

The Glencoe Transcript.

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GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1920.

BUY IN CANADA
Be patriotic. Recognize the value
of your own goods, your own country
and your own dollar.

Whole No. 2511.

DITCHING
Tenders will be received by under-
signed until noon Saturday, April 10,
1920, for the construction of the Cur-
rie Drain in the village of Glencoe.—
JAS. M. MCGREGOR, Civil Engineer.

FOR SALE
Thoroughbred Berkshire sows, the
long type kinds, sired by "Blywood
Rival Champion" and grand-sired by
"Highwood Model," the imported boar
owned at Blywood Farm, Geolp, and
rated as the best half-bour in Can-
ada.—Duncan McAlpine.

CARETAKER WANTED
Caretaker wanted for Kilmartin
cemetery. Apply to D. McLachlan,
Townline between and Mosa, Alvinston
P. O., Route 5, up to April 20.

BUSINESS FOR SALE
Old established butcher business in
Glencoe for sale. Reason for selling:
going farming. Apply to F. G. Hum-
phries.

FOR SALE
South half of lot 3, concession 5,
Mosa; all under pasture. Address
H. B. MacNeil, 260 Marston avenue,
Detroit, Mich.

EXECUTORS' SALE
The undersigned executors of the
estate of Catharine Murray, late of
the township of Ekfrid, deceased, will
offer for sale (subject to a reserve
bid) by public auction at two o'clock
afternoon of Saturday, the 27th day of
March, 1920, at the hotel in the vil-
lage of Appin, the following real es-
tate, viz.:—The east half of the north
half of lot number 18 in the first range
north of the Longwoods Road in the
township of Ekfrid, containing fifty
acres more or less. This farm is all
under grass and in first-class con-
dition. Terms of sale.—Ten per cent.
of purchase price to be paid at time
of sale and subject to a mortgage of
one thousand dollars, the balance to
be paid within thirty days. Further
particulars made known at time of
sale.—Angus Fletcher and A. P. Mc-
Donald, Executors, Melbourne P. O.
Dan McIntyre, Auctioneer. Dated
March 16, 1920.

NOTICE
Donald McIntyre - Appin
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
is prepared to conduct Auction Sales,
large or small. Satisfaction guar-
anteed.
Phone Donald McIntyre, Appin

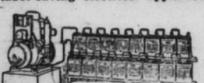
FARM FOR SALE
The north part of lot 24, range 4
south of the Longwoods Road, Ekfrid,
consisting of 111 acres, with good
buildings, two spring wells, etc. For
further particulars apply to D. S. Al-
lan, on the premises, or Route 3, Glen-
coe.

FOR SALE
A comfortable frame dwelling house
and 1 3/4 acres of land suitable for
gardening purposes, on Concession
street, Glencoe. There is a first-class
frame stable, frame woodshed, soft
and hard water, and other improve-
ments on the property. Apply to
Margaret Walker, Glencoe, Ont.

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
Teacher in Oil Paintings
Studio and Residence: Symes Street,
Glencoe, Ontario.
Artists' Materials Kept in Stock.

CREAM AND EGGS WANTED
Cream received, tested and paid for
daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory.
Phone 73 if you want our delivery
truck to call. Cash for eggs.
LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
Alex. McNeil, Local Manager.

Notice
During January, February and
March we have decided to take our
truck off the road. When we draw
your cream these cold months the
samples freeze, therefore we think we
can give our patrons better satisfac-
tion if they bring in the cream, which
I will be at my office to receive every
day of the week. In the spring I will
be ready to give you the same prompt
service as in the past. We pay cash
as soon as tested.
D. R. HAGERTY.

DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and
Power Plant
Will operate over 200 time- and
labor-saving electrical appliances.

M. C. MORGAN DEALER
Kerwood, Ont.

J. B. COUGH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

Johnston's
DRUG STORE
Hat Dye
Have a New Hat! It is easy and inexpensive. Get a
package of our HAT DYE. We have all the different shades.
Get busy now before the nicest shades are picked out.
Phone 35 Glencoe

KEITH'S CASH STORE
DRY GOODS MILLINERY GROCERIES
Best quality, and fair prices ensured

THERE is a Prest-O-Lite Storage Battery of exact type, size, ca-
pacity and strength for every make and model of car.
It is a better battery—CANADIAN MADE—in the largest,
most modern and best equipped storage battery plant in the British
Empire.
Three-quarters of Canada's motor car manufacturers now use
Prest-O-Lite batteries as standard factory equipment on their cars.
See that YOUR next battery is a Prest-O-Lite.
Repairs on all makes of batteries.
Authorized Prest-O-Lite Service Station.
Electric Wiring and Fixtures. Watch for our Fixture and Ap-
pliance shop on Main street.

W. B. MULLIGAN
THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
Capital and reserve \$35,000,000
Total Assets over \$535,000,000
Open a Savings Bank Account with this Bank.
Interest paid twice a year. Notes collected on
favorable terms.
GORDON DICKSON, Manager, Glencoe

Central Garage, Glencoe
After April first we will be prepared to charge and
repair all makes of Batteries. A first-class battery man
will be in charge. All work guaranteed.
We have the sole agency in the Glencoe district
for the

"EXIDE" STARTING BATTERY
Don't put up any longer with annoying "guess work" about how well
your starting and lighting battery is going to serve you. Come in and see
us. Let us show you why the "Exide Battery" is making "A sure start as-
sured" for the thousands of car owners throughout the country. There is
more power and punch in an "Exide" than any other starting battery.
Snelgrove & Faulds

LUMBER! POSTS! SHINGLES!
We have a full stock at present and can
fill your requirements. It will pay to buy
now.
McPHERSON & CLARKE
PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS
GLENCOE, ONT.

Glencoe Opera House
ISLE OF JEWELS
CHARMING OPERETTA
By the Glencoe High School Girls,
under the sole supervision of
Howard Gordon, A.C.V.,
Friday and Saturday Nights
March 26 and 27
Matinee for School (children only) 3
o'clock Friday afternoon (no adults
except teachers admitted.)
A Bevy of Charming Girls
Lovely Costumes
Sparkling Choruses and Solos

Special Attractions:
Miss Merna McDonald (gold med-
alist) in costume solo dances.
Wonderful Child Musicians—Mas-
ters Jack and Billie Ellison (violins)
and Donald Wright (cello). Musical
Prodigies; accompanied by Gordon
Superb Symphony Orchestra—a rare
musical treat.
**Reserved Seats, 50c and 35c. Plan
now open at Lumley's Drug Store.**

An Economical Duty
Of every auto tire user is to look
into the advantages of saving his
worn tires and making them go
as far as possible by having us
vulcanize them for him. In these
days of high cost of tires it is
almost a necessity for the average
car owner.

J. ROSE
GLENCOE'S RUBBER MAN
L. L. McTAGGART
R. R. 2, Appin P. O.
Licensed Auctioneer for the
Counties of Middlesex,
Lambton and Elgin

Sales of any description will re-
ceive careful attention and item-
ized statement of proceeds of sale
left with each proprietor. Terms
reasonable.
Phone Melbourne line 18, call 91

COMMUNITY
PLATE

MOTOR CAR STANDARDS ARE IN
THE HANDS OF THE CONSUMERS
"It is within the power of the mot-
oring public to make automobiles
measure up to their requirements."
—L. L. McTaggart, local dealer in
Chevrolet passenger and commer-
cial cars.
"The success of any automobile de-
pends on the degree to which it gives
purchasers the equipment they want
and need."
"In buying a car see that you get
all that your money calls for. If you
are not a judge of mechanical con-
struction find out from owners what
service their cars afford. The testi-
mony of not one but many owners is
necessary to establish a reliable rep-
utation. The reputation and resources
of the manufacturer are guides to the
quality of the car."
"Service and economy are the chief
points to be considered."
"Of what use are all the comforts
and conveniences of equipment if the
car itself doesn't stand up? What en-
joyment is there in them if the car it-
self is a continuous extravagance?"
"Complete satisfaction can only be
experienced with a car that not only
includes every essential of modern
equipment but which affords depend-
able and inexpensive performance."
"These are the standards by which
a car should be judged. Purchasers
can secure cars that measure up to
them if they insist upon it."
"Satisfy yourself that the car you
decide upon is fully equipped at the
start. But above all, make sure that
the motor and other vital parts of its
construction are such as to insure you
dependable, economical and lasting
service in return for your investment."
By doing this you will advance the
standards of the industry and benefit
the motoring public as a whole.
"Make sure that you don't get mixed
up with experiments that may not be
on the market six months hence. Past
history repeats itself. The Chevrolet
has stood the test of time. In some
sections they are sold exclusively.
The epidemic seems to have struck
Glencoe, as every new car sold here
for the last 16 months were Chev-
rolets, with one or two exceptions."

C. E. DAVIDSON
JEWELER OPTICIAN
Marriage Licenses Issued

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass
insurance Agent, representing the
cream fire insurance companies of
the world and the leading mutual fire
insurance companies of Ontario. Of-
fice at residence, first door south of
the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL
Miss Jean Archer of Newbury has
opened a millinery store in Thames-
ville.
New binder twine prices have been
issued and are considerably lower
than those of last year.
Harry Brodie has sold his farm in
Caradoc and purchased the general
store and postoffice at Muncey village.
The London Methodist Conference
has exceeded its objective of \$550,000
by \$27,121 in the Forward Movement
campaign.
Isaac Hill, an Indian living alone on
the Moravian reserve, was burned to
death in his house which was destroyed
by fire.
The newspapers of Bruce county
have decided to increase the price of
subscriptions to \$2 a year, to com-
mence some time during the summer.
The story of a young boy having
been seen floating down the river near
Thamesville on a large sheet of ice
and afterwards having been found
frozen to death near Chatham proved
to be a hoax.
There will be no stronger beer for
Ontario than that now allowed to be
sold. The Government refuses the re-
quest of the brewers for permission to
sell beer containing two and a half
per cent. of alcohol.
Inspection of the Kingsville schools
by the lady physician appointed by
the Department of Education brought
out the fact that there were only 12
normal children in the 301 examined.
There were 68 with defective vision
and 119 had enlarged tonsils.

Nancy Ferguson, wife of Henry Tay-
lor of Alvinston, died on March 17
after a short illness. Deceased, who
was a pioneer of this district, being
85 years of age, had long suffered with
a cancer. Besides her husband she
leaves to mourn one sister, Margaret
Ferguson of Mosa township, who is
now 81 years of age.
According to R. A. Finn, at the Mid-
dlesex office of the Department of Ag-
riculture, London, considerable dam-
age has been done to the orchards in
Middlesex during the winter by mice.
The real harm has been done to young
trees, those about two years old. The
mice have girdled these young trees
and bridge grafting will be necessary
to save them.
A telephone dispatching system
reaching from Hamilton to Sarnia, a
distance of 150 miles, and costing in
the neighborhood of \$200,000, is to be
installed by the Grand Trunk during
the summer. Telephone dispatching
is also carried out in many other sec-
tions of the G. T. R., but in the Lon-
don district the dispatching is being
done by telegraph at present.

A program of road improvements
that will cost about \$200,000 was
decided upon at a meeting of the Board
of Road Overseers of Middlesex. Un-
der this program the county under-
takes to improve and maintain all
main arteries not already assumed by
the Government. It is expected that
work will be begun at once on the
concrete highway between London and
Lambeth.
Mrs. John Milliken, who resided a
few miles from Strathroy, died very
suddenly Tuesday afternoon of last
week. She was predeceased by one
daughter and two sons, one of whom
was killed at Vimy Ridge in 1917. She
is survived by her husband, two sons,
Rev. F. S. Milliken of Harriston and
J. Knox at home, and five daughters,
three at home, Minnie E. of Lawson
and Mrs. John Strachan of Glencoe.

CONOLIDATION DEFEATED
A vote of the ratepayers was taken
last Thursday on a proposition to con-
solidate the public schools in the
Criman district of Aldborough town-
ship. A fairly representative vote
was polled and there were only eleven
votes in favor of the scheme.

THE ARMENIAN FUND
The Transcript acknowledges the
following donations to the Armenian
Relief Fund:
Previously acknowledged.....\$284.25
A Friend.....1.00
Masonic Lodge, Glencoe.....10.00
\$ 344.25

MAIL COURIER APPRECIATED
On Wednesday evening of last week
a surprise party representing the mail
box holders on No. 3 rural route, Ek-
frid, gathered at the home of the po-
stman, John Cyster, and pre-
sented him with a generous purse in
appreciation of his long and faithful
services.
A complimentary address was read
also and Mr. Cyster made feeling ac-
knowledgment of the gift and kindly
expressions. "Few, indeed," the ad-
dress recited, "were the days on
which our mail was not safely depos-
ited in our mail boxes, regardless of
the condition of roads or weather.
Many of us are also deeply indebted
to you for accommodations that were
entirely outside the duties prescribed
by your agreement. The faithful per-
formance of routine duties and the
abundant evidence of your willingness
to cheerfully do a good "turn" for a
neighbor constrain us to regret the
circumstances that make necessary
the withdrawal of your services from
this route."
Lunch was served by the ladies, and
after a number of brief addresses fit-
ting the occasion the balance of the
evening was prolonged into the small
hours with dancing.

INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION
The Glencoe Industrial Association
was called for its annual meeting at
the town hall on Thursday evening.
J. N. Currie, the president, presided
and there was an attendance of about
twenty. Mr. Currie reviewed a part
of the association's work and expres-
sed the hope that now that Glencoe
now connecting up with hydro-electric
power there would be better oppor-
tunity of accomplishing things than
had been in the past.
Dr. McLachlan, Geo. Innes, A. B.
McDonald, Rev. Dr. Stalker, Reeve
Allan McPherson, Thos. O. Simpson,
Councillor P. E. Lumley, Lewis Sul-
ter and others took part in an inter-
esting discussion of ways and means
for enhancing the town's interests.
Mr. McDonald reported for the com-
mittee appointed last year to award
\$25 in prizes for best kept lawns and
premises. He stated that they had
difficulty in securing judges for this
competition, and finally it got too late
in the season to make the awards sat-
isfactorily.
Dr. Stalker, in an encouraging ad-
dress, said that Glencoe's rally cry
should be "Co-operation." Make the
town as inviting as possible. Clean
up; paint up. He believed that the
time was not far distant when the
large manufacturing enterprises would
for various reasons seek location in
the small centres in preference to the
cities.

Reeve McPherson thought it would
be a calamity to do away with the In-
dustrial Association, which, however,
should embrace more of the young
men. Encourage them more and get
into office. Speaking of hydro-
electric power he stated that there
had been some delay in getting the
work along as rapidly as was expect-
ed owing to scarcity of help. It was
now hoped to have the power here by
the first of July at latest. This year
the council hoped to get better drain-
age through as one of the objectives,
besides the Currie drain improvement
which would be under way in a few
days.
Mr. Simpson said the people of
Glencoe do not properly realize what
a gold mine they have in their railway
facilities. He thought the farmers
and townspeople should co-operate in
making this one of the leading towns
in Ontario.
Mr. Sulter was glad to see W. A.
Currie, a recently returned soldier, in
attendance and taking an interest in
the meeting. Mr. Currie briefly ac-
knowledged the compliment and was
heartily cheered.
Election of an executive committee
for the ensuing year was deferred un-
til another meeting, to be held shortly.

"BILL" DOBIE FAREWELLED
A chicken supper was held at Mc-
Lachlan's restaurant on Friday even-
ing in honor of W. J. Dobie of London,
who recently left Glencoe to reside in
that city. Fifty of the gentlemen
friends and well-wishers of Mr. Dobie
sat at the tables and an enjoyable so-
cial evening was spent. C. O. Smith,
president of the Athletic Association,
introduced among other speakers Revs.
Garbutt, Lloyd and Charlton, G. A.
Dickson and James McAlpine, all of
whom spoke very highly of Mr. Dobie
and regretted that a young man so
keenly alive to church work and in
sporting circles was being lost to
Glencoe. During the early part of
the evening "Bill," as he is familiarly
known in the hockey rink and on the
baseball diamond, was made the re-
cipient of a handsome club bag. Af-
terwards a smoker and euche party
was held at the Oddfellows' Hall.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL
—Miss Jean Egan of Appin spent
Sunday at Dr. McIntyre's.
—Aunt George Grant of Belle River spent
Monday at his home here.
—Mrs. W. A. Currie is spending a
few days in Toronto this week.
—Joseph Munroe of Strathroy was
here for a couple of days last week.
—Mr. and Mrs. John Strachan were
at Strathroy last week attending the
funeral of Mrs. Strachan's mother,
Mrs. Milliken.
—Mrs. L. D. Tait has returned to
her home in Rochester, N. Y., after
visiting Mrs. Diggon.
—Mrs. Neil Leitch of Strathroy
spent a few days with relatives in
Glencoe and Kilmartin.
—Ferg. Huston of London was in
town on Tuesday to see his sister,
Mrs. George Parrott, who is seriously
ill.
—Lorne McCallum of Sarnia and
Mrs. Chas. Needham of Hilderton spent
the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Geo.
McCallum.
—Among those who attended the
funeral of the late Mrs. Donald Mc-
Rae, whose remains were brought
here from Windsor for interment on
Wednesday last were Mr. and Mrs. W.
D. McIntyre and John A. McRae, De-
troit, and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Laughlin
and son Donald and Mrs. Thatcher,
Windsor.

FORTY YEARS AGO
Dressed hogs \$5 per cwt.
Clover seed dull of sale at \$2.50 per
bushel.
J. Leing shoots a bear in Brooke
township.
T. W. Evans opens a jewelry store
in Glencoe.
The "fifteen" puzzle is a popular
brain-twister.
Work starts on building for the
Glencoe Bank.
George Middlemiss killed on rail-
road at Newbury.
Alex. Crawford sells Roy Roy road
at Newbury to Alex. Graydon.
Rev. Beamer inducted pastor of
Presbyterian church at Wardville.
Council asks Great Western Rail-
way to open a crossing at Victoria
street, Glencoe.
West Middlesex license commis-
sioners—Thos. Gordon, Singleton Gibb,
Thos. Northcott.
Campbell & Lindsay, carriage build-
ers at Glencoe, make shipment of their
vehicles to Manitoba.
Proposed to dam the River Thames
at a cost of \$500,000 and make it na-
vigable from London to Chatham.
Andrew Wilson resigns as clerk of
the division court at Glencoe, and his
son George is appointed in his stead.

Blank oil leases for sale at The
Transcript office.
Old papers for sale at The Tran-
script office.

BERLIN UNDER MARTIAL LAW: MUCH FIGHTING IN OTHER DISTRICTS

Spartans Control Mining Region — President Ebert and Cabinet Return to Berlin—Reds Gaining in West Germany.

Coblenz, March 21.—The Spartans gained control of the Ruhr district today. The Red army won Duisburg, Gagnon, Mulheim and Mettmann, west of Elberfeld.

A report at noon states that the State troops from Duisburg have cut their way through to Dinslaken, south of Weasel, where a State troop concentration is apparently taking place.

A direct report from Duisburg says that a Soviet Government has been set up there. No private telephone conversations are permitted except for the procuring of food and coal.

Three thousand persons were killed in the fighting at Leipzig before the Government troops captured the town Friday, according to statements made by three American business men who arrived here to-night from Leipzig, which place they left Saturday night.

Up to Wednesday there was strike agitation in Leipzig against the Kapp regime, then anarchy and Soviet control until the Government troops shelled the Volkshaus and Labor headquarters Friday afternoon.

There were 2,000 persons in the building, who were shot down as they made their exit. The shells finally set fire to the building, killing other hundreds.

Berlin, March 21.—Berlin is under rigid martial law and the troops are preventing a renewal of the last two days' battles, but there is much fighting in other places in Germany.

It is reported that the Communists held Dortmund, Duesberg, Meulheim, Dusseldorf, Gotha and Cottbus.

Severe measures, amounting to a state of siege, were placed in effect today by President Ebert for Berlin. All persons are ordered off the streets after sundown, and anyone carrying arms will be shot without further parley.

All Schwerin is torn by a general strike and plundering.

In the Vogtland coal district the Communists are gaining the upper hand. The miners threaten to destroy the mines if the Communists are defeated.

All Thuringia is reported in control of the Soviets except the Weimar district.

The total dead in Dresden to date is sixty-eight. There is a general strike in Pomerania.

In the suburbs of Stuttgart the crowds are parading and firing revolvers indiscriminately.

After serious fighting Keil again is in the hands of the Government.

At Kassel a crowd tried to storm the military headquarters. Seventeen were killed and eighty-four wounded.

Gotha is in the power of the Radicals.

The general strike is practically over at Hanover. Work has been resumed.

The rebel troops left Breslau yesterday, flying flags of the old colors. A great crowd jeered and hooded, and general shooting followed. It was not ordered, even the troops firing on each other. Many people and soldiers were killed and wounded.

President Ebert returned to Berlin from Stuttgart at 11 o'clock this morning. The entire Cabinet is in Berlin and has been sitting since two o'clock this afternoon.

The state of siege in Berlin and the Province of Brandenburg was raised Saturday afternoon, it was announced officially today.

The streets of Berlin, for the first time in a week, present a peaceable aspect today.

London, March 21.—Government advice received from Germany today are to the effect that the Independent Socialists are demanding further concessions on the part of the Government, probably because the Communists are gaining the upper hand in West Germany.

The advices from Essen, Dusseldorf and Elberfeld indicated that all three towns were in the hands of the Spartans; that something approaching anarchy was taking place in Essen, and that fighting was continuing in Leipzig.

Our Bacon "Snapped Up At Once."

"Why don't you ship more Canadian bacon?" This is a question asked us from one coast and Scotland to the other. It was a source of great regret that I had to reply that Canadian packers were not able to ship more bacon because more hogs were not being produced in the country.

In these words, Eric Gen, J. A. Gen, President of Gunn's Limited, Toronto, who has just returned from Great Britain, where he spent three months investigating conditions, stated the position of the Canadian bacon industry.

"Concluding evidence of the value of Canadian bacon on the English market and a fact which the country will be sure to be interested in," he went on, "is that while shipments of bacon from other countries may be put into storage from time to time because of lack of demand, yet not one pound of Canadian bacon goes into storage in England. It is snapped up for immediate consumption as fast as it arrives. Besides, for every case of Canadian bacon sold, the buyer has to take a few cases of other brands. The popularity of Canadian bacon makes it possible to distribute with it grades which are not so popular to fill orders."

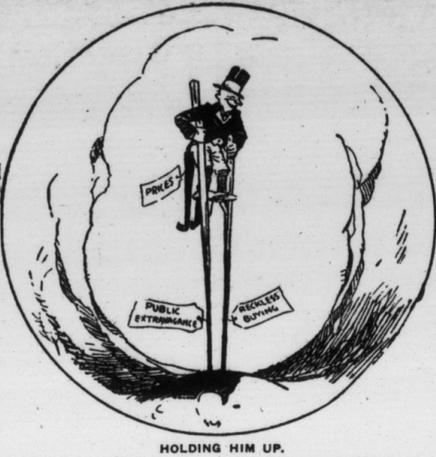
"I explained to business men that high prices for grain feeds and the uncertain market conditions of the past season had seriously curtailed hog production in Canada. But I believe the prospects for the future are so good that the preservation of our breeding stocks is a vital national concern which should engage the attention of all classes. If there is one thing which should convince a Canadian farmer that our bacon has a place for itself on the British market it is that the price being paid in Canada for hogs is far in excess of what the American farmer is getting. Previous to the war, Canadian bacon found its way into certain parts of England only. Today, wherever you go, from Land's End to John O'Groats, you find the consuming public familiar with Canadian bacon and asking for it. After a close study of the markets of Great Britain and Europe, I consider that if Canada is to reap the reward commensurate with the service she must follow it up by a national peace effort. The name of 'Canada' is the finest introduction to European markets today. No one class in Canada must endeavor to impose upon this international trade situation any conditions which will jeopardize the position of our country."

British Air Liner to be Put in Trade Service

London, March 21.—The R-34, the British air-liner which crossed the Atlantic, is to be used in commercial service between England, Scandinavia and the continent, according to an announcement made today.

The R-33 and R-34 arrived Saturday at the Howden Airfield, in Hull, after a trip from Pulham, Norfolk.

Hull is considered the probable starting point of the commercial air service with Scandinavia.



HOLDING HIM UP.

WARSHIP FLEET FOR CANADA Britain Offers Dominion Ships Worth \$16,500,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Examination of the report of Admiral Jellicoe, recently tabled in the House of Commons, shows that the British Government is prepared to present to Canada a fleet of ships which, at present prices, would be worth \$16,500,000, and at present prices would have a much higher value. These vessels, as indicated in table number four of the Admiral's report, are as follows:—One light cruiser, four torpedo-boat destroyers, eight patrol boats, one flotilla leader, eight submarines and four mine-sweepers. In connection with the gift of these vessels, the suggestion of Admiral Jellicoe is that Canada adopt a naval scheme the cost of which for the first year would be \$6,800,000. Of this amount however, \$800,000 would be used for the construction of ships, which could be postponed until a convenient date, and \$500,000 more would be for erection of defenses, maintenance of mine-sweepers, etc., which apparently need not be undertaken immediately. The necessary expenditure to give Canada a small navy, which would have necessitated no capital outlay, will therefore appear to be about \$4,500,000 annually.

Admiral Jellicoe's scheme provides for an increase by construction of new cruisers in Canada, but this need not be undertaken until the finances of the country would warrant it. Until these vessels are built the annual expenditure would be between four and a half and five million dollars.

In connection with the manning of the vessels, it is understood that a personnel of 1,500 officers and men would be required for this purpose. As a result of the war the Canadian navy has now 500 well-trained men on the books of the ships, and a number of other men who served during the war and acquired considerable experience would probably be ready to enlist.

Sinn Feiners' Chiefs Rounded Up at Kerry

Dublin, March 21.—There was a roundup of prominent Sinn Feiners throughout Kerry yesterday. A number of them were put aboard a destroyer by the military authorities, their destination presumably being an English prison.

The conditions under which Justice Moore and Justice Gordon are held in court at Roscommon are considered indicative of the precautions being made to protect some of the public men.

Six armed policemen guard their lodgings at night, others follow their carriage when they drive to the court, and while they are presiding at sessions the court-room is guarded by plainclothesmen.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

Mayor of Cork Shot in His Home

Latest Irish Victim Prominent Sinn Feiner.

A despatch from London says:—The Lord Mayor of Cork was shot dead at 1 o'clock on Saturday morning. The revolver was fired by masked persons, whose identity is unknown. They entered his residence, and after firing the shot, escaped in an automobile.

A half-dozen men knocked at the door of the home of the Lord Mayor, Thomas MacGurk. Mrs. MacGurk opened the door and the men rushed in. Some of them held her while others ran upstairs to the Mayor's bedroom. They took him to the landing and shot him in the chest. They then fled hurriedly.

Mrs. MacGurk telephoned immediately for a doctor and a priest. The Mayor died soon after the arrival of the priest.

Mayor MacGurk, who is a prominent Sinn Feiner, was interned after the Easter Rebellion.

Twenty-seven police and Government employees had been assassinated in Ireland since January 1 of last year, according to an official announcement made in the House of Commons Thursday by the Chief Secretary for Ireland, James Ian MacDonnell.

The latest previous outrage in the Cork district was perpetrated on the night of March 11, when Constable Scully was shot at Glenties. Two soldiers and a number of civilians were killed by gangs in the same vicinity the day before.

Allies Warn Turks Regarding Massacres

A despatch from Constantinople says:—The Allied High Commissioner here has issued a statement declaring that the Allies have no intention of destroying the authority of the Sultan, but wish to strengthen his power. It also says the Allies will adhere to their intention not to deprive the Turks of Constantinople, but that they may be compelled to modify this decision if massacres and disorders continue.

The Allies have occupied the Ministries of War and Navy and assumed control of the posts, telegraphs and telephones, which have been temporarily suspended. Shipping also has been suspended.

Workers' Vengeance On Baltic Soldiers

A despatch from Berlin says:—Police and workmen are now hunting down scattered Baltic soldiers still in the city. Four officers trying to escape in an automobile were halted by the police tank at the Brandenburg Gate. The officers used their revolvers and a grenade, but were immediately overpowered and slain. Several civilians were wounded in the fight.

Weekly Market Report

Breadstuffs
Toronto, Mar. 21.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.80; No. 2 Northern, \$2.77.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., \$1.00; No. 3 C.W., 97½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 97½¢; No. 1 feed, 96½¢; No. 2 feed, 95½¢; in store Fort William.
Manitoba barley—No. 3 C.W., \$1.75; No. 4 C.W., \$1.35; rejected, \$1.42; in store Fort William.
American corns, 65¢ to 66¢; choice No. 1 yellow, \$1.83, track Toronto; prompt shipment.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, \$1.00 to \$1.02, according to freight; No. 1 winter, per car, \$2.00 to \$2.01; No. 2 do, \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3 do, \$1.92 to \$1.93, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight.
Ontario wheat—No. 1 spring, per car lot, \$2.02 to \$2.03; No. 2 do, \$1.98 to \$2.07; No. 3 do, \$1.90 to \$2.01, f.o.b. shipping points according to freight.
Peas—No. 2, \$3.00.
Barley—Malt, \$1.80 to \$1.82, according to quality.
Buckwheat—\$1.65 to \$1.70, according to freight outside.
Rye—No. 3, \$1.85 to \$1.88, according to freight outside.
Flour—Government standard, \$13.25, Toronto.
Ontario flour—Government standard, \$10.80 to \$11.00, Montreal; \$11.00 in Toronto in jute bags, prompt shipment.
Milled—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freight, bags included—Bran, per ton, \$45; shorts, per ton, \$52; good feed flour, \$3.60 to \$3.75.
Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$28.00 to \$30.00; mixed, per ton, \$27.00 track, Toronto.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$16.00 to \$17.00, track, Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale
Eggs—New laid, 56¢ to 60¢; Butter—Creamery, 65¢ to 66¢; choice dairy prints, 55¢ to 57¢; Ordinary dairy prints, 48¢ to 51¢; Bakers, 45¢ to 48¢; Oleomargarine (best grade) 31¢ to 35¢; Cheese—Large, 29¢ to 30¢; Swiss, 30¢ to 30½¢; Honey—White, 60's, 25¢; 10's, 26¢; 5's, 27¢; Churning Cream—Toronto buttermakers are offering 68¢ per lb, f.o.b. shipping points, for churning cream.

Provisions—Wholesale
Smoked meats—Ribs, 30¢ to 31¢; hams, medium, 36¢ to 38¢; heavy, 35¢ to 36¢; cooked hams, 50¢ to 52¢; backs, plain, 48¢ to 50¢; backs, boneless, 52¢ to 56¢; breakfast bacon, 42¢ to 46¢; cottage rolls, 35¢ to 34¢.
Barrelled meats—Pickled pork, \$46; mess pork, \$46.
Green meats—Out of pickle less than smoked.
Dry salted meats—Long clears, in tons, 32½¢; in cases, 28¢ to 29¢; clear bellies, 27¢ to 28½¢; fat backs, 32¢ to 33¢.
Lard—Tierces, 30¢ to 30½¢; tubs, 30½¢ to 31¢; pails, 30½¢ to 31¢; prints, 31½¢ to 32¢. Compound lard, tierces, 28½¢ to 29¢; tubs, 29¢ to 29½¢; pails, 29½¢ to 29¢; prints, 31¢ to 31½¢.

Live Stock Markets
Toronto, Mar. 21.—Choice heavy steers, \$18.50 to \$19.25; good heavy steers, \$12.50 to \$13.25; butcher's cattle, choice, \$12.50 to \$13.25; do, good, \$11.25 to \$11.75; do, medium, \$10.50 to \$10.75; do, common, \$8.00 to \$8.50; Bulls, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.50; do, medium, \$9.50 to \$10.00; do, rough, \$7.50 to \$8.00; Butcher's cows, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.50; do, good, \$9.50 to \$10.00; do, medium, \$8.75 to \$9.25; do, common, 7.50 to \$8.00; Stockers, \$8.50 to \$10.50; Feeders, \$10.00 to \$11.00; Canners and cutters, \$6.25 to \$6.50; Milkers, good to choice, \$10.00 to \$10.50; do, poor, \$8.00 to \$8.50; do, common, \$7.00 to \$7.50; Springers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; Lambs, per cwt., \$18.00 to \$22.00; Sheep, \$7.00 to \$14.00; Hogs, fed and dressed, \$20.25; do, weighed off cars, \$20.50; do, f.o.b., \$19.25; do, do, country points, \$19.00.
Montreal, Mar. 21.—Butcher steers, common, \$9.50 to \$11.00; common, \$7.00 to \$9.50; butchers cows, medium, \$6.00 to \$7.00; butcher bulls, common, \$8.25 to \$9.50; good veal, \$15.00 to \$17.00; medium, \$10.00 to \$15.00; grass, \$7.00 to \$7.50; ewes, \$12.00 to \$14.00; lambs, good, \$17.00 to \$18.00; common, \$15.00; Hogs, \$20.25; weights, select, \$21.00; lights, \$20.00 to \$21.00; sows, \$17.00.

CANADIAN CREDIT FOR SERBIA
\$20,000,000 to Purchase Agricultural and Other Machinery.

A despatch from London says:—A credit of \$20,000,000 has been requested of Canada by the Serbian Government. The purpose of the credit will be to finance the purchase of Canadian goods which Serbia requires for the development of its potentialities, which are said to be greater than those of any other Balkan nation.

D. M. Stewart, formerly member of the Canadian Bankers' Association and now representing Canadian interests in Serbia, has approached the Dominion authorities in London to endorse the request. In a memorandum which he has presented he states that the Serbians are progressive and industrious, but have been represented otherwise by German propagandists; that the natural resources of the country, including all the territories awarded to it in the dismemberment of the Austrian Empire, are very great, and that its Government is stable and capable. The goods it requires are chiefly mining machinery, rolling stock of all kinds, structural material and agricultural machinery, all of which Canada can supply.

It will be remembered that Serbia was one of the countries originally recommended for accommodation by Lloyd Harris, but it was refused.

CANADA'S TRADE ON INCREASE
Growth Totals \$103,926,832 in Eleven Months.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—An increase of \$103,926,832 in the grand total of Canadian trade for the eleven months of the fiscal year ending February 29, as compared with the same period last year, is shown by the monthly statement issued from the Customs Department. For the eleven months which ended on February 29 last the total of Canadian trade, both imports and exports, was \$2,110,540,504, while for the same period in 1919 it reached a total of \$2,006,613,672. The increase in imports during the eleven months' period as compared with the previous year is \$77,324,941, and in exports \$29,987,794.

Great increases are shown by the statement in the total value of dutiable agricultural products imported, which rose from approximately sixty-five million dollars for the last fiscal year to one hundred and ten millions for the present year. The value of textiles and textile products imported and subject to duty, of iron and steel and their products, and of animal and animal products during the eleven month period this year is greater than it was during the same period a year ago.

In the export column increases are shown in the value of domestic agricultural products sent out of the country, as well as animals and animal products, paper, etc., was also much greater this year than last.

Krupp Works Make Cash Registers

A despatch from Berlin says:—The huge Krupp Works, now partly closed, are employing 45,000 men. During the war 115,000 men were employed. Agricultural machinery and cash registers are being made instead of guns and shells.

Willie Had Hand in Hand Conspiracy

A despatch from London says:—The British Government has received strong evidence that the former Crown Prince is implicated in the conspiracy which brought about the military coup in Berlin. This explains why the Dutch have doubled the guards and sent destroyers to watch Wieringen Island. The British are satisfied the former Kaiser was not connected with the coup.

"King" of Syria Not Recognized

A despatch from London says:—The British and French Governments have notified Prince Feisal, son of the King of the Hedjaz, that they cannot recognize the validity of the decision of the Damascus Congress which proclaimed him King of Syria.

The Prince has been invited to come to Europe to state his case.

Umbrella Harness

Harness that has been patented to carry an umbrella over a person's head and leave his hands free, employs a belt and shoulder straps to hold the rod up the centre of his back.

One may become bad without bad intentions, but he can never become good without good intentions.

The Baltic town of Balwatsch, on the borders of Russia, is peopled by men only. Women are forbidden entrance there.

A Baffling Case.

A physician who writes of some of the interesting experiences of his life in the following amusing story: When I was attending medical college, our old professor of materia medica and general practice told us one day that he had a remarkable case that he proposed to exhibit the next morning in clinic.

"I have persuaded the man to allow you to examine him in the interests of science," he said. "You will each make an independent diagnosis in writing."

The patient appeared the next day. He was a big, strapping fellow, and, without any preliminaries, he peeped off his clothes and took his place on the table. We examined him in squads, thumping his chest, listening to his lungs, feeling his pulse, taking his temperature, and doing everything else we could think of.

I soon discovered valvular disease of the heart in an advanced stage, but, according to the rule, said nothing, and wrote my report.

I set up nearby on a high stool, and diagnosis. When the professor took his place on the platform at lecture hour his desk was heaped high with our written reports.

"Well, gentlemen," he said blandly, "I find here forty-six diagnoses, each describing a different disease. I consider the variety of your discoveries as very remarkable, especially," he paused and deliberately polished his eyeglasses, "especially gentlemen, as there was nothing whatever the matter with the patient."

The silence that ensued was so thick that it seemed to us you could have cut it with an axe.



The roads indicated will be built by the Province during the next five years at an expenditure in the neighborhood of eighteen million dollars. The Federal Government pays six million dollars or forty per cent, and the municipalities through which the highway passes 20 per cent of the cost of construction. The maintenance charge will be borne by the Province and municipalities.

U.F.O.—U.F.W.O.

A just cause. This was dealt with in our last issue—not fairly, for there are so many sides to this question—but sufficiently to vindicate our claim. We shall confine the discussion this week to the matter of organization, why organize? Let us clearly understand that the only just reason that any industrial factor of national life can give for organization is that its workers may thus do more effective work as national factors.

It is very desirable, of course, that the industry flourish for the person at benefit of those interested in it. But that is not enough. No class, in a democracy, has the right to a property out of proportion to its national value, and attained at the expense of other necessary national industries.

The farming, as an industry, has no national status, needs no proof. We have at the present time Provincial status, but examine the personnel of any national Board, even the "Wheat Board," and notice the very limited representation that agriculturists is given. A town woman represents the farm women on an existing national committee to-day. She is president of the W. L. and a very nice, capable woman, but utterly unacquainted with rural conditions. She could represent urban women thoroughly.

How many farmers were on Food Boards, etc., during those years of stress. Upon what products were prices set absolutely? Just one—wheat. All other set prices provided for a stated profit, and the rate of profit on many manufactured articles of absolute necessity, both of food and clothing, was and is a standing disgrace to Canada. These profits were shown by appointed Commissions to range as high as 80% on some food products, and from 7% to 31% on material for clothing.

It is interesting to note that the profits of a co-operative company are limited to 7%, while those of a private individual or corporate firm are not really limited at all, for the watershed which all such carry makes evasion of the law a matter of no great difficulty.

As units, the farming element of this country has entirely failed to establish for itself any status or to exert any influence either for self-aggrandisement or self-protection. Much less has it been any safeguard for other industries, even though the absolute necessities for food and clothing are produced by it. Through organization it has begun to make itself felt.

The Grain Growers of the West handled the wheat for the Allies during the war. Their business last year amounted to about \$800,000,000. Our Ontario company transacted about \$8,000,000 last year.

If, and when, the farmer becomes so organized that, like the workers of other industries, he can control his business, farming will become financially sound. That it is not on a paying basis to-day is proven by four outstanding facts: 1. The decrease of rural population; 2. No farm can be rented for interest on investment; 3. No farm can be sold for value of land and buildings if the latter be in any degree modern; 4. Organized capital is not investing in agriculture. These must be overcome and can only be done through organization. Raising strawberries, tobacco, sugar beets, pure-bred cattle, is not going to decrease the cost of staple necessities of food. These lines of farming, and these alone, pay.

Through organization we must compel our legislators to give to agriculture, the basic industry of our country, the consideration its worth demands. Sir John A. Macdonald used to say that the farmer never asked anything and therefore never got anything, and as a class we actually took that remark as a compliment, though probably the great statement intended it to be a reproach to us, for if we "got nothing" we could not prosper as a class and if the basic industry failed to prosper, what of those based upon it?—Margery Mills.

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Harness that has been patented to carry an umbrella over a person's head and leave his hands free, employs a belt and shoulder straps to hold the rod up the centre of his back.

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SOUTHWARD HO! CRY POLAR PARTY

BY AIRPLANE, SHIP, AND
SLEDGES.

British Explorers to Make Complete Survey of Ant- arctic Continent.

To Antarctica, roof of the world, for six years' work, is shortly to sail the most completely outfitted polar expedition ever assembled. Alas for romance, however, its aim is not glory, but a complete commercial survey of the white continent and the encircling seas. The British Imperial Antarctic Expedition, as it is called, is backed by great governmental, scientific, and financial interests, which have raised \$750,000 to insure its complete success.

First of all, cartographers want the coast line charted, and limits found for the great central plateau. Then, they ask, does the mountain chain along the west coast of Ross Sea stretch unbroken across the continent, forming a continuation, except for 650 miles, of the South American Andes? Here, obviously, is work for the expedition's airplane, of which again, more later. With the nation's pocket-book in mind, Britain wants to know the extent of the coal, manganese, granite, marble, and ruby deposits already located. Where, again, are the breeding places, the secret rendezvous of the whales, 12,000 of whom in a recent year yielded \$10,000,000 worth of oil, glycerin, soap, margarine, fertilizer, and other by-products? Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa want Antarctica's climate charted, that the meteorologists at home may trace the cyclones of the southern hemisphere from their inception. Scientists throughout the world, finally, are demanding information of electrical conditions near the pole, that they may found on established fact their intricate studies in terrestrial magnetism.

On the Stout Ship "Terra Nova." The ship chosen to bear the party to Antarctica is the "Terra Nova," a seasoned whaler whose wooden sides have withstood the battering of many voyages within the polar circle. The vessel was first heard of when it went to Wellington, New Zealand, in 1910. Admirers think its strength and general layout, the captain later chose it to bear him southward in 1910 on the trip that won the pole but cost his life. But the "Terra Nova" of 1920 is to be even better adapted to her work than the ship of 1910.

Thus splendidly equipped, the British Imperial Antarctic Expedition will sail from England in June of this year. Wellington, New Zealand, will be the last port of call, and will be left behind in October. A thousand miles through the mingled waters of the Indian and Pacific oceans will then bring the adventurers to the limit of the floating ice, and a day or two later, to Macquarie Island, which will be surveyed in short order. Another southward journey of the same length, through constantly thickening ice floes, will bring them to Scott Island, where three scientists, with their hut, will be marooned for a year's investigation. The ship will now be in the midst of the pack, ceaselessly dodging icebergs, and often ramming the scattered floes, which in a few months will cement themselves into a continuous mass, Antarctica's "summer" months, it must be remembered, are November, December, January, and February. During this time the unsetting sun brings the mercury very nearly to 50 deg. F. This the explorers call "hot weather."

To Pole by Airplane. Meanwhile, the "Terra Nova" will have sailed along the barrier's 400-mile front to the Bay of Whales, where the airplane will be put together, and a start made, about Christmas Day, 1920, for the pole, 800 miles to the south. A nonstop flight unfortunately will be impossible, as the level expanse of the barrier is terminated, 400 miles to the south, by the mountainous escarpments of the central plateau. So, at the foot of Axel Heiberg Glacier, discovered and named by Amundsen during his rush to the pole in 1911, will be established a depot of food and gasoline. Lightened in every possible way, the big plane will then rise from the barrier surface, make its spiral climb for altitude, and finally dart southward at 11,000 feet. If the plane comes to grief on the polar plateau, the crew of three, under Captain Wilkins, will attempt to draw their sledge back to the depot. On their return to the Bay of Whales the "Terra Nova" will pick them up, then cruise north at full speed, for the days will be growing short and the pack will be showing a desire to catch and hold the ship for the winter.

The plane is expected to prove valuable, too, for the transportation of supplies sent inland from the ship. The "Terra Nova" will, of course, be locked in the pack ice every winter, but probably far enough from shore to escape the annihilation which overtook Shackleton's "Endurance" in 1915. In the early summer of 1925, if everything goes well, the "Terra Nova" will reach New Harbour once more, take aboard the long-exiled scientists with their precious reports and specimen cases, and sail north for Wellington, which should be reached in February, the following year.

America's Pioneer Dog Medicine
DOG DISEASES
How to Feed
Dialled Free to any Ad-
dress by the Author,
H. Gray Glover Co., Inc.,
115 West 121st Street,
New York, U.S.A.

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SINCE 1870
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CURE

GRAY'S SYRUP
RED SPRUCE GUM
For Coughs, Colds,
and relief of in-
flammatory conditions
of the throat arising
from Bronchial, Asthmatic
affections and
derangements of the
Respiratory Organs.
Prepared from Spruce
Gum and other medi-
cinal agents. Success-
fully used for 60 years.

GRAY'S SYRUP
RED SPRUCE GUM
Always buy the Large Size

OUT O' LUCK
Never mind! Just take
Cascarets if Bilious,
Constipated

Everyone must occasionally give to the bowels some regular help or else suffer from constipation, bilious attacks, stomach disorders and sick headache. But do not whip the bowels into activity with harsh cathartics.

What the liver and bowels need is a gentle and natural tonic, one that can constantly be used without harm. The gentlest liver and bowel tonic is "Cascarets." They put the liver to work and cleanse the colon and bowels of all waste, toxins and poisons without griping—they never sicken or inconvenience you like Calomel, Salts, Oil, or Purgatives.

Twenty-five million boxes of Cascarets are sold each year. They work while you sleep. Cascarets cost so little too.

In Smoky Glasgow. A thrifty Glasgow man was approached by his small son the other day with regard to a birthday present. Sandy pondered over the matter for some time, and then said: "No, I can't give you a present, but if you are a good laddie I'll clean the windows so that you can see the buses go by!"

Buy Thrift Stamps.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

SPRING WEATHER HARD ON BABY

The Canadian Spring weather—one day mild and bright; the next raw and blustery, is extremely hard on the baby. Conditions are such that the mother cannot take the little one out for the fresh air so much to be desired. He is confined to the house which is often over-heated and badly ventilated. He catches cold; his little stomach and bowels become disordered and the mother soon has a sick baby to look after. To prevent this an occasional dose of Baby's Own Tablets should be given. They regulate the stomach and bowels, thus preventing or relieving colds, simple fevers, colic or any other of the many minor ills of childhood. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Do Comets Send Disease?

A scientist has stated that comets actually sprinkle our world with disease germs!

The old belief that pestilence follows in the wake of meteors may, therefore, have a great deal of truth in it.

A short time ago a meteor fell into Lake Michigan, U.S.A., and since then the attention of scientists has been focused upon the fact that our earth is at present undergoing the greatest known visitation of comets.

The pestilence known as the Black Death, which visited Europe and Asia in the fifteenth century, and caused the most appalling mortality, followed the visit of a great comet.

The mysterious influenza from which the world has suffered so much lately began soon after we were immersed in the tail of Halley's comet.

It has been proved that while some comets are only masses of gas, most of them are made up of enormous swarms of meteors of all sizes.

Scientists, including Lord Kelvin and Sir Oliver Lodge, hold that the majority of comets are fragments of worlds torn to pieces by some cause or other. In those comets which originated in the destruction of worlds, the disease germs or organisms would have been carried away with the debris and remained in a dormant state in the cold of space.

There is no limit to the time certain germs can remain asleep. They are known to remain dormant for countless ages in the sun-baked deserts of the world and on the frozen soil of the Poles.

When, therefore, these germs are projected into our temperate atmosphere by comets, it is thought by authorities that they awaken from their long sleep and are again rendered active and dangerous to the earth's inhabitants.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

From All Quarters.

The Japanese Government is going to equip its railway trains with wireless, to be used in place of other signals which sometimes fail during storms.

A wange craft, suggestive of an ark, is being built in his garden by an adventurous man at Oakland, California. He and his daughter propose to sail round the world in it.

A Swiss milkmaid with a musical voice obtains better wages than one who cannot sing, as a cow that is soothed with a pleasing melody during milking will, it is said, yield one-fifth more milk.

A mechanical painter is being used for painting canyons in the omnibus factory in Caledonian Road, London. It does in two and a half minutes work that ordinarily takes two and a half hours.

The first lifeboat ever made is still in existence in Yorkshire. It was constructed in 1802, to be used "for saving life in storms or other dangers to ships." A poor shipwright invented and made it, and Parliament considered his labor and skill so meritorious that it voted him the sum of \$6,000.

AFTER EFFECTS OF INFLUENZA OFTEN SERIOUS

Victims Are Left Weak, Tired
and Mentally Depressed—Tonic
Treatment is Strongly
Recommended.

No pestilence in years has caused more widespread suffering than the epidemic of influenza which swept over Canada in the fall and winter of 1918-19 and again this winter. The danger from this trouble is seldom over when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, headache and the depression of spirits have passed away. Influenza leaves behind it a mental and physical weakness, impaired digestion and over-sensitive nerves. Men and women who were robust before stricken with influenza find their bodies racked by pains previously unknown to them. This condition is due to an abnormal thinning of the blood and leaves the system an easy prey to other serious troubles. This is the time when the organism weakened by influenza should build up the blood, with a reliable blood-making tonic such as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Weak blood means impoverished nerves, impaired digestion, a feeling of tiredness after even slight exertion, and sometimes even more serious symptoms. When the blood regains its rich, red quality the organs of the body function naturally. In fact, building up the blood will vitalize the whole system.

The experience of Mr. Andrew Marty, Bathurst, N.B., will prove of value to a host of influenza sufferers who still suffer from the effects of the disease. Mr. Marty says:—"The new life and consequently new hope brought into my life through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is almost beyond my power of expression. Following a severe attack of influenza in 1918 I found myself rapidly falling in health, and was naturally much alarmed. I began to lose in weight, could not eat, did not sleep well, and in a word I was reduced to a mere shadow of my former self. I was forced to discontinue work because of my weakened condition and things had a very blue outlook. I tried a number of suggested remedies, but without benefit. And then one day Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were suggested to me. I acted on my friend's advice, began taking these pills and soon felt an improvement. Every day I seemed to grow stronger, and after four weeks' treatment I felt fully restored to my old-time health. From my own experience I feel that, if given a fair trial, there is no medicine superior to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in building up a run down system."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic, a stimulant. They build up the blood, and not only the disastrous after-effects of influenza but also troubles due to poor blood, such as anemia, rheumatism, indigestion and the generally worn-out feeling that affects so many people, disappear. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

RHEUMATISM

This is just the season when rheumatism with its grinding pain and stiffening of joints gets hold of you. Fight it with

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules bring certain relief, and permanent results. They are recommended by doctors, and used by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.04 a box, or write to Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto. Dated anywhere on receipt of price.

ASTHMA

Templeton's RAZ-MAN Capsules are guaranteed to relieve ASTHMA. Don't suffer another day. Write Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto, for free sample. Rheumatic capsules sell them at \$1.04 a box.

A One-Legged Skater.

The unconquerable spirit of the crippled veteran has seldom manifested itself so strikingly as in the case of a mechanical draftsman of Toronto, who before the war was an accomplished skater. When, as a British soldier, he lost a leg in France, his skating days seemed past. Returning to Canada, however, he applied himself patiently to his old art, and eventually learned to skate once more. Now he has become so skillful with his one skate that public exhibitions take up much of his spare time.

Marion Bridge, C.B., May 20, '22.

I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

Sandy had been staying with some friends for about a month, and while he and his host were out for a walk one day they called at a wayside inn for a drink. As his host was about to pay for it Sandy stopped him. "No," he said, "I'll not allow it. You've been keeping me in everything at your house for a month, and you've treated me to the theatres and cab fares and paid for all the drinks. I tell you, I'll have a martini of it; we'll toss for one."

MONEY ORDERS.

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

Thoroughness and concentration are undoubtedly necessary to success. Half-hearted work never pays. Unless your work becomes your pleasure it is not good work. It will not succeed.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.

With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. "Truly! No humbug!"

GET SLOAN'S FOR YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheumatic twinge, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce.

Won't stain the skin, leaves no marks, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Made in Canada, 70c, \$1.10.

Sloan's
LUBRICANTS
Keep it handy

ED. 7. ISSUE No. 13-20.

BITS OF HUMOR

As Seen Through Love's Eyes:
Mr. Justwed—"Here's my discharge from the army. Nice, isn't it?"
His Bride—"Let see. 'Had gray eyes, brown hair, light complexion—' Why, Edwin, that's horrid. It doesn't say a word about those dear amber glints in your eyes, nor that soft, tempting wave of your hair, nor your simply adorable complexion."

MEN-ATTENTION!



**"Real" Clothing
"Real" Values**

Get a Line on Your Easter Suit Now, while the fishing is good. Get away from the cheap hand-me-downs. Get clothing of the better kind, better tailored, more correctly styled and moderately priced.

Suits for Dressy Young Men Suits for Business Wear Suits for Everyone

Drop in and compare our fine range of the Better Quality Clothing hung up in clean clothing cabinets ready to put right on. Prices from \$18.50 to \$45.

A big saving in Boys' Clothing and a large choice, if you buy early.

That New "King" Hat

For Easter—\$4, \$4.50 and \$5. Selected with the greatest care to get quality, style and price so good that our customers can rely upon our carefully bought stock.

Spring, 1920, in All Departments

Our stock has been selected with the greatest care in every department, and we have ready the finest assortment of Spring and Summer Merchandise that it has been our privilege to show. We have the stock, and you are sure to find just what will appeal to the taste and requirements of the careful, shrewd buyer.

Good styles with price moderation are outstanding features of our showing. "Garments of the better kind" at popular prices.

Attractive Porch Dresses

Made from fine quality Gingham and Zephyrs, \$3.75 to \$9.50.

High-class Middy and Novelty Smocks—\$2 to \$3.50

"Jack Tar" brand, that difference to make them much in demand, selling fast.

Sport Wash Shirts

Made by "Specialty House." Away from the ordinary—\$3.50 to \$6.50—see them.

Our Exceptionally Good Range and Values in Silks

Bringing this store increased business. Compare our values, and see just what good styles we carry. Buy early as repeat orders cost us a good deal more. Prices \$1.50 to \$3.75.

All Wool "Botany" Serge

In navy and black. A special quality for suits of better kind. Prices \$4.50 and \$5.50, wide width.

After the flu protect your health by purchasing Footwear of the better kind. Not necessary to pay "extravagant prices" if you use judgment in buying from reliable stocks.

Guaranteed Long Rubber Boots, \$5.50 and \$5.85

Ample Rubber stocks for men, women and children.

Men and Women's Dress Shoes from Canada's best manufacturers.

Men and Women's Glove Grain for Solid Wearing Shoes.

Serviceable Shoes for Boys and Girls.

We feature "Empress" make for Ladies' Dress Shoes, for real smart, comfortable and serviceable wear. Our prices will show considerable saving as well as assure you of a little better article.

Always the Best of Everything for the Money.

J. N. Currie & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICES

House for sale. Apply Thos. Tait, Glencoe.

Brooms 60 cents at Westcott's grocery this week.

Be sure to reserve March 31 for box social at Appin.

March 31st, box social, town hall, Appin, progressive.

Maple syrup for sale.—Avery Gillett, Route 2, Glencoe.

A fine stock of men's work shirts, low prices.—D. Lamont.

Chopping Tuesdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Isle of Jewels' Friday and Saturday nights, March 26 and 27.

Have you seen Mayhew's new rugs; all sizes; prices from \$15 to \$50.

For sale—6 shoats, weighing about 100 lbs. each.—Mac M. McAlpine.

A few bushels of O. A. C. 21 seed barley for sale.—Hugh McCutcheon.

For sale—large brass sap kettle. Apply Mrs. Emma Sellers, Newbury.

Alex. McAlpine & Son, dealers in flour and feed, coal, salt, cement, etc.

300 bus. seed oats for sale; 1918 crop.—Neil Gillies, lot 5, con. 5, Mosa.

Good seed oats and barley for sale. Apply to James A. Murray, Route 2, Appin.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.

For sale—three heavy colts rising 3, 4 and 5, also seed oats, O. A. C. 72.—F. J. Stinson.

For sale—a quantity of O. A. C. seed barley. Good, clean, plump seed.—A. B. McDonald.

House on Main street for rent. May have possession on April 1. Apply to Mrs. Jean Keith.

The largest stock of new wall paper ever arrived in Glencoe, and at tempting prices.—At Mayhew's.

For sale—pure bred Durham bull calf, 9 months old, registered. Apply to E. Y. Thornicroft, Appin.

The Transcript office sells blank counter check books. Handy for those not using large quantity.

Matinee of "Isle of Jewels" Friday afternoon at 2.30 for school teachers and children only. Admission, 15c.

For sale—a limited quantity of seed oats, seed barley, seed peas and yellow-eye beans.—Alex. McAlpine & Son.

For sale—good work horse; also a Standard cream separator, nearly new. Apply Mrs. John Congdon, sr., Appin.

Spring millinery now on display at Keith's Cash Store. A large range of fashionable models at reasonable prices.

For sale—fifty acres of good pasture land with good water. Apply to Ross Watterworth, 56 Mitchell street, St. Thomas.

Bees wanted—free from disease—for April delivery. Write stating type of hive, and price, to M. L. Farrell, Glencoe.

For sale—two hundred bushels of good seed oats, Banner variety, some 1918 and 1919 grown. Price reasonable.—W. H. Reycraft.

For sale—hard buckwheat coal, \$5 per ton f.o.b. powerhouse. Apply to W. A. Currie, Sec.-Treas. Glencoe Electric Light Commission.

Galbraith Bros., Appin, have opened their garage for all kinds of auto repairing, with Wm. Kirkwood, formerly of Glencoe, an expert mechanic, in charge.

For sale—1918 Ford touring car; demountable wheels, shock absorbers and other extras; mechanical condition A. A snap at \$460.—J. L. Watterworth, Wardsville.

Our special sale of rain and motor coats is now on. \$15 coats for \$10; \$20 coats for \$15; \$25 coats for \$18; \$35 coats for \$25. Call and see our fine stock.—D. Lamont.

The Transcript office receives and forwards advertisements for the Toronto Globe and allows a big discount for cash. Send your advertising through us and save money.

See us before placing your order for metal and paroid roofing, siding, etc. We are prepared to give you the lowest quotation and get the work done for you.—McDonald & Son, Middlemiss.

Mrs. W. A. Currie wishes to announce that she has a large stock of millinery suitable for spring and summer wear. This is the balance of the stock of spring and summer goods on hand, and you can have it at your own price.

We have Joe Baldwin back in our blacksmith shop and have added some new equipment, and are prepared to handle all work entrusted to us in an expeditious and satisfactory manner and at reasonable prices. Bring in your harrows and plow work now.—Don H. Love, blacksmith.

An entertainment will be given in the town hall, Wardsville, on the evening of Easter Monday, April 5, under the auspices of the Women's Guild of St. James' church. Program:—Cantata, "The Little Housekeepers"; solos and quartettes, followed by a conundrum supper. Adults, 35c; children, 25c.

D. McAlpine has sold to Emery Sutton 50 acres, north east quarter lot 11, concession A, Dunwich.

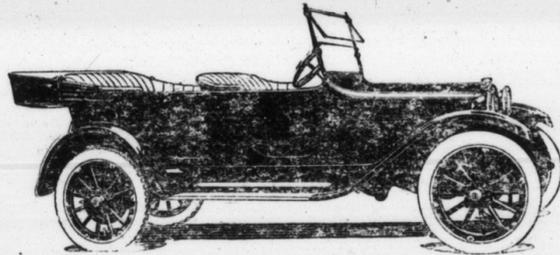
DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

The owner's appreciation grows as time goes by.

He can depend on consistent, comfortable, low-cost daily service.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low. The tire mileage is unusually high.

GALBRAITH BROS.
APPIN - ONTARIO



Important Notice!

Department of Finance Dominion of Canada

Your Income Tax Return Should be Filed at Once!!

All persons residing in Canada, employed in Canada, or carrying on business in Canada, are liable to a tax on income, as follows:

Every unmarried person, or widow, or widower, without dependents as defined by the Act, who during the calendar year, 1919, received or earned \$1,000 or more.

All other individuals, who during the calendar year 1919, received or earned \$2,000 or more.

Every corporation and joint stock company, whose profits exceeded \$2,000 during the fiscal year ended in 1919.

CLASS 1
Forms to be used in filing returns on or before the 31st of March, 1920:
Trustees, executors, administrators, agents and assignees must use Form T 3.
Employers making a return of the names and amounts paid to all directors, officials, agents or other employees must use Form T 4.
Corporations and Joint Stock Companies making a return of all dividends and bonuses paid to shareholders and members during 1919, must use Form T 5.

PENALTY
Every person who is required to make this return, who fails to do so within the time limit, shall be subject to a penalty of \$10.00 for each day during which the default continues—and all such penalties shall be assessed and collected from the person liable to make the return in the same manner in which taxes are assessed and collected.

Time Limit
All persons in Class 1, as shown hereon, must file on or before the 31st of March, 1920.
All persons in Class 2, as shown hereon, must file on or before the 30th of April, 1920.

General Instructions
Obtain Forms from the Inspectors or Assistant Inspectors of Taxation, or from Postmasters.
Read carefully all instructions on Form before filling it in.
Prepay postage on letters and documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.
Make your returns promptly, and avoid penalties.

CLASS 2
Forms to be used in filing returns on or before the 30th of April, 1920:
All individuals other than farmers and ranchers must use Form T 1.
Farmers and ranchers must use Form T 1 A.
Corporations and Joint Stock Companies must use Form T 2.

PENALTY
Every person required to make a return, who fails to do so within the time limit, shall be subject to a penalty of twenty-five per centum of the amount of the tax payable.
Any person, whether taxable or otherwise, who fails to make a return or provide information duly required according to the provisions of the Act, shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of \$100.00 for each day during which the default continues. Also any person making a false statement in any return or in any information required by the Minister, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$10,000, or to six months' imprisonment or to both fine and imprisonment.

Address of Inspector of Taxation for this District:
LONDON, ONT.
R. W. BREADNER, Commissioner of Taxation.

The Real Story of Porcupine's Riches

An illustrated booklet, telling in an interesting way the real facts about Ontario's great gold producing district, will be sent free on request.

Write for your copy to-day
Homer L. Gibson & Co.
703-4-5 Bank of Hamilton Bldg.
TORONTO

WANTED
Raw furs by parcel post, by express—any way. What have you—what price? Prompt returns.—Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont. 01-13

"Save the surface and you save all"—Paint & Varnish

NEU-TONE

The Flat Oil Paint For Interior Decoration

For the walls and ceilings of any room in your house, most delicate and harmonious effects can be secured by the use of NEU-TONE. It is cheaper and more sanitary than wall paper and will last much longer because it can be washed without injury. It positively will not rub off.

NEU-TONE is made in eighteen shades, and by the use of various tints most pleasing combinations may be secured.

NEU-TONE is easy to apply. It covers well and leaves no brush marks, producing a dull, soft, velvety finish which will lend charm to any room in the house.

Any surface may be successfully treated with NEU-TONE—Plaster, wood, burlap or metal.

Call and let us explain the merits of this and other MARTIN-SENOUR finishes. For every purpose—For every surface. Our stock is complete and we can give you full information.

MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES

"100% Pure" Paint
For buildings, outside and in.

SENOUR'S FLOOR PAINT
It wears and wears and wears.

"Varnoleum"
beautifies and preserves Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

"Marble-ite" Floor Finish
The one perfect floor finish.

"Wood-Lac" Stain
Improves the new—renews the old.

R. A. EDDIE
GLENCOE
J. A. MULLIGAN
WARDSVILLE

Order a supply of Counter Check Books at The Transcript office

Worth Every Cent
of its Cost



"SALADA"

Black, Green or Mixed.... } Sealed Packets Only. Never Sold in Bulk.

Mother's Ecdysis

By Thomas Dewey

PART ONE
"Helen, your mother sadly needs an Ecdysis."

"Yes, I guess so," I answered, half questioningly. "If it will lighten her work, she should have one." I thought I knew how hard Mother worked.

Aunt Jennie and I were sitting on the front porch enjoying ourselves while Mother was busy. When Aunt Jennie broke a five minutes silence with this announcement I was puzzled. I knew that the words *lavalere*, *peau de soie*, *tergite* and *l'ecdyse* were not but I had never heard of an ecdysis.

"It won't really make work any easier," said Aunt Jennie, "but it will seem much lighter. Strange how it works but it is an ascertained psychological fact."

I was just beginning to understand what a "psychological fact" might be. "How long has Mother needed one?" I asked, trying to find out what this new thing might be.

"Ever since before you were born," replied Aunt Jennie, squinting her eyes as if trying to see down a long lane. "When your mother was young, she was the prettiest girl in the neighborhood. Her beautiful hair was always attractively dressed."

"She paused and I caught a glimpse of Mother passing between open doorways. I had never thought of her hair, loosely knotted in the back, as being either beautiful or attractive. In my memory, extending over sixteen years, it had never been different unless more straggly, for she had gathered in all loose ends before Aunt Jennie came."

"I used to wish my hair was as pretty as your mother's but nature did not make it so and I could not change it."

"Why, Auntie! Your hair is much prettier than Mother's hair." "No, no, no, not always prettier—only since your mother has so greatly needed that ecdysis."

"I just got her a new sanitary brush last month. I wish I had known about the ac-ec-ecdyse. I would have bought that for her instead."

I paused and Auntie spoke through kindly smiles with a peculiar twinkle in her sparkling brown eyes. "An ecdysis is not a hair brush, dear. It is something she needs far worse. As I said," she continued, "when your mother was young, everyone envied her beauty. Her young men friends dressed in their best and drove well-kempt horses in front of glistening buggies. I remember when your father first came to see her, he drove a span of blacks as carefully groomed and shining as a piece of valuable furniture when it leaves the polishers' hands. His harness buckles and rosettes shone, while the buggy's nickel trimmings were like silver."

"Your mother always looked so lovely and attractive. She always carried off the prizes in the old-fashioned voting contest for the prettiest girl at box suppers and school entertainments. She has changed so much since! Surely, dear, we must somehow get an ecdysis for her."

"I've saved ten dollars. Will that buy one?" I asked, suddenly eager to restore Mother's youthful loveliness but not brave enough to admit I had never heard this new word. I loved Mother and hated to hear her talked about that way. I would willingly lay all my savings on the altar if it would change Mother back to something lovely to look at. It feels good to be pretty. Don't I know?"

"You cannot buy an ecdysis with money," said Aunt Jennie with that merry twinkle again in her eyes. "but we can work for it."

perfectly normal. Isn't normal a nice, modern word? I love nice words. Auntie opened her smallest grip and pulled out a yellow-ribbon tape measure. Silently, I stood while she measured me as if for a dress.

"Auntie," I protested, "I can't afford a new dress. I must wear out the old ones—they are good enough. Besides—what about the dy-ecdy-sis?"

"You promised to work for it," reminded Aunt Jennie, "and you must do it. I'm not going to make you a new dress, just make over some of my old ones for you."

What was that ecdysis? And what connection could it have with clothes for me? I concluded it must be some new-fangled name for something exceedingly beautiful; anyway, it was not anything dangerous, like bacteria or flu!

When Auntie called me to her room a few evenings later, I asked her when we should begin our new work for Mother's ecdysis.

"You're working under my direction, aren't you?" answered my queer aunt. "I had to admit I was, so went with her to find a delightful house dress laid out on the bed."

"Slip into it," she directed, "I may have to make a few changes." "Now, remember," she warned as I left the room an hour later, "you are to come in here in the morning to put this on. Come in early enough for me to fix your hair too."

I promised I would. Somehow, I had an impression I didn't like to wear new things, but that dress—well, Auntie said it wasn't new, only a few left-over pieces put together. So it could not be extravagant.

Early the next morning, clad in my old kimono, I rapped at Auntie's door. I never noticed how old and shabby my kimono was until I held up the pretty house dress. When my hair was attractively combed and I had put on the new dress, I looked in the mirror.

"Auntie, is that me?" I gasped, scarcely recognizing myself and forgetting my grammar. "I never remember who you are and what you are working for," she said, gently caressing and kissing my burning cheek.

"I hastened down stairs and to the kitchen. (To be concluded)

**OLD CLOTHES DYED
MAKE NEW GARMENTS**

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric—whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, — dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers, draperies, coverings—everything!

Woman's Interests

Self-Control Necessary
To succeed in society, to make and keep friends, to have social leadership you must have self-control. The kind of self-control necessary is self-control in small things. You may have the other kind of self-control—the kind that makes it possible for you to have an arm set without taking anesthetics without a whimper or to go through a fire panic with apparent calmness. This is splendid, and if you have it you are to be congratulated, but the kind you need to make a social success is the kind of self-control that makes it possible to conceal petty annoyances when they come, to hide irritation over another's thoughtlessness, to overlook accidents that are sure to happen when you are entertaining—the upsetting of a cup of tea, or the breaking of a bit of crock-ery.

At no time does the woman who does her bit in society need so much control as when she is "receiving" either in her own home at a small at home or as one of a large receiving line at a large reception. The ideal hostess is perfectly uniform to her show of cordiality. She does not gush over one favorite friend only to pass another acquaintance by coolly. The woman who would show any prejudices or personal animosity by the manner of her greeting anyone when receiving simply shows ignorance.

The hostess must be a veritable well-spring of self-control. In fact, very often the whole success of a party depends on the serene composure of that very important lady. Not to show one's annoyance, when that annoyance is genuine and probably just, is no easy matter. It may be that one of your guests at a dinner party proves himself to possess a cruder nature than you had thought, and recounts a story or an incident of the sort that you would wish to have repeated at your board. Your first instinct, no doubt, would be to show your annoyance. You wish in this way to indicate to your other guests your disapproval. Yet to do that would be a breach of hospitality, since the offender is your guest and is for the time being an incident of your kindness as anyone else. Though your pulses may be tingling it is your role to appear calm and to change the conversation and cover up the breach as soon as possible.

The question is sometimes asked by young girls: "When I am making a formal call what sort of chair should I select in the drawing room? Is it incorrect for a young woman to take an easy chair?"

I believe it is considered presuming by some persons for young women to take the lounge or "sofa" in the drawing room of an older woman. However, they need not take the most uncomfortable chair. The thoughtful hostess, seeing her guest in a straight small chair, will ask her to take a more luxurious one. "Do take this chair. It seems more comfortable," she might say. But if the guest declines to take it there the matter should drop. It is in bad taste to urge the guest in this manner, and if you do so you may force her to give up a chair that is very comfortable to her only to take a kind of chair that she does not like.

Scald The Dishes
The housewife is apt to forget that it is vitally necessary to scald the dishes as well as the dishcloth and towels. If one member of the family has a cold and dines in family the germs will cling to the knife and fork, cup and saucer, and, in fact, with all dishes and silver the patient has come in contact, so be wise—an ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure.

Take no chances with colds, influenza or other diseases that are so active in cold weather. Play sports, use safety and wash the dishes in the usual manner, and then place in a pan, pot or kettle, cover with boiling water, let stand for a few minutes, drain and let dry.

Do you know that the pot or pan in which you cook your food, when heated, expands and absorbs odors, flavors and acids of the food cooked? Now, this particular pan, for this reason, needs to be thoroughly scoured, both inside and without. It is just as necessary to have the outside of the utensil clean as it is to have the inside clean. Dirt prevents heat acting quickly and also penetrates into the food when the utensil is hot, therefore scour every utensil used in the preparation of food.

Wash-Day Equipment
Of the several types of washing machines, the pressure and suction type fitted to a metal tub with a modern wringer and both power-driven, is about the best. The dolly type is least desirable unless it is the corrugated type. The revolving cylinder is good, if only a few garments are put in at once. The oscillating machine, if power-driven, is effective. Prices vary according to material and power used. Where no power is available (water, gasoline, or electric), a small engine may be purchased for the wash-tub. But on a farm, it is better to get more power and do various kinds of work with the same engine.

When ordinary wooden or zinc wash-tubs are used, they should be supported on strong benches of the proper height for the woman who is to do the washing. Stationary tubs are usually supplied with legs far too short for the average woman's height. Gas-pipe may be cut the desired length and used instead. Three tubs, one may be the washing machine itself, are required for good work.

Wash-boards are made of wood, zinc, or glass. While the glass ones are not so hard on clothes, they may break with a knock or fall. The wooden ones fall apart after a while. If the board is too long it is well to saw off the legs, making the board the correct height for the person who is to use it.

Wire clothes-lines can be put up permanently and should be wiped off with a damp cloth before hanging out the clothes. If in cold weather the wire is wiped with a cloth wrung out of a hot solution of salt and water, the clothes will not freeze to the line. The use of pulleys enables one housewife to operate a double line between the porch and a post in the yard. The advantages of this arrangement are appreciated when snow is on the ground, for the housewife can hang her clothes upon the line without leaving the porch, and the men folks have no extra paths to shovel.

Another cold-weather help is a bag made of strong netting. The bag should be made, but not the collar, and other small pieces can be placed in the bag while in doors, and the bag with its contents hung upon the line. These pieces will dry quite as well in the bag as if hung separately, and will benefit by freezing as well.

Still another convenience is a bag for clothes-pins. The top of the bag is fitted over a coat-hanger so that it can be hung on the clothes line and pushed along as the clothes are hung. A grape basket having a hook of strong wire attached to the handle, will answer the same purpose.

Those who are initiated can tell a good housekeeper by the way her clothes are hung upon the line. Stockings are hung on one line, underwear on another, aprons, waists and dresses are hung together and, invariably, the sheets and table cloths are hung on the outer lines, personal things being hung inside. Turn clothes inside out; stockings and underdresses need the purifying effects of sun and air, and colored clothes will not fade so much if the wrong side is turned toward the sun. Housewives do not agree as to the better way of hanging garments. Some prefer hanging them by the hem, some by the belt and some by the waist.

Sprinkling clothes by hand is often unsatisfactory, one portion of the garment receiving an undue amount of moisture, and another remaining almost dry. The best way is to use a tiny watering-pot with a fine spray; or an aluminum sprinkler may be purchased for a few cents. This has a cork and fits into the mouth of an ordinary clothes hanger. Either of these will moisten clothes evenly and thoroughly, and render the process of ironing easier.

Shot the Keeper.

The late Lord Beresford once confessed that his skill with the gun was equal to that of the Irishman who declared that the first bird he shot was a squirrel, and the first time he hit him I missed him entirely. But the next time I hit him I hit him in the same place where I had missed him before, and after that I took a stone and dropped him from the tree on which he was perched, and he fell into the water and was drowned, and that was the first bird I ever shot.

It reminds one of the story of the artist, Whistler, who excused himself for killing the gamekeeper's dog, on the only occasion he was taken out shooting, by saying that the animal did not fit the landscape.

Like King George, Haig and Beatty are fairly good shots, which is more than can be said, however, of their famous predecessors, Nelson and Wellington. Not only did the latter on one occasion wound a retriever and pepper the gamekeeper's legs, but he also sprinkled the bare arms of an old woman who chanced to be washing clothes at her cottage window.

"My good woman," he said, "this ought to be the proudest moment of your life. You have had the distinction of being shot by the Duke of Wellington!"

The old woman's face was wreathed in smiles as the famous soldier slipped some money into her hand. Nelson once confessed that he dare not trust himself with a gun, while the only time Napoleon went out game shooting he killed one of the dogs. The late Duke of Cambridge, too, was so untrustworthy with a gun that he declined to attend shooting-parties.

Love is blind, but jealousy more than makes up for it. Better take care too long than not enough.

Minaard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Have Your Cleaning Done by Experts

Cleaning and Dyeing
Is Properly Done at Parker's

Parker's Dye Works Limited
Cleaners & Dyers
791 Yonge St. Toronto

Save the surface and you save all! B-H PAINT

LOSS from paint-neglect is vastly greater than the cost of paint-protection. But it is to be noted also that the real cost of using ordinary paint—however cheap it may be—is vastly greater than that of painting with a pure and durable paint such as B-H PAINT.

70% Pure White Lead
30% Pure White Zinc
100% Pure Paint

Look for the B-H dealer in your territory—the B-H sign hangs outside his store.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON

The Great West Permanent Loan Company.

4% allowed on Savings. Interest computed quarterly. Withdrawable by Cheque. 8 1/2% on Debentures. Paid up Capital \$2,412,578.

In this era "woolly" is scarcely a term of reproach for the West. Smoking is very common in Japan. All the men and most of the ladies are about ten years of age. The ladies have pipes with longer stems than the men, and if one of them wishes to show a gentleman a special mark of favor, she lights her pipe, takes a whiff, hands it to him, and lets him smoke.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT
Bulk Carlots
TORONTO SALT WORKS
C. J. CLIFF
TORONTO

EAGLE MOTOR CYCLES
Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full lines of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls.

MOTOR CYCLES
MOTOR ATTACHMENTS
Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts of Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON,
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BRANDRAM-HENDERSON

Go in' Home To-day.

My business on the jury's case, the quibbler's all through— I've watched the lawyers' right and left and give my verdict true, I've stuck so long unto my chair I thought I would grow in, And if I do not know myself they'll get me there ag'in,

I've somehow felt uneasy like, since first day I came down, and then the court's adjourned for it is an awkward game to play the gentleman in town, And this here Sunday suit of mine, on Sunday rightly sets, But when I wear the stuff all week it somehow galls and frets. I'd rather wear my homespun rig of poppy-salt and straw, I'll have it on in half a jiff, when I get home to-day.

I have no doubt my wife looks out as well as anyone— As well as any woman could—to see that things was done; For though Melinda, when I'm there, won't set her foot outdoors, She's very careful when I'm gone to tend to all the chores, But nothing prospers 'half so well when I go off to-day, And I'll put things into shape when I get home to-day.

My little boy—I'll give them leave to match him if they can, It's fun to see him strut about and try to be a man, The gamest, cheeriest little chap you'll ever wish to see, And then they laugh because I think the child resembles me, The little rogue! he goes for me like robbers for their prey, He'll turn my pockets inside out, when I get home to-day.

My little girl—I can't contrive how it could happen thus— That God could pick that sweet bouquet and fling it down to us, My wife, she says that handsome face will some day make a stir, And that I laugh because she thinks the child resembles her, She'll meet me half-way down the hill and kiss me anyway, And light my heart up with her smiles, when I get home to-day.

If there's a heaven upon earth, a fellow knows it when He's been away from home a week and then gets back again, If there's a heaven upon the earth, then often I'll be bound, Some homesick fellow meets his folks and hugs 'em all around, Or be it as it may, My heaven is just ahead of me—when I go home to-day.

Extra Guard for Crown Jewels.

The boldness of the new type of European criminals who combine Wild West methods with science has moved the British Government to further safeguard the crown jewels, which are kept in a specially constructed vault in the Tower of London. Indeed, the Government is seeing to it that no Col. Blood 2d succeeds in getting these jewels, as was the case in the reign of Charles II, when the original Col. Blood escaped with the crown.

The regalia, which are estimated to be worth about \$30,000,000, are surrounded by iron bars built into concrete and steel of the "safe" pattern. At night an electric current of enormous voltage passes through the bars, to touch which with any metal instrument probably would mean instant death. In addition to this there is a night guard in the chamber, while a complicated system of alarms communicates with the main guard of the Tower.

Not content with this protection, the authorities now are taking still further precautions to safeguard the jewels. When they are required for a state ceremony special detectives are sent to the Tower, the jewels are taken from their vault and placed in a private van. The escort which accompanies them scarcely loses sight of the jewels until they are returned to their place in the Tower.

Floating Safe Sends S.O.S. Signals.

Sending up a signal rocket every hour, flashing a light once in four minutes, and sounding a loud horn every nine minutes, is the remarkable automatic performance of a new floating ship's safe for registered mail, just adopted by the Netherlands postal service. All these things proceed to happen, as soon as the safe, by any misfortune, is lost at sea. The rockets go up periodically only for the first 12 hours, but the horn, sounding for a minute at a time, continues to operate for three months.

The safe consists of a steel cylinder with hemispherical ends, buoyancy and security being obtained by nesting other cylinders within the outer casing. Normally it is carried in a cradle on the ship's deck, always visible from the bridge. The cradle automatically releases the safe if the ship sinks, and the signaling apparatus begins to work a half hour later, or after any interval for which it has been set.

A pleasant nest is usually a mere litter of grasses and leaves. Buy Thrift Stamps.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Is Your Tractor Ready for Spring Work?

If your experience is at all like mine you will know that there are many things you forgot to do last fall. Perhaps you didn't drain the fuel line, oil the valves and cylinders carefully, clean out the hard oilers, wipe the engine up in general, or replace a broken spark plug.

In order that we do things up in good shape as we go, it will be a good plan to start with the dirtiest work and make a clean sweep of things all the way through.

The first equipment you need is a big bunch of waste and a bucket of kerosene. Clean all of the dust and grease off the engine and engine frame, so that when you get at the inside work there will be no grease and grit to slip in where it is not wanted.

Remove all of the hard oilers, scrape out the old grease and open up the passage to the bearings with a nail or a piece of stiff wire. Then fill the cup full, and turn in at least three good big-cupfuls of grease so that the bearing is well covered with a coat of five lubricant.

Having finished that job, start in on the transmission. The case will need draining so that all of the sediment will be removed from the bottom of the casting. Wash the case out clean with kerosene. Pay close attention to the condition of the gears; there may be a badly worn one that will need replacing before the season is done. If everything seems in good shape, put in fresh oil and replace the cover.

There is one other dirty job to do, and I hate it most of all; it is cleaning up the crank-case. It is a good plan to take the bottom of the case, so that the work may be done thoroughly. Take a piece of string and tie the oil gauge up so that it will not be damaged when the pan is let

down or replaced. Drain off the oil and loosen the pan. Scrape out the dirt and slime that will hang to the pan and wash it clean with kerosene.

While the case is out of the way, is a good time to look for a loose connecting rod. If there is one, it takes only a few minutes to remove one of the thin shims from each side of the bearing and tighten the rod as it should be. The bearing must be snug, with no vertical play; a little side play will do no harm.

When the bearings are in shape, put the pan back in place and pour about two gallons of kerosene in the crank-case. Turn the engine over several times so that the old oil will be washed off the crank-shaft and the inside of the case. Do not run the engine with kerosene in the crank-case. This is dangerous, for it is very easy to heat a bearing that is not well lubricated, and kerosene is not a lubricant. After rinsing the case, remove the kerosene, fill the case with fresh lubricating oil and turn the engine a few times so that the oil will work into the bearings before the engine is called upon to do any work.

That is about all of the heavy work. Next, take off the cylinder head and inspect the valves. There is a possibility that one, or more, is in need of grinding after the heavy fall plowing and silo filling that was done last fall. If they seem to fit snug, let them alone. You might grind on a valve a half-day and not get the finish on it that has been put there by the continual tapping of the valve upon its seat.

When the cylinder head is off, clean out all of the carbon deposit. There are several good carbon removers on the market. But when I think of an engine filled up with carbon I recall a paragraph in an old instruction book that came with an old tractor that I used to operate:

"When carbon has deposited, there is only one safe way to remove it—scrape the cylinder and head, piston rings and grooves. Do not rely upon patent carbon removers—they are ineffective in most cases."

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

The Welfare of the Home

How strange those righteous beings are who never care for fun. But simply spend their time on earth reforming everyone!



I told him he might make it always raise exceptional crops if he would give it proper treatment, but he shook his head and advised me to look around the country some more, and see if I found any fields which were producing exceptionally that had been under cultivation as long even as twenty years. I know of only one such field within a radius of ten miles of my farm. But in a few years I am going back to the same man, invite him to ride home with me, and then I shall show him a whole farm that is producing exceptionally, and one that has been in crops for sixty years.

I did not stop long enough to discover this man's theory in soil fertility, but long enough to know that he believes his yields must necessarily increase each year. This belief limits his profits accordingly. Nearly everyone knows now that we may steadily build up our soil, and that it will pay a good profit while we are making it as fertile as it was in its virgin state. And if we go even further than that and actually make it richer than that ever was, who can say what the limit of production per acre may be?

Under the eye of us who read this paper are stockmen, or at least we keep some stock. And if the profits from farming and crop production are unlimited, they are certainly so from stock-raising, horse-raising, dairying, etc., for no one can say just how much milk our cattle will produce, or what price we may receive for our surplus stock, if they be pure-bred. Many bulls, both beef and dairy, have sold for tens of thousands of dollars, and horses and hogs and sheep have likewise brought tremendous prices.

So when we feel resentful about farming as a business, when we think how little profit we are receiving let's think, too, how very unlimited our opportunities are. Let's resolve that we will build up our soil each year, and that we will raise registered pure-bred stock, and we will find our profits increasing until we will wonder ourselves if they really are limited. And then when he began to wonder, and think, the answer will come: Yes, the profits which a farm may yield are limited. They are limited by the size, broadness, progressiveness, and capacity of ourselves.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

The Welfare of the Home

SAFETY FIRST.

The Fresh Air Cure.

"How is Nannie this morning, sister?" Mrs. Edwards carefully closed the outside door before she answered her breezy visitor. "Not any better that I can see. She just coughs and coughs until I am nearly wild—go in and see her."

Aunt Nancy pushed open the bedroom door. In the hot, stuffy little room lay a young girl. "Hello, Nannie," she said, and then she bent over and whispered mysteriously, "I am going to tell you a secret: I have come to abduct you."

The flushed spot on the thin white cheeks grew a little deeper and the big eyes almost sparkled. "What do you mean, auntie? You don't look very bold and bad."

"Well, I am, and the coach is at the door. Come in, sister," she called to Mrs. Edwards. "Give us your blessing; were going to elope."

Nannie's mother appeared, worried and anxious. Worn out with the care of an always sick family, she had little resistance to offer to her sister's brisk, authoritative ways. Now she could only quaver a troubled, "What ever do you mean, Nannie?"

"I mean I am going to steal Nannie and take her home with me." "Oh, I would never dare let her. She hasn't been out of this room for three weeks. If she should catch cold now—"

"But she isn't going to catch cold. It's as warm as wax out-of-doors. All she needs is to be fastened up on some of this fresh air and sunshine."

In spite of Mrs. Edwards's protests Aunt Nancy began to collect what would be needed for the trip. "Don't worry, Ella," she went on, "I'll return her better than raw, and I'll give you a little rest as well. You have your hands more than full with the other children. Just fix an egg and some milk for Nannie and we'll get started so we can reach home while the sun is still high."

A little later, curled back comfortably in the automobile, Nannie was trying to find words to express her delight. "I never dreamed it was so lovely! I can't see it fast enough, or hard enough. I just want to eat this air in big chunks—it's exactly like getting out of a prison."

"That's exactly what it is, child, when the world is just spilling over with the only thing that you need!" When they reached the end of the long ride Aunt Nancy ushered her niece up the stairs. "Why, what have you been doing, auntie? What is that new door at the end of the hall?"

"Just wait a minute. Didn't I tell you there was a surprise? Come in here first and get off some of those wraps."

"But what are all those interesting things on the bed?" She held up a wonderful warm, woolly dressing gown as she spoke.

"Sit right into it," commanded Aunt Nancy. "It's the best big enough for two of you, but I expect you grow into it. Now, here's a little cap."

SAFETY FIRST.

We heard a great deal about safety during the war, and as far back as history goes we have the story of ways in which men have endeavored to safeguard themselves, from coats of mail to dugouts deep in the ground and covered with fathoms of solid concrete and steel. When the Covenanters of Scotland were driven from their homes into the mountain fastnesses, one small company seeking safety from the dragoons found refuge in a cave far up a ravine among the mountains. They accepted this retreat as the best protection to be found, and, although they knew that they were not altogether safe even here, their confidence was not in the earthly rock, but in the Rock of Ages, in whom they had always trusted and who had never failed them.

"They remembered the promise, 'He that dwelleth in the secret place of the Most High shall abide under the shadow of the Almighty.... He is my refuge and my fortress.'"

Making themselves as comfortable as possible, they ate their cold supper and lay down in their cloaks to get such rest as they could under the circumstances. As they slept, a spider dropped from the mouth of the cave by the ground below and made the first strand of a web across the opening. Back and forth it ran, then round and round, weaving a silken floor so fragile that a stroke of the finger would destroy it, yet so strong that it furnished a better protection to the sleeping wanderers than a wall of solid stone could have done.

Morning broke and as the light appeared a company of soldiers with their guns and sabres crept stealthily up the mountain side among the trees and rocks, searching for the fugitives who had slept in the cave and were now shut in by the spider's slender web.

They came to the mouth of the cave and, thinking that they had perhaps found the retreat of those they sought, were about to enter, when suddenly the one ahead stopped, and the quiet watchers within heard him say to his companions: "There is no use in taking time to search here. The mouth of the cave is covered with a spider's web. They would surely have broken it down if they had entered."

So they passed on, leaving those who had dwelt in the secret place of the Most High abiding in safety under the shadow of the Almighty's wing. Great rocks would have been rolled away; walls would have been scaled or broken down; but a spider's web was a perfect protection to those who were in the keeping of God.

It is well to take all precaution against disease and danger. It is well to choose your companions and your path in life, to keep away from temptation and to guard yourself from sin. But it is most important of all that you put yourself into the hands of God, for then, though every contrivance that you can conceive has failed, you can still have peace because you have made the Lord your refuge, even the Most High your habitation.

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It's purely a question of supplying more—and better—fertilizer. This is not theory. It is FACT. Grain needs nitrogen or ammonia to grow the straw; Phosphoric Acid to hasten ripening and fatten the kernel; Potash to give strength to resist disease and assist in the formation of starch. Harab-Davies Fertilizers possess these plant foods in readily soluble form—the identical plant foods that are supplied to the soil by barn-yard manure, but in larger quantities and in more concentrated form. Experiment is the great teacher. There is no substitute. Read, then, of the experience that scores of Farmers in all sections of Canada have had in greatly increasing grain yields with Harab-Davies Fertilizers. "Fertilizer Results by Satisfied Users" is the title of a most interesting book along this line. Write for a copy—sent FREE on Request.

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What Limits Your Profits

Are the profits from farming limited? Yes, I suppose one must answer that they are, for crop yields are limited by the weather, climate, cultural conditions, seed, soils, etc. But in other ways they are certainly unlimited.

I make it a practice frequently, after the day's work is over, to crank up the car and ride about the country. I am never disappointed, for each time I discover something new and something interesting and worth while to my business of farming and dairying.

One evening last summer while riding I noticed a field of wheat, cut and shocked, which was exceptional—we have had a very dry, poor season for several grains in this section—so I drove into the yard and asked the owner how he had such a fine crop of wheat when others were so comparatively poor. He told me that it was planted on new ground, ground that had raised only one previous crop, and that he expected it would raise good crops for several years yet.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

What Does the Country Need?

For years we have heard much regarding the work of the farmer, the needs of the rural school and the value of the rural church. There seemed to be the feeling that the country was unable to raise big crops and sell these crops for fair prices, if we could have up-to-date churches and schools in our country districts everyone would be happy. And so speakers eulogized or pitied the farmer as the case seemed to demand, much oratory was forthcoming regarding the schools and volumes have been written regarding the country church. What is the surprise of the public to find suddenly that the country woman refuses to be satisfied with a recipe for mustard pickles and patterns for tatted medallions! They are coming to realize that they have a profession as dignified and demanding quite as much expert knowledge as that of the farmer, the teacher or the minister.

Someone has well said, "The home is that institution for which all other institutions exist." That being the case, does not the home-maker have something of a task, and isn't it time that we brought to her some of the information now at hand for improving her profession? Men in all kinds of work are studying to make themselves more proficient in their work. They try to take advantage of every discovery of science, every bit of useful information and all the skill they can acquire. Most interested workers are collecting their own libraries on subjects bearing on their work. It is safe to venture that not one home-maker in twenty has yet a professional library, but many of them are realizing the need for it and are asking for help in selecting books.

But why this new interest in her work? Some people—only a few—have begun to realize that the late Col. Roosevelt was right when he said, "The farmer should realize that the person who most needs consideration on the farm is his wife." She makes a very large contribution to the success of the farm business by raising her family.

On a farm not far from ours there lived a splendid farmer. He knew his business and worked hard and intelligently, but as the neighbors expressed it, "Charlie just seems to never get on." And he didn't. His wife had not lived on a farm before. She could not bear to work with "those dirty chickens," wouldn't "mess around" with milk and butter and never had hoes in a garden and never expected to. Moreover, it was too hard to can the surplus fruit and vegetables so she bought hers ready canned. She "adored" extravagant clothes, and then she wanted some place to wear them, and as the country women had little time for social affairs she had to have a horse and buggy at her disposal constantly so she could drive into the village to numerous parties and "functions" of other kinds. Do you wonder that the neighbors said, "Poor Charlie. Jane surely leads him a merry chase. She's no good as a farmer's wife. He ought to have known better than to have married her." It took all he could make to pay the rent and keep up the household expenses and he never had any "moss around" for a vacation himself. However, one good thing came out of having this couple in the neighborhood. Some of the men began to appreciate just how much a home-maker can do to make or mar the success of his venture as a farmer.

After all, the farmer and his family are seeking just what all of us are seeking—a well-rounded, abundant, satisfying life. And many of them are just now realizing that the great country life interests are human interests, that good fat steers and cribs overflowing with corn are not ends in themselves, but are worth working for only because of what they will purchase for the family in the way of satisfaction and happiness. And that is why the purchaser needs the assistance of trained persons quite as much, no, we would say more than does the producer. Intelligent consumption must keep pace with intelligent production if the largest satisfaction is to be had.

Think it over! Would it not be the part of wisdom to give to the wife as good conveniences, as good a working plant, the same opportunities through the press, through lectures and through the association with trained leaders to learn what would be valuable to her in her profession, as it is to give these things to the farmer?

Spohn's

Dairy

Which breed will produce meat most profitably? We believe that the American breeds are the best, such as the Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds. The Barred Rocks are vigorous and mature early. White Wyandottes are possibly the premier broiler chicken because of the plump carcass free from all dark pin feathers.

White Leghorns are good for squab broilers and they mature rapidly but for the trade demanding a two and a half to three pound bird, the American breeds seem to meet with more favor. The heavy Asiatic breeds, like the Brahmas and Cochins, grow to a large size, but their growth is not rapid and broilers must be developed quickly and have a frame containing meat as well as feathers and bone. The feed bills determine the profit on the broilers and this makes the factor of early maturity of prime importance.

Select the breeding stock with regard for early maturity and vigor. The birds that are slow in feathering are apt to be lacking in vigor and, of course, they are not easily developed into good broilers. It stands to reason that their progeny is apt to be endowed with the same characteristics. By selecting the best birds for breeders we can develop a strain in most any breed that will show a vast improvement in the quality of the broiler stock.

Do not try to make quality broilers out of black feathered breeds. Undoubtedly the quality of the meat will be first-class but the customer will not know that. Broilers are difficult enough to pick clean without having black pin feathers to complicate the work.

The man who earns more than he gets is in line for promotion. Set out at least one hard maple tree this spring; more if you can. Reaping a tree is next to raising a boy or girl.

The boy who plays truant from school seldom brags about it after he grows up. One of the finest things in life is making father and mother comfortable and happy in their declining years.

Young folks should be a little critical before marriage and a little less critical afterward if they are looking for conjugal happiness.

Maple Syrup For Every Body.

We have raised many bulls on our farm, and I do not know whether it is due to our method of raising a bull or that our bulls are of a good-natured strain, but we have seldom had an ugly or vicious one. It is a fact that the older a bull gets the more likelihood of his getting vicious. There are, however, certain things that should be taken into consideration by every bull raiser.

No matter how gentle a bull may look and act, look upon him with suspicion, for any bull, no matter how well you know him, remains a rather dangerous and unreliable farm animal. When cleaning his pens or using him for service, it is best to keep an eye on him and walk backward out of the pen. This may sound ridiculous to a reader who has full confidence in his bull, but it deserves recommendation, for one minute of carelessness may result in hours of regret. On our farm we have many pet animals, but never a pet bull.

The bull calf is always treated rather harshly. He gets his feed, but is never caressed; and when he tries to play he is soon brought back to his place, so that he learns that his owner is not a plaything, but his master.

Teasing or beating should not be allowed, for the day will come when he will repay you in his own way. Another important lesson that should be taught early is leading and tying. If the bull is accustomed to these two things while still a calf, he does not know anything else. We ring our bulls when they are about a year old, and teach them to lead with a staff. When these things are left until an older age the bull is liable to be angered and attempt to retaliate.

The young bull that is ready for service should never be kept in a narrow stall or in the dark, for these things certainly are hard on his temper, and are liable to cause difficult handling and viciousness.

A bull should enjoy freedom, plenty of fresh air, and sufficient light. Keep him in a well-lighted stall with an outside paddock, and water him at least twice a day, or still better, have fresh water in reach at any time. It is a well-understood thing that bulls should never be left loose with a herd of good dairy cows.

I want again to urge you never to trust a bull. You can never be sure of what he is going to do.

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Sell every dollar's worth of this stock possible during this campaign, go to the limit on price-cutting. Cost and loss forgotten in this mighty effort to dispose of at least one-half of this stock.

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"In the same manner that a frown fails, a smile wins—so a smile is quite worth while it seems," says the old philosopher. Everybody likes to be waited on politely—that's one reason why our patrons like the atmosphere of our store.

Do not miss watching our advertisements weekly for values. When up town keep a sharp lookout on our windows.

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3 pairs Women's Lisle Hose for 88c
Women's Fine Lisle Hose, fast black, only 6 dozen to sell at this price. Reg. price, 50c pair; on sale, 3 pairs for 88c.

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200 Window Shades in plain green color, 36 inches wide and 70 inches long, mounted on reliable spring roller, complete with brackets. Reg. price, \$1.25; now 98c.

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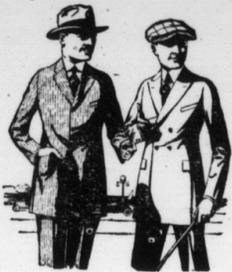
An exceptional bargain. All pure linen, old stock, worth \$6 per yard today, tagged for Saturday only, \$1.88 per yard.

10 dozen Women's House Dresses

Tagged for this sale. Made of splendid quality percale in stripe and check patterns, in popular fitting styles with collar, cuffs and belts of contrasting collars, sizes to 44 at \$2.95.

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These are very pleasing in style, being in regular little dress style. The materials are of excellent quality. Reg. price \$1.30, for 69c. Many other styles for children have been reduced.



Our Men's Easter Suits

Have arrived along with the smartest lot of Neckwear, Hats and Caps you ever saw. We will be pleased to show you and suggest the new articles.

2 doz. Ladies' White Blouses 98c each

Good style, made of fine vesting material. Reg. price, \$1.75; on sale, 98c each. All our New Easter Blouses are included in this sale, prices \$5 to \$12.

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E. A. Mayhew & Co.

The Transcript

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1920

NEWBURY

A. Holman, reeve was in London on Thursday on business with the jail committee, of which he is chairman. Joseph Soper of North Toronto spent a few days last week with his brother-in-law, E. Connelly. Mrs. Wm. Bayne spent the weekend in London the guest of Mrs. and Miss Graham. E. Connelly was in London on Friday. Reeve Holman sold the boiler and engine of the electric light plant on Saturday to Mr. Fletcher of Merlin for \$400. Much sympathy is expressed to Marshall Moore and family in the death of Mrs. Moore, who passed away Friday evening after a few days' illness with influenza and pneumonia. The death was saddened by the fact that the whole family of seven children were sick at the time. The eldest is sixteen years and youngest six months old. The funeral services were conducted at the home on Sunday at an o'clock by Rev. R. J. Murphy. Rev. Kenneth McLean of Stayner preached in Knox church on Sunday afternoon. Miss Elsie Prangley spent the weekend in London. Her father having sold their home there, the family will come here for the present. Gordon Haggith was in town last week. He has quite recovered from the effects of a recent operation for appendicitis. Fred, T. Cherrington and Miss Besse Jeffery are spending a few days in Chatham the guest of their uncle, Ed. Jeffery. Mrs. D. Smith of London is spending a few days in our village the guest of Mrs. John A. Smith. Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jeffery of the Commercial House announce the engagement of their daughter, Ella May, to Edwin Hoxie of Detroit, the marriage to take place in April. James Collier and William G. Jeffery of Melbourne spent the weekend with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jeffery. Mr. and Mrs. Archie Sinclair and Miss Mildred McGugan spent Sunday with Mrs. Robert Armstrong.

WALKERS

D. H. McLachlan has bought the 60 acres adjoining Walkers from John E. McKellar of Brooke for \$2,300. Mr. and Mrs. John A. Walker attended the funeral of the late Neil Walker of Alvinston to St. Thomas. A literary will be held in Walkers school house on Friday evening, Mar. 26. The main feature of the evening is a debate, "Resolved that the progress of men of the church has played and still continues to play a more important part than the school." Speakers for the affirmative are Mungo Leitch and Mac. Leitch, while two gentlemen from Calvert will uphold the negative—Reg. E. Warmoll and Mr. Dodds. Stuart McCallum made a business trip to London on Thursday. The most obstinate corns and warts fall to resist Holloway's Corn Cure. Try it.

MELBOURNE

Rev. Mr. Bowen of London preached in the Presbyterian church on Sunday last in the interests of the Bible Society. The evening service in the Methodist church was withdrawn, a union service being held in the Presbyterian church. Ernest Stevenson spent Sunday at his home here. Miss Edna Petch of London spent the weekend here. A number from this village attended the party at Hector McDougald's on Friday evening. The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church held a social evening in the Sunday school room on the 17th inst. After an oyster supper was served, a splendid program was given. Solos by Gordon Knapp of London were very much enjoyed by all. Margaret and Gilbert Stevenson, Melbourne's young artists, who are always ready and willing to assist in a worthy cause, were present and gave a number of selections. Andrew McLachlan, our own violinist, gave a number of his best selections, his sister, Miss Eliza McLachlan, accompanying him. Miss Boie gave a reading from Ralph Connor which was much appreciated. Mrs. Vance, Mrs. Theaker and Mrs. Clarke, members of the choir, also assisted in the program. Rev. Vance, pastor, occupied the chair. Arthur Gough, who has been ill for some time, is improving. We are pleased to see Rev. John Elder, pastor of the Presbyterian church here, out again after his illness.

BETHEL-MACKSVILLE

Mrs. D. E. McAlpine is visiting friends in Windsor. Peter McIntyre had a very successful sale of thoroughbred stock last week. Good prices were realized, one cow bringing \$300. Mrs. Chas. J. Towers is on the sick-list. Thurman Gough is moving to his new farm in Metcalfe recently purchased from Mr. Case. Sugar-making is the order of the day in this vicinity. Owing to the h. c. l. and advanced prices of sugar, no doubt the big maple will get a big squeeze at the end of the season. Owing to the flu epidemic the meetings of the U. F. O. have been cancelled up to the present time, but a meeting will be held on Friday, March 26th, in S. S. No. 6. H. A. Eddie shipped a fine bunch of fat stock to the U. F. O. at Toronto recently. Mr. Eddie making the trip to Toronto later.

EKFRID STATION

Mrs. Florence McDonald has disposed of her farm here to Alex. F. McTavish of Alvinston. Mrs. Alfred Skinner, who has been ill, is improving. Mrs. Bertha Ardies has sold her property to Wellington McLean of Melbourne. W. C. Cornell has purchased a car. Mrs. George Smith and C. P. Cornell have returned after visiting in St. Thomas. All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

NEWBURY CASH STORE

Garden Seeds, bulk and package, from best houses.

For housecleaning time Soaps, with one or two exceptions, still 10c.

Sun and Magic Ammonia, old package, old price.

Cash or trade for Good Butter or Fresh Eggs.

W. H. PARNALL

NEWBURY

CAIRO

Lieut. V. K. Annett, who returned from overseas a few weeks ago, has secured a lucrative job in Windsor and left for that city yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. O. Gage spent Sunday at the home of D. King, Newbury. Council met on Saturday last and transacted business. Syrup-making is all the go these days. B. L. Burdon, assessor, is attending to his duties these days. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Young were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. John Randall on Sunday evening. John Temple of Alvinston has located on the Les. Sullivan farm. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sullivan are London visitors today.

Don't Submit to Asthma.—If you suffer without hope of breaking the chains which bind you, do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its efficiency. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matchless remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

APPIN

Duncan Hyndman is in London this week as a jurymen at the spring assizes. Appin Women's Institute will meet at the town hall on Thursday afternoon of this week at 2.30 o'clock, when Mrs. Fisher of Glen Oak will give an address. There will be a good program in addition and lunch will be served at the close of the meeting. The Young People's Dramatic Club of St. John's church, Glencoe, will give their highly humorous play "Popping the Question" in Appin town hall on Monday evening, March 29, under the auspices of the Women's Institute. There will also be a splendid program of music, readings, etc., at this entertainment. Commences at 8 o'clock. Don't miss it. Admission 25 cents.

KILMARTIN

Mrs. Robertson left on Tuesday to spend a few days with her son, Will, at Guelph. Mr. Robertson has been ill with the flu but is improving. A number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Thos. Warren, an old resident of Alvinston, and formerly of Walkers. Archie McPhail of Wallace town was at Donald McGregor's on Sunday when over to attend the funeral of Mrs. Warren at Alvinston. Mrs. R. E. McAlpine and daughter Mary, who spent the winter in London, have returned. Russell McAlpine of Alvinston spent Sunday at his home here. Mr. and Mrs. Donald McAlpine of Dutton visited at Donald McGregor's last week after attending the funeral of Archie McCallum of Alvinston.

PARKDALE

Earl Martin of the Royal Bank staff, Glencoe, spent Sunday at his home here. George Campbell of Merlin visited the weekend with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Campbell. Wm. Martin left last week for Windsor, where he has accepted a position. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thompson entertained a few friends on Wednesday evening last. Saps' runnin', and all those who have sugar groves are working overtime gathering and boiling down their harvest of saps. They should worry about the prevailing high price of cane sugar. Buzz bees are the order of the day. Edythe Thompson spent Sunday with her friend, Wilma Martin.

CASHMERE

Miss Jean Tunks has returned home from Wallaceburg after a week's visit with relatives there. Ralph McIntyre of London is spending a few days at his home here. We are glad to say that Mrs. Alex. McIntyre, who has pleuro-pneumonia, is very much improved. Mr. Cadogan of Wallaceburg is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Charles Tunks. This is moving week in this vicinity. Will Smith moves to Bothwell, where he has purchased Mr. Mahler's house; Ross Willick to Garnet Long's farm, and Garnet Long to Will Smith's farm. The two latter have bought the respective farms. League as usual on Wednesday. The Willing Workers met on Saturday afternoon at the church. They are planning to have a box social on April 1st.

NORTH EKFRID

The ladies' mission met at Mrs. George Chisholm's Thursday afternoon. Seventeen ladies were present and the afternoon was spent in quilting. Charles Roemmel had a wood bee and Mrs. Roemmel a quilting bee on Friday afternoon. George Pettit left here Monday to work for Den. Laughton for the summer months. Mrs. Adam Roemmel spent Monday, March 15, at her brother's, Henry Pettit's, it being her birthday. Mrs. Foster had a wood bee Wednesday afternoon. Got eleven cords sawed. Will Cobbin has gone to the hospital at London for treatment. He got his eye hurt. Russell Roemmel arrived home on Tuesday from visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ketchum, Dearborn, Mich. Wedding bells will be ringing in this vicinity soon. School has been closed here this week on account of the teacher, Walter Stephenson, having trouble with a wound he received at the war. Wm. Pierce is engaged to teach until Easter. Some of the farmers around here have tapped their maple trees.

MIDDLEMISS

Lucas Bros. are selling their property here and intend moving to Windsor. H. McDonald was in St. Thomas Saturday. Mrs. George Graham is in Bothwell on a visit with friends. Joe Watson has purchased a steel barn from McDonald & Son. Lucas Bros. are having a clearing sale on March 30. Angus McGeachy has moved to his new home. Syrup-making is the order and good runs are reported. The robins have come again. So has the auto. Looks like spring. The land is in fine condition for seeding. With a few dry farm days spring work will be in full swing.

WOODGREEN

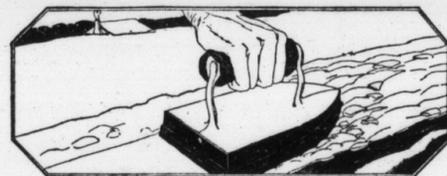
Many of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Goff and family who are leaving here to reside near Cairo met at their home on Monday evening and presented them with a writing desk and complimentary address as a testimony of the regard in which they are held in the community. On behalf of the gathering the presentation was made by Earl Winger and Alfred Jones while the address was read by Miss McEachren. A pleasant social evening was spent and lunch was served by the ladies. Mr. and Mrs. Goff and family left on Tuesday for their new home.

WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Douglas is in London attending a meeting of the executive of the London Conference W. M. S. She is the Strangers' Secretary of the society. Rev. Kenneth McLean, who is visiting his home at Tat's Corners, preached in the Presbyterian church Sunday. The A. Y. P. A. of the Anglican church gave a St. Patrick's party at the rectory Wednesday evening last. A very pleasant time was spent. V. Campbell of Sault Ste. Marie is spending a few days at his uncle's, F. Henderson's, home. Word has been received of the death of Mrs. John Cady, formerly of this place. Mrs. Wilson Turk has taken her babe to the hospital at London for treatment. L. Harvey has rented Mr. Petch's farm.



New Triplex Springs Iron Out the Wrinkles of the Rough Roads

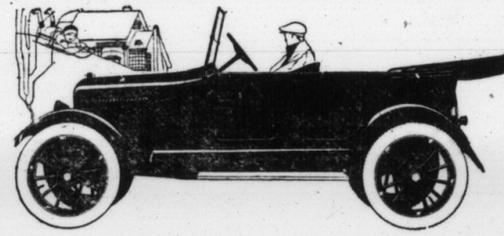


THE wrinkles of rough roads seem smoothed out completely by the wonderful springs of Overland 4.

These springs hold the wheels to the road, while the passengers ride in even comfort. The astonishing qualities of these diagonally attached Triplex Springs have created an utterly new conception of light car riding ease.

Best of all, this heavy car kind of comfort is now obtainable with economy in fuel and tires and remarkably low upkeep cost.

Overland 4 is started and lighted by two-unit electric starting and lighting system. It has rain-vision windshield and unit power plant. It is equipped with all the latest car essentials and conveniences.



WM. MCCALLUM - Dealer, Glencoe

Head Office and Factories: Willys-Overland Limited, Toronto, Canada
Branches: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

New Goods for the Spring Housecleaning "BRIGHTEN UP" WEEK

Spring is here and the housecleaning fever will soon be at its height. You will want many new things to brighten up your home. Perhaps it is Wall Paper, Curtains, Linoleum or Paints. Whatever it is we are surely prepared to serve you. Come and let us show you the new things.

Wall Papers

We never had a more beautiful range to show you—parlors, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen. Our prices on papers are in many cases less than wholesale prices. It will pay you to make your selections now.

New Curtain Scrims and Nets

A beautiful selection in White, Cream and Ecru; some with stripes, spots, others plain and fancy edges. Prices from 35c to 75c yard. Curtain Muslins in coin spots and figures, some plain and some with frills. Prices 30c, 35c and 40c yard.

Oil Cloths and Linoleums

All widths of Floor Oil Cloth now in stock—1 yard, 1 1/2-yard, 2-yard and 2 1/2-yard. We have a big range of patterns, both Tile and Floral designs. Four-yard wide Scotch Linoleum. Nothing wears so well and it is so easily cleaned. Buy your linoleum now as prices will be higher.

Congoleum Room Rug

These Rugs are very heavy and wear extra well. We have them in beautiful oriental patterns in all the popular room sizes—2 x 3 yards, 3 x 3 1/2 yards, 3 x 4 yards. If you want a really nice rug for living-room, dining-room, kitchen or bedroom, buy one of these. Prices from \$12 to \$22.

Paint

Housecleaning always means paint. There is nothing like a new coat of paint to brighten things up. There is a paint for every purpose and we have it—Martin-Senour 100% Pure Paint for all outside and inside use, Senour's Floor Paint for floors, Senour's Porch Paints, Carriage Paint, Wagon Paint, Barn Paint, Shingle Stain.

Varnish

Renews the furniture and floors and makes them new again. Light Hard Oil for furniture and woodwork. Woodlac Varnish Stain for furniture. Marble-ite for floors. Varnoleum for linoleums. Auto Enamel for cars. White Enamel for furniture. Gold Enamel for picture frames. Stove Pipe Enamel, Bicycle Enamel.

Specials for 1 Week--Prices Good Till Wednesday, March 31

3 lbs. Tapioca for 50 cents
14-quart Tin Milk Pails 39c each, 2 for 75c

MULLIGAN'S THE PEOPLE'S STORE WARDSVILLE