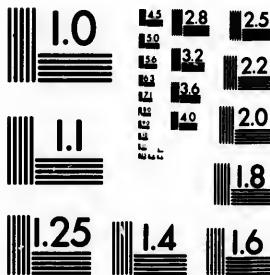
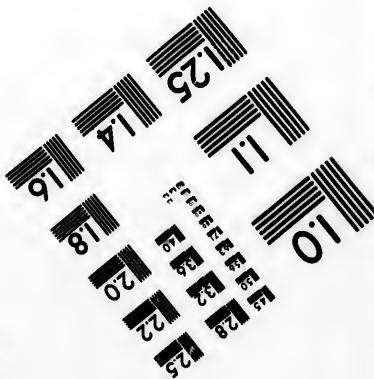
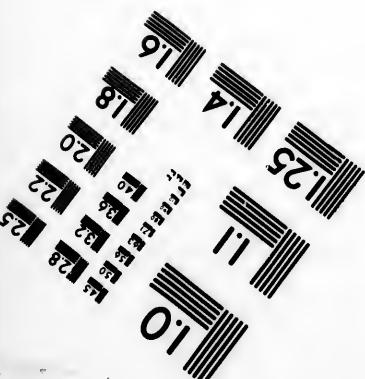


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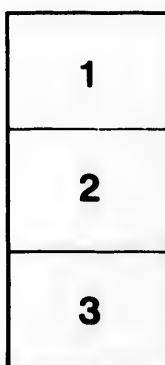
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THE
CANADIAN FARMER'S
ALMANAC,
AND
GENERAL MEMORANDUM-BOOK
FOR THE YEAR
1825.

BEING THE FIRST AFTER BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR.



THE CALCULATIONS FOR THE MERIDIAN OF YORK.

North Lat. 43° 38' 10"
West Long. 79° 56' -"

"Let us cultivate the Ground, that the Poor as well as the Rich, may be filled, and Happiness and Peace be established throughout our borders."

YORK, U. C.

PUBLISHED BY, AND FOR, CHARLES FOTHERGILL, ESQ.
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

and Sold by all the Agents for the U. S. Gazette and Weekly Register
Throughout Canada.

PAGE 71

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ALMANAC

FOR THE YEAR

1825.

EPOCHS, AND COMMON NOTES.

EPOCHS.

Of the Julian Period	6538
Of the Mundane Era	5823
Since the Birth of Christ, according to Chronologers	1829
Of the Vulgar Christian Era	1825
Since the Discovery of America	333
Since the Treaty which confirmed the possession of Canada to the British Crown	62
Since the British acknowledgement of the Independence of the United States of America, at the Peace of 1783	42
Since the Division of the Province of Quebec into Lower and Upper Canada	34
Of the Reign of His Majesty George IV	6

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical Letter	B	Solar Cycle	14
Lunar Cycle, or Golden Number	2	Roman Indiction	13
Epact	11	Julian Period	6539

MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Septuages	Jan. 30	Low Sunday	April 10
Quinquages, or Shrove Sunday	{ Feb. 13	Rogation Sunday	May 8
Ash Wednesday, or 1st day of Lent	{ Feb. 16	Ascencion Day, or Holy Thursday	12
Mid Lent Sunday	March 13	Whit Sunday	May 22
Palm Sunday	March 27	Trinity Sunday	29
Easter Day	April 8	Advent Sunday	Nov. 27

COMMENCEMENT OF THE SEASONS.

Spring—Sun enters ♈, March 20.

Summer—Sun enters ♌, June 21.

Autumn—Sun enters ♍, September 23.

Winter—Sun enters ♎, December 21.

SOLAR AND LUNAR ECLIPSES.

IN THE YEAR 1825.

May 31st.—The Moon will be Eclipsed, but in a very slight manner, being no more than about 1-5th of a degree, which will happen at 46 minutes past 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and here invisible.

June 16th.—The Sun will be Eclipsed at 13 minutes past 7 o'clock in the morning;—here invisible.

Nov. 25th.—The Moon will be Eclipsed at 11 o'clock in the forenoon;—here invisible.

Dec. 9th.—The Sun will be Eclipsed, partly visible, and calculated as follows:—

Beginning at 3h. 33 minutes afternoon.—○ sets about 7 Digits, Eclipsed at 4h. 26 minutes.—On the ○'s Southern limb, and more we cannot say, as the Sun will then be sinking below the horizon of Canada.

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING.

To determine the distance of Lightning, count the number of Seconds between the flash and the clap of Thunder, and allow rather less than a quarter of a mile for each second.

The middle of the room is the safest situation in a Thunder Storm, and lower rooms are more safe than upper chambers.

The Planet Venus will be the Evening Star until the 19th of May; then the Morning Star to the end of the year.

THE TWELVE SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

♑ Aries,
 ♈ Taurus,
 ♉ Gemini,
 ♊ Cancer,
 ♋ Leo,
 ♌ Virgo,

♏ Libra,
 ♐ Scorpio,
 ♑ Sagittarius,
 ♒ Capricornus,
 ♓ Aquarius,
 ♔ Pisces,

MOON'S RISING AND SETTING.

At four days old it sets at,
and shines till, about 10 at night

5—about 11,

6—about 12,

7—at near 1 in the
morning

15,—at full, it rises about 6 in
the evening,

16—at 1-4 after 7,

17—at 1-2 after 8,

18—at about 10,

19—at about 11,

20—at about 12,

N. B. This table is sufficiently accurate for the purpose it is wanted for, that of ascertaining moonlight evenings.

OF THE CHANGES OF THE MOON.

Many persons, understanding that the mean time between one new Moon and another is 20 days, 19 hours, 44 minutes and a fraction, imagine that, to find the full or quarters of the Moon, they have only to add a half or fourth part of that time; and when they do not find the changes marked in the Calendar to correspond with this method, they impute it to mistake in the calculation of those changes. It is therefore, necessary to put them in mind, that the great inequality of the Moon's motions renders the above rule extremely inaccurate, so that nineteen times in twenty it must fail in giving the true conjunction or change.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- A Barrel of Anchovies about 18lb.
- A Barrel of Gunpowder is 112lb.
- A Barrel of Herring, No. 500.
- A Keg of do. 60—two of which count a hundred.
- A last of Hides, 12 dozen.
- A Truss of Straw, 36lb.
- A Truss of Hay, new, 60lb.
Ditto old, 56lb.
- A Load of Hay, 36 trusses.
- A Load of Bricks, No. 500.
- A Load of Tiles, No. 1000.
- A Load of Timber, 50 feet solid.
- A Tun of Sweet oil, 236 gals.
- A Fother of Lead, 19c. 2qrs.
- A Finkin of Butter, 56lb.
- A Stone of Iron, Shot, or Horse-man's weight, 14lb.—Butcher's weight, 8lb.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS.

- A Grain of Gold, about 2d.
- A Penny weight, about 4d.
- A Grain of Silver, about half a farthing.
- A Penny weight 3d.
- An Ounce, about 5s.
- According to the weight of English Coins the mint value of a lb. of Gold is 44 Guineas and a half, or £46 14s. 6d.—a lb. of Silver, £3 2s—the oz. of Gold £3 17s 10 1-2d, and the oz. of Silver 5s 2d, so that the value of the Standard Gold is 15 times that of Silver, and 1-14th more.
- The value of a lb. of Gold as Bullion, in Oct. 1809, was £65 16s.

PERPETUAL WEATHER TABLE.

By DOCTOR HERSCHELL.

The following Table, constructed by the celebrated Doctor Herschell, upon a philosophical consideration of the attraction of the sun and moon, in their several positions, as to the earth, and confirmed by the experience of many years actual observation, may without doubt, suggest to the observer what kind of weather will probably follow the moon's entrance into any one of her quarters, and that so near the truth, that it will be very seldom found to fail.

	SUMMER.	WINTER.
If it be a new or full moon, or the moon enters into the first or last quarter, at the hour of 12 at noon.	Very rainy	Snow or rain
Or between the hours of 2 and 4		Fair and mild
4 to 6 . . .	Changeable	Fair
6 to 3 . . .	Fair, if wind N. W.—Rainy if S. or S. W.	Fair and frosty if N or N.E. Rain or Show if S. or S. W. Ditto
3 to 10 . . .		Fair and Frosty
10 to midnight . . .	Ditto	Hard frost; un- less wind S. or S. W.
Midnight to 2 . . .	Fair	
Forenoon.	2 to 4	Snow and Stor- my
	4 to 6	Ditto
	6 to 8	Stormy
	8 to 10	cold rain, if W. snow if E. cold high wind.
10 to 12 . . .	Freqt. Showers.	

From the above Table it will be seen, that the nearer to midnight either of the moon's periodical changes, (i. e. within two hours either before or after it) the more fair the weather is in summer, while the nearer to noon that the changes take place, the reverse may be expected. Fair weather may also follow when either of the periodical changes occur during the afternoon six hours, viz from four to ten; but this is mostly dependant on the wind.—The moon's entrance during all the hours after midnight, except the two first, is unsavourable to fair weather. The like may nearly be observed in winter. Every farmer ought to preserve a copy of this table, and carefully to regulate his pursuits by its indications. Such a line of conduct might materially promote his comforts and his interests, while in no case could it disturb his prospects or destroy his hopes.

EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR.

The First Column contains the Days of the Month; the Second the days of the Week; the Third Aspects, Hollidays, Anniversaries, &c; the Fourth, Prognostications of Weather, the Fifth, the Places of the Moon; the Sixth and Seventh, the Rising and Setting of the Sun; and the Last the Rising and Setting of the Moon.

AN EPHEMERIS FOR THE PLANETS PLACES, FOR THE 1st, 13th, AND 25th
DAYS OF EACH MONTH, FOR THE YEAR 1825.

MONTHS	DAYS	○'s PLACE.							MONTHS	○'s PLACE.							
		I	V	H	II	IV	VI	VIII		I	V	H	II	IV	VI	VIII	
Jan.	1	10	V	52	16	2	12	16	19	1	9	15	14	16	15	29	27 29
	13	23	6	17	2	11	26	X	1			20	42	18	17	17	25 7 V
	25	5	V	19	17	1	10	X	18	V		2	Ω	9	18	18	20 16 17 Ω
Feb.	1	12	25	18	1	9	10	26	19		8	51	18	19	21	21	24 29
	13	24	34	18	2	7	20	V	29		20	22	17	20	24	29	25 V
	25	6	X	39	19	2	6	29	23	V	1	W	55	17	21	27	Ω 19 29
March,	1	10	40	19	2	5	V	27	21		8	41	17	21	28	11	26 V
	13	22	39	20	3	4	11	8	X		20	21	17	22	W	18	Ω W
	25	4	V	34	20	4	4	20	V		2	Δ	5	16	22	3	26 24 18
April,	1	11	23	20	4	4	26	26	18		7	59	17	22	4	29	W 21
	13	23	15	20	6	4	8	II	8		19	51	17	22	7	W	16 V
	25	4	8	57	20	7	5	13	7	25	1	W	47	17	22	9	14 29 28
May,	1	10	46	20	8	6	18	7	28		8	47	17	22	10	18	W
	13	22	22	20	9	7	26	3	24		20	51	17	21	12	24	23 29
	25	3	II	54	20	11	9	II	8	20	2	Δ	58	18	20	13	W Δ
June.	1	10	37	20	12	10	12	22	20		9	3	18	20	14	6	16 26
	13	22	5	20	13	13	18	21	29		21	16	19	19	15	13	Δ V
	25	3	V	32	19	15	14	26	25	II	3	V	29	20	18	15	19 16 17

THE SUN WITH THE SEVEN PLANETS.

- The Sun,
- V Mercury,
- ♀ Venus,
- ⊕ The Earth,

- ♂ Mars,
- ♃ Jupiter,
- ♄ Saturn,
- ♅ Georgian Sides.

TABLE OF THE DIAMETERS, &c. OF THE SUN.
AND PLANETS.

Names of the Planets.	Mean Distance from the Sun, as determined from English observations of the transit of Venus, in 1761.	Annual Period round the Sun.	Diurnal rotation on its axis.	Hourly motion of its orbit.	Inclination of its axis to orbit.	D. H. M.		
						D.	H.	M.
Sun	890,000	36,841,468	0 67 23	unknown.	109,699	3,818	80° 0' 0"	
Mercury	3,000	66,891,466	0 224 17	24° 8' 0"	80,295	43	75° 0' 0"	unknown.
Venus	7,908	96,173,000	1 0 0	1 0 0	68,243	1,042	23° 29' 0"	
Earth	7,970	Ditto	1 0 0	29° 12' 44"	2,290	9 13'	2 10' 0"	
Moon	2,180							
Mars	5,400	148,014,148	1 321 17	1 0 40	55,287	556	0 0' 0"	
Jupiter	94,000	494,990,976	11 314 18	0 9 56	29,083	25,920	0 0' 0"	
Saturn	78,000	907,956,130	29 167 6	0 10 16	22,400	22,101	28° 0' 0"	
Georgian Sidus.	282,17	1,815,912,260	63 121 0	unknown.	15,000	unknown.	unknown.	

J. JANUARY.

Full Moon 4th, 5h. 28m afternoon,
 Last Quarter, 11th, 10h 44m morning,
 New Moon 18th, 10h 34m afternoon,
 First Quarter 27th, 8h. 18m morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	C	○	○	○	R	○	
1 Sat		CIRCUMCISION.	Probability of Snow,	8	7	34	4	26	4	6
2 B		2d Sunday after Christmas.		Π	7	34	4	23	5	8
3 M	○	○ Sun. C. 8m.		Π	7	3	4	27	6	6
4 Tu	○	○ dec 22 deg S. ○ runs high		Φ	7	33	4	27	○	Int.
5 W.	○	○ 11.	Clear and high	Φ	7	32	4	28	5	44
6 Th		EPIPHANY.		Ω	7	31	4	29	6	57
7 Fr	○	St. Epiphany. ○ Perig Pr. Charlotte		Ω	7	31	4	29	8	8
8 Sat		Lucian [of Wales b. 1796]		Ω	7	30	4	30	9	21
9 B		1st Sunday after Epiph. ○ Int. 5		Ω	7	29	4	31	10	32
10 M		14 S.	More Snow	Δ	7	29	4	31	11	43
11 Tu		7-1's. Sun 8h		Δ	7	28	4	32		morn
12 W.		○ sto. C 9m.		ℳ	7	27	4	33	1	3
13 Th		Hilary Camb. Term. beg 5 so.		ℳ	7	26	4	34	2	14
14 Fr		Oxford Term begins, [8h 17m]		ℳ	7	26	4	34	3	23
15 Sat		Duke of Gloucester born 1779.	You may expect a	ℳ	7	25	4	35	4	20
16 B		2d Sunday after Epiph Inf ♂ ♀ ○		ℳ	7	25	4	35	5	21
17 M	○	○ dec 21 deg S.	shower & houly these days,	ℳ	7	24	4	36	6	10
18 Tu		Meraca, ○ runs low.		ℳ	7	23	4	37	○	10
19 W.		5 so. 7h. 5pm.		ℳ	7	22	4	38	6	42
20 Th		Falstaff In 8d St of Hill 1 ret. ○		ℳ	7	21	4	39	6	42
21 Fr		Venues O. ion so. 9. 32 Lent	Clear settled weather,	ℳ	7	20	4	40	7	42
22 Sat		Vincent, ○ apogee.		ℳ	7	19	4	41	8	44
23 B		3d Sunday after Epiph.		ℳ	7	18	4	42	9	42
24 M		III Term beg's. ○ L 5. 10 N.		ℳ	7	17	4	43	10	42
25 Tu		Conversion of St. Paul,	High winds and	ℳ	7	16	4	44	11	39
26 W.	○	do C. 13m.	cloud,	ℳ	7	15	4	45		morn
27 Th		○ of Sussex b. 1773 In 15 d of Si		ℳ	7	14	4	46	0	43
28 Fr		○'s dec 18 deg. S ♀ stat 8. 24		ℳ	7	13	4	47	1	42
29 Sat		K. Geo IV access. 1820 [○] ○ so	Snow	ℳ	7	12	4	48	2	45
30 B		Septu's Sun K Chas. I. Mar 1649		ℳ	7	10	4	50	3	41
31 M		K. Geo IV pr 1821 h sta. ○ U.	Rain.	ℳ	7	9	4	51	3	35

*THE whirling tempest raves along the plain;
 And on the cottage thatch'd, or lory'd runs.
 Krae fastening, shakes them to the solid base—
 Huge uproar lords it wide. The clouds commix'd
 With stars swift gliding, sweep along the sky,
 The cattle from the unfeated fields return,
 An' ask, with meaning low, their wonted stall;
 Or ruminant in the contiguous shade.*

II. FEBRUARY.

Full Moon, 2d, 6h, 6m. morning,
 Last Quarter, 9th, 6h, 38m. afternoon,
 New Moon, 17th, 4h, 56m. afternoon,
 First Quarter, 27th, 6h, 38m. afternoon.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS & ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	O	R	OS	R	S
1	Tu	Runs h. ☽ slo C 14m.	Chilly,	☒	7	8	4	52
2	W	Purif. of B. V. M. CANDIENNA	with snow	☒	7	7	4	53
3	Th	BLAMUS on mor. of Purif. 3 ret. ☽	then Clear	Ω	7	5	4	55
4	Fri	○'s day 16 deg S	and cold,	ℳ	7	4	4	56
5	Sat	SEATRA. ☽ Perigee,		ℳ	7	3	4	57
6	B.	Seasages Sunday,		△	7	1	4	59
7	M.	24 so. 11h. 14m.		△	7	0	5	0
8	Tu	Virginia ri. 8. 44		△	6	5	9	10
9	W.	In 8 days of Purification 4 ret;	The cold	ℳ	6	5	7	11
10	Th	g. Gr. Elong.	moderate-	ℳ	6	5	5	6
11	Fri	○'slo. C. 14m.	with	ℳ	6	5	5	2
12	Sat	Hilary Term ends ☽ U	some.	ℳ	6	5	3	9
13	B.	Quinqua. Sunday, ☽ runs low,	snow,	ℳ	6	5	1	35
14	M.	VALENTINE,		ℳ	6	5	0	4
15	Tu	Shrove Tuesday.		ℳ	6	4	6	20
16	W.	Ash Wednesday.		ℳ	6	4	5	52
17	Th	Camb. Term div. m.		ℳ	6	4	5	sets
18	Fri	○'snt. X		X	6	4	5	34
19	Sat	Apogee. II. b. ☽	sleighbing	X	6	4	5	17
20	B.	1st Sunday in Lent ☽ Lat 5 2 N.		X	6	4	2	31
21	M.	○'slo. C 14m.		ℳ	6	4	2	29
22	Tu	WASHINGTON born 1732,		ℳ	6	3	9	29
23	W.	Lyrae. si 11. 12.		ℳ	6	3	8	20
24	Th	Si MATTERIAS, D. Comb. b. 1774	More	ℳ	6	3	6	20
25	Fri	24 so. 9h. 56m.	snow	ℳ	6	3	5	30
26	Sat	2d Sunday in Lent. ☽ so	{ 6. 32	ℳ	6	3	5	27
27	B.		7. 29	ℳ	6	3	5	22
28	M.		8. 25	ℳ	6	3	5	14

*NOW Shepherds, to your helpless charge be kind,
 Baffle the raging year, and fill their pens
 With food at will ; lodge them below the storm,
 And watch them strict ; for from the bellowing east,
 In this dire season, oft the whirwinds wing
 Sweeps up the burden of whole wintry plains,
 As one wide waste, and whelms the hapless flock.*

III. MARCH.

Full Moon, 4th, 4h. 12m. afternoon,
 Last Quarter, 11th, 9h. 17m. morning,
 New Moon, 19th, 11h. 14m. morning,
 First Quarter, 27th, 10h. 1m. morning.

S		ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P	O.R.	O	RGS
5 25	W.	ST DAVID, 24 su. 9h. 39m.	High winds,	6 27	5 33	3 57	
6 10	2 W.	CHAD,	with some snow,	6 26	5 34	4 45	
Dise	3 Th			6 25	5 35	5 16	
8 49	4 F.	○'s dec 6 deg. S.		6 23	5 37	● 1	
8 5	5 Sa.	● Perigee. ● L. 5. S.		6 22	5 38	7 2	
9 24	6 B.	3d Sunday in Lent,	Clear and	6 21	5 39	8 19	
0 37	7 M.	Perpetua,	Cold,	6 19	5 41	9 38	
1 53	8 Tu.	♀ G. Elong.		6 18	5 42	10 53	
0 59	9 W.	Venus sp. 8. 18.		6 15	5 45	more	
1 6	10 Th			6 14	5 46	0 3	
2 11	11 F.	○ ill. C. 10m.	Snow, hail,	6 13	5 47	1 7	
3 9	12 Sa.	Gregory M'st. ○ ♀. ○ runs low	or rain,	6 12	5 48	2 1	
3 59	13 B.	4th Sunday in Lent, said L. Sun.		6 10	5 50	2 48	
4 42	14 M.	4 to 8 L. 52m.		6 9	5 51	3 25	
5 20	15 Tu.			6 7	5 53	3 58	
5 52	16 W.		Clear and	6 6	5 54	4 26	
Deets.	17 Th	ST. PATRICK. ○'s dec. 1 deg. S.	pleasant,	6 45	5 56	4 51	
6 34	18 F.	EDWARD, K. of WEST SAXONS,		6 25	5 58	5 15	
7 31	19 Sa.	● Aperge. ● L. 4. 59 N.		6 15	5 59	● 1	
8 29	20 B.	5th Sunday in Lent. ○ ent. ♀.	Cold,	6 0	6 0	7 30	
9 29	21 M.	BENEDICT; [Day & Night equal,		5 58	6 2	8 30	
0 28	22 Tu.		Rough weather,	5 58	6 4	9 30	
1 23	23 W.	○'s dec. 1 deg. N.		5 53	6 5	10 29	
0 30	24 Th.			5 53	6 7	11 18	
1 27	25 F.	Gamb T. ends Annu. of R. V. M	Cold with	5 52	6 8	more	
2 22	26 Sa.	End T. end. ○ U. ○ ♀. ○	high winds,	5 50	6 10	0 26	
3 14	27 B.	3h Sun. in L. PALM S.		5 49	6 11	1 18	
	28 M.	○ runs high,		5 48	6 12	2 1	
	29 Tu.	○ so.		5 46	6 14	2 41	
	30 W.	4 Statuary,	Cloudy with some rain,	5 45	6 15	3 16	
	31 Th.			5 44	6 16	3 47	

*THESE naked shoots
 Barren as lances, among which the wind
 Makes wintry music, sighing as it goes,
 Shall put their graceful foliage on again,
 And, more aspiring; and with ample spread,
 Shall board new charms, and more than they have lost,
 All Nature feels the renovating force
 Of Winter, only to the thoughtless eye
 In ruin seen.*

IV. APRIL.

Full Moon, 3d, 1h. 12m. morning,
 Last Quarter, 10th, 0h. 1m. morning,
 New Moon, 18th, 4h. 21m. morning,
 First Quarter, 22d, 7h. 29m. afternoon,

M	VISPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	O	R	OS	R OS
1 Fr	Good Friday. ☽ L 5 S { 10 6 1	Cloudy,	¶	5	41 6 19	4 17
2 Sat	○ Peri Hd so 8 80 ☽ so 11 49	△	5	40 6 20	4 53	
3 Su	EASTER DAY; Richd. B { 12 45	△	5	39 6 21	Grisa	
4 M	Edu M St Amb. [of Chichester	¶	5	38 6 22	8 34	
5 Tu	Easter Tuesday,	A change of Weather,	¶	5	37 6 23	9 52
6 W	○ 2 dec. 6 deg N.	¶	5	35 6 25	10 57	
7 Th	4 so 7h. 20m ☽ so C 2m.	¶	5	34 6 26	nord	
8 Fr	○ 3	¶	5	33 6 27	0 1	
9 Sat	○ runs low. □ H. ☽	¶	5	31 6 29	0 51	
10 Su	iu Sunday aft Easter, Low Sun	Cool nights and pleasant days.	¶	5	29 6 31	1 33
11 M		¶	5	28 6 32	2 8	
12 Tu		¶	5	26 6 34	2 37	
13 W	Oxford & Camb. Term begins,	¶	5	25 6 35	2 52	
14 Th	○ Apogeum,	¶	5	23 6 37	2 22	
15 Fr	○ L. 5. S. N. ☽ & C. together,	¶	5	22 6 39	3 50	
16 Sat		Cloudy	¶	5	20 6 40	4 15
17 Su	2nd Sunday after Easter,	with	¶	5	19 6 41	4 38
18 M	Fr. East in 15 days 1 ret,	some rain,	¶	5	18 6 42	● etc.
19 Tu	Alphie. 24 so 6 38.	¶	5	16 6 43	8 31	
20 W	Easter Term be ins,	¶	5	15 6 45	9 32	
21 Th	○ 2 dec. 12 deg. N.	It is now	¶	5	14 6 46	10 10
22 Fr	○ 3 Gr. Elong.	more	¶	5	12 6 48	11 21
23 Sat	○ 20 K. G. IV. b. d kn. ☽ hi	pleasant,	¶	5	11 6 49	nord
24 Su	3d 3 af Eas □ 24 ☽ 1st statio	¶	5	9 6 51	0 8	
25 M	Fr. East in 3 weeks 2d ret.	Cold	¶	5	8 6 52	0 49
26 Tu	○ East C. 2m. St Mark. Due of	¶	5	6 6 54	1 24	
27 W	♀ Statua. [Glo'sr. born	¶	5	5 6 55	1 58	
28 Th	○ L. 5. S. S. ☽ so.	Flurries of snow.	¶	5	3 6 57	2 26
29 Fr	Cent. so. 11. 27.	¶	5	2 6 58	2 54	
30 Sat	○ Perigeon.	¶	5	1 6 59	3 25	

*As yet the trembling year is unconfirm'd,
 And Winter off at eve resumes th. breeze,
 Chills the pale morn, and bids its driving gales
 Deform the dry delightless; so that scarce
 The bittern knows his time, with bill ingulf'd
 To shake the sounding marsh, or form the shore.
 The plovers when to scatter o'er the heath,
 And sing their wild notes to the evening waste.*

V. MAY.

Full Moon, 23, 9h. 50m. morning,
 Last Quarter, 9th, 4h. 12m. afternoon,
 New Moon, 17th, 6h. 57m. afternoon,
 First Quarter, 25th, 1h. 42m. morning,
 Full Moon, 31st, 6h. 42m. afternoon.

R	OS	R	CS
11	6	19	4 17
0	6	20	4 53
19	6	21	Grise
18	6	22	8 34
17	6	23	9 52
15	6	25	10 57
14	6	26	Novd
13	6	27	0 1
11	6	29	0 51
10	6	31	1 33
9	6	32	2 8
8	6	34	2 37
5	6	35	2 52
3	6	37	2 22
2	6	38	3 50
0	6	40	4 15
9	6	41	4 38
0	6	42	5 11
6	6	44	8 31
5	6	45	9 32
4	6	46	10 10
2	6	48	11 21
16	6	49	noon
9	6	51	0 8
8	6	52	0 49
6	6	54	1 24
5	6	55	1 58
3	6	57	2 26
2	6	58	2 54
6	6	59	3 25

M	W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	P	O	S	R	CS
1	B	4th Sun. aft East. St. PHILIP & Fr East in 1m 3 ret ♀ stat [Lac Invention of the Cross.	Moist and pebbly some rain.	△	5	16	39	3 56
2	M.	Fr East in 1m 3 ret ♀ stat [Lac	Moist and pebbly some rain.	ℳ	5	07	0	Grise
3	Tu	Invention of the Cross.	Moist and pebbly some rain.	ℳ	4	58	7	2 43
4	W.	Sermonitis, n. 9. 36.	Moist and pebbly some rain.	ℳ	4	57	7	3 47
5	Th	Ω	Moist and pebbly some rain.	ℳ	4	56	7	10 45
6	Fri	St JOHN Ev. Ante P L. ♂ rs lo.	Clear and pleasant.	V	4	55	7	11 31
7	Sat	○ fast C 3m Due's of Ykb 1767	Clear and pleasant.	V	4	53	7	noon
8	B.	5th Sun. aft East. Riga Sunday	Clear and pleasant.	ℳ	4	52	7	0 8
9	M.	Fr. East. In 5 weeks 4 ret,	Clear and pleasant.	ℳ	5	17	9	0 39
10	Tu	♂ ○	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	50	7	1 8
11	W.	Ascen. Day, Holy Thursday,	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	49	7	1 24
12	Th	On mor aft Asc. d 5 ret ○ apn	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	47	7	1 56
13	Fri	○ 1 5 N fast ♂ ♀ ○ fast 6 4.n	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	46	7	2 23
14	Sat	Sunday after Ascension day,	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	44	7	2 45
15	B.	Easter Term ends.	Thunder in many places.	ℳ	4	43	7	3 10
16	M.	○ 4 dec. 19 deg. N.	Look out for rain.	ℳ	4	42	7	3 40
17	Tu	Whit Monday, fburg born 1770	Look out for rain.	ℳ	4	41	7	○ et.
18	W.	Whit Tuesday,	Look out for rain.	ℳ	4	40	7	8 23
19	Th	Junction fus ♂ ♀ ○ Q Char Little born 1774	Look out for rain.	ℳ	4	40	7	9 20
20	Fri	○ U	Look out for rain.	ℳ	4	39	7	10 12
21	Sat	○ 1. 6 ds ○ ent II ○ rs. high	A fine growing season.	ℳ	4	38	7	22 52
22	B.	Whit Sun. Pra. of Hess Hom	A fine growing season.	ℳ	4	37	7	11 31
23	M.	Whit Monday, fburg born 1770	A fine growing season.	ℳ	4	36	7	24 moro
24	Tu	Whit Tuesday,	A fine growing season.	ℳ	4	35	7	0 2
25	W.	Oxford Term begins ♀ statio.	A fine growing season.	ℳ	4	35	7	0 32
26	Th	C am. T div n Ag 1st Aup of Can	Rain.	ℳ	4	35	7	0 59
27	Fri	V BEDE ○ L 5 13 S. ○ Perigee	Rain.	ℳ	4	34	7	1 29
28	Sat	○ 3 m 21 d. N. ○ fast 3 m ○ su	Probabilty of Thunder.	ℳ	4	33	7	1 56
29	B.	Trin. Sun K Chas II resto 1660	Probabilty of Thunder.	ℳ	4	32	7	2 29
30	M.	On mor. of H Tr. I ret.	Probabilty of Thunder.	ℳ	4	31	7	3 6
31	Tu	○ eclipsed invisible.	Probabilty of Thunder.	ℳ	4	31	7	4 10

FROM the moist meadows to the wither'd hill,
 Led by the breeze, the vivid verdure runs,
 And swells, and deepens, to the cherish'd eye.
 The hawthorn whitens, and the juicy groves
 Put forth their buds, unfolding by degrees—
 Till the whole leafy forest stands displayed,
 In full luxuriance, to the sighing gales.

VI. JUNE.

Last Quarter, 8th, 9h. 8m. morning,
 New Moon, 16th, 7h. 13m. morning,
 First Quarter, 23d, 6h. 6m. morning,
 Full Moon, 30th, 4h. 50m. morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, & ANNUAL SERIES &c.	WEATHER	P	O.R.	S	R.S.
1	W.	Nicomede ☽ Ω 6 5 ☽	Foggy	I	4	31	7 29
2	Th	☽ runs low,	and	I	4	31	7 29
3	Fr	Trin. Term beg. ☽'s dec N.	some rain,	I	4	30	7 30
4	Sa	fast C 2m K Geo III h. 1738	I	4	30	7 30	10 37
5	R.	1st Sun aft Trin. Bonif D of Cum	I	4	29	7 30	11 3
6	M.	In 8 days of H. Tr 2 ret [p 172]	I	4	28	7 32	11 32
7	Tu		I	4	27	7 33	11 57
8	W.	○ L. 5. 10 N.	I	4	27	7 33	11 57
9	Th	○ Stationary,	Clear and pleasant,	I	4	27	7 33
10	Fr	○ Anoges 9. Gr. Elong.	I	4	26	7 34	0 42
11	Sa	St. BARTHAEL,	I	4	26	7 34	1 13
12	B.	3d Sunday after Trinity,	I	4	26	7 34	1 13
13	M.	In 16 days of H. Tr. 3 ret.	I	4	26	7 34	1 37
14	Tu	○'s dec. 2d. deg. N.	Expect.	I	4	26	7 34
15	W.	○ d. C. together,	Thunder	I	4	26	7 34
16	Th	○ Eclipsed invisible ☽ U	Showers in many places,	I	4	25	7 35
17	F.	St ALBAN. ☽ runs high,	I	4	24	7 36	8 47
18	Sa	19. St. BARTH.	I	4	24	7 36	9 26
19	B.	3d Sunday after Trinity	I	4	23	7 37	10 2
20	M.	In 8 weeks of H. Tr. 4 ret.	Clear and fine weather,	I	4	23	7 37
21	Tu	○ on 2d longest day,	I	4	24	7 36	10 52
22	W.	Trinity Term ends ○ L 5 10. S.	I	4	24	7 36	10 52
23	Th	○ Perigee [Bar.] of VITRUVIA.	Thunder	I	4	25	7 36
24	F.	Nativity of St. John the Baptist;	Showers	I	4	26	7 34
25	Sa	○ slo. C. 2m.	I	4	26	7 34	morn.
26	B.	4th Sunday aft Trinity ☽ ap.	in many places,	I	4	26	7 34
27	M.	Aster. so. 9. 51.	Expect.	I	4	26	7 34
28	Tu		moderain,	I	4	26	7 34
29	W.	St. PETER & St. PAUL. ☽ ☽	I	4	26	7 34	2 29
30	Th	☽ runs low.	I	4	26	7 34	3 27
			I	4	26	7 34	4 31

FROM brightening fields of either fair dislodg'd,
 Child of the Sun, resurgent summer comes,
 Inspire of youth, and scatters through Nature's depths;
 He comes attended by the sultry hours,
 And ever fanning breezes, on his way;
 While, from his ardent look, the turning Sunbeams
 Avert her blushing face, and earth and air,
 All smiling, to his hot dominion leave.

VII. JULY.

Last Quarter, 8th, 2h. 16m. morning.
 New Moon, 14th, 5h. 16m. afternoon.
 First Quarter, 22d, 10h. 25m. morning.
 Full Moon, 29th, 4h. 48m. afternoon.

R.	M.	W.	ASPECTS, HEBDAYS, ANNUAL LARIS, &c.	WEATHER	F.	C.	S.	R.S.
31	7	29	8. 15					
31	7	29	9. 8					
30	7	30	10. 6					
30	7	30	10. 37					
30	7	30	11. 3					
29	7	31	11. 32					
28	7	32	11. 57					
27	7	33	morn					
27	7	33	0. 21					
26	7	34	0. 42					
26	7	34	1. 13					
26	7	34	1. 37					
26	7	34	2. 6					
26	7	34	2. 46					
25	7	35	3. 29					
25	7	35	3. 56					
24	7	36	8. 47					
24	7	36	9. 26					
23	7	37	10. 2					
23	7	37	10. 32					
22	7	37	10. 59					
22	7	38	11. 29					
22	7	38	11. 55					
21	7	34	morn					
21	7	34	0. 28					
21	7	34	1. 1					
21	7	34	1. 40					
21	7	34	2. 29					
21	7	34	3. 27					
21	7	34	4. 15					
20	7	35	8. 28					
20	7	35	9. 34					
19	7	36	10. 2					
19	7	36	10. 59					
18	7	37	11. 29					
18	7	37	11. 55					
17	7	38	12. 1					
17	7	38	12. 47					
16	7	39	1. 13					
16	7	39	1. 40					
15	7	40	2. 29					
15	7	40	3. 27					
15	7	40	4. 15					
14	7	41	5. 13					
14	7	41	5. 40					
13	7	42	6. 29					
13	7	42	6. 55					
12	7	43	7. 13					
12	7	43	7. 40					
11	7	44	8. 28					
11	7	44	8. 55					
10	7	45	9. 13					
10	7	45	9. 40					
9	7	46	10. 2					
9	7	46	10. 59					
8	7	47	11. 29					
8	7	47	11. 55					
7	7	48	12. 1					
7	7	48	12. 47					
6	7	49	1. 13					
6	7	49	1. 40					
5	7	50	2. 29					
5	7	50	3. 27					
5	7	50	4. 15					
4	7	51	5. 13					
4	7	51	5. 40					
3	7	52	6. 29					
3	7	52	6. 55					
2	7	53	7. 13					
2	7	53	7. 40					
1	7	54	8. 28					
1	7	54	8. 55					
0	7	55	9. 13					
0	7	55	9. 40					
-	7	56	10. 2					
-	7	56	10. 59					
-	7	57	11. 29					
-	7	57	11. 55					
-	7	58	12. 1					
-	7	58	12. 47					
-	7	59	1. 13					
-	7	59	1. 40					
-	7	60	2. 29					
-	7	60	3. 27					
-	7	60	4. 15					
-	7	61	5. 13					
-	7	61	5. 40					
-	7	62	6. 29					
-	7	62	6. 55					
-	7	63	7. 13					
-	7	63	7. 40					
-	7	64	8. 28					
-	7	64	8. 55					
-	7	65	9. 13					
-	7	65	9. 40					
-	7	66	10. 2					
-	7	66	10. 59					
-	7	67	11. 29					
-	7	67	11. 55					
-	7	68	12. 1					
-	7	68	12. 47					
-	7	69	1. 13					
-	7	69	1. 40					
-	7	70	2. 29					
-	7	70	3. 27					
-	7	70	4. 15					
-	7	71	5. 13					
-	7	71	5. 40					
-	7	72	6. 29					
-	7	72	6. 55					
-	7	73	7. 13					
-	7	73	7. 40					
-	7	74	8. 28					
-	7	74	8. 55					
-	7	75	9. 13					
-	7	75	9. 40					
-	7	76	10. 2					
-	7	76	10. 59					
-	7	77	11. 29					
-	7	77	11. 55					
-	7	78	12. 1					
-	7	78	12. 47					
-	7	79	1. 13					
-	7	79	1. 40					
-	7	80	2. 29					
-	7	80	3. 27					
-	7	80	4. 15					
-	7	81	5. 13					
-	7	81	5. 40					
-	7	82	6. 29					
-	7	82	6. 55					
-	7	83	7. 13					
-	7	83	7. 40					
-	7	84	8. 28					
-	7	84	8. 55					
-	7	85	9. 13					
-	7	85	9. 40					
-	7	86	10. 2					
-	7	86	10. 59					
-	7	87	11. 29					
-	7	87	11. 55					
-	7	88	12. 1					
-	7	88	12. 47					
-	7	89	1. 13					
-	7	89	1. 40					
-	7	90	2. 29					
-	7	90	3. 27					
-	7	90	4. 15					
-	7	91	5. 13					
-	7	91	5. 40					
-	7	92	6. 29					
-	7	92	6. 55					
-	7	93	7. 13					
-	7	93	7. 40					
-	7	94	8. 28					
-	7	94	8. 55					
-	7	95	9. 13					
-	7	95	9. 40					
-	7	96	10. 2					
-	7	96	10. 59					
-	7	97	11. 29					
-	7	97	11. 55					
-	7	98	12. 1					
-	7	98	12. 47					
-	7	99	1. 13					
-	7	99	1. 40					
-	7	100	2. 29					
-	7	100	3. 27					
-	7	100	4. 15					
-	7	101	5. 13					
-	7	101	5. 40					
-	7	102	6. 29					
-	7	102	6. 55					
-	7	103	7. 13					
-	7	103	7. 40					
-	7	104	8. 28					
-	7	104	8. 55					
-	7	105	9. 13					
-	7	105	9. 40					
-	7	106	10. 2					
-	7	106	10. 59					
-	7	107	11. 29					
-	7	107	11. 55					
-	7	108	12. 1					
-	7	108	12. 47					
-	7	109	1. 13					
-	7	109	1. 40					
-	7	110	2. 29					
-	7	110	3. 27					
-	7	110	4. 15					
-	7	111	5. 13					
-	7	111	5. 40					
-	7	112	6. 29					
-	7	112	6. 55					
-	7	113	7. 13					
-	7	113	7. 40					
-	7	114	8. 28					
-	7	114	8. 55					
-	7	115	9. 13					
-	7	115	9. 40					
-	7	116	10. 2					
-	7	116	10. 59					
-	7	117	11. 29					
-	7	117	11. 55					
-	7	118	12. 1					
-	7	118	12. 47					
-	7	119	1. 13					
-	7	119	1. 40					
-	7	120	2. 29					
-	7	120	3. 27					
-	7	120	4. 15					
-	7	121	5. 13					
-	7	121	5. 40					
-	7	122	6. 29					
-	7	122	6. 55					
-	7	123	7. 13					
-	7	123	7. 40					
-	7	124	8. 28					
-	7	124	8. 55					
-	7	125	9. 13					
-	7	125	9. 40					
-	7	126	10. 2					
-	7	126	10. 59					
-	7	127	11. 29					

VII AUGUST.

Last Quarter, 6th, 7h 6m afternoon,
New Moon 14th, 1h 49m morning.
First Quarter 20th, 4h 24m afternoon,
Full Moon 28th, 6h 51m morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	M	OR	OS	R	S
1 M.		LAMMAS DAY, ☽ slo. C. 6am.	Clear	X	4 49	7 11	8	17
2 Tu		● L.B. 6 N.	and pleasant,	X	4 50	7 10	8	47
3 W.		● Apogee,		○	4 51	7 9	9	9
4 Th		●'s dec. 17 deg. N.		○	4 53	7 7	9	36
5 Fr			The want of rain is	○	4 54	7 6	10	3
6 Sat		Transfig. of our Lord,		○	4 55	7 5	10	36
7 S		10th Sun. aft. Trin. Name of		○	4 56	7 4	11	12
8 M		[Jesus.]		○	4 57	7 3	11	54
9 Tu		7 x'st. 10. 31.		○	4 59	7 1	morn.	
10 W		ST LAWRENCE, ☽.Ω.	Very sultry.	○	5 0	7 0	0	47
11 Th		H. 10 48m. ☽ runs high,		○	5 1	6 59	1	46
12 Fr		KING GEORGE IV. b. 1762.	with thun- der,	○	5 2	6 58	2	54
13 Sat				○	5 3	6 57	4	3
14 S		11th Sunday after Trinity,		○	5 4	6 56	1	36
15 M		● L. 6 2 S.	Refresh- ing	○	5 5	6 55	7	26
16 Tu		D. York b. 1763. ☽ slo. C. 4am		○	5 6	6 54	7	59
17 W		● Perigee, ♂ 4 ☽ Surr'r. of	showers	○	5 8	6 52	8	18
18 Th		●'s decl 18 deg N [G. Hull 1312]		○	5 9	6 51	9	1
19 Fr		9 Gr. Elong.		○	5 11	6 49	9	39
20 Sat			Clear and fine	○	5 12	6 48	10	27
21 S		12th Sun. aft. Trin. D of Clas-	weather,	○	5 14	6 46	11	19
22 M		● Ω. France b. 1765		○	5 15	6 45	morn.	
23 Tu		Cent. ☽ runs low		○	5 17	6 43	0	15
24 W		St Bartholomew ☽ slo.		○	5 18	6 42	1	16
25 Th				○	5 20	6 40	2	19
26 Fr		Fauriel d. 11. 49.		○	5 21	6 39	3	26
27 Sat		●'s dec. 19 deg N.		○	5 23	6 37	4	30
28 S		13th Sun. aft. Trin ST AUGUSTINE	Cloudy,	○	5 24	6 36	1	36
29 M		St. John Bapt. beheaded ☽ L.		○	5 26	6 34	6	52
30 Tu				○	5 27	6 33	7	17
31 W		● Perigee. ☽ d. C. together.	want of rain.	○	5 28	6 32	7	42

THE Sun has lost his rage; his downward orb
Shoots nothing now but an inviting warmth,
And vital lustre; that, with various ray,
Lights up the clouds; those beauteous robes of Heaven.
Incessant roll'd into romantic shapes,
The dream of waking fancy! Broad below,
Cover'd with ripening fruits, and swelling fruit,
Into the perfect year, the pregnant earth
And all her tribes rejoice.

IX. SEPTEMBER.

Last Quarter, 6th, 10h. 59m. morning,
New Moon, 12th, 9h. 51m. morning,
First Quarter, 19th, 1h. 20m. morning,
Full Moon, 20th, 11h. 4m. afternoon.

S	R	O	S
11	8	17	
10	6	47	
9	9	9	
7	9	36	
6	10	3	
5	10	35	
4	11	12	
3	11	54	
1	morn.		
0	0	47	
59	1	46	
58	2	54	
57	4	3	
56	10	sets	
55	7	26	
54	7	59	
52	8	18	
51	9	1	
49	9	39	
48	10	27	
46	11	19	
45	morn.		
43	0	15	
42	1	16	
40	2	19	
39	3	26	
37	4	30	
36	1	30	
34	6	52	
33	7	17	
2	7	42	

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	O	R	O	S	R	S	
1	Tb	ST. GILES, $\frac{1}{2}$ h. 28m.	Clear and	○	5	29	6	31	8	10
2	Fr	London burnt 1666 O. S. ♀ sta.	more	○	5	31	6	29	8	41
3	Sa	Dog-days end.	Cool,	○	5	33	6	27	9	16
4	B.	14th Sunday, after Trinity,		○	5	34	6	26	9	59
5	M	Ceti, ri. 8, 48.		○	5	36	6	24	10	46
6	Tn	● U.		○	5	37	6	23	11	41
7	W.	Eminebus, ○'s decl. 6deg N ○	Weather now:	○	5	38	6	22	morn	
8	Th	Nativity of B. V. M. [last C 26]	variable,	○	5	40	6	20	0	41
9	Fr	● runs high.	rain in many places,	○	5	41	6	19	1	50
10	Sa		● 5	43	6	17	3	0		
11	B.	13 th Sunday after Trinity,	○ 5	45	6	15	4	13		
12	M.	● L. S.	○ 5	47	6	13	● sets			
13	Tu		○ 5	48	6	12	6	34		
14	W.	Holy Cross, ○ Per. □ 2 ○	A probability of fine weather for sometime,	○	5	50	6	10	7	6
15	Th	○'s dec. 3 deg N.	○ 5	51	6	9	7	46		
16	Fr	Inf. ♂ ♀ ○ Fast C. 14m.	○ 5	52	6	8	8	32		
17	Sa	LAMBERT.	○ 5	53	6	7	9	23		
18	B.	16th Sun. aft. Trin. ○ Ω	○ 5	54	6	6	10	20		
19	M.		○ 5	55	6	5	11	18		
20	Tu	● runs low	○ 5	56	8	4	morn			
21	W.	ST. MATTHEW, $\frac{1}{2}$ so. 7h. 15m.	○ 5	57	8	3	0	22		
22	Th		○ 5	59	6	1	1	29		
23	Fr	○ ent. ☽ day & night equal,	○ 6	0	6	0	2	33		
24	Sat	● L 4 53 N. 7 r's ri. 8h.	○ 6	2	5	58	3	34		
25	B.	17th Sun. aft. Trin. ♀ statio.	○ 6	4	5	56	4	38		
26	M.	ST. CYPRIAN, $\frac{1}{2}$ statio. ○'s	○ 6	5	5	55	5	rice		
27	Tu	[decl. 2 deg. S.]	○ 6	7	5	53	5	58		
28	W.	● Apogée,	○ 6	8	5	52	6	26		
29	Th	ST. MICHAEL, Q. of Wurt. born	○ 6	10	5	10	6	53		
30	Fr	ST. JEROME ○ fast C 16m [1766]	○ 6	11	5	9	7	26		

*CROWN'D with the sickle and the wheaten sheaf,
While AUTUMN, nodding o'er the yellow plain,
Comes jovial on ; the Doric reed once more,
Well pleas'd, I tune—whate'er the Wintry frost
Nitrous prepar'd ; the various blossom'd Spring
Put in white promise forth ; and Summer suns
Concocted strong rush boundless now to view ;
Full, perfect all, and swell my glorious theme !*

X. OCTOBER.

Last Quarter, 5th, 1h 13m. morning,
New Moon, 11th, 6h. 21m. afternoon,
First Quarter, 18th, 5h. 57m. afternoon,
Full Moon, 26th, 8h. 53m. afternoon,

M	W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	S	OR.	OS	ROS
1	Sat	Remigius Bp.	High winds	8	6	135	478
2	B.	18th Sunday after Trinity,	mostly from N W	II	6	155	458
3	M.	○ U	II	6	175	439	
4	Tu	5 th ratio. ○ runs high,	II	6	185	4210	
5	W.	○ fast C. 11m.	II	6	195	4111	
6	Th	Faith. ○'s decl 8 deg. S.	Clear and Cool,	II	6	215	39morn.
7	Fr	Cett. ri 7 46.	II	6	225	380	
8	Sat	□ A. ○ L & S.	II	6	235	372	
9	B.	19 th Sun. aft. Trin. St Den. Bp.	II	6	255	363	
10	M.	Oxford & Camb. Term begins,	a storm.	II	6	265	344
11	Tu	○ Perigee,	may be expected,	II	6	285	32set.
12	W.		II	6	295	315	
13	Th	Transl. of Kg. Edw. Conf.	III	6	305	306	
14	Fr	○'s decl 8 deg. S.	III	6	325	287	
15	Sat	○ U ○ fast C. 14m.	III	6	335	278	
16	B.	20th Sunday after Trinity,	More clear,	II	6	355	259
17	M.	Ethelreda, ○ runs low,	III	6	375	2310	
18	Tu	St. Luke,	and warm	II	6	385	2211
19	W.		III	6	405	20morn.	
20	Th		Windy and	II	6	415	190
21	Fr	Fowalh. so. 9. 1.	III	6	425	181	
22	Sat	○ Lat. 8 8 N.	some rough	II	6	445	162
23	B.	21st Sun aft. Trinity, ○ ent.	III	6	455	153	
24	M.	○ Apogee,	weather,	II	6	465	144
25	Tu	Crispis, ○'s decl. S.	III	6	495	125	
26	W.		Rain	II	6	505	10rise
27	Th		II	6	515	95	
28	Fr	St Simon & St Jude,	Clear and pleasant	II	6	525	86
29	Sat		II	6	535	76	
30	B.	22d Sunday after Trinity, ○ U	Mode-	II	6	555	57
31	M.	Sup. ○ V ○ fast C. 16m.	rate	II	6	575	38

*HENCE from the busy joy resounding fields,
In cheerful error, let us tread the maze
Of Autumn unconfin'd; and taste, revis'd,
The breath of orchard big with bending fruit—
Obedient to the breeze and beaming ray,
From the deep loaded bough a mellow shower
Incus'd melts away. The juicy pear
Lies, in a soft profusion, scatter'd round.*

XI. NOVEMBER:

East Quarter, 9d, 1h. 12m. afternoon;

New Moon, 10h. 4h. 4m. morning,

First Quarter, 17th, 6h. 22m. morning.

Full Moon, 25th, 11h. 3m. morning.

BUT see the fading many colour'd woods,
Shade deep'ning into shade the country round
Imbrown; a crowded umbrage, dusk and dun,
Of every hue from wane declining green
To sooty dark. These now the lone-some Muse,
Loa whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walk,
And give the season in its last view.

XII. DECEMBER.

Last Quarter, 2d, 10h 59m afternoon,
New Moon 9th, 3h 25m afternoon,
First Quarter 17th, 1h 57m morning,
Full Moon 25th, 4h 4m morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	P	○ R.	○ S.	R	○ S.
1 Th			Clear	Ω	7	30	4	30
2 Fr		○ last C. 10m.	and pleasant,	ny	7	36	4	30
3 Sat		○ L 5. 17 S.		ny	7	30	4	30
4 B.		2d Sunday in Advent.		ny	7	31	4	29
5 M.	II	4 ○ ○'s decl 22 deg. S.	Snow	ω	7	31	4	29
6 Tu		NICHOLAS, Orion ri. 6 40.	or	ω	7	31	4	29
7 W		Parige,	rain,	m	7	32	4	28
8 Th		Conception of B. V. Mary,	Clear and	m	7	33	4	27
9 Fr		○ eclipsed visible. ○ Ω	Ano	z	7	34	4	26
10 Sat	Ω	5. 5 ○		z	7	34	4	26
11 B.		3d Sunday in Advent.	Flying	ω	7	35	4	25
12 M.		○ runs low,	clouds	ω	7	35	4	25
13 Tu		Lucy,	with	ω	7	36	4	24
14 W		○'s decl. 23 deg. S.	chilly	ω	7	36	4	24
15 Th		○ L 5 16 N.	winds.	x	7	37	4	23
16 Fr		Camb. T. ends O Sapientia, ○	Probe-	x	7	37	4	23
17 Sat		Oxford T. ends, [last C 4m	ability	x	7	38	4	22
18 B.		4th Sunday in Advent, [Niagara	of	ω	7	38	4	22
19 M.		so. 11h. 16m. Capt. of Fort	ω	7	38	4	22	7
20 Tu		Apogee Sirius ri. 7 43 ○ so	Snow,	ω	7	38	4	22
21 W		St Tho's. ○ ent. ♀ shortest d.	Clear	ω	7	38	4	22
22 Th	Ω	St Statia ○'s decl 23. 27 S.	and	ω	7	38	4	22
23 Fr		Leonis ri. 7 56.	cold,	ω	7	38	4	22
24 Sat	○	○ U ○ & C. together,	Expect	ω	7	37	4	23
25 B.		CHRISTMAS DAY, Sunday,	more	ω	7	37	4	23
26 M.		St Stephen ○ runs high,	snow,	ω	7	36	4	24
27 Tu		St John,	cold,	ω	7	36	4	24
28 W.		Innocents, Pretender died 1765	take care	Ω	7	35	4	25
29 Th		○'s decl. 23 deg. S.	of your	Ω	7	35	4	25
30 Fr	○	L 5 18 S. Def. of Americans	nose fin-	Ω	7	35	4	25
31 Sat	Ω	Silvester, Inf. 6. 5 ○ [1776]	gers and	ny	7	34	4	26
			tions.	ny	7	34	4	26

'TIS done! dread WINTER spreads his latest gloom,
And reigns tremendous o'er the conquer'd year,
How drear the vegetable kingdom lies!
How dumb the tunesful! Horror wide extends
His desolate Domain—Behold proud man!
See here thy pictur'd life: pass some few years,
And pale concluding WINTER comes at last,
And thus the scene!

BRITISH INTREPIDITY.

THE following instance of generous intrepidity has very seldom been equalled, and we think, never exceeded.—It is extracted from the unpublished Journal of an Officer on board the vessel mentioned in the narrative :—

" On our passage from Lisbon to Virginia, in the Sally and Kitty, Captain C_____, we experienced a succession of bad weather. One evening, about seven o'clock, I being at the helm, heard a voice, apparently rising out of the sea, calling me by name. Surprised, I ran to the ship's side, and saw Richard Pallant, a youth, in the water, going astern. Immediately I called all hands. The Captain, though a man of approved resolution, was quite confounded at the boy's danger, as his friends, who were people of property at Ipswich, had trusted him the voyage, confiding in C_____'s protection and care. He ran backwards and forwards, not knowing what to do, exclaiming that the boy must perish, for the ship drove abreast of him before the swell, which was so mountainous that he durst not haul out the boat.

" As no measures were offered to be taken for the preservation of the boy, though not at this time above a hundred yards from the vessel, I mentioned the possibility of swimming to him with the end of the deep sea line, which would serve to haul him, and the man who swam to him, aboard. The Captain, mad at a proposal which he thought too dangerous to be attempted, called me in a rage, exclaiming. ' Who would be mad enough to go ? ' Piqued at his answer, and eager for the boy's safety, I proffered myself to go, and was immediately relieved at the helm by an American, beyond comparison the best swimmer on board.—It was no time to deliberate. I stript in a moment, and clipping the line round my body, plunged from the ship's side into the sea. The line was new and stiff; so that, not drawing close round me, I swam through it; but, clutching it as it clapt over my feet, I secured it by putting my hand and one arm through the noose. Ere I had swum far, the line on board getting foul, checked me suddenly, and pulled me backwards under water. I soon recovered myself, and strove to proceed. During this, they on board, endeav-

O	S	R	S
1	30	10	30
1	20	11	40
1	30	now	
1	29	0	57
1	29	2	10
1	29	3	28
1	28	4	43
1	27	5	55
1	26	6	32
1	25	6	39
1	25	7	47
1	24	8	54
1	24	10	2
1	23	11	4
1	23	now	
1	22	0	8
1	22	1	7
1	22	2	7
1	22	3	2
1	22	3	59
1	22	4	56
1	23	5	53
1	23	6	43
1	24	7	44
1	24	8	7
1	25	7	11
1	25	8	20
1	25	9	29
1	26	10	33
1	26	11	44

touring in vain to clear the line; yet some parts that were entangled, to free the rest; and in their hurry, cutting the wrong part, let about half the coil drop overboard, leaving me adrift with it, fast round my neck. Immediately they called to me to return, but the bounding of the waves prevented my understanding them. I thought they were only striving to encourage me; and therefore, shouting chearfully again to shew my confidence, swam forwards.

"Having, as I guessed, come near the place where the boy was, I looked round, and not seeing him, was afraid he had gone down; but mounting the next wave, I saw him in the hollow; and shooting down the declivity, hauled him, and found him yet sensible, but just sinking. I gave him my hand, earnestly beseeching him not to grapple my body, and then called out to those on board to haul in, not knowing that the line was cut. On turning round, and facing the ship, my heart sank within me to see the distance she was at. As the vessel drove fast before the sea, whilst I was swimming slowly the other way, she was now more than a quarter of a mile from us; so that, knowing the line could not reach so far, I found that I must be adrift.

"All the horrors of my situation rushed on me at once, and I thought death inevitable, but still struggled lived for life. Whilst I was swimming forwards, the rope, being kept slanting in the water, I felt but half its weight; but now it incommoded me exceedingly, when I remained almost stationary, encumbered with the boy. The waves, too, which, while I breasted and saw the approach of, easily mounted, now rolling behind us, broke deep over our heads, hurrying us under them with irresistible fury. I strove hard to disengage myself from the line, but the noose being jammed behind my shoulder, and one hand holding the boy, I could not effect it.

"When the line was cut, they on board strove with all expedition to hoist out the boat; for though the Captain hesitated to do it at first, whilst only one was overboard, yet now that another, by a voluntary effort for the boy's preservation, must have been given up to hopeless destruction, he resolved, at any risk, to attempt to save us. Soon after I was turned towards the ship, I saw them hoisting out the boat; the interval from the cutting of the line to this moment having been spent in clearing her of the lumber.

with which she was filled. At last she put off, and I had the consolation to see her come round the ship's bow. The weight of the sea was considered very dangerous, that, out of a whole British Crew, there were now found who durst venture in the boat; and in the confusion, they came away with only two oars, and but three thowsls for these, and without either rudder or tiller. Under these disadvantages they pulled very slowly against a most mountainous swell, which they were forced to tend with the utmost skill, to prevent the boat's being sunk by it.

"Encouraged by the sight of the efforts made for our preservation, I strove with the utmost exertion to keep above the water until they came up, and endeavoured what little I could to meet them; when a sea breaking deeper than ordinary over us, in striking eagerly to raise myself, I broke my hand from the boy's hold, upon which he grappled me round the loins, with my head downwards under his breast. Struck with the dread of instant fate, I struggled at my full exertion to disengage myself; but it was impossible. The fear of death, and almost the present pain of it, rendered his grasp too strong to be broken from. In this trembling moment, short as the interval must have been, a throng of ideas rushed with inconceivable rapidity into my mind. Eternity, with its joys and torments strongly contrasted, as I shuddered on its very verge, was pictured in its most striking colours to my imagination.

"Finding my struggling ineffectual, I had happily the presence of mind to sink myself, and began to dive downwards, at the very instant when my bosom, bursting with holding my breath, so strongly impelled me to strive for the surface, to end the intolerable torture. My diving had the desired effect; the boy, finding me sinking, let go his hold, and rose to the surface. I rose immediately when disengaged, and drew breath. Another moments delay had sealed our destruction.

"Struck with horror at this hair-breadth escape, I began to swim singly towards the boat, which was now within two hundred yards of us, when the youth, seeing himself abandoned, pitifully cried out to me for God's sake not to leave him. My own preservation by making to the boat, opposed to my almost certain fate if I returned, caused a momentary struggle in my bosom; and a severe one it was; to all

apprehend the choice of life or death. Compassion, however, prevailed. Struck with his inevitable destruction, I returned, and, entwining hold of him just striking, I again gave him my hand, charging him on his life not to grapple me any more, and renewed the arduous struggle to keep us both afloat until the boat came up; for now utterly exhausted, we rose but at intervals to draw breath.

"Eternal God! how slowly the boat seemed to approach, and how inconceivably long appeared the dreary time of fatigue and terror which we spent in anxiously awaiting it! Every wave now broke over us, and we continued, though with the utmost difficulty, to contend with our fate, till the boat came very near; when a mountainous wave, bursting with impetuous sweep, rolled us over. Our efforts to regain the light separated our hands, and I again found myself clasped in the eager grasp of my companion. I had recourse to diving again; but this did not now so readily procure my release. Spent and stunned with the shock, he persevered in retaining his hold, till, being able to hold my breath no longer, I drew in a full draught of water.—I was still sensible of the excessive pain; it seemed as if my entrails were burst by something forced down them.

"He now, by some means, quitted me, and we both rose—but my senses wandered, the sky danced to my sight, and I was sinking, when, by God's mercy, the boat being now come up, one of the sailors caught hold of me, just as I was losing, for ever in this life, the sight of day. Another seized the boy, who had suffered less during this last struggle than I had; and we were dragged into the boat, where we lay in her bottom faint and exhausted.

"Our brave preservers exerted their utmost skill to regain the ship. This they with difficulty accomplished, and, getting along side, she tossed with such violence that a single stroke against the ship would have shattered the boat to pieces. The men having hooked the tackle to hoist her in, leaped on board; but we who were scarcely able to stand, must have been crushed to pieces between the boat and the ship, had we attempted it. We were therefore obliged to remain lying in the boat, awaiting the chance of their getting her in, or else of her being stove by the sea, or breaking from the tackle, in which case we yet should have suffered that fate which we had hitherto so pre-iden-

tially escaped. At length the sailors, with some damage, got her on board, and, being taken out of her, we were received with transports by our shipmates, who had despaired of ever seeing us again.

" I had the line now taken off my neck, and found on measuring it, that I had sustained the weight of seventy yards during the whole time I was overboard. It was about half an inch round, being a common deep-sea line — All night I suffered most severely from the water I had swallowed; and observed, with extreme surprise, when I turned into my hammock, that the agitation of my spirits prevented my enjoying that sleep which my fatigue rendered so necessary, nor could I close an eye during the four hours of my watch below."

" They that go down to the sea in ships, and occupy their business in great waters; these men see the works of the Lord; and his wonders in the deep." — Psalm cxlv, 23 and 24.

A CRYSTAL SUMMER HOUSE.

The King of Siam has in one of his country palaces, a most singular pavilion. The table, the chairs, the closets, &c. are all formed of crystal. The walls, the ceiling, and the floors, are formed of pieces of plate glass, of about an inch thick and six feet square, so nicely united by a cement, which is as transparent as the glass itself, that the most subtle water cannot penetrate. There is but one door, which shuts so closely, that it is as impenetrable to the water as the rest of this singular building. A Chinese engineer has constructed it thus as a certain remedy against the insupportable heat of the climate. The pavilion is twenty-eight feet in length, and seventeen in breadth; it is placed in the midst of a great basin, paved and ornamented with marble of various colours. They fill this basin with water in about a quarter of an hour, and it is emptied as quickly. When you enter the pavilion, the door is immediately closed, and cemented with mastic, to hinder the water from entering; it is then they open the sluices, and this great basin is soon filled with water, which is even suffered to overflow the land, so that the pavilion

is entirely under water, except the top of the dome, which is left untouched for the ben-fit of respiration. Nothing is more charming than the agreeable coolness of this delicious place, while the extreme fervour of the sun beats on the surface of the freshest fountain.—*D'Illiers's Criterion Lit.*

THE WAY TO BE HAPPY.

The way to be happy, is to look down on those who suffer, and not up to those who shine in the world. The comparison would be then so much in our favour that we should cease to complain. So far should we be from repining at the unequal distribution of fortune, that we should sit down contented with our own lot, and be happy with the blessings we enjoy. Our pride would be humbled; and our pretensions turned into pity; our murmurings would be hushed at the sight of others. A little reason and common sense would point out to us the absurdity of our pursuits, and prove how dangerous it is to follow the deceitful track — How happy then might people live, and what a figure might they make in the eye of the world, were they to manage the liberality of fortune with common sense, and learn to despise the superfluities of it. From a want of this, springs all the unhappiness of this life, and from a careful observation of it, proceeds every satisfaction we can wish to obtain.

ON CONVERSATION.

"There are whom heav'n hath bless'd with store of wit,
Yet spend as much again to manage it;
Words, are like leaves, and where they most abound,
Much fruit of sense beneath is rarely found."—Pope.

The noble faculty of speech distinguisheth mankind from the brute creation; but it is lamentable to reflect, that it has been abused in many instances to the basest purposes.— Instances do daily occur to prove the truth of this remark; for we can scarcely mix in society without experiencing the shafts of envy, bigotry, and malice. Let the best characters appear on the theatre of the world, and we shall see them insulted, or degraded by the surwises of

calumny. Their motives are immediately examined, and if not found out which is generally the case, they are condemned without judge or jury as impostors; so that the most retired part of the world will not screen the virtuous and the good from censure and ill-will. That despicable beings are most predominant, cannot be denied, but it by no means follows from hence, that all in society are of the same disposition. From the pages of history we have reason to infer that the best part of mankind have been lovers of retirement, and have chosen sequestered scenes in preference to palaces, and splendid edifices; having experienced the varieties of life, they have courted the most retired spot for learning, meditation and cool reflection — The consequence has been, that they have perceived the true end of their creation, and have returned to their former connexions as better Christians.

Honorio was favoured with the caresses of the most religious and virtuous part of mankind; but by mixing with other society, he was led from the path of duty; upon examination he found the world to be an enemy; he therefore resolved to retire for a time, in order to be restored to greater usefulness. In retirement he has examined his heart, probed the secret recesses of his mind, and found out the springs of human actions. He now condemns what he formerly admired, and resolves that he will be more cautious in future, not only of his conduct, but of his conversation.

Dr. Knox, in one of his intititable essays, makes this observation, "that small towns are very much given to scandal, as the inhabitants are fond of raising reports to the prejudice of others; whereas in large cities, the citizens are otherwise employed;" and therefore he gives the preference to villas, which are excluded from all society. — How far the respectable author may be just in his remarks, cannot easily be determined; but it is clear that calumny cannot in any place be justified; for it ought to be entirely banished from mankind as an evil, of the greatest magnitude. Shakespeare exposes it in the most glowing colours, for says he,

"Who steals my purse, steals trash;
'Tis something, nothing; 'twas mine, 'tis his,

*And has been slave to thousands ;
But he who filches from me my good name,
Robbs me of that which not enriches him,
But makes me poor indeed.*

As remedies against this insinuating evil, the tongue, the glory of our frames, is to be well employed in speaking such discourses as are for the good of others ; the works of creation, the discoveries of philosophy, and other useful topics, are worthy of our duly attention ; not excluding what may please or edify, providing it may be free from scandal, arrogance, and obscenity ; for pleasantry is not amiss, if we wound not the feelings, nor hurt the peace of our friends. The words of a certain poet may be applied to some jesters :—

*" Who for the poor renown of being smart,
Would stick a dagger to his brother's heart."*

An anecdote from the Gentleman's Magazine may be introduced in this essay, with the greatest propriety.—

"A sea-faring man courted a young woman at Limehouse, a small village in England, whom he got with child ; soon after which he went to sea and left her ; He stayed about two years in the West Indies, where he saved some money, but could not be easy in his mind on account of raining the young woman. He left the ship, and came home with a design to marry her. Going into a public house at Limehouse, which he had formerly frequented, and enquiring after the young woman, the landlord said she was alive and well, and had a charming hoy ; (but by way of hum, as it is called) told him too, that she was married.—Immediately on this, the poor seaman left the house, rambling about lie neither knew nor cared whither, and was picked up by a press-gang, and sent on board a tender, where he hanged himself the very first night. The news of this affected the young woman so much, that she died soon after, and the poor child was left on the parish, nor did the landlord, who was in reality a good-natured man, ever enjoy a moment's peace of mind during the few years which he lived."

The above narrative is really affecting, and should teach us caution in speaking of others, so as not to magnify matters, much less to speak what is not true. Some cannot

bear the most innocent railing, and misconstrue the least hint, as if we intended to insult them. Such persons are too delicate for society; as we must bear and forbear whilst we are in this world.

The manner of speaking ought to be carefully attended to; so that our conversation should not be too loud, lest we may be thought to be in a passion, when in reality we are not. Let us cultivate urbanity of manners, and a sweetness of temper, free from affectation, if we would wish not to give offence; for if we look into our own hearts, we shall never spy the faults of others; and suppose we should, we shall cast a mantle of love over them.

A loquaciousness in conversation is by no means to be indulged; for a still tongue shews a wise head: whereas "in the multitude of words there wanteth hot sin." And it would have been far better for some not to have spoken at all, than speak to the prejudice of others.

USEFUL RECEIPTS.

METHOD OF TEMPERING EDGETOOLS WHEN OF TOO BRITTLE

A QUALITY.

Plunge the blade up to the handle in boiling fat for two hours, and then taking it out let it cool gradually.—A knife the edge of which was so brittle that it broke in cutting even a pen; after the operation, was capable of cutting the hardest wood, even box or ebony.

From a French Publication.

TO MAKE SOAP.

To 12 gallons of lye, of strength just sufficient to bear an egg, add 16 lbs. of clean melted grease, which by being placed in the hot sun, and occasionally stirred, will, in a few days, produce a soap of first quality.

A house keeper, and subscriber.

AN EXCELLENT RECEIPT FOR CURING HAMS AND BEEF.

Take 6 lbs. of coarse salt,
2 lbs. of brown sugar,
2 oz. of saltpetre,
4 gallons of water,

Boil the pickle, and skim it well. Put over the meat, when cold, and let it remain in the pickle about 8 or 9 weeks; for beef not so long in pickle.

TO MAKE AND PRESERVE YEAST.

To make it.—Boil a handful of hops in three pints of water, three or four minutes. The water must boil when the hops are put in. Strain the liquor, and then thicken it with flour, to the consistence of starch. Let it stand till it is about milk warm, and put it into a jar large enough to allow room for it to rise; then add about a teacupful of yeast and let it work.

To preserve it.—After the yeast has risen sufficiently, add as much meal of white Indian corn as will make it stiff enough to be rolled thin; then, immediately, and before it rises a second time, roll it, and with a tea cup or wine glass, cut it into cakes, and dry them in the shade, in an airy room, or in any other good place. Turn them three or four times in the day: after they are quite dry, put them into a basket, or bag, and keep them aired and free from moisture. One of these cakes, soaked about 15 minutes in cold water, will be sufficient for two good sized loaves.

Infallible cure for the tooth ache.— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. best pale Peruvian bark finely powdered: 1 pint of old 4th proof French brandy: 1 pint of rose water: 1 pint of pure water.

Mix, and after 24 hours it is fit for use.

For severe tooth ache, add 1-4 more brandy in proportion to any given quantity of the above, which hold in the mouth 5 minutes.

The above will preserve the teeth and gums from disease, and cure when already diseased—it should be used every morning with a tooth brush.

Botts in Horses.—James Morris of Morrisiana, communicates these facts.—That he knew a farmer of 40 years experience who told him he never lost a horse with the botts, although one of the most extensive breeders in the country—his practice was to give his horses while in the stable each a handful of salt per week. This practice J. M. says, he has followed for 28 years, and has not at that time had a horse affected by the botts.

Cows overeaten.—A dram glass of spirit of turpentine in

half a pint of new milk, is a remedy for cows which have overeaten clover.

BOTANICAL AND AGRICULTURAL MEMORANDA.

Insects on Trees.—A gentleman in Essex, Eng. having in his orchard many old worn-out apple trees which produced fruit scarcely larger than a walnut, last winter took fresh-made lime from the kiln, slacked it with water, and well dressed the trees with a brush. The result was, that the insects and moss were completely destroyed, the outer rind fell off; a new, smooth, clear one was formed, and the trees, although some of them are twenty years old, have now a most healthy appearance.

LAMBS.

The first care of them is to see whether they can come at the teat; and if not to clip away the wool of the ewes which hinders them, and also all the tags of wool on the udders of the ewes, which the lambs are liable to take hold of instead of the teats.

If the ewe refuse to let her lamb suck, she and her lamb should be shut up together in a close place, till she grow fond of him. For this purpose, some say that surprising a sheep with a dog will be effectual.

Care should be taken to feed the ewes plentifully after yeaning, and with some juicy kind of food, so that the lambs may not fail in having plenty of milk. The rams may be altered at any time from one to three weeks old, if they appear to be well and strong.

They should not be weaned till they are six weeks, or two months old. At this age they should be taken from the ewes, and have the best of pasture during the first fortnight; by the end of which time they will be so naturalized to living wholly upon grass, that they may be turned into a poorer pasture.

The worst woolled lambs, and coloured ones, and those that are small, should be destined to the knife, and not weaned. So great is the need of increasing the manufacture of woollen in this country, that I must earnestly recommend it to the farmers, not to kill, or sell for killing, any lamb, till it is near half a year old, or till the wool become to such fulness of growth, as to be valuable for

spinning. To kill them earlier is so wasteful a practice as to be inexcusable.

Those ewe lambs which are kept for stock, should not come at the rams : For if they have lambs at a year old it stunts them in their growth ; and they have so little milk, that their lambs die for want of nourishment. Or if they chance to live, they will be apt to be always small. This practice is one reason why our breed of sheep in this country is so poor.

The largest lambs should be sheared at the time of the new moon in July. Their fleeces will yield as much the next year, and the wool will be better, and as cold storms rarely happen at that time of the year, the lambs will do better without their fleeces than with them.

Deane's N. E. Farmer.

TO DESTROY WORMS ON FRUIT TREES.

Take a half inch auger or bit and bore to the centre of every tree ; then by means of a paper tube, fill the hole with SULPHUR, crowd it in with a small ramrod ; then cut out a green limb from the same tree, and plug the hole. It will not require more than two table spoonfulls of sulphur for each tree, and in forty eight hours the worms will leave the remotest branches. This process will also be beneficial for young fruit trees, even when not troubled with worms. It renders them more thirsty. This process has been found infallible.

FATTING SWINE.

A writer says, sour food is the most grateful and airmen-tary to swine. One gallon of sour wash goes farther than two of sweet.—Dry rotten wood should be constantly in the pens, that the hogs when confined for fatting, may eat it at pleasure. Nature points out this absorbent as a re-medy, or preventive. They will leave their food to de-vour the rotten wood when they require it. I have not lost a fatting hog for more than 30 years, when I used it, but have suffered greatly by neglecting it. Some of my neig-hbours met with frequent losses of fatting hogs, till I infor-med them of my practice ; of which I was told by a wo-man from East-Jersey, before our revolutionary war. She said, it was then known and practiced there.

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The writer adds, we have three blacksmiths in this town ; and my hogs eat up all the ashes or cinders they make ; we haul into the pens by cart loads ; and the hogs will, as you observe of the rotten wood, devour this at times with more avidity than their ordinary food.

TO MAKE RASPBERRY WINE.

One gallon of raspberry juice to one gallon of rum or gin. It is sweetened to the taste of those who make it. Should it not fine, put a little milk to it, and it will fine down.

CIVIL LIST OF UPPER CANADA.

PRESENT LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

His Excellency Major General SIR PEGREIGNE MAITLAND, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath; Knight of the Russian Order of St. George; and of the Order of William in the Netherlands, &c. &c. &c.

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary, MAJOR HILLIER, 74th Reg't.

GOVERNMENT OFFICERS.

EDWARD M'MAHON, Esquire, *Chief Clerk,*
Thomas Fitzgerald, and } *Clerks.*
John Lyon, Esquires,
Office Keeper and Messenger,
ISAAC PILKINGTON.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The Hon. W. D. POWELL, *Chief Justice, Speaker.*

The Right Hon. & Rev. JACOB, *LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC.*

The Hon. JAMES BABY,	The Hon. GEORGE CROOKSHANK,
JOHN M'GILL,	& Rev. J. STRACHAN, D. D.
THOMAS TALBOT,	ANGUS MACKINTOSH,
WILLIAM CLAUS,	JOSEPH WELLS,
THOMAS CLARK,	DUNCAN CAMERON,
WILLIAM DICKSON,	GEORGE H. MARSHALL,
NEIL M'LEAN,	JOHN H. DUNN.

JOHN POWELL, Esq. *Clerk,*

The Rev. WILLIAM MACAULAY, — *Chaplain,*

D'ARCY BOULTON, Jun'r. Esquire, — *Master in Chancery, attending
the Legislative Council.*

WILLIAM LEE, Esquire, — *Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.*

MUCH CABRAL, — *Door Keeper.*

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY AND OFFICERS.

MEMBERS	FOR, WHAT PLACE	RESIDENCE..
Atkinson, James	Frontenac,	Kingston.
Burnham, Zeccheus	Northumberland,	Amherst.
Beardsley, B. C.	Lincoln,	Niagara.
Burke, Geo. Thew	Carlton,	Perth.
Beeasley, Richard	Halton,	Hamilton.
Bidwell, M. S.	Lennox & Addington,	Bath
Boulton, G. S.	* Durham,	Cobourg.
Clark, John	Lincoln,	St. Catharines.
Cameren, Duncan	Glengary,	Easteru District
Coleman, Thomas	Hastings,	Belville.
Chrysler, John	Dundas,	Chrysler's Farm.
Cunning, John.	Town of Kingston,	Kingston.
Gordon, James.	Kent,	Amherstburgh.
Hamilton, George	Wentworth,	Hamilton.
Morner, Thomas.	Oxford,	Burford.
Ingersoll, Charles.	Oxford,	Oxford.
Jones, Jonas	Grenville,	Brockville.
Jones, Charles.	Leeds,	Brockville.
Jones, David	Leeds,	Brockville.
Lyons, James.	† Northumberland.	Carrying Place.
Lafferty, John J.	Lincoln,	Stamford.
McLean, Archibald	Stormont,	Cornwall.
Morris, Wm.	Ianark,	Perth.
McDonell, Alex.	Glengary,	Eastern District.
McCall, Duncan	Norfolk,	London District.
Matthews, John	Middlesex,	Lotbo.
McDonald, Donald	Prestcott & Russell,	Ottawa.
McBride, Edward	Town of Niagara,	Niagara.
Peterson, Paul.	Princes Edward,	Hallowell.
Perry, Peter	Lennox & Addington,	Yonge Street.
Praytor, Ely	York & Simcoe,	
Robinson, John B.	Town of York,	York.
Randal, Robert	Lincoln,	Queension.
Roliph, John	Middlesex,	Victoria.
Sealock, Wm.	Halton,	Dundas.
Thomson, Hugh C.	Frontenac,	Kingston.

* Disputed by C. Folbergill.

+ Disputed by B. Ewing.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY AND OFFICERS.

MEMBERS	FOR WHAT PLACE	RESIDENCE.
Thompson, Wm.	York & Simcoe,	Toronto.
Vancouver, P.	Stormont,	Cornwall.
Walsh, F. L.	Norfolk,	Vittoria.
White, Reuben	Hastings,	Belville.
Wilson, James	Prince Edward,	Hallowell.
Wilson John	Wentworth,	Saltfleet.
Walker, Hamilton	Grenville,	Prescott.
Wilkins, Alexander	Esees,	Western Districts.

Grant Powell, Esquire, — Clerk.

The Rev. Robert Addison, — Chaplain.

Samuel P. Jarvis, Esquire, — Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Mr. Alan McNabb, — Sergeant at Arms.

William Knott, — Door Keeper.

John Hunter, — Messenger.

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Hon. William Dummer Powell, Chief Justice, — Chairman.

The Right Rev. Jacob, Lord Bishop of Quebec,

The Hon. James Baby, — The Hon. & Rev. Dr J. Strachan,

Samuel Smith, — William Claus,

G. H. Markland, — P. Robinson.

John Small, Esquire, Clerk of the Council.

John Beikie, Esquire, Deputy Clerk of the Council.

Mr. George Savage, } Clerks in the Council Office.

Mr. William Lee,

Hugh Carfne, — Door Keeper and Messenger.

Sarah Lancaster, — House Keeper.

The regular Land Council Days for the year 1825 are,

January,	5 and 19	July,	6 and 20
February,	2 and 16	August,	3, 17 & 31
March,	2, 16 & 30	September,	14 and 28
April,	13 and 27	October,	12 and 26
May,	11 and 25	November,	9 and 23
June,	8 and 23	December,	7 and 21

Upper Canada has at present 11 Districts; 24 Counties; 260 Townships; and, 150,000 Inhabitants, at the Lowest estimation; exclusive of Indians, Strangers, and the Army and Navy. She has also 56 Regiments of Militia, mustering 30,000 strong.

For further particulars respecting the past and present state of the Country, and for a detailed account of its resources, and every minutiae respecting it, the reader is referred to the "YORK ALMANAC, AND ROYAL CALENDAR OF UPPER CANADA, FOR THE YEAR 1825."

No. I.

TABLE of Interest at 6 per Cent.

	Week.	Month.	3 Months.	6 Months.	1 Year.
Shillings.	s. d. q.	s. d. q.	s. d. q.	s. d. q.	s. d. q.
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 2
3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 3
4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 3	0 0 4
5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 3	0 0 5
6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 3	0 0 6
7	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 7
8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 8
9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 9
10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 10
Pounds.					
1	0 0 1	0 1 0	0 3 0	0 8 2	0 1 2 0
2	0 0 2	0 2 0	0 6 0	0 1 7	0 2 4 0
3	0 0 3	0 3 0	0 9 0	0 1 10	0 3 7 0
4	0 1 0	0 4 0	1 2 0	0 2 4	0 4 9 0
5	0 1 2	0 5 0	1 6 0	0 3 3	0 5 6 0
6	0 1 3	0 6 0	1 9 0	0 3 7	0 6 2 0
7	0 2 0	0 8 0	2 1 0	0 4 9	0 7 4 0
8	0 2 1	0 9 0	2 4 0	0 4 9	0 7 9 0
9	0 2 2	0 9 0	2 8 0	0 5 4	0 8 7 0
10	0 3 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	0 6 0	0 9 0 0
Tens of Pounds.					
20	£ 0 0 0	£ 0 0 0	£ 0 0 0	£ 0 0 0	£ 0 0 0
30	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 12	0 0 16
40	0 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 4	0 0 12	0 0 18
50	0 0 1	0 0 8	0 0 6	0 0 18	0 0 24
60	0 0 1	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 18	0 0 24
70	0 0 1	0 0 9	0 0 7	0 0 18	0 0 24
80	0 0 2	0 0 0	0 0 8	0 0 14	0 0 18
90	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 9	0 0 17	0 0 24
100	0 0 2	0 0 6	0 0 10	0 0 20	0 0 30
1000	1 5 0	5 0 0	16 0	30 0	40 0

No. II.

A TABLE of Discount Per Cent.

2 1-2 per cent.	in 0m. 6d. in 17 1-2 per cent.	in 35 6d. in 2 1-2
5	1 0	1 0
6	1 6	2 2
7 1-2	2 0	2 6
10	2 6	3 7
12 1-2	3 0	4 8
15	3 6	5 8

