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Fome and Foreign Record

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THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF THE LOWER PROVINCES.

SEPTEMBER, 1869.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON PSALMODY.

The Synod's committee on Psalmody begleave to report that in terms of Synodical remit, communication has been opened with the Session of the church, "with the view of ascertaining how many copies of a book with a good selection of times would be taken in their congregations."

On receiving answers to the first circular it was found that so many Sessions failed to give any reply, and some of those who did reply gave so little encouragement, as not only to cause much delay but render necessary a second circular, which was

issued accordingly.

Your committee have now the pleasing duty to report that while a considerable number of Sessions have not yet reported, replies have been received from so many, and these so very favourable, that ample encouragement has been obtained to warrant inincliate steps for the publication of a suitable tune book. From 66 Sessions, orders have been received to the extent of 1235, and in several instances assurance has been given that a much larger demand may be anticipated if the book prove acceptable in quality and cost.

Your committee would remind the Synod that the selection of tunes has been chiefly though not exclusively determined by the returns of Sessions, and would take this opportunity of expressing high gratification with the evident care, excellent taste, and marked ability displayed in the various lists forwarded. It is proper also to acknowledge the thoughtful counsels which have been forwarded, even when accompanied by the announcement that no promise could be given for any number of copies.

In conclusion your committee would inform the Synod, that if authorized to continue the book, which has already entailed considerable anxiety and labour, the new tune book will be published before the next annual meeting. Whatever be the decision of Synod on this occasion, however, an

important end has been gained by the appointment of your committee under recent Synodical instructions, evincing as it does, that the supreme authority of the church has been exercised not only in such repressive me issures as in prohibiting the use of instrumental music, but in resolute and watchful effort to clevate the public praise of the sanctuary into such artistic excellence as is consistent with the prominent position assigned in the Word of God to the service of song in the house of God.

All which is respectfully submitted.

JAMES BAYNE, Con.



REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Your committee on Sabbath Schools, in presenting their fifth annual report would beg leave to state that they have attended in some manner to the duties entrusted to them. They would express gratitude to God for the large amount of attention that is given to this department of the church's work. In almost all the congregations within the bounds of this Synod we find more or less effort put forth to gather in the lambs of the flock, and means used to point them to Him who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

The special work to which the committee has applied itself during the last year, is, the preparing of a series of lessons as on former years. The plan pursued, as announced in the December number of the Record, is the basis of the shorter catechism, adapting, as far as possible, the passage of Scripture to be read, and the doctrine to be proved to the question of the catechism for the day; and the same course is proposed to be pursued next year, until we have gone through the catechism. 3000 copies of these lessons have been printed and nearly dis-

posed of, and the sales have been sufficient to meet all expenses.

Notes upon the lessons continue to be carefully prepared by members of the committee, and printed from month to month in the Record. The notes have proved to be a valuable assistance to teachers and scholars.

Your committee would recommend to Sabbath school teachers, where it is practicable, the holding of weekly meetings for the study of the lessons and any other business connected with this work. meetings have been found to be very profitable, where they have been tried, in preparing the teachers for their work, and in giving many useful practical hints in conducting the business of the class; but where these weekly meetings are impracticable, we would especially recommend monthly meetings for conference and prayer. work is the Lord's, and is it not the duty of those engaged in it, to wait upon Him and pray that He would bless the works of their hands, yea, that He would establish

Your committee would further recommend that special prominence should be given to the Shorter Catechism in all our schools. It is an excellent summary of christian doctrine and should be familiar to the mind of every youth in our church.—Many experienced Sabbath school teachers have found Leitch's Analysis of the Shorter Catechism to be an admirable help to teachers and scholars.

Some attention has been given to the selecting of libraries by the members of committee living in Halifax, and a number of books have been disposed of by the colportage agent at River John, in the terms proposed at last Synod, viz., cost and

charges for the replenishing of Sabbath school libraries.

All which is respectfully submitted.

H. B. MACKAY, Con.



REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON SABBATH ORSERVANCE.

The Sabbath sustains a close relation to every means employed for the establishment and extension of the kingdom of Christ. Unless the church can secure attention to the observance of the Lord's day, 'the good seed of the kingdom' cannot be so widely diffused, nor its claims so fully considered as when the day is kept holy. The means of grace cannot be expected to exert their appropriate influence, unless they be attended to in circumstances favourable to their effective operation. In such circumstances the human mind is directly placed when the Sabbath is remembered

and sanctified. The duty, therefore, forcibly devolves on the church of Christ of striving to maintain the scriptural observance of the Lord's day. A right estimate of the great work commuted to her hands by her living Head, should stimulate her to greater devetedness and more carnest faithfulness in this highly important duty.—Truthfully has it been said, the church cannot afford to neglect the subject of Sabbath observance.

The committee of the Synod are not in a position to report any decided progress during the past year. On the contrary, they have reason to fear that at least in some localities the desecration of the Lord's day has been increasing. They, however, believe that this is not the result of any neglect of duty on the part of any of the ministers connected with Synod, but has proceeded from causes over which they had no control. In reference to such a state of matters the question for the committee and for the Synod to consider is, can anything be done to check this growing evil?

The committee has received information from a member of the sub-committee in Halifax, that French "men-of-war" salutes on Sunday in the harbour. telegraph offices are also now open for one hour every Lord's day. This year the 21st of June was on Monday; and on that day horse-racing took place on the Halifax common, and boat-racing in the harbour. Preparations for both these practices were made on the previous Sabbath, so that the common presented a scene of excitement during the whole day. Five newspapers are also published on Monday; and in at least three of the offices of publication Sunday labor is regularly performed. Theatri-cals, permitted on Saturday nights, and much drunkenness on these nights, lead to a great neglect of the duties of the Lord's

day in Halifax.

These numerous sinful practices should not exist, and if possible ought not to be permitted. They should be deeply de-plored and held in utter abhorrence by every member of this church and of every other. Your committee respectfully recommend that the sub-committee in Halifax investigate the subject, and endeavour to ascertain if the authorities of the city have not the power to prevent or partly suppress these glaring violations of the fourth com-That committee might also mandment. agitate the subject in connection with the nastors of other christian churches in Halifax, and influential christians, and endeavour by petition or otherwise to bring such an influence to bear on the authorities and on the Telegraph company, as would lessen the evil or prevent it from spreading.—Could not the Young Men's Christian Association be enlisted in this good cause?

In reference to the profanation of the Lord's day in other parts of the church, and specially the increase of it principally exhibited in the form of pleasure-seeking on that day in the more central localities, your committee can scarcely do better than quote with earnest recommendation the language of their last report, viz.: " Those pastors situated in towns and centres of population, or in districts occupied by different religious denominations, would do well to direct special attention to that form of Sabbath desecration which consists or pleasure-seeking and social visiting on the Lord's day." Such pastors have certainly a loud call in Providence to act in the manner recommended. At least annual discourses on Sabbath observance as formerly recommended, your committee trust are neglected by any minister. But those pastors who witness the increase referred to, should consider well the direction of the prophet, " Lift up thy voice like a trumpet, and shew my people their transgression, and the house of Jacob their sins." occasional discourse and similar efforts in the same direction are not effectual, then such efforts should be more frequently and zealously employed, and more fervent prayer offered that the divine blessing may accompany the exertions used.

Encouraging features are presented in the fact that in Halifax an increasing number of shop-keepers and employers give their "hands" a half holiday on Saturday, while the Young Men's Christian Association and other agencies distribute a large amount of religious literature in necessitous This is cheerdistricts on the Lord's day. ing intelligence; and such efforts ought to be encouraged. This church should also be stimulated in this part of its work by the example and success of other and larger sections of the church of Christ. Were it not that the Spirit of the Lord, operating by the instrumentality of the church, is lifting up a standard against this enemy, it would rush like a flood over the c'astian world. Acting as others have successfully done, and as we doubtless all are convinced we ought to do, we may expect that God will bless us, and that many in our part of the world, through our instrumentality, will

fear Him.

All which is respectfully submitted.

ROBERT LAIRD, Con.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF COLPORTAGE.

To the Rev'd. the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces:

REV'D. FATHERS AND BRETHREN,-

Your committee of colportage for the southern and south-western sections of the

church, according to the new arrangement made last year, have been carrying on the work according to their ability with the limited means at their disposal. Having advertised for some new labourers in this extensive field Isaiah Smith, Esq., of Maitland, an Elder in the Presbyterian Church there, was the first to offer his services, and was engaged accordingly. He laboured mostly in the counties of Hants and Colchester, and was very diligers and successful, especially in the sale and circulation of Bibles and Testaments, notwithstanding all that had been previously dis-This is so far posed of in these localities. encouraging, that though even good, religious books may sometimes have dull sale, yet there is always demand for the pure Word of God, especially when accompanied with the Psalms and Paraphrases. While in this field he circulated about 400 Bibles and Testaments, besides a fair portion of the publications of the Presbyterian Board; also Bible reports and missionary intelligence, often where these things are comparatively little known.

Wm. Sutherland, of Lower Stewincke, was the next new hand engaged and sent into the field. He came also well recommended as a fit and proper person for this service, in the opinion of his minister and the elder of his district. And so he has proved as far as his constitution permitted; but as he is not very rugged, he has not been able to attend to the work continuously. We thought once of sending himto Bermuda for the winter, thinking it might improve his health, and also open up, and at the same time, supply a new section of our extensive field of operation. But after seeking and obtaining information as to the necessity and propriety of sending a colporteur into that section of the church, we were led to believe that it would be inexpedient under present circumstances to commence operations in so distant and expensive a field of labour especially as the destitution of the place was by no means clamant when compared with many others nearer our centre of opera-Whenever his health permitted, therefore, he has been employed nearer home, sometimes at the gold diggings and other mining districts, for which he has received about nine hundred volumes; about two thirds of which were Bibles and Testaments, and all of which have been disposed of excepting his present very limited supply.

Mr. Duncan R. Crocket, also of the Middle River of Pictou, a grandson and namesake of the late Revd. Duncan Ross, having offered his services, we were led to believe might be useful, and therefore he has been supplied and commissioned on trial. We hope that he will be active and

zealous in this good cause, and thus be a credit to his name and connection.

Mr. John Lamont, the special colporteur of the National Bible Society of Scotland, continued his labours till our last supply was nearly exhausted: when his health failed also, and he has been under the necessity of giving up for a season; but as he has again recruited we hope he will be able to renew his labours with fresh vigour. He has hitherto been very persevering, and has spread amongst the community the greater portion of our last supply of nearly 3000 copies of Bibles, Testaments, and Psalm books, about one fourth of which were in Gælic, the prime cost of which was about \$560. He is supported entirely by the above mentioned Society.

One or two of these who have been labouring on the confines of New Brunswick, we intend shall enter that inviting field as soon as the correspondence is closed in which we are now engaged with two residents of that Province. We are endeavouring to engage them to labour in their respective localities,—one up the St. John River, near Fredericton, the other on the Bny of Chaleur, near Dalhousie,—besides which there will be ample scope in the southern sections of the Province for at least two more for a good while to come.

Thus we have spent the seventeenth (17th) year of our existence as a committee of colportage in endeavouring to carry on the important work entrusted to us. We have now many co-workers, either in the same or in similar work. Some in our own church as the brethren in the Presbyteries of Pictou, Tatamagouche, and P. E. Island, with whom we can cordially cooperate, as our object is the same, our fields of operation different and contain ample scope for all our operations.

Others only partially connected with our church are endeavouring to occupy the ground, and being liberally supported by various denominations, they have a great advantage; but we think there is still work enough for us all without rivalry, jealousy, or misrepresentation. Notwithstanding all our inconveniences and disadvantages, we are happy to be yet able to state that we have a fair stock on hand to carry on the work; and with the divine blessing on our labours, we feel confident that we are able · to pay all our debts, as may be seen from the subjoined summary of accounts and statement of debts and assets, and if spared and continued, we shall endeavour to do so while we can maintain the same posi-All which is respectfully submitted by your committee.

> JOHN J. BAXTER, Convene

The Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces in acct. with JOHN J. BAXTER, from 30th June. 1868, to 30th June, 1869. 1868. To cash paid Rev. J. Scott, for July 1.825 00 Is. Smith. Esq., Colpor-Oct. 7. ٠. teur, for wages. 31 72 Agent's salary, 6 mos. . 25 00 1869. . Feb. 22. Wm. Sutherland, Col. porteur, wages..... 62 77 Bill for Pre Beard Mar. 19. Pub....4..........104 00 Duty and expenses on May 15. June 30. \$554 471 1869. July 1. By balance on hand at date \$76 89 cash per Rev Robt, Laird... 20 151 Books sold at Depot 19 30 Aug. 15. Oct. 7. Is. Smith, Esq., Colp.134 91 W. Sutherland, " 226 44 46 1869. Jan. 23. 44 Books sold, &c.... 13 25 Borrowed to buy a June 30. Balance overpaid... 4 53 \$554 475 1869. DEBTS. To Robt. Carter & Bros., N.Y. \$100 00 N. B. Society of Scotland...384 50 June 30. Borrowed money..... 59 00 \$543 50 1869. ASSETS. June 30. Old stock in Depot......\$30 00

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JOHN J. BANTER, Agent.

Home Wissions.

Jerusalem, N. B.

This settlement is situated about midway between Fredericton and St. John. It is a beautiful farming district, having a good soil, and is chiefly inhabited by the descendants of Scotch and Irish. At an early period in its history, the few families resident here received a visit from the Rev. William Sommerville. Cheered and refreshed by the visit of this eminent servant of God, active steps were immediately taken to have a small church erected with the expectation of retaining a part of Mr. S's services. Disappointed in this hope, nothing further was done toward the erec tion of a building beyond procuring the As the settlement increased, they received an occasional sermon until the arrival of the Rev. A. Stirling from Scot-Convener. I land, who was settled at Fredericton and

preached at Jerusalem every five weeks. During Mr. Stirling's pastorate, a very neat and commodious church was built, which is capable of seating at least 300 people, and reflects much credit upon those who contributed so largely towards its erection. Within a short period they have heen disjoined from Fredericton, united with Nerepis, and form a separate congregation. They are now between 25 and 30 Presbyterian families here, besides others who would be favourably disposed toward us. No Sabbath school is at present in existence, and but little has as yet been done in the way of raising funds for a sup-ply of preaching. There are three preaching stations in connection with this section, viz., Jerusalem, Summer Hill, and Colonus; and if a collection was taken each Sabbath that service is held, and each one contributed as God had prospered them, but small drafts would be made upon the funds of the Home Mission. Five cents from each one attending church on the Lord's day, at each of these stations, would pay for their share of a Probationer's time. We trust that this system will hereafter be adopted.

NEREPIS.

Nerepis is situated about 20 miles below Jerusalem, and about 18 from St. John. It is also a farming district, and being now intersected by the Western Extension Railway, must inevitably make progress. At one time this section was within the bounds of the St. John Presbytery, and received an occasional supply in connection with Carleton and other settlements. Rev. Mr. Brown also laboured among them for a lengthened period. After his removal they received but a meagre supply. Being of late transferred to the York Presbytery, they have been frequently visited by the Rev. Mr. Stirling, to whom they are fondly attached. There are about 35 Presbyterian families here, including Lower Ner-epis, Welsford, and Nerepis Valley. They have a small church, which, on the Sabbath is well filled by an attentive audience. A flourishing Sabbath school also exists, which is well conducted, and a goodly number of the children attend. however, no elders in this part of the congregation, and but two in the Jerusalem section.

CLARENDON.

This is a new settlement, some miles distant from Nerepis, and contains about 40 families, nine of whom are Presbyterian. Having settled here a few years ago, they are clearing away the forest, endeavouring to make farms in their new home. The road leading to this locality is as yet very rough, scarcely passable with a waggon. They have no schoolhouse or school, no

way office; and seldom see the face of a minister of any religious denomination. Mr. Charles Frazer, Catechist, who has been labouring in Jerusalem and Nerepis since the close of the Hall, with indefatigable zeal, has been visiting them, and will ' doubtless bring their case before the York Presbytery. In the event of a minister being settled in this congregation, they are quite willing to contribute something and receive an occasional supply. It is truly mission ground, and calls loudly for evangelistic labour. Let the readers of the Record who are favoured with a regular dispensation of Gospel ordinances, remember those who are less highly favoured. Let such facts as are here stated draw forth our contributions to the Home Mission Fund, in order that the church may be enabled to cultivate these waste places in our provinces. But above all, forget not in your prayers the toiling missionary as he wends his weary way to such localities as these carrying to perishing souls the Bread of Life.

Within the bounds of this congregation, including mission ground, there are upwards of 70 families. The field is wide and very much scattered, involving a great deal of labour in the way of navel. The congregation is suffering for the want of a pastor, and demands increased activity on the part of the people. The Nerepis section is especially hopeful, and with the blessing of the Great Head of the Church, under the nurturing care of the York Preshytery, accompanied by the settlement of an acceptable minister, we feel confident the whole charge will make rapid progress. The people should be united and harmonious, put forth a determined effort, and: not be too select in the choice of a minis-Not being called upon heretofore to contribute much for the support of ordinances, they will require some educating on this point. They are all comfortable. farmers, and could easily raise 500 dollars per year. If supplemented for a time they would soon reach the Synod's minnimum, and eventually become a flourishing congregation. May the Lord hasten it in his. time. Alfred B. Dickie.

Keligious Intelligence.

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Germany.

We rejoice to note that there is progress in North Germany with regard to evangelical religion. Under the leadership of Prussia, the whole country is awaking to a sense of its great influence in European. politics. National consolidation occupies.

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the first place in the public thought. There is still, however, a deep and widening religious life in Germany. The Bible is diffused and read in the schools and families. Its truths have a strong hold upon the conscience of the people. No hamlet can be found without its parish church, and in most of its ten thousand pulpits the gospel is preached with simplicity and power. There has been manifestly a great advance in popular respect for Christianity. rationalistic teachers, who once held possession of the field of controversy, have been fairly met and routed by the Christian scholars who have put on the armor of the truth during the present generation. There has been a great quickening in reference to evangelistic work, and the time has pased when earnest piety was a reproach in Germany. There is great room for progress. They want deeper earnestness; they want a greater reverence for the Sabbath; they want more zeal in forcing the subject of salvation on the people. And yet in contrast with the past there is great progress; and everything indicates that the work of God will be more pure and thorough in the future.

Earl Dalhousie on Church Extension.

Earl Dalhousie lately laid the foundation stone of a new Free Church near Aberdeen. Among other remarks he well said : "Ladies and gentlemen,—it has been said that the Church is going too fast by some of those who belong to it. It has been said that in being too forward in the way of church extension we have run the risk, and have actually committed the fault, of lowering the stipends of the fixed ministers of congregations. I deny that this has been done to any extent. It may have been done to some small extent; but who shall gainsay church extension !- (hear, hear)-who shall tell me that is a real church which is not a missionary Church? (Hear, hear)-I honour the saying of Dr. Chalmers when he told the people that commerce and religion were conducted on two totally different principles. In commerce the demand must precede the supply; in religion the supply must precede the demand. But it is in vain to tell me that a church can do its duty that does not plant itself in the midst of barren ground –that does not till the ground till it makes it a smiling field, and gathers it into a congregation which did not exist. I am proud to think the Free Church goes on in that work, and I am convinced that, sowing in that manner, Providence will bless the seed, and that the church that sows the seed will reap benefits from the transaction gratifying to all its members, and proving a blessing to the community at large." Our own church is sometimes blamed for multiplying weak charges. It is true that in some cases the bounds of prudence may be passed. But in a living, working church of Christ, the inquiry must be rather how shall we help weak charges, than how can we check their multiplication. We must be bold enough to take up barren ground and till it that it may become a garden of the Lord. Our Synod's Supplementary Fund is intended to solve the difficulty which so often confronts us, of people needing and ardently desiring what they are unable to pay for.

The Colonial Committee of the Irish Presbyterian Church speak highly of the Record of the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces.

CIRCULATION OF THE RECORD :- The following remarks by the Foreign Mission Committee of the Free Church are peculiarly applicable to the circumstances of our church: The committee refer to the importance of keeping the people well informed with respect to the Church's work:

The committee press carnestly and respectfully the importance of making assidnous use of existing methods. The circulation of the Records, with occasional reference to them in the pulpit, and in the prayer - meeting, constitute the leading means for producing on the minds of our people generally the impression that they are embarked in mission work for Christ, in which it is both their privilege and their The larger the place duty to labour. which this work occupies in their thoughts and prayers, the more likely they will be to give liberally for the prosecution of it, and the more thriving will the state of congregations probably become. Acknowledging the enlightened and practical interest shown in the subject by many ministers and congregations, the committee respectfully crave sust ined and renewed attention to it. They believe that much still remains to be done in this department.

Nothing less should be aimed at than having a copy of the Record in every family, and accessible to every member and adherent of the Free Church-a result which should be attainable if energetic means were perseveringly employed; and the committee are persuaded that great results will follow when it shall be thoroughly accomplished.

IRISH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. - A new career of vigorous, aggressive, untrammelied life seems opening up before the Presbyterian Church of Ireland. Recent parliamentary action throws her more fully upon the liberality of the Christian people. This will strengthen her by calling forth all her energies. She has greatly increased within the last twenty-five years. Her missions to the heathen, to the Jews, to the Roman Catholics—her aid to the Colonial Churches, her evangelistic efforts at home and abrond are all most honorable to her zeal and faithfulness. Such a church cannot be injured by any mere political revolution or the withholding of the Regium Doman. We rejoice to see her girding on her armour for renewed and more extensive effort in all her fields of assfulness. She numbers 543 congregations. These contributed about £96,000 during the last year.

Progress in California.—Twenty years ago there was not a Protestant place of worship in all California; now there are 300. There are 60,000 church members, and more than 50,000 Sabbath school children. It is thus that the world is being conquered to Christ.

UNITED PRESENTERIAN MISSIONS.—
The United Presbyterian Church has embarked again in a Jewish Mission. Her first accepted missionary is the son of a rabbi, a Spanish Jew.—The Foreign Mission Committee still call for ten new missionaries, and the announcement is made that 20 would not be refused.—The scene of the Indian Missions of the church has been visited by a protracted and severe famine, followed by Asiatic cholera. Some of the missionaries were attacked by cholera, but recovered.

FREE CHURCH.—Says the Record: It is very cheering to hear how heartily the General Assembly's Call to Prayer is being responded to throughout the Church. The Presbyteries are everywhere agreeing to set aside an hour for worship during their sittings; ministers are remembering the call every Sabbath-day, and pressing on their people the duty of recollecting it in the family and closet; and in many congregations special monthly concerts for prayer have been already established to seek for themselves and others the shower of blessing. We cannot believe for a moment that all this will be in vain. strong desire which has been awakened is surely the precursor of a "time of refreshing;" and considering the urgent need that there is of a revival of God's work, we cannot too earnestly warn such as may hitherto have overlooked the call against the awful risk they run of being "left dry" while all around them are "wet with dew."

Mr. Moody Stuart and Mr. Wilson of the Barchay have been sent by the Commutee on the Conversion of the Jews as a equitation to Prague and to Bohemia, and the same time to visit Pesth. They are to be joined by Mr. Abraham Herschell of London, who addressed last Assembly on our Mission to the Jews. The prayers of the Church are requested on their behalf, that their mission may result in the furtherance of the gospel message, to the Jew first, and also to the Gentile.

A young rabbinical Jew having heard in the heart of Russia that in "Stamboul they preach in the open streets that Jesus is the Messiah," left his home, travelled to Constantinople, devoted himself to the study of the Scriptures, and was publicly baptized on the 19th of April.

News of the Church.

Presbytery of P. E. Island.

This Presbytery met in Queen's Square Church, Charlottetown, on Wednesday the 28th July. Members present: Revds. D. McNeill, Moderator; I. Murray, A. Campbell, A. Munro, A. Cameron, R. Laird, W. R. Frame, A. Falconer, Clerk, and J. G. Cameron, and Messrs. J. Simpson, McNiven, McKenzie, and D. Laird, Elders. Commissions were read and sustained from the Sessions of Richmond Bay East and Summerside, Queen's Square, Charlotte-town, Free Church, Charlottetown, Woodville, Cavendish, and Princetown, appointing Messrs. Roderick McLean, David Laird, Kenneth Henderson, Norman Mc-Kenzie, John Simpson, and James Bearisto, respectively their representative Elders for the current year. Rev. A. Cameron was appointed Moderator for the current year. It was moved and seconded that Rev. A. Falconer be Clerk for the current year. Mr. Falconer decidedly objected to such an appointment, on account of his onerous duties as one of the editors of the Presbyterian. On motion, Rev. R. Laird was appointed. The thanks of the Presbytery were very cordially given to Mr. Falconer for the impartial and very efficient discharge of his duties as Clerk for several

From the Free Church congregation, Charlottetown, Mr. George Walker presented papers in reference to steps taken to secure a pastor, with the request that the Presbytery appoint one of its number to moderate in a call, and appointing Mr. Walker commissioner to appear before Presbytery. After due inquiry, the moderation was granted, and Rev. A. Munro was appointed to preach in the church, and moderate in a call on Thursday, the 12th August, at 7½ o'clock, p. m., Rev. J. Allan to give intimation to the congregation on Sabbath first.

Rev. R. Laird having asked instructions relating to the colportage business, the Presbytery agreed to accept an offer made by Mr. D. Laird to conduct the business under the direction of Presbytery; and the agent was directed to transfer the books to him as soon as convenient.

The Presbytery adjourned to meet at Brown's Creek for the visitation of the congregation, on the third Wednesday of

September, at 11 o'clock.

Presbytery of St. John.

This Court met at St. John Church, Moneton, on Wednesday, the 4th instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m. Present: Rev. J. D. Murray, Moderator; Revs. James Bennet, Lewis Jack, James Gray, Samuel Houston, and N. M. Kny, Ministers. The minutes of previous meetings having been read and approved, the Rev. James Gray was unanimously elected Moderator for the current year. A Commission from the Session of Calvin Church, in favour of Mr. Alexander Stewart, as ruling elder from said Church, was presented, read and sustained. McKay reported that on the second Sabbath of July, in the absence of Mr. Watt, he had preached in Carleton Presbyterian Church at 3 o'clock, and intimated to the congregation that on the 22d of said month, Rev. Mr. Houston would preach at 7 o'clock, p. m., and moderate in a call. Rev. Mr. Houston reported that he had preached as appointed at Carleton, and moderated in a call which came out in favour of Mr. Alfred Dickie, preacher. Mr. Houston laid the call upon the table The call of the Presbytery duly certified. was sustained and ordered to be sent to Mr. Dickie for his consideration. ministers in St. John were appointed a committee to forrespond with Rev. Mr. Christie, and to arrange with him in order to the visitation of the congregations within the bounds of this a reconstruction of Synod. The in the bounds of this Presbytery, in the cording to instructions of Synod. The next ordinary invering of Presbytery was appointed to take place in St. John on the 2d Wednesday of September, at 11, p. m. The Presbytery then adjourned to meet for the visitation of the Moneton congregation the same evening at 71 o'clock.

At 72 o'clock the Presbytery met accordingly, and after sermon by the Rev. Samuel Houston from Rom. vi. 23, was consti-

tuted as above.

The office-bearers being called for, there appeared the Rev. J. D. Murray, pastor, Messrs. Wier and McAllister, elders, and Messrs. McWilliams, Matthews, McKenzie, Sleeth, McCurdy, and Robb, and the two elders above named, committee of management. The prescribed formula of ques- l

tions was then put to each class of officebearers respectively, and were very promptly and satisfactorily answered. bytery taking the whole state of this charge into their consideration, found as follows:

"In view of the statements now presented, the Presbytery find that this congregation has made very satisfactory progress since the settlement of the present Pastor, and that the state of the congregation spiritually and financially reflects much credit upon the Pastor, the Elders, the Managing Committee and the whole con-

gregation.

This people have promptly met their obligations to the Paster, and have paid off one half of the debt on the Church during the last year. There remains a debt of only \$275, and it is expected that \$100 of this sum will be raised within a month. is fully expected that in another year the whole debt will be paid, and that the congregation will then be able so to increase their pastor's salary that all supplementary aid may be dispensed with.

Mr. McKay reported that he had made arrangements for visiting Richibucto and Bass River congregations on Sabbath and Monday next, and asked the Presbytery to arrange for the supply of his pulpit for next Sabbath. The Rev. J. K. Bearist and asked the Presbytery to arrange appointed to comply St. Davide Church was appointed to supply St. David's Church

on that day.

The Presbytery then adjourned to meet in St. David's Church, St. John, on the second Wednesday of September next at 1} o'clock, p. m.

Presbytery of York.

This Presbytery held several meetings during Synod. Rev. Alex. Stirling tendered his demission of the congregation of Fredericton, Rev. Samuel Bernard was chosen moderator for the current year, and Rev. Samuel Johnson clerk. Mr. Alfred Dickie was appointed to supply the congregation of Jerusalem and Nerepis the first two Sabbaths of June, and afterward Fred ericton until next meeting of Presbytery.

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Presbytery again met at Fredericton on the 6th August; present, Revs. S. Bernard, Moderator, S. Johnson, and J. Salmon, and A. Moody, D. S. Blair, and Dr. Simpson, elders. Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Rev. Alex. Stirling being present was invited to take his seat asa corresponding member.-Read a report of Mr. A. Dickie's labours at Jerusalem and Also a re-Nerepis, which was approved. port of twelve weeks' labour performed by Mr. Charles Fraser in the Jerusalem and Nerepis congregation which was approved and ordered to be transmitted to the Home Mission Board. A call was then read from the Mission Station of Southampton to the

Rev. Charles G. Glass, and also an accomnauving paper asking that he be inducted over them at the earliest possible date. Agreed that the matter be postponed indefinitely, and that in the meantime the elerk be appointed to visit Southampton and report at next meeting. Moderation in a call was then asked for through Mr. Stirling from the congregation of Jerusalem and Nerepis, which for the present was not granted. Mr. Charles Fraser was then examined and certified to the Theological Hall. Mr. Bearisto declined the call from Prince William. Mr. Dickie was appointed to continue his labours at Fredericton antil end of August. Mr. Fraser was appointed to labour between the two congre-gations of Woodstock and Richmond and Prince William until the Hall opens. Rev. Alexander Stirling was appointed to supply Prince William for a time. Adjourned to meet again at Glassville on the first Wednesday of October.

Presbytery of Halifax.

The Presbytery of Halifax met on Wednesday, 11th August, and was constituted by Rev. Edward A. McCurdy, Moderator, hesides whom there were present, Revs. Dr. King, John Cameron, William Maxwell, Alexander Stuart, Professor McKnight, Allan Simpsoa, John Forrest, John B. Logan, Archibald Glendinning, John M. McLeod. Commissions were read and sustained from the Kirk Sessions of Chalmers' Church, St. John's Church, Halifax, Kentville, and Porter's Lake, appointing William Garvie, James Farqulaav, George A. Blanchard, and Chas. Taylor, Esqs., respectively to represent them in Presbytery and Synod during the current year. Messrs. Garvie and Taylor being present took their seats as members of Presbytery.

Rev. John Forrest was appointed to preach and moderate in a call to Rev. Alexander Falconer, in St. James' Church, Dartmouth, on the 19th August, at 7 c'clock

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The Clerk reported that he had preached and moderated in a call in the congregation of Kempt and Walton—that the call was very cordial and harmonious, and was in favour of Mr. Edward Grant—that it was signed by forty-three members and seventy adherents, and that the salary offered for the first year, is \$575, quarterly in advance, and that as soon as possible they intend to provide a manse for their minister. On motion it was agreed to sustain the call as a regular gospel call, and proceed with it seconding to the rules of the church.

Rev. John Cameron asked and obtained leave of absence from his congregation for right weeks from the first of September. Rev. Mr. Duff reported that he had moderated in a call to Rev. E. McNab from the congregation of Mahone Bay—that it was signed by forty-three members and adherents, and was very harmonious. This call having been sustained by the Presbytery and accepted by Mr. McNab, his induction was appointed to take place at Mahone Bay on 25th August. Rev. Peter M. Morrison to preach, Rev. William Duff to address the people, and Rev. Donald McMillan the minister.

The Presbytery then adjourned to mret at Mahone Bay on Wednesday, 25th Au-

J. McLEOD, Phy. Clerk.

Presbytery of Pictou.

The Presbytery of Pictou met in New Glasgow on the 3rd inst., and was constituted by the Rev. George Patterson, moderator pro tem., with whom were present the Revs. Dr. Roy, Geo. Walker, Dr. Bayne, A. P. Miller, D. B. Bhair, John Mackinnon, Alex. Ross, K. J. Grant and A. J. Mowitt, ministers; and Messrs. Roderick McGregor, John Miller, Wm. Morton. Peter Ross, Alex. Grant, and Hugh Gunn, ruling elders. The minutes of last meeting were read and sustained. It was agreed that the names of the Revs. John Stewart and J. B. Watt be removed from the roll, and that the Revs. Dr. Roy and D. B. Blair be appointed a committee to draw out a minute in reference to Mr. Stewart's long services as a minister of the gospel, to be placed on the Records of Presbytery.

Commissions were read from the sessions of Salem Church, John Knox's Church, Knox's Church, Sharon Church, James' Church, and East Branch East River, appointing, as their respective representative elders in Presbyteries and in Synod during the ensuing year, Messis. Charles Fraser, James Davison, Alex. Murray, Jos. Fraser, John Miller and Alex. Grant—sustained and their names added to the roll. The Rev. D. B. Blair reported that his session had appointed Mr. Peter Ross, and the Rev. Alex. Ross reported that the session of Earltown, West Branch River John, had appointed Mr. Hugh Gunn to be their representative elders in Presbytery and in Synod during the ensuing year. Their reports were sustained and the names of their elders added to the roll.

The Revs. Wm. Forlong and J. B. Watt being present, were invited to sit as corresponding members. The Rev. J. B. Watt asked for a Presbyterial certificate and an extract of his ordination and induction, which were accordingly granted.

Read reports from the Rev. Wm. Forlong, and from Mr. Edward Grant, of missionary

labour performed within the bounds of Presbytery, which were approved.

The Roy. George Roddick having arrived at this stage of the proceedings, took the moderator's chair.

The clerk was instructed to notify Messrs. Wm. Ross and Alex. Pollock, students receiving the "Mackenzie Bursary," to be present at the next meeting of Presbytery for examination.

It was agreed that since the Synod have appointed the Rev. D. B. Blair to visit Cane Breton in behalf of the Supplemental Fund, that the clerk be instructed to ask the Home Mission Board to send a probationer to supply his pulpit during his ab-It was also agreed that his pulpit be supplied on the first and second Sabbaths of August. Mr. Isaac S. Thompson, student, applied to be certified to the Divinity Hall. He presented a certificate of church membership from the session of Sharon Church, and also a Diploma of B. A. from Dalhousie College, and having satisfied the Presbytery as to his motives and desires in seeking to study for the gespel ministry, he was accordingly certified.

The Revs. Alexander Ross and John Mackinnon reported that they had, according to appointment, dispensed the sacrament of the Lord's Supper both in Earltown Church and in John Knox's Church, New Glasgow. Their report was approved and their diligence highly commended.

The following supply of preaching was made:-

To John Knox's Church, New Glasgow— Rev. Mr. Forlong, 2nd and 3rd Sabbaths of August; Rev. Dr. Roy, 4th Sabbath, afternoon; Rev. Mr. Patterson, 5th Sabbath, 62 P.M.; Mr. Burgess, 1st Sabbath of September.

To Wine Harbour and Goldenville-Mr. Samuel Archibald, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th Sabbaths of August.

To Earltown and West Branch River John

Rev. Simon Fraser, 3rd, 4th and 5th
Sabbaths of August.

To Little Harbour and Fisher's Grant— Mr. Edward Grant, 2nd Sabbath of August; Mr. Howard Archibald, 3rd, 4th and 5th Sabbaths of August.

To Caledonia—Mr. Howard Archibald, 2nd Sabbath of August; Rev. J. T. Forbes, 5th Sabbath of August.

To Glenelg-Rev. John Campbell, 4th Sabbath of August.

It was agreed that the next meeting of Presbytery be held in James Church, New Glasgow, on the first Tuesday of September, (7th) at 11 a.m., for ordinary business.

JOHN MACKINNON, Clerk.

BRIDGETOWN.—The Presbyterians of Bridgetown have resolved to build a brick church in that town. They have the plans and specifications ready, but the building is not to be commenced till next spring. The congregation is small; but though weak in numbers it is strong in liberality and zeal. They will require aid in building their church, but they will not ask aid until they first show that they have themselvedone all in their power.

BEDFORD.—A very neat Presbyterian church is now in course of erection at Bedford. It will probably be open for worship before winter sets in. The services at Bedford are largely attended—the schoolhouse in which they are held being generally filled to excess. The new building will be a great comfort and convenience in all seasons of the year.

MOUNT UNIACKE.—This is one of the stations regularly supplied by the Preshtery of Halifax. A very comfortable hall, built by the Orangemen of the place, is freely given for our services. The people attend numerously and contribute liberally.

WOODSTOCK AND RICHMOND, N. B.— The two congregations here adhering to the Kirk and Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces, are now endeavouring to effect a union among themselves. Should the movement be successful, there will then be two large Presbyterian congregations and two ministers of the respective bodies.

DIGBY GUT.—The Lord's Supper was celebrated by the Presbyterians here in June. Rev. D. S. Gordon presided. Eight members were admitted besides three from other denominations, who sat with them. We trust that the little flock may be nortured and increase.

YORK PRESBYTERY.—There are now four vacant congregations in this small Presbytery, viz., Jerusalem and Neropis, Fredericton, Prince William, and Woodstock and Richmond. There are also sommission stations, which, if nurtured, would grow.

IN MEMORIAM.

"The Rightcous shall be in everlasting remembrance."

The Rev. Angus MacGillivrar was born December 25th, 1792, at Balnacanich, Aberealder, in Invernessshire, Sewland. From the Gælic-English school of his native village he was sent about the beginning of 1804 to the grammar school in Inverness. His general character as

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boy is reflected in the remark of a neighbour of the family when tidings reached his native village that Angus MacGillivray was a minister in America. I always thought, said the old man, that he would come to something like that. In 1805, his father, Malcolm McGillivray, came out with his family to this country, in the ship "Annie Cook," Cook captain, bound from Greenock to Pictou. He settled at Middle River on the farm now owned by Mr John MacGillivray. As the education of the older sons was superior to that of the other settlers generally, two of them-first John. a younger brother, and afterwards Angus -were induced to teach schools. Angus followed school-teaching as his studying permitted up till the date of his licensure. After a few years' employment, he went to the Pictou Grammar School (the academy was not then in existence), with the inten-tion of studying one or two branches which the interest of his calling required. Here he attracted the attention of the late Dr. McCulloch, who was always on the alert in the interests of the church, and who urged him to prosecute his studies with a view to the ministry. This was a higher aim than he had contemplated, and, not thinking that he possessed the gifts which such a work in his judgment required, he, for a long time, declined. He, however, consented to prosecute his studies beyond his original attention. Afterwards, as the result shows, he followed the doctor's coun-After the usual studies, he was licensed to preach the glorious Gospel of the blessed God by the Presbytery of Picton, in 1824, and on September 1st of the same year was ordained and inducted into the pastoral charge of the congregation of East Branch, (Upper Settlement,) West Branch, and Middle River. A call from Pugwash (then called Ramseg) and Wallace Shore to which he was personally more favorably inclined, was discouraged, or declined, mainly e believe out of deference to the wishes and counsels of Dr. McGregor. At the date of his settlement, East Branch was to have one half of his services and the remaining sections the other half. ter a number of years he was freed by Presbytery from the obligations to preach at Middle River, and his congregation was reported in the statistical tables as Upper Settlement, Churchville, and West Branch. This charge was still very extensive and laborious, and about 1854 West Branch was struck off and formed into a separate congregation. About the same time a central meeting-house was creeted at Spring-

ville and preaching discontinued at Church-ville.

The ministerial labour required in such a charge as was committed to him, and the difficulties and discouragements in the way of the faithful and persevering discharge of duty, were such as no one can form a definite idea of who has not had personal experience in such a field, or been the com-panion in tribulation of such a one. The labour connected with the preaching was increased by the necessity of regularly maintaining services in both the Galic and English languages. The family visitation alone as he performed it, and as the result in the universal observances of family ordinances shows it to have been performed, was enough for two or three men. His labour was still fur er increased on account of the extent of the Presbytery and the paucity of Galic-speaking ministers. He made it a strict matter of conscience to keep every appointment, at home or abroad, and very few failures (through sickness and the utterly impassable state of the roads) can be reported from the whole course of his ministry. Notwithstanding all the other claims on his time and energies, he did not excuse himself from attendance on Presbytery or Synod meetings. Until within the last few years of his public ministry, when the infirmities of age pressed heavily on him, we believe his seat was never vacant.

Difficulties and annoyance from inadequate support, impunctually and irregularly contributed, continued up to the close of his ministry. Though compelled to rely in a large measure on a farm for the means of support for his family, his soul was bound up in his congregation. was affected by its condition as if it were a part of himself, and sought to hide its shortcomings towards himself from the church at large as if they were his own. When matters progressed harmoniously there, he was cheerful and happy. anything occurred to disturb its harmony, hinder the progress of the cause in it, or his own friendly intercourse with any of its active members, it preyed upon him. Though physically strong and full of energy for the work of his Master, his temperament was such that trouble in which in any way he was personally or officially concerned, took a deep hold of him. Besides by the very thoroughness of his devotion to his congregation, he placed himself all the more at its mercy. Accordingly when, after the labours and trials of 30 years of ministerial life were already beginning to tell on a naturally strong constirution, and domestic affliction resulting in the death of two of the older members of his family within six weeks in the autumn of 1856, sorely tried his affectionate heart, unusual and unexpected trouble arose and continued for a considerable time, he seemed almost at once to become an old The bright, cheerful eye remained, for it was fed from a fountain from which earthly trouble cannot cut off the supply, and the kindly expression of his countenance which was always so marked as to arrest the attention of all who saw him, increased with the mellowing influence upon his heart of that communion with the Unseen and the Eternal on which he was now all the more thrown back for support and comfort; but the elasticity of former years was gone. Only on occasions would indications of his former buoyancy manifest itself. He had indeed the deep sympathies of his brethren in the Presbytery, and of the great body of the congregations; but when will congregations thoroughly awake to the fact that sympathy without the discharge of those duties which the pastoral relation necessarily imposes, especially in churches such as ours in which the minister's peace and comfort are placed in so large a measure in their hands, atterly fail in imparting that support which the hour of trial and the trials of ministerial life generally call for. He still, however, continued to discharge his ministerial duties as in previous years, visiting and catechizing his whole congregation in alternate years, attending prayer-meetings and Bible classes, and as far as possible attending church courts. This continuance in the discharge of his duties as in the past in his trying circumstances and failing health, and especially in view of the growing failure of his people to fulfil their obligations to him, was a matter of oft-expressed astonishment on the part of his brethren in the Presbytery. In public and private they often a knowledged: We did not expect it of him, and we have come, or gone, time after time to his congregation saying among ourselves, there must be some growing disregard of duty of visiting or catechizing, of maintaining prayer-meetings or Sabbath schools; but no, there is not one of our congregation, so far as circumstances permit where all these matters are more taithfully attended to. But, for the secret of such abounding in the work of the Lord, we have not far to go. He expressed it himself in his oft-repeated remark in private: "If it was not for the Master's sake whom I serve I think I would do no more." His was the service of the unseen; and as he was more and more driven from the comparatively unfruitful regard and sympathy of those among whom he labored, to communion with the Master whom he loved and trusted, the greatness of the claims of that service came more and more forcibly home to him. He felt therefore he could not relax so long as he professed to occupy the ground. The work was, however, be-

yond his strength, and with the accidents to which his increasing infirmities rendered him more liable, only hastened the end.

About the beginning of 1862 he came before the Presbytery acknowledging his inability to discharge as heretofore the pastoral work of the congregation. He must either resign altogether, or some other arrangement be made relieving him from part of the work. The Presbytery had all along been urging the congregation to a more Christian discharge of its obligations; and while waiting its action this year relieved him from the obligation of visiting the families generally. During summer or autumn he was laid up for several weeks by an attack of sciatica, the Presbytery kindly supplying his pulpit. In 1863 he was still farther relieved from public duty, and his salary fixed at £50. The congregation were now to apply to Presbytery for supplemental service from probationers with the view to securing an assistant. But in the spring of 1864, in accordance with the advice of a deputation from Presbytery, sent to examine into the state of affairs, he sent in his demission accompanied by a statement of arrears for the last few years, which was accepted after the meeting of Synod, to take effect the first of September, the 40th anniversary of his ordination. It is due to the congregation to state that they agreed to grant a retiring allowance, and by the efforts of Presbytery, instead of an annual contribution, £100 were in the course of the year secured for this object. He was now relieved from the formal charge of the congregation, and with beneficial results to his health; but his heart was still in the work, and although he did not after this date preach very often, either at home or abroad, he continued to attend prayer-meetings and visit the sick as occasion required. To many, particularly the aged, he was still "the minister," and when sent for by them often went at great inconvenience and risk. "The week of Prayer" was something in which from the first he took a special interest; and notwithstanding the inclement season of the year at which it occurs he continued to attend its meetings in the different sections of the congregation.

From the date of the attack of sciatics in 1862 he had scarcely a day of freedom from Rheumatic pains. Head and body were assailed by this torturing disease.

At the usual family gathering at the beginning of the present year, it was observed that he was thinner in fiesh than ever hefore; and it was painfully evident that causes were at work which, unless soon checked, would result in his speedy removal from us. Through the winter he often spoke of experiencing an unusual sensation about his heart, and acute pain

in his side. A medical examination in April resulted in the discovery of a tumor in the stomach. Rapidly it grew and did its work. His sufferings were constant and often exeruciating, but he never repined. He saw the end was approaching, and girded himself for it. Ever diligent in urging his people to preparation for death and judgment, although speaking was discressful and painful, when not utterly prostrated with pain and weakness, he was now still more pressing. Few were permitted to leave him without admonition or bless-

One of his chief sources of pleasure throughout life was the company of his brethren in the ministry. It was a source of satisfaction to him in his last illness that with none of them had he ever "a falling out by the way." For a time he spoke of the nearness of Synod this year, and hoped to be able once more to meet with them; but he could only send his earnest request to be remembered by them in prayer. He was refreshed by the tidings of their kind remembrance of him, and fre-

quent petitions on his behalf.

During the week of Synod, on Friday night, he had an unusually severe attack of pain, and never after seemed able to realize that he was at home. At times when his mind wandered on this subject, he was greatly troubled about how he was to meet his expenses and that of so many of the family as he saw about him, particularly as he remembered that the arrears due him from the congregation were not being paid in, and he felt he could not now rely on them. But he readily submitted his mind to be led to other topics; too often, however, to return to the same distressing subject. On such occasions he used to ask if the Synod had done anything at its meeting for aged ministers.

As the discase advanced speaking became more difficult; and sometimes as he lay in silence his countenance lighted up with a glow which lent it more than the freshness of health, and which, notwithstanding the severity of his sufferings, continued for hours. But he began to long for the end. He was never in the habit of talking much of his own inward experience, or giving expression to the doubts and fears or hopes which he may have entertained. He did not incline to do so in his last illness. But occasionally his state of mind found expression in passages of Scripture or quotations from the metrical version of the psalms or from the paraphrases. One one occasion, about a fortnight before his death, after his mind was turned away from that oft recurring subject of anxiety above referred to, to God's goodness and care in the past, and his promises covering the whole future, he

fully assented. Then after a brief silence slowly from the difficulty of speaking, and abstractedly and solemnly, as if away in the very Presence Chamber, he repeated the verses.—

"Great God! afflict not in Thy wrath The short allotted span, That bounds the few and weary days Of pilgrimage to man.

O do not cast me off, when as Old age doth overtake me; And when my strength decayed is, Then do not Thou forsake me.

Oh may the grave become to me The bed of peaceful rest, Whence I shall gladly rise at length, And mingle with the blest!

Cheered by this hope, with patient mind, I'll wait Heaven's high decree, I'll the appointed period come, When death shall let me free."

On the evening of Tuesday, July 20th, at half-past eight o'clock, the summons at last came, and the wearied spirit was freed to join the ransomed souls that await in glory the resurrection morning. His remains were carried forth to "the bed of peaceful rest," followed by a company extending along for three quarters of a mile.

Rev. Dr. Roy, New Glasgow, speaking as one who knew him for nearly 40 years. and a brother Presbyter for over 30 years, at the close of his forenoon sermon to the Springville congregation on the following Lord's day, sketched the leading features in the character of the man and the minister, kind and obliging, gentle and peaceable, cheerful and affable, humble and unassuming, diligent, earnest, prompt, and in the interests of his Master fearless. His preaching was grave, carnest, simple, evangelical, and perseveringly doctrinal. Regarding the minister as the messenger of God, with the word of reconciliation, levity in the pulpit and that wisdom of words which tended to interfere with the efficacy of the cross, grieved him. As a pastor he was active, faithful and prudent. In this work he excelled. His visits to the family and sickbed were longed for. He was a valuable, practical, Christian counsellor. He sought the peace of the church. He was a friend of Union, and his services were always attended, and his friendship sought by the members of the other branch of the Presbyterian church in the community. He cherished a deep respect for religious ordinances, and carnestly recommended them to others, particularly the young. Now that he has been called to his account and reward, let us examine ourselves and prepare. The summons of the servant home should lead both his brethren and his people to deep searchings of heart. With this summary of the venerable doctor's remarks we close our article In Memorian.

LOCALITY OF CONGREGATION. NAME OF PASTOR	Length and Breadth of Con. in m;les. No. of adherents, including children. No. of families. No. of churches. No. of syttings in these. No. preach'g stations. Average attendance in churches & stations.
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PRESBYTERY OF TATAMAGOUCHE.

3 Wallace, 4 Goose River & Shinnnicas,	James Watson, John Munro, W. S. Darragh, H. B. Mackay,	7 x 11 566 90 1 12 x 3 70 15 1 30 x 10 651 111 4 50 x 20 400 47 1 7 x 7 680 130 1	1 300 7 200
	· H. B. Mackay, Thomas Sedgwick,	7 x 7 680 130 1 10 x 6 1000 160 2	

PRESBYTERY OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

1 Bedeque,	R. S. Patterson,	.10 x 101 6001 901 11 8604 51 300
2; Strathalbyn,	Alexander Campbell,	13 x 8 1000 200 1 530 1 420
3 Covehead.	James Alfan,	
4 Cavendish & N. Glasgow,	Isaac Murray.	10 × 10 400 96 2 850 3 300
5 Brown's Creek,	Alexander Munro.	12 x 5 1260 150, 2, 600 4, 750
6 St. Peter's Bay,	Henry Crawford,	1 9 x 5 432 92 2 700 1 310 16 x 5 420 90 3 600 350
7 Bay Fortune, }		
	Allan Fraser,	20 x 5 820 150 2 600 2 500
9. Woodville & Little Sands.		18 x 7 822 137 2 600 300
10 N. New London and Sum-		15 x 11 640 110 2 580 400
11 Princetown, [merticld.		$ 10 \times 10 912 150, 1 550 2 500$
12 West River & Brookfield,		
13 Dundas, [merside,	Allan McLean,	$7 \times 6 \mid 300 \mid 63 \mid 1 \mid 250 \mid 3 \mid 200$
14 Richmond Bay E. & Sum-		10 x 4 450 90 2 550 450 10 x 2 350 57 2 650 280 30 x 15 529 95 2 400 5 350
15 Charlottetown, Queen Sq.	Alexander Falconer,	10 x 2 350 57 2 650 280
16 W. Point, Campt'n & Brae		30 x 15 529 95 2 400 5 350
17 Tryon and Bonshaw,	John G. Cameron,	20 x 5 500 100 2 420 3 250
18! West St. Peter's,	Vacant,	14 x 5 500 90 2 550 400
19, Free Ch., Charlottetown,	Vacant.	City. 40 1 500 2
20 Murray Harbor,*	Stephen G. Lawson,	13 x 15 580 116 3 1000 7
21 N. London S., & Granville		10 x 6 500 100 2 550 350
22 Richmond Bay West,*	Robert Cumming,	14 x 8 300 25 2 380 2 250

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I Maitland and Nocl, 1st,	T. S. Crow & J. MeLellau,	130	850i	140	4:1300, 6, 500
2 Stewiacke,	James Smith, D. D.	6xT	750	150	1 1000, 2 400
3 Onslow,	J. I. Baxter,	11 x 9	700	125	3 900 350
4 Truro,	W. McCulloch, D. D.	18 x 7	1190	240	1 1350 7 1200
5 Clifton,	J. Byers,	15×4	900	140	3 900 1 400
6 Upper Londonderry,	E. Ross,	10×8	7221	120	3 900 600
7 Lower Londonderry,	A. L. Wyllie,	13 x 8:	1166		3 1700 2 900
8 Economy & Five Islands,	J. McG. McKay,	18 x 5	850		2 850 1 560
9 Maitland and Nock 2nd,	J. Currie.	25	685	126	2 600 5 700
10 Parrsboro' and Maccan,	D. McKinnon,	124×20		50l	3 200, 5: 100
11 M. Stewiacke & Brookfield	J. D. McGillivray,	16 x 9	771	135	2 800 3 405
12 Acadia,	D. Stewart,	17 x 3	210	42	2 800 3 405 2 300 1 100
13 Springside,	J. Sinclair,	9×8	600	100	1 700 450

^{*} These Congregations recently settled.

No. of baptisms. No. communicants. No. accessions. No. removals. No. of Elders. Sabbath.	Communion services	Sabbath schools. teachers. pupils.	s. in Library.	week. verageattendanceat each. ble classes.	Attendance at do.
No. a No. a No. a Sa Sa	Comi Fami	No. 1	Vols. in	Avera eacl Bible	Atter No. o

PRESBYTERY OF TATAMAGOUCHE.

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15 114 11 25 7	3	3	one-half.	5 12	110	250	3	20	4 50	17	3
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25 200 12 7 6	3	2	l	4125	200	300	3	55;	1 100	6	6

PRESBYTERY OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

10 130 3 11 6 2—3 20 63 5 1 4 2		3 8 60 120 5 10 100 150		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
12 127 7 3 9 2 26 65 4 4 4 2—3	2 50 1 nearly all.		. 21 65	50 4 4 13 5
14 124 4 5 8 2 16 112 2 3 5 3 18 218 12 6 9 2	2 25 2 20 3 65	4 16 100 200 2 6 40 100 4 20 100		$egin{array}{c c c} 25 & 7 & 6 \ 25 & 6 & 7 \ 60 & 7 & 8 \ \hline \end{array}$
35 54 4 5 6 2 19 109 8 2 6 2	1 70 3 40	3 7 64 139 2 5 50 100	2 50 2	60 7 9
14 40 3 2 2-3	1 nearly all.	2, 2, 40	1	5 13
19 228 16 10; 6; 2; 9; 73 13; 3; 4; 3; 17; 103; 4; 9; 6; 2;		2 9 100 200 2 9 80 250 5 50 100	1 25	60 11 :14 5 15 30 4 16
41 47 14 4 2 2 - 3 3 140 2 10 2 3 60 6 4 9	240	3 16 125 220 2 6 40	. 5	28 10 17
3 30 3 10 3 12 32 2 4 10 110 7 7 2	1 majority.	1 4 40 250 2 4 30 80	5 2	40 6 21 5 22
18 218 12 6' 9 2 35 54 4 5 6 2 19 109 8 2 6 2 16 291 6.11 7 2 14 40 3 2,2—3 19 228 16 10 6' 2 9 73 13 3 4 3 17 103 4 9 6 2 9 17 103 4 9 6 2 9 41 47 14 4 2,2—3 3 140 2 10 2 2 60 6 4 2 3 80 3 10 3 12 32 2 4	3 65 1 70 3 40 2 60 1 nearly all. 2 45 3 20 3 2 40 1 good. 1 majority.	4 20 100 3 7 64 139 2 5 50 100 6 22 165 550 2 2 40 2 9 100 200 2 9 80 250 5 50 100 3 16 125 220 2 6 40 4 250 1 4 40	. 4 25 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 2 1 30 5 5 1 25 2 3 20 2 5 1 30 1 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	60 7 8 60 7 9 60 5 10 100 3 11 5 13 60 11 14 5 15 30 4 16 28 10 17 5 18 30 9 19 30 9 19 40 6 21

6 234; 3 2 12 43 15017; 4 8 9 207; 4 4 8 32 352 40 10 13 11 140 10 3 6; 13; 180 14; 3, 8;	222222	325334	79 165 80 130 40	5 12 2 10 6 18 6 33 2 7 1 5	24 130 190 290 500 70 200 50	variable. 2 41 21 1	1 16 35 1 120 3 210 35 2 20 45 1 38	12 5 12 11 7 5	1 2 3 4 5 6
44! 285 19 8 13 15 230 4 4 12 26 166 12 2 6 17 72 2 6 12 217 7 8 7 5 57 4 4 2 13 183 20 4 9	2222222	4433432	118 60 66 20 85	4 27 3 13 3 19 1 3 5 19 2 4 25	30 100 136 170	2 2 1 2 1 2 1 4	55 2 55 25 1 20 40 8 125 20	10 7 7 8 5 5	8 9 10 11 12 13

LOCALITY OF CONGREGATION.	ethod of raising sti-	payment.	nnual value of manse and glebe.	pplement received.	bt on Corional prope	nlance due the pas- tor.
	Met	Ter p	Amı	Sup	Deb	E S

PRESBYTERY OF TATAMAGOUCHE.

1 New Annan,	IP. R. & V. sub.	Cash quarterly.	1540	1	IS100	1840
2 Wentworth,	Voluntary sub.	Cash annually.				
3 Wallace,	Sub. and col.	Cash & produce.				
4 Goose River & Shinimicas, 5 River John, 6 Tatamagouche,	Subscription.	Cash quarterly.	60			

PRESBYTERY OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

	Bedeque,	P. R. and sub.	Cash half-yearly.		 	1	!S40
2	Strathalbyn,	Subscription.	Half-yearly.	 \$66			[
3	Covehead,	.			l	l <i>.</i>	l
4	Cavendish & N. Glasgow.	P. R. and sub.	Half-vearly.	12	!	 \$125	l
5	Brown's Creek,	P. R. and sub.	Cash yearly.	' 66 GG		433 33	60
6'	St. Peter's Bay,	Voluntary sub.	Cash half-yearly.	1	i		
71	Bay Fortune,	Voluntary sub.	Cash half yearly.		l		30
8	Alberton and Tignish.	Subscription.	Cash quarterly.	[·	
9	Woodville & Little Sands,	P. R. and sub.	Cash half-yearly.	60	\$80		1128
10	N. New London and Sum-	P. R. & V. sub.	Cash half-yearly.				167
11	Princetown, [merfield.	Voluntary ack.	Cash in advance.	10	l		
12	West River & Brookfield.						
131	Dundas. merside.	Subscription.	! . <i>.</i>	!	100	1	l
14	Richmond Bay E. & Sum-	P. R. & V. sub.	Cash half-vearly.	l '		l '	53 33
15	Charlottetown, Queen Sq.	P. R. and sub.	Cash quarterly.			l	
761	W. Point, Campt'n & Brae	Subscription.	Cash anarterly,		$173 \ 33$	70	273 48
17	Tryon and Bonshaw,	Voluntary sub.	Cash half-yearly.		100		100
18	West St. Peter's,	Voluntary sub				500	
19	Free Ch., Charlottetown,	P. R. and sub.	Cash quarterly,	43 33		1333	
20	Tryon and Bonshaw, West St. Peter's, Free Ch., Charlottetown, Murray Harbor, N. London S. & Granville.	Subscription.	Half-vearly.	50	!		
21	N. London S. & Granville.	Pew Rent.	Cash half-yearly.	50			
.22	Richmond Bay West,						

1	Maitland and Noel, 1st,	Subscription,	Cash weekly,	1			685 87
2	Stewiacke,	Subscription,	Cash quarterly,]		·	\$88
3	Onslow,	Subscription,	'Cash half-yearly,	l		\$300	
		Subscription,	(Cash quarterly,	\$40	1	140	
5	Clifton,	Subscription,		16		800	267
	Upper Londonderry,	Subscription,	Cash half-yearly,	40			
7	Lower Londonderry,	Subscription,	Cash quarterly,	l		420	l
	Economy & Five Islands,	Subscription,	Cash quarterly,				
9	Maitland and Noel, 2d,	Subscription,					
10	Parrsboro' and Maccan,	Subscription,	Cash quarterly,		\$80		יטוג וכן
11	M. Stewiacke & Brookfield	Subscription,	(Cash qtly, in adv.				3 400
12	Acadia,				100	800	1 100
13	Springside,	Subscription.	Cash audrterly			. 700	[40U

STATISTICS OF SYNOD.

Stipend promis Stipend paid. Widow's Fund. Synod Pund. Synod Pund. Ministerial edu. Home Missions. Produce. Produce. Produce. Total. Total.

PRESBYTERY OF TATAMAGOUCHE.

\$360	\$340	J \$4	1	\$8	\$8	\$10		\$4 11 _j 1
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PRESBYTERY OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

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LOCALITY OF CONGREGATION. NAME OF PASTOR.	Length and breadth of Con. in miles. No. of adherents, including children. No. of families. No. of churches. No. of sittings in these. No. of sittings in these. No. preach'g stations. Average attendance in churches & stations.
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PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU.

_					
1	New Glasgow,	David Roy,	9 x 6	1 8241	148 1 800 550
2	do.	J. Stewart & J. B. Watt,	14 x 7	550	115 1 500 1 350
3	Sherbrooke,	John Campbell,	14 x 2	650	100 1 400 2 450
4	New Glasgow,	George Walker,	6 x 6	l l	76 1 420 340
5	Pictou and vicinity,	James Bayne, D.D.	5 x 5	824	163 1 750 2 600
6	French River,	A. P. Miller,	8 x 8	400	45 2 320 300
7	Scotsburn and Saltsprings	Alex. Sutherland,	25 x 8	400	65 2 850 . 350 90 2 550 . 300
8	Blue Mountain,	D. B. Blair,	12 x 8	500	
.9	Barney's River,	i	10×8	400	70 1 330 200
10		George Patterson,	10 x 7	600	100 2 900 . 503
11		James Thompson,	8×10		85 1 600 . 300
12			10×10		130 2 1150 2 400
13		John McKinnon,	8 x 8		120 1 800 : 600
14		Alex. Ross,	16 x 12		130 2 700 600
15		K. J. Grant,	12×14	800	145 1 350 300
16	Glenelg, Caledonia, East } River, St. Mary's.	C. B. Pitblado,	50 x 12	1100	200 3 1350 7 1000
17	Albion Mines,	A. J. Mowitt.	3 x 3	570	107 1 520 300
18		A. McL. Sinclair,	21 x 7	850	152 2 1000 400
19		J. D. Murray,	30×14	700	140 3, 900 350
20	Lochaber and Goshen,	J. F. Forbes,	20×10	700	135 2 1000 2 600
21	Little Harbour,	J. A. F. Sutherland,	7×3	388	70 1 300 1 220
22	Earltown,		22 x 8	600	119 2 108 1 250

PRESBYTERY OF HALIFAX.

	FRESDITERI OF HALIEAX.										
1	Annapolis & Bridgetown,	D. S. Gordon,	22 x 4	130							
2		M. G. Henry,	25×25	320	60						
3	Bermuda,	Walter Thorburn,	21 x 37	571		2 600	450				
4	Bridgewater,	P. M. Morrison,	15 x 8	500	80	4 900	5j 300				
5	Cornwallis, North,*	Joseph Hogg,	10 x 8	346	80	1 400	3 150				
6	do. West & South*	J. B. Logan, M.A.	30×6	300	601	3, 750	150				
7	Dartmouth,	Alex. McKnight,	7 x 6		50	1 200.	150				
8	Halifax, Chalmers',	Wm. Maxwell,	City.	700	125		550				
9	do. Poplar Grove,	Allan Simpson,	City.	600	135	1 500	350				
10		John Forrest,	City.	500	90	1 700	300				
11	Harbor Grace, Nfld.	Alex. Ross,	!		٠ا	!!					
12	Kentc'k, Gore & Rawdon*	Arch. Glendinning,	25 x 8	530		4 700	1 350				
13	LaHave,	D. McMillan,	12 x 5	720	132	311	300				
14	Lawrencetown,	Alex. Stuart,	25×10			3 300	1 150				
15	Lunenburg & Mahone B.	William Duff,	5 x 6	[70	1 700	3 650				
16	Musquodoboit,	Robt. Sedgewick,		1300		2 800	1 600				
17	Musquodoboit Harbor,	E. A. McCurdy,	38 x 12	420	80	3 550	3 300				
18	Newport.	J. M. McLeod,	12×10				81 730				
19	Nine Mile River.	John Cameron.	17 x 15	800	120:		2 180				
201	Sheet Harhour	Vacant.	37 x 6		60'	1	6 300				
21	Shelburne,	G. M. Clark,	4 x 8	500	106	3 650	6 600				
22	Shubenacadie, &c,	James McLean,	25×17		238	4 1350	1 800				
23	St. John's, Nfld.	Moses Harvey,		400	80	1 450	1				
21 22 23 24	Walton and Kempt,	Vacant.	23 x 3	320	601	2 500	3 300				
251	Windsor.	J.L. Murdoch & E. Annand		750	110	2 800					
26	Yarmouth,		26×24		116	3 850					

^{*} Not one year settled.

No. of baptisms. No. communicants. No. accessions. No. of elders. No. of elders. Diets of worship each Sabbatt. Communion services. Families observing family worship. No. Sabbatt schools. No. teachers.	
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PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU.

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15 152 11 6 10 2 2	110	3 24 130	250	ī	30	1 20	3	2
23 206 40 16 7 2-3 4	83	3 20 150	300	â	30	2 50	1 3	3
15 146 8 9 6 2 2	76	1 19 95	310	ĭ	80	1 22	`. š	14
20 292 26 22 10 2 3 4	1 73	2 27 220	1200	$\hat{2}$	70 1	2 50	4	5
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12 208 8 9 10 2 3 9 215 11 7 6 2 2	100	4 16 180	400	1	25		9	10
9 215 11 7 6 2 2	83	3 13 140	240 5	monthly.	30	5 60	5	11
15 270 12 8 12 2 2	120	5,20 150	200	1	50	1,30	3	12
17 222 8 6 8 2 2 16 160 8 4 8 3 2	120	5 15 150	200	2	30	5 30	17	13
	120	3 16 140	600 i	4	50	1 10	5	14
17 288 32 9 11 2 3 2	110	5 33 260	450	2	70		7	15
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21 275 22 6 9 2 2 33 150 17 12 9 2 5	152	6 16 160	120	11	16	1 50	i 6	18
33, 150, 17, 12, 9, 2, 5	100	4 11 100	120 i	ī	50	2 20	15	119
28 130 27 7 6 2-3 1	120	6 18 160		2	30			20
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PRESBYTERY OF HALIFAX.

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5 89 1 6 5 2-3	3	2 10	60 150	2 2	50 2	50	111	2
12 168 14 6 5 2-4	8	2 21	130 1000	2	35 1	13	3	3
6 4 5 2-3	2	1 9	60 300	4	50 3	80	3	4
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61 601 51 2 31 21	2	3 8	60 400		1	1	3) ž
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6 60 5 2 3 2 15 213 32 27 6 2 15 230 25 17 7 2	4	1 25	183	l î	100 2	45	5	ğ
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2 130 1 7 2	35			1	40 3	80	8	12
18 70 10 6 4 2	4	3 10	140 100	$\bar{2}$	60 2	90	15	13
14 61 . 6 4 2—3 8 45 1 . 4 2	3 14	2 6	46 30	2	24	1		14
8 45 1 4 2	2	1 7	65	ī	45 3	53		15
53 429 15 10 16 2	2 200		200 200	4	120 4	120		16
151 137126 7 111 2-31	6		100 152	ī	50 3	75		17
13 185 10 2 8 2 - 3	2 88		127 400	ī	25	1.0		13
7 162 6 1 7 3	3 80	2 14	80 250	2	40			19
7 105 7 2 2 2 2 3	2		125 550	occasional.	30 i			20
7 91 8 2 2 - 3	2	3 10	82 200	1	35 1	20		21
351 340 31114,10.2-3.	4 70		220 400	2	35 5	175		22
12 130 16 10 5 2	4	1 9	70 500	ī	250 1	1		23
4 50 1 2	1 12			Î	30	1		24
7 130 21 5 4 2-3	4 33		130 200	îį	45 1	15		$2\overline{5}$
11 172 6 5 8 3	4 40		130 550	$\tilde{2}^{2}$	35 1	30		26
. ,	- 30 1	0,201		- 4	1 00 1 1	1 00 1	01	(1)

LOCALITY OF	Method of raising sti-	Terms and mode of	Annual value ofmanse and glebe. Supplement received.	Debt on Congrega-
CONGREGATION.	pend.	payment.		tional property. Balance due the pas-

PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU.

IIVon Classes	1711	1/2 2 1 1 1 2				
1 New Glasgow,	Con quarterly,	Cash, half-yearly,				
2 do.	Subscription,	Cash, quarterly,			576	j
3!Sherbrooke,	Voluntary sub.	Cash, quarterly,		i		
4 New Glasgow,	Weekly col.	Cash, otl'v in adv		1 '		1
5 Pictou and vicinity,	P. R. and sub.	Cash, qtl'v in adv Cash, qtl'y in adv		1 1	1200	1
6 French River.	Voluntary sub.	.Cash, quarterly,		\$40	100	S100
7 Scotsburn and Saltsprings	Subscription.	(Cash, half-yearly,)	İ	1		
8 Blue Mountain,	Voluntary sub	Cash, quarterly,	Í			
9 Barney's River,	Voluntary sub.	Cash, yearly,				
10 Green Hill,	Voluntary sub	Cash, qtl'y in adv				
11 West River,	i Voluntary sub.	Cash, qtl'y in adv				
12 do.		Cash, qtl'y in adv				
13 Hopewell,	Voluntary cub	Cash, qtl'y in adv				
14 Pictou and vicinity,	Voluntary sub.	Quarterly,				
	Toluntary sub.	Quarterly, in adv	300	1		
16 Glenelg, Caledonia, East)	i voiamary sao.	icounterly, in adv	\$00			
River, St. Mary's,	Voluntary sub.	Quarterly, in adv				ļ
17 Albion Mines.	Voluntary sub	Quarterly, in adv	i 80	1	1800	
18 East Branch, East River,	Voluntary sub	Quarterly, in adv	l	1	750	
19, Antigonish,	Voluntary sub	Quarterly, in adv	100			1
20 Lochaber and Goshen.	Voluntary cub	Quarterly, in adv		1	2000	
21 Little Harbour,	Voluntary sub.	Quarterly, in adv	l	80	2000	
Z= Dantonii,	i volumary sub.	Cash, half-yearly,	40	· · · • · ·		

PRESBYTERY OF HALIFAX.

-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1 Annapolis & Bridgetown,		Cash, quarterly,		8200	\$250	· · · · ·
2 Barrington and Clyde,	Subscription,	Cash, quarterly,	\$60	100	! 60	S17
3 Bermuda,		Cash, quarterly,	125	l	i	
4 Bridgewater,		Cash, half-yearly,	80	1		1 30
5 Cornwallis, North,		Half-yearly,	60	l		1
		Hi-yearly. Cash,	100		200	
7/Dartmouth,	P. R. and sub		12	l	1020	1
8 Halifax, Chalmers',		Quarterly, in adv				
9 do. Poplar Grove,	Sab. collection,				4406	1
10 do. St. John's,		Quarterly, in adv			5200	
11 Harbor Grace, Ntld.		equilition y , an according				
12 Kentc'k, Gore, & Rawdon,	Voluntary sub	Holf-vearly		1		
13 LaHave.	Voluntary sub		60	l		100
14 Lawrencetown,		Cash, quarterly,		120		181 44
15 Lunenburg & Mahone B.	Subscription,	Yearly,				1
			40			-
16 Musquodoboit,	Col. and sub.	Cash, quarterly,		120	200	70 67
17 Musquodoboit Harbor,		Half-yearly col.	100			
18'Newport,		Cash, quarterly,	100	• • • • •	1	194
19 Nine Mile River,		Cash, quarterly,	• • • • • •	1.333		1
20 Sheet Harbour,		Cash, quarterly,		120		1
21 Shelburne,	Subscription,	Half-yearly,				
22 Shubenacadie.		Cash, quarterly,		! • • • • •		ļ
23 St. John's, Nild.	P.R., col. & sub	Cash, quarterly,	160		400	
24 Walton and Kempt,						
25 Windsor,	Sub. and P. R.	Cash, quarterly,	130			320*
26 Yarmouth,	Voluntary sub.	Cash, quarterly,		l		241
* Arrears of a dozon years			and wh			

*Arrears of a dozen years standing, which Mr. Murdoch claims, and which the congregation repudiates.

.po		ucation.		Foreign	Miss.	epairs.			
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PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU.

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†\$192 of this sum paid to junior Pastor.

LOCALITY OF CONGREGATION. NAME OF PASTOR.	Length and breadth of Con. in miles. No. of adherents, including children. No. of families. No. of churches. No. of sittings in these. No. of churches.
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PRESBYTERY OF CAPE BRETON.

Il Sydney, &c.,	Hugh McLeod, D.D.	15 x 25	20501		
2 Sydney Mines,	Matthew Wilson,	7 x 10	830	146 3 700 6	300
3l Boularderie,	James Fraser,	25 x 8	l l		300
4' Grand R. & Loch Lomond,					
5 St. Ann's & North Shore,			2200;		
6 Glace Bay Mines,	Alex. Farquharson,	1×9	500		100
	D. McDougall,		600		100
	Vacant,	12 x 20	360		250
	Vacant,	30 x 8	627		300
10! Leitch's Creek,	Vacant,	10 x 5	4371	70 2 3	300

PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA AND RICHMOND.

PRESBYTERY OF ST. JOHN.

3 Calvin Church, do.	James Bennet, N. McKay, San I. Houston, A.M. James Grav, A.M.	Cy & Port'ld do. do. 28 x 8	800 540 275	140 125	1 900 1 700	450 530 224 2 360
5 Springfield & English Set. 6 Campbell Set. & Lond'ry. 7 Carlton Pres Church,		13 x 8 38 x 7	260 347	72	2' 400 1 140 2	
8 Moneton and Scotch Sett.		18 x 7 10 x 4	200	30¦	1 300	3 150 80

PRESBYTERY OF MIRAMICHI.

1 Restigouche,	1 Angus McMaster.	1 30	1	56 1	200: 1 100
2 Richibucto,	James Law,	[.		
3 Kouchibouguae.	James Fowler,	12 x 1	150	31	
4 Bass River, &c.,	31 ' 1	18 x 5	450	75, 2	
5 Chatham,	A. R. Garvie,	10 x 10		108 1	500 2 300
6 Blackville and Derby,	T. G. Johnstone,	20 x 1	390	65 3	
7 River Charlo,	Thomas Nicholson,	i 30 x 6	750!	1301 4	6001 21 350

PRESBYTERY OF YORK.

1) Fredericton,	Alexander Stirling,	60 x 6	11	451	.1	7!
2 Salmon River,	James Salmon,	60 x 6 30 x 17 20 x 7	1	60}	1 200	5 60
3 Harvey,	Samuel Johnson,	20 x 7	760	104	1 230	3 200
4 Florenceville & Glassville,	Samuel Bernard,	I <i></i>				

1 Saint Stephen. Vac	eant, 4 x 4	1 398	1 1011	1: 279	1 200
	n Turnbull. 16 x 4				2 300
	lliam Millen. 18 x 18				2

PRESBYTERY OF CAPE BRETON.

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PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA AND RICHMOND.

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27 60 5 1 2	3	2 9	145	270	1	40	11	15	12	1
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PRESBYTERY OF YORK.

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SIN 348

STATISTICS OF SYNOD.

Congression of r pend, and glebe on cept on ce	LOCALITY OF CONGREGATION.		erms and mode of payment.	umual value of manse and glebe.	en	Jebt on Congrega- tional property.	Balance due the pastor.
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PRESBYTERY OF CAPE BRETON.

1¡Sydney, &c.,	Subscription,	January. Cash,	1	!	1	1
2 Sydney Mines,	Subscription,	Yearly. Cash,	\$60		None.	
3 Boularderie,	Subscription,	Yearly. Cash,]	\$1200
4 Grand R. & Loch Lomond.						
		Yly. cash & prod.,				920
6 Glace Bay Mines,	Subscription,	Monthly. Cash,			600	1
7 Cow Bay Mines,	Subscription,	ļ				
	1	<u></u>				
9 Gabarus and Framboise,						
10 Leitch's Creek,	1	l			١	

PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA AND RICHMOND.

1: Baddeck,	Subsaniation	Cash & pro. q'ly,	 -	580	.9179 51	.007 27
	Cubescription,	Cash & pro. q 1,	1	CO	3110 01	10 10
2 Mabou, 3 Middle River & L. Ainslie,	Subscription,	Cash Sen life wiles	1 310	30		con
4 Plaister Cove.	ionoscription,	icasit & p. may 13,	1 24.	90		271 22
#IT Mister Cove,	1Subscription,	C. and produce, Cash & p. hf-y'ly,	1	30		991 29
5 Whycocomagh,	Subscription,	casa & p. m-y iy,	li			220 00
6lWest Bay,	lanoscubnon,		1 1	• • • • • • •		

PRESBYTERY OF ST. JOHN.

1:St. John Ch., St. John.		Cash,			\$5000	!
2!St. David's, do	P. R. and col.,	Cash, quarterly,	4	1	4400	1
3!Calvin do	P. R. and col.,	Cash, quarterly,	1		4400	
4 Sussex and Union,	Subscription,	Cash, half-yearly,	!	\$80	44	
5 Springfield & English Set. 6 Campbell Set. & Lond'ry.	Subscription,	Cash, half-yearly,	40	80	50	600
6 Campbell Set. & Lond'ry.	Subscription,	C. half-y'ly & pro.		80		
7 Carlton Pres. Church.	1	1	١	١		1
8 Moncton and Scotch Sett.	Subscription.	Cash, quarterly,	l	75	200	1
9 Shediac and Cocagne,	Subscription,	l	i	l		1

PRESBYTERY OF MIRAMICHI.

1 Restigouche, 2 Richibacto.		Cash half-yearly,		
3 Kouchibouguac,	Subscription,	Half-yearly,	 80	
4 Bass River, &c., 5 Cl:atham,	Subscription, Seat Rent,	Quarterly,	 	 140
6 Blackville and Derby, 7 River Charlo,	Subscription, Subscription,			

PRESBYTERY OF YORK.

	2 Salmon River.	Subscription, Subscription, Pew Rents,	Yearly,		80			
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1 Saint Stephen,	1P. R. & sub.	(Cash quarterly,	1	[\$220	
2 Saint James.	Per Rent	Cash.	S120		l	S563
3 Bocabec and Waweig.	P. R. & sub.,	Cash quarterly, Cash, Cash half-yearly,		\$60		

Stipend Stipend Stipend Widows Synod J Synod J Home M Home M Hoduce Produce Miscella Miscella	୍ଞ ≀ ଞ	1 3	nod Fund.	nsterial education	me Missions.	Foreign	duce.	ilding and repairs.	cellaneous	al.	•
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PRESBYTERY OF CAPE BRETON.

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PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA AND RICHMOND.

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PRESBYTERY OF ST. JOHN.

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PRESETERY OF MIRAMICHI.

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PRESBTERY OF YORK.

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Statistical Summary for Year ending 31st December, 1668.

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Ifalifax.	13457 2480	145:10	3410	3300	552	153	~ % %	23.		1790	Ŧ	813			8	728 49	951 00	12224 00	1154 12	15309 30	200 500	116 74}	168 88	683 61	88	9508 90	8569 50 13 46	\$33387 GO
	Adherents	Sittings. Preaching Stations.	Av. attendance in Churche, and Stations	Communicants	Accessions	Elders	Trachers.	Pupils.	Praver Meetings each work	Average Attendance	Bible Classes.	Deacons and Managers.	Financial Abstract.	Stipend received, Under \$400	nd Bupple-	ment included, Average amount.	Annual value of Manses and (debes	Debt on Congregational property.	Balance due the Pastor	Stipend promised	Widows' Fined	Synod Fund.	Ministerial education	Home Missions	do Produce	Buildings and repairs	Amount of Contribution for each family.	Total

TO THE PARTY OF TH

REMARKS ON THE STATISTI- CAL TABLE.

The Table now presented exhibits returns from 117 pastoral charges, and 6 blanks. Another return has just been received, too late for insertion; but the leading features of it will be noticed at the close of the present article.

Of the 117 charges, 18 were vacant during the whole or some part of the year 1868—leaving 99 returns on which to base our calculations respecting the average rate of stipend. In one of these, that from Bermuda, the sum contributed by the people is not distinguished from the Government grant, which provides the greater part of the salary; so that in estimating the average rate of contribution per family, this return also has been excluded.

In comparing the rates of contribution in different parts of the church, various circumstances have to be taken into account. An exceptionally high rate is due, in some instances, to a special effort in church building, which recurs, in the history of a congregation, only twice or three times in a century. Then regard must be had to the difference between town and country .-la a city money is cheaper, relatively to the labour that earns it, than in a rural ditrict, and passes more freely through the lands of the people. Hence the rate of contribution is naturally higher in cities han in the country; whilst a congregation nasmall town, consisting partly of a merantile and artizan and partly of an agrialtural population, occupies an intermetate position between the two extremes .there is, no doubt, some difficulty in drawthe line of demarcation between one ass of congregations and another; but it letter to attempt the classification, though should be done somewhat roughly, than bignore the subject altogether.

Let us, then, call Halifax, St. John, N.B.

d St. John, Nfld., cities; and Pictou,

Glasgow, Antigonishe, Sherbrooke,

sapolis, Dartmouth, Windsor, Yar
sah, Charlottetown, Truro and Freder
n, towns. Our 98 returns, distributed

three classes, will yield the following

slis:—

7 0	charges. No. fam.	\$16929 44	\$20 27
	own 1514 ural 9388	18477 03 64216 53	12 20 6 84
98	11737	\$99623 00	\$8 49

Let us now look at the supplemented congregations. The rates of contribution vary widely, from \$1.90 at Plaister Cove to over \$21 at Moncton and Annapolis; but the average falls slightly under the general average of rural congregations. figures stand thus :- 28 congregations, comprising 2061 families, contribute \$12740.17, rate \$6.13 per family. This result may reasonably be accepted as on the whole satisfactory, for some of the supplemented congregations are in districts where the population are suffering from deep poverty. Still it would be well if congregations whose rate is far below average, would consider whether they might not, by a more sedulous culture of the grace of liberality, and by a more efficient organization, rise to a higher position in this matter than they at present occupy.

Let us turn from the weak to the strong congregations, and observe the effect of having large numbers aggregated together in one pastoral charge. There are 30 congregations which consist of 140 families and upwards.

I. Two cuty charges in St. John, N.B., families 280—contributions \$3321.09-rate \$11.86—far below the average of their class.

II. Four town charges, in New Glasgow, Pictou, Antigonish and Truro—families 691—contributions \$6295.87—rate \$9.11—also under the average of their class.

III. Twenty-four rural charges—families 4532—contributions \$26931.57—rate \$5.94—still under the average of their class. We may remark, however, that the average of this class is raised by the exceptional expenditure of \$6600 on church building at Shubenacadic. If this item be deducted, it will reduce the general average of the rural congregations to \$6.14, and that of the large rural congregations to \$4.49, being \$1.65 per family below average of the class.

Let us now limit our attention to congregations of 200 families and upwards.—

There are nine in all—of course included in the enumeration already given.

One town congregation—families 240—rate 38.60—as compared with \$12.20, the average of town congregations.

Eight rural congregations—families 2050—contributions \$8142.81—rate \$3.97 per family, as compared with \$6.14, the average of the class.

It appears from these calculations that our largest congregations are not contributing for the support and extension of the gospel in the same proportion as the rest of the church. It is one of the advantages of the sustentation fund system, that it calls forth the liberality of large and wealthy congregations altogether independently of the question whether it is easy or otherwise to provide for the support of ordinances among themselves. And although it might be difficult to work a system of that kind amongst us, there need be no difficulty in accomplishing substantially the same object by means of the supplementary fund, if only the members of our large congregations would make conscience of contributing as liberally as they would have done if they had been connected with congregations of average extent. It is easy to calculate what an accession would be made to the funds of the church if this simple rule were adopted. Passing over the city charges, there remain 4 town and 24 rural charges.

\$3.09 additional from 691 families = \$2135.19 \$1.65 from 4532 " = 7477.80

\$9612,99

This sum thrown into the supplementary fund would enable the Synod to quadruple the amount now expended in the aid of weak charges.

The additional return is from Harbor Grace—50 families—salary, with value of manse, \$760, being \$166.354 above the average given in the Abstract, and raising that average to \$595.30—total contributions \$887.68, being at the rate of \$29.59 per family, and raising the average contribution from \$8.49 to \$8.54½ per family.

The Table for the year now current will have to be put into the printer's hands early in May, so as to appear in the June Record, in accordance with the injunction of last Synod. As some time must be allowed to Presbytery Clerks to tabulate the returns and sum up the columns, and thereafter to the Committee to review the whole, make up the Abstract, and calculate the average rates of ministerial stipend, family contribution, &c., it is to be hoped that ministers, and, in the case of vacant congregations, session clerks or treasurers will take care to have their returns forwarded to their respective Presbytery clerks by the 1st of March at the very latest.

We should have mentioned that in the present Table a few items have been inserted conjecturally, or rather inferentially, As a general rule, when we discovered that the total given in a return was not the correct sum of the items, we corrected it. But in several cases the stipend paid was omitted altogether, but the amount of stipend promised was included in the sum total. Assuming in such cases that the omission was a mere oversight, we have supplied it. In one of these the sum required was a trifle less than the stipend promised; and instead of altering the reported total we inserted the sam necessary to make it correct. In another return the Synod fund collection was given as so many dollars besides expenses. As a few dollars were wanted to make the sum total correct, we inferred that this was the column to which they belonged, and added them to the entry in it accordingly. Contributions to the Dayspring, when reported separately, were added to the contributions for Foreign Missions. Contributions to the Supplementary fund, in like manner, must for the present be included under the head of Home Mis-All contributions not fairly referable to a special column in the schedule, should be comprised under the heading for miscellaneous objects

We should also have explained that in comparing the rates of contribution that prevail in different parts at the church, the number of finalizes is taken as the basis of calculation, because the membership bears no fixed proportion to the strength of a congregation. Generally speaking the number of communicants is larger than that of families; in the Presbytery of Pictou it is almost double; but in the Presbytery of Cape Breton there is only one communicant to five or six families. The average rate of contribution per member would be about one-seventh or one-eighth less than that per family—say about \$7.

ALEX. McKnight,

Con. of Com.

THE HOME AND FOREIGN RECORD.

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