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## (4) The Naval Question

## (5)



Speech by
SIR WILFRID LAURIER

## SIR WILFRID LAURIER'S Speech on the Naval Question.

NAVAl, SERVM'E OF (ANXIAA.

 chad reitdlag of $13 I 1]$ No. Sint resporeting tho natial server of (amadm, H0 sald; Whom, thras wertes תgo, 1 hatd tlon hethor of dra.
 +ie the hope that liy thle thmo uy holl.
 arlos intr. Brodblirt, womld la silliciantly restored to beith io jeemalt hime to minder. tiake the doty whlel tow devalses upon hus.
 fultillid. It is the mblaftame of than llotis. thite it bits to bu dabllond of then whalth ot


 "xpesttion of tha plolley of whlehte ls the conuression, from has bisle primeituld to tha
 igrea whith we at the olsteret that it womld not. De anmlis to calst it retrespurctive glintice
 ed "ff to the presern by the two parties that now stand file to face onf enls furestion. In so lan in the frespat governamelt sund the Lalberal fiarty are concomed, that ghestlon arose lor the first thme at the huperlal conferener in lytu. At the conferenter the smb. ject of dafence was very cirraflly disenss id. The discussimn revealed the fact which indefd was mot ummatimal, whleh had often taken place before-that betworn the advisers of 11ls Majesty the kluz la Cirent Brltaln and 1 lis Anjesty the Klng int the dombntons beyond the suas, there wats it dle vergence cf vews. The Secretary of Stitl. for War redpested-or 1 shonld siby shms. gested-that the dominions bevoud the seas shonld Pquif and matintatin a botly of troojs for Imperlal service, whlch, In case of war, woukd be thrned over alticmaticially to the Wiar olfice, Soms of the bombinlons, throush thelr represpatatifes, to this ingredi others dhangrend, among the bitter belng Australiat and Cinada. Tle Sucretary for the Sias suggested-I don't suy requested-that the


 domblatons there revirestited to thls agred.





 fombllan They rexequlized at ched the whl].

 Cumadit wenld alluw-llo lurdioll whleh


 then it wonld gat fitethar in the mation of dolponce and that la ryesething that we

 operation with tho jmperlin] inthorltles. bat


 ment in this ats in all other matters.


 try. prom thls follcy the frosent govern. meitt has never doviated. This polley we allirmod agatn at the imptrlal conference gf 191\% W. We aflirued it nganal last yeque in thls llonse when thw questlon came Itp for conerete alid limmediatis action. Thas poliey Is embotied ln the lilll mon 'wlar: thls House, ithl by this ploliey the prosent gervfirmment atimals or fialls. bunt liall we shatll not. This polies is in the best traditlons of the lalbral dionty. This pobley is I lie latest link lut tho long chuin of fuconts whlel following the principles latd down lis tho fo. formers of the old timss, Rildwlit innt lis. font:ilne, step) by stcus, stage by stiget, have broliglit Cinnitdit to thet positlon it now of. cupies, that is to say, llye rink, digujty and status ol a mation within the Britlsh enjuire. This polley Is thof full materity of the rights assurted, the obligitions assumed, by Cibiadt, whlel, inspired the lumerial poet whotw.
 mathetis to the furmalicis of tbu nustar country, be fint ha her monntle tham fromal worls:

> Dinhslitur atn I lin iny unothor's fotiar,
> lint mintrose In 111\% own:
> "Thr Raters are mine to rianth,
> ds tbu giletes ar:e mino to closin.
> diad 1 sett niy Hrals: in H1/ler.

sir, If we indopte toding thas polles, if wo have jatt It lat the ralat in whlch lt la mow



 lainty fromt the thmo thas follery wias InItiatいik.

And 1 wity ank How, what bisk lu
thu

 vative jarty whell 1 sisy that man then glasithon lfolr ilttituda bias beatl what it

 ( 4 l, our fulters tutare thim once hats reatred the mssalde at I inst, the tarit assamt, of tha membars of the fonsinvat:su jarty, It has lan'n more than once ravlewert or commont. ed Hond, bot Howr challongod or Hissented from. Outside of this IItulse it hits rucedred tha opun rommendition of the be'st und
 am bound to sily it the simme time that It has bewn cumsurell illd rrlllelsed-speverely cellsurnd and soverely rriticised-by thosin who within the jarty hoast of thelr Impriallsm, who enrry abroall upen thelr fore herads ibu lmperlal jhylincterles, who lioldiy wilk Into the tample and thrret loutly thank the Lord that they nro not like other Brit. lill shlyects, that they give ththos of everytheng they possass, ind linat In then alone Is to bet foums the true incenso of loyatty. Was it, sir, becanse of the prodalings of these very zealous and very oflclous inen that my hon, frlend frons North Toronto (Wr. Posior) braugit up this question of imlerdill defence list year? I know not? But on the first day the Honse met my hon, friend gavie notlce of amotson despged to bring the matter in concrete form before parliament and the peoples. I moderstood the motlon of my hon, frlend to be an endorsation of the poliey whleh we had always loursned, abd in so muderstanding it I do not thluk I did lilom ian Injustice, i meant to pay hlm a compliment. At all events, this is the motion he offered:
"That in the oplilon of this lleuse, in vlew of her great and vorled resources, of her geograjhlical poaltion and natlonal illvironments, and of that spirlt of self-help and selfrespect whlch alone befits a strong and growing people, Canada stoma no longer delay in assuming lier proper share of the responsibllitles and financial burden incl-



I rumat: that an 1 constrited the langnagu of titas mothon-mulase my lum. frlent! ls it diselple or' 'Tallyrand, wloo mala llist langil. nke hat bown glion to mall tu dlasilso hla



 landel tha otlar lity trans moy hon. friand
 Iss that thly metlan created konite shlr jat
 hial tiaknly thu pasition that he cobllat not
 athor rasisom, the fite Is litit my han. filend fromel North Toroulo, whitst hue hall licern
 Jidior, wiss viry sicus to move it.
 actly tha luastull why, Will hat stalle है ?



Mr. NOSTFFR, Ny right lum, frlend knows 'fulte wrif that the motlon wiss fost finned tratlt time to tima laratise of ronferrace with my right lion, I'lumb.

Sir W'II. FRID LAL'RIFれ, I am not awara that my hom, frlend-

Mr. FOSTEik. Then my right lon. irlend had bretar ratrestl lits memory before he makn's the statement.

## Slr WhlFRID IAUIRIER. Pardon me-

I hise not finlshed my sentence, 1 an unt sure that my hon, frienil ever sjoge to the abont it, bil if he did, it was simply to sult the cranvenience of the llonse, and not liprinkir thate was on this side any oppositlon to his motlon.

Ar. lיostiolk, I ald not say tbere was.
Sir W'llalidD LAITRIEP Nelther did I Imply anyihing ilerogatory of my hon, friend because the positponed lly ving It. But the lact is that lie fostjuone it for two months: I do not know what the reason was. My hon, frimed suggestad to my hon. frlend from lacques Cartler that if they agreed the matier could be put over.

Mr, MONK. Wy right. hon, frlend's mem. ory is evhlently decelving him in saying I opliostll the motlon. I stated the other day' that I thought is was inopportune.

SIr WII.FRID LAURIFR. Yes, and my hon, friend is stlil of the same mind. My hon, itlend from Jacques Cartler 'ronght It Inc;u!nertune, my hou, frlend from Norih To. ronto thought it opportune, many other

















 *12





















 the ellt of Brembenghts or the gift if

 in suldemerng that measime.

## 

Sir Wha'lun lat'R1E:R. Thls w:is but very ffrbive languige coming froll my hon. friend from North Toronto (Mr. Fiss.
 gomerally ure. 1 do mul thal he had wot fouml his sen legs. . 11 y heth, frien 1 spoki
 trlhutho, anll aldang that if we prrowend it he woulh ingree. We lifi not think it was advisable to deplont from the policy we hant ladd down. We sall that we would main. tain the hosition we had taken, and ifter some consideratlon the Honse agreed by a minalmits resolution mon the line of our noliey of 1902, anll In order that there mily be no misgivings or misuaderstandings ulion that, in wlew of the cheers from the other slde a moment ago, I shall once ugain read lils motlon:



 fיllor.







 tintro.











 1tal "







When thls rusilation wits masol, :mओl


 silde, hat in llis wo math a mbelatk. Wh

 side of the llonse who hald shali thations.


 othil stde cif tha Howse wolld gal lailk nil



 rwolntion wore attacked athl challimged hy


 Thas the simmmer want an, revebolls, ill. mast. on the other side sjutw tleth lhix rio. Nulution, diselnssend It nmil controvirtud it. The leider sjocike, hls first liolitellint sjuske. the rank snil thlu spoke, ind this all sunkui togetbrr alld all sjoke Nfformotli, thoir fill. dle's wore singularly ont of thme.

Thls wits the condition of thlnes when thls llousia met on the eleventh inf Novethber athi we were ile witnessas of at curious spretacle, The mell who hall been so loquaclons durlng the recoss suddenly bucame dinab, the men who had discussed and de.





































 althone thes are the alsis.























 \&t,llill lut ho willtell in hate is reler. श'Hitull.
 othar she we have a Hhatar disthol agatiost











 flons.
































 Hermit froblohed the fist crasidge, and hfs









 (almantait movid on froll disaster to Alsas-t-1. And so it la whth the shorislastiol



 the till of the liss foll tha litlon of the fintire, Sir, of alt the flalmomatit of has. fuss, I slo not kuow nnys hat currias wlot it


 lifnil vimily liy lianr uwa locvillon Jr. In














 that arth atil wilt lie malntaland, tuit las










 Hows. If sular obr hatl then sillit the disy will














 Australlat whal it is, whletn has made New
 (2)




 Hsit Wiar, silld lhat ihis ouls manliter in

 if wus then that the pribejple was ammoun-




 A) H: the date was the diry when the fris)










































'1 :1! II








 llı'ाlı."













 varth lo a boan of wamb ind llberty. Thas Ald wot lall the fur) combla be trustal bre a motaln dlatance, but thate It wombla liave 10 absanfolmat the: mus. ment they rinme lo the alimate resint of
1ts operar! on.

But now we are told that in matters of naval defence we are 10 ablicate the jrinclple of risponslble government: we are told that we can have responsilble govern. ment lit forythlag alss, ve can make mu own laws, wet can admtaterer our ow 3 af fiairs, ind even have 4irtrol of our Iand forces, but that in matters of naval defente. we shonid 1 , ve no powars of our ows, it nectl not siay that thls prineiple lis one ty which we on thls slde of the Ifonse cannot agrcee, We are told that the mly way In which naval defence can be carrled on 1s by contributlons to the imperlal uavs. I
liave to submit that thls lden of contribu. lave to submit that thls lden of contribu thon scems to me repugnant to the genlas of our Brillsh Institutions: it smacks too marh of trlbute to be neceptable by Britlah commmaltles, The trme concention of the Tritlsh empire is the conception of new, one developing and wealthy mations, tach one developing ltsulf on the litte of its own needs and coudltions, wht atl joinling in the case of common danger, and from all polnts of the earth, rushing numon the common enumy. But, Sir, the nolat ls to longer arguable. The jolut has been settled at the litst conference.
Maty imd inmy a time mion the lloor of thls lionse the the press of this country, we have bena assailed, imd our action hais
buenl compurad with the action of Altitrulla who, in 1 ghe ed with the action of Anstralla,
 Bint. Shr, het us look athl see what hete ris. rently taket place In Anstralia. Anstralla has: abmutoned the whinion It took in $19 n 2$ Cand it hats come to the nowlton taken hy
 Is something stinl more slgnlficant: it is not Allstrithit which ls payng a connthontion to Great Brtain for the purposes of the Aus. trallan may, It is Great Britain which is baying it contribution to Australia for that minjoss. Need I say morn? Ali the best men, "ven In the rimks of the Conserva. the firmty, who have given any attentlon to thls quastion lave come to the way of thfuking of the present govermment. That veterims statesmin, Slr Charles Tnpier, once the pride ind strungth of the Conservative barts, has kiven unqualimed adheston to our jolles. Need 1 sily more? If there is ing imprialist of the imperiallsts now llv. lng, it is Lotd Miner, surd Milner was herie last fill, and won winl pardon me, Sir. if I rembll to the attentlon of lon. gentle. man opposit" what were the opfintons of Lorif Milner nume this gnestlon. In Vancumer he spoke as follows:
"I have sald that Canada is not milque in being a gruat comntry; But she is unique in being one of a tronp of conntries, which has it strong foothold in every corner of the wordd. That gromp only noeds to hold together and to be properly organized in or der to command, with a companatluely smali
rost to Its Individual members, all the credlt and all the respect, and, thercfore, all the power aud all the sccurity which credit and respect aloue can give a naiton among the nations of the world. No tloubt Canada If she ls to take her place In such it unlon. will have to develon, as I belleve she wili Wlll deslre to develop, her own fighting strength. But not to a kreater extont than
wonld be necessary in any cose for the wonld be necessary in any case for the adequate development of Canadlan self respleet or beneficlal to the manhood of her people und certalaly mothing like to the sane ex. tefur as wonld be alsolntuty luevitable if she deslred to stand alone."
Agaln at Toronto he made nse of iang. unge even more signlficant:
"But no doubt ilia general position would be meub stronger if all the self-governing states were to adopt the course whleh Ans. tralia semps dlsposed to adope of creating it untlomal militla, and laying the foundathons of a fleet. And 1 for one shond wel. as addlang to the strencth and adied, not as addllng to the strength andi diguthy of the empire as a whole, its fufluence in peace
as well as to its security in case of war ass well as to its security in case of war.
It is not a questlon of shafting howhens, Fint of devoloning fresh centres of stronith. For this reason I have nower been is great adronte of comeributlons from the self-governlng states to the army and nawy of the tonlut Klugslont, though as fevldences of is sense of the solldarlty of the emplre such comrimitons are welcome, and valuable, lending the substlation of something bet. ter. Mut 1 ann sure that the form which impurrial co-opratation in this finde will ulth. mately takn, and ought to late, the form at once most consistent with the disulty of the Individual states and most condurive to their collectlve strengih alad organic anion, ls the development of their several defen. slve resources, In material and in manhond. I know that it may be argned-lt has been irgned that Indlvidual sitrengtl wonld make for separation. But I have no symbathy whatever with thtp aoint of view.:

## Later he goes on:

"The profession and tuchnleal, not to s:iy the stritegic, arguments ros a single blg naty of the empire are enormously strong. so strong that they might concelvably over. comfe as thry have to some excent overcome withe past, the bolitical objectlon. But withont wishing to be dogmatic on a sulaject whlch requilres a Erean deal more cireetnl study on nll hands than it has yet received, 1 must say that, speaking ins an imporiallst. I l'el the political objectlon very strongly.
If the self.govirning states were goitig, mider our present constlutlonal artange. ments, merely to contribute to a contral navy, whether in money or letter still, in mell and shijus, 1 do not think they would take that Interest and pride in the matter
which it ts essentlal they should take, They would continue, as now, absorbed in thelr local affalrs, and, even if they felt thelr ohllgation to the empire as, is whole, they wonld rest content to have dlschareed it by such a contribution. The conlribution, nin der these clrcumstances, wonld prolbathy not be large, lut that is not reaily the weakest point In such a system. Its fatul weakness ls that the parilelpation of the self governing states in lmperlal affits wonid begin and end with the contrlbutlon,"
Now, Slr, rrom all this I think I can safeiy conclude that the true polley winch should be folitawed. even from the arimat's polnt of vew of the liritlsil empire, is mit a contrlbuion, but the development ol sur mavai stringh, as we contromplate to do under this IBill.

This poinl being sctticul, I now rome tu another' which hats licen a source of strong objertion made agalmst its, that is to say, Who shonle lave control of our havy. 'ron thls boint I staled the other diys that the parliament of canada would havis rambral of the nawy, anai wond declare what it shonld or shonk unt sul Into war. Upou thls puint we have luen assalled right and lefi, assalled in Qumee amb assatiled ln
 because titere it 1 s sald mat muler no ciremmstances shoulif Canala pyor taki part in any war of Eingiand, assatled in Ontario. lieculase there $\mathrm{i}_{1}$ is satul that under anl efr. cumstances Cantada shoulat take part in ath the wars of Elugland. The fosithon which we take ls that it is pre the parliamont of Canada, which creaticul htis wavs, 10 saly whell and wheres it shall go to war. The othor day when introdneing thls measure, I stated that when Eingland is at war we are at war. Iu saylug that 1 hasce shockeli the minds and the souls of many of onr frlends in Quebec.

Some men tore their hatr amb lheir gar mema as if $i$ had uttored blatiphemr, as If I had utiered some new and latal propositlon which never had bren heard be tore. The truth is that In making the statument that when Englaml is it war "'e are at war, I was simply'statlog a pribcille of inturmational law, 11 is a prin. clple of international law that when a mathon is at war all her possesslons are $\mathbf{l i}$ abie to attack. If Enginud ls at war she can be attacked in Camada, In Ansuralla, In New Zenlaud, in africa, In the Wpst Intiles, itu lutla, athd, in short, anywhere that the British flag floats, If France is at war she can be attackell not ouly In k'rance but in her possesslons in cochln Chlna If Germany is at war shle caal bre attacle ed nat oniy in Gernany, but also wherever the German fiag floats. 11 hoos not linthw, howerm, that becanse laghand is at war
wo shouhl necessarly take part in thr war: 1 will come to that presembly, But, as that proposition whleh I iald down hias been chatlenged in sothe parts of my native province, may i bre pernitteri to recall 10 the menory of the mumbers of this Honse an lacident while is hardly ten yar's aldi". 1:2 1s!⿰氵 thu I'nltad states declarid war upou Spain. The object of the war was to fref Cubia l'mom Spankil dominatlon, The Cubans hall lumil lusur. gront for many years. The bougreses of the I'nited States dacidad to come to thelr as. sistance and they sent an army to Cula in order to hel $l_{1}$ titre Cuban insurbents 10 frete
 dind Tree cuba from Spanlsh domitution. But, at the sathe H1ume, 1hes sicut as squatron to the Phillumine litatuis he titu Pateltic. a spatish lusisession, and touk posscession af thusu islanifs Thue samue thlug can be dolue atgalu. If Findianit is at war we ar, at war atal liable to attack. I do nut say 1hat we shatl always be atackend, neitlor (in1 I :ay that wre womlil take palt in ail llae watrs of Fingland. That 1 s a matter themt must be delermlum lys circumstances.

 in its mworn bese judgment.

## Some hon, MisMblirss. Oh, oh.

## 

 there arte mbol in this Jfande solsal to the semsis of responsibite gevernanent that thes will lfany suell a moposition? lat mis ilithstrate my miml hys blstury, 1 appoal tu hlefory and I trinsi that 1 will be able to sathsfy exory hon. gadilaman in this flouswe Darlag the nineteruth conturs Fugland has beetn more than once threatrind with war. In 1861 she was tostif at war with the ['uitell states-luckity Prouldeuere iverted it-wluen the Eniteri Stalesi whil? 'San larinto' took from at Britisil mati
 Mason, whus had been sent to Europe as llate agents of the snumeru confedurtary. It Wats an art uf war on the part if the 1.nitasi States no intepureteri and richaty interpreted, but Juckiiy flue Initnel states gave way atul will was awited, ll war had heetl da'tare! immeqliateiy wa woult have been drawu into it and it wonld havie luen our dilty at oner not nuly tur detwel ont waritory but 10 hedpl Ensfani in that
 lathl was all war ln the "ramean with lans: sith. Fom mysell 1 de mol hesitatu (1) sily tlat if that war were to lir nad ritken by England umier simalat cerrumstances. I
 give my consent that wic shmuld take part in any such war if conulithos were the same as they were then. But, they are
not the same now as they were then be camse at the present thme we have British Colimbla to look aliter and if war were declared betweun Great Britain and Russla our first duty would be to look after Brit. Ish Colnmbla whileh might be attacked by Rnssla from the Paclfic ocean.

I am well aware that for expressing the opinton which I dild express the other day and which I repeat on the floor of this House. I have shocked many and many a good Conservatlve mmd. I was accuscil of treason. Charges of treason are familiar to me. 1 have heard them in my own province thme and agaln, and I have heard thein in the province of Ontarlo, Clarges of treason are very easily mannfactured. The other day i was speaking in Toronto. 1 was saying that we were British subjects, subjects of His Majesty the Kinc. and in speaklug of the soverelgnty of the King 1 called in the nse of the word suzerain, ant in foing thls I fhat that I shocked many a tender soml. I shooked the tender sonl of the itom. member for Corth Toronto (Mr. lioster) for one. When wolewing my speech a lew days after wards, he spoke its follows:
"Some rather footish, eren mischlevous talk, hals been indulged along these lhuss. It has been assermil that we liave wrested onr liscal amonoms. our political antonomy, evell onr matal antomony, from Brlt aln, and the latess atdition is practicalls onr antonomy in our insernational rela tions. Alter this. all we have tol do in bow. ing our kince and saluting King Edward is to rall him. not soverelgn, hint suzerafu. It is at mistake which creates folse mpres-
slons,
"It these lutteramees are merely for the sakce of rhelorleal adormment this are but foollsh. If, howeser, they aro stinded and surions, they are revolntionary. Wir cannot have ubselnis antronomy in any of these and remain in the empire.

Well, is my hon. friend in this merely playing ou syltahle's? If 1 hatd sald exover elgn that was atl jerfectly loyal, but $I$ said suzerain and that smarks of dis. loyalty : Sir, 1 am sorry to say 10 my hon. Iricmu that I rathey rubbed my eves when 1 saw his criticlsm. I do mot preteud to be a master of the linglish language but I think I know something of 1 , and it have always understood that if there is any dif ference between 'soverelynty' and suzer. ainty. it is merely a shadow and that it is used by men of greatest eminence hadfforcmily as applying to the same condition of things. I am sorry that I have to ask my hon. frlend to brnsh mp his classics. Would he be satisfled with the anthorlty

Scott satisfy his Ilterary nestheticism, or would he be satisfled that Sir Walter was sufilclent of a Tory not to harrow hls im. berlal roul? Let me ask my hon. frlend. as I sald a moment ago, to brush up his classics. lie me ask him to read again 'Qnentin Durward' and he will find on the same page sir Walter Scott using the expression 'soverelgn' and 'suzeraln' as applying to the same condition of things and to the same man. In the thirty.ffth chapter of 'Quenth Durwardl mly hon. frlend will find that Lady lsabelle nddress. Ing the Duke of Burgundy, uses this language :
'Hy lord, duke and soverelgn، sald Lady Isabelle, summoning up all her conrage. it observe ycar Grace's commands, and silb. mit to them."
'M1.: submission:' she saldi, 'only respected those lands and estates which your Grace's ancestors gave 10 nine, and which I resligh to the house of Burgnady, if my soverelgn thinks my dis. ohedlencis in thls matter renders me minworthy to hold them."

Agaln :
'Hy lord, she remilied, still undismayed, I am brfore my Suzerain, mut, I trist, a jusl one.

I thlnk that after this I can be freed from the hypercritical fastidionsness of my hon. Prlend both in point of phltology and imperialism.

Mr. FOSTER. Will yon let me see the 'Durward' extract?

Sir Wllfrin lat RiER. Yes, The great mistake which is made hy those her periallsts of the school of my hon. friend is 10 confoumd the condltion which exists In Great lirltaln with that which prevails 111 the colonkes. England helongs to the clrcle of nations which is known as the Buromenn concert, it is one of the four or fise mations of Europe that are always watching one almother. There are no pmblic works to carry on there and she can de. vote herself and her resources to armaments. But, the colonies are not in that mondition. Onr ellef constderation ls pub11c works, to develop the resources of our comutry and therefore I say that this is a milstake whilch shond not lie made by hon. genlemen on the other side of the Honse? They are not the first ones to make that mistake. Fngland made the same mistaka In the elghteenth century whon she trled to force the Amerlcan colonies to contribule to her armament by taxatlon. They protested. but their protests were not heeded. They protested agaln and at last, thongh they were is loyal population. thes were driven to dilstraction and thes
sesered the the that connected them with the mother countrs. Benjamin Frankiln was one of the leaders of the movement in the colonles at that day. yet it is on record that he was a most devoted loyalist. He went to England to try and prevent the nitschlevous course which was being followed hy the British government, but his vlsit was to no ptrinose. He was heard before the bar of the Jouse of Commons. There the question was put to him whether or not, in case of war the colonles would contribute to assistlng England and this is what he answered:
"I do think they would so far as their circmmstances wonld permit. They consider themselves as part of the British empire. and as having one common linterest with 1t. They may be looked on in here (in i.ondon) as foreigners. but they do not consider themselves as such. They are zealons for the honour and prosperit: of this nation; and while they are well insed, will always be ready to sumpart it, as far as their littie nawer goes."

If I quote thls langnags. It is not because there is complete analogy betwern the con ditions which exist torday in the self. governing colonies of Great Britaln aud that which existed in her American colonles of that day There is no danger forday that England would impose taxatlon on les colonfes without representation. or that her colonles wonld go futo rebeliton. but J read thls becanse there are men here. who, like the Bourhons, lave forfotton nothing and learned nothlag, and who do not appireclate the present conditions exist. Ing betwees Fighatid and ner colonies

The"r is another posint to which 1 should give some attention. Great objection has heent taken th the urovince of Quebec loe. cance thore is in thts I3111 a provision, that. lit an melgency the Governor in Council may rall cott. the flect and ont it at the disposal of the Viar Office. Se on 18 is ill these words :

In case of an emergency has Governor Genesal in Council maty piare at the dis. masal of His Majesty, for gemeral service in the loyal navs the naval service or aty jatt ilwrofe any shijes or vessels of the nat:al service, and the nfficers aind seamen serving in snch ships or ressels or any allifers of seamen tatonging to the naval serviee.

## Sect'on 19 is in thase words :

*"isturer the Governor in Commeil places the naval service or any part thereof on active service, us provided In the preceding section, if parliament is then separated by such adjonrmment or prorogation as will not
expire within ten days, a proclanation shali lssue for a meeting of parliament within fifteen days, and parllament shall according. ly meet and sit upon the day appointed by silch proclamation, and shall continue to sit in like manner as if it had stood adjournod or prorogned to the same day

Great objection has been takeli in my province because the power is there glvei the Covernor in Councll to call out the fleet before summing parllament. It is said that this is a deromation from the rights of parliament and that parllament should exerclse its control first. Well. Mr. Speaker, the answar is obvions. The conditions may be such that the govern. mont may be forced to take Immediale action. Parliameut wibll be called fmmediately to approve or disapprove, but the conditions may be such as to compel ns. Wilhont the loss of a minute, to avall ourselves of all our resources in order to conie to the rescue of a part of the conntry which might be threatened. Britisli Colmmbia, for Instince, is exposed 10 attack fron the Oriant. i do not think there is any danger at present, becanse British diplomacy has secmred tis an alliance with dijian. Nor do 1 think there is any reason to fear an abtack from Rnssla, becamse Russia has been crippled by her war witn Japain. Eut ali these things may change. Jamm may cease to be an ally. Russia Hing recover her strength, and if we faver to wait until parlament meets beforo we can act in conjunction with the lbrltali forces, the results may bo disastrons. circumstances may be such as to force iss io do what lapan did-strike the wemy belore the erlemy strikes ns.

I now cener to the composition of onr flecot. Here again we have not lad the good luck to satisfy our frlends opposite. it is sald in the press. and no doubt will be repleated liere, that we should have fol lowed the adviee of tho adminalty and [ut a fleet moll on the Pacific ocfan. Is thatro a man who will blamte us becatise we sald to the admiralty that we conld not agree to put all our forces on the Paclile ocean. that we lavo also a latge seaboard on the Athantle and must wivde our furces les. tween the two. But we are asked why did you consent to such an inslgnificam navy
 It prudk fat, for reasons I shall explain in a moment, to commence moderately. Two Hans wrre proposiad to its. Ons was la liave a heept of seven ships and another a flefi, ot elaren ships. The seven ships were 10 be pamposed of threse Brintotis :יP日] [rum destroyers: the thasen were to be e :Hyosed of fomr Bristols, one Boadicea ind ix d\% strisycr-, For the reasou that we be 10 frotect our coasts on the Paclfic a ithe Atlantic aud consergantly to divide our
fleet, we thought it inetter to have eleven rather tian seven ships, In thls we acted oll the adwec of the admlralty. Stlll we are blamed bocause we are not to have an armonred crulser of the 'Dreadnought' tyje. Perhaps I can quote an nuthorlty on this folnt which wili satisfy hon. gentlemen oppositc Those stauncil imperialts:s will not be satisfled unless we have a Dreadnongth In our navs. While that vlew is rrsimectable, it does not comjare whtin the opinfon of a competent man qualffed to speak of the question. 1 am sure every one will agrest that $I$ conld not quote a better authorlty than the old tar, Lord Charlas lheresford - as good a spaman as there is in tine Britlsh naty. In an inter wew juhllished in the 'Times' of last sum. mer, iortl Charles Beresford said:
Lifs view of the sitnatlon was that our great Dominlons could best help us, not by sponding two millions on battleshljas to surve in Brltish waters, but hy making profrisals for defending tiemsedves,
But he gutstioned the wisdom of thelr poting money into terpedo vessels and sul). marlncs and sending a large anomint over here to bulta a battieshij?, the life of which was only twrenty years, witil luck, and might be only twenty months. if they in resleyl two mililons in home defence, and In having ernisers wifich conte go ont and protwet their trade rontes, he thought it wonld be a better livestment than in helping to defend the shores of this combtry.

That, sly, is what we arw dolug under this Bill. In another intervetw, also in the 'Thmes.' Sir c'larles liertsford sjoke als follows:

For the colonles, cruisers are mich het. frr, as the ideat of protocting Britaln and weakening the defence of tie colonies is all wrong.

These were the reasons winich actnated us, and I thint they are of sucin a char. acter as whll command the anjiroval of this House.
Wiah regard to our scheme, as I stated on the first reading; it is our intention to buildi cleven shijis-four Bristols, one Boadicea and six destroyers, I have given the char arter ot theses ships. It is our intention to have them, if possible: built in thls country: That will cost al litte more and we ar'e jrepared to fays a little more provdeal the difference is not extravagant. We in thend to call for tenders as stoon as thls liall lrecomes law, in order to see whether we can have thls plant pht in this country with the view of building these ships, have bren asked also how long it would t-ke. I must say that I an not ahie to day tu glve theste detaijs: I shail be better in formed wi on we come to the committee
stage, My eolleague, the Minister of Marline and Fisherles, has been unwell, and I have not been liermitted to have as many intervlews with him as I could wish but glving the matter the best nitention that I can, I may say that it would take prohably one rear to complete a plant for huilding the ships in this country, and then probabiy fonr years to complete these eleven shlps. As 1 sald at the first reading of the Blil. tire cost of these ships would be a iittle over \& ! mo, 000, and the total most of malnten. ance. Incluling upkcep) of walls, machiners: sea storcs, fuel, Incerest and dejrreciation is estimated at $\$ \$ 253,000$.

Nir. FOSTER. I did not understand my rleht hon, friend clearly. Do I understanit him to say tiat it will take one year to crnstruct a itant whicil will be sifflelent to build this flect, and then four years to complete the visssels ?

Sir WH.FRID l.AClller, That I uuderstand

Mr, FOSTER. The Prime Minlster gives that to the Iowse, of courtec as sufflelently certain, to base the jadgneat of that House u1,

Slr Wilderid l.At:RIERE 1 would not say that.

Mr. Vostef. That is what we reaily wint.

Sir WiLFRil LAURIER. It wouid be diffleult to give more than an apiproximate idea ujon that untll we know exactiy the propusition made to us. Then we can speak accmratedy. 1 give these fignres as the result of the best ingniry I can make, no more.

Mr, Fostell. Who is the anthority mion wiom my right bon, frleni depends?

Sir WhLFRID LALTIEIR. I cannot glve that to my hon, friend to day,
Mr. FOSTisR. We might gat Into the same difficulty we did in regard to the Grand Trunk i'acific, W'e want to avold that if flossible.

Sll WIIFRID LAVRIEIR,
Tinat is no doult a jundable object: for $\mathbf{r}$ ans sure that my hon. frleni himselt would not legret he construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific even if it cost more than it has, and I think letrhaps it will be the same with the navy.

Mr. FOSTER, I would not have my right hon. friend take silence is consent. I am altogether ophosed to that view. Can he tell what the nlint which wrinid be sultable

10 construct these vessels would frobubly cost ?

Slr WHIFFRID I.AUJRERR. I am not able to glve my hon, friend more Information than I am glving today, I am diseussing thls matter from a general polnt of vlew When we eome to the commiltee stage, I will enfleavour to satisfy his eurlosity as to thers detalls.

Mr, W, F. MACLLAN. Nisy I nsk the right hon. gentleman al questlon? The la terpretation elause of the filll says that 'emergelley means war, fuvision of' insurreetlon, real or aphrehented." If it recinlres one sear to construct the phant and fonr rears to construet the navy, what wonld he lo If such an emergemey irose In the means. thme ?

Shr WhllrRID I.ATIRERR, I think, M. Spenker, we iore getting pretty far from the guestion we hitre in liand just now,

Ar. J. A. CI'RRIE. Night I iesk the right hou, gentletum at rutation? It fa slmply this: does thit phatit Includer machinery for the manafactur's of guns and machlo. "ry? ?--beranse sevelity bien eent. of the cost of these ships constr of gims aod machisегу

Sir I'llaFiziD l.Al'liblik. I think ships and guns are different thligs. But I and only it presint giving at memerial ontlace of the pollew; 1 do not tallnk the detalls are it bart of the present discusslon on the sec coad reading of the Hill: they can all he asked for in commantere of the lifonse. I may say that lt ls the intention ol the govcomment. to estubllsh it mew deanrtmant for this serviea-blet moker a different ministar. but to liave a dofnt, monlster charged with the duts of looking artare thls mavill (ix. ser diture and this nitval construction. On this point I will give forther explanations when we tre la committere.

Tleere is one other observation 1 shonld miske, Is hon. Irjeud the reinder of the opprosition, In the comse of his observintons the other das, II 1 understood him aright, whllent ilphroving of the priaclules of this mensure, thought it fld not go fiar euough, but that we shonld also mako an emergenes contribution on afeommt of the apprelend. ed danger to Great Britain lrom Germany.
 righti, the postifon titken by me non. frlend on this polat. I thlnk if did, At all events, if lie did not tatid this positlon, it has been
taken very generatly hy the press of tho takeu very generally hy the press of the country speaking for the other sille of the llouse, For my mart. I do not see any cause of danger to Great Prltain at the present thme, let me say further, that if Greitt Brition were tngaged in suth al coll

Tebt, a wave of enthmasing to assist hey wonld swirp over thls ronntry and all other' Iritlsli comintries, It is terle, Geromogis creatligg a navy, but 1 seo no remson what. ever for sumposing that Cormany is creathig a navy for the jurposic of atticek or that England is Increasing her onvy for thu pit" poses of attacking (eermany. The fart ls that all the mations of Finrope it the preseelt tinte are arming: Eogland is armlug, (iemmany bs armbing. Franee is arming, Austria is armIng: but I do not bellever any of theste nations ls arming with any intelition of at ticking hls nolghboitr, hat a. are arming shaply becausu they are afritad that they wfll ler attacked by one of the : Heighbours. I Wids incuressed lyy one statememt of my hon, Iriend the lenter of the opposttlon, thongh 1 did not share lit the eonelnstons which he hablied from It. lle sabd
 fermans, ft would como withln the mext. flare ed four feats, I have not beren able to get any killsfartory inlaw er to this query": What as ther feisson for suppositug thit, wat from dermatay ls to erome whthh the uext

 trlend riglacl? said, no Enrojnatl nation conmm, neltse with dothing , as Geromaty hats
 tweaty yeates. If fatar bo su, it is bot to ber
 llon to attark linglated within the next three

 hetweren tha (braman and laritls! mavias will be as follow: : The rotid tomntare of dispdicmematht of the British haty will heo 20. 110 , 100100 s , atd that of the German navy s! $\sin$,
 fot 10 be anpurehleuded within three of lour yencs, Morentor, [ eall illtoblious to this fact. No oute knows exactly what is ln the minds of the ficruman goverament, but everyhaly bnows that between the !wonle of bingliond and tha jeatule of firmant there is no rituse of war. They lutwe aj.
 temporary lifsiory goes. ln ther st: Y'ars' war bugland and l'rnssits were fi allies: in the Nitpoleonie wars Commitas and linglind were fotst allies. And there is :mother iedtarce damoeracy is coming to the lront in all the contitrios at the world, flld ill the themorriney of the world is op, vo:sed to wine, becanser it is well known that War falls afoun the massie's ef tha peoplile. Wat mny come, I do not sily it will not come, but I was lmpresseal hy it statement. matde the uthay diny lys my lion. friend ops josite. If stated that lingland had subsidized the mations of Furope than and agaln to सnithle "laciu to detfend thelr libeerty or thelr independence, of thair isutonomy aganst foreign aggresslon. Fingland sulysi. dized Prussi:i ander' F'rtalrerick the Gr'ent,

When lrussia was engaged against France and Anstria in the Seven Years' War. Eng. land sulbsidzed alf the nations of bilrope lurthg the Napoleonle war when all the nations of Europe were defunding their antonomy, thelr Independence, agalnst the Colossis, She was able to do so, why? Becantse, of all the nations of Europe, Eng. land wats the nation whlen had spent least upon armanients She had never spent any of her resonrces as the other natlons did pirely ulon her armiles, she had extended hurr tradu and her commerce, she had des. veloped her resources, and in the of war she was nble to asslist other mations with n. mesy, witch, as we know, is the nerve and slnew of war, Nipoleon, In a fit of anger, called England a natlon of shopkeppers. No higher compliment was ever pald to England than this, if it were meant as an insult, because It was these same shopkeepers whograppled whth the Colossins and were able to bring him down and make him blte the dnst. For Canada, for my commery, I would desire no bettor title than also to be called a nation of shop-kecpersand to be abla 10 supply the slnews of war.

SIr. $l_{1}$ ) to thls moment i have endenvour. ed to meet he arguments of those who in this controversy say that one policy is wanting in the duty whel we, as part of the British Emplre, owe to Eingland. But Sir, there, ire also on the other silde of the Hollse those who arralgn our polley becalse, ats they say, we sacrifice ly it the luterests of our native land to the interests of the emplre. There are the two extremes, they are there, sitthe together, side by slde, rheek by jowl, blowing hot and colif. 1 have endeavord up) to the present thme to deal with those who blow hot: let me try a word now wlth those who blow colla. Need I say that this applites chlefly to the lton. member for laceques carter and to those who thlnk with him unoa this guestlon, The policy which they have taken in the province of Quclee is that our attlude at the present tme is uncalled or and un. necossars, that it is a surprise laton the commtry, that we nower had a mandate to carry it on. Slr, is It possulble that such an argituret is heard in this loouse? Have thesse men bo an asleep for elght years? Are they Rip Van W'aldes? Whst 1 call their attention to the polley we hald down, which bat been conmmulated to this House and to the propple and which for elght suars hase lamen before the people of thes comintry: At the conference of 1902 we latid this paper before the conference:
"At present Canadian expenditures for de. side The 'anadian governument are prepar ed to considdr the naval slde of dafence as
well.

On the sea coasts of Cimadn there is a large numbrar ol men admarably qualified to
form a naval reserse, and it is hoped that at inn early day a sistem may be devlsed which will ad to the tralnlig of those men. nad to the naking of thelr servlces avall. abla for defence lit tlme of need.

In coucluslon ti.e minlsters repeat that whlle the cranadlan government are obliged to lissent from the mensures proposed, they fu!ly a!preclate the obligation of the Dominion to make expinnditures for the pur. jose of defunce is proportion to the In creasing population ard wei. th of the conntry: They are wllling that those expendlltires sltall be wo directal ins to rolleve the tixibiayer o fthe mother country from some of the burdens whlch he now bears, and they have the strongest deslre to carry ont their defence schemes in co-operation with the lmperral authorlties, and under the all vice of expertencerl lintperlat oflleers, so far as is conslatellt with the privelple of local self.government whlch has proved so great a factor in the fromotion of Injeflal innty."

Thls paper las leen before camada for the last elght years, and we are told in the province of Quehee that this polles of ours Is a new departure. Canida has progressed since 1902. We stated in 1.702 that, as Canada advanced ln wealth aud population, we would advance in onir defornces. The popmlatton of Canada in 1902 was $5,400,000$ sonls: the popmbation of Canada in 1910 is at letast $7,400,100 \%$ souls. The revenue of Cinnada in 1902 was \$5s.00n,000; the revomue of ('inada in 1910 is at least $\$ 100,000,000$ ) We, theretore, thluk that the thme has come When, as was staied ln 1902, we shomld takc a st(c) forward, imal thls is what we are dolng, l'jout thls men can differ, although in my opinion they should not differ but to tell us that thas is something imheatd of a new jolicy, ls simply trifing with cons. mon sense But, Sir, that ls lot all. They took ancther positlon, that he naval service is absolntely nucalled for and nnnecessary. Why do we ask jarllament to vote for thls wavil service? it is slaply because it is a necuessity of our condition and the statns we lave reaclied as a nation, Do these gentlmen forget that, as 1 stated a moment ago, the revenne of Canma ls today $\$ 100,000,000$, and the popitation over T.000, 000? Do thery forget that omr country extelnds from one ocean to the other, and from the American boundary to the Arctle oecan, no: on the map only but in actial and evel'increasing settlements? Do they forget that there are growling uj on the Pacific coast, cities fast approachlag in strength and weatlh, eastern citles, thant Vanconver to day has a papulation of 100.1000, that lictoria has a papulation of 40 . 00C? Do they forget that Prince Rupert is also fast advincing to the front? Do litey forget that we are polng to build a rallwas from the interior to Hutdson Bay? Do they forget that we have gold mines under the

Arctic circle? Do they forget that Canada Is expanding like a vonhg giant, slmply from the itressure of the lifood in lis youns velns? Are we to he told under such clr. cumstances that we do not require a naval service? Why, Slr, yout might foret as well lell the feople of Montreal, with their half million poputatlon, that they do not need niny follice protection.

But that is mot all. there is something combug yet, and the nosition is taken he gentlemen on tha othar stide of the Hutise, spluaking in the provlite of Que. leen, that we are not to risk one man or one dollar for the malntenance, tha fireservatlon of Brlthsh suluremaey on the high seas. We took the position last war that we shonld enteatrour antl wr wonld fin. deavonr to malntaln Brlltsh smprumary an the hlyh seas. We are totd in the jeto Whee of Queber that we are not to risk ont eledlar cr one mitn in order to cirrs out this smbject. Sir, 1 have olly to say thin, thut this servleg will not be cotiponsors: No chn on the ather shle of the Ifonse, no case lin illy firt or the conntry wifl be bount to server In this naty of ours. It will be the free will o fimy hady whe wishu's to risk hls llfo lar his king-it is his frivilege, ats whon wil tdeny it to han? 'ihoss' who clojecte wll thot have tre llft in finger th that tleet is called ont. Thein' fint will be slamply to +ujey lan sacmitty, tha Aiste, the comifort, gathete for them hy tha sacrifice of cther and hettel ment. We are told that we should not risk one follitr far such it jurioses. Slr, if it lee thea will and lwsh of the farlianemt of this romutry that this mave of otets should "ngalge in war, whose lllecty will le iffeer. ed liy 1t, Whase rlinhi jeopstarlized, whose mvilege interfural with? Thls is :1 constltutlonal conntry and the miljorlty have the right to sureak :und to dispose, and it is the part at the minority 10 itgrece and to accent. muless, of course, rights, ferlvibsess ind libertles are interferal with: lint there is no guestion in this polles thi: any man's mherty will be Intertareil with or hls rights endangered.

There whl be Canadlans of Freneh do secmi In that tleet. And If, which God forhid, thls thet shembld ever engage in war, my hoje is-hay mis certaluty is-than hatse men wlll tight for the king of Ensland, is their mimersiors lonkht amgluss the kive of Englathed when under the gallant hams. calm thes rejuejled atheck ather mitiok when, ln the summer of 1-is!, they kejat :1t hity for threw long months on the rock of Quebec the Hower ai the Brlt. Ish army and the flewer of the British mavy under the command of the younz hero, Wolfe. hater, on this same rock of Quebur, thay fought for tha king of late land Hgathst Amerfent fuvision And, still
later, on the lennks of the Clintenagnay river, they fousht under that trim soldler, Salatierry, to ker"l the tlag of Fingland flontlig over thelr hontes, all theres munts events huve had thelr fart lit maklng my combtry what it is, And now when I ri. vew the long contlicts lofwn'll the French und the Fagllah, 1 frillaw tha ewentes with OIt any sense of shatme ar lumbllatlon. For hlatory intests that my incestors oftight with ith the growess uf thedr race, a frowass equal to that of thelr olftefnents: athe, if they bost, they last lememser Fills. land was it that thine inder the lendershit of one of the ithlest men of that Eenteratton, tha flist Willimm Pltt, whereits Frime'e was untler the linluencer of tha Klag's mistress, is impestors lost on that aceaslon, but 11 sitaply transfirred thelr alleghance from ont severtern 10 another. They lost fin the thais the Dithlet, hate they dhe not last anythate of their Indenemdenee, ol their Illarts, af their rights and arlat. Reges: and toding the sim in hats dally rimeen
 tha face of the carth mboylag iment litherty than my fellow comarymon uf Firplach ax.
 irs, to the secthers, lis that rexedom is worth Sthtlap for and worth datek fer.
 lys anb: noble senthant; minals we eatr
 Interests: ferlates thets will be fonlod st at siffer in thelr foukt in if they arre but semes. ther ollierwhat What wobld bre the romald.

 l'see the shluremacy at the seans? (iamal ?0 dag is a ferosjurons emmery. Quclece is a very frosigrons foronare: ban is mat that Hosperity dua tel om intide with bate. lamd? Lat the atateke of Grate Brlatan lue lost-and it wonld be: last If the Eritish sumemary on the seat virm last - and the itrositerity of l'inatia ithed the frospurjo of Qutboce would be affected for seitrs, if nof for ever

Slr, in the setthatemt af ficlitimal faron. lems is is rery sindfom that it solntion cim
 When a conclusion is atrived at. it is wacherd hy takhg into consideraticen several folats of vew ant it commong gronnd lits to lee feand mituln which the different scllteols of thetlght. the ditherent pregnderes ant
 Ile ofinion cin bee nutiterd. That is trase everywh:re, it is trall ill (imadia jeer. hiths, than in any othar pertleth or the "atelt. I statalamome: algu that in was the rewerd ut lord latham which lad beetn the iflutulition th that therem of locall sill gove
 that that the ripert a l.atd Darhats wits re. reived by the for th chenabdians of that day

With fifined surjetse, The ratason is known to thes who have wallifed the history of
 broad as he wis fat his conégetrons, for'


 10 C'innala it atma whent the very almose there was reeklige whll reltulliont for forms. ed il lansts judgment utant the froterd

 manges lle thonght they ronlo not bre freme. rifert to Brdtlsll rule, und sititul fu fls
 Hat thes two provinees should be molted, sut that. Fromeh ('anatia shesulat tere malej loy the storit almi ralotitioss hatis of ath linglish steaklog majorits. It is mot (t) bre whthered ath $1 / \mathrm{mt}$ whe th the ratar was mathe kutown in ('amula bt not only

 Wrang. stre I rownit that I ord bitham,

 fercolve, is othor mand fererelverl at that thate - mati whot, the this suleject, hatd it bettor ramerdidut of thlags thinl ho ham?that therb arie prlacipless suluerlate there froflag, than there ture prlarifders that ran mite men of all orjgans lat eltanion asjal. ration tor the weitare of thelr common country. Such a man was Louls Iflpolyte Lafrintalne: sheh a min wils, foble't Jialilwha, Whent tha jerovinces ware modted, fationlithe, speating of the Aet of minom, char. acterizad it:

As mojust and desplote in thls that it wats
 that It thorlves fower Camadn o: its legiti matte mmmben rof rejorsentativiss: lu this Hat it defrties us of the nise of our langhang lil the froctudings of the leglslature against lie justice of treaties alld the dedges word of the Governor Gemeral; In this that it forels nos to jaly agalnst our consent, it debt whlef one had not contractel; in this that It allows the exectutive jow tr in lake fllemal dool, maler the fime of civil list, of an enormous fortion of the refrimes of the couniry.

This was a severe arraignment, and unfortunittely it was only too thue, bit what was the conclusion inrlved at by fafonralne? Did he say that the French Canadians shoull not accept the Act of nindon? No. "isen there were at that tlame who im. modiately startel an agtiation for the refeat of the union, anti those men were jolned some yeurs afterwards, when he came back from exile, by Paftueau, a strong man, an eloquent man, a man of in. lense mature, and whom the very intensity of his nature always carrled beyond the polnt into impricticable conclusions, Lat-
fontalue was a difterent manc ho whis a brond Inan, he utherstood the situmtion. The Ari of milon wist mot sillmfinetory to IIN follow coundrymul, fon thought it was filt fijuntice, but be accelted it, beealasto
 insilar conld be rectifled. It is upon thosi principles, ilr. Siuenker, that wa rely, 11
 llessed to the efactors of tarrebonme, fe eathtinnof an latjaws:

Thu reformers In the two arovinces are


Onr rialise Is the: smme. Thin fumbest of the raformers in the two provincus is to meet in the leglslis-
 lefl, of tults, of fratermity. I'ndis of acthen is more thom weve merestary f have no donbt that the ruformers of tipuer ('an
 In the first arissibin of the leglslithore, they whl shra ms tundulvocal proul af 11 , whleh. I fojet will be the pledge of a condtiance besta rectavecat and durable.

Sir, th thesp mojle senthments he fombd

 with, 'Ithe rathlatiee whleh lire hatl booked for, hat folliti: t1 lurishl out to be as he "xpretedt. It was not ond vreelprocal ant durable. Abova all it wis frultiful. That fwley oblained for the French-Cinadlans the rastincitlon of the rights of which they had breal dintiferl by the act of undois: it removel the dlsisenslons, which ils to lhat thame. liad rent the land: It intronluced amity and concord among the diffrent races inul branches of the Canadlan fimliy: it estahlisholl i per. munent and evergrowing prosperlty: is. Increased loyalty to the Crown and brought If to its highest nifch of entlusiasm and devotion: it brought ub Camaili, stoj, hy stej, sitage fy stage, to the high posltlon which it occujles int thls moment: and as I sild at the beginulng, so I say in concluslon, thls ls the last and crownlng epfort of the prollcy which was then happliv fnangurated, Sir, we must advance, we cannot remain slalionary We numst advance. To remain statioanry in this age is to rearograde; we must advance. And anain oll this occasion, as in the days of lafontalne and Baldwin, we apmeal to mod. erate nef fin ail fart sof the community. We ajpleal as they did appeal. in a splrit of amlity, of unfon, of traternlty', we appeai, as they appeated, in the highest conception of the duty which we owe to onr conntry and to the mother country, it is the tradi. tlon of these great men, which is our supreme inspiration to-day in turning this page of the hlstory of Canada.

$\dagger$


