

Board of Work Office

# The Star

VOLUME II. CHATHAM, N. B., APRIL 20, 1881. NO. 249.

"STAR." Semi-Weekly and Weekly. The former edition published WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS. Terms: \$2.00 per annum in advance. Sent to any address post-paid for above figures.

## COMPANY Sheriff's Sale

To be sold at Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of June next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

## ON HAND.

A first-class Foundry, Factories, &c., are entrusted to us.

## WANTS!

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## ING,

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## Competition

TAPES-

## WANT!

on Wednesday, 1st

## Reduction.

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## TEA! TEA! TEA!

Receiving today Half Chests Best Congo Tea.

## OPERATION.

## STAR CLUB RATES.

We shall be happy to supply the STAR to anyone getting up a club at the following rates:

10 Copies Semi Weekly 1 year \$14  
5 " " " " " " 7  
10 " " Weekly " 7  
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J. E. COLLINS  
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR  
Chatham N. B.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING

Semi-Weekly Star.

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATE.
A Column.	One Year	\$100
Half do.	" "	50
Quarter do.	" "	25
Two lines.	" "	16
A yard.	" "	12

At the above rates, half the amount set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

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Advertisements will be charged for the time of insertion if not ordered to be suspended in writing.

Advertising rates (outside the transient advertisements) payable every third day.

Special orders for the discontinuation of advertising contracts, after the time agreed upon, must be given in writing; else all continued "reads" will be charged at the regular rate.

## The North Star.

CHATHAM, N.B. April 20, 1881  
J. E. COLLINS, EDITOR

## CANADIAN NEWS.

### ONTARIO.

A curious incident occurred in Kingston recently, by which a man named Charon, a Frenchman, believing, under a temporary fit of insanity, that he made too much use of his tongue, removed a portion of it with a knife, and would have done greater damage if he had not been discovered by his family.

The Ottawa Government official is in possession of several historical relics, among which are a cane and umbrella which belonged to Napoleon I., and which were used by him at St. Helena; a dirk, the property of Lord Nelson when a midshipman; a cutlass used on board "Victory" at Trafalgar; the sword worn by Sir David Baird at the storming of Seringapatam, an Afghan knife taken from a prisoner at Lucknow during the mutiny, and the stiletto with which Spicetti stabbed Mr. Ponsoby in Naples in 1831.

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The price of scrip is now \$158; the par value is \$160. Thirteen Elk were shot by half breeds near Rock Lake the past winter.

Mr. John Costigan, M. P., for Victoria, N. B., has gone to the North West and will spend a considerable portion of the summer travelling over the country and viewing the land.

It is stated that His Excellency the Governor General and suit, when making their contemplated visit to Manitoba during the coming summer, will go as far west as Edmonton. Correspondents of several English papers will be of the party.

The Hudson Bay Company are hauling coal from the Imperial drift on the Saskatchewan to their sheds at Fort Edmonton, which is taken out of the mine at the rate of \$4.50 per ton laid down in the Fort.

At one time during the past winter about 2,500 men were working in the woods getting out cordwood, ties, cedar fence posts and telegraph poles, besides other timber, along Sections 14 and 15. The Government has had 35,000 cords of wood cut and hauled to the railway track on sections 14 and 15 this winter.

The St. P. M. & M. Railway co. has contracted with Langdon & Co for the construction of about 200 miles of line this season on the Osseo branch from Minneapolis, on the Breckenridge extension from Durbin North and to the Grand Forks Branches west towards Devil's Lake and north to Pembina.

It is reported that so much of the road of the C. P. Railway as

## THE CARNIVAL AT NICE.

A private letter from Nice says: "The first day of the carnival here was just perfect. In company with some other young people in the hotel we hired a private omnibus to drive us about, so that we might see the fun to advantage, and be able to join in the *bataille des fleurs*. We reached the Promenade des Anglais—the road by the sea—where there are large hotels and villas, and where all the world went yesterday afternoon at about two o'clock. We immediately fell into one of the two long ranks of carriages which drove at rather a slow pace up and down the promenade. I had a capital seat by the driver on the box, and was a perfect butt for bouquets. The road and houses were decked with flags and some of the carriages almost covered with flowers. One lady was lying back on cushions of violets, and in one case the harness and edge of the carriage were bordered with scarlet anemones. Prizes of several hundred francs were given for the most tastefully decorated carriages. Not many dominoes were to be seen, but the pavements were closely packed with people on chairs. Windows and seats of any kind, as well as standing room, fetch fabulous prices, and I believe it is impossible to secure any kind of vehicle. We all took or bought flowers to pelt with. After a few turns up and down the promenade in order that people might have time to admire the lovely bouquets, the fun began in earnest, and before long waxed fast and furious. I got literally pelted with roses and violets. Everyone became a child for the time, and it was perfectly delightful. A hot, sunny afternoon, driving up and down by the blue sparkling sea, surrounded by crowds of merry laughing faces with a lap full of flowers and pleasant, genial companions, you cannot think how nice it was. At 5 o'clock it began to cool, and we turned off into the town and half-drove half-walked back home. This afternoon we went to hear the military band playing in the public garden near to us—a gay and bright scene; people of all nationalities lounging about and wandering in orange groves and under palm-trees listening to the excellent music.

## RAIN IN ADEN.

A singular phenomenon is reported from Aden. A heavy shower of rain has actually fallen there, and the Arabs and other inhabitants feel at a loss to account for it. Such was the effect of the down pour that the air afterward became so cool that Europeans could tolerate a light overcoat, and Arabs and Abyssinians their cotton cloth, without feeling in the least discomfort. This is truly a wonderful state of matters for Aden which is the only station the British possess on the coast of Arabia. It has the unenviable reputation of being the hottest place in the world. Situated at the southern bend of the Red Sea, not far from the celebrated Bab-el-Mandeb, or Gate of Tears, which the Arabian and Indian navigators at one time never entered without believing that in all probability they would never survive either the shoals or the calm, stifling heat of the Red Sea. Aden is built at the foot of a bare volcanic rock, and is not much oftener visited by a refreshing breeze than it is by rain. British soldiers whose lot has cast them upon that bleak spot of earth tell wicked stories about it. One that an Irishman died "from drink, then said the climate killed him." When he had been buried for a time he reappeared as a ghost at the bedside of a former comrade, and beseeched that he might be given his great coat, "because after Aden hell was cold." Another is that the European residents are, in the absence of shady trees on the barren peninsula, accustomed to cluster under the lean flag-staff that stands on Aden Point, in the hope that they may share the grateful shadow that it casts upon the ground. In the vicinity of Aden there are enormous masonry tanks which the Arabs assert to have been built by Moses. These tanks—three in number—are situated in a corner formed by the junction of high volcanic rocks, and are connected by gradually descending flights of Titanic steps. They have never been even half filled within the memory of man, and this has made certain philosophers opine that the seasons in the Red Sea must have changed within the last two thousand years, as Moses would never have been so foolish as to build colossal stone reservoirs if he knew there never would be rain enough to fill them. Previous to the construction of the Suez Canal, Aden used to be visited by slight showers about once every three years, but within the last twelve years these showers have become more and more frequent, and now they appear to have culminated in the down pour which has caused so much surprise. Old navigators of the Red Sea are confident that this seasonal change is due to the Suez Canal, and perhaps their theory is correct that the new water connection between the Mediterranean and the ancient Erythraean causes rain-clouds to travel from Eastern Europe until they are broken by the heights of Aden and descend in the form of rain.

## HELP

Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered thereby always keeping poverty from your door. These who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need, free. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address: Strickland & Co., Portland, Maine. oct30 adlv

## SPECULATORS

Merchants, Farmers and others having from \$50 to \$250 on hand, without interfering with their present work, make from \$40 and \$75 to \$150 a month, dealing in first-class Canadian Bank Shares without greater risk than in buying and selling ordinary goods. We transact all business on a small commission. FAVORITELY MAILED. Address Enquiries: Wm Walkerton Co., Stock Brokers, JACQUES CARTIER BANK BUILDING, Montreal. Mar 23 3mos

## NOTICE.

Dr. McDONALD, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office and Residences in Sutherland & Creighton's Building, next to Mr. James Davidson, opposite Mr. Joseph Hayes' store. NEWCASTLE, N. B. September 17, 1880.—1y

## NETTINGS & TWINE

We keep always on hand a large supply of all orders promptly at lowest prices. H. & G. W. LORD, 111 Commercial St., Boston, Mass. Fishermen can be supplied at

## A. & R. LOGGIE'S.

BLACK BROOK MIRA MICHIE Dec. 24/ly.

## JOHN R. MALTBY

ATTORNEY AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC. Conveyancer, &c. &c. OFFICE—Over the store of James Fish, Esq., Commercial Wharf. NEWCASTLE, N. B. Sept. 1, 1880.

## GRANITEWARE.

I have received a large stock of granite-ware, consisting of all articles hitherto in the line; among which are Pans of all kinds, Preserver Pots and Kettles, Tea and Coffee Pots, &c. &c., glazed in a porcelain and guaranteed never to rust. H. P. MARQUIS, Chatham St., Chatham

## COOLEY MILK CANS.

I am sole manufacturer for the agent for the Cooley Patent Milk Cans in the four northern counties. No dairy should be without this excellent article, which is now used entirely by the Dublin and numerous other creamery associations. For sale low. H. P. MARQUIS, Chatham St., Chatham, N. B.

## TO LET.

The house and premises situate on Henderson Lane and formerly occupied by S. Templeton, Esq. The house is large and well adapted for a boarding house. Good parlour, room, stable, etc., on the premises. For particulars apply to JOHN HARRINGTON, Chatham, March 16, 1881.

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## STOVES! STOVES!

The subscriber has opened a warehouse in the building known as

## FISH'S TANNERY,

where all classes of the above goods are on exhibition. I can quote prices for these goods which will commend them to purchasers.

## STOVES

purchased at my establishment will be fitted up free of charge.

## CALL & INSPECT STOCK

## Freezers & Refrigerators

a speciality. B. D. SOUTHWOOD. Newcastle, Sep 1880—sep20

## JOHN FRASER,

Water Street, Chatham. Direct importer of choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars, good accommodation for all travellers; permanent boarding at reasonable rates. Good stabling on the premises. Bar-room constantly supplied with the best brand liquors, cigars, etc. Chatham, April 4, 1881 1y.

## CANADA HOUSE,

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK. WM. JOHNSTON, PROPRIETOR. Considerable outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence, both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within five minutes walk of train landing, and opposite Telegraph and Post Offices. The Proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor, by courtesy and attention to merit the same in future. Good Stabling on the Premises

## SPECIAL!

## For Xmas and New Year!

## Fine Wines

is the largest and best in the Province, embracing as it does a variety of Wines to suit the taste of every class of consumer. Our Wines, Cognac Brandy, &c., are all direct importations. We do nothing with Montreal peddlers and jobbers. Our goods are all personally selected, and coming from the shipper direct we are in the position—and the only position in which a merchant can with confidence guarantee age, character and quality—and give his customers pure and reliable wines, genuine Cognac Brandy, &c. Always in stock: a wide variety of best Wine, Br ndies, Whiskies, Gin, Rum, Ale and Porter. All the stocks are personally selected and of the best brands. Orders from outports promptly filled. T. FURLONG, DIRECT IMPORTER, St. John, N.B. Dec 1-1f

## Harness.

Having commenced business in my new factory, I am now prepared to manufacture Harness of all descriptions. Collars a speciality. A few of these selected VICTOR HUGO COLLARS always in stock. Carriage trimming neatly executed. Orders from abroad punctually attended to and shipped with care. A. H. PALLEN, Opp Ullcocks' Stables Chatham Feb 16—3 mos

## Raw Furs!

Otter, Bear, Fox, Mink, Lynx, Martin, Fisher, Beaver, Muskrat. Any person having any of the above skins should take them to Brown's Store, Newcastle, where they will get the highest price going in CASI for the same. JAMES BROWN, Newcastle, March 1881.

## STOVES. STOVES.

The subscriber has now in stock and is daily receiving the best make of stoves from the Monston and Amherst foundries. The stock comprises 25 different kinds, which include the Star, Starflow and Peerless, which are the best approved family cooking stoves made. Low 50¢ each or at satisfactory purchase. H. P. MARQUIS, Chatham St., Chatham

## ROBERT'S PATENT MORTISING MACHINE.

For sale at a liberal discount, ONE ROBERT'S PATENT MORTISING MACHINE, No. 6. Apply to W. WYSE, Chatham, April 6th 1881

## Carpenter's Attention!

For sale at a liberal discount, ONE ROBERT'S PATENT MORTISING MACHINE, No. 6. Apply to W. WYSE, Chatham, April 6th 1881

TWO PICTURES.

This is what the great Edmund Burke says of the duty of a Representative. We want Mr. Snowball and his friends to read it:—  
"It is the duty of your parliamentary representative to sacrifice his repose and his pleasures to yours, and above all, TO PREFER IN ALL CASES YOUR INTEREST TO HIS OWN."

DEATH OF BEACONSFIELD.

The greatest statesman of the century, Benjamin Disraeli, Earl of Beaconsfield, has passed away. He died on Sunday morning at half past five, retaining his consciousness to the last.

Benjamin Disraeli was born in 1804—so that he was just 77 years. His father was of Jewish descent, and was of no particular note in the world, except as author of "Curiosities of Literature." At 21 his son Benjamin launched his first book "Vivian Grey," and while many thought the son would follow in the paths of literature, others shrewdly guessed that the young author who called the world "mine oyster," which he "with sword would open," meant to make a stir in the world.

The "Young Duke," "Alroy" and other books followed Vivian Grey. They made no great noise among the reading world, and their author with nothing better to show, would never have been very famous.

Then he set out, full of passion for travel, and to gather literary relics and bouquets by the way. He visited the East, and lingered over the shrines of his forefathers. He came home, full of impulse for public life. He offered in 1831 for Wycombe and was defeated but six years later he was returned for Maidstone.

It was shortly after this that he rose in the Commons to make his maiden speech. He stammered, became confused, and after uttering a few disjointed sentences sat down. Hear him make "Endymion" in his last novel, relate the incident:—

"When Endymion opened his mouth he forgot his first sentence, which he had long prepared. In trying to recall it and telling he was for a moment confused."

And thus he tells how he triumphed. "The unprepared came to his aid, and his voice, at first tremulous was recognized as distinct and clear. There was a murmur of sympathy and not merely from his own side. His arrested circulation flowed and he felt his stammered brain. His statement was lucid, his arguments were difficult to encounter, and his manner was modest."

Well told, and all true! Not long after this O'Connell was trying to get a measure through the House. Disraeli resisted him, met him mercilessly at every point till he called at length the well known taunt from O'Connell, "I can expect no better from a lineal descendant of the impudent thief."

It was not long after this till Disraeli's genius was widely acknowledged. He worshipped before the glittering traditions of the Empire which from the first he longed to rule, but his way to the topmost round, lay over the ruins of these same traditions. His father was a Jew and the Semitic blood flowed in his veins. The aristocracy whose houses had never been seen in the bud, but always in the tree, regarded him as an upstart—and the very splendor consistent with their station, which Beaconsfield hated in them, he would devote his life to gain for himself. It was the exclusion that he hated, and his heart swelled with indignity which lent wings to his ambition, when he read of the persecution of his people by christian kings—how they were spurned and spit upon, and their very spoliation regarded as a christian and a meritorious act.

When he entered politics he soon found himself leagued with Peel, but when that statesman became heretic and turned back to pick up and remould the fragments of the broken Free Trade idol, Disraeli separated from him. Then these two friends became bitter enemies. It was in the wrangle which followed that Disraeli said "Peel caught the Whigs in bathing and stole their clothes."

Ind '68 Derby resigned, and Disraeli saw the ruling ambition of his life gratified. He became First Minister. In a year after his party went out, but it came in again in 1874. This was the most eventful time in Disraeli's career. The splendid pageant like policy which he gloated over in his books, he now tried to give to the nation. He set to at erecting "scientific frontiers," and acquiring territory; and added increased lustre to the crown of England, by creating Her Majesty Empress of India. He sat at the Berlin Conference, and bore off the laurel wreath. He was received on his return with the pomp of a Caesar coming into Rome. He did not say *Veni Vidi Vici*, but he said something just as brief and pointed. His reply to the cheering masses was "Peace with Honor." He

got the freedom of the city of London, was made an Earl, and the rare and coveted Garter was bestowed upon him. He was at the zenith of his glory then, and if according to Byron Napoleon should have died after Waterloo, surely Beaconsfield should have died after his triumphant entry into London. He leaves material for much history behind him: he leaves a path, and a tower, and Endymion and a number of other works. But he lived to see his most gorgeous dreams realized; he reached the top most round of fame—then he died. (The boast of Heraldry the pomp of power And all that beauty all that wealth or gave Await alike the inevitable hour The paths of glory lead but to the grave.

THE SUNBURY ELECTION.

We have taken especial pains to find out all the facts relating to this Election and the issues under which it was decided. Our special correspondent who is in no way interested either in Dominion or Provincial politics, writes us that "Mr. White, the new member is a most obliging and honorable and upright accommodating gentleman, who has secured the affections of the County by his kind and considerate way in which he has discharged the duties of Sheriff, which situation he filled a number of years; that he is a resident of the Village of Orumoto and is especially well acquainted with the people on the west side of the St. John which is far more populous than the east side in Sunbury where Mr. Taylor the defeated candidate resides. This was Mr. Whites first and strongest hold on the affections of the county.

Mr Taylor has always been a strong supporter of the Hon. Mr. Perley who felt bound to do all that he could for his friend. As there has been a great deal existing between the Burpee and Perley's, the former family threw themselves into the contest with all their strength, thus greatly aiding their money influence by means of Mr. Whites popularity. The Burpee's had not only their own large influence but also that of the New Brunswick Railway Company, some of whose employes took a lively interest in the election. Many voters who were firmly attached to the Hon. Mr. Perley at the same time were great friends of Mr. White and although quite willing to vote for Mr. Perley himself refused to be guided by him as to whom they should vote for in this contest. So far as the Provincial Government was concerned, most if not all of the members were Mr. Whites friends having maintained him in office besides being on terms of personal intimacy. These facts therefore, account for the large vote which Mr. White received: and it was to his own personal popularity, and the Burpee dislike of Mr. Perley that he owed his election and not to any strong feeling against either the Local or Dominion Government by the residents of the county."

This lucid, and comprehensive statement of our well informed correspondent needs no enlargement at our hands.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

We have three or four letters on hand from parties living near Carleton Station. The burthen of their song seems difficult of comprehension. They have a lot of hemlock lands there that they do not touch themselves, and they don't want anyone else to derive anything from them. They remind us of the dog in the manger. Now the Government have not "made away with 3,000 acres of land," nor with as much as one acre of land; nor will any land be disposed of unless (a) under the terms of the Free Grants Act, (b) or of the Labor Act, (c) or by sale at public auction. So far those "3,000 acres of hemlock lands" have not even been advertised, but after they have been advertised they will be open for purchase by "A Resident" by "Fair Play," by "Carleton" and our other correspondents, as well as by "Messrs. Miller of Millerton." Correspondents ought not to rush to the newspapers before they know what they are talking about.

"A Conservative" and a "By-stander" contribute letters today on what is now a fast declining subject Mr. Snow-ball. We like our correspondent have no small admiration for Mr. Snowball as a man of business, for his push, his pluck, and his very good abilities, but just there our admiration ends. Everything in its proper place, is the law which rules the universe, and therefore not the world of politics? Mr. Snowball at his business is at home, in politics he is at sea, is a complete and unmitigated failure. The people all now see this as well as those who in the "laug syue" told them so.

NOT "HE."

The correspondent of the Witness is not a gentleman, but a lady. But that in no wise takes away from the merits of the letters which are always vigorous and life like, which every day become more interesting—and which we intend publishing as we can at all find space for them. Today's letter is very interesting.

THE SYNDICATE'S CIRCULAR.

In another column we publish a circular just issued by the Canadian Pacific Syndicate. No one ought to fail reading it. Last winter some of the Reformers in the House, and the Grit papers in many parts of Canada, said the land granted to the Syndicate was worth \$3 an acre; others said it was worth \$4; and others again that it was worth \$5. At the latter figure they made out the grant to the Syndicate.

In land \$125,000,000.  
In cash \$25,000,000;  
and gloating over these figures they called it a monstrous bargain; said the Government were creating territorial lords who would lock up the country if they did not get \$5 an acre for their land. Mr. Blake the most moderate among the Reformers, said the land was worth \$4.04 an acre. Hansard reports him thus:—

"And now at what shall I value the 25,000,000 acres to be taken within twenty-four miles of the main and twenty-four miles of the branch lines? Shall I value it at \$4.04 or \$3.18 an acre? If you take \$4.04 we add to the \$61,800,000 cash \$101,000,000 for lands, making an aggregate of \$162,800,000, land and money, for the enterprise."

Oh! groaned all the good Reformers in holy horror, and Alas said their new-papers, What is to become of us? Now what are the FACTS? They are these. In the Syndicate's own circular they offer their lands for \$2.50 per acre; but they will deduct by way of rebate from the price \$1.25 per acre for every acre of land brought under cultivation within five years after the purchase. The settler therefore virtually gets his land at \$1.25 an acre, instead of \$4.04 as Mr. Blake estimated. Will the Grit press now have the honesty and the honor to withdraw their slanders about the "sales of lands"?

ECONOMY UNDER A NEW FACE.

The Chignecto Post under the above heading in its issue of the 14th inst., makes a violent attack upon the Government for abolishing the office of Provincial Assayer, a situation which had been held by one of the Professors at Sackville, and which doubtless was created only for the purpose of throwing a sop of \$500 per year to that institution. If we remember aright the first year that the appointment was made \$1,000 was granted; \$500 of this being for chemicals and apparatus which of course that institution now holds; so that so far from being ill treated, Sackville has been too well treated. According to the Post between 300 and 400 analyses of earthen ores or minerals have been made by the Provincial Assayer during the past year! Surely the Post does not believe this; the chemical analysis of a mineral requires a great deal of time, often days are spent in the operation. We will wager any reasonable sum that if the Post will ask Dr. Bailey his opinion of the truth of this statement that the Dr. will enlighten him on its absurdity.

We presume that the Post calls the ordinary determination of an ore by means of acids or blow-pipe, an analysis; this is but the work of a few minutes, and there is a number of persons outside of Sackville who can do this readily. But the complete analysis of a mineral should be the work of a person who makes this his special business,—to be of any value it should be done by one who has earned a reputation in that particular business. Indeed, so far from deserving blame for doing away with this useless office, the Government are entitled to much credit.

A professor in a Denominational University never should have been appointed to do this work when the services of Dr. Bailey of the University of New Brunswick were to be had—a gentleman in every way competent to perform the same. The general public we are satisfied will be well pleased that this grant to a denominational institution is done away with under the circumstances and that the Government have concluded to pursue an impartial course in the distribution of the public money.

And now the Pall Mall Gazette reviewing affairs in Ireland says,— "Coercion has rarely done what was promised."

The doctors say Beaconsfield must have died sooner but for his great strength of will. He was conscious to the last.

The British and Dominion Governments understand each other on the Irish emigration question.

Strange to say Beaconsfield's last attack came on Sunday night, just as the east wind began to blow.

At the Czars Council the first step towards representative Government has been taken.

The Black Death is in Bagdad.

The ice in the river is breaking away fast now. Clear water is a glad sight to our people.

The Assayer leaves Newcastle for In-diantown at 8 a. m. to-morrow.

A TOUR THROUGH IRELAND.

FURTHER INSTANCES OF LORD LEITRIM'S TYRANNY.

The extra tax for bog, and raising the rents.

The "breath" on the Mountains.

(From Cor. Montreal "Witness.")

We have enjoyed winter weather in the mountains since I came up to these high latitudes. Short fierce flurries of hail or snow with treacherous lulls between have succeeded one another. Looking from the window of this hillside cottage I feel quite high up in the world. I can trace the road by which I came up over, running like a ribbon would in and out among the hills below me. Outside at the back of the house, hills rise over hills, until they are topped by wild mountains of rocks rough with heather, that looks black in the winter time. It has been the custom from time immemorial to send sheep and goats up upon the mountains to pick among the heather. If a poor man could keep three or four sheep, that meant clothing for the household and blankets for the bed. Lord Leitrim, in one of his sudden prowl over the country to see what he could find on which to exercise his power, followed by his posse of under bailiffs (all old pensioners I am told) and his body guard of police, discovering something moving among the heather of the mountains, found out that it was sheep and goats. He had his bailiffs gather them off the mountains, drive them to his own private pound to be held in durance vile until the owners claimed them. Whoever owned these animals on the mountains, without leave asked, should be evicted. They could either leave their animals unclaimed, or lose their homes. It is easy to see which they would prefer. This was one specimen of Lord Leitrim's rule.

In one of the pauses of the storm, I went with a guide a little way up the mountain to see a poor man whose case was represented to me as exceedingly pitiful. As we climbed up the mountain we passed

ANOTHER MONUMENT.

of the late Earl's unreasonable tyranny—a plain stone house, slated roof, without windows, and used as a barn. The owner, who lives in a hotel on the mountain side, by permission from the office in the good Earl's time built this house. He had never dyed in it when the wicked Earl succeeded to the estate. When he saw it he considered it too pretentious for his tenant's station, made him, on pain of eviction, tear down the chimneys and use it for a barn, and continue to live in the hillside hotel, which was quite good enough for him. This wretched house is exposed to storms that often strip off the thatch. Now, this exercise of despotic power had to be submitted to, for the law never protected the tenant against office tyranny. It seems almost incredible that people were bound to obey laws that afforded them no protection. At another time, coming along unexpectedly, he discovered that a woman had taken the unparalleled liberty of putting her clothes and linen yarn out to bleach on a bit of green belonging to a vacant farm of his. He immediately ordered his bailiffs to gather up the yarn and clothes and tramp them in the ditch. Housewives can understand how the yarn appeared after this performance. It seems wonderful to me that men and women, possessed of the fiery Celtic nature, are so law abiding as they are, where law is to them a terror, but no protection. Between them and any kindness which the Government meditated toward these poor people stood the irrepresible landlord, to pocket any profit or to turn matters into a new engine for oppression to the people.

As an instance of this, the money loaned by Government at 1 1/2 per cent for the benefit of the poor famine stricken people, was released by the landlords at 5 per cent, not charged on the loan, but added to the rent, a thing to be paid in perpetuity. Some was used to drain and ditch the landlord's farms held in his own hands. The wretched people, glad to get work at any price, flocked to these improvements and worked for one shilling per day without food; sometimes for five shillings per week, and walked to their work six miles on their scanty breakfast of Indian meal strabrut, without milk or anything else.

I will never get up the mountain if I stop to tell all I saw and heard on the way. The man whom we went to see up the mountain is

UNDER SENTENCE OF EVICTION.

from Captain Dobbin, the present Earl's agent, and also sued for the seed potatoes which he got at a fancy price a year ago. This man was schoolmaster here. He must have been something of a character in his day, for in spite of poverty, dirt and disease, he looked like a reduced gentleman, and spoke with an educated voice quite different from the people around him. He wore some kind of an old wrap as if it were a military cloak, and was silent about his affairs, with a certain dignity that was impressive. The master, as they call him, was stricken with a partial paralysis of the lower limbs. He could teach, but he could not walk without the assistance of two persons, one on each side. He built, out of his savings, a little house, or room rather, to the end of the school house in which to live. He could depend on the kindness of the people among whom he dwelt to be taken in to school in the morning, and taken back to his room at night. He clung to his situation for it was his living, and he was a married man. Lord Leitrim no sooner saw this little room than he evicted the poor

man, who was carried out to the road side; the room that he had built with his savings and the help of his neighbors was torn down entirely. While we talked to the master the storm recommenced, and we were driven for a time before we got a lull in the winds so that we could descend the mountain. I have seen

SOME DREADFUL LOOKING HOMES.

here, the roof part only, bare, broken rafters open to the sky all that covered the house in repair on the part of the landlord. No hotel is so wretched but the half yearly demand for rent calls at it. It was a great blow to these poor people to have the mountain common taken from them. Now they must pay one shilling and sixpence for every sheep with a lamb at her foot. In addition to their rent they have to pay in the office five shillings for the privilege of cutting turf for fuel, even when the bog is on the place for which they already pay a heavy rent. If the bog is on their neighbor's allotment they cannot pay him; it must be paid into the office. Before the late Lord Leitrim's time the people had cleared, and improved here and there; where the mountain land was easiest to clear of stones and whins, or easiest to drain if bog. They paid rent for the land they reclaimed and tilled; the wild land was common. My host, who tills six Irish acres on the hillside, informs me that when the lands were squared his father paid £11 3s 4d for his little holding. When it was cultivated a little longer the rent was raised to £5. When his father died a pound more was added to the rent; this with turf money five shillings, and cooney cess eighteen shillings, makes the total rent of this little holding, whose house was built and all improvements made by the tenant, £7 3s a year. My statements are necessarily one-sided here, for I am at present among the tenants only, but the eye sees, and the ears hear enough to confirm the most of what they tell. Tyranny and oppression of an intensity I could hardly believe possible has had its own way among these mountains for many a year. There is a kind of ominous hush among the people waiting to see what the land bill will do for them. People who have been proved by their evil deeds unfit for absolute power, who have grossly abused that power, should be abolished as landlords, is the thought that floats on the breath of the mountain.

Tandon, March 20.

NOTICE.

The business carried on under the name and style of A. H. Gillis & Co., in the store owned by George M. Johnston, opposite the Commercial Building, has this day been closed, and all accounts due will be collected by Mr. W. S. Loggie.

A. H. GILLIS  
W. S. LOGGIE.  
Chatham, 2nd April, 1881.

I take this opportunity of thanking my friends for the liberal patronage extending me in the past, and beg to announce that I am engaged with Mr. W. S. Loggie as cutter in his Custom Tailoring Department in the upper end of the Commercial Building, where I will be glad to see my friends, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

A. H. GILLIS.  
Chatham, 2nd April, 1881.—1m.

Custom Tailoring

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Gents' Furnishings.

The Subscriber has added to his premises, the upper end of the building adjoining his Dry Goods Store, where he intends carrying on the above branches of his business. For the Custom Tailoring, he is well known as a first class man, I can confidently guarantee a satisfactory fit in all cases. I will show in a few days about

200 PIECES TWEED,

of various patterns and colours, bought at close prices in the best market. Also—  
BLACK & BLUE, Black and Blue  
Doe, Worsted Coating,  
BLUE SERGE for SUMMER SUITS.

These goods I will make up at short notice and at prices that cannot be beaten by any firm for the same class of work. ALSO—  
\$3.00 WORTH OF  
READY MADE CLOTHING

which is made up by first class Clothing Manufacturers in Montreal and is marked at a smaller margin of profit than ever before. The stock consists of

Mens, Boys, Youths & Childrens Garments and ranges from  
CHEAP GOODS TO FINE WORSTEDS.  
Also—A Complete Stock of Gents' Furnishings, comprising

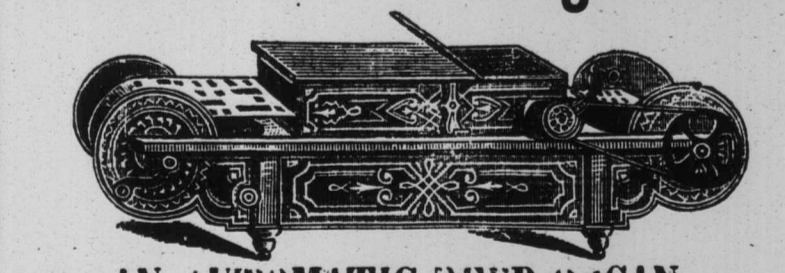
White and Coloured Shirts, Hats, Caps, Ties, Collars and Underclothing, &c.  
Inspection Respectfully Solicited.

W. S. LOGGIE.  
Chatham, 2nd April, 1881.—1m

800 a week in your own town. Terms an-  
\$500 on 60 day free. address: U. Hallett & Co.  
No. 111 St. John St.

SEED WHEAT,  
SEED OATS,  
SEED BARLEY,  
TIMOTHY SEED,  
CLOVER SEED,  
VEGETABLE SEED,  
FLOWER SLED.  
AT  
A. & R. LOGGIE'S,  
Black Brook.  
April, 20 1881.

Mechanical OrguINETTE



AN AUTOMATIC REED ORGAN.

WITH our ORGUINETTE and PERFORATED MUSIC PAPER a mere child, without any musical education, can produce an endless variety of excellent music.

OUR ORGUINETTE is no cheap penny trap, but a musical instrument of real merit, which has become standard in the United States, where 5,000 Orguinettes are sold.

OUR ORGUINETTE AND MUSIC PAPER

will last for many years, no matter how often played, and will not get out of order.

PRICES, \$10 TO \$16. Send for illustrated F. W. ABBOT & CO.,  
Catalogue to  
1 to 21 VOLTIGUEURS STREET,  
MONTREAL.

J. B. RUSSELL, Direct Importer of CHOICE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES, CORDIALS, &c., &c. &c.

—ALSO— COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF WELL-SELECTED

GROCERIES

Opposite Masonic Hall, NEWCASTLE, N. B.

NEWCASTLE, N. B. September 1, 1880.

LOCAL MATTERS.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby cautioned against paying subscriptions or amounts for advertisements to any person on behalf of the STAR, unless said person hold written authority from me to collect and receive the same.  
J. E. COLLINS.  
Ed. "Star."

Personal. Rev. Father Bannon left here yesterday for New York, where he will remain for a few days.

Sawing. Messrs. Guy, Bevan & Co.'s mill at Mill Cove, commenced sawing yesterday. Over forty men are employed.

Fertilizers. Over 400 loads of manure mud have been hauled by the Glenelg farmers this season, and thrown on their fields.

The Electric Light—Economy. Mr. Snowball we believe, purposes using the Electric Light in his mill this summer. When once established it would come much cheaper than gas or oil.

An Anti-tobacco Club. They have started an anti-tobacco club in Napan. Twelve members have already joined it. The fine for violating the tobacco pledge according to the By-Laws is 50 cents for each offence.

Incendiarism. Three persons named Chisson were committed to goal in Bathurst on Monday for the burning of an unoccupied house owned by a man named Duguay in Shi Pagan. An altercation as to the division line of their respective properties was the cause, it is said, of the incendiarism.

Entered the Convent. The Roman Catholic choir has lost one of its most accomplished sopranos, but the convent has gained a member. Miss Mary A. Connors on Monday last entered as a novice in the St. Joseph's Convent. This is the third daughter now of Messrs Connors, Esq., who has preferred a life devoted to religion and good works.

The Concert. Last night was in all respects a success. The programme was excellent, and it was carried out most satisfactorily. The chorus of children's voices was charmingly sweet, and the Operetta "Grandpapa's birthday," was the crowning piece of the evening. The duets and solos were not the least entertaining and charming part of the entertainment.

Fatal Accidents. Through private letters received here it is learnt that two young men belonging to the South West Miramichi, and named Thos. Huxan and Thos. Keating, were drowned at Melix Run, Elk County, Pennsylvania, a few days ago. Both of these were employed in the lumber woods, and were probably driving logs when they came to their untimely end.

The Bathurst mill. New drums and other machinery have been placed in this mill which will add materially to its saving facilities. There has been placed in it during the past few days a large belt, 120 ft. long 40 inches wide and 8 inch ply thick. This belt will be used instead of a gear wheel, and is the first of its kind in use in the Province. The mill will be run night and day and the proprietor intends employing about 200 men for the seasons work.

Election of Officers. At a meeting held at the Episcopal Church, Chatham Head, on Monday last, the following parties were elected officers for the ensuing year:—  
Church Wardens.—George Barclay, Richard Carman.

Vestrymen.—Samuel Habberley, G. A. Blair, D. G. Smith, Charles Sergeant, Capt. John Brown, T. F. Gillespie, F. E. Winslow, Richard Hocking, John Baldwin, George Lee.

Treasury Clerk.—Wm. Wilkinson.  
Delegates to Synod.—G. A. Blair, William Wilkinson.

At the Annual Easter Meeting of the Congregation of Emmanuel R.E. Church held on Easter Monday the following elections took place:—  
Wardens.—F. J. Letson, T. H. Flegger.

Vestrymen.—John Bell, J. C. E. Carmichael, A. H. Johnson, S. U. McCutley, Charles Bennett, John Wilson.

Delegates to Synod.—Richard Brace, S. U. McCutley, A. H. Johnson.  
Del. to G. N. Council.—A. H. Johnson.

Waste Lands. There is a large extent of our country which was burned by the great fire upwards of 50 years ago. Upon this the new growth has in many instances reached a very considerable size. As a usualy the case after forest fires, the trees which spring up are of a different kind from those of the original growth. So in this instance pine and spruce have been replaced by white birch and poplar, both of which woods are daily becoming of more value. We hear of \$1 per cord being paid for poplar in parts of Ontario for the purpose of converting it into pulp. As there are vast quantities of poplar on the tributaries of the Miramichi near the line of the Intercolonial Railway, as well as near the Sugar Settlement, Mouth of Newcastle, and many other parts of the North and Southwest rivers, a great field for the prosecution of this industry is offered the public. The material is plenty and labor is abundant and cheap. We m



# Boot & Shoe STORE!

The Subscriber offers the most select stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, for

Men's, Ladies' and Youths'

Wear.

Ever before offered in the trade

And Low, For CASH.

ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FELT HATS

Latest Style for Men's and Boy's

Also a large assortment of GILT HATS and Fashionable. All Low For CASH.

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF

SCOTCH WATERPROOF COATS

Heavy and Fine Rubber, etc.

Parties visiting the City will find me in

**SHARKEY'S New Building,**

QUEEN STREET,

JUST BELOW THE BARKER HOUSE

THOMAS LUCY

Fredericton, Sept. 1, 1880.—*tf.*

## EAST END FACTORY.

**THE SUBSCRIBER**  
Having Established a Factory and Planing Mill in the East End of the Town he is now prepared to furnish to the public,  
At St. John Prices

DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR

RAILS, BIRCH AND WAL

NUT, BANNISTERS OF

ALL SIZES, NOWEL

POSTS, etc., etc.

Attention given to Planing and Butting

CLAPBOARDS, SUR-

FACE PLANING etc., etc.

Orders solicited—Satisfaction Guaranteed.

GEORGE CASSELY.

Chatham, April 16, 1881.—*lyr*

## WISDOM & FISH

We desire to call the attention of mill-

owners, and others requiring

**BELTING,**

that we have placed in stock a full as of

**RUBBER BELTING**

the manufacture of the

**Boston Belting Co.**

Parties in want of a STANDARD BELT

would do well to get our prices before pur-

chasing elsewhere, or upon their furnishing

specification of quantity required, we

will be pleased to give special prices. We

also carry in stock a full line of

**Machinists Supplies,**

Lubricating Oils,

Wrought Iron Pipe

and Fittings.

Orders solicited. Write for prices.

No. 41 Dock Street,

SMALL'S BLOCK.

**ST. JOHN - - N. B.**

Law and Collection Office

—OF—

**ADAMS & LAWLOR,**

BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Con-

veyancers,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC., ETC.

REAL ESTATE & FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

Claims collected in all parts of the Dominion.

OFFICES,  
NEWCASTLE & BATHURST.  
M. ADAMS R. A. LAWLOR.  
\$500 a week in your own town. Terms as  
\$500 out free. address H. Hallett & Co.  
Portland Maine, N. B.

## "STAR"

### Job Printing.

The Office will be thoroughly

equipped with material for turning out

### JOB PRINTING

NEATLY AND WITH DISPATCH.

Every description of JOB WORK

done at the shortest notice including

### POSTERS.

HAND BILLS,

SHOW BILLS,

DODGERS,

PROGRAMMES

### BLANKS.

Legal blanks.

MORTGAGES

BILLS OF SALE

CURRENT SALES,

LAW CASES, DEEDS,

BONDS, ETC., ETC

Other Blanks.

BILLS OF LADING.

CLEARANCES.

INSURANCE BLANKS

BANKING FORMS,

INVOICES,

SHIPPING BLANKS,

### CARDS.

BUSINESS CARDS,

VISITING CARDS

ADDRESS CARDS

WEDDING CARDS,

MOURNING CARDS.

### Miscellaneous

CIRCULARS,

BILL HEADS,

LETTER HEADS

NOTE HEADS,

PRICE LISTS,

RECEIPT BOOKS,

NOTES,

CHECKS,

ORDERS,

LABELS

CARDS

TAGS, ECT

An Experienced Job Printer will have charge of this Department. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

**J. E. COLLINS,**

PROPRIETOR

Chatham, Aug 30, 1880.

## D. DESMOND,

DIRECT IMPORTER OF  
CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS  
AND CIGARS.

LOWER WATER ST., CHATHAM.

Good Stabling on the premises.  
Barroom constantly supplied with the best  
of liquors and cigars. 15 *tf*

### Tinware. Tinware.

The Subscriber also offers a varied and  
extensive stock of Tinware, including Pails,  
Pans, Kettles, Saucepans, Stew Pans, Cud  
Hods, Lantorns, Milk Strainers, Milk Pans,  
Flour Sifters, Colanders, Tea and Coffee Pots,  
Patty Pans, Water Sprinklers, &c., &c. All  
at the lowest figures for cash; easy terms on  
approved credit.

N. B.—I make most of my own wares  
and can afford to sell at bottom prices.  
H. P. MARQUEL  
Cunard St, Chatham.

### F. Clementson & Co

Have a heavy stock of  
GLASS, CHINA AND EARTH-  
ENWARE.

which they manufacture and import. The  
qualities vary to suit all purchasers. They  
have now their holiday and winter stock,  
which they are selling off at the lowest  
figures.

Orders from country or out towns promptly  
filled.

Articles carefully packed and forwarded  
to any address.

Parties visiting St John should not forget  
to call on

F. CLEMENTSON & CO.  
Dock Street,  
St John N. B.

### John W. Nicholson,

WHOLESALE IMPORTER AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Offers for sale the following  
goods in bond or duty paid:—

Martell Brandy in Hb's and Quarter  
Casks—Pale and Dark

Martell Brandy in cases—Pale and  
Dark

Martell Brandy in cases, XXX—Pale  
and Dark

Martell Brandy in cases, X—in pints, 2  
doz each

Hennessey Brandy in cases, X.

John De Kuper & Son's finest quality  
Gin in Hb's and Quarter Casks

John De Kuper & Son's Gin, in Green  
Cases.

Wise's Finest Cork Malt Scotch Whiskey  
in Quarter Casks

Old Dublin [B] Whiskey—12 years old  
—in cases

Highland Malt Scotch Whiskey in Qr  
Casks

Finest Blended Glenlivet Whiskey in  
Cases

Port wine, various grades

Port Wine, Hunt's celebrated AT, AYA  
and AYAY

Sherry, various grades

Sherry, Richard Davis's celebrated Wines  
Champagne, in baskets

Goodeham & Wort's finest quality Pure  
Spirits, in bbls

Rye Whiskey, in bbls

Bourbon Whiskey, in bbls

Base India Pale Ale, in hbs and bottles

Guinness' Stout, in hbs and bottles.

And sundry other goods.

VICTORIA WHARF,

SMYTHE ST. ST JOHN, N. B.

### LEMON'S

### VARIETY STORE

FREDERICTON, N. B.

established 1844, and has kept up to the  
times. From a little one it has grown to be  
a strong one.

We thank our patrons for past favors, and  
solicit a continuance of their trade

All the people within fifty miles must  
know where "LEMON'S VARIETY STORE" is,  
and that in it they can find the largest, best  
selected, and cheapest stock of HOUSE FURNISHING  
GOODS in the City.

LEMON'S VARIETY STORE is a household  
word.

We don't have to pay any \$650 Store  
Rent, as we own our Establishment. Our  
expenses are small. We buy our goods for  
Cash, consequently can sell them CHEAPER  
than any other storekeeper.

We employ workmen in our CABINET  
WORKSHOP making

**Furniture to Order.**

We have more goods than Money, and for  
money will give the best value to all who  
are in want of the goods we keep.

**LEMON & SONS.**

Fredericton, Sept 18, 1880.

### S. Y. MITCHELL,

—DEALER IN—

### GROCERIES

### AND LIQUORS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

*Pleasant Street,*

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

September 1, 1880.

### W. M. CONWAY,

St. John's Street Chatham.

This house will be thoroughly suited for  
the accommodation of travellers. His bar-  
room is always supplied with the best of  
liquors. Good stabling on the premises.  
Terms moderate.

Chatham, April 18, 1881. apl 6 *tf*

## MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY COMPANY

Chatham N B

H. A. MURHEAD, Manager; J. M. RUDDOCK, Mechanical Superintendent.  
MANUFACTURERS OF

### STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

Gang and Rotary Saw Mills, Gang Edgers and Shingle  
Machines.

WE HAVE THE SOLE RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE

### POND'S Wisconsin PATENT ROTARY SAW CARRIAGE

Capable of doing the work of a gang with four men less.

Wilkinson's celebrated Saw Grinders, Ship and Mill Castings of all kinds, Brass or Iron  
Forging in all its branches. Presses and Dies for Fish or Meat Cans. Marine  
and Stationary Engines and Boilers of all sizes. Cemetery and  
House Railing—a variety of patterns. Funks' or-  
rugated Elbows, all sizes. Ploughs in  
variety. Threshing Machines  
three different  
patterns.

### STOVES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ALWAYS ON HAND.

As we have every facility for turning out work usually done in a first-class Foundry  
and Machine Shop, parties requiring machinery for Mills, Sawmills, Factories, &c., are  
invited to correspond with us before purchasing elsewhere. All orders entrusted to us  
will be executed with despatch and in a first-class manner.

### SPECIALTIES IN BRUSSELS.

Last Fall the Subscriber furnished to the finest Manufactory  
in England, Seven New Designs in Eastern and Indian Styles,  
to be made Specially for him in the best quality of 5-Frame  
Brussels, with 23-Inch Borders to match. These Goods have  
now arrived, and have even Exceeded the Subscriber's Expec-  
tations, and he now says without fear of Contradiction, that he  
is the only Importer in the Dominion to-day who can show the  
Same Class of Goods with 23-Inch Borders. A Call will Satisfy  
Intending Purchasers of the Superiority of these Goods in Style  
and Quality over any others ever Shown in this Market.

### A. B. SHERATON.....St. John N. B.

APRIL 13th, 1881.—*tf*

## XMAS PRESENTS!

Nothing is more suitable for a sensible CHRISTMAS PRESENT than a handsome

## STEEL ENGRAVING,

Of which the subscriber has over 200 in stock, selected and purchased by him  
during his recent visit to London, from the Original Engravers. These goods contain  
among others the following celebrated subjects:—

"THE ROLL CALL," "WORN OUT,"  
"CANT YOU TALK," "SPARE THE WEEDS,"  
"THE PRINCES IN THE TOWER,"

With others too numerous to mention, including the celebrated "ZITZAU" which  
spread such a sensation in London on its publication last spring.

These Goods are offered at Prices that defy Competition

### Four bales NEW WOOL and TAPES- TRY CARPETS.

### A B SHERATON,

CORNER KING AND GERMAIN STS. 111 FOSTER'S CORNER, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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## Sheriff's Sale

To be sold at Public Auction on WED-  
NESDAY the 1st day of June next, in front  
of the Post Office, in Chatham between the  
hours of 12 o'clock noon and 5 o'clock  
P. M.

All the Right, Title and Interest of Henry  
Sargeant, and to all of the several Lots  
or parcels of land and premises situated, lying  
and being in the Parish of Hardwicke and  
County of Northumberland, bounded and  
described as follows, to-wit:

All that lot or parcel of land situated in the  
Parish and County aforesaid, bounded in  
front or northerly by the Lower Bay de Vin,  
Bay or Shore, easterly by lands owned by  
John O'Neill, westerly by lands occupied by  
Thomas Lewis and in rear by the base-line  
of said lot—having a frontage of 30 rods  
more or less, and containing 50 acres more  
or less.

Also, all that other lot or piece of land  
situated, lying and being in the Parish and  
County aforesaid, and bounded in front or  
northerly by the base line of the front