

---

BY-LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF THE

MISSISSAGUAS OF THE CREDIT

---

---

BY-LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF THE

MISSISSAGUAS OF THE CREDIT

---

OF THE RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF THE CREDIT

BY-LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS  
OF THE  
MISSISSAGUAS OF THE CREDIT.

---

The Council of said Band by and with consent of the members thereof at a public meeting assembled enact as follows:—

BY-LAW No. I.

*Respecting Schools.*

1. That the teacher of the school now located upon the Reserve shall be a Protestant.

2. That the said school shall remain a Protestant school; that no change shall be made in the religious denomination of said school, unless at a public meeting of said Band assembled a resolution or motion to change the same shall be carried by at least two-thirds of the numbers entitled to vote as the law directs.

BY-LAW No. II.

*As to Care of Public Health.*

1. That the majority of the members of said Band duly qualified to vote as the law directs may appoint a medical attendant whose duty it shall be to attend upon all members of said Band when called upon in cases of sickness.

2. That the medical attendant so appointed shall be a duly qualified medical practitioner and shall hold his said appointment until a majority of the legal voting members of the Band in Council assembled decide that his services shall be no longer required.

3. It shall be the duty of the medical attendant so appointed to deliver to the members of the Band at their Council House a lecture upon diet, clothing, cleanliness, and such other matters as to him shall seem best, with a view to the preservation and restoration of health. The said lecture to be delivered at least once a year at such time as the said physician shall appoint.

4. The said physician shall in addition to his other duties hereby imposed attend at the Council House on the first Monday of September in each year to vaccinate the members of the Band, or at such other times as the health committee may appoint.

5. The Council for the year shall be a committee to be known as the health committee, which shall have power to remove or cause to be removed and destroyed all putrid or other matter which shall tend to injure the public health and shall also upon the advice of the medical attendant notify the owner or occupant of any lands upon which any putrid or other injurious matter shall be deposited to cause the same to be removed forthwith and in case any person, owner or occupant shall neglect or refuse so to do, he or she shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than five dollars and not more than thirty dollars and imprisonment for thirty days unless the fine and costs are paid.

The said health committee or any two of them may in the day time as often as they think necessary enter into and upon any premises in the Reserve and examine such premises.

The Chief Councillor to be secretary of the said health committee.

6. When the health committee is of opinion, or on the certificate of the medical attendant, or his representative, that the cleansing and disinfecting of any house or part thereof or of any articles therein likely to retain infection, would tend to prevent or check infectious disease, it shall be the duty of such health committee to give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of such house or part thereof requiring him to cleanse and disinfect to the satisfaction of the medical attendant, such house or part thereof or any articles within the time specified in such notice.

7. If the person or persons to whom notice is given fails to comply therewith, he shall be liable to a penalty of not less than twenty-five cents and not exceeding one dollar for every day during which he continues to make default, and the health committee shall cause such house, or part thereof and articles to be cleansed and disinfected, and may recover the expenses incurred from the owner or occupier in default in a summary manner, and in case there is no distress obtainable, the amount of both penalty and costs shall be deducted from the annuity moneys of such person or persons so found in default.

8. When the owner or occupier of any house or part thereof is from poverty or otherwise unable in the opinion of the health committee to efficiently carry out the requirements of the preceding two sections, such health committee may without enforcing such requirements on the owner or occupier, cleanse or disinfect such house or part thereof or any such articles and defray the expenses thereof.

9. The medical superintendent or his representative or the health committee or any member thereof may isolate any person having the small-pox or other contagious disease dangerous to the public health and may cause to be posted up on or near the door of any house or dwelling in which such person is, a notice stating that such disease is within the said house or dwelling.

10. Whenever any householder knows that any person within his family or household has the small-pox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, or other contagious disease, he shall within twenty-four hours give notice thereof to some member of the health committee or to the medical attendant, and if he neglects or fails to give such notice within the time hereabove specified he shall be subject to a penalty of fifty cents per diem for every day in which he is in default in so doing.

11. No householder in whose dwelling there occurs any of the above mentioned diseases shall permit any person suffering from any such disease or any clothing or other property to be removed from his house without the consent of the medical attendant.

12. No person affected with small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, or other contagious disease, and no person except the attending physician or clergyman having access to any person affected with any of said diseases shall mingle with the general public until such sanitary precautions as may be prescribed by the committee or attending physician have been complied with.

13. The health committee may direct the destruction of any bedding, clothing or other articles which have been exposed to infection, and may give reasonable compensation for the same.

14. Every one residing upon this Reserve who violates any provision of this Act shall, unless it is otherwise specially provided for be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars in the discretion of the convicting justice of the peace or Indian Agent, besides costs which may also be inflicted, if the convicting justice or Indian Agent see fit to impose the same.

#### BY-LAW No. III.

*Respecting the Observance of Order and Decorum at Assemblies of the Council  
or on other Occasions.*

1. Meetings of the Council of the said Band shall be held on the third Wednesday of January, March, May, July, September and November of each and every year.

2. The presiding officer shall be the Agent, and in his absence the Chief Councillor.

3. The presiding officer may adjourn the meetings of the Council from time to time.

4. The Chief Councillor may at any time call special meetings and shall do so on the written request of any three members of the Council, due notice being given thereof to all the members.

5. All minutes and proceedings of Council and public meetings shall be entered and recorded on books kept for this purpose; one kept by the Agent and one by the Chief Councillor.

6. The business of the Council shall be conducted in the following manner:—

1st. The minutes of the preceding Council shall be read.

2nd. Financial matters of the Band.

3rd. Postponed or unfinished business.

4th. General or other business of the Band.

5th. Amendments to amendments followed by amendments to motions, then the original motion.

7. That a list shall be kept by the Agent of all the eligible voting members of the Band.

8. The Agent or the Chief Councillor shall from time to time call public meetings of the Band for the transaction of business and such other purposes as may be deemed necessary. Twenty of the said voting members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

9. Every one who wilfully disturbs, interrupts, or disquiets any meeting of the Mississaguas of the Credit Council, any religious festival or any assemblage of Indians on the Reserve met for any moral, social or benevolent purpose or the consideration and discussion of matters of public interest, by being in a state of intoxication, by profane discourse, by rude or indecent behaviour or by making a noise either within the place of such meeting, or so near as to disturb the order, or solemnity of the meeting, shall on summary conviction before any Indian Agent, police magistrate or justice of the peace, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding thirty days with or without hard labour, or to a penalty not exceeding thirty dollars with costs of prosecution, or to both penalty and prosecution, in the discretion of the convicting magistrate, justice of the peace or Indian Agent.

#### BY-LAW No. IV.

##### *Regarding the Suppression of Intemperance and Profligacy.*

1. That it shall be the duty of the Council to recommend the appointment of two competent persons, members of the Band, as constables, for the purpose of enforcing these by-laws, and such as shall hereafter be adopted.

2. That the services of the said constables shall be paid for at the same rates and in the same manner as county constables in the Province of Ontario, out of the funds of the Band.

#### BY-LAW No. V.

##### *Respecting Trespass by Horses, Cattle, &c., &c., and Pound and Poundkeepers.*

1. That the Council shall appoint a poundkeeper in and for the Reserve, and the pound shall be on such premises as may be selected.

2. That the Council are hereby directed, at the expense of the Band, to erect and keep in repair, proper and sufficient yards or inclosures for said pound for the safe-keeping of all such animals as may be distrained or brought to such pound, unlawfully running at large, or trespassing or doing damage in or upon the said Reserve or in or upon the lands properly inclosed as hereinafter mentioned.

3. That the said poundkeeper shall daily at proper times furnish and provide all animals impounded with good and sufficient food, water and shelter, during the period that such animals may be impounded; and in default thereof shall for every day that he refuses or neglects so to do, forfeit and pay in respect of each animal a fine or

penalty of not less than one dollar nor more than three dollars to be recovered as hereinafter mentioned.

4. That every person distraining or impounding any animal or animals for trespass as hereinafter mentioned, shall at the time, or within twenty-four hours thereafter, deliver to the said poundkeeper a statement in writing setting forth the nature and extent of the damage done by such animal or animals, and the amount of his or her claim for damages (if any) not exceeding forty dollars, alleged to have been done by such animal or animals; and if the poundkeeper is not so furnished with such statement within the time aforesaid, he shall upon payment of his lawful fees and charges release such animal or animals; and any person so impounding any such animal or animals and claiming damages therefor, shall at the same time deliver to the poundkeeper his agreement in writing, with sufficient surety, if required by such poundkeeper in the form or to the like effect as shown on schedule 'A' hereto annexed.

5. That it shall be lawful for the members of said Band to allow their milch cows in flow of milk, to roam at large, feed and pasture upon roads and highways, and any such animals shall only be considered trespassing when they break into or upon lands inclosed with lawful fences. But in case the owner of any cattle, horses, pigs, or other animals not residing upon said Reserve, and not being a member of said Band, allows any of his said animals to roam at large, feed or pasture upon the said roads or highways, the said animals shall be liable to be impounded and the owner thereof shall pay for each such animal so impounded a fine of fifty cents, together with all lawful charges of the poundkeeper before the said animal or animals shall be released; one-half of said fine or penalty to be paid to the impounder and the other half to the agent for the general uses of the Band.

6. That if the owner of the animal or animals impounded shall within forty-eight hours after the delivery of the statement required by the fourth section hereof dispute the amount of damages claimed or the lawfulness of the fence within which the damages were alleged to have been done, the poundkeeper shall forthwith call in the fenceviewers (to be appointed under the provisions of By-law No. VI.) to determine the matters in dispute, and they or any two of them, shall within twenty-four hours after being so called on deliver to such poundkeeper a statement in writing containing their award in the matter so referred to them; and for each of their services, if less than half a day engaged, they shall receive and be paid the sum of fifty cents, and if more than half a day, the sum of one dollar; and any such fenceviewers refusing or neglecting to attend or perform his duties when so called upon shall incur and be liable to a fine or penalty of two dollars, to be recovered in a summary manner before a justice of the peace.

7. That in all cases when the damages claimed for trespass exceed the sum of five dollars, and no objection is made thereto, by reason of the owner being unknown and not being aware of such impounding, it shall be the duty of the poundkeeper to cause such damages to be ascertained in the same manner as provided in the preceding section; but in all cases where the owner is known, it shall be the duty of the poundkeeper forthwith to notify him or her of the impounding.

8. That upon payment of all damages claimed or awarded for trespass or fines imposed by the fifth section hereof and of all fees and charges due to such poundkeeper and fenceviewers, it shall be the duty of the poundkeeper to deliver to the owner of the animal or animals impounded; but in the event of the fenceviewers finding the fence an unlawful one, or that the animal or animals were lawfully running at large, he shall deliver the same to the owner or owners on payment of the lawful fees to which he is entitled, but at the same time deliver to such owner the agreement mentioned in the fourth section hereof together with a copy of the award of the fenceviewers, and thereupon the owner shall be entitled to recover from the person or persons impounding such animal or animals the fees and charges so paid as aforesaid.

9. If after the expiration of fifteen days from the impounding of any animal or animals, the same shall not have been redeemed or replevied, written or printed notice for a public sale thereof shall be given and posted by the poundkeeper in at least four

of the most public places on the Reserve, in the place where the animals are retained, and on the door of the Council House, New Credit, and in case the owner is unknown, such notice shall be posted in at least five of the most public places adjoining the Reserve, and if the value of the animal or animals to be sold shall, in the judgment of the poundkeeper, exceed the sum of fifteen dollars, such notice shall also be published at least twice in a newspaper published nearest to the pound where the animal or animals is or are impounded, such notice to specify the time and place of sale, if such animal or animals are not sooner redeemed or replevied as hereinbefore provided; provided always that no such sale shall take place until after the expiration of fifteen days from the time of putting up and publication of such notice of sale.

10. That at the time and place appointed for the sale the poundkeeper shall publicly sell such animal or animals (unless redeemed or replevied as aforesaid) to the highest bidder, and after deducting from the amount realized therefor all damages, fees and charges against the same, shall pay the surplus, if any, to the owner or owners, or if not claimed at the time of sale, forthwith pay such surplus to the Agent of the Band, to be transmitted by him to the Department of Indian Affairs, and held for the uses of the Band, unless claimed by the owner or owners of the animal or animals sold within twelve months from the time of such sale.

11. The poundkeeper for such sale shall be allowed the sum of two dollars.

12. That if any person or persons shall be guilty of any pound breach by the removal, without lawful authority, from any pound of any animal or animals therein impounded, or shall in any other manner interfere with or obstruct the poundkeeper in the discharge of his duties, such person or persons shall be liable to a fine of not less than one nor more than twenty-five dollars, to be recovered upon complaint of such poundkeeper before a justice of the peace or other officer having jurisdiction, as provided in the Indian Act; and it shall be lawful for such poundkeeper to retake, re-possess and repound in furtherance of these by-laws, all such animal or animals as may by any such pound breach be so unlawfully removed or taken therefrom; and all the provisions herein contained with respect to persons guilty of pound breach shall apply and extend to any person or persons who shall be guilty of rescuing from any person or persons, any animal or animals on their way to the said pound, or who shall in any manner obstruct or interfere with any such person or persons while engaged in the taking or conveying of any such animals thereto; and any such last mentioned person or persons shall have the same remedy against any such offender or offenders as herein provided in the case of poundkeepers.

13. That it shall be the duty of the constables to be appointed under By-law No. IV to impound all animals found running at large, feeding or pasturing on the roads and highways of the Reserve, except milch cows in flow of milk belonging to members of the Band.

14. That the following fees shall be charged and recovered by the poundkeeper, that is to say:—

For impounding one horse, mare or gelding fifty cents and twenty cents per head for all over one, and twenty cents for every twelve hours after the first twelve hours for each such horse, mare or gelding.

For impounding one bull, ox, steer, cow or heifer, the sum of fifty cents and fifteen cents per head for all over one and fifteen cents per head after the first twelve hours for each such animal.

For impounding each hog the sum of twenty-five cents and seven cents per head for all over one, and seven cents per head for every twelve hours after the first twelve hours.

For impounding sheep, the same tariff as for hogs.

For calling out fenceviewers, the sum of fifty cents, for posting notices of sale on the Reserve only, fifty cents, and when required to be posted on lands adjoining the Reserve fifty cents additional.

15. That the poundkeeper shall keep a regular and proper account of all stock or animals impounded, and of all moneys, fees, &c., by him received in course of his duties, and shall report the same to the Council every six months.



16. That all fines and penalties in the foregoing sections may be recovered in manner as provided by By-law No. XI.

17. The fenceviewers shall attend whenever the poundkeeper or other members of the Band shall notify them in the form laid down in Schedule 'A,' By-law No. VI. and in default of attending shall, unless the reasons of excuse are satisfactory to the Council, be liable to a fine of not less than one nor more than five dollars for each and every such offence.

18. The poundkeeper shall only call the fenceviewers in case of trespass by cattle and members of the Band in cases where they can show that the services of the fenceviewers are necessary; and if in any case the fenceviewers are called unnecessarily, the party summoning them shall pay the costs so incurred.

19. The fenceviewers shall be entitled to receive one dollar for every day's work in connection with each dispute under this Act.

20. The award may be enforced as follows: The person desiring to enforce it, providing the work is not done within the time specified by the award, may do the work which the award directs, and may immediately receive its value and the costs from the owner, by action in any division court having jurisdiction in the locality, or the amount of the award may be deducted from his share of annuity and interest money if any such are due or accruing due to him or her.

21. In case the fenceviewers are called out by a member of the Band to view a line fence between owners of adjoining property, then the party so summoning shall notify his neighbour in form or to like effect provided by Schedule 'B,' By-law No. VI.

#### SCHEDULE 'A.'

I (or we as the case may be) do hereby agree that I (or we) will pay to the owner or owners of the animal or animals by (me) the said A. B. this day impounded all costs to which the said owner may be put in case the distress by me the said A. B. prove to be illegal, or in case the claim for damages by me the said A. B. fails.

#### BY-LAW No. VI.

##### *Respecting Watercourses, Roads, Bridges, Ditches and Ferries.*

1. The Council shall divide the Reserve into eight road districts or beats and shall at the Council meeting in January each year, appoint a roadmaster for each division or beat from members of the Band.

2. It shall be the duty of the roadmasters so appointed to see that the roads under their charge are kept and maintained in a good and sufficient state of repair; and when thought necessary any new bridges, culverts or ditches should be constructed, the roadmaster shall report the same to the Council and await instructions. It shall also be his duty to see that all bridges, ditches, culverts and fences under his charge are kept in a good, cleanly and sufficient state of repair, further, he shall see that all statute labour is faithfully and honestly performed, by all parties hereinafter mentioned and report the same to the Agent on or before the last Monday in September.

3. Every male inhabitant of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, and under sixty years of age, who does not own land, shall be liable to, and shall perform two days' statute labour each year; the owner or occupant of each fifty acres, or less, shall perform or cause to perform three day's labour, and for each additional fifty acres three days.

4. That a day's statute labour shall consist of eight hours' faithful work, exclusive of the time spent in going to and returning therefrom, and a team of horses or oxen with a waggon, plough, scraper, or otherwise, and a competent driver, shall count and be allowed by the roadmaster as three days' work and no more.

5. That every one so liable for statute labour may be released from such upon payment of one dollar for each day's labour he or she is liable to perform, and any person disregarding or violating any of the provisions of the preceding sections of this By-law, and for each and every day in default of work, shall pay a fine or penalty

of one dollar, which may be deducted from his or her share of annuity or interest money.

6. That the Council shall have the power at all times to exonerate and relieve from the performance of statute labour any person or persons who by reason of age, sickness, or other misfortune may be in indigent circumstances and unable to work.

7. That all such labour shall be done and performed at such time and place as the roadmaster shall direct.

8. Each roadmaster shall, on or before the last Monday in September in each year, make a return to the Agent on the form provided for that purpose, of the amount of money paid to and received by him in lieu of labour, and of the manner in which such moneys were expended; and in case any such roadmaster neglects or refuses to make such return or gives incorrect or false return, he shall be liable to a fine of not less than two nor more than fifteen dollars.

9. That each roadmaster during his term of office shall be exempt from doing statute labour, but will take care of road scrapers, and any other property of the Band left in his charge.

10. That the Council shall yearly, at its meeting in January, appoint three fenceviewers, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Council. Vacancies in the said office, no matter how caused, may be filled at any meeting of the Council.

11. That it shall be the duty of the fenceviewers so appointed to carefully and faithfully examine into all and every complaint made to them, and to hear the evidence of the parties concerned and their witnesses, who may be required to give such evidence on oath before a justice of the peace or the Indian Agent.

12. After hearing such evidence the fenceviewers shall make their award in writing, and shall deposit the same or a copy thereof with the Agent of the Band, and the said award shall be final.

13. The lawful fence shall be as follows: That is to say:—

(a) Rail fence slant, staked and double ridged, four feet six inches in height, first three rails not more than six inches apart.

(b) Rail and post fence, straight, four feet six inches in height, first three rails not more than six inches apart.

(c) Picket fence four feet six inches high.

(d) Board fence four feet six inches in height, the first three boards from bottom of fence shall not be more than six inches apart.

(e) Wire fence of any description four feet six inches in height, the first three wires at bottom shall not be more than six inches apart, other wires not more than ten inches.

(f) Pine stump fence, banked, dyked or ridged at bottom of any of the herein described fences shall in all cases be considered as part of the height of fence.

(g) Any patent fence shall be recognized as a lawful fence, provided always that such fence shall be four feet six inches high, and if rail, that the first three rails at the bottom are not more than six inches apart and other rails not more than ten inches apart.

(h) When any fence crosses uneven ground or ditches, the space below the lower rail or wire shall be staked or dyked if the span is more than six inches from the ground, stakes to be not more than six inches apart.

14. That in all cases of line or division fences between adjacent lands the same shall be a lawful fence, and when it has been agreed upon, as to the part or portion of such line or division fences which each of such owners or occupants shall keep up and maintain, or in case the same shall have been determined by the fenceviewers, it shall be the duty of each of such owners or occupants to keep and maintain their respective portions as aforesaid; and in case of failure or neglect of either so to do, and if any animal or animals by reason of such failure or neglect shall escape from the lands of the owners or occupants so neglecting or refusing, into or upon the lands of the other, and commit any trespass or damage thereon such animal or animals shall be liable to be impounded, and the damages so committed may be recovered.

15. Any person who wilfully cuts or destroys any fence rails, wires or posts, whether in the composition of a fence or otherwise, on the premises of another member of the Band, shall, upon summary conviction before the Indian Agent or a justice of the peace, be liable to a fine or penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars and in default thereof to thirty days in jail with hard labour.

16. This section shall relate to the passing of traction engines upon or through the Reserve.

(a) Traction engines.—That no traction or other engine shall be allowed upon the Reserve unless they carry a sufficient number of plank to prevent damage to bridges or culverts in passing over them. The said planks to be laid lengthwise in the tracks to be traversed by such engine, and any one who fails to provide himself with such plank shall be liable to a penalty hereinafter provided.

(b) If any person contravenes this regulation and such contravention is duly proved by the oath of one credible witness before the Indian Agent or before any justice of the peace having jurisdiction within the locality where the offence has been committed, the offender shall incur a penalty of not less than five or more than twenty-five dollars with costs, in the discretion of the Indian Agent or justice of the peace.

17. Roadmasters shall inspect all bridges on their beats from time to time, and in case he condemns any bridge as unsafe to bear heavy traffic, such as traction engines, or heavily loaded vehicles, he shall place a sign in plain view at each approach of said bridge setting forth that such bridge is closed to heavy traffic, and in case he finds a bridge unsafe for traffic of any kind, then he shall place the said sign in the centre of the approaches at each end of such bridge so condemned, setting forth that the same is closed to all traffic.

18. Any person or roadmaster who wilfully shuts up or obstructs a natural water-course or drain thereby causing any land or crops to suffer damages therefrom shall, upon conviction before the Indian Agent or a justice of the peace, be liable to a fine or penalty of five dollars and costs, and such fine or penalty shall not relieve the party so offending from further damage in a civil action.

SCHEDULE 'A.'

*Notice to Opposite Party.*

Take notice that Mr. . . . . . and M. . . . .  
 Fenceviewers, Mississaguas of the Credit Reserve will attend on the . . . . .  
 day of . . . . . 19 . . . . at the hour of . . . . . o'clock  
 p.m., to view and arbitrate upon the line fence in dispute between our properties, being  
 lots. . . . . Con. . . . . Tp .of. . . . . dated this. . . . . day  
 of. . . . . 19. . . .

To. . . . . J. W. G.  
 Owner of lot No. Owner lot No.

SCHEDULE 'B.'

*Notice to Fenceviewers.*

Take notice that I require you to attend at . . . . .  
 on the . . . . . day of . . . . . 19. . . . at . . . . .  
 o'clock, to view and arbitrate on the line fence between my property and that of Mr.  
 . . . . . being lots Nos. . . . . in the . . . . . Con.  
 of Mississaguas of the Credit Reserve.

Dated this. . . . . day of. . . . . 19. . . .  
 J. W. G.  
 Owner of lot.

AWARD.

We, the fenceviewers of the Mississaguas of the Credit Reserve, having been nominated to view and arbitrate upon the line fence between . . . . . and . . . . . which fence is to be made and maintained between (describe properties) and having examined the premises and duly acted according to the *line fence regulations* do award as follows:—

That part of the said line fence which commences at and ends at . . . . . shall be found and the fence maintained by the said . . . . ., and that part thereof which commences at . . . . . and ends at . . . . . shall be found and the fence maintained by the said . . . . . the fence shall be of the following description (state kind of fence, height, material, &c.), the work shall be commenced within . . . . . days and completed within . . . . . days from this date, and the expense thereof shall be paid in the following proportions (state by whom paid and amount), and cost of fenceviewers amounting to . . . . . shall be paid by (state by whom, if by both, in what proportion).

Dated this . . . . . day of . . . . . 19..

G. J. B.  
H. J. W.  
Fenceviewers.

AGREEMENT.

We, . . . . . and . . . . ., owners respectively of lots . . . . . in the . . . . . Con. . . . . Tp. of . . . . . Mississaguas of the Credit Reserve, do agree that the line fence which divides our said properties shall be made and maintained by us as follows (follow same form as award).

Dated this . . . . . day of . . . . . 19....

W. J. G.  
H. J. W.

BY-LAW No. VII.

*For the Construction and Repair of Public Buildings on the Reserve.*

1. Public buildings of any kind or nature shall not be built or erected at the expense of the Band without first being authorized by the Band in public meeting assembled and approved of by the Department of Indian Affairs.
2. All such works shall be let by tender, after proper plans and specifications have been prepared by some competent person and the same approved by the Department of Indian Affairs.
3. The Council shall have power to order the repair of any of the public buildings of the Band and that all such repairs shall be paid for out of the funds of the Band, subject to the approval and consent of the Department of Indian Affairs.
4. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to interfere with or shall affect the erection of a pound with yards and inclosures as provided in By-law No. V.

BY-LAW No. VIII.

*Locating Land in the Reserve and Register of such Location.*

1. No member of the Band shall be deemed to be lawfully in possession of any land in the Reserve unless he has been or is so located for the same by the Band or Council of the Band with the approval of the Superintendent General.
2. In case of a dispute upon a location the Council of the Band shall hear all the evidence submitted and give their decision in the matter. If the parties interested

are dissatisfied with such decision, they may appeal to arbitration, provided notice of such is made in writing to the Agent of the Band within thirty days after the decision of such Council.

3. The arbitrators shall be as follows : one named by each claimant, and one by the Agent for the Superintendent General for the first two claimants and one for each claimant after the first two, the decision of the arbitrators or a majority, subject to the approval of the Superintendent General, to be final.

4. No occupant of a lot which shall come before the arbitrators for decision shall be dispossessed of such lot without receiving compensation for improvements he may have made or purchased on said lot, at a valuation fixed by said arbitrators.

5. That a registration book be opened and kept by the Agent in which the decisions of the Council or arbitrators shall be duly recorded, the register to show date of transfer, to whom transferred, and date of registry.

6. That no transfer of a location ticket or the right entailed thereby shall take place, except to and between members of the Band, and in case of the death of the occupant, then to be governed by existing laws.

7. That no transfer shall be valid without the approval of the Council and the sanction of the Superintendent General.

#### BY-LAW No. IX.

##### *For the Repression of Noxious Weeds.*

1. That the roadmasters shall give notice in writing according to the form in Schedule 'A,' hereto annexed, to the owner or occupant of land whereupon Canada thistles, rag weed or other noxious weeds are growing and in danger of going to seed, requiring him or her to cause the same to be cut down within five days from the service of such notice, and in case the said owner or occupant refuses or neglects to cut down such thistles or weeds within the period named the roadmaster may enter upon the land and cause the same to be cut, with as little damage to growing crops as possible.

2. The roadmaster shall keep an accurate account of the expenses incurred by him in acting under such regulations, and shall deliver a statement of such expenses to the owner or occupant requiring him or her to pay the same within thirty days, and in case of failure to pay the same, the said amount may be recovered in the manner set forth in By-law No. XI.

3. In case thistles, rag weeds or other noxious weeds are found growing and likely to go to seed upon any highway within the Reserve, the owner or occupier of the land in front of which the said thistles or weeds are growing shall be notified in the same manner as provided for in section one of this by-law, and the same procedure and penalty shall follow as provided for in section two hereof.

4. In all cases of dispute between the owner and occupant as to liability under sections one and three of this by-law, the owner shall be primarily responsible for the destruction of thistles and weeds and liable for the penalties attached for a breach of these sections.

#### SCHEDULE 'A.'

To . . . . ., occupier of part of lot No. . . . . in the  
 . . . . . Concession of the Township of . . . . . Take  
 notice that you are hereby required within five days from your being served with a  
 copy hereof to cut all Canada thistles or noxious weeds growing on the land now  
 occupied by you on the highway in front of your said premises and in default of your  
 so doing, I shall cause the same to be done and charge the expense thereof against  
 you, as the law directs.

Dated this . . . . . day of . . . . . 19. . . . .

J. D.

Roadmaster.

## BY-LAW No. X.

*For the Protection of Horses and other Animals.*

1. The owners or harbourers of dogs shall restrain the same from running at large at night, and it shall be lawful for any person to kill and destroy any dog so running at large.

2. In case of any animal being killed or injured by any dog or dogs upon the said Reserve, it shall be the duty of the owner or owners of any such dog or dogs to forthwith kill and destroy said dogs, and in case he or she refuses so to do, the owner shall be liable to a fine or penalty as provided by By-law No. XI.

3. The owner of any sheep, horses, cattle or other animals which shall have been killed or injured by dogs shall apply to the owner of such dog or dogs, for payment of the amount of loss he thinks he has sustained by such dog or dogs, and in case the owner of such dog or dogs shall refuse to pay such damages or thinks the amount unreasonable, the case shall be left to arbitration to be composed of one arbitrator for the owner of the dog or dogs, one for the party whose property has been destroyed or injured, and the third arbitrator shall be appointed by the Council of the Band, the decision of the arbitrators to be final, and the amount awarded may be collected under provisions of By-law No. XI.

## BY-LAW No. XI.

*For the Imposition of Punishment by Fine or Penalty or by Imprisonment, or both, for Infraction of the Foregoing By-laws.*

1. That in each and every case under said by-laws where a penalty is not specially imposed, any person or persons found guilty of any infraction of any such by-law, or any part or portion thereof, shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than one nor more than thirty dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or to both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the convicting Justice of the Peace or Indian Agent, and in case the person so found guilty is a member of the Band, the said penalty may be deducted from their interest or annuity money.

2. The proceedings for the imposition of such fines and imprisonment to be taken in the usual way before an Indian Agent or Justice of the Peace, having jurisdiction in the premises.

## BY-LAW No. XII.

*As to School Management.*

1. Three Trustees shall be appointed by the Council for the school, who shall hold office for three years.

2. The Council shall as heretofore appoint at its first meeting in each year one Trustee, the retiring Trustee being eligible for re-appointment.

3. Any adult male member of the Band of good moral character may be appointed a Trustee.

4. In case of a vacancy by death or otherwise, the Chief Councillor shall call a Council as soon as convenient, when a member shall be appointed as Trustee in succession, who shall hold office for the unfinished term.

5. Duties and powers of Trustees:—

(1) To take charge of all school property of the Band, subject, however, to the orders of the Council.

(2) To repair, warm and furnish the school and keep in order its furniture, appendages and land inclosures, provided such repairs or furnishings shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars, without first obtaining the approval of the Council.

(3) To permit and encourage all members of the Band between the ages of five and seventeen years to attend the school free of charge so long as they conform to the by-laws.

(4) To admit to the school on the same conditions, non-members of the Band, resident upon the Reserve, who must furnish their own books and appliances.

(5) To visit from time to time the school and see that it is conducted in accordance with the by-law and that the school is provided with the authorized registers.

(6) By a vote of a majority, upon complaint from the teacher, to dismiss any pupil who shall be adjudged so refractory that his or her presence in the school is injurious to the other pupils, and when practicable such pupil shall be removed to an Industrial School.

(7) To see that no unauthorized books are used in the school; and to attend personally at the school upon any visit of the Inspector.

6. It shall be the duty of the teacher:—

(1) To teach diligently and faithfully all the branches required to be taught in the school, according to the provisions of this by-law.

(2) To maintain proper order and discipline in the school according to the authorized forms and regulations.

(3) To keep in the prescribed form the general register of the school and to record therein the admissions, promotions, removals of and other particulars as to the pupils of the school.

(4) To keep a visitors' book and enter therein all visits made to the school and present such book to each visitor with a request to make therein any remarks suggested by their visit.

(5) To give the Trustees access to the register and other books when so required.

(6) To deliver up the school register, visitors' and other books, keys and all other school property in their possession on demand or order of the Chief Councillor and majority of the Trustees.

(7) To have at the end of each half year a public examination of the school of which they shall give due notice to the Trustees and through the pupils to their parents or guardians.

7. The teachers shall have power and it shall be their duty to observe and enforce the following rules and such others as from time to time may be enacted:—

(1) They shall not allow a pupil to continue in school having or suspected of having a contagious disease, and shall report the same to the medical attendant, and shall not readmit such pupil until all danger is passed, as certified in writing by a physician.

(2) They shall suspend, subject to an appeal to the Trustees by the parents or guardians, any pupil for any of the following reasons:—

(a) Truancy.

(b) Opposition to authority.

(c) Habitual neglect of duty.

(d) The use of profane or improper language.

(e) General bad conduct or example.

(f) Cutting, marring, destroying or injuring any of the school property.

The teacher shall, upon suspending any pupil, give notice thereof in writing to the parents or guardian, and to the Trustees, stating the reason for such suspension.

(3) They shall exercise proper vigilance over school property under their charge, and give prompt notice in writing to the Trustees of any required repairs and to the Agent for any required supplies.

(4) They shall give strict attention to the ventilation, temperature and cleanliness of the school-house and outbuildings, and promptly report any irregularities or negligence by the caretaker.

(5) The school-house shall be ready for the reception of pupils at least 15 minutes before 9 o'clock a.m.

(6) The Council shall employ a suitable person as caretaker at such compensation as may be agreed upon, to open the school-room, make fires, sweep and dust the rooms, and keep all outbuildings in proper order.

(7) Pupils must come to school clean in their person and clothes, avoid idleness, profanity, falsehood, quarrelling, fighting and cruelty, and be kind to each other, obedient to their teacher, diligent in their studies, and conform to the rules of the school.

(8) Pupils shall not depart from the school before the hour appointed for closing, except in case of sickness or some pressing emergency, and the teacher's consent must be obtained.

(9) Any pupil coming late to school without a reasonable excuse may be denied admittance, or otherwise punished in the discretion of the teachers, and if the teachers doubt the correctness or truth of the excuse, they shall as soon as possible make inquiries respecting it.

(10) Any pupil absent from examination, without permission of the teachers, or a reasonable excuse from the parent or guardian, shall be treated as a truant and punished accordingly.

(11) Pupils shall be responsible to the teacher for any misconduct on the school grounds or in going to or returning from school, except when accompanied by their parent or guardian.

(12) Any pupil leaving the school, if entitled thereto, shall receive a certificate of good conduct and standing.

(13) Any property of the school injured or destroyed by pupils must forthwith be made good by the parent or guardian.

(14) Any pupil detected in tyranny, or intimidation towards other pupils shall forthwith be punished or suspended, in the discretion of the teachers.

The teacher should endeavour to obtain the confidence of the pupils and learn their wants and grievances.

(15) Each child member of this Band, between the ages of five and seventeen years, shall have a right to attend the school, subject to these by-laws, and it is the duty of parents or guardians to send their children to school.

(16) Each child member of the Band between seven and fifteen years of age must attend for the full term during which the school is open each year, and a parent or guardian neglecting to send such child to school for the said period as to which the school register shall be deemed to furnish sufficient proof, shall forfeit and pay out of his annuity money, for the first offence the sum of five dollars, and for every subsequent offence a sum of ten dollars.

Any Indian or other person who receives into his house an Indian child between the aforesaid ages, and which child is resident with him, or in his care or employment shall be deemed thereby to be subject to the same duty with respect to the education of such child during such residence as a parent, and shall be liable to be proceeded against as in the case of a parent, if he should fail to cause such child to be educated to the extent required of a parent under these by-laws, but the duty of the parent under these by-laws shall not thereby be affected or diminished and shall continue in full force.

(17) No parent, guardian or other person shall be liable to any of the penalties of these by-laws in respect of any child:—

(a) If the child is under sufficient instruction.

(b) If the child is unable to attend school by reason of sickness or other unavoidable cause.

(c) If the child has passed the entrance examination for the high school.

(d) For absence at any time during any period when the school was closed.

(18) It shall be the duty of parent or guardian to see that their children attend school regularly and punctually and that they are clean and tidy in person and clothing.

(19) Parents and guardians should direct their children to be diligent in their studies, and see that they prepare the lessons given them by their teacher. They should also visit the school as often as convenient, which visits will encourage the pupils and teacher.



(20) The school shall open and commence not later than 9 o'clock a.m., the hours of teaching 9 a.m. to 12 noon, exclusive of not more than fifteen minutes for recess, and from 1 p.m. to 4 p.m., exclusive of not more than fifteen minutes for recess.

(21) The holidays shall be:

(a) Saturday and every legal holiday.

(b) From the first day in July to the second Monday in August.

(c) From the 23rd December, to the 3rd day of January.

(d) The week preceding Easter Sunday.

(e) And any day proclaimed by the Chief Councillor.

(22) The bell shall be rung at 9 a.m., 12 and 1 o'clock p.m., after recesses and at 4 p.m. The teacher shall explain to the pupils the reason for ringing the bell, and any pupil doing so without his orders will be punished.

#### GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Any fine collected under authority of these Regulations shall, except when otherwise directed, be paid to the Agent for the benefit of the Band.

Passed at a public meeting of the Band on August 17, and confirmed by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on December 5, 1908.

JAMES A. WOOD,  
*Chief Councillor.*

W. C. VAN LOON,  
*Agent.*