

CHALLENGE TO POST.

WILLIAM C. MILNER,
Proprietor.

VOL. 8.-NO. 6.

Preserve Success and you shall Command it.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1877.

WHOLE NO. 360.

Original Poetry.

(Written for the Post.)
The Heart's Solace.

BY ISOBEL.

Wait weary heart and look not on the past;
Endure alone thy self-inflicted grief;
With patience bear the load, and know thou
A joy eternal for the sorrow brief.

Oh heart! why wilt thou rise and view the
Scenes of earth, and lead the weary brain with doubts
And fears
Until the throbbing pulses well-nigh burst:
To find relief alone in better tears?

Away, then, pictures of the dizzy brain!
Away! and let the stars of hope arise,
In hope I see thee loving form again,
And clasp the loved one in my glad surprise.

PASSEBRO, May 19th, 1877.

LITERATURE.

[From Harper's Monthly Magazine.]
SOLOMON PODDY'S COURTSHIP.

(Conclusion.)

Mrs. Bankum had made no attempt to conceal her designs upon the single blessedness of Mr. Wilks, but rather prided herself on the example she was setting to match-making mothers and beguiling daughters. She seemed to say, "Look at me, you who quarrel and backbite, flatter and cajole, bow down and humble yourselves to secure some wild scapegrace with money for your girls. See how I, an old veteran of forty, move steadily and openly upon the enemy's works, and secure the possession of a million."

To Mrs. Hasler and Miss Jones the widow was every open in her confidence, when they sat together in her room after Mrs. Hasler's morning domestic arrangements were completed, and delighted to rehearse the success of each new move in her assault upon old gentleman's heart and money-bags.

At last the day of triumph came, and Mrs. Bankum displayed a note in which the beguiled victim made a formal proffer of his hand and fortune.

"And the dear old fool will be here to-night to receive his answer. What do he think I am made of, to refuse sixty thousand a year?" And Mrs. B. displayed two rows of the dearest finest handwork, as she laughed at such a preposterous idea.

He was a coincidence! Miss Jones nearly fainted. Was it not the 20th of December, and was not her Solomon coming to marry her, to lead her off captive to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Heartsease, there to make her his wife? To no one had Miss Tabitha confided her sweet secret. It was too sacred to be bandied about, like Mr. Bankum's public courtship, and Poddy had been so fearful of the approaching ceremony leaking out that he had ceased to correspond with his brother's family in Grand Street, and had insisted upon a strictly private and very quiet wedding at Mr. Heartsease's house, and a short trip south in the honey-moon.

So Miss Jones had invented a nice little story of going into the country to spend the holidays. Her trunk was packed, and she was ready to start, but Mrs. Hasler was not to be informed of the wedding until the last moment.

On that eventful day Mr. Poddy announced to Miss Perkins that he intended spending a couple of weeks with his brother in the city; and as the afternoon train rattled toward New York, Solomon's heart fluttered at the rapidly approaching ordeal.

The sun was just about to disappear behind the Western horizon, as the train rolled into the Grand Central Depot, and the passengers hurried out of the cars. Solomon was getting more and more nervous every minute. What if by any chance his brother or one of his nephews or nieces should be in or around the depot? What could he say? How account for his dressy appearance? He thought of waiting until the cars were hauled out into the yard, and then, by going down a side street, avoid all exposure; but bethinking himself of the danger of being arrested as a thief or run over by a switch engine, he changed his mind, and first glancing cautiously along the platform to see that all was clear, pulled his hat over his eyes, hurried to the street, bolted into a hack, and giving the direction to the driver, dropped down into the furthest corner, bowed the cold perspiration from his brow, and congratulated himself on arriving so far so well.

It was quite dark, and the street lamps were flickering, when Mrs. Hasler's hack, but the gas in the hall had not been lighted. Solomon dismounted the hackman, and ascended the brown-stone steps with a beating heart. A trim servant-girl answered his ring, and he mumbled something intended to be a request to see Miss Jones, forgetting to send up his card in his confusion.

"Oh yes, Sir; I'll tell her," said the girl, with a queer smile, as she showed Solomon into the dim parlor. "Bless my soul! I believe that girl knows all about it," thought he. "It's very annoying."

Then he stood first on one leg, then on the other, and tried to be interested in looking into the beauties of a very dark old picture, which was just faintly illuminated by the light from the street lamp outside, while his heart kept up such a thumping

he imagined all in the house must hear it. A rustle of silk was heard on the stairs, and Solomon turned, with a start, just in time to receive a tall and fleshy lady, weeping in a very stately manner, into his arms.

"I am yours, dear, dear Mr. Wilks," sobbed the lady.

"Good gracious! what does this mean? This must be some horrible mistake!" ejaculated Mr. Poddy, as he staggered to a chair with his burden. "Be calm, my dear madam. My name is not Wilks."

"Not Wilks!" shrieked Mrs. Bankum starting up. "Help! help! thieves! murder!"

"Thunder and lightning! She's gone crazy, and I am the cause. Be quiet, madam—do, please," entreated the wretched Poddy.

"Oh, Charles, save me from this drunken lunatic!" cried Mrs. Bankum, as a young man came into the room; and then she went into hysterics.

"What do you mean by this conduct, you villain?" shouted Mr. Charles, approaching Solomon in a threatening manner.

"I'm sure I—I don't know," stammered Solomon, almost bereft of his senses.

"Well, then, get out of here," thundered Mr. Bankum, taking him by the collar of his Ulster and pushing him out upon the stoop.

This was more than Poddy could bear. "Let go of my coat, Sir!" he shouted, as he wrenched himself clear. "I demand to see Miss Jones."

"Oh, that's your game, is it?" said the other. "Want to frighten all the ladies in the house, do you? Get off the stoop, you vagabond!" and he pushed the fighting, struggling Poddy to the sidewalk, where quite an admiring crowd had now gathered. Then all the Poddy blood was up, and striking out in a not very scientific manner, Solomon knocked Mr. Charles down, but he was up in a second, and returned the compliment by knocking Mr. Poddy into the gutter, from whence he was pulled by a blue coated policeman.

"Now, then, what's the row, Mr. Bankum?" asked the officer, who was very well acquainted with that gentleman, having assisted him to find the key-hole of No. 9021 more than once.

"He's a drunken beggar or a sneak thief, I think," answered Mr. Bankum, with his handkerchief to his bleeding nose.

"Excuse me, Sir," expostulated Mr. Poddy; "I am neither a beggar nor a thief. I wish to see a lady in this house."

At this he hooted and laughed, and Mr. Bluecoat said, "That won't do. I know you, my boy. Come along," and along he went, followed by a procession, to the station-house.

"What's the name?" asked the sergeant, as Solomon stood before him.

"My name is Solomon Poddy, and I am an exceedingly laboring under a terrible mistake," commenced the poor man.

"Stop your talking. What's the charge, Brown?" asked the sergeant.

"Drunk and disorderly. He tried to get into Mrs. Hasler's house, and commenced to fight when they put him out. I think I remember him, Sir, before."

"Allow me one word of explanation, please the miserable Solomon."

"You'll have a chance before the judge in the morning. Take him below," returned the inexorable sergeant.

Where was the expectant bride all this time? Waiting in her room for the summons that the groom had arrived. Darkness had come on. The gas was lighted. No Poddy. Poor Miss Tabitha began to think he had proved false, and became sick at heart. The dinner-bell rang, but she was suffering now from a raging headache, and could not respond, but had some toast and tea sent up to her. The evening passed away, and all hope going with it, Miss Tabitha took herself to a sleepless couch, bemoaning on the falsehood and deception of mankind.

With pale face and broken heart she went down to breakfast, where Mrs. Bankum was relating her adventures of the evening before, and young Bankum was reading the newspaper account of the affair.

"At the police station the hardened ruffian gave his name as Solomon Poddy, of course an alias," read that gentleman.

Over went Miss Jones' cup of tea. Up she started. A new light had dawned upon her, and in less than fifteen minutes, to the great surprise of the occupants of the court-room, an excited maiden lady in an hurried morning costume, hurried up to the justice's desk and whispered something in his ear.

"I'll give you thirty days on the island, and it shall be six months if I catch you here again," said the justice to the prisoner under examination. Then to Miss Jones, "Now, madam, please step in here."

Last of all a forlorn and wretched old of prisoners, each under the escort of a policeman, was Solomon, his coat covered with the dried mud of the gutter, and his face presenting a very disreputable appearance.

He had noticed Miss Tabitha's untidy entry, but, poor fellow, was so overcome with his disgust that he shrank further back into the crowd.

"Is Mr. Solomon Poddy here? I wish to see him," said the justice, looking out from the door of his private room.

Solomon's captor pushed him forward, while a buzz of amazement ran through the crowd.

"Oh, Solomon, how you have been persecuted for my sake!" cried Miss Tabitha, bursting into tears, as she looked upon his sorrowful visage.

"This has been a bad mistake, Sir, but I hope it will never occur again," said the justice, after some words of explanation had passed between them, and he smiled as if it was the funniest thing imaginable for a quiet old gentleman to pass a night in the station-house.

Solomon looked very grim, and hoped with all his heart it would not be told. The justice's office boy was sent for, and the application of soap and water and a clothes-brush soon rendered Mr. Poddy more presentable. A carriage was called, and they passed through the interested crowd, who thought poor Poddy was a runaway husband, and drove off amidst great cheering, with three small boys hanging on behind.

"Where are we going to, dear?" asked the blushing Tabitha.

"To the minister's. I'm not going to have this sort of thing happen again," answered Solomon, quite savagely.

Great was the reverend gentleman's surprise when, on walking up from his breakfast table with a napkin in his hand, he found Mr. Poddy and Miss Jones in his reception-room, and greater still when he discovered their errand. But he was equal to the emergency, and in a very few minutes Miss Jones had ceased to exist, and Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Poddy returned to the waiting hack and drove to their hotel.

A Chinaman comes to Teach New York Christians Buddhism.

At 302 West Forty-seventh street, a reception was given last evening to Wong Ching Foo, a Chinese political exile, who is lecturing on the religions and politics of his country. Mr. Wong explained his object in coming to this city, and made clear many points of the Buddhist belief that are generally misunderstood among us. He said that he wished it to be clearly understood that he did not come here in an aggressive spirit; that he was not trying to undermine our faith in Christianity, but that he wanted to give us a correct impression of his country and its religion. He is particularly incensed at the dogmas of some Christian denominations—that all so-called heathens are devoted to eternal damnation. He said, "I respect the religion of the Chinese, and I want to prove to Christians that the Chinese have as high a civilization, lead as pure lives, and have as strong hopes for happiness in a future life, as they themselves. We do not bow down to images and worship them. The images represent great sages, like Confucius, great statesmen or noted warriors, and when we kneel before them and pray, it is that the good God will endue us with a tithe of their wisdom and goodness. Your golden rule to love thy neighbor as thyself was taught as one of the fundamental doctrines of Buddhism thousands of years before Christ was born. The Moslem law—the ten commandments—was taken from the books of Buddha, in which you may now read them as most word for word. You in this country are taught that the Chinese eat nothing but rice and peapies and rats; that our women are slaves or worse. I never knew of these things until I came to this country. Your missionaries do not understand us. Because we do not do things as they are accustomed to do them, they say we are uncivilized, because they never learn the first principles of our religion, and consequently cannot understand it, they say we are heathen and must suffer eternal damnation. Then, too, they only mingle with our lowest and most degraded classes, and, of course, we have such as well as you, from whom they learn the very worst features of Chinese life. The salary received by a missionary in China is a fortune in this country, and on it he can live in luxury; so, of course, it is a good thing for him to make us out as very wicked, and thus retain his position. These things burn into my heart, and I want to explain them to the people of this country, that you may know as for what we are, and not what you have been taught, by ignorant or prejudiced people, to believe us to be."

About four hundred years ago the art of printing was introduced into England by William Caxton. There is some dispute about the precise date, but Mr. William Blades, Caxton's biographer, inclines to the belief that Caxton arrived in England in 1476. At all events the first indisputable date is that of "Dietes and Savages of the Philosophers," copyrighted by Mr. William Caxton, as Westminster, the year of our Lord, m.cccc.lxxxvii. The present year has therefore been adopted for the celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the art of printing into English, and next month there will be held at South Kensington an exhibition of antiquities and curiosities connected with the art in its early days. The proceeds of the exhibition are to be added to an existing fund for the erection of a monument to Caxton.

What is a Christian?

BY THE REV. JAMES FREEMAN CLARKE.
Reported for the Boston Journal.

Text: The Disciples were called Christians first at Antioch.—Acts xiii:20.

My subject to-night is, "What is a Christian?" and I have taken for my text the passage which states that this name was first given to the disciples of Jesus at Antioch. That great city, that centre of Oriental civilization in ancient times, where the Jewish thought and the Greek thought and the Roman thought came together but were unfamiliar with the fundamentals of Judaism, they were surprised, as the Jews at Jerusalem were not surprised, when they were told that Jesus was the Christ. The word Christ struck them as something novel, and they said, "These people are Christians, they talk about some thing which they call Christ," and so those who were before only known as disciples of Jesus were henceforward called Christians.

I think this shows us very plainly what a Christian is. A Christian is a disciple of Jesus with a new name, that is all. A disciple, a follower, a learner, one who comes to Jesus to learn of Him; he is a disciple, and if a disciple is a Christian, why then he is a Christian. Any one who, like Mary, is sitting at the feet of Jesus to hear His words is a Christian. We know that Christ said, "One thing is needful, and Mary hath chosen the good part which shall never be taken from her." That good part, as we know, was that she was sitting at the feet of Jesus, and when the Master's feet that she might learn of Him. But a disciple in the school of Christ is not merely one who goes to Him to learn the truth because Christianity is not merely something to be known but it is also something to be done, and the study of Christianity is not, therefore, only something theoretical but also something practical, and if a school of Christ may be called a practical school, and an industrial school where we learn by action and learn by doing.

Now as Christianity is something to be done as well as something to be known, a disciple is one who is not only learning the truth, but also practicing the truth, doing the will of God. He is studying and practicing Christianity under the Teacher and Master, and that is our first definition of a Christian. A Christian is a disciple of Jesus who is learning and practicing Christianity, doing the will of God, and that is our first definition of a Christian.

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they are right, if they disagree with him they are wrong. He begins, therefore, almost from the necessity of the case, to beat and strike his fellow servants, and so he also becomes a sectarian, he unites with those who agree with him in thinking that they are perfectly right on the point, whatever it may be, and they form a sect.

Yes; but we may be told that believing is essential; that there are some essential doctrines of Christianity, and no man can be a Christian who does not believe these doctrines. If it was so Jesus would have told us so. If it be true that no man is a Christian who does not accept the so-called doctrines of Orthodoxy, then the Lord Jesus who came into the world to teach the way of salvation would certainly have said so. He would have said, "It is necessary if you wish to be followers of mine to believe that I am God, to believe that there are three substances. You are to believe in the sacrament, in my atoning sacrifice, to believe in everlasting punishment, otherwise you are no Christian. We have the Sermon on the Mount, in which he describes fully and minutely the difference between his doctrine and that which preceded it; how his doctrine differed from of Judaism which went before. There was no doctrine of the Trinity in Judaism. The Jews didn't believe that the Messiah was to be God when he came. They had no Orthodox doctrine of the atonement. Then he would have said, "Ye have heard that it has been said so and so and by those of old time, but I say unto you, you must believe these doctrines." Then he would have said, "Whoso heareth these teachings of mine about the Trinity, about total depravity, about everlasting punishment, and believeth them, I will liken him to a man who builds his house on a rock, and when the floods come and the winds beat upon the house, the man who believes these doctrines will stand firm and his house will stand, else it will fall." But he said nothing of the sort. On the contrary, he said, "Whoso heareth these words of mine, and doeth them, I will liken him to a wise man who built his house on the rock."

"To try to do right, and to try to believe right is not enough. We must have a true Christian experience; we must have a new heart; we must be converted; we must be born again. Only those men called Christians who have passed through this experience." Now I fully agree that there is such a thing as conversion or regeneration in the fully agree that a Christian is one who is learning faith, hope and love, as well as learning how to do what is right. I don't believe that any particular form, any technical method of conversion or regeneration is to be set up as standard. Whoever is going to Christ to learn faith from Him, and love from Him is a Christian. He is a disciple in Christ's school, and we have the authority of Christ for saying that no person can pluck any one of his disciples out of his hand. If we belong to him by being genuine disciples, whether we have all the Christian experience that we need or not, we are on the list of his disciples, and if we are sincere and faithful in the use of these opportunities we shall arrive at that new life of faith hope and love.

And so, my dear friends, my conclusion is this: That to be a Christian is to be a learner of Christ as a disciple, learning the truth from him; learning from him how to do good, and learning from him how to come nearer to God. Christianity is faith and hope and love working in all that we do and feel, and are in the school of Christ has no fear for the present or the future. All is well with him. He trusts himself wholly to God.

From what I learned in my experience and observation of mesmerism I am so far aware of the existence of rarely used and undeveloped powers and capacities in the brain as to disapprove very strongly the gratuitous supposition, in the spirit-rapping case, of pure imposture on the one hand and of the presence of departed spirits on the other. I see no occasion or justification whatever for either supposition; and I observe that the statement of the spirit-rappers who have waited till the first excitement has passed off, and they could look into the matter as philosophers should. About the facts of mesmerism my position is the same that it was twenty years ago—simply because I hold no opinion based on any theory, for I never had any theory on it, but knowledge of facts. If Cuvier and other eminent naturalists had insisted that no ground of facts in natural history is better established on observation and experiment than those of mesmerism, it is not possible for any reasonable person who knows the facts to have variable opinions on the case.—Miss Martineau.

A man always gets through his life a clean bill, and looks round him with a frown-like smile. But if his girl really loves him she will gently push her plate away from her, and say, "Won't you take a spoonful of mine?"

Business Cards.

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GEO. S. TOWNSEND, July 24

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BARRISTER-AT-LAW, AT-LAW,
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THE SUBSCRIBERS beg leave to announce to the public that their Steam WOOLLEN MILLS are in full operation. Also, that they have added LOOMS and all necessary machinery for manufacturing Cloth.

1877 Spring & Summer. 1877

THE AMHERST WAREHOUSE CO.,

L. SLEEP, J. E. PURDY, C. H. BENT,
General Importers.

Received by late arrivals from LONDON, MANCHESTER, BIRMINGHAM, BRADFORD, LEEDS and LIVERPOOL on the other side, as well as from MONTREAL, BOSTON, NEW YORK, ST. JOHN and HALIFAX on this side of the water, a great variety of NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS, which, being added to our various Departments, enables us to place before the public one of the Largest and Best Assorted Stocks of General Merchandise ever shown in this place. The whole bought from FIRST-CLASS HOUSES on most favorable terms and for sale at BOTTOM PRICES.

WE DIRECT THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS TO THE FOLLOWING LINES:

DRY GOODS! FANCY DRESS GOODS!

Over 100 Pieces—Latest Patterns—Most Fashionable Shades.

Most desirable materials at a great range of prices.

BLACK ALPACAS, LUSTRES; BRILLIANTINES and CORDS; BLACK and COLORED SILKS.

Mourning Dress Goods.

Barthelemy, Henrietta, Cloth; Cashmeres, Matelasse, Metz Cord; Paramatta, French Twill; FRENCH MERINO; Washing Dress Goods; Linen Costumes.

DRESSMAKERS ON THE PREMISES. (Moons lately fitted up).

DRESSES, MANTLES and COSTUMES made to order at short notice.

Black & Colored Kid Gloves, first choice; Rouillon's, Josephine and other makes.

BOOTS and SHOES.

These Goods being very low this season, Housekeepers should take advantage of this opportunity to buy cheap.

CARPETS.

UNION CARPETS, TAPESTRY CARPETS, WOOL CARPETS; HEMP CARPETS, STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS; DOOR MATS and FLOOR OIL CLOTH.

ROOM PAPER—120 Patterns.

The Excelsior Window Shades,

JUST THE THING WANTED!

Hardware! Earthenware and Glassware!

POCKET and TABLE CUTLERY.

Building Materials.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails, Screws, Hinges, Locks and Bolts.

Saddlery Hardware.

English and American Jap'd, Brass and Silver-Plated Harness Mountings.

Carriage Hardware.

Springs, Axles, Shafts, Rims, Spokes, Castings.

Iron and Steel.

Chains, Traces, Saws, Files, Planes, Chisels, &c.

As our Stock is heavy and times hard, we are marking all Goods at a small advance on COST, and invite an inspection of Goods and Prices.

The Amherst Warehouse Co.

Fancy Bazaar

CRANE'S CORNER.

GEO. E. FORD

HAS RECEIVED:

20 Cases and Bales

SPRING & SUMMER

Dry and Fancy Goods!

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

Latest and most Fashionable Goods from English, American, and French markets.

IN DRESS GOODS, the Stock is complete!

Black French Merino; Cashmere, Cashmerette; Barthelemy Cloth, Craple Cloth; Empress and Swiss Cord; Lustres, Coburgs, &c.

Fancy Checks, Stripes & Brocades

In all the New Shades.

Striped and Checked Grenadines.

Grey and Striped JAPANESE SILKS; SILK MIXED GOODS; SICILIAN CORDS; MATALESE GOODS; Variety of colors and makes.

Linen for Costumes.

In Plain and Fancy Checks and Stripes, and Matalasse; Trimmings to match in Linen and Embroidery (colors), &c., &c.

COLORED GALATHEA STRIPES; MUSLINS; BRILLIANTS; MAISELLES; PIQUETS, &c., &c.

White and Grey Cottons.

Prints and Cambrics.

All the leading styles and qualities—American and English manufactures—at extremely low prices. From 7 1/2 cts. upwards.

Shawls and Mantles!

ELKANT SHAWLS, in Stripes and Plaid, which far exceeds any other offered in price and style. A few Black and White SILK SHAWLS at a bargain.

Handsome Mantles.

In Plain and Fancy Cloths and Matalasses. Cloths in newest styles and very cheap.

Forks, Hoes, etc.

GARDEN RAKES, HOES, SPADING FORKS, Shovels and Manure Forks, Potato Hooks, &c., &c. For sale low.

GEO. E. FORD.

SHERATON'S

CARPET

WAREHOUSES.

NEW MARKET HALL,

Germain Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

CARPETS

Cleaned by Steam Power

AT REDUCED PRICES.

(June 14)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Entertainment.

To-morrow evening, Chignecto Hall.

Thursday, 21st, Mechanics Division.

Auction, Calvin Wheaton, Midgic 2nd inst.

Tenders for Warehouse, E. Cogswell & Co.

Dress-making and Millinery Business.

H. C. Bateman, H. L. Carter.

New Groceries.....M. Wood & Sons.

New Dress Goods.....C. A. Bowser.

Waterproof Craple, etc.....

Boots and Shoes, etc.....

Baskin & Co., 25, St. John's St., St. John.

Hardware, W. B. Thorne & Co., do.

Carpets.....A. B. Sheraton, do.

Planning & Moulding Mill, A. Christie & Co.

LANDS, &c. FOR SALE.

Hotel—J. R. Lamy, Amherst; private sale.

Sherriff's Sale—Blair Botsford, 15th Dec., Dorchester.

Here and Hereabouts.

FISHRY COMMISSION meets to-morrow.

The "R. A. Chapman" is reported safe.

SUPREME COURT at Amherst opens on 19th.

COUNTERFIT ten cent pieces are in St. John.

JUBILEE SINGERS at Chignecto Hall to-morrow night.

The Colonial Foundry asks for tenders for the erection of a warehouse.

CHIGNECTO HALL, for concerts and meetings and public gatherings of all kinds. (H) BLAIR BOTSFORD.

The Jubilee Singers have met with full houses every where.

FOURTEEN PRISONERS are in Amherst goal. Most of them are awaiting trial for burglary on a canoe.

A SCHOONER of about 200 tons was launched at Hopewell Cape on 27th ult., by Captain Cook.

The frame of a large ship is being hewn at Elgin, A. C., by Mr. Neil Mahoney, to be put together in St. John.

ELDER D. C. LAWSON will preach at Dorchester Cape, next Lord's day the 17th at 10:30, a. m., and 2:30 p. m.

METHODIST Preaching Services for Sabbath next—Grand Auction at 10 a. m.; Wood Point at 2:30 p. m.; Westport at 7 p. m.

Service in the Presbyterian Church, Sackville on Monday next at 8 o'clock p. m., and in Joliette at half past 10 o'clock a. m.

REMOVAL.—Mr. S. W. Rand has removed to Moncton, and on the eve of his departure his friends handsomely entertained him with an oyster supper. We wish him every success at Moncton.

CHIGNECTO POST AGENCIES, where orders will be taken and receive prompt attention.

MONTREAL—at the Bookstore.

AMHERST—at J. C. COLE's, Picture store.

PARBROOK—at Miss READ's, Book Store.

SHIPPING ITEMS.—Brig "Alice Ada," Outhouse, master, arrived 11th from Barbadoes via Boston, escorted by cargo for M. Wood & Sons.

Barque "Onaway," Wilmore master, sailed on 8th for the Clyde, with 331 M superfluous from M. Wood & Sons.

FIRE.—On Sunday night the barn and outbuildings of Mr. Wm. Phillips at Harper's Brook this Parish, were consumed. The fire originated from the smoking house; loss, \$400.

On the same night, a vacant house, near the residence of Sheriff Botsford, Westport, was burned.

The Hillsboro Branch R. B. Co. held its annual meeting on 5th inst. The following were elected Directors: Dawson Steeves, Gordon Steeves, R. Taylor, C. J. Osmen and J. S. Tompkins. At a meeting of Directors, Mr. Tompkins was elected President and Mr. Osmen, Secretary.

DOMINION DAY.—An Excursion from Spring Hill to Parbrook by rail has been arranged. The Oxi-onians intend getting up a programme of sports to do honor to the Natal day.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—James Fillmore, Martin Lowison, Alphonse Palmer, John Tingley, Juniors, Alexander Smith, Harrison Humphrey, Alexander O'Brien, Clark P. Smith, Early Kay, Amos Keith, James Bentley, Robert G. Thompson and Milner Steeves, to be Justices of the Peace for the County of Westmorland.

A SEVERE COLD caused the muscles of my neck to contract; could not move my head. GILES' LINIMENT LODGES OF AMERICA gave instant relief.

Giles' Liniment LODGES OF AMERICA, sold by all Druggists.

GEO. E. FORD.

MONICE'S POND, one of the most charming sheets of water in the country, has a sail boat. Messrs. Beal and Chilli have recently placed on it a new one, 18 ft. long and 6 ft. broad, for holiday excursionists and picnic parties. The winding shores and wooded inlets of this Lake afford many delightful retreats for pleasure seekers, and it will no doubt become a popular resort.

THE ELGIN MINING CO. held its annual meeting on the 5th. The following were elected Directors: E. B. Chandler, Jr., Esq., E. F. Eastman, L. O. Merriam, E. D. Robinson, D. M. Steeves, Geo. Smith and C. A. Hallett. Mr. Chandler was elected President and Mr. Robinson Secretary. It is the intention of the Company to resume boring in a few days with the diamond borer at Mclellon, where the indications for Albitrite are favorable.

POGWASH ITEMS.—Three square rigged vessels are lying outside, waiting for a fair wind to bring them in. One, a brig from the North, has cedar poles, for the new line of Telegraph which is shortly to be laid through here by an American Company. A large sail boat, containing Capt. Mookler of barque "Condor," his brother, and Lewis Willis, son of A. M. Willis, Esq., was capsized in the harbor to-day, precipitating them all into water. Young Mookler was ashore, but the Captain and Willis clung to the boat until rescued, which was quickly done. A strong current running carried the boat some distance down stream, before she was rescued.

ALBERT RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Annual meeting of this Company was held at Hillsborough, on the 5th June, and the following gentlemen were elected Directors, for the ensuing year:—George Calhoun, James Blight, Hon. John Lewis, T. M. Rogers, and A. W. Wheaton, Esqrs. At a subsequent meeting of Directors, the following were elected Officers:—George Calhoun, Esq., President; James Blight, Esq., Vice-President; Thomas McHenry, Secretary; R. E. Steeves, Esq., Treasurer; W. M. Buck, Esq., C. E., Engineer in charge. The Engineer's Report, which in detail the operations and progress on the Road during the past year, was read and adopted. It will appear in our columns next week.

THE MUNICIPALITY OF ALBERT was duly organized on 5th inst., by the appointment of M. B. Palmer, Esq., Warden; Thomas McHenry, Esq., Secretary; George Calhoun, Esq., Treasurer. The following gentlemen compose the Council: John Magee and Wm. Howard, Esqrs., Elgin; Chambers Gaskin and L. J. Steeves, Esqrs., Coverdale; Henry B. Steeves and Robt. J. Duffy, Esqrs., Hillsboro; Martin B. Palmer and Elsie Peck, Esqrs., Hopewell; Isaac Wells and R. C. Smith, Esqrs., Harvey; John Kelly and S. Stewart, Esqrs., Alma. The Treasurer's bonds were fixed at \$5000. Protests were entered against the return of Messrs. E. Peck, Jr., and Isaac Wells on the grounds of the holding of the office of Assessor and Valuator respectively, the consideration of which were postponed. Collectors of taxes were notified to make immediate collections and also to account for all moneys in their hands at the end of every month. Measures have been taken to have the taxes, etc., deposited to the credit of the Municipality in a Bank as fast as received and all demands including coupons on the Albert Railway Debentures paid by check.

WESTMONTREAL COUNTY COURT.—The Cause of Easterbrook and wife against Sears, came on for trial on Monday last. Judge Botsford trying the cause without the intervention of a Jury. The case closed on Tuesday evening upon which the Court adjourned until to-morrow, when the Judge will give his decision. It is, we believe, the first case in Westmontreal where the parties have consented to let the Judge decide without a Jury. The action was to recover a balance of money in Defendants hands. It appeared a legacy of \$240 had been left Plaintiff's wife by her father, of which she had recovered the principal sum. Some years ago Defendant gave a note to Plaintiff's wife and as her father's executor took a receipt from her for the amount, being the balance of the legacy. The Defendant, however, refused to pay anything more. On the trial the note was produced, but was rejected for want of stamps, and the Plaintiff then sought to establish the fact that Defendant had received the balance of this legacy to pay for a lot of marsh he had bought. This the Defendant denied, and insisted he had a right, under his father's will, of paying her or not. C. Milner was Counsel for Plaintiff and A. J. Hickman for the Defendant.

Loss of Appetite in Horses. Horses lose their appetite from various causes, most frequently by the approach of some disease, this circumstance ought not to be overlooked by those who own horses, but should be immediately attended to as by so doing the disease may be checked, and the life of the horse saved. The following is a list of the symptoms of this disease, and as a necessary consequence the appetite is restored, the skin becomes soft, and the animal resumes its usual condition. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Ward & Co. is on each package. Sole proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment may be used to advantage where any Pain Killer is desirable. In case of severe cramps and pains in the stomach, it is undoubtedly the best article that can be used.

A SEVERE COLD caused the muscles of my neck to contract; could not move my head. GILES' LINIMENT LODGES OF AMERICA gave instant relief.

Giles' Liniment LODGES OF AMERICA, sold by all Druggists.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The low price of salmon is affecting the salmon business in the North.

The Jury disagreed in the Simonds-Gilbert Case at St. John.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL meets to-day. Who will be sworn in in Mr. Willis' place?

PETERS' MILL DAM at Richibucto was washed away last week. It had been undermined by muskrats.

KENT DRIVING PARK is to witness races on 10th and 11th July, \$600 in premiums are offered.

GASPERAUX fishery at St. John is failing this season. Shad, so far, is also.

The Economics at Fredericton is next Thursday. Dr. Allison delivers the Alumni oration.

A race between Ross and Smith, is to take place on Kenebecasis, for three miles, on July 24th.

JATERPILLARS on the Fredericton Branch, stopped the train an hour on Thursday.

SINGULAR PLEA.—A youth named Ritchie has been committed to the Albert Co. Jail for stealing \$60 from the store of Mr. Ed. Dixon, Hopewell. When arrested he confessed and said he wanted the money to pay for new clothes to get baptized.

The St. Croix Courier has risen from its ashes. The pluck and energy displayed by the editor, in the face of disaster, are deserving of increased respect and sympathy of the public. We hope the Courier will have a new lease of prosperity.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The Masonic Bazaar, Halifax last week, realized \$2,600.

RACES OF N. S. Yacht Squadron are to come off on 23rd.

The Spring Hill and Parrabrook Railway is to be opened about 1st July.

WOODWORTH VS BLACKBURN, libel suit has been settled by the defendants paying \$600.

SUICIDE.—A carpenter named Cowen committed suicide Thursday evening at Windsor, by cutting his throat with a razor.

The Halifax Masonic Hall was dedicated on the 6th with imposing ceremonies.

GILBERT HENRY was run over and killed on the Intercolonial near Truro on the 6th. He was drunk.

WRECKAGE.—The schooner "Nimble" arrived at Halifax on Thursday, from Cape Rice, N.B., with machinery, anchors and chains of the steamer "George Washington," wrecked last winter. Cargo all carried off by sea-divers; went down and discovered that the boiler had exploded on the bottom. No trace was found of the steamer "George Cornwall."

THE GRAND LODGE of Freemasons of N. S. elected officers on Thursday for the ensuing year. Colonel Laurie was re-elected Grand Master; Rev. R. Avery, of Aylesford, was elected Deputy Grand Master. Dr. Curran was re-elected Grand Secretary. Officers were installed Thursday night by Grand Master R. T. Clifton, of New Brunswick.

General News.

The Louisbourg Railway wants 500 laborers.

The Seal Fishery resulted this season in a catch of 412,000.

DEGREES to women are now granted by University of Toronto.

A SALE of Shorthorns at Lincoln, Ont., last week realized \$40,505. Sixty animals were sold.

DURING the Mount Carmel tornado a little boy was carried off in the air by the wind for a mile and a half and landed unhurt.

FIVE HUNDRED and TEN Sioux lodges have been surprised and 454 horses, mules, and ponies captured in a recent battle.

TRIBUTE is ahead in the Established Church in England by the threatened prosecution of ritualists. Fifty 250 parsons are implicated.

BARON GRANT has been somewhat unfortunate of late. He lost \$220,000 on the sale of his fine collection of pictures. But as he has just sold his house in London to the Duke of Northumberland for £800,000, he will be able to live in comfort the rest of his days.

The eldest sons of the Prince of Wales are now reading mathematics at St. John's College, London, of the professors of King's College, London, in preparation for their life on board the Britannia. The royal lads are generally reported to possess very good abilities.

An Erzeroum despatch reports that the Turks have assumed the offensive. Muktar Pasha sent out a detachment as a flying column to attack Russians at Olut, who retired to Penak. The Grand Duke Michael and staff are reconnoitering Kars, which still holds out. The town is closely invested, and probably an attempt will be made to storm it.

Boston has now the Scandal. The upper ten of Beacon Street are disturbed by libel suit brought by Mrs. Rice against Mrs. Coolidge and her lawyers. The latter lady had sued for divorce and had alleged that Mrs. Rice, the assumed paramour, was a worthless, drunken abandoned woman. The parties move in high circles and efforts are being made to obtain a settlement.

The Bank of Montreal has the largest capital of any Bank in the Continent. It has \$12,000,000. The next largest is the Bank of Nevada, \$10,000,000, and the next, the Merchants' Bank of Montreal, \$9,000,000, and the next, the Bank of Commerce, N. Y., \$8,000,000. The only public banking institutions that are greater than the Bank of Montreal (are the banks of England and France.

THE FIGHTING at the Duga Pass, last week is declared to have been most desperately stubborn conflict.

ROMANIA, like Serbia, is not doing the patronage of Russia the most agreeable thing in the world.

Twenty-eight out of thirty-three districts are now declared to be in a state of siege, so that there can be punishment by death, which is forbidden by the Civil Law. Some efforts by the Roumanian authorities to resist the control which the Russians wanted within the State resulted in such coolness that the Grand Duke Nicholas would not notice the Roumanian Prime Minister and Minister of War when they went to see him.

London June 12.—At a banquet in the Merchant Tailors' School last evening Lord Derby and Salisbury made speeches, in which they assumed a remarkable pacific tone. Lord Salisbury said: "I am for myself far from sharing many apprehensions which I hear around me. I may be our duty in possible contingencies to put forth our strength to defend indirect interests, but when I say this I would recommend when any one comes to you with a tale of our indirect interests being threatened to cross examine them before you believe their statements."

THE MURDER of Miss WADE.—David Smith, an old man, with the reputation of being a professional abortionist, has confessed that Miss Wade, of Castleton, Ont., who was found dead the other day under suspicious circumstances, came to her death while he was performing an operation upon her, intended to produce abortion. Malley, the reputed author of her disgrace, has been arrested in Michigan, U. S., and Weldon, who appears to have been in league with him, is also in custody. The evidence shows that Miss Wade left her boarding house in company with her son-in-law, Malley, on the night of the murder, and he returned home at midnight without her and said she had gone east by train. They have both been committed.

MARRIED.

At Upper Sackville, June 3rd, by Elder D. C. Lawson, Mr. Caleb Babcock, to Miss Eliza Sears.

On 25th ult., at the residence of the bride, by Mr. R. A. Daniel, Mr. David Ogden, of Oxford, N. S., to Miss Mary Law, of Parrabrook.

On 26th ult., at the Methodist Parsonage Spring Hill, by Rev. Joseph Hale, Mr. Daniel Hunter, Elgin Co., Ont., to Miss Maggie Scott of West Brook.

On 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. M. Dorton, A. M., Mr. W. Clifford Greenfield, Bro's & Co., Amherst, to the daughter of R. B. Huettis, Esq., of Wallace.

On 29th ult., at Wallace, by Rev. E. B. Corey, Mr. James McLean, of Spring Hill, to Miss Lucy Embree of Oxford.

On 5th inst., by the same, Mr. Andrew Metcalfe of Oxford, to Miss Mary J. Ripley of the same place.

On 6th inst., by the same, John G. Smith, Esq., of Westworth, to Miss Temperance Williams, of River Philip.

By the same, Mr. William Hannan, of Oxford to Miss Hannah, of the same place. On 22nd ult., by Rev. Joseph Murray, Mr. George D. Schurman to Miss Mary Jane Silliker, daughter of Deacon James Silliker, all of Summerside.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Orders solicited. Address, Petitcodiac Lumber Company, may 17 Petitcodiac, N. B.

JUST RECEIVED!

100 BBL. No. 1 K. D. CORN—50 bbls. Damaged CORNMEAL; 30 casks LIME.

—ALSO—

FLOUR, OATMEAL, and GENERAL STOCK OF GROCERIES, for Cash.

may 10 JOHN BELL.

I CERTIFY

THAT three bottles of PHOSPHORINE cured Charles Herdick of an old sore of many years standing, accompanied by a bad cough, general debility and night sweats. He is now in perfect health.

J. D. L. AMBROSE, Dispensing Chemist, Notre Dame St., Montreal.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Read what the people say in regard to the Great Shoshonee Remedy & Pills.

LEVI JONES, Markham, says—"I had a very severe attack of Bronchitis. I was so bad that I could hardly get my breath. I sought for a quick remedy, and seeing the 'Shoshonee Remedy' so highly recommended, I procured a bottle, and am happy to say, that the time it was taken, I was entirely well and have remained so, although I was much oppressed through the winter in travelling.

Rev. F. B. STRATTON, Demarestville, writes—"I have found your remedies particularly beneficial for liver complaint, dyspepsia and bronchial affection, and would advise all similarly affected to give them a trial.

JOHN FARRARSON, Athol, says—"When travelling one of my feet got sore and broke out. I could not cure it and had to return home. It became better and afterwards worse. I finally purchased a bottle of the 'Remedy' and a box of 'Pills,' and before they were half gone I commenced to improve, and before they were finished my foot was completely cured. It is now 17 months since, but have had no further attack. Price of the Remedy in pint bottles \$1; Pills 50 cents a box.

[See 7 in box.]

From the Troy Daily Times. PERUVIAN SYRUP is a standard remedy for building up and renewing broken-down or nervous constitutions. For Dyspepsia, Debility, Liver Complaint, Kidney and Bladder Disorders, or part of the many irregularities of the various organs of the human frame, it is a sovereign remedy. It is a tonic without alcohol. It is only necessary for us to say to those who have never given it a trial that it will accomplish all that is claimed for it. Now is the time to tone up the system before the hot months of Summer fairly set in. Sold by all druggists.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat

