

WILSON PUTS ISSUE BEFORE THE ALLIES; THE BRITISH ARMY WINS GREAT VICTORY; GERMANS EVACUATE BIG CITY OF GHENT

GENERALS MAY DECIDE PEACE CONDITIONS

President Wilson Places Question of War or Peace Before the Allies.

AN ARMISTICE TO END THE CONFLICT

Wilson Cannot Decline to Pass Along the Proposals of Germany.

BERLIN GETS REPLY THROUGH THE SWISS

The Text of Long Document Which Will Figure Much in History.

Washington, Oct. 23.—President Wilson has informed the German Government that he has transmitted its correspondence to him seeking an armistice and peace, to the Allies, with the suggestion that if these governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and the principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples involved.

He says that should such terms of armistice be suggested acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace. The president's reply to the German note was made public tonight and will be transmitted to Berlin through the Swiss Legation immediately.

German Assurance.

It says that having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace and principles enunciated by him, and that the desire to discuss the details of the application emanated not from those who hitherto dictated the German policy, but from ministers who speak for the overwhelming majority of the German people, and having received explicit promise that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed by the German armed forces, the president feels he cannot decline to take up the question of an armistice with the Allies.

The statement follows: "The secretary of state makes public the following: "From the secretary of state to the charge d'affaires, ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States: "Department of State, Oct. 23, 1918. "Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 22nd, transmitting a communication under date of the 20th from the German government and to advise you that the president has instructed me to reply thereto as follows: "Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace and principles enunciated in his subsequent addresses, particularly the address of the 27th of September, and that it desires to discuss the details of their application, and that this wish and purpose emanated, not from those who have hitherto dictated German policy and conduct, (Continued on Page Two.)

Germany Not Ready To Quit?

By ARTHUR S. DRAPER.

(Special cable to N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.)

London, Oct. 23.—Prince Max's speech in the Reichstag shows more clearly than Solf's note to Wilson that Germany is far from ready to surrender unconditionally. His description of the political reorganization in Alsace shows that Germany is not willing to return those two provinces to France. Evidently the chancellor believes that the home and battle fronts are now consolidated and it is no longer necessary to submit to what the Germans consider humiliating terms. Paul Painleve, the former French premier, replying to the interview with Lord Milner, says that whether or not the Germans love militarism they not only submit to it, but want to impose it on others. France's motto, he said, was not victory and vengeance, but victory and justice, with no discrimination between the high and the low.

The Belgian King and Queen Fly To Bruges

Dunkirk, Oct. 23.—King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, visited Bruges by airplane Tuesday. They left Dunkirk at 8.45 o'clock in the morning and landed at Bruges a half hour later. They visited the chief streets of the city and were given a joyful welcome by the populace. On their return they left Bruges at 11 o'clock.

Amsterdam, Oct. 23.—The semi-official North German Gazette denies the report that the government of Denmark has sent a note to Germany or otherwise approached Germany regarding the question of Schleswig-Holstein. Dutch newspapers of Sunday carried reports that Denmark had sent a note to Germany demanding that Germany carry out certain provisions of treaties between the two countries which gave the inhabitants of Schleswig-Holstein the right to decide whether they wished to be ruled by Germany or Denmark.

GERMAN LINES ARE IN GREAT DANGER

Smashing British Victory Brings Disaster to Army of the Kaiser.

With the Allied Armies in France and Belgium, Oct. 23. (By The Associated Press.)—The attack of the British Third and Fourth Armies on a wide front south of Valenciennes today is of vital strategic importance. The Allied salient here menaces the German lines all the way to Holland and it will have a tremendous effect also on the enemy front to the south.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 23. (By The Associated Press.)—The stiffest fighting of the American offensive west of the Meuse was under way today. The line is swinging back and forth. In the region of Grand Pre, on the western end of the front, the Americans threw back repeated violent German counterattacks.

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 23. (Reuter's)—In their attack Tuesday southwest of Ghent the French captured Molenhoek and gained the west bank of the Ley from Machelen to Driech, they had to fight hard for all their gains.

The new attack today was a general one and was delivered by strong forces of the British Third and Fourth Armies. The British forced ahead toward the Scheldt Canal and the tributary lines along which the enemy is endeavoring to protect the flank of his grand retirement.

AIRPLANES NOW TAKE PRISONERS

British Employ Machines in Scooping in German Infantry.

With the British Army in France, Oct. 14. (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Airplanes can be used for capturing infantry. It was proved by the British in the recent advance. Flying fairly low seeking parties of Germans or war material to bomb, two officers in one machine were fired upon from a sunken road. The pilot dived and the airplane's machine gun quickly accounted for four Germans, very quickly the Germans hoisted a white flag in token of surrender. The airman were in a dilemma as there was no British infantry in the vicinity. They descended to 50 feet, however, and ordered the Germans out of the road, 85 of them in all. They obeyed and after rounding up the party the airman directed them toward the British lines. They circled over them with the over-massing bombs and machine guns, until they encountered a party of British who took the entire lot to a prisoners' cage.

NORTHCLIFFE FEARS A BAD EARLY PEACE

Says Real Danger is Revolution Among Allies in That Event.

THE UNITED STATES RUSHES WAR WORK

London Opinion is That Germany Will Surrender Unconditionally.

UNCLE SAM EMBARKS OVER 2,000,000 MEN

This is no Time to Let Peace Thoughts Interfere With War Plans.

(By The Associated Press.) Washington, Oct. 23.—At the same time that the President's reply to Germany was made public tonight the White House gave out correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson, showing that more than two million American soldiers have embarked to participate in the war overseas. Chairman Barush, of the industries board today appealed to the country to forget peace talk and centre all attentions on war. "America is just approaching her peak in quantity production and delivery for her armies," Mr. Barush said. "She needs every effort to reach the crest. This is no time to let thoughts of peace interfere with war work." The matter of peace will be left to the President. The matter of war is the duty of all.

Northcliffe Displeased. (By Arthur S. Draper.)

Special cable to N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.

London, Oct. 23.—Fear that the Allies will enter a peace conference with divergent aspirations was voiced today by Lord Northcliffe in a speech at the American officers' club where he urged the immediate shaping of a united peace programme.

His peace programme includes the complete restoration of Belgium, full reparations and restoration in France compromise and mutual concessions on the part of Italy, Serbia and Greece. (Continued on Page Two.)

FUGITIVE SLAYER CAUGHT AT LAST

Joseph Cameron, Alias J. A. Campbell, Alias A. E. Madore, Killed Two.

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 23.—Joseph Cameron, alias J. A. Campbell, alias A. E. Madore, who committed the double murder in the city on Thursday morning, shooting Zappier, a clothier, and Frank Beavers, a policeman, and made a sensational escape from the Northern Hotel, was caught in the Leduc district on Tuesday night by Provincial Police. He was arrested by Detective Matheson, to whom he admitted his identity. Cameron offered no resistance, and was brought to Edmonton by motor at 2 o'clock this morning and shut up in the provincial jail.

YOUNG MAN HURT IN THRESHER IS DEAD

Joseph Bellevue of Bellevue Village Passes Away in Moncton Hospital.

Moncton, Oct. 3.—Joseph Bellevue, the young man who was so badly injured by falling into a threshing machine at Boudreau Village on Tuesday afternoon, was brought to the Moncton hospital, where he died of his injuries. He was fifteen years old, and the son of Simon Bellevue, of Bellevue Village.

BUILDING NATIONS.

Basel, Switzerland, Oct. 23.—The Central Executive Committee elected on Oct. 5th, by the National Council of Slovenes, Croats and Serbians at Agras, has issued a statement that the committee will at once assume the political direction of those nationalities and declaring for the creation of a sovereign state on a democratic basis.

A DISSOLUTION OF TEUTONIC ALLIES PROBABLE SOON

Italian People Look for Complete Surrender in Near Future.

GERMANS MUST GET OUT OF LUXEMBOURG

Vienna Resents Wilson's Reference to Internal Affairs of Austria.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The new German note, an official despatch from Rome today said, strengthens the belief there in accounts of the wretched internal situation in Germany, and that complete dismemberment of the Germanic alliance is at hand at the moment when the Entente Allies are bound more solidly together. It is not surprising, the despatch adds, to find the German people alone in impeding their own salvation.

"In three weeks," it says, "Germany's allies have fallen under mortal blows of the armies of our allies and the iron logic of President Wilson. That the last of the three fell mortally wounded is necessary to remove any equivocation. The German government accepting President Wilson's demands, along with a tardy defense of its own crimes, has shown its teeth for the last time." It said to be the unanimous thought of the Italian people that the enemy must accept the terms demanded by the military leaders.

Must Quit Luxembourg. Ottawa, Oct. 23.—That the Belgian government is demanding the evacuation of the grand duchy of Luxembourg in the event of Germany's request for an armistice being considered, is a statement made in an official cable received here today by the Belgian Consul General from Havre. The cable quotes a message sent to the Belgian minister of foreign affairs by the Union of Belgian Soldiers, natives of the grand duchy, entreating the Belgian government to urge upon the Allied powers the request for the evacuation of the grand duchy territory recently formulated by the Luxembourg parliament.

The Belgian minister of foreign affairs, in his reply said: "I have the honor to advise you that, on Oct. 8th, the Belgian government, bearing in mind the ties binding Belgium and Luxembourg, informed the government of the United States, in case the request for an armistice should be granted, that it would express to their lively wish that the Allies demand the evacuation of the territory of Luxembourg."

Austrians, Oct. 23.—In view of the Imperial manifesto regarding the formation of several states in Austria-Hungary, Vienna newspapers say there is no reason for President Wilson's suggestion that Austria to concur in that question with an armistice. Such a connection, they add, would only mean the adjournment of peace indefinitely.

AN ENTIRELY NEW SWINDLING GAME COMES TO LIGHT

How Persons Near Moncton Stepped Into Cheap Shoe Leather—Father Has Spun Arrested on Serious Charge.

Special to The Standard. Moncton, Oct. 23.—The arrest of a lad named Frank Eddington, aged 17, charged with the theft of goods to the value of about \$150, today developed a rather unusual case. The charge is laid by Thomas Eddington, father of the boy. It is alleged that young Eddington ordered goods by phone, principally boots and groceries, in his father's name, and then sold them, mainly to farmers and others near the city. The young culprit's method was to telephone an order for goods, call and get them, and then start out to sell them at attractive prices. He found ready buyers when he offered boots from two to four dollars a pair. Several merchants were victimized in this way. Young Eddington, it is alleged, had been carrying on the business for the past month or two. The case is a new one in police circles. The accused will be arraigned tomorrow before the police magistrate.

THE COLLEGE.

Halifax, Oct. 23.—At the board of trade council meeting yesterday afternoon the matter of reestablishing the Royal Canadian Naval College at Halifax was discussed, and, in compliance with the request of Maritime and Fisheries Minister Ballantyne, the council will make suggestions regarding a site.

BRITISH WIN BIG BATTLE IN FRANCE

Canadians Believed To Be in Heavy Fighting Near Valenciennes.

MANY IMPORTANT VILLAGES TAKEN

Haig's Men Advance Five Thousand Yards on Extended Front.

GERMANS RECEIVE A SERIOUS BLOW

Great City of Ghent in Belgian East Flanders is Evacuated.

Amsterdam, Oct. 23.—The evacuation of Ghent, Belgium, is in full swing, according to a despatch to the Telegraf from Sasvan Gent. The last boats in Ghent are being hastily towed toward Zelzate, near the Dutch frontier south of Sasvan Gent, the despatch adds.

With the British Army in France and Belgium, Oct. 23. (By The Associated Press.)—The British Third and Fourth armies today smashed through strong German defensive positions south of Valenciennes, they gained ground to a depth of more than five thousand yards on an extended front, capturing many important villages and several thousand prisoners. Together with numerous guns, and driving a wedge into the enemy positions at what probably is the most vital point of the lines the Germans are holding.

The fighting was of a desperate nature, the German machine gunners holding out to the last. Large numbers of the enemy were killed. The advance continues and the menace to the Germans to the north and south of the front attacked is hourly growing. Further retreats are expected.

Two Thousand Prisoners.

London, Oct. 23.—Two thousand prisoners were taken by the British in today's attack.

North of Valenciennes the British have captured about two-thirds of the Baisnes Forest, further north they have got well east of St. Amand, and reached the Scheldt north of the Belgian front.

London, Oct. 23.—In today's attack the British advanced north and south, gaining the high ground overlooking the Harpies Valley. Some guns were taken.

ENGINEER DIES OF FLU ON A TRAIN

Driver Copeland Passes Away on Maritime — Wife Also Ill With Malady.

Halifax, Oct. 23.—Locomotive Engineer Copeland, further north they have got well east of St. Amand, and reached the Scheldt north of the Belgian front.

EMPLOYES OF PEOPLE GO OUT ON STRIKE IN SASKATCHEWAN

Telephone Girls Get Mad and Just Won't Work—So There!

Regina, Sask., Oct. 23.—Long distance and rural telephone lines throughout Saskatchewan were tied up today. Telephone operators and the entire operating staff of the government of Saskatchewan telephone system walked out on strike at one o'clock, following the government's refusal to grant a board of conciliation to adjust the question of wages.

ROMERIES CAPTURED.

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 23. (Reuter's)—The British troops in their new attack today north of Le Cateau are reported to have captured the town of Romeries, one and one-half miles northeast of Solesmes. A good many prisoners, mainly in small batches, are being brought in. The Germans are fighting doggedly.

Thomas W. Lawson Is Hurt in Auto Crash

Marlboro, Mass., Oct. 23.—Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston financier and independent candidate for United States senator, was injured when his limousine was overturned on the state road in Northboro late today. He was brought to a hospital in this city. Hospital authorities refused to say how badly Mr. Lawson was hurt.

Thomas W. Lawson is too well known to require a sketch at this time. He was born near Boston, the son of a Nova Scotia carpenter. For about ten years his private secretary was Edward McSweney, a nephew of Senator McSweney of Moncton. Mr. Lawson has visited the Maritime Provinces on several occasions. He has made and lost fortunes since he became a speculator. Some of his property at times has been advertised for taxes, but he is still a wealthy man.

SPIRITS ABOUNDED IN NEGUAC TOWN

Chief Inspector Wilson's Men Find 276 Quarts of Flu Medicine in Forest, on Farms and Other Places—Car Fails to Hold Wet Goods.

Chatham, Oct. 23.—One of the biggest seizures of liquor since the Prohibition Act came in force was made at Neguac after a two days' search ending today. The seizure was made by Prohibition Inspector Dickson of Chatham and Assistant Chief Inspector Mann of Campbellton.

They secured twenty-three cases hidden away in various places about farms and in the woods. They brought all they could load into an automobile, storing the balance for safe keeping. Some interesting developments will likely follow in the police courts before long.

P. B. MIGNAULT, K. C. SUCCEEDS DAVIES

Member of International Waterways Commission Appointed to Supreme Court Bench of Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—P. B. Mignault, K. C., of Montreal, has been appointed to the bench of the Supreme Court of Canada, in succession to Sir Louis Davies. Mr. Mignault, in consequence, has resigned as a member of the international waterways commission. The vacancy on the waterways commission will probably not be filled for a few days, appointments to the commission being subject to the approval of the Imperial Government, although recommendations of the Dominion Government are accepted as a matter of course.

Mr. Mignault was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1854, and has had a distinguished career at the bar. On a number of occasions, he has pleaded before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in London. He was also one of the counsel engaged when the famous Ne Temere case was pleaded before the Supreme Court. He was prominent in the Conservative party in Montreal. The vacancy on the Supreme Court Bench was occasioned by the appointment of Sir Louis Davies as Chief Justice, in succession to Sir Charles Fitzpatrick.

A GRAND SWEEP.

Havre, Oct. 23.—The whole of the province of Western Flanders, and part of Eastern Flanders and Hainaut having been recovered from the Germans, the Belgian government has decided to establish its administrative departments in Bruges.

Typical German Specimen

London, Oct. 23.—(Canadian Press Despatch from Reuter's Limited)—Referring to the Berlin telegram which stated that a neutral commission under the direction of Baron Von Der Lancken had been appointed to go to the front and investigate the accusations regarding wanton German devastation, the Daily News says that the selection of Von Der Lancken, head of the political department at Brussels, is extraordinary when it is recalled that he played a leading role in the murder of Edith Cavell. It was Von Der Lancken who ignored the American minister's representations and refused to allow Miss Cavell to receive a visit from a Belgian lawyer. It was Von Der Lancken to whom Mr. Whitlock made his moving appeal "save this unfortunate woman from death."

ONTARIO TRAIN ROBBER TAKES COOL \$20,000

Express Messengers Held Up at Revolver Point Near Hamilton, Ont.

MEN ARE TIED BY THE LONE BANDIT

Later Robber Holds up Automobile and Escapes in Car.

PACKAGE WITH \$7,000 OF LOOT RECOVERED

Up to Midnight No Trace of Other Money or of Highwayman.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 23.—A bag, reported to have contained \$20,000, was stolen from the express car of the Grand Trunk train which left Toronto at 8 o'clock this morning. The messenger and his assistant reported that when the train started to leave Sunnyside two men boarded the express car, held them up and leaped off with the bag as the train began to pick up speed.

Arona, Oct. 23.—About 9.30 o'clock the Toronto police were notified that a man with a satchel had held up an automobile in High Park, which is close to Sunnyside station. The highwaymen flourished a revolver, compelled the automobile occupant to take to the road and then drove away with the machine.

The Toronto police were notified of the occurrence when the motorist, whose car was taken from him in High Park, reached the nearest telephone. They learned that there had been a robbery when the express reached Hamilton. The messengers, George Williamson and William Wilson, were found tied in the corner of their car, and the Hamilton police communicated with Toronto.

Robber Escapes. In the meantime central office detectives had hurried to High Park, where they met the man whose automobile had been stolen. He had attempted to follow the robber in a taxi auto, but the robber was too quick for him.

It was announced officially this afternoon that the police had recovered part of the \$20,000 stolen from the express messenger. The bandit had not been arrested up to this evening. It transpired later that only \$7,000 of the \$20,000 taken by the train bandit, from the express car of the Grand Trunk train, had been recovered by the police. This amount was in a room in a house nearby. The lady of the house declares that a dark stranger, about six feet tall, called, and, with her permission, left the bundle there, then he disappeared. The bundle, when examined, proved to contain the \$7,000. There is no trace of the other money or of the robber.

WILSON GETS REPLY.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The English translation of the German reply to President Wilson prepared in Berlin and forwarded through the Swiss Legation here, was made public tonight by the State Department. It does not differ materially from the wireless version sent out from Germany and fails to clear up what were regarded as vague phrases in that part of the note in which an armistice is discussed.

SINK SUBMARINE.

Rome, Oct. 23.—Italian naval aviators have bombed an enemy submarine from a low altitude and believe that the U-boat was sunk, says an official statement issued today.

CLARENCE WHEATON, SALISBURY, KILLED

Was One of Three Soldier Sons of Mrs. Trueman Wheaton.

Special to The Standard. Salisbury, Oct. 23.—Mrs. Trueman Wheaton has received the sad news that her son, Clarence, has been killed in action in France.

GENERALS MAY DECIDE PEACE CONDITIONS

(Continued from Page One.) The present war on Germany's behalf, from ministers who speak for the majority of the Reichstag and for an overwhelming majority of the German people, is not a mere tactical expedient.

He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which should leave the United States and the powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into, and to make renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

The president has, therefore, transmitted his correspondence with the governments with which the government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, with the suggestion that it be placed upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the people involved and ensure to the peopled governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German government has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice to be in the military point of view, should such terms of armistice be suggested, their acceptance by Germany will afford the best concerted defence of the terms and principles of peace from which the whole action proceeds.

President Candid. "The president would deem himself lacking in candour did he not point out the frankest possible terms the reason why extraordinary safeguards must be demanded. Significant and important as the consultations which have taken place seem to be, when they are spoken for by the German foreign secretary in his note of the twentieth of October, it does not appear that the people of a government responsible to the German people have yet been fully worked out, or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation that the alterations of principle agreed upon are permanent, moreover, it does not appear that the heart of the present difficulty has been reached. It may be that future negotiations will be conducted under the control of the German people, but the present war has not been, and it is with the present war that we are dealing.

The Prussian King. It is evident that the German people have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities of the empire in the popular will, that the power of the king, as a monarch, is controlled by the policy of the empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hitherto been the masters of Germany. Peace of the world depends now on plain speaking and straightforward action, the president deems it his duty to say, without any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the peace of the world does not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy, and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustices of this war, the government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany. If it must deal with the military masters and the monarchial authorities of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German empire, it must demand not peace negotiations, but surrender, nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

"Accept, etc. the renewed assurance of my high consideration." (Signed) "ROBERT LANSING." "Mr. Frederick Oederlin, Charge d'Affaires of Switzerland, ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States."

OLD-TIME REMEDY MAKES PURE BLOOD

Hood's Sarsaparilla has been and still is the people's medicine because of its reliable character and its wonderful success in purifying, enriching and revitalizing the blood and relieving the common diseases and ailments.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and enriches the blood, and in so doing restores the human system to its normal condition. This medicine has been tested for years. It is perfectly pure, clean and absolutely safe, as well as of positive and unequalled success. Get Hood's, and get it now from your drug store.

CANADA WILL HAVE VOICE IN SOLVING POST-WAR ISSUES

Many Problems Are Being Laid at the Round World's Door By Prospective Victory Over Hohenzollernism.

With faith abiding by the gate. Everything comes to those who wait; so say they, though there was to brook No tampering with the expectant's luck. The See of the Closer.

ST. COMMISSIONER MARKS INJURED

Moncton, Oct. 23.—Street Commissioner W. E. Marks, while at work assisting in laying a heavy piece of sewer pipe in a catch basin, was severely injured as a result of a plank giving way beneath a heavy weight. His ankle was badly jammed, and he was injured about the hip.

Improves in Quebec. Montreal, Oct. 23.—The epidemic of influenza has taken a turn for the better here, according to medical authorities. The number of deaths today the total of cases was 307 with 12 deaths reported since October 1st, this brings the grand total up to 12,000. The epidemic is now in the province of Quebec there are 44, 173 cases, excepting Montreal with 12,000 cases reported since October 1st.

BETTER IN TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—With 67 deaths today, as against 127 yesterday, records a sharp decline in the list of fatal cases. Doctors also reported a decline in the number of patients of a week ago.

APPEARS IN MARYSVILLE.

Loggville, Oct. 23.—The "International Grippe," or so called influenza, has been reported in Marysville, N. B. The first case was reported on Saturday.

NORTHCLIFFE FEARS A BAD EARLY PEACE

(Continued from Page One.) "The Hapsburg peoples must be assured of their place among free nations," he said. "This applies to the whole of Europe."

With the American Army North-west of Verdun, Oct. 23.—(By The Associated Press.)—The stiffest fighting of the American offensive west of the Meuse was under way today. The battle is swaying north and forth. The position of Grand Pre, on the western end of the front, the Americans threw back repeated violent German counterattacks.

AMERICANS ARE IN HEAVY FIGHTING

Battle Line of Grand Pre Sways Back and Forth Frequently in Bitter Struggle. The Germans are not and have never been a proud people in the same sense that the British and French are. Their history, domestic and foreign, has forbidden it. But they are a swaggering people, boastful, haughty, arrogant in success. They are the opposite when reverses are encountered. Yet their bitterness in defeat is probably none the less for that.

TEUTONS ARROGANT NO ARMISTICE EXCEPT PEACE IS MAINTAINED

Summary of Peace and War Situation as it Appears This Morning. (By The Associated Press.) President Wilson has submitted the German plea for an armistice and peace to the Allies and at the same time has informed Berlin that there can be no armistice except upon terms that would make it impossible for Germany to renew hostilities.

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Broken Lots
Overcoats
Near the end of the season we clean up our stock. This time it is a lot of Fall Overcoats, one and two of a kind, some have additional broken lines of grey chevrons. The prices are mostly the popular and some cheap.

Effect as quick a clear possible the prices are sharply reduced. Some were \$15 are of \$7.50. Grey Chev. are sold at \$15 are now \$7.50 at \$20 and \$25 reduced to \$15.

Mr. 68 King St.

NATURE ALMANAC.

PHASES OF THE MOON

4th	11h	6m	p.m.
11th	1h	0m	a.m.
19th	6h	36m	p.m.
26th	1h	35m	p.m.

WATER

H. Water	A.M.	P.M.
1st	8.32	15.53
2nd	8.30	15.53
3rd	8.28	15.53
4th	8.26	15.53
5th	8.24	15.53
6th	8.22	15.53
7th	8.20	15.53
8th	8.18	15.53
9th	8.16	15.53
10th	8.14	15.53

THE WEATHER

Ont., Oct. 23.—Except for showers in Eastern Nova Scotia, the day has been fair and clear. It has been a little warmer in the western provinces and somewhat milder from Ontario eastward.

Min.	Max.
42	62
43	62
44	62
45	62
46	62
47	62
48	62
49	62
50	62
51	62
52	62
53	62
54	62
55	62
56	62
57	62
58	62
59	62
60	62
61	62
62	62
63	62
64	62
65	62
66	62
67	62
68	62
69	62
70	62

Forecast.

Moderate to fresh north; fair; not much change in temperature.

Oct. 23.—North New York fair and slightly warmer. Friday local rains. South.

STORIA
Infants and Children
For Over 30 Years
of Cash Payment

BORN.

On Sunday, Oct. 20, at 122 street, to Mr. and Mrs. F. J. a son.

DIED.

At his home Ferry's Point, county, N. B., on October 20, Jacob T. Lamb, aged 68 years, a wife and daughter, four and one sister to mourn. (On papers please copy.)

At Toronto, Oct. 12, Gerald Harvey of the Royal Flying corps, aged 18 years, only son of an and Bonnie Myles Harvey, over, B. C., formerly of this city.

SON.—Killed in action, on the 2nd, Pte. Percy L. Robb, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, Robertson, N. B., 18 years, leaving his parents, sister and one brother to mourn.

SON.—At the Military Hospital, Wednesday afternoon, from pneumonia, Gunner Walter W. Armstrong, 9th St. Battery, son of Mrs. Minnie and the late Andrew Armstrong.

THIRTY-THREE ON C. P. R. IN N. B.

LAI D OFF ILL.
Maine Physicians Obligated to Come to Province to Aid Sick.

NINE PERSONS IN ONE FAMILY ILL.
Improving in Some Places.

Special to The Standard.
Aroostook Junction, N.B., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Hathaway, wife of Engineer A. Hathaway, died about 8.30 yesterday morning of pneumonia. This is the third death in Aroostook Junction, traceable to influenza, which is still keeping whole families prostrated. On the C.P.R. staff today there are seven engineers and firemen of sick, and sixteen conductors and trainmen, but up to the present time all regular trains have been kept running.

The C.P.R. authorities have sent up a medical officer to take charge of the sick at Aroostook Junction, which will greatly relieve the situation, the thanks of the community being due to Doctors H. P. Kelloch and Chamberlain, of Fort Fairbairn, who have been most assiduous in their attention to the sick here, coming over many times at great personal inconvenience.

TWO DEATHS OCCUR IN WOODSTOCK
Special to The Standard.
Woodstock, Oct. 22.—Edgar W. Fisher, first to die in town with Spanish grippe, who passed away on Monday night, aged 35 years, was buried this afternoon, Rev. J. Wilson officiating at the services, with burial in the Methodist cemetery. He was the son of George and Mary Fisher, of Martland, and was employed at a mill here. He leaves his parents, a brother, Carroll Fisher, and a widow, formerly a Miss Adams, of Martland.

Miss Molly Power, whose brother William died at Red Bank, Northumberland County with influenza, left today to attend the funeral.

Charles Dickinson, the well known hotel man, died tonight from influenza, aged 75 years. He is survived by the widow and one son, Harry.

Doctor N. P. Grant is quite ill at his home. He has been working hard since the epidemic reached Woodstock.

Arch McLean and Harold Britton, two of our popular young men, are ill with the prevailing grippe.

SADDEST DAY ALBERT VILLAGE EVER HAD
Special to The Standard.
Albert, Oct. 22.—The record of deaths from Spanish influenza in this county within the last three days, is as follows:

At Redville, ten miles from Albert village, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eastman Steves passed away early Saturday morning, a young lady of about nineteen years, a bright and Christian character. Her parents and the family have the sincerest sympathy of the whole community.

At Albert Village on Sunday morning, at a very early hour, the death of William C. Fullerton occurred at the age of 40. Interment took place on the evening of the same day, Rev. I. B. Colwell, Baptist clergyman officiating. Two little sons, aged respectively 11 in the home, the mother died several years ago. Another little son and a little daughter survive, living with friends outside of town. He is C.G.B. train service at Albert, and Harry, now overseas, in the military service, and two sisters, Mrs. Isaac Berryman, of Greenwood, and Mrs. Emma Williamson, of Albert, survive.

At Albert at 9 p.m., Sunday evening, Frank Fillmore, second son of Willard Fillmore, passed away. Deceased was twenty-five years of age, a very bright, intelligent young man. The funeral was conducted by the Rev. I. B. Colwell yesterday at 10 a.m.

At Harvey Bank, Monday afternoon, the death of Miss Edith Sprague, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Sprague, took place. Deceased was about eighteen years of age, a girl of exemplary life, sincerely mourned by many friends.

Sunday last was probably the saddest day ever experienced in the village of Albert. No church bells rang, only an occasional foot passenger hurried almost noiselessly along the streets, either to or from the drug store, or the physician's office on an errand of mercy, while scores lay suffering in their homes. The telephone and telegraph wires were in constant commotion.

NINE OF ONE FAMILY ILL WITH INFLUENZA
Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, Oct. 22.—The family of I. A. Gannon, chief game warden by the province, are seriously ill with Spanish influenza. Mrs. Gannon and eight children are down with the disease. The youngest child shows symptoms of developing pneumonia.

Frank Swin, son of F. D. Swin, 22, M. A., of Ducktown, is ill at Victoria Hospital here with typhoid fever, which he contracted at Montreal. He is not expected to recover.

CHATHAM YOUNG LADIES ANGELS
Special to The Standard.
Chatham, Oct. 22.—There were no new local cases of influenza today, although three men seriously afflicted were taken from the railway station this morning to the isolation hospital. In all there are twenty-seven persons under quarantine in town. The board of health is receiving great assistance from the following ladies of the Young Women's Aid Detachment: Misses

MILITIA OFFICERS HAI D TO COURT

Peculiar Draft Appeal Case Before Quebec Courts Results in Arrests of Complainants.

Quebec, Oct. 22.—Julius Larue, deputy registrar of the military service here, and Major Charles Desrochers, chief of the military police, were summoned to the police court today after a writ of arrest had been issued against them at the request of Emile Dusault. Some time ago Justice Choquette rendered a decision in the police court here, stating that Dusault was not liable to draft since his initial exemption had been annulled by an order-in-council which the judge found illegal.

It is alleged, the military police molested Dusault while the case is pending in the appeals court. Dusault claims that while the case is in appeal he cannot be molested by the military police, hence the arrest of the two officials concerned. They were bailed out and the case will come up later.

Snowball, Ellis and Nichols. In the absence of trained nurses the board has great difficulty in securing and retaining nurses. The last one here became ill after a short time on duty and had to be sent home. The V. A. D. assist where whole families are struck on. They take amputatory pulse, change linen and bring meals when needed, thus enabling the doctors to go their rounds quickly, a blessing to those who would probably die owing to present scarcity of nurses.

LARGE FAMILY IN NORDIN AFFLICTED
Special to The Standard.
Newcastle, Oct. 22.—Fred Carnahan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carnahan of Chatham, is convalescent after a very severe attack of pneumonia.

The family of Wm. Taylor, of Deshairstown, are stricken with influenza.

Clifford Howe, of Nordin, contracted influenza at his camp and is critically ill. There are several other cases at French Fort Cove.

All the large family of Mrs. James Taylor, Nordin, are very ill with influenza and pneumonia, none being able to care for the others.

AN IMPROVEMENT IN ONTARIO DISTRICTS
Toronto, Oct. 22.—With the exception of Ottawa and this city and adjacent districts, towns and cities throughout Ontario report general improvement in the Spanish influenza. Reports received here indicate that within a week the epidemic may be definitely checked in smaller communities.

Toronto and Ottawa reports show that the epidemic has gained little headway during the past twenty-four hours. Few towns in western and northern Ontario report any improvement. Reports of the provinces dispatches are being received to the effect that the disease is now on the decline.

Officers commanding military camps in the province announce that as far as the soldiers are concerned the epidemic is on the decline.

The figures from the Toronto hospitals show seven hundred and twenty-seven patients suffering from influenza, a decrease of about one hundred and forty-four since compared with one hundred and fifty-two yesterday, and eighteen deaths compared with twenty-two yesterday.

CONDITIONS BETTER IN NOVA SCOTIA
Halifax, Oct. 22.—Continued improvement in the influenza situation throughout the province is noted by Dr. W. H. Hattie, provincial health officer. Save in Cape Sable Island, Isle Madame and the district of Clare the districts in which the disease has been epidemic are now rapidly approaching a normal condition. Many localities are still reporting new cases, although in diminished numbers and practically no section of the province is altogether free from the disease. About ten thousand cases in all have been reported with approximately three hundred deaths.

Thirty cases of suspected Spanish influenza were reported to the Halifax health board this morning. Since Monday there have been six deaths here from the disease.

After a lengthy discussion of the pros and cons of re-opening the churches, schools and theatres of Halifax, the city board of health adjourned its special meeting called for the purpose of settling the matter, without having reached a decision. All the physicians present reported influenza on the increase in the city.

74 IN MONTREAL
Montreal, Oct. 22.—A second case where the students of a college, under quarantine, were able to get away and go home took place yesterday, according to information reaching the provincial board of health, from St. Hyacinthe. The board ordered the points to which the students went be placed under close observation. The deaths in Montreal today were 74 and the new cases 475. The new cases are reported from the east end or congested portion of the city only, and the health authorities announce that the epidemic has died out practically in the west end.

110 IN MASS.
Boston, Oct. 22.—Deaths from influenza in 109 Massachusetts cities and towns during the 24 hours ending at noon today numbered 110, according to reports received by the state department of health. There were 2,040 new cases. Only 105 new cases and 22 deaths were reported in this city. In most of the communities heard from the epidemic appeared on the decline.

Lid On in Philadelphia. At a meeting today of the health authorities in Philadelphia, it was decided that because of the high death rate because of influenza the order closing saloons, theatres, schools and churches and prohibiting public gatherings shall remain in force indefinitely.

GERMAN CRISIS NEVER GREATER THAN JUST NOW

Chancellor Maximilian Makes Important Address in the Reichstag.

SAYS THERE WON'T BE PEACE OF VIOLENCE
Tenor of Address is That Fatherland is Fighting a Defensive War.

Copenhagen, Oct. 22.—Peace negotiations between Berlin and Washington have reached a critical point according to Prince Maximilian, the German imperial chancellor, speaking before the Reichstag yesterday.

In the course of his address he urged that debate on the situation arising on the exchange of notes between himself and President Wilson be restricted as much as possible.

"The whole German people is anxious to hear the views of the government regarding the prospects of peace," he said, "but I am able to speak only with the greatest reserve, and urge that the members of the Reichstag limit the debate, as is consistent with the seriousness of the hour. The whole German people have been spoken to by President Wilson and this fact gives the utterances of the representatives of all parties added force."

"Today, therefore, I am going to say only this regarding the international situation: Peace of Violence.

"The president's first answer to the peace move of the German government has in all countries brought the question of a peace of justice or a peace of violence to the highest point. President Wilson has not only made clear to the German people how this public agitation will end. His next answer will, perhaps, bring definite certainty. Until then, we must in all our thoughts and in our actions, prepare for both eventualities—first, that the enemy governments are anxious for war, in which case there is no choice for us but to put ourselves in a posture of defence with all the strength of a people driven to the last extremity.

National Defence.

"Should this necessity arise I have no doubt that the German government, in the name of the German people, will stand firm. The national defence in the same way that it spoke for the German people when it took action for peace. He who honestly holds a stand on the basis of peace will also undertake the duty of violence without a fight. The government which would act otherwise would be left to the mercy of the fighting and working people. It would be swept away by public opinion.

"There is also another possibility. The German people must not be blindly brought to the conference table. The German people today have the right to ask if peace is realized on the basis of President Wilson's condition, that the mercy of the fighting and working people. Our answers to the president's questions must be framed on the German people's understanding of that question. What it now wants is clear.

"My programme of October 4th embraced amnesty for persons under sentence for political crimes, especially those connected with labor troubles, strikes, demonstrations, etc. Far-reaching amnesty of this nature was proposed by the emperor and has now been applied."

Many persons had been set at liberty, Prince Maximilian added, only with strong misgivings on the part of the government, but "the conviction of the necessity of benevolence was a fruitful policy decided the matter."

The chancellor declared it was the aim of himself and his colleagues to establish the political authority of the German people, and that they were welcomed expressions of opinion and that he and his colleagues were agreed as to methods and purposes, he added:

"Our aim is the political authority of the German people. This is the guiding star of my collaborators and myself."

"The chancellor said that individual members of the government at first had different opinions, but had now been brought nearer together.

"The German people has long been in the saddle," he said. "Now it is to ride."

"Our first and last thought," the chancellor continued, "is for the brave men who are defending themselves against superior forces and whom we must defend against unjust charges. No one must think he can attack our army without also attacking the honor of our people."

"The lot of our soldiers today is terribly hard. The fight with anxiety for the homeland and with their minds fixed on peace, and they hold their ground."

The extraordinary war time measures which the chancellor explained, could not yet be dispensed with, but they could be carried out only by the chancellor, who would be responsible to the Reichstag for their applications.

"His majesty's decrees which I announced recently have now been issued," he went on. "They concern not only the censorship, the right of people meeting and restrictions on personal liberty, but have to do with economic, social and political matters."

"If local military commanders disagree with the civil authorities, the decision must be reached immediately by the highest commander, who will not be able to promulgate any decisions which are not given by myself or my representative, namely Secretary of State Groeber. Care will be taken that the state of siege is maintained in the spirit in which I assumed the functions of the government, and in which I am resolved to discharge them."

SUBMISSIVE TONE OF HUNS NOT GENUINE

Hard Fighting Expected Before Unconditional Surrender Will Come — German Morale Not Destroyed.

By Cassar Whitney.
(Special Cable to The Tribune and The St. John Standard.)

Paris, Oct. 22.—Returning from the scene of the capture by the Americans last Tuesday of Meuse Farm, south of Metz in the Argonne region, I am impelled to repeat the warning to home folks against expecting progress in this sector approximate with the ease into the Meuse valley.

The Americans here have the severest task on the Allied front. The country naturally offers tremendous strategic advantages, with alternating clearings and forests, fortified with a network of trenches and concrete nests and immense numbers of machine guns, which day and night German guns play on the front positions and back areas, making progress slow and adding immeasurably to the difficulty of maintaining supplies and retreating later the Argonne which have already been rendered indescribably laborious by almost uninterrupted rain and deep mud.

As they continue to advance despite all the obstacles which the Meuse and the weather heap in their way, at no place have the Americans, so comparatively green and inexperienced, shown more clearly and fittingly the sterling quality which is fitting them to be classed with the best of the Allies.

Task is Stupendous.

As they advance the task grows increasingly formidable, because they are now striking at the pivot of the German position in France and Belgium and are encountering the best and freshest German divisions, thrown in recognition of the disastrous consequences of American success.

The German position in France will reach their objectives, how soon depends largely on the weather, which is likely to lay the ultimate goal back into the winter weather. Meanwhile the Germans must get back to the Rhine.

America must be prepared to expect a hard campaign longer than the "over-but-the-shouting" kind some folks at home suggest. Prisoners taken in this sector give no evidence of lost morale. Some of the officers are even proud of the orderly, skilful retreat of the Germans everywhere indicates no demoralization and cautions us against feeling that the Meuse is ready at this hour honestly to throw up his hands.

Experienced officers believe that the future holds the severest sort of fighting for the Allies, and that they will accept unconditional surrender.

Retirement Expected.
Personally, I believe the Germans will now retire steadily on the Antwerp-Brussels-Namur-Meuse line, with the idea of holding it through the winter. Meanwhile they are preparing a withdrawal to the Rhine, now inevitable, in the hope that spring will bring better peace conditions, but that such long delayed surrender will make the Allied peace conditions no harder, but that no figure in the reckoning of their leaders, whose chief concern is to save themselves, through saving the armies, the humiliation of laying down their arms and with it confessing failure to their people.

The Germans are counting heavily on the results being finally favorable to them through sowing the peace germ among the Allied peoples by the early closing of the front. Their astute cultivation during the winter. My conviction is that we cannot count on the German people having either the influence or the will to terminate the war. They have not yet given any sign of being out of sympathy with the Kaiser.

THIRTY THOUSAND DIE LIKE DOGS
Of 50,000 Serbian Prisoners in Hands of Brutal Bulgars 20,000 Survive.

London, Oct. 22.—The first party of 1,000 British prisoners by the Bulgarians and liberated under the peace agreement between that country and the Allies, passed through Sofia yesterday afternoon to Saloniki, from the Bulgarian capital. They reported that because of ill-treatment at the hands of the Bulgarians, 20,000 of the 50,000 Serbians in Bulgarian prisons were killed.

The Douglas boom closed today. It will be necessary to hold three million feet of lumber, but Mr. Jackson, boom manager, is ill.

The Douglas boom closed today. It will be necessary to hold three million feet of lumber, but Mr. Jackson, boom manager, is ill.

On the Restigouche River rafting operations had to be abandoned last week on account of the epidemic. The Shives lumber mills also had to close.

SEVENTY KILLED.
Basel, Oct. 22.—(Havas Agency)—Seventy persons were killed in a fire wounded in an explosion which occurred in a factory at Dessau, on the Elbe, sixty-seven miles northwest of Berlin. The victims are believed to be still in the ruins.

MORE ATTEMPTS TO SAVE REMNANTS IN DUAL MONARCHY

Pan-Germans Decide to Cut Loose While Cutting is Good.

Basel, Oct. 22.—The German-Austrian deputies in the Austrian Reichsrath have formed an assembly for the purpose of conducting the affairs of the Germanic people in Austria and Bohemia on the express condition that the Allied troops will not follow them in retreat, but will remain where they are now located, according to the latest information from Berlin, says the Zurich correspondent of the Journal.

This grotesque proposal is the outcome of the latest conference at Berlin between the members of the general staff and the war cabinet, it is said. The militarist party is rapidly gaining ground but the members of the moderate factions believe that before long grave internal events will help to improve the situation.

The dispatch says that the existing government remains very hostile to the retrocession of Alsace and Lorraine to France. Emperor William himself is reported to have emphatically denounced such an event at the meeting of the crown council on Saturday.

A Frank Explanation.

Amsterdam, Oct. 22.—Admitting that under modern conditions even defensive warfare on the German frontiers would involve great dangers the Frankfort Gazette says that even the most careful defense on the western front will entail big losses. It is not to Germany's interests, the newspaper says, to make a slow defensive retreat from Belgium, and that fighting there will not be unnecessarily prolonged a single day.

LOST NUMBER 101.
Washington, Oct. 22.—Two officers and 99 enlisted men of the army lost their lives in the sinking of the American steamer Ticonderoga in the war zone September 30. This announcement by the war department today brought the total loss to 213 the navy having previously reported ten officers and 102 men of the crew, dead and two officers carried off as prisoners by the enemy submarine that sent the vessel down.

AN IMPOSSIBLE TASK.
With the American Army North-west of Verdun, Oct. 22.—(By The Associated Press)—All the American dead in France will be taken home after the war, according to orders received by the army chaplains. The grave registration bureau has been working with this in view, but nothing definite regarding the future disposition of the dead was known here until instructions came to the chaplains from Washington.

AMSTERDAM, OCT. 22.—Independent Socialists, meeting at Solingen, Rhine Prussia, to welcome Wilhelm Dittman, member of the Reichstag, who has been released from prison where he was under sentence for inciting to high treason, unanimously passed a resolution demanding complete amnesty and the immediate release of all prisoners by the enemy submarine that sent the vessel down.

AMSTERDAM, OCT. 22.—The Austrian authorities in the part of Poland occupied by the Austrian armies have formally handed over the administration to Polish authorities, says a Vienna despatch to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin.

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WANTS TO RETAIN ALSACE-LORRAINE

Kaiser Against Giving Up Stolen Provinces—Boches Will Evacuate France and Belgium at Once if Allies Don't Follow.

Paris, Oct. 22.—Germany's high command is ready to evacuate the invaded territories of France and Belgium on the express condition that the Allied troops will not follow them in retreat, but will remain where they are now located, according to the latest information from Berlin, says the Zurich correspondent of the Journal.

This grotesque proposal is the outcome of the latest conference at Berlin between the members of the general staff and the war cabinet, it is said. The militarist party is rapidly gaining ground but the members of the moderate factions believe that before long grave internal events will help to improve the situation.

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ARROW COLLAR
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FRONT SHOWING A BIT OF
GRAVAT BAND.
Chert, Peabody & Co. of Canada, Limited

THE CANADIANS ARE WELCOMED

Boys in Territory Holding 50,000 Liberated French—Nothing Too Good for Troops.

With the Canadian Corps in the Field, Oct. 21.—(By J. F. B. Livesey, correspondent of the Canadian Press)—We are now everywhere in contact with an enemy but whether it is his main force or his rear guard it is impossible to determine. It has rained steadily the last two days adding much to the difficulties of our troops who yet with the highest spirit push forward in long marches. The enemy has blown up almost every bridge. Craters on corner roads make transport difficult, though Canadian engineers and railway troops are working night and day without intermission to restore communications. All this makes it extremely difficult to get up rations here. French civilians we have delivered have come to help our tired soldiers taking their coffee at outposts an overwhelming them with kindness.

Aid 50,000

The Canadian troops have now reached over fifty thousand of these unfortunates, among them being even young men. Sir Arthur Currie, the corps commander, yesterday visited the recaptured area and was everywhere greeted enthusiastically. French flags flew from every window; even the mistletoe of the past year passed to the front carried bouquets of flowers. Nothing is too good for the Canadian deliverers.

"I could believe it," said a woman whose sons escaped and have died for France.

Our line this morning is pushed out east of Rouvignes, Herin, Oisy and Bellain.

Outposts are within two or three thousand yards of Valenciennes.

An Irreparable Loss.

"Graboon's motor car went into the ditch about ten miles out of town all was badly wrecked. He seems inconsolable."

"What is a motor car more or less to a man of Graboon's wealth?"

"A mere trifle. Two quarts of genuine Scotch whisky were smashed in the accident." — Birmingham Age-Herald.



Be Master of Your Health

Mr. William H. Kennedy, Gloucester Street, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "For the last two years I have been suffering from run-down condition of the system, gradually getting worse all the time. Last summer, during the hot weather, doing extra work brought on the climax. I was taken with nervous prostration, feeling dizzy, sick at my stomach, the nerves in my arms and legs twitching so that I could not keep still, while at the pit of my stomach the nerves would beat quite perceptibly. I have given many remedies a thorough trial, patronized several doctors, and spent hundreds of dollars without getting any relief. I was even in the hospital for a short time, living on eggs. I was told that there was no hope. I could not eat nor sleep, with no medication to get around very much. I was so bad that I could not even ride on a train. While at the store, a traveller advised me to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and give them a good trial. After the second box I saw that I was getting better, so I continued taking them according to directions, until now, when I am on my sixth box, I am feeling fine, able to do my work as usual, and sleep well at night. I feel that I cannot recommend Dr. Chase's Nerve Food too highly."

Any druggist will tell you what an enormous sale the food cure has attained. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Only the genuine bears the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author.

As an illustration of what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is doing for business men just read this letter:

ALMOST every man succeeds in a general way that "realizes in to the strong."

But he does not always apply this rule in his own case and keep his own system in condition.

These days the worry and strain on the nerves is tremendous. Almost daily we are shocked by learning of the death of some prominent man.

The unusual strain has proved more than he could bear.

Many who have worked just as hard are standing the strain because of the attention they have given to keeping their vitality at high watermark.

Some are able to do this by outdoor exercise and a carefully regulated diet, while others find they cannot get back into condition without the help of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This is the most natural and most rational treatment imaginable, for it supplies in condensed and easily assimilated form the vital substances which go to form new, rich blood, and thereby feed the nerves back to health and vigor.

As an illustration of what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is doing for business men just read this letter:

The St. John Standard

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H. V. MACKINNON,
Managing Editor.

ALFRED E. MOGENSEN,
Editor.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1918.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has fully achieved."—H. M. The King.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

GERMANY'S ATTITUDE.

When he addressed the German Reichstag on Tuesday, Prince Maximilian, who succeeded Von Hertling as imperial chancellor of Germany, said that his country was ready either for a "peace of justice," or a "peace of violence." The German Reichstag yesterday, after considering the address of the chancellor, endorsed it. It, as stated in Maximilian's reply to President Wilson's note, the Reichstag truly represents the German people when the action of that body in endorsing the semi-defiant utterance of the chancellor can mean but one thing. Germany is not yet in the frame of mind where negotiation can be successfully carried on. The next move would appear to be up to General Foch instead of the President of the United States.

By a "peace of justice" Maximilian probably means a peace in which Germany would be treated as a civilized nation, and invited to the counsel table to negotiate as to indemnities, readjustments of boundaries with provision for the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, and such changes as might be agreed upon in the eastern frontiers. In such a case no account would be taken of the German barbarities in Belgium, in northern France, in the east, in every area grey was in action. This is the sort of peace Germany would prefer, and the sort she would probably be ready to agree upon at once if it could be arranged. But it is distinctly not the sort of peace the world demands, not the sort of peace upon which the world has a right to insist.

On the other hand, the chancellor's expression "a peace of violence," reveals the real fear in the German mind. Germany fears, and she has reason to fear, that she will be called to account for her many crimes, that, in any peace negotiations that may come, thoughts of Edith Cavell, of the Lusitania, of ravished Belgium and bleeding France, of the countless atrocities for which the Hun must be held responsible, may occupy the mind of the Allied powers to such a degree that there will be a stern demand for complete punishment and ample reparation.

The German Chancellor's speech contains not one word of regret for the outrages committed, but is a mere semi-defiant raving for time. He has stated, and his statement is endorsed by the Reichstag, that Germany is ready for a "peace of violence." That should be sufficient. So long as the enemy is inclined to take that view of the situation, no other should be taken by the Allies. General Foch and his men will in time bring the authorities at Berlin to a different point of view, and if there should be a disposition on the part of any tender-hearted pacifist to think that Germany beaten is entitled to sympathy there is an easy way to rid the mind of such a fallacious idea. Just suppose Germany had triumphed in this war and the Allied nations had been beaten. What sort of peace treatment would the Allies receive from the very gentleman who now prates of a "peace of justice?"

THE RISE OF A NATION.

It is of more than passing interest that the Czechoslovaks have definitely rejected Austria's offer of a federal government, giving as their reason that autonomy under a Hapsburg dynasty would mean nothing. These people, who inhabit Bohemia, Moravia, Silesia and Hungary have at last been formally recognized as allies, first by the Entente and later by the United States. Since the early months of the war they have worked courageously with the one object in view, the renunciation of their allegiance to Austria and the formation of a Czechoslovak republic. During the period of Teuton ascendancy but little progress could be made toward that goal, but lately the Czechs have been able to do good work in active support of the Entente Allies.

Territorially, the prospective republic covers an area of some 48,000 square miles, and includes a population of about 8,000,000 Czechs; 3,000,000 Slovaks, and several hundred thousand Germans and Magyars. Referring to the movement for a republic, which now seems certain to prove successful, an exchange says:

"With a developed instinct for democracy, the heads of the Czechoslovak National Council, the name of the provisional government, have included in their program universal suffrage and a plan for the local cultural and autonomous government of those elements the republic will draw together.

"The Czechs are admittedly among the most highly civilized people of

continues to be good, although the Germans are resuming the American and Allied troops strongly at various points.

Canada has done well in previous loan campaigns, but the effort to be put forward next week should be the most successful of all. Canadian soldiers, in action on the western front, have started the Boche running for home. Canadian dollars in action at home will provide the munitions, the food and the other supplies necessary if our soldiers are to keep up the pursuit.

MILK PRICES

This is the time of year when the producers of milk are liable to force the question of price upon our attention. From several points of the province enquiries have come to me with regard to the action of the Food Board in regulating the retail price of milk. The Food Board does not fix any price at which the producer must sell his milk, nor does it limit his retail prices for milk, bread, substitutes, fish, fuel or other necessities of life. We pride ourselves upon our local self-government, which has been evolved to attend to matters of this character. It is a great mistake to seek to shift upon the Federal Government, by the medium of the over-worked Food Board, matters of such fundamental municipal concern.

With reference, however, to price increase it is well to bear in mind that a depreciating currency and an advancing cost of commodities is world wide, and the inevitable result of war. Some commodities advance more than others because the war intensifies the demand for them; food supplies are of an indispensable character, and respond to the demand for increased production, and there should be among them a sense of their responsibility to their country and a determination not to take advantage of the present excessive demand to drive a hard bargain. But obviously the present conditions have greatly increased the cost of production, and any severe measure restraining price is liable to decrease a production that is already inadequate.

Mr. Clynnes, the British Food Controller, recently fixed the price of milk to the farmer in that country higher than the price in Canada. In answer to criticism, he says: "Milk is an indispensable substitute to the poor, and one upon which children must very largely depend." He was anxious to make milk supplies "free from the risk of breaking down because the price being fixed too low." It was necessary to have "adequate supplies of the indispensable food."

THE ALLIED WAR LOAF IN CANADA

A recent regulation of the Canada Food Board substitutes to the four cereal flours, namely, corn, oat, barley and rye. The miller is compelled to sell these substitutes, and the dealer to purchase them in the proportion of one pound of substitute to each four pounds of flour, and retailers must limit their sale of substitutes to these cereal flours. The present regulation substitutes must not take the place of wheat prior to the war, that is, they will be used for porridges or cakes; but the legal substitutes are to be mixed with wheat flour in the making of bread or pastries. The regulation, however, in the Allied loaf in reality, the people of Canada are at last to sit at a common table with the people of the Allied nations. Let there be no shirkers.

The thirty-first day of October is Canada's National Fish Day, and the Food Board is anxious that the last week in October be made a banner one in the consumption of fish throughout the Dominion. During the past few weeks our local dealers have had difficulty in securing adequate supplies of fresh fish, but the situation is rapidly improving and there is every indication that supplies will be on hand for their demand during the coming fall and winter.

We hope that all fish dealers will enter into the spirit of a National Fish Day Campaign, that they will make their premises as attractive as possible, secure plenty of fresh fish, offering tempting prices and centre the public attention upon the use of fish as a substitute for meat. The increased consumption of fish in this country should not be temporary; the water has an opportunity to establish the trade that he has enjoyed during the war conditions to lay the basis of a prosperous and enlarging business. The consumption of fish in this country has been small in comparison with that of other nations, yet we have the best fish in the world.

It is astonishing how prevalent is the absurd notion that the limitations and restrictions regarding the use and sale of sugar do not apply to the so-called brown or yellow sugar. Of course they do. It is not the facilities for refining but the raw sugar cane and beet that are scarce.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

FOSTERITE NEGLECT.
Sir:—Just a few words to show how the Foster government serves the

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE.

My Cousin Artie was around at my house last night and we was up in the setting room playing lotto and pop was reading the paper with his feet up, and all of a sudden he sed, Herry, my stocks have gone up 2 points, was do you think of that? Of course, they had gone down so low it wasn't possible for them to go any lower, but wat do you think of that?

And he took some money out of one pants pocket and save me and Artie each a dime, saying, Win and the world wins with you, lose and you lose alone.

And he started to keep on reading, and I sed to Artie, Lets pretend we are blinzen men trying to get some money changed. And I started to wawk up and down the room, saying, Whose got change of a 10, whose I can change a 1, sed Artie. And he handed me his dime and I handed him mine, and thar Artie started to wawk up and down saying, Who can change a 10?

Wy, I think I can, I sed. And I reached in my pocket and took out the dime, saying, Yes, thate rite, I can change it.

In glad to hear it, I bin trying to get this 10 changed all week now, sed Artie. And he gave me my dime back and I gave him his, back, Artie saying, Much obliged, Im sure, and me saying, Dent menshin it, the pleasure is all mine, I assure you, Ill be glad to change another one for you any time.

All rite, then changes this one, sed Artie. And he gave me my dime back again and I gave him his, and then I went out of the room and shut the door and nocked on it, and Artie sed, Come in, and I opened the door and stuck my head in, saying, Enyboday heer got change of a dime?

Wy, yes, I have, sed Artie, and I sed, Go on, you must be fooling, aint you? and Artie sed, No, that's a fact, I can change it, and I sed, G, wats you know about that, this is my lucky day. And we was jat going to ixchange dimes again wen pop sed, Look heer, you 2, I've red the same paragraff 5 times now owing to all this recidid high finance and Ill take my dime back and I'll fund for persecuted newspaper readers if youre not both out of heer in less than 5 seconds. Wich we both was out in less than 2.

THE GLORY OF THE GARDEN

Our England is a garden that is full of stately views Of borders, beds and shrubberies, and lawns and avenues, With statues on the terraces and peacocks strutting by; But the Glory of the Garden lies in more than meets the eye.

For where the old thick laurels grow, along the thirt red wall, You'll find the tools and potting sheds which are the heart of all. The cold-frames and the hot houses, the dunpits and the tanks, The rollers, carts and rainpipes, with the barrows and the planks.

And there you'll see the gardeners, the men and 'prentice boys Toiled to do as they are bid and to do it without noise. For except when seeds are planted and we snout to scare the birds, The Glory of the Garden is abideth not in words.

And some can pot begonias, and some can bud a rose, And some are hardly fit to trust with anything that grows; But they can roll and trim the lawns and sift the sand and loam, For the Glory of the Garden orchestrates all who come.

Our England is a garden, and such gardens are not made By singing: "Oh how beautiful," and sitting in the shade. While better men than we go out and start their working lives At grubbing weeds from our gravel paths with broken dinner knives.

There's not a pair of legs so thin, there's not a head so thick, There's not a hand so weak and white, nor yet a heart so sick, But it can find some needful job that's crying to be done, For the Glory of the Garden glorifieth every one.

Then seek your job with thankfulness and work till further orders, If it's only netting strawberries or killing slugs on borders; And when your back stops aching and your hands begin to harden, You'll find yourself a partner in the Glory of the Garden.

Oh, Adam was a gardener, and God who made him sees That half a proper gardener's work is done upon his knees. So when your work is finished, you can wash your hands and pray For the Glory of the Garden that it may not pass away. And the Glory of the Garden it shall never pass away.

—Rudyard Kipling.

public. For over a year what is known as the Messie bridge, situated about one mile below Collins on the Bochie road, has been unsafe to drive over. This had been reported to the government bridge inspector time after time during the past year. About one month ago timbers were placed in position for the planks for covering. As soon as the stringers were placed Mr. Mabee, who was hired to do the work, wrote to Mr. Maggs that the bridge was ready to be planked. Others have reported this matter to Mr. Maggs, but no planks have been hauled to the bridge as yet. During all this time, at least three weeks, teams have been obliged to drive through the brook, with the water up to the bottom of the carriages and with the rain which fell today no doubt the water would come up into a carriage.

Perhaps the Liberal government is looking for an easy winter so that teams may cross the rivers and brooks on the ice.

Yours truly,
BUSHMAN.

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Sextoblade Razor

Can be used as an ordinary Razor or Safety. Suitable for any beard.

Order one on thirty days' trial.

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T. McAVITY & SONS, B.

Time-Value and the Boy

Frumpness, one of the drab and most important lessons in the boy's training, is best emphasized by the bestowal of a Rollable Wrist or Pocket Watch, which we are prepared to furnish you in any popular style and finish, with reliable movement.

Our stock embraces all the most desirable lines, at a wide variety of prices.

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FROM COAST TO COAST OUR ENGLISH -- BALATA -- BELTING Is Giving Satisfactory Service TRY IT FOR DAMP SITUATIONS

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Sled Shoe Steel, Cast Steel, Soft Steel, Bolts, Nuts, Washers. Chains, Horseshoes, Files, Rasps, Blacksmiths' Tools, Anvils, Vises and Drills.

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Structural Steel, Bolts and Rods

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Keep Out The Cold

Quarter round to stop the cracks at the base board and the floor, 50c per 100 ft.

Window stops, \$1.35 and up per 100 ft.

Storm doors made of sheathing, \$1.90 and up.

Storm shades, inside shades, thresholds and strips to place out doors and windows.

Beaver Board.

The Christie Wood-working Co., Ltd.
186 Erin Street.

HOCKEY GAMES ARE ENJOYED

Removed That Mill Will Form a Games Can Be South End Group

That citizens of St. John, who love hockey, will be granted the opportunity of seeing some lively hockey on local ice during the winter, is a report from a source in the city which will have during the winter among their numbers on skates' and good also, who with a little make up several strong to compete with any teams.

Again, the "munition" in their midst some of the peninsula teams, who past performed on the mean showing and who deservingly to be the best of muniton workers for winter season. Should succeed in their endeavours, they may be a for its fancy and matches, in which shall be on top.

The above news, it be of some interest to sports, and that they and arrange matters so that sets in the days will not entirely sink again.

Some of the coldest a match and although it might be light the could easily attract a lighted men and in a meech delight an when made up of St. would be appreciated as all the former ice is preclated here and been interest.

As there are no rink can be played, it is south end grounds w for the purpose.

ST. JOHN SOLDIER DIED

Gunner Walter W. of 9th Siege Battery of Influenza Hospital - Young Citizen.

The death of Gunner Armstrong of the 9th yesterday, removed a man of this city and of demise will be mourned by friends.

The young man, who was killed in action on June 1st, was a member of the 9th Siege Battery. He was a member of the St. John Club.

Decceased who was of Mrs. Minnie and the Armstrong, is survived by one sister, Mrs. J. of Hartford, Conn., and George O. of New York at the Canadian Empire Depot, Quebec, and on, at home.

Announcement of the arrangements will be made.

Onions and Tomatoes

"Doesn't peel on weep."
"No; but paying 20c for 'em does."—Boston script.

COMB SAG INTO GRAY

Darkens Beautifully stores its Natural Lustre at Nature's

Common garden sage, a heavy tea, with sulphur added, will turn gray, faded hair beautifully uriant. Mixing the Sage with rice at home, it becomes. An easier way ready-to-use preparation the addition of other large bottle, at little stores, known as "Wye Sulphur Compound," the lot of mass.

While gray, faded hair, all desire to retain full appearance and attract darkening your hair Sage and Sulphur Compound, can tell, because it does ally, so evenly. You a sponge or soft brush with this through your hair small strand at a time all gray hairs have disappeared another application hair becomes beautiful, soft and luxuriant and years younger. Wye Sulphur Compound is a let requisite. It is not the cure, mitigation or disease.

ade
be used as an
ry Razor or
Suitable for
ard.
\$2.50
\$3.50
\$5.00

HOCKEY GAMES ARE EXPECTED

Rumored That Military Teams Will Form a League and Games Can Be Played on South End Grounds.

That citizens of St. John, and especially those who love ice sports, will be granted the opportunity of witnessing some lively hockey matches on local ice during the ensuing season, is a report from a reliable source. It is added the several military units in the city which will be quartered here during the winter months, have among their numbers some "wizards on skates" and good stick handlers also, who with a little practice would make up several strong aggregations to compete with any local or outside teams.

Again, the military factories have in their midst some young men from the peninsula teams, who have in the past performed on the ice with no mean showing, and who now are endeavoring to improve their team of military workers for the coming winter season. Should the promoters succeed in their endeavors the old Loyalist City may be again the mecca for its fancy hockey players.

Some of the collegiate schools might be tempted to come across for a match and although such teams might be light the opposing team could easily arrange to place on its lightest men and in a good friendly match delight an audience, which when made up of St. John people would be appreciated to its utmost as all the former ice wars were precluded here and followed with keen interest.

As there are no rinks where games can be played, it is thought that south end grounds will be flooded for the purpose.

ST. JOHN SOLDIER DIED YESTERDAY

Gunner Walter W. Armstrong of 9th Siege Battery Victim of Influenza in Military Hospital — Was Popular Young Citizen.

The death of Gunner Walter W. Armstrong of the 9th Siege Battery, yesterday, removed a popular young man of this city and one whose demise will be mourned by a host of friends.

The young man enlisted in the Siege Battery in June last and expected soon to cross overseas to help the Hun. About a week ago he was seized with a heavy cold which developed into influenza. He was taken to the military hospital and seemed to be getting better until Tuesday when pneumonia set in. Yesterday afternoon his mother visited the hospital and was allowed to see her son. He seemed to be bright and assured. There was no need for worry, as he was going to get better. Shortly after his mother left Gunner Armstrong went to sleep and passed away about half past two.

Before enlisting he was employed as bookkeeper with Vassie & Company. He was a member of Union Lodge, K. of P., and one of the most active workers in that organization. He was also a valued and popular member of the St. John Power Boat Club.

Deceased was the third son of Mrs. Minnie and the late Andrew Armstrong. He is survived by his mother, one sister, Mrs. James C. Wilson, of Hartford, Conn., and four brothers, George O., of New York; Aubrey A., of the Canadian Engineers Training Depot, Quebec, and Frank and Vernon, at home.

Announcement of the funeral arrangements will be made later.

Onions and Tears.
"Doesn't peeling onions make you weep?"
"No; but buying 20 cents a pound for 'em does."—Boston Evening Transcript.

COMB SAGE TEA INTO GRAY HAIR

Darkens Beautifully and Restores Its Natural Color and Lustre at Once.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients, a large bottle, at little cost, at drug stores, known as Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant and you appear years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

NEW YORK FINDS GOOD VACCINE FOR THE FLU.

Dr. William H. Park, Director of the Bureau of Laboratories, Prepares an Efficient Remedy—How it Works.

New York, Oct. 23.—The public health authorities have found an able ally in the battle against the influenza epidemic. Based on the results of the experiments with the vaccine prepared by Dr. William H. Park, director of the Bureau of Laboratories, the Health Department was able to announce definitely that the vaccine had proved itself an effective preventive against the disease.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, declared the establishment of the success of the vaccine was the most important development so far in the drive against influenza. Not only would it prove most valuable as a weapon against the spread of the malady in this city, he declared, but it deserved to be heralded throughout the country, and in any part of the world where the influenza was prevalent and it could be used as a preventive.

Vaccine Results Raise Hopes.

The determination of the value of the Park vaccine, coupled with the fact that the number of new cases of influenza reported for the last twenty-four hours ending at ten o'clock yesterday morning, showed a decrease of 350 in the city, greatly raised the morale of the army of fighters against the epidemic, giving them the most encouragement they had had for several days. The new pneumonia cases throughout the city showed an increase of sixty-one, but the total deaths from both influenza and pneumonia were ten fewer than on the previous day.

Dr. Copeland declared that up to yesterday the epidemic was still under control, but he warned that it was absolutely necessary that the health forces of the city obtain co-operation of all citizens in the control of the disease was to be maintained. He hoped and expected, he said, that the well persons in large numbers would improve the opportunity to use Dr. Park's vaccine.

Dr. Park still is ill at his home and could make no personal report on the experiments to the Health Commissioner yesterday. The latter obtained the report on recent experiments directly from the laboratory physicians. In making the announcement Dr. Copeland said: "Dr. Park has been extremely conservative in making any reports about the value of this vaccine. He would wish me to be conservative in pointing out to the public the possible virtues of this preparation. The opinion of the laboratory, however, justifies a recommendation of this vaccine as a protective measure against influenza. I have endeavored to keep an open mind on the subject, but this report makes it very clear to me that it is our duty to protect this vaccine in large quantities. We will gladly furnish it through family physicians to any persons who wish to be inoculated."

Tests Made Show Success of Vaccine.

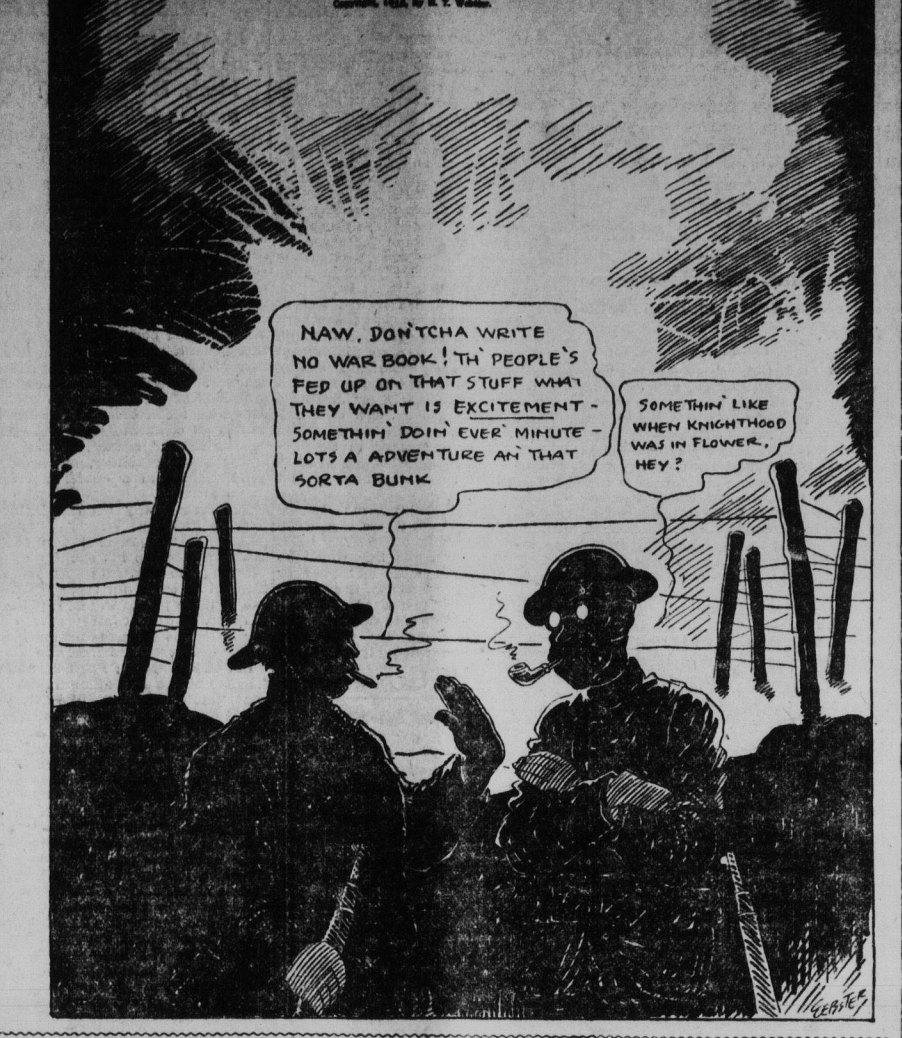
The report showed the result of the application of the vaccine in several groups or organizations, some of them being at the military camps. At "Camp A" the average admission to the hospital before vaccination was eighteen per day, which immediately after vaccination, it fell to two a day. In "Regiment B" the number of hospital cases rose quickly to eighty and above, but fell abruptly to only twelve per day immediately after vaccination. In "Guard B" ten per cent of the men were admitted to the hospital suffering from influenza prior to the use of the vaccine. There were 541 vaccinations in this regiment, and no cases have been reported since. Two hospitals reported practically no cases among doctors and nurses who had been vaccinated, while the reports from other military camps and organizations where the vaccine has been used were decidedly favorable.

The Health Commissioner declared, however, that these figures would have to be analyzed to root out the suspicion that the disease had reached its apex before the vaccine was employed. At his point out that Dr. Park's vaccine was made entirely from the influenza germ, or Pfeiffer's bacillus, and the fact that immunity to the disease is produced by the influenza vaccine was the strongest indication that Pfeiffer's bacillus, named after the discoverer, was the cause of the epidemic. He explained that if they were able to prevent the initial disease, they need not worry about the complications, and consequently there was no need of including other organisms in the vaccine, as other physicians had done.

Suggestions by Physicians.

Dr. Copeland yesterday issued an appeal to all citizens to give personal heed to the following suggestions, signed by several of the most prominent physicians in the city:—"Obey all the orders of the Health Department. B.—If you feel sick all over, with chilliness or aching of the bones, and with feverishness and headache, perhaps with a cold in the head or throat, you are probably getting influenza. C.—Go to bed and, until you can get a doctor, do these things:— 1.—Take castor oil or a dose of salts to move the bowels. 2.—Keep reasonably, but not too well covered, and keep fresh air in the room, best by opening a window at the top. 3.—Take only simple plain food. Do not take any meat or any wine, beer, whiskey or other spirits, unless you are ordered to by the doctor. 4.—Do not get up, unless it is absolutely necessary, and then do not walk about and expose yourself to cold and do not go about the room in bare feet. In this way you will avoid getting pneumonia or bronchitis. 5.—Do not take any medicine unless ordered by a doctor. 6.—Do not cough or sneeze in the face of other people. 7.—You should drink plenty of plain water all through the sickness. 8.—Stay in bed until you have no fever and are feeling much better. Stay in the house two or three days longer. 9.—If you are not much better, or practically well in two or three days, call a doctor, if you have not done so already, or ask the nearest hospital for help, or call the nearest nursing centre, or notify the nearest Board of Health clinic."

A Literary Discussion At the Front During An Attack!—By Webster.



Now, don'tcha write no war book! Th' people's fed up on that stuff what they want is excitement—somethin' doin' ever minute—lots a adventure an' that sorta bunk.

Somethin' like when knighthood was in flower, hey?

AS IT IS FRANCE.
In many parts of France there are no farms. They have been devastated by the German foe. What farms are left are being looked after by the aged men and the women. The farmer himself is harvesting another kind of crop—the Hun. St. John farmers may think they have a hard time with weeds and weeds who are engaged in labor to harvest their crops, but if their lands had been devastated as those of France have been, and if they had to fight as the French farmer has had to do, they would realize just what real farm trouble is. The New Brunswick farmer owes it to the Allied fighting men supplied with foodstuffs and other necessities until that day arrives. The Victory Loan will afford the New Brunswick farmer that opportunity. The money so invested also helps the farmer in another way, as it enables him to market his crops and support his family.

THE POLICE COURT.
Harry Quinn appeared in the police court yesterday morning to answer a charge of interfering with a Sub-Inspector McAnish in the discharge of his duties. Inspector McAnish testified regarding the arrest of the defendant and stated to witness he could swear and verify by witnesses that witness was drunk in Fredericton at a former time. Quinn testified he had not frequented pool rooms in the city, and did not gamble. Witness admitted he had intimated to the inspector of his being drunk in Fredericton at a certain time previous. The inspector under oath denied that he was drunk. The case was then adjourned until a later date when judgment will be given and decision also as to the right of the liquor inspectors to search and seize up any person if they suspected the citizen of carrying liquor on his person.

AVENUE OF ALLIES.
A feature of the Victory Loan campaign will be the illuminating and decorating of a portion of Charlotte Street if the plans of the street committee can be carried out. This idea has been used most successfully on Fifth Avenue which is so beautifully decorated with flags and bunting that it has become known as the Avenue of the Allies. We in St. John will have our Avenue of Allies on a smaller scale starting Sunday with electric lighting and especially impressive window dressing which with a lavish display of flags will make an effective reminder of the Victory Loan campaign.

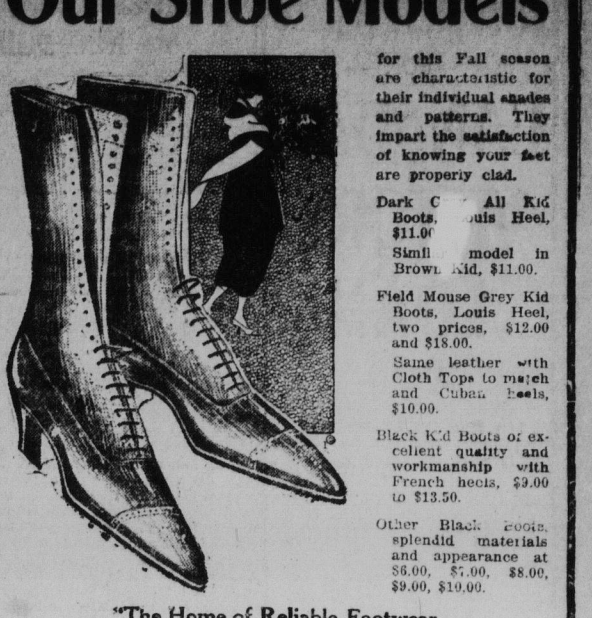
MOTORED FROM NEW YORK.
Captain Alfred Howard and Mrs. Howard have arrived in the city, having motored from New York, where Captain Howard is superintendent of a steamship line. On their way to the city a visit was paid to Mrs. Howard's parents at Benton, N.B. Captain and Mrs. Howard intend returning to New York today, going via Ouellet, Maine. Captain Howard is a son of Mr and Mrs. William Howard.

PROVIDES ALL AT OWN EXPENSE.
She is providing all the surgical equipment, domestic help and nurses at her own expense and has only asked that she be allowed to employ the medical attendance, which they have agreed to do. The Second Battery, in the Bronx, was turned into a temporary hospital yesterday afternoon. The total number of influenza cases reported yesterday was 4,733, as against 5,113 Wednesday. Yesterday 646 pneumonia cases were reported, as against 585 on the previous day. The new cases of influenza and pneumonia and the number of deaths from the epidemic yesterday were divided among the boroughs as follows:

	New Cases.	Deaths.
Manhattan	1,843	270
Brooklyn	1,391	134
Queens	596	67
Richmond	214	6
Total	4,733	646

Object to Open Car Windows.
The Board of Health order that windows be kept open in cars is causing considerable resentment on the part of passengers. In a Sixth avenue express yesterday morning several passengers attempted to close the windows, but were prevented from doing so by the conductor. The passengers then stood up in the aisle rather than be subject to the draught coming in through the windows. "They are having a lot of trouble about this window opening order," said the guard to a reporter for the Herald. "Passengers don't want to be exposed to the draught on the back of their necks, in a way I can't blame them; it certainly is uncomfortable and annoying. They claim the order

Our Shoe Models



The Home of Reliable Footwear.
Waterbury & Rising, Limited
61 King St. 212 Union St. 677 Main St.

"Solignum" ShingleStain and Preservative

Manufactured in England.
Unsurpassed as a wood preservative and made in most effective Browns, Greens and Reds. Send for circular and prices.
Prompt deliveries in barrels and five-gallon lots.
P. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince Wm. Street.

GRIP NECESSITIES—Hot Water Bottles

Fountain Syringes Nasal Syringes
At The Royal Pharmacy, 47 King Street

GRAVEL ROOFING

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.
J. E. WILSON, LTD.,
Phone M. 356. 17-19 Sydney St.

Electric Grills for Light Housekeeping

Come in and Let Us Show You
HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors
91 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. Phone M. 1695-11 M. 2579-11

NEW ENGLISH CLOTHS Just Received Direct.

For Fall and Winter Overcoats and Suitings
EDGEcombe & CHAISSON

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd.

Engineers and Machinists
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS
West St. John. Phone West 15
G. H. WARING, Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 1870
Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor
Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Plans, etc. etc.
Private Maps of St. John and Surroundings, 74 Carmarthen St., St. John

U. S. SHIP SUNK, BUT NOT BY SUBMARINE

Lake Borgne Hits Rock Off French Coast and Founders, 3,550 tons.
Washington, Oct. 23.—The sinking of the American cargo ship, Lake Borgne, off the coast of France, was announced today by the navy department. The ship foundered after striking a rock. The Lake Borgne was a steamship of 3,550 tons.

WELSFORD BOY IS SERIOUSLY HURT

Gunner Ray Chapman, Son of Rev. A. E. and Mrs. Chapman, Wounded.
Special to The Standard.
Welsford, Oct. 23.—Rev. A. E. and Mrs. Chapman, of Welsford, have received word through relatives in England that their son, Gunner Ray P. Chapman, who went overseas with a contingent of the Ninth Siege Battery last December, and who has been

YOUR INTEREST WILL BE DUE SHORTLY

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—Notice is given by the finance department that the books of the first war loan, due in 1925, and of the victory loan of 1917, the semi-annual interest on which is payable on the first of December, 1918, will be closed from the 1st of November until 1st December. Interest cheques for these loans will be issued by the department to fully registered holders as of record 1st November, 1918.

OYSTERS and CLAMS

ARE NOW IN SEASON.
Canada Food Board License No. 9-770.
SMITH'S FISH MARKET
25 Sydney Street. Phone M. 1704

ROYAL YEAST
Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.
MADE IN CANADA
E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Christie Wood-working Co., Ltd.
86 Erin Street.

Mr. Champlain

and after Tuesday, Sept. 3rd Champlain will leave St. John... Thursday and Saturday...

Maritime Steamship Co. Limited. TIME TABLE

and after June 1st, 1918, a steamship company leaves St. John... Saturday, 7.30 a. m., for Black...

AND MANAN S.S. CO.

CHANGE OF TIME. Commencing October 1st and unless...

TRAVELLING?

Age Tickets By All Steamship Lines.

THOMSON & CO. LIMITED

CASTINGS

re in a favorable position for prompt deliveries on cast...

IRON

OR Semi-Steel to 30,000 lbs. in weight

THOMSON & Co. Ltd. BOILERMAKERS

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

GENERAL SALES OFFICE 155 UNION STREET

COAL BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICE

& W. F. STARR, LTD. 155 Union Street

LANDING DONEY SOFT COAL

JAMES S. McGUIFF 8 MILL STREET

Paul F. Blanchet Chartered Accountant

MARSHAL HAIG'S ARMY CAPTURES TOWN OF BRUAY

British Reach West Bank of Scheldt River Near Valenciennes.

GERMANS OFFERING MUCH RESISTANCE

French Reach Line of Serre River Northwest of Laon.

London, Oct. 23.—Northwest of Laon French troops have reached the line of the Serre River, having made an advance of two to three miles on an eight mile front.

AND MANAN S.S. CO.

CHANGE OF TIME. Commencing October 1st and unless...

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LANDING DONEY SOFT COAL

JAMES S. McGUIFF 8 MILL STREET

Paul F. Blanchet Chartered Accountant

failure. He had been for fifty years connected with the company. He is survived by a widow and three daughters.

Miss Julia Jewett.

The death of Miss Julia Jewett, the popular school teacher at Bartibogue, took place on Monday from pneumonia following influenza.

John Moore.

Halifax, Oct. 23.—John Moore, of the firm of Martin & Moore, died this morning of influenza and pneumonia.

Mrs. Ellen McCordick.

Fredericton, Oct. 23.—Mrs. Ellen McCordick died last night. She is survived by her husband, three sons and three daughters, five brothers and one sister.

Dr. Bradford A. Richards.

Yarmouth, N.S., Oct. 23.—News of the death of Dr. Bradford A. Richards in Rochester, N.Y., reached here last evening.

Mrs. Rudolphus Hepburn.

Mrs. Mabel J., widow of Rudolphus Hepburn, died at the home of her brother, William Hargrove, at Halifax on Oct. 18.

Sir Edward Fry.

London, Oct. 19.—Sir Edward Fry, former Lord Justice of Appeal, died at 4, Grand House, near Bristol, on Friday.

Obituary.

David Glendenning, of Harvey Station died last Saturday after a lengthy illness. He was a native of Richmond, and was in the 79th year of his age.

John Desmond.

The death of John Desmond, Little River, occurred Tuesday evening at his residence. Mr. Desmond was a well known farmer and was highly respected in the community.

Peleg J. Smith.

Peleg J. Smith, of Central Blisville, Sunbury County, died on Thursday morning. He was the postmaster of the place.

Julian L'Estrange.

New York, Oct. 23.—Julian L'Estrange, widely known as a player of leading roles on the English and American stage and until recently a member of the Royal Canadian Flying Corps, died yesterday after a brief illness, which began with an attack of influenza early last week and developed into pneumonia.

Edward Allen.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—The death occurred suddenly last night from heart disease, of Edward Allen, superintendent of the Canadian Express Company for the past ten years. He was at his office yesterday and at one o'clock this morning succumbed to heart failure.

Mrs. John Kilgallen.

Mrs. (Captain) W. J. Cottle, of Watertown, Mass., arrived Tuesday and is at the Royal Hotel. Mrs. Cottle accompanied the remains of her sister, Mrs. (Captain) John Kilgallen, who died at Watertown, Mass., in July.

Mrs. John Kilgallen.

Mrs. Kilgallen's husband was captain of the ship Crusader. He died in Rio-de-Janeiro in 1886, and their only child, a baby boy, 14 months old, also died in Rio-de-Janeiro at the same time and in Captain Kilgallen and his baby son were buried together.

Special to The Standard.

Newcastle, Oct. 23.—The death of Blanche Kirkpatrick, the oldest child of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Kirkpatrick, of Douglastown, took place Monday night. Deceased was in her fourth year and death was due to influenza. Her parents and two younger children survive.

funeral will take place this afternoon, service at half-past two.

Special to The Standard.

Newcastle, Oct. 23.—Marshall Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Clarke, of McKinlayville, died Monday of influenza followed by pneumonia. He was twenty years of age. He leaves his parents, one brother, Harry, and three sisters, Jessie, Lillian, and Edna at home. Miss Jessie is also very ill with influenza.

Special to The Standard.

Newcastle Oct. 23.—Warren, the youngest child of Pte. and Mrs. Isaac Cowie, died yesterday after a few days' illness. He was in Yarmouth for three weeks following the death of his father, who passed away only five weeks ago.

Special to The Standard.

Shediac, Oct. 23.—One of our old residents and a citizen who will be much missed from our town, passed away on Monday, when Mr. Joseph Gallant died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin on Calder street after a very short illness. He is survived by two daughters and one son, none of whom are residing in Shediac.

Special to The Standard.

Shediac, Oct. 23.—While the death of "B" has been abating in our midst the past few days, there are still sad hearts and homes in the town owing to the fatal results of the malady. The entire community mourns the passing away of one of our brightest and most promising young citizens.

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ing besides his widow, Caroline, ten children, two sons and eight daughters. The sons are Alfred, of Edmonton, Alberta; and Nelson, at home; the daughters are Miss Lizzie, Mrs. Boyd Kilpatrick, Mrs. Harry Fowler, Mrs. Robert Lackie, Mrs. Frank Sherwood, Mrs. Byron Debow, Mrs. Arthur Kilpatrick, all of Uplham, and Mrs. Alexander Crawford, of St. John. The Alexander Crawford, of St. John. The non the services being conducted by Rev. Mr. McLaren, of the Church of England, and interment in the family plot at Uplham.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Miss Mary Coughlan took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her late residence, 97 Princess street, to the Cathedral. Rev. W. L. Moore conducted the service. Interment in the old Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Chase, wife of Fred. L. Chase, of Vassie & Co., who died of influenza early yesterday morning, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, 222 Main street, to Cedar Hill. Rev. R. P. McKim conducted the service.

The funeral of Mrs. Rebecca A. Reid took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, 691 Main street. Rev. R. P. McKim conducted the service. Interment in the Church of England burying ground.

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Quebec, Oct. 23.—Sir Charles Fitzpatrick was sworn in today lieutenant governor of Quebec province. The ceremony took place in the legislative council room. His excellency the governor general, the Duke of Devonshire, presided at the ceremony. The formula of the swearing in was read by the Duke in French.

DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE SWEARS IN QUEBEC LT.-GOV. IN FRENCH

Sir Charles Fitzpatrick Takes Office—Will Not Leave Ottawa Just Yet.

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Sir Charles and Lady Fitzpatrick will reside in Ottawa for a while yet, before taking up residence at Spencer Wood.

TEAM WORK COUNTS "Let's All Pull Together" NOT long since the armies of England, France, Italy and all the Allies were put under the supreme command of Marshal Foch. From that time forward victory began to come to the allied arms because all the armies of the Allies were pulling together. TEAM WORK COUNTS. No one army, no one regiment, no one man is winning this war. It is in their all pulling together that we win. TEAM WORK COUNTS. Now it is for the civilian population to pull together with our brave boys over there. And it is for you to pull together in team work with your friends and all your neighbors and all the rest of the people in this good Canada of ours. It is up to us to pull together and by our UNITED TEAM WORK put over the 1918 Victory Loan \$13,000,000 to be Raised in New Brunswick We Must Pull Together "DOUBLE UP" SPACE CONTRIBUTED BY HUGH H. McLEAN, Major General

NUXATED IRON POWER HEALTH VITALITY ENERGY STRENGTH ENDURANCE

LEMON JUICE WHITENS SKIN Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for few cents Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quart of the best bleaching and skin whitening lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very a small cost.

NEWS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

HOUSECLEANING OF THE THEATRES

Picture Houses Being Thoroughly Renovated While Ban is on.

When the ban is removed from the theatres there need be no fear of any infection from the buildings. This may be clearly realized by anyone who views the cleaning and renovating process going on in most of the St. John picture houses.

The Imperial, always noted for its well-kept appearance, is now being thoroughly gone over, and some alterations made which it was not possible to have done while the popular house is in use. Inside and out this Keith theatre is being treated to a housecleaning which would put any housewife to shame and ingesting of fresh paint with the clean smell of newly scrubbed floors will greet the Imperial patrons when they return to once more view the fortunes of screen favorites.

The Lyric is being given new and larger dressing rooms, and some new scenery, as well as a general overhauling. Mr. Slove, the manager, says he is briefer than if the two theatres were open, for as well as looking after the Lyric improvements there is the painting and fitting up of the new offices in the Lyric to be attended to. The lobby of the Lyric is now being used with good effect as a place to display several Victory Loan posters.

The Opera House is receiving the same housecleaning as the others, and will be all ready for its many friends when the time for opening comes. The Star Theatre is having some alterations made to the stage, and improvements about the entrance, while the Queen Square Theatre, the Gem Palace and the Empress and Galety on the West Side are all being subjected to the same general overhauling.

Questioned as to the date of the reopening of the theatres, managers shrug their shoulders and say that it rests entirely with the Department of Public Health. No one knows exactly when the ban will be lifted, and it certainly will not be until the Health authorities are entirely satisfied that no danger exists.

One thing has been proved and that is the strong hold the places of amusement have upon the people of St. John. The movies and vaudeville have been a great boon to many in these times of war, and even those who go but seldom are greatly missing the entertainment. No doubt here, as in other cities, the reopening of the theatres will be marked by a rush of patrons and such an attendance as may go some small way towards making up what has been lost during the period of darkness.

TURN TO THE RIGHT.

Negotiations were opened by wire yesterday with W. H. Golding, manager of the Imperial Theatre, St. John, for the coming to this city of a well known Broadway success, "Turn to the Right." The fine comedy will probably be seen in St. John early in December. Its coming here is in line with the Imperial's policy of bringing to St. John well known and successful productions.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTES.

New Brunswick now has 199 Women's Institutes as one was organized near Moore's Mills, Charlotte Co. Fourteen new branches have been started since July 14th.

NURSING WORK GOING ON WELL

As commandant of the V. A. D. Mrs. Kuhring paid a visit to Partridge Island yesterday inspecting the nursing work which is going on there. It is highly satisfactory and high praise is being given the V. A. D. for their faithful work.

In the city several new helpers have come in who are doing excellent work. Mrs. Alfred McInley was on duty all day yesterday and gave much needed help in several cases where help was badly needed. Miss McDonald, another helper, is doing the work of a district nurse going from one home to another and her visits are greatly appreciated by the patients. Miss Bery left yesterday for Minto and Miss Marion Frost and Miss McInnes are to follow today. A similar party, one graduate nurse and two or more experienced workers, are needed to go to Stanley as a call for assistance has come from that place.

WEDDINGS.

Kavanagh-Gallivan.

With music; mass at St. Bonaventure church, Lakeside, on the 15th, the Rev. Father J. Hayes, B. A., recited in marriage Patrick Chryssom, Kavanagh and Anita Pauline Gallivan, Miss Lizzie Kavanagh, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid and Norman P. Gallivan, brother of the bride, supported the groom. The bride was attired in a beautiful tulle lace suit with hat to match. After the ceremony a dainty breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gallivan. Mr. and Mrs. Kavanagh left by auto for their future home, Grand Falls. The good wishes of all go with them for a long and happy wedded life.

Beckett-Gardener.

The marriage took place last evening in the Victoria Street Baptist Church of John Clarence Gardener and Lillian Rachel Beckett, both of St. John, N. B.

The bride was attended by Miss Beagle Beckett, while Sidney Mahon acted as best man. A number of friends witnessed the ceremony which was performed by the Rev. R. W. Williamson, pastor of the Victoria Street Baptist Church. The happy couple will reside at No. 313 Charles Street.

Riley-Moore.

Last night a quiet and pretty wedding took place at 80 Main street, when Rev. Dr. Hutchinson united in marriage William John Riley, of Amherst, N.S., and Miss Zennie S. Moore of Central Greenwick, Kings County. The bride wore a becoming travelling suit of gray cloth with black velvet hat. The young couple were unattended. They will make their home on Simmonds street, St. John.

SIBERIAN UNIT.

The fund collected by the Brunswick Chapter, I. O. O. F., for the Siberian unit has been closed and will be forwarded to those who are to distribute the money so as to purchase comforts for the soldiers of that unit. The amount received was \$1,684, which included \$5 received from W. J. Bantou of Rochester, a former resident of St. John.

ACTING MAJOR PIGEON.

The London, Eng., Gazette contains this announcement: "Can. Army Pay Corps—Temp. Capt. D. B. Pigeon to be acting maj., and to remain sec. for duty with Board of Pension Comms. for Canada with-out pay and allowances."

V. A. D. COOKING IS APPRECIATED

Twenty Persons to be Assisted Today—More Cars Needed for the Work.

Mrs. T. E. Gillivan, as convener of the V. A. D. Cooking Committee, reports a very busy day yesterday and last evening stated that everything is ready for the morning. There are twenty-two persons to be assisted today. Two supervisors have been appointed for the kitchen, Miss Dorothy Robinson and Miss Dorothy Blizard, and they have two assistants working with them. The motor committee, consisting of Miss Lou Robinson, Miss Jean Anderson, Miss Blanche Beattie, with Miss Edith Millar as convener, have been going steadily all the time, delivering the cooked foods and conveying the helpers about the city. If any other owners of cars would offer them for this purpose they would be very welcome even if the motors could only be spared for a couple of hours each day.

"We have received splendid support from the public," Mrs. Gillivan said, "both in money and food. We could not begin to have accomplished so much unless the citizens had backed us up as they have." Two prominent business men notified the convener that in the mail today would be checks which they wished used for this work. The checks, it may be said, are very substantial ones and other generous friends have sent in amounts which were most gratefully received. A gift from someone who keeps hens and sent in two dozen fresh eggs which are used for the making of omelettes. When a call comes for help the home is visited. Mrs. Kuhring being usually the visitor and the doctor consulted as to the right kind of diet to be supplied.

WEDDED IN PARIS.

The Fourth Estate of October 19 says that Miss Doris Mooney, daughter of Orton Tewson, British representative in Paris of the International Wireless Service and formerly of New York Times staff, was married to Lieut.-Colonel Arnold Nisbet Stride-Jackson, D. S. O., in the Imperial Service, in the British Embassy church at Paris.

Many St. John and Kings county people will remember Mr. Tewson, who for a time was a member of the Sun news staff in this city and who later undertook to develop a mineral water business in Kings county. He placed the mineral water on sale in St. John and developed in a very short time a thriving business which ended more suddenly than it had begun, when Mr. Tewson, evidently without previous consideration, made up his mind to settle in New York and shook the dust of this community from his feet.

PERSONAL.

James Troy, J. P. R. operator at Woodstock, is spending his holidays with his grandfather, Alois Warner in St. John.

G. A. Margetts will return to the city today from Halifax. A. V. Rowan of the capital, reached the Victoria Hotel, and is a guest at the Imperial Hotel. At a former time Mr. Rowan was manager of the St. Mary's offices of the St. John River Log Driving Company, but is at the present in the shoe trade.

Dr. G. C. Farrell, of Boston, accompanied by his wife, are visitors in the city.

SUBSTITUTED TER- RIBLE AGONY

"Fruit-a-lives" Alone Gave Him Quick Relief.

Buckingham, Que., May 3rd, 1915. "For seven years, I suffered terribly from Severe Headaches and Indigestion. I had belching gas from the stomach, and I had chronic Constipation. I tried many remedies but nothing helped. Finally, a friend advised 'Fruit-a-lives.' I took this grand fruit medicine and it made me well. To everyone who has mis-er-able health with Constipation and Indigestion and Bad Stomach, I say take 'Fruit-a-lives,' and you will get well."

WHAT RESTORATION MEANS

(From the New York Times.) Speaking with the prestige inherent in his position as a Republican Senator leader as well as with that which his own character and ability command, Senator Lodge stated as the first of the terms in what he would regard as a just price that "Belgium must be restored." This was also the first of the specific territorial terms in the President's address of Jan. 8 last. "Belgium, the whole world will agree, must be evacuated and completely restored."

Exactly how much Germany owes Belgium is undoubtedly known to certain persons in Germany, but it is hard to compute from the outside. The Belgium Government, however, estimated certain items of damage done at a total of \$1,600,000,000—"which," it added, "must by no means be supposed to represent the total of Belgium's material losses." War taxes and contributions levied in cash already amount to \$465,000,000. Of this sum about \$43,000,000 represents claims imposed on the provinces at the time of the invasion; the remainder is the special tribute imposed on the nation by the German Government, beginning at \$8,000,000 a month in December, 1914, and raised from time to time until June of last year, when it was fixed at \$12,000,000, which has been maintained since.

Besides this \$465,000,000 of special levies, the German Government has taken before the war by the Belgian Government upon its citizens, and some of them it has greatly increased, while new ones have been added. Then there have been an number of special fines. Brussels was fined a million dollars because its members of the German Secret Service, in plain clothes had received no aid from the police when attacked by a crowd; although headquarters greatly increased, while new ones have been added. Then there have been an number of special fines. Brussels was fined a million dollars because its members of the German Secret Service, in plain clothes had received no aid from the police when attacked by a crowd; although headquarters greatly increased, while new ones have been added. Then there have been an number of special fines. Brussels was fined a million dollars because its members of the German Secret Service, in plain clothes had received no aid from the police when attacked by a crowd; although headquarters greatly increased, while new ones have been added.

When they return after three or four years away they may feel that they must at once begin to work instead of devoting time and money to the college training.

Men Overseas.

At present so many of the young men from the rural sections who would in the natural course of events, have attended the colleges are fighting overseas. Many of them left the time they were to have begun the college training. If the girls whose homes are in the country, and who are likely eventually to become wives of these men from the land, could in the meantime take the farming course at the Agricultural College, they would be ready to be partners in a very real sense for the returning men. Scientific farming is the kind that pays, and the men who return to the land when they return from overseas, but who have not this scientific training, will be at a distinct disadvantage.

Women Farmers.

But not only with the idea of being partners in farm work is it an excellent idea for girls to take this four year farming course. More and more we will see women going into farming on their own account. Without a doubt, when they return to the land they will gladly take a farm. If they knew how to run it on a paying basis. But these women have passed the age when they can afford to return to the land, and thus longing for the life in the country they must remain at their city occupation because they do not understand farming and can risk undertaking it without the necessary knowledge.

Homesteads.

If women take the advice of Mrs. Parkhurst, they will endeavor to have the homesteading laws the same for women as for men. This would mean, when achieved, that still more women would turn their attention towards farming. With this thought in view would it not be wise for girls to be encouraged to take this course. Besides all other reasons, an outstanding fact is that next year and probably for many succeeding years girls will be needed on the farm for production. Even were the war to cease this year, famine would still threaten. Things will not be normal for many years. And, moreover, one of Canada's hopes when the time comes, is that many people will go back to the land, and so restore a better balance in the industrial and commercial world.

CANADIAN WOMEN AT AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, GUELPH

Girls Taking Four Year Farming Course For First Time in History of Institution.

For the first time in the history of Macdonald Agricultural College, Guelph, the four year farming course has been invaded by girls. The classes opened recently, with four girls amongst the students, and it is to be earnestly hoped that more and more girls will take this course, realizing the tremendous value it will be to them. This is the first year that it has been possible for girls to take the course, and the privilege comes as a recognition of the sterling qualities of those who have gone "on the land" to assist in production, have shown it will be recalled that in the early summer a special three weeks class in farming for girls was opened at Macdonald College in order to give those who were going to help in farm work through the summer, some knowledge of farm work. The principal of the college, Dr. Crellman has stated that the short course was purposely made very brief, but that the girls went through with it splendidly. This was one thing which induced the principal to open the regular course for girls. Through the year now, there had been a dearth on the part of some wise people, to have the courses available to girls several years ago. Mr. W. B. Hanna was one who two or three years ago envisioned the possibilities of such a course.

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NOTED CHICAGO DOCTOR OUTLINES GENERAL TREATMENT

By Dr. W. S. Sadler.

1. Put the patient to bed and keep him there until the doctor authorizes him to get up; that is, until the disease is thoroughly eradicated. Stop all solid foods, give only fruit juices and gruels for two or three days. Give plenty of water or lemonade, either hot or cold; a glass of liquid every hour when the patient is awake, and often if he desires it. At the onset of the disease it is well to give a brisk cathartic, such as castor oil followed in one or two hours by epsom salts. The bowels should be promptly and thoroughly washed out by means of several large, warm soapsuds enemas. Sweating baths followed by cold water friction are also beneficial.

2. Isolates the Victims. Hot footbaths in connection with hot lemonade drinking are valuable. Do not forget to isolate and quarantine Spanish influenza victims in the charges from the nose, throat and lungs should be carefully collected and disinfected or burned.

3. PAIN IN BACK AND LEGS.—These pains in varying parts of the body may be relieved by very hot footbaths, followed by cold water friction. Pains are also greatly relieved by keeping the feet and legs thoroughly warm. They are sometimes greatly relieved by gentle rubbing or stroking.

4. HIGH FEVER.—The fever of Spanish influenza is best treated by cooling wet-sheet packs or by injecting cool water into the bowel. The wet-sheet packs are given as follows: An ordinary sheet is folded from either side toward the middle and then wrung quite dry out of cold water or ice water. It really requires two persons to wring out the sheet. While the patient is rolled over on one side the properly folded wet sheet is placed in the middle of the bed. The patient is quickly returned to his back, and with the arms extended above his head, one side of the sheet is quickly drawn over the chest and abdomen and snugly wrapped about the leg on that side.

The arms are now quickly brought down to the sides, and the other side of the sheet is brought over the chest and arms, snugly tucked about the neck and wrapped about the other leg. Before all this procedure dry blankets are prepared on the bed underneath the wet sheet, and these are now quickly brought over the patient, and in a very few moments the sufferer begins to feel much better; the fever is quickly reduced, the patient rests better, often falling asleep immediately after one of these packs. DON'T FORGET THAT THIS PACK IS A FAILURE UNLESS THE PATIENT IS THUS WRAPPED IN SEVERAL LAYERS OF BLANKETS.

The wet sheet pack not only lowers the temperature, but also greatly lessens all the nervous symptoms of the patient. The worst cases of fever are usually controlled by giving one or two packs twice daily. Often, these packs are better given by a trained nurse, or in co-operation with the physician.

5. Curing the Headache. 6. SEVERE HEADACHES.—When ordinary, generous cold compresses

are applied to the forehead, the patient is quickly relieved. Sprays, inhalers and nose douches are liable to irritate the delicate air passages and force the disease into the middle ear which frequently means total deafness, or else the disease may be driven down the air passages towards the lungs which is equally as dangerous. The following formula which is used extensively in the damp English climate is a constitutional treatment, and should prove especially efficacious to sufferers here who live under more favorable climate conditions.

Take of Parmit (Double strength), 1 ounce; this home and add to it 1/2 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. This will often bring quick relief from distressing head noises. Clogged nostrils should open, breathing become easy and hearing improve as the inflammation in the eustachian tubes is reduced. Parmit used in this way acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system and has a tonic action that helps to obtain the desired results. The preparation is easy to make, costs little and is pleasant to take. Every person who has catarrh or head noises or is hard of hearing should give this treatment a trial.

7. Dandruff Soon Ruins The Hair. Girls—if you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff. For it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't. It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

Improve Your Looks by purifying the blood. Sal-low skin, liver spots, pimples and blotches are usually due to impure or impoverished blood. Clear the skin, put roses in pale cheeks, brighten the eyes, build up the whole system by taking Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS. It's a wonderful tonic for women, especially. Prepared of Nature's herbs and gives the happiest results when used regularly and according to directions.

In the Great Store. "Where will I find Georgette?" "Sorry, mum," responded the green floorwalker, "but I don't know any of these salegirls by name."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

600 has been spent by the Belgian government and by private contribution, in feeding the people of Belgium—a duty which by international law devolved on Germany. This, too, should be restored. How can a Germany exhausted by war make restoration? There are two ways. To a large extent Germany can give indemnity in kind. She still has on hand some raw materials; her factories, many of them at least, have machinery which could be replaced in the Belgian factories from the surplus of raw materials she has on hand. She could take the place of Belgian machines scrapped to make shell cases. And if allied victory is complete, the payment of the remainder in cash can be and should be exacted before Germany pays any more interest on her own war bonds.

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E. M. ARCHIBALD, Engineer.
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Full lines of Jewelry and Watches.
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The Comfortable "Home" Hotel.
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"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
A comfortable home-like hotel. Cozy
lounge room and smoking room. Pri-
vate and overlooking harbour. Trans-
ients and permanent guests. Special
rates for guests remaining week or
over. P. St. J. Beard, Manager.
Prince William Street.

ROYAL HOTEL
King Street
St. John's Leading Hotel.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.

NOTICE
TO DOUGLAS SPINNEY, of the
City of Saint John, in the City and
County of Saint John in the Province
of New Brunswick, Carpenter, and to
all others whom it may concern:
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
under and by virtue of the power of
sale contained in a certain mortgage
of Mortgage bearing date the tenth
day of January, A. D. 1914, made be-
tween the said Douglas Spinney, of the
first part and Douglas W. Thomason,
of the said City of Saint John,
Inspector of the second part and reg-
istered in Book 100 of the Saint John
County Records, pages 22, 23 and
25 by the Number 87708, there will,
for the purpose of satisfying the
moneys secured by the said mortgage
and interest thereon, default having
been made in the payment thereof, be
sold at public auction at Cluab's Cor-
ner, so called, in the City of Saint
John in the County of Saint John, in
the West part of the said City, on
Saturday, the 26th day of October, A. D.
1918, at twelve o'clock noon, the
leasehold interest in and to the lands
and premises hereinafter described
under and by virtue of a certain in-
debture of Lease bearing date the
first day of November, A. D. 1873 and
made between William Hazen of the
City of Saint John aforesaid, and Es-
talement of Robert F. Hazen, late of the
City of Saint John, Esquire, deceased,
of the one part, and John McDer-
mond, of the Province and County of
Dominion, aforesaid, Ship Carpenter,
and Barbara, his wife, of the other
part, whereby the said William Hazen,
and Sarah Elizabeth Hazen, ex-
ecutors as aforesaid did demise and
lease and to farm let into the said
John McDermond and Barbara, his
wife, the executors, administrators
and assigns—
"ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel
of land situate, lying and being in
the Town of Portland, in the City and
County of Saint John, in the north-
western side of that part of the north-
western side of Lombard Street, (so
called) at the eastern corner of a
lot formerly leased to George F.
Spence; thence in a North-westerly
direction along Spence's North-west
era line forty-seven feet more or less
to the southern corner of a lot here-
tofore leased to John Millan; thence
to the north-easterly direction along
Millan's rear line twenty-four feet;
thence at right angles southeasterly
forty feet more or less to the said
northwestern side of Lombard Street
and thence southwesterly along
the said northwestern line of Lon-
bard Street twenty-four feet three
inches to the place of beginning";
for the term of nineteen years and six
months from the date of the said
Lease at an annual rental of twenty-
four dollars, as will more fully and
at large appear by reference to the said
in part recited Lease duly registered
in Book T. No. 7 of Records of the
City of Saint John, in the City and
County of Saint John, pages
351, 352, 353, 354 and 355,
together with the appurtenances,
DATED this sixteenth day of Sep-
tember, A. D. 1918.
G. W. THOMSON,
Mortgagee.

ANDOVER
Andover, Oct. 22.—Dr. Chapman,
Grand Falls, was in town last week.
Mr. Stanley Waugh spent the week
at St. Leonard's.
Mr. George Burr, Hartland, was the
guest of Mrs. T. J. Carter the past
week.
Mrs. Frank Tinker of Ottawa, who
has been visiting her parents, Sheriff
and Mrs. James Tibbits, left for home
on Tuesday.
Miss Ethel McCrea, who is attend-
ing Provincial Normal School, and
Miss Beulah Anderson and Catherine
Parlee, who are students at Frederic-
ton Business College, are home on
account of those institutions being
closed.
Miss Emma Miller returned on Tues-
day from spending a few days with
her mother, Mrs. W. J. H. H. H.
Misses Thelma and Mona Scott are
visiting their grandparents at Centre-
ville.
Dr. Gilbert B. Peat came home from
St. John on Saturday to spend the
week-end with his family.
Mr. Roderick L. Angolia of Alnqui,
Que., spent a few days the past week
with friends.
Mrs. Harry Tibbits, Mrs. S. P. Waite,
Misses Pearl Waite and Gertrude Tib-
bits motored to Reed's Island on
Thursday when they were guests of
Mrs. William Reed.
Misses Frances and Mavis Peat
spent part of the week at Mrs. Edward
Pickett's, Hillsboro.
Mr. Hugh Ervin and family and Mr.
Robert Ervin were week-end guests
of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Long at Long
settlement, Carleton County.
Mr. George Davis spent Sunday with
his sister, Mrs. Leigh White, at Centre-
ville.
Mr. William Matheson has been
home from Edmundston for a week on
account of the serious illness of seven
of his children. Miss Ruth Matheson,
who has been critically ill, is somewhat
improved.
Mrs. Samuel Ward of Fredericton,
who has been the guest of Mrs. J. W. P.
Dickson, has returned to her home.
She was accompanied by Mrs. J. Ward
who will spend some weeks in Frederic-
ton.
Dr. Rankine of Woodstock was here
last week.
Mrs. E. H. Duane and daughter, Mar-
garet, who have spent the summer with
relatives left last week on route to
Virginia to spend the winter.
Sergeant Herman Reed, Reed's Island,
who is home on furlough, spent a few
days at Mr. Harry Tibbits' last week.
Mr. Daniel Craig has returned to
his home in the west after spending
several weeks in the vicinity.
Mrs. Bonnell and son, who have
spent several weeks at Dr. J. W. P.
Dickson's, have returned to her home
at Centreville.
Mrs. Tressa Aiton visited her
parents in Hartland last week.
Miss Zetta North, Canning, N. S., is
visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Howard.
Mr. Sandy McAlary left for Whit-
worth, Que., after a short visit at his
home here.
Mrs. William Gaunce of Upper Kent
spent a few days last week with Mrs.
Harry Tibbits.
Mr. Harold Turner of the B. of M.

SERG. WISEMAN OF STONEHAVEN FALLS ON BATTLEFIELD

Young Loggieville Clerk Con-
templated Studying for Min-
istry When War Started—
Was Well Beloved.

Special to The Standard.
Loggieville, Oct. 23.—Very deep re-
gret was felt generally throughout the
town when news reached here of the
death in action of Sergt. T. S. Wise-
man, on October 1. He belonged to
Stonehaven, but, at the time of enlist-
ment, he was engaged in work here with
the and R. Loggie Co. Sergt. Wise-
man went overseas with the 122nd
Battalion. After a short stay in Eng-
land he was sent to France, where he
served faithfully as a company sergeant
and illness—until he was summoned
higher on the above mentioned date.
During his stay in this town Tom made
many friends. He was a young man of
more than ordinary ability. The
elements were beautifully blended,
head, heart and hand co-operating to
make of his life a harmony of a sweet
song. His intentions were very strong
along the line of the Christian ministry,
and his plans were being made
to take up a ministerial work along
that line, but, when volunteers were
called for to assist in the great cause
of freedom, he could not resist his
country's call. So appealing to him was
the call that he was a part in the struggle
against tyranny that he could not but
heed it.

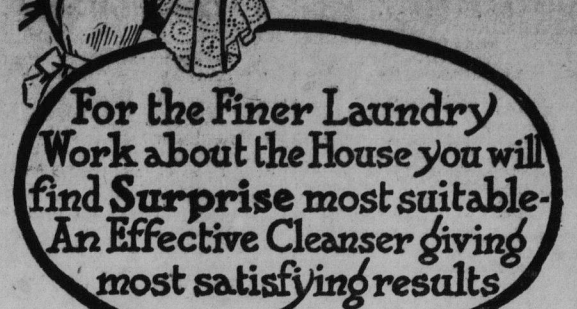
While in Loggieville he was closely
connected with the work of the Pres-
byterian church, although he was a
Methodist, teaching in the Sunday
school and a faithful worker in the
Young People's Society. Sergt. Wise-
man was a strong supporter of Orange-
ism, being a member of the ladies' and
men's lodges of the association. His
letters to his friends here were al-
ways optimistic, nothing ever being
said of the discomforts and hardships
of trench life. Those who knew Tom
best had hoped to see him do service
as a soldier in the cross, but he gave
all for the cause of right. He was
not 22 years of age. But life is not
measured by days, but by its spirit and
these young men who are laying down
their lives for us and for rightness
'ness' sake must be ranked among the
nobles.

Somewhere beneath the stars Tom
lies,
Whom earth has taken to her breast.
Nor ever may our tear-dimmed eyes
Behold where now he takes his rest.
No cross records his well-loved name,
No tomb in days to come shall tell
In golden letters of the fame
That crowned him o'er he fell.

What matter if no sign may show
Where rests at last his honored dust,
Whose life and death have bid us know
The strength of perfect love and
trust.
'Tis ours to bear before the world
Our part until the goal be won.
The banner that Tom helped unfurl
Still flies triumphant in the sun.

The late Sergt. Wiseman was a ne-
phew of Mrs. Dempsey and Will Hier-
lily of this town.

SURPRISE A PURE SOAP HARD



For the Finer Laundry
Work about the House you will
find Surprise most suitable—
An Effective Cleanser giving
most satisfying results

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One cent per word each insertion. Discount of
33 1-3 per cent. on advertisements running one
week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum
charge twenty-five cents.

NOTICE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the application made this day to the
New Brunswick Board of Commis-
sioners of Public Utilities, by the New
Brunswick Power Company, praying
for leave to discontinue its service
down Rodney Wharf, and to remove
its tracks and trestle therefrom, will be
heard on Wednesday, the 27th day of
November, A. D. 1918, at 10:30 of the
clock in the forenoon, in the Govern-
ment Rooms in the City of Saint John,
when and where all parties interested
may attend and be heard.
Dated this 23rd day of October, A. D.
1918.
By order of the board,
FRED. E. ROBINSON,
Clerk.

WANTED
**CARPENTERS AND LA-
BORERS FOR WORK AT
EXHIBITION GROUNDS.**
**APPLY KANE & RING, 85-
1-2 PRINCE WM. ST.**
CARPENTER, to work on bridge
work. Apply A. E. Empe, Westfield
Centre.
WANTED—At once, girl to do gen-
eral housework for family of three.
Apply to Mrs. R. T. Newberry, Box
194, Hamton, or Phone 27-23.

MISCELLANEOUS
FREE DEVELOPING when you or-
der 1 dozen pictures from a 6 expo.
film. Prices 40c, 50c, 60c, per dozen.
Send money with films to Wasson's,
St. John, N. B.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS, and all
string instruments and Bows repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS,
81 Sydney Street.

staff, spent the week-end at his home
in Aronstook.
Miss Verna Wark, who is in training
at Pittsfield Hospital, returned home
on Tuesday on account of the epi-
demic in that city. She is recovering.
Miss Sarah Pickett left last week
for Mount Washington after spending
the summer here.
Mr. and Mrs. Warren Jamor spent
a day or two in Woodstock the past
week.
Mrs. Joshua Knight of St. John is
visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. R. B. Wark
at the Rectory.
Mr. Charles Howard, who is a stu-
dent at Kerr's Business College, St.
John, is spending a few weeks at his
home here.
Miss Susie Watson has returned
from Caribou.
Dr. and Mrs. J. W. P. Dickson and
Miss Jean and Alice Dickson, were
guests of Dr. and Mrs. Field at Centre-
ville.

AGENTS WANTED
AGENTS—Sell economical products
that save customers money. Your
guaranteed sales mean big profits and
the repeat orders make a regular cus-
tomer of every family. Many clear-
ing \$10 to \$20 daily. Ten cents brings
samples and full particulars. Original
Products Co., Foster, Que.
**PATRIOTIC, STEADY, well paid em-
ployment at home, in war or peace
times—kitt socks for us on the
fast, simple Auto Knitter. Particulars
sent today, 3c stamp. Auto Knitter
Company, Dept. 656, 697 Colborne,
Toronto, Ont.**
We will pay you \$225 to distribute
religious and patriotic literature in
your own community. Experience not
required. 90 day work. International
Bible Press, Toronto.

**KIDNEYS NEVER
CAUSE BACKACHE**
Rub pain, soreness and stiff-
ness right out with old "St.
Jacobs Liniment."
Kidneys cause backache? Not! They
have no nerves, therefore can not
cause pain. Listen! Your backache is
caused by lumbago, sciatica or a
strain, and the quickest relief is soothe-
ing, penetrating, St. Jacobs Liniment.
Thursday when they were guests of
Mrs. William Reed.
Mr. Hugh Ervin and family and Mr.
Robert Ervin were week-end guests
of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Long at Long
settlement, Carleton County.
Mr. George Davis spent Sunday with
his sister, Mrs. Leigh White, at Centre-
ville.
Mr. William Matheson has been
home from Edmundston for a week on
account of the serious illness of seven
of his children. Miss Ruth Matheson,
who has been critically ill, is somewhat
improved.
Mrs. Samuel Ward of Fredericton,
who has been the guest of Mrs. J. W. P.
Dickson, has returned to her home.
She was accompanied by Mrs. J. Ward
who will spend some weeks in Frederic-
ton.
Dr. Rankine of Woodstock was here
last week.
Mrs. E. H. Duane and daughter, Mar-
garet, who have spent the summer with
relatives left last week on route to
Virginia to spend the winter.
Sergeant Herman Reed, Reed's Island,
who is home on furlough, spent a few
days at Mr. Harry Tibbits' last week.
Mr. Daniel Craig has returned to
his home in the west after spending
several weeks in the vicinity.
Mrs. Bonnell and son, who have
spent several weeks at Dr. J. W. P.
Dickson's, have returned to her home
at Centreville.
Mrs. Tressa Aiton visited her
parents in Hartland last week.
Miss Zetta North, Canning, N. S., is
visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Howard.
Mr. Sandy McAlary left for Whit-
worth, Que., after a short visit at his
home here.
Mrs. William Gaunce of Upper Kent
spent a few days last week with Mrs.
Harry Tibbits.
Mr. Harold Turner of the B. of M.

FOR SALE
FOR SALE—1 50 H. P. Return
Tubular Boiler; 1 40 H. P. Vertical
Engine; 1 18 foot Rotary with 48 inch
inscribed tooth saw; 1 Dumb single
Machine; 1 Lath Machine; 1 Trimmer
complete. With belts, pulleys, compart-
ing, all in first class condition. Com-
municate with A. A. MacKinnon,
Miscou Centre, Gloucester Co., N. B.

**NOTICE
FURNITURE SALE:
AT RESIDENCE.**
We are now prepared
to bill orders for sale
of household furniture
at residence. Our ex-
perience in handling furniture enables
us to get the highest prices for goods
of this kind and it is important
that you bill your sales as soon as possi-
ble to secure good dates.
F. L. POTTS,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Brok-
er, 96 Germain Street.

**NOTICE
POTS**
Baskatchewan Teachers' Agency
Established 1910, 1881 Scarth, Regina,
secures suitable schools for teachers.
Highest salaries. Free Registration

Around the City

FAIR AND COOL

UP RIVER MAY.

About 50 tons of hay arrived at the Lunenburg wharf yesterday morning on the Excelsior. It is selling at the wharf at \$15 per ton.

OUT OF DANGER.

George Rogers, who lies in the General Public Hospital as the result of a wound inflicted by a rifle bullet, is now reported much improved and beyond all danger.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

The contract for the re-wiring of the General Public Hospital and the installation of an annunciator system has been awarded to Hiram Webb and Son. The contract price is \$8,250.

FIREMEN'S WORK APPRECIATED.

In appreciation of the efficient manner in which the fire department handled the fire at the T. McAvity and Sons, Ltd., King street store recently the firm has given one hundred dollars to the firemen's relief fund.

AGED LADY INJURED.

Mrs. Daniel Buckley, aged 78 years and a native of Clifton, Kings county, fell a few days ago near her home and suffered painful injuries, among which was a broken toe. The elderly lady was reported yesterday as resting quite comfortably.

UNABLE TO PASS.

A party of Jewish recruits reached the city last evening on the Digby boat. These men were unable to pass the medical test at their training camp in Nova Scotia, and will accordingly be forwarded to their respective homes on the evening's express.

ONLY BURNING BRUSH.

Considerable excitement was caused around town last evening by the reflection of a fire in the western sky in the direction of Fairville. Investigation into the case revealed that a resident of the Manawagonish Road was disposing of some surplus brush by the fire route.

YOUNG LADY TAKEN ILL.

A young lady employed at the exhibition buildings in munition work became suddenly ill at her work yesterday afternoon and was quickly conveyed to her home. It was reported the young lady had contracted a bad cold a short time ago and it was now believed she is a victim of the present epidemic of influenza.

VERY FEW PASSENGERS.

The McAdam express pulled into the depot on schedule time last evening but with but few passengers on board. Evidently the present epidemic has caused the travelling public to take all necessary precautions by remaining indoors, and exercising care of one's self.

IN MILITARY HOSPITAL.

Several patients were admitted to the St. James' street Military Hospital yesterday suffering with grippe. Their cases are of a very mild type, but precautionary measures were taken at once and they were confined to hospital for treatment. They were all reported much improved last evening.

EXPRESS TRAINS DELAYED.

Hold up by the striking of the Maritime express near Sackville on Tuesday night, the Halifax train due here at 6:05 a. m., did not reach the city until after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Maritime express, due here at noon, was over two hours late in consequence of a derailment at Moncton.

OPEN AIR PROGRAMME.

One of the largest crowds since the beginning of the open air programme of the Y. M. C. A., was inaugurated, were present yesterday to take part in the games and sports under the direction of A. M. Gregg and J. H. Maughan of the association staff. Over 100 boys were present at the morning and afternoon sessions and the hand ball and indoor baseball courts were kept busy.

N FIRE LOSS APPRAISED.

The loss on the new W. F. Starr building in Snythe street, which was damaged by fire last Saturday night, has been appraised at \$1,100.00. The amount of insurance carried was \$10,000, of which the Liverpool & London and Globe had \$4,000 and the Liverpool, Manilla and Queen each had \$3,000. Edward Bates acted as appraiser for the companies interested.

EIGHT NEW CASKETS.

Eight new caskets lay in the station last evening awaiting transportation to St. Claire, N. B. The caskets, "unattended," were consigned to D. J. Long from the Christie Woodworking Company of Amherst and into the hands of "For immediate use, rush." Such a sight gave an outlook a conception of the ravages of the influenza in its toll of victims in Northern New Brunswick.

A SLIGHT COLLISION.

A collision which might have had more serious results, occurred at the junction of Prince William and Duke Streets yesterday at mid day. Two automobiles, one proceeding along the former street, and another coming down the Duke street hill, appeared about to collide, when the drivers, seeing each other in time, jammed on their brakes and pulled up just as they met. Except for the left hand guard of one being somewhat twisted, no further damage was done.

BOY SCOUTS BUSY.

The present condition of closed schools is giving the Boy Scouts the opportunity of showing what they really can do, in the way of boosting the Victory Loan Campaign. For several days now, they have been engaged in delivering posters, gum stickers, and folders around the city, besides supplying the Provincial and other Victory Loan offices with messengers and office boys. Now the call has been received at their City Headquarters in Prince William Street, for a number of Scouts to distribute another batch of folders in certain residential sections of the city on Friday morning. The Scouts are certainly at the back of the boys' "over there."

BOSTON DOCTOR LAYS DOWN RULES

Has Been Through Spanish Influenza Fight in the Hub and Gives Some Good Advice.

A letter has been received by a resident of the city from a doctor in Boston, who has been in the thick of the fight against the epidemic of Spanish influenza there in which he lays down some rules gleaned from his experience in treating pneumonia and influenza and, by the following of which, he has never lost a patient. The doctor writes in part as follows:

"If any symptoms of the disease appear, such as a pain in the joints, coughing spells or feverish skin, insist first on a hot bath and cathartics. Then if temperature goes up to 103 put a cold water compress over chest and flannel over that and leave on thirty minutes. Apply again if temperature does not drop quickly. I put one on a patient and the temperature dropped five points in 30 minutes, so I did not repeat compress until that night."

"Do not eat, but drink cold water in large quantities. Eating is very harmful except for a little fluid, three times a day such as broth, milk, malted milk and gruel which is all that is necessary. Be careful of drafts, but have abundance of fresh air and it is very necessary to have a tepid bath, every day."

"Too much stress can not be laid on the cold pack or compress, as it is the first thing to reduce temperature and make a change for the better."

"A word as to preventatives. Be careful and not overeat and keep the bowels moving regularly. If circulation is poor a hot bath followed by a cold splash will lift it up. In closing I would say keep a strong mental attitude, as worry and fear will lower the resistance, thus enabling the influenza germ to set in its deadly work."

CHRISTMAS COOKING COMES HIGH NOW

Owing to the Increased Cost of Articles a Real Christmas Cake Costs Considerable.

Christmas cakes will evidently be costly this season when all the constituents are taken into consideration regarding their respective prices. Walnuts, which in pre-war days sold at from 60 to 65 cents per pound are now going at \$1.25 with the proviso of a general scarcity, and if one can not stand the price simply leave the commodity for others who are clamoring to buy early. One confectioner on Mill street, stated yesterday that in spite of the enormous prices asked for the war, walnuts were a ready sale, and little difficulty was experienced in canvassing the buyers regarding the quality, etc., of this foodstuff. Apparently, he added, many people have forwarded Christmas boxes to the boys overseas as he had sold a large quantity of this food commodity.

FARM LEAVE SOON EXPIRES

Last of the Month Brings Many Young Soldiers Back to the Different Military Units.

The farm leave granted to soldiers will expire the latter part of this month and at its expiration the ranks of the different units will assume larger proportions, as the men, so granted leave, must report for duty again. The Depot Battalion now stationed in the city will receive its quota of men also, and winter activities will thus be promised to be brisk. Very few men are being called up by the registrars for duty at the present time, due in a measure to the epidemic now ravaging the province, and re-classification of those already in units which will occupy the time of the several registrars for a long period. Upon the winding up of the latter proviso it is stated more men may be called in by the respective registrars of their military districts, which, however, may not be before the new year sets in.

GETTING READY FOR OPENING

New Red Triangle Club on Charlotte Street Will Prove Comfortable Meeting Place for Soldiers and Sailors.

The new Red Triangle Club on Charlotte street is at present undergoing extensive and varied repairs, among which are a new floor and wainscoting on the walls of several rooms. When completed the new quarters will be immediately occupied or as soon as the ban of the health department will permit of its occupancy.

The furniture of the former club room will be transferred to the new quarters, and new furniture will be added, giving the rooms a comely and homelike appearance. The new quarters will be somewhat larger than the previous ones on King Square, and will afford that extra accommodation to the soldier lads, long felt as needed.

The staff of the new quarters will be increased and a rushing business is expected as a large quota of men are already in the city and with those now on harvest leave in the ranks again the outlook for increased business is satisfactory. The genial proprietor of the former club rooms, A. McLeod, will be on hand when the new club opens, and will supervise all winter activities of the rooms. In the past his work has merited the support of the boys and no doubt he will meet with equal if not greater success in the more modern and up to date quarters.

NEW BRUNSWICKERS WINNERS OF THE VICTORIA CROSS

The "Canada" Tells How Cpt. Herman James Good and Pte. John Bernard Croak by Extreme Bravery Won Coveted Honors.

"In the issue of the magazine "Canada" published on October 5th, it gives the names of seven Canadians who have won the Victoria Cross, and among this number are Corporal Herman James Good and Private John Bernard Croak, two New Brunswickers. The article also tells of the brave deeds which won for these heroes the highest distinction for bravery in the British army. Referring to the two heroes mentioned above, "Canada" writes:

"445130, Corporal Herman James Good, Quebec regiment, for most conspicuous bravery and leading. When in attack his company was held up by fire from three machine-guns which were seriously delaying the advance. Realizing the gravity of the situation this N. C. O. dashed forward alone, killing several of the garrison and capturing the remainder. Later on Corporal Good while alone encountered a heavy battery of 5.9 guns which were in action at the time. Colonel Croak's men of his section had charged the battery under point blank fire and captured the entire crew of three guns."

"445132 Private John Bernard Croak, late Quebec regiment, for most conspicuous bravery in action. When having become separated from his section he encountered a machine gun post which he bombarded and silenced, killing several of the garrison. Shortly afterwards he was severely wounded but refused to desist. Having joined his platoon a very strong point containing several machine-guns was captured. Pte. Croak, however, seeing an opportunity rushed forward alone, and was almost immediately followed by the remainder of the platoon in a brilliant charge. He was the first to arrive at the trench line into which he led his men, capturing three machine-guns and bayonetting or capturing the entire garrison. The perseverance and valour of this gallant soldier, who was again severely wounded, and died of his wounds, were an inspiring example to all."

INFLUENZA CASES ARE INCREASING

Total Number of Cases in the City Near Six Hundred—Health Officials Kept Busy—Four Deaths Yesterday.

The official count of influenza cases stood at 548 yesterday afternoon, but a large number of reports had not been investigated by the inspectors, and it is thought the total number of cases would be nearer 600 if all were listed. Yesterday the officials of the Board of Health were kept busy fumigating homes in which the patients had recovered and this part of their work is increasing every day, making it harder to find time to inspect and report on the new cases developing. Yesterday a canvass by the health authorities of seventeen of the leading physicians of the city, in regard to the number of influenza cases being treated revealed the following facts: Six reported an increased number of patients, eight reported a lesser number and three reported the number about the same. Assuming that this showing would be general among all the physicians, it would show that the epidemic was slightly on the decline.

From information obtained by The Standard yesterday at least four deaths were reported in the city given in yesterday's issue, making the total number of deaths from pneumonia and influenza, since October 1, thirty-five.

T. M. Burns, secretary of the local board of health, reported splendid progress being made in the fitting up of the Park's Home as an emergency hospital and stated that he expected the hospital to be ready for occupancy some time today. He expressed his appreciation of the magnificent response by the different interests called on to help in getting the hospital ready to care for influenza patients.

Mrs. Gundry has been engaged as matron, and a cook, and other help has already been engaged. Arrangements have been made by the board of health to give medical aid to those who are unable to provide a physician for themselves and the services of Dr. W. L. Ellis and a professional nurse have been engaged for this purpose.

Dr. G. G. Melvin, chief health officer, has received the following reports from outside points:

Moncton Parish, 220 cases, 21 deaths, 35 pneumonia cases, situation better.

St. Stephen, daily report, 5 new cases.

Parish of Wickham, Queens County, a few mild cases.

Baker Lake, Madawaska County, 80 cases, 7 deaths, epidemic increasing.

Parish of Kara, Kings County, 26 cases, no deaths, all those affected getting better.

Parish of Blackville, Northumberland County, 172 cases, 2 deaths.

Alma, Albert County, 13 cases, 5 pneumonia cases.

Parish of Havelock, Kings County, 15 cases, 1 death.

Dalhousie, daily report, 27 cases, 2 deaths, 45 cases to date.

VISITED MONTREAL DOCKS

Harbor Master F. D. Alward returned yesterday afternoon from a trip to Montreal and Ottawa. While in Montreal he visited the docks and made inquiries as to rate, etc.

SCHOONER FLEET WILL LOAD HERE

D. Dick of British Colonies Transportation Company Says All Their Vessels Will Receive Cargo in St. John.

D. Dick, of the British Colonies Transportation Company, arrived in the city yesterday, to look after the loading of the schooner Margaret Dick, recently bought by his firm and now under charter for Durban, South Africa. Mr. Dick said the company which has been recently incorporated intended to operate a fleet of schooners in the South African trade, as they felt there was an opening for this business at the present time.

The company has been organized and already three schooners had been bought, two of them were on the way to South Africa and the third would soon be here. Two of the three had been loaded in this city and it was the intention of the company to load practically the whole fleet from this port, as on looking the market over they hoped to have these in the very near future. This corporation had bought the Selma K. Goldman, the schooner built at St. Martin's, and she was now on her maiden trip, with Durban as her port of destination.

The Margaret Dick will carry a load of lumber and general cargo.

ACTIVE SCENES ON BARRACK SQUARE AND THE ISLAND

Contractors Are Rushing Work in the Erection of New Buildings.

A trip to the Barracks Square yesterday afternoon revealed the fact that the contractors Kare and Ring, who hold the contracts for the erection of a blacksmith's shop, armorer's shop and carpenter's shop, in connection with the mechanical department of the militia, also two additional buildings, a mess room and a detention barracks, have the work now under good headway.

Much stock is on the grounds in preparation for the erection of the above buildings, and the foundation basis for each is now being laid. The contract calls for their completion in sixty days' time and judging by the start already made the contractors will be able to confine themselves to the time scheduled to complete their contracts.

The three buildings on Partridge Island—barracks, detention camp and an abolition building, under Contractors McDonald and Farran, are already under headway, it is stated, and the work is being rushed to completion.

Both grounds are the scenes of lively operations, and large crews of men are at work.

ERNEST AMEREAULT KILLED IN ACTION

Former Employee of Park Hotel Paid Supreme Sacrifice in France on October 8—Word Received Last Evening.

Ernest Amereault formerly of this city is officially reported killed in action on October 8th, 1918. Pte. Amereault came to the city from Pubnico, Yarmouth county, N. S., and was employed for a period of six months in the Park Hotel, owned by Bohan, proprietor of the Park Hotel, acting as night porter for a short time, and finally day porter.

The young man, a sturdy youth of 24 years, had made many acquaintances during his stay here on account of his pleasing disposition. He answered the call in October of last year, joining the 6th Battery, proceeded overseas with this unit, and after but six weeks in England was transferred to the trench mortars and immediately crossed to France.

No particulars as to how he met his death were officially stated, but the news which he having made the supreme sacrifice on the war was received last evening by his brother Simon, an employee of the C. G. R. between this city and Halifax.

The young soldier had in the past few years come into close contact with many, especially the travelling public, and had endeavored himself to all who sincerely regret his death, and extend their sympathy to his surviving relatives. He is survived by four brothers Simon, employed with the C. G. R.; Henry, a clerk at the Queen Hotel, Halifax; a third employed at the Morsey House, Liverpool, N. S., and one at home; also by his parents and one sister, all of Pubnico, Yarmouth county, N. S.

WARM WRAPS ARE THOSE IN DAINTY PULL-OVER SWEATER COATS AND SPENCERS.

For they follow out the theory of a famous physician who said "Keep the light wool jacket next your dress of blouse and your whole system, your hands and feet even, will be greatly benefited and protected from all cold. Bees keeping you cozy they are extremely pretty and becoming."

When one steps off the elevator, second floor at DYKEMAN'S, a grand display is revealed in knit goods. One would actually think they had stepped the wool market, so great and varied is the display. Pull-overs in every conceivable shade and combination. The sweater coat variety is equally as large. No printer's ink can express the colorings and beauty and comfort represented in these dainty wool garments.

It worthy to live in the home of the bees.

You ought to be willing to prove it and save

To buy Victory Bonds.

DYKEMAN'S



Fireplace Fittings

Home life centres round the hearthstone this time of year, and Gracefully Fashioned Fireplace Fittings, in addition to convenience, bring just the needed air of comfort and coziness.

Andirons, in prevailing styles and finishes; Fenders in popular designs; Spark Guards, Trivets, Wood Boxes and Baskets, also Coal Hods, Fire Shovels, etc., are included in our select showing, which awaits your inspection.

TAKE THE ELEVATOR TO THE FIREPLACE FITTINGS DEPARTMENT.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.

The Newest in Hats

For Every Function

We Can Supply Any Need in Millinery

The Charm of the Entirely New Marks Our Hats

Dress Hats Ready-to-Wear Hats Mourning Hats

See Our Complete Showing of Sailors in Velvet and Hatters' Plush

Marr Millinery Co., Limited



Burn Soft Coal This Winter AND SAVE MONEY

To do this economically buy the ENTERPRISE SCORCHER

Made in four sizes to suit all requirements, suitable for Hall, Room, Store or Office.

The heavy brick linings add very much in distributing the heat, and in addition are much more durable than iron linings.

Our motto—Service and Satisfaction.

ONE 40 GALLON LOW PRESSURE COPPER BOILER FOR SALE CHEAP

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Stores Open at 8.30 a.m. Stores Close at 6 p.m. Saturday Stores Close at 10 p.m.

A Very Important Collection of Ladies' New Winter Costumes



These original garments feature the new SLIM SILHOUETTE, and many other novel ideas. Rarely have such becoming styles been seen.

VELOUR, BROADCLOTH, SILVERTONE AND GABARDINE

designed in all the latest shades and combined with suitable touches of fur or embroidered in a harmony of just the right colors, portray the leading style points for Winter.

The plainer MANNISH suit also holds good and is particularly smart in grey or brown mixed tweed, or navy chevrot.

These costumes can be had in a great variety of prices, ranging from \$25.00 to \$55.00.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT, SECOND FLOOR.

Stamped Needlework

Are you looking for something dainty to embroider for Christmas? We have just received new, made-up, ready to embroider, Night Gowns, Combinations, Corset Covers, Combings Jackets, Boudoir Caps, Mutilin Tea Aprons, Work Aprons, Darning Bags, Dressing Jackets, Knitting Aprons, Collars, Cuffs and Cuff Sets, Pillow Slips, Day Slips, Centers, Linen Towels, Tea Cozy Covers, Roll Covers, Pin Cushions, Baby Carriage and Baby Pillow Covers, Luncheon Sets, Stamped and Tinted Centers, Cushion Tops and Runners on Natural Linen. Large assortment of stamped novelties including Knife, Fork and Spoon Cases, Hot Water Bottle Covers, Week-End Cases, Glove, Writing, Brush and Comb, Travelling or Handkerchief Cases on White or Natural Linen. Also all materials used in making up any of these articles.

BUY EARLY FOR CHRISTMAS.

Drawn Thread Needlework

To be sold at SPECIAL PRICES.

Sizes 18 in. x 27 in. . . Price 25c
Sizes 18 in. x 51 in. . . Price 45c
Sizes 18 in. x 54 in. . . Price 45c
Sizes 20 in. x 30 in. . . Price 45c
Sizes 45 in. x 45 in. . . Price \$1.25
Sizes 50 in. x 50 in. . . Price \$1.50

ROLLER TOWELLING in soft Honeycomb Huck, 17 in. wide, also selling at special prices, 20c per yard—Linen Room, Ground Floor.

NEEDLEWORK DEPARTMENT, ANNEX.

Manchester Robertson Allison Limited

KING STREET GERMAIN STREET MARKET SQUARE

Women's Hat Sale Extraordinary

When reasonable merchandise of Magee quality can be bought just when most wanted at decided price reductions, it is time for liberal buying. Such opportunities are outlined below.

Women's Genuine Velour Hats For Just Half Price—\$2.50.
Women's Scotch Tweed Street Hats For Just Half Price—\$1.25, \$1.50.

D. MAGEE'S SONS LTD.

EVER SINCE 1859.

63 King Street, St. John, N. B.