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Vol. 11 No. 40

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1910

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EXCITING ELECTIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN

Liberals Have the Advantage on the Platform--The First Elections on January 15th--Balfour Again at Work.

London, Jan. 3.--The battle is now entering its final fiercest stage, and over one thousand political meetings will be held daily in Great Britain during this week. One million election addresses will be issued. Nobody can compute the number of leaflets that will be distributed or the area of wall space that will be covered by posters. All the party leaders will be busily engaged. A. J. Balfour speaks at Hanley tomorrow, Premier Asquith speaks tonight in Haldane's division. Lloyd-George is making a round of the metropolis, with a flying visit to Plymouth tomorrow. Winston Churchill is visiting Dundee on the 17th.

As election day approaches, the statements of the free lances on each side are growing more reckless, and reading the radical papers today one would really imagine that the Germans, in their dire poverty, have no other food than horse flesh, dog sausages and bitter black bread. They give some pictures drawn of a German eating diseased horses and a mussy black loaf, to which smart Unionists reply that "Germans who eat horse flesh and rye bread do so because they prefer it. The German people generally do not live on either they live on the deluded British work man."

The United States is being pictured as overflowing with destitute unemployed, ten millions in California alone, one enterprising journal announced. Those who have work are represented in the Chronicle today as paying 20 to 45 per cent. higher for food than a few years ago, owing to the trusts.

The Manchester Guardian also makes a great fuss with what it calls the American anti-tariff revolt. Winston Churchill, in a long published letter written to Radical candidates on official board of trade papers, makes the most of these horse flesh and other stories, especially emphasizing the American unemployment during the 1907-08 financial collapse.

The Daily Express correspondent, cabling from New York, reports that great amusement was caused by Lloyd-George's description of America as a protectionist Eden, with the serpent of hunger, want and unemployment-hissing in every part of the land. In reply reports are cabled by the Federation of Labor representatives in 193 of the principal American industrial centres, who declare that want of work and steady employment problem was general.

In comparison with this foreign hunger scare, the peers have dropped into the background, although today the Daily News gives the following in bold type: "Horatio Nelson, the victor of Trafalgar, had a brother who had a nephew, who had a son, who is the present Lord Nelson. This lordly person has received a pension of £5,000 per annum for 67 years. This sum, together with moderate interest amounts to more than £500,000 sterling. For what? Because he had a father, who had an uncle, who had a brother named Horatio Nelson. He voted against old age pensions for the poor."

What, in fact, Lord Nelson supported was the German contributory scheme, by which, through the co-operation of the employer and the state, workmen's old age pensions would have been obtainable at 80 years instead of 70, and for ten or twelve shillings weekly instead of five.

The Daily Mail publishes an article today and makes the fourth paragraph and thus: "Although general contemporaries, notably the Toronto Globe, have fine, branch business offices here." The Times, Standard and other journals comment sympathetically, and the Times speaks of the departure as emphasizing the community of interests between Canada and England, and adds: "Other Canadian offices have advertisement offices here, but for many years the Montreal Star has been the Canadian journal with a resident cable correspondent. In their new offices there is an information bureau, where the fullest details are furnished as to Canadian trade openings, agents of commodities, suited and invited to Canadians, the marked character of the United States and other foreign

The Annual Sale of Furs

"Step Lively" prices have been put on all Furs. There's lots of time to enjoy them this season yet, too. Just room here to give you a hint of the figures.

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|---|---------|--|----------|
| Ladies' Fur Collared Coats, regular \$20.00 each for | \$14.50 | Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets, regular \$150.00 for | \$110.00 |
| Ladies' Fur Collared Coats, regular \$25.00 for | \$18.50 | Ladies' Minkrat Coats, 46 in. long, regular \$75.00 for | \$54.00 |
| Ladies' Fur Collared Coats, regular \$37.50 for | \$26.50 | Ladies' Minkrat Coats, 48 in. long, \$100.00 for \$88.00, \$110.00 for | \$78.00 |
| Ladies' Fur Lined Coats, Sable col. lars, regular \$42.50 for | \$30.00 | Ladies' Russian Pony Coats, 48 in. long, self collar, \$125.00 for | \$80.00 |
| Ladies' Fur Lined Coats, Sable col. lars, regular \$60.00 for | \$42.50 | Ladies' Russian Pony Coats, 48 in. long, Sitka Fox collar, \$110.00 for | \$70.00 |
| Ladies' Fur Lined Coats, Sable col. lars, regular \$75.00 for | \$54.00 | 25 per cent. off all Fur Sets, Collars, Stoles, Ruffs, Throws and Men's Furs of all kinds. | |
| Ladies' Fur Lined Coats, Mink col. lars, regular \$100.00 for | \$73.00 | | |

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PRICES ARE SOARING

Chicago Wheat Market Is Bullish--Flax Still Climbs--Local Produce Prices.

Chicago, Jan. 4.--The day of the wheat bear has passed--for the time being at least.

The bulls control the market--lock, stock and barrel--price setbacks are certainly to be witnessed, but any decline will be met by excellent buying.

It is only necessary to point out the fact that the cash wheat in every market of this country, is in the hands of strong concerns which have bought it out right because they believe it was certain to sell at a higher level.

Theodore Waterman, for instance, passed through a long and strenuous day in wheat in the Chicago market in order to secure the cash article. Large amounts were delivered to him on December contracts during that month with the expectation that he would be forced to call a halt. Mr. Waterman took in and paid for 3,000,000 bushels of wheat, and he now owns it, and has it for sale. He told a friend of the writer's a few days ago that he would not be surprised to see cash wheat advance to \$1.40 or higher, in the Chicago market.

St. Louis and Kansas City in the southwest, Minneapolis and Duluth in the northwest and New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore in the east report the cash wheat market as strong under a general tightening of supplies.

In addition to the above obstacles over which the bear will be unable to vault, is the improved demand for flour in the northwest, and the bullish conditions existing north of the international line, where cash wheat is being sold for export daily. The buying power in wheat was wonderful today, and all attempts on the part of the bears to hammer prices downward met with poor success.

Flax Prices Higher
Winnipeg, Jan. 4.--The general upward trend of the markets continued today and there was a good demand for all grades of wheat with light offerings. The sharp advance of Monday, however, appeared to halt, export and bids were again out of line, though some wheat was worked on yesterday's prices. The market, however, was very largely a scalping one. The advance for the morning was 1% for January and 1% for May, with closes at the high point. Advances in the American market were about the same. The foreign crop summary showed conditions generally favorable, with the exception of Argentine which complained of the weather be-

ing too hot. Winnipeg receipts for the three days were 535 cars. Flax continues to mount skyward, and the advance for the day being 4% for January, and 4% for May.

Winnipeg Cash Prices
Wheat--
No. 1 Northern 104 1/2
No. 2 Northern 101 1/2
No. 3 Northern 98 1/2
No. 4 97
No. 5 83 1/2
Feed No. 1 73 1/2
Rejected 1-1 Northern 59
Rejected 1-2 Northern 56
Rejected 2-1 Northern 56
Rejected 2-2 Northern 56
Rejected 1 Nor. for seeds 98
Rejected 2 Nor. for seeds 96
Oats--
No. 2 White 34 1/2
No. 3 White 33
Barley--
No. 3 46
No. 4 44
Flax--
No. 1 N. W. 186
No. 1 Manitoba 184

Local Grain Market
No. 1 Northern 87
No. 2 Northern 84
No. 3 Northern 81
Oats 35
Flax 152

Local Produce Market
Ducks, per lb. 15
Geese per lb. 15
Turkeys, per lb. 18
Chickens, per lb. 15
Butter, per lb. 26
Potatoes, per bushel 65
Eggs, per doz. 30

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 3.--A combination of farmers in the Northwest have made a stand of \$1.25 for the balance of wheat in their hands, and if they stick together there is no doubt as to final results. This information came in through the office of C. E. Lewis and Co., of Minneapolis, and the secretary of the combination was Mr. Lewis's authority.

The above stand will not generally be known in the wheat market here today caused those who knew of it to take on some wheat. The farmer is master of breadstuffs, and the price will either advance or decline according to his willingness to let loose the surpluses now in his hands. The wheat market today was an affair of bulls. Prices gained as much as 1 1/2c down to 3c, with May future the strongest spot, and September the weakest. There were sales made of more than 300,000 bushels of cash wheat here, and May was taken on as a hedge against it. There were sales of 30,000 bushels for export. Of course the latter was of Manitoba growth, but as it is to go out of this country, it was considered a bull help.

While the wheat trade views the Argentine situation with a grin of allowance, Geo. N. Leconte, the Finley-Barrell Co., expert called that while the official estimate of the Argentine crop made it 150,000,000 bushels, he volunteered the opinion that the figures were too high. The most bullish piece of news to come to the front here, however, was a Broomhall cable, saying that wheat was up 1 1/2, and that no steamers are being chartered for shipment for new Argentine wheat.

Death of Sister Superior.

The sudden death of Sister Dandurand, superior of the Regina Grey Nuns' Hospital took place about one o'clock on Tuesday morning. Sister Dandurand had completed arrangements to leave for the east on yesterday's train to further the interests of the new hospital which the Grey Nuns are to erect here. It is sad to note that her remains go east on the train to Montreal on which she was to have travelled. On Monday the deceased was on her way through the city on business, when she was taken ill. Her condition rapidly became worse terminating at a point above at one o'clock the following morning.

The remains are on the way to Montreal where the mother house of the order is situated.

Sister Dandurand had been in Regina less than a year, coming here from Saskatoon to take the place of Sister Duffin. She was of middle age. Her splendid character as a progressive business woman made it a pleasure to have dealings with her.

Frozen to Death at Zealandia.

Saskatoon, Sask., Jan. 3.--Word has reached the city telling of the first death by freezing to take place in this district this winter. It comes from Zealandia, and states that a man named Thomas Russell, a home-steader, was hauling coal from town in company with a friend. After they had gone some distance, the horses gave out, so the men unhitched the wagon and got on the horses' backs. The animals could not even then make headway so Russell's partner went ahead to secure help for his friend. He also lost his way and it was three o'clock in the morning before he reached a shack, and by the time a rescue party found Russell, he was frozen to death. Full particulars have not yet reached the city, but the R.N.W.M.P. are making a full investigation. It is believed that the dead man carried the mail in that district during the summer.

It is also stated that two other men are lost, but whether they have been located is not known at present. Travellers from the Goose Lake district state that Friday's storm was one of the worst in that part of the country and that for some time it was impossible to see across the street.

The West

THE SASKATCHEWAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED 1772 R. Ave. Street, Regina, Sask.

The West is published every Wednesday. Subscription price: One Dollar (\$1.00) per annum to all parts of Canada and the British Empire.

Advertising rates furnished on application. Address all communications to the Company.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1910.

Government Ownership.

Government hail insurance was abolished by the Scott government against the wishes of the farmers of the province. True there was a deficit but the fault was in the system of inspection.

We have placed the ease of government elevators in the hands of a party that made a failure of government hail insurance. Government ownership does not appeal to the liberal leaders in this province.

The Reprimand.

The Leader in his report of the naval debate makes its usual misrepresentation of one of the incidents. It says that Mr. Haultain was reprimanded by the Speaker.

Another Railway Deal.

Other rows than Manor have been handed railway gold-bricks by the local government in the natural deduction from the following article from the Weyburn Tribune.

"The delegation sent to Ottawa by the Board of Trade to take up matters of importance with the government and with officials of the Grand Trunk Pacific have reported by letter to the secretary, stating that their mission has been successful only in part.

"In regard to the public building—one of the matters to be taken up was disposed of in a very satisfactory manner—Weyburn is assured of a structure that will be a credit to our town. The delegation was assisted in every way by the member from Assiniboia, and much satisfaction is expressed at the outcome of this part of the mission.

they believe to be a direct promise that should the government go good for the bonds, the road would enter Weyburn. According to the bill passed this town is given the go-by in spite of the promise made by the government.

"Just at present the citizens of this community are on their nettle and will be heard from in due course of time.

The Kitson appointment, the immediate favorable reply to the judicial district and the G.T.P. railway deal must make the people of Weyburn appreciate their member's influence with the government.

Is it reasonable to expect government elevators from a party who abolished government hail insurance? Sawdust wharves in New Brunswick and threshing engines and road scrapers in Saskatchewan are great for the party leaders.

G. H. V. Buleya wouldn't resign on a question of principle is admitted by the Leader, but that he would accept office in lieu of principle is known by everybody.

Saskatchewan is famous for its wheat production and omnipresent Judge McLogg held courts of revision in five counties and a city on Sept. 13th.

700 miles of new railway in 1908 without a railway policy; 400 miles in 1909 with a "progressive railway policy." Great is the progressive railway policy.

\$250,000 to the province was not inducement enough for G. H. V. Buleya to introduce party lines, but the promise of a lieutenant governorship made him see his duty clearly.

South Qu'Appelle returned Buleya by acclamation to the assembly. After Buleya's treachery this constituency elected Haultain by nearly five hundred of a majority. Where would Buleya have been had he faced the people he betrayed?

The Leader is in duty bound to defend G. H. V. Buleya. He made it possible for Scott to become premier. After playing the part of Benedict Arnold to Saskatchewan, he followed the course of that notorious character by accepting office away from the field of his treachery.

What about that judicial district? No one seems to be able to tell whether or not the question has been settled. Wonder how would be the best way to find out? Perhaps the promise given by the Big Ones was merely to get the delegations and banquets of their hands. The board of trade might as well make life miserable for the bunch until they get a definite reply.—Weyburn Tribune.

Press Comment.

(Mail and Empire) Mr. John A. Maclean, a Conservative, has been offered the vacant seat.

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meat..... 300 lbs. Milk..... 240 doz. Butter..... 100 lbs. Eggs..... 27 doz. Vegetables..... 900 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for a year. But some people eat and eat and grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A large size bottle of Scott's Emulsion equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

Send the name of your doctor and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Savings Book. Each book contains a World Book Voucher. SCOTT & BOWNE 128 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

atorship for Prince Edward Island. This is a new departure. The machine has not even called upon the nominee to pay \$10,000 for the appointment. The senatorship is proffered as a free gift. To the uninitiated the occurrence suggests that the Ottawa politicians have broadened out and are becoming liberal. But that is not the trouble. The fact is the Liberal government of the island is in extremis, and Mr. Maclean is one of its most powerful opponents.

Eleven months ago the provincial legislature guaranteed railway bonds to the extent of \$8,000,000. Recently it added over \$13,000,000 to this amount. In other words the province has assumed a railway bond liability of \$21,000,000. That looks like a heavy burden for a province only four years old.

Two members of my government attended the Imperial Conference, called by His Majesty's government on the question of defence. A plan was adopted after consultation with the admiralty, for the organization of a Canadian naval service on the lines of the resolution of the House of Commons of the 29th of March last. The papers will be brought down immediately and a bill introduced accordingly.

J. D. Stewart, M.L.A., returned home Tuesday after attending the sessions of the legislature, and there by earning his \$1,000 in less than five weeks. His most remarkable speech during the session was his defence of his attitude on the C.N.R. crossing in which he admitted that the contention of the State was right but that they could not get the company to go that way.

The Roblin government is the first of administrations in the Dominion to declare for the government ownership and operation of interior elevators. In doing so it has done well. It has shown itself to be abreast of the times and assuredly will receive the hearty endorsement of the people of Manitoba.

While the Roblin government is the first to act upon the principle, it was not the first to bring the subject within the field of practical politics. That honor must be accorded to Mr. Haultain and his followers in the provincial legislature. In 1908 Dr. Ellis, the then member for Mooseomin introduced the subject into the house by moving a resolution asking for an enquiry into the government elevator proposals. The government, however, voted down the resolution. Early this year Mr. Haultain at Nokomis declared for government elevators, and on several occasions since has reaffirmed his position.

When the subject came up in the legislature several days ago again stated that government ownership and operation was the only solution for the problems arising out of the handling of grain. The action of the Roblin government is a splendid endorsement of the Haultain elevator policy. Incidentally it is a proof that the opposition leader does not live in the past, but in the vigorous present. In Saskatchewan the Haultain elevator policy is as progressive as the Whitney power policy in Ontario.

It will be remembered that during the campaign of 1908 the government was severely criticised for its habit of favoring middlemen by buying at high prices property which they had purchased in open market. There was nearly a hundred such cases and the government was busy defending itself and in declaring in cases where defence was impossible that it intended to run over a new lead and be have better. Yet the particular case which was exposed in the public accounts committee occurred in the heat of the election which these promises were being made.

Gazette Appointments

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. Alfred J. Chambers of Parkdale. W. J. H. Vigers of Wiwae Hill. Alex F. Wright of Marsden.

NOTARIES PUBLIC. Fred. Thompson of Redvers. Gaston De Jardin of Forget. Charles Eyre of Macklin. James McGregor of Fielding.

COMMISSIONERS. George R. Duff of Zelma. Lawrence C. Larson of Eyebrow. Francis Logan of Stoughton. Harold A. Ebbeles of Alameda. Thos. W. Lees of Wolfston. Chas. D. Strong of Berterley. Alfred W. Betts of Canora. John McEwan of Tompkins.

ISSUERS, MARRIAGE LICENSES. F. D. Cull of Arcola. George Foster of Ahan. CORONER. Malcolm E. McKay of Paynton. STOCK INSPECTOR. A. J. Schwinglamer of Bruno.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

NAVAL DEFENCE

Before Parliament dispersed for the Christmas holidays Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced that the naval defence bill would not be brought down before the 12th of January. Immediately afterwards, Dr. Sproule speaking on behalf of the Conservative party gave utterance to an important pronouncement upon the subject. He said: "I notice that the speech from the throne deals with only one question that might be regarded as new matter, and that is naval defence. On that question as the bill is not before the House I do not desire to intend to make any lengthy observations. Nay, I may say in passing that the speech from the throne rather indicated that the bill would have been brought before parliament long ago, and I cannot understand why the delay at the present time. The governor general said: 'Two members of my government attended the Imperial Conference, called by His Majesty's government on the question of defence. A plan was adopted after consultation with the admiralty, for the organization of a Canadian naval service on the lines of the resolution of the House of Commons of the 29th of March last. The papers will be brought down immediately and a bill introduced accordingly.'

"Well, I would take the language to mean forthwith after the papers had been brought down. But we have now passed five weeks of the session, and although the papers were brought down long ago there is no bill yet. Now I have only to say with regard to that measure that in my judgment what Canada expects is that something should be done immediately and effectively. I am not going to pretend to say what it will be, but it did occur to me at the time that speech was made that the observations of my hon. friend from North Toronto pointed directly to what was perhaps the sentiment of the country on the question then. Therefore, in order that it may be a reminder to the House and the country may I be permitted to refer to those observations, and that is the only remark I intend to make on the subject. The hon. member for North Toronto said: 'Today parliament stands at the gateway. It is not for me to say how grave it is, but I cannot brush it aside. Today it presses itself on the gravest statesmen of the old country, today it appeals to Australia until public subscriptions are taken and the government is being importuned to do even more than its settled policy to meet the emergency, today little New Zealand gives one Dreadnought and offers a second, and today Canada faces that position of peril that imperils emergency. Let me say of my right hon. friend that if, after a careful consideration, he proposes to this parliament a means for meeting that emergency adequately by the gift of Dreadnoughts, let me say that this side of the house will stand beside him in this vindicating Canada's honor and strengthening the empire's defence. 'I have only to say that I believe the sentiment of the country remains today the same as when these observations were made; and that what Canada desires is immediate and effective action whatever that action may be.'

HELPING A FRIEND D. A. Gordon (Lib. East Kent) spent a few unpleasant minutes in the House of Commons during the budget debate. Major Currie was pointing out the manner in which the Laurier government is fighting power from parliament and placing it in the hands of the cabinet. Already the custom act had been amended so that duties can be reduced, not by act of parliament, but by the will of a cabinet. The money question in England. The next step will be to seek the power of imposing taxation without the warrant of parliament. "They could wreck a business," remarked Co. Hughes. "Of course they could wreck a business," replied Major Currie, "One man carries on a business; he is a good reformer and he wants his material free; that material is admitted free. Another fellow across the road and also happens to be a manufacturer of something of raw material which he would like to have admitted free. But he is a Tory and he does not get any reduction. The hon. gentleman knows that was one of the strongest levers used against the manufacturers of this country in the last election. They were told: You keep quiet; you follow in line with this party; and if you are good we will see if the raw material used in your factory cannot be introduced free. I think this parliament should consider in this budget debate whether it should approve a system of that kind."

Mr. E. W. Nesbitt (Lib. N. Oxford) demanded an instance. Major Currie was prompt to supply it. "Let me point out another instance," he said, "of giving an advantage to a party friend, one sitting opposite me now. We saw last session a bill introduced in this House under which this gentleman was to be allowed to import raw cane sugar and beet root sugar into this country. Is not that helping a political friend?"

In May 1906, when the general election was pending, the wharf was bought for \$700 by the local Liberal party manager, Thomas O. Murray. He had no money of his own to buy it and was helped to finance the transaction by certain prominent Liberals. Indeed he could not swear that he had paid any of the purchase price himself.

In September, 1908 Murray telegraphed to an official of the public works department at Ottawa asking if the wharf matter had been put through council and adding "it is important for Le Blanc." Le Blanc was the Liberal candidate in the constituency.

In October 1908 in the very heat of the election the matter was put through. The department of public works bought the wharf which had cost Murray \$700 and paid \$5,000 for it. The sum of the matter is this: The government did not need the wharf at any price. The government refused to buy at \$1,000. The owner was ready to sell it at \$700 to any person. The government could have bought for that price. The wharf was sold for \$700. The government then bought at \$5,000. This was after the middleman had seen Mr. Pugsley.

It was after he had telegraphed to Ottawa that the sale was of great importance to the Government candidate. The purchase was made a few days before the election. The man who got the \$5,000 does not explain what he did with the money. The wharf has neither been repaired nor used since the government got it. It was not needed when it was bought, and is not needed now.

RED TAPE METHODS Ottawa, Dec. 28.—It is plain that the department of the interior is becoming more and more devoted to red tape methods. Mr. Oliver's management is driving even his own supporters to revolt, as a couple of bills introduced by Mr. Turfitt amply show. Mr. Turfitt's explanation of the grievance which his bills are designed to cover may be quoted: "A man goes out and spends a month or six weeks and \$100 or \$150 in locating a quarter section. He selects half a dozen, but there is such a rush now for land that five or six townships may be put on the market on a certain day, and when he goes to the land office he finds perhaps a hundred men lined up at the door. He may be the 40th or 50th in the line, and by the time he reaches the counter every one of the quarter sections he has selected may be taken up. A man beside him suggests another quarter section to him as a good one, and he, to avoid the time and trouble of hunting up another with possibly the same process to be gone through again, makes entry for the quarter section suggested to him, pays the \$10 entry fee and the \$100 on account. He then goes out and looks at the land and finds it worthless."

At present, Mr. Turfitt went on to explain the man is allowed to take up another purchased homestead, but the \$100 which he has paid already is confiscated by the government. Mr. Turfitt is in duty bound, strove to shield Mr. Oliver, but it is known that the real reason for the bringing in of these bills is the unyielding attitude of the Minister of the Interior. Under his management it is becoming a red tape and sealing wax department where rules are much more important than settlers.

HOW THE FARMER FAILS TO PROFIT. In the course of the discussion of the tariff in the House of Commons Major Currie gave a specific instance of the way in which the farmers of Canada are put at disadvantage. "In New Brunswick they have been shipping potatoes into the United States, but the American government has raised the duty on potatoes to 40 cents per bushel and our duty on potatoes coming into Canada from the United States remains at 20 cents per bushel. The Americans send thousands of bushels of potatoes into Canada because their potato crop ripens earlier than ours and yet the Canadian farmers in New Brunswick are practically prohibited from sending potatoes into the United States. In view of such things as this, I ask the House, and I ask the government, is it not fair that we should adopt the principle of putting tariff as against tariff?"

Will the political control of Canada in the future be west of the Great Lakes, asks Arthur R. Ford, writing in the January Canadian Magazine. This is a subject of more than superficial interest. It is a practical political problem which is already beginning to disturb the minds of public men, particularly from the Maritime provinces. If the development of the west continues on the same scale and if the remarkable increase in population keeps up for the next two decades as it has for the past ten years, there will be found as large if not a larger population west of the head of the Great Lakes than east of it. It has been predicted that by the time the census of 1931 is taken, if not before there will be more people in western Canada than in Eastern.

At the present time the west has thirty-five members in the Dominion House, divided by provinces as follows: Manitoba 10; Saskatchewan 7; Alberta 7; British Columbia 7, and the Yukon 1. The redistribution bill which will follow the census of 1911 and will probably come before the next election, will add from 15 to 25 members to the west's representation.

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DISCOVERY OF

Among the North-Belt tree's.

Prince Albert, equipped balloon, vision sufficient years, Solomon a Swedish aeronaut Danes Island, Sp on July 11, 1897, north pole. Since from him has been sent out by the in an effort to week a sensation. Prince Albert, finding of a balloon in which ed by two compa berg, and Jeff when they left in over twelve years.

Rev. Father Turquet in charges Northern Saskatchewan MacKenzie river of the starting new and His Lordship this city, is as told to him; Bishop, not thought did not realize the find and said noth days ago.

Father Turquet Chippewyan and readily understood language. He is north at Reindeer which is almost of the Chippewyan; days travel by Reindeer Lake by seas, or seven day northwesterly, dire Churchill, is the territory is almost sleigh travel from missionary was the new territory, thing of the pastor and the suspicious tribes.

A number of agreed to accompany trip was made, reached after about eling. Turquet carried small revolver, ment by which he formation of white fore visited by the were greatly interested in the novelty, closely. The Indian thing that looks in after showing them birds which were thickets, handed in for examination. "It is thing that white in of the Esk mos, in to one of his comp lied the other, being where they similar weapon. Inquired Father Turquet interested and anxious of his kind had eye the Eskimo land. ed back through an out saying anything speak of the white superstitious about ors. But the C talked with them, best they could the mysterious m seen.

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DISCOVERY OF BALOON

Among the Eskimos of Far North—Believed to Be Andree's.

Prince Albert, Jan. 2.—In a well equipped balloon, stocked with provisions sufficient to last for two years, Solomon Auguste Andree, the Swedish aeronaut and explorer, left Danes Island, Spitzbergen, Denmark, on July 11, 1897, to sail over the north pole. Since then not a word from him has ever been heard, although many expeditions have been sent out by the Swedish government in an effort to discover him. This week a sensation has developed in Prince Albert, by the news of the finding of a balloon 300 miles north of the city, near Reindeer lake in the Arctic circle, by Eskimo Indians, and many are of opinion that the "last white house covered with ropes" which fell from the heavens" is described by the Indians in the balloon in which Andree accompanied by two companions, Drs. Strindberg, and H. Fraenckel, sailed when they left in quest of the Pole over twelve years ago.

Rev. Father Turquetil, the missionary in charge of the missions in Northern Saskatchewan, and the MacKenzie river district, brought in the startling news of the discovery, and His Lordship Bishop Pascal, of this city, is authority for the story as told to him by the missionary, Father Turquetil, who was in the city some time ago, and told the bishop of his discovery, but, the bishop, not thinking seriously of it, did not realize the importance of the find and said nothing of it till a few days ago.

Father Turquetil, speaks Cree, Chippewayan and Blackfoot fluently, and readily understands the Eskimo language. He is stationed in the far north at Reindeer Lake, a settlement which is almost entirely inhabited by the Chippeways, within about six days travel by dog sleigh, east from Reindeer Lake by the Hudson's Bay seas, or seven days traveling in a northerly direction from Fort Churchill, is the Eskimo land. This territory is almost fifteen days dog sleigh travel from this place. The missionary was very anxious to visit the new territory, and to learn something of the customs of the Eskimos and the suspicions of the Indian tribes.

A number of the Chippeways agreed to accompany him, and the trip was made, the district being reached after about eight days traveling. Turquetil carried with him a small revolver and this is the instrument by which he first received information of white men before he visited the country. The natives were greatly interested in the missionary's novelty, and examined it closely. The Indians are fond of anything that looks new, and Turquetil, after showing them its use, by killing birds which were flying about in the thickets, handed it to one of them for examination. "That looks like the thing that white man had" said one of the Eskimos, in his own language to one of his companions. "Yes," replied the other, apparently remembering where they had before seen a similar weapon. "What white man?" inquired Father Turquetil, becoming interested and anxious to know who of his kind had ever before explored the Eskimo land. The Indians handed back the gun and drew away without saying anything. They refused to speak of the white men and appeared superstitious about their new visitor. But the Chippeways again talked with them, and found out the mysterious men who had been seen.

They told that "a white house had fallen from the sky, that it was covered with ropes, and that three men were in it." They also told where the house had fallen, adding that the men who were very hungry, had died shortly after their arrival. The Eskimos said they had used the ropes, and are still using them in padding their canoes and fixing their tents.

All the time they appeared to be hiding something, and were not at all anxious to speak of their former visitors. Father Turquetil, in relating his story here, said that he was of the opinion that the white men had shot some deer or other animals after arriving, and the Indians becoming angry had killed them. The Indians claim all the animals in their reserves.

Another story which adds credence to Father Turquetil's story has today developed. William Irvine, who for 25 years has had charge of the Hudson's Bay post at Fort Good Hope on the Mackenzie river in the Arctic circle, is in the city. He tells that all the Hudson's Bay agents had been notified by the Swedish government to be on the lookout for Andree and his balloon. He says that one night a high wind passed over the country, and on the following morning all the Chippeways in the district flocked into the Hudson's Bay post to tell of a large mysterious star that had passed over the heavens so near to their tents. They said they could hear voices also, that the light was travelling very low. They could see it for several hours after it first came into view. This was the last ever heard of the star at Fort Good Hope.

It is generally believed here today,

WALLACE LAMBS

How many of the residents from Wellington and Perth have heard of the Wallace Lambs. The following sketch by H. B. Morphy, in the Law Journal Standard, will interest many western people who formerly lived in that part of Ontario.

Who has not heard of the Wallace Lambs? Not the Wallace of whom "his song, 'Scots wha' hae' wi' Wallace bled," but the township of Wallace in the county of Perth, with Palmerston on the north, Listowel on the south and Gowanstown in the centre. The name dates from the very earliest settlement of the township, the good old pioneer days when the woodman's axe rang true by day and the country fiddler held high carnival at night. The time was between 1855-60, when there was open young and luscious of cheap but good whisky, twenty cents a gallon on the store counters of Listowel, when every other man was his own distiller and "malt" was the standard drink, cold in summer, hot (today) in winter, in snack of nutmeg and sugar added, with as little water as possible, if any. Well, in those days there was an election in what was then known as the Wellington district. Mr. Allan was the reform candidate, Nassau C. Gowan, the Conservative. It lasted two days and there was a poll at Hustonville on the 8th concession of Maryborough Wellington county. The parties, Grits and Tories had prepared for the fray and the poll was opened. It was held, it is said, in a log school in the bush. A young man named Frank Cornish of London was scrutineer and William Wallace Moore poll clerk. The Reformers tried to prevent the Tories from voting the first day, and partially succeeded. A rumor of this spread rapidly, causing resentment and threats of reprisal were numerous. Thomas Tate, a farmer of Puslinch, a zealous Reformer, tearing interference, set out for the village of Elora, about twenty miles distant, having first declared his intention of bringing up a force to command the poll on the second day and to put the Tories to rout of two classes through the night as far as distant places, with Hustonville the objective place for the morning—the Wallace movement was organized through the night, every kind of vehicle was pressed into service, and some walked, but the poll had not opened for the second day when the Elora faction arrived in a body, and by their determined manner, actions and words showed that they intended to accomplish what they came to do, viz control the poll. Then from the west, north-west, the south and south-west, strange men began to arrive at Hustonville, in groups of twos and threes until, lo and behold, Tate's force was equalled if not outnumbered, and the poll would soon open. The Wallace contingent by degrees got together, the two factions mingled and blood began to boil; arguments between individuals were not and continuous blows were struck, individual fight after fight took place until the two factions as a whole were worked up to white heat, and the poll was about to open. Who will control it? The hairy young fellow hooded in brown, Wallace, or the tough, tenacious and wise Scotchman from Elora? The affair swelled of a general noise; you could smell fight in the air. Thomas R. Ferguson from the county of Simcoe, member for that county, and a brother-in-law of Mr. Gowan, a big burly Irishman with a larion voice well known to the Wallace men, who were mostly from the county of Simcoe, strode into the midst of the surging, swaying mass and raising his left hand to heaven, he had a cudgel in his right, with a terrible in a group of twos and threes until, lo and behold, Tate's force was equalled if not outnumbered, and the poll would soon open. 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Children Like ASPIRIN'S CURE THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COLIC AND COLIC

Missing the Sovereign. "You know," said the man, "how innocently your wife will look at you across the breakfast table when you have searched your pockets and discovered a sovereign missing."

"An Always Ready Pill.—To those of regular habit medicine is of little concern, but the great majority of men are not of regular habit. The worry and cares of business prevent it, and out of the irregularity of life comes dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles as a protest. The run-down system demands a corrective strength by building up the constitution and securing the most delicate of all the organs, the stomach, to its normal state."

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"Yes," replied the student, "it's a deadly poison. One drop on the end of your tongue would kill a dog."

"How long is it going to take to get through this case?" asked the man who was under remand for house-breaking.

"Well," replied the young lawyer thoughtfully, "it'll take me about three weeks to get through with it, but I'm afraid it's going to take you about five years."

"Think, love," said Mrs. Gobsa Golde, "I ordered a dinner gown, and that dressmaker has sent me a traveling costume."

"Well, what are you going to do about it?" Gobsa Golde demanded.

"The only thing is for us to go abroad again," she sighed.

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"Well, I have seen at least one of them—a man arguing with a street car conductor over a transfer."—Buffalo Express.

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Mrs. Newlywed (weeping)—Henry, I am sure I have grounds for a divorce. I am positive that you have deceived me.

Mrs. Newlywed (weeping harder)—I saw a memorandum in your pocket this morning to buy some new ribbons for your typewriter. Judge.

A Tribute From Harper's. A traveler, returned from a journey to Seattle, which so many easterners have made to their profit, reports an interesting observation. He came back by way of British Columbia, and the Canadian Pacific Railroad. He reports being impressed with the different appearance of things north and south of the Canadian boundary, in that on the Canada side things were so much more shipshape. The houses with their eyes looked neater and better, the yards were neater, there were everywhere signs of greater effort among the Canadian settlers to secure cleanliness in their surroundings; of more solicitude about the conditions of living and more ambition to maintain civilized standards.

SASKATCHEWAN UNIVERSITY.

Infant Institution is Big With Plans For the Future. The western empire which has characterized the citizens of Saskatchewan in the building up and developing of the town, and in the amazing of material wealth, is making a new start in the efforts now being made in the university town to further the cause of higher education. Already temporary classrooms have been fitted up in the Drinkle Block, and equipped with the apparatus necessary for the dissemination of knowledge in advance of that to be acquired in the public schools. Fifty-three students, with matriculation standing, are in the high schools, and in some cases a bright thought came along. Then got hold of a counterfeit sovereign, a hopelessly bad one, placed it in my purse, and when I got up one morning and missed it I felt happy.

"Two hours after breakfast my wife went out, and at noon I was sent for to identify her at the police station. She had handed that bad sovereign out in payment for an umbrella and had been caught, and she had been a prisoner for two hours when I got there."

"And what did you say?" he was asked.

"Not a word."

"She laid it on the milkman, of course."—Tit-Bits.

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THE WEST. REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN. THE ONLY SUSPENDERS WORTH A NAME...

Decidedly Looking Up. A story is told of a ready-witted clergyman who was attending at the regular meeting of ministers of the denomination. One of the preachers in a very excited manner, and with strong indignation in his tones, demanded: "What, sir, would the Apostle Paul have said could he have seen the life of luxury led by our present race of prelates and church dignitaries rolling about in their carriages and living in their palatial residences?"

It Eases Pain.—Ask any druggist or dealer in medicines what is the most popular of the medicinal oils for pains in the joints, in the muscles or nerves, or for neuralgia and rheumatism, and he will tell you that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is in greater demand than any other. The reason for this is that it possesses greater healing qualities than any other oil.

What's the most independent janitor I ever saw? "He's the matter?" "He won't even do you a favor when Christmas is coming."—Detroit Free Press.

KING, THE GLOBE TROTTER. Left Montreal Oct. 23rd at 1 p.m. to walk to Vancouver, 2896 miles, wearing C.P.B. trunks, wearing CATPAW RUBBER HEELS. King passed Port Arthur, 919 miles, Dec. 14th.

His Pains and Aches All Gone. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED CHAS. N. CYR'S RHEUMATISM. Statement of a Man Who Suffered For a Year From Different Forms of Kidney Disease and Found a Speedy Cure.

Largest Scrap Heap. The largest scrap heap in the world is in San Francisco, a relic of the great fire which followed the earthquake of April, 1906. It is 40 feet high, 100 feet square and contains 200,000 tons of scrap in equal lengths of eighteen inches and piled in one solid mass, with the sides as smooth and solid as a brick wall.

The Position of Canada. A political leader, in conversation with a Montreal Standard representative the other day said: "This may be only an expression of American enterprise, but in my estimation it may mean very much more. The daily exploitation of the riches of Canada for the delectation of American readers must naturally have the effect of exciting the cupidity of Americans—this is only natural. The time has come when they need our raw materials—this has become an absolute necessity. Especially is this true with regard to our pulpwood. What more natural than that American newspaper publishers should be possessed, by any means possible, of the treasures of the Canadian forest? And to do this the way must be prepared—the opinion of the people must be moulded. I may be wrong, but this looks to me like the beginning of stirring times. What the Americans undertake they generally accomplish, and it seems to me that Canada is now the plum upon which they are to concentrate all their efforts. How Canada will come out of it remains to be seen."

Novelist and Priest Minors. The wide publicity attained by properties bought in former sales of the Gillies' library, brought together a most interesting group of buyers at the last auction, says The Cobalt Nugget. The W. A. Fraser, who is associated with S. D. Madin in the purchase of three lots for the aggregate price of \$82,320, is the Canadian writer whose stories of outdoor life have delighted many readers. He had the distinction of obtaining the most coveted lots. Then, there is Rev. John Deville, the Catholic priest, who gave his name to the Deville property on Peterson Lake, and is now the moving spirit with S. D. Madin in the development of the St. Anthony.

Windsor's Industrial Boom. Windsor grins in glee over press talk of a tariff war between Canada and the United States. Already Windsor and vicinity can boast of more than 100 American factories in any other locality in the country and more are coming all the time. There is an industrial boom there that accounts for the big increase yearly in population and assessment.

Very Much So. "My wife made a bald statement to me this morning." "What was it?" "She told me I was losing my hair."—Baltimore American.

Handy With the Sword. Mile. Mousie, in the time of Louis XV, a beautiful woman and charming vocalist, was so nimble with either sword or pistol that Parisian gallants "fought shy" of her. Three did accept challenges, and she "plinked" each of them fatally. She afterward killed her fencing master.

The tortures of Eczema can scarcely be described. And words fail to express the gratitude which very many people feel toward Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment because it has assured them of this amazing relief from itching, stinging, burning, and all the other troubles which bring discomfort by day and makes sleep impossible by night, soon disappears when

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. It is applied. With patient treatment it is only a matter of time until the sores are healed and new, smooth, natural skin formed.

ROSCINE. Pronounced SEE-KEN. D. T. A. SLOCUM LIMITED, TORONTO.

MAN BEHIND FAWKES. ROBT. CATSEBY PLANNED GUNPOWDER PLOT. The Famous Villain, Who is Hanged in Effigy Every November 5, Was Only a Tool in Catseby's Scheme—Chastleton Manor the Scene of the Scheming Still Stands in Oxfordshire.

Every great movement in the world's history, whether for good or evil, has at one time been the one thought in one man's brain. So said Emerson. And truly there is one person who more than any other is identified with the Gunpowder Plot—namely, Guido, or Guy, Fawkes. He is universally known, was the one man in the eight chief conspirators to fire the train of gunpowder that would annihilate King, lords and commons. Caught almost in the very act by the pleading guile, so that from that day on, he has always figured as the "villain of the piece."

Nevertheless, he was merely an instrument, not the originator of the plot, as that doubtful honor must be accorded to Robert Catseby, of Chastleton, Oxfordshire.

This estate, with its fine old forest-lands, was sold to Robert Catseby by his father, Sir William, with other lands, as a marriage gift. Here he lived for many years, and here, on Nov. 11, 1595, was baptised his son Robert. Catseby was a born plotter, and from early days began to empty his purse in the cause of a rebellion. His estate vanished, consequently, one by one, till Chastleton only remained, and here, beyond all doubt, was conceived the plot which developed into the Gunpowder treason. Money, however, was still needed for the propaganda, so in the end Catseby was compelled to sell his estate of Chastleton to help the cause. The deed of sale, with Catseby's signature attached, is still at Chastleton.

The Jacobean Manor House, of which a drawing of the state-room is shown, is a splendid specimen of old-time architecture and contains a really fine collection of tapestry, carving, oil paintings, and books, among the latter the Bible which King Charles I. gave the Bishop Juxon on the scaffold.

"Queer Old Joker." Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn, who has been made a K.O.B., is Keeper of the Privy Purse and a special favorite with King Edward. Apropos of his close companionship with royalty, the story is told how, on one occasion, overlooking an extraordinary reward for many of his abilities, the late Lord Goschen was but little better off with £360,000 for a still longer service, than £360,000 for forty years and more, is only valued at \$88,000, the price he might pay for a couple of racehorses.

Of course, it may fairly be contended that many, if not all of these statesmen, are rich enough to be quite independent of their political earnings. To be able to treat statesmanship as a lucrative hobby. But it cannot be denied that such abilities as theirs would have commanded much greater rewards in other walks of life.

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MONEY IN POLITICS. Wealthy in Other Businesses. "I had stuck to my profession and left politics severely alone," the late Sir William Harcourt is reported to have said towards the end of his life. "I should have been a richer man to-day by at least \$800,000, and I am quite sure many other men who have enjoyed what are called the 'plums of office' could say pretty much the same."

And no doubt the statement was perfectly true, for there is surely no profession which rewards its most gifted followers so poorly as that of politics.

For more than sixty years the late W. E. Gladstone devoted his great abilities and untiring energy to politics for a money reward which did not average the salary of some bank managers or newspaper editors; and this although he spent much more than a quarter of a century in office, and for sixteen of these years drew \$25,000 a year. His official earnings during the whole of his long career, more or less totalled, roughly, \$755,000, representing an average of \$8,275 a year. Had the great statesman devoted himself as enthusiastically to some other profession, he might have hoped to fare as well financially.

The late Duke of Devonshire was a millionaire and a half years in office, and drew \$30,000 of Government money; but his average income from this source, spread over all the years of his political life, was under \$7,000, or less than the pay of an Under Secretary. Viscount Cross was nearly half a century at Westminster for \$30,000, or less than \$5,000 a year—as intimated in a profession. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain would never have grown rich from statesmanship as he has done from commerce; for in a quarter of a century all his takings were \$185,000, a sum which he has probably made in a single year of business life in Birmingham. This, too, although he had more than his share of the "plums" in the shape of eleven years of office out of twenty-five years.

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FOR THE PUBLIC. New Formula Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Hoarseness in Five Hours.

Much has been done in these days to stop the ravages of consumption, but probably nothing has been so effective as teaching the public how to break up a cold and cure coughs, bronchitis, tonsillitis, etc., with simple home-mixed medicine. A laxative cough syrup, free from whiskey is the prime need. A cough indicates inflammation and congestion and these in turn are due to an excess of waste and poison in the system. A tonic laxative cough syrup aids the system of congestion, while relieving the painful coughing. Get the following and mix at home. One-half ounce fluid white cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardui and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Shake the bottle and take twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times daily. Give medicine at least according to age. Cut this out and save it for your friend.

Might Be Wrong. Of the members of a certain Chicago club there is one, a good fellow, but a hypocrite and a great trial to his friends by reason of his tendency to dilate tediously upon his bodily ailments.

"I'm everything, Tom," asked a friend in the billiard room one evening, as he slapped the hypochondriac on the back.

"Oh, awful!" replied the unfortunate one, gloomily, "I suffer dreadfully with my hands and feet."

"Pretty tough, old man," was the sympathetic response. "But cheer up, think how much inconvenience you would suffer without them!"

A Boon for the Biliious.—The liver is a very sensitive organ and easily deranged. When this occurs there is an excessive secretion of bile and the acid liquid flows into the stomach and sours it. It is a most distressing ailment, and many are prone to it. In this condition a man finds the best remedy in "Parlee's Vegetable Pills," which are arranged to speedily correct this disorder. There is no better medicine in the entire list of pill preparations.

"None but the brave," she sang, "deserve the fair." The grizzled bachelor bit his lips. "And none but the brave," he appended, "can live with some of 'em."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS. A LITTLE LIFE SAVER. There is no other medicine for little ones as safe as Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets speedily cure stomach and bowels troubles, destroy worms, break up colds, thus preventing deadly croup, little measles and bringing the little life through painlessly.

Mrs. C. A. Weaver, Saskatchewan, writing to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones, and they are of great service in cases of colds, stomach and bowels troubles, and other minor ailments, and have never known them to fail in possibly restoring the child's health. I think there is no medicine for babies like the Tablets. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box and the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Bensonhurst.—Does your wife find fault with the size of the flat? "Yorkville—There isn't room for complaint."—Smart Set.

"I say," asked Jenks as he walked into Binks' shop, sample case in hand, "can a cowhide in a best sheep?" "Binks wasn't at all slow."

"No," he said, "but calfskin."

"Do you pay your servants by the week, by the month, or by the year?" "Mercy! How long do you think they stay with us? We have to pay them by the hour."

Would-Be-Hunter.—Aw, me man, what's the game law limit in this locality? "A guide (grimly)—Two deer and one guide.—Life.

Clean Bread, Well Wrapped. Everyone who makes, handles, buys and eats Clean Bread realizes the great danger from impurities to which bread is subject from the time it leaves the oven until it reaches the mouth of the consumer, because of so frequent, and often careless handling. Bread wrappers were first made in Canada by The Baking Company, Ltd., of Toronto, and have since been adopted by leading bakers of Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto and elsewhere. Postal Bread Wrappers are coming into more general use.

From a clean, wholesome, sanitary point of view, the standard of bread wrapped immediately upon being taken from the oven, appeals to every consumer as an important move in the direction of a better quality of bread. When there are impurities in the water supply of any of our cities, the public immediately demand that the authorities do something to prevent contamination, and to stay disease; it seems quite as important that our Bread Supply should be as carefully guarded.

Capital. GRI.

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ELEVATOR QUE.

Manitoba Grain Private Committee Government.

On January 5th the committee will be pointed by the Manitoba's association will to local government to its position and outline providing a system of owned elevators through.

The Grain Growers comprises D. W. McCune, vice-president, R. McTavish, and R. J. Aisling, Peter Wright, Geo. H. S. Wood and R. M. Will of the association. Its committee has added president of the Grain Co. The grainator has already met the principle at some will have something to sent to the government announcement has yet to details. All the committee will be there will be a night. The meeting through Tuesday, and their plans will be discussed. The feeling of the G. as expressed by member Nitte, is that of the decision with the government out a practicable schedule the elevator system be on a secure basis, grain grower will be secure just returns. The chief problem of grain growers and it is expected, will be ment of a proper handle the elevator system is secured. The grain officially demanded that the won should be in full.

Agents Wanted. To push and sell a full line of The Willett Binders, Mowbray, Rake, Shovelers, Shock Leaders, Etc. Apply HENRY W. KING, Regina. Western Representative. W. N. U. No. 772.

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AGENTS WANTED Manufacturing Company wants man to sell direct to farmers, good seller. Every farmer wants one 70 per cent. profit. Experience valuable but unnecessary. Postal to day brings party orders. "Handy" Fence Stretcher Co., Sarona, Ont.

FURS Do you trap or buy furs? Buy furs from the largest dealer. Lowest prices. Your furs insured. I pay mail and express free. Also largest dealer in Beehives, Beekeeping, etc. Quotations and shipping tags free.

JOHN HALLAM, TORONTO

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THE Capital City Flour Mills

GRISTING MERCHANTS, CHOPPING, MILLING

Now in Full Operation

With the completest outfit of the latest improved Milling Machinery procurable. The most careful selection of the highest grade of wheat coming into the market. The milling staff the most capable available on the continent. They aim to produce a flour equal to any in the market bar none. Their special aim is to capture the local, neighboring and gristing business. To succeed in this they realize that they must produce the proper goods. This they are determined to do.

Give the best patent, "The Best Yet Brand," or the second grade, "The Capital," a trial.

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE

Mason & Risch Pianos

Advertisement for Mason & Risch Pianos, featuring an illustration of a piano and text: "SOLD DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO HOME ONE GRADE ONE PRICE ONE PROFIT Factory Branch SCARTH STREET REGINA, SASK."

ELEVATOR QUESTION

Manitoba Grain Growers Nominate Committee to Meet Government.

On January 5th the committee appointed by the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association will meet with the local government to discuss the proposition and outline a scheme for providing a system of government-owned elevators throughout Manitoba.

The Grain Growers' committee comprises D. W. McCuaig, president of the association; R. C. Henderson, vice-president; R. McKendry, secretary, and R. J. Avison, F. W. Kerr, Peter Wright, Geo. H. Malcolm, J. S. Wood and R. M. Wilson, directors of the association. In addition the committee has added T. A. Crear, president of the Grain Growers' Grain Co. The grain growers elevator has already met and discussed the principle at some length, and will have something definite to present to the government, although no announcement has yet been made as to details. All the members of the committee will be in Winnipeg, and there will be a meeting Monday night. The meeting will continue through Tuesday, and on Wednesday their plans will be discussed with the government.

The feeling of the Grain Growers, as expressed by members of the committee, is that of hearty co-operation with the government in working out a practicable scheme which will place the elevator system of Manitoba on a secure basis, where every grain grower will be assured that he will secure just returns for his crop. The chief problem confronting the grain growers and the government, it is expected, will be the appointment of a proper commission to handle the elevator system, once it is secured. The grain growers have officially demanded that the commission should be in full charge of the

BROWN GETS DAMAGES

Twenty-five Dollars Per Acre Allowed for Land in Qu'Appelle Valley.

Justice Cassels has handed out judgment in the case of King vs. Jas Brown, by which he awarded compensation to defendant Brown, in the sum of \$47,216, with interest thereon from the date of the expropriation of the land in question in the action, together with costs of the action. In this case the Dominion government had caused a flooding of some 1,277 acres of land belonging to defendant Brown on the Qu'Appelle river in Saskatchewan, by erecting a dam at Craven, below the junction of the Qu'Appelle river, and the Outlet of Long Lake at Last Mountain Lake for the purpose of improving the navigation of Last Mountain Lake. The effect of the dam, which was erected in January 1906, was to hold back the waters in the river and cause them to overflow the meadow lands of defendant Brown, had filed a petition of right for damages but in the progress of the trial it became apparent that the effect of the dam was to expropriate an eastment of flooding over 1037 acres of meadow lands of the defendant, destroying the land for hay purposes, the only use to which they could be put by the defendant. The amount of compensation above mentioned is based upon a valuation of \$25 an acre for the land flooded and includes certain other elements of damage sustained by the defendant.

Fire at Grenfell.

Grenfell, Sask., Dec. 30.—A bad fire broke out here this evening shortly after supper, entailing a loss of approximately \$10,000, partly covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown. It started in the cellar of a cafe owned by the Grenfell Milling Co. The next building to it, the jewelry store of R. B. Taylor, caught fire in no time, both buildings being totally destroyed. They were both old frame buildings and the loss is more on the contents of the jewelry store of R. B. Taylor who carried at least \$6,000 stock. The fire brigade did good work and saved the office of John Walker, situated north of the restaurant. The stone building south of Taylor's store escaped unharmed. The government telephone system suffered burnt wires and one burnt pole. Minard's Liniment Cures Diarrhoea.

FARM WEALTH

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Farms of the United States, with their buildings, implements and stock are today worth almost thirty billion dollars. This is 44 per cent. more than in 1900. No such increase in agricultural values was ever before known in the history of the world in any country.

These statements are contained in a bulletin sent out by the Orange Judd Farmer, a Chicago publication, telling of the census of American agriculture to be published in its January number. The figures compiled, show that the number of farms has grown from one million in 1850 to nearly seven million in 1900.

The western section, including New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and other states, according to the census, has shown an increase of 100 per cent. in the last decade, and increase of 98 per cent. in value and 111 per cent. in products. The figures show that there were 295,000 farms in Illinois, which gave \$587,000,000 worth of products. Only Texas and Iowa exceeded Illinois in production.

Big Deputation.

A special train with one hundred delegates arrived in the city today. The deputation is from Weyburn and intend asking several pertinent questions of the Scott government. Among their demands is the immediate establishment of a judicial district with Weyburn as centre. They will also ask why the Scott government did not insist on the G.T.P. south line running into that town when the bonds were guaranteed. In reference to the last subject a former deputation received a straight promise from the government.

MOOSE JAW FILIBUSTER.

Hubert Kincaid, the Moose Jaw filibuster, arrived in New York on Monday with a companion, S. R. Parker. Of the nine who joined the expedition to Brazil, two met with violent deaths, one died of wounds and imprisonment, the leader went insane and the fifth is still in prison.

DEATH OF OLD TIMER

Mrs. Purdy, of Condie, Passes Away—Settled Here in Eighty-three.

By the death of Mrs. Thos. F. Purdy, one of the earliest pioneers of the Condie district passed away at the home of her son, R. E. Purdy, at Condie, on Wednesday, December 32nd.

Born in New York in January, 1836 shortly after the arrival of her parents in that city from Buckinghamshire, England, coming shortly afterwards with her parents to western Ontario, where she received such education as the schools of those early days afforded, she married Mr. Thos. F. Purdy when she was seventeen years old. During her married life she lived in several places in western Ontario—Dresden, Sutherland's Corners (now Cairo), on a farm in Euphemia township, near Bothwell, and then in the spring of 1883 removed to Assinibola, coming to Brandon so early that she had to walk some days for a passenger train. Her husband had come west in 1882, driving from Brandon to Boggy Creek before the railroad to that part of the country had been finally located.

Mr. and Mrs. Purdy helped with the first Methodist church in Regina, and some of the first services held in the country north of town were conducted in their home. They were all glad to help in any way possible with the good work soon begun by other denominations.

In 1896, having seen several sons safely started on their homesteads, Mr. and Mrs. Purdy returned to Ontario, buying a farm near Wardsville, but a number of times since Mrs. Purdy, at first accompanied by her husband, since his death coming alone, has spent a few months at a time with her children in the west.

In the spring of 1908 she came again, spending the summer at Kinistino, where two sons, William J. and Fred reside.

Of the surviving sons two live at Wardsville, one in Toronto, Ont., one in Ridgeway, Ont., two at Kinistino and one at Condie, in Saskatchewan. Her only daughter died some years ago. Besides her sons, eighteen grandchildren survive her.

After Treasurer.

Moabridge, S.D., Dec. 30.—One hundred feet north and one hundred feet west, of where this stone stood, you will find some papers that will do you lots of good.

This strange missive crudely carved on a stone tablet and buried with the bones of a man and woman nearly a century ago, made A. W. Vail, general foreman of the Milwaukee road think he had been reading "Gold Bug" or "Treasure Island" when he found a grave one mile east of Moabridge, a few days ago.

He at first thought it was a hoax, but on digging as indicated found the hollow home of some animal, and in this bone which was plugged at both ends a piece of parchment covered with writing in French. He will not disclose the exact wording of the matter on the parchment until he can go to Alabama, and look into the authenticity of it; but he says it pertains to a grant of land in Alabama made by the government to one Pierre La Moure, in 1839. The parchment was dated that year, while the tablet bears the date of 1842.

Seed Fairs.

A series of seed grain fairs have been arranged for the month of January, at which the best grain grown in the province will be exhibited. The series held before the holiday season were confined largely to the north portion of the province, and with the exception of one or two points along the main line of the C.N.R. next month's fairs will be held in the south. The list of seed fairs is as follows:

- January 4.—Abernethy.
January 4.—Windthorst.
January 5.—Kenedy.
January 6.—Maple Creek.
January 6.—Strassburg.
January 8.—Mortlach.
January 10 and 11.—Moose Jaw.
January 11.—North Battleford.
January 12.—Paynton.
January 13.—Dundurn.
January 13 and 14.—Lloydminster.
January 15.—Saskatoon.
January 17.—Langham.
January 17.—Lundum.
January 19.—Stoughton.

Eleven Newfoundland cruisers and their crews of sixty men are believed to have been lost in the Christmas blizzards while great destruction to property throughout this island province has resulted. The storm which reached its height on Sunday raged for six days, but today had abated considerably. All telegraph lines in the interior of the colony are down and reports from inland points are slow in reaching here. The town of Placentia was flooded for three days and the principal business street of that place resembles an ocean beach, being piled high with fotsam that was cast up with the high seas. The village of Blackhead, three miles from here was almost swept away. This December has been the stormiest month experienced on the Newfoundland coast for half a century, and it is estimated its cost to the fisheries and general trade is more than three quarters of a million dollars.

FROZEN AT YELLOW GRASS

Farmer Simmonds Lost in Friday's Storm—Leaves a Family.

Yellow Grass, Sask., Jan. 2.—Henderson Simmonds, an elderly farmer living in the Rough Bark district, was frozen to death in Friday night's storm.

The deceased left Lang on Friday afternoon to drive home and was overtaken by the blizzard. He lost the trail, and apparently became too cold to remain in the sleigh, so got out, unhitched the team and continued on foot, and finally overcome by the cold and perished.

On Saturday Ross Sissons, who lives four miles southeast of here noticed a team standing a long time in one place. On going over to investigate, he was horrified to see the body of Mr. Simmonds half buried in the snow. He at once notified the authorities here and the remains were brought in.

An inquest held last night resulted in a verdict of accidental death by freezing.

The deceased leaves a widow, a son and a daughter, Mrs. McKee in this district, and two married daughters in Iowa, to mourn his loss. The remains are being taken south tonight for interment.

EXPLOSION AT MONTREAL

Many Injured at C.P.R. Depot at Montreal by Explosion of Gas.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—The results of the explosion of gas at the Place Viger station on Friday night, have been found to be slightly less serious than was feared. It being at first difficult to determine the extent of the injuries, as most of the victims were unconscious. Reports received from the hospitals this morning show that there are now sixteen victims at the various institutions. Of these twelve have fractured or dislocated legs, while the other four have their legs so badly swollen that a diagnosis has as yet been impossible. All the victims are doing well and no fatalities are anticipated.

Practically every one of the injured received fractures or other injuries to their lower limbs, generally around the ankles, although several sustained injuries to their thighs. This was caused by the gas explosion suddenly hurling the platform up several feet and then dropping with the heavy crowd.

An investigation was held by the Canadian Pacific officials on Saturday morning, when it was found that the disaster was caused by frost cracking the half inch pipe which feeds the Finch gas at a pressure of 150 pounds to the square inch, to the tank of the passenger cars. This had escaped through the cinder layer under the frozen surface and collected under the plank platform, until probably a match dropped by some smoker had exploded it.

REASON RESTORED

Shock from Wreck Restores Reason—Was Being Deported.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 28.—An aged Canadian, E. J. Bailey, being taken back to Winnipeg because he had been declared hopelessly insane, and ordered deported by the federal authorities, has recovered his reason.

It was due to a jolting received in the wreck of the Winnipeg flyer at Monticello, Minn., Dec. 18.

Mr. Bailey is a prosperous retired Manitoba farmer. In September he lost much of his money to some Winnipeg men, it is said. Then he went to visit a married daughter, Mrs. Jas Butterfield, Tempealeau, Wisconsin. While there his mind gave way. He was sent to Milwaukee and Chicago for treatment, but doctors said the malady was incurable. The United States federal authorities heard of the case and the old man was ordered taken back to Winnipeg.

James Butterfield, son-in-law, had him in charge. They left Minneapolis on the Winnipeg flyer which was ditched.

When the wreck occurred and while the people were hurrying to and fro locating their relatives and friends, and while all was confusion, Mr. Bailey asked the crew: "What train is this please?"

During his illness Mr. Bailey had been very peaceful. When Butterfield found the old man he resisted efforts to take him from the scene of the wreck. It was then seen that the man's mind had been restored.

Mr. Bailey has no recollection of anything that happened since he was stricken ill. He is now in Winnipeg. Webb Bailey, another son, who was in the Twin cities yesterday on his way back to Chicago, says he will apply to the federal authorities for permission to bring his father back to this country.

BAD FIRE AT HEWARD

Montjoy Brothers Lose Fine Store and Large Stock of Goods.

Heward, Sask., Dec. 30.—Fire broke out about 11 a.m. today in the apartments of J. A. Montjoy, in the Montjoy block here, and in a short time completely destroyed the whole building.

The building was a handsome two-story frame structure on the corner of Main street, the ground floor being occupied by Montjoy Bros. hardware store. The second floor contained the tin shop and a large hall as well as the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Montjoy.

The fire is supposed to have started from a gasoline stove in these apartments, and so rapidly did it spread that all the furniture and household goods were destroyed even to their clothes. A portion of the stock was saved. Montjoy Bros. loss will be about \$25,000, about half of which is covered by insurance. The adjoining building occupied by J. W. Woods' implement warehouse was also damaged, and only the efforts of the citizens saved it from total loss.

CHAMBERLAIN

There is no more pathetic personage in the struggle which is now convulsing Great Britain than Joseph Chamberlain, the protagonist of tariff reform. He is now seventy-three years of age and compelled by his infirmities, to withhold himself from active participation in the fight. But his voice is still heard and still influential, in the form of short letters reiterating his opinions as to the essential principles on which the British Empire depends.

The editor of a Scottish newspaper was one day compelled for his sins to make a transfer of trains at Birmingham. He hired a cab and was a little surprised at his driver pointing out a man to him and saying: "Do you know who that is? That's Joseph Chamberlain, mayor of Birmingham and future prime minister of Great Britain."

His career may be divided into three chapters barring the great exception of business ability by which he accumulated a fortune. The first recites the splendid services he rendered to the city of Birmingham. He was the most urgent exponent, and one of the earliest, of the municipal ownership of public utilities. He hammered this principle into the minds of the citizens of Birmingham against all odds with the result that they have saved millions upon millions of pounds sterling.

Drawn from municipal into national politics, his next achievement was that of being the first man to expound the theory of "back to the land" as the main question of political salvation. Lampedon under the name of "three acres and a cow," his plea for the fostering of intensive farming was largely unheeded. But since the days of the Newcastle programme all English-speaking nations have given very grave thought to the question which he raised.

Mr. Chamberlain refused to follow Mr. Gladstone in his policy of Home Rule. It was freely asserted at the time that he did so because Mr. Gladstone was an obstacle to the gratification of his personal ambition. Events, however, have not justified that contention. For the last and most splendid chapter of his life has been his magnificent contributions to the cause of Imperial solidarity. City, state and Empire; these have exacted the exercise of his public spirit and in no one of these spheres will the integrity of his motives or the wonderful presence of his intellect be questioned now. Joseph Chamberlain must be admitted to be one of the greatest and least selfish men of the Anglo-Saxon race has ever produced.

The centenary of the birth of William Ewart Gladstone was celebrated not only in the land of his birth but in countries like Greece, the Balkans and Armenia, whose people still cherish the memory of the statesman's exertions in their behalf. Many foreign delegations joined in the services which were held in Westminster at Hawarden, where Mr. Gladstone died on May 19, 1898, and at other points throughout the country, largely attended memorial meetings were held. The statue of Gladstone in the Strand was fairly hidden beneath floral offerings that had come from all parts of the world while his tomb in Westminster Abbey was covered with tributes, including a large silver wreath received from the government of Bulgaria.

Armed with the statement signed by Premier Rutherford and the Attorney-General Cross during the provincial election last year promising the establishment of a Rutherford training school for teachers, at an outlay of \$3,000, a large delegation representing the Rutherford settlers of northern Alberta, and headed by William Polekoff, of Edmonton, waited upon Premier Rutherford asking him to redeem his promise and undertake the immediate construction of a Rutherford training school in Edmonton.

The C.N.R. will build a large hotel in Brandon.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds.

Local and General

A. E. Whitmore spent New Year's day in Vancouver.

Winnipeg exhibition dates for this year are July 13-23.

\$17,000 has been subscribed toward the Greater Regina club.

Fire in the Kronau hotel Christmas day did \$250 damage.

Cameron & Heap are building a distributing warehouse at Weyburn.

The Balgonie Observer is the latest addition to the newspapers of this district.

J. H. Haslam is again in the city after spending Christmas at his home in St. Paul.

J. M. Lamb, secretary of the western Canada baseball league has moved to Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Westgate and daughter of Foxleigh spent New Year's in Regina.

A. S. Wells, president of the Regina Trades and Labor Council, is seriously ill with pneumonia.

T. Darlington Whitmore, city engineer of Moose Jaw, has resigned his position and will locate in Regina.

J. T. Gordon of Gordon, Ironsides & Fares, was in the city yesterday inspecting the local branch of that firm.

Regina won the first game of the senior hockey league on Thursday night. Moose Jaw was the loser by 5 to 2.

Dan Donald, of Vancouver, a former resident of Regina, has been spending a few weeks in the city and vicinity.

Dr. Dow who returned to the city about three months ago, was on Saturday committed to the Brandon asylum.

W. Nelson, of the McCarthy Supply Co., has been called to St. Paul owing to the serious illness of his mother.

Miss Florence Dowson, a nurse in training at the Victoria hospital, died of typhoid fever last week. Her home is in Broadview.

H. F. Mytton leaves today to attend the annual meeting of the Bank of Commerce, which is held at the head office in Toronto.

Last week Judge Hannon sentenced E. Thevnauld to the Edmonton penitentiary for three years for obtaining money under false pretences.

C. B. Keepley of Regina, is publishing a book entitled "The House that is to be Built for Jehovah." It treats of missions.

The Palmistier Sisters will give an entertainment in the city hall on January 17th, under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias.

Harry Flowers has severed his connection with Peart Bros., and will be travelling salesman for Marshall, Wells & Co., out of this city.

Clayton Peterson has announced his intention of making a large addition to the Clayton House. Fifty new rooms will be the extent of the addition.

Dand and Woods have secured the contract for Fred Crapper's new South street store. The building will be 25x75 and is of handsome design.

The registrar of vital statistics has handed out the following interesting figures pertaining to the past month: number of births, 27; marriages 29; deaths 24.

Jim Parks and "Kraft Paper" is the new combination. This will know traveller has entered the employ of the H. W. Laird Co., and Kraft Paper will be one of his principal lines.

A semi-weekly passenger service has been instituted on the line running west from Weyburn, running as far as Foxburg. The train will leave Weyburn Tuesdays and Fridays returning the same days.

The Federal Life Assurance Company have divided their western field and have chosen Regina as headquarters for Saskatchewan. J. P. Bishop of Brandon, will be the company's manager here.

Nicholson & Bain, wholesale grocers, have arranged to establish a branch of their business in Regina. Temporary quarters have been secured from H. A. Knight until their warehouse can be built.

Theodore Heck, of Strassburg, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Heck and his brother are extensive farmers in the Strassburg district. Last year they raised 12,000 bushels of wheat, 3,500 bushels of oats and a quantity of other cereals.

A. E. Chivers, of the provincial municipal department, has been appointed city clerk at a salary of \$1,900. G. S. Gamble is city auditor at a salary of \$500, and J. C. Wilkinson received an increase of \$150 as city assessor.

"Resolved that free homesteads should be abolished," was the subject of debate on Thursday night between representatives from the Columbus Club and Knox Church. The Columbus Club advocating the affirmative were winners.

Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Property

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF SASKATCHEWAN, JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF REGINA.

In the matter of the Land Titles Act and in the matter of a certain mortgage made by Ole A. Knudtson to Thomas H. Hassard.

Between
Thomas H. Hassard,
Plaintiff,
and
Ole A. Knudtson, Wilson & Weir, and
William J. Hyde
Defendants.

Pursuant to the order of Mr. Justice Johnstone made hereon on the 1st day of March, A.D. 1909, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on the 2nd day of February, 1910, under the direction of Sheriff A. B. Cook, of the Judicial District of Regina, at his office in the City of Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon, the South-East Quarter of Section 2, Township 18, Range 16, West of the Second Meridian, in the Province of Saskatchewan.

Terms: Twenty-five per cent of the purchase price down and the balance on the delivery of the transfer duly confirmed within two months from the date of the sale. The deposit to be forfeited if the purchaser fails to complete the purchase and accept the transfer.

Sold subject to a First Mortgage of \$1,200.00, and two seed grain liens amounting to \$148.36 and interest, and \$14.48 taxes for 1907 and 1908 and taxes for the current year.

The plaintiff to have the right to bid at the sale.

For further particulars and conditions apply to
EMBURY, WATKINS & SCOTT,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff,
Regina, Sasv.

Dated at Regina, this 24th day of November, A.D., 1909. 35-13

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

THE WESTERN SCHOOL SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED

Pursuant to special resolutions passed at meetings of the said Company held at the City of Regina on the 8th and 16th days of December, A.D., 1909, by which George S. Peacock was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the said Company, the Creditors of the said Company are on or before the 11th day of March, A.D. 1910, required to send by post, prepaid to the said Liquidator, George S. Peacock, Regina, Saskatchewan, or to the undersigned solicitors, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, full particulars of the indebtedness of the Company to them, statements of their securities, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and in default of so doing within the time above limited, any rights to relief on account of such indebtedness will be barred.

DATED at Regina this 28th day of December, A.D., 1909.

EMBURY, WATKINS & SCOTT,
Solicitors for George S. Peacock,
Liquidator.

Last week J. F. Frame received word of the death of his father at Halifax. The late Mr. Frame was a member of the Nova Scotia legislature for some time and of late has been inspector of weights and measures for that province.

The Regina Cartage Co. has been formed with J. B. Fodey, president, J. J. Smith, secretary, Treasurer, Wm. Keay, managing director and Messrs. Grady and J. L. Parsons as directors. Temporary offices are at Wm. Keay's on Hamilton street.

S. C. Trowhitt, of the Regina branch of the Bank of Montreal, has been transferred to the Regina agency. As a runner he has won many trophies in Manitoba competitions and is also well known as an able hockeyist, cricketer and soccer player.

New Year's morning, A. E. Gibbs was awakened by the screaming of his cat. On going to the store part of the building he discovered that the place was on fire. The building is completely destroyed and the loss is only partly covered by insurance.

The annual sale for the benefit of the children's home will be held at the auction mart 1790 Broad street on Wednesday, Jan. 12th. Goods will be received any time. A handsome contribution to this worthy institution would be greatly appreciated by the trustees.

The Rev. John McDougall, the veteran western missionary delivered one of the most interesting addresses of the year before the Canadian Club on Wednesday. His subject was, "Western Canada and True Patriotism." He predicted a time when every farmer will be within ten miles of a railroad.

The provincial secretary of the Imperial South African Service Association is in receipt of a letter to the effect that Hon. Frank Oliver said the petition from the association offering to give their services to the country for a period of ten years, in return for a grant of 320 acres was again before the House for consideration and would be discussed after the first of the year.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL CLEAN SWEEP SALE CONTINUES ALL THIS WEEK

AN \$80 FUR COAT FOR \$59.50



Made of finest material throughout, lined with prime Muskrat, collar of full-furred Canadian Otter and deep notched. The swellest coat shown this season but we don't want to carry them over so you can have one for \$59.50

BOYS SUITS REDUCED

Our new Spring stock of boy's clothing is now on its way. Will soon be knocking at the stockroom door for admittance. We must have room. Therefore—20 per cent. straight discount on all boy's suits.

BIG BUSINESS IN OUR MEN'S SUIT AND OVERCOAT SECTIONS

We are busier in this section than in the ordinary busy season—There's a reason. Every suit, every overcoat reduced in price. The reductions vary from 10 per cent. to 33 1-3. They were splendid value at the regular figures and shrewd buyers have been quick to take advantage of the discounts. Let our salesmen show you through. See what we can do at \$12.00.

YOUR PICK OF ANY WINTER CLOTH CAP IN OUR STOCK FOR \$1.00

Choose from all of our stock. We want to clear the balance out so you may pick from caps-valued as high as \$1.75, including all storm band caps, some with fur bands, others with knitted bands. To clear them out at \$1.00

A Bargain in Boots for the Skating Season

We are selling today a Man's Hockey Boot made of good strong leather, with large brass eyelets, just the kind of shoe for hockeyists. Price \$2.50 and \$3.00

We also have the boys in the same line at \$2.00 and \$2.50

McPhersons lightning hitch hockey and skating boots for Men, Boys and outas; and also a few pairs of Women's and Misses' lightning hitch hockey boots.

We are carrying a complete range of Misses', Women's and Children's Overgaiters, Spats and Leggings in all the leading colors.

ANKLE SUPPORTS AND RAWHIDE LACES FOR-SKATERS

Persons with weak ankles should not attempt to skate without first supporting their ankles with a pair of our Ankle Supports. Price 25c.

Bed Linen and Blankets

Now is the time to lay in a stock of Bed Linen and Blankets. We handle all the best makes and you are assured of satisfaction.

WINTER WEAR

Sweater Coats for women and children, Toques, Scarfs, Mitts, etc., in fact all our knitted woollen goods must go at reduced prices that means big savings for you.

A Bargain from the Grocery Store

7 lb. tin of the celebrated E. D. Smith Marmalade, regular \$1.00 a tin, for 75c
Salmon, regular 2 for 25c at 10 tins for \$1.00
Genuine French Royon Sardines, the 20c kind at 2 for 25c
3 lb. tin of Pears, Horse Shoe brand, a quality that is favorable known, regular 35 c tin for 25c.

HOUSEFURNISHING DEPT.

We have specials in our House Furnishing Department that will surprise you. Why? Not because they are being sold below cost to us or to the manufacturer as you often see advertised. No, we are making a living profit. It is because we buy right, we are in touch with the best markets in the world and have the confidence of the manufacturers. Following is a list that should appeal to the thrifty housekeeper.

50 Axminster Rugs worth \$4.00 each, sold in the regular way. Just put in stock. Sale price \$2.85

Clean Sweep Sale of Wall Paper, 4,000 rolls to sell soon as possible. Prices we are putting on it will do the trick quickly. 35c

600 square yards good strong hard-wearing Oil cloth, best floor covering we have ever shown at the price, 6 good patterns, worth 45c. Sale price 35c

50 Rolls Sanitas Wall Covering, best covering for baths, kitchens, etc. Never sold under 35c a yard. 12 yards in a roll. Our special price on these 50 rolls only, each \$3.00

HORSE BLANKETS



Wool Blankets, well lined and finished.
Regular \$3.25 for \$2.75
Regular \$2.50 for \$2.00
Regular \$2.00 for \$1.75
Regular \$1.50 for \$1.25

DUCK BLANKETS

Regular \$3.50 for \$2.75
Regular \$2.75 for \$2.25

HALTERS

1 inch Solid Leather Halters, regular \$1.00 for 60c.
1 1/4 inch Solid Leather Halters, regular \$1.10, 75c.

NEW GURNEY OXFORD CHANCELLOR STEEL RANGE FOR \$55

You here see the swellest medium priced steel range on the market. Notice the convincing merits that quickly interest the most critical buyers.

Large roomy warming closet, with drop door, when down will act as a shelf to rest dishes on.

The dividing strip on top of oven ensures an even fire, travels over front as well as back of oven also expanding metal and asbestos on top and down sides. These points prove why it bakes best. Grates pull right out and can be quickly adapted to coal or wood use without disturbing lining, fitted with new reversible grate, round cornered firebox that prevents clogging of ashes; feet on base thus easy to clean; large broiling top. A slight turn of the crank and the front section is lifted at an angle. It is noiseless in action and easy to operate.

The Regina Trading Co. LIMITED
Western Canada's Greatest Store

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four price
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Vol. 11 No. 41

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