

The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXIX, No. 24.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1918

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries Public,
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Ottawa, Carleton Place
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(Organist Zion Ch. reb.)
TEACHER OF PIANO ORGAN AND VOICE.
STUDIO in Bell's Block, over Keays' Restau-
rant, Carleton Place.

D. R. McNEELY
Manufacturer of Every Description of Cut
Stones. Monuments of Newest Designs
kept in stock. All inscriptions
neatly cut and gilded by
First-class Workmen.
Stone Yard on Franktown Road, opposite
Edward's Grocery.
Box 189. CARLETON PLACE, ONT.

Seasonable Goods
Now on View,
and more arriving day by day.

WATCH OUR SHOW WINDOWS
for Novelties as the
season advances

A. Neilson
Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician.
Taylor Block. CARLETON PLACE

COAL

A car of Pea Coal.
Order at once
Also Egg Coal

F. MORRIS.
Carleton Place.

COLUMBIA CRAFONOLAS
—AND—
McLagan Phonographs

Also a full stock of Columbia Records
Nothing nicer for Christmas gifts
Call and see our stock

Beautiful pieces of Fancy Furniture for
the holiday season

PATTERSON BROS.
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

ERNEST REYNOLDS
Builder and Contractor

Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings
and alterations.
Hardwood Flooring—Birch, Beech, Oak and
Maple.
Plazas of all descriptions.
Herriott Street. Carleton Place.

Cut Flowers!
Everything in Cut Flowers, Plants, etc.
Wreaths and all varieties of designs for Funeral.
Orders may be left at this Office
W. H. ALLEN, Agent

White Ivory and Ebony
Toilet and Manicure Sets and
separate pieces.

Stationery
Gift boxes of best quality paper
and envelopes 25c to \$3.00

Waterman's Fountain Pens
\$2.50 to \$8.00

Books
All the latest fiction.

Neilson's Chocolates
Special Xmas Packages
60c to \$4.50

Perfumes and Toilet Waters

Talcum and Face Powders

W. P. PATTIE
Druggist and Stationer.

MISCELLANEOUS:

A BIG DRIVE
for stenographers. For the past year the
Civil Service Commission has been scouring
the Country for competent stenographers.
On Feb. 16 every Branch of the Service was
placed under the Commission which means
that the demands are now doubled.

GOWLING BUSINESS COLLEGE
OTTAWA
makes a specialty of preparing candidates for
these examinations. Start NOW and be
ready for the Fall Round Up. Our School
is open all summer.

W. E. GOWLING, H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE,
President. Principal.

LELAND HOTEL
THE Leading Farmer's Hotel. Cheap rates.
Breaks 50 cents.
Traveler's Rate, 95.00 per day.
Sheds Free. **FRED HUGHES, Manager.**
Canada Food Board License No. 10-3947

\$5,000 PROTECTION for
\$67.75—age 20

\$5,000 PROTECTION for
\$77.50—age 26

1917
A YEAR OF PROGRESS
New Insurance Issued

Over FIFTEEN MILLIONS
Confederation Life Association
Established 48 years ago.
P. SEWELL ROBERTS, District Manager

IVORY GOODS

See my large
display of French
Ivory, a beautiful
line for the holi-
day trade.

J. A. DACK
Watchmaker and Jeweller

Everything in Harness.

We carry in stock at all times
Light and Heavy Harness and all
kinds of Horse Clothing and re-
quisites.

In Trunks and Valises, Hand
Bags and Travelling perquisites we
have a very complete line.

Leather goods our specialty.

FERGUSON & SMYTHE
TAYLOR'S BLOCK.

CATTLE AND HORSES WANTED.

HAVING disposed of my Butcher Business I
hereby desire to announce that I purpose
devoting my time to the purchase of Cattle,
Horses, Hops, Sheep and Poultry. For any and
all of which I will pay the highest market prices.
Will also buy and sell Second-hand Vehicles of
all kinds.
W. MCGONEGAL & SON.
Carleton Place, Dec. 4, 1918.

—GREETING CARDS for the holiday season
—beautiful designs, or if preferred plainer
cards to meet larger needs or more economic
ends. See them at THE HERALD Office.

And the municipal elections are only a
few weeks off.]

Probably a popular organization would
be a league to establish peace prices.

Anniversary services will be observed
next Sunday in the Methodist church.

A large number of buyers is expected
for the poultry fair next Friday, and a
big attendance is expected.

In scanning the columns of your local
paper do not forget the advertisements.
They contain valuable information.

Mr. W. P. Thom arrived home from
the west on Saturday morning, having
spent the summer at Red Deer, Alta.

From letters received by relatives in
town many of our boys were in the last
Battle at Mons, and many have gone
with the Canadian Army into Germany.

Mr. and Mrs. N. D. McCallum
announce the engagement of their eldest
daughter, Edith M., to Sergt. W. M.
Johnson of Toronto, the marriage to
take place shortly.

The death occurred on Nov. 28th, of
Wm. McVeigh. The late Mr. McVeigh
was a son of the late Mr. Henry McVeigh
and Mrs. McVeigh of Smiths Falls, and
was 29 years of age.

A meeting will be held in the council
chamber on Thursday evening to
organize an auto club, the object of
which is to further the interests of the
good roads movement.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McLean announce
the engagement of their daughter, Miss
Bessie to Mr. Wm. D. Patterson, of
Calgary, Alta., the marriage to take
place on the 25th instant.

Mr. and Mrs. John MacNaughton,
R.R. No. 2 Perth, Ont., announce the
engagement of their daughter Teena, to
Mr. Harvey Elmer Rose, of Smiths Falls.
The marriage will take place quietly
Dec. 18th.

The ladies of St. James' Church Guild will
hold a sale of Aprons, Homemade Baking,
etc., in the Guild Rooms, afternoon and
evening, Tuesday, Dec. 17th. Afternoon tea
served.

Mr. James has received word from
the head office of the Canadian Bank
of Commerce that J. H. Robertson of
Springhill, Nova Scotia, is to be the
manager of the Smiths Falls branch in-
stead of Mr. Stavert.

—Miss Glenn, of Glenn-Charles, Toronto,
Canada's Hair Fashion store, will be in
Carleton Place, Friday, Dec. 13th, Missippi
Hotel, with a full line of Ladies' and Gen-
tlemen's Hair Goods. If you are not satisfied
with the appearance of your hair consult Miss
Glenn, who is an authority on Hair Goods
and individual Hair styles. Free demonstra-
tion.

Lieut. T. A. Williams, son of Mr. and
Mrs. Hugh M. Williams of Ottawa, well
known in Carleton Place, his birth
place, has returned to Canada, much to
the joy of his friends. Lieut. Williams
was wounded three different times, and
yet got home. We imagine we see
Hugh tossing his bonnet in the air, as
he was wont to do in the old days of the
roarin' game.

—The Provincial County Road desig-
nated by the county council of Frontenac
from Kingston through Joyceville to a
point on the county boundary opposite
Seely's Bay, has been extended by the
Council of Leeds and Grenville across
Leeds County to the boundary of Lanark.
It is not yet known whether this
road will run to Smiths Falls or whether
Lanark will designate a county road
from Rideau Ferry to connect up with
Leeds.

—The Watson (Sask.) Witness says:
"Pte. Harvey McGonegal, a returned
soldier, died at Watson Sask. Saturday,
Nov. 14th, 1918. He formerly lived at
Flower Station, Ont. Nine years ago
he went to Kisby, Sask., and came here
a few weeks ago with some friends.
They bought land northeast of here in-
tending to make this home. Pte.
McGonegal was taken down with In-
fluenza and was beyond human aid
when brought to town. Everything
possible was done for him. The funeral
service was held in the Town Hall on
Saturday, Rev. L. Pierson officiating.
There were two beautiful wreaths on
his casket. Business places were closed
from 2 to 3, flags were flying at half-
mast, six returned soldiers were the
pallbearers, and a large number of
people gathered to pay their last tribute
to a soldier of the empire. The body
was laid to rest in the cemetery south
of here.

Lonely Farmer Found Dead

Chief Philips was notified on Tuesday
evening that John Stratford had not
been seen around his farm since Sunday.
The chief immediately got busy and
went out to the farm, which was situated
about a mile from Smiths Falls on the
Lombardy road. Finding no tracks
around the house and seeing no life in-
side, he took out a window and entered
finding Mr. Stratford in bed, but cold
in death. There was no sign of a
struggle and it appears as though
deceased had passed away in his sleep
only a slight disturbance of the bed
clothes being observed. The late Mr.
Stratford has lived alone on his farm
since last year and the neighbors, who
noticed that the cattle had not been
attended to for the past few days, got
suspicious and notified the chief. In
the pockets of the deceased was found
the sum of \$607.47 of which Chief
Philips took charge. The coroner, Dr.
Anderson of Jasper was notified and
came Tuesday evening, but considered
there was no need for an inquest and the
remains were taken to Mr. Marsh's
undertaking parlor.—Smiths Falls News

Big Flu Toll From Province

During the two months in which
Spanish influenza was epidemic in
Ontario, 5,623 people died of the disease,
and the reports are still incomplete.
In November 3,608 persons succumbed
to the malady, as compared with 3,016
in October. Influenza is still prevalent
in some parts of the Province.
There was a big increase in the
number of deaths from contagious
diseases as compared with November,
1917. The principal increase was in
tuberculosis, there being 124 deaths last
month, as against 52 during November,
1917. The total number of deaths from
contagious disease last month was 212,
as against 88 during the same period
last year. Only 94 cases of venereal
diseases were reported during November.

Conservation of Resources means success
Conserve YOUR Assets by building up a
Bank Account.
Savings Department at all Branches.
Carleton Place Branch, J. G. CRAIG, Manager.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874
Capital Paid Up - - - \$4,000,000
Reserve - - - - - 4,750,000
HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.
94 BRANCHES IN CANADA.

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Cadet W. F. Findlay, of the R.F.C.,
arrived home last week.

Miss Hodgson, Superintendent of the
R.M. Hospital, Almonte, has resigned.

Pte. Pat O'Donovan arrived home on
Saturday last, and received a warm wel-
come from his many friends.

Communion services were observed in
St. Andrew's on Sunday, when four new
members were added to the roll.

December is one of the popular
months for renewing subscriptions to
newspapers. We hope for the same
generous consideration this year.

The new rink managers—Messrs.
Robt. Lever and Allan Johnson—have a
nice sheet of ice already if the weather
only holds cold, and expect to open up
shortly.

Mrs. James Best returned to Carleton
Place on Saturday after spending a few
days in town. Mr. Best is in charge of
the Renfrew Dairy's milk business in
Carleton Place.—Renfrew Journal.

The body of Capt. (Rev.) D. G.
MacPhail, who was reported "missing
believed drowned" after the torpedoing
of the hospital ship, Llandovey Castle,
has been washed ashore and buried in
France.

A large eagle measuring seven feet
two inches from tip to tip of wings, and
three feet three inches from top of head
to tail, was caught in a trap near
Whitney and sent down to Claude
Tierney to be mounted. Taxidermist
Fred. Scheel of Arnprior says it is the
largest bird he ever mounted.—Arnprior
Watchman.

By resolution of the synod last
summer the minimum stipend of a
clergyman of the church of England was
set at \$1200 a year. A committee was
appointed by the Bishop to carry this
resolution into effect. Mr. Andrew
Haydon is chairman of this committee
and under his leadership a campaign is
being carried on throughout the diocese
in every parish where the stipend is
below the minimum.

Two white deer, sometimes called
albino, were this year shot by Mr. Ed.
Stott of Renfrew, who formed one of a
party hunting at the "Plum Trees," a
point on the Madawaska about midway
between the Deschenes and Coltons.
They were male fawns, and on Saturday
evening were on exhibition in a window
of the Fraser & Smart pharmacy. In
nearly every hunting season a white
deer is shot somewhere in Ontario, but
very rarely do two of them fall before
the rifle of one hunter in one season.

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from Kingston through Joyceville to a
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Seely's Bay, has been extended by the
Council of Leeds and Grenville across
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Leeds.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

No fragment of a battle ever survived so many battles as the Bible; no citadel ever withstood so many hurricanes and was swept by so many stones. And yet it stands. It has been the rise and fall of Daniel's four empires, Assyria bequeaths a few mutilated figures to the riches of our national museum. Media and Persia, like Babylon which they conquered, have been weighed in the balance and long ago found wanting. Greece faintly survives in its historical fame. 'Tis living Greece no more," and iron Rome of the Caesars has long since ceased to boast. And yet the book that foretells all still survives. While the nations, kings, philosophers, systems, institutions, have died away. The Bible engages men's deepest thought, is examined by keenest intellect, stands revered before the highest tribunals, is more read, sifted and debated, more devoutly loved and more vehemently assailed, more defended and denied, more industriously translated and freely given to the world, more honored and abused than any other book the world ever saw. It survives all changes, itself unchanged; it moves all minds, yet is moved by none; it sees all things decay yet itself is incorruptible; it sees myriads of other books engulfed in the stream of time yet is borne along till the mystic angel plants its foot in the sea and swears by him that liveth that time shall be no more. With Isaiah we say: "All flesh is grass and goodliness thereof is as the flower of the field. The grass withereth, the flower fadeth, but the word of God shall stand forever."

You know the grievances that beset your path, the shadow that hangs over your own home, the fears, often groundless, it is true, of impending calamities that disturb you, but you cannot lift the curtain that conceals your neighbors' misfortunes; the door will not swing back to reveal the skeleton in their closets; and you cannot realize that every one is loaded as you are; and every home, however charming to the outward, has yet within, trials as severe as your own, and heart aches that would make your's seem light in comparison. We each have our own peculiar troubles as we have our own countenances and our own hobbies, and we cannot escape them.

Home is a place where a man can do as he pleases—if he is married to the right woman. A cheerful atmosphere is important to a happy home life. It is hard for children to be good when they are exposed to an incessant hail storm of fault-finding from their parents. It is very difficult for a wife to maintain a calm and charmingly sweet demeanor when her husband is critical or sullen, and takes all her tender efforts with difficult appreciation.

Married couples would be happier if home troubles were kept within the four walls of the home; if each would re-

member that the other was a human being, and not an angel, and if husbands and wives would sometimes remember that they were once sweethearts and lovers and should be so always. You want your wife to be cheerful and brighten your life all she can. Very good, and now as a help toward this end, suppose you try to be cheerful and shed a few rays of brightness upon her pathway.

The power to be a true helper of others, a binder up of broken hearts, a comforter of sorrow is the most divine of all endowments.

Did you ever try helping out your enemy when he was in a tight place? Do a kind favor, some propitious time to your nearest neighbor. Such things have made very amiable people out of crabbed ones.

Stories first heard at mother's knee are never forgotten. It is the same with some other things received at our mother's knee which will readily occur to our readers.

The sunbeam is composed of millions of minute rays; so home-light must be constituted of little tendernesses, kindly looks, sweet laughter and loving words.

Many a man wants more vim in his house paper, when at the same time he is carrying a few dollars' worth of it vim in his pocket.

Keep the rooms sweet and pure by ventilation. For this reason air and sunshine are free.

Most of us have got to learn that contentment and not worldly wealth brings happiness.

Be like the harvest of this year—good and generous.

A carload of pity is not worth a handful of help.

Carry sunshine in all your walks of life.

During October, forest fires near Duluth, Minnesota, destroyed almost one thousand human lives and some \$75,000,000 worth of property. In number of lives lost, the Minnesota disaster is of at least four times the magnitude of the great Claybelt fire which swept a section of northern Ontario in 1916. Reports indicate that the Minnesota holocaust is the direct and logical result of indifference on the part of the general public toward the existence of numerous small fires which at first did not immediately threaten property or lives, coupled with the failure of the state administration to provide adequate funds for fire patrol and the extinguishing of fires in the incipient stage.

HOW THEY WON OUT

Singers Thought Up a Really Neat Scheme.

Little Conspiracy That Seems to Point to Truth of the Familiar Old Adage That Every Man Has His Price.

Once there was a male quartet which was booked by a lyceum bureau that would allow a date to be canceled only in the event of a performer's death.

This quartet in question was booked to sing at Buzzard, N. D., one cold winter night. The time-table told the boys to go to Terminal, which was the end of the line, and hire a liveryman to take them over to Buzzard.

They arrived at Terminal on a Saturday morning. The hotel was not at all bad. The first train out was to go Monday. The liveryman said that he would convey them to Buzzard for \$10. It was 22 miles. He intimated that he thought he could notice indications of a robust blizzard approaching. He said it was not uncommon for parties to get lost in blizzards and freeze to death before being found. It was spitting snow at noon.

The boys went over to the telegraph office, wired the bureau, explained about the long drive to Buzzard, and the dangers with which the journey was fraught, and asked that they be permitted to cancel the engagement. They offered to compensate the bureau to the extent of its commission if permitted to blow the date.

Their answer from the bureau was an emphatic denial of permission to cancel the date.

And yet the boys did not fill the engagement at Buzzard.

There was only one liveryman in Terminal, and his price for the drive to Buzzard was \$10, so the boys chipped in and paid him \$20 to write a statement to the effect that he had refused to make the trip in the face of an approaching storm. They sent his statement to the bureau.

Moral: "Every man has his price." And "where there's a will there is usually a way."

Heiress a Successful Artist. Heiress to one of the greatest fortunes in America, born to a life of ease and luxury, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney is a shining example of the type of American woman who is combining successfully a career while she performs her duty to her home and society, says the Washington Times.

The former Gertrude Vanderbilt, daughter of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, has for the last ten years worked untriflingly as a sculptor. Splendid examples of her art have been exhibited in New York, many of them selected in competition in which the best artists of the time have been her competitors. Among Mrs. Whitney's best known works are the Titanic memorial, which has been erected in the national capital; a fountain in the New Arlington hotel at Washington, exhibited at the Panama-Pacific exposition in California; another massive fountain of Aztec design in the bureau of American republics, also in Washington. Mrs. Whitney has also done some splendid work in oil, water color and crayon.

War Stops "Sea Bathing." Humorists have recently added to the list of the war's alleged horrors the fact that Londoners can no longer bathe in sea water in their own homes. The facts in the case are reported by Popular Mechanics Magazine, as follows: It seems that for years one of the English railways has maintained a "sea-water" service. For the small sum of 12 cents it has delivered to any customer a large can of real ocean water for bathing purposes, calling for the can the following day. Now, however, the Londoners, who pride themselves on being "the best tubbed people in the world" must forego these "sea baths," for the railway has discontinued its service on account of war conditions. Henceforth fresh water must suffice for cleanings.

Swiss Adept 24-Hour Clock. The Swiss federal council, under date of April 19, 1918, has decreed that the Swiss transportation systems, the management of the telegraph system, the customs service, the federal government works and the remaining institutions under federal government management shall, up to the return of normal conditions, but not before May 1, 1919, establish the 24-hour day, numbering the hours from 1 to 24, beginning at midnight. The Swiss federal railway department is empowered to fix the definite date upon which the 24-hour day is to be enforced.

Gloomy Outlook. "I guess your boy will soon return from college." "Yes," replied Mr. Cobble, with a thoughtful look. "No doubt you expect him to help you on the farm this summer?" "No. When Henry was elected president of the Sophomore Dancing club my faith in him was considerably shaken, but when I heard he'd taken to playin' on a ukulele I quit havin' any illusions about that boy."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

His War Garden. Mrs. Flatbush—Oh, John, there are two chickens fighting in our garden! Mr. Flatbush—Well, let 'em fight. I've got to have some excuse for calling it a war garden, haven't I?

ISLAND OF GUAM IS LOYAL

Voluntary Universal Training Has Helped Immensely in Americanization.

How far the people of the Pacific island of Guam have progressed in the process of Americanization is indicated in the current issue of the Guam News Letter, copies of which have recently reached Seattle. The island, which is our cable outpost for the Philippine Islands and the Orient, is governed by Capt. Roy C. Smith of the American navy, under the oversight of the navy department. Captain Smith seems to be developing a very ardent band of Americanism among the island people, who are known as Chamorros and have a strong admixture of Spanish blood.

The News Letter describes the celebration of Washington's birthday in Guam, to which the people flocked from all parts of the island, coming by launch, owing to the absence of any island highway system. The proceeds of the various enterprises, amounting to \$1,370.55, were donated to the Red Cross, and we gather that the program of amusement was purely American. For instance, the "hot dog" stand realized \$108.94; Butler's soda, \$158.50; knock the cat down, \$112.07; the moving picture show, \$75.90; the jitney dance, \$45.69; wheel of fortune, \$350.10; lemonade stand, \$772.93; baseball game, \$16.40. From all sources the Red Cross received \$1,500, and subscriptions were given for \$50,000 in Liberty bonds.

More than this, the island militia had its first parade. Some time ago Governor Smith put into effect a universal military training law at the request of the people, this being the first portion of American territory in which such a law has been made effective. There are 1,000 militiamen, the government supplying guns and ammunition and the regular khaki uniform of the United States army. Seven per cent of Guam's population is in the militia, at which rate, if we of the mainland kept up with the Chamorros, we should have an army of 7,000,000. The flags and floats of the parade induced a tremendous enthusiasm in the populace.

Officer Once Stable Boy. We have ceased to be surprised at the amazing social upheaval brought about by the war, but the shock which a gentleman received recently at a very exclusive club of which he is a member can be easily understood. On the staircase he was hailed by a resplendent young officer of the guards attired in one of those gray coats whose color and cut are the envy of all "subs." Not recognizing the young officer, there was a pause, whereupon the soldier said: "I'm afraid you've forgotten me. My name is ——" The gentleman still failed to identify the officer. "I'm — of Newark," added the guardsman. Whereupon the astounded gentleman recognized the grownup boy who five years ago had saddled his horse at a hunting box he visited. The stable hand had enlisted in the ranks, won a commission in the field, and finally been transferred to a guard regiment, and carried himself as if to the manner born.

Polish Army in France. The flag of Poland was lifted on the battle line when the Polish legion, 15,000 strong, recruited mostly in the United States, took its place among the allies in France. It is only a little army that the ancient emblem of a free Poland is flying over now, but every Polish volunteer in France and every patriotic Pole in the United States and scattered elsewhere throughout the world, is confident that ultimately the flag will wave over a free and strong and reunited Poland, and every Pole understands that it is only through a triumph of the allies in this war for justice and right and world freedom that the restoration of Poland can be brought about.

Wartime Wall Street. Before the war Wall street was just a thoroughfare, the brownest and busiest in the world. Now, as it draws its slight bow up to Trinity, it has lost something of its dusty absorption. Like Fifth avenue and Broadway, it has undergone a transformation, and the long flags that hang from the windows of its offices swing in gay lines of energy up to the sunlit spires of the church.

Even here, where all is generally so quiet, so unobtrusive, the war has reached with bright fingers and brought out the love of country symbolized by these banners in the wind. Dodging the Draft. A man in the draft who would much rather have stayed at home complaining of having poor eyesight. After being put through the eye test the doctor told him to go in the next room for further examination. The man gave a sigh of relief. When he came to the door he noticed a black thread running across and dodged it, whereupon the eye doctor said: "Come back, cutie; you're all right."

Cotton Seed's Rise in Value. Cotton seed, formerly thrown away, is now bringing \$75 a ton. A ton yields 280 pounds of crude oil, 800 pounds of meal animal food and 125 pounds of ammonia.

His Summer Job. "Going away this summer?" "No, siree. I'm going to stay right here and camp on the coal dealer's doorstep until I get next winter's coal in my cellar."

The Season's Greetings

We desire to return our best thanks to our patrons for past patronage, and wish One and All a Very Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

For the holiday trade we have a nice stock of

Waistcoats, Coat Sweaters, Silk Mufflers, Caps, Gloves, Hosiery, Neckties, Shirts, Underwear, &c.

W. A. SHAW,

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S TAILORING.

JUST RECEIVED A CAR OF Alberta & Crescent PROVENDER

\$58 and \$63 per Ton

We also have a quantity of Bran Shorts on hand at low prices.

C. F. BURGESS,

Can. Food Board License No. 9-279

Headquarters for the Lake of the Woods Co. products



Better Babies

A constipated infant begins life heavily handicapped. Constipation means infinitely more than mere failure of the bowels to move regularly and thoroughly. It means stagnation of waste matter, production of irritant and poisonous substances, and their absorption into the blood by which they are carried all over the body.

Cells are poisoned, growth interfered with, and a soil prepared in which germs of disease easily take root and develop. Constipation in infancy is a bad habit, but giving an infant drugs to force the bowels to move is a crime. A baby is like a bud—both may easily be blasted.

The Nujol Treatment for Constipation is not only absolutely harmless, but is in the highest degree efficient.

Nujol is not a drug, does not act like any drug.

Nujol helps Nature to overcome the bad habits by re-establishing natural, easy, thorough bowel evacuation, as regular as clockwork.

Every drop of Nujol taken into the body comes out of the body. But in its passage through the intestinal canal, it keeps the bowel contents soft and moist, makes it easier for the intestinal muscles to act, absorbs poisons and helps to discourage germ growth. Get Nujol of your druggist and give it according to directions.

Warning: NUJOL is sold only in sealed bottles bearing the Nujol Trade Mark. Insist on Nujol. You may suffer from substitutes.

Send for Instructive Booklet

CHARLES GYDE & SON

P.O. Box 875, Montreal

CANADIAN SELLING AGENTS FOR

Nujol Laboratories

STANDARD OIL CO. (NEW JERSEY)

NEW YORK CITY

"Regular as Clockwork"



Demobilization of Troops

THE demobilization of the Canadian Expeditionary Force is perhaps the most important problem now confronting the Dominion Government, and the transportation of the troops from the port of landing to their home destination is a work which will require skillful handling. On reaching Canadian soil, after their hard fought battles in foreign countries, the veterans will deserve all the consideration that can be given to them.

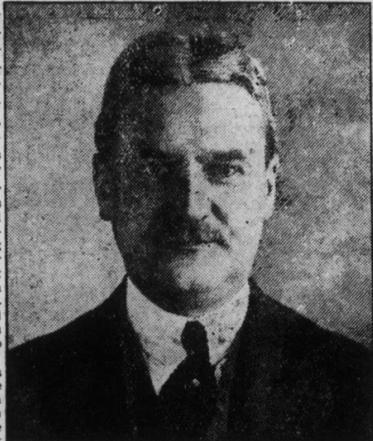
It was therefore a wise decision on the part of the Dominion Government when they decided that the Canadian Railway War Board should appoint a committee that will make all the arrangements necessary for the transportation of the soldiers through Canada.

The War Board so constituted this committee that it is representative of the three principal Canadian railways. Ever since the beginning of the war officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway have been conspicuous as leaders in the country's patriotic efforts, and now Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Maughan, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the C. P. R., has been chosen as chairman of the committee that is to undertake the responsibility for the train transportation of the soldiers to their places of abode in Canada. Lieutenant-Colonel Maughan's long experience and his thorough knowledge of railroad affairs make him thoroughly qualified to fill the position for which he has been selected.

In March, 1892, at the age of sixteen years, Walter Maughan joined the staff of the Canadian Pacific Railway as a clerk in the Toronto office. In September of the same year he was transferred to Hamilton to act in a similar capacity. In 1895 he was again brought back to the Toronto office, and in March, 1897, he became city passenger agent in the Queen City. On November 1st, 1913, he became assistant district passenger agent in Toronto. One month later he was promoted to become assistant general passenger agent in Montreal.

Lieutenant-Colonel Maughan is representing the C. P. R. on the newly formed committee. Mr. H. H. Melanson will represent the Canadian Government Railways, and Mr. C. W. Johnston the Grand Trunk Railway. By a co-ordination of effort it is believed that the representatives of the three big Canadian railways can so regulate railway transportation arrangements as to insure the safe and comfortable return of the Canadian soldier men to their homes. The headquarters of the committee will be in Ottawa, where the committee will be in direct touch with the Canadian Government.

A preliminary meeting of the committee was recently held in Montreal, when the Minister of Militia was represented by Colonel E. E. Clarke, Director General of Supplies and Transportation. The problem of transportation was discussed in all its phases, and the committee will leave nothing undone to ensure safe transit, and feeding facilities of the highest character for the Canadian soldier men who so bravely answered to the call of duty when the country was in danger.



Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Maughan.

A Famous Wheat Grower

THAT Western Canada can produce the best wheat of this continent is once more demonstrated by the fact that at the International Soil Products Exposition at Kansas City the other day, the sweepstakes prize for the best half bushel of hard spring wheat—a \$500.00 silver cup—was awarded to a Western Canadian farmer, Seager Wheeler, of Rosthern, Saskatchewan. This is the third time that Mr. Wheeler has won the premier prize, one of the most coveted amongst wheatgrowers the whole continent over, at this exposition. He was awarded the sweepstakes prize for wheat at the exposition at Wichita, Kansas, in 1914, and again at Denver, Colorado, in 1915. Wheat from his stock won the same prize for another man at Lethbridge, Alberta, in 1913. Mr. Wheeler is a famous winner of wheat prizes. In addition to the foregoing and to a large number of ribbons, cups and gold prizes at minor events, it was he, who in 1911 won the thousand dollar gold prize donated by Lord Shaugnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at New York Land Show, for the best bushel of milling wheat grown anywhere in the two Americas. In every case Mr. Wheeler has exhibited Marquis wheat, a variety that produces in very heavy yield, and matures somewhat earlier than other varieties. It was perfected a few years ago by Professor S. A. Bedford, of Brandon Experimental Farm, and Dr. William Saunders, of Ottawa, after several years of experimentalization to obtain the best variety suited to Western Canada. The provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta contain 466,000,000 acres of land of which 200,000,000 at least are high-class farming land. Only about 30,000,000 were actually under



SPECIAL AWARD
BY
INTERNATIONAL SOIL PRODUCTS EXPOSITION
KANSAS CITY, MO.
1912
BEST BUSHEL HARD SPRING WHEAT
PRESENTED BY
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

cultivation in 1918, the enormous tracts which remain unsettled are uncultivated constituting the real "last best west" of the continent.

LANARK AND RENFREW PRESBYTERY

The Presbytery of Lanark and Renfrew held its regular meeting in St. Andrew's church, on Nov. 27th. In the unavoidable absence of the moderator, Rev. D. M. Blakely, the chair was taken by Rev. S. G. Brown of Almonte, who constituted the court with prayer, a prominent feature of which was thanksgiving and praise to the Almighty for the signal victory to the Allied cause.

Some of the presbyters were not in attendance on account of the prevalence of influenza in the rural districts, but their places were filled by a number of specially appointed delegates from congregations within the bounds of Presbytery, who came to have a share in the inception of the Forward Movement here.

Amongst the communications read by the clerk was a letter from Captain (Rev) James Faulds, one time minister of St. Andrew's Church, Arnprior, now serving as chaplain in one of the Canadian battalions in France. From the description of his work, and his pertinent remarks thereto, it was evident that Capt. Faulds had not lost any of that refined disposition and grace of tenderness which characterized him when amongst us. Presbytery was deeply moved at the reading of the letter, and led by Rev. Mr. Craig, engaged in solemn prayer commending the Canadian soldiers and chaplains to God's tender care.

The moderator appointed Mr. Wm. Baird and Reverend Maxwell and Dobson a committee on remits, with Mr. Dobson as convener. Mr. Baird, reporting for the committee appointed to look into the matter of the minimum stipend, said the committee recommended that in view of the present unsettled condition of affairs that nothing definite be done, but that considering the high cost of living, as it affected this presbytery, a bonus of at least ten per cent. be given to all ministers receiving less than \$1,500. This became the recommendation of Presbytery, and was ordered to be sent down to all congregations where the stipend is less than the amount named.

Mr. Taylor reported for Home Missions and Augmentation. The regular grants were asked for and passed by the Presbytery.

Rev. Mr. Monds made an appeal to the presbytery on behalf of the Ottawa Ladies' College, remarking upon the large and useful place the College is occupying in the education of the young ladies of the church, and asking congregations to make allocation to the college when disbursing their funds at the end of the year.

Rev. W. M. Grant, of Perth, was appointed to bear the greetings of presbytery to the Women's Missionary Presbyterial meeting, to be held in Perth in February.

A call from Oliver's Ferry and Port Elmsley to Rev. Henry Walker, minister without charge, of Toronto, was presented by Rev. Wm. Peacock. The call was sustained as a regular gospel call, and forwarded to Rev. Mr. Walker. Provisional arrangements for the induction of Mr. Walker, should he accept, were made.

Dr. Scott, in presenting the report for the Benevolent Funds Committee, made an earnest plea for a more hearty support of the aged and infirm minister's fund, and the widows' and orphans' fund.

THE FORWARD MOVEMENT

Was launched at the afternoon session, when Rev. Dr. Gandier gave an outline of what was proposed. It was, he said, an effort to Christianize talent, Capital and Labor. The aim is so to

set before the church the present world situation, the need and opportunity in our mission fields, the call of God in this crisis, that people may be led to consecration of themselves, their children and their material wealth to the service of Christ and His Church. Rev. J. D. Byrnes, Superintendent of Missions for Synod of Toronto and Kingston, in a passionate appeal presented the home mission phase of the Forward Movement. He said that it was imperative that the Church get up and live to accomplish its work to-day. Dealing with the foreign problem in Canada, he stated that the foreigners should be treated with brotherly love as fellow-citizens. Rev. Dr. Gandier, dealing with the work of Foreign Missions, said that under the comity of missions, our Presbyterian Church in Canada has assumed responsibility for the evangelization and enlightenment of fifteen million heathen. Twice the population of Canada depends upon us for any knowledge of the Lord Jesus Christ, and for Christian leadership, in the new era that is dawning for Asia. Surely there is need of a forward movement. Miss Bessie MacMurphy, the corresponding secretary of the Women's Missionary Society, in a very able address, presented the work of that organization, both in its home and its foreign aspects. She gave the requirements for expansion within the next five years, as 160 workers in the foreign field, and the sum of \$250,000.

At the evening session, Dr. R. J. Wilson, of Chalmers Church, Kingston, eloquently presented the work of the Forward Movement in so far as it touched the life of the young people of the Sunday School and the church, and said that it must attract candidates to the ministry in such numbers and quality as will meet the requirements of the Church at home and abroad. Professor John Matheson, of Queen's University, Kingston, presented a logical argument for a new sense of stewardship in the use of money—such increased liberality as will equip and maintain the work of the church on a war basis of intensity and efficiency. Principal Gandier emphasized the opportunity given to the church now and the need of her accepting the challenge of the hour.

Presbytery appointed a committee on the forward movement, consisting of the conveners of the standing committees, which is to co-operate with the central committee of Fifty, appointed by the Assembly, and to do everything possible to push the forward movement in this Presbytery.

After a hearty vote of thanks had been moved in felicitous terms by Dr. Scott, and heartily approved of by the Presbytery, and tendered to the speakers, the meeting came to an end, the moderator pronouncing the benediction.

The next meeting of Presbytery will be held in Zion Church, Carleton Place, on the 21st, January, 1919.

What he was Reading

He was about 12 years of age and had visited the Free Library several days and always asked for and obtained the same book, took it over to a table and pondered over it for some minutes, finally returning it to the custodian. The latter at last became interested in the studious youngster. Arriving at the natural conclusion that he was memorizing some important passage, the librarian strolled over to the table and looked at the open page, which contained an illustration of a bull chasing a woman across a field. Simultaneously the student looked up and remarked: "He hasn't caught her yet."

Two Hours—Forty Years

A striking illustration of the changes that have occurred in the course of the centuries, and particularly in the last few years, is given by Dr. John Finley in the New York Independent. "I went to Palestine by aeroplane from Egypt in two hours," says Dr. Finley. "It took the children of Israel forty years to cover the distance."

DISINFECT THE STABLES

(Experimental Farm Note)

The fact that regular disinfection of the stables is not a common practise in Canada is sufficient evidence that we as farmers are not thorough nor do we appreciate the importance of the health of our animals. As in other countries, disease of animals is responsible for the loss to farmers of many millions of dollars annually. Such diseases as tuberculosis, abortion, scours, blackleg, glanders, hog cholera, etc. take enormous toll from our revenues. Again parasites such as lice, ticks, etc. each year cause the waste of enormous amounts of expensive feed to say nothing of the losses in production of milk, meat, and young stock. Farmers of Canada it is your duty and your best business to stop these losses. Don't wait till animals die of disease or are emaciated and hairless from parasites before discovering trouble. Diseases are spread more rapidly when animals are confined in winter quarters.

One of the most important factors in cheap and healthy wintering of animals is clean quarters and no quarters can be kept clean and free from disease and parasites without disinfection at least twice annually.

The basis of disinfection is direct contact. Disease germs under a layer of manure, straw or dirt, cannot be killed by average disinfection. Hence the first step is the thorough cleaning out of the barns, scraping (and washing, if possible), all walls and floors, and sweeping dirt, dust and cobwebs from walls and ceilings. Wood floors should be repaired and earth floors renewed with a layer of clean soil.

WHAT DISINFECTANTS TO USE

1. Sunlight. This is the cheapest and one of the best. Every stable should have at least 6 sq. ft. of glass per mature head of horses and cattle, and one-quarter this amount for calves and mature hogs. Sunlight induces cleanliness, health, comfort, and greater profits.
2. Whitewash: A good whitewash applied hot to ceilings and walls covers and kills germs and parasites. Add drug disinfectant, such as Carbolic Acid, if barns have housed diseased animals. Apply with spray pump or brush.
3. Drug Disinfectants: All floors, gutters, and mangers should receive extra care. Disinfect by soaking thoroughly with one of the coal tar distillates such as Kresol, Wescol, Zenoleum, Creolin, etc. etc., applied in water solution 3% to 6% varying with strength of disinfectant. Apply with spray pump or sprinker and brush in.

The Hospital for Sick Children

TORONTO
War Laid Heavy Hand on Children's Charity.

Dear Mr. Editor:—The annual report of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, marks a new record, despite the heavy handicap the war placed upon its work.

The task of ministering to the suffering youngsters of this province was no light one in view of the Hospital's splendid response to the national call 25 doctors and 43 nurses from its forces have seen service overseas.

Yet the number of patients treated is 5,048, or 1,308 more than last year. Of these in-patients, 759 were from 266 places outside of Toronto. The tireless efforts of the staff made possible also a reduction in the average length of stay necessary for the little patients from 24 days in 1914 to 14 this year.

These results show that the Hospital has again paid to the children rich dividends of health upon the invested kindness of its supporters.

There has been careful stewardship of the funds entrusted to the Hospital. There has been saving—almost scrimping—in every direction except where it would prevent the Hospital's soothing the suffering or shortening the sickness of one child. The daily cost of operation was held at the lowest point which would still allow the children entrusted to the Hospital to get the best medicine and the best of care.

And yet so high has risen the cost of every item in the Hospital's budget—in labor, in fuel, in food, and above all, in medical supplies—that the minimum expense of taking care of one child for one day has risen from \$2.34 back in 1914 to \$3.21% in 1918. Of that, \$1.66%—the amount per patient per day that the official Government grants do not cover—must come from voluntary contributions.

During the past four years debts were incurred to the extent of \$100,000, which the Trustees felt assured would be wiped out by the public as soon as the war drew to its close, and those heavy demands cease which have been made upon the generosity of the loyal people of this province. By the bounty of the late John Ross Robertson that property has just been cleared of debt for the first time since it began its ministry of healing mercy.

Little children have lost a big-hearted friend, and the province a noble benefactor. It is for the public to decide whether his life-work shall be shadowed with a mortgage within less than a year of his passing.

What think you? Send your answer as soon as possible to the Secretary-Treasurer, Hospital for Sick Children, College Street, Toronto. Meanwhile the Charity will "Carry on," trusting in your support.

IRVING E. ROBERTSON,
Chairman of Appeal Committee.

Zutoo

Cures headache in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c per box.

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-tives"

ST. MARTIN'S, N.B.
"For two years, I suffered tortures from Severe Dyspepsia. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth."

I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-tives', I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK.
30c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

strength of disinfectant. Apply with spray pump or sprinker and brush in. The Health of Animals Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, can supply free instructions in selecting and preparing whitewash and disinfectants.

Thoroughness in the above disinfection is most important. The intelligent stockman intent on maintaining healthy stock finds it wise to disinfect mangers and feed passages more frequently. A light spraying monthly will suffice.

Practise proves that disinfection is cheap insurance and an investment yielding a high rate of interest. If Canadian farmers untidely will but realize this, our animal disease and losses there from would decrease 20% per annum.

Very Economical

A laborer was boasting of the economy practised by his parents during his childhood. At last one of his hearers became sceptical.

"I really can't see," said he, "how so large a family could be fed and clothed on so small a wage."

"Yes," added another, "think of the cost of footwear alone."

"Ah," said the laborer, "but that didn't beat feyther. When our shoes got thin, 'e went fishin' an' brought 'ome a few soles an' eels."

In the Y.M.C.A. Hut

A newly-arrived American sailor met a first draft friend at the Eagle Hut in the Strand.

"Hello, Jake!" said the former. "I suppose now that you are living in London you're meeting quite a lot of titled ladies?"

"Huh!" replied Jake, "we don't associate with them sort—why, they wait on us at table."

Rheumatism, Kidney or Stomach Trouble and Asthma Promptly Cured

For Rheumatism, Kidney Trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick or Sour Stomach, Bitter taste in the mouth, Loss of Appetite, and Asthma, this medicine has no equal. Two to five doses will cure Sore Back or Sluggish Kidneys.

Corporal W. Lewis No. 305525, 1st D.A.C. at present residing in Eganville, Ont., writes:—"I was 18 months in France and went through the battles of the Somme, Vimy Ridge, Lens, Hill 70 and Passchendaele. On account of Kidney Trouble I was invalided to England. I was treated there for some months in the 5th, and 11th Hospitals, and was finally invalided home to Ottawa, where I received treatment in the Convalescent Home. I was finally discharged as being medically unfit for further active service. Having heard of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney Cure, I decided to try it, and after using four bottles I feel certain it has made me as well as ever, and I am gaining in weight every week. I can highly recommend it to any sufferer from Kidney Trouble as a sure and quick cure."

Mr. W. I. Payne, Renfrew, Ont., writes:—"I had Rheumatism in my arms, shoulders and legs for over four years. At times I was unable to get on my coat without assistance. My kidneys were also in bad shape. Three bottles of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney Cure completely cured me."

For sale by W. P. Pattie, Carleton Place, M. R. McFarlane, Almonte; L. A. Wilson, Smiths Falls; J. L. Rochester Ltd., Rideau St., Ottawa; or direct from the manufacturer W. F. Ritchie, box 296, Renfrew, Ont.

Price, 75c per Bottle. In remitting for mail orders add sufficient to cover postage.

LOCAL AGENT WANTED

for the Old Reliable Fonthill Nurseries

Thousands of Orchard Trees need replacing. War Gardens call for Small Fruits, early-bearing Fruit Trees, Asparagus, Rhubarb plants, etc.

The demand for Ornamental stock in towns and villages is large. Secure a paying Agency with liberal commissions; experience not necessary.

Stone & Wellington (Established 1857) TORONTO, ONT.

After a Trial

Consumers are possessed with a faith and enthusiasm entirely lacking before the quality was actually demonstrated.

"SALADA"

is the best flavored and the most economical tea ever offered for sale.

But you Must Insist } On getting the Genuine }

Christmas, the Festival of all Festivals

To meet the demands at this popular season we have an especially nice stock

In Groceries—Tea and Coffee, Cocoa and Chocolate,

Raisins, Currants and Dried Fruits Canned Goods a full line, Fruits, Nuts, Oranges, Lemons and Apples

Wishing One and All a Very Merry Christmas.

DEACHMAN & WEIR

Family Grocers Telephone No. 166 Prompt Delivery

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

DON'T SUFFER PAIN—BUY HIRST'S!

and be prepared against attacks of rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, toothache and earache. Equally effective for relieving swollen joints, sprains, sore throat and other painful ailments. For over 40 years a family friend. Don't experiment—buy Hirst's—always have a bottle in the house. Has a hundred uses. At dealers or write us. HIRST REMEDY CO., Hamilton, Canada.

35c BOTTLE

HELP INCREASE PRODUCTION

We can supply you with the best kinds of Grain Feeds for your Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry.

You can do the rest, and at the same time get good prices for what you dispose of.

Use SUNLIGHT Flour

It will please you.

H. BROWN & SONS

Canada Food Board License No. 85

CHRISTMAS GREETING CARDS

Beautiful lines to select from and prices as low as ever

Orders now being booked.

See the samples whilst the lines are full.

Your own name nicely printed and a choice of many forms of greeting to suit the variety of tastes and conditions.

THE HERALD OFFICE

Gray Hair and Hair Health
A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair-dressing. Is not a dye. Numerous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. F. H. H. Co., Newark, N. J.

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

W. R. ALLEN, Proprietor.

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge Street, Carleton Place, (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE—In Canada, One Dollar and a half a Year, payable in Advance; \$2.00 if not so paid. To United States, \$3.00 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per Nonpareil line for first insertion; 5 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion. Rates for Display Advertising on application. Advertisements will be changed once each month if desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts per line first insertion, and if the same matter continued at 5 cts per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted until voided and charged accordingly. The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday any Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons Agency, Toronto. All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, DEC. 3RD, 1918.

With the surrender of the German fleet to the British, the mooted question of who won the famous battle off Jutland may be regarded as settled.

The world is about to enter into the most intense trade rivalry ever known. The war of peace that is to come will test the efficiency of every nation. What is Canada doing to ensure her share of world trade?—Kingston Whig.

The Dominion Prohibition Committee ask the Government to validate the order-in-council for national prohibition, to maintain it in force till the men of the Canadian expeditionary army are home, and then to submit the act to the country for approval in the form of a referendum.

AMERICA'S nation-wide tribute to Britain, which found expression in the national dedication of a day to her honor, was unique and remarkable. From coast to coast throughout this Republic the Union Jack was displayed. Big parades and ceremonials took place in almost every city. Public men and newspapers vied with one another in earnest and eulogistic expression of appreciation and admiration. The celebration of "Britain Day" by the United States is an event absolutely unique in American history, and formally marks the commencement of the new and enduring British-American Entente.

The ratepayers of Carleton Place have a big proposition before them for the next few weeks. First the purchase of the local electric light and power plant, the introduction of the Hydro Electric, and the fixing of the taxes on the Hawthorn Mills. The bylaws are all published in to-days HERALD, and their careful consideration is advised. In no case will the taxes be advanced, and in many ways will the town be benefited. The Hydro proposition being a revenue producer provides for itself, the fixing of the rate of taxation on the Hawthorn Mills property adds considerable to the revenue of the town.

The Minister of Finance has forwarded to Sir Robert Borden particulars as to the war expenditure of Canada, and as to the annual pension burden which will result from the war. The total expenditure of Canada is estimated at one billion and sixty-eight million dollars to November 30. To the 31st March next it is estimated at one billion two hundred and ninety millions. To this estimate should be added the amount of war outlay which will be incurred after March 31, which may exceed three hundred million dollars. The pension load is estimated at thirty million dollars per year.

For want of self-restraint many men are engaged all their lives in fighting with difficulties of their own making, and rendering success impossible by their own cross-grained ungentleness; whilst others, who may be much less gifted, make their way and achieve success by simple, patient equanimity and self-control.—Samuel Smiles.

David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, to-night, in the election campaign, gave a restatement of his policy. In it he declares that the men responsible for the war cannot escape because their heads were crowned, but that they must be tried by an international court.

Members of the American Public Health Association declare that all the influenza epidemics since 1729 have been recurrent for from two or three years after the initial outbreak and they are therefore convinced that the visitation of 1918 will be repeated in 1919 and probably in 1920.

A new broom sweeps clean, but the trouble is it won't stay new. Good intentions keep a lot of fellows on the verge of doing something.

By-Law No.

To take the vote of the ratepayers of the Town of Carleton Place entitled to vote on money by-laws on a question to be submitted whether the said ratepayers are in favor of having the municipality develop or acquire through the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, whatever works may be required for the supply of electric energy or power in addition to such electric power as is already supplied, or can be obtained under the existing local conditions.

WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the Corporation of Carleton Place deems it advisable to submit to the ratepayers of the said Town of Carleton Place entitled to vote on money by-laws, a question as to whether the municipality develop or acquire through the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, whatever works may be required for the supply of electric energy or power in addition to such electric power as is already supplied, or can be obtained under the existing local conditions.

THEREFORE the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Carleton Place enacts as follows:

1 THAT the following question be submitted to the ratepayers of the Municipal Corporation of the Town of Carleton Place entitled to vote on money by-laws:

Are you in favor of having the municipality develop or acquire through the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, whatever works may be required for the supply of electric energy or power in addition to such electric power as is already obtained under the existing local conditions?

2 THAT the votes of the electors shall be taken on this By-law at the same time and at the same places as the annual election.

3 A true copy of this by-law shall be published in the following newspapers on the days hereinafter mentioned that is to say in "The Herald" on the 10th, 17th and 24th days of December and in the "Central Canadian" on the 12th, 19th and 26th days of December; and a true copy of this by-law shall be posted up at the Town Hall Post Office, W. A. Nichols office and Sibbitt's corner.

4 On the Fourth day of January at his office in the Council Chamber on Bridge Street in the Town of Carleton Place at Two o'clock afternoon, the Mayor will, in writing signed by him, appoint two persons to attend at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk of this Corporation, and one person to attend each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of the answering of the said question in the affirmative, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of the answering of the said question in the negative respectively.

5 The Seventh day of January at the said Council Chamber in the afternoon at Two o'clock is hereby appointed for the summing up by the Clerk of this Corporation of the number of votes given in the affirmative and in the negative respectively.

MADDE PASSEED and ENACTED this Ninth day of December.

A. R. G. PEDEN,
Mayor.
A. R. G. PEDEN,
Clerk.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE the above is a true copy of a proposed by-law, which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally passed by the Council (in the event of the consent of the Electors being obtained thereto) after one month from the first publication in the "Herald" newspaper on the 10th day of December, 1918, and that at the hour day and places therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors the polls will be held.

First publication 10th day of December, 1918.

A. R. G. PEDEN,
Town Clerk.
Council Chamber, 9th day of December, 1918.

By-Law No.

To Raise by way of Loan the sum of \$100,000.00 for the Purchase of the H. Brown & Sons Electric Light Plant.

Passed

WHEREAS J. M. Brown and Alexander C. Brown both individually and as trading under the name of H. Brown & Sons have by agreement in writing dated the 6th of December, 1918, agreed to sell to the Corporation of the Town of Carleton Place, the lands, water powers and water privileges, electric light, and power distribution plant, and all the other property and things in the said agreement mentioned for the sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

AND WHEREAS it is in the interest of this municipality that the Corporation aforesaid should acquire by purchase the said lands, water powers and water privileges, electric light and power distribution plant, and all the property, rights and things in the said agreement mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the total amount required to be raised annually during a period of thirty years to pay said amount of \$100,000.00 and interest is \$7,264.90.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debenture debt of the Town of Carleton Place is \$245,463.59 and there is no part of principal or interest in arrears.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Town of Carleton Place for the year 1918 is \$1,406,547.00.

THEREFORE the municipal Council of the Town of Carleton Place enacts as follows:

(1) That for the purpose aforesaid it shall be lawful for the Mayor and Treasurer to borrow the sum of \$100,000.00 and to issue debentures of the Town of Carleton Place to the amount of \$100,000.00 in sums of not less than \$100 each bearing the seal of this Corporation and signed by the Mayor and Treasurer, the said debentures to be payable within thirty years of the date of issue in the amounts of principal and interest as per Schedule "A" attached.

(2) The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum payable yearly at the office of the Treasurer of the Town of Carleton Place and shall have coupons attached thereto, signed by the Mayor and Treasurer, for payment of the interest thereon.

(3) That during thirty years the currency of the debentures to be issued under this by-law the sum of \$7,264.90 shall be raised annually by

a special rate on the dollar on the assessed value of all the rateable property of the Town of Carleton Place over and above all the other rates and taxes.

Mayor.

(4) That the said sum of \$100,000.00 when obtained shall be applied in payment of the aforesaid electric light plant and water rights.

(5) That the votes of the ratepayers of the said Town of Carleton Place shall be taken on this by-law on the Sixth day of January, 1919, commencing at the hour of Nine o'clock in the forenoon and closing at Five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day at the places and by the Deputy Returning Officers appointed for the municipal elections.

(6) That the Clerk of this Council shall add up the votes for and against this by-law at his office at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon of the 7th day of January, 1919, and also that at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon of the 4th day of January, 1919, at the office of the Clerk the appointment of persons to attend at the various polling places and at the summing up of the votes by the Clerk, on behalf of the persons interested in promoting or opposing this by-law will be made.

Mayor.

Clerk.

Schedule "A"

Year	Principal	Interest	Instalment
1920	\$1,264.90	\$6,000.00	\$7,264.90
1921	1,340.79	5,924.11	7,264.90
1922	1,421.23	5,843.67	7,264.90
1923	1,506.51	5,758.39	7,264.90
1924	1,596.82	5,668.61	7,264.90
1925	1,692.71	5,574.10	7,264.90
1926	1,794.27	5,476.63	7,264.90
1927	1,901.93	5,362.07	7,264.90
1928	2,016.04	5,248.56	7,264.90
1929	2,137.01	5,127.89	7,264.90
1930	2,265.23	4,999.67	7,264.90
1931	2,401.14	4,863.76	7,264.90
1932	2,545.20	4,719.70	7,264.90
1933	2,697.91	4,566.99	7,264.90
1934	2,859.80	4,405.10	7,264.90
1935	3,031.38	4,233.52	7,264.90
1936	3,213.27	4,051.63	7,264.90
1937	3,406.07	3,858.83	7,264.90
1938	3,610.43	3,654.47	7,264.90
1939	3,827.05	3,437.85	7,264.90
1940	4,066.68	3,208.22	7,264.90
1941	4,330.08	2,964.82	7,264.90
1942	4,628.08	2,706.82	7,264.90
1943	4,961.57	2,433.33	7,264.90
1944	5,331.46	2,144.44	7,264.90
1945	5,738.75	1,839.15	7,264.90
1946	6,184.48	1,516.42	7,264.90
1947	6,669.74	1,185.15	7,264.90
1948	7,195.73	789.17	7,264.90
1949	7,863.67	411.23	7,264.90

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of a proposed by-law, which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally passed by the Council (in the event of the consent of the Electors being obtained thereto) after one month from the first publication in the "Herald" newspaper on the 10th day of December, 1918, and that at the hour day and places therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors the polls will be held.

That a tenant who desires to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by sub-section three of the Act respecting Municipal Institutions.

A. R. G. PEDEN,
Clerk.

By-Law No.

To fix the Assessment of the Hawthorn Mills, Limited.

Passed

WHEREAS by by-law number 760 of this Corporation passed on the 14th day of January, 1916, the assessment of C. W. Bates and Richard Thomson owners of the Hawthorn Mills, was fixed at \$5,000 for real property and \$3,000 for business assessment, for a period for ten years.

AND WHEREAS Hawthorn Mills, Limited, the present owner of the said Mills has recently erected an additional building and has installed machinery therein, and has requested that its assessment be increased and be fixed for a new period of ten years.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient and in the interest of this Municipality to grant the said request.

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Town of Carleton Place enacts as follows:

1 That for a period of ten years, namely for the years 1919 to 1928, both inclusive, the real property of the Hawthorn Mills, Limited, consisting of Lot letter "A" in the West section of the Town of Carleton Place, including all mill buildings, engines, machinery, plant and equipment, tools, utensils, stock and supplies, used or held for the purposes of said Mills, shall be assessed at a sum not exceeding \$15,625.00 and that the business and other assessment of the said company shall be fixed in such term, except the sum of \$3,375.00.

2 That the votes of the electors qualified to vote thereon be taken at the same time and at the same places as the annual election for the Municipal Council.

3 That the Clerk of this Council shall add up the votes for and against this by-law at his office at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon of the Seventh day of January, 1919, and also that at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon of the Fourth day of January, 1919, at the office of the Clerk the appointment of persons at the various polling places and at the summing up of the votes by the Clerk, on behalf of the persons interested in promoting or opposing this by-law will be made.

Mayor.

Clerk.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of a proposed by-law, which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally passed by the Council (in the event of the consent of the Electors being obtained thereto) after one month from the first publication in the "Herald" newspaper on the 10th day of December, 1918, and that at the hour day and places therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors the polls will be held. That a tenant who desires to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by sub-section three of the Act respecting Municipal Institutions.

A. R. G. PEDEN,
Clerk.

Retiring Sale

IN ORDER to close out our Dry Goods stock in the next few weeks, we are offering substantial reductions on all lines.

- 20 p.c. off Dress Goods and Silks
- 20 " Handkerchiefs
- 20 " Ribbons
- 20 " Gloves
- 20 " Hosiery
- 10 " on all Staples, etc.

These discounts do not represent your saving; it must be remembered the prices marked are in many cases less than present wholesale and with the discount offered means half price or less.

If you want a Bargain Act Quickly.

BAIRD & RIDDELL

CHOSEN FRIENDS.

THE regular bi-monthly meeting of Carleton Place Council No. 37, C.O.C.F., will be held on Thursday evening next when the election of Officers will take place for the coming year. Full attendance of members is asked for.

C. BAIRD, By order W. H. ALLEN, Rec. C. Councillor

TAX NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS who have not paid their taxes for the current year are requested to do so at once. Collections will be enforced with costs added on all unpaid taxes after the

16th Day of December, 1918.

Office in the Town Hall next to Council Chamber Hours from 1 to 4 and from 7 to 9 p.m.

The terms of this notice will be enforced without fear or favor.

H. MCC. WILSON, Collector.

Carleton Place, Dec. 10, 1918.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

In the Methodist Church Carleton Place

Sunday, December 15th, 1918

REV THOS. BROWN, B.D., of Perth Will occupy the pulpit.

On Monday night a Supper and Entertainment will be held.

An excellent literary and musical program will be presented.

Rev. Dr. Aikens, of Dominion Methodist Church, Ottawa, will deliver an address.

ADMISSION, 35 cents.

Holiday Baking

All Kinds of Christmas Cakes and Fancy Breads at Right Prices for the holiday trade.

Parties and Suppers supplied

Wedding Cakes a Specialty.

Thanking our customers for the patronage extended during the past year and wishing all a very Merry Christmas and Prosperous New Year.

J. L. Whyte,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

THE STORE OF PLENTY

A Carload of Provender, Shorts and Bran just received.

Also a car of Liverpool Coarse Salt.

Full stock of Christmas Groceries.

Carleton Place Poultry Fair is fixed for December 13th. The best prices may be anticipated. We purpose buying for a large Montreal firm.

BOWLAND & McROSTIE

License No. 8-296

Bridge St. Carleton Place

POULTRY WANTED

We are now prepared to buy all kinds of Dressed Poultry. Should be well fatted, dry plucked, and starved for 24 hours before killing.

For which we will pay the highest market price in cash or trade.

Also Dressed Pork.

J. A. MCGREGOR

General Merchant - Appleton

P.S.—We ship Live Hogs every Saturday. Get our prices each week, it will be to your interest.

SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLA LODGE No. 126, I.O.O.F. meets every TUESDAY Night in the Hall, in Taylor's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome.

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 75, I.O.F. meets every 2nd and 4th MONDAY in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the Chosen Friends Hall. Full attendance of members is requested.

CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 27, C.O.F.F., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth Thursday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting Friends welcome.

COURT OMION, No. 84, C.O.F.F., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.

I.O.L. No. 48 meets first Thursday in each month in the Orange Hall, two doors from post-office. Fourth Thursday for Degrees. Visiting brethren always welcome.

DISTRICT NEWS.

APPLETON

A very pretty wedding took place at the manse last Tuesday evening, when Mr. Loyd Morris led to the altar Miss Effie Yuhl. The young couple were unattended. They will reside in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Forbes McGregor called on friends here on Sunday. Lieut. Wilmer Campbell has resumed his former position as book-keeper in the Caldwell Mill. He is very welcome back to our little town.

The anniversary services in St. Andrew's church on Sunday were very largely attended. Rev. Mr. Grant preached two very fine sermons. On Monday evening the tea-meeting was a great success. The speakers were Rev. Monds, Dobson and Lawson, of Carleton Place, and Rev. Mr. Grant of Perth. St. Andrew's choir, Carleton Place, supplied the music. Solos were rendered by Mrs. Monds, Misses Maguire, Dunfield and Berryman, Messrs. Ferguson, Whiteher and McDiarmid, and recitations were given by Miss Mary McNeely (Carleton Place) and Miss Lowry.

Miss May Wilson, one of our teachers, has resigned her position and leaves at Christmas, it is said to take a more important position.

Coal is very scarce here at present. Some of the people who ordered their coal in May have not received a pound, what is wrong with the coal in Carleton Place who promised us coal in October? A dance is announced for Friday evening next in the town hall.

BOYD'S

Beautiful, elegant, winter weather, lovely roads for motoring, and not too bad for sleighing, what's the use of worrying?

Our cheese factory had its final meeting on Saturday last. We have not the figures at present as to the outcome of the season's make, but altogether the season was a very successful one. The old officers were re-appointed for 1919, and we hope for better things ahead.

Some are suffering at present from heavy colds, but nothing of a serious nature.

Mr. Hugh Johnson, of Peterborough, representative of the Dominion Alliance movement in the Methodist church here last Sunday afternoon, it being Temperance Sunday throughout this country.

LANARK

From the Era.

A message was received by relatives in Lanark, on Saturday, announcing the death in Woodstock, Ont., on Thursday of Miss Olive Walters, daughter of Mrs. John Walters of this village. The deceased had been ill for about two years and had come from Portland, Oregon, to Woodstock for treatment. Olive Walters was born in Lanark Township 35 years ago. Brothers and sisters surviving are—John and William in the village, Alfred in France, James, Carleton Place, Mrs. E. J. Doohar, Campbellford, Ont., and Mrs. Wm. Storie, Calgary. The funeral took place on Sunday to the village cemetery, Rev. J. C. MacLeod officiating.

Last Tuesday evening, Mr. M. M. Knowles met with a painful accident, from which he is a patient in St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, with his left leg broken. An operation was performed successfully and Mr. Knowles is expected home this week, we are glad to learn. Mr. Knowles was fixing a telephone wire on the pole, when the pole broke and he fell to the ground.

On Nov. 16th, Miss Susannah Rathwell, passed peacefully away at the home of her brother, Thomas, near Innisville. She was seventy-one years of age, and was a life-long resident of that vicinity, being born on the farm, where she died.

Lanark Village has been passing through the deep waters of affliction, sorrow and anxiety during the last few weeks, and death has taken some of our fairest and best. On Thursday morning of last week death came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Forbes and claimed their eldest daughter Marjorie as its victim. The whole village was stunned when the announcement of her death was made. Strong men trembled and were filled with awe. But a few days previously, Marjorie was about her wonted duties well and strong. She contracted influenza about the middle of the previous week, and although all that medical skill and nursing could do was done she passed away on Thursday morning. She was born just 24 years

ago at McLaren's Depot where her father was engaged in the lumbering trade. When quite a young girl her parents moved to Lanark Village where she had resided since. She was of an exceptionally bright, cheerful, helpful and above all kindly disposition, loved by all and the friend of all. That she, just beginning her life with her plans for the future in formation, with her high ideals of usefulness and service taking shape, her influence and inspiration so much needed in the home and community, should be taken away, causes us to ask "why" with a deeper significance than ever before. We bow before the wisdom of an overruling Providence and with glowing faith, amid our tears say "Father, Thy will be done," convinced that living is not a matter of years but rather of loving deeds and kindly service and life attitude towards that which is noble, good and pure. Miss Forbes was a member of St. Andrew's Church and choir where for nearly a decade her voice was prominent in the service of praise. She leaves to mourn her loss a loving father and mother, three sisters, Florence, Carrie and Jean, and one brother, Archie, who has been on service for King and Country since shortly after the out-break of the war, besides a large circle of friends. To the father and mother, sisters and brother, we extend our sincere sympathy.

ALMONTE

From the Gazette

Pte. Nelson Horton, who went overseas with the 130th Battalion and has since been doing military duty in England, arrived home on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Charlie Ling, of the Washington Cafe, left on Tuesday for China to visit his wife and two children. It is over ten years since he came to Canada, and after a time intends to return to this country. He goes by way of Vancouver and will sail on the good ship "Victory."

Mr. P. J. Lally, for the past thirty years in the Savings Branch of the Post-Office Department at Ottawa, died after an illness of one week. Deceased was 53 years of age and was born at Perth.

At the R. M. hospital shortly after midnight, December 5th, there passed away an old resident of the town of Almonte in the person of Mr. Joseph Richard Haydon, who had just completed his 79th year on Sunday. The subject of this sketch was born in Devonshire, England, and was the eldest son of James Haydon, whose family for several generations had held honorable and responsible positions in the England civil service. The breaking of the family through death and misfortune led Mr. Haydon, as a lad, to follow a sailor's life and his accounts of Gibraltar and Mediterranean ports and of shipping life in the Crimea and Russian Russia Black Sea ports upwards of sixty or seventy years ago were intensely interesting. While still a boy he came with his young brother to Canada and lived for a time at North Gower in the county of Carleton, where he married Miss E. J. Graham, and later near Pakenham. Upwards of fifty years ago the deceased came to Almonte and has ever since been identified with the growth and progress of the town, having engaged in the building trades. He was for a time a member of the town council, but otherwise sought no public office. He was a member of the I.O.F., a member of St. Paul's church and a warm supporter of the Conservative party. Mr. Haydon had travelled and read widely and followed with great interest the events of the great war, especially the movements of the Grand Fleet in the North Sea and in the Mediterranean. He was survived by two daughters Mrs. Geo. Gilbert, of Almonte with whom he has resided since the death of his wife in 1911, and Mrs. Thos. Lamb, of North Bay. Mr. James Haydon of Pakenham is the only surviving brother, the only other member of his family, Mr. R. W. Haydon, having died two years ago. One grandson, Mr. Harry Gilbert, has seen two years' active service in France and is now attached to the Siberian expedition.

From the Times

Mr. John Kelly, an outstanding figure in the town's affairs for many years after several months illness, died at Brockville on Tuesday morning. The deceased was born near Athens nearly 70 years ago, and was a stonemason by trade, which he followed for several years, and then formed a partnership with Mr. George Willoughby, now of Ottawa, and leased the Commercial Hotel from the late John K. Cole. This building was destroyed by fire, and later Mr. Cole erected a substantial brick structure on the site, of which Mr. Kelly became sole lessee. After several years' occupancy this building was also destroyed by fire, and was not rebuilt. Mr. Kelly then confined his attention to cattle buying, and was therefore well known throughout the farming district, and his business relations with the hardy tillers of the soil were characterized by probity and fair dealing. He married the eldest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Willoughby—who passed away very suddenly a number of years ago—and of the union there are three sons: Richard, druggist, of Regina; Dr. J. K. and Wm., of Almonte. The late Mr. Kelly had a sociable disposition, was kindly and obliging in manner, and his charitable deeds were numerous. The remains were brought to town on Tuesday evening and taken to the home of his son, Dr. Kelly, and the funeral will take place this afternoon to St. Paul's cemetery. It was under Masonic auspices.

Mr. Robert Wigram, formerly chairman of the National Provincial Bank of England, and director of the London Hospital, who died at Weybridge recently, aged 85, was an expert shot, and when 80 years of age was selected for Brisley trans, and gained prizes at 1,000 yards. A few weeks ago he was deerstalking in Scotland.

The Canadian Government is setting apart twenty-five million dollars for housing operations.

Herbert H. Asquith the former Prime Minister, ranges himself alongside those who have declared that the men responsible for the war and the atrocities shall receive adequate punishment.

BIRTHS.

SUTHERLAND—In St. Francis General Hospital, on November 22nd, 1918, to Mr and Mrs Edward Sutherland, of Smiths Falls, a daughter.

Everybody's Corner.

WANTED—A Caretaker for Zion Church, at once. Apply to A. F. Stewart, or at this office.

FOUND—at the Sunning Y Bozzar last Thursday, a Red Cross Life Membership Pin. Owner may obtain same by paying for ad.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Township of Beekwith will meet in the Township Hall, on Monday, December 16th, 1918, at 10 o'clock a.m. for general business.

FARM FOR SALE.

WITH or without stock and implements, west half of four, sixth concession Goulbourne. Apply to JOHN McLAUGHLIN, on the premises.

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR S.S. No. 1, Ramsay, normal trained P. teacher. Salary \$900. Duties to begin with opening of school in January. Applications to be addressed to H. McCREARY, Sec. R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

Advertisement for Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen and McIntosh's Drug and Book Store. Includes an illustration of a fountain pen and a Christmas tree.

THE SEASON'S GREETINGS

In returning thanks for the liberal patronage of the past year we desire to wish one and all a Very Merry Christmas and a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

A full line of the Leading Styles in FOOTWEAR always in stock. Some pretty things in Slippers and Fancy Shoes for Holiday Gifts.

S. W. STANZEL

BRIDGE STREET CARLETON PLACE

What more appropriate for a Christmas Gift than

A Nice Overcoat

OR A

Suit of Clothes?

We are carrying a nice stock of these Goods in up-to-date styles, and invite your inspection.

Also full lines of Men's Scarfs, Neckties, Gloves Mitts, Hats and Caps.

Thanking our customers for past patronage, we wish one and all a Very Merry Christmas.

P. N. FRIZELL

Men's Furnishings

BRIDGE STREET CARLETON PLACE

NEW GROCERY

(LICENSE No. 8-15088)

Having purchased from the Official Assignee the stock of Mr. Dan Cameron, I purpose running off the same at greatly reduced prices to make room for new goods.

The following list is a sample of the values offered:

Table listing various grocery items and their prices, such as Bee Baking Powder, French Mustard, and various flours.

The premises have been thoroughly renovated and renewed, and a fresh stock of Staple Goods has been added. During the Reduction Sale, which will be continued for a few days, all Goods will be offered at reduced prices.

This is a rare opportunity to obtain necessities at pre-war prices. First come first served. Christmas Groceries just in.

Hoping for a share of the public patronage from town and townships.

M. R. BARIGER

THE FORMER STAND NEAR THE POST OFFICE

N.B.—Farmers' Produce of all kinds wanted.

FOUND—In Carleton Place, a few days ago, a sum of money. Owner may obtain by proving property and paying for this notice, on calling at the Queen's a hotel.

FOR SALE—Eleven Young Pigs, cross between Tamworth and Yorkshire, 8 weeks old. Good ones. J. A. STREIBERS, Appleton, Ont.

WANTED—A Working Housekeeper, in a family of two, no children. Apply to MRS. W. J. ANDERSON, Cor. William and Elmley streets, Smiths Falls.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE—On Main Street, Smiths Falls a well stocked grocery doing a good business. Apply to Mrs. L. A. TAGGART, executrix of the late L. A. Taggart Estate.

WANTED—Women and Girls to mend and inspect Underwear and Operate Sewing Machines. Apply to GATES & INNES, Limited, Carleton Place.



\$5.00 for \$4.00

GIVE War-Savings Stamps

As Christmas Gifts

BUY a War-Savings Stamp for \$4.00 and affix it to space No. 1 of the Certificate that will be given you. Fill in the name of the one to whom you wish to make this Christmas Gift—the most desirable of Gifts, for it may well mark the commencement of habits of Thrift, the stepping stone to Success.

The Certificate

In offering your gift you could say, "If you invest your savings regularly in War-Savings Stamps, you will soon fill this certificate, which becomes Canada's pledge to pay you \$50 on the first day of 1924." "With every 25 cents you save you can buy a THRIFT Stamp, 16 of which on a Thrift Card will be exchanged for a W.-S.-S."

"An excellent investment for small savings; and a strong incentive to every-day economy."

SIR THOMAS WHITE Minister of Finance

FOR SALE AT Money-Order Post Offices, Banks and Wherever the W.-S.-S. sign is displayed.



Carleton Place Poultry Fair

FRIDAY, DEC. 13

Bring your poultry to this Fair. Buyers representing Whyte Packing Co., Henry Gatehouse & Sons, Gunn's Limited, Swift Packing Co., Matthews-Blackwell Co., Wm. Davies Co., and others have been invited so that you can be assured of the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

RULES FOR DRESSING

All poultry must be starved twenty-four (24) hours before killing; dry plucked and perfectly clean of all feathers; heads left on Turkeys and Chickens; heads off Geese and Ducks. All poultry to be undrawn and well fattened.

Remember the Date, Dec. 13

SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE IN THE HERALD

STANDS A LEPER AMONG NATIONS

People Will Refuse to Deal With Germany.

CANADA CANNOT FORGET

There is a Movement to Spread the Same Sentiment Throughout the United States and People of That Country Are Registering "Silent Oaths" That They Will Not Buy Anything Made in Germany.

NOW that the war is over the question of renewed relationship with the Germans will be coming again before the public. There can be no doubt that it will take the world a long time to forget the unspeakable crimes committed by the Germans, who seem to have exhausted evil in their efforts to win the war. On this continent the sentiment is largely against any renewal of friendship with the Hun. Here in Canada, where we have a death list of over 50,000 men out of a population of less than 8,000,000, there is hardly a citizen who has not lost some dear



WILLIAM A. DU PUY.

one in the war. We are not likely to forget in a hurry. Some people ask if it is not possible that the sentiment will soon pass in the United States, where a death list of 25,000 out of 100,000,000 has not hit so many people proportionately. As a matter of fact, the Americans are organizing themselves to resist the return of German domination, which had been growing there before the war. Over a year ago, William Atherton Du Puy, an author and magazine writer living in Washington, began to use as a final paragraph in every letter he wrote the following pledge: "I swear so long as I live never knowingly to buy anything made in Germany." He found instant approval and appreciation of the slogan, many of his correspondents immediately spreading the idea by using it themselves. The idea in many forms has spread over many parts of the United States, and it is now a regular slogan. More frequently a poem by Kenneth Graham Duffield has been widely circulated. It is entitled "My Oath," and it registers a vow never to deal with the Germans again. A shortened version of Mr. Duffield's poem is known to Canadians, and four verses may be quoted to indicate that the United States, as well as Canada, will long refuse to shake the blood-dripping hand of Germany.

I will not trade with a German shop. That lives by the German hand. I'll use no drug with a German name. That's grown on German land.

I will not take a German's word. He'll break it if he can. There is no love in a German's heart, Or faith in a German man.

I'll not forget those awful deeds, To girls and little boys, No more I'll hang on Christmas trees, Those blood-stained German toys.

This is my oath when war is done, I'll swear to keep it true. And since I know you feel the same, I ask this oath of you.

His Fortune in Stamps.

A story is told of a collection of stamps which was sold recently in Paris for 80,000 francs. The owner of the collection is the son of a French banker in Petrograd who, when conditions began to be thoroughly unpleasant in Russia under the Bolshevik regime, asked leave to return to France. This was granted on condition that he should take only 1,000 francs with him. The sum was somewhat inadequate, but the Frenchman was a man of resource. He thought himself of his stamp collection, made many years before, and, during his last few days in Russia, he exchanged as many of his personal valuables as possible for stamps. He then left the country with the regulation 1,000 francs in his pocket, and in his hold-all a stamp album.

Filverous Pastimes.

These filverous pastimes are listed by the Boston Transcript: Spinning a one-man top, chasing a running board, listening to the sparking plug, cutting off a license plate, arguing with a crank, knitting a hood for a tin Lizzie.

MASTER OF RETREATS.

Gen. von Hutier Saved Beaten Hun Armies.

Gen. von Hutier is the man who will be remembered in connection with the final phase of the collapse of the German war machine. It was he, and not von Boehn, who directed the German retreat, which was carried out with really masterly precision. The quarrel between easterners and westerners, with Hindenburg on one side and von Falkenhayn on the other, seems to have its parallel in a feud between the Boehns and Hutier. Hutier, apparently, does not believe in the close formations to which some members of the general staff clung. The Boehns favored it owing to Germany's alleged superiority in man-power as well as upon consideration of national temperament. Hutier argued that German man-power was inadequate to the strain of a general war. This was rank heresy. It caused him, long after he had become chief of the third section of the general staff itself, to be referred to with some scorn as "that Frenchman." The expression was coined by the Boehns.

Hutier seemed to the military attaches representing foreign countries at the German manoeuvres before the war to be an exemplary family man. His wife is represented as belonging to a rural south German aristocracy, a member of the house of Alchholtz. On the walls of her drawing-room hung framed mottoes worked with her own hands and changed for the sake of emphasis and variety. Hutier brought up three children in dignified simplicity. A son, also called Oscar, was reported among the severely wounded at Verdun. Hutier had a daughter noted for her exquisite beauty, still, perhaps a belle among the officers, and at last accounts unmarried. In Darmstadt, where Hutier lived for a considerable time as commander of the local infantry, his men were distinguished for their unusual smartness. His comfortable, but not large, house on the Martinstrasse was resorted to by musicians. He seemed to have a distinctly French outlook upon life in those days, used the French language fluently, and spoke with admiration of Premier Waldeck-Rousseau.

As a youth at the Kriegs-Akademie, where he spent three years, he attracted attention with a thesis to the effect that a commander's greatness is shown in successful retreat rather than in successful pursuit. The idea was paradoxical to the instructors. The lieutenant was told to submit something else. He sent in a paper on the superiority of Hannibal to Napoleon. This, according to Hutier, consisted in a greater capacity to survive disaster. The unusually long time required by Hutier to attain even the rank of captain is ascribed to his propensity to deal with bizarre conceptions of strategy instead of sticking to conventional ideas. He is, in a word, as the Boehns complain often, subtle rather than practical, French rather than German. For instance, he defends his view that Moreau was a greater genius than Napoleon by a comparison of their fortunes in retreat.

Hutier has the Gallic build and features without the tendency to fleshiness of the Boehns. A war correspondent who studied him through a glass when he was abandoning the Vesle loop, described him as a stiff figure in a long cloak like the Kaiser's, his grizzled hair showing too abundantly at the side of the jaw under the spiked helmet, the eyes hidden by the band, the air of one of a dejected man with a headache. Hutier is subject to fits of prolonged melancholy, during which he sits for a long time motionless. This propensity was noticed by the members of his staff when he commanded the garrison at Darmstadt. The illustrated German papers, when they come to Hutier in their laudation of strategic movements on the western front, point out the profundity with which he enters upon the consideration of strategic problems. Napoleon and Scipio were like that, and Hutier has the gift of abstraction. It may not, therefore, be melancholy, but genius which afflicts him.

Hutier is understood to be the real author of the many various proclamations of both Hindenburg and Ludendorff, and to have established and edited, personally one of the German newspapers in the French language that flourished during the "rescue" of Belgium, as the Germans call it. A few of his sayings are picked up by the Italian press out of the German:

"The commander who arrives too soon may be as negligent as one who arrives too late.

"The finest thing in battle is to snatch victory from defeat.

"The genius in war, unlike the genius in peace, must learn to endure misunderstanding and neglect."

Belgium.

The scraps of information that one picks up while looking for something else are often of far greater interest than the thing originally sought for. For instance, I was trying the other day to verify a date in the Historians' History, and came on this passage, quoted from Theodore Just: "Belgium was thus the principal cause, the determining cause, of the wars of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. During a hundred and fifty years the armies of most of the nations of Europe came to fight in the plains of Belgium, to besiege her towns, to devastate her country districts, thousands of men perished on this everlastingly disputed soil." This was written in Paris in 1894; and the historian might to-day repeat most of these words with emphasis increased a hundredfold.

Airplanes Take All Aluminum.

Aluminum is in such great demand now, largely on account of airplane production, that even foundries and rolling mills on government work are able to obtain only enough metal to keep supply about two or three days ahead. It is reported that some foundries on work aside from immediate war requirements, have had to close temporarily. Statements on stocks and metal used are being made to the Government regularly.

THE FLAMMENWERFER.

Commander of German Contingent Known as Prince of Hell.

The origin of the German flame throwers, or flammenwerfer, was described by the Reinisch-Westphalische Zeitung as follows:

The flammenwerfer troops owe their weapon to pure chance. Their present commander, Major R., a reserve officer, during military exercises in time of peace, received an order to defend a fort to the last extremity. In the course of the operations, when all means had been exhausted, he finally called out the firemen, who happened to be under order at the time, and they, armed with fire hose, directed streams of water at the assailants. In the critical discussion following the exercises the Kaiser was present when Major R. declared that he might have sprinkled his assailants with burning petroleum quite as easily as with water. The Emperor asked whether that could be done, and received the reply that it was possible. It required long efforts, however, before Engineer L., who had been entrusted with this task, succeeded in discovering the combination of mineral oils hurled in flame jets by our engines against the enemy.

In peace times Major R. was chief of the firemen's corps in Leipzig. This Prince of Hell (Fürst der Hölle), as he is called by his men, enjoys great popularity, not only among his immediate subordinates, but throughout the army. He can now contemplate with pride the important developments of the contingent placed under his orders. In January, 1915, he commanded a detachment of only 36 men; it is now a formation with special shock troops, armed with grenades and with everything necessary for independent operations.

How Patriotism is Taught.

The schools are careful to foster in the student at all times, as a part of his training in patriotism, a deep respect for the Japan of traditions. To this end "educational trips" form an instructive and valuable part of the school program. A fund is set aside for the purpose; the student himself pays into it a small graduated sum each month. The Government furnishes railroad transportation at a nominal rate. The students, with their teachers, travel third class, sleep at cheap inns, forty or more in a room, live on the usual frugal diet of rice and tea, with a little fish, perhaps, and the ubiquitous "dai-kon" or pickled radish. These expeditions fit quite easily into an established custom, for pilgrimages are a national institution. Up and down their little country, the Japanese are never weary of tramping. And with that curious rigidity which characterizes even Japanese whimsicalities, there is no deviation from prescribed formulas. Even the moon is ticketed, and must be viewed in autumn from one of eight "moon-viewing" temples, or the parapet of the temple at Lake Biwa, made famous in the eleventh century, as the place where Murasaki Shikibu wrote her "Genji Monogatari." The sunrise is scheduled for appreciation off Putami beach, on the southeastern coast. One must climb a hill and look upside down at the "Bridge of Heaven," a narrow, pine-fringed spit of land running into the Japan Sea.

No wonder that Japan's past is a living past. The ancient heroes are not dead, but exert their subtle influence through the intimate contacts of the daily life of the people. One meets them under a thousand guises—as legends unprinted on the common blue and white towels, which the people wipe their hands, as the ever-fresh inspiration for artists in choosing subjects for their paintings, in the commemorative festivals at the countless temples, in the allusions scattered through the "Fables," from the "Tales of Ise" to the lips of every man, woman and child in Japan, reappearing in the classic "Nob" dramas inherited from the 14th and 15th centuries, in the popular theatres, and, finally, so that no one may escape, in the "movies." All these really cultured roots of Japan are buried deep in the past, and although the Japanese student of today is thrust unceremoniously into a modern school system of western derivation, his western education sits but lightly upon him. He never breaks free of his own inherited influences, which are peculiarly strong, his own angle of vision, which still has its feudal slant.—Asia Magazine.

Make War on Rats.

One rat destroys one farthing's worth of national wealth every day of its life.

The rat is a pest when alive and useless when dead. Under pressure of famine rats have been eaten, but one has to be pretty hungry before tackling a ragout or rodent or a rat rasher. Alive, the rat has not a single redeeming feature. He touches everything, and spoils everything he touches.

The medical profession has long declared war on rats, calling them the most efficient of germ-bearers and the cause of epidemics, but the slaying of the prolific little pest has by no means kept pace with its birth-rate. The increase of a single pair of rats in five years has been calculated at 949,369,969,152 rats. One pair of rats may have 880 descendants in a year.

Now that the rat has become a competitor for our food rations something adequate is to be done. The Government has determined to organize a rat-catching campaign.

A rat specialist known to the writer disposes of 40,000 rats every year, visiting leading hotels, warehouses, and the like.—Tit-Bits.

A Rare Day.

"You're always getting up benefits for other people; when are you going to have one for yourself?" a friend asked Charlie Murray of Mack Sennett comedies. "I've already had one!" retorted Murray. "The other day I got so much for a dollar at the grocer's that I couldn't help saying, 'You've given me good weight this morning.' "Yes," he replied, "this is cheatless day."

Liberated by Canadians



Residents of Saudeumont, France, are glad to be released by the Canadians, after living in the village with the Germans for four years.



French civilians released by Canadians leaving for a village far from German shells and kultur after living four years under German rule.

RESULTS OF INFLUENZA.

Medical authorities have stated, "There is no knowing how far-reaching the results of the influenza epidemic will be."

From the nature of the malady it is feared many cases of tuberculosis will develop. If you have not fully recovered from the "flu," or you are run down in health from some other cause, seek a doctor at once. Consumption may have developed, but even that may be cured if taken in time. A case in point has recently been brought to our attention—a farm laborer with a wife and five small children. He had not been feeling right for some months, not sick enough to go to bed, or stay indoors, but always tired. His daily work about the farm had become a task to him. So of his own accord he went to the Muskoka Free Hospital, to try and find out what was the matter. He was found to be suffering from tuberculosis, and was immediately taken in and put to bed. The doctors say this man is making a good recovery, and that he will shortly be able to return home.

The Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives is now appealing for aid in fighting the Great White Plague. The money you give will help restore to health just such deserving cases as this, bringing happiness untold to re-united families. Contributions may be sent to Sir William J. Gage, 84 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, or to Gen. A. Reid, Secretary-Treasurer, Gage Institute, 223 College Street, Toronto.

Migration of Mosquitoes.

Some surprising facts regarding the migration of mosquitoes and other insects have been discovered by Prof. S. C. Ball, who spent a month at Rebecca Shoal lighthouse last summer. This lighthouse stands out in the ocean 12 nautical miles from the nearest land, which is Key West, Tortugas, while the nearest region on which any considerable number of mosquitoes can breed is Marquesas Atoll, 24 miles distant to the eastward. Breezes from the north and east brought mosquitoes to the lighthouse and in one case a strong southern wind brought them from Cuba, 95 miles away. Indeed, in some instances there was evidence that they were brought by favorable winds from even more distant points; perhaps from Tampa Bay, 180 miles distant! Houseflies and various other insects were also captured at the lighthouse.

Such a Relief.

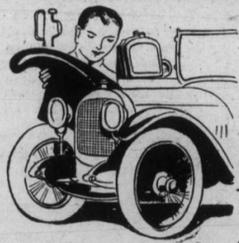
She put down the book with a sigh. "What is it, darling?" he asked. "Ah, dearest, I'm so happy," she replied. "But you had such a sad look in your eyes just now." "I know. I've been reading about the unhappiness that the wives of men of genius have always had to bear. Oh, Alfred, dear, I'm so glad you're just an ordinary sort of a fellow."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

How often has an attack of indigestion interfered with your work or spoiled your pleasure? Good health is mostly a matter of sound digestion. Whenever you are troubled by dyspepsia, flatulence, sour eructations, sick headache, biliousness or constipation, take Beecham's Pills. They quickly and effectively correct digestive disturbances, stimulate the supply of gastric juice and

Tone the Stomach

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 25c.



Giving your Car its original Power

That's the sort of repair work you get done in this shop—the factory kind. You know what we mean! Your car comes back to you as though you had just got it from the factory. Every little detail about your car will be put in first class shape here.

McGREGOR BROS.' MACHINE SHOP AND GARAGE

Ottawa Winter Fair

HOWICK HALL OTTAWA

\$1,600.00 In Cash Prizes JAN. 14, 15, 15, 17, 1919

Excellent classification for all classes of Horses, Cattle Sheep, Swine, Poultry and Seeds.

Large Harness Horse Classes.

Pure Bred Stallion Sale.

For Railway Rates see Local Agents.

Apply to the Secretary for Prize Lists.

WM. SMITH, M.P., Pres. W. D. JACKSON, Sec. COLUMBUS, ONE. CARP, Ont

Lachesis

By R. RAY BAKER

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Things happen just by accident, sometimes. But does the accident happen by accident? Not while Lachesis is holding down that destiny job on Mount Olympus.

Lachesis, you know, is one of the three Moerae who meddle in the affairs of mortals from the time they are born until they pass into other realms. Three Moerae, or Fates, have a room all to themselves in the big office building of the gods, and they run things with a high hand.

One would think that, in these days of progress, Clotho would get something to take the place of that old spinning wheel on which she spins the thread of life, and that Atropos could find an instrument less unwieldy than that long pair of dull shears she has been using to cut the thread when she decides it's long enough. However, they seem to have got along so far without modern improvements and they ought to know their business by this time.

Anyhow, this story concerns Lachesis, who works without instruments. She simply stands near the spinning wheel and dabs weal and woe on that thread and twists it about her fingers and ties knots in it, to suit her own pleasure. It has been said that Clotho and Lachesis and Atropos are old and ugly. Of course, as mortals reckon, these fates are old; but years don't count on Olympus. And as to ugliness—well, I'm willing to allow that Atropos has a hideous face, and it's possible Clotho is not beautiful, because her back must be lame and her eyes faded and her forehead wrinkled from bending over the spinning wheel; but Lachesis—there's no reason why she should be ugly, because her job furnishes lots of variety. Moreover, she's one of the heroines in this story, so she has just got to be beautiful.

The hero is Jack Watson, a mere mortal who defied Lachesis. She had decided, soon after Clotho began to spin the thread, that he should be married before he became twenty-eight years old, and she had picked for his bride a girl named Esther Richards. They were born in the same little town in Ohio and had one of those "school kid" romances; and then, when Jack was only eleven and Esther eight, it ended.

Jack moved with his parents to Columbus, where they resided three years. Jack and Esther wrote occasionally, as children sometimes carry on a correspondence, but they were too young to understand about affinities and such things, and gradually they forgot about each other.

When Jack was fifteen his mother died and he moved with his father to New York. The boy obtained a job as office boy with a broker and held it two years. Then he was promoted, and about that time pneumonia claimed Mr. Watson.

When Esther was ten she went with her parents to Vancouver, British Columbia, and there they remained until she was twenty-two.

Lachesis stood in the workshop of the Moerae one day, holding Jack Watson's thread of life in one hand and Esther Richards' in the other. "My, how far apart they have drifted," she murmured. "This will never do. I have decided differently."

Jack was leaning back in his swivel chair with his feet on his desk, in his own real estate office in Melbourne, Australia. Was he thinking about Esther? Definitely not. His mind was full of business, of how to travel still farther on the path of prosperity, which he already had found.

Esther was reclining on a lounge in her home in Vancouver, reading a Red Cross magazine. Did Jack hold any place in her thoughts? No, not even a small corner. They had forgotten about each other, as I have said.

That evening Jack went to the Melbourne Business club for dinner with three other prosperous young business men, all of them married. When the meal was finished the conversation turned to matrimony.

"How comes it you never got married, Jack?" asked George Clifford as he passed cigars. "You're old enough and have enough coin to make some girl comfortable and happy."

Jack laughed as he lighted the weed. "Not me," he said as he puffed placidly. "I'll never get married. I'm going to be a hermit. Do you know, fellows, it's a fact that I've never been interested a bit in the fair sex? I'm all for business. I'm sincerely opposed to marriage—for myself, at least."

Clifford, who was five years older, looked over the rims of his glasses with a slight grimace and inquired: "Don't you believe in love? Don't you believe that every one was made for some one?"

Another laugh, this time louder and longer, from Jack.

"I should say not!" he retorted. "There's no such thing as love. Marriage is a matter of business. When a fellow hasn't enough sense to save his money, he needs a woman to help him; and if he gets the right kind he's all right, and if he doesn't he's all wrong. I tell you I'm not interested in girls and I'll die a bachelor, as sure as the sun rises and sets."

Lachesis frowned. Such defiance! She was puzzled, but she was very re-

sourciful. For days at a time she would stand and hold those two threads, one in each hand. But when she attempted to bring them together her arms would stiffen.

Six months before it was time for him to celebrate his twenty-eighth anniversary something put into Jack's head the idea of touring the States. As he had accumulated a comfortable pile of the metal so much desired on this globe, and as he had taken in a partner who was capable of conducting the business alone, there was no reason why he should not carry the idea into effect.

It was on the outskirts of Chicago that the accident occurred. The train hit a broken rail or something and the parlor car left the track. Only one person was severely injured, and that was Jack Watson, whose arm was broken.

He was taken to a Chicago hospital, where the arm was set. His condition, physically and financially, warranted a nurse being assigned to special duty on the case.

This was the first opportunity he had had to study woman at close range, and it proved decidedly interesting. The nurse was in constant attendance during the day and ready to answer his call at any time during the night. She was continually putting thermometers into his mouth and taking them out again, feeling his pulse, feeding him ice cream and other delicacies, and smiling. And she had a pretty face, always shining with good cheer, and a lot of other nice ways about her.

"That's funny," Jack told himself frequently. "I never knew a woman could be so useful in this busy world." And he got to wishing that his arm wouldn't be in any hurry about getting mended, and his mind began thinking strange thoughts; that is, strange for him.

Of course, you know the nurse was Esther Richards. But he did not. A lot of changes take place in a person between the ages of eight and twenty-five; and there was no more reason why he should associate this Miss Richards with the one of his school days in Ohio than that she should recognize her childhood sweetheart in this Mr. Watson who was her patient.

Had Jack been less reticent about himself their former acquaintanceship would have leaked out in the "small talk" that usually develops between a nurse and a convalescing patient; but as he was one who took things for granted and never displayed curiosity, especially concerning the affairs of women, he had not even asked the customary "Where is your home?" Naturally her professional reserve, acquired during nearly three years of training, precluded the possibility of her taking the initiative in such personal matters; so the fact that they had not been schoolmates and "puppy-love" sweethearts remained unrevealed.

He fought against the peculiar feeling that was creeping over him, but it was a losing fight. He gave up the struggle and confessed, first to himself and later to her, that he was in love with her. He told her all about it on the day he was to leave the hospital.

"Do you believe in love?" she inquired, as she stood beside the bed and retained that professional demeanor sufficiently to keep him from seizing her hand. "These days, people are beginning to have the idea that marriage is only a business contract."

Jack laughed and forgot all about Melbourne and real estate, business club dinners and hermits' lives.

"Love!" he echoed. "Surely, I believe in love. Every one was made for some one, and I was made for you. I've felt that ever since I first saw you standing by this bed and counting my heart-beats. Haven't you felt the same way?"

She forgot about "being professional" and her hand found its way into his.

"Perhaps," she confessed. "That's what we always read in books; and there may be something to it. Really, I feel as if I had known you always."

Lachesis smiled a smile of triumph. She drew the two threads together and held them side by side in one hand. With the other hand she reached into the happiness box and dabbed some of the contents on the threads. Then she carefully and methodically knotted them together.

You can't defy Lachesis and get away with it.

British Honduras. British Honduras is in the tropics, but its climate is only sub-tropical. The maximum shade temperature is 85 degrees Fahrenheit, while the minimum is 50 degrees. Cholera, yellow fever and other tropical diseases occur from time to time, but on the whole the country is not unhealthy in comparison with the West Indies or the Central American countries. The dry season lasts from the middle of February to the middle of May. Rain occurs at intervals during the other months, and almost continuously during October, November and December. The annual rainfall averages about 81 1/2 inches, but rises to some parts of the country to 150 inches or more. Easterly sea winds prevail during the greater part of the year.

The Humming Birds. The smallest and most brilliant in color of all the feathered creations are the humming birds, and of the 400 species none is to be found elsewhere than in this western hemisphere. It is noticed that humming birds once numerous in summer in Indiana have greatly diminished in number. An explanation is given that many thousands have been sacrificed in the millinery trade.

CANNOT MATCH THE BIBLE

Great Men Can Find No Other Book That Combines Its Literary or Historical Merits.

The bulk of the people—business men, lawyers, doctors and others—don't read the Bible, but writers universally recognize it as the greatest book. Prof. William Lyon Phelps of Yale university said in a recent address:

"Being a serious book, it is weak in humor," Professor Phelps said. "But I think Job intended a grim joke when he said, 'Would that mine adversary had written a book!'"

"No narrative writers can match the style of the Bible's Old Testament stories—Hume, Gibbon, Rose—they are all inferior. This is the day of the short story writer, Kipling, De Maupassant, O. Henry, but their best efforts fall short of the stories of the Bible. So it is with its poetry in the Psalms. Its wisdom of the Proverbs is just as up to date as the morning paper, and there is no political economy equal to the Book of Gospels.

"It is possible to overestimate the Bible's influence on English literature. Bunyan wrote a great book because he was saturated with the Bible, and it trickled out when he wrote.

"Lincoln knew only two books—the Bible and Shakespeare—and yet he was a splendidly educated man. To know the Bible is to be educated. One of the finest metaphors in Keat's 'Ode to a Nightingale' is taken directly from the Bible; 'Nearer My God to Thee' is simply a paraphrase of the Bible."

WARM WELCOME FOR TWINS

Their Arrival in an English Home Meant Two Extra Sugar Rations for Family.

Capt. Norman Thwaites of the British intelligence department said the other day:

"The sugar shortage is felt keenly over the water. It's odd how you miss your sugar over there. You long for it as you'd long for tobacco."

"A Bayswater special constable hurried home from his beat at the Marble Arch the other evening to be present on a very interesting occasion, and, as he sat in his library in the small hours, the nurse came to him and said:

"It's all right, sir."

"The Bayswater man swallowed; he moistened his dry lips; then he asked: 'Is it a boy?'"

"The nurse smiled soothingly.

"One of 'em's a boy, sir," she said. "And the Bayswater man, instead of turning pale or smothering an oath, as he'd probably done in peace time, uttered a glad cry of joy.

"Thank heaven!" he exclaimed, "that gives us two extra sugar rations."

Water Brooks.

There was a pool by which we stopped one day to look at a great dragon fly in golden mail lighting on a lily pad. I suppose that he did not live the season through, but his race has not lost a scintilla of his radiance, and there is a curious comfort in thinking that even in days like these, when mankind seems to have gone mad, and "when but to think is to be full of sorrow," I have only to go to the same pool to see a creature as beautiful, lighting on a lily pad as green, floating on water as pure. Nor is this mere sentimentality. To become aware of the feeling permanency of all these bright short-lived things, their incessant change with essential changelessness, their passing beauties but persistent, beauty, brings health to the spirit of man. After his wars and revolutions he always returns to the brooks, and is surprised and happy to find them still dancing and singing.—Robert M. Gay in the Atlantic Monthly.

Love and a Canalboat? Why is love like a canalboat? Because it is an internal transport.—Louis.

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made impresses even the casual looker-on with the reliability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attend the making of this great medicine for woman's ills.

Over 350,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is sterilized and as a final precaution in cleanliness the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

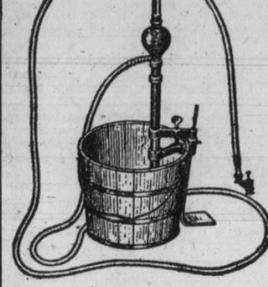
KEEP STABLE

PRACTICAL HINTS REGARDING WORK OF DISINFECTATION.

Thoroughness in the Performance of the Operation Is Necessary If Good Results Are to be Secured—Various Surfaces Should be Kept Clean and All Refuse Matter Removed.

In the practical work of disinfection there are three essentials: 1. A preparation of the building that will facilitate reaching organisms of disease. 2. A disinfectant which upon contact can be depended upon to destroy such organisms. 3. A method of applying the disinfectant that will assure the most thorough contact with the bacteria.

Before beginning the use of disinfectant it is essential that certain preliminary work be done in and about the stable that is to be treated.



Stall Spraying Pump Suitable for Disinfecting Small Stables.

The various surfaces, such as ceilings, walls, partitions, floors, etc., should be swept until free from cobwebs and dust. Any accumulation of filth should be removed by scraping and scrubbing, using for this purpose a wire or other stiff brush and warm water with a liberal quantity of washing soda.

In some cases the woodwork may have become softened and so porous as to be a good medium for the absorption of disease germs. Such woodwork should be removed, burned, and replaced with new material.

All refuse, manure, etc., from stable and barnyard should be removed to a place inaccessible to live stock and, if possible, be burned or thoroughly mixed with a solution of chloride of lime in the proportion of six ounces to one gallon of water. If the floor is of earth, it will doubtless have become stained with urine and contaminated to a depth of several inches. In such cases four inches or more of the surface soil should be removed and treated as suggested above for refuse and manure.

Having made ready the field operation, the next consideration should be the selection and preparation of the disinfectant. The fact must not be overlooked that many agents used for the destruction of bacteria are likewise poisonous to animals and man. In fact, some drugs, although powerful as germicides, are so poisonous as to preclude their general use in the work of disinfection. Among such, as previously stated, is bichloride of mercury, which possesses the power of destroying not only bacteria, but spores as well. It is therefore essential in deciding upon an agent to select one having a known germicidal strength, properties of solubility, and at the same time possessing a reasonable degree of safety to animals and man.

The efficiency and economy of the work will depend in a great measure upon the method of applying the disinfectant. Economy requires that it be not only spread in such manner as to cover the entire surface requiring disinfection, but that sufficient quantity and force be used to drive the solution into all cracks and crevices.

Where a very limited surface is to be treated, as, for example, one stall, it may be possible to apply the disinfectant in a satisfactory manner by means of a whitewash brush. In all cases, however, the best method of applying the disinfectant and the lime wash is by means of a strong spray pump.

The entire interior of the stable should be saturated with the disinfectant. Special attention should be given to the feeding troughs and drains. After the disinfectant has dried, the surface may be sprayed with lime wash, provided this has not been combined with the disinfectant as previously described. When the work has been completed it will be advisable to open all doors and windows of the building for the admission of air and light.

Less Than 150,000,000 Bushels. The Manitoba Free Press estimates this year's wheat crop for the three western provinces at 149,844,000 bushels, oats 183,000,000, barley 41,957,000, flax 5,056,000 and rye 724,000.

Of the total wheat crop Saskatchewan is credited with 92,220,000, an average of ten bushels per acre; Manitoba with 47,124,000, an average of 18, and Alberta with 10,500,000 bushels.

Organization. Farmers' organization is class organization, pure and simple, but it is necessary that all classes become organized before a proper union of all forces can be accomplished. This done, the various branches of our national life can arrive at an understanding that will make democracy possible and ensure a reign of equity and justice.—Farmers' Advocate.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZGERALD, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR DECEMBER 15

JOSEPH FORGIVES HIS BRETHREN.

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 45:1-15. GOLDEN TEXT—If ye forgive men their trespasses, your heavenly father will also forgive you.—Matthew 6:14. DEVOTIONAL READING—Genesis 44:18-24. ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Genesis 42:1-44; Ephesians 4:31, 32.

I. Joseph Discloses His Identity to His Brethren (vv. 1-3).

He treated his brethren harshly at first, his purpose being to ascertain as to whether they were the same cruel, heartless men as before, and to produce penitence in their hearts. They keenly felt their guilt and heartily repented of their folly. Judah's pathetic appeal overcame his apparent harshness, causing him to disclose his identity. Being unable to restrain his pent-up emotions he orders every one from his presence. This act on the part of Joseph troubled them; it ought to have made them glad. Their sins prevented it being a time of joy for them. This most beautifully illustrates Christ's dealing with his brethren, the Jews. Just as they who had rejected him and sold him were compelled to come to him for aid, so when the great tribulation comes, Christ's brethren, the Jews, will cry unto him for aid (Daniel 9:27; 12:1; Matthew 24:21; Zechariah 12:10-14). Joseph dealt severely with his brethren to test them and bring them to repentance. So Christ will do with the Jews (Hosea 5:15; Ezekiel 22:19-22). As Joseph's love was behind his harsh exactings, so back of Christ's treatment of the Jews will be his great love for them.

II. Joseph's Efforts to Assuage the Grief of His Brethren (vv. 4-8).

When Joseph revealed himself to his brethren, the remembrance of their sins pierced them through. Joseph's first question was about his father. This shows that his desire was to put their thoughts far away from their crime. He invited them to come near unto him, and assured them God had overruled their crime in sending him for their salvation. They meant it for evil, but it was part of God's plan for good. This does not excuse them from the guilt of the sin. In some future time Christ will become reconciled to his brethren, the Jews, and be their Savior and benefactor (Isaiah 11:10-16). Peter, on the day of Pentecost, showed that the Jews' treatment of Christ was such, and that God's overruling providence had turned it out for good. Just as Egypt was obliged to come to Joseph for sustenance and become servants for Pharaoh through him (Genesis 47:13-20), so will all the world yet come to Christ for his blessing, and be reconciled to God through him (Isaiah 2:2-4; 11:10; Psalms 72:1-7; Zechariah 14:16).

III. Joseph Sent His Brethren With Good News to His Father (vv. 9-15).

As soon as Joseph's brethren knew him and were reconciled to him, they were sent with the glad tidings to their father. He assured them that he would nourish them and that they should be near him. They were directed to tell of his glory. Jacob would not have mourned the death of Joseph had he known of his glory. He now gave them the kiss of reconciliation and they were permitted to talk with him. Reconciliation precedes communion.

Faith Must Show Itself.

If the church is salt, then the church must be different from the world around it. If the church is light, then the church must be unlike those who have not committed themselves to the leadership of Christ. When Christians say the same things which unbelievers say, and do the same things which scoffers do, they cease to be a leavening force in society. If faith in Christ is to have any meaning, it must show itself in the creation of a new type of man. A Christian should have something in him not to be found in any other human being. Unless he is more in disposition, aim and conduct than those around him, he is not giving the world the impulse or guidance which humanity is in need of.—Broadway Tabernacle Tidings.

Relief Not Burden.

A yoke is not an instrument of torture; it is an instrument of mercy. It is not a malleous contrivance for making work hard; it is a gentle device to make hard labor light. And yet men speak of the yoke of Christ as if it were a slavery, and look upon those who wear it as objects of compassion.

God's Demands.

It is not from severity that God demands much from men in order to obtain knowledge of himself; it is of his kindness that he wills the soul by effort to grow capacious of receiving much that he may give much.—Meister Eckhart.

Abiding in God's Will.

The peace, freedom, and blessedness of all souls consists in their abiding in God's will. Towards this union with God for which it is created the soul strives perpetually.—Meister Eckhart.

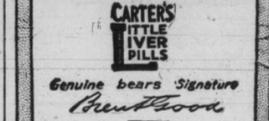


Nature's Way Is Best

Nature's laxative is bile. If your liver is sending the bile on its way as it should, you'll never be constipated.

Keep the liver tuned right up to its work.

Take one pill regularly (more only if necessary) until your bowels act regularly, freely, naturally.



Colorless faces often show the absence of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

"NO SHADOW ON HER FACE"

Writer Tells of English Woman Who Has Given All She Had to the Country.

We English do not read our casualty lists any more. Many of us dare not. When we meet, we do not even speak of those who have gone away. A very touching thing was told me by one of my neighbors. He was the last of twenty-four officers in one of the Gordon regiments. He said that the places were just filled up as soon as they were emptied, and they never spoke of those who had fallen. That brings the reality of the thing to you. In my own little country—Scotland—you will find many, many villages from which the Highland regiments have been recruited. There are no boys left to come back. They are all dead.

Not many weeks before I came to this country I was up in the Gordon country, and on a Sunday night I was speaking in a church on the spiritual side of the war. At the close a woman came to me, a little, simple, country woman, dressed in the uniform of the Gordon Highlanders, holding a yellow missive, which I, alas, knew too well. "The war office department regrets to inform—that—was killed in action." She laid this little missive beside one of the portraits, and said, "That came yesterday. That's Jimmie. He's the last of the three." "Hear you are going to America. Will you tell American mothers I have given all my lads? I had only three and I would give six, if I had them, for the same cause." Another friend of mine has given all her five sons. She is a widow and she has none left; but she is working in one of the cantons with no shadow on her face.—Mrs. A. Burnett-Smith in the Atlantic Monthly.

Land of the "Great Unwashed."

Alaska has been called the land of the "great unwashed," and it is said that in some parts of the country water retails at \$1 a bucket. In still other sections clothes are washed in the rivers, and women have been seen "reading blankets" when the water was so cold as to turn their feet and ankles beet red.

THE SUN LIFE

Is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN Carleton Place.

Total assurance in force 1918—\$267,404,160.00

Assets—\$74,326,423.00

JOHN R. & W. L. REIL

Managers Eastern Ontario, Sun Life Building, OTTAWA

INSURANCE!

Fire, Accident, Sickness, Plate Glass Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

CAPITAL & RESERVE—\$4,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS—\$13,000,000

THRIFT MEANS SAVING

The imperative need for Thrift is apparent to all thinking people. Those who are wise have ceased to spend on non-essentials, and are saving to provide against possible adverse conditions.

The surest way to protect yourself is with a Savings Account. Start one with this Bank at once. Interest paid at current rates.

UNION BANK OF CANADA
HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG, MAN.

CARLETON PLACE BRANCH, D. B. OLIVER, Manager.
STITTSVILLE BRANCH, W. A. L. BURCHILL, Manager.
KINBURN BRANCH, F. MACGREGOR, Manager.
PAKENHAM BRANCH, A. C. THOMSON, Manager.

HYDRO ELECTRIC ISSUE

And Other Important Issues Before Council

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council was held last evening Mayor Bates in the chair and every councillor in his seat.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

A letter was read from the Ottawa Gen. Prof. Hospital, asking for cheque for the annual grant.

Also a letter from the Imperial Oil Co., asking permission to erect an oil tank and stable on a lot held by them.

Sample sheets of collector's rolls were submitted by a Toronto firm.

Mr. Wm. Kenny asked to hold his taxes good on account of loss of fingers and had been off work for several weeks.

A number of accounts were read and referred to Committee.

Mr. McRostie, from the wood committee, reported total expenditure to date of \$3,970.54. Wood cut to date 7993 cords.

Mr. McRostie, from the wood committee, reported total expenditure to date of \$3,970.54. Wood cut to date 7993 cords.

On motion of Messrs. Pattie and Riddell, the bylaw to submit a plebiscite to the ratepayers at municipal elections re hydro electric power was introduced and read a first time.

On motion of Messrs. Donald and Cameron a third time and passed.

HAWTHORN MILLS ASSESSMENT.
The bylaw to fix the assessment on the Hawthorn Mills for a term of years was introduced on motion of Messrs. Donald and Edwards, and on motion of Messrs. Donald and Findlay a second time.

HYDRO BYLAW INTRODUCED.
The bylaw to borrow \$100,000 for the purchase of the power and light plant of Messrs. H. Brown & Son was, on motion of Messrs. Findlay and Pattie introduced and read a first time, and on motion of Messrs. Donald and Cameron a second time.

On motion the Council then adjourned for a short time while Mr. Drury, the engineer of the Hydro Electric Commission, in the presence of the members of Council and the Board of Trade, went very fully into the proposition to be submitted to the ratepayers in January.

Mr. Drury described most clearly the proposition submitted by Council for the purchase of the Brown plant. He ascertained the price a fair one, \$100,000. In ascertaining its value pre-war prices only were considered.

The books of the company showed a profit for 1918 of over \$9,000 and for 1917 over \$7,500. The latter figure was about equal to the cost of the debentures yearly for 30 years to pay for the plant and business. The plant was all good and the business a going concern.

Since the figures had been received much additional power had been sold that would greatly increase the revenue, and it was now running to capacity. To get more power a connection would be had with the Hydro line from Perth to Smiths Falls and this would be a great benefit to the town, as more power was needed for extension and increased industry and manufacturing.

The Commission financed the extensions and the extra power received was paid for from the revenue. In connecting up with the Hydro the town loses none of its borrowing capacity as the plant being a revenue producer paid for itself.

The issue was discussed from many sides and several questions were asked and answered by Mr. Drury. At the conclusion of the session the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Resolved that this joint meeting of Council and Board of Trade and citizens present hereby endorse the option secured by Council for purchase of Carleton Place Electric Light and Power Co.'s plant, and recommend that the Council submit the bylaw to the ratepayers."

Council then resumed.

ACCOUNTS PASSED.
Moved by Mr. Pattie, seconded by Mr. Cameron, that the Mayor sign the necessary orders on the Treasurer in payment of the following accounts:

G. Doherty, hay	\$35 03
W. J. Hughes, distilled water	25
Mrs. R. W. Bates, for W. H. Deemer	6 00
Thos. Stewart, services and medicine	4 00
N. Carter, work on streets	20 13
The Herald printing minutes, etc.	18 00
Central Canadian	29 89
Fred Morris, canal coal	18 33
Ernest Reynolds, fixing fire hall door	1 20
S. G. Giffin, postage stamps, etc.	5 07
Miss Kibbee, telegrams	4 50
Taylor Bros., sundries	17 13
James Halliday, repairs and tile	8 38
Pay Sheet ending Dec. 7th	20 75
James McNeely, oats	52 00

A. Ferguson, drawing hose	75
Fred Stanzel	1 50
J. Walters, drawing H & L Truck	1 50
W. A. Nichols, lumber	12 76
John McLaren, meals	1 50
H. McC. Wilson, attending court	21 30
R. W. Bates, selecting jurors	2 60
Geo. A. Cornell	2 00
A. R. G. Peden	6 00
attending court	12 00
Carried	

It was moved by Mr. McRostie, seconded by Mr. Findlay, that an order payable to Mr. Knowles be drawn on the Treasurer for cutting wood, \$335.90, for cutting wood.—Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned until 8 o'clock Tuesday evening.

Influenza Requires Careful Watching

The recent epidemic of influenza stands out as one of the most severe that has ever swept over America. On no previous invasion of disease did the mortality resulting from the affections of the respiratory organs, brain and digestive system reach that of the recent scourge. Unfortunately, although influenza is by no means a modern disease comparatively little was known of its epidemic form until after the ravages made in 1889-90, and the nature of the infection is even yet, not clearly understood.

Studies of the epidemic of 1890, however, are proving of great value in the present instance. For example, it is well known that the epidemic of 1890 was followed by many local epidemics as reflexes of the main scourge. In the city of New York, the local epidemic of 1891 did almost as much damage as the general one of the year before.

Further, if the present experience is to be analogous to that of 1890, it may also be expected that the number of cases of tuberculosis and pneumonia will be above normal for some time.

All of which indicates the need for more than ordinary precaution against the disease and its consequent affections or sequelae, for many months to come. It is devoutly to be hoped that the recent epidemic has enabled students of medical science to arrive at more accurate conclusions with respect to the causes and the remedies for influenza so that, if the recurrence of pandemics, or even of epidemics, cannot be entirely prevented, their disastrous effects may be greatly lessened.

Two of a Kind

An American spending his holidays in County Roscommon, Ireland, fell into conversation with a farmer who was feeding his hens: "I guess, Pat, you haven't as good hens here as we have in the States?" "Perhaps not," said Pat. "I'll tell you," said the Yankee, "about a hen my mother had. She went out one day, and ate a feed of corn and returned and laid twelve eggs. She went the next day and ate a feed of corn, and laid twelve more eggs. She went out the third day and returned and laid twelve more eggs. She went out the fourth day and hatched seventy-two chicks out of the thirty-six eggs. Now that is the kind of hens we have in the States." "Well," said Pat, "I'll tell you about a half-blind hen my mother had. She ate a feed of sawdust, thumping it was oatmeal; she went to her nest and laid a plank twelve feet long. Again, on the second day she ate more sawdust, and laid another plank twelve feet long. On the third day she ate more sawdust and laid another twelve-foot plank. She sat on the three planks and hatched three kitchen chairs, a sofa, one table, a mahogany chest of drawers. Now," said Pat, "with a twinkle in his eye, "that is the kind of a hen we have in Roscommon."

Born to be a Farmer's Wife

A young woman said she was born to be a farmer's wife because she engaged in milking when an infant, and took to cradling early. Later she went out and shocked her parents and filled her crib. At an early age she learned to sew, and she had cultivated her acquaintance with a young agriculturist and as soon as she placed her affections she intended to make hay while the sun was shining. This was too much for an impressive tiller of the soil, so he gathered her up into his arms and garnered her.

Sometimes

A teacher was telling her class little stories in natural history, and she asked if any one could tell her what a groundhog was. "Up went a little hand waving frantically."

"Well, Tommy, you may tell us what a groundhog is."

"Please ma'am, it's a sausage."

The average bride thinks she holds the world by the tail of her husband, but after a few years of married life she usually thinks she carries it on her shoulders.

PERTH

From the Globe. Mr. T. M. Poole has purchased the Leslie property, corner of Gore and Brock streets.

In the person of Mrs. Archibald Campbell death has taken from our community a member of one of the oldest and most historic families in the county of Lennox. Mrs. Campbell whose maiden name was Maria Bell, daughter of the late Mr. William Bell and Mona Miller, was granddaughter of Rev. Wm. Bell, who with his family, came from Scotland in the year 1817, to minister to the Presbyterians of the Perth Settlement. Deceased was born in 1834 and her parents dying in her childhood she was brought up by her grandparents in the manse. Her only brother, John, and only sister, Mary, died young. In 1864 deceased was married to Mr. Archibald Campbell of Balderson, afterwards of Perth, who died in 1893 in his forty-sixth year, leaving to her care two children, Archibald, mining geologist, of Ottawa, and Mary A. B. of town, both of whom survive their mother. Another son, William Hawley, died in infancy. Mrs. Campbell was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian communion and as a resident of the town, was highly respected and esteemed. Her death took place on Wednesday in the 85th year of her age.

The marriage of Miss Kathleen McCann, daughter of Mr. John McCann of Perth, to Mr. Fred Robertson manager of the Merchants Bank at Athens, took place quietly Saturday morning last at ten o'clock at the rectory of St. Patrick's church, Ottawa, Rev. Father Whelan officiating. The bride was the recipient of a silver tea service from the staff of the Chief Architect's Branch of the Public Works Dept., on which staff she has been a member.

Mrs. Harold Baxter, Deseronto, at Belleville hospital, gave birth to triplets. They did not survive.

Food prices are going to drop, the experts say. But there is no occasion to get excited about it. The drop is coming "after a while."

An exchange remarks:—Every line in a newspaper costs the proprietor something. If it is for the benefit of the individual it should be paid for. If the grocer is asked to contribute groceries to one abundantly able to pay for them he would refuse. The proprietor of a newspaper must pay for the free advertising if the beneficiary does not, and yet it is one of the hardest things to be learned by many, that a newspaper has space in its columns to rent, and must rent them to live. To give away rent for anything less than living rates is as fatal to a newspaper as for a landlord to furnish rent free.

Beautiful Silk Camisoles \$1.00 to 3.00

Silk Underskirts in Black and colors \$3.75 to 6.00

Boudoir Caps in great variety 50c to \$2.50

Babies Angorine Bonnets, \$1.65 Mitts to match, 50c

Silk Neck Scarfs in Rose, Grey, White or Black, \$1.00 to 2.25

Women's Fancy Bags of Knitted Silk \$3.00 and 4.00

Taber & Co.

ITEMS THAT WILL INTEREST CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS

Assist Early Shopping, and give better selections

Beautiful Silk Camisoles \$1.00 to 3.00	Georgette Crepe Waists all colors \$3.75 to 10.00	Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs 20c to 75c
Silk Underskirts in Black and colors \$3.75 to 6.00	Men's Linen Handkerchiefs 35c to 75c	Silk Umbrellas for Men and Women \$2.50 to \$6.00
Boudoir Caps in great variety 50c to \$2.50	Dainty New Neckwear 50c to \$3.00	Baby Wool Jackets \$1.00 to 1.50 Mitts, 25c to 50c
Babies Angorine Bonnets, \$1.65 Mitts to match, 50c	Christmas Ribbons Beautiful Dresdens 50c to \$1.00	Xmas Bath Towels in pretty designs 75c to \$1.50 each
Silk Neck Scarfs in Rose, Grey, White or Black, \$1.00 to 2.25	Wool Pullover Sweaters, in Rose, Saxe \$6.50 to 10.00	Old Bleach Towels and Towellings, only a limited quantity left, in pure linen.
Women's Fancy Bags of Knitted Silk \$3.00 and 4.00	Skating Sets in Scarfs & Toques, Rose, Paddy Saxe, \$2.00 to 3.00 set	Embroidered Pillow Cases and Day Slips

Shop for Christmas now. Avoid the last week rush.

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CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Topics where given are for the following Sabbath

Baptist Church
REV. MR. J. F. FOESYTHE, Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

St. Andrews Church
REV. J. MONDS, B.A., Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Methodist Church
REV. ELWOOD LAWSON, Pastor.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Anniversary Services

St. James Church
REV. CANON ELLIOTT, Rector.
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Zion Presbyterian Church
REV. W. A. DOBSON, B.A., B.D., pastor
Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
A.M.—The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.
P.M.—The Peril of Indecision.
Friday at 7:30 o'clock, Pre-Communion Service.

Knox Church, Beckwith
REV. J. W. S. LOWRY, Pastor.

St. Paul's, Franktown
REV. MR. LOWRY, Pastor.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
In Effect October, 1918
Present Time-Table to and from Carleton Place:

EAST BOUND
No. 18 Soo Exp. 4:30 a.m. daily
1 Imp. Ltd. 5:30 a.m. daily
556 Chalk River Pgr. 5:55 a.m. daily ex. Sunday
558 Pcm. Local 5:50 p.m. daily except Sunday
36 Toronto Pgr. 5:45 p.m. daily ex. Sunday
560 Brockville Mixed 5:30 a.m.

NORTH AND SOUTH BOUND
No. 17 Soo Express 1:25 a.m. daily
1 Imp. Ltd. 3:35 a.m. daily
555 Pcm. Local 5:20 a.m. daily ex. Sunday
562 Toronto Pgr. 9:55 a.m. daily ex. Sunday
567 Chalk River Local 5:15 p.m. ex. Sunday.
565 Brockville Local 7:55 p.m.

For particulars apply to
J. F. WARREN,
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Encourage their love of the outdoors by letting them skate. Give them good skates, so that they may get the most out of this ideal winter sport.

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Christmas Suggestions

Only 12 days to do your shopping Visit our store at an early date and you will find a large assortment of suitable Gifts which you can remember your friends with.

The Selection is too large to mention items separately, but a visit to our store will convince you.

From our stock you can select gifts for father mother, sister, brother or sweetheart.

H. ABDALLAH
P.S.—Poultry Fair Day, Friday, December 13th.
Don't fail to visit our store that day. It's a day of Bargains all over the Store.