

## Ontario Cannot

THE PROTESTANT CLERGY MAL-  
IGNED BY PROFESSIONAL  
AGITATORS.

If the opponents of Sir Oliver Mowat tell the truth, the Protestant clergy of the Province of Ontario have been guilty of the gravest dereliction of duty.

The charge made against Sir Oliver Mowat is that he has conspired to sell the liberties that all Protestants prize, and it is maintained that Protestantism must go down unless Sir Oliver is made to stand aside, and let these professional Protestants take the place of his Government.

Despite the bitter declamation against Sir Oliver, the overwhelming proportion of the guardians of Protestantism decline to be moved by the plaintive wails of the men who have raised sectarian cries as the best means of promoting their political fortunes.

Last Sunday, in this good city of London, and for several Sundays previously, the ADVERTISER had representatives in every leading Protestant church in London, with the object of ascertaining how much influence the professional agitators had with the natural guardians of Protestant liberties. These representatives found that no alarm whatsoever existed among the Protestant preachers. The preachers had not ascertained that Ald. Coo, Assessor McCoubrey and Barrister R. M. C. Tothel had decreed that unless the Toronto candidate for the representation of London were elected the whole Protestant fabric would topple to the ground. These preachers were apparently ignorant of the contention that the beautiful Scripture selections approved of by the representative of all the Protestant Church bodies showed on every page, according to the Protestantism, that the Pope controlled those who agreed to the compilation! These preachers had not ascertained that the new Protestantism consisted in repelling the Golden Rule. These leaders in the community had not reached the conclusion, at which the professional Protestants have arrived, that the proper way to commend Protestantism to our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens is to preach a Gospel of Hate, or at least a Gospel of Worry and Misrepresentation.

So it is throughout the entire Province. The recognized Protestant leaders, who do not make political capital of their Protestantism, decline to join in the Unholy Crusade. Not half a dozen clergymen have openly adopted the tactics of those who are assailing Sir Oliver Mowat, while hundreds of them—many formerly Conservatives—are supporting the Grand Old Man of Ontario, as worthy of all the honors that every section of the community, no matter where its members may worship their Maker, can bestow.

Does anyone doubt the Protestantism of Principal Austin, of Alma College, St. Thomas? or of Principal Grant, of Queen's University, Kingston? or of Principal Burns, of Hamilton Wesleyan College? or of Principal Cochrane, of Brantford College? or of Principal Hare, of Whitby College? or of Principal Caven, of Knox College? These men are at the head of the institutions in which the rising generation obtain their grounding in Protestantism of the best type, and they unitedly assert that they have the utmost confidence in the Protestantism of the present Government of Ontario and are giving it their hearty support. Does anyone doubt the Protestantism of Rev. Dr. Dewar, editor of the Christian Guardian, the organ of the great Methodist Church of Canada? Dr. Dewar has no misgivings as to Sir Oliver's orthodoxy, and is satisfied that all classes of the community are given fair play by his Administration. So it is with the stalwart Protestant divine who controls the Canada Presbyterian; with the editor of the Canada Baptist, the organ of that ever-vigilant Protestant body, and with hundreds of other clergymen in all the great denominations into which Protestantism in Ontario is divided.

If it were true that the Premier of Ontario is the man that he is represented to be by the Coo and the Tothels, of the Meredith contingent, then ought he to be driven out of the Presbyterian Church, of which he is a respected elder. But many hundreds of Protestant clergymen in this Province are either supporting Sir Oliver Mowat or decline to be led into making a crusade against him on the ground that Protestantism would be better served by Mr. Meredith than by Sir Oliver; by John A. Leitch than by Hon. Geo. W. Ross; by Wm. Hancock than by Hon. J. M. Gibson. But if the terrible stories told against the Ontario Government, either in secretly circulated sheets, in unscrupulous Conservative newspapers, in private canvass, or on the platform, are only half true,

## Afford to Dismiss

what a recreant set the Protestant clergy of the Province must be! The stories are not even half true, and those who make them know it as well as the Protestant clergy do who decline to enter upon a crusade so utterly unwarranted. It is no use to mince words in dealing with the matter. In no country is Protestantism more alert to assert its principles than in this much-favored Province. But the natural, the selected, Protestant leaders in Ontario decline to join in the present outcry because on a previous occasion many of them were fooled. They were misled by the professional Protestants, who kept their zeal for Protestantism at fever heat until Mr. Meredith was hopelessly beaten, and then retired from the business. Now that another election is on, these emissaries are on deck once more with their cries revamped to look as fresh as played-out cries can be made to appear. Who are the men who raise these sectarian cries? Are they leaders in Christian work? Is it not a fact that nine out of every ten of them rarely darken a church door, and that they would far rather attend a cock fight than set a foot within a Sunday school? We know who the professional Protestants are in London. When they do not correspond with the description given above, they are office-seekers who think that the promulgation of these cries may prove the shortest cut to a job.

Even Mr. Meredith, with all his protestations of unselfish devotion to the Protestant faith, has never been known as a church worker. It is not upon record that any convention of the Protestant community has ever met and called upon him to act as their guardian against the machinations of Sir Oliver Mowat, whose Protestantism he so unfairly assails. It is upon record, though, that Mr. Meredith was a party to the issuing of a campaign document, known as "Facts for the Irish Electors," in which an endeavor was made to prove to the Catholic electors that Sir Oliver was much too zealous a Protestant to suit the Catholic community, and it was argued that Mr. Meredith alone could do for the Catholics what Sir Oliver Mowat refused to do.

Sir Oliver Mowat's patriotic policy of fair play to all classes and creeds has not changed. Mr. Meredith's line of action has changed, and no one knows what Mr. Meredith's policy will be a few months hence.

These are the reasons why the natural leaders of the Protestants of Ontario decline to join Mr. Meredith in his ill-founded outcry. These are some of the reasons why the large majority of the electors will continue to support the Government of Sir Oliver Mowat.

### THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Discusses the Augmentation Scheme—  
London Chosen as the Assembly's  
Next Meeting Place.

St. John, N. B., June 18.—The assembly enjoyed a very pleasant excursion up the river Saturday afternoon by the kindness of the Board of Trade, and a grand reception in the evening in the Mechanics' Institute by the Women's Home Mission Society of St. John Presbytery.

This morning the resolution requiring graduating students and ministers received from other churches to serve one year before settlement was sent to the Presbyteries and college senates to consider and report to the next assembly.

Augmentation matters were discussed further. Ministers are required to present the claims of the scheme to the congregations and report results to the presbyteries.

Rev. C. W. Gordon, just returned from advocating the Northwest missions in Scotland, gave an interesting account of the work.

Rev. W. M. Wilson, formerly of Chatham, N. B., brought greetings from the Church of Scotland.

Winnipeg and London both invited the assembly next year. The vote being taken, London was accepted.

A large deputation of the deanery of St. John from the Church of England appeared with Christian greetings to the assembly.

Rev. Messrs. Schofield, Raymond and Desoyes spoke eloquently and sympathetically, expressing high esteem and goodwill for the Presbyterian Church in the great work in which she is engaged.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Herriago, who spoke eloquently in reply, and seconded by Rev. A. S. Murray, of London, a suitable reply was adopted. Rev. Principal Caven also spoke in his own admirable way. The reference on both sides to the question of union and the spirit of unity and the obstacles in the way of organic union of the churches were full of good sense. Recognizing frankly the spirit of unity and recognizing doctrines of Christianity and recognizing each other as parts of one great Christian church, and bidding each other good-speed as expressed by Mr. Desoyes in the old version of the 111th Psalm: "We have wished you good luck, ye that are of the house of the Lord." The moderator replied, when the assembly sang "Blest be the tie that binds."

A deputation was also received from the Baptist ministers of St. John and neighborhood conveying hearty greetings.

The coal strike in Illinois is probably at an end.

## Sir Oliver Mowat

NO INTIMIDATION

Attempt to Bulldoze the Returning Officer.

The True Inwardness of the Polling Place Dispute.

Sheriff Cameron Does His Whole Duty to the People.

The Election Might Have Been Invalidated but for the Sheriff's Firmness.

The citizens of London will be at a loss to account for the neglect of city business which the all-night wrangle over the location of the Provincial election polling booths exemplified. It was understood that the chief business of the aldermen on Monday night was to finally dispose of the electric railway franchise, and set the industry of electrifying and extending the lines humming, so that the workmen of London might be provided with employment that so many of them stand in need of. Instead of that the council spent many hours wrangling over the location of the polling booths—a task that the mayor should have called upon them to undertake long ago, if it were deemed advisable to undertake it at all.

In order to properly understand this question, it is necessary to give the election law on the subject and a statement of the action of the returning officer on the one hand and the mayor on the other.

The law as to polling places is as follows:

1. The returning officer shall also, on receiving the writ of election, fix one polling place for each subdivision into which a city, town or other local municipality is subdivided, in the most central and convenient place for the electors of such subdivision. But the number of polling places now required by law in cities and towns shall in no case be diminished (except as hereinafter provided), and the polling places shall be at least 100 yards distant from each other in cities, towns and incorporated villages, and at least one mile distant from each other in other local municipalities.—55 V. c. 3, s. 38 (1), 57 V. c. 5, s. 1.

2. A returning officer may in his discretion grant such additional polling places in any polling subdivision as the extent of the subdivision and the remoteness of any body of its voters from the polling place render necessary.—55 V. c. 3, subdivision 38 (2) (By 57 Vic., cap. 5, sec. 2, the following subsection is added):

2a. In cities the returning officer may in his discretion unite two or more adjoining polling subdivisions and fix one polling place for the united subdivision; provided always that such united polling subdivision shall not contain more than 200 voters.

3. The building in which the poll is held shall not be a tavern or place of public entertainment, and there shall be free access to the poll for every elector.

4. In cities, unless the municipal council provides suitable polling places at its own expense, the returning officers shall provide the same, and the expense thereof not exceeding \$8 for each polling place, shall be paid by the treasurer of the city, upon the order of the returning officer.—55 V. c. 3, s. 38 (3, 4.)

Then the statutes provide for the following proceedings at the close of the nominations:

1. When at an election a poll has been granted, the returning officer, immediately after having granted a poll and before adjourning his proceedings, shall publicly proclaim from the hustings the day previously fixed in and by his first proclamation, and the places at which the poll shall be opened in every polling subdivision or ward, as the case may be, for the purpose of then and there taking and recording the votes of the electors, according to law, and the place where and the time when the returning officer shall sum up the number of votes given to the several candidates.

None of these provisions of the law can the returning officer, as an officer of the Crown, fail to observe on pain of penalties and of upsetting any election that may take place. Has Sheriff Cameron done his whole duty, and nothing but his duty? Most certainly he has. Let us give the facts:

Sheriff Cameron received the writ on June 1, and he issued his proclamation for an election immediately. It was posted up at the City Hall, as required by law, on June 4. While proceeding to make minor arrangements, the sheriff delayed fixing upon polling places till Tuesday, June 12, so that the City Council, if it had so desired, had ample time to provide him with the necessary booths. Before the meeting of the council, the returning officer sent Deputy Sheriff Glass to the city clerk to obtain necessary certificates, but the city clerk, being busy arranging the council programme, requested Mr. Glass to delay for a day. Within two days after that time, Mr. Glass returned to the office of the city clerk, and on request was furnished by Mr. Kingston with a copy of the list of polling places used in the municipal elections in January last, to be used as a basis for compiling the Provincial list of polling places. Not till the 12th of June did the sheriff start out to make the arrangements for the polling places, and to inspect the premises as required by law. He was accompanied by his bailiff (Mr. Graham), and the tedious work of location was accomplished in three days, with the exception of those places for which the occupants could not give a definite answer. The day after, on Friday, June 15, at 3:30 p.m., Mayor Esary wrote to the returning officer intimating

## ---Principal Grant.

that he intended to suggest to the council last (Monday) evening that it should provide the necessary polling booths. Sheriff Cameron immediately replied that, as the council had failed to provide the necessary polling places, he had proceeded to obey the law and had selected suitable places himself.

From this statement it will be seen that Sheriff Cameron has followed out the strict letter of the law, and in delaying action in regard to the selection of polling booths till the latest reasonable hour, has carried courtesy towards the civic authorities to the extreme.

The fact is that Sheriff Cameron has not deviated in any particular from the procedure of the late Sheriff Glass, who for over 34 years acted as returning officer in elections in this city. For nineteen years the provision in reference to the selection of the polling places has been on the statute books, and in every one of the Provincial elections since 1875 up to and including 1890, Sheriff Glass selected the polling places in precisely the same manner as that pursued by his successor on the present occasion. The late Sheriff Glass was a methodical, careful man, and he kept a written record of all these matters, which, on the suggestion of Deputy Sheriff Glass, was consulted by Sheriff Cameron as soon as he was selected as returning officer. From that record it was found that even in 1890, when everyone knew that there was to be no contest in the city, Sheriff Glass made no change in his procedure. Many days before the nomination the late sheriff had chosen the polling places and duly inspected them, and no one in civic authority objected to his procedure. It is only when Sheriff Cameron is the returning officer that an eleventh-hour attempt is made to have proceedings taken by him that might invalidate the election. Think of the absurdity of the contention made by the Conservative wire-pullers in the council who caused to provide a new list of polling places, and refused to even consult in advance their Liberal associates at the aldermanic board! First, we have Mayor Esary merely informing the returning officer that at the eleventh hour before the nomination, he will "suggest" to the council that a departure be taken from the methods pursued for the past nineteen years! Then we have the City Council majority passing a list of polling places in the early hours of nomination morning, and asking the returning officer to substitute it for the one legally provided for by him. Suppose the sheriff had accepted this caucused list, there is no guarantee that it was one which could be relied upon. Indeed, we know that the owner of one of the premises chosen by the council had previously positively refused to permit his place to be used on polling day. Besides, the returning officer is bound by law, as stated above, to see that the polling places are properly situated, as well as actually available, and he must announce the list of polling places on nomination day. How could he inspect the whole of the polling places selected by the council between the hour of 2:25 a.m., when the council adjourned, and the hour for holding nominations on the same day—even supposing he had been disposed to lose his night's rest to be at the beck of men who should have acted in reasonable time, or not at all?

Sheriff Cameron has kept well within his legal duty, and has very properly refused to be intimidated into a departure therefrom. The list of polling places chosen by him will stand.

OLD WORLD NEWS.

An Elevated Railway!

LONDON, June 18.—The project to build a railroad to the top of the Jungfrau, 13,668 feet high, is likely to be carried out if the Swiss Government approves. This will be the most ambitious scheme of railroad building ever undertaken. The promoters offer to spend \$20,000 to build an observatory at the summit and man it if the Government grants the concession.

The Fossils Will Fight.

LONDON, June 19.—A meeting of Conservatives was held yesterday. The Duke of Westminster presided. A committee was formed to conduct the campaign against the disestablishment of the church in Wales. It was agreed to contest every constituency in Wales in the general election. The Duke of Westminster subscribed \$5,000 and a total of \$25,000 was raised.

A Dig at Rosebery.

LONDON, June 18.—Dr. Percival, master of Rugby, preached in Westminster Abbey last night, taking as his text "Am I My Brother's Keeper." In the course of his sermon he referred to Lord Rosebery and horse racing, and said that the whole world appeared to have taken Cain's word as a motto. When an English nobleman patronized the turf, with its weedy growth of dishonesty and degradation, simply to gratify a feeling for excitement and did not use an effort nor stir a finger to reform it, he came under the same condemnation.

CONCISE CULLINGS.

Four cases of small-pox were discovered in the annexed district of New York on Sunday.

Some 10,000 miners in Kansas will go on a sympathetic strike next Thursday. The strike is to force a settlement in Missouri and the Indian Territory.

Ask your grocer for the new Fire Kindler.



THE

# BANKRUPT

## STOCK

OF

## Spittal, Burn

AND

## Gentleman

HAS BEEN

# Removed

TO

# KINGSMILL'S

128 and 130 Dundas Street,

130 and 132 Carling Street

LONDON, - - ONTARIO.



(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

## WHISKARD'S

New goods at special prices are coming in all the time.

Just Received—800 yards of fine CHIFFON in all the Fine Colors, worth 35 Cts yard, selling for

5 Cts

We have just received another lot of fine Laces. WIDE CREAM LACES, worth 20 Cts, selling for

10 Cts Yard

See our Factory Cotton at

3 Cts Yard

See our splendid line of White Cotton, under the old tariff would be 12½ Cts, our price now

8 Cts Yard

GENTS' SHAKER FLANNEL SHIRTS

25 Cts Each

Just In—Special lines of LADIES' BLOUSE WAISTS, going at

25 Cts Each

Children's Long Plaid Sashes, beautiful colors, worth 50 Cts each, Whiskard's price

10 Cts Each

Linen Star Floss

40 Cts Dozen

Whiskard's  
232 Dundas street.

## ONTARIO AGRICULTURE.

Ontario has gained a place among the foremost agricultural countries of the world. Its exhibits at the Chicago Fair attracted world-wide attention to this Province, and it was easily first in the distribution of honors in several departments. In a speech at Guelph the present Governor-General of Canada referred to this marvelous success, and attributed it to the measure to the Department of Agriculture, which is not important enough to demand the undivided attention of a Minister. The growth of the dairy industry in Ontario has been wonderful. In 1893 the quantity of cheese produced was 93,848,948 pounds, and the gross value of it was \$3,959,939. The milk produced on nearly 48,000 farms was used in its production. The department has been successful in its efforts to aid this industry by the issue of pamphlets, the distribution of dairy reports, the establishment of the dairy school and the traveling dairy. Other branches of agriculture have also been assisted by grants and by the dissemination of useful information. In these days of low prices for wheat and barley and of keen competition, there is more need than ever that this work should be continued.

## HE'S WORKING NOW.

Chester Loomis Was Crippled with Kidney Disease—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him—They Were Never Known to Fail.

NEWCOMB MILLS, June 18.—Chester Loomis, a well known farmer living near here, has for years been afflicted with kidney disease, so badly that he could not sit in a buggy to drive to town. As he is 69 years old he despaired of a cure. He tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured him. He has not done any farm work for years, but he helped to put in this spring's crops, and anyone who goes to see him to-day will find him between the plow-handles instead of laid out on a bed or an easy chair as he used to be.

## A Rival of Dixon and Calverley.

Toronto, June 18.—This city has developed a right-rope walker that promises to rival Dixon and Calverley. He is James E. Hardy, son of John Hardy, of the Canadian Pacific. The lad, who is now 18 years old, has been practicing on and off at some of the feats performed by young Hardy are wonderful. In fact, he goes through the same performance as the great Blondin, taking the chair out, sitting on it and smoking a cigarette. A most daring feat is crossing the wire, front and backwards, with his feet fastened in two baskets. The young man is in the hands of a prominent West End merchant, and will be given a chance.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

Try the new Fire Kindler

## The General Elections

That Terrible "Ross Bible" Indorsed in Illinois.

Choice Specimens of One Class of Mowat's Opponents.

Sir Oliver Accorded a Great Reception at Drumbo—Hon. George W. Ross Makes a Permanent Impression at Newbury.

## THE ROSS BIBLE.

A press dispatch from Chicago, which appeared in the Empire of Saturday, said: "A petition bearing 60,000 names, and representing many religious bodies, has been prepared for presentation to the Chicago Board of Education, recommending that a reading book consisting of selections from the sacred Scriptures, in use in the schools of Toronto, Canada, with the approval of both the Catholic and Protestant Churches, or similar selections, be put in use in the public schools without delay. The petition continues: 'As the whole religious world united without objection in the universal prayer, "Our Father who art in heaven," during the world's religious congress in 1893, we believe that all right-minded classes of Americans now agree on the daily reading in the public school of selections from the sacred Scriptures, and the recitation of that prayer, and the two great commandments upon which hang all the law and the prophets, thereby fixing in the minds of the children the vital spiritual principles on which good citizenship and the future welfare of our country so largely depend.' Among other petitioners are Charles C. Bonney, who was in charge of the religious congress; W. R. Harper, president of the University of Chicago; W. A. Ambler, president of the Columbus Club; W. J. O'Connell, upon whom the title of Camerlangio was recently conferred by the Pope, and other well-known men."

This is the terrible "Ross Bible," which Tory P. P. A. speakers throughout the country are referring to as an evidence that the Government is ruled by the "hierarchy."

HON. G. W. ROSS AT NEWBURY. NEWBURY, Ont., June 18.—The alleged Tory village of Newbury gave the Hon. G. W. Ross a rousing and enthusiastic reception this evening, when he spoke for over two hours on the political issues of the day. The spacious town hall was crowded to overflowing, many having to stand, and standing room was at a premium. The platform was beautifully decorated with flowers and evergreens, and a warmer greeting was probably never tendered at a public man here. Mr. Ross arrived by the evening express from the east and was driven to the hall, hundreds of people from the surrounding districts lining the streets. Mr. John Waterworth, a prominent local politician, presided at the meeting. Mr. George C. Elliott, of Mayfair, was the first speaker, and for an hour he spoke in a telling and convincing manner, refuting statements made and arguments used by the Opposition here on Saturday evening. On rising Mr. Ross was presented with a beautiful bouquet of roses by two little daughters of the Rev. Mr. Andrews. His able and eloquent remarks will not only retain for him his many friends, but will win for him new ones. He reviewed the rapid strides of progress in Ontario during the Mowat administration, and particularly in educational matters during the last decade. The meeting closed with votes of thanks to the ladies and chairman and cheers for the speakers and Sir Oliver Mowat.

SIR OLIVER AT DRUMBO. Sir Oliver Mowat was accorded a most enthusiastic reception when he visited Drumbo on Friday night. The hall was crowded to the doors by citizens and farmers from the surrounding districts, who testified by their presence and by the cordial manner in which they strove to do honor to their Premier their appreciation of his long and honorable career and his never-failing efforts to promote their interests in common with those of the rest of the Province. The chair was ably occupied by the popular young reeve of Blenheim, Mr. Walter Murray.

Sir Oliver Mowat, who was called upon after a few remarks by the chairman, received an ovation at the hands of his audience. He delivered an address of some length, touching upon all the salient questions of Ontario politics, and from the attention paid to his utterances and the applause with which they were greeted at frequent intervals it was evident that they were entirely satisfactory. The reception of his address cannot have failed to be exceedingly gratifying to Ontario's Grand Old Man. Mr. Andrew Pattullo, Woodstock, president of the Western Dairyman's Association, and editor of the Sentinel-Review, closed the meeting in an eloquent and brilliant speech. Sir Oliver will have in the township the largest vote ever polled there.

MR. MEREDITH AT ST. THOMAS. W. R. Meredith and E. E. Sheppard, of Toronto, spoke at St. Thomas on Monday evening to a large audience. Mr. Sheppard spoke for over an hour. He advocated the abolition of the separate school system. Mr. Meredith was not in good health and spoke for only three-quarters of an hour. He dealt mainly with the alleged extravagance of the Government in the matter of crown lands.

A SPECIMEN OF OPPOSITION. At a meeting in South Toronto on Saturday night, while Mr. Clute was in the thick of an argument in answer to the criticisms which have been made in regard to the expenditure of money on colonization roads by the Ontario Government, a man stood up in the hall and said: "What are you going to do?" "What is he going to do?" asked Mr. Clute.

"The Government if it gets in." "The Government are going to continue the honest, economical administration that has existed in the past." "It that's all you're going to do we better have a change of Government."

NO RES. The anti-Mowat press in all its branches has not a single charge to make against the Mowat Ministry, which does not require the aid of misrepresentation. From the call to the bull, and from the cross in the Legislature ceiling to the educational laws the same rule holds good.

If the Conservatives are so anxious to encourage the manufacture of lumber in Canada, they have a Government in power at Ottawa which can reimpose the duty on sawlogs. Why shift the burden to the shoulders of the Provincial Government? Sir Oliver Mowat and Hon. Geo. W.

Ross will probably speak in Hamilton next Saturday evening.

Sir Oliver Mowat will speak in the county of Lennox on Monday, June 25. He will speak this week at the following points: June 19, Woodstock; June 20, Thamesville; June 21, Simcoe; On Friday evening Sir Oliver will be in Toronto, and will address a meeting of Mr. Lindsey's supporters in West Association Hall. On Monday evening, the eve of the day of polling, Sir Oliver will probably speak at Napanee.

## COL. LEYS EXPLAINS.

No Quarrel With the Liberal Party, and a Supporter of Mr. T. S. Hobbs.

To the Editor of the Free Press: I have sent the following letter to the Free Press.

In your issue of this date you have a squib which reads as follows: "The 'fried liver' and 'hot coffee' entertainment at Grit rooms in the sixth ward are now things of the past. The donor has secured on the party leader."

Now, sir, as I am the donor of the "fried liver" and "hot coffee" entertainment, as appeared by a paragraph in your issue some days since, I beg to say I have not deserted my party (if, as you say, I have soured on the party leader), nor do I intend to, but will endeavor by all legitimate means in my power to elect their nominee, Mr. Thos. Hobbs.

I see no reason why a private quarrel between Sir Oliver Mowat and myself should cause me to desert the party of which I have been a life-long member. Yours sincerely, F. B. LEYS.

London, June 18, 1894.

—Don't quarrel with your neighbors over the election, counsels the Canada Presbyterian. Above all things, don't quarrel with them at the bidding of some miscreant who may be earning a dirty dollar by stirring up strife among neighbors. Morally, there is no difference between the Anarchist who makes war against capital with dynamite and the man who uses the Bible to make Protestants and Catholics take each other by the throat. In fact, the Ontario Anarchist is the worst of the two, for he adds a veneer of hypocrisy to his crime. The infamous work of kindling religious strife is always easily done in a mixed community like ours. An idiot with a torch can burn down Toronto quite as easily as a sensible man. In fact, an idiot is much more likely to burn the city than any sensible man would be. The most abandoned political profligate that ever wagged his lying tongue or drew a venomous pen can stir up the most deadly sectarian strife as quickly as the ablest man in the country. Therefore we say to every reader, beware of the tramp who tries to kindle strife among neighbors. The tramp will go back to his lair on the 26th, but the neighbor remains and must be met every day. Many of them are good neighbors who have helped many a time in the past 30 or 40 years. More the shame to quarrel with them at the bidding of scamps who may be earning a few dollars a day by stirring up the worst passions of human nature.

## A Shield Against Summer Complaints.

Lactated Food Saves Babies' Lives.

## A New Brunswick Mother's Testimony.

The daily use of pure Lactated Food conduces to safety, good health and happiness for the infants of Canada. Physicians declare that Lactated Food is a necessity for infants who are deprived of breast milk.

When this nourishing and life-sustaining Food is fed to the infant in summer time it shields and protects from all the fatal complaints that cut down so many poorly-fed babies.

## HOOPER SENTENCED

To 25 Years in Prison for the Attempt to Drown His Wife.

THREE RIVERS, Que., June 18.—Hooper spoke for three hours this afternoon, claiming that the witnesses and the jury were prejudiced against him.

The judge, before passing sentence, said the prisoner had a fair trial and that his own relatives, if they had been on the jury, could not have done otherwise than give the same verdict. Hooper was then sentenced to 25 years in the penitentiary.

## Cut to Pieces!

WALKERVILLE, June 18.—James Doy's, an employee of the Ontario Natural Gas Company, was instantly killed at Peiton to-day by a train on the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway. He jumped from the moving train, but his clothing caught and he was drawn under. He was literally cut to pieces.

## Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

Supplied under Royal Warrants to Her Majesty the Queen of England, and to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

Received the HIGHEST AWARD at the WORLD'S FAIR.

## RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

## ACHES AND PAINS.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

## "WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD."

Augusta, Ga. Dr. Radway—I have tried all the various kinds of remedies that I have on the market without effect, when I finally grew weary, and a friend advised me to try your ready relief. I did so, applying to my ankle and knee, and to my surprise, was able to resume my duties next morning. My trouble was rheumatism of long standing. I shall never be without R. R. R. for its weight in gold. My mother was cured by R. R. R. in two hours of rheumatism in her shoulder.

W. H. COOPER, of Cooper B. Evans.

## INTERNALLY.

ALL INTERNAL PAINS, PAINS IN BOWELS, STOMACH, CHOLERA, NAUSEA, VOMITING, HEARTBURN, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHEA, COLIC, FLATULENCE, FAINTING SPELLS are relieved instantly and quickly cured by taking internally a half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in half a tumbler of water.

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Radway's Pills for the cure of disorders of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nervous disease, dizziness, vertigo, constipation, piles, SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS.

INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, AND ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER.

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SAFE  
THE GREAT  
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BRISTOL'S  
SARSAPARILLA  
CURES ALL  
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EVER  
GOES  
EVERYWHERE  
Hires' Root Beer

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Safe, Sure and Reliable.

A Pleasure and a Delight. The most delicious and refreshing of all temperance beverages.  
A 25c Package Makes 5 Gallons.  
Sold everywhere. Refuse worthless substitutes.

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AN ELTON PROPRIETOR.  
On account of increased patronage it has been found necessary to enlarge this popular hotel, which has been done by the  
ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS,  
elegantly furnished (en suite), with baths, the latest improved sanitary plumbing adopted throughout. The Rossers is the largest hotel in the Province, having accommodations for 600 guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete in all its appointments.

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The special  
Postal rate  
Only lasting  
Till June 30.

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Wholesale &amp; Retail Lumber Merchant

Largest stock of maple, hardwood, elm, cherry, walnut, sycamore, chestnut, ash, oak, etc., in Western Ontario. Inspection solicited. Prices on application.  
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Good for the season are now on sale at the

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Regular Excursions to Port Stanley

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FARE—30c

On trains leaving London G. T. R. station, 10:05 a.m., 2:30 and 5:40 p.m. Return leaving Port Stanley 2:20 and 10 p.m.

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Is now making regular trips from Port Stanley to Cleveland, and will take out hourly excursion parties on lake on days that she lies in port.

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1894.

FROM ALL STATIONS ON THE LINE OF THE

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TICKETS WILL BE SOLD ON

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JUNE 26, good to return until Aug. 25.

JUNE 26, good to return until Sept. 15.

TO THE FOLLOWING POINTS AT RATES NAMED

DELORAIN, \$28

ESTEVAN, \$30

HINCHIN, \$35

MOOSEJAW, \$40

PRINCE ALBERT, \$35

CALGARY, \$40

RED DEER, \$40

EDMONTON, \$40

Winning Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition will be held from July 23rd to 30th, inclusive, and July 17th has been fixed upon for Excursion to enable passengers to attend the Exhibition.

Thos. H. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, corner of Richmond. City office open 7 a.m.

## Lake Steamship Line

One of the fast electric-lighted steamships

ALBERTA and

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Is intended to leave OWEN SOUND every

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calling at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., only, and making close connection with the through trains at Fort William. The only regular fast

cross will leave London on and after May 7 at 4:15 a.m.

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"LANE ROUTE."

From New York to Liverpool via Queens-

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CAMPANIA, Saturday, June 16, 3 p.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, June 23, 8 a.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, June 30, 3:30 p.m.

CAMPANIA, Saturday, July 7, 8 a.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, July 14, 3 p.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, July 21, 8 a.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, July 28, 3:30 p.m.

LUCANIA, Saturday, August 4, 7:30 a.m.

EXTRA SAILING.

AURANIA, Tuesday, July 3, 3 p.m.

HATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, \$30 and upwards.

Second cabin, \$20, \$25, \$30, according to steamer and accommodations. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steamer tickets issued from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other ports of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

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## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

JUNE 23, '94.

## Woodstock

AND RETURN

60 CENTS 60

Good for the day only.

OFFICES—"Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and G. T. R. depot.

## ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, calling at Havilla.

From Montreal, From Quebec, day light 9 a.m.

Lorientian, June 16, Not calling

Parisian, June 23, June 24

Mongolian, June 30, June 31

Mongolian, July 7, Not calling

Mongolian, July 14, Not calling

Mongolian, July 21, Not calling

Mongolian, July 28, Not calling

Mongolian, August 4, Not calling

Mongolian, August 11, Not calling

Mongolian, August 18, Not calling

Mongolian, August

## The Advertiser

Founded by John Cameron in 1863.

THE DAILY ADVERTISER.  
Daily, by mail, per year (\$3 to 16 pages) \$4.00  
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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,  
LONDON, CANADA.

London, Tuesday, June 19.

Gods in his heaven,  
All's right with the world.

—BROWNING.

In Parliament.

The "Dicky Bird" Bill Killed for the Present Session.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]

OTTAWA, June 18.—The House proceeded to-day with its business and did not look much like prorogation this month—a limit on the length of the session fixed by some members. It was private members' day and no Government business was taken up. The effect of the Ontario elections was plainly visible on the attendance.

Mr. Edgar's bill reducing the number of grand jurors necessary to find a true bill from twelve to seven in any Province where the panel does not exceed thirteen was adopted.

Mr. Coatsworth's "dicky bird" bill, as it is called—otherwise the bill to further prevent cruelty to animals—was again considered in committee and again opposed.

The discussion was chiefly on the old lines, involving the question whether trap-shooting of pigeons should be permitted.

Mr. Amyot caused some amusement by asking why there should be an undue preference for protection. Why, he asked, should they allow lobsters to be boiled alive? He also discussed the question "Have animals souls?"

Sir John Thompson opposed trap shooting, and ridiculed the idea of it being a manly sport as urged by Col. Tisdale.

Mr. Ives did not agree with his political chief, and denounced the bill as creating new offenses when it was unnecessary.

After a long discussion the committee rejected the idea of allowing trap shooting.

A motion by the committee rising was carried by 43 to 14. This kills the bill for the session. Both Sir John Thompson and Mr. Laurier voted against the motion.

Dr. Sproule, on a motion for papers, exposed the actions of Dr. Wright, quarantine officer at Windsor, Ont., who, he said, had blackmailed the Grand Trunk Railway Company on the strength of the official authority he had to deal with American cattle coming in.

Mr. Wright had been dismissed in bond. Dr. Wright had been dismissed in bond. Dr. Wright had been dismissed in bond.

Mr. McMillen, in the absence of Mr. Mulock, moved the second reading of the bill giving the Government power to fix a maximum scale of rates on cattle shipped from Montreal to Great Britain.

After brief speeches by the mover and Messrs. Semple, McNeill and Rowand the debate was adjourned.

LORD ABERDEEN ON TOLERATION

Could anything have been more opportune or so well said than the Governor-General's references to the need of religious toleration in Canada is ever to become a country of which the citizens may be proud when he stated in his splendid address at the Toronto Pavilion on Thursday, replying to the senate of the University of Toronto, after having had conferred upon him the highest honor in the gift of that learned body—the degree of LL.D.?

"The suggestions of breadth of course had reference to the importance of a comprehensive, tolerant and sympathetic spirit, I hope that this university will ever be a center not only of learning but of light, especially in regard to the spirit and tone to which I have referred—a spirit of toleration; not of the sort which may arise from indifference, or from the absence of a definite hold upon those cardinal truths which the founders and governors of the university desired to recognize and maintain, but rather that charitable spirit which will wish above all things to secure that no distinctive doctrine or creed should in any way act as a disability or hindrance to the fullest exercise of rights and privileges. (Great applause.) Such a spirit, while becoming and appropriate in the case of a university, is, of course, not less essential as a characteristic of a country as a whole if that country is to make full use of its opportunities, and to extend its development and prosperity and usefulness." (Tremendous applause.)

Miners at Work.

PITTSBURGH, June 18.—The settlement of the coal miners' strike and the return to work today of 15,000 of the 20,000 miners in this district, has given an impetus to all kinds of business, and the situation is more hopeful than at any time for months.

Sir Oliver at St. Catharines.

ST. CATHARINES, June 18.—Sir Oliver Mowat arrived in the city this afternoon, and was met at the landing by a number of prominent Reformers of the riding and escorted to the Welland House where lunch was partaken. The Reform party had a grand rally at the Opera House to-night. The building was crowded to the doors, and a good many ladies attended. On the platform were the leaders of the Reform party, J. B. McIntyre occupied the chair. The speakers of the evening were: R. Thompson, Wm. Gibson, M.P., Wm. Garson and Sir Oliver Mowat. The latter spoke nearly two hours on leading questions of the day. He referred to the publishing of the confidential correspondence he had received from the appointment of Col. Leys to the magistracy of Middlesex. He said it was quite impossible to grant the Leys favor as the Middlesex members had serious objections. He also referred to his son's appointment to the shrievalty of Toronto, and claimed he was justified in doing so, that the sitting member for Toronto acquiesced, and that his colleagues all favored the appointment. The meeting closed with hearty cheers for the Queen and Sir Oliver.

## Politics Rung In.

An All-Night Session of the City Council.

Conservative Members Select Their Own Polling Subdivisions

After the Sheriff of Middlesex Had Already Done the Work.

An Unprecedented Scene—A Question of Time That May Be Settled in Court—The Street Railway Matter Was Not Touched.

A large crowd attended at the council chamber last night to hear the electric street railway question discussed, but it was not touched on. Instead a political fight occurred over the right of the sheriff to appoint polling places and the right of the city to do so. The sheriff had heretofore attended to the work without dispute, and when the council of June 4 took no action in the matter Sheriff Cameron went ahead and made the appointment. The Conservative members of the council opposed this action, and the session lasted until 2:25 a.m. before the bylaw was finally passed. The only absent member was Ald. William Heaman.

POLLING BOOTHS.

A batch of letters were read by the clerk at the suggestion of the mayor relating to the fixing of polling places for the next election. The letters had passed between the city and Sheriff Cameron. The first from the city on June 15, stating that it was the intention of the mayor to ask the council to pass a bylaw in accordance with the provisions of section 38 of the Ontario Election Act of 1892 providing suitable polling places for use in the city election.

The sheriff replied that he would have complied with the request had he been invited earlier, but he had made necessary arrangements and located the polling places.

The mayor in the next letter (June 16) stated that he (Mr. Cameron) requested the council at an earlier day to fix the polling booths (as the mayor expected he would have done). The mayor would have had the council fix them earlier as a matter of courtesy to Mr. Cameron. But as the latter did not do so the mayor intended to have the bill passed at the regular meeting of the council on Monday morning.

Further, it was threatened that if Mr. Cameron's hands on Tuesday morning before 10 o'clock. The letter further stated Mr. Cameron had nothing to do on Tuesday but to announce the polling booths, and he would be able to do so from the bylaw the mayor will have placed in his hands.

Mr. Cameron provided that if Mr. Cameron would refuse to pay for what was not fixed by the council. He (Mr. Cameron) did not even know as yet that a contest would take place.

The sheriff's reply stated that he was not supposed to take it for granted that there would be no contest. He reminded the mayor that the proclamation for the election was issued on the last day of June. The council met on June 4 and took no action, and that he was not made aware until 5:30 on the 15th that the council was ever likely at this election to depart from their course pursued heretofore.

Mayor Essery said that it was not fair that the city should pay \$8 for polling booths that could be had for \$4 and \$5. If was an answer, but if he was simply an officer then it was not.

Ald. J. W. Jones asked if the course had ever been taken before, and the mayor referred him to the law.

Mr. Jones then objected to the charge of partisan being made against the sheriff. He had only followed the rule that had heretofore been established, and he did not think the city was going to suffer.

Mr. Essery used his stereotyped expression about being the servant of the people and the custodian of their money.

Ald. Parnell said that the mode of procedure followed by the sheriff had been the practice for 25 years, and the matter had never been introduced into the council before. It was very bad taste indeed to bring it up at this time.

The sheriff stated in one of his letters that he had placed an extra polling booth in the crowded No. 5 ward.

Ald. Parnell and J. W. Jones moved that the selection be confirmed. Lost, 7 to 10 votes.

Then the mayor took the floor and accused Mr. Cameron of being a partisan, in that he went around with party "heelers" and made statements about the correspondence.

Ald. Parnell and Ald. Scarrow both denied that the sheriff had done so, and the latter stated that it ill became any member of the council, even the head of it, to introduce politics into the council at this time.

Ald. J. W. Jones said it was the first time in his life that he ever saw politics introduced into the council, and the bylaw would never pass to-night if he should have to speak until 6 o'clock in the morning.

The bylaw was on motion of Ald. Taylor read for the first time. The aldermen would not submit to any short cut on the part of the clerk, and he was forced to read the lengthy document word for word.

Ald. Taylor moved the second reading, but Ald. J. W. Jones objected, and moved that it take place three months hence.

Then a talk against time began. Ald. J. W. Jones said that the language of the sheriff had been fair and open and above board as shown by his letters. He had given into the mayor at every point only that as the board had not prepared a bylaw appointing sub-divisions, he went to work as he should do and provided them.

Mayor Essery took a hand in, and was not assisting any political party that he assured the aldermen, as did Mr. Judd, who followed, that he was acting merely in the interest of the city to save them money. Why should they pay \$8 a booth, when the sheriff might charge if he saw fit, when they could get them for \$4?

Ald. Scarrow objected to more than one reading of a bylaw during one night.

The mayor ruled that it was a matter of urgency, and then a running debate was kept up for a few minutes on the relative merits of the two differences of opinion.

Then on motion of Ald. Judd the work of filling in the blanks left for the polling places commenced. Yeas and nays were recorded and one subdivision of No. 1 ward had been finally decided on at 11 o'clock.

At 10:55 some one moved that the time be extended and Ald. Parnell drew the mayor's attention to the discussed bylaw calling for a two-thirds majority on a motion to adjourn. The vote was 7 to 10 or less than the required ratio, and the mayor for an instant was white with chagrin.

Then Ald. Carrothers whispered to Ald. Coo, and that gentleman immediately moved that the council adjourn for fifteen minutes.

Ald. Parnell started in to debate the advisability until the hour should strike, but Ald. J. W. Jones reminded him that he could not discuss a motion to adjourn.

Then Mr. Parnell told the mayor that as the motion was a departure from the rules of order a two-thirds majority was necessary to carry it.

But the mayor ruled otherwise and the members withdrew.

The mayor was angry and approached Ald. Parnell's chair with a very white face and clenched hands. The crowd held its breath and waited for a scene. Ald. Parnell coolly took a drink, while the mayor called him a coward and a sneak.

The council reassembled at 11:10 and the question of the second polling place was put. Ald. Parnell immediately moved an adjournment, but the motion was lost.

Then for 25 minutes "yeas" and "nays" were recorded with great precision by the clerk before the third subdivision was settled on.

Then Mr. Hellmuth, on behalf of the London Street Railway, asked whether the street railway question was going to be dealt with to-night, and if not whether the company could have a copy of the bylaw before the next meeting dealt with the question.

The mayor could only assure Mr. Hellmuth that he could answer the question if it was put to him to-morrow.

Ald. Scarrow moved that the street railway question be taken up. (Applause.)

The mayor ruled Ald. Scarrow out of order, and Ald. J. W. Jones took occasion to say that the street railway matter had precedence over the matter of polling booths, anyway.

Mr. Hellmuth then sat down.

It was 11:35, and Ald. J. W. Jones read the following rule of procedure: "The council shall always adjourn at the hour of 11 o'clock in the evening, if in session at that hour, unless otherwise determined by a vote of two-thirds of the members present."

Mayor Essery—Yes, and I will call your attention that we were not in session at 11 o'clock; then we adjourned for fifteen minutes and then met again.

Ald. J. W. Jones—According to the time taverns are closed up in this city we are in session at 11 o'clock. The courts of this country have decided that the standard time of the country was sun time. If you rule otherwise I will place an injunction on the business done after this time.

After a short discussion of the several species of time—sun, standard, fast, slow, etc.—the ball went merrily on. The divisions were called for in every instance, even when it was moved that the instance be put. Once in three minutes or so there was a motion to adjourn and the division recorded also. Ald. Pritchard had the prepared list and was moving the different ready, sometimes three and four of them, in every instance, and 12 o'clock had struck before ward one was finished. Any place answered the purpose, whether it was a blacksmith shop or doctor's office, whether it was in the middle of the block, down cellar, or up on the roof. The washing house of an orphan's home and the dead house of a medical school were actually voted on as sites, and the "yeas" and "nays" recorded at the suggestion of the mayor.

Ald. Pritchard was subjected to a catechism by one element of the council. Was he sure the person he named would not object to having the booth in his house? Did he know where the place was? How much was going to be paid for it? And so on.

The mayor assured the aldermanic body that some of the questions were idiotic.

Ald. Parnell hinted that more than the questions were idiotic, and the mayor stared and wondered whether the remark was meant for him or not.

Tormented into saying "Yes" to the different questions, Ald. J. W. Jones reminded the mayor that he had taunted the Reformers on the council and Sheriff Cameron with having the matter out and dried. Here, he said, was Ald. Pritchard with a cut and dried list, Ald. Coo ready to follow him and so on down the list of wards. It had evidently been out and dried by the mayor and the Conservative aldermen before the meeting.

Further on Ald. Carrothers and Ald. Thos. Jones admitted that they had gone around on Saturday and arranged the third that the fair was out and dried and pre-arranged.

Ald. Taylor—And, supposing it was, what difference does that make?

The discussion at times branched off into the question of the exact locality of certain streets and their names and aliases. History was touched on, and the statement as to how long custom had to be established before becoming law was debated. Opinion was divided between Richard III. and the Siliurian age. Canons of all kinds were discussed and their relative effect on past municipal elections.

It was now 1 o'clock, and Ald. Taylor and Coo were refreshed by a cracker and cheese lunch, eaten in state behind the council chamber door within easy call for the perennial "Yeas" and "Nays."

Still the circus proceeded. Ald. J. W. Jones said that that night a flame had been kindled that would make itself felt in municipal elections for many years to come.

In rising with the prepared list for No. 4 ward Ald. Garratt requested the members to keep politics out of the ward. (Laughter.)

Ald. Parnell asked him when and where his list had been prepared.

Ald. Garratt got it just now out of the directory. (Laughter.)

Asked why Mr. Scarrow had not been consulted in the selection, Mr. Garratt vaguely replied that he was the "hodd" man in the ward.

There was very little heckling with the fifth ward. No amendments were offered, but the "yeas" and "nays" were recorded with unerring regularity.

With ward 6 Ald. Judd endeavored to explain why Ald. Parnell had not been consulted in the appointments. The keynote of a long address was that he had not had time.

Then Ald. Parnell refreshed Ald. Judd's memory by telling him that he had asked him in a Dundas street lunch parlor at 3 o'clock in the afternoon if anything special was coming up at the evening meeting. If Mr. Judd had wanted to tell him he could then have done so.

Then the question of the second reading came up and Ald. Parnell took the floor and moved that it take place three months hence.

At 2:15 Ald. Judd moved that the word "yeas" be struck out and "55" inserted. Ald. Garratt seconded. Ald. J. W. Jones moved that the charge be \$4. Lost. Ald. Judd's motion carried, but not before another amendment of \$3 had been made by Ald. Parnell.

Ald. J. W. Jones objected to the third reading of the bylaw, claiming that the proceedings had been illegal since 11 o'clock, solar time. The objection was noted by the clerk.

Then the bylaw finally passed and the

"yeas" and "nays" recorded for the last time at 2:25 a.m.

It was 2:06 before the final subdivision of ward 6 was decided on. The complete list follows:

POLLING SUBDIVISIONS.

First Ward—Subdivision No. 1, city collectors' office; 2, Chaitich's shop, 286 King street; 3, Hiram Shain's house, 381 Talbot street; 4, Angus McCormick's shop, 289 Wellington street; 5, James Cousins' house, 123 Bathurst street; 6, John Williams' house, 244 Grey street; 7, Richard Thompson's house, 151 Wellington street.

Second Ward—1, John Graham's office, 58 Dundas street; 2, Mr. Percival's house, Queen's avenue; 3, John Turner's shop, 555 Richmond street; 4, George McNeill's store, 657 Richmond street; 5, George McNeill's office, 200 Mount Pleasant street; 6, Richmond street north.

Third Ward—1, Wm. Skinner's house, 326 York street; 2, Joshua Darch, 510 King street; 3, Thomas Atkins' house, 428 Simcoe street; 4, Wm. Evans' house, 497 Horton street; 5, John Lethbridge's house, 272 Grey; 6, John Coulter's house, 70 Maitland street; 7, John Geary's house, 337 Hill street.

Fourth Ward—1, M. Alfred, 417 Queen's avenue; 2, Spencer Freeland, 503 Maitland street; 3, W. J. Owens' house, 578 Colborne street; 4, John Loney, 607 Maitland; 5, John B. McDonald's house, 478 Pall Mall street; 6, John H. Once, 400 St. James street.

Fifth Ward, by Ald. Dreaney—1, John Ardiel, Simcoe and Rectory; 2, Mrs. Geddes, 495 Hamilton road; 3a, Town Hall; 3b, Murray Anderson's office, Adelaide street; 4, at Chris. Eggett's, Lorne avenue; 5, Thos. Tuxford, 916 Dufferin avenue.

Sixth Ward (by Ald. Judd)—1, School house on Grand avenue; 2, Mr. Le Clair's house, 165 Bruce street; 3, Mr. Richard Harris' house, 36 Euclid avenue; 4, Mr. B. Gidley's, 101 Bruce street; 5, John Maybank's, Wharncliffe road.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

No. 3 committee's report went through without even being taken up clause by clause. Therefore there were no changes in the report as already published.

NUMBER TWO COMMITTEE.

There was discussion over the apportionment of the band concert funds, but ultimately the clause of the report asking that a grant of \$132 be made to the Sons of England Band for six concerts carried. The clause regulating the speed of wheels in Victoria Park to five miles an hour also evoked argument. The clause, however, carried, and a bylaw will be prepared to enforce it. Ald. Dreaney complained that the hiring out of bicycles was ruining the lively business, and moved that a license fee of \$25 a year be charged. Lost.

NUMBER ONE COMMITTEE.

The first debate arose over a clause filing the petition of John Campbell, which asked among other things that the question of the free library debentures be re-submitted to the people. John Christy protested against the free library expenditure and urged economy. Mr. Joseph Marks replied from the body of the hall, and hinted that all the opposition came from those who were interested in the old Mechanics' Institute. Ald. Parnell took a similar view, and the crowd applauded both. The clause passed and the petition was filed.

It was recommended that the letter of Engineer Graydon re supplemental grant of \$4,141 for road repairs arising from the damage by the storms of May be filed. Ald. Judd explained that it would be necessary if the grant was made to strike a supplementary rate of 1 mill. He thought that some sidewalk might wait until next year. The clause was adopted and the letter filed. The storm damage by wards is as follows: (1) \$75, (2) \$175, (3) \$266, (4) \$1,195, (5) \$1,275, (6) \$1,155; total, \$4,141.

The committee submitted the communication of Messrs. Graydon and Graydon, re payment of interest on overdue debentures, and the council filed it.

COMMUNICATIONS.

John K. Clare—Resignation of position as collector, and request for \$150 additional remuneration for collections of No. 6 ward taxes. No. 1.

T. Floyd—Use of Agricultural Hall afternoon and evening of July 2 for assembly. No. 2 with power.

A petition was received from residents of the old Central school grounds, asking that the city suppress ball-playing on the vacant ground in the block. No. 2 with power.

Meredith, Cameron & Judd wrote state that the joint bill of the L. E. and D. R. R. and the L. and P. S. board came up before the railway committee of the House of Commons on Thursday, and as St. Thomas was going to oppose the form of the bill some one had better be present to look after the city's interests. Mayor Essery and Ald. Judd will go to Ottawa.

M. M. Pattullo—Re drainage at Protestant Home. No. 2.

G. Fox et al.—Re Wellington street from Cheapside to Louisa. No. 2.

Walter Richards—For use of Agricultural Hall for exhibition drill for Court Robin Hood. Granted.

Hamilton McChesney—For readmission to the Old Men's Home. Referred to the mayor with power.

John Taylor—For permission to tap William street drain. No. 2.

J. Gamagage & Sons—Re flowers, etc., for park. No. 2.

Reliance Electric Company—Re location of works. No. 3.

H. Warner et al.—For an electric light corner of Nelson and Maitland streets. No. 3.

The Canadian General Electric Company asked that the check amounting to \$5,000 which they inclosed with their electric light tender on May 15 be returned to them, as it was not drawing interest. Granted.

The Latest Charge.

My first if he would fail succeed, Must give and keep my whole; The life of many a soul; My third is what my whole will be, My fourth my first won't need to fill If you will take my whole.

The answer is one of the best remedies for female troubles ever known. For periodical pains, excessive flowing, pro-lapsus, bearing down, inflammation, nervous headaches, and all diseases resulting from "female weakness," there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The only remedy so certain in results that it can be sold under a guarantee. Money returned if it doesn't cure.

Before holidaying and getting tanned call at WESTLAKE'S for fine photos. 201 Dundas street. Phone 571. ywt

Babies caught quick as a flash. MACKLE'S, corner Dundas and Richmond streets. ywt

Bread, two loaves for 7 cents yet, if you will remember me when you want something in the grocery line. D. J. LANGDON, grocer and baker, corner York and Thames street. ywt

Now is the time to have your children photographed at WESTLAKE'S studio, 201 Dundas street. yw

All Grocers sell the new Fire Kindler.

## Loyal Irishmen,

Canny Scotchmen,

Practical Englishmen,

Their Wives and Daughters Will Say That

CHAPMAN'S

Is the Best Place to Trade.

Another Case of New Scotch Chambrays

JUST RECEIVED!

The ever-increasing demand for these goods is the best proof of the great satisfaction they give. Rose Pink at 15c, 20c and 25c. Chambrays in Blue, Gray, Black, Dark Gray, Navy and Heliotrope.

A Brilliant Display of New Crinkles

New, fashionable, cool and pretty, comprising Buttercup and Pink, Emerald and White, Heliotrope and Green, Blue and White Pink and Heliotrope. See them. We are convinced such a combination of variety and beauty can be seen only at

CHAPMAN'S,

You will think the prices very small when you see the goods. They run like this—12c, 15c, 17c, 20c, 22c, 25c.

Victoria Lawn,

Linen Lawn,

Dotted Muslin,

Book Muslin,

Check Muslin,

Black Moire Satin,

Black French Satin,

Black Victoria Lawn,

Black Check Lawn,

Black Dress Muslin,

The prices tell and everybody tells the prices.

We Recommend

Every candidate, every canvasser, every returning officer, as well as every elector, whether Grit or Tory, to appear on the 26th of June in one of our Excellent, Stylish Well-Fitting Suits. We are making a splendid line of Skeleton Suits to order for \$8.50 that cannot fail to keep you cool and Comfortable. Try one.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126 and 128 Dundas street.

## Nominations.

Thomas Hobbs, London, and W. R. Meredith, Toronto, Will Stand.

A Big Lively Meeting in the City Hall.

The London Citizen Candidate and Toronto's City Solicitor Speak.

Rattling Address by Thomas H. Purdom and J. W. Little.

No Unseemly Disturbances—Both Sides Cheered—Sheriff Cameron Designates the Right Polling Places.

It was a big, good-natured, demonstrative crowd that filled the benches, lined the galleries, straddled the railings and covered the floor of the City Hall at noon to-day. Sheriff Cameron took the chair at 11:30 and called for the nomination of candidates for the ensuing Provincial elections. To accommodate the audience speaking by the movers and seconders was permitted at once, and at 12:30, when the nominations were closed, the candidates themselves commenced. In sympathies the crowd was pretty evenly divided, and, though noisy, made no unseemly disturbance. This was probably due to the absence of bitterness in the speeches. There were a few calls for Esery, and Mr. Meredith's friends trembled lest he might appear, but fortunately for them he did not, and the meeting was marred by no abuse.

Thomas H. Purdom.

Mr. Thomas H. Purdom was received with cheers as he rose to propose the name of Mr. Thomas S. Hobbs, wholesale merchant and manufacturer. "He needs no introduction to you, he is known personally to the citizens of London as a young, active, energetic business man—(cheers)—a man who has done his share in building up the city of London. (Cheers.) Reading the Free Press these mornings, I am reminded of a remark made by the late Col. Walker, who said that when this newspaper was served up every morning with his breakfast, he began to wonder what kind of a man he was. (Laughter.) Mr. Hobbs has no wife or he might be asked the same question. The Free Press has made a very sudden change. It was one of those in favor of maintaining industries in our city, but now you would suppose it would rather see our factories with smokeless chimneys instead of being turned into hives of industry, as was done by the Hobbs brothers with the Elliott foundry. (Loud cheers.) There has been a change in the Conservative party. They used to wave the old flag, but now they have ceased to. (Cheers and hisses.) Where do they get their inspiration from to-day? The only questions they have raised in the last four years in Provincial politics have come from the United States—the issues of biennial sessions, Government House, and the attacks on the British flag. (Hear, hear.) All have come from the United States, but worse than those is the introduction of the American Protective Association. (Cheers.) We don't want in this country any offshoot of that association—(cheers)—and that is what the P. P. A. is. Corey's army will follow in its train if we give them time. (Cheers and laughter.) It is a great pity they are trying to plant such an institution into this country. Look at what the Roman Catholics of this city have done within our life time. They have erected one of the finest cathedrals in Canada, of which we all are proud. They have built a fine hospital. Is that not creditable to them? (Cheers.) Have they also not erected and maintained a splendid orphan's home? Have their works in these not been charitable and Christian? Yet why do so-called Protestants band together to stop such work and to ostracize them? Voice—They don't.

Mr. Purdom—We know that they do band together to keep the Catholics out of office. This should be frowned down by everybody who thinks well of his country. (Cheers.) These questions were fought out years ago in England. When Shield, the Irish orator, expressed surprise that the Duke of Wellington should sit still and hear such charges against those of his creed, he asked if the blood of England, of Scotland and of Ireland did not flow in the same stream on the same field when in the chill morning dawn British,

Scottish and Irish lay cold and stark on the field of Waterloo. (Cheers.) If the Roman Catholics are loyal enough to lay down their lives in defense of the British flag—(cheers)—surely those charges of disloyalty against them are without foundation. Mr. Meredith claims he has not raised that cry, that he is in favor of the widest religious toleration; but there are those on his platform who have raised that cry and who have made it the only issue in the present contest. If Mr. Meredith did not personally raise it his followers do. I have met them in the country, where that is their only stock in trade. Mr. Hobbs will give his independent support to the Mowat Administration. (Cheers.) It is a question whether you desire to retain the Mowat Government or turn them out and put another in their place. (Cries of "No!") I believe his Government is as good as you can possibly get. (Cheers.) There are few party questions in that House; it is really a business House. I have always maintained that the highest compliment ever paid to Sir Oliver Mowat was paid by Mr. Meredith himself—higher than those of Principal Grant or the clergy and politicians who have endorsed him. That compliment was the resolution brought into the House for biennial sessions. (Applause.) It meant this: "Mr. Mowat, you have done so much for the country and made so many laws that we can rest for a while." The good old ship of the Reform party has weathered many a storm. It may now be tossed on the waves of bigotry and intolerance, but it will sail safely into port on June 26, with the good old captain, Sir Oliver, at the helm—(cheers)—and among those on board will be Mr. Thomas S. Hobbs. (Great cheering.) Mr. Purdom closed with an eloquent and powerful appeal in support of the pure Mowat Government.

J. W. Little.

Mr. J. W. Little was warmly cheered and spoke in a spirit of broad liberality. He seconded the nomination of Mr. Hobbs, whom he believed would be a credit to London. Neither candidate, he said, could be assailed personally. Mr. Meredith was an honorable man and able lawyer; Mr. Hobbs was a man equally honorable and equally efficient in his chosen work. "I am here to support Mr. Hobbs and oppose Mr. Meredith for three reasons: First, Mr. Meredith is a non-resident. (Cheers.) Mr. Meredith raised that argument himself at the time of the Peddie election. (Cheers.) Mr. Peddie was employed in the city, but being a poor man he lived in London West, where rents were lower. (Cheers.) If such an argument is unfair it was especially so under those circumstances. (Loud cheers.)

"Second: Mr. Hobbs is a business man, and if there is any class that requires representation it is the business and working men. (Cheers.) The majority in the Legislature are lawyers, doctors and farmers—I think well of them—but I believe business men and active workers should avail themselves of the chance to elect one of their number when they have it. "Third: I ask your aid for Mr. Hobbs because he goes to support Sir Oliver Mowat and his Government—the purest and best Canada has ever known. (Loud cheers.) Strong Conservatives say we can hardly afford to dismiss Sir Oliver—some publicly, many privately. Taxpayers are under great obligations to Sir Oliver for the way in which he has guided the affairs of this Province for twenty years. He prevented the spoliation of our territory and has conserved our resources. I personally hold Mr. Meredith in great respect and I was very sorry when he left the city. But when he went to Toronto, he should have left some of the honors behind. (Hear, hear.) A man in Mr. Hobbs' position makes a very great personal sacrifice when he agrees to go there, but we know he will devote the same attention to the business of the Province as he has to his own affairs. (Cheers.) Let him know that he has not only the support of the Liberal party but of his own community at large.

Andrew McCormick.

Mr. Andrew McCormick briefly and quietly nominated Mr. W. R. Meredith. "He has served you for 22 years and I now ask you for to elect him for the next term. (Cheers.) He has never raised a cry to injure any man. I am sure you will return him by a handsome majority, and he will not only be representative for London but your next Premier. Judging from the independent papers over the country you can see how the man lies." (This ambiguous phrase raised a laugh at Mr. Meredith's expense.) I never had any strife or ill feeling with any man and I am pleased to nominate Mr. Meredith. (Cheers.)

Wm. Reid.

Mr. W. Reid, in a few words seconded Mr. Meredith's nomination. He could endorse every word spoken by Mr. McCormick, without prejudice to his opponent. He only wished that all prominent party men would express the same sentiments as Mr. J. W. Little. (Cheers.) He hoped there would be no ill-feeling in regard to the election. (Cheers.) He had lived alongside of people of different creeds and politics, and never made enmity with his neighbors. He trusted the battle would be fought in an honorable spirit. His sympathies were with Mr. Meredith.

Mr. Joseph Broadbent rose and said:

Mr. Meredith's nomination, but at a vigorous cue from Mr. McCormick he sat down. The London Citizen Candidate. Mr. Hobbs was greeted with cheer after cheer when he came on the platform to speak. It was several minutes before his voice could be heard. Then he said: Mr. Returning Officer and Gentlemen—I have to thank you again for the kind way in which you have received me. I must say that I have during this campaign nothing but thanks for those people I have met. I can scarcely say that of the organ of my opponent, though I am not quite sure that I should not thank those who conduct it as much for my success as any individual. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, my whole manhood has been spent in your midst. I have had to struggle up through life and I do not consider it a disgrace to stand before you and ask you for your votes on the 26th of this month. (Cheers and applause.) All I have in my city. If the city of London does not progress, how can I succeed? I did not seek the honor of carrying the standard in this fight, the honor rather sought me. Apart from that I am quite willing to carry the banner through the fight, as I am a believer in the Mowat Government. (Renewed cheers.) Mr. Mowat has given us a Government which is as pure as any government which we have ever had in this country. For and friend alike admit that in so far as finance is concerned the administration of the Mowat Government has been pure. (Cheers.) Mr. Mowat to-day is the oldest politician under the British flag, he having served some twenty years continuously without a break. (Cheers.) Now, gentlemen, what do we find? We find at every election outside matters are brought in. If I remember aright, when my opponent first he was supported largely by the people at Ottawa and a majority of the Dominion electors having supported the Dominion Government because the Reform party were opposed. (Continued on page 6)

## Mob Rule in Toronto

Extraordinary Scene at a Mass Meeting.

A Gallery Full of Anti-Mowat Hoodlums Disgrace the City.

Persistent Attempt to Stifle Free Speech.

The Triumph of Mr. Blake, Who Was Most Viciously Assailed.

TORONTO, June 19.—Never before in the history of Toronto has there been such a meeting as that held in the Massey Hall last evening in the interest of the Reform candidates.

For two hours the great hall, packed with over 4,000 orderly citizens, was given over largely to a disorderly group of 200 or 300 persons, whose organized disturbance made itself felt with the chairman's opening words, and culminated when Mr. Blake rose to speak in the quieting of the hall for a time to mob rule, which was quelled only by the arrival of a large body of police, and the clearing of the upper gallery, which was the principal scene of the disturbance.

The effort to break up the meeting was organized by the P. P. A. councils of the city, and among the leaders of the interrupters were W. J. Cluff and John Graham of the waterworks department. Aid. Hewitt is also charged by a brother alderman with lending his countenance to the disturbance. In whatever manner the raid was planned, it is a fact that two bodies of the P. P. A. members, one in the left wing of the main floor and the other in the center of the upper gallery, raised the disturbance to a pitch so high that the entire force of police available was required to quell the disturbance.

In the end, through the good offices of the police, who, although slow to act, rendered splendid service when fully instructed as to their duty, order was restored, and the mob that sought to stifle free speech was overcome, and skulked out into the darkness, huffed and beaten.

During the three-quarters of an hour that elapsed from the time when Mr. Blake first arose until the keys of the upper gallery were turned in the locks, and the great majority of the occupants of the gallery were seated on the platform, to which friends of the Reform cause in the closed gallery were invited, there were many exciting incidents. On one occasion sticks and umbrellas were resorted to in the first gallery, but this did not last long. Many Conservatives present protested no less fervently against the outrage than did the Reformers, and it is not at all improbable that the disgraceful action of the P. P. A. factionists, who, not content with hissing inside, sent a band to disturb the meeting from without, will do much to show to Conservatives what dangerous allies they are fighting for.

Perhaps the most serious incident of the meeting was a fracas between Mr. W. G. McWilliams and policeman No. 218, who is likely to get into trouble over it. Mr. McWilliams is a Conservative, it is needless to say, but so persistent were the interruptions in the corner where Cluff seemed to be in command of the disturbers that he turned round and remonstrated. An altercation followed, and Mr. McWilliams pointed out Cluff to Policeman 218 as one of the disturbers. Instead of taking the hint given the policeman threw Mr. McWilliams out, and in reply to the remonstrance of a pressman said he did not care who he was. He would choke him if he came back in. He seized Mr. McWilliams by the throat and cost collar to emphasize his remarks. No. 218 furnished the most exciting feature of the disturbance, and will probably as a result have to make an explanation to the chief.

While the disturbance was at its height Ald. Hallam and Mr. Robert Jaffray hurried to police headquarters and secured the aid of a posse, commanded by Sergeant Barton. Inspector Stephen followed up this by securing reserves from other stations by telephone.

When the file and drum band had been moved on and the gallery closed, the great audience listened with breathless interest to Mr. Blake, who in eloquent periods told of the danger of the State in permitting the autocrats represented by the mob to assume the power of government.

Throughout all the trying incidents of the evening Mr. George H. Watson, Q.C., the chairman, kept an equanimity and held the meeting well together. The group of interrupters could not mar the effect of what was undoubtedly not only the greatest meeting of the campaign, but also the greatest in point of numbers ever held in Toronto.

It may be that some part of the audience of 4,000 people that crowded the great building came with curiosity to see the hall thus thrown open for the first time for a public meeting. Be that as it may, the great mass of the people, Conservatives and Reformers alike, came to hear the splendid array of speakers. It is an undoubted fact that the great spaces of the hall gave the audience a greater freedom than is to be found in a smaller building. The interrupter, who would be rather doubtful of breaking in upon a speaker in a small hall, felt himself safe from a castigation or sharp retort when perched away in a remote corner of the second gallery more than 50 yards from the platform.

But if the interrupter had greater latitude the same is true in the matter of the applauder. Surely such volumes of cheers and plaudits were never before heard in Toronto. They rolled from gallery to gallery, and came back in great waves to the speaker who evoked them.

### ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the neck, dimness of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, or nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital forces having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont. Please mention this paper.

## E. & J.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Fine and cooler.

## SHADES OF TASTE.

That a parasol or umbrella shades from the sun or rain is not the only requisite. Almost any old covered parachute will do that. Looks count for something these days. Sometimes we see the faded article of days gone by, with cumbersome yellow handle and cane ribs. But they have long gone out. They did their work all right, but what lady would care to have to carry one now. People and parasols have changed since then. What is now wanted is a stylish, shapely Parasol, light in weight and cheap in price. We don't blame you for wearing out old things, but when the very latest can be secured at such low figures as we are asking there is no necessity for it.

BLACK FRILLED PARASOLS—75c. \$1.00, \$1.25, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$5.00, with lace insertion, \$2.25, \$3.50, \$5.00. BLACK, lace frilled, \$4.50. COLORED FRILLED PARASOLS—Lace insertion, \$1.75, \$1.85, \$2.00, \$2.25. COLORED FRILLED PARASOLS—Shot effects, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00. FANCY STRIPES—Shot effects, rustic handles, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00. LADIES' PARASOLS—Shot effects, 65c.

LADIES' UMBRELLAS—Large size, rustic handles, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00.

You know that one good parasol is worth two of the poor, out-of-date kind, that it gives better satisfaction and that a difference of fifteen or twenty-five cents in price should be neither here nor there. You also know that if there is a place in London where everything is good, fashionable and sold at a modest price that place is ours. We do more—if you are not satisfied with your purchase we will take it back and refund the money. We have confidence in the merit of our goods.

## SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

147, 149 and 151 DUNDAS STREET.

### IN THE FIELD OF SPORT.

**THE TURF.**  
THE ASCENT STAKES.  
LONDON, June 19.—The Ascend stakes was won to-day by A. Taylor's (jun.) Aborigine; Sir R. Jardine's Red Ensign 2nd; T. Wadlow's Spindleg 3rd.  
**BASEBALL.**  
THE DUKES DISBAND.  
The Dukes, of Toronto, disbanded after the game Saturday and will not play the Alerts to-morrow afternoon as announced. Efforts were made to secure the Varsity Club, of Toronto, to fill the date, but they declined, as they appear here on July 11.

**FLYING.**  
London will be here on Saturday, and the management here are determined to have a strong aggregation to wrestle another victory from—[Guelph Mercury].  
A lively game of ball was played Monday between the Oxford and the Mill Street Stars. The score resulted in favor of the Stars, 23 to 19. Batteries—for Oxford, Gannon and McKay; for Stars, McCauslin and Copner.

**LIGHTNING'S PRANKS.**  
Considerable Destruction of Property Around Dutton—Several Persons Injured at Bangor, Mich.  
DUTTON, Ont., June 18.—Sunday night there was a terrific storm here, the wind and lightning were the most severe ever seen in these parts, and considerable damage resulted. The following are the losses as far as heard of at this time:  
Daniel McKillop's 3-year-old horse killed. Duncan Walker's house struck and damaged considerably. Mr. Walker and his wife were stunned, the house caught fire but the blaze was extinguished before much damage was done.  
The large frame barn on the Parker estate was struck and shattered.  
Daniel McGugan's barn was struck. Damage not ascertained.  
The barn on the south half of lot one, in concession "A," Dunwich, was struck and burned.  
BANGOR, Mich., June 18.—One child was fatally injured, while two men and a woman were badly hurt by lightning during the storm, near here.

The Pope has made a strong pronouncement in favor of a general disarmament. Premier Crispien has received 18,000 messages congratulating him upon his escape.  
R. E. McIntyre, a young Canadian lawyer, who has been doing newspaper work in Buffalo, was arrested Monday morning on the charge of misappropriating \$5,000 belonging to a man in Toronto named Henry J. McK. Mr. McIntyre denied the allegation.

## WASH GOODS

## A. Screaton & Co.

Are showing full lines of all the newest effects of '94.

See our special lines of

American Indigo Prints  
American Challies

—AT—

61c  
64c

Warranted Fast in Color.

Also our stock of

PRINTS,  
SATEENS,  
CRINKLES,  
PRINTED MUSLINS  
CAMBRICS, Etc.

At correspondingly low prices.

## A. Screaton & Co.

134 DUNDAS STREET.

### QUERY ANSWERED,

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:  
Have Government officials, holding property, the right of voting at the present Provincial election? Kindly answer this question and oblige many of your readers and  
JOHN LAURIE.  
Wolverton, June 16, 1894.  
[NOTE.—No; the Provincial franchise is not a property one, but a manhood franchise, and certain Government officials are personally disqualified from voting, under a penalty of \$2,000, and such votes would be void. The officers disqualified are all judges, officers of the customs and inland revenue, clerks of the peace, county attorneys, registrars, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, deputy clerks of the crown, agents for the sale of crown lands, postmasters in cities and towns, stipendiary magistrates and police magistrates in cities of over 30,000 population.—EDITOR ADVERTISER.]

**Save the Islands!**  
OTTAWA, June 18.—The citizens to-day called upon the Government not to sell the Thousand Islands, and to-night the Journal says: "In all God's good world there is no territory better worth preserving from private monopoly and restriction, or which a better opportunity offers to preserve. A few thousand dollars transferred to the credit of the Indian Department of the Dominion is all that is required. It is earnestly to be hoped that the Minister of the Interior will eventually decide to recommend to the Government the public retention of the islands."

**Seamship Arrivals.**  
June 18.  
Pictouland..... Father Point..... Hamburg  
Furnessia..... Moville..... New York  
Zanland..... London..... New York  
Friesland..... New York..... Antwerp  
Tauric..... New York..... Liverpool

**The Ladies.**  
The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package.

## La Flor de Vallens

INCOMPARABLE  
Fast color and a capital cloth to wear. These goods are good value and are well worth 10c yard, but we bought them cheap and you can have the full benefit.  
The price is 5 Cents per yard  
QUITE A SNAP.  
DON'T MISS IT  
This week 3 leaders in  
Cashmere Hosiery  
25c, 38c, 45c.  
Ladies' sizes, full fashioned. See them

Clear Havana Cigars  
Manufactured by Vallens & Co.  
HUGH LOVELESS, special agent for above goods.

## RECIPE

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.  
Adams' Root Beer Extract..... One bottle  
Fleischmann's yeast..... Half a cake  
Sugar..... Two pounds  
Lukewarm water..... Two gallons  
Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water; add the extract and bottle places in a warm place for 24 hours until it ferments; then place on ice, when it will open sparkling and delicious.  
The Root Beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles, to make two and five gallons.  
WHOLESALE AGENTS—The Toronto Pharmaceutical Company, Toronto

## R. J. Y. & CO.

Most Men

Require Light Underwear this hot weather, and right here we desire to say that our stock of these goods is extra well assorted. We have every conceivable make of Men's Shirts and Drawers from the lowest price up to the best goods, and we sell them at prices that will successfully meet any competition.

Read this List:

Men's Cotton Shirts, only 25c.  
Men's Cotton Drawers, only 25c.  
Men's Merino Shirts, only 38c.  
Men's Merino Drawers, only 38c.  
Men's Fine Cotton Shirts, only 38c.  
Men's Fine Cotton Drawers, only 38c.  
Men's Natural Wool Shirts, only 50c.  
Men's Natural Wool Drawers, only 50c.  
Men's Balbriggan Shirts, only 50c.  
Men's Balbriggan Drawers, only 50c.  
Men's Fine Merino Shirts, only 50c.  
Men's Fine Merino Drawers, only 50c.  
Men's Heavy Cotton Shirts, only 50c.  
Men's Heavy Cotton Drawers, only 50c.  
Men's Fine Saxony Shirts, only 75c.  
Men's Fine Saxony Drawers, only 75c.  
Men's Extra Fine All-Wool Shirts, only \$1.  
Men's Extra Fine All-Wool Drawers, only \$1.

## Most Ladies

Are buying Light-Weight Vests to suit the weather. Our sales of these goods prompt us to think and believe that our values are rather better in this class of goods than a good many of the stores. If you take opportunity one of these days to see what we are selling and the low prices that we are asking for Ladies' Vests, we feel certain that it will lead to business. Your attention is requested to THESE SPECIAL LINES as being practically GOOD VALUE.

12c, 17c, 25c.  
SEE THEM PROMPTLY.

## A Bargain

Saturday morning we opened a lot of beautiful printed  
SCOTCH LAWN

Fast color and a capital cloth to wear. These goods are good value and are well worth 10c yard, but we bought them cheap and you can have the full benefit.  
The price is 5 Cents per yard  
QUITE A SNAP.  
DON'T MISS IT  
This week 3 leaders in  
Cashmere Hosiery  
25c, 38c, 45c.  
Ladies' sizes, full fashioned. See them

## R. J. YOUNG & CO.

## Old Leaves CIGAR

5c. - 5c.

FOR SALE BY  
HUGH LOVELESS,  
2024 Dundas Street.

## HARRY LENOX

Is showing a large assortment at close prices. Go and see them before you buy.

Cor. Richmond & Carling Sts.



## "Turn to the Right."

I had stood some time with my mind painfully employed upon this problem, which my knowledge of M. de Turenne's strict honor in private affairs did not allow me to dismiss lightly, when I heard another step on the stairs, again a moment M. de Varenne opened the door. Finding me in the dark he muttered an apology for the remoteness of the servants; which I accepted, seeing nothing else for it, in good part.

"We have been at sixes and sevens all day, and you have been forgotten," he continued. "But you will have no reason to complain now. I am ordered to conduct you to His Majesty without delay."

"To St. Cloud?" I exclaimed, greatly astonished.

"No, the King of France is here," he answered.

"At Mondon?"

"To be sure. Why not?"

I expressed my wonder at his Majesty's rapid recovery.

"Pooh!" he answered roughly. "He is as well as ever was. I will leave you my light. Be good enough to descend as soon as you are ready, for the ill work keeps kings waiting. Oh! and I had forgotten one thing," he continued, returning when he had already reached the door.

He turned to me, and with a cold stare, as if he were looking at a stranger, he said:

"M. de Marso. You will kindly remember this if we are kept waiting in the antechamber."

"Am I to be transported to—other custody?" I asked, my mind full of apprehension.

He shrugged his shoulders. "Possibly," he replied. "I do not know."

Of course there was nothing for it but to murmur that I was the king's disposition; after which M. de Varenne retired, leaving me to put the best face on the matter I could.

Naturally I asked myself what was the interview weighted with such a condition; and this continued still further to depress my spirits, already lowered by the long solitude in which I had passed the day.

Fearing nothing, however, so much as to repair my costume, and then descended to the foot of the stairs, where I found my custodian awaiting me with a couple of servants, of whom one bore a link.

We went out side by side, and having barely a hundred yards to go, seemed in a moment to be passing through the gate of the Castle. I noticed that the entrance was very strongly guarded, but an instant's reflection served to remind me that this was not surprising after what had happened at St. Cloud.

I remarked to M. de Varenne as we crossed the courtyard that I supposed Paris had surrendered; but he replied in the negative so curtly, and with so little concern, that I forbore to ask him any other questions; and the Chateau being small, we found ourselves almost at once in a long, narrow corridor, which appeared to serve as the antechamber.

It was brilliantly lighted and crowded from end to end, and almost from wall to wall, with a mob of courtiers; whose silence, no less than their keen and anxious looks, took me by surprise. Here and there two or three, who had seemed upon the embrasure of a window, talked together in a low tone; or a couple, who thought themselves sufficiently important to pace the narrow passage between the waiting lines, conversed in whispers as they walked. But even these were swift to take alarm, and continually looked askance; while the general company stood at gaze, staring and looking up eagerly whenever the door swung open or a newcomer was announced.

The strange silence which prevailed reminded me of nothing so much as of the Court at Blois on the night of the Duke of Mercœur's desertion; but that stillness had brooded over empty chambers, there was a peculiar air of strangeness to a room thronged in every part.

M. de Varenne, who was received by those about the door with silent politeness, drew me into the recess of a window, whence I was able to remark, among other things, that the Huguenots present almost outnumbered the king's immediate following.

Still, among those who were walking up and down, I noticed M. de Rambouillet, to whom at another time I should have hastened to pay my respects; with Marshal d'Amont, Sancy, and Humieres. Nor had I more than noted these before the door of the chamber opened and added to the number Marshal Biron, who came out leaning on the arm of Grillon. The sight of these old enemies in combination was sufficient of itself to apprise me that some crisis was at hand; particularly as their progress through the crowd was watched, I observed, by a hundred curious and attentive eyes.

They disappeared at last through the outer door, and the assemblage turned as with one accord to see who came next. But nearly an hour elapsed before the chamber door, which all watched so studiously, again opened. This time it was to give passage to my late visitor, Turenne, who came out smiling, and looking, to my great surprise, on the arm of M. de Rosny.

As the two walked down the great, greeting here and there an obsequious friend, and followed in their progress by all eyes, I felt my heart indeed, both at the sight of Turenne's good-humor, and of the company in which I found him. Aware that in proportion as he was pleased I was like to meet with displeasure, I still might have had hope left had I had Rosny left. Looking him, however, and I could not doubt, seeing him as I saw him, that I had lost him—and counting the King of Navarre as gone already, I felt such a failure of courage as I had never known before.

Told myself with shame that I was not made for Courts, or for such scenes as these; and recalling with new and keen mortification the poor figure I had cut in the King of Navarre's antechamber at St. Jean, I experienced so strange a rush of pity for my mistress that nothing could exceed the tenderness I felt for her. I had won her under false colors, I was not worthy of her. I felt that my presence in her company in such a place as this, and among these people, must cover her with shame and humiliation. To my great relief, since I knew my face was on fire, neither of the two, as they walked down the passage, looking my way or seemed conscious of my neighborhood.

At the door they stood a moment talking earnestly, and it seemed as if M. de Rosny would have accompanied the Viscount farther. The latter would not suffer it, however, but took his leave there, and with so many polite gestures that my last hope based on M. de Rosny vanished.

Nevertheless, that gentleman was not so wholly changed that on his turning to re-traverse the room I did not see a smiler for an instant on his features as the two lines of bowing courtiers opened before him. The next moment his look fell on me, and though his face scarcely altered, he stopped opposite me.

M. de Rosny was waiting to see His Majesty," he asked aloud, speaking to M. de Varenne.

My companion remaining silent, I bowed.

"In five minutes," M. de Rosny replied quietly, yet with a distant air, which made me doubt whether I had not dreamed all I remembered of this man. "Ah! M. de Paul, what can I do for you?" he continued. And he bent his head to listen to the application which a gentleman who stood near me poured into his ear. "I will see," I heard him answer. "In any case you shall know to-morrow." M. Paul urged, detaining him by the sleeve. "I will put only one before you," he answered.

My neighbor seemed to shrink into himself with disappointment. "Who is it?" he murmured piteously.

"The king and his service, my friend," M. de Rosny replied drily. And with that he walked away. But half a dozen times at least before he reached the upper end of the room I saw the scene repeated.

I looked on at all this in the utmost astonishment, unable to guess or conceive what had happened to give M. de Rosny so much importance. For it did not escape me that the few words he had stopped to speak to me had invested me with interest in the eyes of all who stood near. They gave me more room and a wider breathing-space, and looking at me askance, muttered my name in whispers. In my uncertainty, however, what this pretended I drew so comfort from it; and before I had found time to weigh it thoroughly the doorthrough which Turenne and Rosny had entered opened again. The pages and gentlemen who stood about it hastened to range themselves on either side. An usher carrying a white wand came rapidly down the room, here and there requesting the courtiers to stand back where the passage was narrow. Then a loud voice without cried, "The King, gentlemen! the King!" and one in every two of us stood a-tiptoe to see him enter.

But there came in only Henri of Navarre, wearing a violet cloak and cap.

I turned to M. de Varenne and with my head full of confusion, muttered impatiently, "But the king, man! Where is the king?"

He grinned at me, with his hand before his mouth. "Hush!" he whispered. "Twas a jest we played on you! His late Majesty died at daybreak this morning. This is the king."

"This! the King of Navarre?" I cried, so loudly that some round as called "Silence!"

"No, the King of France, fool!" he replied. "Your sword must be sharper than yours, or I have been told some lies!"

I let the gibe pass and the jest, for my heart was beating so fast and painfully that I could scarcely preserve my outward composure. There was a mist before my eyes, and a darkness which set the lights at defiance. It was in vain I tried to think what this might mean—to me. I could not put two thoughts together, and while I still questioned what reception I might expect, and who in this state of things were my friends, the king stopped before me.

"Ha, M. de Marso!" he cried cheerfully, signing to those who stood before me to give place. "You are the gentleman who I have fast to warn me the other morning. I have got at any drug store at 25 cents a box, or five boxes for \$1."

The richest men are not the most mourned.

A Wonderful Cure.—Mr. David Smith, Coe Hill, Ont., writes: "For the benefit of others I wish to say a few words about Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY. About a year ago I got a very severe cough, had a violent sore on my lips, was bad with dyspepsia, constipation and general debility. I tried almost every conceivable remedy, outwardly and inwardly, to cure the sore but all to no purpose. I had often thought of trying Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, so I got a bottle and when I had used about one half the bottle the sore showed signs of healing. By the time that bottle was done it had about disappeared and my general health was improving fast. I was always of a very bilious habit and had used quinine and lemon juice with very little effect. But since using three bottles of the VEGETABLE DISCOVERY my biliousness is entirely gone and my general health is excellent. I am 60 years old. Parties using it should continue it for some time after they think they are cured. It is by far the best health restorer I know."

Success has no time to watch the clock. The miser's golden cup is always empty. SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose. Sold by W. T. Strong.

What time lends death borrows. Petty expenses have rat's teeth. Captain Sweeney, U.S.A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

A thing in print is past control. Satan can make chains of roses. Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave when by the timely use of Shiloh's Anti-Consumptive Remedy the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Mr. ROBERT BELL, of Clifton Hall, Linlithgowshire, a well known Scottish coal-master, died on the 30th ult., at the age of 70 years. He was the first to distill oil from shale, and to extract ammonia from it.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Just arrived another consignment of one-dollar rockers; also large stock of sideboards, bedroom sets and parlor suites. WM. TRAFFORD, 95 and 97 King Street.

## THE ATTACK ON SIR OLIVER.

How the Appointment of His Son was Favored by the Conservative Press.

Though the Organs Now Think it was a Dreadful Affair.

At the time of the appointment of Sir Oliver Mowat's son to the Toronto shrievalty, many of the independent papers, and some of the Conservative papers which are not particularly friendly to Sir Oliver, approved of the appointment. The Toronto Mail, for example, said:

"Fair-minded men will see nothing objectionable, however, in the appointment of Mr. Mowat's son to the Toronto shrievalty. Mr. Mowat has been Premier of the Province since 1872. The duties of his office are so onerous as to render it impossible for him to pursue his profession. The salary attached to the office is not a large one; a considerable portion of it is no doubt absorbed by the machine, which constantly requires fuel in the shape of funds. It happens, too, that the modest sum which Mr. Mowat has put away has been sadly reduced by losses, so that he is entering upon old age poor in purse and in provision for his family. These are the simple facts, though we ask Mr. Mowat's pardon for stating them so nakedly; and, keeping them in view, we think those friends of his who insisted that his son should be given the shrievalty did right; that his colleagues did right in making the appointment, and that not the slightest stigma attaches to the Premier himself."

The World said: "As for the city shrievalty, the choice seems to be narrowed down to two gentlemen."

Mr. Peter Ryan and Mr. Fred Mowat, son of the Attorney-General. The World learned of the excellent authority that leading men of the party would actively support Mr. Mowat's preference. Of course, he would not be a party himself to his own son's appointment, but it is well known that such a choice would be very popular with the Reform members of the House, and outside of it, too. The World does not see that it could be construed into an improper use of patronage on the part of the Cabinet to appoint Mr. Mowat. On the contrary, it would be a graceful recognition of the Attorney-General's services to the Province."

This appeared in the World of April 21, six days before Sir Oliver is said to have consulted with Mr. Lays, and yet the latter would like us to believe that the first mention of the proposition came from the Premier.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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THIS IS THE GENUINE.

Our trade-mark on Buff Wrapper around every bottle.

THE WONDER OF HEALING.

FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, PILES, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, INFLAMMATIONS, CATARRH, HEMORRAGES, and ALL PAIN.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prices, 50c., Cheap. \$1, Cheaper, \$1.75, Cheapest.

Genuine is strong and pure. Can be diluted with water.

Sole Manufacturers, POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

Refuse Substitutes, made crudely, sold cheaply.

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## THE STAR

COIL SPRING SHAFT SUPPORT AND ANTI-RATTLER.

Patented in England, America, Canada, and all countries.

THE DECATUR SHAFT SUPPORT CO., Decatur, Ill.

Needham & Leigh, PLUMBERS.

Have removed to 352 Ridout street. Phone 1612.

And all orders given in and promptly attended to. We do Plumbing and Gas Fitting Steam and Hot Water Heating. Also put in and repair Electric Bells. Jobbing a specialty. ywt

THERE IS JUST ONE THING THAT the citizens of London and vicinity would do well to make a note of, that, all kinds and styles are bound nearly, cheaply and tastefully.

W. J. MOFFAT BOOKBINDER. ywt

CONSCIENTIOUS PLUMBING.

I don't charge any more than it is worth. I don't keep people waiting. I won't do inferior work at any price. I go as good work as can be done. My men are all thorough mechanics. I want your next plumbing job. My place of business is 83 CARLING ST. LONDON.

ALEX. MILNE. Telephone 778. ywt

NEW STORE! GOODS!

One of the best in the city.

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Latest Novels Just Received

12 Christ Came to Chicago. W. T. Stead

What Necessity Knows. Douglas

Beggars All. Doyle

The Memories of Sherlock Holmes. Doyle

A Ward in Chancery. Mrs. Alex. Under

The Anarchist. A. C. Gunter

The Princess of Paris. A. C. Gunter

The King's Stockbroker. A. C. Gunter

Our Manifest Nature. Sara Grand

The Heavenly Twins. Sara Grand

A Yellow Aster. Iota

Also Baseball Guide for 1894.

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The Finest Goods,  
Best Cut and . .  
Lowest Prices. .

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## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY WM. H. WESTON  
grocer, Stanley street. No bond re-  
quired.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S  
drug store, 60 Dundas street east. Resi-  
dence, Dundas street, corner William. Take  
Dundas street car. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT  
CHAS. F. COLWELL'S Popular Music  
House, 129 Dundas street, and 439 Princess  
avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN,  
jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

## Births, Marriages and Deaths

### BORN.

MULKERN—On Friday, June 8th, to Mr. and  
Mrs. P. Mulkern, a daughter.

### MARRIED.

RICHARDS-BLAIR—On 5th June, at Te-  
cumseh, Michigan, Vivian, only daughter of  
James A. Blair, Esq., Alma street, to I.  
Richards, educationists of Texas.

### DIED.

ADAM—In Chicago, on June 15, Christina, be-  
loved wife of Jas. Adam, formerly of this  
city, aged 46 years.

Funeral from John Ferguson & Sons' un-  
dertaking establishment to-morrow (Tues-  
day) at 2 p.m.

HODGINS—On Sunday, June 17, T. C. Hod-  
gins, aged 55 years.

Funeral will leave the family residence,  
corner Colborne and Hill streets, on Thurs-  
day at 3 p.m. services at 2:30. Friends and  
acquaintances kindly attend. Please omit  
flowers.

WRIGHT—In this city, on June 18, Emma A.  
Wright, aged 24 years, second daughter of  
John Wright, lot 10, con. 3, London town-  
ship.

Funeral will leave the residence of her  
aunt, Mrs. M. Hutton, No. 442 Pall Mall  
street, for Webster's cemetery. Friends and  
acquaintances will please attend. 10a

MARSDEN—On Monday, June 18, 1894, Eliza  
Marsden, aged 66 years.

Funeral from the residence of Mr. John  
Hance, No. 419 St. James street, on Wednes-  
day, June 20, at 3 p.m., services at 2:30  
o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will  
kindly accept this intimation.

## POTATO BUGS

## CURRENT WORMS

Are easily exterminated  
by using Boyie's Paris  
Green and Heliochrome.  
Sold at—

BOYLE'S DRUG STORE,  
652 Dundas Street.



This Brand of Flour  
Always makes the  
BEST BREAD  
OR PASTRY.  
USE NO OTHER.  
J. D. SAUNBY  
157 York Street.  
TELEPHONE 112.

## NEW LIST OF DE- LICIOUS

Soda Fountain Beverages

## BOOMER'S

181 DUNDAS STREET.

## 2:30 O'Clock To-Morrow WEDNESDAY

Is the latest hour at which Adver-  
tisements can be taken for the

## WESTERN ADVERTISER

(Our Weekly tion)  
The Best of the Big Weeklies  
in Ontario.

## Fine Tailoring!

New Summer Suitings,  
Finest Material,  
Made Fashionably.

JOS. DAMBRA,  
Merchant Tailor, 2624 Dundas St.

## GAS

GRATES and ART TILES.  
WOOD MANTLES.

R. E. BLAND, 231 Dundas Street.

W. FAIRBAIRN  
MERCHANT TAILOR,  
EDGE BLOCK (OP-STAIR

# Priddis Bros.

## Great Sale

# LOOK!

Cottons, - - - 3c

Toweling, - - - 3c

Challies, - - - 5c

Prints, - - - 5c

Dress Goods, - - 5c

## New Hudson Bicycles.

Light road race, narrow tread, dust-proof  
bearings. A fine up-to-date English wheel  
for \$85. A few snaps in second-hand wheels.

WM. GURD & CO.,  
185 Dundas street, London, Ont.,  
Phone 800.

Bicyclerepairing a specialty with us.

# Southcott's

## FINE TAILORS

361 Richmond St

## FINE BUT COOLER.

Toronto, June 18—11 a.m.—Showers  
have occurred in Ontario and the St.  
Lawrence Valley, where the weather is  
very warm. There has been a slight in-  
crease of pressure, with fair weather in the  
Maritime Provinces; elsewhere the pressure  
is low. It is very warm with local thunder  
storms in the Northwest.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:  
Calgary, 42°-72°; Edmonton, 40°-75°;  
Prince Albert, 48°-82°; Qu'Appelle, 56°-  
86°; Winnipeg, 54°-86°; Port Arthur, 40°-  
64°; Toronto, 66°-82°; Kingston, 62°-  
76°; Montreal, 70°-82°; Quebec, 58°-76°;  
Halifax, 56°-76°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.  
Toronto, June 19—1 a.m.—Probabilities  
for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes  
region (covering the peninsula and as far  
east as Belleville) are: Moderate east  
to north winds; fine weather; lower tem-  
perature.

# J. M. Denton,

384 Richmond St.,  
LONDON,

Has just received the balance of his  
Spring importations, consisting of  
English, Irish and Scotch Serges  
West of England Trouserings,  
Scotch Suitings, Woolseds and  
Overcoatings of the very finest  
material that can be bought. Your  
order respectfully solicited.

# J. M. Denton

## ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

Johnston Bros.' Bread  
5c per loaf retail

In all parts of the city. Telephone 818  
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# A. B. POWELL,

General Fire Insurance Agent,  
Representing Five First Class Stock  
Companies.

Plate Glass and Boiler Insurance.  
N.B.—For about 1 cent per day you can get  
\$1,000 accident policy on your life for one  
year at

A. B. POWELL'S  
Insurance and Real Estate Office  
437 Richmond Street.

# HOSE and HYDRANTS

## A SPECIALTY AT

# Smith Bros.

Plumbers, Gas Fitters and  
Heating Engineers,

376 RICHMOND ST.,  
Opposite Masonic Temple.

Phone 338.  
N.B.—A full stock of supplies always  
on hand.

# R. K. Cowan

Farrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce  
London.

The manufacture of St. Paul amount to  
more than \$60,000,000 a year. The city  
was originally known as Pig's Eye.

Prof. Smith's Three Keys will positively  
cure rheumatism in three days, neuralgia  
instantly. Sold by all drug stores.

Our whole attention is given to fin  
watch repairing. All work practically  
executed. J. E. ADKINS, East London.  
TWT

# London Advertiser.

## Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE  
134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS  
175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

# World's Fair Art Portfolios

Get the balance of your World's Fair  
Portfolios at once.

We can supply them but a short time  
longer, the special postal rate only lasting  
till June 30.

# LONDON AND ENVIRONS

—Music will be furnished by the Seventh  
Band at St. James' Presbyterian Church,  
Thursday evening.

—London has been chosen by the Presby-  
terian General Assembly as the next annual  
meeting place of that important body.

—Mr. Charles Doe leaves to-day for  
Woodstock to attend the High Court meet-  
ing of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

—Rev. F. Comber, of Missouri, United  
States, will address a meeting in the  
Christian Workers' Hall, Carling street,  
on Tuesday evening.

—Many letters reach us these days on  
various topics. It is absolutely impossible  
to publish all of them until after election  
day, when the pressure on our space will  
not be so great.

—The many friends of Mr. Charles Doe  
will be pleased to know that his wife has  
returned home from St. Joseph's Hospital,  
where she has recently undergone an opera-  
tion. Mrs. Doe wishes to tender her  
thanks to the sisters of that institution for  
their kindness and attention which she had  
received while under their care.

—The Rev. J. W. Annis gave a brief  
report of the year's work in Queen's Avenue  
Church on Sunday morning. The year had  
been one of great prosperity, advance-  
ment being reported in every department  
of church work. The congregations had  
been very large, 120 new members had been  
added to the church, 60 of them on pro-  
fession of faith, though no special services  
had been held. All the connexional funds  
had increased, the missionary fund reach-  
ing \$1,500 and the educational \$352, while  
the total giving of the church were more  
than \$1,000 in advance of the preceding  
year. There was great reason for grati-  
tude because of the abundant blessings of  
the year.

## In Hymen's Bonds.

On Wednesday, the 13th inst., a happy  
event took place at the residence of John  
H. Teall, ex-reeve of the village of Vienna,  
it being the marriage of Mr. Teall's eldest  
daughter, Lena, to Mr. David Tull, a  
young farmer of Canadac. The ceremony  
was performed by Rev. L. W. Wickett, of  
Stratfordville. The bride looked charming,  
being attired in a beautiful fawn-colored  
dress trimmed with cream lace. She was  
supported by her sister, Miss Nellie Teall,  
and Miss Lily Neville. The groomsmen  
were Mr. E. Willy, principal of the Vienna  
public school, and Mr. Wm. Teall, brother  
of the bride. When the ceremony was  
over the large company assembled sat down  
to a sumptuous wedding breakfast, after  
which the happy couple, accompanied by  
some of their friends, left the scene amid  
a shower of rose leaves and orange blossoms  
for Tilsonburg, where they took the train  
for Niagara Falls and other points of  
interest. The presents were both numer-  
ous and costly, one being an elegantly  
upholstered chair, a gift from the church  
and Sunday school of which the bride is a  
member. Miss Teall was a general favor-  
ite with all who knew her, and her many  
friends and acquaintances join in express-  
ing their sincere congratulations.

## First Congregational Church Pasto-

ate.

The members of the church and congrega-  
tion of the First Congregational Church  
met last evening in the lecture room, with  
a large number in attendance. The chair-  
man, Mr. Langridge, introduced the matter  
before them, the question of filling the  
vacant pastorate. It was proposed, he said,  
to ask Rev. Dr. Joseph Wild, of Toronto, to  
accept the position of non-resident pastor,  
together with Rev. Jas. Adams, also of To-  
ronto, but lately graduated from University  
of Chicago, to act as assistant pastor, and  
do the general work of such among the  
members of the church. This was fully  
discussed, it appearing to be the general  
opinion that this was the best way to meet  
their difficulties. The following resolution  
was then put:

"Resolved, that this meeting of the mem-  
bers of the First Congregational Church  
having heard and considered the proposed  
arrangements looking towards the settle-  
ment of the Rev. Dr. Joseph Wild and the  
Rev. Jas. R. Adams, D.D., as co-pastors of  
this church, do hereby approve such ar-  
rangements, and by this resolution adopt  
the same, pledging themselves, with God's  
help, to do on their part what they can to  
render it successful."

This was carried unanimously, amid  
much enthusiasm, and the secretary was  
instructed to send a copy of the resolution  
to the gentlemen mentioned.

The election of deacons and other  
officers was postponed until a future date.

## The Home for Incurables.

Situated at the junction of the Hamilton  
road and Adelaide streets is a large two-  
story brick structure, which was, up to  
the time of the temperance agitation, oc-  
cupied as a hotel. It has now, however,  
been put to commendable use through the  
establishment of a home for incurables.  
This new departure in philanthropic work  
among London's citizens was talked of for  
some time, but was only definitely settled  
upon by the Women's Christian Association.  
This body of workers had long seen  
the necessity of such an institution. In  
their daily experiences the ladies had met  
cases which were urgently deserving of  
attention—cases of men and women who  
after being discharged from other public  
institutions as incurable, were without  
shelter and friends. And accordingly,  
together with the King's Daughters, the  
W. C. A. resolved to take action. The  
structure is roomy, well ventilated and has  
been refitted throughout. Downstairs  
there is a large reception room, neatly  
furnished, and containing a piano. The  
dining-room is also on the lower flight. The  
upper portion is almost entirely taken up  
with bedrooms, furnished very plainly, but  
presenting a neat appearance. The entire  
furnishings were contributed by the  
citizens. The members of class No. 13 of  
the Dundas Center, under Mr. Fred  
Matthews, put their heads together and  
supplied an outfit for one room; the circle  
of King's Daughters of the same church  
two rooms; Memorial Church circle, Mrs.  
Richard Brown (Sydenham street) and  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawson one room  
each, the whole providing accommodation  
for 22 inmates. Mr. and Mrs. Bullock  
have been appointed to take charge.

The home was formally opened last  
night, when about 200 of the ladies  
and their friends were present.  
Rev. D. M. Mihell, pastor of Ada-

# THAT BUNION!

## THOSE WARTS!

## THOSE TERRIBLE CORNS!

## CORNS! CORNS! CORNS!

They seem to grow faster in the spring than  
at any other time of the year! The pain is  
more intense, the agony more severe.  
They may be cured very easily.  
They may be cured very cheaply.  
They may be cured very quickly.

## Barkwell's Sure Corn Cure

cures any corn, wart or mole, ingrowing too  
nails, and for cancers in the early growth.  
Barkwell's Sure Corn Cure is a favorite pre-  
scription with many leading physicians. For  
bunions use Barkwell's Sure Bunion Cure. The  
most successful preparation ever manufactured  
for bunions. All for sale at

## BARKWELL'S DRUG STORE

Cor. Dundas & Wellington Sts.  
TWT

laide Street Baptist Church, deliv-  
ered a short address, in which he eulogized  
the work of the W. C. A. It was, he said  
an institution which had long been wanted  
in the city, and now that it had been  
secured it should receive the hearty sup-  
port of the citizens. Mr. Wm. Bowman  
followed in a similar strain. Refreshments  
were served. Miss Gilmour sang a solo,  
and after a pleasant hour the audience  
departed.

## ANOTHER ENGLISHMAN ATTACKED.

This Time the Organs of the Toronto  
Candidate Assail the District  
Deputy of the S. O. E.

Bro. R. Wray's Manly Rejoinder Re-  
garding the Papers that  
Suppress Letters.

## To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

I have sent the following letter to the  
Free Press. As you were good enough to  
publish Bro. James Carter's letter in full  
when the Free Press suppressed it by de-  
stroying it past recognition, I send my  
letter to you also. Yours, R. WRAY.

## To the Editor of the Free Press:

I notice in your issue of this morning  
that your editorial comments on my action  
in writing to the Canadian Englishman. As  
that paper did not see fit to publish my  
letter in full, but emasculated it, the same  
as you did Bro. James Carter's letter, there  
is no doubt in the minds of individual  
brothers that neither your paper nor the  
Canadian Englishman desire that the Sons  
of England should get representation in  
Parliament. The Toronto paper is in no  
sense the organ of the S. O. E. Order, and  
has no right in the order whatever. The  
stand that it has taken all through the  
present campaign is purely that of a party  
paper, and any influence it may have had  
among the brethren in the past has been  
entirely lost through its extreme party-  
ism. As for myself, the brethren all know  
me too well to require any certificate of  
character, and the strictures you make on  
my action will have no weight with the  
brethren of our beloved order.

R. WRAY, District Deputy, S. O. E.  
London, June 18.

# Late Canadian News.

Serious Accident to a Port Colborne  
Volunteer Artilleryman—A Wood-  
Chopper Killed.

The condition of Archbishop Tache, of St.  
Boniface, shows no improvement and causes  
much anxiety.

On Saturday afternoon Willie Walker, a  
lad of about 16 years, was drowned while  
bathing in the Humber River, Toronto.

Sunday night about 8 o'clock, during the  
storm, a barn on the eighth line belonging  
to Mr. English, of Petrolia, was struck by  
lightning and totally destroyed.

A young man named Gordon Woneh,  
while chopping down a tree in the country  
near Hepworth, was struck and fatally in-  
jured. Death ensued in about two hours.  
J. W. Murton is being congratulated  
upon his appointment to the schrievalty of  
Wentworth county. Mr. Murton has the  
assurance of Hon. J. M. Gibson that he has  
been chosen.

The fourth annual convention of the On-  
tario Deaf Mute Association was opened  
in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb  
at Belleville on Saturday evening. There  
are about 170 delegates in attendance.

A St. Catharines dispatch says: J.  
Clark, of the Port Colborne Battery, was  
leading one of the cavalry horses to water  
on Sunday at camp, when the horse be-  
came unmanageable, and Clark was kicked  
in the hip and seriously injured.

The Ontario Medical Council on Satur-  
day gave a third reading to the bill for the  
appointment of a discipline committee, and  
Dr. J. L. Bray, of Toronto, Dr. George  
Logan, of Ottawa, and Dr. H. W. Day, of  
Belleville, were appointed a discipline com-  
mittee for the year.

The first Grand Trunk locomotive on the  
new extension of that railroad to Owen  
Sound entered the suburb of Brooke, just  
across the Potowatowice River, on Satur-  
day, and it is expected that the rails will  
be laid into the yards in Owen Sound in the  
early part of the coming week.

Take your prescriptions and send your  
recipes to Symond's new drug store, 464  
Dufferin avenue, corner Maitland street.

Have you tried the new  
Fire Kindler?

# WALL PAPER

It will pay you to give us a call before  
purchasing elsewhere. We have the  
largest and one of the best selected  
stocks in this city, at prices which  
defy competition. Also a full line of

# WINDOW SHADES

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

R. Lewis, Richmond St.

# FOR CHOICE CUT FLOWERS

PLACE YOUR ORDER WITH  
DILLOWAY,

44 Dundas Street. Telephone 687  
TWT

Having completely sold out our spring stock  
of millinery, we are now showing the  
very latest novelties in

## SUMMER MILLINERY.

And other goods suitable for the warm  
weather.

Mrs. A. G. McLeod.  
TWT

# MARA'S

# Nothing Succeeds

# Like Success!

The success attending these stores is nothing short of  
marvelous and we believe that the number of sales made in  
our stores the past week is without a precedent in this city  
and will stand as a record for a long time to come. Last  
week our sales were just double a year ago, being about

\$5,200.

This is the best testimony we can offer of our mode of  
doing business and should convince all fair-minded people  
that our store is what we represent it—

# The Greatest Trading House in London

# THIS WEEK

We will make special offers in

# Parasols, Straw Hats, Ladies' Whitewear.

# Straw Hats.

A few Ladies' Straw Sailors left, worth 75c, for  
10c. Ladies' Fancy Straw Shapes, only 10c.  
Ladies' Fancy Sun Hats for 25c. Children's Fancy  
Shape Straws for 15c. Children's Straw Sailors  
for 20c. Little Girls' Straw Leghorns for 25c.  
Special line of Sun Hats, 3c each or two for 5c.  
Plantation Straws now going at 15c. Men's Straw  
Hats from 25c to 49c. The latest Styles and Shapes.

# Parasols.

See our Children's Parasols for 25c. Red Parasols  
for 50c. Natural Wood Handle Parasols only 40c.  
Black and Colored Handle Parasols, extra value,  
65c. Natural Wood Handle Parasols, all Silk  
Wool, for 95c. Plain and Fancy Handle, all Silk  
Wool, worth \$2 50, for \$1 50. See our Special  
Black Frill All Silk Parasols, worth \$3, for \$2.  
Polka Dot Frill Parasols now going at 95c. See  
our \$5 Fancy Frill, Trimmed and Shot Effect  
Parasols, only \$2 50 and \$3.

# Ladies' Whitewear.

Ladies' Very Fine Print Blouses, light and dark  
colors, pleated front, for 48c. A line of Cambric  
Blouses, in surplus and shirt fronts, for 65c. Eng-  
lish Cambric Fluted Shirt Front Blouses, in pink  
and blue, only 95c. Pongor Silk Blouses, all colors,  
\$1 20. Ladies' White Lawn Blouses, now going at  
35c. Ladies' White Lawn Blouses, embroidered  
and tucked front, only 65c. Ladies' White Night  
Dresses for 45c. Ladies' White Skirts, trimmed,  
only 65c.

# T. E. Mara Co.,

LIMITED.

Great Department Stores.

153 Dundas St., 155 Dundas St. and Market Square, London