

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

BORN.

ROSE—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rose, a daughter.

DIED.

KERSHAW—At the Methodist parsonage, Kershaw, on Sunday, Nov. 10, 1901, Nellie, youngest daughter of Rev. E. Kershaw, in the 22nd year of her age.

LAUGHTON—At "Maple-Lo," Bothwell, on Nov. 10, 1901, after a lingering illness, William Laughton, aged 71.

Funeral on Tuesday, Nov. 12, at 2 o'clock. Omit flowers.

BROOKS—In this city, on Monday, Nov. 11, 1901, James S. infant son of Robert and Martha Brooks, aged 2 months and 15 days.

Funeral private, Wednesday, from the family residence, 127 Hamilton road.

ROSE—In this city, on Monday, Nov. 11, 1901, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rose.

JOHNSON—On Nov. 12, 1901, at the residence of her mother, 95 Elmwood avenue, South London, Margaret Dickson Johnson, eldest child of Mrs. and the late H. A. Johnson, aged 21 years.

Funeral private.

HANBURY—At the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. James Morgan, on Nov. 12, 1901, Mrs. Mary Hanbury, aged 81 years.

Services at her late residence, 709 King street, this Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Friends will kindly accept this intimation. Interment will take place Wednesday afternoon at Penn Yan, New York State.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.
Advertisements under this heading 10c per line, or 3c per word each insertion.

NEW GRAND EVENING
The Fadettes

Ladies' Orchestra.
Second number in Metropolitan Course. Regular admission, 50c, 35c and 25c.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 14.
The latest Broadway Fads.

The House That Jack Built

Exceptional cast. Clever specialties.
75c, 50c, 25c. Seats on sale.

ALICE CALDER, CALDER-SOLOIST.
First Methodist Church. Voice culture. 254 Queen's avenue.

THE ENGLISH NOVEL, ITS DEVELOPMENT, history, etc., with illustrations, readings by Dr. T. F. Ward, at the Western University, each Thursday afternoon, at 2:30, throughout the college year.

CHRISTMAS EXCURSIONS TO THE Old Country. Sailings from St. John and Halifax: Parisian, Nov. 22; Ionian (new), Nov. 29; Protean (new), Dec. 7; Tunisian, Dec. 14. F. B. Clarke, agent, Allan Line, Richmond street, at Advertiser.

DANCING-NEW TERM FOR BEGINNERS opens week Nov. 4, Gentlemen, Mondays; ladies, Tuesdays, 8 o'clock. Register tonight. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING by R. B. Millard, 245 Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching. Low rates. Lessons any hour.

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF LADIES DESIROUS of forming a branch of the Daughters of the Empire will be held in the committee room of the City Hall, on Wednesday, Nov. 12, at 5 p.m.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 30, A. F. and A. M. G. R. C. A regular communication of above lodge will be held this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30, in Sherwood Hall. Visitors welcome. O. E. W. W. M. M. D. Dawson, Secretary.

MYRTLE LODGE, K. OF P.—MEETING tonight, Albion block, Richmond street. Degrees. C. G. Ellis, C. C.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

1c per word first insertion and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED; with references. Albion Hotel, 137 Dundas street.

WANTED—A SERVANT. APPLY IN the evening. Mrs. McLaren, 133 Queen's avenue.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. APPLY Reid Hotel, 205 Dundas street.

WANTED TODAY—2 GIRLS, \$2 to \$3 per week, housework, also agents, male and female. Lockhart, 442 Park avenue. Phone 944.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED for general housework. Apply Mrs. Samuel Stevely, 406 King street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY TO READ aloud in afternoons. Apply 21 Queen's avenue.

GIRLS WANTED. APPLY D. S. PERRIN & CO. 21st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG man with four years' experience in general store. Apply Box 22, Advertiser's office.

OUR PRIDE—

A PLEASED CUSTOMER

There are scores of them in this city.

That which makes the Nordheimer worth more than other pianos is not the extra amount of fancy work on the case or some of interior construction, but the simple fact that it is a more perfect musical instrument and being such will give better satisfaction to the purchaser.

The Nordheimer Piano & Music Co., Limited.
188 Dundas Street.
61 Years Established.

1901 and 1902
New York, Paris and
London Fashions

In "Hagar" and "Invictus" Men's Box Calf, Patent Leather Enamel Box, and Kid Box Leathers.

THE ONLY GENUINE.
"INVICTUS" SHOES. \$3.50
Geo. A. Slater, Maker.

"HAGAR" BOOTS. \$4.00
J. & T. Bell's Special Make.

The J. & T. Bell's exhibit of "Hagar" Footwear at Glasgow, Scotland, was amongst the first in the world in capturing the highest awards, which is a proud boast for our Canadian artisans.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY
POCOCK BROS.

MALE HELP WANTED.
BOY WANTED IMMEDIATELY. APPLY John Mills' Book Store.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE. APPLY J. Armour, 609 Dundas street.

BOY WANTED TO DRIVE WAGON. 474 Dundas street.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE BOY, age about 15 years, for wholesale warehouse; must be quick at figures. Apply by letter, in care of P. O. Drawer 556, city.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE YOUNG men and a couple of boys. Apply to Ontario Spring Bed and Mattress Company, 90 York street.

CARPENTERS WANTED. APPLY 35 Bruce street. A. A. Lind.

WANTED—SMALL BOY TO DRIVE delivery wagon; familiar with city; immediately. Apply Box 21, office. b

DO YOU WRITE ADS?—SEND ADDRESS today on your business stationery for invaluable information free. Harper Syndicate, Columbus, Ohio. 23t-wt-y

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER. 219 Dundas street.

BOYS WANTED. APPLY D. S. PERRIN & CO. 21st.

MEN WANTED TO SELL THE EXPANSIVE Tree Protector; cheap, durable and quick seller. Everyone owning fruit or ornamental trees requires these Protectors. A good position is always open to active men to sell our high-grade nursery stock. Salary or commission paid weekly. Stone & Wellington, Toronto. 18m

TEACHERS WANTED.
WANTED—MALE TEACHER FOR S. S. School, for 1902. State salary and conditions. Apply J. J. McCullum, Gladstone, Ont. 24-t-y-bw

BUTCHER BUSINESS ON CENTRAL corner; good trade; small capital; investigate quick. Grocery store, dwelling and site; all stock, fixtures, and business; would rent for term. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—ABOUT 25 LEICESTER sheep, male and female, registered. Apply George B. Laidlaw, Wilton Grove, Ont. 24c

FOR SALE—SQUARE BASEBURNER. \$8; also wood cook stove, 1,025 Laura street, East London. 24c

FOR SALE—TWENTY TWO-YEAR-OLD steers and heifers. Apply to W. T. West, Sarnia gravel road, near West London. 25t

WE HAVE A FEW DOZEN GOLD fountain pens left. Will close them out at less than half price, at 45c, 35c, 25c and 15c. H. Henderson & Co., 47 Park avenue. 14m

\$1.30 WOOD—FOR TWO WEEKS WE will sell a load of dry mixed sawmill wood, all kinds of oak, maple, birch and wood at the lowest cash prices. Green & Co., William street and G. T. R. Phone 1,391.

\$1.00 WHEEL CLEANED, INSURED, a storehouse, a dry warm place for the winter. J. H. Cunningham, 604 Dundas street.

FOR SALE—LEVER PAPER CUTTER. 15 inch. Haldane, Strathroy, Ont. 15a

STOVES—STOVES—STOVES—WE HAVE a large stock of stoves, comprising coal burners, hot blast and St. Lewis upright. Very cheap, at Keene's, 141 King street.

SNAP—GOOD FIRST. ROSEWOOD and screw press, circular saws and belt. Apply corner Huron and William streets. 20c-35c

LOOK AT OUR PRICES—Siriou, 10c. Best stock butter, 15c. At Park's, corner Market Lane. 14t

FRESH SAUSAGE, 10c PER POUND; headcheese, 3 lbs for 25c; shoulders, 10c per lb. Hams and bacon and fresh lard at Park's old stand, Market House. 14t

THREE CANS SALMON, 25 CENTS; 3 lbs rice, 25c; peaches, 15c can; Gold Seal Baking Powder, 15c. Give us a call and save our coupons for beautiful presents, at R. A. Ross', corner York and Thames streets. 14t

BICYCLES STORED, CLEANED and repaired at lowest prices. D. McKenzie, 141 King street.

CURTAIN STRETCHERS, \$1.25; EXTENSION ladders, 20c each; a lot of best on earth. For placing store windows, repairing, etc. The Wagonway Ladder Company, Limited, corner York and Colborne streets.

HIGH-CLASS PEDIGREE COLLIE dogs. Kind, intelligent and teachable. Price low. Write W. Farmer, No. 6 Nelson street, or at the Soap Works. 12t

THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR that makes the people look for the best wood at the best prices. Ring up 3,332 and ask them about their different kinds of wood. D. H. Gillies & Co., 675 Bathurst street.

ROMAN AND LANT NOUVEAU Chairs (the New Art Chairs); cost you \$7 elsewhere. For \$5 at Keene Bros.

BARGAINS AT ALFRED T. PARISH'S store in square and round baseburners and cook stoves. A large assortment of small coal and wood heaters. Mattresses, springs, bedroom suites and all household furniture taken in exchange for new, or sold cheap for cash. Parikh, 267 Talbot street, three doors south of King.

AGENTS WANTED.

A DAY SURE—SEND US YOUR address and we will show you how to make \$3 a day, absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you how to work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully. Remember we guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; don't fail to write today. Imperial Silverware Company, Box 504, Windsor, Ont. 14t

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TEA, etc. Apply 222-224 Clarence street, city. 14t

HELP WANTED.

BOYS AND GIRLS—MAKE MONEY for Christmas selling "The Big Premium Budget." Sample and terms, 10 cents. Capital Supply Company, 90 Stewart street, Ottawa. 25c-wt

STRIPPERS WANTED QUICK! Highest wages. Brener Bros., 184-190 Huron street. 10-11

WANTED.

WANTED—TWO HORSES, 5 TO 7 years old, for delivery; if hands, weight about 1,300 to 1,500 pounds; must be cheap. Call with horses from 11 to 1 o'clock. Johnston Bros., 232 1/2 King street. 21t

COME AND SEE OUR NATURAL Pompadours. They are perfect. Combing wanted. Miller's Hair Store, 22 Dundas street. 24c

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET—COMFORTABLE HOUSE, 136 Mill street; gas, plate and leaded glass. Key, 226 Hyman street. 24c

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—Briele cottage in South London; six rooms, clothes closets, good cellar; hard and soft water. Write W. A. Advertiser office, for information. 26a-wt

BRICK HOUSE TO LET ON FRANCIS street; seven rooms. Would sell at a bargain. Apply James Moran, 551 Dundas street. 24c

TO LET—HOUSE WITH 9 ROOMS, and barn, in good repair, on Ridout street. Inquire T. Tambling, 200 Ridout street, South London. 25t-wt

TWO-STORY HOUSE ON TALBOT street, near Horton, rent moderate. Apply 93 Horton street. 12t

STORE WITH VAULT TO LET IN Albion Buildings; immediate possession. Apply to T. J. Carling or H. C. Colefield, in building. 24t

BRICK RESIDENCE, 108 FORWARD avenue, all modern conveniences; good stable and carriage house; large garden; city water. Low water. Call on agent. Apply Daily's call office. 93t

TO LET—NO. 57 YORK STREET; large 2-story brick; 10 rooms; all modern conveniences; brick stable. Possession at once. Joseph Smith, 233 Dundas street. 93t

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN—Furniture carefully handled. John Bigler, Catharine and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. Phone 312.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BAY MARE, 4 YEARS OLD. Any person having information leading to her recovery will be rewarded at this office. 26c

LOST—LARGE RED POCKETBOOK, near White Oak, containing sum of money. Finder will be liberally rewarded on returning to this office. 26a

LOST—ON RICHMOND STREET, NEAR Dundas street, Monday evening, a young couple's spangle dog. Finder rewarded. J. P. Moore, barrister. 14t

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room to rent. No. 3 Seale's Terrace, York street. 25c

GENTLEMEN CAN HAVE FURNISHED rooms, with or without board; all modern conveniences; terms moderate. 415 Dundas street. 21t

PARCEL DELIVERY.

C. P. E.—CITY PARCEL EXPRESS—Trunks, suitcases, parcels, called for and promptly delivered. Phone 1,255. Office, No. 2 Masonic Temple. C. H. Anderson.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STAMPS—CURRENT CANADA, OLD collections, revenues, bought and sold. Adams, 401 Yonge street, Toronto. 14t

F. B. LEVY—OFFICES AT MASONIC Temple, first floor and London Hat and Mantle Manufacturing Company, 353-361 Clarence. 14t

BUSINESS CARDS.

WM. HODGSON, HOUSE PAINTER, paperhanger, decorator, contractor, etc. 410 Horton street. Orders promptly attended to. Estimates free. Patronage kindly solicited. Estimates free.

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 34 Hamilton road. Phone 1,251.

REAL ESTATE.

1c per word first insertion, and 1/2c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS, NEAR New Normal School. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Apply 275 Ridout street. 14t

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—TWO-STORY brick residence of Francis Love, 34 Hope street, rear of Princess avenue school; gas, furnace, etc. Francis Love, police magistrate.

FARM FOR SALE—NEAR STRATHROY—75 acres. Good buildings and water. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy, Ont.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL—LADIES teaching instruction, call or write for particulars. Lessons daily. Hours, 2:30 to 3:30 p.m. 223 1/2 Dundas street, London.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 33 of Chapter 123, R. S. O., 1897, creditors and all other persons having claims against the estate of Charles Jackson, late of the Township of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, deceased (who died on or about the twentieth day of October, 1901), are required on or before the fourth day of November next, to file their claims to Macbeth & Macpherson, of 57 Dundas street, London, Ontario, for the executors of the will of the said Charles Jackson, deceased.

After the said fourteenth day of December, 1901, the said executors will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which they then have notice, and will not be responsible for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person whose claims they have not then notice.

Dated this 11th day of November, A.D. 1901.
MACBETH & MACPHERSON, Clerk of the City of London.

IT MEANS DEATH!

Boers Must Not Wear British Uniforms—
An Order From Kitchener.

London, Nov. 12.—Dispatches to the Daily Mail announce that the Cape Town guard has again been called out and that Lord Kitchener has issued an order directing that all Boers captured in British uniforms are to be shot.

The Daily Mail gives today another alleged peace scheme which Mr. Kruger is said to be willing to conclude. This will be on the basis of granting autonomy to the two republics under a convention, guaranteed by France and Russia in exchange for cession to Great Britain of the Rand district and the gold fields, which should be regarded as the total Boer indemnity.

This explains Col. Goringe's summary action, which was reported some days ago and sharply criticised in some quarters.

CAPE TOWN GUARD CALLED OUT.
Another interesting item of war news comes from Cape Town. The guard there has been again called out for duty. This intelligence may point to the reappearance of Commandant Maritz in the Malmesbury district, with the intention of seizing remnants in the great depots near that town. When last he visited the locality he carried off 400 horses and a large number of cattle, though no mention of the

capture reached England through the usual sources.

BOER PLAN OF WARFARE.
Bloemfontein, Nov. 12.—Small bands of Boers have been operating lately in the country about Winburg and Thaba P'Chu. When the British attack a particular detachment all the others are quickly informed. They then close in in an attempt to surround the British. If they do not succeed in this, they snipe the British as they are returning to camp.

Seventeen prisoners arrived here today bound for Greenpoint. They were a healthy-looking lot, while those who have been captured recently arrived in a wretched condition.

NOTHING IN IT.
London, Nov. 11.—The story circulated in the United States by a news agency today, under an American date, purporting to give the peace terms which the Boers are willing to accept, and alleging that they are to be embodied in a formal document for circulation among the powers, was seemingly started in an English provincial paper, and is denied by the Boer delegates at The Hague.

A dispatch from The Hague says: "The administrative council of the arbitration tribunal, will meet to decide upon the formal document of the Boers against the ruling that the war in South Africa is not subject to the court's consideration."

London, Nov. 11.—Lord Kitchener reports that in the recent fight at Brakenlaage an addition to the 233 casualties already reported, must be made. The British lost twelve killed and thirty-two wounded.

OLD LONDON
IS GROWING!Salisbury's Optimistic Talk Fails to Allay Discontent—
The Famous Kohinoor To Be Worn by Queen
Alexandra at the King's Coronation.

London, Nov. 12.—Lord Salisbury's speech has disappointed the street, where many interests are suffering from lack of business. Optimism is considered the vagary of an absent-minded statesman when consols are where they are.

In an editorial on the speech of Salisbury at Guildhall banquet Saturday, the Times says the premier must know that Britain went to war in South Africa very imperfectly equipped with knowledge. The Times concludes by suggesting that the nation should be told exactly what the rate of progress in South Africa is.

The Brussels correspondent of the Times says the Belgian press declares Salisbury's speech unduly optimistic and intentionally to be a throw dust in the eyes of his audience.

Most of the unionist papers endeavor to extract consolation out of Salisbury's speech and are being avowedly disappointed by the details of the war.

Their soldierly work in the field and good housekeeping has called forth his highest appreciation.

ALL NOW SERENE.
Paris, Nov. 12.—President Loubet has issued the cabinet council today. The foreign minister, M. Delcasse, announced that he had notified the porte that diplomatic relations between France and Turkey had been resumed, and that Admiral Caillaud's squadron had left the Island of Mitylene.

THE TRICOLOR AT CONSTANTINOPLE.
Constantinople, Nov. 11.—The French flag waves today above the French Embassy in Constantinople for the first time since Aug. 26. M. Bapst, councillor of the embassy, has called upon the Ottoman minister of foreign affairs, Tadjik Pasha, thus formally renewing the diplomatic relations between France and Turkey.

MISS STONE.
Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 12.—From another letter received from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary, it appears that she is enduring the trials of her hard experience with fortitude, forgetting herself in her anxiety for her companion, Mme. Stone. Miss Stone does not dare to complain of the treatment to which they are subjected, but she finds the confinement irksome, and the weather extremely trying. The tone of the latest letter received from her is hopeful. The brigands, by waylaying the letters, places in Macedonia, and delaying their delivery, seek to create the appearance of being far distant.

The Bulgarian Government continues to interfere in the negotiations, with the object of forcing a transference of them across the frontier.

STEEL AND COKE WORKS CLOSED.
London, Nov. 12.—The Sunday Sun says that one of Sir Christopher Furness' bubbles has burst. The Wearside Steel, Coal and Coke Company (limited) has closed its works, as the directors cannot see their way to expend money to bring the works up-to-date, and adds: "There is nothing like floating an iron company on top of an iron boom."

CABLE NOTES.
Jules Verne is in Amiens, France, finishing his ninety-ninth story. He is not blind, but suffers from a cataract. Elections went the way the government desired in Barcelona, Spain, but were marked by riots in which one person was killed and forty were hurt.

VOTERS' LIST, 1901.—MUNICIPALITY of the City of London, County of Middlesex: Notice is hereby given that I have received the names of the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the Ontario Voters' Act, 1900, as registered in the revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list is first posted up at my office, at the City Hall, in the City of London, on the 5th day of November, 1901, and remains there for inspection. Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and, if any omissions or any errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law. Dated the 5th day of November, 1901. C. A. KINGSTON, Clerk of the City of London.

THREE MINERS
ROASTED ALIVE.In the Iron Cage of Lapelle
Iron Works.Employe in Electric Works Meets Instant Death at Blyth, Ont.—
Other Casualties.

Steubenville, Ohio, Nov. 12.—Three lives were lost at the Lapelle Iron Works mine yesterday. The mine, after being flooded for years, was being reopened. Just as James Robertson, Edward Simpson and Wm. Vandine were let down the shaft today there was an explosion of gas or fire damp. When the flash came up the shaft the engineer raised the cage through the flames, and in it were the bodies of Robertson and Simpson. An effort is being made to recover the body of Vandine.

INSTANTLY KILLED.
Blyth, Ont., Nov. 12.—Mr. Dennis, an employe in the electric works at Auburn, Ont., was killed instantly last night. It is not known definitely how it happened, but it is supposed he took hold of the brass switch on the handles of the switch board by mistake.

BURNED TO DEATH.
Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 12.—Bertie Conn, aged four, was burned to death at Douglas, Man. His clothes caught fire from matches with which he was playing.

GOT IT IN THE NECK.
Detroit, Nov. 12.—David Turner, an eight-year-old boy living at 163 Franklin street, found a twenty-two-caliber cartridge. He pounced it between two stones, and got it in the neck when it went off. Boy's ambulance took him to St. Mary's hospital, where the ball was removed, and the surgeons say that while he is badly wounded, he has a chance to live.

BEATEN WITH A BAT.
New York, Nov. 12.—Because he did not have the money to pay for a meal

home, the only direct heir to \$25,000, left by his brother, recently deceased.

Mr. J. P. Whitney, K. C., will address meetings of Conservatives at Ridgeway, East Cent. on Thursday, Nov. 21, and at Galt, South Waterloo, on the following day, Friday, Nov. 22. At the Ridgeway meeting the Conservatives will nominate a candidate for the legislature.

At a conference of officers of the Mormon Church, the action of the council of apostles in the selection of Joseph F. Smith as president of the church, in succession to the late Lorenzo Snow, was sustained. The conference ratified the selection of Joseph F. Smith, John R. Winder and Anton H. Lund as members of the first presidency.

David Lewis, the colored porter who was convicted on Saturday at Toronto of criminal assault upon Louise Lebar, a 17-year-old girl, was sentenced to 90 days in prison by Chief Justice Ferguson.

The hanging had once been the penalty for this offence, and the law was still on the statute books in Ontario, a question whether this punishment might not again be resorted to.

Canada Stands Well

Should Take Advantage of the Good Impression She Has Created in Various Parts of the Empire

Toronto, Nov. 12.—J. C. Fraser, of Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, South Africa, who is here on his first visit to Canada, is here on his first visit to Canada.

"Canada needs," he said, "to follow up the good impression it has created in other parts of the empire, through its action in the war, to well advertise itself and its wonderful resources."

He said that the British flag over the world is a great help to Canada, and that the Transvaal independence after Sir Garnet Wolseley had asserted in Pretoria that so long as the "sun shone" would the British flag float over that country. The lesson of the war is that no such restitution can be made again.

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ENGLISH LODGE HOLDS BANQUET.

Members of Beresford Spend a Pleasant Evening.

The District Deputy Outlines the Achievements of the Order, Quoting Interesting Figures.

Beresford Lodge, No. 209, Sons of England, held its first annual banquet at the Richmond House last night. The lodge is the youngest of those in the city, but the success of its first banquet proved its strength. When it started it had only 25 members, and if all who are now on the roll had been present last night, there would have been 84 around the board. As it was, about 60 sat down to the banquet, which proved to be a very enjoyable affair.

Mr. E. T. Essery, past president of Piccadilly Lodge, was toastmaster, and introduced a number of toasts which were honored enthusiastically and elicited able responses. He himself spoke in reply to the toast to "The King," and Bro. Job Cook to "The Army, Navy and Volunteers," which was received by the singing of "The Soldiers of the Queen."

In replying to the toast, "The Grand Lodge," District Deputy A. Flavin gave a review of the order, which has been in existence for 25 years. He referred to it as being a national, patriotic and benefit organization. It extended from Halifax to Vancouver, and included lodges in Newfoundland, South Africa, New Zealand and Australia, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Canada. No less than \$500,000 had been paid out for sick benefits, medicine and doctors; \$125,000 in funeral benefits and \$250,000 in beneficiary claims. Twelve thousand and seventy dollars had been paid so far this year in funeral benefits. The district deputy said that in Canada 259 lodges are located, with a membership of between fifteen and sixteen thousand men.

"The Sister Societies" was responded to by Messrs. S. H. Wood, of the Orange Order; A. Butler, of the A. O. F. H. Powell, of the I. O. O. F., and George Slade, of the C. O. O. F., and Mr. Wilmett replied to the toast, "The Ladies."

During the evening solos were given by Bros. Blackwell, Stratford, Butler, Brazier, and a whistling solo by Mr. S. Woods. A number of phonograph selections also were given by Mr. Wilmett.

The committee who had charge of the banquet consisted of Messrs. A. Flavin (chairman), F. Barker (secretary), T. Cole, H. Powell, W. Brimblecombe, G. Tapp, T. Saunby and J. Bone.

Among those present were E. T. Essery (chairman), A. Flavin, P. T. Essery, H. Winget, P. P. F. G. Blackwell, S. H. Woods, G. Rogers, Alf Butler, H. Powell, M. Smith, Fred Barker, Jas. Clark, G. Seale, Art. Drazier, J. Clark, Thos. Brazier, Jas. Dixon, M. Williams, J. Fordham, G. Watts, B. Slade, P. P. G. Saunby, E. Blinckhorn, G. A. Fayer, T. Owens, A. Holmes, G. Currier, L. Brown, T. Twitche, G. Leslie, Thos. Jack, M. J. Sutherland, Chas. Woodward, Job Cook, P. D. D. Thos. Cole, P. P. G. Slisely, George Harvey and Wm. Brimblecombe, P. P.

SMASHUP ON GRAND TRUNK.
Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 12.—At an early hour yesterday there was a piling up of loaded freight cars on the London division of the Grand Trunk, west of the junction cut, caused by a broken wheel. The train, which was on its way from Port Huron to Montreal, coming down the grade from Dundas a wheel on one of the cars went wrong and eight of the cars left the track and were piled up in a heap. The wrecking train from Hamilton cleared the line. No one was hurt.

MUSIC AND DRAMA The Mitcheltee Recital.

Seldom has a more representatively cultured audience gathered in the Auditorium than last night filled the cosy building to the entrances, the occasion being the piano recital given by Mr. Thomas Mitcheltee, the blind organist of the Church of St. John the Evangelist. Even the disagreeable evening had no appreciable effect on the attendance. His recital was a thoroughly appreciative one, and neither Mr. Mitcheltee nor the assisting artists had reason to complain of lack of warmth in the reception given them.

While Mr. Mitcheltee is known as one of London's cleverest musicians, probably the public never realized till last night the capabilities of his art. He astonished and delighted his audience alike by his execution of difficult numbers by eminent composers and by the beauties of his own two original compositions. Each of his numbers elicited generous applause, and three times he was compelled to respond to determined encores. His most effective number was probably Schubert-Liszt's "Erl King." His own compositions, the Gavotte in A major, and the Waltz Romantic in E major, were rewarded with an encore, and the Paganini-Schumann Capriccio was equally well received.

Miss F. M. Harvey, a talented young Toronto violinist, who has studied under Ovide Musin, the great Belgian artist, made her first appearance before a London audience. She completely captivated her audience, and inspired the fervent hope that she may visit this city on many subsequent occasions. In response to the hearty applause, Miss Harvey supplemented her second number with Rief's Introduction and Gavotte.

Miss M. Maclellan, of Hamilton, has appeared so frequently in local musical events that she is almost as well and favorably known in London as she is in her own city. Her beautiful voice showed to excellent advantage in the numbers she selected, some of them being new to local music-lovers. Two encores were demanded and rendered, they being Neidlinger's "Serenade and John's "I Cannot Help Loving Thee."

Both Mrs. Maclellan and Miss Harvey responded to the hearty applause of beautiful floral tributes, the former receiving a gorgeous bunch of chrysanthemums and the latter getting roses and chrysanthemums.

Miss Harvey's accompanist was Miss Minnie Raymond, while Mr. W. H. Hewlett performed as like duty for Mrs. Maclellan. The work of both was such as to satisfy the most exacting of artists.

The programme in full was:
(a) Adieu to Piano.....Mozart
(b) Hunting Song.....Mendelssohn
(c) "Leave Me Not".....Mozart
(d) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(e) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(f) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(g) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(h) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(i) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(j) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(k) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(l) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(m) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(n) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(o) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(p) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(q) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(r) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(s) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(t) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(u) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(v) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(w) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(x) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn
(y) "The River and the Sea".....Mendelssohn
(z) "The Violin".....Mendelssohn

**METROPOLITAN COURSE TO-
NIGHT.**
This evening, at the New Grand, the Fadettes Ladies' Orchestra of Boston, comprising some 24 artists, will furnish the second number of the Metropolitan Society's Sunday afternoon course to World said, concerning their Toronto engagement: "An effective orchestra of ladies—the Fadettes of Boston—will play what was undertaken, and the whole programme gave very great satisfaction to all present. The solo violinist was a most finished and excellent player, and the orchestra was unanimously applauded. With good, clear resonant and sympathetic tone and

the requisite technical skill she commanded success."

"THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT."
George H. Broadhurst's fount of humor seems inexhaustible in "The House That Jack Built," his latest musical production now in the heyday of success, and which will be seen at the New Grand for the first time on Thursday night next. Fortunately for the success of the production he has provided a cast of merit, including such famous as George H. Summers, St. George Hussey, C. F. Lorrain, Lenore Lockwood, H. Cameron, May Courtney, Mildred Keith, D. W. Siegrist, and a number of others, each of whom, in addition to their acting abilities, are clever vaudeville artists.

"HUMAN HEARTS."
There is no decrease manifested in the interest in "Human Hearts," the popular melodramatic production, which has been seen and applauded by thousands of theatre-goers every season for 5 years. Built on a foundation of life as it is in a Southern country and Great New York, it possesses a double charm. The simple home life of a young blacksmith, who becomes a victim of an alluring and handsome and convenient male "pal," is portrayed with great fidelity. It is no

The Right Thing

AN atarrh Cure Which Is Rapidly Coming to the Front.

For several years, Eucalyptol Gualacol and Histamine have been recognized as standard remedies for catarrhal troubles, but they have always been given separately, and only very



recently an ingenious chemist succeeded in combining them, together with other antiseptics into a pleasant, effective tablet.

Druggists sell the remedy under the name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and it has met with remarkable success in the cure of nasal catarrh, bronchial and throat catarrh and in catarrh of the stomach.

Mr. F. N. Benton, whose address is care of Clark House, Troy, N. Y., says: "When I run up against anything that is good I like to tell people of it. I have been troubled with catarrh of the nose and throat for some time. Last winter more than ever. Tried several so-called cures, but did not get any benefit from them. About six weeks ago I bought a 50c box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and am glad to say that they have done wonders for me, and I do not hesitate to let all my friends know that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are the right thing."

Mr. Geo. J. Casanova, of Hotel Grifon, West Ninth street, New York city, writes: "I have commenced using Stuart's Tablets, and already they have given me better results than any catarrh cure I have ever tried." A leading physician of Pittsburgh advises the use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in preference to any other treatment for catarrh of the head, throat or stomach.

He claims they are far superior to inhalers, salves, lotions, or powder, and are much more convenient and pleasant to take, and are so harmless that little children take them with benefit, as they contain no opiate, cocaine or any poisonous drugs.

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ONTARIO AT THE PAN.
Toronto, Nov. 12.—The result of the judging in the horticulture department at the Pan-American, which was held by the department of agriculture today, constituted a victory for Ontario over all others. No less than 20 gold medals, 22 silver medals, 38 bronze medals and 80 honorable mentions came to Ontario. Some of the notable victories were got on honey, on wines, two on cold storage apples of 1900 taken out on Aug. 21, 1901, 70 per cent sound; also silver medal for installation of exhibit, a similar medal being awarded to California. It is notable that Florida, California, Delaware and other fruit producing states stand away down in the list in the total awards when compared with Ontario.

exaggerated picture, but a mirror-like portrayal of what human nature really is. The play possesses the charm of a romance, comedy, pathos and all the elements of success. It will be seen at the new Grand next Saturday matinee and evening.

ELECTRICITY HAS NO TERRORS FOR JUMBO II.

The Application of 2,200 Volts Only Tickles the Tough Old Pachyderm.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Harnessed with electrodes and other apparatus, Jumbo II. stood in the middle of the Stadium at the exposition grounds, at sundown on Friday, and gave the world a practical demonstration that an elephant can take 2,200 volts of electricity with apparent unconcern.

When the switch that was supposed to turn a flood of electricity into the elephant's body was turned on, Jumbo II. himself merely threw a trunkful of dirt over his back and refused to die. If the electric current reached his nerves at all, he did not express a bit of annoyance.

Electric wires had been run from the exposition power house to what was to be Jumbo's death platform, and when the signal was given two volts were turned on. It merely tickled the beast. After a few more attempts to kill him, Jumbo was unhitched from his harness and taken back to his home in the Midway.

Explanations made by the electricians for the failure were that Jumbo's hide had a resistance of rubber, and that this formed a non-conductor, impervious to electricity. Others declare that if it is 1,300 volts that it would be necessary to take more than 2,200 volts to kill an elephant.

RUNNING DOWN WHALES

Collisions Between Them and Ships of Frequent Occurrence.

The coast of southern California is protected, to a certain extent, by the islands off shore. The group begins at Santa Barbara with San Miguel; then comes Santa Rosa, Santa Cruz, Anacapa, and farther out to sea, thirty miles, San Nicolas. The next following south are Santa Barbara, Santa Catalina, San Clement, and then with a break of seventy miles the Coronados. These islands are almost parallel to the coast range and constitute virtually an out-to-sea coast range of mountains, which, in all probability, were thrust up at the time the coast was being raised, leaving a deep depression between them and the mainland.

This region of extremely deep waters is a famous roadway for whales, several of which are found here feeding upon the vast shoals of jelly fishes, which are nearly always present. The whale most common is the California gray, which goes every year to the shadows of the Gulf of California to give birth to its young, then moving north along the California coast in that is virtually a great procession. At the time the coast is being raised, the whales, far from being wild or timid, sometimes evince a playful mood, or, incited by curiosity, come near the shore, and are so harmless that little children take them with benefit, as they contain no opiate, cocaine or any poisonous drugs.

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TEMPERATURES OF ICE

They Vary Below 32-Degrees Just as Other Things Do.

One day the college professor asked us whether ice was milder. Now, to most of us, ice was ice, and therefore we could not see how it could remain ice and be either colder or warmer. Then the professor explained the thing in this fashion: "If a thermometer is buried in ice in summer it will indicate 32 degrees. If you throw a piece of ice into boiling water and leave it there until it is almost gone, which is left will still be at 32 degrees. Ice can never be gotten above that temperature."

But while the ice can never be warmer above 32 degrees, it will go as much below that as the weather does. An ice man delivering ice one zero day in January was asked whether his ice was any colder than in July. He thought not. But as a matter of fact a piece of summer ice, if he had had it, would have been something of a foot warmer for him, as it would have been 23 degrees warmer than the air of the bottom of his wagon.

Mixing salt with ice makes it much cooler. The ice in a wine cooler goes down to about zero. This is why the point zero on our common thermometers was fixed where it was. It was supposed to be the lowest point which could be reached by artificial means. Since then we have reached about 383 degrees below zero by chemical processes.

"Ice will cool down with everything else on a cold night to zero or below. What should prevent it? On a day when it is just freezing a block of iron, a block of ice, outdoors, will stay at 32 degrees. If the weather grows warmer the iron will warm up with the weather, but the ice will stay at 32 degrees and melt away. But if the weather grows colder the iron and ice will cool off, too, and one just as much as the other."

"As the ice grows colder it gets harder and more brittle. There can be no hickory bend on a skating pond on a zero day, for ice is then too brittle."—Beverages.

WASTED ENERGY.

Cooke—It's surprising how unpractical some men are. Brooke—Why, how's that? Cooke—Well, here's Professor Lingquist, for example. He spent the best part of his life acquiring fluency in nine or ten different languages, and then went and married a wife who never gives him a chance to get a word in edgeways.

**If You Are Sick
Let Me Know It.**
I wish simply your name and address. Tell me which of these six books you want. I will send it with an order on your druggist to let you have six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. He will let you take it for a month, and if it succeeds, he will charge you \$5.00 for it. If it fails, he will send the bill to me. He will trust to your honesty, leaving you the decision of the matter. Such an offer as this could not be made on any other remedy. It would bankrupt the physician who tried it. But in this case the matter is simple. Restorative on these terms to 50,000 people. My records show that 29 out of each 40 paid for it, because they were cured. This remedy alone strengthens those inside nerves that operate all vital organs. It brings back the only power that can make each organ do its duty. No matter how difficult the case, it will permanently cure, unless some organic trouble like cancer makes a cure impossible. I have spent my lifetime in preparing this remedy. I offer now to pay for all you take if it fails. I cannot better show my faith in it. Won't you write a postal to learn if I can help you?

Simply state which book you want, and name of your dealer, and address DR. SHOOP, Box 41, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia, Book No. 2 on the Heart, Book No. 3 on the Kidneys, Book No. 4 for Women, Book No. 5 for Men (sealed), Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned and indorsed "Tender for Alberti-Claycoque Telegraph" will be received at this office until Tuesday, December 3rd inclusively, for the supply of Telegraph Poles for a line from the Telegraph office at Alameda, to the County of Vancouver, Province of British Columbia, along the route described, to a total distance of seventy-five miles more or less; also for the construction of the above line of telegraph poles, in accordance with the specification. Specifications can be seen and forms of tender and all necessary information obtained at the office of Mr. Wm. Henderson, Clerk of Works, Victoria, B. C., and the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Contractors are notified that tenders will not be considered unless accompanied by the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. An accepted check on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent of the amount of the tender, must accompany each tender. The check will be forfeited if the party declines the contract or fails to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By Order, FRED GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 5th November, 1901. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

THE MOST DELICIOUS CONFECTIONS.
Any lady can put on her table are—

Cowan's
Queen's Dessert Chocolate
Chocolate Cream Bars
Chocolate Ginger
Chocolate Wafers, etc.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THESE CHOICE GOODS.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned and indorsed "Tender for Observatory, Ottawa, Ont." will be received at this office until Wednesday, November 27th, inclusively, for the erection of an Observatory building at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ont., according to plans and specifications to be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

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Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

IS PICKED PURITY

Strong in Purity. Fragrant in Strength.

IMITATORS ARE MANIFOLD. CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

Are You Getting Bald? Take It in Time and Save It
You lose more hair in the winter months than in any other. Dandruff is more prevalent. The scalp becomes dry. Your hair loses all its brilliancy. You have probably tried many preparations. You may try more. But you will find no preparation the equal of

COKE DANDRUFF CURE
As a Hair Tonic, as an absolute Cure for Dandruff, and as a Dressing. Its action on the hair is through the roots and glands. It strikes to the very heart of any disease of the scalp and cures it. Now try it.

Price 50c and \$1. At your Druggists.

Drawing-Room
... and ...
Parlor Furniture.
Latest Novelties From the Centers of New Ideas.

New Creations—Many innovations introduced in this truly startling aggregation of goods on our floors—Solid Mahogany, Curly Birch, Mahogany and many other woods—Plushes, Tapestries, Silks, Brocates, Satins, Damasks and Embossed Art Coverings—Inexpensive, beautiful, serviceable, acceptable, and last, but not least, comfortable. You know what this means.

JOHN FERGUSON & SONS
174 TO 180 KING STREET,
Just Around the Corner.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES, 1902
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE tenders up to noon on MONDAY, 25th INST., for supplies of butchers' meat, creamery butter, flour, oatmeal, potatoes, cordwood, etc., etc., for the following institutions during the year 1902, viz: At the Asylums for the Insane in Toronto, London, Kingston, Hamilton, Mimico, Brockville, Cobourg and Orillia; the Central Prison and Mercer Reformatory, Toronto; the Provincial Reformatory, Peterborough; the Penitentiary, Kingston; the Institutions for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville, and the Blind, Brantford.

Exception—Tenders are not required for the supply of meat to the Asylums in Toronto, London, Kingston, Hamilton, Mimico, Brockville, Cobourg and Orillia; the Central Prison and Mercer Reformatory, Toronto; the Provincial Reformatory, Peterborough; the Penitentiary, Kingston; the Institutions for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville, and the Blind, Brantford.

Specifications and forms of tender may be had on application to the Department of Public Works, Toronto, or to the Bursars of the respective institutions.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, November 11th, 1901.

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WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES,
228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street, London.

The Lesson of Economy

And wise buying is unlearned by that person who does not buy at the "Three Busy Stores." Every item in this advertisement points the road to economy.

Take Millinery for Instance.

We have a Bi Table of every-day Wearing Hats for Ladies and Children. Values from \$1 to \$150. Walking Hats and every Style of Hat for this season. Your choice for 50c each.

Just in, One Case of

Flannelettes

34 inches wide, all new patterns, only 8c yard.
Fine line of English Flannelette, extra weight, fine patterns, 12½c yard.
Special line of Fine Opera Flannelettes just in, 30c and 35c yard.

Our Ribbon Dept. Is

Well Known

Always Special Values.
FINE ALL SILK RIBBONS, beautiful colorings, No. 5, worth 7c, for 5c yard; Nos. 9 and 12, worth 12½c, for 8c yard; No. 16, worth 15c, for 10c yard.
BABY RIBBONS, IN SATIN, ALL COLORS, 26 yards for 20c, all colors, 1c yard.
Special line in Silk and Satin Baby Ribbon, all the new shades, 2c, 3c and 4c yard.
SEE OUR LARGE WINDOW FOR SATIN-BACK COLORED VELVET RIBBON, less than half price. Match them if you can at double the price.

Rug and Furnishing Department

Beautiful Rugs, small size: worth \$1.25, our price \$1.
Special line of beautiful Moquette Rugs: worth \$2.50, for \$1.97 each.
Special line of beautiful Moquette Rugs: worth \$3, our price \$2.69 each.
Special large size Moquette Rugs, beautiful light colorings: worth \$4.50, our price \$3.97 each.

OUR "EXTRA" BRAND OAK BELTING FOR QUALITY.

J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO.,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

EDUCATIONAL.

FOR A THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION take a regular course at the London Business University. Evening classes, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, at 7:30. W. N. Yerx, C.E., Principal, Higgins Block, 200 Dundas street, 2nd-4th floors.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.—You can secure a good position if you have a knowledge of shorthand. The graduates of the Western Ontario Shorthand and Business Academy are sought after by business men. Pupils may join at any time. Terms reasonable. For free catalogue apply to W. C. Coo, C.S.R., 76 Dundas street. ywt

SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE.—255 King street, East. Classes every Wednesday, 3 to 4 p.m. Ten demonstrations, \$2; single lesson, 50c. Classes in household cooking, Saturdays, 2 to 4, 12th-13th.

THE LONDON SCHOOL OF ART AND DESIGN, 400 Richmond street, Teachers, R. Peel and David Wilkie, late of South Kensington, England. The work of the school includes mechanical drawing, industrial design, oil and water color painting.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST and choirmaster, St. Andrew's Church has resumed teaching. Piano, pipe organ, harmony and singing. Both advanced and elementary tuition given. New address, 640 Wellington street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, C. J. NELSON, 128 Dundas street. Residence, 284 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 288 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES — SHUFF'S Drug Store, 540 Dundas street, corner William. No witnesses.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jenson, 241 2nd Mall, Phone 324.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED OF FICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY, ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, John M. Moore, Frederick Henry.

THE CROP OF 1901

Final Estimates of the Yield in Ontario, Furnished by the Government Board of Industries, Based on Threshing Results.

Following is the report of the Ontario Bureau of Industries of the crops of the province, under date of Nov. 1. It contains the final estimates of the yields of crops, based on actual threshing results returned by over 2,000 correspondents.

FALL WHEAT.

The crop is a good deal below the average from various causes. In the west the ravages of the Hessian fly did great injury, and much of the surviving grain was light in weight on account of the extreme heat and drought of June and July. Rust, cockle and chaff were also mentioned among the season's drawbacks, and in some western localities the grain was spoiled by wet before it could be harvested. Reports from the eastern section—which is free from the Hessian fly—are somewhat more favorable, especially as regards the Ottawa Valley and East Michigan counties, where the crop was a fair one. The principal causes of injury being the excessive early rains and the drought before harvest, owing to which much of the grain is shrunken. There has been no noticeable damage from frost, but a devastating hail storm destroyed a large area of grain in Carleton county.

THE NEW FALL WHEAT.

There has been a very considerable and well-nigh universal decrease in the yield of the new fall wheat, owing to the ravages of the Hessian fly. In order to secure the new crop against the pest, sowing has been delayed, and the grain is not so well developed as in previous years. While the bulk of the seedling was done during the first three weeks of September, a large number postponed it until the following month. The condition of the ground was generally good, although dry in many localities, and where the young plants are visible they present, as a rule, a healthy appearance. Rust, however, is badly needed in some neighborhoods. In several western counties, more especially those bordering the Lake Erie, the new wheat has been attacked by the Hessian fly, which occasioned much injury. The principal varieties of fall wheat sown were Dawson's No. 1, Chief, Red Clawson and Genesee Giant.

SPRING WHEAT.

But little spring wheat was grown this year in the western part of the province, and where cultivated the crop was a light one, owing to the same causes as have injured other cereals. The yield in the eastern section was fair in most neighborhoods, but was generally a low grade and shrunken owing to the drought.

BARLEY.

Reports as to the barley crop are very variable. It suffered somewhat from the Hessian fly, and to a greater extent from the drought, which resulted in premature ripening, rendering the grain light and the straw short. There is considerable difference in the sample which many describe as bright in color, while in other neighborhoods it is badly colored and of a low grade. The yield will be a good deal under the average.

OATS.

The oat crop will be considerably below the average, and was unfavorably affected especially in low-lying ground by the heavy rains in the spring, and injured by the extreme heat of mid-summer, and as a consequence much of it is light in the grain, with short straw. The early sown crops as a rule yielded much better than those sown later in the season. In some cases injury was caused by rust. This crop appears to have done slightly better in the Lake Erie and East Midland districts than elsewhere.

This crop is not extensively grown, but appears to have done better than the other cereals, the yield being generally fair, though somewhat light in some places.

RYE.

The rye crop is not extensively grown, but appears to have done better than the other cereals, the yield being generally fair, though somewhat light in some places.

BUCKWHEAT.

The yield and quality of buckwheat appears to have varied considerably, and the general result will be about an average. The crop has generally been well harvested, though in some places injured by rains.

CLOVER SEED.

Both red and alsike clover have done well, the yield of seed being unusually good. The stalks are generally short, but the heads well filled and the seed plump. The drought is responsible for a shortage in some quarters, while the heavy rains in other places have resulted in a small percentage of instances. Very little damage was occasioned by frost.

TOBACCO.

Tobacco growing appears to be on the decline, only very few correspondents reporting any crop in their neighborhoods. Where mention is made of it, it is said to have matured well, and to have escaped serious injury, except in a few instances.

POTATOES.

The reports of correspondents as to the potato crop are very variable. In the eastern section the yield is a light one, in more neighborhoods a great proportion having been destroyed by rot, especially on clay soils and low lying lands. More favorable accounts come from the west, where this kind of disease is not nearly so prevalent. In this part of the province, late sown potatoes have generally yielded well, while those put in early in the season have suffered from dry weather or frost and the bug has been in evidence as usual. The crop has practically all been received.

TURNIPS.

This crop has generally yielded well throughout the province, though somewhat affected by the drought, owing to which the roots in many places are small in size. This appears to be the latest of the root crops to be housed, and its security by Nov. 1 is in good condition.

CARROTS.

This has been a good season for carrots, and the crop has been housed in excellent condition. The area devoted to this vegetable is comparatively small.

SUGAR BEETS.

In only a few localities are sugar beets produced, but if the results concerning them are as favorable as those of the present season, they are certain to be more extensively sown. The output has been good as regards both bulk and quality in almost every case.

MANGELS.

The mangel is growing in favor as a root able to withstand the effects of drought better than the turnip. It has yielded particularly well this season.

For about two years I have been running down in energy and health, caused by kidney disease. Last February I finally collapsed; my body and limbs were terribly swollen. I then sent for my doctor, and he treated my case as best he could, but I was getting worse all the time. Finally my doctor told me that I had no business to expect to live, and I got the doctor to draw up my will, as it was informed that I had but a short time to live.

A neighbor, Mr. Conover, came over to see me and advised me to take Ozone, as it had done his wife a world of good. Mr. Conover brought me a bottle from Mr. Conover's store at Springfield, I had not seen it before, but I felt an improvement. I have now taken five bottles, and I am a living testimonial of the great curative powers of Powley's Liquefied Ozone.

I and my daughter have done all the work on my farm the latter part of the summer. Since being cured by Ozone, I feel good for another ten years, although I am now 72 years of age.

You are at liberty to publish this for the benefit of others suffering from kidney trouble. (Signed) WILLIAM K. FLETCHER, Emsdale, Ont.

Powley's Liquefied Ozone strengthens the kidneys, clears out all impurities, and soothes all inflammations of the tracts of the kidneys. The oxygen in Powley's Liquefied Ozone, makes new tissues. It is this latter quality that makes this preparation so valuable. If there is the least chance, if there is any healthy parts left in the kidneys, the Ozone will bring back life to health. Ozone is life.

50c. and \$1.00 at all Druggists.
THE OZONE CO., OF TORONTO, LIMITED,
Toronto and Chicago.

in all sections, and the weather has been favorable to its being harvested without drawbacks.

FALL PLOWING.

The dry weather which has characterized this fall in most parts of the province has considerably interfered with the progress of fall plowing, rendering the soil hard and dry, more especially in the Lake Erie country where the work is reported as backward. In other localities greater advances have been made, many farmers having nearly or quite completed their plowing at the time our correspondent wrote. Apart from the prevalent drought, the weather has been highly favorable for the work.

FRUIT AND FRUIT TREES.

Fruit trees in general are in good condition, and there has been an unusually heavy growth of wood. The season has been a poor one for fruit, more especially for apples, the staple orchard crop, which there is short everywhere. This appears to be due to a combination of causes, the principal enumerated being wet weather during the blossoming season, heavy dews, and the attacks of the tent caterpillar, codling moth, borer and other insect pests. Shipments have consequently been light, many localities having been unable to get their fruit to market. Insects also have proved injurious to the other fruits, but many correspondents note a plentiful supply of grapes and small fruits, such as cherries and small fruits did fairly well in many places, though the quality was very variable. Grapes were in the main a good crop. The reports of the supply of spraying, as wherever this process was followed, the losses by insect pests were considerably lessened.

PASTURES AND LIVE STOCK.

Pastures were in good condition during the early fall in the eastern portion of the province, although in the more western counties comparatively bare fields were common. Live stock of all kinds are in an unusually healthy state, an odd case of cholera in hogs being the only disease reported. While a few correspondents describe cattle as being rather thin, the majority of those reporting consider them to be in good average condition. In some localities the horn-y was annoying. Some correspondents state that sheep are not kept in as large numbers as formerly, but they appear to be in good shape where raised. Swine are being fed in large numbers and are being turned out more or less steadily the year round at weights ranging from 150 to 220 pounds. One correspondent, characteristically refers to the hog as the "farmer's Klondike." The supply of fodder is said to be ample for the winter, hay, corn and roots being abundant, although there has been a general shortage of straw. The silage is growing in favor, an unusual number having been built in the West Midland district this year. Several correspondents speak approvingly of the crop of corn and shelled as a means of preparing corn for fodder. Taking them altogether, reports concerning live stock may be considered as satisfactory.

DAIRY.

The season of 1901 has been a fair one for dairymen, though some correspondents complain of the low price prevailing for cheese. Creamery plants have been put into a number of cheese factories, cheese being made from October to October, and butter during the winter months. The cream separator is said to be of great assistance to those making cheese and butter. Both creamery and home-made butter is described as being of good quality, as a whole, and prices, as a rule, have been satisfactory. Many farmers engaged in dairymen are now systematically putting in ice in order to meet conditions of temperature during milk making. Shortage of milk is still most commonly found in Ontario dairies, although Holsteins and Jerseys are coming into favor, while Ayrshires retain supremacy in the cheese producing counties along the St. Lawrence.

Threshing has been carried on actively, and in many sections the work has practically been completed. Pears were marketed early on account of the bug, and a large quantity of oats have been disposed of, but wheat has not been marketed very heavily, and much of the barley is now fed on the farm.

Very little disease of any kind has been reported among bees. The average yield of honey will be about 50 pounds per colony, a considerable amount for the season. The honey having been made in some sections of the province to the clover and basswood stock already on hand. Bees will go into winter quarters with a full amount of stores, and as prices have been good, owing to the scarcity of fruit, the season of 1901 may be regarded as having been a good average one for the apary.

POULTRY.

Judging by the remarks of correspondents it would seem that farmers are taking much more interest in poultry raising. More care is now being taken in the selecting, feeding, housing and general handling of fowl, and the question of profit and loss is being more carefully studied. The Plymouth Rock appears to be the most popular breed of hens. Turkeys are also being raised in larger numbers than ever. Several correspondents point to the fact that more poultry being disposed of than in former years. The general condition of all classes of fowl may be described as good, although a few correspondents refer to a disease resembling blind staggers, and another correspondent in Prince Edward describes a disease which he says is not hen cholera, where the fowl are attacked, get "dumpling," and die within 48 hours.

FARM IMPROVEMENTS.

Good progress has been made in under-draining, more especially in the west, and some of the Ottawa River counties. In many localities where little advance is noted, many of the farms have been previously drained. In nearly all neighborhoods, the supply of tile was sufficient. The supply of skilled labor was generally adequate to the requirements, as in most cases the work was done with out engaging special help. Tile draining machines are very little used, and are not considered as satisfactory as hand labor. Almost everywhere wire fencing is rapidly taking the place of rail and other wooden fences, and in many localities considerable improvements in the character of houses and barns are noted.

LABOR AND WAGES.

The great majority of correspondents report that the supply of farm labor was inadequate to meet the demand. The reasons given are temporary or permanent departures for Manitoba and the Northwest, the high wages paid in the lumbering industry, and the migration to the cities and larger towns. Those correspondents who consider any change in the rate of wages likely, nearly all predict an increase, but a large number express the opinion that the farmers cannot afford to pay more than present rates. Domestic help continues exceedingly scarce, the variety of other usings and employ-

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES AND PREVENTS Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Influenza, Inflammation of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, inflammation of the bowels, mumps, congestion of the lungs, diphtheria, croup, whooping cough, catarrh, cold chills, acute chills.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part of the body where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort. If seized with the above.

PNEUMONIA.

or any inflammation of the internal organs or mucous membranes, after exposure to cold, wet, etc., lose no time, but apply Radway's Ready Relief on a piece of flannel over the part affected with nearly every case checked. The inflammation and cure the patient by its action of counter-irritation and by equalizing the circulation in the part. For further instructions see our directions wrapped around the bottle.

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES.

"I take my pen in hand to inform you of the great cure effected by your medicine, which I have been using for some time. It was taken down with lung fever. It came on him with a chill in the night. It happened to be a very bad case. I rubbed his chest and back with the Ready Relief, and he was able to get up and walk. He was very hot and thirsty, and I gave him a little hot water to drink, to help him warm and stimulate him, and in about half an hour he was able to get up and walk. The doctor came the next morning but he was much better. I had been told, I told him. He said that was good; that they were good medicines. He said that he had been using my little nephew. He was taken with the croup. I rubbed his chest, throat and back with the Ready Relief, and he was able to get up and walk. He was very hot and thirsty, and I gave him a little hot water to drink, to help him warm and stimulate him, and in about half an hour he was able to get up and walk. 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London Advertiser.

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LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY Limited.

LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Tuesday, Nov. 12.

Victoria Hospital, London's Home for the Sick.

London is fortunate in the possession of one of the best hospitals on the continent, and the chairman of its management board is as good a man as could be obtained for the position in Western Ontario. It is many years since Mr. Thomas McCormick, the chairman, became widely known for his benevolence. As years pass on he becomes more than ever devoted to such good work. Not least does his heart desire that Victoria Hospital shall be as good as the woman whose name it bears, Queen Victoria.

The report presented by the chairman at the last meeting of the Board of Management deserves more than a passing notice. For many years before he took part in the management he thought he knew as much as any about it, who did not pass their whole time within its walls. He talked with hundreds of sufferers. His opportunities were splendid. Those who dreaded to enter afterwards found their fears vanished, and testified in the highest terms of praise of the kindness with which they were treated.

He had himself no doubt on the subject; but as some complaints have been made, he wondered if it was possible that during all these years he had passed through the hospital with his "eyes, ears and lips closed," and concluded to investigate. He did not confine his investigations to London, but visited other cities in Canada, and one or two in the United States, at his own expense, notably Buffalo.

Mr. McCormick found marble floors or hardwood, and rates ranging in the public wards from \$4 to \$7 a week, and in private wards \$10 to \$25 a week. In the Buffalo General Hospital they have 60 rooms at from \$10 to \$25 per week for each person, while ours range from \$5 to \$10 for the best, this is our highest rate, and their lowest rate is the same. The chairman sums up the situation well when he says: "They have many wealthy people, we have few. The care taken of patients is good. Their nurses appear to be attentive and kind, but cannot be more so than ours, and I think I know whereof I speak."

One of the matters that has engaged the attention of the trustees on several occasions has been the difficulty of keeping the food hot while being conveyed to the patients. He thinks the Buffalo hospitals have a better way than we have of keeping the food hot, but no better cooking or food than we have.

Mr. McCormick's report is a calm, judicial, common-sense one. He frankly admits, in closing, that no institution or individual is perfect, but adds what all will be pleased to hear and believe, "If health and strength permit I intend to keep on in the interest of my suffering fellow-creatures, and I sincerely hope that all lovers of humanity will do the same."

It was a good thing for the Hospital when Mr. McCormick took an active part in its management, although prior to that time no citizen spent more time than he did within its walls.

There have been some complaints, and Mr. Beck, one of the trustees, is prepared to move for the dismissal of the Medical Superintendent. This is very much to be regretted. It is calculated to give the impression that the Hospital is not well managed, while nothing is further from the fact. One prominent physician said today, "Mr. Beck has done more harm in a few minutes than he can undo in ten years," and again he said, "Not only is this so to the Hospital, but to the medical profession of London." It was not hard to see his meaning. Many people do not think. They see something in the papers of complaints against the management, and on that account pass it by and go to some other hospital when in need of medical treatment or an operation.

How far the circumstance is regrettable, and it is probable if Mr. Beck had had experience he would not have committed the blunder, it may be well to consider for a few minutes.

Hospitals and their trustees have no legal standing like schools and their trustees. Hospitals are purely charitable, and time and again since the Trust was established have they gone to the Council for funds, without success, and many times more discussed ways and means, and decided not to ask, but to get along as best they could.

Great things have been accomplished. The old Hospital was small, compared with what it is today, but even the old one had a very good operating room. New wards had been built, the sick cured, and nurses trained who have been a credit to the Training School. Not the least of the praise due to the old Hospital is the fact that in its day was established the Medical School of the Western University, a school whose graduates have held their own with the best. In passing, we may mention that the present Medical Superintendent, Dr. Balfour, was the first gold medalist of the School, the first student to cross the ocean as its graduate, and secure in Edinburgh and London its recognition.

The meaning and force of the remark of the physician to whom we have referred can be gained only by taking into consideration the fact that owing to the successful establishment of the Western Medical School, London has today medical practitioners quite abreast of the times, and surgeons equal to those to be found in the largest cities, with this further fact that their special excellences are so well known that no mistake need be made. The harm done to the University and its medical professors, and to the city as a whole.

Dr. Balfour's is not an easy position to fill. Doctors will differ, and there have been times when those connected with the school, and those not connected with it, did not see eye to eye. There are perhaps medical men sometimes, and others as well, who want more than their rights in the Hospital. He has held always an even and at times a firm hand. It would be very difficult to obtain as good an all-round man, for, added to his acknowledged ability as a medical man, he is a first-class business man as well. It is the exception, not the rule, to find a medical man both, and in no position is a combination of both more desirable than in the position of Medical Superintendent.

With the material at their hand, with the wealth of the western part of this Province, and its population taken into consideration, we believe under Dr. Balfour's management Victoria Hospital has made marvelous growth, and reached a high state of perfection, one of which he and the trustees and the medical profession and the city have reason to be proud.

That a few may criticize is to be expected, but criticism alone should not condemn. Mr. Beck's action is crude and hasty, and probably due to his inexperience in public life. The chairman, Mr. McCormick, sets a good example, and points the way to keep on trying to do the best that can be done, and to reach the highest perfection attainable. Consider the immense numbers who have been in the Hospital as nurses, patients, etc., and how small the percentage is of those not satisfied. Mr. Beck, we trust, will withdraw his notice and join with the chairman and other members of the Board in continuing the work they have for so many years been performing with such increasingly satisfactory results. That course would doubtless meet the approval of everyone who has given the matter consideration.

After the Fight in New York.

The New York elections are past. The beast has been overthrown; and now that the clouds of civic corruption are broken the political horizon of Greater New York is marked with at least the beginning of the dawn. The Fusionists have scored a great victory, and now performance must take the place of promise. The present victory is only the commencement of what must prove a still greater success or a great failure. In order to make the rout of the enemy of good government complete and enduring, new and better entrenchments must be made and valiant soldiers put on guard. Now that the forces of Tammany are broken, a vigorous campaign must be inaugurated in behalf of good government. During the past five or six weeks, high-minded men have thrown themselves into the contest in New York under the leadership of Seth Low in his advocacy of non-partisan administration of civic affairs. Efforts should be put forth to organize the sentiment that exists now of necessity in a somewhat amorphous condition. This is necessary to make the victory lasting.

Appropos of the work of reform the New York Post says:

"There is an abundance of constructive work to be done during the next two years, if the position gained is to be held and the legitimate disintegration of Tammany is to be carried on. Tammany should go to the polls in 1903 not only weakened by the loss of many offices and of the control of the police, but because of the removal of the saloon from politics as a source of demoralization for the police and of plunder for the politicians. It should find the municipal civil service law better safeguarded and more widely applied than it is today. It should find the offices of aldermen and the public service generally, more highly regarded by the intelligent and right-minded men and women in the community than at any time hitherto, and, therefore, more than ever objects for the legitimate ambition of young men of character and ability."

The fact that Tammany Hall consisted mainly of Democrats, and that for a number of years Tammany Hall was under the domination of bossism, is in a way significant. Freedom of speech and the formality of election procedure were either nominal or farcical. Richard Croker was the boss. He did the nominating; indirectly he did the electing. Once such a leader is gone, his party is of necessity in a chaotic state. History has time and again exemplified the effect of strong men, sometimes for good, and sometimes for evil. The autocrat, even if he be a good man, is apt to be succeeded by a number of weaklings. When Oliver Cromwell had passed off the scene of political life in England, there was no one who could fill his place. When Sir John Macdonald laid down the scepter, the party of which he had been the leading spirit was no longer able to hold together. Disorganization is very frequently the alternative of former strong leadership where such leadership has been autocratic. The fact that the power of the boss of Greater New York has been broken, coupled with the fact that Richard Croker has become a sort of absentee landlord, residing most of his time in England, is likely to prove unfavorable to the immediate organization of Tammany's forces.

It behooves the Fusionists to make hay while the sun shines, as the saying is, by showing, during the next three years, that they can perform as well as promise, that they are honestly desirous of promoting good civic government, and that they are competent without.

Gladstone's Imperialism.

Speaking at Manchester recently, Mr. John Morley, M.P., said, "There could not be a more gross misconception than to suppose Mr. Gladstone in any way indifferent to the great interests of his own country." Indeed, the creed he proclaimed in his famous Midlothian campaign was that of Liberal imperialism. Mr. Gladstone, it is true, refused to regard the empire as a practical joint-stock concern. To him the British Empire was "a trust and function given from Providence as special and as remarkable as ever was intrusted to any portion of the family of man." And he declared that "Wherever your subjects go, if they are in pursuit of objects not unlawful, you are under moral obligations towards them that you cannot possibly forget or ignore; and, their objects being lawful, you afford them all the protection which your powers enable you to give."

To this Gladstonian utterance the Liberal leaders of today can make no mistake in cleaving. It is not a jingo idea—of seeking a means to quarrel with other states on the slightest pretense, and forcing the country into war before all the agencies of modern diplomacy have been turned to account to avert bloodshed—but it is a self-respecting attitude that commands itself to all men of sober sense. The great Liberal leader repeatedly kept his country out of war of the bloodiest kind by refusing to listen to those opponents who urged him to attack other powers because, in some respects, they were following Britain's example in acquiring territory. A noteworthy instance was that in the early '80s, when only the cool heads of the Gladstone Cabinet prevented the country being plunged into a costly war with Russia because she had been seizing territory in Central Asia and advancing towards Herat. Now everyone admits that if Gladstone had not resisted the jingo outbreak at that time, war on the most gigantic scale would have been inaugurated, the end of which it would have been difficult to foresee.

The statesman who honorably averts war is worthy of more honor than the statesman who promotes warfare, even though he brings his country successfully out of it.

Capital and Labor.

The inability between capital and labor, which dates its existence from the time that these two elements in production had become separated, is proving a gulf hard to bridge. The reconciliation of the capitalistic and the labor element is a problem that has not yet been solved satisfactorily. Whether it is on the verge of solution, it is difficult to say. Often the darkest hour of the night is that before the dawn, and perhaps we may look for a ray of hope to lighten the intricacies of the economic world. It is easy to theorize, but often difficult to put our theories into practice.

Bishop Potter, of New York, in an address before the Church Association for the Advancement of Labor, comes forward with a solution. "There should be," said the bishop, "a natural understanding between employers and their help, and both should be animated by the common tie of brotherhood and fealty." The bishop further suggests that employing managers should be identified with the trades unions, that is, with organized labor. Is the suggestion practical, or only the ideal of an ecclesiastic? Were we to call to mind the fact that the interests of labor and capital are mutual, this proposition is not altogether absurd. Capitalists are not consulting their best interests by causing their men to work under disadvantages—long hours, with little or no time for recreation, amid unsanitary surroundings, and on wages that scarcely secure the bare necessities of life, not to mention the taxes. This does not pay. Slave labor, even apart from ethical considerations, does not pay. Experience has decided the case in favor of free labor, and the freer the labor element, within certain limitations, the better, from a purely financial point of view, for the employer.

But let us consider the other side: The success of a business or enterprise, to a very large extent, must determine the social condition of the working-man. Without large sales, he cannot hope for the desirable things of life; and large income for the business depends chiefly upon the quality of the manufactured article. When we see how mutual are the interests of the two great elements of production, the soundness of the bishop's proposition becomes evident.

The following are the closing words of Bishop Potter's address: "You may legislate as you please, impose taxation as you please, or by any other process readjust the conflicting elements of modern society, but if you have not your heart in the work you will fail utterly."

"The solution of the labor problem consists in the awakening of the hearts of the employer to deep concern for the welfare of those who are in his employ. Their aims and hopes should not be antagonistic. They should mingle together and observe the laws of social contact. Their aims being identical, their methods should be harmonious, if those aims are to be subserved."

What has been known as "wide-open New York" will now become "half-closed New York." Mayor-elect Low and his friends are put on their mettle to show how great an improvement is possible under the changed rule.

Seth Low.

Among the best short sketches of Seth Low, mayor-elect of Greater New York, is that presented by the Chicago Journal. Seth Low, says our contemporary, is a man of medium height, and powerful build. His every move is suggestive of great energy and force. His ambition is without limit. Apparently he has much of life before him. He was born in Brooklyn, Jan. 18, 1850. He graduated from the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. This institution of learning had not then a collegiate course, and at the age of 17 years Seth Low entered Columbia University. In 1870 he graduated at the head of his class. He then entered the big tea and silk house conducted by his father. He rose from clerk to be member of the firm in 1875. Four years later he succeeded with other junior partners to the business which was finally liquidated in 1888.

In the meantime Mr. Low had been active in public life. He became conspicuous in politics and charitable work. In 1878 he was a volunteer visitor of the poor. In 1878 he organized and became president of the first bureau of charities. He affiliated with the Republican organization in his ward. In 1882 Mr. Low was elected mayor of Brooklyn for a two-year term. In 1884 he was re-elected.

On Oct. 7, 1888, less than twenty years from the time of his graduation from the institution, Mr. Low was elected president of Columbia College. He did much for the university. He found time for municipal affairs, too. He was a member of the rapid transit commission and the Greater New York charter commission. Four years ago President Low was a candidate for mayor of New York, but was defeated by Robert Van Wyck, Tammany's candidate.

In politics New York's new mayor has pursued an independent course. In 1884 it was charged that he voted for Cleveland. This charge has been denied. President Low, however, was in sympathy with many of Cleveland's views, and in 1888 he openly opposed the Republican national ticket. In 1896 and in 1900 he supported McKinley.

The Preference to the Motherland

The London correspondent of the Montreal Star says:

"Mr. Chamberlain is probably as firmly convinced as ever of the wisdom of a preferential arrangement, but it must, he is satisfied, be based upon free trade throughout the whole empire. On the other hand, statements of the type of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach gird at imperial protection in any shape, and no one, in view of recent events, would suggest that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is a negligible quantity in the present Government."

The correspondent evidently speaks by the book. He does not give much support to the view promulgated by the Opposition leaders in Canada, that Mr. Chamberlain is ready to give our products a preference in the British market, while we maintain our tariff on the principle of incidental protection to home industries.

As no one in Canada is ready to advocate the establishment of free trade within the empire at the present time, the attitude of the Canadian Government seems the only reasonable one. We have given the motherland a preference in our market because it is to our advantage, and at the same time, because Great Britain has done, and is doing much for us as a portion of the empire.

Let the politicians who think that we should repeal the preference take their stand. We know on which side the great mass of the Canadian people will be.

The "Lecture Habit" Revived.

In some cities, this winter, there promises to be a revival of the "lecture habit," but knowing ones contend that the habit is not now due, as it was when Wendell, Phillips, Garrison, Emerson, Lowell, Holmes, Punsheon and Beecher lectured, to a desire to learn, but largely to gain the inspiration to learn for oneself. The lecturer of former days, as the St. Paul Dispatch says, brought his audience cold facts. The public orator of today brings them warm inspiration. This view is borne out by a recent experience of a citizen of London, while crossing the Atlantic. Prior to that trip, he had taken very little interest in Siberia, but George Kennan, the

ANGIER'S PETROLEUM EMULSION HELPS DIGEST WHOLESOME FOOD

THOUSANDS of people are actually starving, not for want of food, but because they cannot digest and assimilate the food they eat, therefore, they derive no nourishment from it. Angier's Petroleum Emulsion helps digest and assimilate wholesome food, cleanses the stomach and bowels, and puts the digestive organs in a condition to perform their functions naturally. It tones up and invigorates the entire system, and a gain in weight, strength and color is a quick result. All druggists sell ANGIER'S Petroleum Emulsion. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get ANGIER'S.

ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Special Sale Ladies' Boots Today

The Runians Carson McKee Co.

New Goods Today

As advertised yesterday we have placed in stock today New Goods, New Silks, New French Flannels, and New Fancy China for Christmas trade. We repeat a few lines ready for sale today. Their inspection will interest you.



New French Flannels

For waists and sacques. This popular material is very scarce this season. Owing to the great demand, pretty patterns and bright colors are very hard to get. We have just received a consignment of very dainty designs in pretty light and dark shades, suitable for waists and sacques. These will be on sale Tuesday morning, and they won't last long, as the quantity is limited. Pieces are only in short lengths, and many customers have been waiting for these goods. Floral stripes and Paisley designs in red, blue, mauve, sky, green, etc., at per yard 50c.

China and Crockery In Basement.

New China and Crockery opened up last week and will be ready for Sale Tuesday morning. These goods were bought for the Christmas trade, and 'twill be worth your while to visit our basement now and inspect all the pretty and dainty things that you will be sure to want in the next few weeks. Early selection means best choice.

SPECIAL

Japanese Cups and Saucers, new goods, bought at half price, regular value \$1 25 and \$1 50 each. On sale at 50c and 60c

SOME SPECIAL PRICED GOODS

97-Piece Printed Dinner Sets.....\$6 40
Printed Toilet Sets, gilt decorations.....\$1 98
Fancy China Glove and Collar Boxes, Comb and Brush Trays, Fruit Plates and Fern Pots, each.....25c
New Decorated China and Fruit Bowls,25c to \$1 00



New Coats for Ladies and Misses.

We have received this week some new Ladies' Coats, up-to-date styles, half, three-quarter and full length.

See Them Before Buying.

Special Sale Tuesday in Carpets and Bed Comforters. 2nd Floor

208, 210, 210 1/2, 212 Dundas St.

The Runians Carson McKee Co.

208, 210, 210 1/2, 212 Dundas St.

famous traveler and writer, was on board, and he was prevailed on to give a lecture on his experiences among the Siberian tribes, which proved so interesting that our friend has ever since been looking up and reading books on Siberia and on Russia, and has added enormously to his store of knowledge regarding these interesting lands. Without Kennan's "talk," this knowledge would not have been grasped.

Britain's Coal Supply.

There is still considerable alarm in Great Britain over the prospects of the fuel supply. During the last half century, the fearful ones point out, the output of coal in the United Kingdom increased more than four-fold. So far there does not appear to be the least prospect of any diminution in the consumption, for the sun's rays have not yet been successfully harnessed, and there is only a limited amount of water-power available in the country. Thus the thinking Britisher is face to face with the question, how long the available supply of coal will stand the strain. Through plentiful and cheap fuel, chiefly, will the motherland be able to retain her manufacturing supremacy, as was made clearly evident last year when the price of coal went up. Then some industries were seriously crippled, for the margin of profit on which they had been working disappeared. It is true that at much lower levels than are now being worked, there are some good seams yet untouched; but the deeper down the coal is mined the more expensive there is in haulage, and every well-wisher of Great Britain is expressing the hope that many long years may elapse before these reserve supplies need to be gone after. What would the British give if they could transfer Canada's enormous coal deposits in the Crow's Nest Pass region to the neighborhood of Manchester or Birmingham?

Kidnapping a Missionary.

It is about nine weeks since Miss Ellen M. Stone, a missionary of the American Congregational Board, was kidnapped by brigands in the Balkan Mountains. She had been traveling with a party of twelve in the Turkish province of Macedonia, when surrounded in a mountain defile by 30 or 40 turbulent men, armed and dressed in Turkish costume. An unusual thing about the capture is that no attempt to rob the party was made. Instead of plundering the party, two members were taken as hostages—Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka, the wife of an Albanian missionary, who had been educated in New York city.

The fact that the captors, who spoke broken Turkish, had a Bulgarian accent, has given rise to strong suspicion that they were Bulgarian members of the Macedonian Committee, who desire to inaugurate a new source of revenue. The United States consul at Constantinople is putting forth every effort to prevail on the Bulgarian Government to help towards the rescue of the captives. The Bulgarian Government protests against the idea that it is shielding brigands, but communication from Mirluk, in the Turkish province of Salonika, confirms the connection between the Macedonian Committee and the capture.

Most recent reports affirm that Miss Stone and her companion have not been put to death, as has been suspected. The correspondent to the London Daily Telegraph, from Sofia, Bulgaria, states that the brigands will not abate the ransom originally demanded. In Macedonian circles it is maintained that Miss Stone will be murdered in that territory in order to remove all traces of the original Macedonian instigators of the capture.

An interesting lawsuit over a horse which had changed his color was recently disposed of by the Supreme Court of North Carolina. The horse had been mortgaged, and described in the deed as "a bay horse, six years old." Prior to the mortgage falling due, the horse had been traded from party to party until purchased by the defendant, who had no actual notice of the mortgage. By this time, he had become "a white and sorrel spotted horse, without any appearance of bay whatever." There being no doubt as to the identity of the animal, the court held that the mortgagee did not lose his right to subject the horse to the payment of the lien. The court, after commenting on the fact that a mortgage on pigs, calves, or other young animals would not be vitiated by their growing into boars, sows, bulls, cows, and the like, philosophizes as follows: "A horse may shed his color, but a mortgage is not so easily shed. It usually sticks closer than the skin." That is, though a horse of another color, it is still the horse with a mortgage on its back.

Much has been published in American newspapers concerning the many-sided activities of the Municipal Council of Glasgow. Every newspaper-reading American knows of Glasgow's street car system and of its halfpenny fares, and of Glasgow's splendid and never-failing water supply. Its schools, its parks, and its art galleries are almost equally well known. But comparatively little has been published about the cost of these municipal un-

dertakings—and there is a widely current report that the city maintains itself by the profit from its public works. A correspondent of the New York Outlook, who was recently in Glasgow, and was interested in this side of the question, asked a householder to let him see the tax papers of the current year. The house was a flat of three rooms and kitchen, and an examination showed that for such a house, rented at \$10 a year, the municipal taxation was a little over \$24 a year. In Scotland, as in England, the occupier of the house pays the municipal taxes, and the taxes, as in England, are assessed on the rental value of the house. Of the \$24 paid by the householder in question, \$18 was made up of municipal charges, charges for which the city council is responsible. The balance was made up of the poor tax of \$3 and the school tax of \$3. In addition to these charges, says the writer in the Outlook, the municipality collected a water tax of \$2 a year. "This water tax we in America would regard as gratifyingly low, and the school tax we would regard as disgracefully low; but the tax to support paupers we would regard as disgracefully high, while the others differ little from those which most of us pay. It may be taken that a house rented at \$160 a year represents an income of \$1,000, and that the figures which have been given form the contribution of a family with that income to the municipal burden, or, in other words, to the cost of the larger home. And in Glasgow the people have come to regard the city as the larger home. They are proud of its achievements, and not least among these is the great reduction in the death rate. In years gone by Glasgow was notorious for its high death rate. The rate has now been brought down to fourteen per thousand, and, notwithstanding the trying climate and the fact that it is a great industrial city, Glasgow, as regards its death rate, and, indeed, in some other respects also, now ranks among the best-placed and best-governed municipalities of Great Britain."

Nearly two thousand farmers within 30 miles of Chicago have had their horses equipped with telephones.

HEROIC HEART "FOOD"

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart is heroic because in cases of heart disease seemingly beyond all human aid it goes to the very brink of the "Black River" and snatches from it the heart-sick victim.

In a trice it allays pain—in a twinkling it gives strength and vigor and it works a quick and permanent cure as by magic. It is the one great heart remedy which rightly bears the crown of supremacy and on which is inscribed the life words, "It never fails." Thirty minutes after taking the first dose, the sick heart forgets its pain. Try it.

For sale by C. McCallum & Co.

"Buck's Happy Thought"

It took Money,
Hands and Brains
to perfect The Happy
Thought Range, and it's

Night School
in Full Swing

The excitement of the Royal visit now over, young men and women are buckling down to solid work for the winter. The Commercial Course in this school, which includes book-keeping, arithmetic, penmanship, shorthand and typewriting, paves the way for improved positions in after business life. Make good use of the spare hour.

FOREST CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Y. M. C. A. Building, London, Ont.
J. W. Westervelt, Principal.

Styles in Dress.

You want a suit made to fit you without a fault, and you want a comfortable fit. We'll build you just such a suit.

O. LABELLE,
372 Richmond Street.

You want a day's shooting but haven't a gun.



We Rent Guns.

For 50c you can get a good breech-loader for a day. Cartridges \$2 per 100.

BROCK'S GUN STORE,
192 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

P. McPHILLIPS, Barrister
Etc.
New Offices—110 Masonic Temple Bldg.
Office Phone 229. Home Phone 284

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

H. C. McBRIDE
Architect and Surveyor.
219 Dundas Street.

CALL AND SEE US AT OUR
New Factory and Showrooms
32 to 40 Dundas Street.

The Electrical Construction Co. of London, Limited,
Dynamos, Motors, Electric Light Fixtures and Wiring Supplies.
Phone 1103.

FAIRBAIRN,
THE TAILOR,
Richmond Street, Opposite City Hall

The official entomologists of Georgia predict that within a few years the Empire State of the south will contain more than 100,000,000 fruit trees. There is no form of kidney trouble, from a backache down to Bright's disease, that DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS will not relieve or cure.

Arrangements are being made in Scotland to fittingly celebrate the centenary of the birth of Hugh Miller, geologist, author and journalist, on Oct. 2 next year.

FOR THE OVERWORKED—What are the causes of despondency and melancholy? A disordered liver is one cause and a prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection and the victim feels sick all over. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a recognized remedy in this state and relief will follow their use.

A giant sequoia in the Mariposa grove has been selected to be named William McKinley. It stands between the Washington and Lincoln trees and is estimated to be 3,000 years old.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Men's Lined Kid Gloves
50c, 75c and \$1.00 Pair.

Men's Lined Mocha Gloves
75c, \$1 and \$1.25 Pair
ALL SIZES IN THE ABOVE GOODS.

GRAHAM BROS.

STEVENS' SINGLE BARREL SHOTGUN

WITH AUTOMATIC EJECTOR.
Top Action, Special "Electro Steel" Barrel, Choked Bored for Smokeless Powder, Pistol Grip, Rubber Butt, Case Hardened Frame, with Automatic Shell Ejector.
A most complete gun and a good shooter for \$10.

Gurd's 185 Dundas St.

The Successful Merchant Put's Away a Reserve.

YORK COUNTY LOAN & SAVINGS CO.
will make a reserve for you by weekly deposits of 5 cents and upwards. Collector will call weekly.

OFFICE, DUFFIELD BLOCK.
ywt

MEN OF MODEST MEANS

Will find our suitings for the fall just about their limit in price.

Southcott's, 163 Richmond St.

Seranton Coal.

Has no equal, and is bright and cheerful and will not clinker. Try it this season.

Heaman, Cor. York and Maitland Sts. Hello 31.

W. A. PIPER, D.D.S.
Specialty—Gold and Porcelain Work.
Hours—9 to 5 p.m.

Drs. D. H. & W. A. Piper
D. H. PIPER, M.D.,
Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Hours—10 to 2, 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 834. 232 Dundas St. (cor. Waterloo)

Meteorological.

Toronto, Nov. 11, 8 p.m.—The disturbance which was situated in Manitoba last night is now centered over Michigan, accompanied in the lake region by strong winds and gales and rain; its energy is still increasing, and it promises stormy weather for Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 44-46; Kamloops, 30-42; Calgary, 1-44; Qu'Appelle, 8-34; Winnipeg, 22-28; Port Arthur, 32-42; Toronto, 34-48; Ottawa, 20-30; Montreal, 20-30; Quebec, 14-30; Halifax, 26-34.

Local temperature—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Monday, Nov. 11, were 54 and 32.5.

Today (Tuesday) the run rose at 7:07 and sets at 4:56 p.m. The moon rises at 6:16 a.m. and sets at 5:58 p.m.

BREAD

Try one or all of these favorite brands of XXX Bread:

The XXX Jersey Cream.
The XXX Cabin (home-made).
The XXX Golden Wheat.
Look for the label on every loaf of Johnston Bros' Bread. Examine the label and see if the XXX stamp is there.
Phone 818.

JOHNSTON BROS.

THOS. WILSON,

Merchant Tailor

213 Dundas St. Phone 596

WE CARRY IN STOCK

For your convenience and selection in

Sterling Silverware

Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Puff Boxes, Saive Boxes, Cabinets, Sugars and Creams, Small Trays, Large Waiters, Tea Sets, Napkin Rings, Match Safes, Silver Brushes, Berry Bowls, Tea Bells, Prize Cups, Child's Cups, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, etc., etc., etc.

We honestly claim that we carry in stock the largest range of Sterling Silver in the city.

THOS. GILLEAN,

402 Richmond Street.

REASON FOR SORROW.

Teddy—I wished I hadn't licked Jimmy Brown this morning.

Mamma—You see now how wrong it was, don't you, dear?

Teddy—Yes, 'cause I didn't know till now that he was going to give a party.

ROSS' FANCY SABLE RUFFS

Large selection of Alaska Sable Ruffs; all sizes and prices.

Our Furs were secured very early in the season, and nothing but the best quality was accepted. Customers can therefore be sure of getting reliable Furs.

Caperines at lowest prices.

J. & D. Ross, 196 Dundas Street

LOOKING FOR RINGS?

Are you fond of looking at Rings—handmade Rings, with still more handsome settings? We are showing just how a selection of exquisite Rings that will please persons of good taste. Because the designs are the latest, and most handsome, the prices are not necessarily high. In fact, you'll be surprised at their lowness. Come and see the assortment.

WARD, The Jeweler, 374 Richmond Street.

People Are Surprised And Wonder . . .

why we can afford to sell such fine Candies at such low prices of 10c, 15c, 20c and 40c a pound. A moment of your attention and we will tell you why.

First—We are practical manufacturers of all our own Sweetmeats, and hence save the middleman's profits on you.

Second—in fact, to prove that to you, we are the largest, cheapest and purest in the confectionery line in the vicinity.

Talk About Our Store!

It is a handsome, attractive, well-arranged store. Its fittings and furniture are both substantial and artistic. There is a place for everything you see, and everything is in its place for the confectionery line.

It is an up-to-date store. There is nothing old or stale. Whatever you buy is new and fresh.

You are made to feel just as welcome when you buy a Postage Stamp or use the Telephone as you buy five dollars' worth of goods.

Phone 473.

OLYMPIA CANDY WORKS,

186 Dundas. Phone 473.

London Advertiser.

Notice to Advertisers.

It is urgently requested that advertisers have their changes of advertisements handed into the counting-room by 4 p.m. the day previous to insertion. We will not guarantee changes if handed in later than that hour.

A LOCAL BUDGET.

—Mr. J. H. Chalmers, of the College of Music, Brantford, was in the city yesterday.

—Fred, the five-year-old son of Mr. W. H. Davis, of Central avenue, had the misfortune to break his arm Saturday morning.

—Confirmation services were held by the Bishop of Huron at Woodstock on Sunday, and at Lakeside and Thamesville yesterday.

—The Hamilton Spectator commends highly the singing of Miss Elsie Green, of South London, who sang in the Central Presbyterian Church on Sunday in Hamilton.

—The quarterly board of the Askin Street Methodist Church has extended a call to the Rev. W. H. Howson, of Clinton. The salary of the present pastor, Rev. J. W. Holmes, was reduced from \$1,200 to \$1,100, though the cut was vigorously opposed by many members of the church.

—Mrs. Alice James, of Chatham, who leaves in a few days for Winnipeg, where she has accepted a position as choir leader in one of the Baptist churches, was presented by her choir in Chatham with an address and a beautiful gold mantel clock.

—The Montreal Witness says that Rev. D. S. Hamilton, who was recently transferred to London, was an active member of Alliance executive committee in Montreal, and a resolution was adopted expressing the appreciation of his valuable services, and wishing him every success in his new field in London.

FORMER LONDONER'S SUCCESS.

Concerning Principal J. W. Plewes, of the Chatham Central school, a well-known former resident of London, the Chatham Planet speaks in most complimentary terms. In its report of the graduation exercises it says: "There is one man, however, to whom the greatest portion of the credit is due. That man is Mr. Plewes, the principal of the Central school. Mr. Plewes is a man of inestimable capabilities, and puts his knowledge into practical use."

YOU

can always depend upon our breads.

Not sweet one day and sour the next, but the same EVERY day. Have one of our twelve delicious calls and convince you of the same.

PARNELL-DEAN CO.

Handsone Watches

You will be pleased if you see our large stock of watches. The designs are truly handsome and the prices exceedingly low. We will be glad to show them to you. Headquarters for Watches.

WILLMOT'S, 217½ Dundas St. Next Heintzman's. ywt

In the advancement of modern school life and education. During the comparatively brief time he has been principal of the Central school he has, through his ambitious nature, energy, to work and skillful management, built up for himself a most enviable reputation as an able and efficient public school teacher. Little did the school board realize when they engaged Mr. Plewes what a prize they were receiving. In fact, Mr. Plewes is worthy of the highest complimentary remarks that can be paid him.

FUNERAL OF LATE JOHN CAMPBELL.

The remains of the late John Campbell were laid to rest in Woodland on Saturday. Services were held at the house and at the grave by Rev. Dr. Johnston. Only near friends and relatives were at the funeral, which was private. The esteem in which deceased was held was demonstrated by the magnificent floral tributes. The bearers were Messrs. Wm. Smith, Ed. Pritchett, Geo. Granger, John Isaacs, Martin O'Meara and Robert Henderson.

THE LATE J. H. DULMAGE.

The Gorrie Vidette contains a very appreciative sketch of the life of the late J. H. Dulmage. Deceased was born in the township of Matilda, Dundas county, and after moving several times he finally settled in Gorrie. He was the oldest living member of St. John's Lodge, 208a, A. F. and A. M., of London. He leaves behind him to mourn his loss three daughters and one son, who are: Mrs. Grover, of Toronto; Mrs. Marshall, of Brockville; and Lizzie and William, who reside at the Albion, all of whom were present at the funeral.

CONNELL-THOMSON.

The marriage of Mr. Joseph Evan Connell to Miss Mary Thomson, was solemnized last week at 553 South street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. A. Claris, of the Congregational Church. Only the most intimate friends of the contracting parties were present, among them being Mr. and Mrs. Claris, Mrs. Winnett, Miss Ida Mooney, Port Huron; Mrs. Hawley and Miss Nellie Cameron, city; Mr. Robert Michael, Detroit; Mr. E. McKay and daughter, Leamington; Mrs. Michael, Belmont; Mr. John Hugh Connell, of Parkville, Mo., who took place at 2 p.m., after which the wedding party drove to the G. T. R. station and took the train for New York, and contemplated traveling extensively before returning. Their wedding trip may consume a year or two, when they are expected to settle down in Ontario. Mr. Connell is a returned Klondiker, with a previous British Columbia experience, and he likes Victoria as a place of residence, but may be persuaded to stay in the city.

At the station a very large number of the bride's friends, her co-workers in Sunday school and church work, among whom she was a great favorite, met the wedding party and pelted them with rose leaves and rice till they were glad to take refuge in the car.

LATE ANGUS CAMPBELL.

The late Angus Campbell, who died at Appin yesterday in his 73rd year, was a pioneer of Ekfrid township, and was born on lot 1, Longwood road, in 1828. Both the father and mother, and the grandfather of deceased died in this county. Mr. Campbell, on his father's side, was Scotch, and on his mother's side, Irish. He was the second son of a family of eight, of whom he is the only one deceased. The first school he attended was in a log house built on his father's farm, and presided over by the late Squire Livingstone. Deceased was the owner of 300 acres of land when he moved from Longwood road in 1882. He was married in 1855 to Miss Elizabeth Ferguson, daughter of Mr. Justice Ferguson. Mrs. Campbell was born July 9, 1832, and by her marriage became the mother of seven children.

CLERGYMAN'S CHILDREN.

Coffee Being Replaced by Postum Food Coffee.

"I am the wife of a minister. About three years ago a farm friend, an exemplary mother and the consolation of a minister, asked me if I had ever tried giving up coffee and using Postum Food Coffee. I had been told her of my excessive nervousness and ill-health. She said: 'We drink nothing else for breakfast but Postum Food Coffee, and it is a delight and a comfort to have something that we do not have to refuse the children when they ask for it.'"

"I was surprised that she would permit the children to drink any kind of coffee, but she explained that it was a most healthful beverage, and that the children thrived on it. A very little thought convinced me that for brainwork one should not rely upon a stimulant such as coffee is, but should have food, and the very best food."

"My first trial of Postum was a failure. The maid of all work brought it to the table, lukewarm, weak, and altogether lacking in character. We were in despair, but decided on one more trial. At the second trial, we faithfully followed the directions, used four teaspoonsful to the pint of water, let it boil full fifteen minutes after the real boiling began, and served it with rich cream. It was delicious and we were all won."

"I have since sung the praises of Postum Food Coffee on many, many occasions and have induced numbers of friends to abandon coffee and use Postum, with remarkable results. The wife of a college professor said to me a short time ago that nothing had ever produced so marked a change in her husband's health as the leaving off of coffee and the use of Postum Food Coffee." Edith Smith Davis, Appleton, Wis.

children: Arabella Jane, John F., Thos. F., M. D., a graduate of Trinity College, Toronto; George B. Angus P., Samuel E. and Joseph H. Deceased was deputy reeve of Ekfrid for two years, township collector for ten years, and assessor for two years. In 1859 he was appointed justice of the peace. For many years he had been a director of the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

DISTRICT PAST MASTERS' OFFICERS

Association Holds Its Annual Meeting in Masonic Temple.

The District Past Masters' Association held their annual meeting at the Masonic Temple, and the attendance and the results were everything that could be desired. There were present R. W. Bros. John Thornicroft (Lambeth), A. B. Greer and J. S. Dewar; V. W. Bros. C. A. Kingston, E. T. Essery and E. Paul; W. Bros. C. T. Campbell, John Higginbottom, E. Manigault, J. N. Wood, John Paul, A. W. White, U. A. Buchner, A. R. Galpin, C. C. Reed, James Smith, Stephen Grant and John Robertson. President Kingston occupied the chair and made a few explanatory remarks. The election of officers was held, with the following results: Honorary president—V. W. Bro. C. A. Kingston; president, W. Bro. C. T. Campbell, M.D.; first vice-president, V. W. Bro. E. T. Essery; second vice-president, R. W. Bro. John Thornicroft; secretary-treasurer, W. Bro. John Paul; executive committee, R. W. Bro. A. B. Greer, No. 20; R. W. Bro. A. B. Munson, No. 42; V. W. Bro. C. C. Reed, No. 64; V. W. Bro. E. Paul, No. 125; W. Bro. Arthur W. White, No. 209; W. Bro. W. H. Irvine, No. 230; W. Bro. A. R. Galpin, No. 378; W. Bro. Stephen Grant, No. 380.

A discussion arose concerning the holding of a banquet in the near future. The matter was referred to the executive committee.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to Bro. T. R. Parker for his services as secretary-treasurer during the last four years, and sympathy was also expressed for him in his illness.

Malt Breakfast Food

Is a Boon to Dyspeptics.

The weak, erratic stomach of the dyspeptic demands a nourishment that can be retained and that affords strength. Malt Breakfast Food is the only grain food that perfectly fills the bill, because it agrees with the weakest stomach and is easily assimilated and ready to be taken up by the natural process of absorption.

Malt Breakfast Food gruel is acknowledged to be the most refreshing and appetizing dish for the poor, suffering dyspeptic. Its use for a few days will tone and strengthen the stomach and digestive organs, after which the patient may commence with the regular Malt Breakfast Food porridge, which will soon banish all trouble and establish a healthy and natural appetite.

The best physicians, instead of prescribing medicines, are strongly advocating the use of Malt Breakfast Food for impaired digestion. If your stomach is weak, try Malt Breakfast Food for a week; results will be so pleasing you will never give it up. Grocers everywhere.

ETTA SCHEIBECK

AWOKE JUST IN TIME!

Little Three-Year-Old Girl Saved Family From Being Burned to Death.

Detroit, Nov. 12.—Little Etta Schebeck is a heroine. Only three years of age, she has already saved two lives. The thrilling incident occurred yesterday morning, about 2 o'clock, at the two-story home building occupied as a saloon, school supply store and residence, 275 Crane avenue.

The occupants, consisting of Joseph Christie and wife, and little Etta, slept soundly, not knowing of the dread danger below stairs. How the fire originated is not known, but it soon ate its way through the southeast corner of the building, and was already crackling in adjoining rooms. Dense volumes of whirling smoke threatened to suffocate the Christies.

At the last moment little Etta stirred uneasily in her bed, gasped, awoke, and listened to the roar of the flames. "Oh, though she is so small, she at once realized the danger, and shook Mrs. Christie, who was still dreaming. Mrs. Christie tells the story as follows:

"When I awoke I had a strange feeling, as though overcome. The house was full of smoke, and when my husband got up we couldn't tell where the fire was. We were cut off by the hot smoke. How we managed to stumble downstairs in our night clothes, I don't know. Had it not been for little Etta we certainly would all have been burned to death."

Mr. and Mrs. Mamer, across the street, assisted in the rescue, Mamer running barefooted to the engine house, his wife helping to bring out the horses from the stable in the rear.

W. J. Hynes' barber shop suffered from smoke and water. The Christie's home had just been put in repair, including new hardwood wainscoting throughout. The loss will reach \$1,500.

THE LIQUOR TRADE

Question Before the Court—Should Hotel-Keepers Be Compelled to Have Their Bar Windows Uncovered.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—An appeal in a case important to hotel-keepers and others interested in liquor legislation is being argued here today. J. B. Haverson, of Toronto, for Mr. Huckle, a local hotel-keeper, appeals against Huckle's conviction for having blinds on his bar room windows contrary to the rules of the Ottawa license commissioners, and Huckle is fined \$25. Mr. Haverson says "The rule is ultra vires and unreasonable, and he asks the judge to so declare the element in this case. Martin was convicted of having the lower half of his windows covered, contrary to law, during prohibited hours. The appeal courts upheld the conviction."

The percentage of water is 80 in plums and grapes, 82 in apples, 84 in pears, 86 in oranges, 90 in lemons and 95 in watermelons.

Adversity tries some men and police judges try others.

J. H. CHAPMAN & Co UNDERWEAR ..SALE..

Second week of the November Underwear Sale. Late comers will have equal chances with earliest buyers, and many, many people have learned that this is a good Underwear Store in which to buy. Glance through these suggestions. You will appreciate the value-giving when you see the samples:

Ladies' Vests
Long-Sleeved Shaped Open Front Ribbed Knit Vests. Everywhere 20c each, here at..... **15c**

Ladies' Vests & Drawers
Good Canadian manufacture; can't buy anything like them anywhere else. At each

23c 49c 75c

Hosiery In the Same Way.
Reduced for second week of Underwear and Hosiery Sale. 1,000 pairs of English, German and Canadian Hosiery will be put on sale at the following bargain prices:

FOR LADIES
No. 1—Two pairs for 25c.
No. 2—19c a pair, regular 25c a pair.
No. 3—25c pair, regular 35c.
No. 4—Special, 3 pairs for 55c.
No. 5—Two pairs for 45c, regular 30c a pair.

THESE FOR BOYS
Big, Thick Worsted School Stockings, worth 35c, at..... **25c**
Boys' Ribbed School Stockings, very special..... **25c**
Boys' Heavy Worsted School Stockings, extra special..... **50c**

MEN'S GRAY WORKING SOCKS
100 PAIRS AT 10c A PAIR.

See Chapman's Furs—Buy Chapman's Furs— And Save at Least 25 Per Cent.

Fancy Goods This department is beginning to shine with the first hints of holiday time. Articles in amazing abundance, for card parties, favors, souvenirs, prizes, presents and the like.

The New Art Braids, Material and Patterns.

Always something new in our lively Fancy Goods Department. New line of patterns for Duchesse, Marie Antoinette, Battenburg and Renaissance is now ready. It includes the simplest as well as the most elaborate designs. Also a complete line of Braids at our usual scale of low prices.

Keep yourself posted from now until Xmas about this interesting department.

Ladies' Petticoats.

At 98c Worth \$1.25, made of good quality Black Mercerized Sateen, frilled flounce, extra value at 98c.

OTHER PETTICOATS REDUCED:
\$1 75 Petticoats, now **\$1 50**
\$2 50 Petticoats, now **\$2 00**
\$3 50 Petticoats, now **\$3 00**

Ladies' Black Waists, \$1.98.
Ladies' Black Mercerized Sateen Cloth Waists, made in the most up-to-date style, different styles to choose from, regular \$2 25 value, tomorrow..... **\$1 98**

CHAPMAN'S
The Biggest Drygoods Store,
126, 128, 128½ DUNDAS STREET.