
1110,

PREMIER LEAVES FOR CONFERENCE

Sir Wilfrid and Ministers Given a Splendid Send-Off.

QUESTIONS TO DISCUSS

Building of the New Navy To Be an Important Subject.

Ottawa, May 11.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Canada's representatives at the Imperial Conference, left Ottawa this afternoon to sail on the Virginian for Liverpool tomorrow. Accompanying the ministerial party were Lady Borden and Miss Borden, Madame Brodeur, Mr. J. G. Desharats, Deputy Minister of Naval Affairs; Sir Wilfrid's nephew, Robert Laurier, and the ministers' secretaries.

Sir Wilfrid goes through by train tonight to Quebec, where he will board the Virginian tomorrow afternoon. The other members of the party take the steamer at Montreal.

A Fine Send-Off.

At the depot Sir Wilfrid was given a royal send-off by his colleagues in the Government, a large number of members of Parliament and many of the Premier's host of personal friends in the capital. He left in splendid health and spirits, despite the constant and heavy strain of a long session of Parliament. Indeed, in point of buoyancy of spirits and physical endurance the Premier is still one of the youngest members of his cabinet, and is apparently good for many years of arduous public service yet. First in rank among the overseas premiers at the conference, his is also first in point of his experience of preceding similar councils of the empire. This is his fourth conference, and he is the only surviving member of the conference of 1897.

While the Canadian ministers will take part in the discussion of all the subjects on the agenda for the conference which opens on the 23rd inst., they will take the initiative in making proposals with regard to only two of three subjects. Canada is anxious to secure the speedy realization of the all-Red route scheme, and, with Premier Ward of New Zealand, Sir Wilfrid will urge upon the Imperial and Australian Governments the desirability of taking another forward step by coming to some definite agreement looking to the inauguration of a fast service subsidized by the British, Great Britain and Canada on the Atlantic, and between Canada and Australia and New Zealand on the Pacific.

Sir Wilfrid will also urge the adoption of a uniform naturalization law, whereby naturalization papers secured in any one part of the empire will be recognized as constituting British citizenship in any other part of the King's dominions.

Imperial Questions.

Another question that will be brought up by the Canadian representatives will be the revision of the status of foreign consuls-general in the overseas capitals. At present no official status can be given any of the representatives of foreign powers at Ottawa, and all diplomatic negotiations must be officially conducted through the medium of the Imperial home and foreign offices. The red tape thus involved sometimes results in vexatious delays, although practically the Canadian interests as a self-governing dominion have never suffered of late years. As a matter of fact, diplomatic negotiations affecting trade matters have of late been carried on directly by the Canadian Government with the various countries through the medium of their consuls-general here. It is now proposed to give them an official status in keeping with the dignity of their representative position, and to officially recognize them as semi-diplomatic agents for direct communication with their respective countries in matters affecting purely Canadian interests. Where Imperial interests are concerned there will, of course, be the usual reference of negotiations to the colonial office.

Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. Mr. Brodeur will take up with the war office and the admiralty questions of detail with regard to the working out of the Imperial defence scheme in military and naval matters. Hon. Mr. Brodeur and Deputy Minister Desharats will consult with the admiralty in reference to the organization of the Canadian navy and the construction of the new vessels. They will also negotiate with the British firms who have tendered on the ten cruisers and destroyers as to plans for establishing plants in Canada for the building of these warships.

During the coronation ceremonies Sir Wilfrid will be the personal guest of His Majesty King George. Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues expect to return to Ottawa the third week in July. Meanwhile Sir Richard Cartwright will be acting premier.

ONE FIRM APPROACHED

Regarding the Rumored Hardware Merger.

The only firm in London which has been approached regarding the hardware merger is the Hobbs Hardware Company. Mr. Whitcomb, manager of the firm, stated to The Advertiser that about a year ago the company was approached, and at that time gave the representative of the merger a price at which they would sell. Nothing whatever has been done since.

There are four wholesale hardware firms in London, the Hobbs Hardware, D. H. Howden & Co., J. Cowan & Co., and the Wright Hardware. Members of the last three have stated that they have not been approached regarding the matter at any time.

A BATTLE IN THE AIR

[Canadian Press.] London, May 12.—There will be a battle in the air at Henton today as a practical demonstration of the value of aeroplanes and airships in war time. Claude Grahame-White, Mons. Bleriot, Mr. Lorraine, Captain Cody and other noted aviators will show by bomb-dropping on battleships chalked on the grass and on sheds representing forts, the deadly work of aerial craft. They will also show how aeroplanes may be carried to besieged places, and tests of speed efficiency.

ORTIE M'NAMIGAL MAY NOT BE USED

New Move By Prosecution in Dynamite Case.

HAVE NEW EVIDENCE

"Confessions" Not Likely To Be Introduced in Charge Against McNamaras.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 12.—A Los Angeles dispatch to the Tribune says: Ortie E. McNamigal will not be called as a witness for the prosecution when the two McNamara brothers are brought to trial on the grand jury indictment charging them with murder in the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building. At a conference between District Attorney John F. Fredericks and three of his associates yesterday this procedure was decided upon.

McNamigal may not even be brought into court during the trial, and it is said that the various confessions which he has made will not be used against either of the two McNamaras on the murder charges. The county prosecuting officers believe it will not be necessary to call McNamigal as a witness. It is said that within the last two days Mr. Fredericks has obtained new information which will be used in corroborating the statements made by McNamigal.

It was ascertained by E. B. Mills, manager, and Malcolm McLaren, an operative of the W. J. Burns Detective Agency here, that McNamigal was photographed while here last December, prior to the explosion at the Times. The photograph was taken at the mission in San Gabriel, while McNamigal was on a trip. Thirty men and women appear in the group picture with McNamigal, and it is believed that some of them can remember the trip and McNamigal, and will be used when McNamigal is tried for dynamiting the Lewellyn Iron Works.

LOCAL GREEK FINED \$50 FOR BRINGING IN GREEKS

Peter Mitigis Appeared in the Police Court at Windsor.

Peter Mitigis, a well-known local Greek peanut vendor, was fined \$50 and costs in the police court at Windsor yesterday for breaking the immigration laws by attempting to bring in three other Greeks.

The quartette were captured at the tunnel entrance by Immigration Officer Brian, and were at once taken to the police headquarters and locked up.

Inspector Brian learned later that Mitigis had conveyed the gang across the river and had undertaken to deliver them safely in London.

One of the men paid \$25, and the other two were ordered to be deported.

BOYS PUT FIRECRACKER IN TELEPHONE POST

Firemen Given a Run to South London Last Evening.

A blazing telephone post at the corner of Elmwood avenue and Edward street, set on fire by some boys, gave the fire department a run last evening about 8:20 o'clock. The pole was so badly burned that it will have to be replaced.

There was a hole in the post, and in it the boys had placed a string of firecrackers. They shot off so many that the pole caught fire. The boys did not tarry to see the results of their fun, but some men passing by saw the post on fire and turned in an alarm. There was a fire box on it, so the department soon discovered where the blaze was. When the fire was put out, the post was almost cut in two.

WORKMAN RESPONSIBLE ONLY TO CONFERENCE

Rev. Dr. Sparling Says That His Dismissal From College Was Illegal.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Que., May 11.—The feature of today's proceedings in the Dr. Sparling case was the evidence of Rev. Dr. Sparling of St. James' Methodist Church, in which the witness stated that in his opinion Dr. Workman had not been legally dismissed. He believed that as a clergyman as well as a professor, he was responsible only to the conference for his religious beliefs, and that the board of the college had no right to dismiss him.

Mr. A. R. Oughtred, one of the board, testified that he had seconded the motion for dismissal, because he believed it the best thing for the Methodist Church, but that he had protected against the legality of the move.

Dr. Workman again was questioned on a number of minor points of belief.

CORDOVA BEHAVES

No Demonstration When Second Cargo of Coal Arrives.

[Canadian Press.]

Cordova, Alaska, May 12.—The steamer Edith, loaded with 2,000 tons of Canadian coal, arrived from Nainital, B. C., last night, and was docked without any demonstration being made by the large crowd of citizens who were on the wharf to greet the vessel.

Many threats had been made that a demonstration similar to that of last week would occur when the Edith arrived with the foreign coal. The authorities, however, posted a large number of deputies at the wharf and announced that any riotous conduct would be met with arrests of all disturbers.

Here's a Fine Grist of Smallman & Ingram News for Mid-May, Saturday. This Store in Summer Array



Last year as early as March we were sizzling with an early attack of summer. It took people unawares, hurried them into their straw hats and summer clothes; made them buy refrigerators and slip covers and fly screens and all other hot weather things they have been meaning to get later on. How much better it is this year. People are having plenty of time this season to make their preparations in advance for the hot days, instead of rushing in search of immediate relief.

The Smallman & Ingram store is the same good summer store; just a little better, we think, in service, in space and comfort, in diversity and desirability of stocks; for one cannot live a busy year without learning. This page today is filled with some of the Smallman & Ingram news that is needed now; will be appreciated later. The best time to get ready for hot weather is when it's cool.

SPLENDID DISPLAY OF SUMMER MILLINERY SATURDAY AT MODERATE PRICES.
Second Floor.

Two Big Towelling Values Sat., 7c and 9c Yard

Over 1,000 yards in the two lots, but the value is such that will make even that quantity look small. Both lines are pure linen. The 7c a Roller and the 9c a plain Tea Towelling, and a dollar's worth of each would be a wise investment even in a small household. Hotels, restaurant and boarding-house keepers will do well to investigate these, as the prices are lower than jobbers' price quotations.

508 Yards Roller Towelling 7c Yard
14½ YARDS FOR \$1.00.

Red or blue borders, warranted all pure linen, and at least regular 10c value. A job lot cleared from an Irish manufacturer, 17 inches wide, and will be cleared Saturday, at 7c a yard, or 14½ yards for \$1.00.

541 Yards Tea Towelling 9c Yard
Plain White, 23 inches wide, pure Linen Tea Towelling, which would be considered good value at 12½c yard. This also will go Saturday at, yard.....9c

Early for these tomorrow.
Linen—Main Floor.

Choice Assortment Ladies' Neckwear

For Saturday Display

STOCK COLLARS, DUTCH COLLARS AND FANCY EMBROIDERED COLLARS, WITH LACE AND EMBROIDERY—LACE TRIMMED, EMBROIDERED AND ALL-LACE JABOTS. Special Dutch Collar and Cuff Sets, in handsome Bebe Irish Lace, at only, a set.....\$1.00
Special Guipure Lace Shawl, coat collars in ecru and white, at each.....50c

Special Assortment of Jabots, 15c

Dainty Embroidered Swiss Mull Jabots, with pretty guipure edge, another specially priced lot for Saturday sale.

See These at Neckwear Counter, Main Floor.

Muslin Sale, 9c Yard, Odds and Ends. 800 Yards Saturday, Worth up to 25c Yard

A general clean-up of all broken lines, odd ends and soiled and mused pieces in white and colored. While all short lengths are included in this sale, it is not a sale of remnants only, as most of the pieces are dress lengths and some longer. All to go at one price, while they last. Come early for your choice. Saturday morning, at yard.....9c

Railway Fares Refunded (for 65 Miles) on \$20.00 Purchases on Saturday

Cortese Orchestra Saturday.

GIGANTIC HARDWARE MERGER UNDER WAY AT MONTREAL

A Union of Firms Involving Sum of Five Millions of Dollars Is About To Be Consummated.

Montreal, Que., May 11.—Another manager involving in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000 is on the verge of consummation. Representatives of seven wholesale houses engaged in the hardware trade met here today to discuss the closing details of one of the most important amalgamations for some time.

Messrs. Jenkins and Hardy, accountants and financial agents of Montreal, associated with Mr. E. W. McCarthy, of New York, are the principal movers in the project to merge all the wholesale hardware establishments of this city and have the deal all but completed. The amount of capital involved in the merger is close to \$5,000,000, and it is likely that Mr. George Caverhill, head of the old established firm of Caverhill, Leitch and Company, will be the chief executive of the new organization.

The firm to which the prospective purchaser companies will be concerned in the amalgamation, but in all likelihood two or three western companies will follow into the fold as soon as the Montreal organization is an accomplished fact.

Western capital, to a large extent, is behind the merger, although some of the wealthy men connected with the trade in this city will retain a considerable interest in the new organization in order to insure its future and in compliance with the wishes of the underwriters of the stock. The new arrangement will have little or no effect upon the present administration of the several companies doing business in the city and provinces, with the exception that there will be a definite understanding regarding the points of conflict between the companies forming the merger so far as the marketing of their wares is concerned.

Prices of hardware, it is held by the promoters, will not be boosted to any appreciable extent, and the cost of selling out to a minimum. The purchasing of products of the factories marketed by the wholesale houses will also be revolutionized, since one buyer will practically conduct the entire arrangements with the manufacturers.

Outside of this there will be no radical changes in the staffs of the different companies.

Dumped Constables Into the Lake

Cobalt, Ont., May 12.—Provincial Constable Mackay and Mr. B. R. Gorton, manager of the Cobalt Lake Mine, had a narrow escape from drowning in Cobalt Lake yesterday afternoon, when a pole which was resting on a charge of "high grading" dumped the canoe in which they were

Tomorrow Paillette Summer Silks 50c Yard

Another big shipment of these excellent wearing Silks just opened up, and include the newest colors, such as tuscany, mauve, electric, champagne, wistaria, olive, old rose, alicia and copenhagen blue; also cream and black. If you haven't selected your summer dress don't pay more before you have seen these. Come Saturday while the range of colors is complete. Positively the greatest value we have offered at this price; soft, rich finish, and drapes beautifully, and highly recommended for wear. Your choice, black or colors, yard.....50c
Silks—Main Floor.

Ladies' Hose Special, 29c

A special purchase of fine Black Gauze Lisle Thread Stockings. These are exceptionally good, and will stand comparison with anything in the trade. Sold regularly at 45c a pair. Beautiful, silky finish, fine as silk in appearance. This is our big leader for the season, but the quantity, though we made a very large purchase to obtain this very low price, will not last long, as it is a good investment to buy now what you will need in a few weeks when by so doing you save a third. They are high-spliced heels, double soles, with deep garter, spliced tops (Hermesdorf dye).

45c Values Saturday, 29c Pair

Also Black Lisle Thread Hose, plain or embroidered in fancy colors; plain black with white feet; also lace ankles in white, tan, black, sky, pink, copenhagen, mauve, champagne, gray, green and old rose, spliced soles and stainless; beautiful quality, at pair.....50c
Hosiery Main Floor.

Skirts Made and Trimmed, \$1.49

TO MEASURE. Any material, in black or colored Dress Goods, three styles. Order Saturday and have your Skirt finished next week.

800 Yards Saturday, Worth up to 25c Yard

Any material, in black or colored Dress Goods, three styles. Order Saturday and have your Skirt finished next week.

See Men's and Boys' Clothing Announcement, Page 7.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

PUT OFF OPERATION UNTIL PRESENTED

Lady Decies Wouldn't Let Appendicitis Interfere With Court Ball.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 12.—Lady Decies, who before her marriage to Lord Decies, was Miss Helen Vivian Gould, underwent an operation for appendicitis this morning. The operation was done at the residence of her mother-in-law, Lady Decies, and according to announcement the result was most satisfactory.

It was rumored last week that she had experienced an attack of appendicitis that would necessitate an operation. At the same time it was said that the operation would be delayed in order not to interfere with the presentation of Lady Decies at the second court of King George on Wednesday night last. Lady Decies was presented as planned and the medical treatment required, has followed after an interval of one day.

JEWISH PERSECUTION.

Yekaterinburg, Russia, May 12.—The provincial governor of Yekaterinburg has given orders for the expulsion from the villages of the province, all Jews who are not possessed of permits of residence. He has also ordered severe punishment for those who disobey.

THIS WEEK?

Start that savings account this week. Start where you know your savings will be safe—with a company that has a reserve fund equal to its paid-up capital. Start with a company incorporated in 1864 that has already paid over five million dollars of interest to depositors and debenture-holders.

Call or write us to-day.
Incorporated 1864

Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co.,

OVER 13 MILLIONS OF ASSETS
London and St. Thomas.

Condensed Advertisements

No Advertisement Accepted Less Than Fifteen Words.
Amusement—Ten cents per line per week.
Deaths—Where no advertisement is given, one cent per word each insertion.
Deaths—Where no advertisement is given, one cent per word each insertion.
Deaths—Where no advertisement is given, one cent per word each insertion.

DEATHS.

FARRIS—At his late residence, 10 Front Street, London, Ontario, on May 11, 1911, Harry Farriss, formerly of London, Ontario, formerly of London, Ontario, formerly of London, Ontario, aged 90 years.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND TONIGHT

At Cripple Creek
Travelling situations in a web of interest and wholesome fun. SPECIAL PRICES—50c, 35c, 25c.

TWICE TOMORROW—21

THE RED M
SELECTED COMPANY
DUTCH KIDDIES.

MONDAY, MAY 15 ONE

GEORGE EVA
Honey Boy Minstrelsy's Brightest Stars.

JAS. J. CORBEE

Interlocutor.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

TONIGHT

'Kelly at Kol
AUDITORIUM.
GENERAL ADMISSION.

Ships

Be sure your tickets are
lowest rates to or from
country.

Montreal

Lowest rates via the
Quebec and Saguenay.

F. B. CLARK

416 Richmond St., next Bank
of Montreal.

LATEST

Sailing lists and information
and other steamship
GENERAL STEAMSHIP AND TOUR
422 Park Avenue (London L)

TONY CORTESE ORCHESTRA

INAL London Harpers. E
located, 201 Maple street.
100.

MAY DANCES—BY REQUEST

LY "Socials" will be con
Monday evening during M
Proctor's excursion. Spect
will have Grand Trunk dep
Detroit vs. Boston
14 and 15.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS—AL

ALBANY, N. Y. Star,
Canada, now for sale at
Thorncliffe. Government per
mit to write or apply
Van Horne G. T. R. agent
or W. E. McGuffin, Canad
ment employment agent, T

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR

balls, banquets. Phone 126.
Italian Harpers, 122 Queen
Oxford street.

WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—
light horse, cheap. Apply E
for farm. Give particulars
Property, Box 104, Advertiser
Oxford street.

TO EXCHANGE—HOUSE

for farm. Give particulars
Property, Box 104, Advertiser
Oxford street.

WANTED—TEN ROOM

house must be centrally re
fined. Box 104, Advertiser
Oxford street.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—FRIDAY MORNING
saddle and Saddlebag. Call
return to Advertiser Office.
Phone 126.

LOST—BLACK ENVELOPE

BOOK, on Monday aftern
returning to this office.
Advertiser Office.

London Advertiser

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LONDON, FRIDAY, MAY 12.

AMERICAN FARMERS FIGHTING RECIPROCITY.

The opposition to the reciprocity agreement in the United States is gathering weight and momentum. The farmers have had time to take concerted action, and are "in funds" through an alliance with the Tariff League, which is a business agency for all trusts. These forces have already reserved their main "argument" for the Senate, where the "in-fund" have hitherto controlled a majority in each party.

The farmers in the border states as a class oppose the agreement on the ground that the tariff is a break-water against a flood of cheaper Canadian products. There can be no doubt that the United States has reached a stage where the tariff has become a protection to the farmers. Canada is a long way from this state of things for several reasons. She exports a much greater proportion of her farm products than does the United States. Her exports of food-stuffs are increasing and those of the United States are shrinking. Production in Canada is growing faster than consumption, and will continue to do so for many years through the increase of the area under crop, whereas in the United States demand is growing faster than supply. In Great Britain before the abolition of the corn laws, the tariff gave the farmer an artificial price for their corn, just as in Germany, Austria and France today the tariff makes food dearer than in England. The United States, which still has a surplus for export, is not yet in the position of Germany, but it is moving in the same direction, and the duties are already operating to some extent to keep prices frequently above an export basis or the level of the world's market, whose prices are fixed in Great Britain. Certainly prices of staple farm products in the United States rule higher than Canadian prices in nearly every week of the year. Under reciprocity also the Canadian farmer in many sections would have an advantage over American competitors in being nearer the great consuming centres of the United States.

The American farmer will not suffer to much as he fears, because Canada's surplus of food for export is small compared with the total production of the United States, and the clearing away of tariff obstructions will render him more independent of the middleman, and bring consumer and producer into more direct relations. But it is easy to appreciate his point of view. He feels that he is being deprived of benefits the tariffs may give him while he must still bear all its burdens. From the standpoint of the Canadian farmer there is nothing to be said against the agreement. Those who pretend that he is being deluged by cheaper American products are flying in the face of facts and figures, and practicing a deception so transparent that it can be seen only by the eye of a party bigot.

LOOKING TO CANADA'S FUTURE.
A bill which will be generally approved by all parties is that introduced by Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior. It is, as he said, "practically a revision of the present forest reserves act." Keenly alive to the timber requirements of Canada, the Government has taken the decisive step of setting apart almost the whole eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains as a forest and park reservation. By a former act some 2,500,000 acres were reserved. This is now to be increased to nearly 17,000,000 acres in 24 reserves. In this region no timber licenses will henceforth be granted. While opponents were clamoring that Dominion timber was to be sacrificed by the reciprocity agreement, the Government within was quietly devising this magnificent plan of conservation.

The bill has not been easy to work out. Conservation without utilization is as wasteful as utilization without conservation. There are the prior rights of licensees already on the ground to be considered. The access of settlers to dry timber, the matter of grazing rights, the delicate point of game protection in which provincial powers must not be infringed upon, the arrangements for fire protection are all so many difficulties that the bill leaves too much arbitrary power in the minister's hands as regards the granting of special privileges, such as the removal of timber or the working of mines and quarries. But Mr. Oliver answered that there was nothing new

in this, the old act leaving the same discretion to the minister. Many minor points of regulation could not profitably be defined in the statute. "We are undertaking the administration of a new responsibility for a purpose which is only in embryo in the public mind, which has not yet been worked out to a detailed conclusion." This is as much as to say, with perfect truth, that the Dominion Government is leading the mind of Canada, not lumbering behind the march of progress.

The general purpose of the bill and wide-reaching measure is made very clear by Mr. Oliver. "We do not propose to hold the timber which is in these forest reserves from use, but we propose to inaugurate a policy which will look to the utilization of the timber and to the reforestation or continued forestation of the land, so that there shall be a continuous supply. Our primary object is to conserve the sources of water supply by the protection and production, or reproduction, of timber or wood around the sources of the water supply."

Asked how utilization could be reconciled with the conservation of Alberta's water courses, the minister replied that a careful study of forestry methods in other countries and of conditions in our own would guide experts in harvesting the reserved timber for the government to place on the market. "With a tree, as with an animal, up to a certain period of its life, its growth will be faster than at any other period, so that, after having arrived at a certain period in life, the growth will be very slight. We believe that when a tree has arrived at the period when its growth has done its quickest work in the production of timber, that is the time to harvest the crop and leave room for the neighboring tree also to come up to that standard of growth."

No emphasis was laid either by the minister or by others on reforestation. It seems to be considered as for the present too expensive for wide adoption. Protection of the young growth by scientific cutting and by fire precautions is the thing insisted on. The bill makes some important provisions for fire protection. "We pay men to enforce the regulations, and if they do not do their duty they ought to be prosecuted," said Mr. Oliver in somewhat abrupt conclusion.

In the drawing of the bill and in his explanation of it, Mr. Oliver has shown diligence, skill and tact. It is a measure of great significance for the Canada of today and still more of tomorrow.

MADE IN GERMANY.
The Lloyd-George scheme of insurance against sickness and invalidity follows the German model. Of the 62,000,000 people in Germany, 25,000,000 are insured against accident, 14,000,000 against sickness, and 15,000,000 against old age and invalidity (incapacity for work from any cause). The contributions for sickness and old age are paid in equal proportions by employers and employees, the Government adding an annuity of \$12.50 for each person. The accident insurance is paid wholly by employers. The sickness insurance is paid equally by employers, employees and the state. The annual benefits for all purposes were \$200,000,000 last year. These figures spell not merely the alleviation of an enormous amount of suffering and sorrow, but the saving of thousands of homes, the conservation of tens of thousands of families and the prevention of many phases of destitution and unemployment. The compulsory contributions have not impaired working-class thrift. German voluntary savings have increased three-fold since the law came into force.

In Great Britain the cost of old age pensions is borne wholly by the state, but the cost of sickness and invalidity insurance will be borne by the employer, the employee, and the state, the three paying 6 cents, 8 cents, and 4 cents, respectively, per week. A firm employing a thousand hands would therefore pay \$50 weekly. The British scheme goes further than the German by providing insurance against unemployment, a much more difficult problem. It will be limited to the engineering, shipbuilding and housebuilding trades at first. The details of this branch of the project are not furnished in the cable dispatches.

Let the Imperial Conference go on. Sir Wilfrid is on his way.

The British Government prefers Germany's social legislation to her fiscal legislation.

Since the affair of the Festival of Empire, many Canadians are no doubt wondering what the battle of Chateauaug was all about. Canadian history is not studied by Canadians as it ought to be.

Lord Willoughby de Broke says that "blood as well as water will flow under the bridges" before the anti-veto bill becomes law. Evidently one peer needs a little blood-letting.

If the Ottawa Opposition blocks reciprocity until September it will do the country a disservice. If it blocks reciprocity until October it will do the Liberal party a service by enabling it to bring on an election.

A London boy, a graduate of the Western University, has won a \$1,000 scholarship at Harvard in post-graduate work. The smaller universities of

Canada have turned out more than their proportion of big men.

New Ontario's 20,000,000-acre clay belt is traversed by two railways, and will be crossed by a third, the Canadian Northern. Yet five short years ago it had not seen a rail or a locomotive, and a party leader spoke of it with contempt.

POSSESSIONS.
[T. P.'s Magazine.]
Why do men toil so constantly for things of which no man hath need?
Ask not my toil. Ask not of men Success where I would not succeed.
Things that breed things are foolishness.

Who builds a castle needs a moat; Puts to the blush her simple coat.
Wine craves more wine; and carriages Crave craves more wine; and carriages may sit.
And pout. We have no need of these. Our life having joy in it.

My love never bought a silver hem To mock the quiet of her gown; The silver of the birch tree stem She knows, no dweller in a town.
Our gold is in the sunset sky; From the sunset comes the dawn. The subdued knowledge we must die Carols through every joyous rhyme.

These are our touch-stones to the worth Of things for which a man may toil With joy, whose only certain earth is six by three of sandy soil.
The only joys that life can give Are those that money cannot buy; For those for which we live, And these possessions, we can die.

—Frederick Niven.
AMERICA.
[Puck.]
Young Mr. Highup—Going abroad, you say? But have you seen America first?
Mrs. Blase—Oh, yes; there's hardly a spot in New York we haven't visited.

VERY LIKE.
[Harper's Weekly.]
"Did Hawkins take his punishment like a man?" asked the doctor.
"You bet he did," laughed Dubleigh. "He hollered and yelled and used strong language to beat creation."

TEACHING HER THE GAME.
[Washington Star.]
"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "what did that baseball player say to the umpire who called him out?"
"He told the umpire he considered him a perfect gentleman, and was sure that he would go to heaven," was the wry answer.

UNREASONABLE.
[Life.]
Bald Paton—Here! I've rubbed this dope on my head for three weeks with no result, and you said it would grow hair on a bald head!
Broughton—Well, how do you expect it to grow hair on a bald head when you rub it on your head?

SPRING ON THE FARM.
By Emma Plummer, in N. Y. Independent.
O for the farm with the spring on the hills.
And the daisies a-trinkle with ripple of rills.

With the lilt and the song of the robin And the rollick of bobolinks up in the glen.
A brook from the south with a sweet verdant tint,
And the ploughing boys whistling, his task to employ.
Where work becomes pleasure, and living a joy.

O for the farm, and the wood, and its scent,
And a hut for the mosses with flow-ers heaped.
The vines reaching out from the great spreading roots,
The ferns reaching up with their soft plummy shoots.

The tassels that tinge all the trees overhead,
O give me the book of old nature instead.
Of the narrow walled city, its problems and its joys,
And give me the music of Pan, and his haunts.

I am tired of men, O give back the charm,
And the sweetness and breath of the spring on the farm.

IMPROVEMENT.
[Washington Star.]
"You think your daughter's music is improving?"
"Yes," replied Mr. Conroy, "she needs to practice four hours a day. Now she practices only three."

EVENING PAPER FOR THE MASSES.
[Baltimore Post-Expositor.]
The "tea-table dailies," like the Expositor, can afford to look serenely upon the efforts of the "breakfast-table dailies" to get more business. The masses of the people read the evening papers.

THEY DESTROY EACH OTHER.
[Montreal Herald.]
It should be noted that if the people were to come to Ottawa instead, reciprocity would be to come to Ottawa to oppose it. Those who come to Ottawa to oppose it are probably not the lowest of the Commission's favor of reciprocity in both places. Practically every argument, save the other way when you get it across the line.

STRANGERS.
Mrs. Highup—The judge decreed that they should be parted, never to see each other again.
Mrs. Blase—Yes, they are living next door to each other in a New York apartment house now.

ON GRUDGE-BEARING.
[Chicago Record-Herald.]
One of the worst things about hearing grudges is that the bearer is the only one who is likely to be burdened with it by it.

SIGNIFICANT WORDS.
[Woodstock Sentinel.]
Cardinal Gibbons, in his address at the Baltimore post conference, declared that "England and America

were to enter into an alliance of permanent arbitration with each other, such a bond of friendship and amity would be a blessing, not only to those two great powers, but to all the nations of the civilized world." These are very significant words to come from a man in this position occupied by Cardinal Gibbons.

BREAKING IT TO HIM GENTLY.
[Chicago Record-Herald.]
"I would like to get a vacation of two weeks."
"You have a very busy time with us. Why do you want a vacation now?"
"I have made arrangements to get married."

STILL UNDER THE MARK.
[Houston Post.]
"I met Jim today; he was just on his way to pay his taxes," said a man.
"Why?"
"I did not know he had any thing to pay taxes on."
"You are right; he paid the other day that he had more money than brains."

GOSSIP.
[L. C. Holland.]
Gossip is always a personal confession of one's own inferiority, and the young should not only shut it out but the most thorough culture relieve them of it. It is a low, frivolous, and too often, a dirty business.

NEEDS THE SCOTCH.
[Detroit News.]
Ambassadors have been the fever of the Scotch to emigrate to this continent. But the world needs them, as most new countries will discover on taking a census of its borders.

INSIDE INFORMATION.
[Haitian Herald.]
A Haitian woman has had her vermiform appendix mounted in gold, and is now an ornament. This is too much like a parade of inside information.

WHO SUPPLIED THE MONEY.
The money ring opposing reciprocity is now sending out the most offensive kind of cartoons to the "auditor places" arguments against the adoption of the trade agreement with the United States.

MARY, MARY, QUITE CONTRARY.
[Birmingham Age-Herald.]
"Mrs. Chubb, if you had the ballot, would you vote for your husband if he were a candidate for office?"
"No, indeed, I'd vote for some other man, just to make Henry jealous."

NO, WE HAVE SOME.
[Brooklyn Standard Union.]
Could Canada be prevailed upon to annex Georgetown William S. Howell.

HARDLY A SUCCESS.
[Chicago Record-Herald.]
"Did you get a new dress for the wedding, Dora?"
"No, fair. The presents were grand, but there was no fight."

LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG SPEECH.
[N. Y. Times.]
Mr. Lincoln was not the "father of the day" upon the occasion of the dedication of the Soldiers' Cemetery at Gettysburg. The honor belonged to Edward Everett, who fulfilled his duties there by delivering one of his elaborate orations that kept him on his feet for three hours. It is said to have been a splendid oration, and yet it is clean forgotten, while Lincoln's brief speech, pronounced on his knees while traveling on the cars to Gettysburg, is known all over the world.

GOOD QUEEN MARY.
[Chicago Tribune.]
Queen Mary of England categorically and explicitly condemns the use of "vice rings," hip salve, hold-up skirts, harlem-skirts, and big hats. Good Queen Mary!

NIAGARA POWER USERS TO BE GIVEN PREFERENCE.
Water Commissioners Lay Down the Law in Regard to Contracts.

Superintendent Glaubitz made it very certain at a meeting of the water commissioners, held yesterday afternoon, that contractors using Niagara power will be given the preference when tenders for supplies are awarded even if their prices are somewhat higher than the other tenders.

A special meeting of the board was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of awarding contracts for this year, and Mr. Glaubitz, in his recommendation, pointed out that he favored giving the contracts to those who supported hydro.

In some of the cases before us, the tenders actually take power from our competitor," he stated. "That is not fair to us."

Contracts Let.
The contracts were awarded as follows: iron pipe, Galtshore-Thompson Co.; Hamilton; iron casting, Vulcan Iron Co.; London; lead pipe, Jas. Cowan & Co.; hydrants, Vulcan Iron Co.; hydrant parts, Vulcan Iron Co.; valves and valve chambers, Vulcan Iron Co.; brass work, Miller Co.; Ltd.; coal, steam lamps, The Erie Coal Co.; hard coal, W. Buchanan; oils, Canadian Oil Co.; lumber, Diment Baker Co.; cotton waste, Canadian Oil Co.; hardware, McLean Hardware Co.; one-horse mower, A. Westman; small hardware, divided between James Cowan & Co., McLean Hardware Co. and J. E. Young.

The tender for the stop cock boxes was awarded to the London Foundry Co. at \$58.75, provided that the company agree to take power. If not, the Vulcan Iron Co. will be awarded the contract at \$55.50.

We should support those who support us," Mr. Glaubitz again reiterated. "Every citizen who pays his taxes has a right to the contract if his prices are the lowest." Commissioner Stevenson insisted, "I do not think it is fair to treat citizens in this way. All have a right to city business."

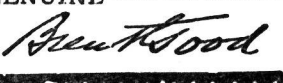
How the commissioners accepted Mr. Glaubitz's recommendations. A deputation from the Canadian Order of Foresters appeared before the board and asked them to have Queen's Park lighted for coronation day. The matter was referred to Superintendent Glaubitz, who will make every effort to have the lights on in time.

Oil the Roads.
Chairman Pocock suggested that the roads through the Springfield Park be oilled.
"The dust is very bad through the park," he stated. "This is particularly true near some of our ponds. The result is that the dust settles on the water, so that the water is not so clear sometimes in clouds. We should oil the roads to prevent this."

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, Small Pill, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. GENUINE must bear signature.



into this matter at once, and report to the board.
Those present were Chairman Pocock, Commissioners J. H. Chapman, John Marr, Dr. H. A. Stevenson, Superintendent Glaubitz and Secretary Ellwood.

TWO MEN ARE HELD ON A VAGRANCY CHARGE

It Is Alleged That They May Know Something of House That Was Robbed.

Alfred Hiale and George Phillips, two young men, are on a week's remand at the county jail on a technical charge of vagrancy, but within a couple of days it is probable that they will be called upon to face more serious allegations.

Hiale is said to have a home in London Township, while Phillips is a Londoner. Both were picked up last night by County Constable Conant at Crumlin as a result of a number of complaints from residents of that vicinity.

During the afternoon, G. Mote, a bachelor residing some distance east of Crumlin, left his home, returning to find that the place had been filled and several articles, including a razor, stolen. The consular implement and other things were found on the men when searched.

The police declined to give out any further information, but it is said that the men have begged from house to house, and after their departure different articles have been missed by the owners.

They appeared before Squire Chittick at the county house, and were sent down for a week while further investigation will be made. It is possible, however, that they will be brought up again in a couple of days.

TO END CONFLICT

Voluntary Go-Betweens Working for Mexican Peace.
[Canadian Press.]
Juaros, Mexico, May 12.—Senors Obregon and Brannif, the voluntary go-betweens that have endeavored in an official capacity for weeks to bring about an end of conflict in their native country, will meet Francisco I. Madero, jun., provisional president, at his headquarters in Juarez today.

Their talk with the rebel leader will be looked forward to with great interest. Whether this renewal of efforts on the part of Senors Obregon and Brannif will result in a proposition, either from Madero or Judge Carbajal, the federal peace envoy, for a renewal of peace negotiations, is a matter to be decided upon the meeting of provisional President Madero's cabinet, scheduled to follow the first sitting of the olive branch.

DUBLIN'S MAYOR BOOSTS SUFFRAGE

Presents Petition at Bar of Commons Urging Franchise for Females.
[Canadian Press.]
London, May 12.—The advocates of woman suffrage gave their cause another boost in the House of Commons today, when Lord Mayor John J. Farrell, at the head of a deputation from the corporation of Dublin, presented at the bar of the House a petition urging the passage of the female suffrage bill.

Could Not Rest at Night.

Back Was So Weak.

Weak, lame and aching backs are the primary cause of kidney trouble. When the back aches or becomes weak it is a warning from the kidneys that everything is not right with them.

Heed the warning; cure the weak, lame, aching back and dispose of any chances of further trouble.

If you don't do this, serious complications are very apt to arise and the first thing you know you will be troubled with Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease, the three most deadly forms of Kidney Trouble.

On the first sign of anything wrong with your back, Don's Kidney Pills should be taken. They go to the seat of the trouble and strengthen the kidneys, thereby strengthening the back.

Mrs. John Puigh, Parkdale, Man., writes: "I have used Don's Kidney Pills and find nothing to beat them. I could not rest at night my back was so weak. I tried everything, but could not get anything to do me any good until I was told by a friend to use Don's Kidney Pills. I tried them and I am not the same weak woman I was before. I am very thankful to have found so speedy a cure."

J. H. Chapman Co.

Saturday Specials Saturday Specials

Startling Bargains For —Final Day of— TRADE-IN-LONDON WEEK

LADIES' SUITS

Saturday we offer Ladies' Smart and Up-to-the-Minute Spring Suits that sold at \$15.00, \$16.00 and \$18.00, at \$9.75

In this lot are some of the best designed garments of the season, as well as a special purchase of suits that were designed and made within the last few days. Coats are semi-fitting, silk lined and trimmed. New panel skirts. The materials are serges, Panamas and Venetians, in grey, brown, navy and tan shades. Every garment is perfectly tailored and finished.

This is a splendid opportunity to secure a costume that will give the wearer every satisfaction, and at a price that does not tax the purse excessively. Sale on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Shop as early as you can.

10' Only Ladies' Long Length Spring Coats, Regular \$16 for \$9.75

Lucky will be the ten women who share this bargain. Black and blue serge and black and white checks, made up in newest long length, with handsome collar effects. On sale Saturday at \$9.75

Black Voile \$1 Yard

An exceptionally good quality black voile, nice medium weave, not too coarse and not too fine; will make up well for dresses, skirts and suits, 40 inches wide and all week. We make special mention of the value. At per yard \$1.00

Marquisesettes Cheviots

Striped Wool Marquisesettes, semi-sheer, with silk stripe, suitable for summer dresses and evening wear; in all the wanted light shades, 40 and 42 inches wide. At a yard \$1.50

LIGHTWEIGHT DRESS GOODS, in a variety of the newest weaves, including poplins, crepes, cord de chine, satin cloths, marquisesettes and berbers; all the newest shades. At a yard 75c

Summer Vests

Ladies' Vests, white lisle and Maco cotton, low neck, short sleeves and sleeveless. Some are heavy weights for between-season's wear. Special 3 for \$1.00

LADIES' VESTS, fine ribbed cotton, some with pretty lace yokes. Special, 3 for 50c

CHILDREN'S KNITTED WAISTS, well reinforced with strappings, plenty of buttons; sizes 2 to 12 years. Special 25c

LADIES' WAISTS, 49c.—A good work waist, made of colored percales. Notice we have all sizes from 34 to 46.

TRADE-IN-LONDON WEEK—Railway fares refunded Saturday on purchases made in this store.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

The kinds you need at this time of year.

LADIES' LISLE HOSE, double soles and wide garter tops, an extra good line, in all colors—rose, reseda, grey, tan, wine, helio, pink, sky, white and black. Per pair 25c

LADIES' BLACK LISLE HOSE, lace ankles, with double heels and toes or plain lisle with double soles. These are extra fine qualities at the price, 35c a pair, or 3 pairs \$1

LADIES' GLOVES, all the new fabric gloves, in black, white, tan and grey. At a pair 25c, 35c, 50c

Spun Silk Gloves, seamless, with double-tipped fingers, black or white. Per pair 50c and 75c

Kayser Silk Gloves, with guaranteed not to wear out, in black, tan, white and grey; two-clasp. Per pair 75c

A quaint old superstition in Ireland is that every bride must invite all her friends to a dinner in her own home, and every article of food must be prepared by the bride herself. If she is successful in pleasing her guests, she not only helps along her younger sisters, who are then assumed to be equally good at cooking, and consequently have a much better chance of getting married.

C. P. R. Detroit Excursion. The first excursion of the season will leave L. don, via Canadian Pacific, on Saturday, May 13. Rate to Detroit and return, Adults \$1.85. Children 50c. T. R. R. good only going on 11:35 a.m. train. Return limit May 15. Ticket sale at C. P. R. City Ticket Office, corner Dundas and Richmond. 87-c

Of Interest

An Essay

A person who acknowledges discrimination for what we call "talent" is usually looked on as a "clever" man, to say the least. This is a social being. Those who are not particularly greedy for a companionship of their kind are quite comprehensible to those who are.

All of us need, want, and make use of the companionship. We do not care for any kind of companionship, but we want that of our kind. That is, sympathy for our kind.

What we term "society" does not mean a unit for society. It means a group of people who are united by a common interest. It brings us into contact with many people, but it is not a companionship. It is a social unit.

In one of his pleasant essays, Emerson, the essayist, observes that the things people consider as "companionships" are really "social" units. He says that the things people consider as "companionships" are really "social" units.

Some of us share a common interest in the things of the world. Some of us share a common interest in the things of the world. Some of us share a common interest in the things of the world.

There was a suite of fine pictures, hung with beautiful pictures, of works of art. A courteous hostess received us, said a few

THE C

BY W

The note which had caused the commotion in the instrument, had been driven away completely. I was not a little surprised to find that the note had been driven away completely. I was not a little surprised to find that the note had been driven away completely.

For what did it mean? In the first place, it meant that the note had been driven away completely. I was not a little surprised to find that the note had been driven away completely. I was not a little surprised to find that the note had been driven away completely.

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Of Interest To Women

An Essay On Pleasures

A person who acknowledges to a discrimination for what we call "so-called pleasures" is usually looked on as well-to-do, to say the least. Those who are not particularly greedy for the pleasures of their kind are not generally comprehensible to those who are.

All of us need, want, and more or less enjoy the companionship of our fellow-men. We do not care for any or all of them, but we care for some. We are not all of the same kind, but we are all of the same kind, that is, sympathetic, in our kind.

What we term "society" doesn't afford this. It brings us in contact with many people, but it is not a companionship. You establish your kindred soul in society, but the personal contact is too casual to be a companionship. It is claimed to be a companionship. It does not make one a companion. One loses a certain amount of companionship in a certain way.

Quickness at repartee, a readiness at humor, a sense of fun, a sense of the phrase-making, an aptness in the conversational "game," are all things that are not companionship. One goes where one does not care to go; takes pains to dress to meet people to whom one is indifferent; and all to the purpose of making a good impression.

One of his pleasant essays, A. C. Benson, the essayist, considers amusing the things that people consider amusing. He says that people consider amusing the things that people consider amusing. He says that people consider amusing the things that people consider amusing.

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words and passed on; we circulated, stood, sat, looked, talked. I suppose it is a question of temperament, but I felt that every single element of social, intellectual and aesthetic pleasure was absent. One had no time to look at the beautiful things on the walls. There was no chance of quiet, reasonable talk; one pumped up a few insinuations to persons after person. I suppose that most of the guests would not have come if they did not at all events think it amusing them, but what was the charm? To most of the guests it was probably the still light, the moving figures, the sense of company, warmth, success, about it all. To me it was merely distracting. A score of sources of pleasure and all of them preventing the enjoyment of each. The whole effect was like overeating one's self, like having to taste a hundred exquisite dishes at a single meal, and yet going away unsatisfied.

Mr. Benson thinks there are many people who do not really enjoy such "pleasures," or enjoy them only as a means to an end. He says that people consider amusing the things that people consider amusing. He says that people consider amusing the things that people consider amusing.

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hard, almost vindictive expression on the girl's face, and asked softly: "What work, Eliza?"

"The work of bringing her guilt home to her, if she is guilty. She has yet to prove that her hands are not stained with blood."

CHAPTER XVI.
Where Are the Diamonds?
"I mean to restore the diamonds to Margaret Ryan," said Eliza again. "They were bought with her money. They are hers."

Scarborough hesitated. "I am not sure that you can," he said. "I can, if you and I can recover them. If my mother is before us, perhaps I can't. But we must prevent that from happening."

"That is not what I mean," said Scarborough. "What I doubt is whether we have the right to dispose of them so, if we do get them. I hope we can, but I'm afraid we can't. I don't know how the law stands exactly, but I think they will be counted to belong to your father's creditors as a whole, and not to any one."

"But you told me yourself that it was proved that the girl's inheritance was stolen at the last moment, that it had nothing to do with the firm's bankruptcy. Your words were that it was taken after he became bankrupt, to avail his plan."

"After he became bankrupt, but before he had declared bankruptcy," said Scarborough. "That is the point, I understand."

Eliza made a gesture of impatience. "It may be the point later," she said. "But the point just now is that my mother means to repeat my father's theft, if she can. But she shan't! Horace, she shan't!"

"Where is she now?" asked Scarborough. "At the hotel," said Eliza. "No, at an hotel in Port of Spain. She went with me to the Ring Rock yesterday, and afterwards she said that she would try to get back here. She was to go to an hotel, and I came back home alone."

"What were you doing at the Ring Rock?" asked Scarborough. "Eliza handed him the last letter which her father had written to her, saying, 'Read that. It will explain.' Scarborough read the letter, and though he saw the falsehoods in it, he was so dead man who had written it. Moreover, he understood a little better that Eliza had clung so firmly to her faith. To him the falsehoods in the letter were plain, but the love was plain."

CHAPTER XVII.
Uncomfortable Companions
"I propose to write a few articles on uncomfortable companions and why they are uncomfortable. This is the first of the series."

"How do you like my hat?" inquired the young wife. "Umph! It's pretty, but what made you get one with a straight brim?" asked Aunt Selma. Her niece's hat was a little like a military helmet, but she opened another bundle and displayed a soft shirwaiz.

"What made you get a waist of that material?" exclaimed Aunt Selma. "It can't be starched," replied her niece. "I do not like the stiff, starched waist," Aunt Selma granted.

At supper Aunt Selma was handed a beautiful pie which had been prepared especially in her honor. It was eaten in silence. "How do you like my pie, auntie?" "Oh, it's all right; I was just saying to your mother the other day that I never ate such pies in my life as Sallie makes. She certainly is a fine housekeeper. Now her kitchen—"

"Come and see my kitchen," invited the niece. "It is my special pride." "Yes," agreed Aunt Selma. "It does very well, but Sallie has such a large kitchen, her table has a white marble top and her utensils would delight you. You ought to go and see her and get some pointers."

And so it was all the time Aunt Selma was in the house. She could not but find fault openly, but by implication she criticised everything in the house, everything her niece did, everything she wore. Not once did she express unqualified approval of anything that was said, done or purchased. When she went home she told her husband that she was sure her visit would do her niece good, because she had offered so many valuable suggestions.

"A few more visits and I will make big improvement in that house," she told her husband. "Aunt Selma may be good and wise," said the niece, "but she is as comfortable as a tack in your shoe."

Do you know any Aunt Selmas?

too, for the wretched man had lived and struggled because of it; to his daughter's eyes, therefore, it was natural enough, since she, too, loved him, that the love alone should be visible.

He handed the letter back to her. "You hid the packet at the Ring Rock," he said, "and recovered it yesterday. What did it contain?"

"Nothing that I had hoped it would contain," said Eliza, sadly. "It was a letter from my mother, dated the day after the firm's bankruptcy. It was a letter from my mother, dated the day after the firm's bankruptcy. It was a letter from my mother, dated the day after the firm's bankruptcy."

"There was a long letter to my mother," said Eliza, "and a closely-written roll of manuscript, headed 'Some Notes on the Fallacies of Herbert Spencer.'"

"Yes, except a few lines directing that the manuscript was to be submitted to the judgment of Mr. Davis, and if he approved, was to be published. My mother tore it up and threw it into the sea."

"What the note, you mean?" exclaimed Scarborough. "The manuscript," said Eliza. "The manuscript was to be submitted to the judgment of Mr. Davis, and if he approved, was to be published. My mother tore it up and threw it into the sea."

"What the note, you mean?" exclaimed Scarborough. "The manuscript," said Eliza. "The manuscript was to be submitted to the judgment of Mr. Davis, and if he approved, was to be published. My mother tore it up and threw it into the sea."

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position of the eyes. The deepest one is supposed to be to sit down in a chair or lie down in bed and look steadily at the two discs, which, when seen, become one. The field of vision is now concentrated and reduced to its minimum, and according to the inventor a delightful sense of drowsiness creeps over one which results in a glorious natural sleep.

The spectacle is intended to be used in a room lighted either by day-light or a soft night light. The monoscope, a variation of the spectroscope, meets the needs of those who wish to sleep soundly without light. It is placed over the bed in such a position that the eyes are compelled to turn upward and concentrate on it, and sleep is induced after a short time.

THE CREATIVE INSTINCT.
The destructive instinct in children is not a malicious impulse to tear and break and mutilate. It is, rather, the beginning of the desire to construct. The child takes apart his playthings, strips up his books, pulls out screws, nails, bolts and hinges to find out for himself, how the delicate toy is made. He wants it a part of his own personality through having a hand in its construction. He is a lone inventor upon his environment by creating. He wants to make things, and since we are prone, in our loving and protective attitude of the child, to give him expensive, finished toys which give no chance for him to exercise his constructive instinct, he tries to get down the secret of their being, and we dub this child-struggle for the chance to create, naughtiness, carelessness, willful destruction.

When Froebel evolved the kindergarten he immortalized the principle that children need to create in order to develop their individual personality. He discovered the fact that a child destroys his playthings in order to obtain materials with which to make new toys, and the play materials of the kindergarten Froebel gave us, a complete set of creative objects with which to educate a child.

These kindergarten materials, while they can hardly be called in their entirety for use by any mother in any home because their best use is in years of training in kindergarten principles, still give us a hint as to the best kind of playthings for a child. The principle of selection is laid down in the kindergarten is this: Give a little child only that toy which he can construct, the toy that gives his creative instinct free play. From an article in Mother's Magazine.

The disagreeable odors that cling to clothes are almost entirely due to the presence of Grease. They disappear instantly with the Grease if RICHARDS QUICK-NAPTHA SOAP (5c.) is used.

THE important ingredient in Santal Liquid Shampoo is Olive Oil, the best of hair cleansers. Produces a copious lather. Cleans the scalp of dandruff. The result is strong, healthy hair. Its use weekly (with Santal Hair Tonic, daily) will avert baldness through its cleansing, stimulating properties.

GRAND UNION HOTEL
STATION NEW YORK CITY
Rooms \$1.00 and up
Dinner 25c
Breakfast 15c
Bath 10c
Laundry 5c
Shampoo 5c
Hair Tonic 5c
Toilet Soap 5c
Toilet Paper 5c
Towel 5c
Sheet 5c
Pillow 5c
Blanket 5c
Curtain 5c
Rug 5c
Chair 5c
Table 5c
Lamp 5c
Mirror 5c
Picture 5c
Clock 5c
Chest 5c
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WATCH THE ADVERTISER BULLETINS FOR ALL SCORES OF THE BIG LEAGUES

PROVIDENCE GIVEN ITS FOURTH DEFEAT

Clandiggers Smeared Again Yesterday By the Classy Toronto Crew.

ED. KILLEAN ON MOUND

However, Canucks Nearly Evened Up For Loss of Series at Providence While Ago.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.
Rochester	15	3	.833
Toronto	12	7	.632
Baltimore	11	7	.611
Buffalo	7	7	.500
Providence	6	11	.353
Newark	6	11	.353
Montreal	6	11	.353
Jersey City	6	11	.353

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Buffalo 4, Baltimore 3.

Montreal 2, Newark 1.

Toronto 3, Providence 4.

Rochester 10, Jersey City 4.

Providence 4, Buffalo 1 p.m.

Jersey City at Montreal.

Newark at Toronto.

Baltimore at Rochester.

Toronto, May 12.—The Providence

Grays left town last night smeared with

four layers of defeat, the fourth and last

having been artistically administered by

Pitcher Ed. Killean and supporting com-

pany at the Stadium yesterday after-

noon. The count was 8 to 2. The quad-

uple beating was fine business for the

opening series at home, but it no more

evened up for the loss of the series to

the Grays than the loss of the series to

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FORD'S PITCHING BLANKS TIGERS

Highlanders Put a Crimp in Winning Sreak of Detroit Runaways.

LIVELY PROVES EASY

Youthful Phenom Fails to Puzzle New Yorkers, So Gothamites Win By 6 to 0.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.
Detroit	15	3	.833
New York	12	7	.632
Philadelphia	11	7	.611
Pittsburgh	7	7	.500
St. Louis	6	11	.353
Cleveland	6	11	.353
Boston	6	11	.353
Chicago	6	11	.353

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

St. Louis 4, Cleveland 3.

Boston 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

St. Louis 4, Cleveland 3.

Boston 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

St. Louis 4, Cleveland 3.

Boston 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

St. Louis 4, Cleveland 3.

Boston 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

St. Louis 4, Cleveland 3.

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Boston 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 11, Pittsburgh 7.

ATHLETICS FIND POWELL AND WIN IN THE TENTH

Champions Scored Three Runs in Final Session and Beat St. Louis 4 to 2.

St. Louis May 11.—Philadelphia won the second game of the series from St. Louis today by a score of 4 to 2. Powell pitched fairly good ball up to the ninth, when the Athletics solved his shots for three runs. Lord, who batted for Krause in the ninth, scored two runs with his double, and himself scored on Oldring's single.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	15	3	.833
St. Louis	12	7	.632
Pittsburgh	11	7	.611
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New York	6	11	.353

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 2.

Pittsburgh 11, Boston 7.

Cleveland 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

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Pittsburgh 11, Boston 7.

Cleveland 10, Chicago 4.

Detroit 10, New York 6.

Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 2.

SEASON'S RECORD GOES TO PHILLIES

Pittsburgh Defeated by 19 to 10, Greatest Score of Year in Majors.

MOONEY GIBSON CHASED

Hack Not in Favor With Umpire Finerman—Wagner Goes, Too.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	15	3	.833
Pittsburgh	12	7	.632
Boston	11	7	.611
Cleveland	7	7	.500
Chicago	6	11	.353

THE PASS LIST

Results of the E

the names of the students who graduated in the final year in Applied Science and the University of

passed the examination
degree of Civil Engineer
Bachelor of App
following candidates
positions for th

R. Burgess, A. D.
Cline, S. E. Craig, T.
Dean, W. P. Dobso
C. R. Ferguson, A.

McNiven, E. S. M.
Neville, V. A. New
ton, R. A. Sara, A.
Stewart, A. D. Swo
-227 C. K. Willia

A. J. Arens, J. A. B.
D. G. Bisset, D. C. B.
lyle, A. W. Chessnut
H. S. Clark, L. S.

T. Fletcher, J. M.
Foulds, A. Fraser,
letly, M. M. Gibson
A. E. Goad, V. F. G
B. L. Greene, N.

Kirwan, S. Knight,
G. Lee, J. N. Leitch
J. A. Macdonald, J.
A. MacKinnon, D.

W. Martyn, A. C.
H. O. Merriman (A)
gan, P. E. Mills, F.
Munro, F. T. Nichol

Ramsay, A. Schlarb
ling, H. M. Stevens,
Sutherland, C. C. S
Thompson, K. M.
Vennoy, C. M. Wal

M. H. Woods, S. A.
Wright, W. S. York

The following mental examination

H. C. Johnston, F.
gan, French; R. B.
E. Richardson, The
SPECIAL COM

**Will Fully Invest
Made Against
Ottawa May 11**

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T. W. Crothers, wa
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GRAP

MICHIGAN FOE OF RECIPROCITY

Grand Concourse of Farmers of U. S. in Capital to Defeat the Pact.

SAY MARKETS ATTACKED

American Agriculturists Claim That Canadian Competition Will Ruin Them.

Washington, May 11.—This was a great day for the anti-Canadian reciprocity farmers. From Michigan, Ohio, New York, Minnesota, the Dakotas and from Wisconsin they swarmed down on Congress, threatening with almost every other word that the man who votes for the measure will forever lose the farmer support of the several states.

The Michigan men did not have an opportunity to be heard today, but expect to get the floor before the senate committee on finance tomorrow. But they were present, headed by Ex-Governor Warner and Dr. Snyder, of the state agricultural college, and they drank in with evident relish every word advanced against reciprocity by the various speakers.

The situation in the big committee room was remarkable. Probably never before had so many farmers been gathered together in Washington. And a dramatic element was added to mark the complete division of sentiment in their country on the reciprocity question, when a delegation forced their way into the already over-crowded room, each man of them bearing on his breast a large badge with these words: "Buffalo, 100 per cent for reciprocity." These men were the first to appear in the forests of that elusive individual, the climate consumer.

The Minnesota men were the first to be heard, and it was evident they had been well coached. Henry M. Flagg was master of ceremonies, and read a memorial protesting against the agreement as unfair and injurious to the farmers of the United States. "We repudiate the action of President Taft, of the manufacturing, mercantile, chambers of commerce and the Great Northern Railway in attempting to force this bill through Congress without giving the people at large an opportunity of expressing their views."

The principal speaker for the delegation was F. V. Collins, editor of the Northwestern Agriculturalist, of Minneapolis, who had been largely responsible for the agitation against the bill among the farmers in the east. He said his paper goes into one-third of the homes of the state. "Since the civil war, since I have known anything about public affairs, there has never been a question which has so aroused the farmers of the northwest," he declared. "He said he had devoted the whole of his last issue to the subject and contained contained a large legend on the front page reading: 'The crisis confronting northwestern farmers is Canadian free trade, mislabeled reciprocity; farmers you must not believe the seriousness of this tremendous attack upon your markets.'"

Mr. Hill is mentioned. Mr. Collins went on to say that the east was opposing the interests of the west in this matter, and said the east was the most provincial part of the country. To this Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, replied that they had heard a great deal of opposition from the east as well.

From the farmers, but not from all classes," Mr. Collins replied. He went on to say that J. J. Hill wanted reciprocity because he had thirteen branches of railroad testing of reciprocity, and get the traffic from Canada. For the construction of these lines the Canadian Government was ready to pay \$10,000 a mile.

Senator Smith, of Utah, interrupted to ask if the Canadian Government was ready to pay the money in cash, and Mr. Collins, after some hesitation, said it would be in the form of the guarantee on bonds to that extent.

Petitions Against Pact. Mr. Collins then presented a huge roll of petitions, which he said contained the names of 35,000 farmers, of whom 30,000 were in Minnesota, against the reciprocity bill. That meant one in every six to the farmers of that state. "Like Cincinnati, of old, these farmers have left their plows to take up the reins of government in the right to petition," said the Minneapolis editor.

There was little or no support for the bill in his state, he said, and he had published every letter received favoring it, numbering not over twelve in all.

WARD'S SUIT. New York, May 11.—The third day of John M. Ward's suit against "Hans" Johnson, president of the American League, found the plaintiff's case still unconvicted, and jurors waiting for other cases were excused for the day.

The early testimony was confined towards his own history of his play ball career from the time he played with the Providence Nationals in 1878 until 1892 when he became captain and manager of the New York Giants. He asks \$50,000 damages from Johnson for alleged slander.

REBEL VICTORS SEE EARLY PEACE

Expect Representatives of Warring Mexican Factions to Get Together.

A PROVISIONAL CABINET

Guards Stationed to Prevent Looting—All Liquor Is Confiscated.

Juarez, Mexico, May 11.—With Juarez and all its vast stores of rifles, chiefdoms the appointment of the following members of the provisional cabinet was announced: Minister of Foreign Relations—Dr. Vasquez Gomez.

Finance—Gustavo A. Madero. War—Venustiano Carranza. Interior—F. Gonzales Garza. Justice—Jose M. Pino Suarez. Private Secretary to President Madero—Juan Sanchez Azcona.

Juarez, Mexico, May 11.—With Juarez and all its vast stores of rifles, ammunition and machine guns in the hands of the Mexican revolutionists, the rebel leaders today turned to the task of forming their government. They gathered for the first time in the provisional capital, which tonight rapidly began to resume a peaceful aspect.

Gen. Madero has established his headquarters in the one story municipal building across the street from the big church which was the scene of the fiercest fighting and there the insurrecto chieftain conferred with his leaders and Senators Obregon and Brander, who acted as go-betweens in the little negotiations for peace, and Dr. Vasquez Gomez, confidential agent of the revolutionists at Washington, and their chief peace commissioner, who were at the Madero headquarters.

Expect Peace in Day. There was an undercurrent of feeling among the victorious insurrectos tonight that peace would be in sight before another 24 hours had passed and that representatives of the Diaz and Madero governments would again be arranging for the laying down of arms in Mexico.

The Madero headquarters were besieged all day by anxious householders and storekeepers, imploring the rebel leader that they might be allowed to resume possession of their shattered property. But only in a few cases was such permission given.

Guards Prevent Looting. Chatterboxes were nearly everywhere building in the town to prevent looting. All liquor supplies had been confiscated and so far, no looting had swept through the streets. The ravages of the storm had been removed. Broken and blackened walls and great blotches of blood, darkened by the force sun, told the story of the bitterness of the last few days' fighting more eloquently than the throngs of ragged but thoroughly armed insurrectos.

All the dead were buried today and the wounded removed to temporary hospitals, where surgeons of the Red Cross were busy looking after them.

It is difficult to estimate even approximately the number of the dead, and wounded during the two days' fighting. An Associated Press correspondent today saw 97 federal wounded at the temporary headquarters of the Red Cross, 15 federal and insurrecto wounded in a shot-riddled store that had been converted into a temporary hospital, while 27 others had been conveyed to the American side of the river.

All Dead Buried. From estimate made by federal prisoners and by insurrectos it is safe to say that at least 60 were killed. Nearly 500 federal prisoners, disarmed, but not disarmed, are guarded in the barracks. Indeed, more than one of the prisoners, including one who had lost his leg, were at Casa Grande and who suffered a bullet wound in the right arm yesterday, savagely expressed joy over the victory of Madero.

"I did not want to fight with the federals," said the little fellow with the empty sleeve, "but they forced me into the ranks. My sympathies were all with the insurrectos."

GRAFTON & CO. LIMITED

Ours Is the Greatest Clothing Business in Canada—Do You Know Why?

That we've succeeded in building up the greatest clothing business, not only in London, but in the entire country, is an established fact—a fact which is not even questioned. You are probably aware of this fact yourself, but you should also know the reasons why we have reached the top. They are important reasons, and are worth a little consideration on the part of any man who buys clothing. They show the advantage of buying it at Grafton's.

Because the experience of thousands, covering a period of fifty-eight years, has proved our Clothing to be the best wearing of any to be had. Because our Clothing is made in our own factory and is sold directly to you with the middleman's profit eliminated from our prices. This means a saving to you of one-quarter to one-third from what other stores charge for the same grades.

Because every garment is made by a specialist, and is made in a manner which insures Perfect Fit, Permanent Retention of Shape.

Worth Investigating Before Spending Your Money Elsewhere, Don't You Think?

BOYS' D. B. SUITS, \$2.50 to \$10.00.
BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS, \$2.50 to \$8.50.
BOYS' BLOUSE SUITS, \$2.50 to \$6.50.
REGULATION SPRING REEFERS, \$3.50 to \$6.50.
BOYS' RUSSIAN BLOUSE SUITS, \$2.75 to \$5.95.
BOYS' WASH SUITS, 75c to \$2.50.

Men's Furnishings Bulletin

FOR SATURDAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY

10,000 Pairs of Men's Half Hose
12 1/2c and 19c Pair

To make quick disposal of 10,000 pairs of Half Hose, a certain manufacturer turned them over to us at a price, for he knew our output.

12 1/2c PAIR FOR COTTON HALF HOSE.

Not quite up to the standard of the Grafton 25c Hose, but better than most 25c Hose, so you see it is pretty good for 12 1/2c pair. Black, tan and gray, and all the fancy shades.

19c LISLE HOSE OF 25c AND 35c QUALITY.

Soft sheer Lisle that will be cool and comfortable on a spring or summer day. There are all the fancy shades and plain black and tan, and the Hose are all full fashioned. At 19c pair.

For the Man Who Wants New Gloves

79c pair for Perrin's and Dent's fine Out-Seam Walking Gloves. A big feature for the next three days, \$1.00 and \$1.25 values for 79c pair.

LOOK FOR OUR FRIDAY BULLETIN EACH WEEK FOR STARTLING BARGAINS FOR MEN

UNION MADE

Terms Strictly Cash and One Price to All

Money Back if Not Perfectly Satisfied With Your Purchase

MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-GRADE CLOTHING.

GRAFTON & CO. LIMITED



DEATH OF BRIDGE IN "TOUT ATOUT"

Game Has Captured London, and Is Said To Be Something Entirely New.

TOUT ATOUT—two tato, as the name of the new card game is often misspelled—has arrived. "I am afraid it is going to be the death of bridge," said a master of bridge, in discussing the new game. "People, I know, said that of auction bridge. But auction never really caught on, because there is too much of the gambling element in it for the keen bridge player and not enough for the poker player. But tout atout is something entirely new in card games of the whist group. The game is played with four players, and is absolutely fair. Clear reasoning, quick deduction and clever play count for more proportionately than in any other game, and luck of the cards for less."

What is it? Briefly, it is played exactly as bridge, except for the scoring and the trumping. As its name implies, every suit is trump. Instead of "no trump" it is "all trumps." Of course they are not all trumps simultaneously, but in turn, in the order of the trump suit.

So far as the seating arrangements are concerned it is announced that the dress circle will be devoted entirely to the royal party and their guests.

FIRST RAILROAD IN INDIA

Was Built 58 Years Ago—Wonderful Development.

REV. Thomas B. Gregory writes in the New York American: Fifty-eight years ago, April 12, 1853, was opened the first railroad in India. Over the subjects of the Moguls and Rajahs the remorseless car of juggernaut had rolled and crunched for generations; and now had come the car of progress, drawn not by bullocks but by the invisible yet mighty power of steam, and destined to completely side-track juggernaut and all the superstitions and cruelty for which it stood.

Then the mighty Indian land, with its venerable past, its towering population, its cloud-piercing mountains and majestic streams, its ancient philosophy and hoary religious cults, its marvellous forests and jungles, its innumerable royalties, with all their "barbaric gold and pearls," there is not on all the earth a more interesting region.

This wonderful land contains close on one million and a half square miles and a population of two hundred and thirty millions. Its area, therefore, equals that of all Europe with Russia left out; and its population exactly doubles Gibbon's estimate of one hundred and twenty millions for all the races and nations which obeyed imperial Rome.

CURIOUS COINCIDENCE IN CHURCH.

The congregation at Boy's Hill Church, Maidenhead, England, had an unusual experience the other Saturday evening, when, owing to the failure of the electric light, the church was plunged into darkness, which was eventually relieved by candles placed on the seats and windows. It was a remarkable coincidence that the vicar had just finished a vigorous sermon on the text, "Woe unto them that put darkness for light and light for darkness!" (Isa. vi, 20).

THE NUPTIAL KISS.

The nuptial kiss, with a meaning akin to that of the kiss of peace, had its origin in a most serious and practical church ceremony known as the sponsals. Among medieval people, as among some classes of Jews today, it was quite customary for the bridegroom and bride to meet before witnesses in the church some days or even weeks before the marriage, and there make a pledge of future union, and at such times a ring was usually presented by the prospective husband. Sometimes, however, the man was too poor to buy the ornament, and instead presented a kiss, which was doubtless more pleasant and was considered a binding pledge before man and God.

WARD'S SUIT.

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C. N. R. GUARANTEE GOOD FOR ONTARIO

Government's Plan Helps the
Development of Northern
Districts.

MR. GRAHAM EXPLAINS

Proposed Aid to Canadian Northern
of Immense Importance to All
Canada.

Ottawa, May 11.—"Canada's present prospects and future greatness are largely dependent upon the development of her transportation facilities," said Hon. George P. Graham, minister of railways and canals, in submitting his resolution to the Commons today for the guarantee of Canadian Northern bonds, as previously outlined in the Globe. The problem of the country of such vast extent and of such a rugged character is to secure efficient and rapid transportation to the markets and quick return therefor. Since taking office the minister has set himself to the solution of this problem, and to fully inform himself of the necessities of Canada from a transportation standpoint.

The Link Explains.

Hon. Mr. Graham outlined the proposed route of the projected line, illustrating his comments by a large map, which was placed upon the table of the House. The line would connect the four thousand miles of Canadian Northern Railway west of the Great Lakes with the ports of the east. It would give Toronto, and Ontario generally, another through route to the west, and would open up the southern portion of the clay belt to the west, and would open up the great value to Canada," said the minister. "It may not be generally known that there is as much good fertile land in New Ontario, which has never been cultivated, as there is today in the whole of older Ontario. We are all aiming at the opening up of our new lands. There is in Northern Ontario sixteen to twenty millions of acres of good clay soil, capable of development and settlement."

Mr. Borden complained that the minister was not giving the "link" between the two questions. "There are two questions I submit to be dealt with," he observed. "What public necessity will be met by the construction of this road? And what attraction is there for a subsidy?"

Mr. Graham said it was his belief that the eastern portion of Canada, the Maritime Provinces—was about

to enter upon a period of unexampled prosperity and development, while the west was already in its stride. Canada could not obtain lines of construction too rapidly. It was true that the company might proceed to work this line through, but in order to have it constructed without delay, and to have something to say concerning its character and operation, he deemed it well to enable the company to borrow money on the best possible terms. He did not believe the transaction would ever cost Canada a dollar. It was simply a case of lending the name of the Dominion in the interests of transportation and cheaper rates.

The Cost.

To Mr. Haggart, the minister said the cost of construction would be from \$50,000 to \$55,000 per mile. Mr. Schaffner asked concerning the control of rates, which the minister said were in the hands of the railway commission. Mr. Schaffner directed attention to the fact that when the Province of Manitoba had guaranteed the bonds of the Canadian Northern that provided for the control of the rates. To the west this was an exceedingly important matter, particularly in freight rates. It was high time, in his opinion, that the railway commission undertook to regulate freight rates in the west. Mr. Graham pointed out the wisdom and necessity for the province to take such a course where it had no control. The Dominion Railway board, however, had the absolute control of the rates.

Helps North Country.

Mr. Gordon, Conservative member for Nipissing, also introduced the resolution. What Mr. White had said concerning the country east of North Bay applied with equal force to the territory between North Bay and Port Arthur. He was sorry the members of the House did not know more of the extent of the rich agricultural and timber lands of Northern Ontario which could not be served by the C. N. R. because it ran too far south. The road, Mr. Gordon declared, could not be otherwise than a good thing for the country, and he was prepared to endorse the proposition. In the course of the discussion, which continued at the night sitting, Mr. Wall, Conservative member for Norfolk, advocated the leasing of the Intercolonial to the Canadian Northern in order to keep the shipment of goods in Canadian channels. He believed that the freight would be diverted to other lines at Montreal unless the Canadian Northern had a route east. Hon. Mr. Graham said he might be wrong, but he would not like at the present time to think of selling or leasing the Intercolonial. After some further debate the resolution was passed without division, and a bill based thereon was introduced.

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED IN CASH AT OUR OFFICE.

THE CHOICE OF ANY

**\$15 Suit
Free**

To the person purchasing the largest amount of Clothing and Furnishings at this store this week of Trade-in-London purchasing. This is for city as well as out-of-town purchasers.

Notice

Look at our east window. Whether you have to scramble over the street car lines or ride in on the cars from the east or the north, it's worth it. The biggest Suit attraction of spring of 1911.

\$14.50

We have selected out 73 Suits, lines at \$16.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00. Some have only one to three suits of a color. This is a chance for Saturday buyers.

MADE-TO-MEASURE SUITS.

If you have not made the acquaintance of our Made-to-Order Clothes, there's a pleasant surprise in store for you. We're turning out undoubtedly the handsomest tailoring ever seen in this city. A choice of over 600 cloths to select from.

A request for samples reached us today from Atlanta, Ga. A 20th Century Brand Suit, tailored for this American last summer, is the cause.

BLUE SERGE SUITS.

If you want a "line" on the right kind, come here. It's one of the best or one of the worst Suits you can buy. This depends not so much on what you pay as where you buy.

THE RIGHT KIND'S HERE AT \$16.00 AND \$18.00.

Our Johnston Special and our Britannic serge; no Britannic Serge genuine without the 20th Century Brand stamp. These are shop made, hand-tailored, guaranteed for a year. They are sold in other cities and large towns at \$20.00 and \$22.50.

MAPLETON.

Mapleton, May 11.—Miss Fern King, of Dundas, has been the guest of her cousins, Misses Eva and Estella Warwick.

Miss Florence Finch has returned after visiting friends at Guelph. Mr. Gordon Brodie, who has been ill with the measles, is convalescent. Miss Lulu Finch has been the guest of her friend, Miss Marie Ashton, of Maple Leaf.

Mr. George Thompson, who has been attending the Western Medical School, London, passed his third-year examination with honors.

Miss Maude Gray has left to spend the summer with her sister, Miss Ella Gray, at Aberdeen, N. D.

Miss Agnes Lewis, professional nurse of Cleveland, O., has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Brodie, of Argyle, of Langton, is seriously ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Elsie Horler.

Miss Myrtle B. Charlton attended the lecture given by the Hon. W. J. Bryan at Knox Church on Tuesday evening last, and was the guest of her friend, Miss Rheta McLister, of Alma College, and her cousin, Miss Hazel Haight, 105 Wellington street, St. Thomas.

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TRADE-IN-LONDON WEEK AT "DOWLERS," 176 & 178 DUNDAS ST.

The Largest Showing of "Canada's Best" Clothes West of Toronto British Cloths-Tailored by Experts-Keenly Priced

It'll pay you on Saturday to scramble over the rugged streets and street car rails, now being renewed, to reach this store to secure your full share of our special Suit, Hat, Underwear, Furnishing and Work Goods values, and you'll find quality, values and economy in every Suit, every article shown.

20th Century Bench-Tailored Suits

Are now acknowledged the handsomest Tailored Suits on the American continent. To accomplish this it took infinite pains, patience and push. The cloths were selected with the greatest care, and every detail, from thread to final pressing, has expert attention. These Suits have the ear-mark, the hand mark and the hall-marks of \$30.00 to \$40.00 Suits.

A magnificent showing on Saturday at \$15.00, \$17.00, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.00, \$23.00, \$24.00, \$25.00 and \$26.00.

Our General Purpose Suit at \$8

Honestly tailored from honest-made goods. They would make a strong feature at \$10 in many stores.

A VERY SPECIAL DRIVE ON BOYS' "DOWLER" TAILORED SUITS SATURDAY.

We are showing in our London and St. Thomas stores the greatest Boys' Clothing values in Western Canada.

Mannish Man-Tailored Boys' Suits, in imported cloths, at \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$10.00 and \$11.00, in the new full riding breeches bloomers that delight the boys.

A FULL-FLEDGED FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Brimful of hot weather wearables, with style combined with comfort, 4,800 garments of Underwear.

50 dozen special combed Maccos Cotton Ballbriggans, in combination suits, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

150 dozen standard 45c quality Ballbriggan Shirts and Drawers 35c

50 dozen regular 35c Shirts and Drawers, special 25c

Fine imported natural wool combination and two-piece suits, Soiree Hot Weather Shirts, separate soft collars, Special, 87c

Saturday A magnificent range at \$1.00, \$1.20, \$1.50 and \$1.75, in tans, helio, white, cream, blue and gray.

Chett's, the best made soft collars, 3 for 50c

Atchinson's Irish Poplin Neckwear, the 75c quality, Saturday 50c

Wash Neckwear 25c, 20c, 15c, 10c, 8 1/2c

FANCY HOSE—In silk lisle and silk-plated gauze and mesh, the best range in London, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

A Double Railway-Fare Saving On Our Special \$11 Suits Saturday

And the London citizen saves here as well as the outsider. See them in our window, then come in and we will fit you. Suits worth \$14.00, \$15.00 and \$16.00, all correct styles and new.

MEN'S TWEED AND FANCY WORSTED SUITS AT \$9.60.

Here's another price where you can save many dollars. We give you the benefit of our keen cash purchasing—the largest cash clothing buyers in Western Ontario.

Warm Weather Two-Piece Suits at \$16 down to \$3.98

ONE LOT OF SAMPLE FANCY HOSE UP TO 50c, SPECIAL SATURDAY, 11c.

HATS AND CAPS

Almost every day brings us new lines. See our special HAT table Saturday.

\$1.00

They're all new goods, all latest block and colorings—Men's, Youths' and Boys'. Suits, too, at \$2.39 and \$1.98 Bloomer Knickers, all sizes, at \$1.59

OUR WORK GOODS DEPARTMENT.

15 dozen best \$1.00 Overalls in London blue and black, union-made Overalls, with and without bibs. Saturday and next week only 89c

60 Work Shirts, in black and white drill, 42c

85c Heavy Drill Fast Color Shirts, 65c

Railroad Mitts, the 60c kind, 45c

Railroad Mitts, the 50c kind, 35c

Dowler Special Horsehide Glove, 95c

This line is handled only by this store.

London R. H. & J. DOWLER St. Thomas

GIVES UP WHEN HE SEES FINGER PRINTS

Had Alibi, Too, But Robber
Pleads Guilty in Court.

New York, May 12.—Charles Christie, brought to trial yesterday before Judge Rossignol on a charge of unlawful entry, found the prosecution based its entire case on finger prints discernible through a microscope in a glass door panel of the building entered. Christie peeked through the glass at the finger marks and after conferring with his counsel, entered a plea of guilty.

Christie's confession came after a crowd of witnesses had sworn him a strong alibi. "I want you to tell me the whole story," said the judge. "How is it that if you are guilty you had all these witnesses? How is it that with a perfect alibi you plead guilty?"

"Why, no man could stand to see these finger prints without giving up the fight," answered the prisoner. "I guess everybody that saw them knew I was guilty. The witnesses thought they were telling the truth. They saw me come home and go to bed, but they didn't know I sneaked out afterward."

Christie was remanded for sentence until May 19.

After the jury had been discharged five of the jurors said they would have convicted on the evidence of the finger prints alone, and seven regarded the evidence as inconclusive.

DEATH ON THE STREET.

Toronto, May 11.—Donald McDonald, a well-known police court habitue, was found dead this morning at the foot of George street. He was taken to the morgue.

MOTORS FOR MAILS.

Ottawa, May 11.—The postoffice department has notified the Ottawa Electric Railway that it will not renew the contract for carriage of mails to and from the trains, which expires Sept. 1. At present the company receives \$8,000 per year, and asked \$15,000 on a new contract. The postoffice will henceforth use automobiles.

THE ATLAS CASE.

Toronto, May 11.—The case against the Rev. G. M. Atlas, charged with subornation of perjury, came up before Justice Clute this morning, but was adjourned till May 29. Before the court was opened the lawyers for the defence had a talk with the judge and explained their witnesses were not here yet and they could not go on.

BARRISTER GUILTY.

Toronto, May 11.—Gordon Russell, a barrister, faced another charge of forgery before Judge Denton this morning. This time it was for a promissory note for \$500. He pleaded guilty and was remanded till the end of the sessions for sentence.

Good Minstrels

The coming engagement of George Evans and his Honey Boy Minstrels at the Grand Monday evening next, promises an entertainment of all that is best in this popular style of amusement.

SAMPLE SHOE SALE



Misses' and Children's Slippers

We've purchased the Season's Samples—400 pairs—of the largest Canadian factory devoted exclusively to the making of Little Folks' Shoes. They are all Low Cuts—Oxford Ties—Ankle Straps—Instep Straps—and Two-Hole Ties. They are size 13 for Misses—size 9 for Children—size 6 for Infants—no two pair just alike, but every pair a genuine sample, extra well made and finished. We have sorted them into our Woven Wire Sale Baskets at the following prices:

On Sale Now 68c, 78c, 88c, 98c On Sale Now

Hubert Ashplant & Sons

