

The Wesleyan

185

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MISSIONARY MEETINGS.

A series of Missionary Meetings, has been held during the past week in connection with the Methodist Church in Ber-
muda. The first meeting was held in the Methodist Church, on Monday evening, Mr. E. Bell in the chair. Every available spot in the building was packed, and the doorway and round the windows were all taken up by attentive hearers. The church presented a most attractive appearance. It was very tastefully decorated with rich bouquets of flowers and suitable Scripture verses such as the grace of every hand.

The speakers, Rev. W. C. Brown and Mr. M. Fisher, and Mr. H. G. Atwood, presented themselves well, and were highly appreciated. The choir sang some suitable pieces. The collection was in excess of last year. This was a most interesting series of meetings. The attendance was good and the meetings exceedingly interesting. The floral arrangements were tasteful and much partaking. The notes of the meetings, the object and spirit of the meetings.

The speakers on the occasion were Rev. W. C. Brown, R. E. James, J. Cassidy, J. M. Fisher, G. M. Tyler, and A. M. Oudney, Esq. John Barnett, Esq., M. C. P., occupied the chair.

The addresses for variety and excellence could not well be surpassed. Where all did so well it would be a difficult task, and perhaps invincible to speak of any one in particular.

The choir under the management of Mr. Jones, sang some pieces with fine taste. The collection was good, though not up to that of last year. The meetings closed with doxology and benediction.

Wednesday evening we found ourselves at the Dock Yard. The meeting was held in the Theatre Royal, a capital place we should think for such a meeting—airy, commodious and well lighted. Mr. Grote took the chair and presided, with much ability. Addresses were given by Rev. Brown, Fisher, and Wason, and Mr. Carothers. Some happy selections from the beautiful Hymnal of the Methodist Church were sung by the choir, led by Atwood at the organ. This meeting passed off with much satisfaction. Among other items of interest at this service, a vote of thanks was enthusiastically and unanimously passed to Capt. Somerset for his courteous and obliging conduct in having the above building put in such excellent condition for this meeting, and the wish was earnestly expressed that he might at no distant day be Admiral Somerset.

The fourth meeting of the series was held at Somerset, on Thursday evening, A. M. Oudney, Esq., of Hamilton, presided on this occasion, with his accustomed grace and ability. Here we found ourselves in a crowded house, but relieved by a profuse floral display.

On this occasion addresses were delivered by Mr. Carothers and Rev. Brown, Wason and Fisher. This was an excellent and enthusiastic meeting. Collection equal to last year.

Port Royal—last but not least—closed the programme for the week. The meeting was held here on Friday evening.

Nothing was wanting here to make the meeting a success. An overflowing congregation, good speeches, good music, good attention, good solid chairman, Mr. Sigfus—good everything. At the Dock Yard, Somerset, and Port Royal, Rev. C. M. Tyler read the report of the state of the Missions.

We can now say as we write from our sanctum that we have seldom, if ever, attended a series of similar services that have afforded us more pleasure, and we do heartily praise the God of Missions for His mercies. "We believe He will continue His blessing upon the labours of His servants."

BERMUDA.—The meeting for the St. Georges Circuit, in connection with the above society, was held in the Wesleyan Chapel, St. Georges on Thursday evening last, the 11th inst., and proved a great success. The Chapel was crowded, a large number having come in from Hamilton and other parts of the Island, to take part in the good work. It was also very gratifying to see friends of other denominations present, who are ever anxious to promote the cause of our Divine master, and who, while they serve God according to the dictates of conscience, yet are ever ready to join hand in hand with others and go forward together under the banner of the great Captain of our Salvation and further the great work of evangelization.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Tyler (Somerset) after which, owing to the absence of J. M. Hayward, Esq., who was to have presided the chair was taken by Mr. W. D. For. An excellent programme had been drawn up, through which each speaker had a certain scope to display, and it is only just to say that it was very efficiently carried out. The chairman after a few introductory remarks first called on the Rev. W. C. Brown, St. Georges, who briefly explained the nature of the report for the past year, which was in itself very interesting and showed that a great blessing has been realized and that, therefore, is cause for deep thankfulness to God for the past, feeling assured that if we do our part faithfully and efficiently, greater blessings will yet follow. The meeting was then addressed by the Rev. Mr. Fisher, Cassidy, B. K. (Free Church of Scotland) and Wason. Mr. Billy gave a very earnest address, and spoke of the great necessity of carrying on the Mission work both at home and abroad, and also of all the members of the Church being united in the glorious work of evangelization, so that the blessed Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ would be spread and preached among all nations, thus fulfilling the Divine command, "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature."

His two Gospels of Christ, without binding the people to any ceremonialism. The Rev. Mr. Cassidy and Wason gave excellent addresses and highly aroused the audience. The Rev. Mr. Fisher, Cassidy, B. K. and Wason, gave excellent addresses and highly aroused the audience. The Rev. Mr. Fisher, Cassidy, B. K. and Wason, gave excellent addresses and highly aroused the audience.

As each speaker received his part of the choir rendered, Miss Cassidy presided at the harmonium. Before the close a grand vocal solo, "Thanks," was rendered by the choir, which, by the way, was probably the best ever heard, and reflected great credit on those who took part in the work. The collection having been taken up, the meeting was brought to a successful close by singing the Doxology and pronouncing the Benediction. I may add that the subscription list is still open.—*Bermudian.*

BURIAL SERVICES.
We are informed that the Rev. R. Wason, Wesleyan minister, during the past week, buried the child of one of the members of his church in the graveyard of Pembroke Parish, merely notifying the Sexton that a funeral was to take place, and conducting the service at the house of the parents of the deceased. The sexton's permission, in this instance, was not proper or requested, and no action was presumed, can be taken against Mr. Wason, as should like to be clearly informed as to the nature of the vested right of the Sexton in the Rectory, for the time being.—*Bermudian.*

NOTINGS FROM THE PRESS.
ACROSS THE CONTINENT.—Messrs. Jarratt and Palmer's fast train which started on Wednesday night from New York to cross the continent in 84 hours reached Chicago, a distance of 907 miles in twenty hours, and fifty-seven minutes, or at the rate of about 44 miles an hour. It reached Omaha from Chicago in eleven hours and 15 minutes, and still on time. The probabilities are that the journey to San Francisco will be accomplished in the time specified.—*Tel.*

ACADIA COLLEGE.—The Governors of this institution have appointed a committee to consider and report on the advisability of accepting the University Act and working under it. This committee includes the Rev. Dr. Cramp, President Sawyer, and Rev. Messrs. Carey, Everett, and Saunders. This committee is to report to the Baptist Convention, which meets in Sackville in the latter part of August.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S VISIT TO INDIA is likely to result in some important reforms in that country. Mr. Conway in his last letter, from London says: "At one of the Reviews in India the Prince observed an Englishman pushing a native aside from his standing place, and he in a very marked way dispatched a messenger to say that such conduct was exceedingly distasteful to him. This rebuke to the normal selfishness and intolerance of the English in India has produced an excellent effect. The Prince also gave £1,000 to the local charities of Calcutta. But more important than these incidents, perhaps, is the fact that the old restrictions placed upon women were relaxed in such a way that they can hardly be so severe hereafter. For the first time the women were liberated from the hard walls of the zenana, and were seen in open carriages, unveiled, enjoying with rapture the fireworks and other festivities. The women were given to understand that this unrecon-

dered freedom was granted at the express desire of the Prince, and he will always be regarded by them as their liberator."

A LIVERPOOL, N. S. FORGERY.—The Halifax Herald of Saturday has the following:

Frank Friend, of Liverpool, an insurance agent, and dealer in flour, about whom little is known, further than that he is an Englishman by birth, and spent some time in Montreal, has been arrested, on a charge of forgery and swagging, examination, which is to take place on Monday at Liverpool. He was introduced to Almon & Mackintosh, Bankers and brokers, last March, by an intimate friend, and stated that he had a lot of flour held by the Bank of Montreal, which he had sold to deliver. A. & M. paid the bill and shipped the flour, and Mr. Friend paid them in part by a note purporting to be drawn by W. Sargent, one of his customers, for \$275. In course of time Mr. Friend, in the ordinary way of business, sends Almon & Mackintosh a note drawn by E. C. Sackville, of Port Maitland, for \$1,225, which he asks them to discount, as he has to pay on Halifax flour for a lot of cheap flour bought by him. At the same time he writes the Halifax house to call on A. & M. for \$200, with which he instructs the former to lift a note in the Bank of Nova Scotia. The note being informally drawn was returned for collection, and the flour was then sent back, both of which were pronounced suspicious by the clerks of Messrs. Almon & Mackintosh, who verified their suspicions by opinions of experts. The Halifax house, on being interviewed, confirmed the suspicions, and a look at the note in the Bank about which Friend was so anxious, revealed the fact that it too was a forgery. The next day Mr. Sargent telegraphed that he had notice of a note which he had not made. The Liverpool authorities were corresponded with, and the party most concerned offered to pay the note, but too late, as the Deputy had arrested him. As part of the money has been paid the loss to A. & M. will be small; but the interests of the public demand that punishment be meted out to those who take to forgery and fraud of any kind.

The official Gazette contains the following appointments:

R. J. Ingraham, Sydney, C. E. to be Shipping Master for that port; Capt. D. K. Kerr, of Quebec, to be Portwarden for Montreal vice A. X. Solter, deceased; Peter DeGrace, of Shippegan, to be Harbor Master for that port.

A shipping office is established at Lunenburg, Capt. Jas. Oughton, Shipping Master.

BURGLARY AND THEFT.
At the house of Capt. Lewis Martart, of Cape Traverse, Prince Edward Island, in April last, there was stolen from the room of a poor emigrant, a nice walking stick with a broad ivory handle. Below the head, on a silver ring, were engraved two initials. Besides, in the same house, there was a trunk broken open violently twice, and the following effects were abstracted:—1st. A magnificent small Italian silver watch, valued at \$40, with a broken crystal; placed in a neat box. 2nd. Five beautiful Bavarian silver medals, valued at \$12, in a small leather bag. 3rd. Two English pocket dictionaries. 4th. One box of new steel pens. 5th. One package of wax, candles, of various colours. 6th. One box of pins. 7th. A small yellow key. 8th. One shoe buckle. 9th. A wooden box cover. The thief who stole the above effects is supposed to be in this Province. We trust the publication of the list of articles will lead to his arrest.

THE SMYRNA WHIP.—Very many years ago, when I was serving in one of H. M. ships at Smyrna, I remember my gratification at seeing the gentle method there adopted by the residents for urging on their donkeys—much employed by them in going between their country residences and their various offices and establishments—in that important mercantile town. Nor stick, nor whip, nor goad, nor spar was ever thought of, but simply a small slight iron rod, about fifteen inches long, having an "eye" on top at one end, and three or four small rings of the same metal attached thereto. These, shaken close to the animal's ear, made him again shake his ears and appendages and go ahead forthwith. Let any of your readers try the experiment with a bunch of keys at the end of a small stick, and they will feel inclined, with me, to urge the general adoption of the "Smyrna whip" throughout the length and breadth of the land.—I am, sir, yours, &c., ASHLEY LA TOUCHE, (Commander R. N.)—*Animal World.*

Temperance men, and all the friends of pure morality will rejoice that the Public Houses of Ireland are to be wholly closed henceforth on the Lord Day. A bill to that effect has passed the House of Commons by a vote of 224 to 167—although the Government opposed it. The opposition of the Government was caused by the powerful Beer interest in England. What is good for Ireland will be found to be good also for England, and we hope are long to read of the entire closing of public houses in England on the Lord's Day.—*Witness.*

IS DRUNKENNESS CURABLE?—Over one-half of all confirmed drunkards who take refuge in the Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton, are permanently cured of their morbid appetite. The official statistics of the subject which have been published, cover seven years, and a very large number of cases. This is an encouraging news for the slaves of drunkenness. Many of these slaves are utterly destitute of hope, and look on themselves as doomed. They feel that their desires are unquenchable, and that their power of resistance is wholly gone, and that forcible restraint would destroy their reason. But, yet it appears, that even though their drunken habit has become chronic, and has gone to its furthest limits, they have an even chance for getting over it, and re-entering the paths of sobriety. There is not a drunkard who needs to feel himself lost, if he has a desire to be saved.—*Binghamton Globe.*

SACKVILLE INSTITUTIONS.
From the St. John News.

There have been some very marked improvements made since last year. A fine two-story wooden building, with a French roof, known under the name of the "Academic Hall," has been erected during the past summer at a cost of about \$5000 near the Male Academy, and is now used as recitation rooms for the students of the Male Academy. The Female Academy has also been very greatly improved by the addition of a wing at one end of the building, and also of a mansard roof; additions which while they add to the appearance of the edifice, also supply a want very much felt during the past few years, viz. a want of sufficient accommodations for the pupils attending the Institution.

The attendance of pupils during the last year has been very good. I have not been able yet to procure a statement of the number of pupils in attendance at the various Institutions.

On Saturday evening the last reception of the year was held at the Ladies' Academy, and was largely attended by the pupils and the visitors present at the place. These receptions are held fortnightly throughout the year, and on such occasions the students of the College and the Male Academy are permitted to be present. Judging from the one at which I had the pleasure of attending, they are very enjoyable affairs. Music, vocal and instrumental, promoting, &c., made the two hours and a half, the time it lasted glide very quickly and pleasantly away. The reception of this year did not have the thunder and lightning accompaniment which formed such a marked feature last year.

After it was over the Eucharistic Society held its regular weekly meeting in the College building.

The Endowment fund has been growing very slowly. It is desired to raise the sum of \$200,000, and of this amount only \$60,000 has as yet been subscribed. This fund is for the purpose of supplying the place of the Government grants to the Institutions, which were removed a few years ago, upon the coming into force of the Common School Law.

Yesterday morning in the village church Rev. Robert Duncan, of St. John preached an eloquent sermon from Daniel III, 16-18. This church, which is a new one, erected on the site of the old one, is not yet quite finished; the congregation at present worshipping in the basement. It is expected to be finished in about a month or so. In the evening the anniversary sermon was preached in Lingly Hall, by the Rev. Mr. Lathern of Halifax, from Philippians 3:8—"Yea doubtless, and I count all things but loss for the excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus our Lord." Some eighteen centuries ago the most remarkable man of his age was found, not in the palace of Caesar, but in a prison. The main facts of his history are well known. He had attained high honors as a student, but just at the time

when his ambition was highest he suddenly embraced the cause of truth, and entered upon a course of suffering. Yet there was no regret, no misgiving. There is the ring of assurance in his words, when he uses the language of the text. In this affirmation we have the *Ideal and Explanation* of the Apostle's life. It was Christ, to Christ, for Christ. It was a feeling in which he delighted. In Antioch, Corinth, Athens, Rome, everywhere he had one theme, a living, glorious, exalted Saviour. The comprehensiveness of this knowledge constituted a distinctive excellence. There is no greater theme, of heaven or earth, of angels or man. On this subject angels and students concentrate their thought. In vain do we attempt to sound the depths of love divine. It is no surprise that it should engage Paul's attention. To him it was a mighty abyss. There were two abysses in his life, one of sin and one of salvation. When he had come out of the abyss of sin into that other glorious exalted state, we hear him exclaim, "O the depth of the riches both of the wisdom and knowledge of God!" There is no fear of exhausting the subject. The superiority of this knowledge of Christ to all others is a distinguishing excellency. It is a great thing to have knowledge of astronomy, but far as science has taught, we should ponder that there is a truth far more magnificent of which Christ is the centre, the sun of righteousness, the bright and morning star. It is important to have knowledge of science, but it is possible to deal with science without understanding its aim. In a place at Rome, there is a chamber, whose walls are covered with grotesque figures. All is a bewildering maze, except when viewed from one standpoint. So with regard to pursuits of science. From the Christian standpoint contrasts are harmonized and mysteries solved. Everything that is best and brightest belongs to Jesus. This knowledge is experimental and therefore satisfying. It is the knowledge of Christ my Lord. He then showed by instances that happiness was sought in vain, until sought in Christ.

In this affirmation we have the Explanation of a life not understood by the men of his own time. It was that he was willing to suffer temporary loss in order to secure a higher and more enduring happiness, just as the master of a ship is willing to cast overboard the cargo in order to save the vessel and the lives of those on board, he was willing to surrender present advantage in order to win Christ. He pressed forward to the mark, just as in the ancient games, the contestant strove to reach the goal, there to be rewarded in the presence of the assembled multitudes with the crown of victory, with the victor's wreath. So we are surrounded by clouds of witnesses. We can contend for the highest crown. In this affirmation we have the explanation of the *Self-Sacrifice* which distinguished Paul's life. In all these affections he could say, "None of these things move me." Experience often modifies our estimates of life. We know there are things mean and ignoble in themselves, which may become glorified. What we most need for the glory of God is more of this spirit, of self-sacrifice and denial, counting no sacrifice too severe for the sake of Christ. This is not limited to the Apostles life. Our greatest danger now is that we have too much concern for our own ease and comfort. Again in this affirmation we have the explanation of the distinguished *Service of Paul*—the earnestness of which was not understood by his contemporaries—but the Apostles asserted that there was room for earnestness. "The love of Christ constraineth us." In this declaration there is motive, inspiration and sober conviction. Again in this affirmation there is the explanation of the magnificent expectation of the Apostle—an expectation to depart and be with Christ, which is far better. He expected martyrdom, but he also expected coronation.

The reverend gentleman concluded his very eloquent discourse (of which the foregoing is a mere outline) by an earnest address to those present to respond to the call of Calvary, concluding by invoking the blessing, "The Lord bless you and keep you; the Lord make his face to shine upon you, and be gracious unto you; the Lord lift up his countenance upon you and give you peace."—*St. John Morning News.*

WESLEYAN ALMANAC

JUNE, 1876. Full Moon, 6 day, 8h, 22m, Afternoon. Last Quarter, 14 day, 11h, 0m, Afternoon. New Moon, 22 day, 5h, 2m, Afternoon. First Quarter, 29 day, 11h, 0m, Morning.

Table with columns for Day of Week, SUN, MOON, and RISES. Rows list days from Thursday to Friday with corresponding times for sunrise and moonrise.

THE TIDES.—The column of the Moon's Southings gives the time of high water at Parrabore, Cornwallis, Horton, Hansport, Windsor, Newport and Truro. High water at Pictou and Cape Tormentine, 2 hrs and 11 minutes LATER than at Halifax.

MOUNT ALLISON EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

CLOSE OF THE TERM. From the St. John "Morning News."

SACKVILLE, May 30. After the examinations of the Ladies' Academy yesterday were finished, the art studio in connection with this Institution was thrown open for the inspection of visitors.

A business meeting of the Alumni Society was held yesterday afternoon, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Rev. Jos. Hart, President; S. A. Chesley, A. M., Rev. George J. Bond, A. B., and R. A. Borden, A. B., Vice Presidents; R. C. Wheldon, Ph. D., Secretary and Treasurer; W. H. G. Temple, A. M., and W. H. Sinnott, Assistant Secretaries.

In the evening the annual public meeting of the Alumni and Alumna Societies was held in Lingley Hall, the chair being taken at 7.30 o'clock, by A. A. Stockton, Esq., President of the former society during the past year. The following programme was fully carried out:—

- 1. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Duncan.
2. Music—"Union Battle March." Chorus. Air by G. F. Frost.
3. Address and presentation of Alumna Prizes.
4. Essay by Miss Morse of Bridgetown, N. S.
5. Music—Homage to Verdi, 8 handed, by the Misses Worrall, Borden, Smith and Hallett.
6. Oration by Thomas B. Flint, Esq., of Yarmouth, N. S. Subject—"The legal element in its relation to the state."
7. Music—"March on spring time," by Mount Allison Glee Club.
8. Presentation of Alumni honors and scholarship.
9. Music—Piano duet by the Misses Worrall and Hallett.

Miss Morse delivered an excellently written essay on the subject of "Bubbles," showing by many illustrations the folly of men seeking after such bubbles as riches, etc., and expecting to find in them happiness, while they neglected the true riches and honor within their reach.

After the oration the Attorney General moved, in a happy speech in which he recalled the memories of the time when he was a student at Mount Allison, that the thanks of the audience be tendered to the orator and essayist. A vote of thanks

was also given to Prof. Sterne and the Choir—this motion being made by Dr. Weldon.

Miss Witter of Canning, N. S., was the winner of the natural science prize, and Miss Oulton, of the Mathematical prize, both of which was offered by the Alumna Society, and were presented to the successful candidates by its President. The classical scholarship offered by the Alumnae was awarded to George A. Huestis, of Wallace, N. S., and a certificate of life membership in the Society was presented to Wm. A. Bennett, of Newport, N. S.

Perhaps the most agreeable feature in the whole of the exercises was the Alumni and Alumnae supper held in one of the lecture rooms of the College immediately after the close of the public meeting, at which about seventy ladies and gentlemen were present. Several sentiments were proposed, and were responded to by several of the gentlemen present, and the midnight hour had passed ere this pleasant gathering dispersed.

The following is the programme of the exercises held in Lingley Hall this morning:

- Devotional Exercises.....Rev. C. Stewart, D.D.
Spring Song Chorus.....Frost.
Salutatory Addresses (Latin).....Frost.
.....Mr. Frank H. Tuck.
MUSIC.
Wedding March, Mendelssohn (8 hands).....Miss Stewart, Miss Marshall, Miss Fisher, Miss Davis.
ESSAYS BY YOUNG LADIES—GRADUATING CLASS.
1. My Casket of Gems.....Miss Jesse B. Troop.
2. Why?.....Miss M. L. Witter.
3. Always Learning.....Miss S. M. Tuttle.

ORATIONS BY COLLEGE GRADUATING CLASS.
1. The World prepared for Christianity.....Mr. C. W. Swallow.
2. The Prince of Poets.....Mr. W. A. Bennett.

REPORTS, CONFERRING DEGREES, ANNOUNCEMENT OF PRIZES, &c.

MUSIC.
The Wanderer, Solo, Schubert.....Prof. Sterne.
MASTER'S ORATIONS.
The College Question.....S. A. Chesley, A. M.
Hallelujah, Chorus.....Hallett.

REPRODUCTION.
The Salutatory addresses, essays and orations were all good productions, and reflected great credit, not only upon those by whom they were delivered, but also upon the institutions in which the pupils have been trained.

Prof. Inch reported the whole number of pupils in attendance at the Ladies' Academy during the past year to be 86. The work done in this Academy has been fully equal to that done in past years. In the department of music, drawing and painting, however, special advancement has been made, chiefly owing to the increased facilities for carrying on the work, by the improvements on the building spoken of before. Double the number of students can now be accommodated, and the Principal looks forward in hopeful anticipation of a much larger attendance in the future.

The standing of the young ladies last year speak well for its excellence. There are no less than 14 in the first rank, ranging from 750 to 875. The excellence of the paintings on exhibition in the Art Gallery has already been referred to, but our account would be incomplete were we to omit to notice the very superior music, which under the superintendence of Prof. Sterne, formed such a prominent and pleasing feature both in the exercises of last night and this morning. Mr. E. Peiler, of St. John offered two prizes in this branch, and Prof. Sterne added a third. These prizes, which were presented to-day by Mr. Peiler, were won as follows:—1st, Miss Louise Worrall; 2nd, Miss Annie Smith, and 3rd, Miss Hallett. The prize singing was won by Miss McKay.

Last year Dr. Ring offered a gold medal for competition between the two Academies, to be awarded to the pupil passing the best examination in the English branches. This year Henry A. Anstett, Esq., M. P. P., gave the medal, the competition being in the same branches. The medal was won last year by one of the ladies, but this year by one of the students of the Male Academy, O. C. Campbell, of Sackville, to whom it was presented in a neat speech by G. W. Burbridge, Esq. One of the ladies, however, Miss Smith, pressed close behind him, and to her was awarded the second prize, offered by Prof. Inch. Dr. Tuck has offered the gold medal for competition next year.

The prizes to the extent of \$20, which had been offered for the two best essays on the following subjects: (1) The characteristics of a good minister of the Lord Jesus Christ, and (2) The Mediatorship of the Lord Jesus Christ, were won as follows: On the first subject the first prize by Byron C. Borden, and the second by John K. King; and on the second, the first by Edgar Taylor, and the second by George Johnson. Dr. Stewart after presenting these to the successful competitors, announced that John McDonald, Esq., M. P., of the city of Toronto, has also offered one of the value of \$25 to the most successful competitor in the matter of elocution, and that it had been awarded

to Mr. Boyd, but would not be presented at present owing to some doubt as to whether the terms upon which it was offered had been complied with.

The Shakespeare Class prizes were won this year by Wm. A. Bennett and Byron C. Borden. This class has been under the supervision of Prof. Smith, who has given his services gratuitously, and immediately after the presentation of the prizes Mr. Allison, one of the teachers of the Male Academy, on behalf of the class presented him with a handsome silver service as a token of their appreciation of his efforts on their behalf. Another very pleasant episode occurred later in the day, when Miss Troop, on behalf of the young ladies of the Female Academy, presented their chief preceptress, Miss Chesley, who is about to leave Sackville, with an elegantly bound album.

The degree of M. L. A., was conferred on Miss Jessie B. Troop, of Granville, N. S., and Miss Mary L. Witter, of Canning, N. S., and Miss Sarah M. Tuttle, of Stellarton, N. S.; the degree of B. A. on Wm. A. Bennett, Esq., of Newport, and C. W. Swallow, Esq., of Wentworth, N. S.; and the degree, A. M., on Samuel A. Chesley, Esq., of Dartmouth, who afterwards delivered an able oration on the College question in Nova Scotia.

The following gentlemen received their diplomas from the Commercial Department: Aretas N. Wright, James Smith, T. Davies Mosher, Samuel W. F. Pickup, G. W. McLellan, Fred. W. R. Beckman, Charles Miller, W. H. Weatherspoon, Harrison S. Trueman, Fitzgerald U. Anderson, John A. Johnson, Hubert S. Temple, Edward C. K. Hill, Albert T. Trueman, T. C. Lockwood, Bankin Brown, and Stephen Smith. This department, which is under the supervision of Mr. Whiston, is a new one, having been established two years. The attendance during the past year has been 52. Its object is to give the pupils who enter in it a thorough training in the branches which are calculated to fit them for a successful commercial career, while at the same time the students may attend other classes in the Academy or College, and receive the benefits of their instruction and training. The entire number of students who have been in attendance at the Male Academy during the past year is 115, and about 30 at the College.

This afternoon there is to be a business meeting of the Alumnae Association.

Your reporter cannot conclude this report without expressing his sincere thanks for the kind and courteous manner in which he was treated during his visit to Sackville.

FOLLOW THOU ME!

BY THEODORE L. CUYLER, D.D.

What a motto for every day use our dear Master gave us all when he said to Peter: "What is that to thee? Follow thou me!" It fits so many cases. Here, for example, is an obscure, hard-working pastor, who reads in his religious journal of the wonderful successes of a Moody or a Spurgeon: how one of them preaches every Sunday to six or seven thousand auditors, and how the other is blessed to the conversion of several thousands of souls in a single year. He throws down the paper in a sort of envious despair, that he is an absolute nobody in the vineyard of Christ. "What is all that to thee?" whispers the Shepherd's voice "Follow me!" Ashamed of himself, the humble country parson turns to his Bible and his unfinished sermon again, determined that he will do his very best, even though his name never figures in the bulletins. If the Master smiles on him, it is enough. To save even one soul is reward for a lifetime's toil.

How often a self-distrustful Christian tries to excuse himself from active labors in the Church or Sunday-school with the stereotyped apology. "If I was gifted like A. or B, I would be as active as they are in teaching in public prayer or speech." Friend, the way to attain to larger gifts you have Give Jesus thy one talent, and then he may trust thee with two. If you cannot speak glibly in a prayer meeting, then stammer out your heart's thanks in the best fashion you can. It may be that your few broken words may accomplish more than another man's fluent harangue. I had an old disciple once in my church I would rather hear stutter out ten sentences than hear some others explicate for an hour. He was a man who lived in "close grips" with Jesus. If you have no brilliant or thrilling experience to relate in the social meeting then tell the honest story of how you do feel and what you are striving after. It is always a satisfaction to hear a man speak the truth. Christ

judges his servants according to what they have not. There is a gentle rebuke, too, of our murmuring discontent in those words of our Lord. Perhaps some poverty-stricken brother who reads this paragraph has an upraising of the old Adam in him every time he goes to church. He sees Judge A. drive up in his fine carriage, or Elder B. come in with his richly dressed wife and daughters, and mutters to himself: "How is it other people get up in the world so, while I can hardly keep a course coat on my back?" What is that to thee, brother? Follow thou Him who had not where to lay his weary head. If thou art not rich, thou hast not the temptations of wealth and will never be called to give an account of a large stewardship. It is hard to be poor; it is hard to fall behind in life's race and see others pull up triumphantly to the goal; it is hard to lose our own weal, while our neighbour has his table crowded with a group of rosy-cheeked children; it is hard to drink the bitter cup of disappointment. But methinks the Elder Brother draws up very close to such, and puts the arm of his love about them, and says very sweetly: "What is all this to thee, my child? Thou art mine. If mine, then an heir of heaven's glory. Where I am thou shalt be. Let not thy heart be troubled. Whom I love I chasten. What is this poverty, or failure, or bereavement to thee? Follow thou me, and thou shalt have treasure in Heaven. If thy feet are sore, follow me, and the green pastures will be all the softer by and by. If thy cross is heavy, let me share it with thee"

"Patience, my child, Thy Saviour's feet were worn, His garments stained and travel-worn, and old, His vision blinded with the pitying tear."

Shall the disciple be above his Master or the servant expect to be above his Lord?—N. Y. Independent.

THE EAR.

What thoughtful person can read the following description of the ear, by Professor Tyndall, and not exclaim with the psalmist, "I am fearfully and wonderfully made!" "In the organ of hearing in man we have first of all the external orifice of the ear, which is closed at the bottom by the circular tympanic membrane. Behind that membrane is the cavity called the drum of the ear. This cavity being separated from the space between it and the brain by a bony portion, in which there are two orifices, the one round, and the other oval. These orifices are also closed by fine membranes. Across the cavity of the drum stretches a series of four little bones; the first, called the hammer is attached to the tympanic membrane; the second, called the anvil, is connected by a joint with the hammer a third little round bone connects the anvil with the stirrup bone, which has its oval planted against the membrane of the oval orifice above referred to. The base of the stirrup bone abuts against this membrane, almost covering it and leaving but a narrow rim of the membrane surrounding the bone. Behind the bony partition, and between it and the brain, we have the extraordinary organ called the labyrinth, which is filled with water, and over the lining membrane of which the terminal fibres of the auditory nerve are distributed. When the tympanic membrane receives a shock, that shock is transmitted through the series of bones above referred to, and is concentrated on the membrane against which the base of the stirrup bone is planted. That membrane transfers the shock to the waters of the labyrinth, which in its turn, transfers it to the nerves.

The transmission, however, is not direct. At a certain place within the labyrinth exceedingly fine elastic bristles, terminating in sharp points, grow up between the terminal nerve fibres. These bristles, discovered by Max Schultze, are eminently calculated to sympathize with those vibrations of the water, which correspond to their proper periods. Thrown thus into vibration, the bristles stir the nerve fibres which lie between their roots, and excite audition. At another place in the labyrinth we have little crystalline particles called otoliths—embedded among the nervous filaments, and which, when they vibrate, exert an intermittent pressure upon the adjacent nerve fibres, thus exciting audition. The otoliths probably

subserve a different purpose from that fulfilled by the bristles of Schultze. They are fitted, by their weight, to accept and prolong the vibrations of evanescent sounds, which might otherwise escape attention. The bristles on the contrary, because of their extreme lightness, would instantly yield up an evanescent motion, while they are eminently fitted for the transmission of continuous vibrations. Finally, there is in the labyrinth a wonderful organ, discovered by the Marchese Corti, which is to all appearance a musical instrument, with its cords so stretched as to accept vibrations of different periods, and transmit them to the nerve filaments which traverse the organ. Within the ears of men and without their knowledge or contrivance, this lute of 3,000 strings (according to Köhler) has existed for ages, accepting the music of the outer world, and rendering it fit for reception by the brain. Each musical tremor which falls upon this organ selects from its tensioned fibres the one appropriate to its own pitch, and throws that fibre into unisonant vibration. And thus no matter how complicated the motion of the external air may be, those microscopic strings can analyse it and reveal the constituents of which it is composed. In these remarks I have endeavored to place before you in a few words the views now entertained by the most eminent authorities regarding the transmission of sonorous motion to the auditory nerve. They present the phenomena in a connected and intelligible form, and should they be deemed to displacement by a mere correct or comprehensive theory, it will assuredly be found that the wonder is not diminished by the substitution of the truth."

THE RESURRECTION.

The following is the effusion of a man who never enjoyed the advantages of ordinary education. The writer is now hoary-headed, toiling for his bread in a cooper's shop.

The helpless, crawling, caterpillar trace From the first period of his reptile race, Clothed with darkness, on the leafy spray: Unseen, it wears its silent hours away, Till satiate grown of all that life supplies, Self-taught, the voluntary martyr dies. Deep under earth its darkling course it bends, And to the tomb, a willing guest, descends, Where long secluded in the lonely cell, Shut from the sun, it bids the world farewell. O'er the wide waste the wintry tempest reigns, And driving snows usurp the frozen plains; In rain the tempest beats, the whirlwind blows, No storm can violate his grave's repose. But when revolving months have won their way, When woodlands smile, and when the zephyr play, When laughs the world in summers vivid bloom, He bursts and flies triumphant from the tomb. And while his new born beauties he surveys, With conscious joy his altered form displays. Mark, while he moves amidst the sunny beams, O'er his soft wings the varying lustre gleams, Launched into air, on purple wings to soar, Gay Nature's face with wanton glance explore, Proud of his various beauties, wings his way, And sports the fairest flowers, himself more fair than they. And seems weak man the future promise vain, When dooms can die, and glorious rise again!

OBITUARY.

MRS. RICHARD COVE, PARRABORE.

While rejoicing in the addition of numbers to our church as the result of the Divine blessing upon our labours, we have been called to mourn the loss of one whose death has cast a gloom over the whole community. Mrs. Cove died at Parrabore on May 2nd, in the 40th year of her age. In early life she was led to the Saviour through the ministrations of the Rev. Thomas Gaetz. The evidence she then felt of her acceptance with God, remained with her until the close of life. In her death our Church loses one whose sudden and unlooked for departure we greatly deplore, and whose place is not easily filled. Mrs. Cove was eminently an active Christian, one who needed no urging to duty, but foremost in every good work; encouraging her pastor by an unflagging interest in all Christian enterprise and toil, and imparting to others the spirit of her own enthusiasm. Work for Christ was not, however, her case, an excuse for the neglect of her home. She performed with constancy her domestic duties, whether of a religious or secular nature; forgetting herself in her thought and care for these around her, and at all times keeping well the trusts of family and of friendship. The children will miss the tender care of a devoted mother, and the husband the attention of a faithful wife. Having within her heart the assurance of divine approbation, and leaning confidently to the crown of righteousness, she endeavoured to manifest by a holy life a well founded hope. Adding to her faith, virtue, and to her knowledge; and to knowledge, temperance; and to temperance patience; and to patience godliness; and to godliness brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness charity, she abounded in the virtues and graces of the Christian character. Living thus and dying in the faith, we believe "an entrance has ministered unto her abundantly into the everlasting Kingdom of our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ."

A large concourse of people attended the remains to their last resting place, manifesting by their presence the universal respect and affection which the deceased was held in. H. A. D. Parrabore, May 31, 1876.

At Wicklow, Carleton County, New Brunswick, May 10th, 1876. Mrs. J. A. White, daughter of George and Frances Squiers, in the 34th year of her age. The deceased was, for some years, a constant member of the Methodist Church on the Florenceville Circuit. Early in life, through the influence of afflictions, she was led to consider her ways and to seek a saving interest in Christ. She promised that those who seek the Lord early shall find him, was verified in her experience, which, although less joyous than that of many others, was deep and peaceful. In her last illness, and when she was near her Saviour was firm and unshaken; and when she perceived that her end was near, she turned her face to depart and be with Christ. Her last audible utterances were "even so come Lord Jesus," and with these words on her lips, she departed, just returned from California, after two years absence, two children and parents to mourn their loss. Bury the dead, and weep; In stillness o'er their loss; Bury the dead, in Christ they sleep Who bore on earth his cross, And from the grave their dust shall rise In his own image to the skies. C. H. P.

"ONLY I have come to my The lesson has been But oh, have I seen To bring my dear

Have I used every Do they feel that I When I urge them

Have the words I of my heart, All freighted with Of earnest instruction I must meet them dare?

O Teacher Divine! My ignorance help My heart with the Each soul in my

Only three minutes And brood in each That teacher and United, dear Saviour Weston, August

These lines were recited by C. H. Dunlap school convention, Springfield, a bell time for closing the able to make an might occur to his

BERR

A. D. 33. LESSON Acts 6.

HOM

MONDAY—The TUESDAY—T

1 Tim 3: 1-11 WEDNESDAY—1 Cor. 12: 1-14-31.

THURSDAY—14-31.

FRIDAY—Th 4: 1-16.

SATURDAY—25: 14-30.

SUNDAY—Bu 11-22.

TOPIC.—DIVIS

GOLDEN TEXT office of a deacon selves a good dea in the faith whic 3: 13.

How does this 1. The power of 2. The power of

DOCTRINE.—Ch 27: 28; Eph. 4: 11

GENERA

There are no p determine how lo the events of the Alford dates the and Stephen's m The trials of the by a period of p which a necessity apostles. Our i pointment under Seven Chosen" a object and result Church work." T officers the GOLD faithful among the a conspicuous exa used the office of a themselves a good g in the faith whic teacher will be al of fidelity to dut The OUTLINE pres of the lesson: 1. "P remedy;" 3. "P "Conspiracy."

1. Mournings

1. THOSE DAYS, a few days, but preaching, which some years, and in increased. MURM foretelling troub unity." A very lo love, and when lo is lost. GRECIAN from Hellen, the a They were Jews born in foreign la language of those BREWS were Jews estine. They spo or rather the Aran erally more rizi former, and more the Mosaic law. Th (or, deanship, as is, the charitable poor, was still in their work had so obliged to employ They seem to hav who were accusc lect in not taking f windows of Hellen muls of the age This was the comp is not said. But for complaint must

2. MULTITUDE

body of DISCIPLES case to them, and e persons whom t APPROVED BY THE was their first affo this help from the ing. It is not poss or right, they had, preaching the wor themselves to serv ing money and bro now do, both, as the

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METHODIST CONFERENCE

NEW BRUNSWICK AND P. E. ISLAND, To meet at St. Stephen, N.B., on Thursday, June 22nd, 1876.

List of delegates expected to be present, with the residences at which they will stay.

Table with columns: MINISTERS, HOSTS, RESIDENCE. Lists names and addresses of delegates from various locations like Queen St, Water St, King St, etc.

NOTE.—Any brother whose name appears on the above list, who does not intend being present at conference, will please immediately notify the Rev. John Prince, St. Stephen to that effect.

PROGRAMME OF THE PUBLIC PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONFERENCE

Table with columns: Day, Time, Event. Lists the schedule of the conference including prayer meetings, sermons, and business sessions.

THE LENNIE MUTINEERS.

It has already been stated that the execution of the sentence of death passed upon the prisoners, Matteo Carcasis (alias French Peter), Giovanni Carcasis (alias Joe the cook), Pascales Caludis (alias Big Harry), and George Kaida (alias Lips), will be carried out to-morrow morning; and although the evidence left no doubt of their complicity in the terrible crimes that were committed on board the Lennie, still it will be a satisfaction to the public to know that the prisoners, since they have been under sentence of death, have made statements that are tantamount to a full confession of their guilt. They have been constantly visited by the Rev. Mr. Melenthus, the pastor of the Greek Church in London wall, and they appear to have con-

ducted themselves, with the exception perhaps of French Peter, who has all along exhibited a dogged and sullen demeanour, in a manner becoming the fearful position in which they are placed. It is the opinion of Dr. Melenthus that they are sincerely penitent for their crimes, and feel that they deserve the punishment fixed by the law. Although all the prisoners appear to have been born in Turkey, they profess the Christian religion, in accordance with the rites of the Greek Church, and have regularly attended divine service in the chapel of Newgate, although they demanded that they should be visited by the Greek Archimandrite, which was principally on account of some of them not being able to converse fluently in English. There appears to be very little doubt, from the statements of the prisoners, that it was their intention to have killed the steward, and also the boy, at the time the other murders were committed, and that they owe their lives to the fact that none of the men on board were able to navigate the vessel, and they were therefore reluctantly compelled to place confidence in the steward. An appeal has been made to the Secretary of State on behalf of Joe, the cook, on the grounds that he acted under the intimidation of the other prisoners, and that he was not proved to have taken any share in the actual murders.—London paper, 22nd ult.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

NOVA SCOTIA. A little boy, son of Mr. Joseph Caslen, Halifax, was severely injured by falling from a hay mow. The Port Hawkesbury News of the Week is advertised for sale. The settlement at the mouth of the Shinuicias River, Cumberland, has been called Northport. At Pugwash, Morgan's Lobster men, caught 7500 lobsters in one day last week. An Annapolis man wants people to believe that he has found a silver spoon bearing the date 1676. Serious riots by the miners of Sydney who have been on strike, are reported. Mr. W. A. Rockwell, of Canard, Cornwallis, fell from a ladder and broke his arm. Another "man who looks like Betts" is reported to be in Sydney. The Anniversary Exercises of King's College, Windsor, will take place on Thursday, the 29th inst. A yacht of 265 feet keel has been launched at Little Bras d'Or, C. B., and is coming to Halifax at once. John Best, of St. Croix, a workman on the bridge at that place, had his leg broken and his foot badly bruised last week by the fall of a derrick. The Customs receipts at the port of Halifax in May were \$70,909.18 against \$104,069.99 in May, 1875. Michael Tonney and Michael Tom, Indians, went a-fishing from Pictou last-week in a canoe, and have not since been heard of. Mr. Donald Murdoch, of Sherbrooke, was accidentally killed in a saw mill at George's River, C. B. The house with all its contents, owned and occupied by Mr. Joseph Johnson, Canaan, was consumed by fire on Sunday, 28th ult. The dyke at East Lawrence town was burned last week by some person or persons unknown. Loss \$800. Miss McPherson, sister of Alderman McPherson, was badly injured by the upsetting of a wagon, on Duke St. Halifax, Friday last. Mrs. Gehan, an old inhabitant of Lunenburg County, aged 105 years, died at Bridgewater on the 29th. Mr. James Loughhead, of Truro, while engaged in killing an ox, had his hand severely lacerated by a blow from an axe. Peter Robertson, of French River, Pictou County, while engaged sawing with a circular saw at Albion Mills, Truro, had his hand severely cut, on the passage from London to St. Thomas. Messrs Laurence Delap & Co., of Annapolis Royal, have taken a contract for a ship of 1,800 tons for a firm in Glasgow, Scotland, and intend building the same in four months time. The "Eastern Chronicle" reports favorably of the prospects of the Lochaber Lake (Annapolis) copper mine. The ore has been analyzed and gives good results. On Saturday evening, a little girl, named Fanny Roberts, daughter of Rev. Mr. Roberts, a Baptist minister at Bridgewater, fell off a wharf at that place and was drowned. On Saturday last, the house of Mr. Ebenezer McLeod, West River, was destroyed by fire with all its contents. The family only saved what clothes they had on. Alex. McNeil, aged 28 years, a native of Leith, seaman of the Pictou barque Osage, fell from the jibboom and was drowned on the 2nd ult., on the passage from London to St. Thomas. Miss A. B. Katemann, proprietress of the Provincial Book Store, Halifax, a lady well known and highly esteemed in the community, died on the 31st ult. The old steamer Hawk, one of the most successful of the Newfoundland sealers, was lost this year. She was damaged by the ice and foundered. All hands were saved. Trade is getting brisk in Sydney, C. B. The county books and effects in the registrar of deeds office have been seized for rent due by the late registrar and will be sold at auction. George Lang, Esq., of the St. John's Brick Works, has been awarded the contract for supplying bricks for the projected government works at Moncton. Samuel Clark, who was charged with having committed rape on a girl named Blois, near Sherbrooke, has been found guilty and sentenced to the Penitentiary. The Annapolis cheese factories are about resuming their summer operations. This county, in the dairy line, is not surpassed by any other in the Province. Complaints are frequent concerning ruffianism in the Pine Woods. The road from Kentville to Centerville is said to be dangerous for a lone person to travel. A house owned by Mr. James E. Ward, situated in Cornwallis, about two miles south of Coldbrook Station, was consumed by fire on 27th ult., about five o'clock. The cause of the conflagration was a defective flue. A somewhat serious fire raged in the woods south of Westville on Sabbath last, and for a time the new school house, the store of Mr. John McDougall, and the Drummond Colliery works were in imminent danger. Mr. Wilcox, Superintendent of the fish-breeding establishment at Bedford, took to Oxford on Saturday twenty thousand tiny salmon, and deposited them in River Philip. The ova for the experiment at Bedford were taken from that river. There will be a public testing of the Truro Water Works on Wednesday, the 21st inst., when an opportunity will be afforded persons from other incorporated towns to see how the waterous system works, and what measure of protection from fire it affords the town. We learn from report that Mr. William Church, of Canning, met with a serious accident at Truro last week. From what we can learn he was putting his horse over the fence when it bolted and threw the rider on to a cone, driving a pole into his side,

breaking his leg and arm and injuring his head in a serious manner, so that he is not likely to recover.

NEW BRUNSWICK & P. E. ISLAND

Chatham has plenty of salmon at \$1 per pound. The Charlottetown jail is being enlarged. Governor Tilly and family have gone to Philadelphia. Edward Loomney was struck on the head with a deal, in a Portland mill, and seriously injured. Mr. R. P. Yeomans, of Newcastle, Grand Lake, sheared thirty pounds of wool from two sheep of the common breed, this spring. Archibald McKenzie, a stevedore, was killed at Dalhousie, N. B., on Saturday, by being struck by a stick of timber while working on board a vessel. Prince Edward Island is opening up a trade with France, several large lots of Island oats having been sent to that country this spring. A Mr. Alex. Oxley, of Cumberland Co., N. B., has been awarded the Island railway express business.

The Wesleyans and the Presbyterians of Charlottetown intend to establish a Protestant Female Seminary.

A man named Griffin, of Belfast, P. E. I., lost a barn with its contents, (produce, farming implements, &c.) by fire lately. Cause of fire—young Griffin plays with matches.

The body of a woman was found in the loft of William Owens's shed, on King street. She has not yet been identified. It is probable that she starved to death.

The district school house at Musquash was broken open by parties unknown. The clock was taken away, the windows smashed, and the floor around the stove was burned.

The barn owned and occupied by Mr. Alexander Bell, situated on the St. John road, outside the limits of the town of St. Andrews, with its contents, totally destroyed by fire on Saturday, the 27th ult.

Since the sentence of death was passed upon O'Neil, he has become quite penitent, and is visited often by a priest. The petition for commutation of the condemned man's sentence has been gotten up by Mr. Ritchie, his counsel.

Mr. H. B. Howatt, of Caprauld, P. E. I., recently sent a cargo of oats to Pictou, where they were sold for \$750 or \$800. He is now looking for the captain who took the money. He is said to have gone South.

The Orangemen of St. John propose to walk in procession on the 12th of July. They have not done so for 27 years, and on the last occasion there was a terrible riot, in which several men were killed.

Caleb Richardson, Barrister-at-Law, was seriously stabbed by Captain Stockton (belonging to the John) of the barkentine "Morning Dew." Richardson lies in a critical state. Captain Stockton and his mate are now in jail.

A water-power grist mill, owned by J. A. Thorne, in Johnston, C. B., was completely consumed by fire on Wednesday, May 31st. Every effort was made to check the fire, but it proved useless. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The rear of R. Connor's drive of logs passed Woodstock last week. This drive contains 13,000,000 feet, and has been brought from the Allagash River, about 100 miles above Grand Falls, by only forty river drivers, being the most cheaply handled drive that has ever come down the St. John River.

A correspondent of the "Farmer" writes from Grand Lake Stream that Messrs. Shaw Bros. intend to do a large stroke of business in bark-peeling. They are fitting up their steamer and building more large scows, which will greatly add to their fleet.

The Charlottetown "New Era" states that John McKenzie, who is now undergoing two years imprisonment with hard labor, was recently exposed in a convict's dress on a spooler crooked on a public square for an hour on the St. John River. A large crowd witnessed his disgrace.

The Press of P. E. I. Island are discussing at great length the education question. Four out of the nine papers published there are advocates of Secular Schools. The teachers have been forbidden by the Board of Education to impart religious instruction to pupils during school hours.

The fires in the woods in the direction of Hanwell and the Rusbagonis are spreading, and several settlements are endangered thereby. Burnt leaves and ashes are falling in the streets, and the dense volume of smoke almost obscures the sun. The light of these, and other fires on the opposite side of the river, are plainly visible after dark.

The lobster factory recently started at Cape Bauld, Westmorland County, by Messrs. Kimball & Jewett, is now in successful operation and doing a large business. Some of the magnificent catches of the Government's operations may be estimated from the fact that they have facilities for putting up 20,000 tons of 1lb. each per day.

The "Globe" states that the executors of the estate of the late Mr. John Cotter have sent to the British Government a claim upon the Canadian Government for \$2,000, for the illegal detention of the schooner "Annie Cotter" at Cabellan, I. C. It seems that the authorities at Cabellan kept the schooner in port for a long time, without any charge.

Brown and Amos, convicted of arson at Fredericton, N. B., have been sentenced to twenty years in the Penitentiary; and the punishment is felt to be a just one. They had entered a shop over which their own and family resided, and after robbing it, had set it on fire and fled, without caring whether the family perished in the flames or not.

A resolution was carried at the St. John Board of Trade, protesting against the bill passed in England affecting Canadian ships, and requesting the Government of Canada to endeavor to avert, by all constitutional means in its power, any such violation of the rights of Canadians, and ask the Imperial authorities to keep their legislation, as regards Canada shipping, within constitutional limits.

UPPER PROVINCES.

The Rev. Canon Baldwin, of Toronto, is dead. Dr. Walker, of Watford, Ont., shot his wife through the arm and then shot himself fatally.

The Orangemen of Montreal have decided to walk in procession on 12th July. A large quantity of counterfeit bank bills of various denominations are in circulation. Reports from the two Upper Provinces represent the crops as in excellent condition.

The steamer Venezia is loading a number of new mowing machines at Montreal for P. E. Island.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries will act as Minister of Justice during the absence of Mr. Blake in England.

The body of Mr. Leitchfield, of Montreal, was found under circumstances which lead his friend to suppose that he committed suicide.

John and James Young, under sentence of death at Cayuga, Ontario, broke jail on Sunday-week and escaped.

The young ladies of Dutton, on the Canada Southern Railway, have formed a base-ball club and about twenty of them go out each fine evening to practice.

The rumor is current in the Upper Province respecting that Mr. Cauchon will, in a few months, retire from the Privy Council and assume the Lieutenant Governorship of Quebec.

A loan of four millions of dollars for the Quebec Government is expected to be taken at par by a syndicate of three Canadian banks, with agency in the hands of prominent merchants.

At Montreal a Mr. Mason procured a verdict for five thousand dollars for injuries to him through a fall of ice from the roof of a house in 1875, by which he was permanently paralyzed.

T. N. Gibbs, who was defeated in South Ontario by Malcolm Cameron, will contest that riding in the interest of the Conservatives in the election necessitated by the death of the latter.

Another thousand Icelanders are on their way to Manitoba. They are expected at Quebec some time in June, and will be passed on to settle down with their countrymen on the shores of Lake Winnipeg.

E. B. Eddy's Sawing mills at the Chaudiere have resumed work to the full complement of men. There are great rejoicings at the Hull Village where all the people, with few exceptions, live by the lumber business.

It is a current rumour in Ottawa, that Trotter, a young man recently convicted of murder, has confessed to being the man who shot P. A. McCrete at the instigation of Whelan, the man who was convicted and hung for the murder.

A desperate attempt was made last Thursday-week to escape from St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary by three prisoners, one of whom was shot down and is not expected to recover. They were all captured.

Hon. Mr. Blake's mission to England is in connection with the British instructions to the Governor-General regarding the N. B. school difficulty, and with the Reciprocity Treaty of George Brown.

A fire in Quebec, caught by children playing with matches. About 400 houses are supposed to be burned. The loss is supposed to be upwards of \$300,000. The total loss is impossible to estimate. Probably over a million of dollars. Three or four thousand families are rendered homeless.

A son of Corporal Wm. Devlin, R. E., was accidentally drowned at Bermuda on the 16th ult.

The amount of the ex-Sultan's treasure seized is \$100,000,000.

A large squadron of French men-of-war has assembled at Toulon in readiness to sail for the East.

Telegrams from Cuba say the insurrection in that Island is increasing.

The Presbyterian General Assembly at Philadelphia concludes its session on Saturday.

A murder committed at Knowland, Pa., ninety years ago, has just been unearthed.

A Paris dispatch says Casimir-Périer is dangerously ill and his death is momentarily expected.

Mohammedanism is making very rapid strides in many of the distant provinces of China.

Brigands robbed a stage in Texas the other day in the old-fashioned way which every body who reads news understands.

Since the departure of the King from Greece, robberies and murders have become of frequent occurrence near Athens.

A number of prominent members of the British Parliament will visit the Centennial in August or September; among them Bright and Foster.

An oil tank at Meadville was struck by lightning on Saturday, and 14,000 barrels of crude oil burned; loss \$100,000.

The cotton spinners of Bolton, England, have decided to run their mills on short time, on account of depression in trade.

Vice-Admiral Sir James Drummond, commanding the Mediterranean fleet, has left the squadron in Besika Bay and gone to Constantinople to confer with the British Ambassador.

The fastest German steamer in the English navy is being got ready to take orders to the Mediterranean. The purpose of these orders has not been made public.

Cheap excursions of foreign working men to Philadelphia have been arranged. The first steamer will leave Southampton on the 9th inst. Cost of passage twenty pounds for the round trip.

The great feat of railroading New York to San Francisco in 83 hours and 36 minutes has been accomplished; the train reached San Francisco on Sunday morning.

The water tank in St. George's Hospital, New York city, broke on Sunday, and the whole building was flooded and seriously damaged. Several persons were killed and many wounded.

Another Indian mutineer of 1857 has been brought to justice. He was a trooper in the First Bombay Cavalry, and was concerned in the mutiny at Nasarabad in June of that year.

Hon. Newton Morse, of Natick, the predecessor of the now famous Ezra D. Winslow, in the Massachusetts Senate, has absconded, after swindling his relatives and friends.

The time for which Charles Brunt, the Louisville forger, is held in London has expired, but it is probable that he will be held to await the result of the Winslow case.

The United States Senate, sitting as a Court of impeachment, decided that it had jurisdiction to try ex-Secretary of War Belknap, for high crimes and misdemeanors in office.

After 30th June the coast of Dahomey will be blockaded. This is the act of Great Britain, in view of refusal of that King to apologize for indignities upon British subjects.

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CIRCUIT INTELLIGENCE.

DONATION AT HAYLOCK, K. C.—The friends of the Rev. Edwin Mills, Wesleyan minister, congregated at the meeting house at Haylock Corner, on the 25th of May, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of making a donation to Mr. Mills, who is about to leave the circuit. Readings, recitations and speeches were given by several gentlemen present, and excellent music was provided by Miss Bessie Price, who presided at the organ in the most effective manner. Large contributions were taken by the secretary and presented to Mr. Mills who made a most touching reply.

SHELDON, N. B.—Lest our friends should suppose that "in this corner of the vineyard" we have retired to some shade to rest, permit us to say that what our hands find to do we are endeavoring to do. Last Friday evening our Sabbath school had its second concert, and its success exceeded the expectations of all, fully keeping up with the one we had six months before. Financially it was worth \$25 to us, but its other values cannot be so nearly reckoned, the benefits to scholars individually, to the school and to audience. Our school, but thirteen months old, has an average of 70, consisting of children of all denominations, (except Presbyterian who have

themselves a school), not excepting Roman Catholics. The library selected at the Book Room gives great satisfaction. The card system obviates confusion in its distribution, the scholars have learned intelligently to use the lesson leaf, the catechism is faithfully taught and the black-board used to advantage. We would strongly recommend to schools that have not one, get a black-board. To vary from teaching through the ear to teaching through the eye greatly increases the interest of the scholars in their lesson, and fixes it in the memory as we think nothing else can. But apart from organizing a school, the object of school work has steadily been kept in view, and that not only has there been a marked increase of thoughtfulness observable, but some are showing in their changed lives the fruit of the Spirit. Indeed, sir, we think our school a little gem, and thank God for it, for it has plainly been a child of Providence.

Through the winter we have been engaged in special effort, with results at once encouraging and humbling, encouraged that by such instrumentality any should be brought to Christ, humbled because God could not use us more than he did. Yet in review of the year now closing, we thank God and take courage. On Sabbath week about 25 communed. We doubt if quarter that number would have done so six months ago. Our great want (next to Divine influence) is a building which we may call our own. We are now using the Public Hall of the village, and many do not enjoy going there to a darkly show on Saturday night, and going to the same place to worship God on Sabbath morning. We have suggested that the association would not exist were the preparation for the Sabbath of a different character. Yet the difficulty exists and is felt by us all. Indeed the matter is just here, we must have a church, we are going to have one, the land has been purchased, the ladies are preparing for a bazaar, and we want all who desire to show their loyalty to Methodism's Commemoration, and then desire to see Metho liam established here where it is much needed, to send us their donations. B. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A son of Corporal Wm. Devlin, R. E., was accidentally drowned at Bermuda on the 16th ult.

The amount of the ex-Sultan's treasure seized is \$100,000,000.

A large squadron of French men-of-war has assembled at Toulon in readiness to sail for the East.

Telegrams from Cuba say the insurrection in that Island is increasing.

The Presbyterian General Assembly at Philadelphia concludes its session on Saturday.

A murder committed at Knowland, Pa., ninety years ago, has just been unearthed.

A Paris dispatch says Casimir-Périer is dangerously ill and his death is momentarily expected.

Mohammedanism is making very rapid strides in many of the distant provinces of China.

Brigands robbed a stage in Texas the other day in the old-fashioned way which every body who reads news understands.

Since the departure of the King from Greece, robberies and murders have become of frequent occurrence near Athens.

A number of prominent members of the British Parliament will visit the Centennial in August or September; among them Bright and Foster.

An oil tank at Meadville was struck by lightning on Saturday, and 14,000 barrels of crude oil burned; loss \$100,000.

The cotton spinners of Bolton, England, have decided to run their mills on short time, on account of depression in trade.

Vice-Admiral Sir James Drummond, commanding the Mediterranean fleet, has left the squadron in Besika Bay and gone to Constantinople to confer with the British Ambassador.

The fastest German steamer in the English navy is being got ready to take orders to the Mediterranean. The purpose of these orders has not been made public.

Cheap excursions of foreign working men to Philadelphia have been arranged. The first steamer will leave Southampton on the 9th inst. Cost of passage twenty pounds for the round trip.

The great feat of railroading New York to San Francisco in 83 hours and 36 minutes has been accomplished; the train reached San Francisco on Sunday morning.

The water tank in St. George's Hospital, New York city, broke on Sunday, and the whole building was flooded and seriously damaged. Several persons were killed and many wounded.

Another Indian mutineer of 1857 has been brought to justice. He was a trooper in the First Bombay Cavalry, and was concerned in the mutiny at Nasarabad in June of that year.

Hon. Newton Morse, of Natick, the predecessor of the now famous Ezra D. Winslow, in the Massachusetts Senate, has absconded, after swindling his relatives and friends.

The time for which Charles Brunt, the Louisville forger, is held in London has expired, but it is probable that he will be held to await the result of the Winslow case.

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BAPTISTAL AND RECEPTION SERVICE

IN EXMOUTH STREET CHURCH, ST. JOHN, N. B.—According to announcement, a number of candidates were received into Exmouth street church last night. The opening part of the service was conducted by the Rev. Chas. Manaton. Two young ladies were baptized by the Rev. E. Evans, the pastor, and after the singing of a hymn beginning—

"O happy day that fixed my choice, On thee my Saviour and my God."

the pastor gave the right hand of fellowship to twenty-one persons—eleven of them men and boys, and the others girls and young women—each one being interrogated and answering according to the ritual of the Methodist Church of Canada. After singing another hymn by the congregation, Rev. Mr. Evans addressed those who had been admitted into the church, basing his remarks on the following passage of Scripture:—Epistle of James, 3rd chap. 17th—"But the wisdom that is from above is first pure, then peaceable, gentle and easy to be entreated, full of mercy and good fruits, without partiality and without hypocrisy. The service lasted two hours.—Tel.

CIRCUIT INTELLIGENCE.

SCOTT'S BAY.

MR. EDITOR.—Last Sabbath I spent at Scott Bay, more especially the scene of Bro. Black's labors. In accordance with previous arrangements, I reached the Bay on Saturday, and in the evening attended a most interesting social service; on that occasion I had the pleasure of witnessing some of the results of the blessed work of God, under the ministrations of our excellent young brother Black. Upwards of twenty gave testimony of the pardoning love of God. On Sabbath morning, we had a very large congregation, and a gracious influence pervaded the assembly, while the writer attempted to speak from Acts 2nd, from the 37th to the 40th verse.

As many of the converts had not received Christian baptism, when the invitation was given, thirteen candidates readily presented themselves. The scene was solemn, and to my mind deeply affecting, the greater number of them I had known in their childhood, who had now grown up young men and maidens, there were also those bearing the relation of father and mother, all the children or grand children, of dear friends with whom I used to mingle years ago, and who with myself, had often commended them to God. They had often commended them to God. They appeared to me as they knelt at the altar, a living demonstration of the efficacy of prayer. A hallowing influence rested upon the assembly, while the baptismal waters were poured forth upon them so beautifully symbolizing God's method of baptizing with the Spirit. At the conclusion of this part of the service, the baptised were in due form, welcomed to the pastoral care and ordinances of the Methodist Church. Thus concluded a service long to be remembered.

In the evening we held our missionary meeting, the congregation was large, and after brother Black had read several extracts from the annual report, the writer addressed the meeting, on the importance of Christian missions. Our excellent brother West from Hall's harbor, gave us an excellent speech, just such as we want our lay brethren to give. Our long tried and beloved brother Steel, was requested to speak, he did so, not audibly, but in the way he always speaks, when the cause of the Redeemer requires financial aid. May the converted children and grand children follow the example of their parents in attachment to the cause of God.

Bro. Black is the first Methodist minister stationed, and residing at the Bay, his mission bounds extend to several settlements, and the Lord has blessed his labours in the several parts of his circuit. The people hope for his return another year and I trust it will be granted.

J. G. HENNINGAR. Canning, May 25, 1876.

A GREAT EXPLOSION.

A tremendous explosion of the nitro-glycerin compound known as red-rock powder recently occurred on Bergen Hill, New Jersey, directly opposite New York city. The material was to be employed for blasting in the new tunnel of the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad Company, and was stored in a brick magazine some ten by twelve feet in area and nine feet in height. Estimates place the amount of powder that blew up at about four hundred pounds. The concussion was terrific, and the effects were felt over a radius of some ten miles. Thousands of sashes and doors in the vicinity were forced in, and even across the river in New York the glass in edifices along the water front was shattered. Houses at a distance of nearly five miles were perceptibly shaken. Fortunately the building in which the powder was stored was located in a large empty lot and on the brow of a hill; and the force of the explosion spending itself eastwardly, most of the fragments were hurled harmlessly into the marsh below. The great damage which must have ensued had the locality been thickly built up was thus avoided; and the injuries were confined to the wholesale destruction of doors, windows, and ceilings in the neighborhood.

The cause of the disaster is unknown. The accident points to the necessity, however, of the enforcement of stringent laws, preventing the storing of any of the new and powerful explosives, in large quantities, in the vicinity of any populated district, and also regulating its transportation.

A SCENE FROM LIFE.

A young man entered the bar-room of a village tavern called for a drink. "No," said the landlord, "you have had the delirium tremens once, and I cannot sell you any more." He stepped aside to make room for a couple of young men who had just entered and the landlord waited upon them very politely. The other had stood by, silent and sullen, and when they had finished he walked up to the landlord, and thus addressed him: "Six years ago, at their age I stood where those young men are now. I was a man with fair prospects. Now, at the age of twenty-eight, I am a wreck, body and mind. You led me to drink. In this room I formed the habit that has been my ruin. Now sell me a few glasses more, and your work will be done. I shall soon be out of the way; there is no hope for me. But they can be saved. Do not sell it to them. Sell it to me, and let us die, and the world will be rid of me, but for Heaven's sake sell no more to them." The landlord stretched, pale and trembling. Seating down his decanter, he exclaimed, "God help me, this is the last drop I will ever sell to any one." And he kept his word.

Close to God exactly as if you were certain of being accepted of Him, and thus, fulfilling his own condition, you will be accepted of Him, whether you be assured of it beforehand or not. — Jacques Bonjean.

JESUS OF NAZARETH PASSETH BY.

The Rev. E. Payson Hammond gives in the Advance the genesis of this popular hymn. It was written by a Miss Campbell who was present at a powerful revival of religion, when R. G. Pardee spoke on the answer given to blind Bartimeus as recorded in Luke 18:37. Mr. Hammond, finding that they went very well to the tune "Sweet Hour of Prayer," printed them. He tells this incident as an illustration of the awakening power of the hymn:

I remember that a gambler came into a morning meeting, which crowded a Congregational church in Lockport, N. Y. While we were singing that hymn, and at the close of it, though it was the first meeting he had attended, he arose and with tears streaming down his cheeks, begged the Christians to pray for him. Earnest prayer at once ascended in his behalf, and it was answered.

A few nights after, in relating his experience before a great audience in Dr. Wisner's church, he referred to this hymn as having been the means of awakening him, and added, "As I went out of the church that day, and over the canal, I threw the 'Devil's Testament' with its fifty-two leaves into it." I am sure he never played a card afterwards. He lived a consistent Christian life and has since died a happy death.

"I have been sorry to see," writes Mr. Hammond, "that in many of the hymn books which now take pleasure in publishing it, the second verse is omitted. The seven verses together are a sermon in themselves, and it seems to me that they are so connected that none of them should be discarded." They read as follows:

What means this eager anxious throng, Pressing our busy streets along— Those wondrous gatherings day by day? What means this strange commotion pray? Voices in accents hushed, reply, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

E'en children feel the potent spell, And haste their new found joy to tell; In crowds they to the place repair Where Christian's daily bow in prayer. Hosannas mingle with the cry, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

Who is this Jesus? Why should He The city move so mightily? A passing stranger, has He skill To charm the multitude at will? Again the stirring tones reply, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

Jesus! 'tis he who once below Man's pathway trod, 'mid pain and woe: And burdened hearts, where'er He came, Brought out their sick, and deaf, and lame; Blind men rejoiced to hear the cry, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

Again he comes; from place to place His holy footprints we can trace; He pauses at our threshold—may, He enters, condescends to stay! Shall we not gladly raise the cry, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

Ho! all ye heavy laden, come! Here's pardon, comfort, rest, a home; Lost wanderers from a Father's face, Return, accept his proffered grace! Ye tempted, there's a refuge nigh, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by!"

But if you still this call refuse, And dare such wondrous love abuse, Soon will He sadly from you turn, Your bitter prayer in justice spurn; "Too late! too late!" will be the cry, "Jesus of Nazareth has passed by!"

FOLLOW THOU ME.

This passage has its application to all those unfavourable surroundings in which we are often placed. It is not an easy thing to be an out and out Christian in certain families or in certain social circles. It was not an easy thing for Daniel to be a God-fearing Puritan in voluptuous Babylon, or for Paul to stand up for Jesus at the Court of Felix. Perhaps some of you say: "My 'set' are worldly and fashionable. They go to theatres oftener than to prayer-meetings. My relatives are irreligious. The current is against me." Very well. What is that to thee? Follow thou Christ! If your associates are possessed with the delusion that happiness is only to be found in sensual pleasures, then prove to them how cheerful you can be while denying ungodly lusts. If they among whom your lot is cast are frivolous, do you be sober. If they are extravagant, do you be frugal, "as becometh the saints." If they live for self-indulgence, do you set the example of living for Christ and for others' welfare. If they choose death do you choose life, and then prove to them the wisdom of your choice. "Be ye holy as I am holy" is a command you cannot shirk or defy but at a terrible cost. Oh! it is a shame to us who profess Christ that we so often ask: "What will this one say, or how do others do?" Follow me! This is the true "higher life," this perpetual endeavor to find Christ's footsteps and to walk therein.

When the grand old missionary, Judson, was one day laid aside from work, his wife thought to divert him by reading to him some newspaper sketches of himself. One compared him to Paul, another to John, etc. The modest old hero was annoyed and exclaimed: "I do not want to be like Paul, or Apollas, or any other man, I want to be like Christ. We have only one who was tried in all points as we are and yet was without sin. I want to drink in his spirit, to place my feet in his footprints and to measure their smallness and shortcomings by Christ's footsteps only. Oh! if I could only be more like Jesus!"

If our churches are to be quickened and advanced, then the marching order to which we must all keep step is: "Follow me!" The only safe counsel for the enquiring soul is to point every awakened sinner to the atoning Jesus. The two words which Jesus nobly uttered oftener than any other were: "Follow me!" They are the essence of all true creeds. They are the test and touchstone of true Christianity.—Dr. Cuyler.

Death is another life. We bow our heads At going out, we think, and enter straight. Another golden chamber of the Kings, Larger than this, and lovelier.

SOWING SEEDS.

This is one of the most important garden operations. Seeds, to germinate well, require light, heat, air and moisture. They should be sown when the ground is mellow and fine, and, if possible, before a gentle rain; and the soil should be rolled or gently pressed upon the seed, after sowing. The freshest seed of some varieties often fail from improper management in sowing. When sown too early when the ground is wet, they are apt to rot. When sown too shallow, in a dry time, there may not be sufficient moisture to sprout them, or they may be destroyed by dry and hot weather after they have germinated. Insects may destroy the plants before or as soon as they appear out of the ground. Powerful manure such as hen dung, guano and chemical manures, if under powerful fermentation will frequently destroy the fertility of seeds, and sometimes kill the tender plants. Complants frequently made that seed sown are not good, may quite as often be attributed to other causes as to the quality of the seeds. The first effect of air, heat and moisture upon the seed, is to change its starchy matter into a sugary pulp, the proper food of the embryo. If, at this time, the seed be withered by exposure to heat, without sufficient covering, it will perish. It often happens that seeds are planted in a fresh dug soil, and the above change in the properties of the seed takes place, but the earth not being pressed upon it, the seed dries up and the embryo perishes. Others again, are buried too deeply, and though the seed swells, yet sufficient warmth and air are not obtained to give it life. The first thing in sowing, is a suitable preparation of the soil, so that the young roots thrown out may easily penetrate it. It must be made more or less fine for different seeds. Peas, corn, beans and coarse seeds do not require the soil to be as finely pulverized as small seeds. The seeds must be fixed in the soil, and pressed by the earth in every part, in order to retain moisture sufficient to encourage vegetation; but they should not be so deeply buried as to be deprived of air, or to have their ascending shoots impeded by too much soil above. In all cases, seed should be sown in fresh dug soil, that they may have the benefit of the moisture within; but they should never be put in when the soil is really wet, as the ground will bake and the seed perish. Moist weather in spring or summer is excellent for putting in seeds, provided the ground is mellow. Just before a light rain is the best possible time for sowing most seeds. When the seeds are planted, the earth should be usually pressed upon them with a roller, or by treading with the feet in the case of large seeds, or by smoothing the surface with the back of a spade, or by walking over them on a board, for the smaller kinds. Light must be excluded until the roots can derive nourishment from the soil. When they come up, keep them free from weeds, and thin as often required.—D. M. Ferry & Co's Descriptive Catalogue.

RECORDING PRAYER.

Mr George Miller says: "I would particularly advise all but, especially the younger believers, to use a little book, in which they may note down on the one side the requests which they bring before God. There are certain matters which God has laid on our hearts, and we should note them down. It would be helpful to us to write, 'At such-and-such a time I began to pray for such-and-such a thing; and then to continue to pray with regard to the matter. If we do so, we shall find that sooner or later the prayer will be answered. Then let us mark on the opposite side, that it has, at such a time, pleased God to answer that prayer. After some time, read over the memorandum-book, and you will find how again and again it has pleased God to answer your prayers—and perhaps regarding matters about which you little expected the answer to come; and soon you will find the wondrous effect of this on your heart, in increasing your love and gratitude to our heavenly Father. The more careful you are in marking what you ask, and what God has given, the more distinctly you will be able to trace how again and again it pleased God to answer your prayers, and more, you will be drawn out to God in love and gratitude. You will find precisely as the Psalmist found it when he says, 'I love the Lord, because he hath heard my voice and my supplications.'"

"YE DID IT UNTO ME."—A Russian sentinel, as he was going to duty one night, met a Christian man whom he knew, who remarked to the soldier that he feared he was very inadequately clothed, considering the severity of the weather, and, taking off his own warm coat, generously lent it for the occasion. So intense was the cold, however, that in the morning the poor sentinel was found dead. Some little time afterwards his benefactor dreamed that he saw the Lord, who walked into his room, and in the afore-named words said to him: "Oh! dear Lord Jesus," exclaimed he, "have you my coat on?" "Yes," said the Lord; "I was naked and ye clothed me!" Precious commendation, who does not covet it!

A. T. STEWART.

The Sun tells the following anecdote regarding Mr. Stewart: "It is well known that Mr. Stewart was extremely superstitious. The slightest incidents or accidents became to him impressive omens. The fact that he caused an apple-woman, who for many years vendid her edibles on the sidewalk in front of his wholesale store, to remove stand and all, to his up-town store, under the impression that her presence insured his prosperity, is well authenticated. A lady, whose acquaintance he made just previous to the opening of his new store, warned him not to sell anything there until she had first purchased something in the store; and on the opening day early in the morning, she called and bought nearly two hundred dollars' worth of goods, principally Irish laces. Years afterward, when Mr. Stewart was in a foreign city, he learned that she was living there in reduced circumstances. Her husband had squandered her fortune. Mr. Stewart sought her out and gave her an elegant suite of apartments, and afterward settled upon her a handsome annuity. He supported her during her life in comparative luxury, because he believed her early purchase in his new store had brought him luck."

Mr. Stewart had no reputation for benevolence. But he was emphatically a just man. He liked to do good in a business way, and engaged in several enterprises of a nature to help those who needed help, while they were to return an equivalent for the benefits they received. Of this character are the Workingwomen's Home in this city, now being built, and the garden City at Hempstead plains. He was liberal in gifts, when he thought a gift proper. He sent a shipload of provisions to Ireland during the famine there, and gave \$40,000 to the working girls of Chicago after the great fire. Of the better side of his character the Evangelist says:

"We believe that the great merchant had a higher ambition and sentiment than that of mere commercial probity and success. And if so, it is much to be lamented that he did not discover this trait more fully to this community in his lifetime. It would surely have brought him increase of honor and respect, and something of that demonstrative regard on the part of his perhaps long contemplated beneficiaries, which year by year seems to renew the youth of the aged and beloved Peter Cooper. Too proud to court it directly, as a less sensitive and cultured man might have done, he yet, if we mistake not, once or twice ventured to put himself in the way of it. But the result was not encouraging—at least so it must have seemed to him. Receiving a slight and mere wanton rebuff, he retired within himself again, and went about his business." The incident to which we allude was at a public meeting at the Cooper Institute during the war, at which Gen. Scott presided. Mr. Stewart's voice proved inadequate to the audible reading of a series of resolutions presumably drawn by himself save as all kept silent. This of course put him at the mercy of a half dozen individuals who apparently thought that they owed him no respect, but the contrary, and he was soon obliged to succumb to calls of 'louder,' 'louder,' and sit down in embarrassment. It must have been the recollection of some such untoward incidents, that caused him to drop an observation, it has always seemed to us, of almost pathetic sadness, while conversing with a lady not now living. Speaking to her, on a social occasion, a little more fully of his benevolent schemes than was his wont, he closed by saying, 'Well, people will think better of me after I am dead than they do now.'"

It must be men of still more spiteful sort than the disturbers of a public meeting who from time to time have taken pleasure in chipping the corners of the posts of the massive marble fence in front of the Fifth Avenue mansion where he died. Not a few, we dare say, of the many who have noted its beauty and great costliness, have envied the princely merchant his palace. Mr. Stewart very likely was less concerned about it than some who never passed its threshold. He was certainly too wise and experienced to expect an accession of happiness from even such surroundings. On the same occasion to which we have alluded he responded to congratulations touching the pleasure he must be deriving from his ample ability to gratify his tastes in furnishing his new house, by exclaiming, 'O Mrs. F.—it is a great piece of folly, great piece of folly!'"

The value of Mr. Stewart's estate is unknown. His real estate in this city is \$10,000,000! Besides this he owned stores and mills in several other places, the Grand Union Hotel at Saratoga, and properties in Europe so scattered that Judge Hilton is said to have said, when questioned on the subject, that he "owned property all over the universe." He has also large investments in bonds. His property papers fill five large iron chests.

THE KINGDOM OF GOD.

I say to thee, do thou repent To the first man thou mayest meet, In lane, highway, or open street, That he, and we, and all men move Under a canopy of love, As broad as the blue sky above; That doubt and trouble, fear and pain, And anguish, all are shadows vain; That death itself shall not remain; That weary deserts we may tread, A dreary labyrinth may thread, Through dark ways underground be led. Yet if we will one Guide obey, The dreariest path, the darkest way, Shall issue out in heavenly day. And we, on divers shores now cast, Shall meet our perilous voyage past, All in our Father's house at last. And ere thou leave him, say thou this Yet one word more: They only miss The winning of that final bliss, Who will not count it true that love— Blessing, not cursing—rules above, And that in it we live and move. And one thing further make him know— That to believe these things are so, This firm faith never to forego: Despite of all which seems at strife With blessing, all with curses rife— That this is blessing, this is life. Treach.

On one occasion the Rev. Dr. Nettleton, having arrived in a town with a view to labor for the upholding of Zion, he overheard certain prominent members of the church saying, in an excellent strain, "Mr. Nettleton has come, and we shall have a great revival." The words pierced him to the heart. He went to his closet and wept. Ordering his horse at once, he took leave. "I can't stay here; the people are in a wrong state of mind." His sudden disappearance created inquiry. Christians began to study into the matter. They saw their error in looking to man instead of God. They put their faces into the dust, and soon the indication of the Spirit's presence were manifest. Hearing of this, Mr. Nettleton returned, and preached to them with great zeal and success.

THE GREAT AUTHORITY.—The mother of a family was married to an infidel, who made jest of religion in the presence of his own children; yet she succeeded in bringing them all up in the fear of the Lord. I asked her one day how she preserved them from the influence of a father whose sentiments were so opposed to her own. This was her answer, "Because the authority of a father I do not oppose the authority of a mother, but that of God. From their earliest years my children have always seen the Bible upon my table. This holy book has constituted the whole of their religious instruction. I was silent that I might allow it to speak. Did they propose a question, did they commit a fault, did they perform a good action? I opened the Bible, and the Bible answered, reproved or encouraged them. The constant reading of the Scriptures has wrought the prodigy which surprises you." —Rev. Adolph Monod.

ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES.

Truths come to us often in paradox. Not one more truly illustrates any meaning than this—the help that comes from losses. Thank fortune if you have misfortune. From single-handed combat with poverty you may learn as none other the value of prosperity. From lack of talent you may gain a wonderful industry—that, after all, is commensurate with natural gifts. From the disadvantage of a plain exterior you may be driven to beautify the interior of your being. From the disadvantage of a parental insignificance or folly you may be driven to personal excellence and wisdom. If you have no influential friends you will build, if you build at all, on a substantial basis—the basis of your own merit. If you struggle, struggle, struggle, you gain sinew and muscle. Your body grows strong and your mind is enlarged; your power of will—the great force of life—becomes all-powerful and irresistible. So, thank fortune if you have fortune. It will rebound to your good some day in some way.—Emma Bart.

SHUT THE GATE.

'Thought is action's ready gate, Swinging to and fro— Open early, open late, Thousands come and go. Shut it, latch it, friend, inside, Lest some tramp of sin, Thinks the gate, if open wide, Bids him enter in. Lord in the sky of blue No trace of cloud appears— Gone, all my faithless fears, Only Thy love seems true! Help me to thank Thee, now I pray, Walk in the light, and cheerfully obey! Lord, when I look on high, Clouds only meet my sight, Fears deepen with the night; Yet still it is Thy sky! Help me to trust Thee, now I pray, Wait in the dark, and tearfully obey! Sunday Magazine.

Better to hope, though clouds hang low, And to keep the eyes still lifted; For the deep blue sky will soon peep through, When the ominous clouds are lifted. There was never a night without a day. Nor an evening without a morning; And the darkest hour, the proverb goes, Is the hour before the dawning.

NATURE respecteth temporal things, rejoiceth at earthly gains, sorroweth for loss, is irritated by every little injurious word; but Grace looks to things eternal, cleaves not to things temporal, is not disturbed at losses, nor soothed with hard words; because she has placed her treasure and joy in Heaven, where nothing perisheth.

JOE BEN

Just imagining that every riven that trailed on the singing such as possible, lilac-bush if getting drunk. There my very curious for when lit of the back sun's, and voice a in's, he took a vigorous he just as crazy at all relieve turned three the garden f. "Saturday as he rested there ever just have tin before break all 'right, learn my le boys are to o'clock, and time."

So Joe's sly down to a precious boat near the surprise ec signs of an before the ca Hastily draw burst into there was the cousin Herb gay sails spl a large hole Joe stood with grief an face as red a "I know who It was Fritz cause I didn launch. Bad caper," said teeth, and ruined boat, down the road string across inches from hid himself in Now the g something w held a little eyes, but Jo only knew th miserable, an ever thought Presently eagerly peep instead of Fr the very las and hastily u tried to lay in vain, for caught a m brushing the came upon li "How's straight int but Joe ans not ashamed doing?" "No, I'm ly, after a s you the who down to the to make Fri "What to "Why, yo of eggs, to mean to trip smash 'em a Now Joe was not sh he muttered good scoldin prise, cousin "Well, I punishment trick, I can than that." "What?" "How w coals of fire "What, a doubtfully. Cousin Jo smile; Joe Herbert. I think that it fore he'd ju but I'd just Now tell me "If time bread to eat him water heap coals Lord shall r Herbert, gra the best kin should have Joe's face "Now I'd a real take- ment at all. "Try it o "Treat Fri will feel so he would fr beat him." Joe was n heart, but temper, and "But you Herbert. Y would burn. "You're his cousin,

A certain lady had two children, girls, both young and nearly of the same age, but the elder one, by some whim or accident, possessed all the mother's affection—there was none for the younger—nothing but harshness. Very lately the mother fell sick, and was confined to her bed. While lying there she heard gentle steps approaching it. "It is that you, my child," said the sick woman. "No, mamma, naively and softly said the resigned one, "it is me." Most parents, and all mothers, will understand this simple answer.

HOW TO LOSE THE APPETITE FOR DRINK.—One who has tried it says, "I overcame the appetite by a recipe given to me by our good family physician. I'll say, 'If you have the moral courage, I'll tell you the tonic which I have used with effect for the last twenty years.' I expected, of course, some nasty medicine stuff; but no, he prescribed an orange every morning, a half hour before breakfast. 'Take that and you will neither want liquor nor medicine.' I have done so regularly, and find that liquor has become repulsive. The taste of the orange is in the saliva of my tongue, and it would be as well to mix water and oil as rum with my taste.—Household.

Milton, that glory of British literature, received £10 at two different payments for the copyright of 'Paradise Lost'; yet Mr. Hoyle, author of a treatise on the game of whist, after having disposed of all the first impressions, sold the copyright to a bookseller for 200 guineas.

PREACHER'S PLAN, HALIFAX.

SUNDAY, June 11th. Table listing names and addresses of preachers for various churches in Halifax, including Brunswick St., Grafton St., Kaye St., Charles St., and Darnmouth.

Receipts for 'WESLEYAN' for week ending June 7th, 1876.

- Instructions as to Remitting Money: 1. Post Office Orders are always safe, and not very costly. 2. When sending money for subscribers, say whether old or new, and if new, write out their Post Office address, plainly. 3. See that your remittances are duly acknowledged. A delay of one or two weeks may be caused by the business of this office. After that enquire, if they do not appear. List of names and amounts: Rev. J. Seiler, 2.00; Mrs. P. C. Campbell, 2.00; W. Coates, 2.00; Rev. E. T. Wemyss, 4.00; Rev. J. Johnson, 4.00; Stephen Parker, 2.00; Jas. Woodworth, 2.00; Capt. J. B. Connor, 2.00; Dr. Hamilton, 1.00; J. K. King, 1.00; G. H. Lynch, 2.00.

GEMS OF THE GARDEN.—A box containing One Hundred SUMMER FLOWERING PLANTS, securely packed for any part of the country, for \$1 cash. JOHN McDONALD, Nova Scotia Nursery, June 3 Opposite New Railway Depot.

CAMP MEETING On the Berwick Camp Ground, commencing THURSDAY, JULY 6th, at 3 o'clock, p.m. Special arrangements have been made with the W. & A. Railway. Be particular and ask for ticket for Berwick Camp Meeting. For selection of site upon which to put up a tent, communicate with H. Jefferson, Esq., Secretary, Berwick, or F. H. W. PICKLES, Canning.

MARRIED.

At Port Mouton, on the 9th May, by the Rev. J. G. Bigney, Mr. Watson Burgess, of Port Le Beau, to Mrs. Charlotte Burgess, of Milton. On the 28th ult., at Halifax, by the Rev. Allan Simpson, Alex. W. McLeod, to Jennina Mackintosh. On 2nd inst., at Charles Street Church, Halifax, by the Rev. J. Lathern, James Hebron Harris, to Eliza, youngest daughter of M. P. Theakston, Esq. On the 1st inst., at Halifax, by the Rev. Costello Weston, John White of the firm of White & Simmonds, to Rebecca Isabelle, second daughter of Wm Smith, Esq. At Windsor, 16th ult., by Rev. D. M. Watson-Burpe Stewart, Esq., of Truro, to Miss Cassie E. Lovers, of Windsor. At Amherst, June 1st, by Rev. D. A. Steele, Mr. David T. Chapman, of Chapman & Etter, to Ella, daughter of Dr. Nathan Dupper, Collector of Customs. On the 29th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, Summerside, P.E.I., by Rev. G. W. Hamilton, Mr. Elias Gamble, of Lot 6, to Miss Mary S. Hipland, of Summerside. On the 21st ult., at Point du Chene House, by Rev. C. W. Hamilton, James M. Forbes, of Summerside, P.E.I., to Eliza Isabel White, of Moncton, N.B. On 1st inst., in the Methodist Church, Fredericton, by the Rev. H. McKewen, Mr. William M. Allen, son of the Hon. John C. Allen, Chief Justice of the Province of New Brunswick, to Olivia, daughter of Stephen Glasgow, Esq., of Glenwood, Lincoln, Salisbury Co. At St. John, on the 2nd inst., by Rev. D. M. MacLise, D.D., Mr. Robert McFarland, late of Glasgow, Scotland, to Miss Lizette Crawford, of St. John. At St. John, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. Howard Sprague, Capt. E. F. Ford, to Mary J. daughter of Hugh Bustin, Esq. At Carleton, on May 10th, by the Rev. S. R. Ackman, Mr. Isaac McLeod, to Mrs. Isabel Vair, both of Carleton, St. John. At Carleton, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. S. R. Ackman, Mr. James Wolfe, of St. John city, to Miss Ellen McCarthy, of Carleton, St. John.

DIED.

On the 1st inst., at Halifax, James son of the late James and Johanna Forrestal, aged 10 years. At Halifax, on 2nd inst., William Henry, eldest son of Samuel and Isabella Churchill, aged 4 years and nine months. At Mirford, 11th ult., James Wadrop, in the 53rd year of his age. At Elmsdale, on the 29th May, Bessie, daughter of Norman and Catherine Logan, aged nine months and three days. At Hartland, N.B., on the 23rd of May, Frank, the only son of Joseph and Louisa Barney, aged four months and four days. At Halifax, on 31st ult., Hugh McColl, Jr., of Esq. John-Pictou Co. aged 23 years. At Boston, on 30th May, Mr. Wm. Fenety, of Halifax, N.S. At Granville, May 28th, Mr. Jacob Troop, aged 70 years. At Centerville, on May 24th, Mr. Ariel Corbitt, aged 85 years. At Centerville, on 29th May, Margaret, wife of the late Ariel Corbitt, aged 74 years. At Goshen, April 30th, Jane McNeil, wife of Donald Sinclair, in the 65th year of her age. At Point Amelia, Sydney, C.B., May 20th, Anne, wife of H. W. Crawley, aged 77 years. At Halifax, 1st inst., Robert Arthur, infant son of John and Bridget Monaghan, aged 4 weeks. At Halifax, 1st inst., William, son of Alexander and Mary Ann West, aged 7 months and 10 days. At Halifax, 2nd inst., William McLarson, a native of Renairn, Perthshire, Scotland, in the 63rd year of his age. On the 3rd inst., at Halifax, Alastair Forbes, tenth son of William H. and Eliza W. Keating, aged 25 years. At Halifax, 2nd inst., William Harold, Printer, eldest son of the late Thomas William Hunt, aged 26 years. At the Poores Asylum, Halifax, May 27th, Wm. Mills, a native of Scotland, aged 42 years. At the Provincial and City Hospital, Halifax, May 29th, Edwin Blundell, aged 45 years, a native of London. At Kentville, 28th ult., Eliza K. DeWolf, second daughter of Alfred A. and Ida K. DeWolf, aged 8 years and 7 months. At Brooklyn, Hants Co., May 25th, of paralysis, George Francis Macdonald, and his 72nd year. At Halifax, 29th ult., Fervina Reardon, daughter of the late James P. Grant, in the 39th year of her age. On 31st ult., at Halifax, Anna Prescott, daughter of the late C. C. Karmann, Esq., of H. M. 60th regiment. At New London, P. E. I., on 17th ult., after 6 days illness of Scarlet Fever, Emilie Prudence, aged 6 years 10 months and 14 days, daughter of William and Jane Woodhouse. At North Sackville, P. E. I., on the 22nd ult., Mary, Adeline Scott, aged 9 years, only daughter of Henry and Ann Scott. In Carleton on Thursday morning, May 30th, after a tedious illness, Mrs. Susan C. Lemphig, aged 64 years. On Wednesday, the 3rd of June, at Musquodoboit, in the 32nd year of his age, John Lindsay. His end was peaceful. On Saturday, the 3rd inst., at Musquodoboit, peacefully, William Archibald, aged 76 years, leaving a widow, a daughter, and nine sons to mourn their loss.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

The officers of the Ladies' Church and Society of Sackville, thankfully acknowledge the following contributions from March up to June: George Dawson, Esq., Cornwall, P.E.I., \$100; Mrs. Webb, Windsor, N.S., 1.00; Mrs. J. G. Lathern, Halifax, 1.00; Rev. J. Lathern, Halifax, 1.00; E. Fisher, Esq., St. John, N.B., 2.00. Total \$104.00. W. H. Hartz, Treasurer. Sackville, June 5th, 1876. M. YDABR

CONFERENCE OF N. B. AND P. E. ISLAND.

Arrangements have been made by which all persons authorized to attend the ensuing Conference at St. Stephen, can procure Railway Tickets at St. John, Fredericton, St. Andrews, and Woodstock to St. Stephen and back, good from 19th June, to 6th July, of one fare. Persons who wish to go by steamboat will be taken from St. John and back by the International Steam Ship Company (H. W. Chesbols, Agent) on the regular days of sailing, for \$2.25, good tickets good for ten days from 19th June. Certificates, which must be presented when Tickets are applied for, can be obtained by all persons authorized to attend Conference upon application to Rev. H. Pope, Jr., Howard Sprague or ROBERT PENCAN, Secretary of Conference.

TRURO DISTRICT.

The Annual Meeting of the Truro District will be held at Maitland, on Tuesday, June 13th, at 9 a.m. The Lay representatives are requested to be present on Wednesday, at 9 a.m.

HALIFAX DISTRICT.

The Annual Meeting of the Halifax District will be held in Brunswick Street Church, Halifax, commencing on Wednesday, June 14, at 10 o'clock, a.m. A full attendance of clerical and lay members ought to be secured.

NOVA SCOTIA CONFERENCE.

The annual committee of this Conference will meet at the time and place specified in last year's Minutes. The Conference session will begin in Windsor, June 21st, at 9 o'clock, a.m.

WOMEN'S CENTENNIAL COMMITTEES.

The annual meeting of the Liverpool District will be held in the Methodist Church in Calcutta, commencing on Wednesday June 14th, at 10 o'clock, a.m. The lay members of the same are requested to attend on Thursday, June 15th, at 10 o'clock, a.m. in attendance on the meeting of the Ladies' Society. Lanesburg, May 23, 1876.

ANNAPOLIS DISTRICT.

The annual meeting of the Annapolis District for the current year will be held (D. V.) in the Methodist Church, Bridge-town, commencing, Friday, June 16th, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

SACKVILLE DISTRICT.

The members of the Sackville District meeting are hereby notified to meet in the Methodist Church at Sackville, on Wednesday, June 14, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Financial matters will be entered upon on Thursday, June 15, at 10 a.m. Circuit schedules complete, are expected to be ready to hand to the Secretary on the opening of the meeting.

CUMBERLAND DISTRICT.

The annual meeting of the Cumberland District, will (D. V.) take place at Nappan, on Tuesday, 13th of June, at 8 o'clock, p.m. The lay brethren will please be present on Wednesday at 10 o'clock, a.m. JAMES ESCOBAR, Chairman.

St. JOHN DISTRICT.

The Annual District Meeting of the St. John District for the current year will be held in the Methodist Church, Fairville, N.B., commencing on Wednesday the 14th day of June, 1876, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

NEURALGIA.

There is always room at the top. GRANT'S NEW METHOD FOR THE PIANO FORTE, is the leading book for the thousands of eminent teachers who have written the work. Sent by mail for \$3.75. Lee & Walker, publishers, Philadelphia.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ANDERSON, BILLING & CO. Wholesale Dry Goods. Black Coburgs, Black Alpaccas, Ready-Made Clothing, Grass Cloth, Haberdashery, etc. Bales of Blankets, Striped Hessians, Etc., etc. 111 and 113 Granville Street. June 10th 1876.

MARKET PRICES.

Table listing market prices for various goods in Halifax and St. John. Items include Butter, Pork, Beef, Mutton, etc. with prices for both locations.

EVERY PIANO IN AMERICA SHOULD BE GRAGED BY APT.

\$5000 IN GOLD WAS PAID BY THE WOMEN'S CENTENNIAL COMMITTEES FOR RICHARD WAGNER'S GRAND CENTENNIAL MARCH THEODORE THOMAS, JOHN CHURCH & CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

SEALING WAX.

A good Quality of BOTTLE WAX very suitable for use in Post Offices, &c. Superfine—Price Medal Wax at \$1.35 p lb. METHODIST BOOK ROOM, 125 Granville Street.

SMITH BROTHERS, DRY GOODS, HALIFAX, N.S.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 25 DUKE STREET, RETAIL WAREHOUSE, 150 Granville Street. In our Wholesale Warehouse will be found one of the most complete and attractive Stocks in the city, having been purchased and personally selected by one of the Firm who has had long experience in buying in the foreign market. ALL GOODS SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES. In our Retail Department special attention is devoted to obtaining reliable makes of Goods at moderate prices and as we are receiving goods by every mail boat from Europe our patrons and others may rely upon finding the latest novelties. KID GLOVES. Our Stock of these is the largest and most reliable in the trade.

A 1. STATIONERY. A 1.

EMPRESS OF INDIA NOTE, Fine Extra Satin Tinted Repp, Cream Repp Note, Rose Repp Note, Silver Grey Repp Note, Edgewood of each Ink 40 Mch. The Note is in neat boxes of five quires. The Envelopes in boxes of 250. METHODIST BOOK ROOM, 125 Granville Street.

CENTENNIAL HYMN.

Published by the Centennial Hymn Committee, 125 Granville Street, Halifax. A complete and attractive volume, containing the National Songs of this and 12 other countries, in convenient form for Solo or Chorus singing. 100 pages. Boards, 10 cents.

MUSIC.

PIANO-FORTE LESSONS. Instructions on the PIANO-FORTE given by Mrs. BARRY. Terms made known by applying at residence 44 Gettington Street. May 13-1m. ALL OUR FUR GOODS AT 10 PER CENT CASH DISCOUNT. HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR Raw Skins. O. KAIZER & SONS, Granville St. Halifax. Jan. 29.

Jas. & Wm. PITTS, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Ship and Insurance Brokers, WATER STREET, St. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND. Victoria Steam Confectionery Works, WATERLOO STREET, We call the attention of WHOLESALE DEALERS and others to our STOCK OF PURE CONFECTIONS. Some of which will be found entirely new to the trade. We invite their inspection and solicit a share of their patronage. WHOLESALE ONLY, J. R. WOODBURN & CO., Victoria Steam Confectionery Works, Waterloo St., St. John N.B., (Dec. 15) H. P. KEER.

JOST BROTHERS,

141 GRANVILLE STREET. Are now showing a large stock of NEW SPRING GOODS. Consisting of: PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, TOWELINGS, HAMBURG NETS and EMBROIDERY, KID GLOVES, HOSIERY, Ladies' COSTUMES and MANTLES. A very choice selection of new and used still imported and saw made Family Mouthings. PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS. Our Stock will be found unsurpassed. INSPECTION IS SOLICITED. PER BERNHARDT, NEW BARK COMBS, HAIR BRADS, CHIGNONS, Newest shape, Sixty dozen, HAIR NETS, HUMAN HAIR SWITCHES, Boston Hair Store, Barrington St., Halifax, Jan. 29.

W. M. HARRINGTON & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE AT 248 HOLLIS STREET. The following GOODS at Lowest Market rates, viz: 100 CHESTS Fine Congo TEA, 50 Half Do. Do. DITTO, 10 Half Ditto Oolong TEA, 25 Caddies Fine Breakfast DITTO, 20 Half Chests Souchong, 5 DO. Hoysan, 10 Pans Mocha and MOJASSES, 25 Bbls Jamaica COFFEE, 20 Do Orundu SUGAR, 10 Do Granulated & Pulverized DITTO, Hds. & Bbls. Vacuum Pan & Porto Rico SUGAR, Boxes, 2 boxes & 4 boxes London and Muscad RAISINS, Bbls CURRANTS, Valencia RAISINS, A large assortment PICKLES, SAUCES, Salad OIL &c., Kegs Mustard, Boxes Starch, Kegs Soda, Filberts, Walnuts Almonds, Prunes, Figs, Dates, &c., Pearl & Pot Barley, Oat Meal, Split Peas, 50 Bags Rice, Bbls Pastry Flour, Corn Meal, 50 BOXES CONFECTIONERY, Barrels Mixed D. tto, Fancy Biscuits, Crackers, Pilot Bread, Cheese, Brown, mottled & fancy Soap, Spices, Canned Fruits, Sardines, Marmalade, Canned Oysters, Vegetables, Jellies, Meats, Soups, Lobsters and Salmon, Buckets, Brooms, &c., &c., Halifax, N. S., Dec. 1875. Job Printing neatly and promptly executed at this Office.

Rev. A. VOL WEST 125 HALIFAX, ALL M AN Sabbath S A SPI THE E HIS TRIP SHOOT RIA At Broc reporter b tan, on Brazil. En a beautiful sight-seer everything Those who in the W easily poin on the bot knowledge guided. freely ab his tions about government but his sta a slight rou as indicates well marked long, curlin clines toward movement, and enthu the vessel's conversing there; imm in the sailo book, eviding thought Empress w a mount, on an anim his suite, c from the ca villages the luly intere ship, or co constant cu to escape h were charac edge and of of romanti the minds Emperor, a the argum the latter v ording to not vice a and writt while his s stated in othe of M. conseration, Adm on bo journey. v vacation f Out of the conversatio particularly on the non did a great successf unan cons popular y Emperor e ancient. I ally desiri he had be Cave of W od with wh comparison on the rivet cats met h and grand was more very u seen the etland I see, ject to as deep. He Canada's c own counr about the c said he belie was better " You got mother coun ty." He di the United if any chan parties, the were made able to th cases were t mae. A on the t interest at In Brazil seldom if a freezing pe