, Joseph Coughlan and E. P. Vanwart, of Sussex, N.B., are applying for incorporation as Mills-Eveleigh. Limited, to carry on a general mercantile business in Sussex. The capital stock of the company is \$49,000. The concern has purchased a building and expects to be ready for business in May



Cotton Lines



Anticipate needs by c good time. large order quickly as ROYAL P(do, their p before now carry for yc

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Classified Advertising

AGENCIES WANTED.

A^{GENT}, with good connections, open to represent wholesale firm or manufacturer in city of Quebec. Highest references. "L," 75 Peier St., Quebec. (9n)

A WHOLESALE FIRM in Vancouver, B.C., with an established connection is open to handle one or two first-class agencies in the grocery and con-fectionery line. Highest references. Box 349, Van-couver, B C. (9p)

ADDING MACHINE.

A DDING TYPEW RITERS write, add or subtract in one operation. Elliott-Fisher, Ltd., Room 314 Stair Building, Toronto.

AGENT WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED IN CANADA by Manchester Manufacturer of Bottled Jams. An attractive line that should sell well. Address-Duerr & Sons, Old Trafford. Manchester. (tf)

BUSINESS CHANCE

FOR SALE-Grocery business, large corner store in-growing locality; we l established, splendid con-nection, big order trade; annual turnover \$20, 000. Must be sold immediately. Good reesons for selling. Address Box 334, CANADIAN GROCER. Torento. selling. Toronto.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS.

COPELAND-CHATTERSON SYSTEMS - Short, simple. Adapted to all classes of business. Copeland-Chatterson-Crain, Ltd., Toronto and (tf)

OUR NEW MODEL is the handlest for the grocer, operated instantly, never gets out of order. Send for complete sample and best prices. The Ontario Office Specialties Co., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE - Automatic Computing Scale. S. H. Fagan, Windsor, Ont. (13p)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR SALESMAN visit-GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR SALESMAN visit-ing the drug or grocery trade in and west of Winnipeg. Firm established on castern market several years wants salesman who can invest \$300. All profits from his territory will be turned over to him until his investment is paid back. Commission and half the profits thereafter. Profits very large. L.C.M. Co., 506 Union Trust Building, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED -2 alesman for Montreal with established trade in grocers' and druggists' specialties and confectionery. Replies confidential. State salary exoceted. Address "Confectionery," CANA-DIAN GROCER, Toronto.

WANTED-Salesman for Western Ontario with good connection for confectionery, grocers' and druggists' special ies. Reply with full particu-lars and salary expected. Address "Importers," CANADIAN GROCER, Toronto.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COMPETENT MALE GROCERY STENOGRA-OPHER (employed) wants position offering better, opportunity for advancement. A worker, "Steno," care H. Hodgson, 11 Hartney Chambers, Vancou-ver, B.C. (9p)

MISCELLANEOUS.

A^T LAST-A really practical penc'l sharpener. The "Spiro" sharpener built on a new principle, positively does not break the lead. Ten blades. Sharpener lasts lifetime. Every pencil user needs one. Pencil sharp in a second. Ask your s ationer or write us direct. A. R. MacDougall Co., Canadian Agents, Toronto.

A NY man who has ever lost money in the mails has had occasion to learn by painful experience that the only proper way to remit money is by Domin-ion Express Money Orders and Foreign Drafts. If lost or delayed in the mails. a prompt refund is arrang-ed or new Order issued without further charge.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS-Especially made for the grocery trade. Not made by a trust. Send us samples of what you are using, we'll send you prices that will interest you. Our Holder, with patent carbon attachment has no equal on the market. Sup-plies for Binders and Monthly Account Systems. Business Systems Limited, Manufacturing Stationers, Toronto

Toronto.

DOUBLE your floor space. An Otis-Fensom hand-power elevator will double your floor space, en-able you to use that upper floor either as stock room or as extra selling space, at the same time in-creasing space on your ground floor. Costs only \$70. Write for catalogue "B." The Otis-Fensom Elevator Co., Traders Bank Building, Toronto. (if)

DOES YOUR FIRE INSURANCE POLICY pro-tect you? There are points in connection with fire insurance policies that need expert handling to secure proper protection. We are Fire Insurance Excerts. We can safeguard your interests, and pro-cure the lowest rates. Mitchell & Ryerson, Con-federation Life Bldg., Toronto.

ELIMINATE FIRE RISK, save insurance, reduce maintenance costs and save money on your actual building work by using the Kahn System of Fire-proof Construction. Used in many of the largest business premises on this continent. Write for cata-logue. Trussed Concrete Steel Company of Canada, Limited, Walker Rd., Walkerville, Ont.

ERRORS AVOIDED, LABOR SAVED-Using the "Shou-perior" Autographic Register. Three copies issued at one writing. 1st, invoice; 2nd, Delivery Ticket; 3rd, Charge Sheet perforated for fil-ing. No handling of carbons" High grade printing and neat invoices. Make full enquiry. Autographic Register Co., 191-193-195 Dorchester St. E., Montreal, (f)

CUI DOWN THE COST of your fire insurance. Our illustrated catalog "O" on fire-proof win-dows, doors, etc., contains full information as to how you can save money on your insurance. You will find it interesting. Write for it to-day. A. B. Ormsby Co., Ltd., Toronto. (tf)

FIRE INSURANCE. INSURE IN THE HART. FORD. Agencies everywhere in Canada. (1f)

FREE TEST-Prove our claim that "Klear Copy" Carbon gives the bes', clearest, unsmudged copies of all typed matter at our expense. Send for sam-ple package "K," free. Peerless Carbon and Ribbon Mig. Co. of Canada, Ltd., 180 Richmond St. West, Toronto. (tf)

SCOTCH PLAID STATIONERY is the latest cre-ation for business and society correspondence. Paper and envelopes present a finished liven surface, most agreeable to the pen touch. Leading stationers have it. Write for samples. The Copp, Clark Co., Ltd., Toronto. (tf)

GET THE BUSINESS-INCREASE YOUR SALES. Use Multigraph Typewritten Letters. The Multigraph does absolutely every form of print-ing. Saves you 25% to 75% of your printing bill. Multigraph your Office Forms; Letter-heads; Circular Letters. Write us. American Multigraph Sales Co., Ltd., 129 Bay St., Toronto. (tf)

INSURE HEALTH by installing Pullman system of natural ventilation. Simple, inexpensive. All foul air in room expelled through special outlets. Use in store, office and home. Send for free book-let. Wm. Stewart & Co., Saturday Night Building, Toronto; Board of Trade Building, Montreal. (tf)

JUST NOW we are holding a special sale of second-hand typewriters. All makes are represented-Underwood, Remingtons, Olivers, Empires, Smith Premiers, etc. They have been carefully rebuilt and are in good workable, wearable condition. The Mon-arch Typewriter Company, Limited, 98 King St. W., Toronto, Ont. (tf)

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rtoons- Per d 1,1-lb., 4 doz 2 1,1-lb., 2 doz 2 2,5-oz., 6 doz 0 2,5-oz., 3 doz 0 3,2<u>1</u>-oz., 4 dz 0 10,12-oz., 4 dz 2 10,12-oz., 2 dz 2

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Baking Powder W. H. GILLARD & CO.								
Diamond- b. tina, \$ dos. in case								
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MAGIO BARING POWDER MAGIO BARING POWDER Dates. Bizes. Per dos.								
6 dos. 50. 60 do 4 ** 6 dos. 60 do 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 8 ** 0 40 4 ** 13 ** 1 40 2 ** 15 ** 1 40 9 ** 16 ** 1 70 9 ** 6 ** 7 80 2 ** 6 ** 1 ** 1 ** 13 ** 1 ** 1 ** 14 ** 4 55								
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CANADIAN CANNERS, LIMITED Aylmer Jams Peach								
Strawberry. 190 Red currant. 240 Back currant. 180 Black currant. 240 Back currant. 180 Crabapple. 170 Raspherry and Crabapple. 170 Currant. 180 Grape 170 Raspherry and Marmalade gooseberry. 180 Conson plum, Orange Jelly. 170								
stoneless 1 70 Green Fig 2 25 Greengage plum, Lemon 1 80 stoneless 1 70 Pineapple 2 25								
Pure Preserves—Bulk 5s & 7's per lb. 14's & 30's per lb Strawberry								
Other varieties								
1b. " " " 0								
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SELECTION OF CARGE DATA STREET								
Cook's Friend Baking Powder Cartoons- Per doz No. 12, 4-oz., 6 dz 0 70 N. 1, 1-b., 4 doz 2 40 No. 12, 4-oz., 3 dz 0 75 N. 1, 1-b., 2 doz 5 00 In Tin Boxes- 1 1.b., 2 doz 3 00 N. 2, 5-oz., 6 doz 0 80 No. 13, 1-b., 2 dz 3 00 1 75 N. 2, 5-oz., 6 doz 0 80 No. 13, 4-b., 2 dz 3 02 1 75 N. 3, 2-oz., 4 dz 0 85 No. 14, 8-oz., 3 dz 1 75 1 1.5 1 1.5 1 1.5 1 1.5 1 1 1.5 1 1.5 1 1 1.5 1 1.5 1 1 1 1 1.5 1								

3, 24-oz., 4 dz 0 45 No. 15, 4-oz., 4 dz. 1 10 10, 12-oz., 4 dz 2 10 No. 16, 24-1bs.... 7 25 10, 12-oz., 2 dz 2 20 No. 17, 5-1bs.... 14 00

Cereals ereals white swan spices and cereats, trb. White Swan Breakfast Food, 2 doz. in case, per case \$3.00. The King's Food, 2-doz. in case, per case \$4.80. White Swan B at ley Orispe, per doz \$1. White Swan Self-rising Buckwheat Flour, per doz. \$1. White Swan Self-rising Pancake Flour, per doz. \$1.



Swan Wheat Kernels, per doz.. \$1 40 Swan Flaked Rice, per doz..... 1 00 Swan Flaked Peas, per doz..... 1 00

Bine 017 In 19-box lots or case 016 Gilleton Manamacha, gross box...... 8 016

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Mott's breakfast cocca, 10c. size 90 per dz. ** breakfast cocca, 10c. size 0 38 ** No. 1 chocolate, 1* 0 32 ** No. 1 chocolate, 1* 0 32 ** Navy ** 0 29 ** Yanlia sticks, per greas 100 ** Diamond chocolate, 1* 0 24 ** Plain choice chocolate liquors 0 32 ** Sweet Chocolate Coatings 0 20 ** Armine BARER & CO., LAMITED. Per ib. Premium No. 1 chocolate, 1 and 1+b. cakes 6 1b. hores and 1+b. hores and 1+b. cakes 6 1b. hores and 1+b. hores 0+b. cakes 6 1b. cakes 6 1b. hores 0+b. cakes 6 1b. hores 0+b. cakes 0+b. cakes

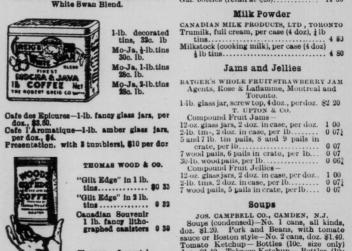
per box..... \$ 00 The above quotations are f.o.b. Montreal



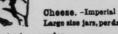




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Oafe des Epicures-1-lb. fanoy glass jars, per dos., \$2.50. Cafe l'Aromatique-1-lb. amber glass jars, per dos. \$4. Presentation, with 3 tumblers), \$10 per dor



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Infants' Food Robinson's patent barley, 1-b. tins, \$1.25; 1-b. tins, \$2.25; Robinson's patent groats, 1-b. tins, \$1.25; 1-b. tins, \$2.25.

Flavoring Extracts

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CRESCENT MFG. CO.

	1 61	u	10.
2 oz. bottles (reta- at 50c.)		4	2
4 oz. bottles (retail at 90c.)		6	81
8 oz. bottles (retail at \$1.50)	 . 1	12	5
16 oz. bottles (retail at \$3)		24	0
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Milk Powder

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S. S. Beef (Inglass Brand), 3 sizes - 4s, \$1.5 ; 4s, \$2.25; 1s, \$3.35 dozen. Ox Ton gue (Paragon), 4 sizes -4s, \$7.30; 2s, \$8.50; 24s, \$9.50; 3s, \$12 doz Stewed Ox Tail-1s, \$1.60 dozen. Stewed Kiduge)-1s, \$1.5; 2s, \$265 dozen. Minced Collope 1s, \$1.40; 2s, \$2.50 dozen.





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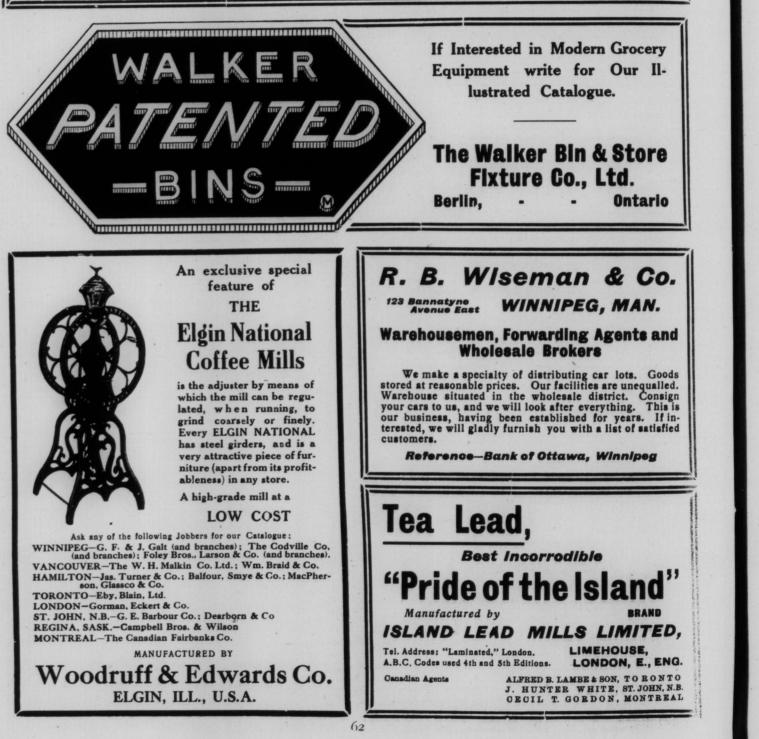
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