

BUSINESS NOTICE

The "Miramichi News" is published every Thursday at Chatham, N.B. ...

MIRAMICHI NEWS

Vol. 26, No. 9.

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, JANUARY 10, 1901.

D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

Canada House.

Corner Water and St. John Sts., Chatham. LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM

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Surgeon Dentists

Furnaces! Furnaces!

Wood or Coal which we furnish at Reasonable Prices.

STOVES

COOKING, HALL AND PARLOR

PUMPS! PUMPS!

Stubs, Iron Pipe, Baths, Creamers

A. C. McLean, Chatham.

IMPROVED PREMISES

just arrived and on Sale at

Roger Flanagan's

Wall Papers, Window Shades, Dry Goods,

R. Flanagan

ST. JOHN STREET, CHATHAM

Spectacles

The undersigned advantages are

Insurance.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL

Mrs. Jas. G. Miller.

WOOD GOODS

WE MANUFACTURE & HAVE FOR SALE

Barrel Heading

Matched Flooring

THOS. W. FLEET,

Nelson

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS

Chatham, N. B.

JOSEPH M. RUDDOCK, PROPRIETOR

Steam Engines and Boilers, Mill Machinery of all kinds.

Steamers of any size constructed & furnished complete.

GANG EDGERS, SHINGLE AND LATH MACHINES,

CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

CAN DIES.

Iron Pipe Valves and Fittings

OF ALL KINDS.

DESIGNS, PLANS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

MONARCH

Steel Wire Nails,

THEY NEVER LET GO,

AND TAKE NO OTHERS.

KERR & ROBERTSON,

SAINT JOHN N. B.

N. B.—IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE 100 DOZEN K. & R. AXES.

Miller's Foundry & Machine Works

RITCHIE WHARF, CHATHAM, N.B.

(Successors to GILLESPIE FOUNDRY, Established 1852).

Mill, Railway, and Machine Work, Marine Engines, Boiler repairing.

Our Brass and Composition Castings are worthy a trial, being sent throughout the country.

Ready Mixed Paints, all shades, including the Celebrated

Weather and Waterproof

THE BEST EVER MADE.

School Blackboard Paint.

Glass Carriage Paint, requires no Varnishing.

Graining Colors, all kinds.

Graining Combs, Dry Colors, all shades.

Gold Leaf, Gold Bronze, Gold Paint.

Stains, Walnut, Oak, Cherry, Mahogany, Rosewood, Floor Paints

Weather and Waterproof.

Kalamo, all shades.

7 lbs. English Boiled and Raw Oil, Pure.

1 Turpentine.

100 Kegs English White Lead and Colored Paints.

100 Kegs White Lead and Colored Paints.

75 Rolls Dry and Tinned Sheathing Paper.

75 Kegs Wire Nails.

30 Boxes Window Glass.

20 Boxes Horse Nails.

10 Tons Retired Iron.

Cast Steel, Bellows, Chain, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Grindstones, Grindstone Fixtures.

Ice Cream Freezers, Clothes Wringers, Daisy Churns,

Cart and Waggon Axles, Cow Bells, Wire Screen Doors, Window

Screen, Green Wave Wire, Barbed Wire, Counter Scales, Weigh

Beams, Steelyards, Carpet Sweepers, Blasting Powder and Fuse,

Sporting Guns, Revolvers. To arrive from Belgium 35 Single

and Double Barrel Breach Loading Guns.

Barber's Tolt Clippers, Horse Clippers, Lawn Shears, Accordions,

Violins, Bows and Fixings.

Farming Tools, All Kinds.

Mower Sections, Heads, Knife Heads, Mower Section Guards,

Rivets, Oilers.

Our Stock of General Hardware is complete in every branch and

too numerous to mention.

All persons requiring goods in our line will save money by calling

on us, as they will find our prices away down below the lowest, prove

it by calling.

The COGGIN HARDWARE STORE, CHATHAM.

WE DO

Job Printing

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads,

Envelopes, Tags, Hand Bills.

Printing For Saw Mills

WE PRINT—

ON WOOD, LEASE, COTTON, OR

PAPER WITH EQUAL FACILITY.

Get prices and see our work and

compare it with that of

others.

Miramichi Advance Job Printing Office

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Home

USES OF APPLES

Apple sauce, well made, is a deli-

cious relish, poorly made it is any-

thing but appetizing.

Quarted, stirred and sweetened only, somewhat

broken and tasteless, such is not at-

ready to be eaten.

Umako apple sauce was to cook the

peeled quarters in sweet cider, till

keeping all in shape. It took

half a day to make it, and cider

apple sauce was apparently neces-

sary in every farmer's larder. Apple

buttermilk was also thought much of.

It was made by cooking apples, cider

and sugar all together, for a long

time, till of an even consistency,

and by stirring continually. Its

quality depended upon the amount of

stirring and it had the appearance of

a soft marmalade.

But to the good apple sauce of our

own day, a tart apple is called for,

ripe, yet not too mellow. Pare, slice

and stew with a little water, stir-

ring till of an even smooth con-

sistency, then add a little salt, and

stir to the taste, and keep stirring

thoroughly incorporated and re-

move all over from the fire. It is

ready to eat. This is the "pie crust"

A little nutmeg or lemon flavor is a

matter of taste, and some stir in a

teaspoonful of butter. Sugar

counts for itself if added while

cooking. We have all the effect it

added after the sauce is cooked.

A light and quick apple dumpling

is made in this way. Pare and slice

four mellow, sour apples, add two

quart pint or quart dish, add one

cupful of sugar, a little salt and

several bits of butter. The apples

will have juice enough of their own.

Over these put a stiff butter, made of

coffee cupful of flour, one teaspoonful

of Royal Baking powder, a little

salt, a teaspoonful of butter, and

mix to have the batter laid in one

piece over the apples. Turn over the

crust and cover the pail, and

steam briskly for an hour and a half.

Turn out, upside down, on a platter,

and serve with a hot sauce, flavored

WEARY RAILWAY TRAINS.

"Tired axle" and "fatigued" rails are

terms which are not to be taken too

literally.

Passengers on certain railways no-

ticed to be interested to learn that a

train is coming to a halt, and that

it is a "tired axle" or "fatigued" rails

is a term which is not to be taken too

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PRICELESS GEMS.

They Are Kept Handy So They May Trick-

le Through His Fingers.

The Shah of Persia has more pre-

cious stones than any man in the

world. In his palace at Teheran he

keeps \$10,000,000 worth of them in

a glass jar, and loves to let the

priceless gems trickle through his

fingers.

His crowns and his thrones are mar-

vels of Oriental magnificence. The

Kanjuman crown shaped like a

flower-pot, with the small end open

and the other closed, having at the

top an uncut, flawless ruby as big

as a hen's egg. Two Persian han-

skin caps are adorned with splendid

aigrettes of diamonds, and there are

garlands and belts innumerable cov-

ered with pearls and diamonds, the

most famous being the Kanjuman's, a

quarter of a million each, equal in

value to a million each, equal in

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English Hens Not Laying Well.

Fewer Eggs Than Usual This Year and the

British Farmer is Said to Be at Fault.

The British hen is laying even few-

er eggs than usual at this time of

year. The result is that the average

town householder can scarcely get a

dependable new laid egg to put upon

his breakfast table, even at an ex-

orbitant price.

The annual consumption of eggs in

London in the course of a year is es-

timated at 250,000,000. Great Britain

consumed last year eggs to the value

of \$10,000,000. English farms could

produce all these without the displace-

ment of other agricultural products.











ABOUT LONDON'S BOBBLES.

AN ARMY OF POLICE IN THE WORLD'S METROPOLIS.

Interesting Facts as to Figures Collected from the Yearly Report—How London is Growing.

The report of Sir Edward Bradford, Commissioner of Police, of London, for the year 1899, issued recently, is brimful of interesting facts and figures. There may be some truth in the saying, "See a policeman, see a public house," for of the former there are 15,705 in the metropolis, and of the latter 14,280, which number, if not actually public houses, are, at any rate, all licensed to sell beer, wine or liquor.

It has been found necessary to increase the force by 71 men, but the increase is not put down to the increase of crime, but to the rapid growth of the metropolis. Chicago and other Western States cities have been cited as examples of rapidity of growth, but it is doubtful if any city grows so rapidly as does the world's metropolis.

During the year 1899, 27,381 new houses were built—not to mention 9,000 houses in course of construction on December 31st, 1899. 404 new squares formed, making altogether 87 miles 134 yards of new streets and squares added to London in 1899.

Of the 14,765, comprising the total force, an average of over 500 a day are absent on stop leave, 81 got mixed up with runaway horses and got hurt, and 21 while on point duty directing the traffic, were more or less seriously hurt.

It is a wonder to many that more accidents do not occur. Accidents in the streets during 1899 resulted in 180 persons being killed, and the enormous number of 843 being injured.

MURDERERS AT LARGE.

Of the murders, of which there were 21, the police were unable to connect anyone with four; but only one of the four is considered of a sufficiently extraordinary character to make it worth a reference in the report. It seems that, on a Sunday afternoon in February, Bertha Russ, a child between five and six years of age, disappeared after leaving Sunday school at East Elm. Two weeks after her dead body was found in a cupboard in an unfurnished house in the neighborhood. No bruises or marks of violence were found on any part of her body, the crime appearing to be absolutely without motive, and the hypothesis of suicide was vetoed by the tender age of the child.

During the year about-minded people lost or mislaid 29,511 articles which were afterwards received at the Lost Property Office. Among the articles were 2211 purses, 210 watches and 1,000 pieces of jewellery of various kinds. Nearly 90 per cent. of the articles received were umbrellas, the large number of 17,437 having been lost by their owners or those who borrowed them.

The man with the "sectional jimmy" was busy during the year, but he got more time than money. There were only 447 burglaries committed during the year, averaging about 420 of which about 6 per cent. were recovered.

THE UNFORTUNATES OF LONDON NUMBER THOUSANDS, BUT ONLY 1,450 OF THEM ARE CHASED BY THE POLICE.

The "unfortunates" of London number thousands, but only 1,450 of them are chased by the police. The rest are left to the clutches of the "coppers," and 198 of them managed to escape conviction.

DYSPEPSIA AND HEADACHE.

An elderly lady tells of her cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for a severe case of dyspepsia and headache.

Dyspepsia causes more genuine distress than most diseases that afflict mankind. In this country from one case or another, victims are numbered by the hundreds of thousands, and those afflicted always feel tired, worn out and miserable, and are subject to fits of melancholy or ill temper without apparent cause. It is obvious that the human body, in order to perform its functions, must be properly nourished, and this cannot be done when the food is improperly digested. Those who suffer from indigestion should exercise care as to diet, and only easily digested foods should be taken. But more than this is required—the blood needs attention in order that the stomach may be strengthened, and the secretion of the gastric juices properly carried on. There is no other medicine offered the public that will act so promptly and so surely as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Proof of this is given in the case of Mrs. F. X. Doddridge, St. Sauveur, Que. In conversation with a reporter, Mrs. Doddridge said:—"For quite a number of years I have been a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia, accompanied by the sick headaches that almost invariably come with this trouble. I suffered from terrible pain in the stomach, bloating and belching wind. All food seemed to disagree with me, and as a result of the trouble, I was very much run down, and at times I was unable to do even light housework. I am sure I tried a score of different medicines, but without success, and as I am 60 years of age, I had come to believe that it was hopeless to expect a cure. A friend who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with good results, urged me to try this medicine, and my husband brought home a couple of boxes. Before they were finished, I felt much better, and then we got another half dozen boxes, and these have completely restored my health, and I am not only feeling better than I have done for years, but am actually feeling younger. I very cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to similar sufferers.

If your dealer does not keep these pills, they will be sent postpaid at \$2.00 a box, or six boxes for \$9.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GOLD PRODUCTION.

Australia and California have each averaged a production of \$45,000,000 worth of gold a year, and the maximum production—\$65,000,000—has also been the same. Each country has also almost exactly the same number of mines.

It is the anomaly of a short and troubled life that doing good and suffering ill entitles man to a longer and better—Egan.

Heiress and Wife.

There seems to be something of a mystery here, remarked one of the singers when the trio were alone.

"That child is a bride, she is certainly not a happy one. I do not like to judge a fellow-creature—Heaven forbid—but I am sorely afraid all is not right with her. Twice this afternoon entering the room quietly, I have found her lying face downward on the sofa, crying as if her heart would break. I am sorely puzzled."

"And the flame of suspicion once lighted was not easily extinguished in the hearts of the curious spinsters."

"Won't you tell me your sorrow, my dear?" I said.

"No, no, I dare not," she replied. "Will you not confide in me, Mrs. Stanwick?" I asked.

"She started up wildly, throwing her arms about my neck."

"Then will you answer me truthfully the question I am about to ask you, Daisy, remembering my mother up in heaven hears you?"

"She raised her blue eyes to mine. 'I shall answer truthfully any question you may put to me,' she said. 'It is about yourself, Daisy,' I said gravely. 'Tell me truthfully, child, are you really a wife?'"

"She caught her breath with a hard gasping sound, but her blue eyes met mine unflinchingly."

"Yes, madame, I am, in the sight of God and man, but I am such an unhappy one. I can not tell you why. My heart is breaking. I want to go back to Alameda."

"It is that where you live, Daisy?"

"Yes," she said; "I am going to start to-morrow morning."

"How strange!" echoed the two sisters.

"The strangest part of the affair is yet to come. The little creature drew from her pocket a twenty-dollar bill."

"You have been kind and good to me," she said. "I must take enough to carry me back to Alameda. You shall have all the rest, madame."

"Put your money back into your pocket, Daisy," I replied. "Your loss will be made up to you. I have not time to accept it in advance on the night you came."

"She gave a great start, and a flood of hot color rushed over her face."

"I—I did not know," she said faintly, "how very good Mr. Stanwick has been to me."

"The three sisters looked at one another in a wondering over the things of their apartment and shook their heads ominously."

"Dear reader, we must return at this point to the cottage of the Burton sisters—Rex-whom we left in the company of Phyllis Hurlburt in the spacious parlor of Whitestone Hall."

"Daisy Brooks is at this moment with Lester Stanwick. You must learn to forget her, Rex," she pleaded, slowly.

"A low cry escaped from Rex's lips, and he recoiled from her, as though he had struck her a heavy blow. His heart seemed fairly stifled in his bosom, and he trembled in every limb with repressed excitement."

"Here is a letter from Madame Stanwick," she continued. "Read it for yourself, Rex. You see, she says, 'Daisy fled. It has been since ascertained she went to Elmwood, a station some sixty miles from here, where she now is, in the cottage of the Burton sisters, in company with her lover. I shall not attempt to claim her—her retribution must come from another source.'"

"The words seemed to stand out in letters of fire."

"Oh, my little love," he cried, "there must be some terrible mistake. My God! my God! there must be some terrible mistake—some foul conspiracy against you, my little sweetheart, my darling love!"

"He rose to his feet with a deep-drawn sigh, his teeth shut close, his heart beating with great straining throbs of pain. Strong and brave as Rex was, this trouble was almost more than he could bear."

"Where are you detaining her, Rex?" said Phyllis, taying a detaining hand upon him.

"I am going to Elmwood," he cried, bitterly, "to prove this accusation is a cruel falsehood. Daisy has no lover, she is as sweet and pure as Heaven itself. I was mad to doubt her for a single instant."

"Judge for yourself, Rex—seeing is believing," said Phyllis, maliciously, sending a venomous burning in her flashing eyes, and a cold, cruel smile flitting across her face, while she murmured under her breath: "Go, fond, foolish lover, your foul parasites are not so easily shaken off."

"His heart was too sick for words, and the heavy-hearted young man, who slowly walked down the gravelled path way from Whitestone Hall in the moonlight, was as little like the gay, handsome Rex of one short week ago as could well be imagined."

There was the scent of roses and honeysuckles in the soft wind, and sweet-scented birds awakened from sleep, and fancying it was day swung to and fro amid the green foliage, filling the night with melody. The plying stars shone down upon him from a clear, cloudless heaven, but the still, solemn beauty of the night was lost upon Rex. He regretted—oh so bitterly—that he had

All Japan teas are colored.

SAVANA CEYLON GREEN TEA is pure and uncolored.

are here with Mr. Stanwick's is it not so?"

The sudden weight of sorrow that had fallen upon poor, helpless Daisy seemed to paralyze her very senses. The sunshine seemed blotted out, and the light of heaven to grow dark around her.

"Yes," she cried, despairingly; and it almost seemed to Daisy another voice had spoken with her lips."

"The words died away on her white lips, and she seemed to ask her husband's 'What is the matter with you, Daisy?'"

"Yes," she cried out again, in agony, "but, Rex, I—I—"

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PERSONAL POINTERS.

Interesting Reading About Some of the World's Great People.

The Carizra has the greatest difficulty in speaking his husband's language, and the words come but slowly and laboriously, despite the many lessons given her by the Czar. Privately the Czar and Carizra speak French and English, but their conversation is generally carried on in French.

One of the most interesting personalities in Russia is the famous Father John, who, a hundred years ago, whose piety is so great that he is supposed to have the power of performing miracles. He is devoted to his religious work at Cronstadt, a suburb of the great English travel agency, and he distributes large sums of money entrusted to him by the wealthy Russian nobles among the poor of the neighborhood. It was Father John who was first to graze at the bedside of the late Czar, and he possesses many tokens of Royal favor.

In some personal recollections of the late Prince Christian Victor, the headmaster of a well-known public school points out that he was the first English Prince to go through the ordinary routine of a public school like any other boy. When an applicant to Wellington College it was expressly stipulated that he was to be treated in all ways just as the other boys were, and the experiment was eminently successful. Probably a Prince before him in any civilized country enjoyed such freedom, and he made good use of it.

The oldest duly-qualified physician in the world resides at Carlsbad, in the province of Bohemia, near the town of Carlsbad, M.D., Imperial and Royal Counsellor at the Austrian Court. He was born in 1803, and therefore, is ninety-seven years old. He has been practicing for seventy-one years, and still gives medical advice, but only visits poor people who live in the remote corners of the town and on the hills. The veteran doctor is not known in Carlsbad, but all over the country, is a daily visitor to Carlsbad Theatre, and his mental faculties are as sound as when they were fifty years ago.

In the case of the woman who was Queen of Portugal of a drowning boatman at Cascaes brings to mind the fact that her Majesty already wears a medal awarded her for saving the life of her own child some years ago. The child was drowning in the Tagus, when the mother jumped in and saved its life. Many stories are told of the Queen's courage. She has for all practical purposes, a qualified doctor, although it is not often stated, that she has taken the degree of M.D. She was able, not long ago, to dress the wounds of her own mother who met with an accident in a lonely wood through which she happened to be passing.

When Oom Paul first visited England he was the object of much contempt to his fellow-passengers on board the liner from Cape Town, many of whom were consumed with curiosity when they noticed his absence from the dinner-table for the first three days of his sojourn. It was found that the careful Transvaaler spent the dinner-hour on deck, where he eagerly devoured bilious and biscuits. When asked his reason he replied, "I had no money to foot any expensive eating like you Englishmen." A correspondent who tells the story, and was on board at the time, adds, "You should have been there to see the poor fellow up for lost time when it was explained to him that his passage-money included his meals on board."

Lieutenant Arthur Cole Lowry, R.N., of the "Hull," India, has distinguished himself by an act of great bravery. In the Grecian Archipelago one night he, with other officers of his ship, was seeking for some ship wrecked by a drifting steamer. He was found, but owing to the boisterous weather, it was impossible to take the vessel in tow. The crew embarked in two small boats and tried to reach the wreck, but were all drowned. Lieutenant Lowry then swam to the steamer with a lifebuoy and line. The loss of the line caused the plucky officer to remain on the steamer all night, but in the morning he was rescued with the other survivors. Lieutenant Lowry has a brother in the Navy, and is a son of General Lowry, C.B.

GROWTH OF CANADIAN CITIES.

The following table, showing the population of the Canadian cities in 1881 and 1899, and their estimated population in 1901, is reproduced from the Canadian Magazine for December:

Table with 3 columns: City, 1881, 1899, 1901. Includes Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Vancouver, Winnipeg, etc.

As a result of much confinement within doors, and the consequent lack of fresh air and healthful exercise, most women not only lose much in general vigor, but are liable to suffer more or less from serious bodily derangements, as the result of this, watery blood and exhausted nervous system.

More than nine-tenths of the cases of diseases peculiar to women are directly due to a weakened condition of the nerves, and the best remedy is to thoroughly and judiciously use the Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to form new blood and revitalize the depleted nervous system.

It takes time to build up the system anew, to fill the shrivelled arteries with new, rich blood, to restore the wasted nerve cells and renew the activities of the body organs, but the persistent use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will accomplish these results and bring healthy vigor to the system.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is a tonic and strengthener, and is especially adapted to weak nervous and suffering women. Mrs. Chas. H. Jones, Princeton, N.J., writes:—"For years I have been a great sufferer with my heart and nerves. I would take shaking spells,

and a dizzy, swimming feeling would come over me. Night after night I would never close my eyes, and my head would ache as though it would burst. For years I had been suffering, but, and though my doctor attended me from fall until spring, his medicines did not help me. I have now taken five boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and it has done more good for me than all the other medicines I have used. Words fail to express my gratitude for this remedy. The doctor who treated me about this time said: 'I have never seen a case like yours before. I am sure you are cured.'"

Mrs. Margaret Lord, Tower Hill, N.B., writes:—"Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has done me a world of good. I was so weak that I could not walk twice the length of my street, and I was almost blind. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has completely restored me. I can now walk a mile without any inconvenience. The doctor who treated me and quite fleshy. I do my own housework, and considerable sewing, knitting and reading. I have written Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has proved of inestimable value to me."

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BITS OF INFORMATION.

Eight soldiers are located in Ireland to one in Scotland.

Over a hundred kinds of wine are made in Australia.

The greatest depth of the ocean, as far as sounded, is 25,720 ft.

The annual income from the Monte Carlo gaming-tables reaches over £1,500,000.

Oxford is the greatest University in the world. It has twenty-one colleges and five halls.

The average walking pace of a healthy man or woman is said to be seventy-five steps a minute.

There are fewer than 80,000 English soldiers in India, or about one soldier to every 3,500 natives.

One million eight hundred and fifty thousand square yards of look-glasses are manufactured in England annually.

The idea of indiarubber-soled boots for policemen originated in Belgium, where the force was supplied with fuses, whose anything worth more than a shilling was taken. There were 220 of these at that time for which double sentences could be passed.

Sir Samuel Romilly, who devoted himself by pamphlet and parliamentary agitation to the amelioration of the criminal law, succeeded after great difficulty in getting pocket-picking removed from the list. Very little more than 100 years ago a man was hanged for committing the quality of the provisions. Seventy men on board the Nautilus, in Portsmouth Harbor, set out for London to try their complaint as to the provisions before the Lords of the Admiralty. Fifteen of them procured a patent, and were ordered to be put in irons and carried back to Portsmouth to be tried by court-martial for mutiny. They were all sentenced to death, and one was actually hung, the sentences on the other fourteen being remitted. In the sixteenth century death sentences could be passed for malicious tearing or defacing the garments of any person, breaking a bank of a fishpond, or cutting down a tree in an orchard.

There was nothing so enjoyed so much as the pleasant afternoon tea. And why? Because it supplies the pure product, GREEN OR BLACK, of Ceylon and India. See the honours conferred upon this tea, and you will be convinced. Hear her dilate on the pleasant time she had when last she visited the country.

In 1881 a compulsory national workman's insurance law was passed, which provided for sickness. It was shortly afterwards followed by an enactment providing for the needs of working people in case of accident.

There is more Catechu in this section of the country than all other districts put together. It is used for medicinal purposes, and is a valuable article of commerce. It is used in the preparation of various medicines, and is also used in the preparation of various dyes. It is used in the preparation of various perfumes, and is also used in the preparation of various cosmetics.

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