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The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1919.

TO ADVERTISERS:

The Transcript covers a large field and stands in the front rank as an advertising medium.

Whole No. 2489

DRAINAGE WORK

The job of completing the unfinished portion of No. 2 drain, Moss township, will be let at two o'clock on Wednesday, October 23, on the road between concessions 2 and 3, opposite lot 5. Specifications of the work may be had at my residence, Glencoe. Andrew Gardiner, Commissioner.

ATTENTION, ALL!

In starting business in a shop to be known as the G. W. V. Shoe Repair Shop, I respectfully solicit your patronage, and promise to charge customers only reasonable and living prices.

E. BIDDLE.

First Building South of Track

FOR SERVICE

Tamworth bog, Maplehurst Wilbert 12763.—Alfred Gould, Route 1, Glencoe.

GLENCOE PROPERTY FOR SALE

House and lot on corner of Railroad and Victoria streets, and house and lot on Simpson street, near Orange. Apply to Mrs. Effie Livingston, Alvington.

FOR SALE

Five-roomed cottage in the village of Middlemiss, with three-quarters of an acre lot. Five apple trees in bearing on the place, good fences. Known as the Spence property. Price \$600. Apply Henry W. Cox, Real Estate Agent, Welland.

LORNE LODGE No. 282

A regular communication of the above Lodge will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, November 6.

at 7.30 o'clock precisely. General business. Conferring degrees. All Masonic brethren welcome.

P. E. LUMLEY, W. M.
F. R. GOUGH, Secretary.

A. B. McDONALD

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74.

DR. L. W. M. FREELE

Successor to the late Dr. Walker. Office and residence, Main street, Glencoe. Office hours—9 to 10, 1 to 2, 7 to 8.

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream; highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe

House, 302. Store, 89.

DAPPLEMORE FARM

Hereford cattle for sale—Bonnie Brae and Fairfax's staff, both sexes. Also Lincoln sheep, both sexes, and Silver Hamburg and Buff Leghorn chickens.—A. E. PERRY, lot 9, range 2 north, Ekfrid; R. R. No. 4, Appleton, phone, Melbourne exchange.

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Will operate over 200 time- and labor-saving electrical appliances.

M. C. MORGAN, DEALER

Kerwood, Ont.

Chantry Farm

Shorthorn Cattle, Lincoln Sheep, Silver Grey Dorkings and Black Leghorns. Can spare a few Heifers. Have a choice lot of shearing and 2-year-old Rams. Get your pick early. ED. de GEX, Kerwood.

WESTERN College

A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students placed annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR, L.S.M. High, Prin. P. O. Box 55

J. B. COUCH & SON

Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

H. I. JOHNSTON Phm.B.
Optician
"DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-A-CE-A"
Will start your poultry and moulting hens laying. It contains tonics that put your moulting hens in fine condition—tonics that tone up the dormant egg organs—iron that gives red blood and a red comb—internal antiseptics that destroy disease germs.
Dr. Hess Pan-a-ce-a will make dollars for you.
Phone 35 Glencoe

NEW GROCERY

A full and well-assorted stock of Fresh Groceries, Domestic and Imported Fruits, Confectionery, Cakes, Biscuits, Parnell's Bread, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc. Many lines bought close for cash at pre-war prices.

Three bars of Laundry Soap for 25c on Mondays only.

Good Table Butter and Eggs taken.

W. A. CURRIE

TELEPHONE 25 MAIN ST., W.

KEITH'S CASH STORE

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries.

Large stocks of Fall and Winter Lines on hand. Lowest prices.

P. D. KEITH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL
LONDON, Eng.
Princes St., E. C.
NEW YORK
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BARCELONA
Plaza de Cataluna 6

With our chain of 600 Branches throughout Canada, Newfoundland, the West Indies, Central and South America, we offer a complete banking service to exporters, importers, manufacturers and others wishing to extend their business in these countries. Trade enquiries are solicited. Consult our local Manager or write direct to our Foreign Department, Montreal, Can.

A close working arrangement has been effected between this bank and the London County Westminster & Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Capital Paid Up and Reserves \$33,000,000
Total Assets Over \$470,000,000

GENUINE D. L. & W.

SCRANTON COAL

We are pleased to state that this season we will be able to give our customers the same quality of Coal as before the war and the same prompt service. All sizes in stock. Cement and Posts in stock.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS
GLENCOE, ONT.

AUTUMN DISPLAY

Individuality, Style and Price are the features of our Millinery

B. C. Buchanan

Melbourne - Ontario

We Carry a Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

GLENCOE
Tinmith Plumber

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Strathroy fair board have a surplus of \$500 from the fall fair.

Standard time will be resumed on the railroads on October 27.

An epidemic of red measles is prevalent in Alvington and vicinity.

In Kansas City there were 350 applications for divorce in one day.

The crop of chestnuts in Canada this fall is one of the largest in years.

A sixty-year-old woman at Altoona, Pa., cut 17½ acres of corn in 17 days.

Daniel McIntyre of Dorchester, a well-known cattle and hog buyer, is dead.

Wardsville board of education have engaged Mr. and Mrs. Horton as janitors.

A bill introduced in the House of Commons provides for an increase in the salaries of postmasters.

A Michigan man charged with allowing a fire he started on his farm to spread to a government forest was fined \$298.

Laura Dorothy, the seven years old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Denning of Metcalfe township, died after a week's illness.

From two and a half acres Jesse White, near Woodville, picked 1,267 bushels of tomatoes, which he sold at 50 cents a bushel.

There are about 750 different kinds of rodents in the United States, and the annual loss they cause to crops is estimated at \$50,000,000.

The two years old daughter of John McGill of Bridgen was burned to death by her clothing catching fire while lighting paper at the kitchen stove.

The death occurred at Crinan, the family residence, Wednesday night of Duncan MacCallum, aged 46 years.

Mr. MacCallum was sick only two weeks.

Gordon Brock, thirteen years of age, eldest son of Harold Brock, near Petrolia, died a few days ago after an operation for the removal of tonsils and adenoids.

Alleging his wife concealed from him before the wedding that she was in poor health, a New York man asks to have the marriage annulled on the grounds of fraud.

Two belligerent cats started hostilities under a standing milk wagon in Brooklyn. The horse ran away and crashed through a plate glass window, doing \$200 damage.

Miss Freda Clement, daughter of William Clement, Ridgeway, died on Oct. 6 from an acute attack of diphtheria. The health authorities immediately closed the public school and took other precautionary measures.

In a speech at Sheffield Thursday, Premier Lloyd George called upon the British people to see that the peace was a real peace. "It is not the British habit," he said, "to nag, harry, insult and trample bleeding foes. So long as Germany conforms to the conditions we have laid down, we must give her a clear chance to lead a decent, peaceable and honorable existence. This is in the interests not merely of Germany, but of Great Britain and the whole world."

This rich bit of sane common sense appeared recently in an Ontario weekly and is worthy of being preserved in every family scrap album.

"The happiest man in the world is the common, every day chap, who makes his own living, pays his own bills and has the respect of his neighbors. He saves a little money as he goes along, but doesn't try to get a corner on his local output and he is not a slave to ambition or society. He never expects to wear out his trousers in the senate, and when he glides out of bed in the morning he never wastes any time trying to pick out the right tint of socks, suspenders and necktie that will blend with the general effect."

"NELSON DAY" DRIVE

HAS GREAT OBJECT
Appeal of the Navy League is Directed to all Classes of Citizens

Canadians all over the Dominion will remember how in September of last year the Navy League of Canada made an appeal for one million dollars for the relief of the dependents of dead and injured seamen of the merchant marine who were the victims of the German submarine campaign.

It will be remembered how under the name of "Sailors' Week"—thanks to the thorough-going co-operation of the public with the workers—the campaign was a complete success and the objective was reached and passed.

The Navy League of Canada again appeals to all citizens for funds urgently needed to carry on its work.

The "Nelson Day" campaign has been launched and on Oct. 21-22-23 the sum of \$500,000 will be raised by voluntary contribution.

The money will be devoted to the payment of the debt of gratitude to the Canadian seamen lost in the war; to provide protection and home comfort for seamen who come to Canadian ports; to educate the people to the need of a strong navy and a strong mercantile marine and to train native-born lads for service in the navy and Canadian merchant ships. All the money accruing from the "Nelson Day" campaign will be spent in Canada.

"Six days shalt thou labor" says the Bible. "Five," say the miners. Many a fisherman waits with baited breath.

The Pennsylvania coal miners demand a 60 per cent raise in wages, a six-hour day, a closed shop and a two-year agreement. All we consumers ask is for a mild winter.

PRINCE WILL BE HERE TODAY

Royal Train to Arrive This Afternoon—Arranging for Demonstration

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is officially scheduled to spend fifteen minutes in Glencoe this afternoon. The royal train en route to Windsor from London by the Grand Trunk is expected to reach here at 2.30 and leave at 2.45, standard time.

The local authorities were on Sunday notified officially that the request to have the prince visit here for a short time had been granted.

The Grand Trunk have decorated their passenger station, and citizens' committees are actively engaged in making other preparations to receive His Royal Highness. Crowds of people are expected from the surrounding districts to participate in the demonstration.

A portable platform has been erected at the depot, where Reeve A. J. Wright, Councillors McPherson, Keith, Lumley and Hagerty and President J. N. Currie of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, will welcome the prince.

Reeve Wright will give a verbal address of welcome, and children from the schools of the town will sing patriotic songs, under the direction of Professor Gordon of Strathroy. Local war veterans will gather at the station for inspection.

The returns to hand so far cover it, it is estimated, about four-fifths of the votes polled, with results as follows:

Yes No Majority
1. 204,115 42,921 238,994
2. 221,900 415,902 194,048
3. 214,298 429,293 215,504
4. 251,282 394,484 143,202

Related results on the temperance referendum all go to pile up the majority for the "dry" on all four questions, as the latest figures available show that there is absolutely no doubt that the majority of voters in the province are in favor of retaining the Ontario temperance act with all its restrictions unamended.

GREAT TEMPERANCE VICTORY

Some referendum returns

Glencoe

Wardsville

Newbury

MR. LETHBRIDGE'S MAJORITY

As near as can be learned until the official cast-up is made by the returning officer, the majority for J. G. Lethbridge, U. F. O. candidate in West Middlesex in Monday's election, is about 2,200 over D. C. McKenzie, Conservative. The only municipality in which Mr. Lethbridge failed to secure a majority was Glencoe, where the vote stood 250 for McKenzie and 117 for Lethbridge.

Wardsville—Lethbridge 76, McKenzie 42. Newbury—Lethbridge 66, McKenzie 57.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs. Catharine Switzer, one of the oldest residents of Ekfrid township, celebrated her 85th birthday last Saturday at the home of her son, Wm. Switzer, when eighteen of her children and grandchildren gathered to extend their congratulations and partake of festivities fitting for the occasion.

A splendid dinner was served and the day was spent very pleasantly in musical games, etc. Mrs. Switzer, who is still hale and hearty and intellectually bright, was one of the most faithful workers in the local patriotic society during the war, spending practically all her time in knitting socks and other comforts for the soldiers.

As a birthday gift Mrs. Switzer was presented with an oak rocker and a purse of money.

PADDICK-WATTERWORTH

Married—on October 15, at the parsonage, Thamesville, by Rev. Mr. Whiteall, Marjory, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Watterworth, to George L. Paddick, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Paddick of Dawn. After the ceremony the happy couple left for a motor trip to Essex, Beamsville and Collingwood. Upon their return they will reside on the groom's farm near Florence.

STANDING OF THE PARTIES

While a number of polls in sparsely settled districts of the North country have not been heard from, the standing of the various groups in the new Legislature can now be stated with a fair degree of certainty. Unless the tardy polls upset calculations, the parties will line up in the House as follows:

United Farmers.....44
Liberals.....28
Conservatives.....26
Laborites.....11
Soldier-Independents.....2

Total.....111

Sir William Hearst two months in conference with the members of his Cabinet upon the unprecedented situation growing out of the defeat of his Government at the polls. The Prime Minister will discuss with his colleagues the immediate action to be taken, but it is not unlikely that several conferences will be necessary before a final course is agreed upon.

Although, constitutionally, the Government remains in power until defeated in the House, in practice the Prime Minister within a reasonable time—a few weeks or a month—tenders his resignation to the Lieutenant-Governor and suggests the name of the leader of the Opposition as his successor. The Lieutenant-Governor can then accept the suggestion and call upon the Opposition leader or, if he thinks that gentleman cannot command a majority of the members in the House, may call upon any other member or even an outsider to form a Government. Or he may invite the defeated Prime Minister or one of his colleagues to form a new Government.

Any of these courses is a probability, but the real decision lies with the United Farmers. Without their consent no Government can hope to remain in power, though they cannot, alone, or even in a working alliance with the Labor men, take over the government of the province themselves. They repeatedly declared throughout the campaign that they would link up with neither of the old parties, and if they adhere to this stance there are only two alternatives—a coalition of some sort, or an election.

The latter would be a public opinion in its present state result in further gains for the Farmers and Labor groups and this would inevitably compel them to accept the responsibilities of Government.

The U. F. O. leaders appreciate the weight of the decision they must make and an important conference is being held to discuss the attitude of the organization. Should the farmers favor supporting a coalition Government, it is probable that they will insist upon a leader who has not been deeply dyed with partisanship, and in this connection only two names have been mentioned so far, Sir Adam Beck and Hon. Dr. Cuddy. It is believed that either man would be acceptable to the farmers.

MOSES COUNCIL

A meeting of the council of the township of Moses was held at Glencoe on Sept. 20th. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that the report of J. C. McGregor, C. E., on the proposed Kelly drain be adopted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to prepare a by-law in accordance with said report.

Carried.

Moved by I. Watterworth, seconded by F. J. James, that Alex. D. McLachlin be paid \$31 for sheep killed by dogs. Carried.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by John T. Lethbridge and others, requesting the council to cause the area described in the petition to be drained, he accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to request Jas. McGregor, C. E., to make an examination of the area described and report to the council. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that the council grant to the Moses & Ekfrid Agricultural Society the sum of \$50, providing the township of Ekfrid and village of Glencoe each grant the same amount of \$50, and that a grant of \$10 be made to the Wardsville school fair and \$5 to the Newbury school fair. Carried.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by I. Watterworth, that a rate of 16 mills on the dollar be levied on the rateable property of the township to meet the requirements of the council for the current year. Carried.

Moved by I. Watterworth, seconded by F. J. James, that the following accounts be paid:—A. M. Leitch, \$15, for sheep killed by dogs; Municipal World, \$2.88, for drainage blank forms; A. E. Sutherland, \$3.65, for printing voters' lists, etc.; A. Gardiner \$3, Jas. Armstrong \$3, Joseph Babcock \$3, L. Babcock \$3, Dan Munro \$3, Russell Smith \$3, for assistance surveying the McRae drain; Thos. Clements \$2, Stephen Kelly \$2, Matthew Armstrong \$2, Andrew Gardiner \$2, Chas. Morrison \$2, Joseph Armstrong \$2, for assistance surveying the Kelly drain; Jas. M. McGregor, O. L. S., \$28.50, for survey, plans and report on the Kelly drain. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that the council adjourn to meet at Newbury on October 18th at 10 a. m. Carried.

C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

A handful of common sense is worth a bushel of book learning.

Youths sowing their wild oats now, days can't mix in so much rye.

The most obstinate corns and warts fail to resist Halloway's Corn Cure. Try it.

STOREKEEPER HELD UP

Harry Harvey of Woodgreen Has An Exciting Experience

A daring hold-up took place at Woodgreen, on the Longwoods Road between Wardsville and Strathroy, Tuesday afternoon about four o'clock, when the store of Harry Harvey, treasurer of Moss township, was the scene of a rather exciting occurrence for a few minutes.

Two well-dressed men drove up to the store in an automobile and spent about half an hour in the store eating lunch. Several people of the neighborhood were in the store at the time talking over election matters. These took their departure one by one, and when the last of them had gone, one of the two strangers suddenly closed the front door of the store while the other covered the proprietor with a revolver and demanded his money.

Although the revolver was placed within two inches of his nose, Mr. Harvey was not to be cowed but grappled with the man and was getting rather the best of him when the man at the door, with revolver in hand, started over to assist his companion. Being unarmed, Mr. Harvey thought it the better part of valor to retreat and ran to the back door and called for help. Left to themselves the hold-up men endeavored to open and rob the till, but hearing footsteps approaching they fled before they could accomplish their object, and jumping into their car drove hastily away towards the east.

Mr. Harvey followed the men in his car, first telephoning to Strathroy and Melborne a description of the men and number of their car. Being hatless and unarmed Mr. Harvey had to abandon the chase when near Strathroy.

The strangers came from the west and are reported to have stopped at a Wardsville garage for some time. The number on their car when at Woodgreen was 76881, but the evidently changed the number when they made a halt at Battle Hill, as parties who saw them further east took their number as 7689.

THE NEXT ATTRACTION

The second of the series of lyceum and chautauque entertainments to be given in Glencoe will be The Morrison Girls in "Stories and Songs of Today and Yesterday." Thursday, October 30.

In this we are promised an evening long, long to be remembered and cherished—an evening of delightful vocal and instrumental music and readings, and heart-satisfying thorough and thorough.

Under auspices of L. O. D. E. for War Memorial. Plan open at Lumley's drug store next Saturday.

A WINDSOR ANNIVERSARY

A large number of friends surprised Mr. and Mrs. Archie Munroe, 115 Albert street, Windsor, on Friday evening, Oct. 10, the occasion being their first wedding anniversary. During the evening the host was presented with a handsome Morris chair and a hostess with a handsome cut glass water set and a lovely set of silver. A buffet lunch was served. The out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Neil Munroe of Glencoe and Leon Auckland of Rodney.

BUYS UNDERTAKING BUSINESS

The St. Thomas Times-Journal says: The undertaking business recently purchased from W. J. Kerr of his city by E. E. Spenceburg of Windsor has been sold to Charles Dean of Glencoe, who will take possession about November 1. The sale was effected by Mr. Kerr. Mr. Dean has had several years' experience in this line.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF MIDDLESEX

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Permit me to thank my numerous friends throughout the riding who have given me and the cause I represent such enthusiastic support. We have demonstrated the fact that old party ties can be severed when a great principle is at stake. Our victory is largely due to the splendid band of workers who so ably assisted me in presenting to the electors our platform and the broad principles for which we stand. This is especially true of the lady workers who were so untiring in their efforts to raise politics to a higher level and present the facts in their true light and particularly the facts regarding the temperance issue, on which the United Farmers give no uncertain sound.

I feel you have laid on me a great responsibility, especially at this critical reconstruction period. I shall endeavor to prove faithful to the trust you have reposed in me.

Again thanking you, I am,
Your obedient servant,
J. G. LETHBRIDGE.

"Yes," said the Sunday school teacher, "when Allah cut Samson's hair he lost all his courage and strength, and became mild as a lamb. Can you understand that?" "Well, ma'am," replied Tommy, "it does make yer feel 'shamed when a woman cuts yer hair."

Internally and Externally it is Good.

The crowning property of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For sore throat, croup, whooping cough, pain in the chest, cold and many hundred ailments it has curative qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

KRONSTADT SURRENDERS TO BRITISH; FALL OF PETROGRAD AT HAND

General Yudenitch Continues Victorious March, Nearing Russian Capital—Reds Refuse to Defend City.

A despatch from London says: Kronstadt is reported to have surrendered to the British fleet. General Yudenitch, Commander of the Russian Northwestern Army, has captured Gatchina and is victoriously advancing toward Kransoye Selo and Tsarskoye Selo, eighteen and fifteen miles from Petrograd.

Reports from Revel and Helsinki say that Yudenitch is meeting with feeble resistance, although Gatchina was strongly fortified. Reports from aviators show that the few barricades on the road to Petrograd and trenches and entanglements outside of the Capital are not formidable.

It is also announced that the Bolsheviks are evacuating Petrograd owing to a mutiny among the Red troops. Reports from Russia generally chronicle successes for the anti-Bolshevik forces in all sections of the country, but, with the exception of the Eastern front, where Admiral Kolchak maintains that he is advancing along the whole of the line, the Reds are putting up resistance.

CREW OF ONATO DID NOT MUTINY

Captain and Mate of Ship Were Accidentally Killed.

Philadelphia, Penna., Oct. 19.—The four survivors of the crew of the British schooner Onato, who were charged with mutiny by Captain Sullivan, of the American steamship Zirkel, were exonerated today by T. P. Porter, the British Consul, after an enquiry into the charges. They will be sent to their homes in Newfoundland in a few days as shipwrecked seamen.

The four survivors, Thomas Moulton, Ernest Fizzaro, Douglas Nichols and Lorenzo Ash, drifting helplessly in their little craft, were picked up by the Zirkel in mid-ocean Oct. 8, and the schooner set adrift. Capt. Brushett, master of the Onato, and his brother, Ernest, the first mate, had been killed. Believing there had been a mutiny on board, Captain Sullivan, of the rescue ship, placed the survivors in irons and turned them over to the authorities upon his arrival here last Thursday.

FORTY MILLION DOLLAR TRADE WITH GREECE

Only Ten Million Dollars of This Sum Financed Under Government Credit.

A despatch from London says:—Up to date Canada has done some \$40,000,000 worth of business with Greece. Of this sum only \$10,000,000 have been financed under the Canadian Government credit to that country, the remaining business having been done on a cash basis. Our exports have ranged from wheat to soldiers' housewares. The Roumanian credit is now practically used up. Only about half a million dollars' worth of business has been done under the Belgian credit. Under the French credit we have done nothing at all, principally because of the prohibitive French surtaxes. There are time clauses in these contracts which terminate them at the end of the present year. It is considered doubtful whether the French credit will be renewed or the Belgian credit exhausted, as these countries apparently wish to do all their own work of reconstruction.

EXPULSION OF GERMANS AFTER TWO YEARS

Belgium Will Not Allow Any to Remain.

London, Oct. 19.—Belgium has annexed the Moresnet district (see Province of Liege) according to an announcement received in a wireless message from Berlin. The inhabitants of Moresnet with the exception of those of German origin, become Belgians, the announcement says, while citizens of Germany are given two years to declare for Belgium or Germany. If they decide for Germany they must leave the district.

521 Persons Killed In Paris During War

Paris, Oct. 19.—The total casualties in Paris resulting from air raids and shells thrown by German long-distance guns were 521 persons killed and 1,224 wounded. These figures were given today by M. Evain, president of the Municipal Council, in an address in connection with the conferring of the Croix de Guerre on the City of Paris.

BOLSHEVIKI DEFEAT IS IMMINENT

British Trade Offensive Is Planned to Follow Collapse of Reds.

A despatch from London says:—The imminent collapse of the whole Bolshevik movement is being foretold by optimists. It is predicted that the Bolsheviks will be driven to Tashkent, and thence to the borders of Afghanistan, which development causes some anxiety here.

In the meantime, all the British commercial forces are being mobilized for a great trade offensive, which is expected fruitfully to follow the Bolshevik defeat. Under the aegis of the Overseas Trade Department of the Foreign Office a British Central Russian Institute is being organized here, the object of which is said to be the collection and dissemination of exact information about Russia. Every sort of Government aid is being given to assist British traders in meeting other countries on favorable terms on the great commercial battlefield which Russia is expected to provide.

Side by side with the perpetual complaints that Great Britain is being left behind in the commercial race come startling proofs of the unremitting energy that British manufacturers have all along been quietly devoting to meeting the demands of after-the-war trade.

Towns Visited in Balance of H.R.H.'s Tour

The itinerary of the Prince of Wales' tour through Ontario was as follows: Cobalt and Timmins, 16th; Hamilton, 17th and 18th; Niagara Falls, 18th and 20th; Brantford, afternoon of 20th; Guelph and Stratford, 21st; Woodstock and Chatham, 22nd; London, afternoon of 22nd to afternoon of 23rd; Windsor, 23rd and 24th; Galt, 24th; Kingston, 25th to 27th; Montreal, 27th to November 2nd; Toronto, Nov. 2nd to 5th.

Thence to Ottawa, where the Prince will address the Canadian Club, Saturday, Nov. 8. One hour's stop will be made at Brockville, Oct. 27, and some side trips out of Montreal are being arranged for. The Prince will visit the eastern townships, Oct. 29, including Sherbrooke and St. Anne's, Nov. 2.

National Debt of Britain Nearly Eight Billion Pounds

A despatch from London says:—In a recent speech Mr. Lloyd George urged the imperative need of greater productivity on the part of the nation. He pointed out that the national debt was nearly eight billion pounds. He said wages had doubled, the hours of work curtailed, and the standard living was higher than ever, but that that standard could not be preserved by a concourse of tribunals or the decisions of labor conferences.

50% of Space on Liners Has Been Requisitioned

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—The announcement that fifty per cent. of the space on liners of British registry has been requisitioned for November, the same as October, is increasing the difficulties of Canadian shipping agencies, which have demand for more commercial space to principal British ports than they can supply. The heavy movement of wheat and other foodstuffs at this season calls for extra accommodation. The Canadian Trade Commission has made representations to London for release of more space.



Part of a great demonstration in London at which the slogan to the government was "Get after the Profiteers or get out."

Grain and Live Stock

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Oct. 21.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.30; No. 2 Northern, \$2.27; No. 3 Northern, \$2.23, in store Fort William.
Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 79c; extra No. 1 feed, 80c; No. 1 feed, 78½c; No. 2 feed, 75½c, in store Fort William.
Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, \$1.35; No. 4 CW, \$1.27; rejected, \$1.15½; feed, \$1.10½.
American corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal; No. 4 yellow, nominal.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 84 to 86c, according to freight outside.
Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.08; No. 2 do., \$1.97 to \$2.03; No. 3 do., \$1.93 to \$1.99, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight.
Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.08; No. 2 Spring, \$1.99 to \$2.05; No. 3 Spring, \$1.95 to \$2.01, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight.
Barley—Malt, \$1.28 to \$1.33, according to freight outside.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Rye—Nominal.
Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$11, Toronto.
Ontario flour—Government standard, Montreal, \$9.25 to \$9.50; Toronto, \$9.05 to \$9.30, in jute bags, prompt shipment.

**Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freight, bags included. Bran, per ton, \$45; shorts, per ton, \$55; good feed flour, per bag, \$3.50.
Hay—No. 1 per ton, \$24 to \$25; mixed per ton, \$18 to \$21, track, Toronto.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$10 to \$11, track, Toronto.**

Country Produce—Wholesale.
Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 38 to 40c; prints, 40 to 42c. Creamery, fresh made solids, 53½ to 54c; prints, 54 to 54½c.
Eggs—55 to 56c.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 25 to 30c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 20 to 25c; ducks, 25 to 30c; turkeys, 35 to 40c; squabs, 40c to 42c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 22 to 25c; roosters, 20c; fowl, 18 to 25c; ducks, 20c; turkeys, 35c.
Cheese—New, large, 28½ to 29c; Galt, 24th; Kingston, 25th to 27th; Montreal, 27th to November 2nd; Toronto, Nov. 2nd to 5th.
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 48 to 50c; creamery prints, 57 to 59c.
Margarine—33 to 38c.
Eggs—No. 1, 58 to 59c; selects, 61 to 62c.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 30 to 35c; roosters, 23 to 25c; fowl, 30 to 32c; turkeys, 50 to 55c; ducks, 34 to 35c; squabs, 40c to 42c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 22 to 25c; roosters, 20c; fowl, 18 to 25c; ducks, 22 to 25c.

Live Stock Markets.
Toronto, Oct. 21.—Choice heavy steers, \$12 to \$12.50; good heavy steers, \$11.25 to \$11.75; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11; do. med., \$9.50 to \$10; do. com., \$8.75 to \$9.25; bulls, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do. med., \$9.50 to \$9.75; do. rough, \$7.50 to \$8; butcher cows, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do. good, \$9 to \$9.25; do. med., \$8.50 to \$9; do. com., \$7 to \$7.50; stockers, \$7.50 to \$10; heifers, \$9 to \$10; spring lambs, per cwt., \$12.75 to \$13.60; calves, good to choice, \$16 to \$20; hogs, fed and watered, \$18.25 to \$18.50; do. weighed off cars, \$18.50; do. f.o.b., \$17.25; do. do., to farmers, \$17.
Montreal, Oct. 21.—Choice steers, per cwt., \$6.50 to \$11; choice bulls and cows, \$8 to \$10; canners' cattle, from \$5 to \$7 per cwt.; sheep, \$7.50 to \$9 per cwt.; lambs, \$11 to \$13 per cwt.; milk-fed calves, \$12 to \$15 per cwt.; select hogs, off cars, \$17.50 to \$18.

Brutal German Murderer Qn List for Surrender

A despatch from Paris says:—Among those whose extradition is demanded by the Lille court-martial is a certain Major Evers, who at Le Catelat shot five British soldiers to death without any justification, making them carry their own coffins to the place of execution.

King Shows Consideration For Needs of Transport

A despatch from London says:—Out of consideration for the special transport needs, King George and Queen Mary did not use, as is their wont, a special train from London to Sandringham, whither their Court has gone.

Gold Dust Brought From Alaska

A despatch from Seattle says:—With \$100,000 in gold dust aboard, the power schooner Ozmo arrived here on Thursday from Kuskoowim River points, Alaska, bringing that district's season cleanup of placer diggings. In rough weather the Ozmo lost two boughs.

Still 77,000 German Prisoners in Britain

A despatch from London says:—There are 77,000 German prisoners of war still in England. Repatriation has been delayed owing to lack of transport.

PRINCE PRESENTED TWELVE DECORATIONS

Features of H. R. H.'s Visit to Brantford.

A despatch from Brantford says:—One of the most interesting features of the visit of the Prince of Wales to Brantford was the presentation by his Royal Highness of twelve decorations won in the war to local officers and men. The recipients were: Military Cross—Lieut. C. D. Smith, Lieut. A. A. McQueen, Lieut. M. F. Verity, Lieut. V. Curtis, Lieut. H. K. Wood.

Distinguished Flying Cross—Capt. H. A. White.

Military Medal—Lance-Corpl. W. J. Davey, Pte. W. Brecken, Gnr. W. G. Chinery, Pte. F. H. McDougald, Pte. E. B. P. Davies (deceased), presented to Mrs. L. Davies.

Another feature of more than ordinary interest was the unveiling of a tablet of bronze to the 38 members of the Six Nations Indians, all volunteers, who gave their lives in the great war, headed by Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, who was a lineal descendant of the great warrior Chief, Capt. Joseph Brant, and was killed in the attack by the 4th Battalion at the second battle of Ypres, and Lieut. J. D. Moses, the first Indian aviator, who died in a German prison camp after a crash.

**\$23,261 for a Bull Calf;
\$8,788 for 7-month-old Heifer**

A despatch from London says:—A world record in prices for cattle was established at a sale of Shorthorns at the Aberdeenshire Show. The first bull calf to enter the ring was knocked down for \$23,261. The calf was bred by the famous Shorthorn king, William Durthe, of Collynie. This figure is the highest price ever paid for a bull calf. Another world's record was established by James Durno, of Uppermill, who obtained £2,100 (\$8,788) for a seven-month-old heifer calf.

Soldiers Uncover Tombs 2,500 Years Old

A despatch from Salonica says:—Military excavations, trench making, etc., carried on in the Greek parts of Macedonia during the war by the Allied armies, have brought to light a large number of antiquities, such as ancient instruments, vases of geometrical design and jewellery of iron, silver and gold of great archaeological value. Tombs of the fifth and sixth centuries before Christ have also been discovered. These antiquities, which have been taken possession of by M. Pelekidis, director of antiquities, prove that the civilization which existed at that ancient time in Macedonia was identical with that in Greece.

Not the British Habit to Insult Bleeding Foe

A despatch from London says:—In a recent speech at Sheffield Lloyd George called upon the British people to see that the peace was a real peace. "It is not the British habit," he said, "to nag, harry, insult and trample a bleeding foe. So long as Germany conforms to the conditions we have laid down, we must give her a clear chance to lead a decent, peaceable and honorable existence. This in the interests not merely of Germany, but of Great Britain and the whole world."

80-Minute Air Trip London to Paris

A despatch from Paris says:—A new record for the airplane trip from London to Paris was set on Thursday afternoon by Capt. Gauthier, who made the flight in one hour and twenty minutes. He left Farnborough at 1.10 p.m., arriving at Bourget at 2.30 o'clock.

Viscount Allenby Appointed Commissioner for Egypt

A despatch from London says:—Field Marshal Viscount E. H. H. Allenby, former commander-in-chief of the victorious British forces in Palestine, has been appointed British High Commissioner for Egypt and the Sudan. Viscount Allenby succeeds General Sir E. Reginald Wingate.

SILVER AND GOLD NUGGETS FOR H.R.H.

Prince Sees Ontario Mining Centre and Receives Souvenirs.

A despatch from Englehart, Ont., says:—(En route with Prince of Wales' Special Train.)—"The town is yours. Paint it any color you like." This was the text of a sign which greeted the Prince of Wales at Cobalt on Thursday, and expressed the spirit which informed the welcome extended the Prince Thursday by the Porcupine people.

At Cobalt the Royal party met with a welcome which was none the less genuine for the fact that nearly everybody stayed at their work and showed the Prince how the country's silver was mined. Presents of silver nuggets at Cobalt and gold nuggets at Timmins were showered upon the Prince with warm expressions of loyalty from the miners and their families. At Timmins, New Liskeard and smaller towns along the way brief stops brought out entire communities to greet the Prince. At Timmins a vigorous welcome was extended by several thousand people assembled for a review of returned men and a public reception before the Prince visited the Hollinger Gold Mines and received the engraved nuggets of precious metal as souvenirs.

Need For Thrift Is Imperative.

Saving is not always looked upon as a saving grace. If it were, there would not be over five per cent. of the inhabitants of the United States and probably an equally large percentage of Canadians who are dependent upon public charity. During the past five years practically all commodity prices have risen steadily, yet vast sums in the aggregate are now being spent for goods that the purchasers could very well do without. The production of luxuries requires the labor of thousands of men and the use of capital and materials that could be turned to better account in producing and distributing necessities. It is surely obvious that such needless expenditures influence in a marked degree the trend of prices in general.

No right-thinking nation or individual dares to become a pauper, but to avoid such a fate thrift is a prime essential. At no other time in the history of Canada has thriftiness been more imperative. At no other time has prodigality been so much the rule. It may be only a reaction following the enforced frugality of the later war years. It may be due to the surplus currency which was industries brought into being. But in any case, the general result is baneful and tends toward pauperism. If the discount on Canadian currency abroad is to be wiped out and the prices of necessities reduced, national and personal thrift is a precept which must be put into practice.

Good Ploughing.

Ploughing matches in years gone by were common and very interesting events. They became less popular as two-furrow and power ploughs came into use, until ploughing threatened to become a decadent art. The aim seemed to be to plough the greatest possible area regardless of how the work was performed. Efforts are now being made to revive interest in better ploughing. Junior Farmers' competitions and local matches were held in many places this autumn and an interprovincial Ploughing Match and Tractor and Machinery Demonstration was held at Ottawa on October 14th, 15th and 16th. Classes were open to boys, young men and mature ploughmen. This was an educational event, intended to stimulate interest in better ploughing and better farming. Good ploughing nearly always means better farming throughout. Attention should and can be paid to the quality as well as to the quantity of the work done.

Telling Epigrams by Tiger of France

A despatch from Paris says:—Premier Clemenceau's recent speech on the Peace Treaty contained two epigrams. One was: "If France gives up large families you may put into your treaties the finest articles you like, you will do in vain whatever you try. France will be lost because there won't be any more Frenchmen."

The second was: "The future of the German Empire is not on water, as it used to be, but under the water."

First Instalment of War Indemnity Paid

Berlin, Oct. 19.—The Cologne Gazette says that it understands Germany has paid the first instalment of the war indemnity. The newspaper says it consisted of deliveries of various commodities amounting to 20,000,000, 000 marks.

Darkest Day of the War.

Official figures given out recently in London show that the darkest day of the war for England was on July 1, 1916, when casualties in killed and wounded numbered 170,000. It was the opening day of the first battle of the Somme.



The Farmer-Banker Alliance



THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
 GLENCOE BRANCH, ROTHWELL BRANCH, NEWBURY BRANCH.
 J. A. McKellar, Manager. F. C. Smith, Manager. E. G. T. Murdoch, Manager.
 Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent at Glencoe Branch.

MRS. CURRIE'S LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR STORE

MILLINERY, SILK DRESSES, ODD SKIRTS AND WAISTS

Opposite Royal Bank Building

FLOWER DEPT.
 Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.
Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.
FANCY GOODS DEPT.
 Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.
 Phone 25

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
 Rev. G. S. Lloyd, M. A., Minister
 SUNDAY, OCTOBER 26
 11 a.m.—The Minister.
 7 p.m.—Union Bible Society service in Methodist church.

ALARM CLOCKS

that will get you up.

Big Ben, Baby Ben and other reliable makes, price—\$1.50 to \$5.
 Mantel Clocks, black enamel finish, 8 day, 1-2 hour strike, prices \$8 to \$15.
 Kitchen Clocks, oak or mahogany finish, 8 day, 1-2 hour gong strike, price—\$3.75 to \$6.50.

C. E. DAVIDSON
 JEWELER OPTICIAN
 Marriage Licenses Issued

Cream Wanted

Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call.

LAMBERT CREAMERY CO.
 ALEX. MCNEIL, Local Manager.

TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES
 RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, GOUT ETC.
 ASSURE RELIEF FOR THE WORST HEADACHE
 \$1.50 PER BOX
 TEMPLETON'S (177 KING ST. W. TORONTO)

Humanity has lacked a practical rheumatic remedy since time began. Fortunes are spent yearly at hot springs, electric baths and hospitals to obtain relief, yet better results are achieved right at home by using T.E.C.'s "the common sense treatment". Just compare cost and results with any other treatment and you will be convinced. Ask your druggist or write us for our new booklet; it is interesting and costs you nothing (Templetons, 113 King St. W., Toronto). We mail anywhere on receipt of \$1.00.
 Sole Agent for Glencoe, H. I. Johnston, Pharm. B., Druggist, Optician and Stationer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between
 MONTREAL
 TORONTO
 DETROIT
 and
 CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service.
 Sleeping Cars on light trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains.

Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.
 C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

WOODGREEN

Mrs. Daum and Miss Kate Lumley have returned home after spending a week with friends in Stratford, Mitchell and Fullerton.
 Wm. Weekes of London spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Weekes.
 Dick Jackson of Windsor spent the week-end at the home of Thos. Simpson, River road.
 Mrs. George Scrimshaw spent a few days in Glencoe last week.

Wedding invitations printed in the latest style and with neatness and despatch at The Transcript office.

Born
 At St. Joseph's Hospital, London, on Sunday, October 19, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. McEachern, a daughter—Marjorie Louise.

Married
 ANDERSON-SUTHERLAND. — At Oak Hall Tabernacle, Indianapolis, Indiana, on Wednesday, October 15, 1919, by Rev. L. V. Roberts, Evangelist Harvey D. Anderson of San Antonio, Texas, to Miss Catharine Best Sutherland, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Sutherland of Glencoe, Ontario. At home 3509 Easton Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Card of Thanks
 Mrs. Robert Armstrong and family wish to convey their sincere thanks to their relatives, friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness and tokens of sympathy extended to them in their recent sad bereavement.

TOWN AND VICINITY

Municipal elections next.
 Howard Vair is opening a confectionery and ice cream business in St. Thomas.

Mrs. J. E. Roome has sold her residence to George McCallum of Walkerville, who is moving to Glencoe.

Everybody is in favor of compelling everybody else to reduce the price of the necessities they have to sell.

Another reason for the high cost of living is that we no longer make little Willie's pants out of dad's old ones.

Subscriptions were solicited last week for money to assist the Glencoe Athletic Club to remodel and enlarge the ice rink.

Miss J. W. Ogilvie of St. Thomas, provincial inspector of factories, shops and offices for this district, made inspections in Glencoe on Friday.

The W. M. S. of Cameron church, Euphemia, were much pleased recently to receive a gift of \$27.65 from the Ferguson's Crossing Needle Club.

Aviation has added over two hundred new words to the language, including those the farmer uses when an airplane lands in his cornfield.

Miss Sadie Coulthard of Glencoe is one of six young ladies who graduated last week in the nursing profession at Amnata Wood Hospital, St. Thomas.

R. C. Vause had an extra fine bloom of sweet peas in his garden during the summer, and on Tuesday pulled a vine still in bloom which measured 7 feet 9 inches in height.

Wm. Bancroft, residing north of Appin, was accidentally struck by the handle of a scraper while ditching a few days ago, causing hemorrhage of the stomach. He is recovering.

Rev. Mr. Bowen, agent of the Bible Society, will hold a union service in the Methodist church Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. A collection will be taken in behalf of the Bible Society.

Strathroy Age:—The wide circle of friends of Mrs. C. Sutherland of Napier, mother of Mrs. W. S. Calvert, will regret to learn that she is lying very critically ill and little hope is held out for her recovery.

Services in St. John's church next Sunday will be at 11 a. m. and 4 p. m., the latter hour having been fixed upon to allow the congregation to attend the Bible Society service in the Methodist church in the evening.

In a town in Oklahoma one thousand men have signed an agreement to wear their old clothes three months longer on account of the high cost of living. A thousand men hereabouts are doing the same thing without signing.

For the elections last Monday deputy returning officers were paid \$6 for the general election poll and \$3 for the referendum; poll clerks \$4 for the election and \$2 for the referendum, and constables \$3 for the day.

A strong committee of London Presbyterians, with Mr. Lloyd of Glencoe as convener, met yesterday at Komoka to consider the possibility of a re-arrangement of several charges with a view to conserving men and money.

J. G. Lethbridge, the newly elected member of the Legislature for West Middlesex, is in Toronto attending a conference of the U. F. O. as to the line of action to be pursued by the party in view of their victory at the polls.

Thornton Griffith arrived from England on Monday with his war bride and is stopping with his uncle, J. D. Smith, for a time. Thornton, after leaving Glencoe, where he was on the staff of the Royal Bank, had a position in the States with the Standard Oil.

He gave up to enlist at Toronto for overseas service. He served four years at the front, during which he was wounded in action.

The Rural Deanery meeting which was postponed by the Bishop some time ago will be held in St. John's church on Friday, November 7. This date has been fixed by the Bishop himself and he will give the special addresses.

The Presbyterian missionary auxiliary monthly meeting will be held in the school room on Monday afternoon, October 27, at 2 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of Glencoe and neighboring churches to hear Miss Mitchell, field secretary, speak.

It is pleasing to read that Sir Adam Beck has intimated that, despite his defeat as member for London, he has no intention of resigning his position as chairman of the hydro-electric commission. The country can ill afford to lose the services of so useful a man as Sir Adam.

The Fletcher Manufacturing Company recently installed a complete system of fire protection in their works at Glencoe, including a rock well which furnishes abundance of sparkling clear water, wholesome for drinking purposes. Here is a good foundation for a waterworks system for the town.

The annual free distribution of samples of seed grain is being conducted at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, by the Dominion Cerealists. Applications must be on printed forms which may be obtained from the Dominion Cerealists. As the stock of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early.

A serious accident on the G. T. R. train No. 16, from Detroit to Montreal, was averted by the cool action of John Sheehy, engineer of the train, when the engine's tender jumped the track Saturday night near Chatham and tore up the ties for a quarter of a mile. Only by the sound judgment and consummate skill of Mr. Sheehy was the train, which was traveling at 35 miles an hour, brought to a stand without any loss of life.

SPECIAL NOTICES

The Morrison Girls, Oct. 30.

Money to loan on property. Write to Box 34, Wardsville, Ont.

Good home in Glencoe for sale cheap. Apply to G. M. Barker.

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Alex. McAlpine & Son, dealers in flour and feed, coal, salt, cement, etc.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.

I still have some good bargains in second-hand and rebuilt automobiles. Wm. McCallum.

Five thoroughbred registered Lincoln bucks, yearlings, for sale.—D. D. Graham, lot 2, con. 3, Mosa.

An ever-changing succession of melody and entertainment—opera house, Glencoe, Thursday, Oct. 30. Don't miss it.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Dewar announce the engagement of their daughter, Nettie Mae, to Raymond Russell Tyrrell of Detroit, Mich.

The Battle Hill Relief Society will meet at the home of Mrs. E. D. Currie on Friday afternoon, October 24th, instead of Thursday as previously announced.

G. W. V. A. Glencoe branch will meet on Saturday night at 8 o'clock in the rooms of the I. O. O. F. opposite post office, for the election of officers and other business.

The Morrison Girls in "Stories and Songs of Today and Yesterday"—opera house, Glencoe, Thursday, October 30. Seats on sale next Saturday at Lumley's drug store.

One slightly-used top buggy and one nearly new two-seated top carriage; one set of double driving harness, as good as new, and one set of single harness.—Wm. McCallum.

Registered Shorthorns for sale—2 six-year-old cows, three-year-old cow with bull calf, 2 yearling heifers, 2 heifer calves, and 2 bull calves about 6 months old. Priced right for quick sale.—Wm. A. McCutcheon.

All returned soldiers of Glencoe and district are invited to meet at the G. T. R. station on Thursday, October 24, at 2:15 to take part in the welcome to H. R. Edward, Prince of Wales. To secure uniformity, puttees will be worn with uniforms where possible.

Having bought out the grocery business of Charles Dean, Charles street, Glencoe, I would respectfully solicit a fair share of your patronage. Full stock of choice fresh groceries will always be at this store. Prices right, and a square deal.—George Westcott.

"We have added another forge to our blacksmithing business and will be able to handle all work entrusted to us expeditiously and in a satisfactory manner. Joe Baldwin, from Darlington, Wisconsin, a blacksmith with 19 years' experience and an expert horse-shoer, is now with us.—Don H. Love.

Just in.—A full line of rubber footwear, including rubber boots in grey and black, overshoes, mackinaws, plain rubbers to fit any shoe in men's, women's and children's at last year's prices. Our stock of shoes is more complete than ever and nearly all bought before the last big raise in price, so that we can save you dollars in shoes.—Charles George.

The Junior W. A. A. of St. John's church will give an entertainment in the Sunday school room on Wednesday, October 29, at 8 o'clock. The program will consist of readings, recitations, solos and instrumentals. A most humorous one-act play by the young people entitled "Our Aunt From California" will be included in the program. Come and help our missions. Admission—adults 25c, children 10c.

—Mrs. Ireland of Bothwell is spending a few days with Mrs. John Hayter.

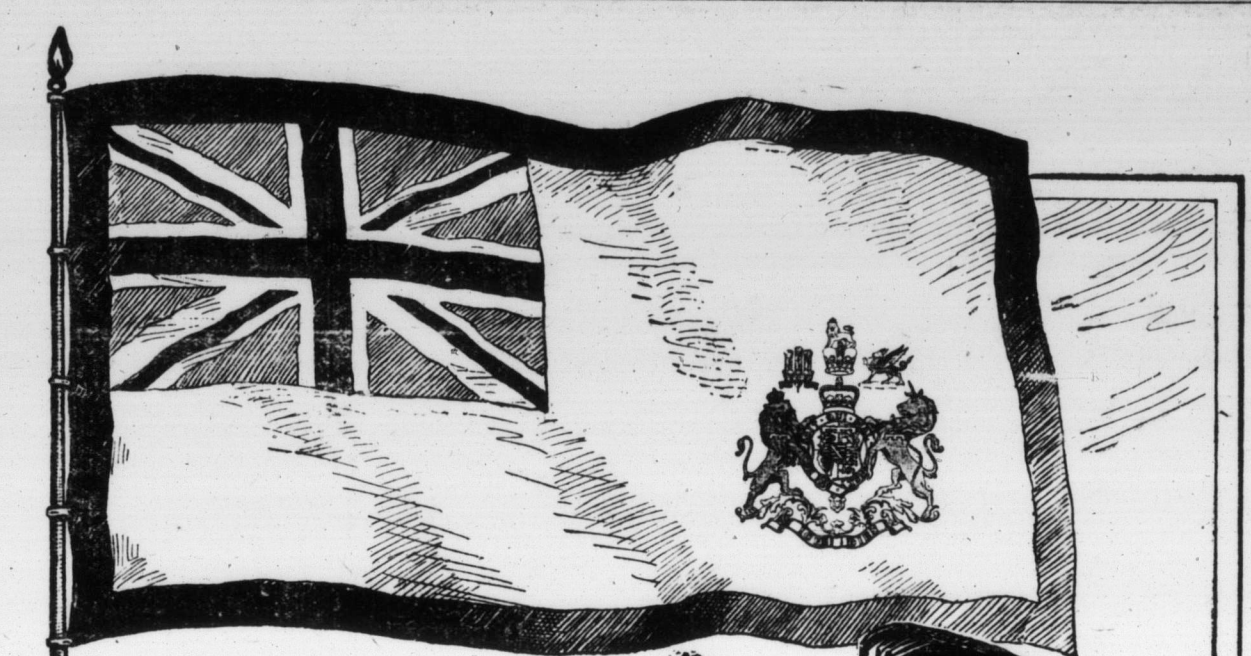
—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Farnan of London are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCallum.

—Miss Mayne Rankin left on Saturday to take a position at 84 Stanley street, London.

—Miss Jennie Reycraft has arrived home after spending a month with friends in Windsor and Detroit.

—Dr. and Mrs. T. F. Cole and Mr. and Mrs. Godley of Romulus, N. Y., spent last week at A. H. Copeland's.

—Miss Helen Crothers of London spent the week-end with Mrs. Wm.



"I Hope Every City and District Will Win My Flag"

When Edward, Prince of Wales—eager, bright eyed, smiling and sincere—arrived in Canada in August, and when he voiced his great admiration of the wonderful achievements of Canadians, on the fields of battle and at home, once again we were thrilled with joyous pride.

He asked concerning Canada's reconstruction programme, and when he was told of the Victory Loan 1919, he graciously consented to the use of his Coat of Arms on a flag, which is to be the prize of honour for districts achieving their quota in the loan.

In dedicating "The Prince's Flag" at Ottawa on Labor Day, His Royal Highness said in part:—

"It is a great joy to me to be associated with the loan, which is the bridge between war and peace, and which is finishing off the job."

"I hope every city and district will win my flag."

Striking, and beautiful in design, this flag will form not only a unique memento of Victory Year, but a lasting and outstanding souvenir of the visit of His Royal Highness—a visit which will remain as one of the most memorable events in Canada's history.

The reproduction above shows the design of the flag. The body is white, the edge red; in the upper left hand corner is the Union Jack, and in the lower right hand corner the Prince of Wales' Coat of Arms.

The flag is made in two sizes, 4 feet 6 inches by 9 feet for small cities, towns and villages, and 7 feet by 13 feet 6 inches for cities of over 10,000 population.

Canada has been divided into canvassing districts by the Victory Loan Organization. Each city forms one district. Other districts have been determined according to population.

Each of these canvassing districts has been allotted a certain amount in Victory Bonds to sell. To win the Prince's Flag, therefore, a district has to sell its allotment. That is the one and simple condition.

Anticipating that many districts will buy far beyond their allotment, the organization decided that for each twenty-five per cent. excess of the quota one Prince of Wales' Crest be awarded. Thus the workers in a district doubling its quota will be the proud winners of four small crests for their Honour Flag. These crests will be sewn to the flag. The Prince's Crest—

The Prince's Motto is "I Serve"
 Will You also Serve?

Victory Loan 1919

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

614

Stevenson and other friends in Glencoe.

—Mr. and Mrs. Neil McKellar arrived here on Friday from the West and purpose making their home in Glencoe.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hurley of West Lorne and Mr. and Mrs. Archer of Wardsville spent Sunday at Will Hurley's.

—Charles Tassie of Dresden and Miss Blanche Tassie of Detroit spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James M. McGregor.

—Mrs. Duncan A. McKee of Chico, California, is on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Margaret Gillies, C.P.R. Diamond, Mosa.

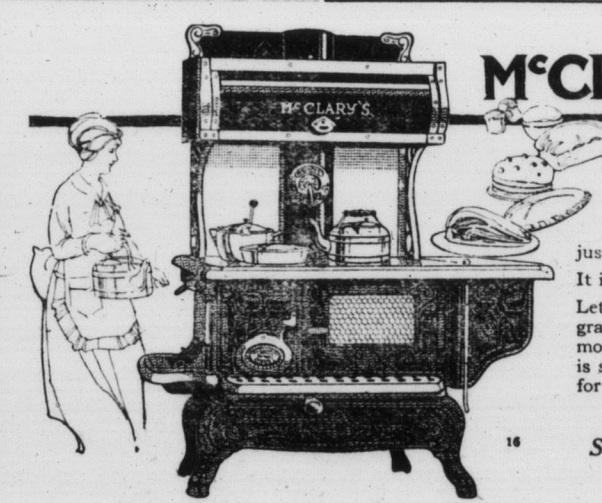
—Mr. and Mrs. William Innes, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. A. Johnston of Mildmay, returned home on Monday.

—Harry Hick of Sarnia, who has just returned from a visit in England, is spending a few days with his uncle, John Hick, Glencoe.

—Miss Georgina McIntyre of London and Miss Eleanor McIntyre of Glencoe spent the week-end with Miss Sarah Gates, Napier.

—Mr. and Mrs. William McCallum and Miss Marguerite Garner left for Toronto yesterday where they will spend a few days. On their return they will bring several new ears with them.

—Reeve A. J. Wright attended the reception given last night at the armories in London in honor of the Prince of Wales, having been invited, along with the other Reeves of Middle-



McClary's Pandora

IT is every woman's right to have the best kitchen equipment that can be had. The Pandora saves trouble, saves work, and gives a woman the joy of baking things just as she wants them.

It is a woman's choice.

Let us show you the smoothly working grates, the clear oven door, the fine thermometer. Let us explain why the oven is so evenly heated. You want the best for your kitchen. Then see the Pandora.

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son

McClary's

sex county, by the London city council.

—Mrs. Stanley R. Luckham and two children of Richards, Alberta, Mrs. T. F. Paul of Netherhill, Sask., Cecil and Thomas McCormick of Watford, Mr.

and Mrs. H. G. Small of Ridgeway and Scott Luckham of Walkerville were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. Luckham.

Victory—bought but not paid for.

Blank oil leases for sale at The Transcript office.

Want of principle is the principal want of a mean man.
 Some men would rather go to jail than hustle for a living.

Kitchen Economy

If you consider its body-building powers Bovi is probably the most economical food you can buy. No other food, no matter how high its price, has been proved to possess Bovi's wonderful body building powers. Bovi saves butchers' bills and is a great economy in the kitchen.



Woman's Interests

Training For Citizenship.

Increasingly insistent is the demand that the schools of this Dominion teach citizenship—that they equip the child to do the full duty of a good citizen. It is not forgotten that the schools have for generations done excellent work; but the experience of the last four years has brought the realization that a change in method and in subject-matter—a shifting of emphasis—is urgently required. A young man may be an expert in arithmetic, spelling, in writing, grammar, geography, and every other subject on the curriculum, and may, none the less, display qualities of brutality, injustice, wastefulness, and treason—may, indeed, be a bolshevik. An altered type of training, a new view of relative values, must come. A knowledge of the fundamentals on which rests the structure of democracy must be a part of all instruction worthy of the name. Education may make or mar a nation—it has done so in Europe and elsewhere.

What are the fundamentals? Honesty is one. Industry is another, and there are many more. Frugality is an important one, and one that is being overlooked in this new country. Canada was built on thrift, among other things—the pioneers were specialists in thrift.

Thrift is not hoarding; it is not miserliness; it consists not with the piling up of money and resources, conservation of them, wise and thoughtful conservation. The thrifty man is an optimist, for he has stored up power. And thrift must be taught in the schools. This will not add to the teachers' burdens, for every subject of study can be so taught that it helps to inculcate the practice of thrift. A Thrift Club in the classroom works wonders in the discipline of the subject; it gives the pupils something worth while to talk about and something worth while to think about. United for a common aim, they learn esprit de corps. They come to know the value of money and the principles of business; they are imbuing the necessary preparation for citizenship. For the attractive investment of small savings, War-Savings Stamps afford an excellent medium. This plan has been highly successful in the schools of Great Britain, of the United States, and of Canada.

Thrift taught in the schools encourages industry because children learn to earn so that they may save. And, more than ever in its history, this old world needs to go to work. Production must be increased. Produce, save, invest, must become the universal slogan.

Cold Water vs. the Doctor.

Few people realize the value to the general health of the habit of drinking plenty of pure fresh water. It is said that to make up for the liquid waste of the body, about three pints should be drunk every day.

Often one will get up in the morning with a dull headache; the digestive system is in some way out of order. Often a glass or two of water will in a little while relieve the trouble. Again in the morning the stomach is full of mucus which makes it unfit for the immediate reception of food. This mucus would only mingle with the food and hinder digestion. A glass or two of water, drunk on getting up, will wash this mucus out of the stomach and leave it ready for breakfast. And, by washing out the system daily, it will surely prevent headache and derangement of the liver and kidneys. It is said that the sipping of hot water has a most beneficial effect on the heart action and that it regulates the flow of the bile. But especially in our hurried Canadian life, early in the morning very few people have time to sit up and sip at a cup of hot water. Busy people will surely never adopt this habit; there is too much pressing to be done.

Neither should the water be drank cold, because this will lower the temperature of the stomach too much. The water is perhaps best heated to a little higher than the blood temperature, for then one may pause from other activities from time to time to take a swallow. If a little salt is added to the water, its beneficial qualities will be enhanced and the flavor will be less unpleasant. Better still would be a few teaspoonfuls of lemon juice with no sugar. The lemon juice, says one who has tried it, is not good reason why he may not sip hot water to his heart's content and get out of it the full physical benefit. The thing necessary is that in some manner a cup or two of hot or warm water should be taken into the system the first thing in the morning. Water should not be drunk in any large quantity with or just after a hearty meal, because it thins the gastric juice and thus hinders digestion.

When one feels a cold coming on, one of the best preventives is the drinking of plenty of cold water. This stimulates the system, opens the pores and helps to wash out the poisons which have formed in the body. For a simple cold throat one of the best remedies is the cold pack. This consists of a cloth wet with cold water and applied to the throat. Over this must be fastened a dry woolen cloth to prevent the wetting of the clothing and the chilling of the body. One night of this treatment will often end a sore throat. If the water is used hot, this is an excellent treatment for a child with the croup. For this renew the hot water application every five minutes. This hot water compress is recommended also for headache, toothache, and neuralgia. Here it is to be applied to that part of the face or head affected.

As a first aid for a bad sprain there is nothing better than the application of hot water. The sprained part should be placed over a bowl or vessel. Then from a considerable height water as hot as can be borne should be poured on the sprain. The process should be continued for an hour or two, or until danger of inflammation seems to be past. This will often save the patient from becoming crippled with a permanently bad joint.

There is nothing better for cuts, bruises of any kind, or congestion of the lungs, than an application of hot water. Where it is possible, the parts should be put into the hot water, as hot as can be borne. The swelling hot water application has been removed from the throat, or the lungs, bathe the parts with tepid water and rub dry. Then cover with a dry flannel. When doctors' bills are so high and such a sovereign remedy so available, why not make the remedy serve and save the doctors' bills?

Some Simple Ways In Cooking.
Heat hardens the substance called albumen that is contained in such foods as eggs, milk, and meat. That is why eggs harden when exposed to high temperature, and why milk forms a scum when boiled; also it is why dishes in which these foods have been cooked should be plunged into a pan of hot dish water, for hot water cooks the remains of these foods on, and makes them very hard to wash off. Any dish having contained milk or egg should first be soaked, and even rinsed, in cold water, and then later scalded.

Heat has the opposite effect on sugar, as it dissolves it. Any dish having contained a sugary mixture should be cleaned with hot water from the very start. Heat in combination with moisture has what might be called an explosive effect upon starch, for it causes the tiny cells that compose any starchy food to swell. That is why a tablespoonful of cornstarch, for example, will thicken a liquid pudding or a gravy, because with heat it expands in volume. Also that is why any starchy food, such as potatoes or rice, for instance, must be thoroughly exposed to a high temperature so that the cellulose structure of the starch may be thoroughly broken, and thus made digestible.

Some acids and alkalies combined with heat form a gas which expands with heat. That is why baking powder, or the equivalent in soda and cream of tartar, expands and raises a cake or bread mixture, when placed in the oven or other warm place. Moisture and heat immediately affect the acid and alkali which these leavening agents contain.

Egg is a lightening agent when beaten up and stirred into any recipe that is to be heated, for the air beaten into the egg expands with heat and helps raise the mixture. That is why pop-overs rise so satisfactorily when made with eggs. Molasses contain considerable acid, although it is not commonly thought of as a sour ingredient on account of its sweet taste. That is why soda is used as a raising agent in molasses gingerbread. The state of one's health, too, affects the rate of growth. The nails on invalids' hands grow considerably faster than on the hands of a healthy person. Taken on average, the rate of growth is one-eighth of an inch a month, or from one inch to one and a half inches a year.

About Fingernails.
No two fingernails on our hands grow at the same rate. The nail on the middle finger grows faster than any other, while the thumbnail is the slowest-growing nail. The nails on the right hand grow faster than those on the left. The state of one's health, too, affects the rate of growth. The nails on invalids' hands grow considerably faster than on the hands of a healthy person. Taken on average, the rate of growth is one-eighth of an inch a month, or from one inch to one and a half inches a year.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

The Road to Understanding

CHAP. XVI.—(Cont'd.)

"Yes, and don't you see? I'm not going to mind now what he says and does, nor how glum he is; for I know down inside he's got a heart. And only think, I look like her!" finished Betty, suddenly springing to her feet, and whirling about in ecstasy.

"Oh, it's so exciting, isn't it?" But her mother did not answer. She did not seem to have heard, perhaps because her back was turned. She had crossed the room to the window. Betty, following her, put a loving arm about her shoulders. "Oh, and, mother, look!" she exclaimed eagerly. "I was going to tell you. I discovered it last Sunday. You can see the Denby House from here. Did you know it? It's so near dark now, it isn't very clear, but there's a light in the library windows, and others upstairs, too. See? Right through the dark at the left of that clump of trees, set in the middle of that open space. That's the lawn, and you can just make out the tall white pillars of the verandah. See?"

"Oh, yes, I see. Yes, so you can, can't you?"

Helen's voice was light and cheery, and carefully impersonal, carrying no hint of her inward tumult, for which she was devoutly thankful.

CHAPTER XVII.

It was shortly before Christmas that Frank Gleason ran up to Dalton. He went first to see Burke Denby. As they sat at dinner, with disconcerting abruptness, came the question: "Where'd you find the girl, Gleason?"

"Gleason?" The doctor wanted a minute to think. Incidentally he was trying to swallow his heart—that big lump in his throat.

"Miss Darling! Oh!" The doctor waved his hand ineffectively. He still wanted time. He was still swilling at that lump. "Why, she—she—she's the daughter of an old friend. Why, isn't she all right?" He feigned the deepest concern.

"All right!"

Voice and manner carried a message of satisfaction that was unmistakable. But the doctor chose to ignore it. The doctor felt himself now on sure ground. He summoned a still deeper concern to his countenance.

"Helen Denby, you don't mean she isn't all right? What's the trouble? Isn't she capable?—or don't you like her ways?"

"But I mean she is all right, man," retorted the other impatiently. "Why, Gleason, she's a woman!"

Gleason managed to utter a cool— "Really? Well, I'm glad, I'm sure."

"Well, she is. She's no ordinary girl. If Helen could but hear that!"

He smiled at the doctor, and then he said: "What do you think? She can actually tell me some things about my own curios?"

"Oh, they are more than—er—potatoes to her? You know you said—"

"Yes, I know I did. But just hear this. In spite of her seeming intelligence and capability, I'd been dreading to open those cabinets and let her touch those things and I had sent so many dear years together gathering. But, of course, I knew that that was silly. One of my chief reasons for getting her was the cataloguing; and it was absurd not to set her to it. So one day, after everything else was done, I explained what I wanted, and told her to go ahead."

"Well, and did she?" prompted the doctor, as the other paused.

"She did—exactly that. She went ahead—way ahead of what I'd told her to do. Why, when I got home, I was amazed to see what she'd done. But best of all was her interest and her enthusiasm, and the fact that she knew and appreciated what they were. You see that's one of the things I'd been dreading—her ignorance—her indifference; but I was wrong. She might gush and say, 'Oh, how pretty!' And I knew if she did I'd want to knock her down."

"So glad she didn't!" murmured the doctor.

His host laughed shamefacedly. "Oh, yes, I know. That was rather a strong statement. But you see I felt strongly. And then to find—"

"Well, she really is a wonderful girl. Haven't been to the office for a week."

"Is she agreeable—personally?"

"Yes, very. She's pleasant and cheerful, bright, and very much of a lady. She's capable, and has uncommon good sense. Her voice, too, is excellent for reading. In short, she is, as I told you, a wonder; and I'm not indebted to you for finding her. Let's see, you say you do know her family?"

Gleason got suddenly to his feet. "Yes, oh, yes. Good family, too! Now I'm sorry to eat and run, and as the children say, but I'll have to, to-night. One or two little matters I'll have to attend to before I sleep. But I'm glad to see you in better spirits. Keep on with the good work."

The doctor seemed nervous and anxious to get away; and in another minute the great outer door had closed behind him.

"Him-m!" Wonder what his rush, puzzled Burke Denby, left standing in the hall.

There was a slight frown on his face. But in another minute it was gone; he had remembered suddenly that he had promised Miss Darling that he would try to find certain obscure data regarding the tablet they had been at work upon that afternoon.

It was just as well, perhaps, after all, that the doctor had had to leave early, that he would give more time for work. With an eager lifting of his head Burke Denby turned and strode into the library.

Meanwhile, hurrying away from Denby House was the doctor, his

whole self a Hallelujah Chorus of rejoicing. His countenance was still aglow with joy when, a little later, he rang the bell of a West Hill apartment house suite bearing the name, "Mrs. Helen Darling."

To his joy he found Helen alone; but hardly had he given her a hearty account of his visit to Burke Denby, and assured her that he was positive everything was working out finely, when Betty came in from the corner grocery store, breezy and smiling.

"Oh, it's Dr. Gleason!" she welcomed him. "Now, I'm glad mother didn't go with me to-night, after all,—for we'd both be out then, and we should have seen you."

"Which would have been my great loss," bowed the man gallantly, his approving eyes on Betty's glowing face.

"Oh, but ours, too,—especially mine," she declared. "You see, I've been wishing you'd come. I wanted to thank you."

"To thank me?"

"Yes; for finding this lovely place for me."

"You like it, then?"

"I love it. Why, Dr. Gleason, you have no idea the wonderful things that man has done. But you said you knew him."

"Oh, yes, very well."

"Then you've been there, of course."

"Many times."

"Oh, how silly of me!" she laughed. "As if I could tell you anything about antiques and curios! But hasn't he some beautiful things?"

"He has, indeed. But how about the man? You haven't told me at all how you like Mr. Denby himself."

Betty glanced at her mother with a rough shrug.

"Well, as I tell mother, now that I've got him trained, he does very well."

"My dear!" murmured her mother. "Trained?" The question was the doctor's.

"Yes, you see at first he was such a bear."

"Oh, Betty!" exclaimed her mother, in very genuine distress.

But Betty plainly was in one of her most mischievous moods. With another merry glance at her mother she turned to the doctor.

"It's only this, doctor. You see, at first he was so silent and solemn, and Benton and Sarah and Mrs. Gowing were so scared, and the whole house was so scared and solemn and so on, that it seemed some days as if I should scream, just to make a little excitement. But it's all very different now. Benton and Sarah are all smiles, Mrs. Gowing actually laughs some times, and the only trouble is there isn't time enough for Mr. Denby to get in all the talking he wants to."

"Then Mr. Denby seems happier?"

"Oh, very much. Of course, at first it was just about the work—we're cataloguing the curios; but lately it's been in other ways. Why, the other day he found I could play and sing a song. And he asked me to sing for him. And I did."

Helen sat suddenly erect in her chair.

"Sing? You sang for Mr. Denby?"

She cried, slightly veiled and veiled, "He didn't tell me—that!"

"I hadn't done it till this afternoon, just before I came home," laughed Betty.

"But what did you sing? Oh, you—you didn't sing any of those foolish, nonsensical songs, did you?" implored Helen, half rising from her chair.

"No, I did," bridled Betty. Then, as her mother fell back dismayed, she cried: "He'd suppose I'd risk solemn things to a man who had just learned to laugh?"

"But, ragtime!" moaned Helen, "when he's always hated it so!"

"But always hated it so!" echoed Betty, with puzzled eyes. "Why, I hadn't played it before, dearie, I hadn't played anything!"

"No, no, I—I mean always hated everything gay and lively like ragtime," corrected Helen, her cheeks abnormally pink, as she carefully avoided the doctor's eyes. "Why didn't you play some of your good music, dear?"

"Oh, I did, afterwards, of course,—MacDowell and Schubert, and that jolly old love. But he liked the ragtime, too, all right. I know he did. Besides, it just did me good to listen up the old house a bit. I know Benton was listening in the hall, and I'm positive Sarah and the cook had the dining room door open. As for Mrs. Gowing, she—dear old soul—just sat and frankly cried. And the merrier I sang, the faster the tears rolled down her face—but it was for joy. I could see that. And once I heard her mutter: 'To think that ever again I should hear music and laughter—here!' Dr. Gleason'd Mr. Denby ever love somebody once, and do I look like her?"

Taken utterly by surprise, the doctor, for one awful minute, foundered in apalled confusion. It was Helen this time who came to the rescue.

"I shall tell the doctor he needs an answer that question, Betty," she said, with just a shade of reproval in her voice. "If he did know of such a thing, do you think he ought to tell you, or anybody else?"

Betty laughed and colored a little. "No, dear, of course not. And I shouldn't have asked it, should I?"

"But what makes you think he has?" queried the doctor.

"Because he said twice that I reminded him of some one, particularly with my hat on; and both times, afterward, he looked so romantic and solemn—Betty's eyes began to twinkle—"that I thought maybe I was on the track of a real, live love-story, you see. But he hasn't said anything

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The Shah of Persia.

The Shah's correct title is "Shah-in-Shah," or "King of Kings."

He is also known as "Lord of Lords," "A god among mortals," and "Glorious beyond all compare."

Europeans have invented for him such titles as "The Footpath of Heaven," but these belong more to the realm of comic opera than reality.

The Shah's present title is "The Shah of Persia," also "The Shadow of the King."

The first Shah to visit Europe was Nasser-odeen Kham, who made a tour of Russia, France, Italy, and England in 1872-73, and was made much of when he came to London. The present Shah will visit Britain in the near future.

(To be continued.)

The Home Flower.

The home-flower! Grows it everywhere! Where human folk abide? Men name a place, and speak it fair. Where one may breathe a fragrance rare, And rest just satisfied!

A place? Aye! There must be a place For everything that grows! A meadow, crag, a tiny space, A wee small spot, but full of grace, If life in radiance flows!

A place where kindly words entreat And gentle touches be, Where love and tender tear-drop meet, Where thorn and cross are counted sweet, And some one waits for me!

A place? Aye! Just one holy spot Where grows the blossom fair! The name, the where, they matter not, It only I am not forgot And she awaits me there!

The annual production of sugar in the Philippines, approaching 1,000,000 pounds, and it soon may become the leading export of the islands.

Servant, Girl—"I'm so awfully sleepy in the morning doctor." "Ah! Have you a sweetheart, may I ask?"

Servant, Girl (blushing)—"Yes."

"Who is he, may I ask?" "He's the night policeman." "Ah, then, give him up, and fall in love with the milkman."

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PROPOSED GARDEN SUBURB FOR QUEBEC

MODELLED AFTER SIMILAR ENGLISH TOWNS.

Canada's Diamond Jubilee to be Celebrated in Worthy Manner.

A group of influential citizens of Quebec city, including university professors, lawyers, journalists, medical and other professional men and government officials, have presented a memorial to the Mayor of Quebec asking for encouragement to form a housing company on the lines of the Co-partnership Tenants of England with a view to building a model garden suburb in Quebec, to commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of Canadian Confederation, July 1, 1927.

The committee wish to proceed under the Federal Housing Act and declare their willingness to accept its provisions. They propose to incorporate a housing company in the interests of better housing for working people, with a limited dividend of 6 per cent., the capital to be redeemed in a thirty years' period. They undertake to supply private capital to the extent of \$225,000 (15 per cent. of the estimated cost) and ask assurance from the city of Quebec that a loan will be granted from the Quebec apportionment under the Federal housing grant equal to \$1,275,000 (85 per cent. of the estimated cost). The committee estimate the cost of the project at approximately \$1,500,000. The allocation to the province of Quebec under the Federal grant is \$7,000,000.

An interesting project.

The memorial includes a plan of a "confederation garden village" with all streets and boulevards converging to a circular civic centre named "Canada" with provision for "places" named after the principal cities of the Dominion, such as "Toronto Place." A special district is set aside for manufacturing purposes so as to prevent the familiar encroachment of industry into residential districts with the consequent impairment of residential property and of the amenities of domestic life. The garden suburb is surrounded by four playgrounds named Ungava, Keewatin, Newfoundland and Alaska. This plan is intended as a guide in the development of the project.

The annual rent of the houses will be fixed at 10 per cent. of the total cost of the house and lot and the rents will be from \$15 upwards. A determined effort will be made to supply houses for families of small incomes, though there is no intention of segregating any one class of residents. The project has qualities of idealism, but such projects are no longer "castles in the air." They have been built on solid ground in other countries and they are the deliberately chosen methods for the restoration of the devastated regions of France and Belgium. They are admitted to be economically sound by all serious students of sociology and the best solution for the multitude of social evils attendant upon the uncontrolled development of cities.

In African Waters.

The Congo might be called the Amazon of the Dark Continent. They are the two greatest rivers in the world if measured by the volume of water they discharge into the ocean.

In one very important respect, however, they are strikingly different. For whereas the Amazon is comfortably navigable for more than 2,300 miles from its mouth, the Congo is beset by long stretches of impassable rapids.

The vast basin of the Amazon is low lying, flat territory, through which the mighty river and its tributaries (some of the latter huge streams) flow sluggishly. But the Congo, to reach the sea, breaks through a mountainous plateau.

Thus a vessel ascending the Congo proceeds only ninety miles before reaching at Matadi, the first great rapids. The passengers or freight, to get around the latter, must be transferred to a train for a "portage" of 250 miles; and further on there are two other long stretches that have to be covered in the same way.

By steamer and rail one can travel all the way from the Congo's mouth to Bukama, 2,300 miles up. In its upper reaches the river, though still wide, becomes very shallow, so that the steamboats plying those waters are small craft, such as one sometimes sees in Florida, with stern wheels and drawing no more than three feet.

From Bukama the journey may be continued by rail to Lake Tanganyika (a body of fresh water 400 miles long) down the lake 200 miles by steamer and by rail across what used to be German East Africa to a seaport, Dar-es-Salaam, on the Indian Ocean, a short distance south of Zanzibar.

Thus may one cross the whole of middle Africa to-day by steam.

The reason why so few marriages are happy is because young ladies spend their time in making nets, not in making cages."—Swift.

In normal years the spice islands of Zanzibar produce 90 per cent. of the world's supply of cloves, an average crop approximating 14,000,000 pounds.

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Danger in Stalk Fields.

Some stockmen are puzzled to know how to use the fodder remaining in the corn fields after husking time. Some years they turn stock into the fields and have no ill luck; other years the so-called "corn-stalk disease" has killed many of their best cattle and horses. Just why the stalks prove harmless some years, and deadly now and then, has never been rightly explained, but it seems likely that climatic or atmospheric conditions have much to do with it.

Many cases of alleged corn-stalk disease now are known to be really cases of deadly hemorrhagic septicaemia. In these cases the animals have a discharge of frothy, bloody fluid from the nostrils or mouth, or bloody flux (dysentery) may precede death. After death, blood spots are found staining the mucous membrane lining the intestines and serous membranes of closed cavities. Red blotches also are found under the skin. In other cases impaction of the paunch (rumen) occurs and ends in death, the affected animal showing crazy symptoms similar to those seen in ordinary corn-stalk disease, some cases of hemorrhagic septicaemia and in lead poisoning.

There are other possible causes of loss in corn-stalk fields. We have known of at least one serious loss of cattle turned into a stalk field in which wild mustard had grown ripe and withered. The paunches of the dead cattle reeked with the fumes of mustard when opened. Other losses have been attributed to formation of salt-peter (nitrate of potash) in the joints of corn killed by drought, wet weather or root-worms, while prussic acid has been blamed in instances where cattle have died from eating withered or second growth sorghum.

Wherever possible, cut, shock, and husk corn. Little if any loss ever has been attributed to corn fodder or corn stalks. Use a large part of the corn crop on every stock farm in the form of well made and carefully stored silage. Silage is safe feed if free from mold and judiciously fed.

Keep all pregnant animals out of cornstalk fields. Let no horse pasture cornstalks. Such feed is far more dangerous for horses than cattle. Muzzles all horses used on wagons when standing corn is being husked. Have all cattle and sheep that are to be pastured on cornstalk fields vaccinated against hemorrhagic septicaemia before turning them into such fields. So far as valuable pure-bred or high-grade cattle are concerned test stalk fields by turning in a scrub or two before the other animals are allowed to pasture. Provide all animals pastured in cornstalk fields free access to pure drinking water at all times. Supply salt liberally. At first feed hay before turning cattle into stalk fields and gradually accustom them to the stalks. Fence off any portion of the corn field that has been killed by drought, wet weather or root-worms, or that has grown up to noxious weeds, such as mustard, jimson, etc.

In conclusion, shocked corn should be hauled from the field promptly when dry—not left there to waste and mold—and that when cornstalk disease is prevalent cattle should be yarded on sound feed.

How to Make Tractors Pay on Small Farms.

There are hundreds of farms running in size from sixty to 100 acres. It is interesting to know what some of the owners think about tractors. One thing seems certain—the greater the acreage owned the more favorable the tractor appears to the owner.

Most owners of farms of sixty acres or more think that a tractor would be of much service to them, but they realize that it would not entirely replace their horses. Therefore, they say that if they purchased a tractor they would be increasing capital invested—which they think is already very great—without materially increasing their revenue. It would be, in most cases, simply a means of en-

abling them to do their work more easily and quickly.

If you should suggest to them that they could increase their earnings by working more land, most of them would tell you either that they can not get any land near their farms or else that they do not care to increase their acreage. Yet because of the advantages which a tractor offers—of doing work quickly and easily—some would like to have the services of a tractor.

One solution of this problem is that four or five farmers owning medium-sized adjoining farms club together and purchase one tractor to be used jointly by all, the horses furnishing the auxiliary power. By doing this the cost would be greatly reduced, because each used would pay according to the number of acres farmed. For instance, if one man farmed sixty acres, another one forty acres, a third eighty acres and a fourth 100 acres—a total of 240 acres—then the first user would pay three-sevenths of the price of the tractor, the second two-sevenths, the third four-sevenths and the fourth farmer eight-sevenths. Only the actual number of acres worked should be counted in making this basis of cost.

An objection raised is that all might want to use the tractor at the same time. It is certain that a tractor can work only at one place at a time, but it works rapidly enough that the work to be done on any one medium-sized farm can be done in a very short time, and then the tractor is ready to go to work on the next farm. Also, because of the small acreage of the farms, no great inconvenience because of delay in waiting for the tractor is likely to occur on account of conflict in the time of using. Furthermore, the idea is to use the tractor only for the heavier work.

Another advantage of this plan is this: In any group of men there is usually one who seems to have a natural ability along mechanical lines. If arrangements are made for such a man to handle the tractor on all the farms, greater service can be had from it; at the same time it will be better cared for and better maintained.

This plan of having a community tractor is well worth trying. Here is a chance to put into effect that magic word—co-operation. Why not talk it over with your neighbors, decide upon the number of farms one tractor can serve and purchase one?

Force Asparagus for Winter.

Crisp, fresh asparagus tips can be obtained in a continuous supply this winter by forcing.

Lifting the crowns from the field and placing them in cellars is the common method of forcing. Plow up the crowns late in the fall when the soil is moist, so as to have as much soil as possible adhere to them. Leave them exposed in the field until frozen, then cover with litter or remove to a shed in order to prevent alternate freezing and thawing, which is harmful. Store the crowns in a cool cellar or pit and bed as needed to supply a succession of shoots.

When ready for forcing, bring the crowns to the cellar and bed on two or three inches of loose soil on the floor. Place the clumps close together, fill the spaces between clumps with loose soil, and cover the crowns to the depth of about an inch. Moisten the soil thoroughly and keep it moist all the time, but never allow it to become drenched. For white shoots the light should be excluded.

For the first ten days after the crowns are placed, the temperature should be kept rather low, 45 to 50 deg. F. After this period a temperature of 55 to 60 deg. F. is satisfactory, although a higher temperature will not be injurious.

In about six weeks after bedding, the cutting can begin and will continue until the crowns are exhausted. As soon as the crowns become exhausted they should be removed and a new supply put in.

Increase Hog Production.

H. S. Arkell, Live Stock Commissioner, who has recently returned from a trip to Europe where he has reviewed the live stock market situation, has expressed his views, regarding Canada's position, in the October number of The Agricultural Gazette. He states that the London agents of our Canadian packers reviewed in disappointment the orders for Canadian goods—bacon, eggs, etc.—for which they could obtain but a tenth of the product they required. The unwarranted high price of hogs in Canada during the past month is but a reflection on the reputation of Canadian bacon, as compared with American, and demonstrates the effort of our packers to maintain their connection with old established clients in the face of short supplies. Since Denmark, within a year, will again be a factor on the bacon market, our only security for the future is full production and such a substantial export supply as must command recognition by its volume and quality. Short hog production is unquestionably the most dangerous policy Canada can adopt. This is true of eggs as well as bacon.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

Poultry

When building a poultry house money is saved by simple construction. First, select a well-drained site. If possible where there is protection from a windbreak or other farm buildings. Then build a house that is about twenty feet deep so that the wind will not strike the birds on the roosts, even when the front of the house is open during storms. Have plenty of windows for fresh air and sunshine as that is an important factor in keeping the farm flock in health.

Egg producers often keep flocks of five hundred Leghorns in one poultry house, but we seldom see more than one hundred birds of the heavier breeds to a flock. Of course, the Leghorns are active and seem to thrive better than heavier birds when large numbers are together. However, it seems as if some large farms have a capacity of more than the heavier birds than they are carrying and some flocks of Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes might be managed in large numbers if the birds were given a large range and the best sanitary measures were used in the house. It is largely a matter of skill in management and the less a farmer is interested in poultry the smaller the flock he can manage with safety. It takes much work to handle large flocks of farm poultry in the right manner, and few general farmers have the time to do it exactly right.

Seed Grain Distribution.

The annual free distribution of samples of seed grain is being conducted at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, by the Dominion Cerealists.

The following kinds of seed grain will be sent out this season: Spring Wheat (in about 5-lb. samples), White Oats (about 4 lbs.), barley (about 5 lbs.), field peas (not garden peas) (about 5 lbs.), field beans (early ripening, only about 2 lbs.), flax for seed (about 2 lbs.), and flax for fibre (about 2 lbs.). Only one sample can be sent to each applicant.

Application must be on printed forms, which may be obtained from the Dominion Cerealists at any time after Sept. 1st.

As the stock of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early to avoid disappointment. No application forms will be furnished after Feb. 1st, 1920. C. E. Sanders, Dominion Cerealists.

Keeping Seed Corn From Mice.

Here is a good way to fight away the mice from the seed corn, we have found. After seed corn has dried out thoroughly it can be placed in microproof boxes having heavy wire screens, if such boxes are stacked in single file with adequate distance between the stacks. Enough distance must be between them to allow a good and free circulation of air. These boxes should be made of uniform size so that each will act as a cover for the under one, thus requiring an extra cover for the top one of a stack only.

Corn should be dry enough by the first of the year to store in this way. Some seasons some artificial heat might be needed, however, to make storing safe. Boxes should be of convenient size for handling. Three feet long and wide enough to admit the longest ears make a nice size, and will admit of easy handling. Solid board bottoms and ends are used. If made strong such boxes will last a lifetime, and will come in handy every year.

To Keep Faith in Your Banker.

Chances are you have never borrowed a dollar from your local banker, and you have been going to him all these years to have your various cheques cashed. All these years he has been hoping that you would come along some day and borrow some of his capital in a working resource in your farm operations. Better not do it, though, if you are not going to have gumption to pay it back when due, and keep your word good always with him.

We have borrowed hundreds of dollars from our bankers to carry on operations. When you want to build, or buy a bunch of pigs, a cow, some sheep, a flock of hens, some good seed grain, just notice how gladly your banker will advance you the money to get it, providing you do not have the ready cash. You must come across with good paper, though, and it is easy to do this if once you establish a good credit with your bank, and then keep it good.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB.

I'll fill my house with little dreams—When other folks live here you see. My dreams will creep around at night And say hello to them for me.



Invest Your Money

5 1/2% DEBENTURES
Interest payable half yearly.
The Great West Permanent Loan Company
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SIZES to suit your opening. Fitted with glass. Safe delivery guaranteed.
Write for Price List. Cut down food bills. Cut down water consumption.
The HALLIDAY COMPANY, Limited
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Nut Candies for Hollowe'en.

Since no Hollowe'en party is complete without candy and no Hollowe'en candy without nuts, the following recipes will serve a good purpose at this time of the year. They are not too expensive even for these days. For the nuts, the milk, and perhaps some of the other ingredients can be obtained at first hand. Butternut Caramels.—Boil together one cupful of brown sugar, two cupfuls of light-colored molasses, one cupful of light-colored molasses, one cupful of sour cream or of sweet milk, and one-quarter pound of chocolate until the mixture turns hard in cold water. When it has reached the brittle state, stir in one large cupful of butternut meats—or hickorynut meats, if they are preferred—and pour the candy into buttered tins. The quantity should make about a hundred caramels.

Peanut Brittle.—Cook together one cupful of light molasses, one-half cupful of granulated sugar, one large tablespoonful of butter and one tablespoonful of vinegar. When a drop will harden in cold water, remove the syrup from the fire and stir into it first one-quarter teaspoonful of soda, then one cupful of peanuts chopped fine. After the candy has hardened in a large, shallow pan, break it into small pieces and keep it in a cool place until it is to be used.

Coffee Panna.—Three cupfuls of brown sugar, one cupful of cream or milk, and one-quarter cupful of strong coffee will make about two pounds of the candy. Mix the ingredients and boil them for four minutes, or a little longer if milk is used instead of cream. Remove the syrup from the fire, beat until it thickens, and add a cupful of chopped walnut meats before you pour it out to harden.

Pecan Macaroons.—Mix one-half pound of sugar and one-half pound of sifted flour, and stir into the mixture one-half pound of chopped pecan kernels. Beat three eggs very slightly and fold them into the dry mixture. Drop a teaspoonful at a time on buttered paper and bake the macaroons in a moderate oven.

Use manure, from fifteen to twenty loads to the acre, where cabbage, beets, onions and potatoes are to be grown next year.

Health Talks

By John B. Huber, AM, MD

Address communications to 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Catarrh in Children.

At the onset of catarrh in a child, a hot bath may be given, with a hot lemonade, containing some such sweating medicine as sweet spirits of nitre (10 drops to a child of one year), or acetate of ammonium (20 drops). The child is put to bed, or confined, at any rate, in one room. The treatment is begun with a teaspoonful of castor oil. If the child is old enough, the throat may be sprayed three or four times daily with a solution of iodoform (one teaspoonful to the ounce—8 teaspoonfuls). Or it may, if it can, gargle a normal salt solution (one-half teaspoonful of common salt to a tumblerful of water as hot as can be borne).

After the dry stage of the cold has passed, quinine may be given in one to two grain doses. (They may be had of the druggist as quinine chocolates, one grain to the chocolate). Or, if this causes headache and the throat is still sore, two grains of salicylate of sodium may be given every two or three hours.

We must remember that oftentimes acute nasal catarrh may be associated with gastric or intestinal disturbances. A laxative is then helpful (a teaspoonful of syrup of figs at bedtime, also three times a day two grains of soda bicarbonate). It is well known, indeed, that a great many children have runny noses because they are given too much sweets and starchy food; this fact should be taken into account in the treatment.

The child should be kept indoors a few days, especially when there is any liability to bronchitis; otherwise he may begin to go about if the weather is fine.

A child must not be over-dressed, lest it become susceptible to catarrh. Always keep the child's feet warm and dry, and when taking it outdoors adapt its clothing to the surrounding atmosphere. As for indoors, there is no more reason for dressing a child

warmly in a heated house in winter than that it should be dressed thus in summer.

Questions and Answers.

We are two sisters—the older, 19 years, is 5 ft. 4 in. in height, weight 112 lbs.; the other, 17 years old, 5 ft. 2 in., weight 107 1/2 lbs. Will you kindly give us our correct weight in regard to healthful standing. A younger sister is 9 years old, 45 1/2 in. high, weight 46 lbs. This child has been sickly, but of late is feeling well and eats plenty and regular.

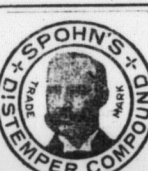
Answer.—The 19-year-old should tip the scales at 125, the 17-year-old at 112. For the 9-year-old I cannot give weight, but she appears to be considerably underweight. You seem to be a slim set of girls, and infatuation for filling you out is being mailed.

I am troubled with bronchitis and have been ever since I was a child. I am thirty-five years of age but until the spring of last year I have not had to lose any time from work on account of it. For the last three years I have been exposed to the fumes of acids used in the making of T. N. T. and at present I am exposed to acetylene, aldehyde and acetic fumes. I had better tell you that I smoke cigarettes. I am more or less subject to changes in the weather, particularly as the winter draws to a close. All the time for the past two years I have become so exhausted as to be unable to work for two weeks or so. I only breathe through one nostril on account of a deformed nose, and if I go to sleep at night with my mouth closed I awaken with the pain that is caused behind my nose.

Answer.—Many cases of bronchitis are due to the inhalation of fumes such as you describe. You must absolutely give up such work. And you have to quit smoking until you are fully restored to health. A good physician should give your nose local treatment. Further information is being mailed you.

Dig up canna roots as soon as the plants are killed. Cut the tops away and store the clumps whole; do not break them up until ready to set out again next spring. Leave plenty of soil on the clumps. Store in a moderately cool place where the roots will not freeze. The house cellar is generally suitable. There is little danger of heat injuring them unless they are too moist.

House all orchard machinery before cold weather—sprayers, cultivators, and the like.



DISTEMPER

or Strangles in stallions, broad muzzers, colts and all other horses is most dangerous. The germ causing disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPON'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND will do both—cure the sick and prevent those exposed from having the disease. Sold by your druggist or the manufacturers.
SPON MEDICAL CO., Mrs. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

What to do— Send a Post Card— That's all

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Contains 68 pages and cover illustrating over 50 beautiful Fur Garments, all domestic just as they are and real people wearing them. It shows you a much greater variety than you can see in most stores and will save you many dollars. Send for your copy to-day—it is absolutely free.

THREE NONSENSE GAMES

Although mystery and secrecy are supposed to be the keynote of a Hallowe'en entertainment, there is nothing like a brisk nonsense game to wind up the evening successfully and send everyone away laughing. Here are three that will furnish plenty of fun, especially if a competent, quick-witted leader is chosen to conduct them. They may be simplified for use at children's parties.

"History Tangles."—The players are divided into two equal companies, which are drawn up opposite each other. The leader, who may be numbered with either side, suddenly tosses a bean bag or some other article to the player on the opposite side who appears to be least expecting it, and at the same time makes a glib misstatement of some important historical fact, such as, "Christopher Columbus won the battle of Queenston Heights." The recipient of the bag must instantly throw it back to another player with a sentence that in one breath corrects the previous misstatement and makes another equally inaccurate; for example, "Sir Isaac Brock drew electricity from the air." If the third player thinks quickly enough of Benjamin Franklin he asserts that he was cast on a desert island, and throws the bag to an opponent. When a player is unable to take his cue promptly, he forfeits his throw, and the other side scores a point. The side wins that first makes a required number of points or that runs up the highest score in a given time.

"Find Your Neighbor."—This is a good game to play early in the evening, as it will quickly break the ice and promote sociability. After the players are seated in a circle, the leader advances from the centre and bows to one of the company with the greeting, "Your neighbor wishes to change seats with you." "How shall I know him?" the player asks, whereupon the leader briefly describes the neighbor and then begins to count twenty. If he says, "By his blue tie and gold scarfpin," the player must make haste to exchange seats, before the counting stops, with a person whom the description fits. It will make no difference if the person whom he selects is not the one that the leader had in mind; a blue tie and a gold scarfpin will justify his choice. It is important that the wearer of the tie and the pin shall keep quiet and not aid the searcher. If the player fails, he must pay a forfeit and take the leader's place. After ten or more forfeits have been paid they must be redeemed with amusing "stunts" in the usual way.

"Jolly Travelers."—The players are drawn up in two equal companies on opposite sides of the room. The leader, advancing and bowing to a player on the opposite side, announces, "I am a jolly traveler and have traveled far." He then makes a fantastic statement in regard to his adventures, as, for example, "While in Japan I had a cup of tea with the Mikado," and accompanies the statement with a pantomime of the tea-drinking. The second player now takes his turn, which is more difficult, for, after bowing to a third player, he must reproduce exactly the words and gestures of the first before he goes through his own performance. After enacting the tea-drinking scene, he may add, with illustrations, "And once I shooed an ostrich across the Sahara sands." The third player will of course have two absurd performances to go through besides his own. The longer the game lasts, the more ludicrous and difficult it grows. Some of the imaginary experiences may include kissing the Blarney stone in Ireland, fighting with a cinnamon bear in North America and fleeing from a Hottentot in Africa. If a player is unable to tell a travel tale or to repeat anecdotes of trips, he must join the ranks of the enemy. The game ends when one side or the other has taken all the players.

Leaves Are Valuable Fertilizer.

Because of their value as a fertilizer, leaves should be placed on garden and truck soil rather than allowed to be washed away or to be burned. Based on recent prices for fertilizer, 100 pounds of leaves contain fertilizing elements which would cost fifty-six cents if purchased in chemical fertilizers.

While leaf ash is also valuable as a fertilizer, the nitrogen in the leaves is lost when they are burned; more than one-half of their fertilizing value is represented by this element, which in the form of nitrate of soda sells for thirty-five cents a pound. Practically all the fertilizing compounds are quickly leached into the soil when the leaves are spread over the garden, thus reducing the chance for plant food loss as compared with burning and spreading the ash over the ground.

Plan on using the poultry manure to the best advantage by mixing it with hardwood ashes and working it into the garden soil in the fall. Some crops are injured by spreading poultry manure near them in the spring, but if it is added to the soil in the fall much of the caustic properties will be gone when the plants start to grow next spring. It pays to store the poultry manure gathered from the houses in dry barrels until enough has accumulated to make spreading profitable. At the present value of all fertilizers the manure from the poultry houses is well worth careful attention.

Cane Mola

Use Cane Mola 100% Pure Sugar Cane Molasses. Guaranteed the Ideal Food for Live Stock. Sold everywhere. Write for prices and particulars, giving number of head of live stock. Cane Mola Company of Canada, Ltd. Montreal Que.

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Launching the Second Week of

OUR GREAT MONEY-SAVING SALE

Heralded by hundreds of customers leaving our store with satisfaction written on their faces as a sale of Mighty Power in Value Giving. Never before has a sale met with such response and appreciation as this one. And this week we are preparing more extraordinary value than ever.

THE FOREMOST MEN'S CLOTHING STORE IN TOWN

Extra! Important Overcoat Sale This Week

And did you see it? That special Heavy Ulster at \$16.95, worth \$25. Suits and Overcoats, \$19.50; Suits and Overcoats, \$22; Suits and Overcoats, \$30. Young Men's Overcoats, 15 to 18 years, special value, \$10 to \$17.95.

LADIES, YOU'LL LIKE THESE COATS AND DRESSES EVERYBODY DOES

In fact we have had unsurpassed success this season in pleasing people. Very Smart Navy Serge Dresses in self tucked effects, long waist line and tie girdle finished with braid and buttons—\$30, \$32.50 and \$35.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats in a choice showing of every shade, semitailored in straight belted dresses, others showing full ripple with side pleats from back yoke, and button trimmed—\$25, \$30 and \$32.50.

SPECIALS FOR 6 DAYS ONLY

Women's White Flannelette Gowns, \$1.49 each, and isn't it worth while saving 76c on each gown.

Women's Best Black Silk Hose, extra full fashioned, 9 and 9 1-2, \$1.19 per pair. Regular price \$1.75 per pair.

Men's Knitted Gloves, splendid fitting, 69c per pair, sold elsewhere for \$1.25. Knitted Undershirts, \$1.89. Has drawstring at waist and finished with a red border around lower edge. Regular \$2.50, special offer \$1.89.

Kiddies' Knit Suits, \$4.18, just the thing for cold weather, extra special value for \$4.18.

Save money by attending our great Shoe sale.

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

A Store of "Service Courtesy"

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1919

NEWBURY

The death of Mary Ann McKenzie, widow of the late James Findlater, occurred at her home in Toronto last week. The remains were taken to Lucknow for burial. Deceased was the mother of the late Mrs. E. W. Snelgrove and was well known here. Her family will have the sympathy of friends here.

J. E. Burgess and wife of Dresden spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Armstrong.

Mrs. Sinclair of Toronto is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wm. J. Armstrong. Mrs. Wm. Clarke of Pace was in town last week attending the funeral of her uncle, the late Robert Armstrong.

The Children's Day services in Christ church on Sunday were most interesting. The children marched into the church, the wee tots leading, all singing as they came and took their places in the chancel. The service was a splendid liturgical one, in which the children took part. Their singing was much appreciated. Rev. R. J. Murphy gave a helpful talk on the duty of the parents to the child and the child's duty to the parents.

NORTH EKFRID

The marriage of Miss Myrtle Klemm and James McDonald took place Wednesday, Oct. 16.

Wm. Down, Jr., has been seriously ill and under the doctor's care.

Mrs. Sarah Hardy is home from a visit at Mount Brydges.

F. Graham has purchased two lots from Harry Hardy, on which he intends to build.

A large crowd gathered at the home of Sam Ramey last Friday evening with a wedding shower for Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Webber before they leave for their future home in Toronto.

NEWBURY CASH STORE

Large White Onions 90c per peck.

Sugar by the 100 lbs.

Best Red Salmon in stock.

All kinds of Dried Meats at lowest prices.

W. H. PARNALL

WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Jackson, who was visiting her sons in St. Thomas, has returned home.

Mrs. T. Mulligan has returned home after spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Graham.

Mrs. Porter has returned home after visiting friends in Rodney and Highgate.

Miss Verna Husser has gone to London to take a position.

Mrs. Wood of Selkirk is visiting her brother, W. Dykes.

Gerald Randles had the misfortune to break his arm while cranking his car last week.

Arthur Alchison of New Ontario spent a few days at his home here last week.

Mrs. Hobbs of Birr is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Mulligan.

Mrs. John Mulligan, who was visiting her sister, came home Monday.

Will Minna spent the week-end at his home here.

Henry Drace of Dakota is visiting his sister, Mrs. Purdy.

We are pleased to know that Mrs. John Bliton, who underwent a serious operation in London last week, is improving.

MELBOURNE

Mr. and Mrs. Kelly of Smith's Falls spent a few days with Mrs. Caven of this village.

Rev. Mr. Stewart, representative of the Ontario referendum committee, preached in the Methodist church on Sunday morning at Riverside in the afternoon and at Middlemiss in the evening.

Robert Hardy and family moved to their new home in London a few days ago.

Joseph Wellman and family have moved into the house vacated by Robert Hardy, and George Bees and family have moved into the Temperance House, which Mr. Bees recently purchased from Mr. Wellman.

George Robinson has purchased the house and lot of Mr. Bees and will move shortly.

A little daughter has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sandy Williamson.

PARKDALE

Mrs. Donald Campbell, Komoka, and daughters, Miss Floss and Mrs. C. Westbrook, London, spent the week-end with the former's daughter, Mrs. Will Thompson.

Mrs. Cotte has returned to London after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. A. Brammer.

The Misses Haggitt spent Monday evening at R. Campbell's.

James Haggitt spent Sunday with friends at Chatham.

Mrs. E. Blain is slowly convalescing after her recent illness.

Misses Beattie and Ida Haggitt visited over Sunday with their friend, Mrs. Willick, Wardsville.

The Misses Smith, "Hillcrest," Wardsville, are improving their farm here by having some of the primitive rail fences removed and putting up wire fence.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

CAIRO

J. M. McGregor, C.E., of Glenora is surviving the Burr trial.

Miss Cora Smith, after visiting friends here during the week, left for her home in London on Monday.

Quite a number from this vicinity attended the Armstrong anniversary on Sunday last.

Saturday the council met and transacted business. Among the items discussed was the resignation tendered by the clerk, D. M. Smith, who was appointed in 1912. The council refused to take action, and at present it is unknown who will be appointed.

On the 14th inst. a shower was tendered Miss Myrtle Curran, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Curran, who is expected to enter matrimony soon. A number of valuable gifts were presented. An excellent program was arranged and carried out. The young ladies manifested their regard by preparing a bountiful lunch, after which the party dispersed.

Voting is proceeding vigorously, and it is expected that a large vote will be polled, as the ladies are quite an addition to the male element.

The temperance vote will carry it the ladies in this municipality can have their way.

ELMSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. F. Baisdon have returned to their home in St. Thomas after attending the bedside of the late brother, William G. Plaine, who has been very ill.

Miss Flora Hillman has returned to her home in Newbury.

Miss Irene McVicar has returned home after spending the week with her grandmother, Mrs. Yates, Newbury.

Miss Violet Plaine, who was called home from Jarvis to the bedside of her brother, William, who has been very ill, has taken a position in Glenora with J. C. Elliott.

Arthur Joyce has bought the farm of the late Catharine Harris.

Mrs. Isabelle Armstrong is ill with a severe cold.

KILMARTIN

Miss Mary McAlpine left for London on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Mitchell and family of Brooke spent Sunday at Alex. Dewar's.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Leitch and Mr. and Mrs. J. Summers of Oakdale spent a day this week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierce and Mr. and Mrs. McDougald of Mount Brydges spent Sunday at John Secord's.

Mrs. Janet McIntyre is visiting friends in St. Thomas and Yarmouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Munroe returned home last week after visiting their sons in Windsor.

Mrs. Hannah Little of Chatham has returned after spending some time at John Little's.

On Tuesday evening, Oct. 28, Miss Mitchell, travelling secretary of the W. M. S., will give an address in the church. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Munroe and Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Leitch visited in Dawn recently.

We have Victory, but it is not paid for yet.

And this Victory Loan this fall.

THE DAILY MISERY OF ILL-HEALTH

Three Years of Suffering Quickly Relieved by "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



MR. GASPARD DUBORD

159 Avenue Pius IX, Montreal.

"For three years, I was a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia and my general health was very bad. I consulted a physician and took his medicine and faithfully carried out his instructions; but I did not improve and finally the doctor told me I could not be cured."

At this time, a friend advised me to try "Fruit-a-tives" and I did so. After taking two boxes of "Fruit-a-tives", I was greatly relieved; and gradually this marvelous fruit medicine made me completely well. My digestion and general health are splendid—all of which I owe to "Fruit-a-tives".

GASPARD DUBORD.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

CASHMERE

Misses Bessie and Ida Haggitt of Parkdale spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Willick.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Freer and children of Petrolia are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Allen Sittler.

Mrs. J. Willick and daughter, Miss Bessie, of Bothwell are spending a few days here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Moyer and Sam Moyer of Inwood are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Dawson of Bridgeburg have returned home after spending a week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Dawson.

A family reunion was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Darke on Thursday, Oct. 16. It was the birthday of Mr. Darke, sr., he being the extraordinary age of 94 years, and also of Mrs. James Dent, his granddaughter, and of Elmer Knowler, his great-grandson.

The standing at Denning was 82 majority for Lechbridge and 242 for Ontario referendum.

Don't Submit to Asthma.—If you suffer without hope of breaking the chains which bind you, do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its effectiveness. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matchless remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

APPIN

John Mullins is seriously ill and some of his family have arrived home to see him. He is past 86 years of age.

There are two sugar beets, grown by Angus Galbraith on the J. W. Maclellan farm, on exhibition at H. B. Waterworth's hardware shop. One weighs 17 lbs. and the other 13 lbs. Can you beat it?

We are glad to hear that Thomas Brownlee is getting along very nicely after having his leg broken three weeks ago.

Dan McIntyre has finished taking off his sugar beets. He had 250 tons from 20 acres.

Howard Waterworth, wife and daughter spent Sunday at H. B. Waterworth's.

Wallace Pierce arrived home from overseas last week.

Mr. McGillivray of the Royal Bank is away on his holidays and Mr. Winchester of Toronto is relieving.

The U. F. O. were greatly surprised at the outcome of the vote here.

Mrs. Miers of Toronto called on friends here on her way home from attending the funeral at Windsor of Mr. Miers' father.

The organized class of the Appin Methodist Sunday school were entertained to a social evening on Friday at the home of their teacher, Mrs. Lotan.

Several of the residents of this district are going to the big provincial plowing match at which H. R. H. the Prince of Wales will be present.

The regular monthly meeting of the Appin Women's Institute will be held on Thursday, Nov. 6, at 2.30 p. m. in the town hall. It is hoped that a good representation from the Appin Institute will be present at the Women's Institute convention to be held in London on Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 28 and 29, as there promises to be a very interesting program. A good attendance is hoped for at the meeting on Nov. 6, as the ladies intend to quilt a quilt, also the report of the convention will be given at this meeting.—Christina Bardwell, Secretary.

Your neighbor's affairs are nothing to speak of.

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children, who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring all worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial to development.

OPENING DAY OF VICTORY LOAN, 1919

Big Campaign Starts Monday Morning to Obtain Three Hundred Millions

Wake up! Wake up! Monday is the day that the Victory Loan opens. Monday is the day that Canada shows the rest of the world that she is still on the job.

Monday is the day when we clean up the last spot left by the war.

Monday is the day when we have another chance to invest in bonds paying 3½ per cent. and backed by a wonderful guarantee.

Monday is the day that Canada gathers into her treasury the necessary cash to fulfil her obligations to her soldiers and to the dependents of her glorious dead.

Monday is the day when Canada assures herself that prosperity will continue in the country.

They are all watching us. Some of them say we can't do it. We'll show 'em.

Victory Loan 1919.

THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES

The Prince of Wales will end his Canadian tour in a few days much to the regret of all Canadians. He has certainly endeared himself to all who have had the good fortune to meet him. A splendid portrait of the Prince size 16 x 22 inches and bearing a copy of the Prince's autograph has been issued by the Family Herald and Weekly Star, Montreal. Every subscriber for 1920 is to receive a copy of the portrait free. The Family Herald and Weekly Star has been vastly improved lately and is without doubt the greatest value for the money the world over. The subscription price is \$1.25 a year including the Prince's portrait. To old and young, rich and poor, the Family Herald and Weekly Star is a great favorite and the publishers are to be congratulated in supplying such a handsome portrait of the Prince. As might have been expected the Family Herald and Weekly Star's circulation is increasing by leaps and bounds. It is in the highest sense a great paper.

AUCTION SALES

On south half lot 2, con. 3, Ekfrid, on Tuesday, Oct. 28, at one o'clock—1 good farm horse; 1 brood mare; 1 four-year-old mare, by Candor; 1 three-year-old filly, by Candor; 1 three-year-old gelding, by Silverwood; 1 two-year-old roadster, mare; 1 one-year-old filly, by Gatling; 2 young cows, lately freshened; 5 cows, supposed to be in calf; 3 two-year-old heifers; 1 two-year-old steer; 4 one-year-old heifers; 4 one-year-old steers; 3 spring calves; 2 young calves; 2 good ewes; 1 ewe lamb; 1 brood sow and 5 pigs; 2 pigs, weighing nearly 200 lbs. each; 50 hens; 14 geese; 1 Deering binder, in good repair; 1 Massey-Harris mow, 5-ft. cut, in good repair; 1 Deering disc drill, 11 discs, nearly new; 1 straight-tooth harrow; 1 steel land roller; 1 spring-tooth cultivator; 1 scuffer; 1 root pulper; 1 walking plow; 1 double mouldboard plow; 1 fanning mill; 1 broad-board wagon; 1 top buggy; 1 cutter; 1 set bobsleighs; 1 set scales, 2,000 lbs. cap.; 1 double heavy harness; 1 set double light harness; 2 sets single light harness; 1 harness for third horse; 1 hay cart, rope and pulleys; 1 set of slings; 2 grain scoops; 1 set whiffletrees; 1 neckyoke; 1 buggy pole; 1 post auger; 1 sugar kettle; 1 milk can; 1 cream can; 1 Standard cream separator; 1 box stove, good heater; 3 good barrels; 5 good shovels, square mouth; 10 tons hay; 2½ acres of corn in shock, unhusked; 30 bushels of barley; 10 bags of potatoes; straw stack, to be fed on the premises; other articles usually found on a farm.—Joel Cass, Sr., R. R. 3, Appin, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

On south half lot 10, con. 3, Ekfrid, on Thursday, Oct. 30, at 12.30 o'clock—1 brood mare, heavy, 13 years old; 1 good work horse and driver, 12 years old; 1 colt rising 3 years old, Percheron; 1 filly rising 2 years old, Percheron; 1 mare rising 4 years old, Percheron; 1 cow rising 5 years old, due to freshen March 18, 1920; 1 cow rising 4 years old, due to freshen Feb. 14, 1920; 1 cow rising 5 years old, due to freshen May 18, 1920; 1 heifer 2 years old, due to freshen May 18; 1 good milk cow 10 years old, milking now; 3 cows, extra choice, just about 2 years old; 2 heifers, extra choice, just about 2 years old; 4 calves; 1 two-year-old Shorthorn bull, reg.; 60 hens and 40 extra fine pullets; 1 Massey-Harris binder, 6-ft. cut, in good repair; 1 Massey-Harris manure spreader, nearly new; 1 Maxwel hay loader, nearly new; 1 Deering mow, 5-ft. cut, nearly new; 1 Massey-Harris disc harrow; 1 Frost & Wood dump hay rake, wide; 1 broad-trail Bain wagon, nearly new; 1 set of bobsleighs; 1 cutter; 2 sets of double heavy harness; 3 sets of single light harness; 1 buggy; 1 seed drill; 1 hay rack; 1 cultivator; 1 set lance-tooth harrows; 1 set wooden harrows; 2 walking plows (1 Floury, nearly new); 1 set of scales, 2,000 lbs. capacity; 1 gravel box; 1 hay fork; 1 fanning mill with bagger; 1 grindstone; 400 brick; 200 building brick; 25 cords of stove-wood, of which 8 cords are maple; a quantity of lumber and plank; 1 sugar kettle; 1 grass seeder; 1 water trough; 1 pair of ice tongs; 1 corn planter; 12 grain bags, new; 1 ice cream freezer, 6 qts.; 2 vinegar barrels; a quantity of vinegar; 25 sacks; barb wire; 2 egg crates; 1 extension ladder, 25 feet long; 25 bushels mangels; 15 bags of potatoes; 200 bushels of oats; 16 tons of hay; 3 acres of unhusked corn; 12 cow chains; 1 post auger; 1 logging chain; 2 sets of whiffletrees; 2 neckyokes; 1 buckawood; 1 crosscut saw; 1 hay-knife; 1 harness repair outfit; 1 Saskatchewan robe, good; 3 horse blankets; 2 strings of bells; 1 milk can; 1 tile spade; 1 tile scoop; 1 "Lighter Day" sixth open range, new; 1 large baseburner with oven and hot-air pipes; 1 box stove and pipes; 3 bedsteads; 2 mattresses; 2 bed springs; kitchen table and chairs; 1 lounge; 1 stand; 1 bookcase; 1 barrel churn; 1 boiler, copper bottom; 1 tub; pails, pots, creamers, lamps, forks, shovels, and other articles useful on a farm or in a household.—Henry Murray, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

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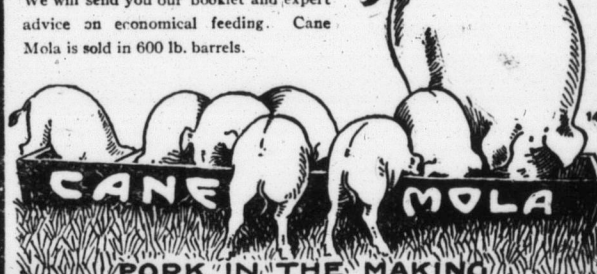
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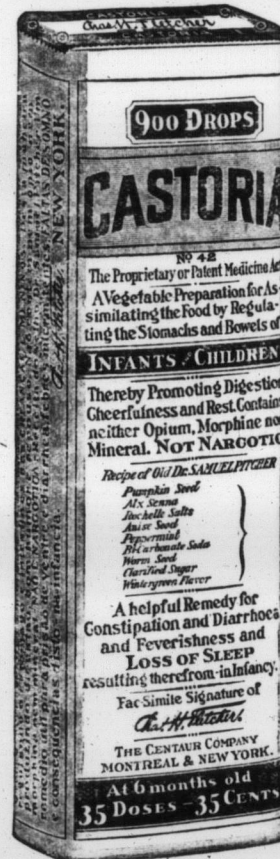
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