

Minister Murdered

The Report of the Killing of Baron Von Kettler Confirmed

German Legations Burned-Bodies of Murdered Servants Thrown Into Flames

Kaiser Determined to Mete Out Punishment for Murders in China

London, July 2.—Official dispatches received by the consular body at Shanghai, by an express cable, dated Shanghai, July 1st, confirm the report of the butchery of Baron von Kettler, the German minister, on June 18th.

London, July 2.—The consuls entertain little hope that any foreigners are left alive in the capital. There were 1,800 foreigners connected with the legations, 50 in the customs house, British and United States tourists, and others to the number of 150, and nearly 500 legation guards with British foreign officers.

The Daily Mail has received news from a consular general at Chee Foo that Baron von Kettler has been killed, but no other information.

A Nankin dispatch to the Express dated June 30th, says: "French priests here have received reports that the public executions of foreigners have been in progress since June 1st. The news is confirmed by rumors from French priests at Peking, who state that they administered the last rites to the condemned men."

Nankin cables, dated Sunday, say that Victoria Liu Yun Yin received news from Gen. Lu on the German minister had been murdered at Peking. Yu Lu, who escaped from Tien Tsin to Pao Ting Fu, also wired: "Situation desperate, implore your help. Foreign troops of eight nationalities entering Peking in the afternoon of June 1st, and held for four days."

Shanghai, July 1.—The British consul at Chee Foo telegraphs that Baron von Kettler, German minister at Peking, was murdered by native troops June 18th.

Paris, July 4.—The unveiling of the statue to the memory of the Marquis de Lafayette occurred today in the gardens of the Tuilleries. The monument was unveiled by two boys, representing the schools of France and America.

St. Petersburg, July 3.—The Official Messenger to-day published an Imperial ukase providing, in a large measure, for the abolition of banishment to Siberia.

Chicago, Ills., July 3.—The western delegates to the World's conference of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, to be held in Edinburgh, commencing on July 14th, who were delayed in Chicago because of the burning of the steamship Saale, which they had chartered, will leave Chicago this evening on a special train for New York.

Toronto, July 4.—Geo. C. Hill has been committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter, having, it is alleged, caused the death of Harry Littleford. Two doctors have testified that Littleford died from the effects of abscess of the brain caused by an injury to the eye inflicted by an umbrella in the hand of accused.

London, July 4.—The House of Lords has passed the Australian Commonwealth Bill.

Skirmishes With Boers

Botha's Patrols Engage British Outposts, but Refuse to Attack in Force

Lord Roberts on Bardette Coutts' Hospital Charges-Colville Ordered Home

General Coke Found the Burglers in a Strong Position at Amessfort

London, July 2.—Gen. Botha is showing increased activity. His patrols cover wide stretches of country, approach near the British outposts and engage in skirmishes, while larger bodies threaten to attack, declining to allow themselves to be caught by the return blows which the British promptly seek to deliver.

Lord Roberts and several co-operating columns are still out, within striking distance of Dewet.

Lord Roberts' in the course of an interview said he thought the charges brought against the government by Bardette Coutts, Conservative member of parliament for Westminister, that inadequate provision had been made for the sick and wounded, were probably based upon one hospital and a hasty generalization thereon.

Toronto, June 30.—John A. Ewen, in a letter to the Globe dated Koonstap, May 19th, gives the following incidents regarding the march up from Bloemfontein: "An exceedingly regrettable incident in the march was the suicide of Trooper Owen, of the Eastern Townships, who lost track of his squadron a short distance outside of Bloemfontein, and it appears he feared being court-martialed as a deserter. The idea was utterly without foundation, but it appears to have fastened on his mind, with the result that, after writing a letter giving reasons for his desertion, he shot himself through the heart with his rifle. His comrades in B squadron were much shocked on learning of his fate."

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Two Hundred Lives Lost

Hoboken Harbor the Scene of a Fire Which Destroys Piers and Steamships

Many People Perished in the Flames-Enormous Loss of Property

Serious Charges Made Against the Captains of Two Tug Boats

New York, June 30.—Fire this afternoon destroyed the four great piers on the North German Lloyd line, in Hoboken. The large passenger steamship Saale, the large freight and passenger steamers, Bremen and Main, were burned to the water's edge.

When the steamers were in the stream men were seen at the portholes waving handkerchiefs for assistance, but none was rendered them, as the heat from the burning ships was so great that no vessel could approach anywhere near them.

The fire was first discovered by the watchman on the pier. At 4 o'clock he saw a small stream of flame shoot from a bale of cotton on pier No. 2, at which was docked the steamer Saale. He immediately sent in an alarm.

Montreal, July 3.—Somerville Weir, of the firm of W. Weir and Sons, bankers of this city, died suddenly at his residence, near here last night, at the age of 47 years.

Toronto, July 3.—The Globe's London correspondent says the Canadian Blesley team reached Liverpool on the Lake Ontario yesterday.

London, July 3.—Joseph Sifton, a wealthy farmer of London township, is dead as the result of a fall from the roof of his barn on Saturday. He was 71 years of age.

Kingston, Ont., July 3.—Fronetac Conservatives have chosen Hiram A. Calvin, ex-M.P., as candidate for the next general elections.

Belleville, Ont., July 3.—Schooner Picton, owned here, is reported missing. The captain of the schooner Minnie, in port here, says he saw the Picton go down with all on board, but could not render assistance on account of a heavy gale.

Ottawa, July 3.—Commutation of the sentence of death passed upon David Dube, who was convicted of murdering Thos. Mooney, the Lake Beauport farmer, has been refused by the government. The law will take its course on Friday, July 6th.

Hamilton, July 3.—Between \$4,000 and \$5,000 was given or pledged at Grimby park on Sunday at services being held under the auspices of the Christian and Missionary Alliance. The amount is said to be a record one in Canada.

Winnipeg, July 3.—The Prohibition Bill passed its third reading in the legislature to-night. It prohibits the retail sale of all liquors.

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EX-MINISTER DROWNED

Hon. A. R. Dickey Lost His Life While Bathing Near His Home

Halifax, July 3.—Hon. A. R. Dickey, ex-minister of justice, was drowned today while bathing near his home at Amherst.

During the afternoon he started for Amherst, saying he was going for a bath, and remarked that he seemed unable to swim as well as he used to do. He did not return and at 7 o'clock friends went to look for him.

Arthur Rupert Dickey, the second son of Senator Dickey, was born at Amherst, N.S., in 1854, and was educated at the University of Toronto, and was called to the bar of Nova Scotia in 1878.

Enveloped in a Huge Blaze that sent great clouds of smoke high up in the air. There were great gangs of workmen on the piers, and these, together with a number of people who were at the docks on business and visiting the ships, scattered in all directions.

When the fire was first discovered by the watchman on the pier. At 4 o'clock he saw a small stream of flame shoot from a bale of cotton on pier No. 2, at which was docked the steamer Saale.

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FRANCE AND THE STATES

The Eclair Says Friendship May Lead to an Alliance

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TRAMCAR WENT OVER A BRIDGE

Tacoma Thrown Into Mourning by an Appalling Disaster Which Occurred This Morning.

ALL ON BOARD KILLED OR INJURED

Car Fell Into a Gulch Sixty Feet Deep—The Dead Number Thirty-Five—Victims Mangled Beyond Recognition.

MANY MORE NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE

Terrible Fireworks Explosion in Philadelphia—Seven Children Killed and Twenty Three Injured—Accident in West Virginia—Six Men Blown to Pieces.

(Special to the Times.) Tacoma, July 4.—The most appalling accident ever known in the history of Tacoma occurred this morning when the 8:30 Edison car, loaded with excursionists coming to see the parade, was dashed down sixty feet over the bridge at the gulch where the track runs from Delin street, burying the passengers, among whom were many women and children, under the wrecked car.

The car turned completely over and mangled the unfortunate victims into unrecognizable shapes as the debris crashed on the steep side of the gulch. Where the car went off there is a sharp curve, on a steep grade. Just how the accident occurred will never be known, but as the car struck the curve instead of following the rails, it pitched completely over, pitched from the bridge, striking on its top, the heavy trucks and the body of the car crashing the frail upper works to splinters, smashing down upon the mass of men, women and children with which the car was loaded.

In the gulch a confused mass of wrecked car, bridge timbers, killed and mangled people made the heart of the beholder sink. The work of rescue began at once. The less injured were soon carried away, while a few, who in some miraculous manner escaped, carried the news down the street, and helped in the work of rescue.

As the bodies of the victims were brought up out of the gulch, some of them mangled out of all recognizable shape, heart rending scenes were everywhere seen, as mothers found their Dead and Mangled Children, Others wildly rushed around looking for their friends everywhere.

Scattered about on the ground at the edge of the gulch were the bodies of men, women and children, some of them still alive, some just gasping their last breath. One woman with her head all covered with blood and her face bruised and rubbed with dirt where she had evidently been smashed against the ground as the car crashed down the side of the gulch, was wildly lamenting her loss, three little children, all crushed and mangled in a most shocking manner, one with its little head nearly torn off and smashed out of all form, caressing the mangled bodies, and vainly calling upon them to hear her.

The mangled remains of the victims were brought up out of the gulch in blankets and gunny sacks, and Those Not Killed were borne to the waiting cars to carry them to their home or hospitals, the sight making the stoutest heart sick.

One young fellow, who was apparently badly injured, with his legs and arms dangling like as if they were broken in a dozen places, his face all covered with dirt and blood, smiled as they put him aboard a car, and remarked that he was lucky.

The fire department, as well as the police patrol, were early on the ground to assist in the work of rescue. Twenty-five dead were counted around on the ground or on the bridge, where they were half covered up with gunny sacks, or lay stark and mangled, in a pool of blood under the feet of the multitude, who Pass Them With a Shudder, to look at the wreck far down the bank of the gulch. Many were carried away in carriages, ambulances and patrol wagons and in cars which were sent to the scene to carry away the injured.

Fleming, three daughters and a son. Husband and father are in Nome. Robert Steele, South Tacoma. John Neisen, Spanaway. Mr. McMullan, Edison. Miss Kellogg. Reported Dead. Geo. Benstone, Edison. Louis Dinger, engineer, Lake View. A daughter of Fred Suiter, ten years old. Injured. Mrs. Lyman Lee, Medford, Ore., badly cut about head. Two children of Mrs. C. O. Lee, South Tacoma, cut about the head and body, and badly bruised; may die. Alfred Brottem, Parkland, badly cut and bruised. John Pollard, ex-policeman, cut and mangled about the head, arms and body. Emma Roberts, South Tacoma, bruised. Bessie Rice, Westland, cut and bruised.

Ernest Foiberg and Mrs. Louis Dinger, of Lake View, Haffert, Tacoma. O. Martin, South Tacoma. S. Henry, Puyallup. William H. Davis, Spanaway. Mrs. M. J. Suiter, Edison. Will die. Geo. Botts, a well known saloon man, broken leg, and cut about the head. Joseph Longerman. E. Erdene Longerman. Mrs. Olson. Luther Swanson. W. A. Wering, of South Tacoma. Vida Wering. Mary Wering. Gladys Wering. G. A. Swanson. L. B. Longerman.

KILLED BY FIREWORKS. Seven Children Dead and Three So Badly Burned That They Will Not Recover. Philadelphia, Pa., July 4.—Seven children were killed by an explosion of fireworks in the heart of the Italian quarter in this city to-day. There are so badly burned that they will probably die, and about twenty others are seriously injured.

The explosion was caused by a colored boy firing a shot from a revolver into a mass of fireworks owned by a sidewalk merchant. The boy was among those killed. After the explosion the police searched the neighborhood and confiscated over a ton of dynamite crackers and other dangerous explosives. Trolley cars and ice wagons were pressed into service to carry the injured to the hospitals.

GASOLINE TANK EXPLODES. Killing Six Railway Officials and Injuring About Thirty Other Person. Parkersburg, W. Va., July 4.—Six prominent railway men were instantly killed and between 25 and 35 persons terribly injured by the explosion of several gasoline tank cars in the yards of the Ohio River railroad here to-day.

At 7:30 o'clock a yard engine was passing down with a train running at a good rate of speed toward the lower end of the yard. On nearing the shops a switch was discovered open. Before the train had been stopped the engine struck a train of gasoline tanks. Several officials of the road happened to be here, and, as usual in an accident of the kind, they fired a cannon shot at the remaining tanks of oil in order to let the fluid out. Instantly after the shot had hit the tank it exploded. Smoke rose in a dense mass, and after it had cleared away a horrible sight greeted the gaze of the people who rushed to the scene.

Everywhere were to be seen chunks of human flesh. Dead bodies were scattered here and there, and injured were lying all over the surrounding country. The dead are: J. H. Halliday, general superintendent; Blakeley Reeves, engineer; Edward Shannon, telegrapher; Yardmaster Carr; Master Mechanic Lalime, and Conductor Bradford.

Between 25 and 35 injured were lying helpless about under the mass of debris. They were removed as rapidly as possible to the city hospital. Many of the injured were suffering internally from the concussion of the explosion, while others were frightfully mutilated by flying bits of iron and wood. It was impossible to state the exact number of in-

jured, as many had been carried to their own homes. At the hospital it was thought that several more deaths would take place. Tacoma, July 4.—According to later reports 29 persons were killed outright in the terrible accident here to-day when car No. 116, of the Edison Electric Lines, jumped the rails at the south end of Delin street bridge, and leaped through space into the gulch sixty feet below.

There were over a hundred persons on the car, and, it is stated, there are 45 dead and 60 injured. The car was under control of Motorman P. L. Boehn and Conductor J. H. Calhoun. The latter died from internal injuries while being taken to the hospital and Motorman Boehn lies at the hospital, but will recover. To a survivor, Motorman Boehn said the reason he lost control of the car was because the fuse had burned out by his reversing the current.

The list of the dead and mangled is as follows: The Dead. Miss Louise Drake, assistant librarian at Edison; Willie Hastings; Mrs. McCulloch, Tacoma; Mrs. Howard, American Lake; Mrs. Saugher, Lake Park; J. D. Calhoun, conductor, wrecked car; J. P. Lingerman, Tacoma; Miss Barnett; L. A. Healy, Tacoma; Mr. McMullen, sr.; J. Paulus; John Neissen, Spanaway; William Williamson, Carbonado; James Benston, Hillhurst; J. S. Gording, Rainier Hill; a boy, supposed to be the son of Calhoun; Carl Mosser, aged 4 years; and Carl Mosser, aged 7 years, both children of Mrs. Herbert Mosser, of Tacoma; Mrs. Elliot, Lake Park; George Campbell; Mrs. Fleming, three sons and one daughter, all under eight years of age; Mrs. Caley; Mrs. Miller; Charles Darr, Miss; Paman Smith; Tacoma; G. Bertall, Hillhurst; Otis Larson, Parkland; Siedenber, Tacoma; Rev. Herbert Gregory, Lake Park; Louis Dinger, Lakeview; Ole Ranssen, Parkland; Reuben Lee; Lottie Dinger, aged 8 years, Tacoma; Annie Glass, aged 12 years, Parkland; Mrs. Grossman, McNeil Island; Griffith Vanderve, Shelton.

The Injured. F. L. Boehn, motorman of the wrecked car; Morris Schilling; Ole Frieberg; Hoffman (will die); C. M. Woodruff, Edison (will die); T. Hartshorn; Geo. C. Bote; Charles Darr; Mrs. Paman Smith; Hanaan; C. Palmer; Frank Starison; M. D. Campbell; Frank Laskey (will die); W. H. Davis (will die); J. L. Lacey; Ethel Withers; Miss Palmer; Bessie Rice; Mrs. C. O. Lee, and son and daughter, (badly injured); two others of her children; Mrs. Paman Smith; Hertz (probably will die); O. M. Parks; Roy Banes; G. Swanson; John Reed; Walter Reed; Birdina Langerman; Roy Lingerman; Teena Schwieson; Lillian Severson; Miss Effie Roberts (will die); Oscar Lee; John Callaghan; John Jaeger; Earl Haskins (will die); Joseph McCann; Ed. Hill (will die); M. Henry; Puyallup; L. Martin, South Tacoma; Mrs. Swanson and four children; L. L. man; Mary and Roscoe Lee, children of Mrs. C. O. Lee; D. W. Cooper; Anton Hansen; Alf Anderson; Edward Hoff; man; H. L. Wee; (seriously injured); may die; H. Brown; (seriously injured); may die; Otto Johnson (injured); Francis O'Hara; Goldie Hoff; man; Bernice Hoffman; Sam. Mathers; O. G. Brotton; Miss Lizzie Patterson; (daughter of ex-Councilman Patterson); Alfred Brotton; M. E. Hosking; Wilkenson, (internally injured, may die); Mrs. Louis Dinger, Lakeview (may die).

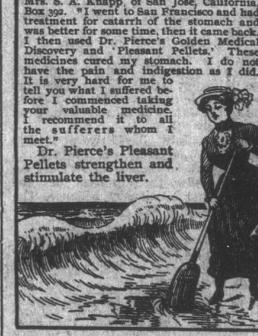
Missing. Mrs. S. A. Patterson; Berge Fleming, 5 years old; Del Fleming.

MINISTERS UNOPPOSED. (Special to the Times.) Nansaimo, July 5.—James Dunsmuir was returned by acclamation to-day to represent South Vancouver. The first name on the nomination papers was that of John Radcliffe, his opponent in the regular election. Other signers were James Gordon, sr.; James P. Nimo, Henry Maguire, L. C. McDonald and Wm. John Bailey. Missions, July 5.—R. McBride, M. P. P., Minister of Mines, representing Dewdney riding, was to-day elected by acclamation. Clinton, B. C., July 5.—Hon. J. D. Prentice, Provincial Secretary, was to-day declared elected by acclamation, there being no opposition offered.

It's Time Wasted And strength wasted, to try to push back the rising tide with a broom. It's just as great a waste of time and a far more serious waste of strength to try to push back the rising tide of disease with the "nervines," "compounds" and "nerve foods" which simply drug the nerves into a drunken stupor. They make you feel good? So does whisky, while the feeling lasts, but the reaction is dangerous and deadly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a temperance medicine. It contains no alcohol, opium, cocaine or other narcotic. It strengthens the body by purifying the blood and increasing the supply of that vital fluid. It heals diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition and thus removes the obstacles to a perfect nourishment of the whole body.

"Six years ago my stomach and heart troubled me so much I had to do something. Mrs. S. A. Knapp, of San Jose, California, Box 392. I went to San Francisco and had treatment for several months, but it was better for some time, then it came back. I tried Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Pellets. These medicines cured my stomach. I do not have the pain and indigestion as I did. It is very hard for me to say how much I owe to Dr. Pierce's medicines. They made you feel good, and I commend taking your valuable medicine to all the sufferers whom I meet."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets strengthen and stimulate the liver.



The McInnes Letters

The Ex-Lieut-Governor Applied to the Secretary of State for Advice.

Question of Dissolution Before the House Assembled Was Under Consideration.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, July 5.—The correspondence which passed between McInnes and Scott may be said to have commenced with the following telegram from the ex-Lieut-Governor:

Victoria, Oct. 21st, 1898. From Lieut-Governor to Hon. R. W. Scott:

Can I constitutionally grant a request for dissolution before the new legislature has formally convened? Please wire reply.

(Signed) T. R. McINNES. Scott replied as follows:

While technically you might have the right to grant dissolution on the advice of your ministers, yet the exercise of that power under existing circumstances would be regarded as an extraordinary precedent, and I would advise against its exercise. Confidential.

(Signed) R. W. S. Following, this is a batch of letters and telegrams, which ends with McInnes's dismissal. It will be seen from the nature of the above and also from what follows that the truth of what was stated in this correspondence yesterday, that had McInnes taken the advice of his old colleague in the Senate and personal friend, he would still be the occupant of Government House. Comment should be withheld until all letters and telegrams bearing on the subject are published.

BRYAN'S PLATFORM. (Associated Press.) Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—"Bryan will not run on any platform which does not contain a specified declaration in favor of free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1. If this convention does not put the declaration in the platform it will have nominated another candidate for president."

This statement was made to-day to the Associated Press by Judge Tibbitts, of Lincoln, delegate at large from Mr. Bryan's own state delegation to this convention. It serves to emphasize the determined stand taken by the Nebraska man. His declaration is that he stands for a principle and those who would have him change or modify his views are simply swinging in the wind of expediency.

Cato Sells, chairman of the Iowa delegation, who had a three-hour conference with Mr. Bryan just before he started for Kansas City, not only reaffirms the statement made by Judge Tibbitts but amplifies it.

"After talking with Mr. Bryan for some time," said Mr. Sells, "with respect to his position and to the attitude his friends ought to assume in this convention, I asked him this blunt question, 'Suppose the convention should refuse to adopt a platform containing a distinct declaration in favor of free coinage at 16 to 1?' 'Then,' said Mr. Bryan emphatically, 'I will not run as the candidate.'"

That the convention will bow to Mr. Bryan's desires nobody who comes in contact with the delegates can doubt for an instant. It is said that neither Mr. Croker nor Mr. Hill desires the nomination of Towne for vice-president. While the New York delegation has not presented formally any candidates, it is known that Hill favors the nomination of Elliott Danforth, and that Croker is quietly pressing the claims of Judge Augustus Van Wyck.

The convention will be called to order to-morrow at noon, and unless present plans are upset Wm. J. Bryan will be nominated for the presidency at the first session.

CANADIAN ITEMS. (Associated Press.) Halifax, July 5.—A \$20,000 fire is reported to have occurred at St. Pierre, Miquelon Island a few days ago, resulting in the total destruction of the principal warehouses for storing fish and other staple articles of the colony. Montreal, July 5.—Russell A. Alger, jr., manager of the Laurentide Pulp Co., Gramere, Que., and son of the ex-ambassador to the United States, sustained the loss of his right hand and had the right arm badly injured by the explosion of a giant firecracker while celebrating the 4th of July in front of his residence at Gramere last night. Rev. Adam Murrinson, pastor of Zion church, who announced his resignation a few weeks ago owing to a misunderstanding with certain officials of the church, has reconsidered his action and will remain pastor for the present. Mr. C. R. Hosmer, director of the C. P. R. and late manager of the company's telegraph system, returned to the city this morning from a two months' trip through England and France. Mr. Hosmer visited the Paris exposition, and was much impressed with Canada's buildings. It was one of the first objects to catch his eye on entering the grounds by one of the main entrances. Toronto, July 5.—Wholesale dry goods merchants are of the opinion that the increased preferential tariff which came into force on July 1st will divert a good deal of the dry goods importation from American to British channels. Mr. Frederick Wylde, of the wholesale dry goods firm of Wylde, Grasset & Darling, in an interview, strongly favors the new tariff.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Declares For Silver Coinage at 16 to 1—To-day's Proceedings.

(Associated Press.) Kansas City, Mo., July 5.—The resolutions committee of the National Democratic convention decided early this morning for one explicit declaration for silver coinage at 16 to 1. The vote stood 26 to 22, and was taken at 3:30 o'clock. At 2 o'clock it looked as if the committee stood favorably to a mere reaffirmation of the Chicago platform.

The plank agreed upon is as follows: "We reiterate the demand of the platform of 1896 for an American financial system made by the American people for themselves which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price level; and as part of such system the immediate restoration of free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation."

A sub-committee was appointed to draft a platform. The convention hall was again besieged to-day by eager and excited thousands, and long before the time set for opening the second day's proceedings of the convention all streets approaching the building were solidly massed with humanity moving forward to the many entrances. Expectancy was at a high pitch as it was universally felt that the day had in store the great events of the convention. At 10:30, the time set for the opening of the convention, two-thirds of the delegates were seated, and the remainder were in the hall or crowding through the doors.

At 11 o'clock the slender figure of Chairman Richardson loomed up above the platform assemblage. He swung the gavel lustily and above the din faintly could be heard his calls for order.

DEATH ROLL INCREASING. One Hundred and Two Persons Known to Have Perished in Hoboken. New York, July 3.—One hundred and two bodies have been recovered from the waters of the North river up to 10 o'clock to-night.

This is the list of fatalities positively known, but it is growing hourly, and to-morrow, when the tide is at its lowest, it is believed a greater number will be recovered.

The dead to-night are distributed between the morgues in Hoboken, Jersey City and New York, and also on the steamer Saale there are three bodies which have not been removed.

All day to-day the work of searching the ruins was kept up incessantly. The officials of the North German Lloyd line were doing everything they could to straighten out matters and bring things into some sort of tangible shape. Their main efforts were directed to taking care of the survivors and to securing an accurate list of the missing. The general agents were at work in New York all day, and Superintendent Moeller was with them, assisting in bringing order out of chaos. They looked after the transportation to Germany of survivors who are in condition to go. They also gave them clothing and fed them.

WITNESS ARRESTED. Station Agent Charged With Stealing Gold Dust. (Associated Press.) Ashcroft, July 5.—The Indian Jonah, at his preliminary examination before Justice of the Peace Knight here yesterday for stealing gold dust valued at \$218 from the C. P. R. station at Spence's Bridge, was discharged for want of evidence, and E. G. Webber, the agent of Spence's Bridge, and in whose charge the gold was when stolen, and who was the chief witness against Jonah, was arrested for stealing it himself, after he had finished giving his evidence against Jonah.

Webster, who is also a special constable, arrested Jonah the second day after the robbery, and claimed to have found a portion of the gold in his pocket. This, with the gold found yesterday by Detective McKenzie, of the C. P. R. service, and Webber near the Spence's Bridge station, makes up the full amount stolen.

Webber comes up for examination to-day.

NOTES FROM OTTAWA. (Special to the Times.) Ottawa, July 5.—The Premier was waited on to-day by a delegation of members asking for increased sessional indemnity of \$500. He will not consent.

The Commons to-day is discussing emergency resolutions on the motion of N. A. Belecourt to receive the report of the committee. F. D. Monk moved in amendment a minority report.

In the committee on the Chinese Immigration Bill, Hon. R. W. Scott moved to amend the clause by which a Chinese married to a white man is admitted free of tax by adding "and the children of such wife by such husband." This was adopted and the bill reported and amendments concurred in.

TWO U. S. SOLDIERS KILLED. Manila, July 5.—The Fourth of July was fittingly observed here. The first election was held yesterday in Vigan, where the municipal officers were chosen under Gen. Otis's order for the establishment of municipalities.

A detachment of soldiers following the Ladrones near Delta Rio Grande met the enemy yesterday and killed 12 and captured six rifles. Two Americans were killed and two wounded.

JAPANESE CABINET. Yokohama, July 5.—The Seoul and Chemulpo railway has been completed and is being operated to-day.

Marquis It is making progress in the formation of a new political party with the ultimate object of forming a new cabinet.

AN EPIDEMIC OF DIARRHOEA. Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Coccaut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Operating Against Dewet

Battery of Second Contingent Ordered to Assist in Catching Boer Commander.

Two More Canadians Dead—Oficer and Trooper of Strathcona's Missing.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, July 5.—A Globe cable from Capetown, dated July 4th, says: "D" battery of the second Canadian contingent has been ordered to Bloemfontein, under command Major Hundman, of Ottawa, to assist in the operation to catch General Dewet, the Boer commandant operating in Orange River Colony.

"Colonel Ryerson sailed for home on the Dunottar Castle. He is succeeded by Lieut. Biggar, of Belleville, Ont., who went out with Strathcona's Horse."

Canadian Casualties. Ottawa, July 5.—Lord Minto has received the following from Sir Alfred Milner: "Regret to report that 7204, Private R. Irvine, Royal Canadians, died of enteric fever at Bloemfontein, 1st July. (Signed) Milner."

The following cable signed "General" has also been received: "Headquarters, S. A. Standerton, July 4.—(No. 5729)—Following casualties reported near Waterfall, July 1st: Strathcona's Horse: Killed—509, Private Angus Jenkins; Missing—Capt. Donald McLean Howard; 456, Private John Hobson. (Signed) General."

Clery Joins Hart. London, July 5.—The war office has received the following dispatch from "Standerton, July 5.—Clery, from Greylingbosch, joined hands yesterday at Zuilkerbosch, Rand River, with Hart, from Heidelberg, all in the Transvaal. He met with but slight opposition during the march."

IS IT RIGHT For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines? From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N.C.

It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that a little of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot act and feel like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness, and give strength and rest.

Going to Re-Decorate? Why not enjoy the practical advantages offered by our Metallic Ceilings & Walls



They are both handsome and economical—outlast any other style of interior finish—are fire proof and sanitary—can be applied over plaster if necessary—and are made in a vast number of artistic designs, which will suit any room of any building.

Write us—we'd like you to know all about them. If you want an estimate send outline showing the shape and measurements of your ceilings and walls.

Metallic Roofing Co. Limited TORONTO.

A. B. FRASHER, SR., SELLING AGENT, VICTORIA.

APIOL and STEEL PILLS FOR LADIES A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES. SUPPERSING BITTER APPLE, PIL COCHIA, PENNYROYAL, ETC.

Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & BONS, LTD., Victoria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

AN EPIDEMIC OF DIARRHOEA. Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Coccaut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound. It is necessarily used monthly by over 20,000 Ladies. Safe, effective. Ladies ask for your friend, Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all mixtures, pills and medicinal preparations. Price, 25c. 11 per box. No. 10, 25c. 10 degrees stronger, 65c. per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 4-cent stamps. The Cook Compound is made and used ever used. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

BUTCHERY IN CHINA.

There is no longer any doubt about the extreme gravity of the situation in China. The powers appear to be helpless to do anything for the relief of Peking until their armies are reinforced, while even now it may be too late to prevent atrocities without parallel since the time of the Indian mutiny.

THE ISLAND'S TURN.

Reference was made yesterday to the progress that was being made down east on the shores of the Atlantic in the development of the natural resources of the Dominion. To-day in our news columns will be found the announcement that in the extreme west of this continent, on the coast of the Pacific and in the vicinity of Barclay Sound, a movement of the same kind is in progress and that in a very short time at least 500 men will be engaged in digging up the iron ore which in this manufacturing age seems to be becoming even more precious than gold.

We already have gold mines making their regular shipments to the smelters, and it appears we shall soon have iron mines in the same category. When we get the railway extended to the north end of the island and an opportunity to utilize all the riches which Nature has so lavishly bestowed on us as a heritage, we shall be able to realize in a dim sort of way what the future has in store for Vancouver Island.

CANADA'S GROWTH.

In some quarters it was for a time fashionable to depreciate the idea of Canada ever becoming a great nation and to sneer at her territory as merely a narrow fringe running along the northern border of the United States. Within the last few years, however, the eyes of those blind ones, at home and abroad, have been opened, and the world generally has been made aware in a limited way of the extent and resources of the Dominion. Whatever may have been the cause of it, whether it was the loosening of the bands in which trade had been practically strangled during the eighteen years in which the Conservatives were in power or whether it was owing to the discovery of the wonderful natural resources of the country from the east even unto the west and from the southern boundary to latitudes as high as the Klondike country, the fact remains that the increase of the trade of Canada during the four years of Liberal rule has been just about double the growth during the previous eighteen years in which the Conservatives were in power. The marvelous prosperity to which we refer has not been confined to any particular section of the country, but has been universal. In British Columbia we think we have been making rapid strides, with our towns springing up here and there through the mountains wherever the precious metals are to be found, but it seems to be the fact that—perhaps owing to some extent to local troubles—we are for the time the least progressive section of Canada. Away on the eastern coast in Sir Charles Tupper's constituency there is growing a city which may shortly surpass in size any of our western centres. The miners there do not dig for what are called the precious metals, it is true, but they will shortly be turning out from the abundance which nature has deposited one-eighth of the iron products of the world. Farther west in Ontario the Cramps of Philadelphia are erecting works which will cost when finished upwards of five million dollars. The coal and the timber which is the raw material of wood pulp, and the iron deposits of Canada have scarcely been touched, while in some parts of the world these bountiful provisions of nature are either becoming exhausted or are showing symptoms of running so low as to send those requiring them in quest of fields of greater abundance. When our farming lands are within measurable distance of being taken up we shall be able to raise sufficient wheat to feed the people of the British Empire, and if the present rate of increase of the population of the world be maintained it may not be long before we shall be required to do it.

In our own province we not only have the iron and the coal and the wood pulp, but we have also the precious metals and metals of almost every kind that enter into the economy of mankind at the present day. What with the trade of the north, and the commerce of the Orient—what before the end of the present difficulties will be thrown open to the world if the majority of the nations have their way and remain sufficiently harmonious to impose their will upon China—and the internal business which is sure to spring into existence in a country so richly endowed by nature, who can foretell what the position of British Columbia may be in a decade?

RECENT ACCIDENTS.

The hand of affliction has fallen heavily upon our neighbors across the line within the last few days. In Tacoma, on the very threshold of the celebration of the day of all days in the year to them, a large number of lives have been suddenly cut off in a tragic way. In Victoria the remembrance of a somewhat similar occurrence is still keen enough to draw forth strong feelings of sympathy for those of our cousins on the other side who have been so sadly bereaved.

The pages of history bear witness to the fact that it seems to be utterly impossible to guard against occurrences of the character that have been lately chronicled in Georgia, in New Jersey, in Washington and in Ohio. The vehicles in which large numbers of people are transported, in spite of all the precautions which human ingenuity can devise, sometimes fail to respond to the will of the persons in charge of them, and the result is generally disastrous. The terrible fire at Hoboken, N.J., which resulted in the loss of so many lives, was probably an accident, but, according to the latest advices, many people might have been saved from drowning if the crews of the river steamers had been possessed of the ordinary compassion for the suffering common to human nature. In New York all cities in the civilized world it has often been remarked that the woes of humanity make little impression on the general community. Probably it is the same in all large cities; life is too abundant to waste time in efforts to protect or save the lives of mere units. The burning of a few docks and steamers on the Hudson river is not so much to be wondered at as the fact that such disasters are not more frequent. The wharves are all of wood of a very inflammable character, and it is surprising the steamship companies entrust their property worth many millions alongside such structures. New York is surely wealthy enough at this day to erect docks in keeping with the commercial importance of the city.

The news brought down by the returning vessels from Nome shows that law and order are unknown in that portion of the United States. The shotgun is the only effective title to mining claims. That is the sort of government we would have had in the Klondike if certain people had had their way, and they were encouraged in their aspirations by Canadian politicians who would sacrifice even Canada's good name for the sake of power. They hounded officials who were trying to do their duty with all sorts of charges in the hope of driving them from the country, but backed by a strong government, these persecuted men stuck manfully to their posts and brought confusion to their detractors and discomfiture to those who were responsible for their nefarious conduct. The man who made charges against Mr. Senkler failed to appear to answer to justify them, and Sir Herbert Tupper's last friend appears to have vanished in the direction of Nome in search of more congenial surroundings and companions of his own stamp.

There have been agitations before at Ottawa for an increase of the sessional indemnity because of undue prolongation of the "labors" of the legislators. If the members would attend strictly to the business of the country the length of the sessions of Parliament might easily be reduced by a month, but while there are men in the House who love the sound of their voices above all things the same complaint of inadequate compensation which will probably close this week there has been a systematic attempt at obstruction, men like Prior and Davin getting on their feet whenever an opportunity presented itself to ask questions and move resolutions the only apparent object of which was to delay business. Now they want to be paid overtime for the work. Perhaps they will get it, but we doubt it.

Why shouldn't we have a paper mill in British Columbia? This question has been asked by the Nelson Miner, and we confess it seems as if the contention of our contemporary that there is a field for such an institution is well maintained. The mills in the East have more business than they can handle, the demand out here is constantly increasing, we have the timber and the water power and we have chemical works, while the Australian market is a continually growing one, with no raw material from which to make paper for themselves. Nearly all our raw materials are shipped from the province for the enrichment of foreign communities; cannot we make our own paper?

The Massacre At Peking

Chinese Report Says That All Foreigners in the Capital Have Been Killed.

Over Ninety Thousand Imperial Troops Marching to Attack the Allies.

Admirals Decide That It Is at Present Impossible to Make Any Advance.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 4.—(Not a single foreigner is now alive at Peking) is the latest Chinese report which has reached Shanghai.

Earlier reports from the same sources describe the condition of the British legation as something awful.

It is said that the rooms of the legation were filled with sick and wounded, killed lying unburied in heaps. It is to be expected that many of the members and officials of the Tsung li Yamen perished when the German guard, maddened by the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, set fire to the building.

That the foreigners at the Chinese capital have been abandoned to the horrible fate seems no longer open to doubt in the light of the messages received by the Associated Press from Taku this morning, announcing the decision of the admirals regarding the hopelessness of further attempts to relieve Peking under the circumstances.

The same message seems to foreshadow the evacuation of Tien Tsin by the international forces, pending the arrival of a fully equipped army.

While the arrival of a small garrison at Tien Tsin, at a point under protection of the naval guns, would relieve much of the anxiety, it is felt that a retreat of the troops is liable to set afire the provinces at present quiescent.

Advices from Shanghai to-day say that there is continued fighting at Tien Tsin, while the German consul at Chee Foo telegraphs to Berlin confirming the report of the renewal of hostilities. He says the foreign settlement at Tien Tsin is again surrounded, and is being bombarded, and that the women and children are to be removed. He adds that the Chinese troops have again advanced against the railroad, and that the bridges have been destroyed, but that communication by water and Taku is maintained.

The consul confirmed the report that the mission buildings at Moukden have been burned, and that many native Christians have been killed.

Shelling the Legation. Shanghai, July 4.—A message from Sir Robert Hart, the inspector general of customs, dated Peking, Monday, June 25th, reiterates that the situation was very desperate. Chinese troops were shelling the British legation, where all members of the diplomatic body had congregated. All the viceroys of the Yang Tse Kiang region have determined to keep the peace. The governor of the province of Chekiang alone is showing anti-foreign tendencies.

Shanghai is safe. The protecting force is increasing in strength daily, but uneasiness is left at Hang Chow, capital of the province of Chekiang. With the view of emphasizing his agreement with the Europeans, Viceroy Lin has stopped mounting guns on the Yang Tse Kiang forts. He has also stopped other anti-foreign war preparations, and has refused to assist Li Ping Hing with troops for the north. He accuses the latter of being the cause of the German's taking Shang Tsin. Consequently Li Ping Hing has left Nankin with only 300 soldiers.

Dowager Empress's Orders. Berlin, July 4.—A telegram from Shanghai says the British legation at Peking was still besieged on July 1st, but the date July 1st is questioned. The German consul at Chee Foo telegraphed on Tuesday, July 3rd, after reiterating that General Tung Fu Li Sian and Prince Tuan have seized the entire power at Peking, under the motto "exterminate the foreigners," says: "The governor of Shan Tung is at Tsin Tsin with 8,000 troops, ostensibly for the purpose of resisting the latter's attack from Tsin Tsin. About 13,000 of his troops are on the frontier of Chihli. This concentration is regarded with much suspense and interest."

Another Chee Foo dispatch, dated today, says all missionaries from China are on their way to Tsin Tsin. A dispatch from Canton, dated Tuesday, July 3rd, gives the gist of two edicts of the Dowager Empress dealing with the Boxers, the attack of the foreign powers on China, and the latter's position. The edicts declare that reconciliation with the Christians, against whom the whole nation, including the princes, military officials and nobles were united and are now stamping them out, is quite impossible. It is asserted that the powers began the fight by the attack on Taku, with the intention of the latter being against all foreigners, saying that any attempt to suppress the people would be dangerous, and adding: "Therefore it seems expedient at present to utilize the anti-foreign movement."

One edict orders that the Dowager Empress is ready to protect the legations at Peking. "But it remains to be seen," says the Dowager, "whether the foreigners or Chinese are the stronger. In any case all the governors should immediately enroll troops for the defence of the districts, as they will be held responsible for loss of territory."

Dispatch From Seymour. London, July 4.—The admiralty has received a dispatch from Vice-Admiral Seymour, dated Tien Tsin, Saturday, June 30th. After repeating the news from Peking of the destruction of all the legations except the British, French, German and part of the Russian, he adds: "The Europeans have gathered in the British legation. They have provisions but the ammunition is scarce. One gate of the city near the legation is held by the Europeans with guns captured from the Chinese. Five of the marine guard have been killed and an officer wounded. There is not much sickness at present. The Chinese inundated the country near here yesterday from the grand canal, the object probably being for the defence of the city from the south. It does no injury to us. Our general health is good."

Fighting at Taku. Taku, June 29, via Shanghai, July 3, London, July 4.—A reconnoitering party, under Lieut. Keyes of the torpedo boat Fame, captured and destroyed the new city and the port 12 miles from Taku on June 28th. There was little opposition. Two bluejackets were injured by an explosion and many Chinese were killed. The river is clear from Taku to Tien Tsin, with the exception of a few sunken tow boats and lighters.

In the second attack upon the east arsenal on June 27th, the Russians retired for reinforcements. A force of British, one company of Germans and 30 Americans, then engaged the enemy, who, with four guns, made a determined resistance until the allied forces supported the artillery. The allies advanced and stormed the west end of the arsenal. Fifty Chinese were killed. Lack of cavalry prevented the capture of the whole force. As soon as the allies had occupied the arsenal, 1,500 Imperial troops made a flank attack from the city. The British and the Russian guns drove them back.

The British casualties numbered five killed, 21 wounded. The Americans had only one wounded, while the Russians lost 17 killed and wounded. Urged to Massacre Foreigners. New York, July 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Shanghai dated July 3rd says: "The following Imperial decree, dated Peking, June 25th, has been sent by courier to Pao Ting Fu, and thence telegraphed broadcast: "We are now warring with the foreigners. Boxers, patriots and people, combined with the government troops, have been victorious in battles with our foreign enemies. We have already sent an Imperial commissioner to transmit the Imperial praise and exhortations to report the successes. There must be men of similar patriotism and bravery in all the provinces of the empire. We therefore command all viceroys and governors to enlist such and organize them into troops. Let this decree be sent to all officials in the empire at the rate of 200 miles per day."

High Chinese officials here stated today that they had received a message from Peking saying that 24 hours would decide the fate of the remaining legations. "Admiral Seymour is reported to have been wounded in a pitched battle. Reports from the surrounding country show that proclamations urging the massacre of foreigners and native Christians have been posted on walls of missions."

Marching on Tien Tsin. London, July 4.—A dispatch from Taku, dated June 30th, and Chee Foo, Tuesday, July 3rd, says that the British and Russian admirals, at the council of war held on June 30th, decided that it was impossible to attempt to relieve Peking without greatly increased forces. They also concluded that it would be possible to hold Tien Tsin. In the event of this not proving feasible, they would endeavor to retain possession of Taku. One hundred and forty thousand Imperial troops are stationed between Peking and Tien Tsin.

The total of the allied forces which can be concentrated at the present barely numbers 20,000. It is reported that Gen. Nieh Si Chang is advancing for an attack on Tien Tsin, with 90,800 troops. "Another report has been received at Taku to the effect that the German guards rescued the body of Baron von Ketteler, the late German minister to China, after he had been murdered by the Chinese."

THE RAILS SPREAD. Train Wrecked—Two Persons Killed and Thirty-Three Injured. (Associated Press.) Butte, Mont., July 3.—A wreck occurred late last night on the Montana Central railroad, a branch of the Great Northern, at Trask siding, 12 miles from Butte, by which two persons—John L. Kelly and John Luceckes—were killed and 33 injured. The train left Butte at 8:30 last night and was on its way to Helena when the rails spread, ditching the baggage car, smoker, day coach and sleeper. The cars were thrown over on their sides and the passengers, who were not badly injured, climbed out through the windows. Conductor Zeech, with shoulder and hip dislocated, managed to make his way back to Woodville, five miles, and telegraphed to Butte, Mont., for help. A special train with doctors and nurses brought in the injured, who were taken to the hospitals.

FAILED TO APPEAR. Ottawa, July 3.—The interior department to-day received a message from Dawson City that when the time came for McAllister, who preferred charges against Gold Commissioner Senkler, to go on with the case, the complainant failed to show up.

GOOD YEAR FOR FRUIT MEN. Toronto, July 4.—Mr. L. Wolvorton, secretary of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, who is here on business to-day, says he looks for a great season for fruit men this year.

BREAD GOES UP. Montreal, July 4.—The master bakers of this city and Quebec have decided to increase the price of bread. The advance is caused by an increase in the price of flour, which has gone up an average of \$1.05 per barrel.

THE MARKETS FOR THE PAST FEW WEEKS have had an upward tendency, nearly everything in the grocery line is advancing. Now is the time to supply your wants, if you wish to save money. NEW CREAMERY BUTTER... 25c. lb. OUR BLEND TEA... 20c. lb. THE FAMOUS "DIXIE" OXYLON... 35c. lb. GOLDEN BLEND TEA... 40c. lb. "DIXIE" BLEND COFFEE... 40c. lb. Note—GIVEN AWAY FREE during the demonstration now being given on SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUITS a handsomely illustrated COOK BOOK, containing over 200 receipts. The exhibition is extended to all sample these famous biscuits.



AN UPWARD TENDENCY

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DIXIE H. ROSS & CO. J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. WE MANUFACTURE BY WHITE LABOR. Negligee Top Shirts, Tweed Pants, And the Strong and Durable Ironclad Overalls, Blouses, Jumpers, etc. 21, 23, 25, 27, 29 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

Pavement By-Law Passes

The proposal to proceed with the paving of Broad street, from Fort to Yates, and of Yates from Government to Douglas, was incorporated into a by-law last night, notwithstanding a strong protest had been entered against the increase of taxation by Ald. Williams, Kinsman and Cameron. Leave was also granted to introduce the Craigflower road re-opening by-law.

Yates and Broad Street Will Be Laid With Blocks at Once.

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The Craigflower Road Re-Opening By-Law is Introduced—Vigorous Opposition.

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NO SUFFERING IN CAMP

From Dread Catarrh—Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder Kills the Disease Germs and Cures the Distressed Parts—Relieves in Ten Minutes. At. Loblane, of St. Jerome, Quebec, says he used Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder for an acute case of catarrh in the head and it cured him. He has 125 men working under him in the lumbering camps, and what it has done for him it has done for many of them. He buys it for camp use and pins his faith to it as the quickest reliever for colds in the head, and surest cure for catarrh—50 cents. Sold by Dean & Haecks and Hall & Co., British ship Lydenbom is on berth at Liverpool for Victoria, and will sail some time during September. Her local agents are R. P. Richey & Co.

The Cow... The Summ... Under... Gratifying... Lab... The display... The exhibi... for wh... the other d... agriculture... The exhibi... the very a... in many a... The exhibi... large or... fanciers en... setters and... while fox ter... The prize... Collection... Hadwen; 2... Collection... Tatt... Collection... W. C. Dur... Collection... first prize... Wainfield... can... Any other... first prize;... Raspber... Hadwen... First of... prize; 2nd... Any other... bury; 2nd... Prize of... 2nd, 3rd... 2nd, A. P... Black c... Dougall; 2... Oregon 4... Mrs. Rich... Cherries... wen... Any other... Richards;... Best tab... 2nd... Collectio... 2nd, Mrs... Collectio... down Gre... Panster... Parry... Collectio... ner; 2nd... Popples... Kingston... Rosses (J... 2nd, Mrs... Any o... Maitland... Dougall... For Flot... Mrs. Ash... Bonquet... der 14)—3... Miss Hol... Collectio... saturday... Collectio... 2nd, Ed... Table of... Pimbury; 1... Potatoes... 2nd, H. o... Any o... Bonall; 2... Culliflow... Botted in... Edwin J... Cabbage... Richards... Any o... Ohlson; 3... Quart 4... land-Dou... very high... Bunch... Lettuces... Hadwen... Lettuces... 2nd, G... Radish... H. de M... Good c... Hadwen; 1... land-Dou... Orange... Bunch... Pimbury... Stick 4... W. King... Collectio... Wilson... One-Bo... ards; 2nd... Peking... Flett...

School Term Concluded

Results of the Recent Examinations in the Victoria District.

New Building Required at Chemanus-Satisfactory Showing Made by Children.

The closing exercises in connection with the Victoria College at Beach Hill Park took place on Friday, although the lists will not be ready until Archdeacon Scriven and Principal Church have finished their work. The school reopens on September 3rd.

Following is the report of the June examination in Sidney public school, the names appearing in order of merit. Miss A. Currie is the teacher:
Senior V.—Marguerite Brethour.
Junior V.—Edith Brethour.
Senior III.—George Reid, Alice Roberts, Lillian Winslow, Ellen Berquist, Joyce Brethour, Alex. Brethour, Frank Norris.
Junior III.—Pearl Harrison, Harry Critchley, Marriot Armstrong, Eva Roberts.
I. Reader—Lena Reid, Gerald Winslow, Wilson Armstrong, Clifford Brethour, Frederica Winslow, Violet Norris.
II. Primer—James Reid, Sidney Roberts, Olive Norris, Herbert Harrison.
Roll of Honor—Department, Herbert William Harrison; punctuality and regularity, Jessie Alice Roberts; proficiency, Marguerite Edna Brethour.
Galiano.

Under the supervision of Miss C. McDonald the children of the Galiano public school went through their usual summer examinations on Friday. The programme was as follows:

- Song—"Soldiers of the Queen".....School
- Lecture.....Charlotte Groth
- Recitation—"Psalms of Life".....Florence Gray
- R. History—"Questions".....3rd and 5th Class
- Song—"Row, Brothers, Row".....School
- Recitation—"Pop".....Miss Cath. Groth
- Recitation—"Don't".....Lawrence Gray
- Geography—"Questions".....3rd and 5th Class
- Song—"Oh, Give Me a Home by the Sea".....School
- Recitation—"A Frog in My Throat".....School
- Recitation—"The Wee Chickens".....Vivian Gray
- Song—"A Froggie Would A-Wooing Goe".....School
- Anatomy—"Questions".....5th Class
- Recitation—"Milk Time".....School
- Song—"After".....School
- Spelling Match.....3rd Against 5th Class
- Recitation—"The Little Tunicam".....School
- Song—"In Our Pleasant Schoolroom".....School
- Distribution of Prizes, etc., etc.

Vote on Copy Books.
After the programme, Mr. Macklin, secretary of board of trustees, addressed the children and in a few well selected words explained to them the necessity of their obtaining all the knowledge they could while at school to carry them through their future struggle with the outside world.

It is only fair to add, on behalf of the teachers, Miss C. McDonald, that the cleverness which the children displayed in delivering their selections, etc., etc., showed a great deal of talent and labor on the part of their teacher instructing.

Elk Lake.
A pleasant time was spent by parents and children on Friday at the above school, which is taught by Miss Blanche E. Couves. Speeches were made by the trustees, Messrs. Carmichael, Jenkinson and McKay. The school results are as follows:

Roll of Honor—Proficiency, Dora May Carmichael; regularity and punctuality, Walter Carmichael; deportment, Hugh Campbell.
Prizes were awarded to the following pupils: Dora May Carmichael, diligence; John Henry Smith, general proficiency; Maud Hedley, diligence; Alice M. Toul, regularity and punctuality; Helen Frank, diligence; Jane A. Smith, general improvement; Walter Carmichael, diligence; Elizabeth Frank, general improvement; Thomas Frank, general improvement; Percy Frieland, spelling; Fred Jenne, general improvement; Reginald Hedley, general improvement; Ester Carmichael, arithmetic; Lily Jenne, spelling; Hugh Campbell, diligence; Lena Campbell, diligence; Frank Smith, proficiency; Robert McKay, diligence; Arthur Jenne, diligence; Percy Jenne, general improvement; Ernest Hedley, diligence; Jesse Hedley, diligence; Georgina Smith.
Chemanus.

At the above school, of which S. Moore, B.A., is teacher, examinations resulted as follows:

Roll of Honor—Regularity and punctuality, Miss Martha McBride; deportment, Miss Vera Bonsall; proficiency, Master Shirecliffe Parker.
Prize for proficiency in the Fifth Class, Miss Lily McBride; prize for free-hand drawing, Richard Mainy.
As the present school has been in service 17 years and the enrolled pupils number 27, an attempt will be made to secure a grant from the government for a new building this year.

Chemanus Landing.
At the above school the average attendance at which has been 30 for the past year, a pleasing programme was carried out, patriotic songs being sung by the children under the direction of Rev. Mr. Williamson.

The roll of honor for 1900 is as follows: Regularity and punctuality, Geo. Higgins; deportment, James Marshall; proficiency, Robert Crozier.
The following prizes, given by the teacher, J. W. King, B.A., were won: For mathematics and book-keeping, Arthur Collier; English history and geography, Miss Emma Gollant; map drawing, Chas. Collier; nature study, Arthur Crozier.

EDUCATIONAL FUNCTION.

Interesting School Competition at Metchoshin.

On Saturday last the annual competition in composition and elocution for Esquimalt district was decided at Metchoshin. In the year 1897, Jubilee year, Mr. Hayward, the present senior member for the district, instituted the competition, presenting a fine large oil painting of Her Majesty as the trophy. To become the property of any one school it must be won on three different occasions. In 1897 Colwood won the trophy, Miss King teacher; 1898, Esquimalt took the honors, L. A. Campbell teacher; 1899, Metchoshin carried off this coveted picture, Miss Robinson teacher, and this year Rocky Point wins it, Mr. E. Clark teacher.

But three schools were represented, Rocky Point, Metchoshin and Esquimalt, ranking in the above mentioned order in merit.
A large gathering was present in Metchoshin hall to hear the recitations and to listen to the results and speeches. Rev. Wm. Barber, Dr. J. G. Hand and L. Tait acted as judges, and after a careful and painstaking examination awarded the first prize to Miss Parker, of Rocky Point school; Master Arden took second honors for Metchoshin, and Miss Clayton came third, representing Esquimalt.
Mr. Pooley was appointed chairman, and after a short speech called upon the examiners, who complimented the teachers and pupils of the schools represented.

The contestants read their compositions, after which Mr. Hayward made a short speech, declaring his intention to widen the competition so as to include reading and writing, in all the grades and thus give to the various schools in the district an opportunity to compete. The ladies of the district thoughtfully prepared a bountiful lunch, which everybody concerned appreciated.
The gathering dispersed with singing "God Save the Queen."

How The Day Was Spent

Confederation Honored by General Pleasure-Seeking Citizens of Victoria.

Great Crowds Handled by the Steamship and Railway Companies.

The delightful weather tempted a large crowd to take advantage of the excursions to different points yesterday and on Sunday. Many got away to Vancouver on the Islander on Sunday morning, while the remainder of the mainland-bound visitors took advantage of the very cheap rate given by the C.P.N. on the Yosemite and Tees, and by the owners of the Alpha. The latter vessel made a special trip from Vancouver to Victoria and took over two hundred excursionists. The Yosemite, in addition to her regular complement of pleasure seekers, had on board over sixty men of a Company, R.C.R., under Col. McKay, who went over to take part in the celebration.

The City of Nanaimo carried the Light-Governor and party to Vancouver on Saturday night.
The same vessel made a trip on Sunday to Port Angeles, being chartered by the Fifth Regiment band for that day. About two hundred people took advantage of the opportunity of visiting the little town across the straits. Two customs house officers were left behind, having miscalculated the time it would take to reach the vessel after the last whistle sounded. There was little doing at Angeles beyond a few horse races, and a free fight between some Victoria boys and their Yankee cousins, in which the first named came off victorious. As the steamer left the wharf the crowd on the steamer started up "Soldiers of the Queen" for the purpose of explaining to the defeated pugilists how it is "we've always won."

The principal excursions of yesterday were to points on the two railways. The Methodist Sunday schools of the city went to Bazan Park, Sidney, an ideal spot by the way for an outing, where games of all kinds, boating and bathing were indulged in to the great delight of the little ones. The affair passed off without accident of any kind, the great crowd was handled expeditiously and satisfactorily, and the event was in every respect a success.
The E. & N. also did a tremendous trade. Excursions were run to the Dunans show, and for the Presbyterian and Baptist Sunday schools to Goldstream and Colwood respectively. To the first named the railroad carried over nine hundred passengers, while about six hundred came from Nanaimo, the latter crowd being swelled by a large number whom the Joan was unable to carry to Vancouver. An unfortunate hitch in the arrangements, which was as deeply regretted by the railway management as by the picnicists, occurred in relation to the Sunday schools. Two engines of the road became heated in their bearings, and from this arose a delay which kept a large crowd of little ones out until after midnight. While this resulted in a great hardship to parents and children, it seems to have been unavoidable so far as the railway company was concerned.

This morning about two hundred people left by the steamer Victorian to attend the Seattle celebration. A low rate was given by the company. It is expected that some more will go over tomorrow morning.

ITCHING, BURNING, CREEPING, CRAWLING

Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, It cures Tetter, Itch, Eczema, Urticaria, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blisters, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rash during teething time. 35 cents.

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Upper River Navigable

Larger Craft Now Operated on Waterways to Dawson-Reaper Reported Wrecked.

Shortage of Food at Big Salmon--New Camps Developing Rich.

On Sunday night the C.P.N. steamship Danube, Capt. H. R. Foote, arrived after a protracted trip from Skagway, occasioned by calls at Wrangel, Simpson and other ports en route, bringing as passengers some thirty people, seven of whom were on arrival late but 15 1/2 days from the Yukon goldfields. They came out from Dawson on the Yukoner and report among other things that the northern rivers are now navigable for the larger craft, although according to them, the Reaper, one of the larger vessels, came to a sudden end in Squaw rapids, just after passing through Miles Canyon on Monday, a week ago yesterday. She struck a number of boulders and was said to have been completely wrecked.

The party included A. Traid, T. H. Austin, H. Harvey, C. C. Harman and W. Hedges. Traid carried the most gold. He had \$50,000 worth of the yellow dust, taken from properties which he has worked out of the Yukon since the year 1896. When the first Klondike excitement set in, Traid was among the first to go North from here, and he is now returning home to St. Paul, well satisfied with his earnings for the past four years. He bought his ticket at Skagway for the voyage South and after placing his gold and other personal effects aboard the Danube went back up town to find on his return that the Danube had sailed. For a short time the fellow was in a quandary, but the officers of the steamer City of Seattle helped him out of the difficulty. He was taken aboard that vessel and some time after leaving Lynn Canal was placed safely into the C.P.N. ship. The Danube had among its passengers a number of Major Walsh's Yukon force, who are destined for points in Eastern Canada to spend a well-earned holiday.

A big budget of northern news was received by the steamer. Late arrivals report a new strike 100 miles back of Circle City, on three creeks known as Faith, Hope and Charity, which empty into the Tanana. A new strike is also reported on Walker's fork of the Porcupine, which was once before staked. A stampede has resulted, and others have rushed in and re-staked the country.
Col. E. D. Wiggin, late commissioner at Rampart City, says a quarter of a million has been washed up in that camp; that the various creeks have been proved rich, and that the output for this season, including what is to be taken out this summer, should aggregate \$2,000,000. Another promising camp has turned out at Jack Wade creek this spring, as shown by the large returns obtained in the clean-up, there having been taken from No. 7 below upper discharge of the creek some 100 things like \$80,000. Dr. W. W. Johnson, H. McGraw's (of Washington) claim, on Little Manook, has yielded a similar amount this year.

Big Salmon appears to be a failure as a placer field this year, and if the story of two arrivals from there can be relied on, the 75 men in camp there are finding it difficult to get food. The camp has run short of supplies, and the men are beginning to dig for themselves up for one another's deficiencies in various lines by borrowing and distributing. Provisions, however, are on the way into the country and should reach the camp some time this month.
The Porcupine country is said to be turning out well. One prospector, who recently arrived at Wrangel and the said that in every instance in which rock has been reached not a claim has proved a blank. The body of Adolph Hochgesang, a Porcupine mine owner, who was drowned a few weeks ago near Bull Island in the Chilkat river, was discovered by Indians.

One reef was found on Taku Arm, which experts say is of high grade and on account of the immense body of it and its position may be quarried like Treadwell property. There is now a tunnel on the Engineer mines 100 feet, and the working force on the proposition is to be soon increased. A mill test of several tons of the ore will be made at Juneau.
Lieut. Herron, U.S.A., at the head of an expedition that left Cook inlet a year ago for the Tanana over an entirely new and untrodden route to the white man, and who was reported lost, reached Skagway from the lower Yukon with his party of five men, before the Danube sailed. They travelled 1,000 miles overland, side excursions included, in getting from Cook inlet to Tanana. They started with two Sushitna Indian guides, who deserted them when winter closed in. For two months they travelled without guides until they came to an Indian village. Fourteen mules were taken for packing in the beginning, but they had to be abandoned because of lack of forage when the winter came on. The men heroically pushed forward and got through safely. The expedition was to learn the conditions of the country and its peculiarities. It led up the Sushitna, thence to the Kusokwim, and thence past Mount McKinley and to the mouth of the Tanana.

An election took place at Skagway last week, in which 300 votes to 100 were cast, and 25 against were recorded. Survey-General Distin has determined to bring about closer relations among the various mining districts of Alaska for mutual benefit and to aid in the sale of mining property and securing capital for investment. Also to establish a bureau of geological specimens to include all manner of ores, placer gravel, coal and oil samples; also rare timber and shrubs, and all other specimens of vegetable matter. He is also seeking information as to tracts of land worthy of protection that they might be utilized

in the interest of the general public. To further these ends he has mailed to deputy surveyors and prominent citizens generally two circular letters. In one of these he says: "You are requested that, whenever you have knowledge of a tract or tracts of land on the public domain in your vicinity which, for scenic beauty, natural wonders or curiosities, ancient ruins or relics or other objects of scientific interest, or springs containing medicinal or other properties, which should be protected and utilized in the interest of the public, you will make the same the subject of a special report to this office, with a description and sketch of the territory involved."
The petition for the incorporation of the town of Skagway, although vigorously opposed by the Moore wharf interests as granted by Judge Brown, says the Skagway Alaskan, and the 28th of June was set as an election day in which qualified electors will decide for or against incorporation and elect a city council of seven members. The boundaries of the proposed incorporation include the Skagway valley from rimrock to rimrock, and including the four wharfs to, and including, the car shops.
J. J. Barber, the agent for the New York Life Insurance Association, came to Skagway a short time ago and offered to pay the \$5,000 insurance due the relatives of Fred H. Clayton, who was murdered on the trail, as soon as Will Clayton, the brother and partner of the deceased put up the proper bonds to protect the company in case Fred turned up alive. Clayton's body has been taken to Dawson and there identified.

Skagwayans fairly sweltered with heat on the 28th of last month. The maximum registration of the day, as given by Government Weather Observer Hayne, was 93 above, and the minimum of the twenty-four hours previous 52 degrees above.

Other advices from Skagway says that the steamer Coquitlam, the cargo of which caught fire on the way from Vancouver, has arrived. A quarter of the cargo was ruined. She had 800 tons of merchandise, mostly for Adair & White and McLean & McFeeley, Dawson merchants. It was all insured. The ship was uninsured.

Ed. Miller, of Seattle, an old-timer in Southeastern Alaska, is planning the opening up of a marble quarry in Wrangel narrows. Several locations of fine marble have been made in Duncan canal and the Narrows. The merits of the marble are the ease of working and polish. The location of the largest quarry in the water's edge so that scoops put ashore can be loaded with ease.

S. E. Bandle, of Los Angeles, Cal., is in Southeastern Alaska in search of an island on which to start a fox farm.
R. E. West, the Skagway newspaper man, who has returned from Dawson, reports that it was estimated 1,000 people left there in small boats for Nulik and Koyukuk by the river route the last week in May, and that 1,000 got away for the same destination in large steamers the first week in June.

The steamer Hannah got into Dawson June 4th from Andrews, 150 miles this side of St. Michael, where she spent the winter. Her officers believed those who went down early in small boats were not yet through, that is on June 4th, for, they said, the river did not open at the mouth last year until June 16th.

Passengers on the Danube say that the town of White Horse is rapidly becoming a city. The town has five hotels, four restaurants, four saloons, two barber shops, one news stand, one steam laundry, two hand laundries, one hardware store, four general merchandise stores.

When the Danube called at Wrangel news was received of the death of Charley Jones, a pioneer miner of this coast. He passed through the Fraser river, Cariboo, Omineca and Cassiar mining excitements. He went to Wrangel in 1879 and has since that year put in his time between Wrangel and the Cassiar mining district. He became the victim of paralysis several years ago and that disease was the primary cause of his demise.

Indian River Discoveries

Details of the Rich Strike Recently Made on That Stream.

A Mounted Policeman Leaves Dawson With Public Funds.

The Dawson mail this morning brought news of a big strike on Indian river about forty miles up from the Yukon. The Nugget of the 17th ult. thus describes the find:
"There were 26 men arrived in the city yesterday evening, but when they came was not announced until after the recorder's office had been open this forenoon sufficiently long to permit of each man recording a claim; then they told a story that sounds good to the ear.
"The men are all from Indian river, where they assert that a vein of gold-bearing formation has been discovered that is practically unlimited in area. The formation can not properly be called either quartz or placer, although it resembles the former in that it will require crushing to be worked. The time has been, however, when it was a placer proposition; but the clay and gravel have become amalgamated until together they form a hard, brittle substance, making what might be termed a free milling ore.
"Many samples were brought to the city by the party and while no assays have yet been made there are sufficient evidences of gold in sight and visible to the naked eye to warrant the assertion that it is very rich. The territory recorded this morning embraces a tract six miles in length, but the enthusiastic recorders assert that there is in the field sufficient ground for 5,000 men to acquire claims.
"Among the locators are two or three South African miners who assert that

Agents Wanted

To sell high grade fruit trees and fruit bushes, ornamental trees, flowering shrubs, roses, hedging, vines, etc., all of which is sent out under government certificate for cleanliness and freshness from disease, for

THE FONTHILL NURSERIES

We have the largest nurseries in Canada, 800 acres, and can therefore give the best assortment of stock.
STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO WORKERS
And good pay weekly. All supplies free.
We are sole agents for Dr. Mole's celebrated Caterpillarine, which protects trees from the caterpillar. Highest testimonials.
Our agents cover their expenses by carrying this as a side line. It is in great demand.
Write at once for terms.

Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

the discovery is second only to the great Johannesburg fields. By water the new find is about 70 miles from Dawson, but across the country in a southeasterly direction it is only 50 miles.

"A large number have left Dawson today to stake claims, and if the prospects are only half as good as reported, the future of this as a permanent mining country is fully assured.
"Among those who recorded claims this morning are: Donald McGregor, James T. Miligan, John J. MacKinnon, Fred Gnoin, M. H. Reynolds, John F. Cosgriff, Rodger McIsaac, L. B. Briggs, Martin J. Ravey, Patrick Fitzgerald, Alex. Cameron, Ross Pattin, J. C. Doucette, Robert McBrien, James W. Barbons, David W. Cullen, Frank Ralston, Peter Coutts, John W. Jackson, Donald MacKinnon."
Thos. Chisholm has offered to donate a lot, 50x100 feet, free of charge, to any one who will erect a hall for entertainment purposes.
The tenders for the erection of six public buildings in Dawson are all in and the contracts will be awarded as soon as Mr. Charleson arrives at Dawson. The post office will be completed in August.
A fine of \$500 or three months' imprisonment has been imposed on W. S. Brown, B. D. Sutherland and J. F. Struthers for bribery while connected with the public service.
Constable Jas. Allmark, of the N. W. M. P., who has been acting as court officer and "receiving teller" of fines at the police court, has left Dawson with \$300 of public money.
That the scale of wages for river work is somewhat on the decline, says the Nugget, was evidenced this morning in the police court when Manager Carmody of the V.-Y. T. Co. introduced books and other evidence to show that the wages paid by his company for labor in saving goods and scoops on the river at the time of the breaking up of the ice was \$2 per day. There were six men with complaints against that company this morning at the rate of \$5 per day. Mr. Carmody was willing to pay \$2 per day and opined that the foreman of the gang who had saved the company's goods was probably entitled to \$2.50 per day. After hearing the evidence, the court awarded the men \$2.50 per day. And the laborers filed out of court feeling that bread and muscle are not duly appreciated.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that there will be offered for sale
BY PUBLIC AUCTION
At the Mining Recorder's Office, Clayquot, on
Saturday, the 1st day of September, 1900
By Walter T. Dawley, Mining Recorder, Clayquot, under the provisions of Sect. 67 of the "Mineral Act," the undivided half interest of Barclay, Bonhomme, of Vancouver, British Columbia, in the following mineral claims, viz: "Rainbow," "Charm," "Mountain," "Barley," "Charm," "Sunbeam," and "Pilot Fraction," on Copper Island, Barclay Sound; "Mink," on Santa Maria Island, Barclay Sound; and "Midday," "British Pacific," "Bureka," and "Black Bear," on Elsie Island, and "Southern Cross," on Olets Heights, Santa Maria Island, Barclay Sound, and in acres of land on Copper Island held under Crown Grant, and twelve acres on the Olets Indian Reserve, Barclay Sound, held under lease. All which properties are held in partnership under and upon the terms of a certain deed of partnership bearing date the 28th day of May, 1898, which deed will be produced at the time of sale, and can in the meantime be inspected at the offices of Messrs. Rodwell & Duff, Solicitors, Victoria, B. C., where conditions of sale can be also seen on or after the first day of July, 1900, or
May 28th, 1900.

WANTED—We will pay \$12.00 a week salary to either a man or woman to represent the Midland Monthly Magazine as a subscription solicitor. The person must be the same size as McCutcheon or the Cosmopolitan. It is now in its sixth year and is the only Magazine of this kind published in the great Central West. A handsome premium given to each subscriber. Send 10 cents for a copy of the Midland and premium list to the Twentieth Century Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo.