# THE DAILY KLONDIKE NUGGET.

DAWSON, Y. T., TUESDAY, JULY 31, 1900.

VOL. 1 No. 175



companies, as they have left here many times with a full load ot passengers, while the larger boats have gone out in numerous instances practically deserted.

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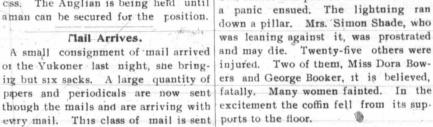
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Y. R. R.

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The next card will probably be played . .THE ....



every mail. This class of mail is sent ports to the floor. though from outside points at one-half a ent per pound. Local news dealers an taking advantage of this, consequently the mails and postoffice are criwded with heavy packages.

A Treat for Smokers.

#### Alaskan Tragedies.

Tacoma, Wash., July 20.- News of and prompt is the telegraph service upwards of 20 deaths lately near the that within half an hour after the obserdeltas of the mouth of the Yukon river, vations the 97 offices in Canada and Alaska, were brought down by the the United States that exchange resteamer Sequoia and the transport An-

communications daily by telegraph, at 8 a. m. and at 8 p. m. in Washington and Toronto and at 5 a. m. and 5 p. m.

in Victoria and the Coast. So efficient

read to him by Clerk McDonald and he

PRICE 25 CENTS

The case of Alxander King, who shot and killed Herbert Davenport on the 15th inst., on the Yukon near White river, was called next. King stated when arraigned some days ago that he had no friends to pay an attorney and the court has appointed Attorney Davie for the defense. At the time of his arraignment King plead self-defense in answer to the charge of murder, but the





the relentless governmental grasp and there it stays, the grasp tightening as day succeeds day until this particular section of the Dominton is, as we see it at present, a crushed, law-oppressed, tax-ridden spot on the face of a country privileges-and everywhere with the that has the general reputation of being prosperous. Is it any wonder the Dominion is, to quote Lord Minto's words to the closing parliament, "In a buoyant condition?" Is it to be wondered at that there is a surprise of \$8,000,000 in the treasury? Take the contributions of the Klondike for the past three years from that surplus of \$8,000,000 and what would be left?

To the remainder of Canada and the outside world, the telegram elsewhere published in this paper will doubtless smack of prosperity of the most bril liant order, but to the people of the Klondike, the intrepid frontiersmen who discovered and developed the country, which discovery and development has made possible an \$8,000,000 surplus, that surplus represents just that amount of blood money.

THE WILY CHINESE.

It will be noticed that nearly all the late .news from China that has given even a ray of hope that the legations at Pekin, with their inmates, have not all been destroyed, has come by way of the result is that the foreigner would Shanghai. If what Dr. James B. Angell, an ex-minister to China, recently ploration, and if a grant was secured, stated in University hall in Ann Arbor, Mich., is true, and there is no good familiarity with the business.-Ex. reason for gainsaying the statement, but little credence can be put in telegrams coming from Shanghai. Dr. Angell said :

"You need not believe any telegrams

sent, must reckon with the vested rights of the native miners, with the holders of surface rights, and, north of the great wall, with the feudal princes -all of whom have some direct mining governing officials. Coal and iron mining by natives is carried on in reality without imperial notice or disapproval, but the metal mining (principally precious metlas), has often been checked, and sometimes carried on under imperial supervision.

After the war the door to concessions was more or less opened, but as time goes on it is gradually swinging closer shut, and the terms given more tightly drawn, until the present "regulations" (framed in June, 1899), regarding for-

eign participation in mining, were formulated. They are usually considered more or less in the light of obstructive tactics, and no foreigners have applied yet under them. In substance they necessitate :

1. That all companies must be at least one-halt Chinese,

The administration must be entirely Chinese, foreigners participating only in technical capacities.

Instead of the large areas formerly 3. given, each concession is practically limited to one mine. Officials of the district must report favorably on the mine and company before charter is granted.

4. The government requires 25 per cent profits as royalty.

As the Chinese have little capital for such venturesome business as mining, have to furnish all the capital for exwould hold it subject to an administration whose smallest weakness is un-

When in town, stop at the Regina.

Why buy an inferior cigar when you can get the famous Needles Cigar, guar-anteed Havana filled, for the same money, to all dealers. crt.

trom Shanghai unless they are author-ized by somebody in whom you can sundries at the Pioneer Drug Store.

canyon were cross currents that made it hard to swing the craft off a rocky point, straight ahead, into the channel below, and it was in sheering off to avoid smashing head on, and to get into the second canyon that the smash came on the rail. Just below this point I got a picture of the steamer hurrying along the boiling surface of the water between the rock walls, reaching high above the highest deck. I would not take \$200 for the negative. Just below that point the steamer passed where she had no more than ten feet latitude on either side.

"The other parts of the canyon and the Whitehorse rapids were run without, incident. Col. . Williams, of Texas, owner of the steamer, and others, numbering 35, were aboard."-Alaskan.

#### Notice.

issued the following :

main.



The warmest and most comfortable. hotel in Dawson is at the Regina,

Shoff, the Dawson Dog Doctor, Pioneer Drug Store.

Painters and Decorators. Marking brushes; white lead, in one one-pound cans, all kinds of stains in small tins. Anderson Bros., Second street. crt Next to Holborn Cafe.

No better in Dawson for home comfort and cleanliness Quilts, Etc. Beds, \$1.00. Meals, \$1.00. Horse, Feed and Sale Stable. Saddle Horses for Hire. McLENNAN 2nd St., bet. 2nd and 3rd Aves.

Dawson

**Pillow Cases, Portieres,** 

FRONT STREET.

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Yukon Tron Works

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J. FLANNERY.

## THE DAILY KLONDIKE NUGGET: DAWSON, Y. T., TUESDAY, JULY 31, 1900

## liament Closed.

GENERAL NEWS OF GANADA.

# Surplus in Treasury.

Ottawa, July 17.-The close of the session for 1900 of the Canadian parliament, which takes place next week, marks the end of the longest parliamentary session, with but one exception, since the time of confederation 33 years ago. In all probabliity it will be the last session of the present parliament, which would expire a year hence in due course, it not sooner dissolved, before the electorate of the Dominion are again called upon to choose a new house of commons. Whether the gen eral elections will be held this year or the next is, just now, a profound secret among the members of the cabinet, and even the government supporters in parliament are not yet taken into the ministerial confidence on this subject. It is generally expected, however, that before the time arrives for waging the electoral battle in the United States, the fate of the present Canadian administration will have been decided at the polls.

Five sessions of the present parliament have been held within four years, and the work performed in them by the government is now in the judgment of the country.' During that time 37 byeelections in different parts of Canada have been held, in which the opposition have lost several seats held by them in 1896, while the government have successfully retained all of their own. This is regarded as plainly indicative of the continued confidence of the country in the Laurier administration, and an assurance of its successful return to power at the ensuing appeal to the country, come when it may. The most cordial friend of the government cannot say that mistakes have not been made, but it is claimed that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has, on the whole, fulfilled the trust reposed in him by the people of Canada in a manner that should entitle him to a renewal of their confidence. A brief retrospect of the past four

years of Liberal government in Canada cannot fail to impress any unprejudiced and nonpartisan observer that Laurier in the paper trade of Great Brtiain, are has given the country a clean and progresive administration. Industry, 11 every department of human activity in who is chief editor and proprietor of around the southern end of Lake Baikal the Dominion has been energized. The a dozen journals published in the in and half of the time now consumed in country's development has been wonder- terests of the British paper trade. The carrying the trains across by ferry will fully facilitated. Inmigration has party sailed from Liverpool on the 30th be saved. The line between Stretensk, flowed in with a steadiness and volume of May last. Up to the present they east of the lake, and Vladivostok is to hitherto unknown. The name of Can- have conducted their investigations in be completed in a year, and this all ada, sound familiar to the people of the Washington, Boston, Niagara Falls, miles long. mother country and has been given a Chicago, St. Paul and other American the line in East China, 648 miles long, new significance to those of the other points. nations of the world. Never in Canadian history has the prosperity of the vestigate processes and types of macountry touched so high a mark, and chinery at present employed in Amerinever have its prospects seemed brighter. can and Canadian mills, also to inspect rail from Havre via Paris, Berlin, War-The surplus revenue over expenditure the Canadian pulp mills, water powers has never been so large as that shown and timber limits. Many of the Brit- thence on to Vladivostok will be 7330 in the statement just published by the ish mills are running entirely on Canfinance department, in which a surplus adian wood pulp, which is fast displac- road has been fully completed the jouris announced of over \$8,000,000 for the ing the Scandinavian product, tormerly fiscal year ending June 30 last. approval by parliament of the govern- red. Great interest has therefore been ment's action in contributing military aroused in Great Britain in the possiaid to Great Britain in South Africa; bilities of the Canadian pulp, and it is sion, and Canada has yet to grasp the ation upon their return home. sensibilities of the other. had an appeal to the country been made capitalize a company in Great Btitain We fit glasses. Pioneer drug store.

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Dominion, also, are pretty evenly di- to torm another Canadian trans-contiided but the government will now nental route. It is also stated upon have to meet the new conditions arising good authority that the object which out of Canada''s participation in the Sir Charles Tupper had in view when war. It also failed to secure the repeal he suddenly left Canada a few days ago, Extraordinarily Long Session of Par- of the Conservative gerrymander acts, and before the prorogation of parliaowing to the preponderance of Conserva- ment, was in connection with this new tives in the senate, and consequently scheme. As Sir Charles is known to this great advantage is retained by the have a feeling of paternal solicitude for opposition. The Conservative plan of the welfare of the Canadian Pacific rail-Indications That the Next Elections campaign is simple. In the province way, it is said that his mission to Eng-Will Be Hotly Contested Heavy of Quebec the government is to be at land at this time is to oppose the captacked on the ground that it is in favor italization of the new company, being of imperial federation, while in the assured that Canada cannot support two other provinces it is to be assailed as great inter-oceanic railways.

disloyal because the premier is a French-Canadian, the majority of whom are anti-British and opposed to imperialism. There can be no doubt that the loyalty cry will carry much weight, and it will require all the prestige of the government and the advantage of being in power and in control of public expenditures to counteract its influence

The governor general, Lord Minto, ccompanied by a party from governnent house, intends visiting the western portion of Canada and will extend ais trip into the Yukon territory. Lord Minto will leave Ottawa immediately fter the prorogation of parliament. It is nearly a quarter of a century since Lord Dufferin made his memorable trip o Manitoba, and almost two decades have elapsed since the time when his mmediate successor, the Marquis of orne, journeyed to the Pacific coast/ To reach Manitoba Lord Dufferin was then compelled to travel through United States territory, arriving at Winnipeg by the now abandoned Red river sternwheel steamboat. Lord Minto will make the trip between. Ottawa and Winnipeg in less than two days, with every comfort and through Canadian territory, and, unlike Lord Lorne's overland trip from Winnipeg by wagon, which occupied several weeks, he will reach a prosperous city on the Pacific, which had no existence in Lorne's time, in about two days more. Lord Minto, indeed, will find less inconvenience now in reaching the sub-Arctic country of the Yukon than Lord Lorne encountered when on his expedition from Winnipeg to the Pacific 19 years From Vancouver the governor 820. general and party will be taken to Victoria by a warship. Leaving Victoria about Aug. 12, they will take passage fo: Skagway on the Dominion government steamer Quadra, and thence by rail to the Yukon river.

geatlemen, representing vast interests years. A part of the track now in use visiting this part of the Dominion. ing greater speed possible. The road The party is in charge of S. C. Phillips, will be completed for the 156 miles as never before, has become a New York, Philadelphia, Wilmington, rail route by water and rail is 1905 The object of the delegation is to inthe staple article. The Candaian pulp in ten days, and that \$160 will buy a The past session has been an eventful is longer and much stronger than the first-class ticket from London to Shangone. Its principal features were the Scandinavian, and consequently prefer- hai." the declaration of the increase from 25 stated that a large amount of capital the Transvaal war. This, says the New to 33 1 3 per cent in the preference will soon be invested in the industry in York Herald, is the largest lump sum upon British goods imported into Can- this country by the British manufac- that has ever been offered by a pubada; the admission of Canadian securi- turers. There has been a big boom in lisher to an author. When Lord Macauties to the English trustee list; the en- the British paper trade during the last lay received £20,000, or \$100,000, as a actment of several important measures, eight months, so great in fact that sev- first payment for his "History of Engincluding the equal wage resloution, eral of the mills could not supply the land" he recorded it in his diary as the conciliation act and the Chinese re- demand and were brought to a tem- what we now call the "record" amount striction bill, all designed to meet the porary standstill for want of material, ever paid by a publisher to an author reasonable demands of labor; the voting which it is now learned Canada can on half year account. That record, of large appropriations for public works, abundantly provide. Several of the however, was beaten in the United and particularimy for the improve- delegates state that they have their eyes States when Mark Twain's publishing ment of the internal transport system on tempting waterpowers and timber house handed over to General Grant's of Canada. It was distinctly a war ses- limits which will bear serious consider- widow a quarter of a million dollars as full measure of the services rendered by A new trans-continental railway pro of "Grant's Memoirs." It is probable Sir Wilfrid Laurier to the cause of Can- ject is now being actively promoted in that the total amount of royalty paid adian nationality during the past year. Canada. The new schemeris being de- up to date to the heirs of Macaulay and The people do not yet fully compre. veloped by Messrs. Mackenzie and of Grant approach or even exceed the hend the difficulties which confronted Mann, the well known railway magnates half million offered to General Roberts the government, and which Sir Wilfrid of the Dominion, whereby they propose Nevertheless, as a lump sum promised Laurier overcame, during the national to capitalize a company to connect all in advance of publication, the offer to crisis last fall, when the demand went their railroads with the object of hav- General Roberts beats all records in up for the intervention of Canada in the ing a second route across Canada to the literary history. mother country's quarrel, No other Pacific coast. Both Mackenzie and Canadian held the confidence of both Mann have been in England for some the Regina. races in the Dominion so unquestion time and they have been there for a ingly as to have enabled him to meet purpose. These two men own many the demands of one without hurting the small railroads in Canada, which strtech across the continent like sepa-There is a greater element of uncer- rate links in a chain that might easily tainty in the outcome of the general be connected. It is said that they elections for the government now than have at present a well-matured plan to

last year Both political parties in the and by connecting these small railways

#### Transportation to China.

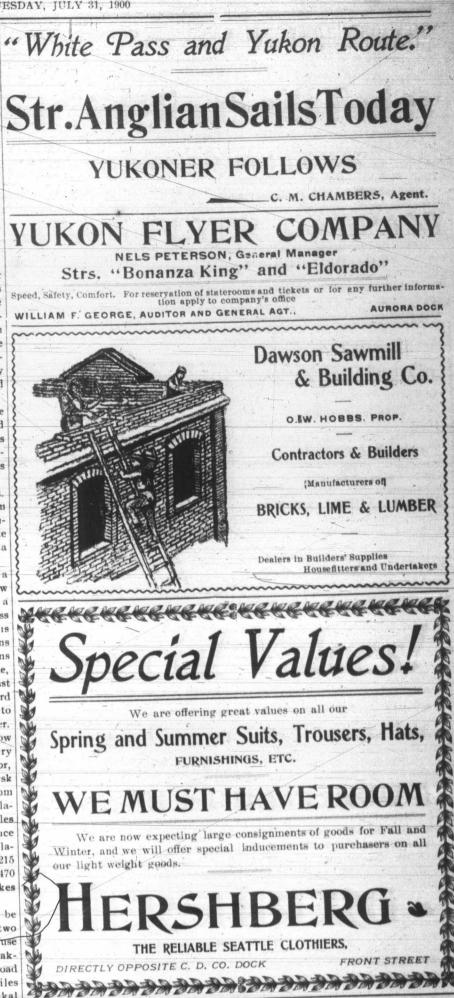
The present trouble in China or rather an indication of it some months ago, brought up a discussion of the urgent necessity of completing the trans-Siberian railroad. The work has been rushed with all possible speed with the result that at the present time the Atlantic is connected with the Pacific by an all-steam route across Europe and Asia.

The completion of this route, while not including the trans-Siberian road as far as it will, be constructed, it is commented upon, will be used by European powers in transporting armies into China.

An English . journal published at St. Petersburg, which has just arrived from the Orient, furnishes the following information concerning the new route which, it is said, is destined to play a great part in the foreshadowed war:

'The Russian railroad system has a ine from St. Petersburg via Moscow and Nishni-Novgorod to Chiliabinsk, a town in Siberia reached through a pass in the Ural mountains. From this town the trans-Siberan railroad runs to Irkutsk near Lake Baikal. Trains are now carried by ferry across the lake, a dis ance of 40 miles. From the east shore the railroad continues toward Vladivostok. It has been completed to Stretensk, a town on the Schilka river. There passengers and freight are now transferred to steamers which carry them down the Schilka and the Amoor, a distance of 1430 miles, to Khabarovsk on the borders of Manchuria. From this place the railroad is built to Vladivostok on the Japan sea, 475 miles from Khabarovsk. The whole distance across Siberia from Chilabinsk to Vladivostok is 4685 miles, of which 3215 miles are now traveled by rail and 1470 by water. At present the trip takes about 17 days. "'It is expected that the time will be

A large and influential delegation of largely reduced within the next two will be relaid with heavier rails, mak-There will be a branch of ending at Port Arthur.



DON'T BE SHY

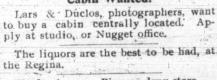
"With its various branches now under construction, the trans-Siberian railroad will be 5490 miles. The distance by saw and Moscow to Chiliabinsk and miles. It is expected that when the ney from ocean to ocean will be made

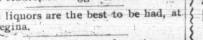
### A Big Offer.

A London publishing firm has offered Lord Roberts \$500,000 for a history of the first copyright returns from the sale

Best imported wines and liquors at

#### Cabin Wanted.





10





Many Members of Party Go Equipped for Prospecting and Against Attacks From Snakes.

on the Klondike Corporation's steamer Flora last night on the excursion to the head of navigation on Stewart river, the first trip of the kind on that river ever attempted. The steamer was billed to sail at 8 o'clock, but owing to her having to undergo inspection, it was 9 o'clock before her gangplank was hauled in and Capt. Martineau pointed the nose of his intrepid little craft up the Yukon.

A number of those who were aboardevidently intend to drop off and spend some time in prospecting, returning at their own sweet will, as 11 small boats were taken along. Another evidence that a number of them intend delving into the deep, dark, damp and dangerous paths of the practically unknown country is the fact that a large amount of liquid serpent bite antidote was taken along. The steamer was well provisioned, Agent Calderhead being solicitous for the comfort of the excursionists, and there is every reason to believe that those who are so fortunate as to be included in the party will have the most delightful outing of the season. The steamer is expected to return in about a week. Those who availed themselves of the privilege of viewing the Stewart from a steamer's deck, of hunting and fishing to their heart's content and possibly of locating mineral claims that may make millionaires of them are :

A. Lameram, L. Benoit, E. F. Chrisensen, Paul Fisher, J. C. Donahoe, J. O. Cogsgrieff, J. A. McMillan, Fred Hosler, R. B. Harn, J. Dooner, G. H. Kincaid, H. Rasberg, J. W. Chisholm, J. A. Stewart, D. Verwaerde, Harry Jones, C. Leuders, L. Rudolph, W. H. B. Lyons, F. Runkler, M. D. F. Yates, son, W. A. Ryan and Geo. M. Allen.

#### The Athletic Association.

The meeting of the Dawson Athletic Asociation last evening was not very largely attended, although the membership rolls which have been circulated during the past week showed a very heavy increase in membership, as over 300 names were presented.

The secretary, Mr. Young, was con-fined to his bed by filness, and the acting chairman, Dr. Wilcoxon, was unplaced in the chair. The committee on constitution and by-laws presented a working draft of its work which was adopted without change. Owing to the fact that a permanent president and other officers, under the constitution must be selected from the hoard of directors which consists of ten members, yet to be elected, further work in this direction was postponed.

It being understood that some athletic sports were to be inaugurated 'at the coming reception of the governor gen-

eral, a committee of three, consisting of Dougherty, Watson and McDermott, with Mi. Young as an assistant committeeman, was sppointed on ways and means, and among other things will call upon the officials having in charge the reception and tender co operation, as it was deemed to be the appropriate thing to suggest that the new associa-tion should be given charge of the athletics. athletics.

This evening the pu be privileged in witnessing the old war horse Frank P. Slavin, in his war paint, doing battle for the scalp of Billy Man-sen, another of Australia's well-recommended boxers, and who carries with him a long list of successful engagements from that country. Those attend-ing the Slavin-Perkins contest were satified to a man that both contestants were out for the purse, and they enjoyed an animated and determined battle. The contest this evening promises to excel the previous one, as Slavin has taken upon himself to stop Manson in six rounds, and to attain this object Frank has to get going at the commencement of the bout, as Manson's record places him in the ranks of the most prominent boxers in Australia. As was published in a previous issue, the conditions of the contest are : Frank P. Slavin engages to stop Billy Manson inside of six rounds, the winner to take

