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# Futens Hecyes I Olianor prom. Af:stone laureate. <br> <br> ANUCK <br> <br> ANUCK Thi andion <br> ```BY... \\ ARTHGR WEIR``` 

!.



MONTREAL:
Printed by Juhn Lovell \& SON 1898
T. G. Roddick, Esq., M.P. M.D.C.M. L.L.D., \&c.

My friend, I set it down with pride, "My Friend," without whom I had died, You, one of Nature's tireless police, Who sent me forth, the Golden Fleece Of health to find, will find herein How I that priceless boon did win. And, as my humble work you read With patience (patients are your meed) Before you reach the end, you may Regret you bade me haste away. It not, ard you are glaci to find My health more robust than my inimi, Ani if the volume n? eases you, Tale it-it is rot half your due.
A. W.

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## OTHER WORKS EY THE SAME AUTHOR.

Fleurs de Lys and other Poems.
The Romance of Sir Richard, Sonnets and other Poems.

The Snowflake and other Pooms.
From Paddle to Propeller, a history of Transportation in Oanada (nearly ready).


## CHAPTER I.

On the Trail of the Voyagur.

When my friends heard that 1 was ordered south for the winter, they remembered not mine offences. One estimable lady sent me a tract on Sudden Death, and a bachelor friend came forward with a bottle of his favorite Scotch. It was evident that both found in me a lack of spiritual consolation, which they proffered according to their lights. A third friend termed my physiciams quacks because they had not adopted a certain system of treatment, and a fourth called them quacks because he thought they had. Within a week I had prescriptions enough from non-professionals to establish a druggist in trade, and there was not a health resort on

## A. Caunck down South.

the face of the globe that some one did not beseech me to go to and some one else with equal vebemence appeal to me to avoid.
It would only renew the controversy were I to state why certain ylaces were rejected. We decided upon California because there we would have no unbearable heat ror dangerous fevers, because we had known its curative power in the case of one dear to us, and because there, across three thousand miles of continent, faces aw aited us expectantly that we had never hoped to see again, the lace of Diogenes among them. The last consideration went for much with my physicians, who knew that cheerfulness is the best tonic and welcome comradeship better than hypodermics.

The Princess sent for her mother, who enjoys the privilege of being my mother-in-law. Only a base mind would suggest that this was for the purpose of reconciling me to leaving the courtry, my mother-in-law being among the few who see none but my good points. She is so pretty and so nice in every wey

## On the I'rail of the Voyaseur.

that, if needs were, I could without regret treat her as Max O'Rell tells me he treated his in earlier days.
"My wife," said that witty Frenchman, "invited her mother to visit us when we were but a week back from our honeymoon. Do you think I objected ? Not I; I said her presence was necessary to complete mJ happiness, at which my wife raised her eyebrows. My mother-in-law came, and I did not neglect her, as some men would hive done. I took her to corcerts, theatres-with a petit souper a terwards-and, in the afternoons, for long drives. And I left my wife at home. In one little week my mo-ther-in-law had departed for her charming home, and I have not seen too much of her since. My wife looks aftir that. She has great tact, I have none."

My mother-in-law came, and she and the Princess began rifling the house likc experienced burglars, stood upon their heads in trunks, gave me long lists of articles to be brought from town, and discussed biasses, blouses, reveres and what not, until from being the certre of

## A Canuck down South.

the projected filtting I sank to such insignificance that I began to fear that. I would be accidentally left behind unleas I packed myself away in a bandbox.

The day before we left I came home and fourd the two sitting beside a plle of trunks, with that contented look upon their faces which a good woman wears when she jas crammed the last movable thing in the house into the last possible corner of her trunk. I said:
"Are you sure you are leaving nothing behind ?"
"Nothing."
"Six trunks, about 150 pounds each, say' seven hundred in all. Do vou know that it will cost us over thirty-five dollars for extra baggage ?",
"What ! ! !"
"We are allowed 150 pounds of baggage to each ticket, that's three hundred, and we pay nine cents per pound for the rest. Is my calculation apr roximateiy correct?"
I thought I was having my revenge for their neglect and I enjoyed the situation;

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

that is, until the Princess apoke. She sald:
"Well, of all the useless men-why didn't you tell us that a week ago ?'"
I knew better than to argue with my mother-in-law there. I merely said, with a fine sarcasm, that was utterly thrown away:
"Don't see what you can take, but what you can leave behind." And then I fled. I was an invalid, and those two women might have wanted me to help them pack.

Tearfully, and with many protests against the iniquity of railroad monopolies the Princess r. Id her motier begen their task anew, and actuaily managed to leave out a few pounds. Much of the rest, consisting, of household lineu, cut'ery and bouks a crarky sudent thought he could not do without (I didn't mentior my name, did I?) we ultimately decided to box up and send as freight at about one-third the cost. This is a great scheme, and I do rot charge anything for making it public. By all means, if you are ever going to

## A Caruck down South.

Californiu, and heve extra baggage, send it by freight, and you will probably get it again in time to ship it back, il you have any luck. Our boxes were three months getting to California, and they did not go tourist, either. They got as far as the States in pursuance of Horace Greeley's advice, and then some brilliant intellect ordered them back to Toronto because a man with a name like mine had lost one trunk somewhere between Parkdale and Kalamazoo, or some othar points equally on the line to California, ard although he said my boxes rvere not his trunk, that they were consigned neither from nor to the same place as his trunk, tie intelligent freight agent at Parkdale, or wherever the boxes lay, kept them, either because he thought the man would take them as $a$ compromise, or because the freight hadn't been paid on them bacik from the States, or for some reason too deeply seated in the grey matter he called his brain, for common mortals to comprehend. Anyway, it never seemed to have entered his head that he had any reason to send them on

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

## A Canuck down South.

over which the boxes had to pass, ard each railroad was ferverishly hunting after them. Sometimes we'd hear of a hold up on the line and the Princess was sure the boxes were stolen, next there would be an accident, of course the boxes must be in it, and so forth. Ultimately telegrams began to pour in, and the last one declaring that they had at last been located at Toronto arrived five minutes after they had been depcsited on the station platform under the paln 3 at Santa Anita. Next to getting freight through on time is the fun of hunting it up when it falls to connect. By all means send your belongings to California by freight, if you desire ar. interest in life and have a few months to live. In justice to the company, I must say this took place some years ago. Matters are much better now, and frezsht reaches California within three weeks.
In undertaking any long journey the traveller had best act upon the adage already quoted to leave what he can behind, and to remember that it is usually as cheap and far more convenient to

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

the
make his purchases not where he is, but where he is going. This is particularly true of long railway journerys. We found California prices on the average quite as reasonable as prices in Canada. As to clothing, biggage and like matters on the overland train, they will be mentioned in the proper place. I will merely premise that we acted on the principle that the holding of one section did not entitle us to overflow into a second.

The day of departure came at last. I think women always laugh in their sleeves when they hear man styled the lord of creationi. We were going to Callfornia sor my health, and I should have been the most important one in the party. With the eaception of as brisk a stag party in town the day before as my debilitated frame could enjoy, I was not in it, as the phrase is. The womer. hung about the Princess's neck. There was not enough of her to go round, but when I meekly expressed my willingnes3 to supply the deficiency $I$ was grandly scorred. I was, however, permitted to get on the train at the fag end of the

## A Canuck down South.

procession, for which I was truly thank. ful.
I waited for the blue to shine again through the rain that dimmed the Princess's eyes; then I said:
"Considering that I am expected to die and go to heaven and never see them again, those girls might have satd goodbye to me."

The Princess said:
'Mother did not forget how sick you are."
"What did she say !"
"She said I always did look pretty in black."

Et tu Brute.

The train had stopped for us by special request at Lachine, where we had beell sojourning, Lachine the old Voyageur depot, whence these bold and energetic men ventured by canoe and snowshoe into the distant wilds of the far West, peopled by savage Indians, the bison and the bear. Not far from the station whence we embarked still stands the old Hudson Bay fort, and yonder

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

lake that is gleaming through the au-tumn-tinted foliage has rippled many $a$ time and oft benerth the blade of paddle or of oar, as with song and chorus the picturesque voyageurs bent to the stroke, en route for the far reaches of the Ottawa or the equally tumultuous rapids of the Upper St. Lawrence. We are at Ste. Anne almost before we are well settled in our luxurious seats, and here are the dashing surges that Tom Moore sung of, on whose unbrageous brink the voyageurs made their first bivouac upon their western journey. Alas, the voyageur is gone, and his place is filled by yonder wood-scow sallor man, who sits, smoking his clay pipe, upon the long tiller, while drowsy horses draw his craft theough the lock. We are on the trail of the voyageur, and shall follow it for some thirteen hundred miles. He was months on the route; we shall do it easily in sixty inours, and have time to see Chicago.

We began our journey a little after nine in the morning, and all through the daylight hours were speeding through a

A Camuck down South.
fertile and prosperous country towards Toronto. Hamlets, towns and villages, with now and then a city, rose on the hurizon, approached, received us and receeded along the narrowing lines of stecl. Forests ard meadows and low. hills, with at times glimpses of the silver river rushing down to its tryst with the sea, fields where the yellow wheat had waved and been cut down, fields where cattle browsed, still makirg food for Britain's hungry millions, flashed upon us, and at times we saw the smoke of manufactories in the distance, hives of industry, reached by these same bands of steel, or tributary lines. Above us shone the clear O3tober sun through air just touched with irost, not cold but bracing, so bracing that even I, who knew the rigor of the approaching winter wondered why I should be compelled to leave so fair a land, so fine a climate.
How different it all was from what we were shortly to see. Here old mother earth's brown ribs do not lie bare to the sweep of wind, she is still clad in a

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

mantle almost green. Here is no $t$ arched soil, thirsting for the rain that never comes, every farmstend has its winding stream. Some even have their limits set by majestic rivers whose volume changes not but is fed unfailingly the whole year through by brooks and tributaries that gather the water drops among still primeval forests and Laurentian lakes silent and solitary amid the hills. of gneiss.

If it was a land surveyor with $\varepsilon$ well thumbed copy of the Oddesy who gave the State of New York its Utica, Troy and other classical names, to what el te do we owe the names of the stations and towns along the five hundred miles of Canadian territory between Montreal and Sarnia : Shall we call it the epic of life? Here we have Lachine, the record of La Salle's dream, Vaudreuil, the last French Governor of Canada, Iroquois, name of dread import, Lansdowne, a recent Governor, Colborne, Grafton, Newcastle, Hamilton, great names all, dear to Canadians. Brockvilie, named after our immortal general,

## A Camuck donch South.

we salute thee. Push on, Hke him and his brave York volunteers. But stay, surely we are no longer in Canada, but rather in some reconstructed Europe, where the lion iles down with the lamb ! Here are Breslau, Berlin, Petersburg, Baden and Hamburg, with Paris not tar off. O Kaiser Wilhelm! is this fair town your capital, and where is Unter den Linden? And thou, O Czar, we can give you snow and ice and jingling bells in their season, but neither serf nor nihilist. Beyond Hamburg what comes? Who but Shakespeare, only six miles away, with visions following as a matter of course, of Stratiord, St. Paul's, St. Mary's, London and the Thames.

The voyageur did not thread the pathless woods, but preferred the river, notwithstanding the foaming cataracts at the Cascades, Cedars, Cotean and Long Sault, to say nothing of the scattered rapids above. What though he spent days in the toil, now in, now out of the canoe, the swirling torrent pouring shoulder high about his stalwart form, were there not calm reaches, with gentle

## On the I'rat of the Voyagear.

current, bright with water lilies, where the trees bent down to touch the mirroring crystal and the deer defled through wooded lanes. Were there not moonlit nights when ha might lle under the gleaming stars beside the roaring camp fire, upon a couch of freshly cut pine boughs, odorous and soft, and spin his yarns of Indlan battles, strange discovertes in the wilderness and deeds of heroism and skill in rapids where jagged rocks stood eager to rip the canoe open in a brutal hari-kari. Ah, we like the luxury of the Pullman, but apart from the savirg of time, I sometimes question whether our forbears did not enjoy quite as much luxury as we, with all our modern improvements.

The voyageur was an employe of the fur company, the descendant ot the courler de bois. We shall be in the haunts of these men as far as the Miscouri, and they often ventured far berond. In Kansas we sha: i traverse territory full of Canadian romance. On our route we could pass through towns, such as Detroit, which were founded by Montreal-

## A. Canuck down South.

ers, shall follow or cross old portage paths, such as at Toronto, where there was a portage long before there was a settlement, a portage that gave its name to the town that was finst named York. We shall pass E ogston, outlet of a series of lakes and rivers long used by the Irdian and now the Rideau canal, built as a milltary work by the British Government, under the supervision of Lt.-Col. By, perhaps the only large canal ever built in which the engineer-inchief could comnlain that he had only one theodnlite, and that not a good one. Ir, this well fortified harbor have rotted large ships of war, built in England, brought over inisections and carried up the river by the voyageurs past thirty miles of rapids, at a cost in some cases of over sixty thousand dollars. But, shade of President Jefferson, they helped to disappoint you in the campaign, of which you had said 'the conquest of Canada will be only a matter of marching." Gentlemen of Detroit, we do not grudge you thowe captured cannon with grandiloquent inscription in

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

front of your city hall; you have the cannon, we held your city; and so are quits. Yonder monument in the blue distance, within sound of Niagara, is it not on Queenston heights? Brother Johnathan you are a brave man, and a determined, but you have fourd this northern thistle somewhat stinging in your grasp, and I fancy that it was not fear but respect and perhaps a little family pride that always made you draw back and not put your whole heart and hate and power into the blows you dealt us. Not so easily were you driven back or disconraged in your own great war, where you conscience was with you, as it has never been in any attempt upon your northern brother.

We reached Toronto late in the evening, and the customs officer with great courtesy examined our baggage, which the railroad officials with equal courtesy dracged from the luggage van. We had no claim on these offices as our trunks should either have been examined at Montreal before starting or have waited for the regular examination at dead of

## A Canuck dovon South.

night at Port Huron. And then the train went on, and we escaped the danger of an experience the like to which for stagnation and petty, narrow annoyances bred largely of religious or rather theological intolerance, is, I am sure, not to be found elsewhere on the continent, nor anywhere in history sirce the days of the Commonwealth of Fingland or the blue laws of the New England States: I mean, of course, a Sunday in Toronto, where the street cars were stopped and a man could do nothing but sit still and grow, and rot make any noise about it either. Toronto is the place where truly good people do not let their hens lay nor their cows give milk or, a Sunday, and have a sincere regret that the Creator did not so arrange their anatomy as to make their heart and lungs cease working during the twenty-four hours.

Toronto has dozens of connections by rail and water with all parts of the country; time was when the legislature could not assemble there for lack of communications. Within the memory of llving men a walk from Toronto to

## On the Trail of the Voyagcur.

Montreal was a recognized way of making the journey, and people still talk of the wonderful stage journey made by Lord Sydenham in 1840. It was truly a record breaker. At six o'clock on Monday morning, February 18th, the four in hand started. William Weller on the box. What visions the name alone conjures up ! All day the light aleigh glided along, now crisping the snow, now drawn over bare roads or through mud where the February thaw had done its work. Noon came, and night, the tired horses were replaced by others at frequent intervals, and still Mr. Weller held the ribbons. Darkness covered the face of the country the stars came out amid flying clouds, and in all the circle of the horizon there was nothing seen but the naked trees and the flying: ground, and nothing heard but the muslcal beat of the hoois of the flying steeds. Immovable, wrepped in his great coat, the sleepless driver sat, till, at twenty minutes to six on Tuesday afternoon, he threw down his reins in the yard of the Exchange Hotel on St. Paul street,

## A Canuck down South.

Montreal, and was helped from the box where he had sat for thirty-five hours and forty minutes and guided his galloping horses over three hundred and sixty miles of mother earth. Ben Halliday wasn't 'in it," Hank Monk, who Grove Horace Greeley and jolted the buttons off his coat, made no sucn record as William Weller, and I, who am going where Hank Monk is still talked of, am proud to place our Canadiar, record in evidence.

Canadians are lacking in one thing ror which the United Statesian is noted, the art of advertising. I do not believe that there is any country which has done so much as Canada, and at the same time talked of it so little, unless it be our motherland, and her natives make up for this by an air which plainly denotes that, if they dc not boast of one achievement, it is because they are perfectly convinced of their superiority in all directions. Mortreal was the first harbor in the world to be lighted by electricity. Canada sent the first ocean steamship cn her voyage, has the most extensive railway

## On the Trail of the Doyageur.

he box hours gallopd sixty talliday 10 drove ttons off William
where m proud in evi. thing ror oted, the lieve that done so ame time $t$ be our ake up for lotes that, ievement, convinced directions.
in the ity. Canhip cn her ve railway
system in the world under one management, the most stupendous canal system the world has ever seen, the finest bauking system. She has more ocean shippirg than the United States, which could not have even what it has but for the sallors it draws from Newfoundland and Canada. Canada had to lend her voyageurs to ensure the success of the Nile expedition, her oarsmen have been and her yachtsmen ars world's champions. She has had the strongest man in the world, and my lady iriends say she has the hardsomest. She has civil servants who think nothing of making expeditions that Franklin or Nansen would have written a book on, and they send in only about a printed page. She has mounted police who keep in order Indians the United States permits to massacre standing armies. She has gold mines that surpass those which produced the forty niners. She has wheat fields that rival those of Russia. she has the highest mountains, the noblest glaciers, the most fertile plains, and the most majestic rivers on the continer.t. She has

## A Canick down South.

climates that equal those of the champaigne country or Siberia; sine has coasts more worderful than the Norweglan fjords. She has the deepest river and the oldest mountairs in the world, and her shores witnessed the diawn of life. Her history should be the env: of nations. The stand at Thermorvlae was a rout compared with Dollard's stand on the Ottawa; the legendary founding of Rome is prosaic compared with that of Montreal. Even the defence of Lucknow Is paralleled in Canada, and by a woman et that, Madame de la Tour, who wo-man-like afterwards married her enemy —and perhaps was duly avenged. Our poets have no living superiors in the United Siates and but ferr in Great Britain, our statesmen have been $e$ match for those of the United States, the most overbearing and grasping in the world; we have lent other courtries men who have added lustre to their annals. Fenwick Williams, of Kars, is one. We have had singers like Albani, sculptors like Hebert, musiciars like Deseve,-but why prolong the list. I have not men-

## On the Trail of the Voyagzur.

## woman

0 woenemy d. Our in the Great been 8 kies, the in the ries men annals. ne. We culpters ve,-bbut not men-
tioned the tithe of what entities Canada to respect among nations, but if we do not show pride ourselves who is going to proclaim our virtues? It is not so long since I read an immigration pamphlet, published by the Quebec Government. There was not one particle of fine writing in it, scarcely even a reference to our cities. There were statistical tables, there were no pictures of wonderful beets, of lader, fruit trees, of charming landscapes. no attempt whatever to root the intending settler to the soil, or weave around him the glamor of our history and our institutions. To read that pamphlet, one would imagine that Canada was still a wilderness. What is it but the lack of proper advertising that even to this day leaves the average Briton under the impression that the grizzly bear warders through the suburbs of Montreal and that he who returns !?ome late at night in Toronto may be found scalped on his own doorstep in the morning : I myself have seen in the London Times the announcement that the Governor-General embarked ait

## A Canuck down South.

Ottawa on the steamship for England, and $T$ have frequontly seen British letters addressed Montreal, Canada, United States. Fellow Canadians, modest like myself, I pray yon for the love of your country, do nit hide her light urder a bush -1 . Go through the United States west, see the parched deserts, swept by cyclones, that are advertised as the finest grazing lands in the world, mark the dead and dying cattle on the plains, which have neither food nor drirk, see the gaunt hollow-eyed Britisher who tries to live on an ash heap a thousand miles from anywhere; and advertise, advertise, advertise, if only for the sake of humanity.

Here is a sample of the average Englishman.
"Bai Jove, you Canadilans awre qv'ite right to make a law against scalpers' tickets. It fweezes ma blood, bai Jove, to think that some blasted Indian may murder me fow ma ticket, and then sell ix, you know."

My mind slowly returned to sublunary affailw. There were voices outside

## On the Trail of the Doyageur.

the car window, the cars shunted, engines coughed and panted, and we slowis went forwiard. I looked out, and there was a faint twinkle of lights in the darkness, and then a curtain oi utter gloom was drawn over the window, while a strange subterranean rumble came to my ears. My mind, only half awake, reverted to trips to the Hortpand coast through the portals of the Victoria Bridge, and then as the rumbling continued, and no sudden and brief flash of inght caine, such as one notes In passing through that tunnel in midair, each time a nier is reached, it slowly dawned upon me that w3 were passing through the tunnel irom Sarnia to Port Hunon, under a tide which upbears a more volunilnous shipping than passes even through the Suez Canial. Here is another little unadvertised work of Canadisns, compared with which the famed Hoosac Tunnel (also built by Canadiams, it may be mentioned), is but a mole hole. The St. Clair Tuminel is nearly two miles in length; the Hloosac Tunnel is only 2504 feet; the St.

A Canuck down South.
Gothard Tumnel is $9 y$ miles; but there is none in America to compare with the St. Clair, and none anywhere so extensiri which is carried under water, if we except the insignificant water-pipe which Chicago carried out into Lake Michigan to draw a supply that is not polluted by the sewerage of that wicked and progressive city.

We were due to arrive in Uhicago somewhere about sen in the morning, but we did mot draw up at Dearborn Station until aiter two on Sunday. By thlat time I stood in need of a shave. I would not mention this insignificant detall, only that my selarch for a barber revealed the strange fact that the skin game is not played in Chicago on thiat day of the week. At least I thought so until, as I was returning to the depot, I was stopped by a genitlemanly-looking man, who drew me confidentially aside.
"Sir," he sald; "excuse my addressing you, but I have just received a telegram that my mother is dying in New York, and I have nothing but my gold watch.

## On the Trail of the Voyageur.

 Ith the exten, if we which Michit polwickedJhicago orning, earbiorn ay. By have. 1 cant debartber he akin on thiat ugight so e depot, ly-hooklentially
dressing felegram w York, watch.

Now, if you will take the wa.tch-it is worth sixty dollarg-and give me twen-ty-five, my dying mother's blessing will rest upon the man who enables her son to reach her bedside."

All is not gold that glitters in Chicags.

A few moments later, a well-dressed man rushed up to me and shook me violently by the hand.
"Well," he said; "this is a sight for sore eyes. How did you ever come here, John J. Aitkins, of Indianapolis? . I haven't set gyes on you lor three years." I said:
'I'm really very sorry, but my mame's not Aitkins, and I never was in Indianapolis. My name's Blodigett, Isaac K . Blodgett, and I come fnom Austra'da. I'm going to the Alaska gold mines."
With profuse apologies, and the assurance that I was like enough to John Aitkins to be his twin brother, my new friemd left me. Some tilne later, when I was looking for a cab to drive about the city, I was again seized by the hand.
"Well, I never. Can this be B"odgett,

## A Canuck down Scuth.

my old friend Istaac Blodigett? What on earth brought you to Chicago. And how are all the iolk in Australfa? I bet you're coming here to dabible in our Alaskia mines. You kmow me, of course? I tell you now, you don't get out of this town without seeing the elephant. How do you do? I'm just wild at meeting yrou!"
"Excuse me," I said, "I'm very sorry, but my name is not Blodgett, and I never was in Australia. My name's Aitkins - John J. Aitkins, of Indianapolis."

The effusive gentleman looked at me a moment. Then his left eye clored spasmodically, in what looked suspictausly like a wink', and he left me suddenly.

We had a poor meal in the station restaurant, anid a good deai fof billingsgate from the lady in attendance on the women and children's waitingroom (I hope I have her title right, or she will probably exercise her tongue further), and then we set forth to see the sights.

## On the Trail of the Doyageur.

bat on
And I bet n our ourse? ut of ohant. dd sorry, and I 's Alt-anappo-
at me closed susiplse sudht, or tongue to see

From the rool of the Masonic Temple, twenty-one stories high ( 302 feet), a fair, if confused, idea is had of the elity. Lake Michigan rolls its green waiters on the one hand, and everywhere else are vast buildings and interminable streets, dimly seen, even on that Sunday afternoon, through the smoke that seethes and billows over the whole town, quanching the sunlight and maiking everything look like a Dutch picture. Pork packers have discovered the secret of the old masters, such is civilization. We were still on territony pre-ampted by Canadians. The town is full of them nuw, and in the ages past here came Jean Nicolet, and crossed to the Mississlppi. Here came LaSalle and Marquette; here waved the fleur-de-lys, and here the mass was sung. Farlier still, an extensive trade wias here, a trade terminated so long ago that we learn of it on'y through excervations in Ohio mounds, yet it extended north, east, south and west, almiost to the confines of the continent.

A little belore ten that evening two

A Canuck down South.
very tired adults and two still more tired children, boarded the Atcheson, Topeka \& Santa Fe California Limited, bribed the porter to make up their berths, anc slept a sleep that Argus might have coveted.

## CHAPTER II.

Agross the Prairie.
"It is all changed now," said the Argomaut; "time was when out West a pistol-pocket was imperatively necesgary. 'No-day we only require a pocktetplstol."
"Man always has a want," moralized the Capitalist.
"Especially if he is a Britisher," said, the Tai!-twister.
"If it were not so," remarkied the Lieutenant, with a sly sinile, "our friend, the Capitalist, would lose his vocation."

I said nothing, nor did the other tenderleet offer a word. We had had our innings as far west as the bissouri, but since leaving Kansas City modesty had fallen apon us, which was rather a strange sensation.

## A Canuck down South.

The Argonaut was an elderly man now, one who had borne the brunt of early Callformia days (they don't say Callifornian in Califonita). He did not speak much-he belonged to dlays when a loose tongue was iatal, anless hung on a hair trigger-and when he did make a remark', it was epigrammatic as that of the derringer that had swung at his belt in the early fifties, and like that weapon, it usually let daylight through the subject, las, for example, the remark quoted above.

We were on the Santa Fe California Iimited, rolling through Kansas, in the sunshine of a late October day,-Kansas dear to Camadians through its close association with our early fur-trading days, interesting to scientists as an anclent sea-botto $n$, and the cematery of yorlogical monstrosities, valuable to the Capitalist througb its wealth of gypsum and marbles, and hallowed in the ayes of the Argonaut as the portal through which a generation ago he had zought the New West.

Our travelling companions were near-

## Across the Prairie.

 und like day light example,alifornia s , in the
,-K its close -trading as an hatery of able to ealth of pwed. in prortal agio he
rere near-
ly all typical. There was the Argonaut, going back for some unknown purpose to his early home ; the Uapitalist, with a new schene in which to stak British dapital, to which hie had promised the extraction of sunbeams from cucumbers, or the turning of cactus deserts into ranch lands. There was the Tail-twister, narrow, uneducated, save in the affairs of his own country, and still bitterly remembering the days of 1776 , which, he thought, formitd a llve issue get in the policy of the two great nations. There was the Lieutenant, re-

- : Joining his company in some far-away fort among the Indians; and there were e few stalwant ne'er-do-wells, who had been shipped frof England with a llttle money to retrieve their fortune and their fame, and who would probably and their days on a dittle fruit ranch ligh on the Sierra sldes, mortgaged to l.e roof-tree, their ambition crushed by the dreamy, cloudless climate and disppointment.
Alas, there were aleo others in high opes, doomed to extinction,-othera


## A Canuck down South.

with flushed cheeks and transparent hunds, with a racking cough, for which they were seeking ease and curc by fleoIng the wintry blasts of the east. Some were alone, but several had relatives to share their exile; and, as I hooked upon them, I thought myself, indeed, an invalid no honger, for among the blind the one-yed mian is king.
But, such is the buoyancy of hope and the restorative power of change of scene and interest, that ws were one and all the jolliest set of invalids aver seen. Cleopatra mav have wept on Antony's shoulder as she heard the melancholy "Remember, thou art mortal," and Caesar may have filnched at the phpase ere he went to his unexpected death; but, though there were few among us to whom those words might not significantly have been addressed, and notwithstanding that we krew the fatal yellow lantern might at any moment flpsh out the sad intelligence of death or mute cry for medical ald through the night, eis wo rushed past the stations, we laughed and talked,

## Lcross the Prairie.

nsparent or which oby fleost. Some atives to ad upon , an inthe blind
of hope chang of were one valids over ept on Anthe melanmortal," d at the unexpected were few rords might addressed, e krew the it any moelligence of medical atd rushed past and talked,
full of hope and seemingly heedless of the progrees of the dread malady, to arrest which we had said farewell to frlends and homs, some of us for ever.

One night, long after every one had retired, I went to the wash-roonn to diRute : little water with whiskey. Inatai ly, the recumbent porter sprang to If lest, and asked if 1 wanted aslistance. As there was not much weater In the mixture; I replled that I theught that I could manage to get the better pf it myself, whereupon he sank back trestiully, saying: "I thought some one as dylng." 'That was a decided shock to me. It was disagreeable to have forced upon one in so strong a manner the fact that there might be a familiar ace missing some morning; but, as indlating the hopefulness of consumptives, would have been ludicruors had it ot been pathetic, to see how anxioushy ach far-gone invalid asked his comanions how they had rested during the ight. He saw the mote; he could not the beam.
But it must not be thought that our

## A Canuck down South.

Pullman was an hospital. It is not often that, even on such trains, the dread maiady is brought too forcibly betore the eye. It is more frequently so on the east bound trains, when some heart yearns homeward for a sight of haloed seenes, and contests every inch ...th death until the last sad wish has been accomplished. Our evenings in the moking-room were amonct treasantest experiences of my life, and interesting as were the glimpses of life and scenery from the car windows, they were surpassed when the taciturn Argonaut or the Lieutenant could be lured into conversation.

From the instant we had enossed the Missouri, the Argonaut had been exhibiting a suppressed excitement.
"I know the signs," said the Corra'. ist. "He's got the fever on hin. an ? We're going over the old Santa $A$ irrail, and the love of California and the lust for gold have him once more, as forty years ago. He'll break cut soon, and then you'll have some idea of the kind of boys thiat made the biggest hall of this country."
not ofhe dread y betore $o$ on the e heart of haloed ch ...th has been in the nleasant-interestlife and jws, they iturn Arcould be nossed the been exhi-
.
he C bin. Santa 3 fornia and ce more, as cut soon, idea of the oiggest hall

That evening, after I had superintended the packing of the "enfant terrible" of our party in the "top drawer," as he persisted in calling the upper berth of our stction, much to the porter's disgust, 1 ontered the smoking-room. The Capitalist winked at me, and nodded towards the Argonaut, who sat in the most comtortable corner. Then he began to hum:

I soon shall te in Frisco, And then I'll look all round, And when I see the gold iumps there I'll pick 'em off the groand,
I'll scrape the mountains clean my boys, I'll draln the rivers dry,
A pocket full of rocks bring home;
So, brothers, don't you cr.y.
The Lieutenant and Tall-twister took the refrain:
Oh! California!
That's the land for me.
I'm bound for San Francisco, With my washbowl on my knee. The Argonaut roused himself. "The tlroad's good enough for Callforn'a," said: "for it caus't take jou any

## A Canuck down South.

further unless you want to swim. But it's killed the country between. Time was when the whole overland trail wes settled and busy. Unce 1 counted nigh dve huncred teams within nine miles. From the Missourl to the Pacific there was one long procession. Twenty thousand people etarted in one body from Fort Laramie, in May, 1849. Some got to the very Sierra and turned back; some got left in the desert and stayed there, and when the cholera caught up with us,"-
Here the old man stopped, and the Tail-twister broke in: "It's the Britishers," be said. "They wanted California then, and they want it now. Look at them to-day. There isn't a horse in Los Angeles or Passadena that hasn't it's tail docked; theme isn't a dinner-plate that was made outside of England. They sent the cholera then, and they come out here now, and put their money into everything-"
"Hear, hear," cried the Capitalist, amiling over some nerny reaollection of some such investment, in which the money had doulbiless remained.

## Across the Prairie.

im. But Time trail wos ted nigh e milles. ific there nty thouody from Some got ned back; d stayed caught up
and the he BritishCalifornia Look at rrse in Los asn't it's linner-plate cland. They they come money into

Capitalist, bllection of which the read.
"And then they think they should be elected mayor or alderman, or be pnt on the police force. Confiscate 'em, I ay."

We side-tracked the Trail-twister with some difficulty.
"It seems to me," said the Lieutenant, "that travelling this way is better than by prairle schooner, and quicker."
"It's different," replied the Argonaut ; "but it's noughing it in another way. Here we are cooped up day and inight, without a chance to stretch our legs, except for a few minutes at a station; mo sport, held op by tise porter whenever we speak to hin, blackined by traln smcke, blinded by dust, and have to wear a bolled shirt and high collar In all the heat, just because some lady with her lap-diog is on biard, and doesn't want the dog's manners contamloated. Give me the old schooner, plenby of time and grub, and a good horse. What's ylour hurry in this world? You young fellows want to get there as soon hs you have started; you might as well want to be born bald-headed and with

## A Canuck down South.

spectacles. It's what comes between the beginning and the end that makes lie. And, as for space! Why, sir, many a prairie schooner was almost as big as this car, and the outfit often cost over $\$ 5,000$. I have seem $\$ 8,000$ paid for the schooner alone, and $\$ 1,000$ a pair for mules; and that waggon took a dozen yoke : twenty thousand dcllars without the whip and the yeller dog."
I suppose I showed surprise, for the Argonaut turned on me.
"Ask ex-Postmaster-General j'ames if that ain't true. And ask him if the newspapers weren't printed on tissue paper to save over light. They charged five dollars a letter in those days, and extra on love letters. It was big money times; there wasn't a nickel or a dime west of the Missourl."

And so on and so forth. The volcano was going, with frequent geyser-like explosions, from the Capitalist land the Lieutenant. We did not get to bed till long after midmight. My last recollection that night was of seeing the porter standing ion the rear platform, slow.

Arross the Prairte.
ween the akes lie. many a as big as ost over id for the pair for
a dozen
irs withog."
for the
j'ames it
$n$ if the on tissue hey charghose days, $t$ was big hickel or a
he volcano ser-like exand the to bed till ast recollec$g$ the portiform, slow.

Iy and regretfully dumping centain old soldiers into the darkness of the volceless desert.
It is not surpising that the Argonaut was loquacious on our first night out Irom Kansas City, as we rattlad through the sienes $u$ i his early days. We who had not been participators in the opening up of the West were not unmoved. The sight of a solitary cowbcy, long-haired, slouch hatted, big spurred, sitting firmly in his ornate Mexican saddle, and loping along on the prairie, had led the ladies to indulge In a waving of handkerchiefs, and, I fear, a siy throwing of kisses that filled our hearts with wrath; and had not the train been golug, we would have got out and sassed that cowboy, and somebody might have been hurt. He had aetually the audacity to wave his gloved hand towards the Princess, who lassured me that she cunsidered him highly tmpertinent, though she did not clinch her hand, which is tne infallible sign of resenting an insult. We had passed Newton at dusk, now a quiet littile,

## A Canuck down South.

town, but once a perfect hell on elarth, where murder was the daily occupation of the population, and gambling and drinking and other vices their nightly diversion. Wher the much-meeded vigllance compnittee got to work, it hanged eleven men in one night, and would have banged more had the posts held out. We had halted a moment at Dodge City, and the Argonaut had had to dray forth a timid littie guide-book-devouring tenderfoot irom under his berth, and assure him that the cowboys no longer shot holes in white shirts and two-inch collars at th'at station. Strange as was every.thing to a tenderfoot, it was still difficult to believe that we were actually in the land sacred to boyhood as the scene of the most hairbreadth escapes on record, and of the ultimate trinomph of true love over the schemes of the villain and his band of tawny cutthroats.
I have made no reference so far to the women on board, except in connection With the cowboy. They ditd not form a coterie quite as we men did, since the

## Across the Prairie.

construction of even the Pullman car does not provide lor such a club-room as we had in the smoker. Women lnust sit among the boxes, and must put up with petty annogances of variuos kinds from the familiarity of a porter, or his Insolence, to drinking tepid instead of iced water, just becanse we men need Ice in the wash basin to keep our liquors cool. If wonen thoroughly understood the art of tipping, they would doubtless suffer less in trave'ling, but they do not. But of this hereafter. 'Ihe Lientcnant's wife was there, he and she were the nabobs of the party, and occupled the state-room. I'here was the Princess, faclie princeps, of course, but a little ton dignified to be able to show off all her accomplishments before strangers, however agreeable, whom she would ree the last of in sour daye. The Princess is very English, very modest ana massuming, and very proud. An the other women hung on her neck when sne was leaving the train, and wavea their handkerchiefs out of the window at her When she was gome, but of course I was

## A Canuck down South.

with her, and besides she had always been ready to talk to the moping, help with a fretiul child, and laugh with the cheeriul, notwithstanding her own fatigue and two sturdy atoms of perpetual motlon. Then there was a young wife going out with an invalid husband. Her's was a strange position. She had been so accustomed to having him pet her, think for her, save her in things small and great, that she never quite got over the impression that she was the invalid and he the attentive nurse; and he never tried to undeceive her. Many a tijne, in the night, when he should have been resting, I have seen him stealing down the aisle to get her a drink of water. Hor's was the first berth made up at night, and the last In the morning. Let us hope she woke to the situation in due time, for he was going fast. Halt the trouble in this world is brought about by not seeing things as they are. There are more people blind thian selfish.

The proverblal old maid was there. We thought she had a romance, for she

## Across the Prairie.

alw ays ing, help with the for perpo young lid husposition. having her in she never hat she attentive undeceive ht, when have seen get her the first the last she woke or he was e in this at seeing more peoas there. +e, for she
was in perfest health, and was always consulting the time-table. There was nothing she liksd better than to get a man, preferably a married man, out on the back platform and monopolize him. She caught the Lieutewant that way once, and for an entire morning he named, described and gave the story of every place and scene. The next mornIng there was a marked coolness between his wile ind the maiden lady; and a glare in his wife's eye every time she looked at him. All the virgin's blandlshments were subsequeutly thrown away upon him, but she inveigled the Argonaut into what we had begun to term the chamber of horrors. Much to our surprise, he returned in five minutes, and upon our asking him how he managed to escape, replied, as he settled himself down for a comfortable smoke, that he hiad merely to d her a sitory he had given us in the smoking-room the previous night.

- Robert Louis Stevension has some unkfind wordis to say of the offlials on the line over which he passed on an Im-


## A Canuck down South.

migrant train. Our experience on the Limited was, of course, better, probabis as much better as the difference in expenses would certainly call for. But I cannot refrain from recounting a little experience which I had which showed the jower : 1 noney. We nad wired to Chicago for two lower berthis, but had ultimately been compelled to take a section, which meant that a child would have to sleep at the risk of its neck somewhere contiguous to ${ }^{+\prime}$ roof. I had been assured that this $c \ldots$ be rectifled en route. On asking the comductor for a lower berth instead of the upper, and several lowers were empty, he instantly replied that he had not one to spare, that all were taken. Without urging him further, I sipped a bill intio his hand, and he, on his part, not even turning away, or prevending to reconsider the question, instantly made the change I had desired. The act was as barefaced as that of the restaurant waitor who changes the label on a wine bottle in your presence, to suit yoar taste. I had a similar experience, with

> Across the Prairie.

1 the obabin ex3ut I little howed ed to it baid a secwould neck of. I be rec-onducof the empty, ot one 'thout [1] into pt evem recone the as as t waitwine yrour p, with
the same result, with the porter. I had tipped him once already, a large tip, as I thought, but on the third day out I found that its Influence was just expiring. I couldn't get him to make up the chlldren's berths at a reasonable hour; he grumblod because they had left biscuit crumbs on the seat, and began :o hint that the regulations of the company prohlbited the use of alcohol lamps, a fact, I believe, bct winked at when the eyes are covered with green paper bearing a comple of sigmatures and the portralt of some United States dignitary. Five minutes afterwards he was "yes-sirring" me in the most cheerful manner possible, romping about the :ar restlbule with the shildren, and keeping an eye on the teapot.

I mentioned this pecullar peychical phenomenon to the Capitalist. "Bir," he said, "you did right. It's just got to be done, land allowance made in the estlmates. Many a man has lost a lat contract-I mean just been worried to death by standing on his rights and reporting to the company. I tried it once

## A Canuck down South.

with a porter. Not on this line. Demme, sir, he made my life miseraible. A straight bold-up would have been more humane. Whenever I sat down to read, he would come alung and dust the seat, and tell me between whiles about the big tip he got from Vanderbilt last week, 'a pufekt gemmen, sah.' If I moved across the aisle he would gather up all the stray vallses in the car and put therin on my legs and into my, ribs, expJaining that they belonged to de gemman dat holds dat seat. And every time I stood up, he'd produce his whisk to brush my coat, and stand there, just stand. It I went to the smoker, he wonld steal the matches and take away the cuspidors to clean them, opening the car door and filling the place with train dust and alkall. When I wanted to go to bed, he'd say cheerfully: 'Bed, sah; yes, sah; make it up at de nex' station, sah,' and I'd have to roust him out of his own eventually. In the morning he'd pull back the curtains about daybreak, waken me up, and then apologize. 'Tought you grot out at de

## Across the Prairie.

Demme, bie. A en more to read, the seat, the big week, 'a ed across all the jut theria explaingemman y time 1 whise to here, just oker, he ake away , opening lace with I wanted aily: 'Bed, at de nex' roust him

In the e curtains p, and then out at de
las' station, sah, beg pardon, sah; de car'g mighty crowded: sowe geramen just got on lookin' foh a seat, sah. We's join' trou' fine scenery, sah.' Why, if I hadn't tipped him at last, 1 might better have walkor."

We had cast off our last dining car at Kansas City, and vere thenceforth to depend upon the dining stations along the soute. If we except the occasional irregularity of the meal hours, which oometimes compelled us to eat a second meal ere the first was well down, or sombine two into one, I must say nothing that is mot in pnaise of the caterling. Twenty minutes does not serem a lung time for a meal, and it is not, if one contemplates a state dinner ; but, from the time one site down to the moment one gets up at one of these dining stationn, there is nothing left but to eat. There seem to be three waiters to each guest, and the grass doesn't grow under their feet. 'I'he first course is on the taiole as you sit down; the next mysteriously slips under your nose as you take your last mouthful of the first, and no

## A Canuck down South.

on, till gou find yourself at peace with tbe world, and contentedly chewing a toothpick apparently hours before the train gives its preliminiary wanning. To the most nervous and most fastidious 1 can only repeat, you will have plenty of time, and you can scarcely dine better.

To invalids and those who have soung children $I$ would say, by all meang take a luneh box. Our lunch box pnoved a thing of beauty and a joy forever. The Princess looked to that matter herself, and being blessed with a fine appetite and a good digestion, took pride in her labor. That box was our dearest friend on the jouruey. If time fell heavy upon our hands, we dived into that receptacle. If the childrem became troublesome, which even auch paragons as ours sometimes did, we gave them the lunch box. If we did not feel like dining at the stations, we took care to beed the box from the lunch counter. It was like the widow's cruise, inexhaustible, and the pleasures of Three Men in a Boat were fustian compared with ours in that biox. From nome we brought

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tea, sugiar, pepper, salt, knives, forks, spoons, cups and plates, everything else we readily got on the way, including deinty sections of cold roast chicken. We had am alcohol lamp, and made tea, which was a luxury for the women.

As to clothes, a man may wear his usual costume, if it isn't a golf or a bicycle suit. A man riding to Callifornia in a bicycle sult had best use hls machine; otherwise he may furnish occupation for a border town coroner. A womam? Well, 1 approach this subject with diffidence, having a constiant tendency to confuse their articles of attire in a manner that the Princess says Is scandalous. Perhiaps I had better say that the Maiden Lady already memtioned came on board in some kimd of tight-fitting tailor-miade dress, with starched collar, the envy of her sex, the lodestone of ours, but before the journey was over she was a spectacle for gods, not minn. The starched collar was always getting limp and black, the dress buttons became gradually distributod along the desert, and her elbows and

## A Canuck down South.

forearms wore through her sleeves. I concluded then, and now I know, that loose clothing is the sine qua non, something in the blouse hine I suppose. I would suggest a pretty wrapper, such as I saw on our trip, only that the Princess says 1 was altogether too attentive to that wnapper.
It was this same maiden who brought a lot of ungainly valises into the car, and roused our ire. If she put them on her seat, they constantly prodded her ribs; if she put them on the floor, we sell over them, and glared at her. At night they lay on her feet and kept her awake, at which we were savagely delighted. The rest of us had valises that would slip under the berth at night and stand deeently up in the corner next the whndow by day, miniature steamer trunks. These hints cost us something to learn, and are given without charge to those contemplating such a journey as ours.

One last piece of advice: Remember Mark Twain's sad experiences with Webster's Unabridiged and Stevenson's

## Across the Prairie.

eeves. I uow, that on, someppose. I per, such that the r too at-

0 brought the car, $t$ them on dded her floor, we her. At d kept her vagely dealises that night and er next the e steamer something out charge journey as

Remember ances with Stevenson's

Cooubles with Bancroft's History, and take no books yourself. You will be lacky if batween the sights to be neem ind the pleasant conversation of your ompanions yrou get time even to confilt the gulde-book you ought to buy a the cars. If 1 , who live chiefly by and on books, say this, be sure it is so. In Kansas we were first made acquainted with the negro and the mule, combination which supports half the omic papers of the Union; the man dth a great flapping hat and the mule th two similar contrivances 'urnished nature. Sometimes the negro would bo asleep, and the mule's ears would fall forward over the animal's oyes and bind it, or get entangled with its feet nd nearly send it sprawling, at which negro would waken and tie the cars rak again. There was a slight breeze lowing as we passed one such procesMon, and the riule had great trouble caking against it untll his master fanlhis earm.
Now and agam we had halted at ine city of the plains, vigoroun,

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and youthful, with broad avenues and irequent shade trees, and had then sped out over the rolling prairie, seeing but few of the millions of cattle and but little of the cultivated ranches which make Kansas the second state of the Union in agricultural importance. Some of the towns have a reputation to sustaln, but the majority would prefer to lose theirs. They would even exchange it for the reputation of a Montreal alderman.

Be it rememivered that it was towards the close of Oatober that we passed through Kansas; the crops were garnered, the planted seed not yet quickened into life. Returning towards the close of April following, we found the scene vastly different. The bare ground was now covered with tender green shoots, the whole state carpeted with velvet. It is one of the most striking features of the journey to one accustiomed to the well watered lands of Canada, to mark how, in the dry seasion, the maked enrth lies a burned and heart-breaking desert between the Missourd and the Sierra, but

Across the Prairie.
and
then seeing ad but which if the . Some 10 susfer to chiange sal al-
cow ards passed garneruickened the close tine scene mid was shoots, relvet. It satures of to the to mark ked ourth mg desent lerra, but
ready to bloom, crop upon crop, the whole year roond, under the favor of Jupiter Pluvius. Happy the land, however, that has watercourses ! Was not Palestine such a country, "a land which the Lord thy God careth for." The United States west is a land of Egypt, "where thou sowedst thy seed and wateredst it with thy foot, like a garden of herbs," though the modern science of irrigation has done much to ease the curse. Diogenes says they do not water by the foot out West, but by the "inch"

A Western rancher to whom I quoted these Scriptural passages replied that he had been told that there was a speculator named Joseph who was aible to squeeze the shorts by getting a corner In Egyptian wheat when the Palestine crop ran out. It is not saie to argue out West, or I would have suggested that the Egyptian cnop was short that year also, and that Joseph had only sarnered the supply.

From the moment we had left Chieago, we had been climbing steadily bkyward, and when we passed Coolldge,

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the last station in Kansas, we were 3,865 feat above tide-water, Chicago being only 579 feet. We were 20 rise aw high again, and higher, ere from the sunmit of the Continental Divide we could sweep down tow ards the Par!es. Hitherto, also, we had been speeding stralght into the pathway of the setting oun, but at La Junta, shortly after entering Colorado, we turned southward, leaving behind us the famed health remonts and mining districts of the state, and seeting Pike's Pelak dimly outlined northward in the azure distance.

We cut off the aouth-iastenn corner of Colorado, a land of virtural desert, of dry watier courses, arid plains dotted with sage brush, and enlivemed at infrequent intervals only by the jack-rabbit, whose long ears obscured the vision. Our train chiased one of these creatures, or rather we thought it did, until he settled down to work, and then we knew he had only been esarumtering before. Thenel was just lome brown streak, and we were alone again in the disconsolaite desert.

## Across the Prairic.

ve were lcago berise an rom the vide we Partas. speeding he setting after enuthward, realth rethe state, outlined ce.
corner of desert, of Ins dotted id at in-- jack-rabd the vine of these ight it did, $k$, and then searumtering one brown ugain in the

We were not long in Colorado without rumning intio a mountain. The state is not half the size of the Province of Quebec, horizontally, but if it had not been crumpled up so, it would probably cover the whole of Canadia. At least one gets this impression from glimpses of Pike's Peak and the two majestle Spanish Peaks thiat have been splitting the horizon for some time, to say nothing of yonder wall of rock through which Te are about to pass, treading in the icotsteps of the Argonauts and of the aborigines who, centurtes before Columbus, traversed the Raton Pass, one of the few highways thnough the Rockies.


CHAPTER III.
Over the Divide.

Mountains have ever been the holy places of the earth. It was upion a mountain that Moses spoke with God, and from a mountain that he brought down the commandments to those who on the plains below were lost in superstitic 1 and worshipped the goiden calf. The world's two historic cities, Jerusalem and Rome, were built upon mountains, and the story of mations has shown time and again that the love of liberty and honor and great movements have originated among those who were mountain bred.

The influence of the plains is depressing, their momotony stagmates ono

## Over the Divide.

mind, or involves it in mystical theories. Witness the theologies of Egypt and the Populist movement in Kansas. The hills uplift to an approximation of their own grandeur; the vulture for the plains, the eagle for the erags. Such, at any rate, is the sentiment of the tourist accustomed to a varied landscape who has had a day and two nights upon the prairie, and sees beture him for the first tlme, rise upon rise, the olitliers of the Rocky Mountains.

We were now well on along the Santa Fe trail, every mile of which has had its tragedy, death by Apache bullet, death by hunger, death by thirst, death by torture, and, parhaps worst of all, death by heartbreak, when the stout heart that had braved the weary miles from the Missourl gave out and lay down to die before the heedless barrier that stood between him and the gold fields where he had hoped to win for tune. The Arkansas River along whose banks we had for sonie time been running, is now forsaken, and wo shall see but little water for the remainder of

## A Canuck doion South.

our journey, stave an occasiomal mountain stream.
We were awakened for an early breakfast at La Juntia, a little after six in the morning. La Juntia, the Junction, the name is suggestive of black-eyed signorettas, with cigarettos and jealous lovers, and, unlike the bulk of Unifed States names, it does not disappoint us. Here a padre gets in, who has been recuperating at Colonadio Springs or looking at the mines at Demver. What etrange taies he will tell his little Mexican mission floek! Will his reputation for veracity stand the strain? He has actually seen men working, working while they had money in their pockets. Incrioulble! And they did not celebrate a single saint's day. Monstrous! They mmoke pipes. Caramba! And drink etrong waters. Ah, now this padre speaks truth ; that is to be a man.
Meanwhile our train has resumed its apparently interminable joisiney, and is hurling itselt like a bettering ram against the walls of rock that are drawing ever nearer. We have reached Trini-

Over the Divide. $r$ six in Junction, eyed sigjealous IUniked point us. been re3 or lookr. What Ittle Mexireputation He has , working ir pockets. $t$ celebrate us! They And drink hdre speaks
esurned its hey, and is ering ram are drawched Trini-
dad shortly before 11, "aud now," says the Argonaut, "you ladies had better come upon the rear platform." The Virgin is there alrcady; has sne not her guide-book to direct her? We notice that the Argonaut avolds her, and attaches himself to the Princess. The Leutenant's wife looks carefully after her personal property, but the Virgin is serene. She has her guide-book.

Like the breath of the salt sea was the first breath of the hills. Trinidad Is at their foot, and here a second powerful engine was attached. Shades of easily scoffers who thought no trafn could progress on smooth ralls, what do yo think of this? We were going to be boisted 1,640 feet into the sky withln the next twenty miles, and would boldly 80 through a mountain that barred our further progress. 'Iwo engines to draw me, and yet he who would might have walked alongside the train, whose speed ad not exceed four miles an hour. We wound round spurs, and rose upon trew-tho-work and curves yard by gard, the ongines panting and the wheels ac-

## A Canuck down South.

tually screaming on the rails as the train turned and twisted onskily in and out among the hills, revealing to our dolifhtad eyes wondrous vistas, canons and riuges. At times we clung miraculously to the face of a clift, atole on flmy bridges over revines shaded with tremulous aspens, slipped by long, straight slopes, rugged with pines, and anon paused, as though, at last, the energy of man and the power of steam together lespaired of surmounting the rise upon "ise of interminable rock that overhung us. But man again proved bis invincibility, and still we climbed the firemen feeding the insatiable fires, up, ever up, through the azure, such azure and dreamful sunlight as beggars description, until in the weirdest place of all, when the masses of rock seemed closing in apon us frum ali sides, wo plunged into the Raton Tunnel with so mighty a re-choing roar and rumblo that all Inferno seemed about to welcome us to its Walpurgis dance. "Dncle Dickr," it was the Argonaut who was speaking, and his wonds ware

Over the Divide.
addressed to the Princess. "Uncle Dick lived there," pointing to a ruined shanty on the right of the track as we had approached the tunnel. "And if ever man was glad to see his fellow-man it was n the night we puller up hare. He wasn't pmuch on religion, but it seeme to me that that man was another St. Christopher or some kind of Broad Church missionary just set down there Thy God himself to do something to help along a crowd of half-dead, gold-huntmg, profane, blackguardly fellows like has, and put some heant into us and ome faith in man after our fights with the redskin devils all along the line. Dick Wooten kept this pass in order for the forty-niners, and if overy man shat dwed him anything for that was to submibe two bits for a monument, it would erape the stars out of the siky as the corld turned round."
The Capitailst staid: "I reckon he ade a good thimg out of the pask, li charged toll."

- The Virgin chirped blithely : "Oh, गus, he did; it says so in the guildepot."


## A Canuck down South.

The Argonaut said again, and his tome checked the two iike a cold water douche: "I reckon he made considerable out of it, if the angels know thetr business. He's dead, and I hope I'll be good enough to meet him again."
We had entered New Mexico an instant before plunging into the Raton Tunnel, and were then 7,662 feet above the sea, The tummel is 2,011 feet long, replacing an old switch-back track that winds Hke a corkscrew uver the mountain, and once through it our descent began, fast and faster, the brakes on, the enginem reversed and the smoke from the burn ing grease around the hot wheels of fending our nostrils while we slid down the mountain slopes into a valley that was but the prelude to amother scramble towards the stars.
A little more than a quarter of a mile nearer the earth's centre uhan Raton, wI stopped at Las Vegas, an importams cown and health resort, and then $w$ began mountaineerimg again. From th rear platform of the Pullman sceme fol lowed acene until, mear evening, we hal

## Over the Divide.

ad his tone old water e considerknow thet aope I'll be sain."
an instant ton Tunnel, ove the sea. g, replacing that winds suntain, and began, fast the engines m the bum. wheels of ve slid down valley that wother scram
ter of a mill an Ration, wi an important and then in. From th aan sceme for aning, we ha
althily risen to an altitude of $7,452 \mathrm{ft}$. Glorieta Pass. Glorieta means bower summer house, but the mame does nut cornd so sweetly in the ears of a conmptive. That place is his Rubicon, sten his Waterloo. The high altitude which the tratin travels for a day and night is injurious to hemorrhagic pationts, or those with heact complicathons, though it may be mentioned that e Santa Fe is about the safest transontinental route in this respect. Sleep torsakes the pillow, and, as the hours 80 by, with cruel slowness, the shortenLing brea,th,twitching hands and distressing cough make the officials watchfur. Then comes the bemorrbage, sometimes only a relief, but sometimes ushering is the last sceme of all,-and the yellow lag or yellow lantern announces that wother mortal has put on immortality. several if us felt the oppresion of the suifled af, and lost the night's sleep.

Te passed Albuquerque after sunset, and took on two dandified personages bean New York, with high coliers, fashtepable beavers and rrock coats, who

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continually sucked the gold knobs of their waiking sticks, as though tow recently from the nursery to have forgotten the habits of babybood. The Argo-

- naut looked at them as they entered the smoking room, got un. staid Ireezingly that he feared his smoking might annor them, and went out upon the platform.
"Well," he said, as I jolned him there, "you wanted to know what changee have taken place out west since fortynine Go back to the smoking car, and look at them. They would have been planted at Kansas City in my time. They would have scared the stage mules half to death. Did you notice how I bolted?"

The Argonaut had not meant this reflection upon himself, and 1 was too wise to motice it.

New Mexico is almost the only portion of the United States which can rival Oaniada in ancient history, and, liko portions of the Province of Quebec, is the only part of the countiy where an cient manners and customs and institrtions persist sidie by side with modern
knobs of gh tow reave forgotThe Argoentered the ireezingly ight annor e platform, 1 him there, at changes since fortyaoking car, rould have in my time. stage mules ce bow I
ant this
was too
pnly portion b can rival , and, liko Quebec, is where anand instituith modern

## Over the Divide.

progress Separated by nearly three thousand miles, these two conservative regions afford many similarities. In Quebec, the cross is in evidence at intersecting roads, on hills, and in the villages ; it is so also in New Mexico. The Mextcan oven is the habitant oven. Quebec suffered from selgnorial tenure; Now Mexico suffered from the old Spanish land grant system. The Mexican chimney corner is a place where Jean Baptiste could sit and smoke and dream himself at home. Only Jean Baptiste would turn his nose up at the cigarette, and Juan Bautista would snseze over the black pipe and kittikenik. Furthermore, neither will use his fists. The Canadian habitant will fight by the bour with his enemy, huring words across the street, and getting his friends. to hold him so that he may do his foo o bodily harm, while the Mexican will mile under an insult if he does not think it safe to resent it at once, and jour friends will find you with a stiletto in your back a week later. Jean Baptiste will work; Juan Bautista will

A Canuck down South.
not work. Jean Baptiste hides hes hoard in a stocking; Juan Bautista hides his wealth in the ground agatnst a rainy day, and that mever comes In New Mexico. The Capitalist says that th'ousands of square miles of territiory throughout the South are honey-combed with deposits of treasure, which the Mexican is too superstitious to endeavor to unearth, but which he thinks would yield a dividend on the stock of his projected Mexican Buried Treasure Company, to winch he wainted me to subscribe.

The Mexican takes pride in his horse and saddle, and every Canadian knows that Jean Blaptiste may be slow in many things, but that he must have a last horse to speed on the ice in winter or down the country road after mass, his best girl by his side. Neither Mexican nor habltant cares much for modenn mprovements; the Mexican atill ploughs with a sharpened atick. There is nothing in the Roman creed itself that should eause men to stagmate, but it is an undeniable lact that a iarge Roman

## Over the Divide.

Catholic commumity is generally behind one which is Protestant. Is it that men who bew their wills in all things to one man, be the priest or rular under any other name. cannot hope to compete with men who have their wits sharpened by seli-reliance? Is it that the unnumbered fete days and holldays enervate them for businees, as men who dine by candle-light and sip liqueurs and wear gloves, go down before the brawny fisted noondlay diners, ill, but for the inflow of tarmers' sons from the country, great cittes would deteriorate? Whatever be the reason, it is indisprut. able that a priest-ridden people must rest content with the kingdom of heaven, for they will get but little of the good things of earth.

And yet they get happiness. Thene is no denying the fact. The Mexican is born, marries and dies in constant sumlight; he has no newspaper, no advertising, no business apparently; no booms, no speculative fever (unless gambling means the same); has probably never heard of the President, and would

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ahow no interest in an election that mets every so-called clever man in the Statem trenzied with excitemerit. He never make himself a clothes-horse for election badges before the day, nor trundles his neighbor round town in a blarrow, or shaves the one side of his face the day after ; yet he is far more contented than they.
We were now truly in a foreign land. The United States owns it, but the once masterly Spaniard has left the impress of his mailed hand upon it. And a still more ancient civilization plques the curiosity of the antiquary in the pueblos, grouped on the top of some almost inaccessable rock or mesa, and reached by sheer climbing of ladders or niches in the rock. What terrible invasion in prehistoric times drove this ancient people to such defensive measuers? Vamdals and Huns have roamed on every continent, and the Israelitish wanderings and conquent of the indweller have been exemplified even on these Western plains at the very dawn of the human era.

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We passed in the night, but saw on our return one such Pueblo, Laguna, perched upon a barren hill some sixty odd miles from Albuquerque, apparently one house of adobe mud, flat-roufed and capable of accommodating fully a thousand people. In oider days entry was effected by climbing ladders to the roof, and descending through the scuttle, after drawing the ladder up. The Capltalist says that a latch key must have been a very cumbrous article in those times, and that to have seen a party of hilarious Pueblos staggering home in the wee sma' 'ours, and trying to extract their ladders from their vest pockets and lean them up against the right house must have been a curious aight. There is a legend not set down in the guide-books, that the Pueblo womem used to sit upon the house-tops while their wetter haives were at the lodge, and would not let the ladder down to them unless they could pronounce Cuaahquichollan, Tequechmecaniani and Tlacahuepancuexotzin, which, one would judge, was a more severe ordeal than chrysanthemum.

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The Mexican houses are that-rooted, onestoried affairs, not unlike large match-boxes, made of mud, which the everlasting sunlight bakes a light yellow. This material is cal! c d adobe in the guide-books, and doby by Westerners, and in that rainless climate is practically indestructible. The old Pecos church, visible in the valley shortly after passing Glorieta, is some 850 years old, and its doby walls are as good as new. On the $f p$ of the haunted mesa, the observer imagines that he can still see the remains of the Acoma which was before the present Acoma, and the present Acoma craims to have had a few years the start of the Tower of Babel. The legend of the first town is a sad one, with. which the guide-books make us familiar. It appears that a large landsitde or a cloudburst, or something of the kind, took place while the men were working on their farms in the plains beiow, and their means of getting back to town was destroyed. Some say all the women, some say only three, were in the town when the catastrophe

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 will require armed men at his back. Will it be worth the while, or will the
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result of any investigation be but another useless desecration that shall cause us once mure to bless the natunal law which decrees that even sur bones should vanish ere the time arrives when we are strangers to the earth where once we were familiar, and eerve to gratily the curiosity of some human mole.

From Glorieta to Alduquerque the airbrakes were scarcely ever off. We were virtually tobogganing down mountain slopes, and within less than a hundred miles had subsided to an elevation 2,500 feet lower than at Glorieta. We crossed the Rio Grande in the glcom of night, which rendered that stream more romantically pieturesque than was the Missouri under the sunlight, which had revealed the mud-flats diversified by a creek, the enormous bridge over which looked like a prece of sarcasm. But the greater ease in breathing which the lower level gave us was not destined to last long, for from Albuquerque we were again toiling up grade towards the Continental Divide, that mystic point whence a glass of wa-

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ter spilled east or west might seek the som of peace or that of storms, the grand old ocean that for centuries has crowned Brf tlsh brows with triumph, or the vast new waters destined to roar through coral reets or whisper on golden sands the utory of a dawning age.
Crossing the Divide! 'I'ne term in olden tımes was synonymous with death. It was used in this sense by the Argonauts, possibly because their heaven was on the other or eastern side, probably because they could think of no fate more dreadful than returning from their vast horlzons and high, bracing, soul-stirring latltudes to a life on a lower level among starched shirts and the fetters of custom and fashion forged about mankind by a dead and gone generation, a place where men are measured by their stone frontages and their great grandiathers, and no longer by their own human inches and mental image of their Creator. It was about three in the morning when we passed this "line," and most of us, notwithstanding our interest. were sleeping, though restlessly.

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It may have been the effect of the altitude, or it may have been something else, bet I know I dreamt a wonderful dream. The romance of the Maiden Lady came bome at last. It was broad daylight, and we men were, as usual, sitting in the smoker spinning yarns. The dandies who had got on at Albuquerque were with us, each sitting on his nands and enjoying the conversation. Suddenly the train jarred, and slowly came to a stop. The Argonaut leaned forward, a strange fixed look on his face that was not agreeable, and his hand stole round towards his back, while he looked penetratingly into all our faces in rapid succession.
"What is that"" said one of ti.e tenderfeet. "Is it a hold-up?"

I don't know why, but we all followed the look of the Argonaut, which was flxed on the New York dudes, and each of these harmless creatures now held a revolver in each hand, and epch revolver looked like a cannon.

Then one of the dudes said suavely: "It Is a holdup. I am sorry to interrupt the tory, but can assure you, gentiemen, that

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If you will only keep your hauds above your heads for a little while, we will do you no harm. There's tifty thousand in the express to-day, and our pals want it. We don't intend you any harm if you nave horse sense."
There were shots towards the front of he train, then screams, screams of a man, not reassuring if you have ever heard them; yet the dudes sat immovable with their howitzers, thiat now looked like hundred ton guns, pointing everywhere at once, as it seemed. I was there but I musthave had a nightmare, for 1 couldn't raise my hands, and my pistol in my hippocket seemed to be about a thousand mues away.
Then came the denouement. The Maiden Lady entered, clad?-well, they say dreams are made, as a mosaic, out of waking experiences; but if I ever saw a woman so dressed I want to know it. She wore pajamas and carried a parasol and said tragleally :
"This is a holld-up."
The mouths of the revolvers had meanwhile expanded to about the size of the

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Raton Trannel; yet on the leit side of one I saw the robber wince. The Maiden Lady looked at him, and then there was a shriek. I said to myself :
"Now, we'll get a tirst-class corpse."
Instead of which she threw herself upon the immaculate shirt front."
"Found, found !" she cried; "my long lost brother."

And then, as I woke, I still heard the long lost brother say "damn."

But the last part wasn't a ireans. 1 heard the word over and over again, as a night-ihirted young kuekand who had got on-well, I will not say whero-paraded the car with his squalling child. He did not stay in ons place, but with generous instincts distribinted that squall all over the car. Now he would hold the beiby to the keyhole of the lieutenant's stateroom, and when he heard the Lieutenant's remark, would bolt impetuous'y to the other end of the car, distributing a warwhoop at every berth. By and bye our youngest woke, stretched himseli, put his toe in my mouth, and said:
"Pa, is that a new baby?":

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1 said 1 didn't know.
'"Well, pa, if that's a new baby, don't you think the engels put him out of heaтen because he cries so:"'

Again 1 didn't know.
"Pa, don't you think it needs oiling?"
I said 1 didn't think it could do much better than it was doing.
Morning dawned at last after an uncomfortable night, ushering in our fifth day on the cars. I do not know how others feel about it, but we felt after the frat day as if a change to a coffin would be a welcome relief, and give us more room. On the second day we were willing to stand another twenty-iour hours; on the third day, we didn't care how long the journey lasted, and on the fifth we thought of its termination with regret. There is no doubt that eels do get used to skinning.
We had fallen so thoroughly into one another's ways. made such delightful friendships, and had, on the whole, so much comfort on the long journey, that we would indeed have been very hard to please had we not begun to regret the

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now fast approaching hour of separation. The warmth of a trans-Atlantic acquaintance is but cold and distant compared fith that which is engendered by such a trip as ours. Compared with a Pullman car, a steamer is a wilderness. Un board ship we can get away into nooks and corners; in a Pullman, even a flirtation must be carried on under the eyes or old campaigners, and no one can get out of reach of his neighbor's cars and eyes. We ate together, talked together, almost dressed together, and slept so closely packed that one felt tr his neighbor read his very dreams. A filmy curtain was our house front, and across the street our fellow-citizen fared no better. In our long journey from Chicago wa had all become accustomed to much that would have appeared odd in a drawingroom, which reminds me of a ludicrous incident, which was, however, anything but funny to the chief actors.
Some time during the night, at some way-station, a man and his wife got on, and we were immediately prejudiced agafnst them, because the man had wak-

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ened us with his storming at the conductor for not having a lower berth to give them, as though the Company should have kept a berth empty ior their convenience all the way from Chicago. In the morning, while we were in the midst of our dressing in our usual free and easy style, the Argonaut, sweeping under his berth for his collar-button, and the Capitalist making down the aisle towards the washroom, with the bulk of his clothing over his arm, a flash of a neat ankle or bare arm, ringed somewhere around the shoulder with dainty lace showing from behind the berth curtains the kind of struggle the ladies were having to dress ; when, I say, we were thus engaged, this new comer, whom we regarded as an interioper among our party, returned from the wash-room, where he had dressed himseif He took the situation in at a glance. His wife, who had been, sitting in her seat, completing her toilet, was, in his opinion, in inminent danger, and he pounced upon the mildest-mannered and most modest of our party, an English Church clergyman,

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who stood without coat or vest, giving the finishing touches to the halyards that upheld his lower rigging, his standing rigging, as it were.
'Sir," screamed the irate and shocked husband; "what do you mean by such conduct. How dare you, sir, unblushingly , dress in my wife's presence?"'
If a thunderbolt had fallen amongst us It would not have created more consternation. The Argonaut stopped peering under the ".erth ; the Capitalist quickened his pace and disappeared into the smokingroom, while there was a sudden stoppage of the rustling behind the curtains, as though the ladies had imagined it was to them that loud-voiced Comstock addressed himself.

Our shy clergyman had no idea that be was being spoken to in that manner, and proceeded quietiy to put on his vest, when a renewed roar in his ear lifted him from the car floor, and when he landed again be turned round and asked in ome confusion, "Are you speaking to ne?"
"'To you, sir, yes, sir ; it's perfectly

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scandalous, sir ! Porter, do you not see hat creature putting on his vest, his vest, sir, before my wife's eyes."

But the porter was out on the back platiorm, admiring the scenery by that tıme.
The poor clergyman so suddenly assaulted, lost his presence of mind for the moment, or I'm sure he would not have replied as he did. It was a good retort, but too good to be intended. He said:
"I beg your pardon; I-I, I really didn't think she would object. I'm sure I didn't when I saw her putting on her-"
"Sir, don't talk to me ; don't dare, sir. You ought to be ashamed of your cloth," the long coat being very much in evidence on the car seat, and the clercal vest havthat ing been buttoned all awry in great haste.
Then the clergyman recovered his senses. He had not dealt with sinners for nothing, and this boor was very much in his line.
"My dear sir," ke said, trigialy; "if you cannut be gentlemanly, you should rectly at least be consistent. I do not consider

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that a man without his vest is so disreputable an object as to call forth such remarks, and, at any rate, it is preposterous that you should cry out upon me at one moment to be ashamed of my cloth, when you have just told me I should be anhamed of the want of it."
Then followed language that I dare not set down, and it was not the clergyman who used it, either. But, fortunately. it did not last long. With one bound the Argonaut laid his still powerful arm on that of the boor (we weren't shocked at the lack of the collar-button just then), and he said:
"You miserable hound, if you don't re cognise that there are ladies on this car, and stop that profanity, I'll throw you from the car window. You nover were on a Pullman before, nor mixed with decent people." And the way that man subsided and took his meek wife off the car at the next station is one of the pleasant memories of my life, though I , and all of us, were deeply sorry for his wife.
When the morning sun gilded the peaks about us we were in Arizona. If New

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Mexico affords us a glimpse of prehistorio civilization and peoples, surely Arizona reveals to us the secrets of the creation of the world. Here we seem to be in Nature's boiler-room, and her stupendous energy, which in other parts of the world is concealed under vales smiling with flowers and flowing rivers, is here demonstrated in rivers of congealed lava and ashes and cinders, heaped up mountain high. Among yonder peaks lies cold and still the crater of many a volcano which once perhaps rivalled Krakatoa, Etna and Vesuvius. In the dawning ages, when the continent bore a different shape, and strange monsters iurked in the sea and stranger trod the earth, what a dreadful scene must Arlzofin have presented, the solld world trembling with pent-up vapors, the lava winding lupidly down the vast mountain slopes, the alf thick with steam and cinders and sick with tho continuous thunder of nighty explosions : For miles upon miles, upon all sides, as the train swept on, we saw nothing but the relics of subterranean fires. And then, as the hours slipped by, and once more

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we were on the flanks of the mountains, my heart went out to Arizona. We seemed once more in Canada. Here were whispering pines, long woodiand aisles where the sunlight steeped verdant knoll and rocky crag with color and with warmth. こere were flowers, water:ourses and life, and the axe of the lumberman rang keen as in our woods at home. Yes, I love Arizona. Even in its deserts it has a charm such as endears Sahara to the Arab, and its bare hills have the strange, weird attraction such as Rob Wanlock sings of in his Scottish lilts. Arizona, like a capricious beauty, wins and holds us, in spite of will or reason. Whether it be the unique Devil's Canon, which the train leaps over, clingIng to a filmy bridge 225 feet above the tiny stream beneath, or the incomparable Grand Canon of the Colorado, which is over 6,000 feet deep, or the 13,000 feet of the San Francisco mountain, half of which, even at the elevation we have reached, still towers above us: whether it be the chalcedony park, or the cave dwellings, or only the natural mountain parks,

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the ruddy desert and cinder cones and the valuable copper mines of the country, Arizona is a fitting gatewny to California, the land or sunshine and treasure.

I shall not soon forget Canon Iiabolo. The Capitalist and I were standing on the rear platform, when suddenly the level prairie sank away swiftly from us to a depth that made us dizzy to look down, as though the subterranean powers had cleft the earth to claim their own. We had just time to gasp when the earth rose again to meet us, and the train was once more gliding along the level. There had net been the slightest warning of what was coming. At night a man would walk clear off the prairie, and apparently put his lifted foot down in the streets of Hong Kong. The Capitalist mopped his brow.
"I always !orget that canon," he sajd; "and my heart jumps into my mouth when we leave the gruund so unexpectedly. I'm not as good now as the first time I was bald-headed, and that gulf scares me. What chances they lose out West : If I had that canon in New York



IMAGE EVALUATION
 TEST TARGE! (MT-3)


Photographic

## Sciences Corporation



A Canuck down South.
State, now, I could make a fortune out of it. Just picture it, a big hotel on each slde, incline railway to the bottom. roller skating rink, rope-walkers going across, peanuts, banana stands, merry-go-rounds for the children, and so on. Sir, there'd be a fortune in that canon; and I'd advertise it till there wouldn't be a man would dare come to America and not see it."
We supped in Cailiornia that Wednesday evening, at the Needles, and mirthful was ur last night on the train. What a wouderful creature is man! While we, in the luxury of a Pullman car sat smoking and spinning yarus over our ice-cold liquors, we were boring through the gloom of night over the great American Desert, where many an unfortunate forty-niner left his bones to bleach under the pitiless sun of a parched sea of sand and giant cactus. Here there was a sign of life only at the little stations set down along the line of steel,-one called Bagdad. a name which fitted it, another called Siberia. Whose grim irony named this hottest spot in the world after that region of ice? 1

## Over the Divide.

stood a short time on the platiorm that night, watching the placid stars and the dim stretches of mesa, broken cy cectus shadows, and wondering at the energy of those who in a prairie schooner traversed the Western wilds, wound through the mountain passes, and crossed these two hundred miles of deadly alkali plains in pursuit of gold. Starvation Peak, Los Animas, the river of lost souls, Death alley, and hundreds of places. named and unnamed, witnessed the stern fight waged between barbarism and civilization and between man and nature, ere the Stars and Stripes waved in Pacific breezes.

The journey across the continent, is it not an ollegory of the journey of life? Such thought, as the car wheels clanked rythmetically on the rails, shaped itself in my mind as follows:

## LIFE'S ARGONAU'CS.

Over the Red Missouri,
Out on the op:n plain,
Far from the haunts of childhood,
They ne'er shall see ayain,

## A Canuck down South.

Seeking the golden treasure, Braving the tuil and strife, Eagerly go the Argonauts On the journey of life.

Vast and void and voiceless To the horizon's rim, Stretches the rolling prairie, As day by day grows dim. Beneath the wondrous star glow That lights the heavens calm, Come bivouac, rest and slumber And dreams of the lone first palm.

Nor tree, nor grass, nor blossom, Anywhere under the eye, Sage brush, sand and cactus And glistening alkali;
Promise of water often, But only a mirage fham, Till lips can hard!y utter
A sigh for the lone first pulm.

The prairie dog has his burrow. The prairie hen her nest; Only we, under heaven, Have nefther home nor rest.

## Over the Divide.

Over the shimmering level, Long as the hot sun ewam, We plodded wearily forward.
Seeking the lone first palm.
Beyond the rolling prairie.
Beyond the desert darear.
At last, the rugged mountains Their mighty flanks uprear. Parched and starved and weary,

We face their pitlless calm-
Oh, that the journey were over, Oh , for the lone first palm !

Indian braves in their ambush, Hark! how the bullets sing!
While, through nnfathomed canons,
Shrilly the war whoops ring!
Lying, face up to the heavens.
Silent are Dick and Sam,
God in His mercy bring the rest
Safe to tie lonc first palm!
Miles upon miles of desert
Under a burning sun,
Till the blood is bolling in our veins,
And life is almost done;
Then rise upon rise of mountains,
And hope's eternal balm.
In the vales beyond is the goal we seek.
Hurrah! for the lone first palm.

## A Canuck down South.

Precipice, cliff and canon, Torrent and icy peak,
Tompest, and whirling suow drifta Hiding the trall we seek.
Then sunchine, warmth and pleasure, And rest without pain or qualm
In a rlotous garden of flowers Beneath the lone first palm.

Prairie and peak and desert,
Hope, and the death of hope,
Joys and alluring visions,
Trials and the strength to cope;
Success to him who struggles,
Defeat to him who faints,
So strives each soul to reach its goal,
The Haven of the saints.

Next morning palm trees and graceful peppers, elicalyptus, poplar and other familiar and unfamiliar trees, greeted our eyes. The desert had given place to a garden, and through orange and lemon groves, vineyards, apricot, prune and fig orchards, and a riot of roses and other flowers, we reached our destination.


## CHAPTER IV.

> In Arcadia.

When we reached Sierra Madre, after so long a railway journey that the timetable had come to be regarcied as a piece of sarcasm, Diogenes met us at the station. Diogenes is a Canadian, and that is not his name, but as he sets up to be a philosopher and came to meet us with a lantern that glorious sunny morninga tribute to my honesty-he was so dubbed instanter, and the name has stuck to him. A short drive through avenues shaded with pepper-trees, eucalypti, palms and live oaks, brought us to the cottage that was to be our California nome, a sweet little place sunsmitten all day long, its verandah gloomed with morning-glories and climb.

## A Canuck down South.

ing roses and its carriage drive lined with broad-leaved palmettos drawn up soldierly on either side, as though to keep in check the mob of orange and lemon trees that crowded the ranch. Here in the golden afternoon was gathered a party of reunited Canadians, and while the children romped in the garden, pelting one another with roses and carnations or playing hide-and-seek behind banks of chrysanthemums, Diogenes and I talked of the long ago, and offered such incense of tobacco (brought from Canada) to the Manitou as would have made Barrie write a second volume in honor of 'My Lady Nicotine,' and have shamed the tribute of the Algonquins who guided Champlain beyond the Chaudiere Falls.

After that October day we hunted health and killed time in Arcadia. Phyllis was not there, nor Strephon, except under less euphonious names and in more unromantic guise, nor did we ever spy a woodland nymph or hear the hoof of

## In Arcadia.

a satyr among the live oaks' gospelling glooms. Otherwise, it was Arcadia. The sun sauntered lazily through the sky, day after day, and let the seasons take care of themselves. The centuryplant thought itself very energetic because it had bloomed cnce since the Declaration of Independence, while the flowers forgot time altogether, and blossomed the whole year round. There a thousand years were as a day, and a day as a thousand years. The inhabitants seldom kney the month and hardly ever the date. Calendars are handy when promissory notes have to be renewed. Diogenes had one, and so had I, but we were never able to induce any banker to allow us to put them to their proper use, and the only interest we had in keeping track of the date was connected with our remittances. No one could keep track of the days of the week in this Arcadia, and Diogenes, who has a deep reverence for the fourth commandment, made it a rule not to work at all,

## A Canuck down South.

lest he should inadvertently break the Sablath.

Physicians the world over send consumptives to southern California, but they never seem to get there. At least, there are none in Sierra Madre, although a good deal is heard about lung trouble. No invalid dies there; he does not even slip awa, like Drumtochty folk. His friends only say that he is gone, and shake their heads, fearing that, having gone farther, he may be faring worse. In the various sanitoriums time is pleasantly spent swapping symptoms, and the man who has most is looked upon with exceeding respect. Diogenes and I secured a fairly good reputation in this direction by the liberal use of a medical dictionary. It is truly wonderful how many symptoms can be got from an unabridged medical dictionary, assisted by a vivid imagination. There was, however, onc man in the place before whom we sank into irritating insignificance. He had more disease than a

## 1n Arcadie.

civic hospital, and had a way of diagnos. ing some fatal and insidious malady from what his companions had mistaken for signs of robust health. If he slept well, paresis was coming on ; if he slept ill, his days were numbered; if he had a good appetite, there was a secret waste; if he ate but litile, he was in the last stages of somcthing awful. Diogenes and I could not boast of a single symptom in his presence without being swamped with a list of his maladies. He was dying more variously than any person we knew-and he is not dead yet. The mystery was subsequently solved when we found that he religiously read through all the patent medicine advertisements of the Los Angeles 'Times,' and we got to hating him so for his symptoms that we used to wish he wouid take some of the remedies prescribed, and die a natural death-that is, a natural death for such an idiot.

Sierra Madre is an extensive hamlet on the slope of the Sierra Madre moun-

## A Canuck down South.

tains, overlooking the fertile valley of San Gabriel and about six miles from Pasadena and sixteen from Los Angeles, on the Kite-shaped Track, its station being Santa Anita. It is deroted to the cultivation of oranges, lemons, apricots, figs, grapes and the tuberculous bacillus. As a health resort it is fast coming to the front, and seems to merit its reputation. Its little cemetery does its best to prosper with the rest, but is not a success. It is a pathetic little God's Acre under the kindly shadow of the eternal hills. There are a few wellkept graves and several costly headstones, but these are the exception. Tomato cans usually do service as mortuary urns and flower pots, but as the weeds conceal them and the flowers as well, they are quite as good as Carrara. The whole place is usually a blaze of wild sunflowers, and honeycombed with gopher holes, while often the jack rabbit or the cotton-tail sits, lost in reflection beneath its stupendous ears amid the
lonely graves. The epitaphs, when deciphered, aro not cheerful. The young may die, but the old must, says Loug. fellow, and in any properly regulated cemetery youth finds comfort in reading that so-and-so died at eighty or ninety, and in finding that he stands a good chance ander the system of averages of being able to revisit that cemetery many times yet before he forgets to return to the bustling world. But our cemetery deals not easily with this simple faith of the young. Here lie, in the majcrity, those of our own age, stricken down before their prime, their ideals unsullied, their hopes unrealized. Here lie some whose history we learn, lonely strangers whom a broad human sympathy has laid in the bosom of the eternal mother, far foom home and friends, some whose deserted and neglected graves bear mute testimony to the haste with which the nursing relative packed his or her trunk with one hand and closed the dead eyes with the other, grief long since discount-

## A Sanuck down South.

ed in the early stages of the wearying malady and thoughts of home and relief and rest making welcome the close of the tragedy.
When I was in Southern California I wrote an article in which I ctated that the country could not progress any faster without pulling the earth out of its orbit, and that a man going hunting over waste lands in the morning, was apt to lose his way on his return home at night among the orchards that had been planted on the same ground during the day. A Culifornia paper printed the article, but on second thought, and at this distance, I would qualify the statement, by admitting that the bustle of trade in and around Sierra Madre was not sufficiently loud to prevent my sleeping at night. Not that Sierra Madre was unenterprising. The place had a 'bus driver, insurance agent, press correspondent, prívate backer, real estate broker, newn agent, and so on. The only trouble was that when this man went to town, busi-

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ness languished until his return. He was also agent for a firm of undertakers, and was in consequence interestod in the progress of every invalid. He displayed great anxiety about my health from the first, and although we are fast friends, I feel that I disappointed him by the rapidity of my recuperation.

Touting for trade, while the subject is still alive, is not uncommon among Southern California undertakers. Cne day a man came up our avenue while I was on the verandah.
'How do you do?' he said, bowing. Every one bows to us in the country parts of Californin, whether they know us or not, jast as they do in French Canadian districts. It saves trouble if one leaves his hat at home.

I gave him good d8j and lie came up the steps, expatiating upon the view of the valley and mountains. Californians have the idea that the rest of the earth is flat, stale ond unprofitable, and it does not do to try to undeceive them,

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unless one is the bigger man. After he had heard my npinion, he said.
'Out here for your health, I suppose.'
'Yes,' I replied, 'ordered to a warm place, to escape a warmer.'

He laughed so heartily that I at once knew he was an agent of some kind. Agents can always see the point of a joke. But he quickly grew serious once more, and said,
'You're cautious, you're shrewd, you're the kind of man I like to meet. . Now I'm sure you would like to have some positive assurance as to your future comfort. I can give you that, at least, so far as your mortal remains are concerned. I represent Messrs. Coffin \& Graves, of Pasadena. Give me the date of your birth, and I'll get the other details from your wife later. She can telephone when you die, and we'll have you in cold storage within forty minutes. And say,' here he leaned confidentially bowards me-'If your wife gets her message in ahead of our regular agent here, me'll

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allow her the usual commission, of course.'
I told the man I would be doeply grieved to give my custom to any one else ; to arrange for a first-class funeral, and to come back, in which event I would cheerfully upply the corpse. He did not seem at all pleased when he went away, and he never came hack. Perhaps I looked too healthy.

When the two or three livery horses of which Sierra Madre could boast were engaged by luckier people, we walked, but that was seldom. The grades are too steep. Thire is not a level hundred yards within the town limits, and in many places one could step from one's attic iato a neighbor's parlor. It was the easiest thing in the world to drop a hint into $a$ neighbor's ear, if one started it right, and as for scandal, it never stopped between the highest house in the Siemra and the lowest in the valley. But it climbed up just as easy, too, Everybody helped it along, they were so soci-

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able in Sierra Madre, and so kindly. N's being so active as scandal, we drove, and the drives were delightful. There was the Baldwin ranch to visit, where a fine racing stable is kept, there was pretty Monrovia-whose lights glittered ricturesquely through the night, there was the San Gabriel Mission, with its quaint Mexican village, and last, but by no means leasi, there was Pasadena, the Crown of the Valley, home of millionnaires and one of the show towns of the state. If one cared for horseback riding, it was to be had, and what could be more delightful than a canter through shady avenues in early morning, while the birds were straining their harmonious throats to greet the sun, and the mists were bathing the towering hills or billowing in iridescent masses in the valley beneath, for Sierra Madre, like Mohammed's coffin, hangs between heaven and earth, between snowy peak and far-stretching plain.
We celebrated New Year's day in an

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unique manner. There are and have been many carnivals in various parts of the world, but to Pasadena alone belongs the honor of holding a midsummer carnival in midwinter, a tournament of roses on New Year's Day, and we, with theughts of Canadian carnivals, sparkling with ice and snow, still treasured in our hearts went to see the Pasadena pazeant. The drive of six miles to the town was entrancing. The birds twittered and rose and settled in our path, the gophers scurried out of the way and an infrequent hare sat up palpitating behind the sage brush, petrified by the thunder of innumerable hoofs all trending towards the one point.
The little town of ten thousand people was a fairy-land that day. Its broad avenues, shaded with palms, eucalypti and peppers, overflowed with a riotous torrent of flowers, in whose odorous and tinted billows the vehicles they adorned seemed swept along as though overwhelmed by a meuntainous wall cf

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waters. The horses waded breast, and even shoulder high in roses, the carriage wheels were clogged with calla lilies. Mermaids, beautiful as a dream, rose, wreathed with smilax, and blossoms, from the sea of flowers, their lissome forms gleaming through the billows of greenery crested with rainbow-tinted foam. Mermen not inharmoniously blew horns dripping the universal sea. Here floated along some vast ark, ponderously maynificent, splashed to the eaves wilh living color, there all Japan spoke from mystic chrysanthemums. Six-in-hands, tally-hos, four-in-hands, spans, tandems and single vehicles abounded, and all were a bank of flowers, There were bicycles also, some a mass of moving blossoms; and it is impossible to estimate the quantity of flowers that on that day were used to grace the tournament. We had never seen anything like it, and never expect to again:

Our Arcadia was not without the charms of sport. In the immediate vi-

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cinity and within sound of the dinner bell we had quail among the copses, jack rabbits in the rineyards and washes, squirrels in the live oaks, gophers in the wheat fields, wild pigeons, blue jays, domestic cats that made night hideous, an occasional coyote skulking round the chicken corrals and the infrequent tramp disposed to take charge of our valuables. Among the mcuntains, the wild cat crouched along the branch, the mountain lion stole through the underbrush, the sheep clambered upon almost inaccessible crags and the grizzly lumbered along, covering the miles with an easy rapidity that was astonishing in one of his. build. I did not hunt for him, having gone to California for my healtin, and I was careful where $I$ went to sleep. A man from Ventura, who went to sleep in the Sierra, woke to find that a grizzly bear had actually stepped across his body. He has always boasted what he would have done had he awakened at that interesting moment, but we noticed

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that he could now never sleep within sight of a mountain.
I would have added blackbirds and turkey buzzards to my list, only that these are sacred birds in California. The blackbirds throng the busy streets of the towns as numerous and as impertinent as the sparrows in Canada. I do not suppose there would have been any objection to my hunting them, on account of my peruliar style of shooting. All the game in the neighborhood soon got to know me as a mild mannered gentleman of pacific intentions. Eren the Jack rabbits entered into the true opirit of the sport, and one in particular would often sit on his haunches among the orange trees and hoist his ears for a target. When a bullet passed near enough to suggest that I might be growing dangerous, he would shift his ground a few yards and I would have to try for the range again by sighting a few shots on the barns or distant mountains. The 'enfant terrible,' with fine sarcasm, always
characterized my rifle practice as 'banging the mountains.'

Not the least pleasing of our occupations, and one which, strange to say, never tired Diogenes or myself, consisted in lying beneath a spreading live oak on some ranch and watching the orange gatherers at work, swart Mexicans and yellow Chinese, under huge sombreros or washbowl hats of straw, who, pouch on shoulder and ugly knife in hand, reaped the juicy harvest that clustered so thickly upon the trees that there seemed no shadow under the boughs but only a blaze of sunshine. At hand huge waggons were drawn up with their teams of patient mules, or went lumbering down the slopes, laden with full boxes, to the cry of the driver and the incessant crackling of his long whip.
When all else failed we derived considerable entertainment from the climate. California has more weather in a day than Canada has in a year, and Old Probs always explains a failure in his

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predictions by the statement that his forecasts got mixed in the mails. It is to be understood that Califormia extends through about ten degrees of latitude to begin with, then it extends up and down about three miles, and altitude gives as great a variety as latitude. Further, the state is warhed by the Pacific on the west and dried by the American desert on the east. A man can select his own climate, and where we were he has a variety of choice almost every day within walking reach. This is very embarrassing to a stranger. He gets up in the morning and perhaps happens to look into the valley which is overcast and full of fog, so he reaches for his waterproof and umbrella. By the time he has thus equipped himself, he looks at the mountains, and when ho sees them covered with new fallen snow he rubs his eyes and decides to wear an ulster and fur. cap. When he gets to the front door in this guise, he sees the calla lilies and the orange and lemon trees round about

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blooming in warm sunshine, and goes back to put on a linen duster and sombrero, and by-and-by he comes home with a cold in his head, having accidentally wandered into a climate that takes not kindly to linen dusters. In time he learns to wear heavy woollen underwear all the year round.

If a man stays at home he can enjoy the same climate for six months at a time, and the next six months is the twin brother of the first. When a San Franciscan sees the sun he thinks he has discovered a comet, and the Los Angelenian will write a column editorial and half a dozen sonnets on a shower of rain one could carry in a bucket. And the biggest newspaper in the southern counties will publish his efforts. But I am not surprised at this. After one has lived some months in sourhern California, a vague dissatisfaction permeates his soul, and it finally dawns upon him that a continuity of fine days is monotonous. When, day after das week

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in and week out, the sun shines, the flowers bloom and the birds sing, the stranger finds himself praying for rain. Then he prays for snow, and as the Land of Sunshine continues to verify its name, he gradually increases his demands until he is importuning heaven for hail, wind, cyclones, blizzards, tomados, waterspouts, cloudbursts, anything in fact which will afford a change of weather even at the expense of all his wife's relations. But, if he is wise, he will not confess this weakness to a Californian. During our sojourn a man was arrested in Los Angeles for beating his wife, and it came out at his trial that he knocked her down with the family thermometer because she had complained that the temperature did not fall low exough in a California winter.

Once, and nnce only, we had snow on the level, and it scarcely remained long enough to permit a snowball to be made. That was on March 2 and 3, 1896, and the whole country turned out, including

## In Arcudia.

the governor of the state, to investigate the phenomenon. When we arose that mornirg the ground was dusted over with snow, and through the cool, snowscented air every wind waft brought the heavy perfume of orange blosisums. The sky was overcast. Great clouds rolled down the mountain slopes, coming and going and changing shape every few minutes, while through the otherwise quiet air, from some height above the clouds, wild geese were screaming discontentedly on their way seaward. Whenever the clouds lifted, there, on the bold summits of the Sierra, the snow lay piled, and in the canons back among the mountains we heard the sullen reverberation of thunder peals rolling like the sound of some titanic drum calling to battle the rowers of evil. The power of prose is inadequate to do justice to the weirdness and beauty of the scene, and even the following attempt to describe it in verse falls far short of conveying the proper impression :

## A Canuck down South.

a WINTER DAY IN THE SIERRA.
O'rs the Sierra scarce the mon yestre'en
Was risen, to flood each sombre peak with light,
Fire cance a cloud host through the gusty night,
Storming the crags. Sheer canon walls between,
They' swept, and hid bare ledge and living grem.
Hoarse thunder pealed frcm anseen height to beight,
As though the vast hills boasted of their mignt,
Thnugh Chaos' self upon them sesmer to lean.

Dawn drew aside night's veil of mist, and came
Across the hills. The clouds retiret, and 10 ?
On every wind swept crag, as Day looked forth,
Bright in the southern sunshine gleamed the snow,
A vision of the unforgotte. North
${ }^{5}$ Twixt golden skies and poppy delds aflame.
in the valley.
Snow on the hills, but in the valley, fowers,
Pepples aflame and orange bloons whoee scent

## In. Arcudia.

With the faint odor of the suow is blent.
Snow on the peaks, but in the canons, showers,
And torrents drinking strength from stormy hours.
The geese wheel seaward through the clouds hall spent.
Fleeing the snow and screaming discontent,
But in the vale birds trill in odorous bow. ers.

Summer is in the vale. though in the heights
The bandit Winter lurks to selze his prey. Still springs the grain, vines grow and fruit delights
Sun and soft winde through many a golden day
In many an Eden valley, nestling warm Belov the stern Slerra. wrapped in storm.

The summer of southern California correspon:ls in ite effect with our winter. It is the fallow season, during which the soil bakes and brings nothing forth. The trees do not sit in sackcloth, but they certainly don ashes enough to satisfy the greatest mourner at the wailing place of the Jews, till the whole 'ountry

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looks like a tramp badly in need of soap. Esen in winter there is an occasional Sant'Anna which sweeps up the dust till it shrouds the hills and obscures the very sun, and that ust will remain floating in the atmosphere for several days, without, however, affecting the lunge. Farther north, in Utah, we heard of a similar storm which so coated the telegraph wircs and poles with salt that a hose reel had to be called into requisition. A common error concerning the California summer is that it is unendurably hot . The story is often told of the bad Californian who died, and after a day or two in the place modern theology does not believe in, sent back for his blankets . Californians tell that story, but they tell it is a man from Yuma. Arizona, where, $t$ is said, the hens lay hard-boiled eggs in winter. From what I could gather about the California summer, the thermometer is entirely to blame. It persists in trying to make people believe it is ovarworked.

In Arcadia.
In this dry climate, even in winter, $I$ have known it go up to a hundred and twenty, when the heat was really no more oppressive than it would be at Montreal with the thermometer at eighty. Heat out thrre is not oppressive, but pieasant, if somewhat enervating. One just wants to lie out and scak in it. I do not mean perspire, for that is a rare phenomenon. And if one feels too hot he has only to go around the house into the shade, and put on an overcoat. Often one might sea a man go down the sunny side of a street in Los Angeles with his coat over his arm, while on the opposite ride his friends were wearing overcoats. At sundown the man who has no overcoat is like to perish with cold. These peculiarities of climate explain why ladien are to be seen dressed in muslins and with gay sunshades, while around their necks are twined huge furs.

It rains about a fortnight, off and on during the winter or rainy season. Then

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from the middle of May to the end of October there is never a cloud in the sky. Once in a dozen years a section of the Pacific Ocean thai has lost its way runs up against a Sierra peak, and there is a cloudburst. One such visited. Sierra Madre in 1894. It dropped in for five minutes, and by that time the main stret was a foaming torrent flowing breast high. One man told me that he had not seen such an active movement in real estate since the boom. Mountain property that even the boom could not sell was carried down and turned into town lots. He himself had everything clean washed off his land except the mortgage, and that, he said, he had to liquidate himself. The canons were roaring sluices, filled to the brim with whirling whitecaps that bore down everything before them, even vast trees and huge boulders, and ploughed across the country rosds, cutting deep trenches. Ind to make matters worse, the poet of the Los Angeles 'Times' ame out

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simultaneously with a poem in blank verse, beginning-

Drop, gentle dews, from heaven till the mirth-
Ful earth is moved with an ecstatic thrill.
He who imagines that because two nations speak the same language, they must of necessity go hand in hand, like loving children, through the world ha; never read the history of Greece, and kuows nothing of the real feeling which the United States entertains towards England ar.j Canada. We were in California during the Venezuelan trouble, and the best I can say for the spirit of the United Statesians is that those who do not hate us, have no more love for us than they have for Germans, Turks or Fiji Islanders. Our one terror was that the editor of the Los Angeles 'Times,' a mild mannered, kindly gentleman in private life, would leave his sub-editor to attend to the fermoious editorials against all things British, an ${ }^{2}$. girding on his sword again, make a deacent upon Sierre

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Madre, and butcher us one and all. He would have had some difficulty, however, for the Canadians were in pretty strong force there, while the entire state could, and would, have afforded a battalion to defend the flag that for a th:ousand years has braved the battle and the breeze. There is not, in fact, a Californian an California, or, at least, they are very scarce. Bees gather where there is honey, and the state is full of shrewd down-easters, canny Scotchn en, stalwart Chinese, quaint Japanese, Englishmen and Canadians. If the flood were repeated, and California spared, the races of man would not lack representation. One cannot throw a stone anywhere in California without hitting a Canadian. A Canadian has been mayor of Los Angeles, a Camadian has been president of the Chamber of Commerce in the same city, a Canadian is at the head of several railwws, and he has Canadian brakemen and conductors under him. There are Canadian physi-

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cians, engineers and ranchers. I have met Gapadian cowboys. The British vice-consul is a Torontonian. Ontario, the model colony of the state, was founded by Canadians, they throng Redlands and Riverside, and in one town they elected a Canadian mayor and board of aldermen, as a protest against the tailtwisters. The only place I did not find a Canadian was in gaol, bu't I think Diogenes will rectify that if he keeps on. They do not really speak English in Caliornia. Whem people go there first, they call a burro a donkey, but when they have resided there a while they call a donkey a burro, realizing the value of foreign words in cultured speech. Since we have returned I am always, quite inadvertently, calling a harse a bruncho; I have ceased to cartar, and now lope; every back yard is a corral, and garden a ranch. We no longer water our flowers, we irrigate them, and I never borrow a quarter, though I sometimes strike a friend for two bits.

## A Cantek down South.

In this way my friends know I have travelled. A few days before we left, Diagenes came to me and said, that as I was going, he had no longer an incentive to be idle, and so had gone to work. I asked him what kind of work he was doing, and he said he was a solicitor.
'A what!' I said.
'A solicitor.'
'How much did you pay for your degree?'
'Nothing. I just made up my mind I would like the work.'
'Your usual modesty. Because you manage to keep out of gaol, you fancy you know something of law.'
'Who said anything about law,' he cried, indignantly, 'I'm going to sell bicycles.'

And then I learned that in California a canvasser is a solicitor.

Our Arcadia was not without its myths and legends, its oracles and seers. One can best arrive at the vices and virtues of a people by reading the adrer-

In Arcadia.
tisements in the daily press. The people may indignantly repudiate a charge of superstition or gullibility, but if the papers are filled with fortune-tellers' cards and patent medicine and specialist advertisements, it is not because the allvertisers are eager to add to the revenue of the press. The columns of the southern California press are filled with such tlings. Then there is always a columa devoted to business chances, some of the bargains offered being truly generous. Gne I remember was an offer of a half interest for one hundred dollars of a business that brought in two hundred dollars per month. If the advertiser had braved it out a fortnight, be might have been his own partner.

## CHAP'TER V.

## In the Siemia.

'Nineteen of the Sierra peaks rise to n height of ten thousand feet, and seven of them rise still higher, until Mount Whitney wears the crown, rising to the heavens to the height of 14,900 feet. Some of these summits are still warm with volcanic heat. There they stand, white-hooded, with glaciers moving along their flanks, as if a thousand years were but as yesterday, letting loose the mountain streams that go singing down to the sca. Tlere is the divine sculpture of the rockis, the lakes that mirror those eternal ramparts, the great forests that sing in the storm and sigh in the summer breeze and the groups of sequoia overmatching in height and circumfer-

## In the Sicrra.

erce any other conifers on the globe. There the clouds come down and kiss the mountains, and the lesson is renewed every day of cternal repose and majesty and strength. The mountains are not solitary, but are rich in floral and animal life. There butterflies flit and birds sing and hige grizzly bears come out of caves and caverns. There the mariposa lily unfolds its petals and the snow plant, red as blood, springs in a day mysteriously out of the margin of receding banks of snow. And there the lakes repose in bowls with the mountains for rims.'

These words of Senator Perkins are very pretty and very true, but one has to run almost throughout the state to see all that he depicts. On a more moderate scale, however, almost any portion of the mountain region affords such beauty and even approximately such grandeur, and no small portion of our pleasure while at Sierra Madre was derived from watching the ever-changing aspect

A Canuck down South.
of the hills and wandering among their verdant canons and upon their lofty heights.

When we arrived at our cottage home in Sierra Madre the children were no sooner out of the carriage before they clamored to be taken up the mountains that seemed to rise out of our back yard. . It was almost impossible to convince ourselves, much less them, that the first outlier of the range was quite half a mile away, and it was still more difficult to believe that those rock masses were towering up four, five and six thousand feet. The only occasion when a proper estimate of the height of the range could be formed was upon a cloudy day, when the mists would ebb and flow. Then, while the upper part of the range would be wholly hidden, sume magnificent knoll that on fine days we mistoo? for a gentle elevation would stand out against the background of fleecy wbite, towering up to twice the height of our own Mount Royal. Ten minutes later

## In the Sierra.

the clouls would part, and that hill would sink into insignificance and become merged onse more in the gencral contour of the range. Morning, noon and night, the hills seemed instinct with life. Even in the surshine and basking under a cloudless sky, they changed from hour to hour ; and in the monotony of our California life we grew to love them and to watch their every mood. On them alone was to be seen any semblance of the green robe to which we were accustomed and for which we vainly yearned in the general landscape of the more level vallcy. Sometimes, too, a careless hand would start a fire, and all night long it would seethe and billow far up among the stars, sometimes creeping like a fiery serpent around a projecting crag and sometimes rushing up a pi:y canon, which at dawn gleamed, a blackened ruin, in the rising sun.
Among these hills and upon their very summits are to be found sanitoriums where the consumptive flees from the

## A Camueli down South.

great flood of death which is constantly rising about the race of man. Mount Lowe and Wilson's Peak are two such, adjacent to S:erra Madre, both attainable by trails and the former reached also by a mountain railway rivalling the Rigi. On the trails, especially that to Wilson's Peak, the burro is used, an animal which has done as much for the development of California as the railway itself, for without the burro to bear the pioneer and his pack over and among the mountains California had hardly even yet stood in reed of the imon horse.
The burro is not quite a donkey, though I doubt whether his own mother could explain the difference. He is a kind of shetland pony run to ears, or more correctly a mongrel or poor relation of every member of the equine race. He is not described in Dr. Gcldsmith's 'Animated ,Nature,' for obvious reasons. His movements are so slow that physicians prescrive burro riding as a sedative. It is impossible to catch any disease on burro
tantly Hount such, nable so by Rigi. son's rhich nt of vith 1 his Calineed
rugh juld 1 of corery not ted ve-re-

## In the Sierra.

back, not even locomotor ataxia. He has a voice nearly as big as his ears and as musical as a boiler factory. On ihe other hand, if the burro is not fast, he is safe. His surefootedness in narrow places is the enry of politicians, and when we decided that it would be a pleasant departure to celebrate Christmas Day by an open-air picnic among the mountains, we decided also that we would make the excursion on burro back. Wilson's Peak is reached by two trails, one \& waggon road from Pasadena, which concerns us nc farther, and one the old trail from Sierra Madre, on which two counterfeit bills could scarcely pass one anather. When in a genorous mood this latter is about six feet wide, but it frequently narrows to less than three. A yard is enough for a burro, since he always finds four feet to walk on, but the accommodation seems unduly limited where there is a rise of some thousands of feet on the one side and a sheer fall of other thousands on the outer edge.

## A Canuck doven South.

especially if the burro pauses absentmindedly and reaches out after a spray of leaves, while the ground begins to slip from under him. In such a case the rider wishes for the wings of a dove or for a parachute.

The road to the fock of the trail skirts the flank of the Sierra, under majestic uplifts, in contour not unlike the triangular folds of sill $y$, ceepers display in their windows. At evening the doparting rays of the sun light up and mellow these peaks until they resemble silk in texture also, but in the unromantic day the sparse pines that cling to each rounded mass make a pate not unlike that of Diogenes, who has a hair restorer which he recommeads to every on as infallible. Immediately below, here are amid slender leaved peppers, with drooping scarlet berries, or the eucalipti, Australian visitants which shed their bark and not their leaves, or oftener still among graceful palmes and vast leaved bananas, the cottages of Sierra Madre cling to tire

> In the Sierra.
hillsides, always surrounded by lemon and orange groves, at that time heavy with golden spheres. Tle San Gabriel valley lies outspread beyond, white in patche of arid, cactus breeding mesas and in places green with fruit plantations; and still farther off the horizon is serried with a line of mountains, rise above rise, the highar peaks dazzling with their crowns of snow. And over all that day was such peace that the buzzing of a fly or clear call of the cicada through the ambient heat was soul stirring as the bugle blare to troops inactive on a battie's edge.
But there was not one blan'e of gra s. Here, indeed, distance lends enchantment. Wherever we might ride, save in the mountains, nature mourned for $h \times r$ children. Her sweet form lay bare to curious eyes, lacking the soft, clinging drapery of verdure that tempts the soul as thet Greek gown lures to love. Put all was shortly to change with the coming of spring, a season more etherial than any other land can boast, and amid

## A Canuck down South.

'The lisp of leaves and ripple of rala.' earth was to rejuvenate herself and mesa and bure hillside to don an emerald garment the like to which few oiher lwads might show.
Even though grass was lacking I was charmed with the scene, and said so to Diogenes, who was riding in the rear. I had not turned my head and when I was answered by a word much used in excommunications, I turned round in amazement, only to find that the epithet had not been intended for me. Diogenem is built like a pair of compasses, and when he rides a burro is apt to stub his toe unless he keeps his knees as high as his head. He had forgotten this while admiring the prospect, and had let his legs hang down, whereupon he ran the gamut of evolution and became transformed from a quadruped into a biped. His hurro slipped from under and left him standing in the road. He resigned his position as superintendent of the local Sunday-school the next day, although I had told him I would not turn informer.

The Princess's daughter, who is incidentally mine also, five years of age, had her own burro to ride and was secured to the saddle. She rode astride. The sidesaadle can be seen in southern California, in museums, where the new woman can laugh at it and scoff at her mother. A few such saddles are kept by liverymen for the use of tourists from the east, but as a general rule women in this region ride nature's way, and I have seen so many girls ride astride, so many bloomers and hundred-button gaiters in California that I an sure I will blush at, the suggestiveness of the side-saddle for many a day to come. The first time I maw a young woman riding in bloomers I thought an accident had happened, and took to the woods to relieve her embarrassment. Mais nous avons change tout cela, and, after all, bloomers are not im. moral-ihey are only distressingiy ugly. If women want more freedom in their garments, let them by all means dress like a man, and a graceiul shape will look

## A Canuck doun South.

wweet and modest enough. Compromises are never artistic.

We used the Mexican saddle, though a naw-horse or a tea-tray would have done as well, for any one who would fall off a burro would be immediately arrested for attempted suicide. The Mexican saddle has huge stirrups of wood or leather that would fit a Chicago girl, and has also a platform in front upon which to stand while admiring the scenery. This pommel. as it is called, was, I am told, devised by a vigilance committee to prevent cruelty to animals, as it requires a limited corpu ation to ride a saddle so equipped. A dear fat friend of ours could not accompany us because, as he jocularly remarked, he could not 'stomann' a Mexican saddle, unless he rode backwards, in which case the draught between the burro's ears would give him lumbago.

Shortly we reached the commencement of the trail, and I may as well confoss that it was not long before I had to he careful when shutting my mouth not to

## In the Bierra.

bite my heart in two. The heir to my debts, aged three, who sat at my saddle bow, added to my delight at intervals by asking me what I would do were the buro to fall down this or that abyss, at the bottom of which the pine trees looked like grass and the rushing torrent like a silver thread. At times, one foot was contracting rheumatism from the draught of some unfathonable gorge over which it hung, while its fellow had difficulty in avoiding a square leaguc of mountain. Once the child leaned over to pluck some blossoms growing on the edge of a precipice. He did not get them, and I got only half a breath, while the burro cast a reproachful glance at both of us as he swung suddenly in towards safety. I gave him no sympathy, however, as for some time he had been displaying a sarage joy in walking upon the outermos. edge of the trail, heedless of my nerves and of the interest of the company which carries an insurance upon my life. I had frequently heard of this peculiarity

## 1 Canuck down South.

of the burio and never thought of the explanalion of it until I saw Diogenes on one. It is a mistake to say the burro takes the outer erge of the trail because he is accustomed to carrying packs, he does so either to get room for his own or his rider's ears.

We reached a height from which we could look down upon San Gabried Valley, and what a sight that was! The orange and lemon trees looked like those pigmy plan'ts the Chinese excel in caltivating. The scattered cottages looked like dolls' houses, the orchards like checkerboards, the waste lands showed their dry watercourses which give them the local name of washes, hills once respectable became mere ant hills, and Pomona and Los Angeles seemed near enough to one another to have the one board of aldermen. And beyond, through a gap in the distant mountains, gleamed the Pa cific, a broad sheet of silver, with Santa Catalina Island set in its midst, like a sapphire.

## In the Sierra.

## A Canuck down South.

wished a few miles. Nay, this is below the truth, for there are places where we skirted precipices at whose base the French Church towers could scarcely have been distinguished. And yet we were not half-way up that tower of Ba bel of mountains, giant reared to heaven, beyond the reach of floud, silent, deserted, awful in their titanic majesty.

After an eternity of thi, tight-rope business the scene changed. We were still creeping skyward, but were now so decn among the hills that the ravines began to grow shallower. And then, amid the shifting shadows of that golden day, flung from aromatic pines, steeping the soul in memories of Canadian woods, I drew one easy breath at last. We were not at the summit, for we contemplated returning the same day to close our Christmas in Canadian fashion with a heavy dinner and an evening round a roaring grate fire. But wo were so high that we feared our burros' ears wouid disturb the astral maps, and had St. Peter

> In the Sicrra.
appeared to ask for our passports wo would scarcely have been surprised, although Diogenes would certainly have been embarrassed for once.

Our picnic was a success, and none of us will ever forget that Christmas meal amid the shifting shadows of the pinew upon a golden, glowing afternoon, beside a purling stream, crystal clear, ice cold. Our ride homeward was thrilling, but unsventful. The burris actually trotted at times, and the rattle of stones loosened by their dainty feet to bound and rebound into the sullen gorges was not the sweetest nor the most reassuring music in a timid ear.
That was my first venture among the Sierra, but their spell was upon me, and many a day thereafter I used to roazn on foot upon the same trail, visiting canons and crags, at times with rifle or revolver, at times trusting entirely to the charm of nature for entertainment. One deserted shack, I shall not say where, for fear of reprisals, once tempted me to

## A Canuck down South.

incvestigate. Below stairs it was innocent enough, but venturing further, into the attic, to which early gymnastic training alone enabled me to hoist myself, I found that I was among the haunts of 'mooushiners.' There was no liquor, but there was case upon case of little flasks, dry as myself, awaiting the night, when stealthily through the gloom to that lonely spot some desperate law-breaking private distiller, with revolver at his belt, would steal from some still more lonely recess among the ? ntains with a suspicious barrel upon une back of a secretive burro and nake those particles of ble wn glass capable of administering to the joys and sorrows of his fellow-men. Sometimes I would, when pining for the snows of Canada, pluck a rose in our garden, stick it in my button hole and breast the trail, to luxuriate within the half hour in banks of snow. Ovce when I had been thus engaged $I$ found on my return, within a few hours, that a friend had been wrestling with the angel of

## In the Sicrra.

God and secured the blessing of immortality; by so slender a hair is life held in that land of invalids. He had been scarce half an hour dead when I arrived, yet by that time his body was on the road to Pasadena in an undertaker's van, and all the world was changed for those who loved him. Some people have presentiments of such things, but I never have. Nothing important can happen to those the Princess loves but what she feels it. Orce she hurried me upon a railway journey on what I thought was but a wild-goose chase, upon one such presentiment and we arrived as though in reoponse to the telegram we had never received. And she knows by intuition whether I have been delayed by business or a friend at the club, which renders her a somewhat embarrassing wife, or would do so if I were not the saint I am. Psychologists may explain this as they will, the fact remains, as I can attest. Perhaps one must truly live in and for others before such a gift is vouchsafed. The selfish are beneath it.

## A Canuck down South.

It was my good fortune to form one of a party invited to dedicate a new trail through the Sierra. A number of ladies had decided to be the first whose skirts would flutter at that high altitude, and the officials of the trail invited a number of men to accompany them in sell-defence. We formed a gay cavalcade, and all the ladies rode astrije (the Princess was not with us). A temporary trail, corkscrewing up a dreadful slope, almost made some of us slip over our burro's tail, a possibility which was, however, partly robbed of its terrors by the fact that, in such an event, we knew we would land in the lap of some of the opposite sex behind us, the caralcade being in such manner arranged. The completed trail was not different from any other except that nature was still virgin about us. No vandal hand had cut down the tawny madrona or still more swarthy and snaky manzanita. The holly berries flashed their scarlet glow upon us, the bay tree

## In the Sicrra.

fanned us and the live oak scattered its sheily leaves and tremulous shadows eperywhere. Graceful ferns and starry yucca pleased the eye, and we needed no warning to avoid that slenderstemmed, dark-leaved skulker among the heavier wood, for we knew the poison oik of old. So, on and up we mounted, now lookicg across a canon to the sheer sides of Monrovia mountain towering 4,410 feet into the air, now looking down to eatch a glimpse of tapering pines and to hear the murmur of some mountain stream.

When the trail became too narow for our burros we advanced on foot. The line of the road had only been marked out, and we had some training in true mountaineering. At one point it was necessary to step from one spur of rock to another with a gorge seven hundred feet in depth yawning hungrily below. The ladies were more indefatigable than the men, and it shortly transpired that their enthusiasm arose from the fact that

A Canuck down South.
a few hundred yards in advance on the line of the trail was a mountain stream upon whose brink no woman had ever stood, and they were determined to visit and christen it. The chosen sponsor was a charming young lady, whose Christian name was Oline, and after her the stream was to be named, with the prefix 'Saint', 'all places and shings being saints hereabouts, if Oline isn't,' as a maiden friend remarked. The ceremony was short and simple. Standing on the ferny margin of the pool, which murmured down a shady and rocky canon, the s!ender, girlish figure bent, and in the hollow of her hand took up a sunny wavelet with which she performed the mystic rite. It was my privilege as poet laureate to record tine chri,tening in simple verse, as follows: -

## In the Sierra.

THE POCL OF SANT' OLINE.

Ere yet the Spanish cavalier For this new world set sail, Ere yet the Padres came anear San Gabriel's sunny vale, Ere yet the thirst for gold drew men Across the western hills, I rippled down this rocky glen, The happiest of rills.

The shadows of the spreading oak Oft lay upon my breast; Oft through the brown madronas broke The bear apon his quest.
Past starry yuccas to my brink At many a crimson dawn The mountain lion came to drink, and oft a timid fawn.

The golden moments came and went
Of many a sunny year, And still I rippled on, content And solitary here.
At times a weary miner came And quaffed my cooling stream.
At times I saw the camp fire flamo. Of hardy hunters gleam.

## A Canuck down South.

Though of I paused to hear some bird Irill in the leaves above, A maid I never saw nor heard, Nor knew the name of love. Oh, there was never rivulet

So merry in a glen ;
But now I never can forget, Nor happy be again.

She came in thouglitless girlish mood, The dizzy trail along.
Upon miy ferny marge she stood And listencd to my song. I saw her and I leapt for glee In many a lucent wave, And when she stooped to drink from me My very heart I gave.

She passed, and now no more I sing
Among the granite hills ;
Instead, my ceaseless murmuring The sombre canon fills.
Oh, ge to whom that maid divine Hath also heartless been,
Come join your mournful plaint with mine, The pool of Sant' Oline.

ROUGHING IT.

The luxuries of to-day are the necessaries of to-morrow. We had been blessed in Canada with a comfortable, well-built and well-furnished home, and had followed our own habits and customs. But in California we, in company with thousands of other winterers, found ourselves obliged to conform to new customs, adopt new habits and rough it somerwhat disagreeably in a house lacking many convenjences, and which, while said to be furnished, resembied nuthing else so much as a Canartian home after seizure for rent, inasmuch as it contained only the bare necessaries which cold-

A Canuck down South.
hearted juetice deems imperatively requisite for the existence of even a bankrupt.

One rents a furnished house in Sierra Madre without the formility of am inventory, but one has too pay ren't in advamce, the landlord taking no risks of one's death before the month is up; and as the first month's rent would pay for the entire furniture, making an inventory would be too much like work for the average Sierra Madran. We could prolvably have taken away the house at the expiry of our six months' term without any questions being asked-at all events, we thought we had paid about all that it was worth.
In our case, irswever, we heard long after that thert had been an inventory. The house agent from whom we had taken the cottage knew nothing of it, and no tenant ever saw it, but it reposed in . the charge of a friend of orur estimable landlady, our landlady being an absen-

## Roughing It.

tee, and afforded the lady who held it the congenial pleasure of privately inveatigating the damage done by each outgoing vandal, and retailing it to her cronies over a cup of tea. No official complaint had ever been lodged, but by this merciful dispensation of providence a certain stratum of society was entertained and occupied at a very small expense. I imagine the inventory ran about as follows. It will do for mamy a cottage in the place, and, indeed, Diogenes says that at least two invalide lay down and died of sheer chagrin when they heard how luxurlously we lived.

## Inventory.

Best bedroom-The usual hard-wood set found in seaside hotels, bureau mirror making a hat on the left ear appear to be on etraight, carpet made by Noab after he had trodden the wine-prese.
Woret bedroom-One cheap foldingbed, variegated with a chintz front, war-

## A Canuck down South.

ranted better than an alarm clock at daybreak, one enamelled chair, formerly white. The occupant of this room might use the kitchen sink for a washstand and finish dressing a't the mirror in the other room. The floor had a straw matting on parts of it.
Dining-room-Hardwood table and four chairs. There wouldn't have 'been room for any more, anyway. When we had guests, we moved the table into the parlor. This room also comicained a diminutive stove, called a 'Chromo,' and it was one. It was spavined in the off hind leg, and was rarely on speaking terms with the chimney.

Parlor-One antique rug (antique sounds better than antiquated), eked out with pieces of straw matting, an intoxicated bamboo easel warranted to fall upon the nearest person, a visitor for choice, in order to afford a theme for canversation. ('How horrid! I do hope it did mot hirt you. No? How

## Roughing It.

fortunate. It didn't injure your bonnet? No? I'm glad. It's such a beautiful bonnest; last year's style were charming, weren't they ?') There was a bamboo lounge in the parlor, the only comfortable piece of furniture in the house, and there were six chains, no two alike, none upholstered, and three were rockers. There were two small tablem.

Cutlers, kitchen utensils, china (no, I mean crockery), and linen to match. We had napkins on Sunday, till our own supplies turned up.

In describing their contents, I have incidentally mentioned all the rooms of our house, except the kitchen, which could be called a room only by courtesy, The architects of the houses in Sierra Madre were dyspeptic, and always forgut to make provision for the kitchen, which had to be subsequently added by making use of a cupboard. I do not think there was a kitchen in the place any bigger than the buffet in a Pullman car, and

## A Cunuck down South.

some were so small that it was impossitle to avoid 'barking' one's elbows. Be it understood, once for all, that the whole time we were housekeeping in Arcadia, we had to do our own work. Had we been willing even to pay twenty dollars a month for a domestic, we would have had to put her in the cellar, or sleep there ourselves, the seoond contingency being the more probable in the land of freedom, where even the washlady pursues her vocation 'to accommodate, and from whom we feel that we should receive our laundry on bended knees. We did our own work, I repeat, and my share of it was that of Robert Louis Stevenson, the lighting of the fire and the preparation for if not always of the breakfast. The Princess seldom rose until she had her matitudinal cup of tea, but when she did arise, my labors of the day were over.
The lighting of the fire is a quastion which has disturbed many a household,

## Roughing It.

and it is a wise husband who bows to the inevitable. When we first saw our kitchen it had at one side a pretty little mechanism that I thought should be placed upon the parlor mantel. I was looking for my magnifying glase in order to study the details when the bouse agent said with enthusiasm,
'There! what do you think of that?'
'It's very pretty,' I said, but why isn't it in the parlor under a glass case? And, excuse me, but what is it'
Mr. T- groaned.
'What is it!' he reechoed. 'Why, man, that's the otove, one of the beat in the place.'
And it was the stove, the only cooking stove we had, if I except the grsoline demon we knew better than to experiment with, not being certificated engineers. And on that microscopic thing, and in its stiil more microscopic oven we cooked many a good meal. Our Thanksgiving turkey was cooked in it. We cooked the front half the day before and

## A Canuck doun South.

the rear half on Thanksgiving Day pmpping up the half that wouldn't go into the oven by resting it on a chair.

The lighting of that stove was an operation of exceeding nicety, and was aecomplished as follows. I first put in four square inches of newspaper, preferably an anti-British editorial from the Los Angeles 'Times,' which was not merely always certain to be dry, but contained so many inflammable statements that I kept such clippings in a tin box for fear of spon'taneous combustion. I then added a sliver of dry wood, or a split match, and topped off with a spliniter of live oak. If the live oak was green, as it generally was, I added a spoonful of coal oil, and went out through the window. When the meal was cooked, we blew out the fire.

The fuel used in Sierra Madre was scrub oak cut by tiee Mexicans on the waste lands, and sold the same day at about eight dollars per cord, and a soft coal from New Mexico, which sold at

## Roughing It.

eleren dollars per ton. The coal burned away with great rapidity, and the scrub oak would go out the instant one's attention was relaxed. There was no possibility of maintaining a fire through the night unlees one sat up with it, the stoves were so miserably mall. We sometimes got $\AA$ little comfort by taking them to bed with us as foot-warmers, but notwithstanding all our ingenuity, there was seldom a morning during our stay that it did not require a great effoct of will to put foot to the floor or when the thermometer in the room registered higher than forty-five. If one made a bolt to the open air with his clothes over his arm, and dressed there, the air was balmy enough, but a modest man like myself did this but seldom.

The house had no attic, but to make things even it had a cellar, where the wind piped eerily thnough the night. There also all the cats of the neighbiorhood held nightly revel just under my bed, a single thickness of planking inter-

## A Canuck down South.

vening. As the cellar was reached onlv by an outside deor, a white-robed, shivering figure, clutching a huge navy revolver, might often bave been seen stealthily stealing through the gloum beneath the starry canopy of heaven to apply the cloture to that inharmonious gathering; and five minutes after, when I had got back to bed and had just begun to distinguish my feet from lumps of ice, the charivari would recommence. It did no good to stop holes or lock. doors. the cats pawed their way in, burrowing like gophers,and as for shooting any, the man wha has not tried to fire a revolver when he can not see it, does not know how far astray a point blank shot will go.

This kind of house and this kind of dscomflort is shared by the bulk of those who winter in Califormia for their health. But hotel life, which we also tried, and life in tine cirties, is charming.

After we had been some time in California Diogenes and I developed an in-

## Roughing It.

tense scorn of the useless, lazy life of the natives, and decided (for a week) to set a shining example to the State. It was not ling before we had devoured all the chickens of the neighborhood, but that is not saying much, the chickens of California are raised by incubator, and fed by hand, and cost their weight in gold to bring them into the world. And they no sooner see the kind of country thes have got into than they pine away. Diogenes and I decided that there was money for two clever men in a chicken ranch, and we started one. It was a beautiful ranch, electro-plated wire fence, fine view of the Sierra, one clump of grass six inches square, imported at great expense, and a hen house that was the pride of Sierra Madre. The incubator was exquisitely polished and varnished, and the oil we burned cost a fabulous sum, while the thermometer was one that could give any other thermometer in the place a start of ten degrees and beat it out of sight before the afternoon. It

## A Canuck down South.

had one of thlose affairs in it for registering the maximum temperature and we had only to hold it over the lamp a few minutes, and it would keep up the temperature of that incubator during the coldest night, even if the lamp went out, Diogenes called me one might just to see it. We were shivering, with blankets wrapped rourd us like Pueblo Indians, but through the glass of the incubator that needle in the inside of the thermometer was sticking as close to a hundred as if the lamp hadn't been exhausted long before. And the mercury wasn't near it, either, Bui we never seemed to get any chickens, so we used to buy them from the butcher and pay sixty cents apiere for them, and it took two to make a meal for ore person.

Besides, we had trouble with the incubator. It is bad enough to see a fullsized hen fussing over a solitary chick, but it passes the bounds of tolerance to see a big incubator cluoking abiont the yard, scratching the paint off the fence

## Roughing It.

and trying to convince a drooping chicken that it is fattening diet. And to see an incubator stand ruefully beside the irrigation tanks while some duckling swam out on the water was enough to give a man a delirium. No, when we began to have dreams like that, we knew it was our reason or the incubator that would have to go.
We would hare gone into market gardening but that seemed overdone. Vegetables were a drug on the market. When I first dealt witt John Wee Chen Yen, and asked him for tyenty-five cents wortih, he got down, phlegmatically, and began to unharness his team.
'What's the matter?' I said.
'Me heep horses; you keep rest,' he said, and John's vegetable waggon was larger than a hay cart. But they can not grow a vegetable in California to compare, for taste, with those of the East. They are like the climate, monotonously alike. Of what use is a pumpkin that cannot be moved without a der-

## A Canuck down South.

rick and a team of horses, if it will not make a New England pumpkin pie? Californians will say we didn't know how to cook them. Our butcher used that excuse. He had sold us the last hen in the state, one which had been brought in by the early missionaries, and of ccurse I bnoke my carver on it, and subsequently splintered the axe-handle. Then I complained to him.
'How long did you cook it?' he asked. 'An hour.'
'You should have cooked it three.'
And when I told him theat with fuel as expensive as it was he would have to bring me a government contract with each hen, he merely laughed at me.

After our unfortunate experience with the chicken corral, Diogenes and I cast about for eome other occupation. At finst our inclinations were towards something involving brain work, something which we could do while sitting on the verandah smoking and discussing plans. But after a while we realized that there

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is no labor so dignified as manual labor. We would become horny handed sons of toil, and after a few years maybe we might become walking delegatee and Napoleonic leaders of a strike. We asked the Princess what she thought. She trold us she thought that'.was about the kind of workmen we would be and of course, that compliment from her settled the matter. So we went out to see if there was any job to be had washing oranges. In some localities, apparently, where the fogs reach, oranges get touched with a kind of smut, which is scrubbed off after plucking, and laborers get about three cents per box of two hundred. We made six cents each that day, enough to make a Mexican feel like a nabiob. We would have made more only we fell into a discussion as to what bank we would put our savings into, and, of course, our discussion was so bright that the other workers crowded round till the rancher came and said he would save us the trouble of quarrelling on the subject.

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We decided after that one experience of the grasping nature of capitalists that we sould be our own masters, and with our wealth buy up the mortgage on that man's estate and squeeze him. I am glad now that we did not, for we might have found ourselves like many others in the region, tied for eternity to a ranch that barely paid expenses.
There was an old mine tunnel in the hille nearby, and we decided that where there was a mine shaft there was sure to be gold and silver. We had not read mine prospectuses for nothing. The mine was deserted, "but we knew that the general thing is that the poor fellows who dig in and blast and get 'bueted,' on a mine, leave off about six inches from the blind lead, or the hanging wall, or the matrix; so we determined to open up that half-foot. But there seemed to be a hitch somewhere, and after boring a hole and examining the rock we went back home and spent the afternoon

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pleasantly and instructively studying Mark Twain and Bret Hart.

With renewed courage we decided to prospect, especially as the guide books declared that the Sierres of Southern California have never been thoroughly prospected, and ought to contain untold mineral wealth. For a few days we wandered amorg the canyons and peaks, occasionally forgetting our object in the charm of the ocenes. On the lower slopes the soft glow of the purple penstemon and the deep indigo of the larkspur diversified the scene, with an occasioned flash of the scarlet larkspur, which is indigenous to California. The lavender tulips nodded acrose the plains, and in the washes the white petals of the tall bush poppy shone around a golden centre. Here and there among the rocks the mimulus was wreathing its orange and red, and the sofit purple of the nightshade lighted up its deeper hues. The open slopes were thronged with sunflowers, and with the advent of apring

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the proppies had sprung up, like highlanders irom the correi, and their fiery croes ras blazing far and wide, visible even "o the wondering sailors far out at sea for the color of the poppy is a landmark to the mariner upon that dreamy ocean.

On the higher levels or slopes the chaparrel robed the hills in shaggy green, the mountain streams sang as they leaped from cliff to cliff. The white sage uplifted its tall spires, the yerba santa attracted the eye and the fragrance of the white and bluish blonm of the mountain mahogany was upon the air. Here the yucca lifted its lilies, the bunch grases grew and the vetches trailed their garlasids of purple and green over the rusty white of the wild buckwheat. Willows and cottonwoods, sycamores and live oaks deepened the shadows, ferns depended from moist banks, and far aloft, thousands of feet above us we could see the sunlight silvering gigantic masses of granite, and hear the breezes whispering

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among the pines that wound interminably upwards around the flanks of the Sierra, until lost amid the ezure clouds where the condor was wheeling upon motionless wings. That was the kind of day labor Diogenes and I delighted in, but we found no gold.

One day Diogenes came to me and said we had been a pair of fools. I asked hima to explain.
'Well, we haven't gone the right way abourt our prospecting. Listen to this, It's an account of the discovery of one of the richent veins in Colorado. "Two prospectors who were grub staked by Mr. Tabor (since Senator), chanced to be cnossing Fryer Hill and sat down to imbibe casual refreshment from a jug of whiskey. By the time they had become satisfactorily refreshed all kinds of ground looked alike to them, and without the slightest justification they began to dig where they had been sijtting. They uncovered the ore body of the famous Iittle Pittsburg mine.'

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There was silence for a few moments. Then I leaned forward.
'Did you say whiskey?'
'Yes.'
'Do you think it was United States whiskey?

Diogenes did not a word for a few minutes. Then his face lengthened.
'Because,' I continued, 'if it has to be United States whiskey, I am a prohibitiorist.'
I have always felt proud that when the choice stood between a gold mine with (United States) whiskey and a poor but honest life with prohibition principles, I chose the better part. Diogenes has not yet discovered a gold mine, but I have my suspicions that he has tried to.

Throughout southern California, as indeed throughout any other country dibtrict where the residents are not themselves producers of their own food, the tradespeople call at the house for orders. The procescion used to begin about seven

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in the morning in my time, when the grocery boy would pound on the door unceasingly until I rose fror: my beauty sleep to chide him. On the banks of the lower St. Lawrence they are more courteous. They don't knock; they just come right into the bedroom. I have known a bowing and gesticulating butcher enter the room of an astonished customer, with a leg of mutton ia his hand, and expatiate on its merits while the mistress of the house said naughty words about him with her head under the bedclothes. After the grocer's boy would go away, happy for having ruined my rest, the milkman would drive up, deposit his self-sealing jars and rumble down the avenue. Then there would be a breathing spell for bath and breakfast.
When I say bath I speak with a mental reservation. There was one bath in Sierra Madre, and when it was being brought in it frightened the honses worse than a steam roller, and the Mexicans couldn't be got, to go near the house

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Where it was for love or money. The man who had that bath kept it in his parlor, and those of us who were not so furtunate thought he only did it justice. Diogenes and I occasionally turned the hose on ourselves in the wood-shed, but as a general rule we bathed in sections, beginning at the head on Sunday morning and managing to reach the feet by Saturday night. As the largest vessel in the house was a dishpan, our tenacity of purpose can be understood. We would have preferred the hose procese, but the water company sent us a letter that general irrigation was only permitted three days in each month.
After breakfast came a man who was our thorn in the flesh. Either he seldom had the article we wanted or was of the opinion that it was not good for us, for he invariably spent half an hour trying to persuade us to take something else and as he had a monopoly, the discussion usually terminated by his having his way. He had a cheerful air of superiority

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about him that made one willing to be an assassin, and he was a lightning calculator. While I would be laboriously calculating with pencil and paper whit pounds and fractions of our purchases at varying prices and half cents came to, he would nonchalantly jot the total down in our book and drive away to instruct nome one else in arithmetic. And to make matters worse, after I had worked the sum out by algebra, which is easier to me than arithmetic, I would find that he had been right after all.

Next came the fishmonger with oysten in tins and freah salmon and halibut from the ocean and northern streame. After him the prine merohants would begin to arrive, half a dozen of them sometimes, and every one would insist upon my taking a glase whether I intended to purchase or not. By the time they were due Diogenes would be on hand to see that I had some one to help me, for it is too serious an insult to think of refusing the proffer. It would have been kindlier

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to kick them downetairs. I may say, on passant, that I do not too enthusiastically admire the wines of Califormia, except the clarets, than which I do not hope to drink better; and claret was fifty cents per gallon in Sierra Madre. Water soon became good enough to wash in. The brandy of California requires to be tried to be appreciated, and aftor a man has thoughtlesely taken a glass of it, he is very likely to be tried bimself, in the police court, for it is nearest to being liquid fire of may drink I know, and creates a perfect frenzy of intosicatim. Diogeces says so, too. Experte credo, he says.

John Chinaman did not come with the commonalty; his visits took place in the afternoons. John is an important factor in" California life. He has settled the servant girl question, for which he merits the legion d'honneur. Easternens sit first shrink from his cat-like tread in the house, but aoon become accustomed to it and by and bye get to wooder how

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they ever tolerated Sally with her followers and her objection to cap and apron. In Sierra Madre John entered of ly incidentally into domestic life. He sold us our vegetables and washed our linen. I will not say that the same Chinawan did both, but I wowld hesitate to swear to the contrary in a court of law. I know that there were two rival market gardeners for John Wee Ohen Yen, or Sunny Slope, assured us with dreadful solemnity that the 'oller feller' illigated with sour water, though whem he could nave got it in the' region of mountain streams I am unable to say. Those who judge Chinamen from the undersized specimens of eastern cities will be surprised when told that John iu California is a stalwart, broad-shouldered fallow, who would cut a pretty figure in a xegiment of the line. His viaite wem among the pleasant events of our monotonous days. He brought an air of oheerfulness with him that was contagious. Hie never unduly familiar man-

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ner always seemed to be conveying the entiment that it was good to be alive, and that life had grown ever so much more delightful since our arrival. When we paid him in cash, he gnew as shy as a maiden receiving her first offer, and was ill at ease until the mercenary traneaction was over. When we ceased so to trouble him he would smile all over and 'mlark' it on the wall with such delight that we began to think his country must be an Ederi for impecunious men and to oredit hins with :n insane desire to cover cottages with his quaint hieroglyphies. And when he went away he always said good-by so heartily that it sounded like a benediction. One couldn't spank the enfant terrible for an hour after. There are bad. Chinamen, I have no doubt, very bad Chinamen, but before despising the Chinese nation it would be well for other nations to ascertain whether they, too, have not a few black sheep. If John likes to hit the pipe a little too much, John Bull and Brother Jonathan are by

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no means prohibitionists, and while John is revelling in heavenly dreams that ever opium will not bring to the others, John Bull is belaboring his wife and Brather Jonathan challenging ail creation to a round. All three may end in the same police court in California, and John may get the heaviest sentence, it is true, but that does not settie the superiority of race or morale.

We were not the only people who were roughing it in southern California. When the rinds begin to blow keenly in the east, and the fallen leaves lie thick upan the sward, when the lilies that toil not disappear, so also disappear from familiar haunts ochers who do not spin, and like to whom Solomon in all his glory wat never arrayed. The genus tramp, the palmers of the nineteenth century, stealing rides when they can, begging or walking, succeed, in some mysterious way, in crossing the arid plains and the cloudhooded Rockies, and become a genuine and not altogether safe affliction in the

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Land of Sunshine. I do not think the Princess ever turned a beggar from the door, for she has a maxim that a meal can do no harm to any one, but by and by our tramps began to flock in from all quarters and capped the climax by stealing our very dinner on one occasion, after having been given a good breakfast. So at last I put up a sign at the turn of the road as follows:-

SOAP!
. Tramps Accommodated with Soap, .

- Water Supplied Opposite.

This sign served its purpose, especially after I had erased the private marke of the fraternity. It was a source of pleasure to Diogencs and me to sit on the verandah and see a tramp come expertantly up the road till within sight of that sign. He would go up to it, and sometimes we would hear him soliloquize.

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'Soap, what's that? I never heard of it. Water supplied opposite. Who want water? Only a fool would come to Californy for water. It looks risky. I guess I'll try next door.' And off he would go, looking anything but happy.
Pasadena and Los Angeles turned all the tramps they caught to stone-breaking. One day was enough; they never stopped cunning till they reached the city limits. Another town kept a reservoir of water into which it tossed them, like witches of old and to the same purpase.
Before we found it absolutely necessary to set our faces against them, I occasionally spent a pleasant half hour with a tramp. These fellows are not lacking in intelligence, indeed it is their stock in trade. They expend as much energy and use up as much intellect in wheedling a dinner and avoiding work as would make a successful senior partner in a large business. And what a miserably porer rew turn thoy get upon their investment. The man who, whether with truth or filse-

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bood, at least entertained me with a description of his picturesque life and with tales of places he had visited, will some day be tossed from the car upon which he is stealing a ride, and the coroner will ask no embarrassing questions of the brakemen.

One of the customs we had brought with us from Canada was that of using ice in hot weather to preserve food and te cool our drinks, and, of course, we immediately ordered ice to ba supplied daily. But we countermanded that order after the first bill came in. We found that we had luxuriously been consuming a dollar's worth of ice to preserve a fifty-cent breakfast and the ice never seemed to cool anything, anyway. California was always surprising us in sorne such simple matter. If we wanted a drink of cold water, we naturally ran it fresh from the tap, but when Diogencs wantud one he let it stand quite a while, and his was cooler than ours. And he told us that the use of lice was all tom-

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foolery so far as preserving meat was concerned. 'Hot weather here,' he said, 'may cook your meat, but it will not spoil it. But don't lay in a supply in rainy weather; or you will have to move into the next lot in an hour or two And you'll be fortunate if the meat doesn't follow.' All the colttages have a kind of screen box nailed up on their shadiest side, and in this butter, meat and othor perishable articles of diet are placed, in the open air, covered, to prevent their drying =p.

Everything, or almost everything, was sold in Sierra Madre by weight, and this frequently included the purchaser. Travelling vans carry spring scales, such as are prohibited by Canadian law, and no two of these scales agree. The scale of one of our tradespeople made our grocer's pound weigh nineteen ounces, and I used to lie awake at night trying to decide whether, if I made tronble, the srocer or the other man would alter his scale. But the spring halance was not

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the anly scale which deceived. Having gone to Sierra Madre for my health, I naturally was wont to weigh myself regularly. At our grocer's I weighed a hundred and twenty-four pounds. Two days later I weighed a hundred and twenty-seven at another grocer's, and went about praising Sierra Madre for its curative powers. A week later I was weighed at X's, and then turned the beam at a hundred and thirty. I began to think that I would soon require a derrick or a jack-screw to move myself about. But a day later I took to my bed and sent for the doctor and the undertaker. I had been weighed at my grocer's again and had lost six pounds in twenty-four bours.

## DERRINGER DICK, THE BICYCLIST.

Derringer Dick was a Western man, who was always on the shool, He had twenty nicks in his pistol butt, each nick for a gone galoot; He'd a private graveyard all his own, was coroner of Lone Trees, And sat in state on the cold defunct, and smilingly took the fees.

But Derringer Dick fell on evil days; a
tenderfoot crowd swarmed in, And shootin' at sight didn't go no more.

He sighed fur the might her keen, Arid lie folded his hands, and pined away, When longed fur the happy land, Where a feller kin do pretty much ez he wants, and folks like a man with sand.

One day, ez he sat on his lone front stoop a-cleanin' his rusty gin, He saw a bicyclist comin' along, a-scorchin' just like fun;

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And Derringer Dick his eyes lit up ez they hadn't lit fur years,
An' he sez "I guess I'll kill mome more ere I leave this vale of tears."

Then Derringer Dick iaid his gun away, and bought fur himself a blke.
He wobbled around in his big corral in a way that he didn't like,
Fur the blame thing bucked and balked, and threw poor Dick all over the place:
But Dick was grit, and he'd mount again, with a dogged look on his face.

Now, behold at last, this westerner astride of his steed of steel.
It was a solemn and awful sight to see him upon the wheel,
He didn't wear no bicycle suit, nor put on a bit of style,
But there wasn't a scorcher in the town could stand to his pace a mile.

His pants was tucked in his cowhide boots, his old red shirt he wore,
His long grey locks streamed in the wind and a huge slouch hat upbore,

## Derringer Dick.

And ez he wheeled into Bunker street I tell you he looked quite pert, But his eye had its old time glare that meant "some feller will be hurt."

The Editor of the Bugle Horn was the first to come his way,
And Dick he owed him a little grudge ('twas all Dick would ever pay).
He caught the editor in the back-Dick's gearing was seventy-four-
And the editor of the Bugle Horn won't go to press no more.

It tickled the soul of Derringer Dick as he heard the jury say,
"The editor of the Bugle Horn hadn't orter bin in the way."
Fur that was the selfsame verdict Dick had passed on many a cop
Ez stopped a Derringer bullet when the other chap got the drop.

He filed a nick on his sprocket wheel and mounted his bike again,
And that afternoon another foe was removed from this world of pain.

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Bo day by day es he scorched along, some citizen would be missed,
And Richard rose into high repute a inasterly blcyclist.

Sez Dick to the coroner over their drinks when the last inquest was done, "Hiluman natur's forever the same. Though you've called in the gun, Fur lording it high and ruling the roost and settling on the spot,
A bloycle rough is twice ez tough ez the chap that hacked and shot.

The code's the same with another name. It's just 'git outer my light,
Don't cross iny path, I'm a man of wrath, I'll do you up on sight.'

That's how I felt in the olden time, that's how I'll allers feel,
But a feller don't hev no need fur a gun ez long ez he rldes a wheel."

