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Some of these in your next order. Just opened up. Covant fingers, lady gingers, Abernethy Jam Jams, Fig Bar, Fig Sandwich, Raisin Cookies, Honey Fingers, etc.

GARIEPY & LESSARD

VOLUME IV.

EDMONTON BULLETIN MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1906.

NUMBER 110.

Store The Store for Good Values

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 It Bal at - \$3.50
 Felt Sole 4.50
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 pers, all sizes
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WANTED

SCRIPT WANTED.

RED BACK GUARANTEED. Red Back; large or small titles. Address P. O. Box 8, Lethbridge, Sask.

TWO HUNDRED HEAD horses or cattle to winter; also for 25, 50, 75 or 100 tons of feed, 100 tons of hay, to be stored in Edmonton before April. Apply S. L. Daggard, two west of St. Albert.

TEACHER WANTED.

Josephburg School District. One year. Duties to commence Monday in January. Applicant to be salary required. G. DOZE, Beaver Hills, Alta.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

Coronation School District. Duties to commence Jan. 2nd. Salary, stating certificate held, and required to. ALFRED J. TROUNSON, Edmonton P. O.

FOR THE ECLIPSE District, No. 600, a duly qualified teacher for 1907, holding a or second class certificate, to commence 2nd Jan. Salary \$60 per month. Apply to JAMES SHARP, Sec'y, Lacombe, Alta.

ED - ON TO MY PREMISES pony mare, 11 years old, 800 lbs. to \$50 per month. Apply the Teachers' Agency.

STRAYED

ED - ABOUT NOV. 12, COW, at foot. Owner may have same proving property and paying expenses. J. H. Melick, Belmont.

ED - ON TO MY PREMISES pony mare, 11 years old, 800 lbs. to \$50 per month. Apply the Teachers' Agency.

STRAYED.

near Ray P. O. brown horse, weight about 1200, white spot on head, one white hind foot, no brand. Scar on inside of hind leg. \$15 reward. R. SOETAKET, Ray P. O.

black Lake, May last, one black white three-year-old steer, 700 lbs. brand L.D.S. large horns. Owner to have same by proving property and paying expenses. Leon Lambert.

CAME TO MY PREMISES ON 11th, three 3-year-old steers, roan and red and white, or dehorned. Owner can have by paying expenses and proving property. Robert Mitchell, cont. s.w. 38 33 24 west of the

NOTICE

taxes due "Camilla" school district; No. 476 are to be paid before 15th December.

JAS. MCGILLIS, Secretary.

"CANUCKS" By the Cartoonists

"EDMONTONIANS"



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MR. KOERMAN, Editor of the "Alberta Herald."

Mr. Koerman was born Nov. 18th, 1855, at Germany. He came to America in 1881, and followed his business as a printer in Philadelphia, Pa., where he remained for 8 years. In 1889 Mr. Koerman came to Winnipeg, and with his brother-in-law, Mr. H. Brueggemann, started the first German newspaper in the Canadian west, "Der Nordwesten." Mr. Koerman remained in Winnipeg until the spring of 1903, when he came west, selecting Edmonton as the most suitable city for a German paper, and started the "Alberta Herald" in May, 1903, which has attained the largest circulation of any weekly newspaper in Alberta.

PREACHER FINED.

St. Thomas, Dec. 7.—W. C. Carlton, assistant pastor of Disciples church, Mapleton, was today fined \$10 for hitting Clinton Smith, during the course of a row in the basement of the church. Smith was making a racket and was struck while being ejected. Other actions may follow.

MAY SUE DIRECTORS.

Toronto, Dec. 7.—It is stated that on the appointment of the new directors for the Ontario bank they will take action against the old directors to recover losses. By the addition of E. R. Wood to the shareholders' committee they think they have control of the shareholders' votes. He is understood to bring in 3,000 votes held by brokers and 490 shares held by the Canada Life Insurance Company.

WAGES INCREASED.

St. Thomas, Dec. 7.—Following the raise in wages of the Michigan Central yardmen here comes the announcement that all men in the company's shops here will have their wages increased. Boiler makers, machinists and blacksmiths get two cents, car inspectors \$5 per month extra and all men one cent an hour advance.

..... FARMERS
 MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM PROPERTY AT LOWEST RATES
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 GEO. T. BRAGG, Local Agent,
 P.O. Box 56
 Edmonton, Alta.

News from Ottawa

Ottawa, December 7.—

The government feel the need of a wrecking plant in the Maritime provinces, to save the ships and lives of sailors and passengers. The department of marine proposes, therefore to subsidize a wrecking plant to be available from the Bay of Fundy to the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The headquarters will be at Sydney harbor in Cape Breton, where, under the proposed contract, the steamer of 230 tons the D. H. Thomas will be stationed permanently with an efficient fleet on call of a dozen other steamers. There is a wrecking plant at Quebec, and another in British Columbia, but hitherto there has not been a plant under contract with the Federal Government, which gives \$10,000 a year subsidy and specifies the charges per day to be made by the various steamers. Mr. Johnston, M.P., and other maritime members have been pressing this matter upon the department for some time past.

A bill will be introduced to incorporate a company under the name of "The Lake Superior and Hudson's Bay Development and Canal Company" with power to create a navigable waterway between Lake Superior, James' Bay and Hudson's Bay by way of Nepigon river, Nepigon lake, the water stretches between Nepigon lake and the Albany river, the Albany river to James' Bay, by the water stretches between the Albany river and the Severn river and by the Severn river to Hudson's Bay.

Application will be made for an act to incorporate "The Port Arthur Power and Development Company" with power to use and operate the water power on the Nepigon river, the Black Sturgeon river and the Pigeon river, in the district of Thunder Bay and construct works and buildings in connection with the same.

The tariff delegations are still arriving in the city, although there is no appearance of any changes in the tariff in sight. On the contrary, there is a strong opinion that the protective features of the tariff ought not to be further strengthened although it is what all the delegations are after. The manufacturers of lead sheet represented by A. Robertson of Montreal and Mr. Koefe, St. John, are asking for more protection. They say that it has been reduced 20 per cent. The manufacturers of silk neckties are also in the city. They want the old privilege of bringing in silk to make neckties at 10 per cent, duty restored. This was abolished and the duties rearranged to prevent the silk being used for other purposes.

C.P.R. FIREMAN KILLED.

Winnipeg, December 7.—Three men in charge of a locomotive No. 780 attached to a freight train east-bound over the Canadian Pacific railway, were blown from the cab by the dropping of the crown sheet, and of the three two were injured, while the third, George Conley, is dead. The accident happened at Scott's Hill, near Whitemouth, between 9 and 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and was caused, presumably, by a shortage of water. George Conley, who died of his injuries on the way to Winnipeg, was a fireman on the engine, and the two injured, engineer and John Ernest Barchus brakeman. The train was proceeding eastward at a rate of about twenty miles per hour when the engineer noticed that there was no water in the indicator glass. Shouting to the other occupants of the cab he attempted to jump, but was too late. As his foot was on the top step the crown fell, allowing the steam and scalding water from the pipes to escape into the firebox, and from there to blow into the cab. Barchus was blown from the cab on to the top of the coal in the tender. Conley was blown out of the cab, past the telegraph poles into the bush, while Munn, being protected by the seat, escaped all but the force of the explosion, and while he was thrown to the ground he was not badly injured. The injured men were brought to the general hospital here. George Conley has been for some time on the Fort William division. He had had rather hard luck for some time past, and had just recovered from an attack of typhoid fever, with which he was laid up in the hospital at Kenora. Yesterday's fatal trip was the second or third that he had made since his recovery. The body was taken to Gardiner's undertaking rooms, where it awaits disposition. His relatives reside near Toronto.

NORTH ONTARIO MODEL FARM.

Toronto, Dec. 7.—The Minister of Agriculture for Ontario has selected a site in the township of Newmarket in the district of Mississauga for the new experimental station for New Ontario. The site is one mile square and the land is considered excellent for the purpose. It is good clay loam soil well decayed and has also the advantage of being intersected by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario railway.

A CALIFORNIA SHAKE.

San Luis Obispo, Cal., Dec. 7.—At 10.40 last night this city experienced an earthquake shock which lasted more than thirty seconds. The shock was from north to south. Half an hour later a shock was felt but was not so pronounced as the first. The earthquake was also felt at Santa Maria, Guallaloupe, Cayacos and Cambria. At the latter place articles were shaken from shelves. No perceptible damage was sustained here.

NORTHERN BANK AT MACLEOD.

Macleod, Alta., Dec. 7.—A branch of the Northern bank has been established here during the week. Macleod now has three banks and a fourth, it is said, will soon follow. A supply of coal, which will tide over the situation some time was received here during the week.

TROUBLE IN MOROCCO.

Mesila, Morocco, Dec. 7.—A detachment of the Sultan's troops have crossed the Moulouya river and native runners report that the Pretender's followers are preparing to attack the sheriff in force. The result of the battle is anxiously awaited.

RILEY ELECTED IN GLEICHEN

Liberal Candidate Returned By a Majority of About One Hundred—The Vote By Polls

Bulletin Special

Calgary, Dec. 8.—E. H. Riley was elected by the electors of Gleichen yesterday as member for the Alberta Legislature by a majority which will probably exceed 100. At midnight, with the returns which were received, the majority was 54. The ten polls yet to hear from at the last election gave the liberal candidate a majority of 30, and should do as well or perhaps a shade better this year.

In addition to this a large number of votes were locked up, particularly about Calgary. Of these votes probably 75 per cent are marked red, and in a scrutiny the liberal candidate will increase the majority. Mr. Riley gained about 20 votes in the suburban polls. This was due to the magnificent vote polled at Hillhurst, Mr. Riley's own poll. Perhaps the biggest surprise in the entire vote was in the Nose Creek district. At the last election the two polls in the Nose Creek and Beddington districts, which were combined in one poll at Beddington, gave a conservative majority of 58. Yesterday they gave Mr. Riley a majority of 3. This was to a certain extent counterbalanced by changes in favor of Mr. Walsh at Delaware, Glenmore, and Sprucevale. The bad weather prevented many from coming out, and the poll was small. The loss to both parties was about the same. In Gleichen district many Liberals were kept away, while doubtless the bad weather kept down the poll at Nose Creek and Beddington, and kept a majority of Conservatives away. The vote as far as ascertained, together with the vote polled last year, is given as follows:

Place	Dec. 1906	Nov. 1905
Gleichen	43	36
Bassano	3	9
Brooks	3	9
Crossfield	31	31
Airdrie	19	63
Beddington	18	21
Nose Creek	11	10
Hillhurst	36	6
Riverside	52	32
Rouleauville	73	46
Sprucevale	15	23
Glenmore	9	20
Shepard	21	27
Langdon	27	20
Delaware	15	37
Brewery	15	17
Strathmore	6	17
Berrydale	No returns	4
Handhills	No returns	21
Rosebud	No returns	10
Bow River	No returns	12
Bullpound	No returns	23
Winter Hills	No returns	6
Lillis	No returns	6
Cheadle	No returns	15
Total	401	347

City Telephone System

In answer to a question asked at the council board last night by Alderman Mays it transpired that Edmontonians need not look for any relief from the present state of telephone affairs until well along next year, probably in June or may be even later.

Alderman Mays wanted to know if the new system could be put in this winter, and he was told by the commissioners that it could not. He then asked if another board of two might not be added to the present one, and he was told that the telephone switchboard now in use is already larger than it has any right to be, and that to add another unit would be simply out of the question.

Next he asked if two telephones could not be put on one wire, and the pressure thus relieved. Here again he was answered in the negative. Induction was too great, and if more instruments were added the subscribers would not be able to hear at all.

Alderman Mays asked how many applications there were in, and was told that 130 had registered their applications, and some three or four hundred more have said they want telephones, but did not register, as they were told at the city office that there was no use. There can be just exactly 12 more telephones added to the present board as soon as the necessary instruments arrive, and after that not another one until the new

for the conduit pipes and cables had not yet been ordered, but Alderman Mays was told that the telephone expert had an order prepared which he was going to send in in the near future. The Lorimer people, who are making the automatic switchboard, have been heard from, and they say that they will have their part of the plant ready before the city can use it.

Alderman Mays remarked that this showed a deplorable state of affairs, especially in view of the fact that a telephone on the present system, as bad as it was, might be sold any day for \$100. As the severe weather set in earlier than usual this year the contractors would not be able to fulfill their contract to complete the telephone central building in February, and the commission-ers had no way of knowing when it could be completed. The material

FIRE TO-DAY ON CAMERON STREET

Brigade Turned Out At An Early Hour To-Day

The fire brigade was called out at an early hour this morning to a fire in the house of Edward Milner on Cameron street. The fire destroyed a shed or lean-to and some damage was done by water to the main house. It is supposed the fire originated in the shed from a pile of hot ashes. When Mr. Milner opened the door the blaze burst in upon him. He quickly closed the door, ran to a neighboring house and phoned the alarm. The family was able to return to the house as soon as the fire was extinguished.

CLUB'S ANNUAL MEETING

The first regular, and the annual meeting of the Strathcona Club was held in the office of Mr. H. F. Sandman last night. There was a large attendance of members of the club and much enthusiasm for the success of the organization.

The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows: President—Mr. W. H. Shppard. Vice President—Mr. P. J. Jamieson. Secretary—Mr. William Hill. A managing committee was also appointed as follows, Messrs. O. Bush, J. R. Lavall, W. H. Shppard, J. J. Daggard, F. C. Jamieson, George F. Lowman, W. H. Marriott, Arthur Pearson and Major Iremonger. Three members of this committee will retire next year and three the following year, while three will hold office for three years. The new portable house recently purchased through the agency of Major Iremonger, is expected to arrive in a few days and it is expected that the club will be comfortably housed in their new quarters by the first of the year.

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 BY THE BOX.

 We have a large stock of
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 boxes of barrels.
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 when you can get the best at
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 All fruit guaranteed at

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 GOOD LUMBER PAYS

We have on hand the largest stock of
HIGH GRADE LUMBER
 we have ever carried. We have also a good supply of
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 Purse.
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 Squaw Bags.
 Fans.
 Silk and Clifton Collars.
 Leather and Silk Belts.
 Mounted Combs.
 Sterling Silver Thimbles.
 Needle Cases.
 Whisk Holders.
 Silk Hosi.

J. H. MORRIS & CO., DEPARTMENTAL STORES.

The MANCHESTER HOUSE

(Established 1886.)



Ladies' Furs

We have just received and opened up another express shipment of ladies fur and fur lined coats, and as we secured some special prices, we are in a better position than ever to give you good values in furs.

Fur Storm Collars

We are showing an extra large range of fur storm collars \$2.75 to \$25.00 each.

Fur Ruffs

and stoles in a variety of furs, and prices from \$4.50 to \$50.00 each.

W. Johnstone Walker & Co
 267 JASPER AVENUE EAST

BIG DEALS PENDING IN COAL PROPERTIES

Revolution Promised In Industry In Edmonton District and Large Capital Taking Hold of Mines

Two coal deals of immense importance to the city of Edmonton are pending today and will probably be completed within the next week or ten days. Although in possession of all the facts, the Bulletin is restrained from giving the names and designation of the properties involved as the publication thereof would possibly have the effect of blocking the deals.

However it can be said without breach of confidence that the trustee for one of the purchasing companies is already in the city and that everything is practically wound up except the signing of the papers, and that the other deal is so far along that the parties interested have agreed on the price to be paid for the property involved.

The completion of these two deals means a revolution in the coal mining in this part of the country. In the first instance Winnipeg parties with almost unlimited capital are acquiring not less than 1,000 acres of some of the best coal land in the country and it is their intention to put in modern machinery and to mine on an enormous scale for the supply of the Manitoba market. The situation of the property is particularly favorable from a transportation point of view and by the time the Grand Trunk Pacific is built Edmonton will have one of the largest coal producers in Canada working within a few miles of the city limits.

The second deal involves the transfer of a well-known property already an extensive producer to local parties who have had considerable experience in the coal mining business and who intend to launch a large project in that line.

Details of both deals will be ready for publication within a few days.

designed to prejudice the courts of the country, should not go uncontradicted. As the new rules of the House would not permit the Minister to go further into the matter at this stage of the proceedings, he will likely return to the matter again.

Mr. Monk moved the second reading of his bill regarding industrial and co-operative societies. Mr. Fielding agreed to referring the bill to a special committee. He said provincial legislation could provide for all that was necessary with the exception of banking.

Mr. Lemieux said that the labor men of the Dominion were in favor of the legislation. The bill will be sent to a special committee.

Mr. Lancaster's bill to confine certificates to masters and mates in Canadian vessels to British subjects was referred to a committee.

The Minister of Customs said that 297,490 pounds of raw sugar came to Canada from Great Britain, 10,807,986 pounds from British Africa, 96,635,323 pounds from British Guiana, 305,533 pounds from British East India, 229,126,593 pounds from British West Indies, 13,095,152 from Fiji, 12,111 pounds from Hong Kong, 153,565 pounds from Argentina, 17,675,844 pounds from Belgium, 1,385,707 pounds from Central American states, 2,223 pounds from China, 24,847,943 pounds from British East Indies, 541,375 pounds from Mexico, 3,451,092 pounds from Peru, 477,249 pounds from the United States, making a total of \$90,884,620 pounds. In answer to Dr. Daniels, Mr. Paterson said that in 1904 the imports for the United Kingdom through United States ports were valued at \$12,685,878, and through Canadian ports at \$40,407. In 1905 the imports through United States ports were valued at \$12,320,300 and through Canadian ports at \$40,139,453. For 1906 the figures were \$13,952,428 and \$36,033,722 respectively. Mr. Paterson also said that the amount of rebate on agricultural implements exported from Canada during 1905 was \$107,250 and during 1906 \$29,167.

Mr. Oliver told Mr. Christie, of South Ontario, that 18,820 pounds had entered by Canadian ports and 21,230 from the United States. Of these 22,242 settled in Quebec, 4,051 in the Maritime Provinces, 37,188 in Ontario, 2,394 in Manitoba; 17,581 in Saskatchewan, 17,157 in Alberta, 12,541 in British Columbia. The department was making known the demand for farm laborers and domestic servants in Ontario.

RACE HORSES SEIZED
Albany, N.Y., Dec. 4.—Amasa J. Parker, an attorney of this city, said that the authorities had seized 20 race horses from the sheriff of New York, by Mr. Parker's order, upon two noted horses known as "Thomas" and "John" owned by the late John N.B., to Vineyard Haven, Mass. Dec. 5.—The barkentine which for over twenty-four hours flew signals of distress off the Nantucket shoals, struck on the great round shoal today and has broken in two. It was learned that the vessel was the Bonny Don, bound from St. John, N.B., to Vineyard Haven. The crew escaped from the vessel but whether they reached shore is not known here.

SHORT SESSION YESTERDAY
Ottawa, Dec. 5.—There was a short sitting in the house today. Several public bills were advanced a stage and a few questions cleared off the order papers.

Monk's bill for industrial and co-operative societies was referred to a special committee. The hockey practices will be on Tuesday and Friday nights instead of Tuesday and Thursday nights.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Friday, December 14, at 3 p.m. at the home of Mrs. H. B. McKenzie, corner of Oliver and Duggan streets. Members are requested to be present and all are cordially welcome.

The hockey club had an excellent practice last night and the boys showed marvellously good form for so early in the season. It is expected that the first game will be arranged for Christmas afternoon when the team will probably meet the players from across the river.

SISTER AND BROTHER LOST
Bentin Special.
Craik, Sask., Dec. 5.—Miss McDonald, of Aylesbury, while trying to make her way home from her neighbor's last night, got lost. Her brother set out to find her and he got lost. This morning the young man was found about 5 o'clock, nearly exhausted and the sister about noon, yet alive, but there is very little hope for her recovery. The brother is in a serious condition.

KILLED BY VAN ELEVATOR
Bulletin Special.
Chambersburg, Pa., Dec. 5.—Three men were killed, one fatally injured and five others hurt today by the fall of an elevator in the Geiser manufacturing shops. Eleven men were on the lift together with a five ton machine, when the cable parted. The men dropped twenty-five feet with the machinery on top of the pile.

LOAN CO. MERGER.
Toronto, Dec. 5.—A merger, involving assets close upon \$2,500,000 has just been accomplished. The Standard Loan company of this city is taking over the Canadian Savings, Loan

national live stock exposition, won from Lord Rothschild's stallion, Girton Chamer.

TELLER MISSING.
Bulletin Special.
Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 6.—William Andrews, the collection teller of his first bank of this city, is missing. President E. F. Swinney admitted today that Anderson was shorted \$9,000 in his accounts. The bank officials have sworn out a warrant for his arrest.

GRAIN COMMISSION FND'S LITTLE WORK
Bulletin Special.
Lacombe, Dec. 6.—The Dominion Grain Commission held its first session in the Province of Alberta in Lacombe this afternoon in the town hall. The members of the Commission present were J. McMillan, Indian Head, chairman; G. E. Goldie, Ayr, Ont.; J. R. Boyle, M.P.P., Edmonton, secretary; and Mr. Neild, official stenographer, Toronto.

A small number of farmers were present although the meeting had been thoroughly advertised by the Globe and Mr. Puffer. The reason for the small attendance is probably due to the fact that the farmers of this district have really no pressing grievance. Little grain is shipped. This is a live stock centre, and is also famous for the number of pure bred hogs. The farmers are realizing that owing to the long haul east or west, and the consequent almost prohibitive freight rates, it is more profitable to prepare their products in the most concentrated form possible for shipment, thus increasing its value and lessening the rate. Compare shipping a car of grain with a car of hogs and it will be readily understood which is more profitable. A car of hogs totals three or four times the value of the wheat and the freight is practically the same. But with the expansion of the pork packing industry there will be less need of shipping hogs and more and more grain will be fed. Mr. Puffer, M.P.P., stated to the Commission that in his opinion over seventy-five per cent of the grain grown in Lacombe district would be fed on the farm during the next few years.

The first statement to the Commission was given by John Gregory, of the Society of Equity. He said he came to Alberta 13 years ago; he had exercised economy and worked hard and intelligently during that time, but beyond the increase in the value of his land he had made nothing. All he had above that was a herd of 75 cattle and a few implements. The farmer did not receive the same return for his investment that the merchant or railway received. Other men had begun with him in other lines and had retired with thousands. The difficulty was not in the production, but in the distribution and sale of the farmer's product. Oats were only 215 cents barely compared with 35 at Winnipeg. If the rate was cut in two and the half added to the price paid the farmer there would be some profit. Now a farmer cannot pay the high price for labor and make ends meet.

PARK SUPERINTENDENT DISMISSED.
Winnipeg, Dec. 6.—The resignation of D. D. England, superintendent of parks, was asked for yesterday, as the result of an investigation which was held with regard to certain charges which were made against him. The resignation was accepted and he was given three months' wages. The charges were that he had set park board employees to do private work for himself. He was also charged with looking after his horses, and working in his garden. He had also been careless in checking pay rolls and men had been paid for work while they had been out of the city. He had also appropriated horse feed provided for the city teams to his private use. Other employees were severely censured.

CARNEGIE WILL HELP.
Kingston, Dec. 6.—Principal Gordon, of Queen's, announced today that Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D., an honorary graduate of the college, had promised \$100,000 to the Queen's endowment fund to complete the half million endowment when the \$400,000 required was subscribed. Already \$250,000 had been provided and it is likely that the other \$150,000 will be forthcoming at an early date.

MINERS KILLED IN EXPLOSION
Bulletin Special.
Columbus, Mich., Dec. 6.—As a result of the explosion of fourteen boxes of blasting powder in the 21st level of No. 8 shaft of the Munsey mine last night, Wm. Congin, a miner, is dead, and Dennis Shea was fatally injured. Jack Mandly and John Sullivan were in the shaft at the time of the explosion. Many were overcome by gas. They were taken from the mine through No. 6 shaft by rescuers. The explosion did not do much damage to the workings.

HIGHTON, MICH., DEC. 6—John Dandley, the second victim of the explosion died at the Hancock hospital. Denis Shea cannot be found through the night. The coroner's jury found that the men came to their deaths through the explosion of powder some of which was handled by Sarula, a Finn miner, who is said to be responsible.

FRISCO'S RELIEF FUND
San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The relief corporation has just published its report on the condition of the relief fund and its receipts and disbursements from April 23rd to Nov. 17th. The total receipts were \$4,218,372; the cost of administration of the fund less than four per cent, and the amount of subscriptions of \$3,851,691 is still the outstanding subject to the call of the corporation. The balance sheet shows \$1,366,142 cash on hand.

POSTAL EXPRESS SERVICE TO BE ESTABLISHED
Ottawa, Dec. 6.—The settlement of the Lethbridge coal strike and the proposed postal express legislation were two important statements made by the Postmaster General in the House today. The member from South Toronto, A. C. Macdonald, in-

duced a bill for compulsory voting and providing for sufficient time for employees to vote. It was read a first time. Mr. Lemieux said that the proposed postal express legislation consisted of an arrangement for the transmission and delivery of postal parcels C. O. D. It is contemplated that the post office should be means by which parcels should be despatched and collection made of any charges thereon by the department on a definite scale. The details have not been perfected but are now the subject of consideration. Parliament will be more fully informed when the project has been completed.

Hon. R. Lemieux replying to Ralph Smith, Nanaimo, gave the basis on which the Lethbridge was settled. The intervention of the department was requested by the Hon. Walter Scott and W. L. Mackenzie King, deputy minister of labor, conducted the negotiations for the settlement. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that 1,000 Ross rifles had been given to the Mounted Police. Some defects were discovered. These defects are being put right at the expense of the company. In the meantime the police are using their old Winchester and Lee-Enfields.

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national live stock exposition, won from Lord Rothschild's stallion, Girton Chamer.

TELLER MISSING.
Bulletin Special.
Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 6.—William Andrews, the collection teller of his first bank of this city, is missing. President E. F. Swinney admitted today that Anderson was shorted \$9,000 in his accounts. The bank officials have sworn out a warrant for his arrest.

GRAIN COMMISSION FND'S LITTLE WORK
Bulletin Special.
Lacombe, Dec. 6.—The Dominion Grain Commission held its first session in the Province of Alberta in Lacombe this afternoon in the town hall. The members of the Commission present were J. McMillan, Indian Head, chairman; G. E. Goldie, Ayr, Ont.; J. R. Boyle, M.P.P., Edmonton, secretary; and Mr. Neild, official stenographer, Toronto.

A small number of farmers were present although the meeting had been thoroughly advertised by the Globe and Mr. Puffer. The reason for the small attendance is probably due to the fact that the farmers of this district have really no pressing grievance. Little grain is shipped. This is a live stock centre, and is also famous for the number of pure bred hogs. The farmers are realizing that owing to the long haul east or west, and the consequent almost prohibitive freight rates, it is more profitable to prepare their products in the most concentrated form possible for shipment, thus increasing its value and lessening the rate. Compare shipping a car of grain with a car of hogs and it will be readily understood which is more profitable. A car of hogs totals three or four times the value of the wheat and the freight is practically the same. But with the expansion of the pork packing industry there will be less need of shipping hogs and more and more grain will be fed. Mr. Puffer, M.P.P., stated to the Commission that in his opinion over seventy-five per cent of the grain grown in Lacombe district would be fed on the farm during the next few years.

The first statement to the Commission was given by John Gregory, of the Society of Equity. He said he came to Alberta 13 years ago; he had exercised economy and worked hard and intelligently during that time, but beyond the increase in the value of his land he had made nothing. All he had above that was a herd of 75 cattle and a few implements. The farmer did not receive the same return for his investment that the merchant or railway received. Other men had begun with him in other lines and had retired with thousands. The difficulty was not in the production, but in the distribution and sale of the farmer's product. Oats were only 215 cents barely compared with 35 at Winnipeg. If the rate was cut in two and the half added to the price paid the farmer there would be some profit. Now a farmer cannot pay the high price for labor and make ends meet.

PARK SUPERINTENDENT DISMISSED.
Winnipeg, Dec. 6.—The resignation of D. D. England, superintendent of parks, was asked for yesterday, as the result of an investigation which was held with regard to certain charges which were made against him. The resignation was accepted and he was given three months' wages. The charges were that he had set park board employees to do private work for himself. He was also charged with looking after his horses, and working in his garden. He had also been careless in checking pay rolls and men had been paid for work while they had been out of the city. He had also appropriated horse feed provided for the city teams to his private use. Other employees were severely censured.

CARNEGIE WILL HELP.
Kingston, Dec. 6.—Principal Gordon, of Queen's, announced today that Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D., an honorary graduate of the college, had promised \$100,000 to the Queen's endowment fund to complete the half million endowment when the \$400,000 required was subscribed. Already \$250,000 had been provided and it is likely that the other \$150,000 will be forthcoming at an early date.

MINERS KILLED IN EXPLOSION
Bulletin Special.
Columbus, Mich., Dec. 6.—As a result of the explosion of fourteen boxes of blasting powder in the 21st level of No. 8 shaft of the Munsey mine last night, Wm. Congin, a miner, is dead, and Dennis Shea was fatally injured. Jack Mandly and John Sullivan were in the shaft at the time of the explosion. Many were overcome by gas. They were taken from the mine through No. 6 shaft by rescuers. The explosion did not do much damage to the workings.

HIGHTON, MICH., DEC. 6—John Dandley, the second victim of the explosion died at the Hancock hospital. Denis Shea cannot be found through the night. The coroner's jury found that the men came to their deaths through the explosion of powder some of which was handled by Sarula, a Finn miner, who is said to be responsible.

FRISCO'S RELIEF FUND
San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The relief corporation has just published its report on the condition of the relief fund and its receipts and disbursements from April 23rd to Nov. 17th. The total receipts were \$4,218,372; the cost of administration of the fund less than four per cent, and the amount of subscriptions of \$3,851,691 is still the outstanding subject to the call of the corporation. The balance sheet shows \$1,366,142 cash on hand.

POSTAL EXPRESS SERVICE TO BE ESTABLISHED
Ottawa, Dec. 6.—The settlement of the Lethbridge coal strike and the proposed postal express legislation were two important statements made by the Postmaster General in the House today. The member from South Toronto, A. C. Macdonald, in-

duced a bill for compulsory voting and providing for sufficient time for employees to vote. It was read a first time. Mr. Lemieux said that the proposed postal express legislation consisted of an arrangement for the transmission and delivery of postal parcels C. O. D. It is contemplated that the post office should be means by which parcels should be despatched and collection made of any charges thereon by the department on a definite scale. The details have not been perfected but are now the subject of consideration. Parliament will be more fully informed when the project has been completed.

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PROGRESS OF DAIRY

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Again, it has been the custom to estimate the extent of the dairy industry on the production of the creameries. As far as the manufacture of cheese is concerned, the returns from the factories cover practically the whole production, but there is a very large quantity of butter manufactured on farms and known commercially as "dairy butter." The average retail value of dairy produce in 1905 was \$66,470,953. This includes the milk sold for direct consumption, or supplied to cheese factories, creameries and condensed milk factories, and also the butter and cheese manufactured on farms. That there has been a material increase in production of butter during the last five years is evident from the fact that while the home consumption of butter has increased, the export of many million pounds annually, there is a growing surplus for export. This surplus also applies to cheese to a less extent, because cheese is consumed universally eaten as butter is.

The butter makers and cream makers have, as a class, availed themselves freely of the excellent facilities which have been provided for their instruction largely by the provincial governments and the result has been a steady improvement in the quality and uniformity of the butter and cheese manufactured in Canada. The creameries, however, come when the produce reaches the consumer; so that the question of the preservation and handling of butter and cheese during the important part in this connection. Reports from all sources during the past year would indicate that the quality of cheese found increased favor with the consumers, owing to better condition on arrival. Canadian butter has not yet filled a very large place in the foreign market, inasmuch as it amounts to only about six per cent of the total imports and is certainly not the best. The advance in the estimation of the old country trade last year, and there was less difference between the price of the best Canadian and some of the best foreign, there has ever been before. This improvement is due to more than one attending circumstance. In the first place, there is a general improvement in quality, as already noted. Better storage and transportation facilities are being provided for the butter. The creameries are gradually improving their cold storage, the refrigerator cars are more generally used, and the butter is stored in better and more properly protected from high temperatures when discharged from the stores. This applies to the port of London only, but as over two-thirds of our butter and cheese goes to that port the effect on the whole is very important. Another thing that helped Canadian butter last year was the scarcity of supplies from other sources. This had the effect of putting ours into consumption more quickly than usual. One of the complaints against Canadian butter in the past has been that it does not keep well. This complaint arose really from the fact that the butter was often held too long in the hands of the dealers of the best, and those who handled it afterwards were not aware of its age.

Last season's experience taught many of the merchants in Great Britain that our butter was a satisfactory article to supply in place of the foreign article, and as a Manchester importer expressed himself to the writer, "Canadian butter has entered upon an entirely new phase in its history. It is doubtful if the outlook for Canadian dairy products was ever better than it is at the present time."

Our cheese bulks so large on the markets of Great Britain that other importations of the same variety of cheese are, by comparison, insignificant, and such competition as we have is constantly growing less. The increasing popularity of Canadian cheese during the past year or so, owing to its better condition on arrival during hot weather and the consequent supply of promises satisfactory prices for some time to come.

The tendency to make butter instead of cheese in Canada, particularly in the North-western portion of the country in the Eastern Townships of Quebec and in the Eastern States, supplies one business, inasmuch as it helps to prevent overproduction. The butter situation is a very different one from that of cheese, but it is not less promising and full of encouragement for those who are devoting their attention to that branch of the dairy industry.

Both our competitors in the Cheddar cheese trade taken together, New Zealand and the United States, supplied only 257,332 cwt. as against 1,842,762 cwt. supplied by Canada. On the other hand we find the imports of butter from Canada during the same period were only 235,233 cwt. out of a total importation of 4,347,917 cwt., or a little over 5 per cent of the whole. Canada stands fifth on the list, being preceded by Denmark, Russia, Austria and France in the order named.

Butter is imported in Great Britain from many sources, and it all competes more or less with that which is supplied by Canada. The direct competition is however, a very satisfactory feature of the situation because it means that it is possible for Canadian butter to replace that which comes from other countries to an almost indefinite extent. The increase in the consumption of butter in Great Britain has been so marked of late years that it shows no signs of falling off and this appears to be true in every country where butter is included in the diet of the people. The general improvement in the quality of the butter and the increase in the quantity of it in a fresh condition have induced many customers to butter their bread more freely than in the days when there was less strictly selected butter to be had and when much of it became rancid before it was consumed. The increasing quality and quantity of butter in Germany will have considerable influence on the situation in the

comparing the condition of the Alberta farmer with the Ontario farmer and the Manitoba farmer. The figures appeared to show that a fair average for the Manitoba farmer is 65 bushels of wheat per acre, which will average per year 60 cents, giving a return of \$15. A fair average for the Alberta farmer is 60 bushels of oats per acre which at 24 cents is \$14.40. Again, compare the Alberta with the Ontario producer of beef. The Alberta farmer usually gets 40 or 50 choice export steers, while the Ontario farmer pays 3 1/2c for stockers and fattens them on mill feed at \$22 2a ton. He usually sells the product at about 4 1/2 to 5 cents and beef has brought 6 cents in Ontario, but that is not an average price by any means. The cost of the stocker, the feed and the feeding do not leave very much profit for the Ontario farmer at the market price.

CROSS-PETITION.
Bulletin Special.
Toronto, Dec. 6.—Conservatives have entered a cross-petition in East Elgin election on behalf of David Marshall, M.P.

COLD IN ONTARIO.
Bulletin Special.
Toronto, Dec. 6.—The weather continues fairly cold in Ontario, but a western disturbance is moving towards the lake, bringing snow and rain. In Toronto the temperature is 22 and 24.

TEN INJURED IN AMONTREAL COLLISION
Bulletin Special.
Montreal, Dec. 6.—Ten persons were severely injured in a rear end collision between two street cars during the rush hours this evening. The two cars were coming down a steep grade about six o'clock, and when near the corner of Pine and Park streets the leading car stopped to allow several passengers to alight. For some reason the second car got beyond control and crashed into the one ahead. It is thought that either the brakes refused to work or the wheels slipped on the snow covered rail. Some of the injured are not expected to recover. The list of the injured: Norman Boucher, 14 years, 4 St. Edward street, right leg severely sprained and compound fracture of left leg; Joseph Boivin, conductor of the front car, 1488 St. Denis street, concussion of the brain and severe injuries all over the body; Samuel Hill, twenty years old, 1185 City Hall avenue, both legs broke; George Walter, 38 years old, 847 Finch avenue, compound fracture of right leg; G. W. Scott, 739 Main street, nervous collapse, torn face and ear and fracture of one rib; Miss Mamie O'Donnell, cut on the head and injured back; Miss Florence O'Donnell, 1233 Merry street, both ankles sprained and bruises all over body; Miss May O'Connell, 825 Mont Royal avenue, cuts on nose and bruises all over the body; Miss Ethel McWilliams, 928 Mount Royal avenue, bruises all over the body; Constance McDonough, of Seigneurs police station, cuts on the face and hands.

LAKE VESSEL TOOK FIRE
Bulletin Special.
Belleville, Dec. 6.—At noon today a telephone message was received from Capt. Smith, from Picton, where he and the crew of the missing steam barge Hickox arrived this morning. The Hickox took fire Sunday night at 10 o'clock in Lake Ontario and after much difficulty near the end of Prince Main Docks, near the end of Prince Edward shore. All the crew took to the yawl boat and reached shore. They then drove to Prinroy's Cove and from there drove to Picton. The vessel is a total loss as well as the cargo of coal. Both are insured.

NEW METROPOLITAN.
Toronto, Dec. 6.—Jan. 16th has been decided on by the provincial synod for making Bishop Sweetnam metropolitan and archbishop of the ecclesiastical province. It is thought a meeting of the general synod will be held shortly after to elect a primate of all Canada to succeed the late Archbishop Bond.

SEAMEN STRIKE.
Odesa, Dec. 6.—The suppression of the Seamen's union by the government has been followed by a strike of the seamen, with the result that the business of the shipping companies is completely tied up. About 11,000 men are out, and the government has appointed Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, to send sailors from Sebastopol to relieve the situation. The admiral, however, refused to do so, fearing the sailors would join the strikers. Attempts have been made to dispatch steamers manned by novices, but they ended in failure. One of the vessels ran aground and the others returned to port.

SEEING WELL AND SEEING EASILY
It is more important to see easily than to see well. Good night may be obtained by great strain, which drains vitality, causing headaches and nervousness. By four independent tests we exactly measure eye defects, and prescribe precise glasses, which relieve all eye defects. Over 1500 people in this district wear our glasses, and every one of them is a living guarantee for us. EDMONTON OPTICAL PARLOR. S. NANKIN, THE EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR SUNNY-DALE SCHOOL, first or second class certificate. Term one year; state salaries required. Duties to commence 2nd January, 1907. Applications must be in by 21st Dec. 1906. Chas. V. Mackried, Secretary-Treasurer, Duagh, Alta.

WANTED—PARTIES HAVING DESIRABLE farm lands for sale, improved or raw, large or small tracts; address giving price and terms. E. J. Mather, Groton, S. D.

PROGRESS OF DARYING IN CANADA

(By J. A. Ruddick, Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa.)

There are no statistics, nor data from which statistics may be compiled, showing the annual production of milk and milk products in Canada. It has been the practice to estimate the growth of the industry by comparing the figures of the exports of butter and cheese from year to year, but as these figures do not include the home consumption of these products, it is obvious that they fail to indicate the actual growth of the industry, because the home consumption of milk, butter and cheese has been increasing very rapidly during recent years.

Again, it has been the custom to base the extent of the dairy industry on the product of the cheese factories and creameries. As far as the manufacture of cheese is concerned, the returns from the factories cover practically the whole production, but there is a very large quantity of butter manufactured on farms and known commercially as "dairy" butter. The census of 1901 gives the total value of dairy produce in 1900 as \$56,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was for direct consumption, or supplied to cheese factories, creameries and condensed milk factories, and also the butter and cheese manufactured on farms. That there has been a material increase in production of butter during the last five years is evident from the fact that while the home consumption of butter must have increased at the rate of many million pounds annually, there is a growing surplus for export. The same also applies to cheese to a lesser extent, because cheese is not so universally eaten as butter is.

At one time Germany exported considerable butter, but the remarkable industrial growth of the country during recent years, has increased the purchasing power of the people to such an extent that the home supplies are unequal to the demand. The result is that Germany is now importing a quantity of butter, and the amount is annually increasing.

While Germany does not offer as good a market for our butter as Great Britain does, and it would be a mistake for us to split up the comparatively small quantity which we now send, and thus weaken our position in that respect, it will help the demand for our butter to have Germany absorb a portion of the supply which would otherwise have come to Great Britain and thus compete with ours.

Applying the law of supply and demand and having consideration of the rapidly improved and improving facilities for handling butter on both sides of the Atlantic as well as on the ocean itself, one can only conclude that there is a great future before the Canadian butter trade, if the farmers who supply the milk, and the creamery owners and the buttermakers, do their part in turning out an article of uniformly high grade of quality. The writer believes it is possible for Canada to compete successfully with Denmark or any other country so far as quality is concerned.

RED DEER.

Red Deer, Dec. 3.—What might easily have been a fatal accident, occurred on Friday afternoon when a party of the excellent facilities which have been provided for their instruction, largely by the provincial government, and the result has been a steady improvement in the quality and uniformity of the butter and cheese manufactured. The superior test of quality, however, comes when the produce reaches the consumer; so that the question of the preservation and handling of butter and cheese plays an important part in this connection. Reports from all sources during the past year would indicate that Canadian cheese has found increased favor with the consumers, owing to better condition on arrival. Canadian butter has not yet filled a very large place in the British market, inasmuch as it amounts to only about six per cent of the total imports, but it certainly has a very good advance in the estimation of the old country trade last year, and there was less difference between the prices of the best Canadian and some other lines than there has ever been before. This improvement is due to more than one attending circumstance. In the first place there is a general improvement in quality, as already noted. Better storage and transportation facilities also had something to do with it. The creameries are gradually improving their cold storage, the refrigerator cars are more generally used, and for the first time butter and cheese were properly packed and stored in refrigerated cars discharged from the steamers on the other side. This applies to the port of London only, but over two-thirds of our butter and cheese goes to that port, the effect on the whole is quite noticeable. Another thing that helped Canadian butter last year was the scarcity of supplies from other sources, which had the effect of putting ours into competition more quickly than usual. One of the complaints against Canadian butter in the past has been that it did not keep well. This complaint arose really from the fact that the butter was often held too long in storage, not always of the best, and those who handled it afterwards were not aware of its age.

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CUTTERS AND SLEIGHS

We now have in Stock a number of Cars of the Famous Henry & Tudhope Cutters and Watson's Sleighs.

FARMERS, we ask you just to give us a call and examine our lines.

PRICES RIGHT. TERMS EASY.

KELLY & BEALS.

ATTENTION!
TO MY ENGLISH CUSTOMERS

From now till Xmas time I shall sell goods at 10 per cent. reduction to make room for the spring goods.

Highest prices paid for farm produce. Eggs 25c. Butter 20c. Julis Lilge, General Merchant, LAMONT

USE GOLI MATCHES

IF YOU ARE BUYING or IF YOU ARE SELLING.....

Come and see for yourself who does the business every SATURDAY, AT TWO O'CLOCK On the Market Square EDMONTON.

Cattle, Horses, Wagons, Harness, Etc. AUCTIONEER SMITH Office at The Seton-Smith Co., McDougall Ave. Office Phone 250. Edmonton, Alberta Staalé Phone 383. P. O. Bo 3

HAVE YOU A FEW DOLLARS You would like to double within the next few months If so let us interest you in the CELEBRATED LULUMAC MINE

AT BULLFROG NEVADA. 500 per cent. Dividend. Have been declared by mines adjoining this. Fortunes are being made daily in Nevada Gold Mining Stocks.

WHY NOT take advantage of the present low price and get benefit of every advance? WHY NOT invest a few dollars this way and watch them grow from 15 cent pieces to one dollar bills. WHY NOT send in an order today and secure a block of this stock before it goes higher? These shares may be had now at the low price of 15c. They will be worth double this in six weeks. No order for less than one hundred shares. Stock certificates will be sent direct or through any bank or banker. CLARKE & COMPANY, Sole Agents, Coronado Bldg., Denver, Colo. Reference, capital National Bank, First National Bank.

N.B.—The prospects for a rapid advance in this stock are such we cannot hold this offer open for longer than one week. An attraction booklet entitled "Does Mining Pay" sent free on application.

Government stamp and Clarke's brand are on a par with each other. One guarantees a piece of silver to be its full face value; and other guarantees full value for your money when you buy

Clarke's Mitts, GLOVES, Moccasins, Etc. Leather values, unstamped, are about the most deceptive things on earth. You may get the real, genuine article or a very real-looking imitation.

But if you'll insist on "Clarke's" brand, you'll always know exactly what you're buying—always receive full value in return for your stamped coin.

A. R. Clarke & Co., Limited, TORONTO, CANADA.

The Next 4 Months

are the months for young people from the farm to get a business education at the

GRAND TRUNK Business COLLEGE EDMONTON

"Modern Illustrative Bookkeeping" and Gregg Shorthand, make a combination that means the best possible training provided anywhere by commercial schools today. You should start right away; write

J. G. McTavish, Prin.

EDMONTON HIDE AND WOOL COMPANY

Mr. PHILLIPSON, Manager. Are prepared to buy our HIDES, WOOL, FURS and TALLOW at the Highest Market Prices.

McDougall Street, Just Back Of New Imperial Bank.

FARMERS Ship Your Own Grain

I am prepared to handle and consign your Grain to its destination on a commission of one cent per bushel. Highest prices guaranteed. Wires received daily with Eastern Canadian Markets.

W. J. BELFRAGE BOX 927.

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In time to get that

PHOTO taken that you promised to send at Xmas to the "Old Folks at Home"

ERNEST BROWN (C. W. Mathers, successor) Jasper Avenue, Edmonton Phone 252. P. O. Box 276 PICTURE FRAMING

INSURE YOUR STOCK

against death from any cause in the

PACIFIC LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATION

The strongest stock insurance company in existence. Over \$5,000,000 of business now in force.

Reference Union Bank Agents Wanted D. C. Robertson, P.O. Box 273, residence 758 Third Street, Edmonton. Arthur A. Walker, Fort Saskatchewan, General Agents for Northern Alberta.

The Pacific Stock Insurance Co., Gentlemen:— I wish to thank you for payment of my coat which died and was insured in the Pacific Live Stock Insurance Co. I have investigated the plans of your company and find it covers a field long felt by horse owners in Alberta. I shall recommend your company to all stock owners. Yours respectfully, M. E. HERRICK.

K. W. MacKENZIE, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER

Edmonton, Alberta. Keeps on hand all kinds of Local Improvement Forms School Distric Forms, Hyloplate Blackboards, Desks, Etc.

Winter is Here

are you thinking of the Repairs you will need to make to have every thing snug and tight for the cold winter. We have a good stock of every thing you need, lumber, Shingles, paper, sash, doors, etc., all best grade and right prices

W. H. CLARK & CO., LIMITED. Phone 37 9th Street, Edmonton.

There is Nothing Better

Steel Stubble and Sod Plow. Fitted with the celebrated "Garden City Clipper" Bottom.

Made by David Bradley Mfg. Co., Bradley, Ill., U.S.A. About the best thing you can get hold of for all classes of work. At home in the stubble or fallow, turns a good flat furrow in the soil. Just a nice medium between the more abrupt old ground plow and the long, slow turning breaker. Hardened moldboard, share and landside. If we knew anything better suited to general work in this locality, we'd be selling it. But we don't think there is anything better. You'll agree when you see this one. Come in and let us show you.

Manuel & Corriveau, Sole Selling Agents, Edmonton, Alberta.

"CLARKE'S" GLOVES

Yes, Sir! Clarke's gloves are by far the best on the market today. Couldn't they be better? Best quality skins, tanned in our own tannery and made up in our own factory. Not a step in the making that's not watched over by our eagle-eyed inspectors. Perfectly finished to the smallest detail. Take our "Horsehide" Gloves, for example. Real horsehide, remember—not cowhide. Feel the soft, pliable skins. Note how neat and comfortable on the hands. Hints all how long they'll wear—think they were iron. Guarantee them to be best and wet proof. Stand scalding and scorching without getting hard. Look for Clarke's stamp on the gloves you buy, and make sure of best value for your money.

A. R. Clarke & Co., Ltd. Toronto, Canada

Chave & Gillis

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN Implements, Wagons, Sleights Cutters, Etc.

This week we announce the arrival of a carload of all kinds of FANCY CUTTERS AND SLEIGHS. The makers are some of the best known firms and the prices will stand comparison with any

CHAVE & GILLIS ST. ALBERT

Practically all makers of good clothes in Canada use Henson Tweeds. Look for the tag that guarantees PURE WOOL.

PURE WOOL HENSON AMHERST TWEEDS

completing arrangements for the sale of 15,000 acres of C.P.R. land in Vancouver Island. The contract disposing of this property will be made in the next few days. The land is well suited for establishing orchards and fruit trees of 20 and 25 acres. Ten thousand of this land will be cleared.

very important meeting of the different labor unions was held here in the Barber last night. A proposition was before the meeting for the election of a labor party in order to provincial rather than local. A meeting will be called on and a meeting will be called near future for the formation of a party. It will be attended by men from all parts of the province.

meeting of southern representatives hockey league was held at In-Thursday last. The following fall at Innisfail, Dec. 10. fall at Red Deer, Dec. 12. fall at Olds, Dec. 14. fall at Red Deer, Dec. 15. fall at Olds, Dec. 17. fall at Innisfail, Dec. 19. fall at Red Deer, Dec. 21. fall at Olds, Dec. 23. fall at Innisfail, Dec. 25. fall at Red Deer, Dec. 27. fall at Olds, Dec. 29. fall at Innisfail, Dec. 31.

was also agreed that each club pay their travelling and hotel expenses and the home club will supply free satisfactory to the visiting team. The games at Innisfail will be in the afternoon and those at Red Deer and Olds in the evening, otherwise arranged.

ELEVEN INJURED in Special. Dec. 6.—The explosion of a local factory resulted in eleven injured and loss of property valued at \$10,000.

ANOTHER CHARGE in Special. Dec. 6.—A new charge has been laid against Charles McGill, manager of the Ontario Bank. The charge is that he is guilty of the theft of \$1,000 of the bank funds.

HEAVY MALES in Special. Dec. 6.—The C. P. R. liner, "The British Columbia," with transatlantic and large passenger list from Montreal arrived at midnight after a long and stormy passage. An exceptionally heavy storm was encountered six hours out but no damage was done. There were unusually heavy seas and the ship was over landed at a Canadian port.

HELL FROM A TRAIN. in Special. Dec. 6.—J. P. Hanson, of North Dakota, while traveling New York on the way to England on the Washburn express at the Creek this morning and was killed. The Mansons will be the body back to Fairmont.

DOESN'T GAMBLE. in Special. Dec. 6.—Sir Thos. Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R., repudiates the report that he was gambling half a million dollars in a stock exchange transaction from having made \$500,000. I made five cents by a stock exchange transaction.

N. W. M. POLICE in Special. Dec. 6.—The N. W. M. Police will be received up to 4 p. m. on the 18th day of December, 1906, and the supply of:

bushels of oats at Fort Saskatchewan.

bushels of oats at Edmonton.

to be well cleaned, free from foreign matter, to be delivered in quantities as required. One-third quantity to be delivered in good sacks, which become the property of the N. W. M. Police.

sender must be accompanied by a bank cheque equal to five per cent of the total amount tendered for or any tender not necessarily.

full information re delivery, etc., to the officer commanding at station or Fort Saskatchewan.

paper will be paid for inserting advertisement unless authorized.

D. A. E. STRICKLAND, Insp. Commanding "G" Division and Edmonton District.

Saskatchewan, 4th December.

TEACHER FOR SUNNYBROOK school, first or second class grade. Term one year; state aid required. Duties to commence January, 1907. Applications must be by 21st Dec., 1906. Chas. C. Field, Secretary-Treasurer, Daugh.

PARTIES HAVING DESIRABLE farm lands for sale, improved or large or small tracts; address prices and terms. E. J. MacGibbon, S. D.

WANTED FOR HOUSEWORK three in family. Apply F. Smith, Winterburn, Alta.

FROM STONY PLAIN other 7th, one dark brown horse, 1300; one light bay gelding, on left hind leg. Finder will reward by returning to Fred. L. Stony Plain.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in City, 54 per year. By mail, per year, \$3. SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year \$1. Subscriptions strict in advance.

BULLETIN CO., Ltd., DUNCAN MARSHALL, Manager.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1906.

BELLAMY FOR MAYOR.

(Thursday's Daily) The Bulletin cordially supports the candidature of Alderman Bellamy for mayor for the coming year.

The mayor of Edmonton ordinarily occupies a position of far more importance in the civic government than that commonly held by the chief magistrate of a city and during the coming year the power and responsibility of that position will be even beyond the ordinary.

Under these circumstances the mayor for 1907 will require to be possessed of certain special qualifications not ordinarily demanded in the same degree from our chief magistrate. Beside the ordinary and indispensable characteristics of integrity, industry and judgment, admitted in all the present candidates, the mayor for the coming year should be a man of proven business ability and long experience in the conduct of a commercial or industrial enterprise, of more than ordinary proportions.

It is not less necessary that the mayor have had experience in the municipal life of the city. There is or should be a continuity of policy in administration in civic affairs which is best secured when the man at the wheel has served his time in a humbler but kindred capacity.

Such a man has a personal familiarity with the development of the city as viewed from the council board which should provide him with both suggestions and danger signals for the future course and knowing what has been already done and known, also why it was done and what was the ultimate object in doing it.

The policy of the city, like the British constitution, is mostly unrecorded. It consists of a number of more or less well understood purposes and objects and it that policy is to be carried a step toward fulfillment in the coming year, it can best be done under a mayor personally familiar with them.

Not less necessary is it that the mayor for the next year be so fortunately situated that he can devote practically his whole time to the city's business. There are times of stress in the development of a city when the individual must sacrifice for the general welfare.

Mr. Bellamy has been a resident of Edmonton for about fifteen years; during that time he has successfully conducted one of the largest business enterprises in the city; for several years he was a member of the school board and has served several terms in the council—on one term before Edmonton became a city; it is understood that he intends retiring from active business and should be elected will devote his whole time to the city's affairs.

For these reasons the Bulletin, without offering offence to the other candidates, cordially endorses the candidature of Ald. Bellamy and solicitors for him the votes of the ratepayers.

AN OPPOSITION VIEW.

(Thursday's Daily) In anticipation of the tariff revision the Mail and Empire published on the morning of the budget speech a couple of dissenting views which may be taken as foreshadowing the direction the Opposition would have liked the revision to take.

There is nothing remarkably new in the views presented, but accumulated they present an assortment of inconsistencies not without merit nor devoid of interest.

"Canada's tariff should be a matter of purely internal economy, determined by conditions within the country and modifiable by arrangement that may be made within the Empire. The making of it is in no

"sense a business of foreign policy, either in the way of promoting better relations with one set of powers or of irritating another set. It is true, any tariff scheme adopted solely with regard to Canada's material welfare must have correlative effects upon the trade of other countries, but it is unnecessary to give these reactions look to produce them."

"These reactions look to produce them if it were specially to produce them—that the tariff had been framed."

This is a somewhat violent departure from the argument of the gentlemen who are trying to persuade the people of Great Britain to again adopt the protection theory, and whose endorsement has received the most cordial approval from the Mail and Empire and its friends. According to Mr. Chamberlain the reason why Great Britain should adopt protection is not the internal welfare of the country but the opportunity such policy is supposed to afford for striking at the commerce of a country which might display a spirit of commercial hostility. In this contention the colonial secretary has been honored by the cordial and continued sympathy of the Mail and its friends.

The present diversion is refreshing. The Mail takes the opportunity of settling any lingering doubt which may have existed as to its attitude toward the British preference and says: "One set of duties, adequate for the 'trade and industry of this country, is all we want. If we have three or four sets, one applicable to the goods of countries whose tariffs are high, one applicable to the goods of countries whose tariffs are low, one applicable to the goods of countries whose tariffs are neither high nor low, and one specially for goods from Great Britain, whose merchants are the middlemen between the producers of every nation, we shall have constant friction. The deciding of the 'question, 'Under which duty?' will soon make brain fog prevalent in the customs service, and will provide no small amount of business for the Exchequer Court. Retaliation will make us enemies and reciprocity will not make us friends, for Mr. Fielding's 'concessions will be made not for trade favors expected, but for trade favors received.'"

The preference the Mail imagines may be unfavorably regarded by some other power and should, therefore be abolished. Since when has Canada come to entertain such sensitiveness regarding the opinions and desires of other countries in matters affecting her relations with the Motherland? It is just possible that Canada could win approval in the eyes of some foreign powers by renouncing her allegiance to Great Britain. But Canada has no notion of doing so. Our relations with Great Britain are maintained on higher ground than the pleasure or displeasure of strangers. To suggest the contrary is surely strange doctrine to be laded out by the organ of the party whose favorite boast is its patriotism.

The Mail looks for an illustration for what it considers the fatuity of a differentiating tariff and professes to find it: "Suppose the countries 'touching Italy had all different gauges of their railway lines. In planning its own railway system 'ought Italy to adopt all these gauges, to facilitate traffic intercourse with 'some nations and to keep the railway carriages of others from crossing 'its frontier?'"

If Italy desired to trade with the other nations and could do so only by admitting the railway carriages in question the suggested differentiation of the railway gauge would appear to be about the only way of getting it. Canada is in the position of wanting to trade with other nations and the Government considers that the only way to permit such trade is to remove the barriers which retard it. This is the difference between the Government and the party to which the Mail belongs. The Government wants the trade and proposes to adjust the channels to get the trade; the Mail and its friends are the pledged enemies of foreign trade and would blockade the channels by which alone it can be secured.

"Several of the European nations 'have more than one column of tariff 'rates, but Europe has been the field of commercial warfare ever since 'Germany came into prominence as a 'trading nation.'"

But the Mail would scarcely cite the position of Germany as showing how badly a nation is handicapped by a discriminating tariff in case of a tariff war.

The general ground of the Mail is that we should avoid offering tariff favors to those nations which are willing to grant them to us. Let some other nations should become hostile and raise their tariff barriers against us. In reply it may be pointed out that if all nations were under the tariff system advocated by the Mail and Empire there would be no such possibility, for the tariff of each would be high enough already to exclude the goods of Canada, whatever might be the attitude of Canada toward them.

It would appear reasonable too that if the maintenance of a high tariff against one country would turn that country from a friend into an enemy the maintenance of a high tariff against all countries should turn the world against us.

The Mail as usual has reversed the

tariff situation for the purpose of argument. Canada is not proposing to place restrictions between herself and any other country; she is proposing to lower the restrictions already existing wherever the other parties are agreeable.

SOME TH INLAINED

(Friday's Daily)

Incapable apparently of conceiving of journalism aside from some kind of "inspiration" the Mail and Empire is pleased to consider the Bulletin's remarks regarding the Southern Alberta Land company as a "personal explanation" from the Minister of the Interior, though as to whom such explanation might be supposed to be offered or why a Minister of the Crown should prefer to offer an explanation through the press rather than from his place in the House we are left to surmise. We are left in the dark also on the considerably more important point as to why the Federal Government should be condemned for selling land which for a quarter of a century it has been vainly trying to give away, and for selling it under conditions which make the settlement and development of the land the only condition on which the money invested in it can be profitable.

WELCOME RELIEF

(Friday's Daily)

In the House a few days since Mr. Bourassa expressed in language what he had frequently illustrated in action—that whenever and wherever the course of public affairs can be construed as offering a prettily looking radical change, he is quite as ready to be counted among the opponents of the Government. The manner of reception he is accorded in at least some sections of the enemy's camp may be gathered from the fact that it took a three-column head and two columns and a half of space in the Mail and Empire to present his speech to the public while the remarks of Mr. Cookshutt, of Brantford, and other Conservative members of equally sound tariff views were dismissed with attention varying from a quarter column to a column. The Government is fortunate in being rid of all responsibility for Mr. Bourassa's narrow-gauge sectionalism; it remains to be seen whether the Opposition will be prepared to tolerate his views for the sake of his supposed assistance.

THE MAN FOR MAYOR

(Friday's Daily)

The great question in the mayoralty campaign is that of efficiency; and in settling this question it appears to us that Mr. Lincoln gave some splendid advice nearly half a century ago when he advised to not "swap horses while crossing the stream." Edmonton, in 1907, will be in the crucial stage. It is to be the million dollar year. Waterworks, electric plant, telephone, sewers, street railway, all have to be built, enlarged or improved. It is the time of rapid and radical change. In such times we need the oldest seaman at the wheel.

Alderman Bellamy appears to be the man who has the grasp of the situation. He has been 15 years in Edmonton. In this decade and a half he has been almost continuously identified with municipal affairs. He has been on the school board, the city council; has been on the finance committee and almost every other committee that has had to do with bringing the city to its present stage of promise. He knows the city's history and understands the motives which underlay every action of the council for years past. He has the knowledge which will permit him to take up on January 1st the work where the present administration leave off and carry this work to a satisfactory conclusion.

The city is "crossing the stream." We have one million dollars worth of expenditure laid out for 1907. This work must be carefully directed. The mayor, as chief commissioner, is, by the working out of our charter, the chairman of the board of directors. The city council is the training school in which man can properly qualify for chairmanship. Alderman Bellamy has not looked for any short cut to the mayoralty. He is no sophomoric. He has worked his way up to the front rank; to his credit, he said, without design. He has fought out his little fights in the council freely, frankly and without malice or thought of the consequences. Usually he has been right, occasionally he has been wrong, but he has been sincere and just according to his lights, and no man can say today that he is not a whole-hearted fighter when the brunt of the fray comes up to him.

Edmonton will have need of a "fighting man" as chairman of the board of directors for 1907. He will persevere. And above all he will need experience.

Alderman Bellamy has these qualifications and added to these he has a year's leisure to give to the city, practically gratis, as he has retired with a sufficiency from a business which, by proving remunerative to him, has proved his ability as a business man.

The Bulletin is supporting Alderman Bellamy for the mayoralty cordially and frankly and for the good of the city hopes that he will be elected.

CONCLUSIVE.

(Saturday's Daily)

The Calgary Herald finally disposed of the Gleichen argument in this manner—"Comparing Mr. Walsh and his opponents, the Albertans say the latter 'is the best man. Such a statement 'proves nothing but the imbecility 'of the writer.'"

THE PREFERENCE

(Friday's Daily)

Concerning the preference to British goods, which is continued in the revised tariff, Hon. W. S. Fielding,

Minister of Finance, said in the House:—

"We adhere to the British preference because, notwithstanding criticism, we believe it to have been a good thing for Canada, and for the British manufacturers and merchants. Mutual preference will be a good thing, but that is a question for the British people. For the moment there is no prospect of a mutual preference being granted, but there is one point upon which I always had a clear view, and I venture to repeat it today, and that is that if it is not desirable for the British people to grant us that preference, then certainly we can never advance the cause by pressing it unduly upon the British people, by insisting upon their doing something for our advantage which they do not regard as consistent with their own good."

We say, therefore, to those of us who regard mutual preference as a good thing, that while we may bring it about by the policy we are now pursuing, we could never bring it about by the other policy of insisting and demanding that our British brethren should do something for us which they regard as inconsistent with their own interests. We adopted the British preference because we believed it was a good thing for Canada. We say to the people of Great Britain:—"When you people see fit to adopt it as a good thing for Great Britain we shall be pleased; but if it doesn't suit you to adopt it from the standpoint of your own interests we have no objection to let you go your own way."

ENGLISH RECRUITS.

(Saturday's Daily)

British soldiers will again garrison the Citadel at Halifax, according to an announcement made by the minister of militia in the House a few days since. This time, however, they will be commanded by Canadian officers and maintained by the Canadian Government. It will be recalled that a year or so ago Canada undertook to relieve the Imperial Government of the maintenance of the fortifications on either seaboard and to garrison them with regiments of Canadian troops. Trouble was soon experienced, however, in getting the recruits necessary to bring the force up to the requirements, and unable to secure sufficient men in Canada a Canadian officer is at present enlisting men in England. The scarcity of Canadian recruits need be attributed neither to a lack of patriotism nor a disinclination for soldiering. In the hour of need Canadians have not been found wanting either in martial spirit or loyalty. But the industrial and commercial conditions of the country today are altogether too favorable to be deserted for the small pay and smaller glory of doing "sentry go" on a fortress which is, in no imminent peril. Meantime the soldiers being recruited in England are largely time-expired men discharged from Imperial regiments and should be quite as able to safeguard our unbelonged-for forts as raw and untried natives.

MERIT RECOGNIZED

(Saturday's Daily)

It is not so many years since the present Minister of the Interior drew upon himself remarks which were much more direct than complimentary because he suggested in the House of Commons that crime might be less prevalent in the Province of Ontario if the Northwest Mounted Police system were extended to that province. The suggestion was construed by certain sensitive gentlemen as akin to a reflection on the social conditions of what they are pleased to consider the "premier" province of the Dominion. There are signs however that a proposal along these lines would meet with a different reception today. Events attending of neither denial nor argument have somewhat reduced the proud assumption that regard for law and order in Ontario is of too superior a nature to be questioned by the less enlightened residents of the other provinces. Meantime while thousands of immigrants from all parts of the earth have been flocking into the west, settling in remote districts or swarming into the cities and towns the absence of lawlessness, the comparative infrequency of crimes and the prompt detection and punishment of criminals have won for the constabulary of the western country the admiration of the entire Dominion and spread their fame far beyond the national borders. Whether or not the Mounted Police system is ever extended to the eastern provinces is of course the business of those provinces, but it is gratifying to the west to know that the merits of the force are more generally known and acknowledged than ever before.

LETHBRIDGE JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(Saturday's Daily)

Lethbridge Herald: That the attorney general of this province is wide awake to the needs of Alberta, is evidenced by the semi-official announcement that he will introduce a bill at the coming session of the legislature creating a system of county or district courts.

Lethbridge, as the head of a judicial district, will have a county judge and his location here will facilitate to a great degree the legal business which at present is frequently delayed by the absence of a resident judge in the south country. Complaints have frequently been made about these prolonged delays and Mr. Cross is going to remedy the grievances immediately. As long as the Alberta government follows its present admirable policy of meeting the needs of the people it may expect a long lease of power.

HIS IDEAL.

(Saturday's Daily)

The Calgary Albertan of Thursday reporting a meeting on behalf of Mr. Walsh, said:—"Mr. Heibert, M.P.P., followed and attacked the press wholesale. He knew that both Calgary papers had told falsehoods in the recent past and he had no faith in them. In fact he got quite cross with the 'news-papers, doubtless holding them responsible for the dastardly attempt to disintegrate the great Conservative party of two. Mr. Walsh 'was his ideal.'"

What Mr. Heibert thinks of the press may be a matter of more or less interest to the parties directly concerned, but what the public will be more interested in is the fact that Mr. Walsh has been campaigning for Mr. Walsh and considers him "his ideal." It would be not less interesting to know what Mr. Heibert's leader thinks of Mr. Walsh, and incidentally, of Mr. Heibert also.

WESTERN ITEMS.

(Saturday's Daily)

Calgary post office has been greatly enlarged and is now sufficient for the needs of that growing city.

George Sheppard, a young farmer, committed suicide at his farm 16 miles southwest of Regina, on December 1. He placed a shot gun in his mouth and inflicted the fatal wound.

The new mills for the manufacture of all kinds of cereals and breakfast foods started work Saturday at Calgary. They are the most complete mills in Canada, and equipped at a cost of \$400,000.

The Saskatchewan Government, which has been laboring indistigably in the Lethbridge strike to an end, now that it is over, do not want to take any chances of the people not getting coal sufficiently quick and have placed an order with a Winnipeg firm for six thousand tons of American soft coal. The order requires immediate delivery and the agricultural department will divide the coal among the places in the greatest need of it.

Fernie Free Press: The coal mines at Coal Creek and Michel are rapidly recovering from the effects of the strike. Coal Creek No. 2 is now shipping, and yesterday the output from Nos. 5, 9 and 2 was over 1,000 tons. Altogether there were 640 men at work at this colliery yesterday and more pieces are continually being opened. At Michel the output yesterday was 728 tons, and 366 men were at work. The coke business is also getting under way without any loss of time. Superintendent McLean of the Fernie ovens, states that he has now 140 ovens burning and that within a week the remainder of the 340 in use before the strike will be fired. He has forty-five men at work, and plenty of men available as the work advances. At Michel, where the ovens got a better start on account of a larger supply of slack, nearly all the ovens are in commission once more. Altogether there are over 1,100 now engaged at the mines and ovens.

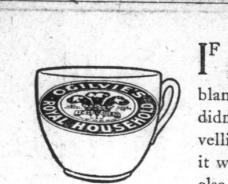
Now that coke is beginning to be received by the smelters again from the Crown Nest Pass company, the mines will within a few days increase their shipments. The No. 10 mine which has been closed down for a week, owing principally to the lack of cars, caused by a difficulty in securing fuel, restarted on Monday. The Trail smelter has begun to receive coke, but it will lay in a stock sufficient to last for a couple of weeks before it blows in again. It is now thought that operations will be recommenced at Trail in about two weeks. The shutdown has been utilized to install new sampling works and to increase the size of two of the smaller copper furnaces. This will give the plant a capacity of about 1,600 tons of copper ore a day. There were only two shippers this week, the LeBel, and the LeBel No. 2, 349 tons of ore for the week, and a total of 258,588 for the year. At the Trail smelter during the week ending Friday evening, 490 tons of ore were received.

POSSIBLE APPOINTMENTS.

Bulletin Special

London, Dec. 6.—The name of Lord Desborough (Wm. Henry Grenfell) is among the latest mentioned as possible appointees to the British embassy at Washington. Lord Desborough was born in 1855, is a noted Rocky Mountain hunter, sportsman and author, and popular among the Americans. He entertained the Harvard crew when they visited England this year. Mr. Spring Rice, now minister at Teheran, is also reinstated among the possibilities.

The education bill passed its third reading in the house of lords tonight by 105 to 32. The tone of the speeches by both Lord Crowe, Liberal and Lord Lansdowne, the leader of the opposition, indicated that a settlement is still not impossible, Lord Lansdowne admitting that he would be sorry to see the bill a failure. It is understood that negotiations with a view to a compromise are going on between the opposition leaders in the house of lords and the government in the house of commons. It is said that the Duke of Devonshire and the Archbishop of Canterbury are in favor of a compromise.



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Advocates, Notaries, etc. Offices at present in Cameron Block. Over new offices of Merchants Bank of Canada after May 1st, next. Edmonton, Alta. Company and private funds to loan.

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ARCHIBOX

J. B. McDONALD, Barrister and Solicitor, 1010 Avenue of the West, Edmonton, Alberta. Telephone 100. Office: Fraser Avenue, Hours, 1 p. m. to 4 p. m.

GRANDVIEW HOTEL.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION. FINEST LIQUORS AND CIGARS. H. SIGLER, Prop.

RICHELIEU HOTEL.

Third street north of Jasper (near Canadian Northern station) Board \$6.00 per week \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day J. N. POMERLEAU - Proprietor

The Canada Life Investment Department

Money to Loan On Improved Farm Property at Current Rates of Interest. NO DELAY. Mortgages and School Debentures Purchased. W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office, Edmonton.

STRAYED FROM MY PREMISES.

Room yielding steam, "F G" brand on left shoulder; also red yielding heifer with white markings; same brand; five dollars reward. Jas. Gibson, Namayo.

If your flour doesn't act right whom do you blame? The grocer? He didn't make it. The travelling salesman told him it was good and somebody else told the salesman. When you buy

Municipal to

Three Hours of Theatre Last Prospect

Fourteen candidates for alderman honors, three candidates for mayor and at least 1,200 electors filled Edmonton theatre last night to capacity to hear the annual "fest" which has become a part of municipal scheme of government. It was a good-natured crowd, inclined to be humorously critical at times but orderly and attentive and speakers got a courteous and dignified hearing. The size of the audience knocks the bottom out of the oft-repeated statement that interest is flagging in municipal affairs and the casual shafts of vit from the audience indicated that the men with votes in Edmonton are thoroughly alive to the finer points of municipal administration and legislation.

John B. Walker easily carried the ball as the speaker of the evening. For a man who has never been seen at the council chamber he showed a wonderful grasp of the situation and he made his points and drove them home and clinched them with such a forcible way as to leave no room to doubt that he understood what he was talking about.

Mr. Brenton's remarks provoked considerable amusement and drew some very fair points, the effect was frequently lost amid the laughter.

John A. McDougall presided as chairman, Mayor May being out of town and Acting Mayor Peard being on the jury which was trying D'Amour. The candidates for mayor drew for places, Mr. Dawson speaking first. Mr. Bellamy second and Mr. Griesbach last. The aldermanic candidates were ranged in alphabetical order and given ten minutes each. It was close to midnight when the last speaker, W. S. Weeks, reached the floor, but the audience almost unanimously stayed for the curtain and took every word with consideration.

John A. McDougall, who acted as chairman of the evening, asked for perfect order, as there was a long list of candidates to speak and it would take all evening to hear them even in very brief speeches. He regretted that the mayor was not present and that the acting mayor was also prevented from being present. He introduced Mr. Lawson as the first speaker in the mayoralty contest.

Mr. Dawson said he had no apology to offer for being a candidate, except that he had his friends who would take "No" for an answer, had persisted in him coming out.

He said that he had no idea what the result, it was a clean election and an honest election and he hoped that the majority of his friends who would vote after the election was over, would be before.

His opponents would claim, however, that they had the advantage of having served already in the council. He doubted it that was an advantage, in the present state of the city. He said the city council certainly must be the parties responsible. What was the condition. The water works were straining to the bursting point. The electric light was past its load limit. The telephone was so loaded that no number was to be had. The city hall for love or money. In fact anyone who had a telephone to sell could get \$50 for it at the moment. The city council was still almost altogether on paper. The typhoid epidemic which had run for two years had almost subsided. Let us get hold of the fact, he said, that two years ago today Edmonton was to be 25,000 people, and 15 years from now it would be 100,000 people; let the council build on that understanding and let it not have to throw away work only recently completed.

He would say, let us get an expert, such a man as Willis Chapman, and let us tell him that we want a plan for 25,000 people, such a plan as could be added to so as to serve 100,000 people. This plan would have to be located away up the river to be free from contamination.

He also proposed that the city should build an immense electric plant and should mine its own coal so as to have a large supply of power to sell at a low price. Regarding the telephone, he said that nothing could be done, as the work had been started too well except that the telephone construction company should be hurried as much as possible. Regarding the sewer he said that the construction should be pushed as fast as men and money could do it. He believed that the last sewer to be laid in its first, so that they could be connected up as quickly as the trunk sewer was put past the end of the street. In the meantime he would stop all work that was not absolutely necessary except the sewer. He promised that the sewer would be built and if any employee of the city interfered with the work, off goes his head.

Ald. Bellamy said he would like to give a few figures. He quoted, as chairman of the finance commission to show the work done in the east and west end; also the statistics of the sewer plant to show what extensions had been made within the year. He showed that \$550 incandescent lights

A Page for the Women

A CANADIAN NOVEL.

(Thursday's Daily)
People who have enjoyed the Rev. Mr. Knowles' novel of "St. Cuthbert's" with its promise of even better in the future, will appreciate this comprehensive review of Mr. Knowles' new book by the Rev. J. W. MacMillan in a recent number of a Winnipeg paper.

In his second book, Mr. Knowles has set himself to write a novel, "St. Cuthbert's," we remember, was called a novel, but while a line of plot ran clearly through it, it was more than half a series of sketches. "The Undertow" is an out-and-out novel, the whole story moving systematically toward the final denouement, and everything else kept subordinate to the story.

It is the narrative of a minister that, in Kipling's phrase, found himself. The first chapter rises upon him as he comes out of college: handsome, talented, popular. It is an insight granted by the author's profession, evidently, that a young man may dedicate high talents to noble service and yet be an unorthodox character, with elements mingled in his composition exceedingly dangerous to himself and to the results of his efforts in his calling. The purpose of the story is to show how this young man won his manhood. He had his temptations, reinforced by an unworthy past. And, on the other hand, he found angels by the way, who helped him as he pressed on in the fight.

The story carries the hero, Stephen Wishart, almost immediately from college to his home in an Ontario farm house. There dwells his patriarchal father, a fine, stern, pawky, true-blue Covenanter, with his mother and brother. The mother dies, and the student sets off to pursue his studies across the Atlantic. He leaves behind him Miss Bessie Barnett, whose lovely eyes are quite uncertain whether she regards him or his former brother Rube with greater favor. Distance and a young woman whom he picks up in distress on the streets of London ultimately settle the matter for Bessie.

Then we are shown, in rapid succession, London at night, with the salvage corps of General Booth at work in the slums; Edinburgh, with her famous preachers; Hamilton, Ontario, and a particularly frivolous and fashionable congregation therein, of which Stephen becomes the minister. He conceals his marriage to Hattie, the wife of London, and so gets deep into trouble. After some complications set in. He gets into debt, and to his only enemy. He finds a loving and sagacious friend in an Irish Catholic priest. He brings his wife to Canada, but as a result of the beguilement of the enemy from whom he had borrowed the money, doubts and disowns her. She flees. He discovers his mistake and, after a long search, finds her in New York.

Mr. Knowles has a wonderful art of touching up the high lights of the commonplace. Only in so doing he makes it to cease from being commonplace. His gift of sympathy rivals his rhetoric talent. He finds both fun and pathos, and both together, in any company he introduces us to. His materials are not the riotous records of adventure and strife, but the simple annals of such people as we meet every day.

When Burns wrote his "Epistle to a Young Friend," he said in the first verse:—
"Perhaps it may turn out a sang,
Perhaps turn out a sermon."
"The Undertow" is both song and sermon. It is a story told by one with the gift of the story-teller. It easily enchains our interest, and there are passages where a smile or a tear will attest how deeply. But we think that the author's purpose lies more in the moral of the narrative; that it is the discipline rather than the exciting qualities of Stephen's experiences he would have us note, and that it is the victory of noble, humble, Christian manhood which is the true message and climax of the book.

SECULAR CONCERT BY CHOIR.
The choir of All Saints' church will give tonight (Thursday) in the school room of the church a secular concert for which a delightful programme has been prepared under the able direction of Mr. Vernon Barford, the choir director.

All Saints' choir presents a sacred cantata twice each year in the church, but no secular concert has been given within the past five years. In that time the choir has been so augmented by new voices, carefully trained from year to year that from its present strength of forty voices an enjoyable performance may be expected. The programme will include, with various other numbers, a male quartette in the "Touadour Serenade," the entire chorus of mixed voices in "The Bells of St. Michael's Tower," and De Koven's "Owl and the Pussy Cat," by a quartette of male voices. The programme and the excellence of the choir assure to the music lovers of Edmonton an opportunity for enjoying a musical treat.

ABSENT TREATMENT.

Since Mrs. got "Christian Science" she does not use a whip. To punish us, but simply takes punctions in her lip.
And thinks and thinks right at us, until she near goes blind, and then she says she's hipped us by whipping in her mind.
That is the "absent treatment," but anyone can see
That it doesn't make connections with such a bow as me.

But pa—now he is different. When he's at home, he'll say:
"Yaf children best be careful, not be bad today."
You just believe we're "careful," "cause pa, he says that he will give us "switching science," hot from the willow tree.
And as for "absent treatment," why, he says with a wink:
"I'll tend to all the switchin'—ma can stand by, and—think."
Baltimore American.

SOCIAL.

Mrs. Ewing entertained at a small bridge party last night in honor of Mrs. Walter Scott.
Mrs. Day was the hostess at a very enjoyable card party yesterday afternoon.

The rehearsals for the amateur production of "The Private Secretary," under the auspices of the Daughters of the Empire, are being actively carried out, and the play will shortly be presented at the Edmonton Opera house. The ladies and gentlemen filling the parts of the cast are: Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. J. D. Hyndman, Mrs. Barrow, Miss McCauley, Mr. Vernon Barford, Mr. Burley, Mr. Harold Greenwood, Mr. Bruce McLeod and Mr. Silas.

Mr. Edward Bayfield, K.C., Mrs. Bayfield and Miss Bayfield, of Prince Edward Island, have taken a residence at 1460 Barclay street, Vancouver, for the winter.
Mrs. Charles May entertained this week at a bright birthday party for Miss Alice May. From seven to ten the guests—all girl friends of Miss Alice—enjoyed themselves with games and dancing and a merry supper, after which they were cozily packed in a big sleigh and driven home. Some of those present were the Misses Maxine Morris, Marjorie McQueen, Effie Kinnaird, Connie Griffin, Beatrice O'Connor, Marjorie Wilson, Nesta Mercer, Kathleen Findlay, Kathleen Brading, Irena and Bernice Blackett, Vera May and Annie Bellamy.

(Friday's Daily)

THE TUNE MOTHER PLAYED.

He was only a tramp! The organ Fast in the thronging way
Rolled the notes of the dear old tune
That his mother used to play.
He looked at his rag—his worthless hands—
He scratched his stubble grey,
And heard the notes of the liting tune
His mother used to play.
"Move on," He drifted down the street—
But his feet kept time to the dear old tune
That his mother used to play.

INDIAN JEWELRY.

The Indian of the far north is in the height of fashion today in respect to his taste in jewelry. "Silver is to be used for rings and bracelets, both men and women wearing the former," says an English trade magazine, with authority.
For over 150 years the Indians have been supplied by the Hudson's Bay company with silver rings, watch chains, brooches, etc. In all the posts probably 70 dozen are distributed throughout the year and a shipment of these will shortly be sent to Athabasca Landing, there to remain in the warehouse until the spring.
The rings are in shape exactly like a wedding ring and would sell at the posts on the average at about a dollar each. An Indian, if he be at all self-respecting, sees to it that his wife and family are well fitted out.
Before a young Indian woman is married, if she can do so, she will load her fingers with the wide band of silver, sometimes both hands being so adorned, but when marriage has presumably toned down her love of display, she takes off all but two or three. Many of the Indian women have slender fingers and though the rings sent up are of medium size the request sometimes comes that smaller ones be forwarded.
A good many Indians are very well off and they invest not a little of their wealth in the wide and cumbersome silver watch chains which comport well with the new ways of civilization.

THE QUALITY OF CITIZENSHIP.

There is food for thought for women—and for men—in the following extract from a lecture delivered not long since in Halifax by the Rev. Neil Hernan, of Winnipeg.
"I believe with Lord Strathcona that the end of this century will witness the magnificent population of 50,000,000 people in the Northwest Territories. The call of the hour is for men, but there is still a leader called the call for manhood. Quality, not quantity makes a nation. Quality made England, quality made Canada, quality made our beloved Nova Scotia. We want men, but only the best men. Why? Because only the best can succeed. A man who cannot succeed in Halifax will go to the wall in the west."
"I say the call of the hour is not only for men but for women. What kind of women. The best—only the best. In that straitened race of life beyond the Great Lakes, only the best women can achieve those great results that belong to women only."
"Let us have a larger immigration of women. We cannot build a nation without the female; and the queen of the household is woman. I believe that ultimately our western national life must rise or fall on womanhood. We're entering upon the most glorious period in our history. The vista of our life is as bright as the promises of God."
"In the grand march of our progress the only danger is that which confronted nations in every age. What danger do you ask. Soil without the fruits of righteousness. Commerce and competition without conscience. Men without manhood. Politics without God. Government without principle. And I might add another, Christianity without Christ."
We are building the west from a lonely corner stone of the best national life in all history. The stone which the builders rejected in the erection of Rome and Greece, we honor by placing it as our foundation."

(Tuesday's Daily)
Lady Von Haast, who has been the guest of Mrs. Ferris for some time, left last night for Vermilion, where she will spend some months with her son.
Mrs. Edmiston, with her mother, leaves today for New Brunswick, where she will remain until after the New Year.
Mrs. Riddell, accompanied by her young son, Master Harold Riddell, left today for the Pacific coast, where she will spend a couple of months.
Hon. Mr. Rutherford and Mrs. Rutherford entertained at dinner last night. The guests included the Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Bayley, Mrs. Walter Scott, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Cross, Dr. and Mrs. Hislop, Mr. Babbitt.
At a dance given recently in her honor by her aunt, Mrs. Roberts Allan, of Ottawa, Miss Ellinor Taylor, of Edmonton, wore a very dainty gown of white accordion-pleated silk, with bertha of old rose point. About fifty guests were present, among whom were Miss Mary Davies, the Misses Oliver, Miss Louise Hays (of Montreal), Mr. A. A. Letureux, M.P., Mr. Edward Pope, Mr. Alvin Powell and Mr. Hatfield King.

Mrs. Bulven was the hostess yesterday at the noon-hour at a breakfast given in honor of her guests, Mrs. Walter Scott. Covers were laid for ten at the polished mahogany table, which, reflecting exquisite pieces of lace, cut glass and decorations of white chrysanthemums, made an effective setting for an attractive repast. Those invited to meet Mrs. Scott at this enjoyable breakfast were Mrs. John McDougall, Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. Ewing, Mrs. Riddell, Mrs. Chas. May, Mrs. Bellamy, Miss Beck and Miss Graves.

ALL SAINTS' CHOIR CONCERT.

The secular concert given last night by the choir of All Saints' church was not as well attended as it deserved, doubtless owing to the cold weather, deterring people from leaving their "ain firesides. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Vernon Barford, sang most acceptably an opening number from Reay and Roeckel's "Maddeline." The strength of the parts was always well-balanced and the singing, market throughout with a quality of grace rather than power, was particularly pleasing. In the last number, "The Bells of St. Michael's Tower," the choir was in even better voice than previously, and under Mr. Barford's skillful conducting produced the "chime-like effect" of the song in an effective manner.
The male quartette in DeKoven's tuneful musical ditty "The Owl and the Pussy Cat" was enjoyable. There was a touch of humor in the twenty lusty male voice singing the adventures of the oddly-mated pair, but it was well done. The soloists were Mr. J. W. Hislop, who sang "Down the Vale" in a pleasing tenor, Mr. T. Kelly, another pleasing tenor in "Night Time," Mr. T. H. Griffin in "The Gauntlet," and Mr. G. J. Senior in "The Powder Monkey."
The last two of this group, while evidencing good voices and careful training, did not sufficiently lend their own individuality to their stirring selections or render them with verve. It may be that the habit of choir-singing tends to this result, of the individual members do not sing often alone. If this is so, it is a pity that a choir with such good voices does not more often give a secular concert.
Mr. E. W. Mantle, however, in his song, "Three for Jack," sang in good voice and with a satisfying amount of temperament. He responded to a hearty and well merited recall with a lullaby. This when the audience had been hoping to hear his voice again in some swinging song like the new setting to Conan Doyle's gallant ballad of the English bowman. The lullaby had unusually beautiful and meaningful words, but it was not suited to Mr. Mantle's profound basso.
Miss Pinckston's rendering of "The Island of Dreams" was a musical treat, the song giving opportunity to this youthful singer to display the range, the sweetness and quality of her voice. An earlier solo, a pretty bit of springtime music, had been quite inadequate to do this. As an encore Miss Pinckston responded with a delightfully natural and sweet rendering of the difficult old ballad, "Annie Laurie."
Mr. Barford contributed two selections from Grieg, the first "Papillon," an exquisite lute that fluttered from the keys in true butterfly fashion, but it was perhaps less generally appreciated than the definite music of the "March of the Dwarfs." Mr. Barford interpreted this composition of Grieg with sympathetic power, the Dwarfs seemingly present on march

SOCIAL.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Butchart, 8th street, will be at home this evening to the young people of McDougall Methodist church.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McLeod arrived in the city last night, home from a brief honeymoon trip. For the present Mr. and Mrs. McLeod are staying at the Alberta hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McLeod Station, announced the engagement of their daughter, Kate M., to Mr. A. McKenzie, of Winnipeg. The marriage will take place on the 13th of December.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Willis, of London, Ont., announce the engagement of their daughter, Lillian, to Walter A. Nisbet, of the law firm of Ylwood & Nisbet, Moosemin, Sask., formerly of Arndt & Nisbet, Toronto. The marriage will take place early in January.

The marriage of Miss Bessie Macdonald, only daughter of the late Hugh Macdonald and Mrs. Macdonald, Wellington place, Toronto, to Capt. Deo Voorn, son of Sir George and Lady Deo Voorn, of Cadogan square, London, England, will take place on December 10.

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A DISTINGUISHED TRIO.

This story—a variation of an old one—has drifted into Edmonton from a Savannah paper, and considering its source and the people of whom it is told its details are funny from their very improbability. Imagine the classic Lord Rosebery asking a street urchin to hit a policeman a "swat" on the back! And the idol of Birmingham—poor, monoch, orchid and all-looking one!
The Georgia funny man's story runs:
The Hon. Joseph Chamberlain is fond of relating an incident that occurred while he and Lord Rosebery were returning from the theatre one night. While crossing the street they were accosted by a ragged boy who, after sweeping the mud from their path asked for alms.
Lord Rosebery was about to give the boy a coin when an idea struck him. "My boy," said Rosebery, "if you will hit that policeman a swat I will give you ten shillings." Promptly to the word, the boy crept in back of the officer, and, raising his broom struck him in the back, then turned and ran, but to the dismay of Rosebery, the officer caught the boy after a chase of a few yards.
Not wanting to leave the boy in a fix Rosebery tried to fix things up with the officer, but the worthy gentleman would not listen, and took them all three up to the station.
They were then taken before the judge of the station, and, after surveying them through his glasses, he took down a book and, turning to Chamberlain, asked his name, "Hon. Joseph Chamberlain," was the reply, and the judge smiled.
Rosebery responded also with his full title, "Lord Rosebery."
The boy was next, and stepping up to the front he drew himself up to his full height, and waited for the usual question, "Your name?"
"My name," said the boy, "Well, judge, I'm not the kind as what goes back on me pals. I'm the Duke of Wellington."

Sensible Fashions For Home Dress-Making

4054 A SMALL PLAY APRON
This apron needs no advocates, so efficient has its services been in the protection of small frocks. One especially suited for wear during the play hour or when the owner assists her mother in little tasks about the home is shown. It is



has a fancifully shaped yoke with neck in high or V outline and long sleeves sufficiently full to slip on easily over any dress. A pocket is quite invaluable and two may be used if desired. Any of the ginghams percales or other apron fabrics may serve of which 2 3-8 yards 36 inches wide are needed.

4108 A BOY'S NIGHTSHIRT. So many mothers make their husbands' and sons' nightshirts that a good pattern for such has been requested. The most popular style for a boy is that sketched with the yoke and gathered back. Any amateur sewer will find it entire-



4108 A NEW DRESSING SACK. MODEL.—There are many varieties of negligets, not one of which but is fascinating to femininity. Yet a choice must be reached for one cannot have all. For a boudoir or breakfast sack, the one shown is most attractive. It has a square yoke of lace and bead-



ly simple to make. The pocket may be omitted if preferred though any man or boy who has enjoyed one will never be satisfied without it. Long-cloth or muslin may serve for material of which 3 yards 36 inches wide are needed for the medium size.

4116 A LITTLE PLEATED DRESS FOR EVERYDAY. In this age of simplicity, the one-piece dress for the small maid is chosen not only for the play hour but for nice occasions as well. A dress which is excellent for general wear made in serge, crash or mohair is sketched. It may be worn with petticoats or bloomers of the same color and serve for hard use such



4112 LADIES' FRENCH NIGHT GOWNS.—Some of the most dainty effects have been realized in

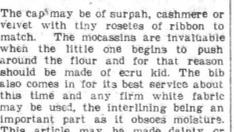


ing while the lower portion is tucked across the front and back. The top of the sleeve is also tucked and hangs free below. The sashes are easily made and for materials there are the light silks, albatross and aniline. For the medium size the pattern calls for 4 1-8 yards of 27 inch goods.

4112 TINY FIXINGS FOR TINY FOLKS.—The accessories of a baby's wardrobe are not so numerous that anyone should be deprived of their possession and they are quite as dainty as those belonging to any wardrobe. The set given here of cap, sock, and mittens may offer a suggestion for holiday gifts, all being simple to make and most welcome to any mother. The box of the sock add extra warmth while the sleeves are free and loose so as to slip easily over small arms. Cashmere or washable wool in white, blue or pink would be very desirable. The edges bound with washable ribbon or feathered. The cap



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wearer. A charming little gown of this kind is pictured. The fullness of the front is regulated at the neck edge by a ribbon drawn through eyelets or a heading. The back has a yoke to which the skirt part is gathered while the sleeves are loose and very graceful. These might be drawn in with ribbon also if desired. A fine material of which 5 1-2 yards are needed.

A BONNIE YOUNG PRINCE.

The little Crown Prince of Norway, son of the new King Haakon, has become a popular idol in Christiania, reports from Europe tell us.
His overflowing spirits and the irresistible charm of his little boy ways have completely conquered the warm-hearted Norwegians.
He is of the Norwegian type, brilliantly fair with his mother's beautiful blue eyes. It is claimed for him that he is one of the best looking of all King Edward's grandchildren and the only one who has inherited Queen Alexandra's delicate coloring and finely chiseled features.
Prince Olaf's entry into Trondheim with the new monarch and his Queen was in reality a triumph. A grizzled naval officer, host of the short-frooked toddler aloft on his shoulder, and the baby prince laughed, kicked his white-socked legs with glee, and kissed his hands to the people who roared back their delight. And the enthusiasm was redoubled when the chubby Prince flourished a Norwegian flag borrowed from a boy on the quay.
At the coronation of King Haakon Prince Olaf again distinguished himself. Becoming weary of the speeches he darted away from the royal party into a throng of small boys. They had banners which he coveted. Selecting the boy with a brighter one than the rest he struggled with him for its possession, secured it and ran back to the King crying in the pride of his conquest.
King Haakon then took his enthusiastic heir in hand and held him tightly on his knees while they drove to the palace. But Prince Olaf stuck to his banner, and waved it vigorously at every shower of flowers from the balconies.

At the end of this exciting day when the King and Queen Maud came on to a balcony to receive the plaudits of the people there was a deafening cry for "Olaf." When Queen Maud thereupon brought the child to the front, and the King held him at arm's length above his head—a bright, beaming, fair-haired little fellow. So firmly did he conquer the people that the next day the children of Christiania subscribed for a fur costume for him, the subscriptions being limited to a penny each in order that all might be able to participate in the gift.
Nor is this the only present the little Prince has received. An English lady, Miss Ada Musgrove, recently made over to him the absolute ownership of her lovely island named Fortin Bras, some 20,000 square yards in size, situated in the summer resort of Gode Sound. The island is a little fairy realm with beautiful woods and summer houses and miniature mountains and valleys.
After the pretty coronation incidents of Prince Olaf related there was such a run of photographs that the demand exceeded even the demand for the pictures of the new King and Queen. And later when the royal family had settled down in residence the popular Prince had undergone a daily mobbing by admiring ladies during his "constitutionals" in the park.
Already the Prince is being initiated into the mysteries of state ceremonial. At one of King Haakon's courts he ran about the room insisting upon shaking hands with everybody in imitation of his father and mother, and when the King and the Queen bowed to their visitors before leaving the apartment he stood very straight and gave a military salute.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

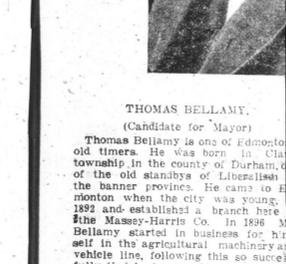
The annual meeting of the Alberta Natural History Society was held in the Orange Hall, Innisfail, on Wednesday, November 28th.
The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:
Hon. President, Hon. W. Findlay, Minister of Agriculture.
Hon. 1st Vice-president, Geo. Harcourt, Deputy Minister of Agriculture.
Hon. 2nd Vice President—P. B. Grierson, Blackfalds.
President, Dr. H. George Innisfail, add natural history society.
1st Vice President—F. H. Woolley Dods, Millarville.
2nd Vice President, S. B. Sanson, Banff.
Secretary—Treasurer, Jas. Jensen, Innisfail.
Executive committee—F. Dipple, Calgary; A. Hudson, Millarville; F. Garrett, Didsbury; J. F. Boyce, Red Deer; Innisfail.
Auditor—E. J. Fresh, Innisfail.
The meeting then adjourned to meet next year at Red Deer on the fourth Wednesday in November.

CANADIAN



THOMAS BELLAMY.

(Candidate for Mayor)
Thomas Bellamy is one of Edmonton's old timers. He was born in Clifton township in the county of Durham, one of the old stannys of Liberalism, the banner province. He came to Edmonton when the city was young, in 1882 and established a branch here. The Massey-Harris Co. In 1886 Mr. Bellamy started in business for himself in the agricultural machinery and vehicle line, following this so successfully that he is now able to retire with a sufficiency.
Almost since the day of his arrival Mr. Bellamy has taken an active interest in municipal affairs. In the early days the city's policy was in the formative stage he was a strenuous advocate of the principle of municipal ownership and to his work in those days the present



J. R. HETHERINGTON.

(Candidate for Alderman)
J. R. Hetherington, who styled himself the citizen's candidate, is a Scotchman by birth, having spent his early years in the hatter's clad hills of Auld Scotia, and received his education in the Scotch free schools, who's democracy was taught by text and by receipt. "Fervent to coming to Edmonton, he spent several years in Boston, Mass., where he had an excellent opportunity to engage the cities' train-



DR. CHAS. H. STUART WADE.

(Candidate for Alderman)
Dr. Chas. H. Stuart Wade was born in the north of England. He is a retired officer from civil service of the British Government and had several years' experience in municipal affairs in London, England. Coming to Edmonton five years and six months ago he spent the first three years and a half in the north for the Hudson's Bay Co., and for his exploratory work was made a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society. For the past six years he has been almost continuously a resident of Edmonton, being for three years in charge of the transport service for the Hudson's Bay Co. For five years he has been a magistrate and has acted on the local magisterial bench. He was a member of several secret societies. He is Grand Secretary of the Masons and Foresters and Grand Arch High Steward of the world for the Districts.

CANDIDATES FOR MUNICIPAL HONORS

THE CITIZENS WHO ASK THE FRANCHISE OF THE RATEPAYERS

-Making

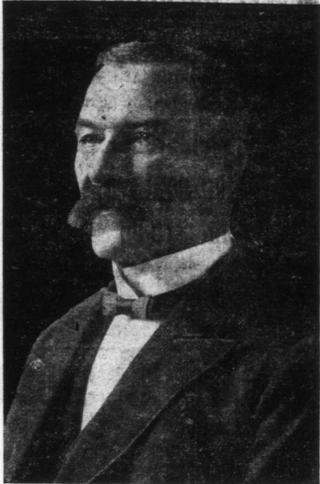
A charming little gown of and is pictured. The fullness of is regulated at the neck edge ribbon drawn through eyelets or rings. The back has a yoke to the skirt part is gathered the sleeves are loose and very These might be drawn in ribbon also if desired. A fine or longcloth may serve as a of which 1-2 yards are

BONNIE YOUNG PRINCE.

Little Crown Prince of Norway, the new King Haakon, has a popular idol in Christiania, from Europe tell us. Overflowing spirits and the irascible charm of his little baby have completely conquered the hearts of Norwegians. The fair with his mother's beautiful eyes. It is claimed for him is one of the best looking of King Edward's grandchildren and only one who has inherited Queen Alexandra's delicate coloring and childlike features. The little prince's entry into Tromsø with the new monarch and his coronation was in reality a triumph. A naval officer hoisted the robed toddler aloft on his shoulders, and the baby prince laughed and his white-socked legs with and kissed his hands to the who roared back their delight. The enthusiasm was redoubled the chubby Prince flourished the Norwegian flag borrowed from a the quay. The coronation of King Haakon Olaf again distinguished him becoming weary of the speeches away from the royal party of small boys. They amply which he coveted. The boy with a brighter one the rest he struggled with him possession, secured it and ran to the King crowing in the of his conquest. Haakon then took his little heir in hand and held him on his knees while they drove palace. But Prince Olaf stuck banner, and waved it vigorously every cheer from the people every shower of flowers from balconies.

At the end of this coronation day the King and Queen Mand on a balcony to receive the of the people there was a cry for "Olaf." When Mand thereupon brought the to the front, and the King held arm's length above his head light, beaming, fair-haired little So firmly did he conquer the that the next day the child Christiania subscribed for a stume for him, the subscrip- being limited to a penny each that all might be able to ate in the gift. It is this only present the Prince has received. An En- lady, Miss Ada Masugrove, re- made over to him the absolute ship of her lovely island man- tin Bras, some 20,000 square in size, situated in the summer of Godo Sound. The island fair-ream with beautiful and summer houses and min- mountains and fjords. The pretty coronation in- cluding Prince Olaf related there a run of photographs that mand exceeded even the de- for the pictures of the new and Queen. And later when the family had settled down in ce the popular Prince had to a daily mobbing by admir- during his "constitution" the park. The Prince is being initi- the mysteries of state cere- At one of King Haakon's he ran about the room insist- an slinking hands with every imitation of his father and when the King and the bowed to their visitors before the apartment he stood very and gave a military salute.

RURAL HISTORY SOCIETY
Annual meeting of the Alberta History Society was held in the Hall, Innisfail, on Wednesday 28th. The following were the officers for the ensuing year: President, Hon. W. Findlay, Esq. Vice-president, Geo. Har- Deputy Minister of Agriculture, and Vice President, P. B. Gies- Esq. Secretary, Dr. H. George, Innisfail. Treasurer, J. H. Wosley, Innisfail. Executive Committee: F. Elgin, Cal- Hudson, Millarville; F. Gar- burry; J. P. Boyce, Red Deer; E. J. Fries, Innisfail. Meeting then adjourned to meet at Red Deer on the fourth day in November.



THOMAS BELLAMY, Candidate for Mayor.

Thomas Bellamy is one of Edmonton's old timers. He was born in Clark township in the county of Durham, one of the old standbys of Liberalism in the banner provinces. He came to Edmonton when the city was young, in 1892 and established a branch here of the Massey-Harris Co. In 1896 Mr. Bellamy started in business for himself in the agricultural machinery and vehicle line, following this so successfully that he is now able to retire with a sufficiency. Almost since the day of his arrival Mr. Bellamy has taken an active interest in municipal affairs. In the early years of the city's policy was in the formative stage he was a strenuous advocate of the principle of municipal ownership and to his work in these days the present happy condition of the city in that regard is partly due. He was one of the most violent opponents of the franchise by which the street car franchise was obtained for two years to a private company, and although he made enemies at that juncture on this score, the test of time has proven the wisdom of his stand. On the question of municipal ownership Mr. Bellamy is a "world man." Mr. Bellamy is familiar with the workings of municipal affairs for 12 years. He went into the old town council first in 1894 and was re-elected in 1895. Since then he has never ceased to take an interest in every civic undertaking and was always found with a clear stand on every question. He is now completing a two-year term at the council board and offers the city the benefit of the accumulated experience of all these years.



J. R. HETHERINGTON, Candidate for Alderman.

J. R. Hetherington, who styles himself the citizen's candidate, is a Scot- man by birth, having spent his early years in the hazy, clad hills of Auld Scotia, and received his education in the Scotch free schools, where democracy was taught by text and by pre- cept. Frivolous to coming to Edmon- ton he spent several years in Boston, Mass., where he had an excellent op- portunity to observe the evils that

DR. CHAS. H. STUART WADE, Candidate for Alderman.

Dr. Chas. H. Stuart Wade was born in the north of England. He is a re- tired officer from civil service of the British Government and had several years experience in municipal affairs in Cypion, England. Coming to Edmonton five years and six months ago he spent the first three years and a half in the north for the Hudson's Bay Co., and for his exploratory work was made a fellow of the Royal Geographical Soc- iety. For the past six years he has been almost continuously a resident of Edmonton, being for three years in charge of the transport service for the Hudson's Bay Co. For five years he has been a magistrate and has acted on the local magisterial bench. Dr. Wade is a member of several secret societies. He is Grand Registrar of the Masons and Foresters and Grand Arch High Steward of the world for the Druids.



HERBERT J. DAWSON, Candidate for Mayor.

Herbert J. Dawson was born on Sonora, on the banks of the blue St. Clair on the 3rd of July, 1860. He went to school in the old Sarnia grammar school, which is always reckoned to have turned out more prominent and successful men than any other educa- tional institution in Canada. He stud- ied medicine in Sarnia, and Toronto and turned to law at the early age of 19, studying in Carr, McDonald, Dal- ton and Patterson's office in Toron- to, where he took one of his degrees. From 1885 to 1893 he practised law in Petrolia and incidentally engaged in the oil business, putting down over 200 wells. He is still interested in oil in Petrolia and is president of the Inter- national Boring Co., a company which is making the desert of Australia bloom like the rose. Mr. Dawson came to Edmonton in 1893 and has since practised law in the city. He is also heavily interested in real estate. He is a member of the Ontario, B. C. and Alberta bar.



T. M. LANNIC, Candidate for Alderman.

Mr. Lannic, one of the popular pro- prietors of the Hotel Cecil, was born in France in the year 1872, and received his education at the Victoria College, Paris. He studied chemistry in Paris, but not liking it, started in the hotel business. In 1887 he removed from Paris to Ed- inburgh, and was there appointed man- ager of the Windsor hotel, and held the position for three years. Going to London, England, he started business on

his own account, but disposed of his in- terests there and occupied the next two years in visiting the various capitals in Europe, gaining an extensive knowl- edge of the hotel business in every branch. Two years ago Mr. Lannic came to Edmonton, making some very profitable deals in real estate, and is so a host of friends. A short time ago he formed the above company, opening the Hotel Cecil, which has proved an instantaneous success, being replete with every modern convenience, and one of the most up-to-date in Western Can- ada.



ALDERMAN LATTA

Alderman Latta is a retiring mem- ber of the council who has not offered himself for re-election.

WILLIAM G. WEST, Candidate for Alderman.

W. G. West is another old timer. He has been nearly twenty years in Ed- monton. In the early days, before the Mecca of the oiler and the railroad man Mr. West was a farmer and freighted on the Calgary and Edmon- ton trail before the days of the iron horse. Since moving to the city he has followed his trade of brickmaking and contractor, in which he has been successful, with a foresight that has made him money. Mr. West secured several blocks of real estate in the early days which are today sufficient to put him on easy street.



ALDERMAN SMITH

Alderman Smith will serve a second year on the council to be elected Mon- day. He is one of the three remaining.

J. R. BRENTON, Candidate for Alderman.

J. R. Brenton is an American by birth. He comes from the old blue grass state of Kentucky and his people claimed family ties with General George Brenton, McClelland, General Fremont and several other history makers in the American Union. While he was still at an early age his pa- rents left Kentucky and came west, finally settling in Manitoba, from which province Mr. Brenton came to Edmon- ton twenty-five years ago. For most of the time Mr. Brenton has been identified with coal mining and he now has charge of the City Coal Company's workings, in which concern he is a large stockholder. Mr. Brenton has been fortunate in real estate and holds some valuable property in the city.



W. A. GRIESBACH, Candidate for Mayor.

Mr. Griesbach, a true son of the West, was born at Port Qu'Appelle, Jan. 3rd, 1878, and received his educa- tion at St. John's College, Winnipeg. Upon its completion he studied law in Edmonton and in 1891 commenced to practise on his own account and has attained a considerable degree of suc- cess. Before graduating Mr. Griesbach, who holds a commission in the Canadian Mounted Rifles, was in activ- service throughout the South Africa war, serving under Col. Evans. In 1903 he ran for city council, and was de- feated but duly elected in 1904 and again in 1905. In 1905 he ran for Pro- vincial Legislature for the City of Ed- monton, but was defeated. Mr. Gries- bach enjoys a wide circle of friends and a considerable degree of suc- cess. Before graduating Mr. Griesbach, who holds a commission in the Canadian Mounted Rifles, was in activ- service throughout the South Africa war, serving under Col. Evans. 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Local News

(Thursday's Daily)
The Victoria rink on Third street, in the rear of the Hudson's Bay stores, opens this evening.

—There was no session of the Supreme Court today owing to the fact that no cases were ready for hearing.
—The Thistle rink opens tomorrow evening with an excellent show of ice. The band will be in attendance.

—The executive in connection with the house to house visitation will meet in the Baptist church tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—It is expected that the Edmonton branch of the Royal Bank of Canada will be ready to open next Monday. Mr. Al. Hyndman, late manager of the branch in Nelson and a brother of Mr. J. D. Hyndman, city, will be in charge.

—The Mays Coal Co. have just received from C. A. McDonald & Co., Mortlach, Sask., an urgent request to ship at least one car of any kind of coal to that town. The letter states that it is impossible to buy coal in any field and the town has been out for nearly three months. The Mays people are forwarding a car in response to the request as soon as possible.

(Friday's Daily)
—The meeting announced on behalf of the "Solid Five" in the Empire theatre tonight will not take place.

—The Ladies' Musical Club meets at Mrs. Manson's, Sixth street, on Saturday at 4.30.

—Harry Winn of the Journal staff leaves tonight by C. N. R. for his home in Toronto Junction owing to the critical illness of his father.

—After January 1st, the Edmonton banks will not open for business on Saturday evenings. The regular banking hours on Saturday are from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

—The post office will be closed at 1 p.m. Saturday evening and until Monday morning on account of the opening of the new post office on Monday morning.

—Manager Duhamel of the Intermediate hockey team stated today that the team had secured the title. The rink every Monday and Thursday evening from 8.45 to 9.45.

—The Victoria open-air rink on Third street opened last night. The Horner open air rink at the corner of Clara and First street opens tonight, making, along with the Thistle, three rink running tonight.

—Mr. A. Mitchell, chief wad inspector for the province, took a trip down the C. & E. yesterday to inspect the elevators and ascertain if the elevator owners were destroying the weed seeds that accumulate around the elevator.

—The clearing returns from the Edmonton Banks for the week ending Dec. 6th, were \$1,166,184 and for the month of November aggregated \$3,726,334. This week's returns are the second largest of the year and makes a very satisfactory showing.

—A meeting of the electors of the city of Edmonton resident in Norwood will be held this evening, Friday night at 8 o'clock at Dunlop & Levey's store and will be addressed by Mr. Andrew H. Allan one of the aldermanic candidates.

—There will be no meeting of the Blues tonight as the officers have gone to Calgary to attend the organization of the Grand Lodge for Alberta in that city. Notices of the next meeting will be mailed to each member of the Lodge 33 by the secretary, Mr. W. G. Harrison.

—The Thistle rink will open this evening with the band in attendance. Considering that there was roller skating in the Thistle rink on Saturday evening last, the managers of the rink have lost no time in getting a good sheet of ice down.

—P. K. James, from Hardisty is in the city today. Mr. James will open the first hotel in the new town. The Wetaskiwin branch of the C. P. R. has been extended to Hardisty and freight trains are already running. The intention of the C. P. R. is to begin passenger traffic to Hardisty about the 20th of this month.

—The management of the Thistle Rink, Second street, have an excellent sheet of ice and are opening their large rink tonight, with band in attendance. Every provision is made for the comfort of their patrons and their making a charge for non-skaters will allow everyone to partake in full the facilities provided for their amusement. Skating afternoons and evenings.

—The members of the Grain Commission arrived in the city last evening from Lacombe where they held a short session yesterday. Mr. John Miller, the chairman, is staying with his brother-in-law, Dr. Hooton, Strathcona. Mr. G. E. Goldie and Mr. J. R. Boyle, and Mr. Neild are at the Alberta. Mrs. Goldie accompanies Mr. Goldie. The other members of the commission, Mr. McNair, of Gladstone, Manitoba, will arrive in the city today to be present at the session here tomorrow.

City News

INDIAN LANDS BRING GOOD PRICE
(Thursday's Daily)
The Indian land sale held in the Empire theatre yesterday afternoon was an unqualified success from the standpoint of both the Government and the bidders.

—Over three hundred people attended the sale, and Auctioneer Robert Smith was in unusually good form. The bidding was lively from the first and it took from 10 o'clock until 4 to run off the sixty parcels offered for sale. The highest price paid was \$15 and the lowest \$5.50 per acre.

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There are only ninety Indians on the Michael Callihoo reserve, so that the sale nets then \$80 each, and they still have a block of land three and one-half by seven miles square. They are unusually prosperous, having very fair buildings, good stock and some of them very nice farms. The reserve is right on the Sturgeon River, eighteen miles from Edmonton, in one of the finest farming sections in Northern Alberta.

The Callihoo Indians have a history which in the hands of a capable writer would be a picturesque addition to the Indian folk lore. They are Iroquois whose ancestors came west from Caughnawaga 100 years ago to enjoy the buffalo hunting on the magnificent plains of Alberta. When they reached Edmonton the band divided, some going south to the open prairie where they were finally annihilated by the Blackfeet. Another branch went to Slave Lake and lost their identity through mixing with the Indians there. Others went to Jasper Pass where they became famous as hunters. What is now the Callihoo band stayed around Edmonton and mixed with the half breeds here.

With the result that old Michael Callihoo is probably the only full-blooded Indian in the city. He is now 84 years of age, and his father and mother were with the original band when they came to Alberta.

EAST ENDERS REPUDIATE CARDS
(Thursday's Daily)
A bunch of cards distributed about the city yesterday bearing the names of the east end aldermanic candidates on one side and H. J. Dawson, mayorality candidate on the reverse side has caused a furore in the wigwag of the solid five.

The chairman of the campaign committee states that the cards were not authorized and that the ticket is not supporting any man for mayor.

JURY ACQUITS JES. D'AMOUR
(Thursday's Daily)
Joseph D'Amour was found not guilty by the jury last night and was acquitted by Judge Sifton of the charge of having stolen \$2000 of \$10 Union Bank bills from a package on the C. & E. train in May last.

The evidence offered by the crown yesterday afternoon and evening was along the same lines as that adduced in the morning, endeavoring to trace the parcel to D'Amour's hands, after which it was lost. There was one link which was not filled in, the run between Winnipeg and Calgary, by Stanley Turner, the other mail clerk on the C. & E., swore to having received the parcel at the Calgary-Edmonton rink and to having had it as far as Ponoka.

Harry H. Robertson and Wilfrid Gariety for the defence took the line that the crown did not prove, beyond Turner's own statement, that Turner ever got the package on the train. It is among the other registered papers at Ponoka.

Regarding the \$500 found in D'Amour's trunk, the defence took the ground that a conspiracy might exist between the two men. They proved that D'Amour had been twice searched previous to the time that he was supposed to have put the money in the trunk, presuming to show that he could not have had the money with him all the time. They also laid great stress on the fact that a private detective had allowed D'Amour, and that he searched D'Amour's room at midnight in Calgary, a circumstance which made conspiracy easily possible.

The jury was out only ten minutes in coming to a verdict.

CONSECRATION SERVICES BY BISHOP LEGAL.
(Friday's Daily)
The special opening of the new Immaculate Conception R. C. church on Kinistone avenue near Picard street will take place on Sunday at 10.30 a.m. when the most important of the services will be held on Saturday evening to argue out pro and con, the following points:

1. Finance commissioner of the city compared with the other cities; the clear cut lines as he works by the charter, ceasing the sewerage question; the labor question; the labor question; the street railway question, and manufacturing industries.

Mr. Brenton asks that anyone who wants to meet him will contact with him not later than this evening, so that he may be able to arrange his program.

In the Bulletin's report of the Edmonton theatre J. B. Walker's name was given as John B. Walker, thereby causing some confusion. His real name is James B. and he is so well known that a mistake in the name could be made. The report also stated that Mr. Walker was never seen at the theatre meetings. This is not altogether correct, as Mr. Walker has on an occasional visitor to the city hall during council sessions.

A DIFFERENCE.
Medicine Hat News: Nobody questioned the propriety of the arrangements whereby the C. P. R. got control of most of the land between here and Calgary, and made it valuable by applying irrigation. Nobody questioned the propriety of the Alberta Railway and Coal company when they got hold of the 500,000 acres of practically useless land, and by irrigation works, made it useful, valuable and productive. There was no question raised when the one proposition helped Calgary to grow, or when the other helped Lethbridge to grow. Now there is a proposition on foot for big irrigation works at Medicine Hat, and the Calgary Herald scents grout and bootless and everything else but real business, and makes an un-called for attack on the parties who are active in the proposition.

TOD WEALTHY TO BE GOOD.
London, Dec. 3.—At a great revival meeting in the Exeter Hall here, tonight General Booth, head of the Salvation Army, announced that he would sail for America early in January, where he would conduct a strenuous campaign. He said the Salvation Army had gained a great footing in the United States, but the majority of Americans were too rich and prosperous to be religious.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West. Homestead Regulations

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person, the sole head of a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Application for homestead entry or inspection must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent.

An application for entry or inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be signed to the local Agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applied such application is to have priority and the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail.

In case of "pre-emption" the entry will be summarily cancelled and the applicant forfeit all priority of claim.

An applicant for inspection must be eligible for homestead entry, and only one application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is in good standing, and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to the approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no one else, on filing declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled, or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to prior right of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particulars the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statements are found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry, should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

Lottery.—A settler is required to perform one of the following duties:—
(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father or mother, if the latter is deceased, a homesteader, residing in the vicinity of the land, and entered for by such homesteader, the requirements as to residence may be waived.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon the land in question, or in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

(4) A homesteader applying for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LANDS.—
Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal, and \$4 for anthracite. Not more than 20 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be paid to the province.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of \$10 per annum for an individual, and \$25 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in a claim, may locate a claim 1/4 of 1/4000 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is \$5, at least 1/4 of 1/4000 feet. Expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When 200 has been expended or paid, the locator may upon having survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1 per acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2-1/2 per cent on the value of the minerals.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases on dredge for gold of five miles each, or a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation for one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, at least 1/10 of an acre for each mile of river lease. Royalty at the rate of 1-1/2 per cent collected on the output if it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of the advertisement will not be paid for.

TALKING MACHINE
The latest and best invention Disc Machine. No noise to change. Come and hear them. Unbreakable records 10 inch for 25c, and 12 inch for 40c. Astley-Jones Talking Organ Company, 128 Jasper avenue west, Edmonton.

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES, RED two-year-old steer; no brand. Jas. Gibson, Namayo.

MINERS WANTED—A FEW EXPERIENCED MINERS wanted at once; steady work; good wages; board at mine 3.50 per week; also one teamster wanted. Apply Watson Bros., Sturgeon Coal Mines.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED FOR East Clover Bar School District, No. 1001, term one year; duties to commence first Monday in January. Apply stating certificate held and salary required. Applications to be in by 20th of Dec. M. Katam, Secretary-Treasurer.

WANTED

SCRIPT WANTED.
WANTED SCRIPT, GUARANTEED, or Best Black; large or small quantities. Address P. O. Box 8, Montlach, Sask.

WANTED—TWO HUNDRED HEAD of horses or cattle to winter; also tender for 25, 50, 70 or 100 tons of green feed, 100 tons of hay, to be delivered in Edmonton before April 1st. Apply S. L. Dagsgard, two miles west of St. Albert.

TEACHER WANTED.
For Josephburg School District. Term one year. Duties to commence first Monday in January. Applicant to state salary required.

G. DOZE,
Beaver Hills, Alta.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.
For Coronation School District 749, duties to commence Jan. 2nd. Apply, stating certificate held, and salary required, to:

ALFRED J. TROUSNOR,
Edmonton P. O.

WANTED—FOR THE ECLIPSE School District, No. 600, a duly qualified teacher for 1907, holding a first or second class certificate; duties to commence 2nd Jan. Salary \$50 per month. Apply to:

JAMES SHARP, Sec'y,
Lacombe, Alta.

WANTED
Teachers holding first and second class certificates wanted at once. Salary \$6 to \$50 per month. Apply the Edmonton Teachers' Agency.

STRAYED

STRAYED—ABOUT NOV. 12, COV. calf at foot. Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses. J. H. Melick, Belmont.

LOST—ON NOV. 4TH, 2 BAY HORSES, weighing 1,000 lbs each; branded "M.P." on left side. Reward on return to Frank Ayres, Belvedere.

STRAYED.
From near Ray P. O., brown horse, 3 years, weight about 1200, white spot on forehead, one white hind foot, range, no brand. Sert on inside of right hind leg, \$15 reward.

WALKER & DANIEL,
Licensed Auctioneers for Province of Alberta

Robtck Lake, May last, one black and white three-year-old steer, 700 lbs., branded L.D.F., large horns. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. Leon Lambert.

LOST—CAME TO MY PREMISES ON Nov. 11th, three 3 year old steers, black, roan and red and white, muley or dehorned. Owner can have same by paying expenses and removing property. Robert Mitchell, Belmont, s.w. 36 33 24 west of the 4th.

NOTICE
All taxadus "Camel" school district No. 470 are to be paid on or before 15th December.

JAS. MCGILLIS,
Secretary.

EXTENSIVE Auction Sale!

CATTLE, IMPLEMENTS, HORSES, PIGS, HENS, Etc.
Wednesday, December 19th.

We have received instructions from William G. Aiton to sell by public auction the following stock and implements at the N.W. 1-4 sec. 5, township 54, range 21 west of the 4th Meridian, situated 1 mile east and 1 mile south from Partridge Hill school house. Commencing at 11.30 a.m.

HORSES—
1 Team geldings, aged 5 and 6, weight 2200 lbs.
1 first class gelding.
1 pony wagon, aged 2.
2 year old colt gelding.
2 spring fillies.

CATTLE—
15 grade cows in calf.
2 two year old heifers in calf.
2 two year old steers.
4 one year old heifers.
1 set iron harrows.

1 15 spring calves.
25 spring pigs, 100 chickens.
1 Massey-Harris binder, nearly new.
1 Massey-Harris drill.
1 Champion rake.
1 democrat.
1 good wagon.
1 set light sleighs.
1 15-inch Moline plow.
1 14-inch Moline plow.
1 set iron harrows.
1 fanning mill.
1 heavy set double harness.

1 heavy set double driving harness.
Terms—\$20 and under cash; above that amount 12 months credit by furnishing joint approved bank notes bearing 8 1/2 per cent interest. 5 per cent discount allowed for cash on credit accounts. Fowls to be sold for cash.
SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10.00 O'CLOCK SHARP.
LUNCH AT NOON

Crawford & Weeks
Auctioneers

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES, St. Albert road, on Nov. 1st, two black muley heifers, one year old. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. Michael Cassidy, St. Albert.

WANTED

SCRIPT WANTED.
WANTED SCRIPT, GUARANTEED, or Best Black; large or small quantities. Address P. O. Box 8, Montlach, Sask.

WANTED—TWO HUNDRED HEAD of horses or cattle to winter; also tender for 25, 50, 70 or 100 tons of green feed, 100 tons of hay, to be delivered in Edmonton before April 1st. Apply S. L. Dagsgard, two miles west of St. Albert.

TEACHER WANTED.
For Josephburg School District. Term one year. Duties to commence first Monday in January. Applicant to state salary required.

G. DOZE,
Beaver Hills, Alta.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.
For Coronation School District 749, duties to commence Jan. 2nd. Apply, stating certificate held, and salary required, to:

ALFRED J. TROUSNOR,
Edmonton P. O.

WANTED—FOR THE ECLIPSE School District, No. 600, a duly qualified teacher for 1907, holding a first or second class certificate; duties to commence 2nd Jan. Salary \$50 per month. Apply to:

JAMES SHARP, Sec'y,
Lacombe, Alta.

WANTED
Teachers holding first and second class certificates wanted at once. Salary \$6 to \$50 per month. Apply the Edmonton Teachers' Agency.

STRAYED

STRAYED—ABOUT NOV. 12, COV. calf at foot. Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses. J. H. Melick, Belmont.

LOST—ON NOV. 4TH, 2 BAY HORSES, weighing 1,000 lbs each; branded "M.P." on left side. Reward on return to Frank Ayres, Belvedere.

STRAYED.
From near Ray P. O., brown horse, 3 years, weight about 1200, white spot on forehead, one white hind foot, range, no brand. Sert on inside of right hind leg, \$15 reward.

WALKER & DANIEL,
Licensed Auctioneers for Province of Alberta

Robtck Lake, May last, one black and white three-year-old steer, 700 lbs., branded L.D.F., large horns. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. Leon Lambert.

LOST—CAME TO MY PREMISES ON Nov. 11th, three 3 year old steers, black, roan and red and white, muley or dehorned. Owner can have same by paying expenses and removing property. Robert Mitchell, Belmont, s.w. 36 33 24 west of the 4th.

NOTICE
All taxadus "Camel" school district No. 470 are to be paid on or before 15th December.

JAS. MCGILLIS,
Secretary.

EXTENSIVE Auction Sale!

CATTLE, IMPLEMENTS, HORSES, PIGS, HENS, Etc.
Wednesday, December 19th.

We have received instructions from William G. Aiton to sell by public auction the following stock and implements at the N.W. 1-4 sec. 5, township 54, range 21 west of the 4th Meridian, situated 1 mile east and 1 mile south from Partridge Hill school house. Commencing at 11.30 a.m.

HORSES—
1 Team geldings, aged 5 and 6, weight 2200 lbs.
1 first class gelding.
1 pony wagon, aged 2.
2 year old colt gelding.
2 spring fillies.

CATTLE—
15 grade cows in calf.
2 two year old heifers in calf.
2 two year old steers.
4 one year old heifers.
1 set iron harrows.

1 15 spring calves.
25 spring pigs, 100 chickens.
1 Massey-Harris binder, nearly new.
1 Massey-Harris drill.
1 Champion rake.
1 democrat.
1 good wagon.
1 set light sleighs.
1 15-inch Moline plow.
1 14-inch Moline plow.
1 set iron harrows.
1 fanning mill.
1 heavy set double harness.

1 heavy set double driving harness.
Terms—\$20 and under cash; above that amount 12 months credit by furnishing joint approved bank notes bearing 8 1/2 per cent interest. 5 per cent discount allowed for cash on credit accounts. Fowls to be sold for cash.
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THE BIG STORE

Whether you consider style and appearance or comfort and wearing qualities, you will find what you want in a

CAMPBELL OVERCOAT OR SUIT

which is made with the single purpose in view, to produce the best possible garment. (WE ARE SOLE AGENTS).

We are also showing a large range of

Men's Ready-to-Wear Suits and Overcoats at

\$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$12.00
Also a good assortment of Boys' from \$3.50 to \$7.00

We can save you money on everything in the CLOTHING LINE.

McDOUGALL & SECORD

Phone 36.

FIRE PROOF ROOFING
WRITE FOR PRICES
METALLIC ROOFING CO.
WINNIPEG

AUCTION SALES
Sale of valuable horses, cattle and implements at 1 p.m.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14
at N. 1-2, 3, 54, 21 W. 4 Beaver Hills. Sale of horses, cattle and implements at 11.30 a.m. o'clock

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19
at the N.W. 1-4, Sec. 5, Township 54, Rge. 21, situated one mile south of Partridge Hill.

WALKER & DANIEL,
Licensed Auctioneers for Province of Alberta

Big Unreserved Credit AUCTION SALE

The undersigned has received instructions from Mr. J. Trimble to sell by public auction, at his farm S.E. 1-4 of section 36, township 52, range 24, four miles east of Strathcona.

THURSDAY, DEC. 13th, '06

THE FOLLOWING
HORSES—
1 Brown mare, 7 years old, weight 1350 lbs.
1 Black mare, 10 years old, weight 1250 lbs.

1 Brown mare, 8 years old, weight 1350 lbs.
1 Pony mare.
All above mares supposed to be in foal.

1 Sorrel horse, 4 years old, weight 1250 lbs.
1 Black horse, 4 years old, weight 1250 lbs.
1 Black horse, 7 years old, good driver.

4 Spring colts (3 fillies and 1 gelding).
CATTLE—
1 Registered Ayrshire bull.
9 Cows giving milk.
3 Young cattle in one month.

These cows are excellent dairy cattle, an dMr. Trimble has been selling milk and cream. He kept nothing but the best cows that money could buy. FOWLS—
30 Hens, 10 Turkeys.

IMPLEMENTMENTS—
2 2 wagons, 3 set sleighs, top buggy, jumper, Massey-Harris binder, Massey-Harris mower, Massey-Harris rake, Cockshut Drill, Massey-Harris plow, 2 stubble plow, 4 sec. harrow, potato digger, road scraper, shot gun wheelbarrow, farmer's boiler, cream separator, 2 new cross cut saws, 4 set double harness, 3 pair horse blankets.

FURNITURE—
2 Iron beds, complete, 2 other beds, 4 dressers, 1 bedroom set, 2 cook stoves, 3 heaters, 1 extension table, 1 kitchen table, 5-7 quart cream cans, 1 creamer.

TERMS OF SALE—
All sums of \$15 and under to be cash over that amount 12 months credit on furnishing approved joint notes bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum. 5 per cent discount allowed for cash on credit accounts. Fowls to be sold for cash.

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LUNCH AT NOON

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Do Not Forget

Some of these in your next order: opened up. Covantun fingers, gingers, Abernethy Jam Jams, Bar, Pig Sandwich, Raisin Honey Fingers, etc.

GARIEPY & LESSA

VOLUME IV.

"Canucks" by EDMO