THIRD REPORT

OF THE

COLONIAL

CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY

FOR THE

DIOCESE OF MONTREAL, CANADA,

ADOPTED AT THE

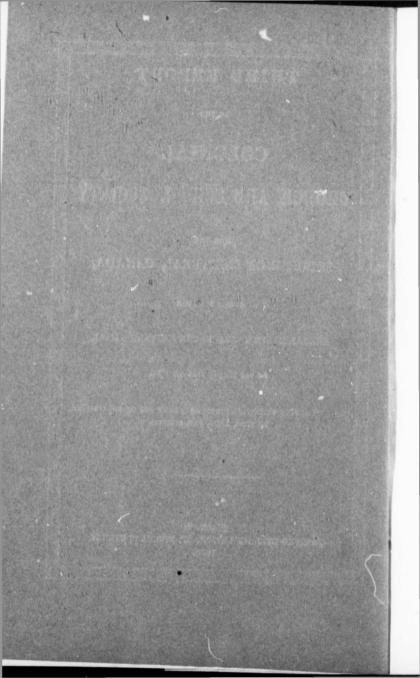
ANNUAL MEETING HELD IN THE MECHANICS HALL,

ON THE 17TH OF JANUARY, 1856.

CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT 18 VICT., 1855, CAP. CCXXVII.

Montreal:

PRINTED BY JOHN LOVELL, ST. NICHOLAS STREET. 1856.



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EXTRACT FROM RULES OF THE SOCIETY,

The management of the Society shall be under the direction of persons who are members of the United Church of England and Ireland, and all the Agents of the Society shall likewise be members of the same.

3. The selection, appointment, removal, and field of labor of all the Agents, together with the amount of their respective salaries, shall rest entirely with the Committee of the Society. The Clergymen employed by the Society shall be subject to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction of their Diocesans; and the Schools shall be open at all times to the visits of the Diocesan, and the parochial or missionary Clergy in their respective districts.

Colonial Church and School Society.

PATRON.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

VICE-PATRONS.

HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE FOR THE DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

PRESIDENT.

RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF MONTREAL.

COMMITTEE.

Rev. Canon Leach, D.C. L. Rev. Canon Bancroft, A.M. Revd. R. Lonsdell. Rev. W. Anderson. Rev. J. P. White. Rev. Wm. Bond. Rev. J. McLeod. A. F. Holmes, Esq., M.D.

E. L. Montizambert, Esq. Thomas Evans, Esq. J. H. Maitland, Esq. W. C. Evans, Esq. J. J. Gibb, Esq. J. H. Winn, Esq. Treasurer, A. H. CAMPBELL, Esq., Commercial Bank.

W. McGinnes, Esq.

Col. Wilgress.

Secretary,..... Rev. Wm. Bond. Assistant Sceretary ... THOMAS EVANS, Esq.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Place of Meeting, 30 Bonaventure Street, first Wednesday every month. at half-past Two o'clock.

LIST OF AGENTS FOR THE COLONIAL CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY IN THE DIOCESE CF MONTREAL.

Rev. Wm. Bond, Superintendent and Secretary. THOMAS EVANS,..... Assistant Secretary.

....... Missionary at Sabrevois.

Joseph Merrick, Lay Missionary, Montreal.

COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Jos. BAXTER EAST, . . Saroba. JAMES KENEHAN, ... St. Johns. Miss Cutting, MISS RANKIN, Francis Dowse,...L'Acadie. FRED. BURT,.....Brome. MISS TILDEN, Sutton. J. C. DAVIDSON, Cowansville. ROBERT WRIGHT, ... Huntingdon. JOHN LAWLOR, Kildare. ROBERT WOOD,....La Tortue.

MR. BLANCHARD, . . Napierville. Miss Fisk, Waterloo. WM. WHITE, Gore. S. K. HESELTON, . . Berthier. MISS REED, Brandon. Mrs. Wright, Lacolle. J. Goslin, Clarendon. GEO. BOTTOM, Sherbrooke. JESSE AMIREAUX, .. New Liverpool. John Hall, Stoneham. R. W. WHITE, Portneuf.

MODEL AND NORMAL SCHOOL, MONTREAL. Mrs. Hicks, Mistress.

Mr. Wm. Hicks, Head Master. MR. TAYLOR, Assistant Master. MR. MERRICK, Religious Teacher. Mr. Burns, Assistant

MISS STEVENS, MISS ROBERTSON, Mistress of Infant School.

Miss Kite,

STUDENTS AND APPRENTICES.

Miss Montgomery, George Webb, Thos. Montgomery, Miss Hill. John Sharp, Miss F. Hill, Mrs. Walsh, N. Barber. Miss Frary, Miss Jackson, Miss Dougall, Miss Matinson, Miss Kitchener, Miss Harper,

Miss Chalmers, Miss Hines, Miss Broadwell, Miss Walling, Miss Stuppel.

ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Colonial Church & School Society,

AT THE

MECHANICS HALL,

ON THURSDAY, 17TH JANUARY, 1856,

AT SEVEN O'CLOCK, P. M.

Prayer. Address by the Lord Bishop, Report read.

1 .- Moved by A. H. CAMPBELL, Esq.,

Seconded by Rev. Canon Leach, D.C.L.

That the Report which has now been read be adopted and printed: this Meeting being deeply impressed with a sense of the goodness of God in vouchsating such success to the efforts of the Society in this Diocese.

2.-Moved by Dr. Barber,

Seconded by REV. CANON BANCROFT, A.M.

That this Meeting desires to fulfil the pleasing duty of acknowledging the liberality with which the Society has been supported in this country, and the United States, and specially of thanking those friends in Quebec, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Port Hope, &c., who responded so freely to the appeal made to them last summer on behalf of the Sabrevois Mission.

COLLECTION.

3.-Moved by Rev. E. DuVernet,

Seconded by Mr. Wm. Hicks.

That this Meeting fully recognizes the great importance of a sound and Scriptural education, and therefore views with unmixed satisfaction the great and growing progress of the Model and Normal School, and the increasing number of the Society's Schools in this Diocese.

4.—Moved by A. F. Holmes, Esq., M.D.

Seconded by E. L. Montizambert, Esq., M.A.

That the cordial thanks of this Meeting are due to His Lordship the Bishop, for the kindness and ability with which he has conducted the operations of the Society, and presided over the business of the evening.

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COLONIAL

CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY.

It is with feelings of thankfulness that the Incorporated Corresponding Committee of the Colonial Church and School Society are enabled to present to this meeting a Report of their proceedings during the past year, a Report which, detailing a measure of success beyond even their mostsanguine expectations, cannot fail to give much satisfaction to the friends of the Society.

To our Heavenly Father be the praise and the Glory. He has again given proof of His faithfulness to His promises, in that He has answered the fervent prayers of His servants, and vouchsafed perfect harmony to their counsels in carrying out to a happy issue all their resolutions.

If any reason for regret be found in the proceedings of the year it is that the Committee have not been able to meet the increasing demands made upon them from all parts of the Diocese, for assistance in teachers and in money, nor to enlarge their establishment in this city in proportion to the applications for admission. Many

appeals which were recognized as reasonable and pressing, have been unavoidably passed over, and the Committee have had to regret their inability to afford assistance where it was urgently called for. Who must not grieve when a bright and intelligent boy or girl is prevented from entering upon a course of preparation for the office of a teacher, because the number of students is complete in the Normal School, and there are not sufficient means to support a larger number? or when a little one prays for admittance into the Model School, in vain, because the building is full, and there are not funds to add to the accommodation? or when the cry reaches us from every part of the country, "Come and help us, lest ignorance and vice prevail?" Too often under these circumstances the Committee have been compelled to disappoint the expectations of applicants, and to decline assistance which had it been in their power, they would have willingly granted.

This pressure still exists; nevertheless, is it not a cause for congratulation, that a Normal School has been organized which now instructs 22 students, and possesses most efficient machinery for instructing double that number? That a Model School is in operation with 360 scholars, which number, if there were room, might be increased to upwards of 500? That there is an infant school where 70 little ones are taught; and that all this might be expanded to any reasonable extent? Also that the City Mission and the Mission to the French Canadians enjoy manifold proofs of God's blessing, in a steadily increasing vigour and usefulness? And that we can point to every quarter of the Diocese and exclaim: "See, here are schools springing up whence shall come forth, through God's blessing, not only ornaments of Society, but heirs of Heaven?" These are unquestionably subjects for congratulation, and under God are dependant upon what must be a cause of still further congratulation and gratitude, the cheerful and liberal support which has been accorded by the Government to the schools, and by private individuals throughout the Province.

The Committee beg to direct attention to the various contributions acknowledged under the separate heads, and while they cordially and warmly thank those friends who have so nobly aided them in the good work, they bless God who put it into the hearts of those friends to give gladly, and who loves a cheerful giver, for the encouragement and strength derived therefrom, in many a perplexing and anxious consultation.

The expenditure has been large, amounting to £3850, of which salaries have absorbed £1950, buildings and repairs £1230, and boarding of students, books, apparatus, and incidental expenses, £670. This large expenditure has been met by an income of £3796, derived from the following sources, viz: Parent Society, £970; Government, for two years, £1000; School fees, £250; Private contributions, £1576.

Thus it will appear that the income of the Society for this year has exceeded that of last year by £1100, without taking into account the grant of £500 made by Government for last year, which appears in this year's accounts.

It will now be the duty of the Committee to report more minutely the work that has been accomplished by these means, and afford proof that the monies expended have been well applied.

EDUCATION.

It is felt that the importance of education cannot be overrated; and this subject has had the most careful consideration of the committee, with a view to its being rendered more efficient and complete. And that there might be no failure through an effort to grasp too much at first and at once, attention has been mainly directed to a few leading points, viz:

1st. The obtaining well trained masters and mistresses to take charge of the various country schools. As this could not be accomplished at once, a temporary arrangement was required for the present exigency, and young people were received into the Model and Normal School without imposing any conditions, but that they should bring satisfactory testimonials from their minister as to moral character, that they should be willing to devote themselves to the work of instructing youth, and that they should pass a tolerable examination on religious and secular subjects; no charge was made; in some instances, where a promising young person applied, a small salary was given, and when evidence of capacity was manifested, a suitable situation was guaranteed. But it was felt that to be well done, the work of training must be commenced much earlier, and be more thorough than is possible when the teachers are to be sent

out after a few months instruction. It was therefore determined to receive pupil teachers and apprentices, who are expected to continue under instruction till fully qualified for their important work; these pupils while being instructed have been found of great use in the school, and afford promise of fulfilment of the most ardent

hopes.

2nd. The imparting proper religious instruction. That this may be secured, great care is taken that the certificates of moral and religious character in the case of adult students, are unquestionable, and in that of pupil teachers and apprentices, as well as of their parents and guardians, are satisfactory. It is believed that this is all important, for then the teacher will be prepared to give instruction from the Bible with force and intelligence, and with that tender care which might be expected from a religious parent; and that knowledge shall not be lacking on the part of the teacher, lectures are delivered weekly, and practical examples of teaching presented.

A religious tone imparted to the duties of a school not only gives most genial ascendency to the minds of the teachers over those of the taught, but tends also to give a most desirable form

and elevation to the character of those who teach.

3rd. The maintaining discipline. Next to a religious tone in the school, indeed associated therewith, is proper discipline, there is no satisfactory progress without it. You may have discipline without improvement, but little improvement without discipline; the Committee object however, most emphatically to the free use of the cane; it is the obvious resort of the indolent, or the ignorant, or the tyrannical, but the dread of the kind hearted pains-taking teacher, who is skilled in the art of school keeping.

And therefore this point is never lost sight of; order in the school with cheerfulness, and love for the teacher are quite compatible; and the admirable Report of the head master of the Normal School (Mr. Hicks) will show that the students are imbibing the princi-

ple which secures success.

4th. Correct and regularly kept registers. Neglect herein is a great fault, and only those who have had much to do with the superintendence of schools, know how prevalent the neglect is, and how great is the difficulty in introducing the practice of regularity and correctness; much is thereby bost, and discipline and

efficiency hindered. The Normal and Model School affords an

example of a complete yet simple system.

5th. Suitable school houses properly fitted up and furnished with books and apparatus. It is highly desirable that there should be an uniform plan, but this is a point in which we have been least successful; the teachers perceive the benefit, but as almost all the existing school houses in the country places are furnished in the most objectionable manner, and entirely destitute of apparatus; the cost has been in a great measure a complete bar upon the improvement; we can, however, point to several schools where the change has been made, and the comfort and efficiency thus imparted have amply compensated for the outlay.

If the limits of a Report permitted, other matters of importance might be referred to, but the extent to which we have attained in the subjects named will appear by the result of a few examina-

tions recorded by the Superintendent.

And here it may be mentioned that the committee commissioned Mr. Hicks to proceed to the institution in Toronto which is indeed not excelled by any on the Continent, for the purpose of selecting for the Model and Normal School any appliances that might add to its efficiency; the duty was faithfully executed, and the object every way facilitated by the kind attention of the officers of the admirable Toronto Institution.

MODEL AND NORMAL SCHOOL.

The remarkable efficiency and success of this school will be best understood by a perusal of Mr. Hicks' Report, and a consideration of the tabular statement hereunto affixed, (for which and much other valuable assistance the Committee are indebted to the knowledge and industry of Thos. Evans, Sr., Esq., the Assistant Secretary who by his untiring zeal has materially aided in the work of the Society;) and the following notes of an examination held in the presence of the Lord Bishop of Montreal, and a large assemblage, on Thursday the 20th of December, will convey some idea of the subjects, and manner of instruction.

The first class examined consisted of about 30 children, none of them, it is believed, more than eight years of age. The 2nd chapter of the Gospel according to St. John was taken, and one and another requested to read: this was done almost without a mistake, and with ease and fluency; they were then questioned concerning the writer of the Gospel, the miracle in the lesson, the persons named therein, the power by which the miracle was wrought, the object of performing it, and the geography of the country, and were scarcely at fault on any point. Miss Montgomery, a young student, then questioned them upon grammar, in which they evinced considerable knowledge of the elements, and much more than mere technical acquirement.

The proficiency manifested by this class of little children in geography was most remarkable: a map was laid on the floor, and a compass by its side, the question was then asked, "Who can place that map aright?" Immediately many little hands were uplifted as a sign, for there was no confusion, and one was selected to adjust the map; when that was done the question was put, "Is that correct?" with a request (to one who replied) to explain how she knew that it was correct, which was promptly performed by a reference to the compass. The map was of Europe, blank, i. e. without names of places, &c., and yet they were taken through countries, over mountains, down rivers, along the coast, into cities and towns, without a mistake, and with so much apparent ease as to defy every effort to puzzle them.

The upper classes examined numbered about 130 (boys and girls;) they were arranged in front of the audience in three rows of parallel desks in three divisions, so arranged that the whole came under the eye of the teacher at one glance, and that each division could hear and be heard without difficulty, and without annoyance to others working in the same room.

The scriptural knowledge was elicited by such questions as:

"How would you prove the pre-existence of Christ?"

"How His divinity?"

"Name the chief prophecies concerning the Saviour."

"Were they fulfilled?" "Prove it," &c., &c., &c.

These questions were answered correctly and fully, and with a tone and reverence that indicated a consciousness of the solemnity of the subject.

The questions in English Grammar were ably put by Mr. Pope, of the National School, who gave them on the "black board," without previous notice, the following sentence to parse:

"The curfew tolls the knell (of parting day, &c." And the result was a clear evidence of superior teaching.

Space will not permit the giving in detail the whole course.

Mr. Taylor exhibited their proficiency in geography by taking them on a voyage up the Mediterranean, inquiring the course to be steered, and the particulars of various places touched at.

Mr. Burns gave an object lesson on Snow.

Miss Robertson in natural history on the Reindeer.

Mrs. Hicks on a Loaf of Bread.

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Miss Stevens gave a lesson on the Geography of Canada.

Mr. Godfrey in Mental Calculation.

Mrs. Hicks took them through English History in a manner which showed that they were intimately acquainted as well with the intricate genealogies of the Kings and Queens of the past as with the prominent incidents of the present century.

And Mr. Hicks gave the following problems which were solved in a few minutes by ten or twelve of the boys, though they had never seen them before:

SUBTRACTION.

$$7x^2 - 2x + 5$$

 $3x^2 + 5x - 1$

MULTIPLICATION.

$$3x^2 + 2x \times 4x + 7$$

EQUATION.

$$17x - 4x + 9 = 3x + 39$$
 to find x.

On the whole the examination was most satisfactory, setting forth a proficiency in both teachers and taught, which promises a most hopeful result.

There were several things worthy of remark:

1st. The perfect order which prevailed without the least constraint, amongst so many for three hours.

2nd. The self possession of the teachers, and the cheerful and natural kindness which was mutual between teachers and taught-

3rd. The easy and natural manner, without fear, yet with gentleness, with which the children expressed their thoughts, and gave their answers.

The Committee have reason to be pleased with the state of the school, and recognize the great faithfulness with which the duties of teaching have been performed; it is also a source of much gratification that the services of Mrs. Hicks have been secured, her varied acquirements, her great experience, and her never failing tact, evincing a high order of attainment in the art of teaching, and making her an invaluable acquisition to the staff of the school, and completing its ranks.

Mr. Hicks deserves great praise for the unwearied assiduity with which he has labored to make the Model and Normal School an institution worthy of the Province, and in which he has most decidedly succeeded.

MR. HICKS' REPORT.

The Second Annual Report of the Training School of the Colonial Church and School Society will, I am sure, be a subject of great gratification to every one anxious for the welfare of the Society, from the fact that the past year has been one of great success, and that it has pleased the Almighty to increase the means of our usefulness much beyond anything that could have been imagined, even by those who were the most solicitous for our well-being.

As a proof that our Model School has the confidence of the people of Montreal, and that they are anxious to entrust their children to our care and training, I need only mention that increasing numbers have entirely filled the building erected by the Society in Bonaventure Street, and that many have been refused admittance entirely owing to want of space to accommodate them. Our opening number, 11 scholars, had increased to 250 at the beginning of the past year; and now the number on the books is 360; the average attendance being more than 320. The highest number on the attendance book of children actually assembled in school for instruction on one occasion reached 350.

For the efficient instruction of so large a number it was absolutely necessary that a good teaching staff should be provided; and this subject gave me great uneasiness, as I found the work multiply beyond my ability to meet it; and Ishad gloomy prospects before me at the commencement of the year; but by the blessing of God many came forward to help us, and by the excellent arrangement of our Superintendent, who allowed no opportunity to pass of furnishing me with assistants, I am able to state that the working of the school during the greater part of the past year has been most efficiently and diligently conducted.

The Model School during the past year has consisted of three departments, the Boys, Girls and Infants schools. At the commencement of the past year the management of the Boys school was in the hands of Mr. Godfrey, who conducted it to the satisfaction of the Committee; but a good appointment to a school in a neighbouring village having presented itself, he made application, and through the influence of parties connected with our Institution he succeeded in obtaining it.

Though regretting the loss of his services, I am happy to say he is filling a most important post; and by carrying out the system he saw put in practice while he was with us, he is giving great satisfaction to every one con-

nected with this school.

It now became indispensable to find some one to fill the post thus vacant, and our Superintendent soon provided me with one, who, from his experience in teaching and scholastic ability, is calculated to become a most efficient agent of the Society, and a valuable member of our Training Institution. Mr. Taylor has already gained the confidence and love of the children, and by his judicious management I look forward to great benefit to our school from his services, should we succeed in retaining them. The subjects taught in the Boys School have been such as form the basis of a good English education, and the advancement of the classes under their teachers has been such as to enable me to teach the elder children the elements of Algebra and Euclid, and several other advanced subjects, which I trust will fit my young charge to fill with success in after life the posts that it may please the Almighty to prepare for them. The girls school still continues under the able superintendence of Miss Stevens, who deserves the greatest credit for the ability with which she succeeds in giving satisfaction to the parents of the children; although an over-crowded room presents an obstacle, the evils of which the trained teacher alone can fully experience. In my last Report it is stated, that owing to the severity of the winter, our Infants School had become so thin as to oblige me to place the remainder of the elder children into the classes of the other schools, and use the room they occupied for a · class-room, but in less than a month after writing that Report, I was obliged to remodel it. I am happy to say that it has since continued full of scholars, its size preventing us from admitting many whose parents were anxious to avail themselves of its benefits. The establishment and efficient working of this part of our Institution were sources of deep anxiety to me, from the difficulty of procuring, not only a properly trained teacher, but also one who possessed the natural kindness and gentleness of manner so essential to success in teaching the tender years of infancy. I am sure that every one who knows how difficult it is to carry out the working of an Infants School, and the many failures there are in countries blessed with educational means, far beyond anything we possess in this country, will concur with me in stating that our success in this particular point is a subject of great thankfulness, and that the teacher who in spite of inadequate space, and the want of, at first, much that is necessary for carrying out the infant system, was able to

overcome all and keep up a good course of instruction to an average attendance of 60 children, must be possessed of more than ordinary ability.

The parents of children in the Infants School have on many occasions not only spoken in high terms of Miss Robertson's success in imparting know-ledge, but also of her kind and affectionate manner towards the little ones, who, coming to school at an age when a mother's care is necessary, have the more need of finding a substitute in the teacher.

It is evident, however, that the present room which is used as an Infants School is much too small for its purpose. It is laid down as a rule in conducting the best schools of this description in England, that "there ought to be much well regulated muscular exercise in the play of the infants, which should be as much as possible in the open air." In order that the first part of this rule may be carried out, it is the practice to make the infants' room so large as to enable the children to play under cover in bad weather, much more then do we in Canada, during our long winter, stand in need of ample space to compensate for the want of out-door exercise. As it is, however, the intention of the Committee early in the spring to build a new room for the infants in connection with other apartments, I have every hope of being able to present it as a model for the formation of similar ones in other parts of the country.

The Infants School is commenced and closed like the others with prayer, and the religious instruction is carefully attended to. The children are for the most part taught scriptural facts, &c., by pictures, which by fixing the subject on the memory and by exciting the curiosity of the child, enable the teacher to train the mind for future and more difficult application. The Infants School is well furnished with the usual apparatus, and by the arrangement of the various objects, and the display of Scriptural and Natural History prints, it is rendered as attractive as possible, in order that the first impression on the child's mind, upon its entrance on its school career, may be one of pleasurable anticipation. The want of proper class rooms, for the purpose of giving scriptural instruction and Bible lessons apart from the secular instruction, began to be felt so soon as the room which had been used for that purpose previously had been taken possession of by the infants. In order to supply this most necessary feature in a properly conducted school the rooms in a building adjoining the schools were at a considerable expense arranged for the reception of classes; and although they are only such as might be expected from our being obliged, by our increase of operations, to avail ourselves of whatever might present itself, still we are grateful to them and they do us good service.

It has always been present in my mind in the arrangements of my school, that the chief object of the Committee is to train young persons for the purpose of sending them out as properly qualified instructors of youth; it would therefore give me much pleasure if I could state that during the past year I had been able to devote myself more fully to the instruction of those who have been fellow workers with me in our school. We have,

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however, not failed to avail ourselves of every opportunity of study, and although this has always taken place after a hard day's work of school teaching, it has nevertheless been done cheerfully, and I trust profitably. It has been my chief object to make the students feel the importance of the post they are anxious to fill, and for that purpose subjects intimately connected with the art of teaching have been prominently brought before them In English composition also they have been accustomed to write short essays on subjects connected with the teacher's profession. I have selected the following as fair specimens, but in looking over them it must be borne in mind that they only formed part of two hours course of instruction, and that on an average not more than half an hour is allowed for each student to finish a paper:

What are the chief pleasures to be derived from the Teacher's Profession?—Miss Harper.

A person who undertakes the training of young minds should have at heart a desire for human improvement. If this be the aim she has in view, the whole duty will become a source of pleasure. Nothing will give so much delight to such a person as the cultivation of the minds of the young, changing a benighted and ignorant into an enlightened and intelligent being; and when she considers how much the future well-being of the trust committed to her keeping depends on early training, it should make her more dilligent and persevering in her efforts to promote and instil right principles into the minds of her pupils.

"'Tis education forms the youthful mind, For as the twig is bent the tree's inclined."

The innumerable blessings which flow from education are nearly everywhere to be seen. How much does civilization owe to this? It is this which raises our country, England, so much above her less enlightened neighbours. When we see the many blessings which flow from education, who would not feel honored at having done something to promote it?

How would you check conceit in a clever, ambitious, painstaking child, who at an early age had reached the higher part of the school?—Miss Walling.

"Supposing I had such a character to deal with, I should think it my duty in the first place to find out whether she was naturally inclined to be proud of her abilities; and as it is more than likely that a child of this kind would be so, I should begin by showing her that whatever talents she possessed had been given to her by God, and that if He had seen fit to entrust to her a larger share than He had to others, it only brought with it greater responsibility, "For unto whomsoever much is given of him shall much be required." and therefore that instead of being proud and haughty, she had the more need to be humble before Him who gave her all she has, and thank him for the gift he has bestowed upon her. I would also try to impress upon her the fact, that no matter how hard she studied she would in reality be doing no more than her duty to her parents: for when they sent her to school it

was that she might improve whatever talent she had, and learn as much as she was able; and remind her of the words of Christ who said, "When ye shall have done all those things which are commanded you, say, 'We are unprofitable servants.'" I would also not give her undue praise for her performances, nor put it into her head, that because she had surpassed her companions she was in reality better than they. I would avoid making comparisons between her work and theirs in her presence, although at the same time I would strive not to check her desire for improvement, or damp her spirits. In short, I would do all in my power so to modify praise by instruction, and my admiration of her abilities by caution, that at the same time that she was encouraged to proceed in the path of learning she might see that to be proud would be hateful to God, injurious to herself, and would cause her to be disliked by all around her, and that no matter how clever she might be in after life, yet, if she were disfigured by this sin, she would never be happy."

During the past year fifteen young persons of both sexes have presented themselves for admittance into the Training School, and after undergoing the necessary examination they have been placed on the Society's books. Of these, eight having stayed so long in the Model School as to enable me to judge of their fitness for the work of teaching, both with respect to qualification and general character, have been appointed to situations in the country, and from personal inspection of their schools under the direction of the Superintendent, and from information he has received from those able to form an opinion, I think I need not hesitate in saying that each one is becoming a blessing to the place where it has pleased God to place him. This part of my duty, viz; the study of the characters, and also the fitness of the candidates for their situations, is one of such vital importance to the interests of the Society and indeed of so much consequence to the students themselves, inasmuch as they may be led to engage in a career in which they may not only be doing an injury to others but also rendering themselves unhappy and discontented; that were it not for the success that has attended our past efforts and also for the active part taken in it by our Superintendent, it would be a source of unbearable anxiety.

The past, however, is cheering; it is full of promise; and with prayer to God to implant a love of the work in the minds of those whose mental and moral endowments are such as to fit them to become teachers, I think we have every reason to continue our endeavours, with an assurance that every young person sent out by us properly trained for the work, with a higher estimate of the profession than is generally taken of it, and with a strengthening idea of its being not only a mission of worldly usefulness but also of Christian duty, is doing much by example and precept to lighten our labour, and bring about the end we have in view, that of providing a good staff of teachers for the education of the youth of this country.

The time has passed away when it was deemed sufficient if the teacher had book knowledge alone to fit him for the work. When it is considered h as

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that to be successful in his vocation, (I quote from a work on education, stating the requirements of a teacher,) he should have acute, moral preceptions, especially in benevolence, piety, and justice; that he should have perfect command of temper, imperturbable patience, and great kindness and gentleness of manner; that he should be fond of children and their society, and that independent of all this the mind stored with varied information, that must be continually renewed and kept prepared for active use, it becomes evident that the selection of those who may be qualified for that profession involves an amount of responsibility that few would willingly take upon themselves.

In connection with the latter remarks I have great pleasure in stating that I have been endeavouring during the past year to carry out the Society's object of apprenticing young pupils out of the school, with a view to their being thoroughly trained in our system, and also that they should undergo a regular course of instruction. Already we have three apprentices who give great promise, and I trust that I may soon be able to make a selection of several others; but in an affair of such importance to our institution, I have preferred waiting until time shall have enabled me to form as correct an opinion as I am capable of doing of the children's individual capacities and dispositions, before taking upon myself to advise them to choose a path of life, which although pleasant to those who are adapted for the work, yet contains much that must be borne with great self-denial.

In conclusion I must call the attention of the Committee to the uniformly good conduct of the young persons composing the teaching staff of our school, to their unwearied diligence and regularity, and to the cheerfulness with which they invariably enter into the work of the day. In doing this they are but lightening their own labours, rendering my post one of pleasurable superint-ndence, and our school a place where, as it should be, all who come may not only spend their time profitably but also happily:

List of the students who have been receiving instruction in the school during the past past year:

Mr. Burn,	Mr. White,	Miss Kyte,
Mr. East,	Miss Bethell,	Miss Montgomery,
Mr. Goslin,	Miss Dougal,	Miss Middlemiss,
Mr. Heseltine,	Miss E. Hill,	Miss Maxwell,
Mr. Montgomery,	Miss F, Hill,	Miss Tildon,
Mr. Ryder,	Miss Jackson,	Miss Walling
Mr. Webb,	Miss Kitchener,	Mrs. Walsh.

Students who have received appointments during the past year:

Mr. East, Upton,	Mr. Ryder, Chambly,
Mr. Godfrey, St. Henri,	Miss Maxwell, British and Canadian School, Montreal,
Mr. Goslin, Clarendon, C. W.,	Miss Middlemiss, Long Point,
Mr. Heseltine, Berthier,	Miss Tildon, Sutton Flats

Of the result of the training in the Model and Normal School, the girl's portion of "the British and Canadian School" in this city is a fair example. Miss Maxwell, the teacher, was trained by us. Her first step in entering upon her charge was to adopt the plan and furniture of the school, in which she had been trained, and the aspect of the school at once reveals to the visitor its success; its order and neatness is the first thing that commands notice, then the lively, business-like air which prevails, and finally the energy and good temper which the teacher seems to have infused into the children from her own spirit.

Nor was the appearance contradicted by the reality. The Superintendent and Mr. Hicks examined the school on many points, and were persuaded that the attainment would be equal to the discipline.

Too much credit cannot be awarded to Wm. Lunn, Esquire, and the Ladies Committee; who have so liberally enabled Miss Maxwell to complete her system.

Another instance is afforded in the school taught by Miss Middlemiss at Long Point. Although she is impeded by old fashioned desks and a miserable school room, and almost unassisted by material, the Superintendent records:—

"Discipline good, English grammar remarkably good, reading fair, general knowledge superior, and all far in advance of the same description of schools in general."

This school furnishes also an evidence of what may be accomplished by a kind and judicious friend; a lady (Mrs. Taylor) resident there has been the chief means of erecting a suitable school house, and to encourage the mistress and show her estimation of the instruction given, sends her own son and daughter.

Another: in Mr. Godfrey's school at St. Henri the examination was most satisfactory, and the parents who attended could not sufficiently express their gratitude; the school, however, does great credit to Mr. Godfrey's industry as well as system.

Still another: Mr. Goslin writes from Clarendon to Mr. Hicks:

"I commenced my school on Monday the 29th of October, I had but three scholars at the beginning. I have fifteen now and a prospect of an increase. The mode of teaching is with some modifications, which are rendered necessary by the want of apparatus, the same as that which is so successfully

pursued by yourself. * * * Previous to my opening the school the only system followed was the absence of all system, but I had no difficulty in introducing order, and none in maintaining it; I have used the cane but once since I came. Natural Philosophy is taught as you teach it by object lessons, but I am cramped in that, as in every thing else, by the lack of necessary apparatus I beg that you will accept my cordial thanks for the pains that you took with me while I was with you, and I return my thanks to the Committee."

We have also most favorable reports from many other schools, even the substance of which it would be inexpedient to introduce here, but copious remarks will be found in the "tabular statement," embracing in a smaller compass the most important of the facts.

It is due to truth, to state that there has been ground for complaint as well as congratulation; of one school there is a memorandum:

"The master is severe but the children are disorderly; there is progress but it seems to be in spite of bad management; there are no maps, no suitable works, most useless desks, and a school house that seems to be used also as a kitchen."

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"The master despises his profession, smokes his pipe to wile away the time, and only looks forward to the day when his salary will be due."

A remedy was quickly applied to the latter case; in the former, advice was given and well received, and it is felt that a little training would produce an efficient master.

It is useless to hope for improvement when there is dislike and contempt for this most important profession; the proper course is a prompt dismissal to more congenial duties, but when there is an earnest desire for efficiency and success, though it may be sought in a wrong way the obvious remedy is the training school.

The present year has witnessed a great increase in the number of the Society's schools, and a vast improvement in the efficiency of its teachers. The teachers and students now in the employment of the Society under the Montreal Superintendence, together with those trained by us, but for whom situations have been found under other supervision, number 53, whilst the children under instruction, present in the several schools on the day of examination, number

1200, but this is yet far short of what the Society formerly did: in 1847 there were 72 teachers and 5600 scholars, and the Society had, during the years of its existence in this Province, passed 6000 children though its schools.

We aim at reaching the prosperity of that day; God grant that it may yet be *surpassed*; that it is needed, let the following applications bear testimony.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS SHOWING THE GREAT WANT OF SUITABLE SCHOOLS.

Extract of a letter from Rev. Mr. Merrick.

BERTHIER EN HAUT.

The importance of sustaining English and Scriptural schools in Lower Canada cannot be too highly estimated. Often have I been pained, during the course of pastoral visits throughout this extensive mission, to find the number of persons who, from want of scriptural education in their youth have lapsed into evil practices; and error and when I have reflected on the number and the spiritual condition of the inhabitants of this mission, I have felt that it were impossible single-handed to extend the blessings of pure religion over such an extent of country; but I have blessed God and taken courage in the thought, that in the Col. Church and School Society an instrumentality has been provided by the liberality of British Churchmen, which contemplates amongst its other important objects the education of the young, which thus supplies a great want in our missionary work, and gives promise under God of helping to stay the progress of error and to build up and sustain the Church of the Redeemer in many an otherwise dark portion of the country.

I would fain, therefore, hope that the two schools which have been commenced in this Mission under the auspices of the Society, may be considered but as the beginning of a more extended instrumentality. The school at Berthier is the only school connected with the Church of England on the north shore of the St. Lawrence for a distance of 90 miles, and the same may be said of that of Brandon, which is the centre of a large district in the rear of this portion of the river.

I pray God to prosper the Society, that it may be enabled to carry forward its deeply important work in a manner commensurate with the wants of this benignted land.

From Lacolle, Mr. Bowman.

In the neighbourhood of the part of Lacolle in which I reside, we are endeavouring to establish a common school, which was given up about 3 years ago in consequence of insufficiency of funds, a difficulty which still remains. I will endeavour to explain the position in which we stand, and I think perhaps the Col. Ch. and Sch. Society may consider it a case to which

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I may give some assistance. The district is situated in the parish of St. Valentine, in the Seigniory of Lacolle, and would appear naturally to belong to Lacolle parish; the consequence of its being in the adjoining parish is that the inhabitants who are for the most part Protestants and members of Lacolle Church, are not permitted to attend the Lacolle schools which are the nearest, not being within that district, and the schools of the adjoining parish (St. Valentine) are not only too far off, but are with one exception Roman Catholic.

There are between 20 and 25 children the parents of whom are unable to pay anything. There are among them some Roman Catholic children whose parents are desirous they should attend; the few capable of paying would subscribe towards raising a provision for a master, but being so few would not be able to raise sufficient; would you therefore lay the matter before the Board of the Colonial Church and School Society?

From one place they write:

There is a good opportunity of usefulness in this place for a school under the direction and auspices of the Colonial Church and School Society.

Between 30 and 40 children would attend the School, and it would prove a powerful instrument in carrying out the objects of the Mission in this new station, but unless the Colonial Church and School Society take it up this important means of usefulness will be lost,

From another:

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If the Society does not help, it will sadly disappoint the cherished expectations of a people who have exerted themselves most (energetically) in the erection of a school in which to have their children taught according to the sound and scriptural principles of the Church of England.

It will be felt by those who consider the foregoing Report, how much there is cheering in the present aspect of education; the very pressing demands made are cheering; they show that there is a thirst for knowledge, that there is a cry "Come and teach us," and they indicate an earnestness that must attain its end.

But the most cheering truth of *all* is that the *Clergy* are alive to the importance of education, and take such an interest in the schools as to secure that influence which a Christian spirit, joined to high intelligence, is sure to give, and which can scarcely be over-rated in its beneficial effects. May our hopes and prayers be realized.

A REPORT OF THE CONDITION AND PROGRESS OF SUNDRY SCHOOLS CANADA CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY, 1 THE YE.

COMPOSITION	COURSE OF	SCHOOL AND	PROFESSORS, TEACHERS,	NO. OF	GHT.	AM
GOVERNING BODY.	BOOKS USED.	WHERE SITUATED.	&c., &c.	Under 16 y'rs.	O Com 16 y and	nts by n'tee Col Sch'l, S
ated by Act of he Provincial Parliament.	The instruction given in all these Schools is nearly alike, namely: Al- phabet, Spelling, Read- ing, Writing, Grammar, Arithmetic, History, Geography, Natural Phi- losophy, Astronomy.	Soraba,	Joseph Baxter East,	23		£ s.
nan of the dis-		Kildare,	John Lawlor,	36	•	12 10
omposed of two r three respec-	and 2nd Lessons, Spelling Book, Murray's Grammar and English	Lacadie,	Francis Douse,	34	1	10 0
ving in the vi- inity of the chool.	Reader, Smith's Geography, Tutor's Assistant, Irish Series, McCulloch	Hemmingford,	John Lawlor,	27	4	12 0
	headers, ac., ac.,	Cowansville,	J. B. Davidson,	54		25 0
		LaTortue,	Robert_Wood,	36	5	12 8
		Huntingdon, and Hinchin-brooke,	Rev. F. S. Neve,		2	5 0
		Gore,	Wm, White,	63	7	6 0
aread and		Sutton,	L. A. Tilden,	50	2	25
		Brome,	Frederick Burt,	35	8	25
			Not now in operation			10
	ee haangukas		Mr. Blanchard,		2	10 36
		St. Johns, girls,	Miss Cutting,	15	3	13
		Berthier,	S. K. Heseltine,	23	3	20
		Brandon,	Miss P, Reed,	22		١,

OOLS CANADA EAST, AIDED BY GRANTS FROM THE COMMITTER OF THE COLONIAL STY, FITHE YEAR ENDING SIST DECEMBER, 1855.

OF PUP

AMOUNT COST.

er	On 16 y	Grants Com'tee and Sch	by Co	the d. Ch. Soc'y.	Raise			SOURCE OF IN	COME.			REMARKS.
	1	£ 30	s. 0	d. 0	£ 30	s. 0	d. 0	The Colonial C'h and School Soc'ty in England, grant for these schools, £242 6s. sterling. The Provincial	£ 294			ciety has done good service here, and been faithfully represented. School suf- fers for want of good building, but has the advantage of the care of the Clergy-
	•	12	10	0	25	0	0	Govern'nt granted (for the school at Sherbrooke in 1855.) The Provincial Govern'nt granted to this Society, to	50	0	0	Alldare: An experienced teacher, but should spend some months in Model and Normal School, which would make him most efficient. School well classified; attendance regular.
	2	10	0	0	40	0	0	aid schools in 1855, £200, fifty pounds of which was ap-	150	0	0	lued. Attendance not so good as usual;
	4	12	0	0				plied to assist in training teachers in the Model and Normal School.				(progress fair. Hemmingford: The Clergyman reports favorably.
		25	0	0	50	0	0	Normal School,	£494	16	0	school-house is being built, at a cost of \$350 or 4\$00.
	8	12	8	4	22	0	0					LaTortue: 9 Spelling, 15 Geography, 20 Writing and Arithmetic, 7 of the chil- dren French. Master laborious, keeps also a Sunday School, has the counte- nance of the Clergyman, who speaks very favorably of this school and the master, Mr. Wood.
	2	5	0	0	25	0	0					The schools have suffered from a former inefficient and careless teacher. They are now progressing satisfactorily, the Clergyman takes an interest in them,
	7	6	0	0	15	0	0					Clergyman takes an interest in them, and is about to procure a library for their use.
	2	25	0	0	20	0	0					Sutton: School well classified. Teacher trained in Model and Normal School, able and good tempered. Clergyman at- tends to interests of school: should pros-
	5	25	0		70	0	0					per. Brome: A skilful and trained master; we have every confidence that his school will be a model of order and good discipline, and shall be much disappointed if a year's work does not produce a change in the neighbourhood, which will satisfy the ardent lougings of Col. Knowlton, and repay him for all his care, anxiety, and expense. We are sure the master will strive to make it worthy of the Society. There is a library. Suspended.
•	١.	10	0	0	80	0	0					Master should be trained. St. Johns: School room poor and con-
2		36	10	0	50	0	0					fined. Maps, &c., much wanted. I was rather disappointed in the progress of the school. St. Johns: It is always a satisfaction
2		12	3	4	35	0	0				Control control control	to examine this school. I record firm but good tempered discipline, children clean and neat. The Clergyman sends his own child, showing an example of confidence which is felt by all. Berthier: Opened Oct. 1. Teacher
3		20	0	0	50	0	0					as Catechist. I anticipate much good from this school. Lake Brandon: The school was greatly
2		7	10	0	20	0	0					needed; it is attended by 14 Roman Cath- olic children, and 10 Protestants; the Clergyman fosters it.

A REPORT OF THE CONDITION AND PROGRESS 0 SU.

SCHOOL AND	PROFESSORS, TEACHERS	NO. OF	PUPIL GHT.	Gra
WHERE SITUATED,	&c., &c.	Under 16 y'rs.	Over 16 y'r	Con
Sabrevois,	Mr. Brassart,	24	4	
Sherbrooke,	Geo. Bottom,	48	5	{
Portneuf,	John Hall,	24	5	
New Liverpool,	Jessie Amereau,	20 22	6	
Lacolle,	Wm. Bowman, Esq.,		***********	

SS 0 SUNDRY SCHOOLS IN CANADA EAST, &c.-Continuea.

PUPIL	AMOUN	r cost.	
Over 16 y'r	Grants by the Com'tee Col. Ch., and Sch'l. Soc'y.	Raised by Local aid.	REMARKS.
5	£ s. d. 65 0 0	£ s. d.	Sabrevois: Nearly all French; an inter- testing school. Sherbrooke: An able master, well trained, most laborious, and gives great satisfaction. There are few schools in the country, of the same description, superior to this, the master deserves to be better supported. The Cleryymen is the friend of the school and school-master, and en- courages him in his efforts. The teacher has much to contend with, but by his sterling qualities and God's blessing, he tunts succeed.
5	7 10 0	30 0 0	No Report.
6	7 10 0	30 0 0	
******	7 10 0		No Report.
•	7 10 0 10 0 0	26 0 0	New Liverpool: Progress fair; school well classified; children very young—ad- vanced for their agne. Clarendon: A trained teacher; we hope for much success.
	25 0 0	45 0 0	Just opened.
		Cana a a	

A REPORT OF THE CONDITION AND PROGRESS OF THE NORMAL AND MODEL PURSUANT TO AC

COMPOSITION OF GOVERNING BODY.	COURSE OF INSTRUCTION AND BOOKS USED.	SCHOOL AND WHERE SITUATED.	Professors, teachers, &c.
ing Committee of the Colonial Church and School Society, com- posed of the Lord Bishop of Montreal, and several Clergy and Lay gentlemen of the city and coun- try, incorporated by	Spelling, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, English Composition, Arithmetic, English History, Plain Geographs, Physical Calculation, Prench Language, Map Drawing, Use of the Globes, Singing, &c. The Art of Teaching, The instruction of the students in the art of teaching embraces the giving of oral lessons, and the preparation of "motes of lessons, and the preparation of and the students in the art of teaching embraces have been decided and the students of the first of the first have school management and school management	Model School, No. 30 Bona- venture Street, Montreal.	Rev. Wm. Bond, A. M., Clerical Seperintendent and Religious Instructor. Wm. Hicks, Chief Master, Mr. Taylor, Assistant Master, Jos., Merrek, Assistant and Religious Instructor, Mr. Haylor, Assistant and Religious Instruction, Mr. Burns, Assistant, Thos. Montromery, Assistant, George Webb, John Sharp, Nat. Barber, Mrs. Hicks, Mistress, Miss Stevens, Mistress, Miss Meters, Miss Herper, Assistant, Miss Harper, Assistant, Miss Harper, Assistant, Miss III, Miss F. Hill, Apprenticed Assistant, Miss Lingual, Apprentice Assistant, Miss Chalmers, Miss Chalmers, Miss Robertson, Infant Schoe Mistress, Miss Jackson, Assistant, Miss Matinson, Miss Frary, Miss Matinson, Miss Frary, Miss Broadwall, Miss Hines, Miss Montroll, Miss Hines, Miss Matinson, Miss Hines, Miss Matinson, Miss Broadwall, Miss Walling Miss Stuppel, Apprentice.

SCHOOL AT MONTREAL, C. E., FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1854, 18 VIC., CHAP. 78.

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NO. OF PUPILS		I WOUTH TO	Ou#	CONDON OF THE			
Under 16 y'rs.		AMOUNT C	OST.	SOURCE OF I	REMARKS.		
340	20	Salaries, Expenses for Fuel, Water, Insurance, Taxes, Interest on borrowed money, and Interest on bortugage on the property, Books, Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Slates, Pens, Washing, Cleaning School House, Repairs and Printing, Advertisements, &c., for twelve months.	£ s. (789 13	The Colonial C'h and Sch'l Society in England grant £300 sterling. Fees from the scholars, some 9d, some 4½d., some free, produced	£ s. 365 : 243 : 500 : 50	8 6 6 0 0 0	
			£1000 9		£1000	9 7	

MISSIONS.

The Mission to the French Canadiaus has experienced a grievous loss since our last Report, in the death of the Rev. D. Gavin. How mysterious are the dealings of God, and His ways past finding out! How needful to bow in humble submission, saying "even so, Father, for so it seemed good in thy sight!" He was a good man and his place is not easily supplied.

The "occasional paper" issued last November, and printed (see appendix) with this Report gives so full an account of the operations of the year that it is needless to do more than direct attention to the additional subscriptions received, and to the Reports of Mr. Fronteau and Mme. Gavin.

The Committee are still full of faith and hope, concerning this work, persuaded that in his own good time, God will grant the blessing of an abundant harvest, and they here beg to record their high estimation of the zeal and perseverance with which the ladies of the Montreal Association have aided in the work by furnishing needful things for the girls' school, and collecting the large sum of £135, besides what has been collected by the Assistant Secretary. One lady writes:

I can now venture to guarantee fifteen pounds annually, thus defraying the expenses of one boy at the Training School in St. Johns. I also send the amount of a few donations, which you will best know how to dispose of, I wish I could have done more to assist you in this work but I look forward with hope to being more successful the coming year, earnestly praying it may multiply a hundred fold in your hands.

MR. J. DE MOUILPIED'S REPORT OF THE SABREVOIS MISSION.

11th January, 1856.

I feel it incumbent upon myself to give a few details concerning the Sabrevois Mission since the time I arrived there in June last.

And before entering into a few of those details I deem it but right to acknowledge the kind hand of Providence, which, after a safe journey to Canada, directed my steps amidst this Christian congregation. It was but a short time after my arrival here, that I was apprised of the loss of the vessel I contemplated coming in, and which was wrecked the next day after leaving Plymouth, when near 200 persons met a watery grave. The day also on which I left Europe the beloved Pastor of Sabrevois died. And these thoughts did influence my mind, and encouraged me in the work I was now entering upon.

I was appointed at Sabrevois as Catechist, by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, and assumed the charge of the Mission on the first of June.

The members of this small yet interesting Church, of which the Rev. D. Gavin was Minister, were still mourning their deceased Pastor, whilst the habitants, who are not in communion with us, bore testimony to the usefulness and kindness of him who had been a father to them.

Although to the latter the seed thus sown has not as yet brought any fruit to maturity, still in God's own time many now halting between two opinions, may be brought ere long to the knowledge of the truth, and give their influence to the truth as it is in Jesus.

I have visited all the families far and near in the Mission, and was invariably well received. To many of these forlorn and neglected people I have had access, and many have been the happy hours I have passed with them.

Often have I met attentive hearers, and occasionally found some intelligent man with whom I might converse freely. However, only at one or two places, and that from female partisans of Rome, I was evidently not welcomed, from the treatment and language uttered, which was even unbecoming to our usually quiet habitants, the greater part of which are mild and teachable.

It is of little consequence when the Messenger is despised, but that the Message itself be so is a cause of great humiliation to the Christian.

But I now come within my more particular sphere of work. The members of our Church, though widely separated from each other, generally meet for worship every Sabbath. The average number in attendance is about 40. Many of them are French Canadians, and when the English meet these also (who, to only one exception, understand French) the number has sometimes reached above 60, including their children. The children meet together after Morning Service for about half an hour. I have held an Afternoon Service, which has been thinly attended, as many remain at home, or visit during the Sabbath afternoon. The members evince much interest toward the Mission, and seem desirous of improving in useful knowledge, while at the same time they see the necessity of giving to their children such an education as they know will be most advantageous to them.

Since the beginning of October I kept the Mission School, which has since occupied my time, and prevented my visiting much.

Had it been decided that I should have remained at Sabrevois, it was my intention to have school two or three evenings in the week, and I have reason to think it would have been attended by Roman Catholics as well as by our own people.

In August last, the Rev. Canon Baneroft adminstered the Sacrament to the members, and our Church was very numerously attended.

A collection was made at the close of the services, on Thanksgiving Day, towards the Widows' and Orphans' Fund, which amounted to £4 15s.

I am sorry that the collection to the Missionary Society will not appear in the Report for 1855, and I believe the subscribers had not formerly been accustomed to bring in their monies in time to appear in the Reports of the previous year.

I shall be happy to communicate any further information you may wish me to give; and remain.

Rev. and dear Sir,

Yours faithfully,

JOSEPH DE MOUILPIED.

MRS. GAVIN'S REPORT OF THE GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL.

Sabrevois, 29th December, 1855.

It is with peculiar emotions that I take up my pen to comply with the request of one of your Ladies Committee, that I should give you some particulars relative to the "Girls' Training School" lately established here, and in which you have so warmly interested yourselves. In doing this my mind naturally reverts to last year, when we were laying our plans and anticipating the speedy accomplishment of the long desired project; and then again to the time when these cherished hopes seemed to be crushed as they were about to be realized, because the hand of the Lord lay heavily upon us, and he who (under Him) would have been the life, the soul, of the Institution, "was not, for God took him." Again I can but recount his goodness to me, his unworthy servant; how he sustained a creature who was weakness itself, and carried me through all my successive trials, until he has at length permitted me to make this small beginning.

The school, which should have been opened the 3rd of September, was in consequence of the unfinished state of the building, deferred until the 15th of October. I have five girls from 10 to 15 years of age; the eldest reads and writes very well, and has a tolerable knowledge of arithmetic and grammar; two can read a little in easy lessons, they knew their alphabet when they arrived; two others, who could not tell one letter from another, are beginning to spell in words of two and three syllables. They all seem intelligent and anxious to improve.

They rise at 6 o'clock, and most of the morning are occupied with household duties, each girl serving her week in the kitchen, while the others are employed elsewhere.

School from 9 A. M. till noon, again from half-pastone till 4 P. M., when they have one hour and a-half recreation.

The evening is devoted principally to religious instruction and singing. I never felt so much the importance of such an establishment as since I commenced this. I find that ten years of age is quite late enough to begin the moral and religious training of these children, as even at that early period evil habits are so firmly fixed that it is very difficult to correct them. I am often forced to exclaim: "Who is sufficient for these things?"

If my dear husband had been spared, I do not doubt but this Institution would have been all that its warmest friends could desire it to be; as it is I fear they will be disappointed, so much do I feel my own incapacity for the work.

Were it not for God's precious promises of strength and wisdom to those who lack, I should often sit down in despair. If a suitable person could be found to take the lead, I would willing become second in command. Having "put my hand to the plough," I do not feel disposed to look back. Though attended with many difficulties and discouragements, one is amply rewarded in the hope of raising some of these from ignorance and misery, to become useful members of society and heirs to eternal life.

As to the "expenditure of funds remitted," I shall be obliged to refer you to the Rev. Mr. Bancroft, as he was present when most of the purchases were made, and all were, I believe, charged to the Society in his name. I received, through Mrs. Bancroft, Sen., a bag of clothing, most of which has been made very useful, and for which I feel much obliged to the donors.

Hoping that later I may have something more interesting to communicate, and praying that you may not be discouraged in your labors of love,

I am, dear Madam,

Faithfully yours,

L. C. GAVIN.

Mrs. Dr. Holmes,
President Ladies Association.

MRS. GAVIN'S REPORT OF THE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL.

Sabrevois, 26th December, 1855.

After our last Report the hand of the Lord was evidently with us, blessing our work.

Our school increased during the month of January to thirty-four, (including five English,) nine girls and twenty-five boys, fourteen of whom were Roman Catholics. The average daily number was 25, making an increase of 13 since our Report of December, 1854.

The school was opened at 9 o'clock A. M., by prayer, and reading the Scriptures by all those who were able, and followed by a short explanation. The remainder of the morning was occupied with reading, writing, grammar, and dictation, the exercises being closed by a short prayer. At 1 o'clock P. M., God's blessing was again invoked in a few impressive words, after which followed, reading, writing, arithmetic and geography. At the close the Scriptures were read and explained as in the morning, followed by prayer.

The children seemed very anxious to improve, and though they were often in till half-past four in the afternoon, and as the days grew longer until five, they would not own they were fatigued. The Roman Priests on both sides of us made every attempt to disaffect the parents and children, and even threatened to deprive both of the Communion at Easter if they continued to frequent the school. This had but little effect, as only two left in consequence. One woman, a devoit Roman Catholic, said: "I do not know what there is in that school different from others, but my boys, who have always been called blockheads, are learning very fast, and if I wish them to remain at home a half day, I am obliged to beat them, whereas I have heretofore beaten them to make them go."

We were ourselves happy in the work, for we felt that the good seed of God's word was being sown in those youthful minds which should one day bring forth fruit to the honor of His name.

We were also encouraged in looking forward to the coming season to the establishment of a Girls' Training School, a project which it had long been the desire of our hearts to accomplish. This state of things continued until the 13th of April, when it pleased the Lord to "smite the shepherd of the flock, and the sheep were scattered."

Mr. Brassart re-opened the school on the 1st of May.

THE REV. CANON BANCROFT'S REPORT OF THE FRENCH TRAINING SCHOOL.

An examination of this Institution was held on the 21st of December, in the presence of the sub-committee, and a few of the inhabitants specially invited. After prayer by the Rector of the Parish, the boys were examined in Reading, Arithmetic, Geography, Scripture and History, and answered to the entire satisfaction of the sub-committee. Their thorough acquaintance with grammar was shown by the readiness with which they analyzed passages submitted to them, and it was easy to perceive that they had been well grounded in the studies which they had pursued. At the request of the head-master the Committee had consented to the admission into the school for the three months previous, as paid scholars, the sons of two of the Clergymen composing the Committee. One of the boys only was present at the examination, and the great progress made by him in the short period of three months demonstrated how valuable such Institutions might be made for the acquisition of the French Language, by the children of Protestant parents. Hymns were sung by the boys, in a way to show that this important part of their education had not been neglected. This was Mr. Fronteau's last appearance as the head-master of the school, and a short address was made to him after the examination, expressive of the satisfaction of the sub-committee, with the progress which the boys had made in their studies, and their hope that he would be prospered in the new field of labour which he had selected.

The school has now re-opened after the Christmas recess, with twelve scholars under the temporary charge of Mr. DeMouilpied, assisted in the Eng-

lish department by Mr. W. D. Lindsay, who has been connected with the Institution since last autumn, and with whom the sub-committee have good reason to be satisfied. There are no English boys admitted this term: indeed, with the limited accommodation now possessed, it would be impossible to meet all the applications. The school at Sabrevois is under the charge of Mr. Edward Roy, one of the pupils of the Training School, who is filling the vacancy until another arrangement can be made, enabling him to resume his studies at St. Johns. A sister of the young man is also under training with Mrs. Gavin, with four others; she will soon be ready to take part in the instruction. It is impossible to realize the amount of good which, through the divine blessing, may be accomplished by these institutions. I believe I speak the sentiments of the sub-committee, when I say that we see no reason whatever for discouragement. On the contrary the future is beaming with hope. If but one in four of those at present under training should prove efficient Missionaries to their fellow countrymen, we shall have accomplished incalculable good. Let us have faith in God. And let us exhibit a spirit of liberality. This is the day of expenditure; the day of returns is to follow, and I am convinced that no one will ever regret the sacrifices made by him in this noble cause. Let our friends remember that four Missionaries are expected almost immediately; that a school house is needed now at Sabrevois; and an edifice suitable for the Girls' Training School, under Mrs. Gavin. Who will contribute towards a school building as a monument to the memory of our first faithful and devoted Missionary, the lamented Gavin? What an honour to be permitted to raise such a testimonial to departed worth!

MR. FRONTEAU'S REPORT OF THE BOYS IN THE TRAINING INSTITUTION, ST. JOHNS.

I have the honor of sending you, according to your request, the names of the scholars who compose the establishment of which I have the charge:

1st. Hosias Babin, aged 15 years, of Henryville. This scholar is already advanced in his studies. He is intelligent, and might become an excellent master.

2nd. Job Babin, his brother, only 11 years of age. He has superior intelligence, and has made great progress. If the grace of God calls him to the ministry he would be a very useful member to the mission.

3rd. Octave Fortin, of Christieville, aged 14 years. He has also superior intelligence, and is already much advanced in his studies. He has been with us only about two months.

4th, Lucien Paradis, of St. Jean, aged 13 years. He is laborious, and though with but ordinary intelligence, has made great progress. He desires to devote himself to teaching.

5th. Napoleon Tetrau, of Sabrevois, aged 14 years. He came last year, not knowing how to read or write. He has made great progress, and now studies history and geography.

6th. Daniel Gavin, aged 14 years, son of Rev. D. Gavin, Minister of Sabrevois, who died in the month of April last. He is very much advanced in his studies, and is of superior intelligence.

7th. Edmund Terrien, of Stanbridge, aged 13 years. His progress is slow; he learns with difficulty.

8th. David Cyr, of Sabrevois, aged 14 years. He is not long come, and can scarcely read or write.

9th. Victor Gendron, of Sabrevois, aged 12 years. He is very intelligent, and is advanced in his studies. He is at present absent on account of sickness.

10th. Lucien Roy, of Sabrevois, aged 13. He is intelligent.

11th. Edward Roy, his brother, aged 18 years. He is advanced in his studies, and appears to devote himself to teaching.

Several others have offered and are ready to enter. The difficulty is to choose those who are the most proper to become useful members.

I doubt not that when the Society shall have the necessary funds, 20 or 25 boarders can be brought together in a short time.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your very humble servant,

L. FRONTEAU.

St. Johns, 15th Nov., 1855.

CITY MISSION.

The Lay Missionary for the city, Mr. Merrick, has performed his arduous duties with most patient faithfulness, visiting from house to house, and in the Hospital, under the direction of the Venerable Archdeacon Lower, going from bed to bed, where also he holds on each Sunday morning a short service.

His journal is copious and furnishes varied and interesting illustration of the need for far more extended and systematic exertion in this part of Missionary labor.

It is a truth worthy of remembrance and commendation, that this mission was set on foot by the voluntary contributions of the teachers and children of St. George's Church Sunday School, and that no small portion of the stipend is still paid by them.

EXTRACTS FROM CITY MISSIONARY'S JOURNAL. DESTITUTION.

My first Missionary visit was to No. — Mountain Street; here in the lower part of a house lived a family consisting of the parents and 4 children, 3 of them boys, not able, as they stated, to attend either day or Sunday school

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for want of clothing, and I fear this account of their insufficiency of means to be too true. In this house, there were also, Mrs. W. and two children. Mrs. McC. and infant, Mrs. W. and child and Mrs. S., an aged and in firm person who had been living in the house of a Roman Catholic, and had been moved here, that her wants might be attended to, by some of the forementioned persons. These all, 14 in number, young and old, obliged to live together, owing to the high rents charged in Montreal. After some enquiries and conversation with them, the boys who had been out having been sent for, I stated that I would ask the young people questions after they had heard me read; the chapter from God's Holy word, which I selected was 13th chapter of St. John's Gospel; when questioning, the answering of a little girl was the best; I then prayed with them all, during which Mrs. R. shed tears; the children were well behaved; promised to endeavour to procure some clothes for them, and urged them, for their everlasting good, to attend Church and Sunday School.

FURTHER DESTITUTION.

Destitution spiritual and temporal.

Visited a house in St. Joseph Street; found a much worn looking woman living in the garret of this house, consisting of one small room, with one window, and a dark store room off it, for which she has to pay two dollars a month rent; has 4 children, the eldest a boy of 12 years old, a fine fellow as regards bodily appearance, but his mind in a state of the greatest ignorance; knew nothing of the existance of God, or of His Commandment, "Thou shalt not steal;" could not read nor write; during the summer drove a cow morning and evening to pasture; this, and collecting fire wood, and latterly also bones, which he sold, and gave the money to his mother, he states is his employment each day; am afraid that I have not been told all: the eldest girl, 8 years old, knew nothing of the Lord Jesus Christ; the next, 6 years old, and an infant daughter, 18 months old, a delicate and interesting little creature, plainly showing (as well as the other children) that she had not nourishment enough, and with scarcely any clothing; states that her husband is a dreadful drunkard and that he deserted her, leaving her 4 children to provide for, which she will not be able to do this winter, without assistance from the Church. I spoke to her on sin, and warned her to flee from the wrath to come, read a chapter, and prayed with her and the children. Promised me faithfully to send her children to Church and Sunday School.

ORPHAN ASYLUM.

November 9th.—Visited the Orphan Asylum, St. Catherine Street. One of the children, a girl of 12 years of age, was in the last stages of consumption, and apparently not long for this life; asked her did she know that she was a "sinner?" She replied, Yes, and that her sins were more in number than the hairs of her head; but that, sinner as she was, she knew the "Sa-

viour of sinners," and trusted in Him as her all sufficient Saviour, whose blood cleanseth from all sin; she said she was willing to leave the body that she might be present with the Lord; she repeated for me the words of her Saviour inviting all to come to Him, that they might have life. I asked her did she know what "repentance" was, and that God required it of us? She answered that it was sorrow for sin, and a forsaking of it, and she knew that it was in the heart that the Lord looked for it. Was much pleased with her answers, showing that she knew the Scriptures, and that the solemn truths there revealed had been applied by the "spirit" to her soul, and felt that they were to her the words of life. May this instance of peace and resignation, exhibited by this dying little girl, be blessed to all that have had the privilege of witnessing it, and may all parents and teachers that are entrusted with the instruction of the young, above all cause those little ones to learn the words of life, contained in the Holy Scriptures, which will make them wise unto salvation, through a crucified Saviour. The Rev. Mr. Bond has visited this little girl during her illness, and visits the institution regularly, and the children attend St. George's Church Sunday School.

November 13th .- Visited the Orphan Asylum; at the request of the Rev. Mr. Bond, the children being in the school room, before hearing them read the chapter appointed for the following Sunday, at school of St. George's Church, offered up prayer, the chapter was then read by the children, after which I examined them in what they had read, and explained it to them: the answering of the girls was best; then sung a hymn, and close with prayer, using the collects of our Church. Afterwards visited the forementioned little girl; read different passages of Scripture suitable to her condition, and directed her attention to them, and to pray constantly, using the Lord's prayer and other short ejaculations, waiting with patience and resignation till the hour of her change came, trusting in her Saviour, and feeling His presence with her, even unto death, when faith will be triumphant, and the soul fly to the realms of endless glory, and then ascribe all, and unite with the glorified spirits in Heaven, in singing "Worthy is the Lamb that was slain, to receive power, and riches, and wisdom, and strength, and honour, and glory and blessing. Amen."

Before leaving, I prayed with her. May this visitation of Almighty God be blessed to the children of this Institution.

EFFECTS OF KINDNESS.

Visited the General Hospital; went from bed to bed, and spoke to each patient, as to the lesson the Lord would have us to learn by affliction, leading us to examine ourselves and so to feel convinced of sin through the operations of the spirit on the heart. One man told me that he did not want preaching; he had lived a happy life, and had no idea of death for many years hence; it was all well for me to preach, who was paid for doing so. I answered: If I have spoken the truth to you, judge what I say, and I pray

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that the Lord may convert you, and open the eyes of your understanding, by the workings of his spirit on your heart, and as to my being paid for my work, you know it is written: The labourer is worthy of his hire. Having, distributed tracts, I left, having met many who were glad to see me and to hear me speak of the things concerning their everlasting peace.

December 14th.—Visited the Hospital; went as usual through the different wards; when I came to the person before mentioned as refusing to hear the truths of which I spake, concerning his never dying soul, his sorces with which both his legs were afflicted were visible to me, they requiring to be dressed frequently; he was trying to bandage them himself.

I was glad to have an opportunity of assisting him, as he was not able of himself to do it; after getting through the bandaging, he said he was a rough fellow, and thought he spoke so to me the last day I had seen him; he then thanked me for what I had done, and said he had some tracts which he would exchange with me for others.

This I gladly did, leaving the choosing to himself; narratives were the ones he preferred.

May Almighty God, through the operations of the Holy Spirit so work on his heart, that he may say: "Once I was blind, but I now see myself to be a sinner, and have fled for refuge to Christ and Him crucified as my all sufficient Saviour," and so escape the wrath to come, a brand plucked from the burning; may this be so with him in God's own good time. Amen.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Sunday.—Visited the Hospital; had my usual service in the lecture room, having obtained leave from the Very Rev. the Dean and the Ven. Archdeacon of Montreal, prior to my doing so; had a greater number present than on any former occasion; I was glad to observe the man I before mentioned present with the others.

I then visited one of the female wards, in which the majority were Protestants; read the 8th chapter Romans, and explained it, and then prayed with them: all present appeared to join; after which I distributed tracts to all in the ward; both Roman Catholics and Protestants received them gladly; after which, at the request of the matron, I read a portion of God's word, and prayed in a ward distinct from the others, with some members of our Church, and left them tracts to read.

MODES OF RELIEF.

December 21st.—Visited the General Hospital; went through the wards; patients glad to see me; and to speak of the things concerning their everlasting salvation, especially among the females of the Institution: lent some Hymn books of my own to some who expressed a desire for them, and distributed tracts. I have been enabled (through the benevolence of some kind persons who have placed with me some old clothing to distribute) to relieve two men, who were leaving the Hospital, with nothing but summer

clothing to keep them from the cold frost of a Canadian winter. One was a respectable young man from Scotland, having a wife and child, who has not been able to follow his employment for months past, in consequence of bad health, and therefore his circumstances were very low indeed.

The Missionary omits to state that he took the latter into his own house, until he was able to remove to Canada West.

FURTHER MODES OF RELIEF.

December 31st.—Visited a poor family, wishing to remove from St. Joseph Street to Bonaventure Street; their fire wood being out, sent them some, and got the furniture removed by the same earter, they not having the means to pay for one; had to leave articles of her furniture where she was living in pledge for the rent, which she was unable to pay; the son is attending the Model and Normal School of the C. C. and School Society, without payment, through the kindness of the Rev. Mr. Bond; and the children will all attend the Sunday School, being so much nearer to it now than where they lived before.

CASE OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC.

December 21st .- Visited 4 families: 3 of them I had not met with before; found them in great distress, having neither clothing, fire wood, nor a sufficiency of food; one, a soldier's wife, whose husband is in the Crimea, has not heard from him for a considerable time; has written to the War Office enquiring about him; told me that she had called on the Rev. Mr. Bond many times, stating that she was anxious to leave the Roman Catholic Church and become a Protestant; questioned her as well as I could, in answer to which she said that she had no other object but her soul's everlasting happiness; pointed out to her, that if otherwise, though she might deceive men, God who knew her secret thoughts could not be deceived, and that she knew neither the day nor the hour when she may be called to judgement, directed her to attend the Sunday School of St. Stephen's Church, Griffintown, and gave a note of introduction to the Superintendent, and also to be constant in attendance upon Church; brought her under the notice of the Rev. Mr. Burrage, who is at present the minister of the church: her wants were supplied as far as possible at that time.

DEPOT.

It has ever been a favorite idea with the Committee that efficiency in the schools would greatly be promoted by uniformity, to a certain extent, in books, &c.; and that this might be attained through the establishment of a Depôt where all the apparatus of a school could be furnished to the teachers upon their own responsibility, to be paid for when disposed of, or, if not used, to be returned.

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The Committee recommend the charging of a weekly fee, which shall cover all demands, and for which the necessary material, for school keeping should be furnished by the authorities of the school. By this plan economy and efficiency are both studied, and many obvious inconveniences avoided. But they have not succeeded in establishing such a Depôt for the want of funds; a room has been fitted up for the purpose, and arrangements made for keeping an account of the issues; still, up to this time they have not been warranted in entering upon their work with the means at their disposal.

A strong appeal has been made to the Home Society, as yet without success. It is, however, trusted that the close of another year will not arrive without the accomplishment of this very desirable purpose, the more so, as when once in operation it will be, as the clouds pouring down the rain, replenished again from the ground which is watered. £200 would be sufficient at first, and when once set going it would gather as it progresses, and not fail.

We must now close this Report, but before that is done, we place in contrast the three years of the Society's existence under its present organization.

In January, 1854, there were 17 Agents employed by this Society in this Lower Province, at a cost of about £900.

In January, 1855, there were 30 Agents, and the cost for the year was £3560, including a debt of £1160.

And in January, 1856, there are 58 Agents, and the cost for the year has been £3850, paying off £660 of the debt of last year.

An increase of £300 over last year, and 28 Agents.

With these most cheering facts we now conclude the Report for 1856, convinced that the information contained in it must gladden the hearts, not only of the Society's immediate supporters, but of all those who are striving for the extension of the Redeemer's Kingdom. But in works such as those in which this Society is engaged every success produces a demand for additional exertion; and although we have been enabled to accomplish more than we expected, we would still remember that in many portions of our

operations we are yet only in "the day of small things." We require perseverance, we require faith, to enable us to look forward with confidence, we require prayer that God would give us hearts to call upon him fervently in all our doings.

Blessing then His Holy Name for the progress already made, we look forward in cheerful hope to the continuation and increase of that support which this Society has already experienced, and to the Almighty God be all the Praise and the Glory.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE COLONIAL CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY FOR 1855.

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	2		0	Collected by Mrs. Rout	h.		
	5	0	0	Dr. Nelson,	2	10	0
E. L. Montizambert, Esq., for last year,	2 1	10	0	Cash,	0		0
Thos, Evans, Sr., Esq.,	2		ŏ	Do	0	5	0
Wm. C. Evans, Esq.,		10	0	Do		2	6
		10	0	H. L. Routh,	1	5	0
Annual Meeting Collection, 2 T. C. Keefer, Esq.,	5	15	0	Mrs.Durnford,	0	10	0
Henry Thomas, Esq.,		10	0	A. Macfarlane,	0	10	0
John Lovell, Esq.,	5	0	0	Cash, W. W.,	0		0
J. H. Maitland, Esq.,	5	0	0	J. Converse,	1	10	0
Col. Wilgress,	5	0	0	J. Frothingham,	0	10	0
Lieut. Gen. Rowan, C. B.,		10	0	E. Lane,	0	10	Ö
Dr. Crawford, M.D.,	2	10	0	J. Tyre,	0	10	0
		10	0	J. Torrance,	0	5	0
	5 1	5	0	J. R. Chamberlain,	0	10	0
	i	5	0	H. Stephens,	0	10	0
Thos, A. Evans, Esq.,	î	5	0	J. Greensheelds	0	10	0
	1	5	0	John Young,	0	10	0
Thos. Forsyth, Esq.,	1	5	0	A. Mulholland,	1	10 5	0
	1	5	0	Friend,	ô	5	0
Miss Evans' S. S. Class,		10	0	J. Torrance,	0	10	0
A Friend,		17	6	J. Gilmour,	0	10	0
		17	6	J. P. McCord, S. Gerard		10 5	0
		10	0	F. Penn,	0	10	0
		10	ŏ	J. Rose, Geo, W. Campbell,	0	16	0
Mrs. Collis.	0 1	10	0	Geo. W. Campbell,	0	10	0
		10	0	S. Bethune,		10 10	0
Miss Bethel's Collection,	0	8	0	T. M. Taylor,		10	0
Miss Julia Smith's Collection.	3	1	3	D. Kinnear,	1	0	0
Charles Baldwyn, Esq.,		12	7	S. C. Monk,	1	5	0
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Deduct subscriptions not yet	5	5	8	Mrs. Routh,		10	0
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P	0 .		-	A. Friend, C. A. Low,	0	5 10	0
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				Mr. Cabrin,	0	3	0
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John Lovell, Esq.,	5	0	0	Do,	0	5	ŏ
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tion, Quebec, A Friend, per Rev. Mr. Haensil,	i	5	0	A. Friend,	0	8	9
nev. Mr. Rogers, Lingston,	1	5	0	F. Holmes,	ŏ	5	0
Mrs. MacLoud. "	1	5	0	Edward Coyle,	0	5	0
A Friend, per Rev. E. Baldwin, Toronto.	,	0	0	A. Mackenzie,	0	6	6
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S. J. Lyman	0	10	0	Mrs. Ross, Mr. England, Collected by Miss J. Wilgress' S. S. Class.	0	5 2	6
M. D.	0	5	0	Collected by Miss J. Wilgress'	0	**	
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G. Child,	0		6	Mr. Morgan for School	0	10	0
J. B. J. Milne,	0		6		-	_	_
A. Mackenzie,	0		6		£6	12	6
Cash in various amounts,	2		9	Collected by Miss Brons	dor	į.	
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	£3	13	0	J. B. Bronsdon	0	10	0
Mrs. Routh's 2nd Collect	in			U. Bryson,	0	5	0
Judge Gale,	2	10	0	H. Phillips,	0	5	0
Mrs. Delesdernier,		10	0	Cash,	0	5	0
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Mr. Mussen, J. B. Greenshields,	0		0	Collected by Mrs. Pato			
C. F. Tilstone	1	0	0	Sunday School Class,	0	11	3
C. F. Tilstone, Chas, Geddes,	0	10	0	T. B. Moore, Danville,	0	5	0
Cash,	0	10	0	Two Friends 2s. 6d. each	0	5	0
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A. M. Forbes,	1	0	0	M. D	£1	1	3
Waiter Benny	0	5	0	Mrs. Patton's Class,	0	8	4
John Armour, G. Campbell, M. D.,	0	10	0	Collected by Miss Dupu	m.		
Charles Garth.	0	10	0	J. McGillivray,	0	5	0
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	i	5	0	Small Sums	0	5	0
Chas, Phillips, Wm. Betts,	î	0	0				_
Wm. Betts,	0	10	0	Win Hard Co. 15		15	0
	0	10	0	Miss Harding's Card," Miss Bethel's Card,	0	10	11
John Redpath,	0	10	0	Miss Spillar's Card,	0	8 7	6
J. Mitchell, J. M. Grant,	1	5 10	0	Miss Ord's Card,	8	3	6
William Lann	0	10	0	Collected by Mrs, Collis		u	
Cash, J. R.,	ő	10	0			**	
Cash, J. M.,	ö	10	0	Mr. Millar, Mr. Heward,		10	0
Cash, J. S.,	0	10	0	Mr. Cringan.	ĩ	5	0
W. A. Merry,	0	10	0	Mr. Holland,	î	5	0
M. Morse, J. Hutchison,	1	0	0	Mr. Collis,	1	0	0
H. A. Howe	0	10	0	Mr. Whitney,	1	0	0
Wm. Murray,	0	10	0	Mrs, Collis,		10	0
	0	10	0	Mr. Elwell, Mr. Robertson.		10	0
T. M. Rodden.	0	10	0	Mr. Carter,		10	0
J. Moreland,	0	10	0	Mrs. Walton,		10	ö
E. C. Tuttle,	0	10	0	Mr. Glassford,	1	5	0
J. Hearle,	0	5	0	Mrs. Davis,	0	2	6
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W. Jones,		5	0	Collected by Miss C. Abb			
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Romeo Stephens,	1	5	0	Mrs. H. Stewart,	0	5	0
J. Foster,	0	10	0	A Friend, Mrs. Mulholland,	0	5	0
Mr. Greene,	0	5	0	Small sums under 5s.,		16	
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Mr. Macdonald		10	0	Small sums under 5s	1	14	61
Mrs. Redpath,		10	0			-	-01
Mrs. Knox.		15	0		£2		$6\frac{1}{4}$
Mr. Gardner,	0		0	Collected by Mrs. J. Molson			
Bir, Leeming,	1	0	0	Mrs. Philip Holland	1	0	0
Miss J. Wilgress,	1	10	0	Mrs. J. Molson,	0	10	0
. ugecooj		0	0	Mrs. J. Crawford,	0	10	0

Mrs. Aylwin,	0	10	0	Dr. Fisher,	0	1	3
Mrs. Aylwin, Alex, Molson, Mrs. Wm. Molson, The Misses Molson,		5	0	Mr. Lyman,	0	1	3
Mrs. Wm. Molson,		10	0	Mr. Henderson,	0	1	3
The Misses Molson,		10 10	0	Mr. Kirby, Mr. Campbell,	0	1	3
Mr. Eiliot,		10	0	Mr. Walker,	0	î	3
G. E. Molson, Mrs. Maitland,		5	0	A Friend,	0	î	3
DEED, DECIDING,			_	A Friend,	0	1	3
	£5	0	0	A Friend,	0	1	3
Collected by Miss McDou	aal	7.		A Friend,	0	1	3
A. Gillespie, (London, Eng.)		10	0	Mr. Greig,	0	1	3
A. Gillespie, (London, Eng.) Mrs. W. H. Noble,		10	0	A Friend,	0	1 2	6
A. Paterson, Mrs. J. B. Greenshields,		10	0	Mr. R. Handyside, Miss Cook, E. Townships,	0	5	0
Mrs. J. B. Greenshields,		10	0	Rev. Mr. Morice	0	2	6
A Friend, Miss McDougall	1	0	0	Rev. Mr. Morice,	ő	ĩ	3
W P Calman	1	15 5	0	Mr. A. Patton,	0	1	3
W. B. Galway,	1	b	0	Carlisle Hamilton,	0	1	3
	£7	0	0	Miss Lindsay,	0	1	3
Collected L. Wien Cuant				A Friend,	0	1	3
Mrs. Crawford,		0	0	Mr. Mulholland,	0	10	0
Wm. Budden,		10	0	A Friend,	0	2	9
A Friend,		10	0		£2	10	0
C. Geddes.	0	5	0				
Mrs. G. Platt, Miss Crawford's Work,	0	7	6	ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS, FOR T PORT OF A SCHOLAR.	111	5 51	L.
Miss Crawford's Work,	1	7	6	Collected by Mrs. E. M. Si	mit	7,	
		-	_	A Friend,		10	0
C 11 (1 1 20 T 11 C	24	.0	0	Mr. Godard, (Toronto,)	î	5	o o
Collected by Miss Julia S.	1	0	0	Miss Robertson.	1	0	0
Mlss Lyman, Miss F. Jones,	0	6	8	Miss Amelia Robertson,	1	0	0
Miss Wilson,	0	3	4	A Friend,	1	0	0
Miss McGill,	0	2	6	Mr. Hamilton,	1	0	0
Miss Kay,	0	2	6	Mr. John Lovell,	1	0	0
Miss Workman,	0	1	3	Mr. W. Workman, Mr. D. L. MacDougall,	i	5	0
Miss Julia Smith,	1	5	0	Mr. H. Bancroft,		10	0
Sunday School Class,	1	1	4	Mr. Ainsworth, (Toronto,)		10	0
	£4	2	-	E. M. Smith,	0	10	0
Collected by Miss A. Tur			7	Dr. Barber,	0	10	0
Col. Napier,	1	. 5	0	Mr. Sparks,	0	10	0
Mr. Carter,	î	5	0	Miss Cameron,	0	10	0
Mr. Noad,	1	5	0	Col. Napier,	0	5	0
Mr. Stephens,	0	5	0	A Friend	0	5	0
Mrs. Day,		10	0	A Friend, Mr. R. Lindsay, Mon. Bank,	0	5	0
A Friend,		10	0	Mr. Wilson, (Quebec,)	0	5	0
Miss Pohingon	0	11	3	Mr. Wilson, (Quebec,)	0	5	0
Miss Robinson,	0	5	0	Mr. Roberts,	0	5	0
Mr. Ibbotson,	0	5	ő	Mrs. Footner,	0	2	6
Mr. Litchfield,	0	5	0	Mr. Follenus,	0	2	6
Mrs. J. M. Grant,		10	0		15	0	0
Mr. Monk,		10	0			10	0
Miss A, Turner,	1	0	0			10	
	60	70	-	Total collected, 4	17	10	0
	£8	10	6	Collected in the Sunday Se	ho		
Mrs. Allan Robinson,	0	19	4	Mrs. Patton's Class,	1		10%
Miss Froste,	3	0	0	Miss J. Smith's " Miss Holme's "	1	1	4
Miss Caroline Abbott,	6	5	71	Miss Humprie's class,	0		101
Mrs. Judge Day	ï	10	0	Miss ManDongall's "	0	13 17	9
Mrs. Galway	1	0	0	Miss MacDougall's "	0	15	4½ 11
Mrs. K. Molfatt,		10	0	Mr. Bovy's "	0	2	0
A Friend by Mrs. Hutton,	5	0	0	Miss Gertrude Freer,	0	8	9
	1	0	0	Miss Reiffenstein,	0		6
				Mary Ann Stevens,	0	9	44
DONATIONS,		1.		A Friend,	0	16	71
Collected by Mrs. E. M. S.	mit	h.	9	44	0	3	4
George Pyke,	0	1	3		0		9
Miss Barber,	0	1	3	"	0		9
Mrs. Dunkin,	0	î	3	***************************************	0	-	0
Mr. Hemming,	0	î	3		£9	15	7

The Committee feel under deep obligation to T. Clarkson, Esq., for this second and most welcome and much needed remittance; it will appear in next year's accounts.

COLLECTIONS RECEIVED BY THOS, CLARKSON, IN AID OF THE SABRE-VOIS MISSION, SINCE 25TH OCTOBER, 1855.

ST. JAMES CHURCH.				Mr. F. A. Badgley,	0	5	0
By Miss Smith.				Dr. Badgley	1	5	0
Mrs. Hawke,	^	70	^	Miss Bindley,	0	2	6
Mrs. Stevenson,		10 10	0	Children,	0	5	0
Mrs. Crooks.		10	0	Miss Bindley,	0	10	0
Mrs. Sanford.		10	0	1	Do.	10	
Miss Smith,		10	0	D. W. W. C. 1	£6	10	0
	_	_		By Mrs. W. Cayley.			
	£2	10	0	Mrs. D. Blaquine,	1	0	0
By Mrs. Hagarty.				Mrs. Cayley,	1	5	0
Mr. Galt,	1	5	0	Miss Spragge,			0
Mr. Crawford,	0	10	0	Miss Hector,			0
Dr. Connor,		10	0	Friend,	1	0	0
Miss Graselt,		10	0			0	0
Mr. Hagarty,	2	5	0		£6	5	0
	£5	0	0				
By Mrs. Wm. Boulton		٧	v	TRINITY CHURCH.			
Mrs. F. Broulton,	. 0	10					
Mr. J. Broulton,	1	5	0	By Miss Cayley.			
Mr. Coutes,	î	5	0	Mr. Zimmerman,	2	10	0
,	_		_	Mr. Boulton,	0	5	0
	£5	0	0	Mr. L. Boulton,	0	10	0
By Mrs. H. Carew Bould	ton.			Lady Robinson,	0	10	0
Mr. H. G. Boulton,	1	17	6	Friend,	0	3	9
Mr. J. Boulton.	0	10	0	Mr. Cayley, Mr. J. Cayley,	0	5	0
Miss Catherine Boulton,	0	2	6	Miss Cayley,	0	10	0
,	_	_		and and and and and an		10	-
70 75 75 75	£2	10	0		£4	18	9
By Mrs. John Ridout				By Miss M. A. Hunter	٠.		
Mrs. John Ridout,	1	0	0				
Miss Ridout,	0	2	6	Mr. D. McDonell,	0	5	0
Master Ridout,	0	2	6	Mrs. Beatty,	0	5	8
Miss Stewart, Mr. J. Ridout,	0	2	6	Mrs. Carty, Mrs. Brunskill,	0	5	0 .
Mr. Major	1	0	0	Mrs. Hewit,	0	1	3
Mr. Major,	1	5	0	Mrs. Evans,	0	5	0
Mrs. Powell,	0	5	0	Mrs. Merideth,	0	2	6
Mrs. Seymour,	0	5	0	Mrs. McMaster,	0	2	6
The Masters Ridout,	0	17	6	Man Change	0	1	3
	-	-		Mrs. Crewe,	0	1	3
P. W. P. L.	£5	0	0	Friend,	0	2	6
By Mrs. Badgley.					£I	11	11
Mrs. Doug. Harrington,		10	0			**	11
Mrs. McPherson,	0		0	Mrs. Samuel Blake,	5	0	0
Mrs. Dullas,	0	10	0	Mrs. Stolesburry,	1	0	0
Mrs. Battersby,	0	5	0		-	_	
Mrs. W. B.,	0	5	0		£6	0	0
Mrs. R. H. Brett,	1	0	0				
Mr. J. Brown,	0	2	6	St. James Church,			0
Mr. J. Battersby,	0	10	0	Trinity "	12	10	8
Mr. Shapter, Mr. A. Christie,	0	5	0				-
man an Omnore,	0	5	0		£45	5	8

THOMAS CLARKSON,

Secretary.

Toronto, 19th February, 1856.

Collections received by the Treasurer in aid of the Sabrevois Mission, since the closing of the accounts, and which will be accounted for in the current year.

By Rev. C. Bancroft,

Mrs. R. Cartwright, Kingston,	£5	0	0
Mrs. Crookshank, "	5	0	0
Miss F. Foster, Hamilton,	0	15	0
Mrs. Brown, "	2	5	0
	-	-	-

Received from Chas. H. Gates, Esq., Secretary of the Local Committee. Hamilton, £75, which with the £25 acknowledged in the "Occasional Paper," makes the £100 promised by friends in that city. The names of the subscribers will be published when received.

ACCOUNT FURNISHED BY THE SUB-COMMITTEE AT ST. JOHNS, C. E. FOR SABREVOIS MISSION.

Salaries.

		-	-	-	£287	14	2	
12	Mr. Wm. Lindsay, Assistant Teacher,	9	7	6				
	Mr. Fronteau,	100	0	0				
	Mr. D, Mouilpied, 7 months at £100 per annum,	58	6	8				
	Mr. Brassart, 6 months at £65 per annum,	32	10	0				
	Mrs. Gavin, from 1st July to 31st December	12	10	0				
	Rev. D. Gavin's salary to 1st July, 1855,	£75		-				

-	.,			
	_	380	13	6
		91	16	6
		35	0	0
		11	9	2
		5	3	9
		275	0	0
		37	1	4
			-	0
		1001	8	5
		297 10 0 83 3 6	83 3 6 91 35 111 5 275 37 122	83 3 6 91 16 35 0 11 9 5 3 275 0 37 1 122 10

£1123 18 5

A STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF THE COLO-NIAL CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY IN THE DIOCESE OF MONTREAL, C, E.

From 1st January, 1855, to 31st December, 1855.

		. 01		,		
Balance of Cash on hand from				Paid salaries to Missionaries,		
last year, 1	189	11	7	Agents and School Teachers, 1070	0	11
Drafts on Parent Society, £757				Local aid to country schools, 658		
10s. Stg., 9	191	5	3	Paid expenses of Normal and	v	0
Government grant for build-	· ac A			Model School, 208	15	0
ing school, 1854, 3	200	0	0	Paid additional furniture and	10	60
Government grant for build-	300				11	10
ing school, 1855,	008	0	0	Paid interest on Mortgage and	11	10
Government grant in aid of	200	v	v	borrowed money,	10	
schools, 1854, 2	200	0	0		6	7
Government grant in aid of	200	U	U	Paid money borrowed last	0	
	200	0	0		10	0
St. George's Sunday School in	000	U	U	year, 630 Paid Bank Stock in Treasurer's	19	0
	30	0	0			
	12		0	hands to help to pay Mort-		
School fees from scholars, per	12	10	U	gage debt, 168 Paid Printing, Postage, Sta-	19	0
Ma Highe	210	0	0		10	
Mr. Hicks,	243	8	6	Paid to Sub-Committee at St.	12	7
actived from him	30	10	11			
ceived from him,	90	12	11	John's, in aid of Sabrevois		
brooks Sahaal 1854	*0	0		Mission,1001	8	5
brooke School, 1854,	50	0	0	60011	-	_
Government grant for Sher-	FA	-0		Cook in Transmen's hands 21st	8	9
brooke School, 1855,	50	U	0	Cash in Treasurer's hands 31st		**
Collections and subscriptions				December, 1855, 90	17	10
received by Secretary and						
Assistant Secretary in aid of		4 ==				
Schools, 1	140	19	8			
000	200	0	11			
3.20	323	3	11			
Subscriptions towards Sabre	vois	1	lis-			
sion.						
Balance of United States last						
The second secon	50	15	0			
	95		0			
Quebee,	79		5			
	25		0			
Kingston	91		0			
	11		7			
Toronto e	224		4			
Toronto, 2 Ladies Association in Mon-	*	10	-96			
treal nor Mrs Hutto-	110	11	10			
	116	11	10			
Ladies and others in Montreal	0.0	0	0			
	26	0	6			
Contributed toward country						
schools by local aid, 6	508	0	0			
£40	109	6	7	£4002		7
3.540	Jan	9		2002		

The Committee would be greatly obliged to those friends, who have promised subscriptions to the Sabrevois Mission, if they would hand them to the local Treasurer as soon as possible, as they are much needed at present,





THE SABREVOIS MISSION.

OCCASIONAL PAPER.

COLONIAL CHURCH AND SCHOOL SOCIETY.

PATRON.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

VICE PATRONS.

HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE FOR THE DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

PRESIDENT.

RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF MONTREAL.

COMMITTEE.

Rev. Canon Leach, D. C. L.,
Rev. Canon Bancroft, M. A.,
Rev. R. Lonsdell,
Rev. W. Anderson,
Rev. J. P. White,
Rev. Wm. Bond, M. A.,
Rev. E. Duvernet, M. A.,
Rev. E. Duvernet, M. A.,
Rev. J. McLeod,
A. F. Holmes, Esq., M. D.,

Place of Meeting,—Society's Depository, 30 Bonaventure Street, first Wednesday of every month, at half-past Two o'clock.

LOCAL SUB-COMMITTEE FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE SABREVOIS MISSION.

Rev. Canon Baneroft, M. A., Rev. J. McLeod, E. L. Montizambert, Esq., M. A., G. Rice, Esq.,

AGENTS.

— Missionary at Sabrevois,
Mr. De Moullfied, Lay-reader and Catechist,
Mr. Leon Fronteau, Master of the French Training School of the
Sabrevois Mission, St. John's,
Assistant Teacher,

Mrs. Gavin, Mistress of the Female School, Sabrevois,
——————Schoolmaster, Sabrevois.

EXTRACT FROM RULES OF THE SOCIETY.

The management of the Society shall be under the direction of persons who are members of the United Church of England and Ireland, and all the Agents of the Society shall likewise be members of the same.

3. The selection, appointment, removal, and field of labor of all the Agents, together with the amount of their respective salaries, shall rest entirely with the Committee of the Society. The Clergymen employed by the Society shall be subject to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction of their Diocesans; and the Schools shall be open at all times to the visits of the Diocesan, and the parochial or missionary Clergy in their respective districts.

Subscriptions and donations of money or effects will be thankfully received by the Secretary, the President of the Ladies' Association, or any member of the Committee.

On the eastern bank of the Richelieu, about eight miles from St. John's and twenty-nine from Montreal, in the Seigniory of Sabrevois, may be seen a neat little church and parsonage, possessing a deep interest in the minds of earnest Christians. They were erected at the expense of Mrs. Christie (to whom and her late husband, Major P. Christie, the Church in this Diocese owes a large debt of gratitude,) and were the witnesses of the first systematic effort made by the Church of England to present her scriptural forms and evangelical teaching to our French fellow-countrymen. It was here that the devoted and self-denying Gavin, sent forth by the venerated Bishop of Quebec, toiled on alone, winning the confidence and love of the "habitants," no less by the gentle and unvarying kindness of his daily conversation than by the plain and faithful nature of his preaching. It was here that the converts to our beloved Church in this country were first formed into a congregation and led to the worship of Gop, by our spiritual and heart-stirring liturgy; and when after eight years of unremitting and faithful labor, the Pastor was conveyed to his grave, hundreds of French Canadians stood around, and tears flowed abundantly,--for those who did not weep a Pastor gone, wept the loss of a good man and an earnest Christian, with whom they had often knelt around the sick in humble prayer.

The difficulties with which the first Pastor had to contend, and the way he encouraged himself in the Lord his God, are known to but few besides his Heavenly Father, before whom his trials were constantly spread, and whose presence and arm sustained so long the fainting laborer. It is a trying thing to enter upon a work in the midst of a people whose sympathies are not with you;—how much

more when every prejudice and every temporal interest is arrayed against you! and how much more still when they will not listen to your instruction, and cannot read your explanations!

With all this the mission had to contend, and with persecution, and for so great a work few indeed were the laborers; nevertheless, the culture of the spiritual vineyard proceeded. Prayer was made to the Lord of the Harvest, and an evident blessing rested upon the seed sown.

At first a few little children were gathered together, and with prayer taught so as to be able to read the word of God. This grew and prospered until it became a primary school, whence might be selected promising children for future instruction and usefulness: then, it was seen that we had amongst ourselves the material for supplying the want of laborers, which had been so severely felt; and an educational establishment, in which a native agency might be trained and fitted for missionary work, as clergymen, and schoolmasters, and colporteurs, was the next object of hope and prayer.

It is not necessary to tell of the many consultations which were held as to the place where a Training School should be situated, and the anxious enquiries which were made for a gentleman qualified to take charge of so important an institution. It is enough to say that the hand of our Heavenly Father was recognized in the opportune application of a French gentleman, who was found upon enquiry to be possessed of considerable abilities, and was well recommended; also in their attention being directed to a building in St. John's, which was easily adapted to the purposes of the Committee, and in which were received ten French Canadian youths selected from upwards of thirty applicants, from amongst whom, it is believed, some will be raised up to go in a truly missionary spirit, with the glorious Gospel of the Blessed God, to their less favored countrymen.

The Visitor of the Mission may first proceed to Sabrevois, where on Sunday will be found an orderly and devout congregation of French Canadian converts, gathered in their neat church morning and evening, and the children in their Sunday School attached to the church, and ministered to by Mr. De Mouilpied, who fills the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Gavin's death, until a clergyman can be appointed. Adjoining the church is the parsonage, which has

recently been sufficiently enlarged to enable Mrs. Gavin to instruct and train French Canadian girls for the work of teaching; and near at hand the primary school, in which at the time of Mr. Gavin's death there were about thirty children in attendance. Going on thence to St. John's, the Training Institution for boys, in a building lately purchased and fitted up to accommodate twenty-five boarders, may be seen, with lads selected from the school and congregation of Sabrevois, and other places. Concerning this establishment a competent judge has stated that it was most convenient in its arrangements, neat and orderly in its appearance, and that "should the boys continue to enjoy the good fortune of their present training, we shall be disappointed if some at least of them do not 'make their mark in the world.'"

Doubtless all this seems but of small power to act upon 700,000 French Canadians, nevertheless the bright beams of hope shine forth from every part of the work and afford to the Church of England throughout the Province, whose Mission it is, a cheering prospect of casting the light of Gospel truth upon a warm-hearted but benighted people, and if vigorously and prayerfully carried on in dependence upon the Spirit of Gop and His blessing, will assuredly bring thousands of souls into the Kingdom of Christ.

Already the Committee has felt called upon to send for four additional laborers from the South of France or Switzerland. Their efforts have not been unattended with a large expenditure of money, as may be supposed, viz:

EXPENSES OF MISSION TO 187 JULY, 1855.

For rent, furniture and support of French Training Institution, including teachers' salaries, and all other expenses,	£327	15	0
Purchase of building,	297	10	0
Salaries of missionary and teacher, Sabrevois, to 1st July Towards enlargement of parsonage and vestry for receiving	178	6	8
additional pupils,	86	3	0
Total to 1st July, 1855	£834	14	8
In addition, required for enlargement and fitting up of newly	6100	^	_
purchased building, about,		0	0
Additional furniture, about		0	
Balance for enlargement of Parsonage, and fixtures	40	18	9
Added to above,	170	18	9
Total	£1005	18	5

INCOME, TO 1st JULY, 1855.

Col. C. & S. S., for this department of its labors Contributed through the liberality of friends in New York and Brooklyn, by the solicitation of the Rev.		0	0
Canon Bancroft,	280	0	0
Mrs. Christie's contribution	50	0	0
W. McGinnis, Esq., (support of one student)	15	0	0
	£435	0	0

Leaving the large sum of £570 13 5 to be provided for.

PROBABLE ANNUAL EXPENDITURE.

Missionary at Sabrevois,	£150	0	0
Teacher,	65	0	0
Mrs. Gavin,	25	0	0
Mrs. Gavin, for board and expenses of girls,	100	0	0
Teacher of French Training Institution	100	0	0
Assistant,	50	0	0
Twenty pupils, at £15	800	0	0
Servants' wages, fuel and incidental expenses,	60	0	0
	£850	0	0

At the monthly meeting of the Committee, in June of the present year, presided over by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, these facts and figures were considered; when it was resolved that an appeal should be made to the Church in Canada, and that the Rev. Canon Bancroft and the Rev. W. Bond should be requested to act as a Deputation to Quebec and Canada West. The Lord Bishop of Montreal furnished them with this letter:

SEE HOUSE, MONTBEAL, 6th June, 1855.

Dear Sm,—The increasing expenses incurred at Sabrevois in consequence of the schools which have been recently opened in connection with that Mission having rendered it necessary that further assistance should be obtained, in order that the work may be efficiently carried on, this is to certify that it is with my approval that you and the Rev. Canon Bancroft have been commissioned by the Committee of the Colonial Church and School Society in Montreal to solicit subscriptions in Quebec and Upper Canada, the consent of the Bishops of Quebec and Toronto having been first obtained for your making application in their respective dioceses. The large numbers of French Canadians seeking for instruction at our hands make it imperative upon us, that the work commenced by my predecessor, the present Bishop of Quebec at Sabrevois, be not allowed to fail for lack of funds, and I feel no doubt that the members of the Church at Quebec and in Upper Canada will cheerfully aid us, when the case shall have been fully and carefully laid before them.

Something also is due to the memory of the lamented Rev. D. Gavin (so recently deceased), who has, I trust, left behind him a field well prepared by his self-denying labors, for the ministry of his successor, who may, by

God's grace, hope to see the fruit of that seed which Mr. Gavin has for the last eight years been so diligently sowing.

Commending you and the work in which you are engaged to the mercy and favor of God,

I remain, Dear Sir, Yours truly,

F. MONTREAL

The appeal was made, and how nobly responded to will appear by the following statements:

In Montreal the ladies had already held meetings and made collections with praiseworthy diligence. It was felt that their contributions would amount to £150.

The Deputation proceeded first to Quebec, where they immediately waited upon the Lord Bishop, and stated the object of their visit. With his usual kindness he gave them a welcome, and subscribed £2 10s, to the cause. They were also kindly received by the Rev. Official Mackie, D. D., Rev. Edmund Sewell, and Rev. C. L. F. Haensel. Several of the clergy were absent from the city.

They then met a few friends in the rooms of a lady noted for her zeal in every good work, and at the close of the meeting, there were pledged upwards of £100, for the collection of which a Committee was formed, Mrs. H. S. Scott and Miss Clapham being appointed joint Secretaries and Treasurers.

QUEBEC CONTRIBUTIONS.

The Lord Bishop of Quebec£2 16 Proceeds of Miss Curry's Mis-			The Misses Bowen	5	0	0	
sionary Basket			H. W. Welch, Esq.,	0	0	0	
Collected by Lady Caldwell and	U	U	A. J. Maxham, Esq.,	13	0	0	
	n	n	A. C. Parahanan Pag	0	0	0	
Miss Claphain 5	2	0	A. C. Buchanan, Esq.,	9	0	9	
Noel Bowen, Esq 1	5	0	Mrs. Mackie				
A Friend	0	0	Captain Scott				
Mrs. Arch. Campbell 5	0.	0	Miss Curry and Miss Clapham				
Rev. E. Sewell 5	0	0	Lady Caldwell, (in England)	5	0	0	
Mrs. H. S. Scott 5			Mrs. Montizambert, (in Hali-				
	0	0	fax.)				

HAMILTON.

In the City of Hamilton they were met by a kind friend, who threw open his house for the purpose of the Deputation. The Rev. John Hebden, M. A., and the Rev. T. J. M. W. Blackman, acting in the place of the Rector, who was absent, in conjunction with other friends exerted themselves to gather together a few ladies and gentlemen, as at Quebec, to listen to the story, and after the narration one gentleman and another responded with much emotion, when it was Resolved.—

Monday Evening, 18th June, 1855, At the house of F. W. Gates, Esq., Herrimer St. City of Hamilton.

Whereas a small number of friends, members of the Church of England, having met, and having heard the Rov. Messrs. Bancorr and Boxo's account of the Sabrevois Mission, and feeling greatly interested therein, they determined to appoint a Committee to collect contributions, to assist in supporting and forwarding the objects of said Mission, believing that they will be able to raise yearly, for that purpose, £100.

It was resolved that M. O'Reilly, Esq., Mr. Sheriff Thomas, Thos. Lee, Esq., and R. P. Street, Esq., be appointed a Committee to attend to the collection and forwarding of subscriptions for the above object, and that C. H. Gates, Esq., be requested to act as Secretary and Treasurer.*

LONDON.

The same kind friend who had received the Deputation so hospitably at Hamilton went with them to London; they also carried a letter to M. W. Street, Esq., Churchwarden. Here it was resolved that a public meeting should be held. The Rev. M. M. Dillon most carefully and ably made all the necessary arrangements. The Rector, Dr. Cronyn was absent, but his assistant, Rev. II. Hayward, attended, also the Rev. Messrs. C. Brough and F. Massemberge, and a most respectable audience. The Hon. Mr. Goodhue presided. The narrative of the Deputation was listened to with marked attention. At its close the Chairman, the Hon. Mr. Goodhue, the Rev. M. M. Dillon, the Rev. C. Brough, A. B., W. Street, Esq., and others addressed the meeting, and then guaranteed to collect or pay the sums opposite their respective names, viz:

	£	S.	d.	£	8.	d
Mr. Goodhue,	5	0	0 A. Lefroy,	. 5	0	0
Mr. W. Street,	5	0	0 Alfred H. Purmia,	1	- 5	0
Mrs. Mercer, G. Taylor, Annual Subscription.	10	0	0 T. H. Buckley,	1	5	-
G. Taylor, Annual Subscription,	1	5	0 F. W. Peters,	1	- 5	0
Mrs. G. Cronyn,	5	0	0 Samuel Peters	1	5	i
John R. Labatt,	5	0	0 Herbert Dixon,	î	8	0
Js. Dampier,	5	0	0 Frederick Rowland,	5	0	i
Mrs. Dampier,	5	0	0 Alfred G. Smith,	5	0	-
Mary Jennings,	1	0	0 Miss Mercer,	0	0	e
Miss McDonough,	0	0	0 Mrs. Street,		0	- 0
Margaret McDonough,		0	0 C. Monserrat	7.0	0	-0
Mrs, Dixon,	i	0	6 Rev. H. Hayward	10	0	0
W. F. McRobert,	0	5	0 Collected at the door,	1	7.0	1
F. T. Ma Daliont	0	5			18	9
I. J. McRobert,	0	0	0 A Friend, per Mr. Dillon,	5	0	- 0
Thomas Phillips,		0	0 Marmaduke Dillon,	- 0	1	3
Mrs. Phillips,	1	0	0		-	-
Catherine Bennett,	1	0	0	100	7	1
Mary Anne McRobert,	1	0	0		-	=
Rev. F. Messemberge.	1	5	0			

^{*}R. Juson Esq., was absent from Hamilton when the Deputation visited that city, but liberally forwarded from England a cheque for £20.

There was one dollar most precious to the Deputation; it was brought after them by a little boy and was in a note containing these words:

Dear Sir,—I send this dollar for the Canadian Missionary Society, and wish I had more, God knows I would give it freely.

C.B.

This note will serve to show the spirit by which the people were animated.

TORONTO.

Thus encouraged and cheered they returned to Toronto. The Lord Bishop was absent when they arrived, but His Lordship's consent having been previously obtained, the Rector, the Rev. H. J. Grasset, B. D., and his assistant, Rev. E. Baldwin, M. A., and the Rev. A. Sanson, most cordially entered into their views, and forwarded them in every possible way. The meeting was held in the Rectory, and the following document drawn up and signed:

TORONTO, 25th June, 1855.

We, the undersigned, pledge curselves to raise the sums opposite our respective names, in support of the Mission of the United Church of England and Ireland to the French Canadians.

	£	s.	d.	1	£	8.	d
Lady Robinson,	5	0	0	Mrs. Badgly,	5	0	0.
Mrs. Grassett	5	. 0	0	Mrs. C. Jones,	5	0	0
Mrs. W. Boulton,	5	0	0	Miss Russell,	5	0	0
Mrs. Hagarty,	5	0	0	Mrs. J. Howard,	5	0	0
Mrs. J. Strachan,	5	0	0	Miss Grassett,	5	0	0
Mrs. Heath	5	0	0	Mrs. J. Smith,	5	0	0
Mrs. J. Baldwin,	5	0	0	Mrs. H. Carew Boulton,	2	10	0
Misses Fitzgerald,	5	0	0	Mrs. S. Ridout.,	10		0
Mrs. Gilmour,	5	0	0	A. Bethune, Esq., per Mr. Rey-	10	0	- (1
Mrs. J. Ridout,	- 5	ŏ	0	nolds,	0	10	0
Mrs. E. Baldwin,	5	0	0				_
Mrs. Clarkson,	- 5	0	0	e	116	0	0
Mrs. George Jarvis,	5	0	0	1			_
Mrs. W. Cayley	15	0	0				

And the next day a gentleman enclosed the munificent sum of £100 in a letter, so encouraging that it ought not to be withheld. We take the liberty of giving the following extract:

TORONTO, 25th June, 1855.

My dead Sir,—Upon second thought, instead of sending you my donation to Montreal, I prefer enclosing you a cheque at once. I felt several times while you were addressing us this evening, what a privilege it was to listen to the plain and impressive manner in which you laid before us the great object of your visit. I am very thankful both to Mr. Bond and yourself for stirring up amongst us the Missionary Spirit. Though Missionary efforts in Ireland and elsewhere should always engage our sympathy, yet I feel that the Church of England Mission, under the sanction of our Bishops, to the Roman Catholies in Lower Canada, is, to Upper Canadian Churchmen especially above all others, the one which should secure the most liberal support.

The Rev. C. Bancroft.

The Lord Bishop also, who had in the meantime arrived, was pleased to signify his approval of the manner in which the Mission was conducted, and to contribute the liberal donation of £10; nor was this all: the Rev. A. Sanson called a meeting of his congregation, which, proving too large for his rooms, was adjourned to the school-room, and resulted in the following list of pledges, amounting to £80 10 0:

	£	S.	d.	1	2	S.	d.
Mrs. Bescoby,	5	0	0	Miss Coxwell,	2	10	0
Mrs. Jackson,	5	0	0	Mrs. Hunter	2	10	0
Mrs. Geo. Gooderham,	5	0	0	Miss Unwin	2	10	0
Mrs. Gooderham	5	0	0	Miss Minet	2	10	0
Mrs. Worts,	5	0	0	Mrs. Lee	5	0	0
Miss Alcock,	2	10	0	Miss Woodall	1	0	0
Miss Diamond,	1	0	0	Mrs. Ripley,	5	0	0
Miss Thompson,	5	0	0	Mrs. Samuel Blake,	5	0	
Mrs. Skelton,	5	0	0	Mrs. Morphy	5	0	
Miss Cayley,	2	10	0	Mrs. McLeod,	- 2	10	0
Mrs. Blake	5	0	0	Mrs. Stotesbury,	1	0	0

But Mrs. Bescoby has collected £8 10, Miss Minét, £15, Miss Woodall, £2 10, and several sums have been received per the Sunday-school, which will add at least £17 10.

PORT HOPE.

Port Hope, where they had been kindly invited by the Rector, the Rev. J. Short, was the next place visited; and with spirited liberality the meeting promised £25.

The minutes of the Meeting are:

PORT HOPE, 27th June, 1855.

At a meeting held in St. John's Church in this town, the following persons made themselves responsible to collect the sums opposite to their names, annually:

Mrs. Haycock, Miss Gunn,	1	5	0	Dr. Hayward,	£ 1	5 0	d. 0
Mr. John Reardon, Mr. Brent, Mrs. Fry,	2	10	0 0		£13	10	0

The following subscribed the sums opposite their names:

Mrs. Vansittart,	2	0	0	Mr	. Hewlett,	£	s. 10	
Miss Stevenson,	0	10	0					-
Miss C. Stevenson,	0	10	0			£3	10	0

And the Rev. Jonathan Short promised the Deputation that the annual sum from Port Hope, in aid of the Church Mission to the French Canadians, should not be less altogether than $\pounds 25$.

KINGSTON.

Kingston was the last place they designed to visit, and they felt sure of a cordial reception, from the letters which had been received. They were not disappointed. Arrangements were to be made for a public meeting on the 2nd July, and at the hour appointed the School-room was filled, when,— On motion of the Ven. Archdeacon of Kingston, Thomas Kirpatrick, Esq. vas called to the chair; and the Rev. W. David opened the meeting with prayer.

There were also present, the Rev. H. Mulkins and Rev. F. W. Dobbs, who, together with the Chairman, addressed the meeting. The subjoined lists show, in donations and subscriptions, the sum of £142 15.

	e	s.	d	+	p		a.
Mr. T. Askew,	10	0	0	Mrs. Cartwright,	- 5	0	0
The Archdencon of Kingston	- 77	10	()	Miss Mailleu,	5	0	0
The Rev. W. David.	77	10	()	Miss A. Casey	5	0	n
Dir. C. Million.	75	0	0	Mrs. Macpherson,	5	0	11
M.F. Maculierson	- 77	10	0	Mrs. Corbett,	2	10	13
Mr. Thomas Corbett	- 75	0	0	Miss Fowler,	0	10	0
BIL. U. S. ROSS.	5	0	0	Mrs. Yates,	0	10	0
121', 1310's	5	0	0	Miss Sampson,	5	0	0
M.F. J. Millins.	1	5	0	Mrs. Irwin,	1	5	0
Mr. P. F. M. Cuaig,	î	5	0	Miss S. Bryan,	1	5	o.
	î	5	0	Mrs. Muckleston,	2	0	0
Mr. S Taylor,	î	5	0	Miss Oliver,	7	10	0
Mr. Muckleston,	î	0	6	Miss Foster,	ô	10	0
Mr. Lamb,	î	5	0	Mrs. Ross	5	0	o.
Mr. L. Kirkpatrick,	5	0	0	Miss Briggs,	1	0	0
Mr. A. Kenny,	0	5		Miss D. Allen,	0	10	0
Mrs. Durnford,	1	0	0	Wise Vool	-	0	0
Mrs. Foster,	10	0	0	Miss Nocl,	1	U	
Mrs. Robinson,	10	0	0	01	10		0
Mrs, Cruikshank,	10	0	0	£1	12	19	0

The Deputation received pressing invitations to visit other places in Canada, and deliver addresses, but they were reluctantly compelled to refuse these kind friends for the present, and return to their respective duties.

ST. JOHNS AND CHRISTIEVILLE.

It must not be omitted in this account to acknowledge with much gratitude the exertions made in St. John's by the ladies connected with St. James' Church: besides a subscription there and at Christieville of upwards of £99, they have given most valuable assistance in furnishing and fitting up the Training Institution.

Thus the question which had been put at the meeting in June: "Shall the work go on? or shall the Mission fall to the ground?" had been satisfactorily solved. The work was to proceed; to God's holy name the glory was given, and the Deputation finished as they had begun and continued, with devout prayer and thanksgiving offered to their Heavenly Father.

It would be quite impossible, in the limited space prescribed to this paper, to pretend to acknowledge the universal kindness and affection with which the Deputation was received, not only cheering them in their arduous labour, but materially relieving the funds of the mission by decreasing their expenses: this opportunity must not, however, be missed, of offering to all heartfelt gratitude for kindness and consideration, the remembrance of which will ever continue to be cherished.

There remains now but to give an account of the examination of the Training Institution on the 22nd of June, which will best be done by an extract from the Sub-committee's Report:

"After the pupils had sung a hymn in French, and an appropriate prayer in the same language had been addressed to the throne of Grace, the pupils were examined in the different branches of study pursued since its opening

on 14th November last.

"The boys read with fluency and correctness, and the purity of their assistance of the control of the control of the control of the state of the control of the sentences they had read; recited with ease and accuracy three of Lafontaine's fables, and portions of our Lord's Sermon on the Mount, (the whole of which they had evidently committed to memory;) answered questions on the History of Canada and in geography very correctly; translated orally into very fair English a number of French colloquial phrases, and performed a variety of exercises in arithmetic, four of them in the first four rules only, the others as far as the rule-of-three, interest and fractions.

"When it is considered that one of these boys has only been in the school have been that May, and two others only since Easter, that, of the six who have been there since the opening in November, one did not even know his letters at that time, and that all are still very young, and have learnt from Mr. Fronteau the greater part of what they do know, it will be admitted that the programme was one of great comparative extent and variety.

"Yet the result of the examination was, to produce a conviction in the minds of your Sub-committee, (and if they mistake not, in these of all present,) that the pupils had been carefully instructed and were thoroughly grounded in each branch of study, as far as they had gone in it. This conviction, and the great satisfaction to which it gave rise, were very happily expressed to Mr. P. in English, and afterwards appropriately explained to the pupils in French by a member of the Corresponding Committee from Montreal, on behalf of all present; and your Sub-committee desire to reiterate the expression thereof on this occasion.

"The exercises were closed by more hymns of praise, sung by the pupils in their own beautiful language, and after inspecting the whole of the establishment and admiring the exquisite neatness and order, which your Sub-committee can testify always reigns in every part of it, the visitors departed, to all appearance highly pleased, as they could not fail to be, with

all they had seen and heard."

The Church of England French Canadian Mission is at length in full operation. The foundation, it is believed, is well laid, and if those who take an interest in the work will patiently and prayerfully wait, the difficulties arising from the want of suitable agents speaking the French language will be overcome through the Training Institutions, and though some time must necessarily elapse before these young men and women can be made available, yet will the results gradually develope, and the effects be seen: the work cannot stand still.

The Committee feel deeply indebted to those kind friends who have pledged themselves to labour in behalf of the Mission, and are greatly encouraged by the warm response made to their appeal through their Deputation. "God is not unrighteous to forget your work and labour of love, which ye have shown towards his name."

AMOUNTS RECEIVED UP TO OCTOBER, 1855.

A List of Subscriptions collected by Rev. Charles Bancroft, in New York and Rrooklyn, for the Sabrevois Mission, 1854.

W. H. A. 10 Friend. 5 D. H. Arnold. 5 Friend. 5 Rev. G. T. Bedell. 22 5 Joseph W. Greene. 50 S. D. Babcock. 10 L. M. H. 10 W. & B. C. Larkson, Columbia, S. C. per Miss Bower. 7 W. H. H. 10 W. & B. C. Larkson, Columbia, S. C. Per Miss Bower. 7 W. H. H. 10 W. & B. C. Larkson, Columbia, S. C. W. H. Hasey. 10 W. & B. C. Larkson, Columbia, S. C. Der Miss Bower. 10 W. H. H. 10 W. & B. C. Collin. 25 V. Jay. 5 Cach. 25 T. & H. Messenger. 220 Cach. 25 T. & H. Messenger. 220 Cach. 10 Rev. Dr. Murphamburg. 25 Cach. 10 Rev. Dr. Murlhenburg. 25 Cach. 10 Master T. M. 22 Cach. 10 Master T. M. 22 Cach. 10 W. Nelson. 5 Cach. 10 W. Nelson. 5 Cach. 10 W. Nelson. 5 Cach. 55 55, 55, 55, 55, 50 Cach. 10 F. T. Peet. 25 Cach. 25 J. L. 25 Cach. 35, 38, 24 8 8 H. Webster. 25 Cach. 26 Worris Earle. 25 Cav. Daniel Wolfe. 25 Cach. 25 J. L. 25 Cach. 26 W. Nelson. 27 Cach. 27 Cach. 28 Cach. 28 35, 35, 32 Cach. 35, 38, 32 38 Cach. 35 W. Meris Earle. 35 Cach. 30 Worris Earle. 35 Cach. 30 W. Mester. 25 Cach. 30 W. Mester. 30 Cach. 30 W. Mester. 30 Cach. 30 W. Mester. 30	Rev. Henry Anthon,	R25	W. G. P	810
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	E. W. Dunnam,			
Friend, 10 James Warren, 5	Morris Earle,			
	Friend,	10	James Warren,	. 5

W. B. McGinnis, Christieville, per Rev. C. Bancroft, for support of one Scholar in French Training School, St. Johns, C. E., £15.

OUEBEC.	,	KINGSTON.				
£ 9.	đ, 0 0	John Kirkpatrick, Esq., Treasurer,		0	0 0	
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N. Bowen, Esq.,	0 0 0	Kingston,	2 1	5 5 10	0 0	
E. N. Montizambert, Esq., 0 10 Mrs. A. Campbell, 5 0	0	LONDON.				
Mrs. A. Campbell's 2nd coll., viz: Mrs. W. Forsyth,		Collected at Public Meeting			7	
Mrs. Adford 1 0 0		TORONTO.				
Mrs. A. Campbell. Junr., 1 0 0 Collected in small sums, 2 0 0	0	The Lord Bishop of Toronto, It J. Lukin Robinson, Esq.,10		0	0	
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HAMILTON.	8	Mr. W. Blakeley, 0 10 0 Mr. H. Charles, 0 2 6 A Friend, 0 2 6				
R. Jusen, Esq.,	0			15 10 0	000	

Treasurer's Report, 26th October, 1855.

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By Mrs. Strachan.				Mrs. Relph	0	2	6
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By Mrs. Baldwin, By Mrs. J. S. Howard	5	0	0	" W. Smawlone	0	2	6
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Miss Howard	0	10	0	" G. L. Bowes,	0	2	6
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Moorne Manhann & Co	0	10	0	l" E. Bescoby,	1	5	0
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T. Houghs	0	5	0	Four Friends,	0	10	0
J. Carless	0	5	0	" Stotesbury,	0	2	6
	-	-	-	Stotesbury	-	-	-
	8	0	0		8	2	6
By Mrs. J. W. Skelton	5	0	0	Th. Mr 707 - 7-2	5	0	0
By Mrs. S. Ridout. By Mrs. G. M. Jarvis.	10	0	0	By Mrs. Blake By Mrs. Lee.	0	U	0
By Mrs. G. M. Jarvis.	-			Mrs. Thompson,	0	5	0.
Mr. A. M. Clark. W. Creelman	5	0	0	" Boyd	0	5	0
W. Creeman	0	10	0	" Lee	ĭ	5	0
E. C. Jones	1	5	0	" McFarren	ô	2	6
Miss Powell.	0			" Davis	ő.	2	6
Stinson	0	5	6	" Mair	0	2	6
Mrs. Jarvis	0	5	0	Mr. Bird	0	5	0
H. M. J.	0	3	6	" Wright	0	2	6
A. E. 6	0	2	6	" Robbh	0	5	0
Mrs. G. M. Jarvis	ĭ	5	0	" Addy	0	1	3
	_			" A. Lee	0	5	0
	9	17	6	" A. Lee	0	1	3
By Mrs. Grassett.	-	-	-	" T. Lee	0	5	0
Mr. C. Magrash G. Duggan, Jr.	0	10	0	A friend	0	6	3
" G. Duggan, Jr	1	0	0	Miss Clark	0	T	3
" C. B. Grassett	0	5	0	1	3	15	0
Miss Stevenson	0	2	6	By Miss Minet.	0	19	U
Mrs. Draper	0	5	0				
" Grassett	2	17	6	Mr. G. W. Allen	5	0	0
	-	-	-	" Rowsell		5 10	0
WEINING OFFICE	5	0	0	HOWAPU	0	5	0
TRINITY CHURCH. By Mrs. Righty.				Nuclianistate		10	0
Mrs. Turner.	0			Mrs. Turner	0	5	0
Mrs. Turner Kendreer	0	5 2	6	" Carruthers Friends, 7s. 6d. M. T., 5s. W.	0	0	0
" Casseis	0	10	0	C C Se	0	17	6
Thomason	1	10	0	C. C., 5s	0		0
J. Ridout.	0	5	0	" V Robinson.		2	6
Kapley,	0	17	6	" Bailey	0	2	6
Mr. Innes	0	10	0	Mrs. Langrill	0	2	6
C. Sinall.		10	0	" Lamb	0	1	3
" J. C. Small	ĭ	0	0	" Howard	0	10	0
	_		_		-	_	_
	5	0	0		9	1	3

D. Wes Dissessed and West	rr	7		By Miss Coxwell.			
By Miss Diamond and Miss 1							0
Mr. Haworth	0	7	6	Mr. C. Unwin	0	10	0
" d. W. G. Whitney	0	5	0	Mrs, Harrison	0	5	0
" W. Monaghan	0	5	0	" Unwin	0	5	0
" W. Polley		10	0	" Robinson	0		0
" W. Jamieson " R. Reford	0	5	0	Misses Unwin	0		Ö
Miss Coate	ő	2	6	Friends	0		0
" Johnson	ő	7	6		-		
Friends	1	17	6		2	15	0
	-	-	-		-	-	_
	4	5	0	St. James Church	58	18	9
				Trinity Church,	40	15	7
					000		_
					299	14	4
				THOS. CLARKSON			
				Treas			
				Treas	ner	er.	
BROCKVILLE.				Miss Gay,	0	0	6
				Miss Emery	0	ĩ	3
Collected by Miss O'Conn				Miss Symmers	0	1	3
	£	S.	d	Mrs. Holiand.	0	2	6
Mrs, S. Jones,	1	0	0	Mrs. Reid	0	2	6
Mrs. J. Morris,		10	0	Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Reid's children,	0	1	3
A friend	0	5	0	_	_	_	_
Mrs. S. Keefer	0	10	0		£2	15	0
Mrs. Crawford		10	0	ST. JOHNS AND CHRISTIE	VI	LL	E.
Mrs. G. Easton	0		0		P.	8.	d.
Master Dunroche,	0	1	3	Mr. McDonald,	1	5	0
Cash Received from Brockville, after	0	2	6	Major Taylor,	i	0	0
Received from Brockville, after				Mr. Thompson,	0	15	0
Miss O'Conner's return to	4		0	Mr. V. Titus,	0	10	Ö
Montreal	1	5	0		0	15	0
-	24	8	0	Mr. Wilkinson,	0	10	0
PRESCOTT.	3/1	0	9		0	2	0
				Mr. W. Bissett	0	10	6
Collected by Miss O'Conn	cr.			Mr. W. Bissett, Mr. J. Bissett, Mr. Macrae,	0	7	6
	£	S.	d.	Mr. Macrae,	2	10	0
Robert Blakeley,	0	5	0		0	1	3
Emma Crane,	0	10	Ü	Mr. Charlton.	0	15	0
J. E. Hooker	0	5	0		0	10	0
— Armstrong,	0	5	0	Mr. Briggs,	0	5	0
Mrs. Gay,	0	5	0	Mr. Dutin,	0	10	0
Mrs. C. Plum.		10	0	Mr. J. Harrison	0	5	0
A friend,	0	5	0	Mr. W. Borbridge,	0	5	0
Do	0	5	0	Mr. E. Hazeltine, Mr. C. B. Whelau, Mr. J. Howie.	0	1	5
Isaac Plum,	0	5	0	Mr. C. B. Whelan,	0	2	6
Mrs, French,	0	.7	6	Mr. J. Howle,	0	2	4
Small sums under 5s.,	0	15	11		0	3	9
A friend	3,7	10	0	Mr. Corran,	0	3	9
Mrs. Field,	0	10	0	Mr. Hogel, Mr. D. Kennedy,	0	2	6
W. D. Dickenson,	0	5	0	Mr. E. McDonald,	1	5	0
A friend		10	0	Mr. Wm. Bourne,	0	10	0
S. J. Mussen,	1	0	0	Mr. S. Vaughan,	ĭ	0	ö
Small sums,	0	5	78	Mr. George Rice,	i	5	0
istuati sums,	· v	.,	12	A friend	î	5	0
	pry	4	03	Mr. B. Vanghan	î	0	0
DARLINGTON, C. W.	~1		0.9	Mrs. E. Ripley	ô	5	0
				Mr. B. Vaughan, Mrs. E. Ripley, Mr. McGillivray,		10	0
Collected by Mrs H. S. Re-				Mr. J. H. Kibley		10	0
	£	8.	d	Mr. J. Pearson,	ŏ	5	0
Dr. McNab,	0	5	0	Mrs. Irving,	ŏ	3	9
Mrs. Low,	0	2	6	Mrs. Stevenson,	0	2	6
Mrs. Armour,	0	10	0	Mrs, Gregg	0	2	6
Mrs. Hibbert,	0	2	6	Miss Fleming,	3	0	0
Mrs, Broooke,	0	3	9	Misses McGinnis		10	0
Mrs. Burke,	0	5	0	Mr. E. Hitchcock,	1	0	0
Mrs. Coate,	0	2	6	Mr. J. Aston,	0	2	6
Miss Redshaw,	0	2	6	Mr. E. Hitchcock, Mr. J. Aston. Mr. Thomas Gibson,		10	0
Mrs. Checkby	0	2	6	Mr. J. Morris, Jr.	0	3	9
Mrs. Sutton,	0	2	6	Mr. H. Hull	0	2	6
Mrs. Bethune,	0	2	6	Dr. Wight	0	12	6
Mrs. Jones,	0	2	6	Mr. J. Knight,	0	1	3

Mr. H. Titus, Mr. M. Whelan,	0	5	6	.00	9	18	51
Mr. George Wait,	0		6	Mr. W. McGinnis,	15	0	0
Mr. T. L. Dixon.	0	10	0	Mrs. Christie	50	0	0
Mr. J. Davis	0	1	3	Mr. E. Montizambert	1	5	0
Mr. G. Esinhart,	0		6	Mr. Isaac Coote,	1	5	0
Mr. G. H. Farrar,	0	5	0	Mrs, Farrar,	0	10	0
Mr. Macfarlane,	0	5	0	Mrs. Macrae	0	5	0
Mr. H. Gillespie,	0	10	0		0	12	6
Mr. Milligan.	0	1		Rev. C. Bancroft,	1	5	0
Cash	0	0	7	Mr. Wilkes,	0	10	0
Mr. E. J. Wheeler,	0	1	8	Mr. R. B. McGinnis,	0	10	0

