

THE OBSERVER

HARTLAND, N. B., April, 5, 1911.

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The DAYLIGHT

A. L. BAIRD - Hartland, N. B.



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Our best waists we buy direct from the makers. And they are noted for their Style, Fit and Workmanship.

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BOTH KINDS in abundance. My prices on Driving Shoes beat all competitors and I propose doing the same this year.

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The most complete stock of
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All brands to choose from. Pipes and smokers Sundries galore.

Special values in Fruit and Confectionery
Chase, Main St., Hartland.

Opening of Base Ball Season

One certain sign of spring is the revival of base ball enthusiasm. Of course the remnants of the Hartland team are putting their heads together although no official meeting has yet been held. We speak of the "remnants" merely in view of the absence, until June at least, of Reid the crack pitcher, and of Sprague and Tuck. There is new material available and it is likely the early days of May will see a team capable of as good work as the organization of last summer.

H. M. Martell says the East Florenceville Stars are out looking for the Hartlands' scalp. They have a strong team this season and have been practicing on the crust for some time. The team includes Geo. Smith, Harley Boyer, Frank Estabrooks, Stanley Perry, Jack Ashley, Geo. Foss, Billie Davis and Ernest Charleton.

Fred Murphy and Terry Martin of Boston who will work for B. F. Smith will also play on the team. They are pitchers as are also Perry and Foss. They will have three catchers.

Says Martell, "Hartland thought they were it last year but we will show them where they are at this season. We have the same diamond as last year, only larger."

Victoria Day will be a day of sports at East Florenceville and it is hoped a game can be arranged with Hartland. They will also have a five-mile running race and other attractions.

PLASTER ROCK

Baseball talk is already beginning to fill the air at Plaster Rock. The members of the Athletic Association, satisfied with the results of the basketball season are determined to have their town represented on the diamond by a strong team this season. Plenty of material is available and it is expected that before the baseball season is very old the boys will have made a reputation surpassing, perhaps, that of their basketball ability.

Two Expresses Each Way After June 4.

The summer time table which goes into effect on the C. P. R. on June 4 shows new changes. The day express from Boston will arrive half an hour earlier and the Atlantic express leaves five minutes later than at present. The suburban service will be practically the same as last summer.

The only important change is the extension of the service to Aroostook Junction. The two trains which run daily between St. Stephen and Woodstock will after June 4 run through to Aroostook Junction. This will enable passengers from upriver points beyond Woodstock to reach Fredericton, St. Stephen and St. John and get back in the same day, which under the present train arrangement is impossible.

Linemen are now busy stringing heavy copper wires for the installation of a telephone service for despatching trains on the Atlantic division of the C. P. R. The new system is expected to be in operation early in the summer.

The trains 51 and 52 will run about as at present while the new train will leave Hartland about 7 A. M., connecting at McAdam with a train reaching St. John at noon, and with another reaching Boston at night. Going north this train will leave Hartland about 9:30 P. M. Passengers may go to Woodstock at 5 o'clock and

spend three hours of the evening in Woodstock and return.

Death of Nellie Hall.

On Jan. 27 the death occurred at Cora, Colo., of Miss Nellie Hall, aged 15 years. She was the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Hall and was born at Carlisle, this county, where she has many relatives. She was a young woman of pleasant disposition and will be greatly missed. Her grand-parents at Carlisle deeply mourn but are cheered by the knowledge that in her last days she sought and found the Pearl of Great Price. The fraternal lodge, of which the deceased was a member stood near at the dark hour of suffering and death, comforting by kind words and deeds. They in part bore the expenses of the funeral and will erect a monument to her memory.

J. C. EVERETT, ESQ., DEAD

At the home of his brother-in-law, A. W. Estabrooks, Rockland, J. Crandall Everett passed away on Friday. Had he lived until July 15, he would have been 79 years of age. He was born in St. John where he was in business for a time. He was the son of a noted axe maker, who later resided at Woodstock. Forty years ago Mr. Everett had quite a hand in business affairs and became well known all over the province. He later went to California and remained for 20 years. He returned to Rockland about ten years ago, and for four years previous to last October he lived at Hartland, keeping a small store and doing the usual business of a Justice of the Peace. For many years he suffered terribly from locomotor ataxia, and from the time he went to live with his brother-in-law he was bed-ridden. The funeral was held on Sunday.

Death of Mrs. Mary L. Estey.

The death of Mrs. Mary L. Estey, widow of Fred Estey of Jacksontown, N. B., occurred at the Range, Queens County, on March 20. She was forty-nine years of age, and leaves two brothers and one sister to mourn their loss. The brothers are Dr. B. D. Barton of Boston, W. O. Barton of the Range, and the sister is Mrs. Thomas H. Branscombe of Cumberland Bay. The funeral was held at the range on Wednesday last. - St. John Times.

Will Visit England.

Miss Annie B. Drake, a school teacher of Mount Pleasant is among the three persons who will be given free trips to the old country this summer by a Montreal weekly newspaper which offered the prizes in a subscription guessing contest. Frank W. Allan of Yarmouth, and John Watts of Jumping pond, Alta., were the other successful ones.

Biggest Moose Head.

The largest moose head secured in New Brunswick during the last season has just been sent out from the taxidermy establishment of Albert Emack in Calais. The animal was shot on Miramichi waters by W. T. Eastman of Boston, and the specimen was a particularly fine one. The horns have a spread of 66 inches.

Bert Nixon has bought a farm in Somerville owned by Herbert Boyer, and will take immediate possession.

SEEDS !

for

Early Planting

The season has arrived for getting

Cauliflower, Cabbage and Tomato

seed in the ground. As usual we are offering the largest and choicest selection of guaranteed seeds in the vicinity. Come to us direct.

Flower and Vegetable Seeds

All kinds, from several of best known growers

ESTEY & CURTIS CO., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

A GOOD POSITION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
I attended the G. T. P. SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY four months and was well pleased with the instruction given. I highly recommend this school to any one intending to take up Telegraphy. As soon as anyone is qualified they have no difficulty in getting a position. I hold the position as assistant agent and operator at Noreen, N. B., on the B. & A. Railroad at a good salary.

Yours truly,
(Signed) E. O. SHELDON, St. Marys, N. B.

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Buyers of

Produce of all Kinds
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International Harvester Co's

Farm Machinery

BEST IN THE WORLD

The only up-to-date Barber shop in Hartland.

2-Barbers-2

No waits in this shop. Razors for sale.

C. E. ALLEN, Prop.

SPRING FOOTWEAR



As the season is fast approaching when people will want something in the way of Spring Footwear, we take this opportunity of directing the attention of the people of Hartland to the provision we have made to fill any shoe want they may have.

The best of skilled shoemakers combine and all good points of shoe building in our shoes in order to produce shoes of style,

beauty, comfort and excellence.

We have the exclusive sale of many leading styles including Dress and Street Boots Lace and Button, high and medium heels, narrow, moderate and wide toes; swing or straight lasts; light, medium and heavy soles—all made from choicest leathers.

All kinds of Rubbers

for the Sloppy weather.

H. R. NIXON

HIGH GRADE Pianos and Organs

We sell the BEST PIANOS such as

**Heintzman & Co., New
Scale Williams and the
Sweet-Toned Ennis**

Terms easy to suit all purchasers. Write us for further information, catalogues and prices.

W. H. Ross, Representative

The C. H. Townshend Piano Co.

53 Germain St.

St. John, N. B.

IRELAND

Recent Happenings Told By Mail From the Land of the Shamrock.

A farm in Co. Down, containing 1-2 statute acres, was recently sold at auction for \$850.

John Naughton was fined \$250 at Ballinasloe, for using a defaced penny stamp on a letter.

A fire in which a butcher shop and fancy ware store were consumed took place recently at Larne.

The Irish Parliamentary fund for 1910, just closed, reached within \$60 of the magnificent total of \$75,000.

While among a gay throng at a meet of the Tipperary hounds, at Rathfriland, Capt. Murphy of Coolmore fell from his horse and died before aid could reach him.

In Dublin, at Mary's Abbey, William McKenna and his wife, Elizabeth, were found dead with their throats cut. A blood-stained shoe-maker's knife was lying near them.

At the opening of the Commission of Oyer and Terminer in Dublin the Lord Chief Justice was presented with white gloves, emblematic of the county's freedom from crime.

Mary Hamilton, of Drumbow, Irvinestown, has died in the workhouse at Irvinestown at the age of 104. She retained all her faculties and was in good health almost to the end.

In the ancient Abbey, convenient

to the town of Donegal, recently there were laid to rest the remains of two centenarians: Wm. Warke, Winterhill, and Miss Margaret Melly, Donegal.

Eugene Walsh, ex-manager of the Kilmore and Anghrim Dairy Society, was remanded at Carrick-on-Shannon on a charge of embezzling funds to the amount of \$536 belonging to the Society.

Although only nineteen years of age, Jas. Coyle, student, Maynooth College, recently obtained the B.A. (honors) degree of the National University of Dublin, winning a very high place in the list of graduates.

Patrick Greavy went out recently to bury a large boulder near Ballynash. He did not return, and a search party found the rock had fallen on him, killed him, and buried him in the hole made for the boulder.

At the recent Honor Degree examination in Trinity College, Dublin, Miss Georgina Revington, daughter of John Revington, Tralee, obtained first place, Senior Moderatorship, and large gold medals in Natural Science, an unusually high-achieving. This is the highest distinction awarded by the university.

LIVING IN CAIRO, EGYPT

MODERN CONVENIENCES, BUT THEY COME HIGH.

An Englishwoman Writes of Her Experiences in Housekeeping in That Country.

"When I first went to Egypt to live, about twenty years ago, residence in Cairo was very different from what it is now," writes an Englishwoman in the "Queen".

"Houses were inconvenient, had neither pantries nor bathrooms, and servants had no English training at all in the way of orderly housekeeping.

"Of course there were always the one or two exceptional servants to be had and occasionally a decent house or two to be found, but these things both cost a mint of money and were not available to the young official. The English community was small, perhaps 300 or 400 souls at the outside, and their residences were scattered over a wide area of many miles.

"Mrs. Jones had called; but where did she live? Right away on the other side of the city, down the riverbank, under a gateway, through a cotton repository, and then into a one-story flat bungalow surrounded by gardens. And Mrs. Smith, where did she live? Out on the desert, two miles from nowhere in a corner of the old soldiers' barracks; no address, no road, no signposts.

"Still you had to find it, and in doing so you made great friends for your pains, and everybody absolutely knew everybody else. In winter things were quite gay, but funnily enough in summer.

"THEY WERE STILL GAY.

All the unfortunates who were left behind to spend the heat in Cairo clumped together, full of real friendliness and good will, to give each other a good time.

"I was afraid that sort of thing is quite done away with now. Cairo has grown too big, too prosperous, too busy to bother with the next door neighbor. The change seemed to come with the change of government. In the old days when the Sudan was a military fighting unit the pink of the English army spent its holidays from Hulla to Assuan with us in Cairo, coming and going throughout the year and made up of England's best form of sportsmen.

"In Cairo itself the present influx of hundreds of young educational officials had not yet come into vogue. The club, not full of overbearing, was quite small, very cozy, very homely, very dear. The men had no wives and few ladies had our drawing rooms always full with delightful bachelors.

"And now, twenty years later, what has happened? One's winter is spent in returning endless calls from unknown acquaintances just passing through. You pass friends you would like to know only in the rush and tear of Savoy dinners or other hotel dances. You are out every night and in bed all day resting for the next bout.

"EXPENSES ARE HIGH.

"Rents are enormous, servants' wages are ruinous. You must have endless dresses for such a climate, and in April, when your money is all gone, you still have got to leave

for Europe, else you spend the whole of next winter getting over the heat of a summer spent where you are. Everything has increased in price. The old houses are unfit for habitation and the new ones want \$1,250 a year rent for five rooms. Then you can only stay there half the year. Added to this you must come and go with your family and you must keep alive somewhere during the other six months.

"You can at exorbitant wages throw out your servants when you leave, but it is better to pay them a reasonable rate and keep them through the summer. After all, they too have got to live, and their wives and children, also. If you get a reputation for closing the house no servant living will take much interest in your welfare and will incessantly rook you during the winter months because he must.

"The cook's wage is high, but he has to pay rent, a family to keep and no summer work available. You must feed your English cook and pay her rent. It averages the same with the good one, and the bad ones we do not keep at all. Your black butler-boy is your English parlormaid and in these days quite as handy. He also stops at the silver and the door and will not touch the dustpan.

"There is little to choose in these days between the price of a good flat and service in Cairo and the same.

IN THE CENTRE OF LONDON.

You can get everything new, sanitary, well-built flats, telephone, electric light and gas stoves, motor and electric trams just at the corner, but also you must have not less than \$5,000 a year. In England if you are comfortable, you can stay there all the year round, but in Cairo the more ladies there are and the more the expenses increase, so much the more urgent it is that you must move out in summer and repeat all your bills in another country more sanitary and with better climate.

"That is what makes Cairo so expensive for the poor man. I have seen humbled creatures with humble wives arrive full of joy at a salary of \$3,000 a year. With the best intentions, both pulling the load, living in summer on their people, with only one child and cheap servants, they could not make both ends meet. You cannot help yourself out of the trouble. You cannot go to market, you cannot visit your own kitchen full of Arabs, you cannot help being cheated.

"You must pay, or else you must do with cheap, bad servants who are stupid and inefficient. If a cook is clever at cooking he is clever at your accounts, and you may stand over him while he weighs the beef—he will still get his proportion. He has only six months, in which to make enough to keep him going while you are away during the summer. Pay, and he will give you the best of good times—good dinners, no worries, no tempers, the house running on oiled wheels; but you must pay, remember that."

FACT AND FANCY.

What can't be cured supports the doctor.

English lawyers never wear mustaches.

It is better to be a dark horse than a black sheep.

To say a man is happy because he is rich is as unwarranted as to say a man is healthy because he has enough to eat.

NO ALTERATION IN MEXICO

THE WORLD'S MOST CONSERVATIVE COUNTRY.

Habits and Customs of the People Have not Yet Changed in Centuries.

Mexico is the graveyard of modernity—the most un-American country in all America. It has been stated that Mexico B.C. and Mexico A.D. are practically one and the same thing, and certainly there is a great deal in Mr. W. E. Carson's "Mexico" to bear out this assertion. All Mexicans are slaves of habit. If anything is not customary it cannot be right or worth considering. Thus, if a servant were asked to sweep the floor when her usual duty was to cook, she would politely refuse, with the phrase, "No es costumbre" (It is not the custom). You order a chop at a restaurant, with soup to precede it, and the soup comes half an hour after the chop. You complain, and on your next visit to the restaurant, you order both courses to be served together. But the waiter resolutely refuses. "No señor," they say politely, "no es costumbre."

AN EDITORIAL MAXIM.

If you are in a hurry to catch a train, and implore the waiter to be quick, he puts his thumb and forefinger gingerly together and says, "Our moment, señor," as if a moment were a fragile piece of spun glass, and he was afraid of breaking it. Then the swarthy villain strolls off and disappears for nearly an hour. That is conservatism, too, which has retarded the education of the lower classes, and very few of the poorer people in Mexico can either read or write. Thus it is that the "public newspaper reader" is enabled to earn a living in the land where the flowers are without perfume by making the rounds of the drinking places, and reciting the news of the day.

A certain amount of literary skill is required to follow this strange calling successfully, and the reader is, in fact, a sort of peripatetic news-editor, for he selects only two or three items which he will please his audience.

Yet even the newspapers themselves show a great lack of enterprise, and in the smaller towns editors rarely publish any bright local news, and never hesitate to publish intelligence at least a week old. An amusing reason for this was given by the editor of one of these Mexican products of modern journalism. "Good news," he said, "is like good wine. It improves with age. It is always better to hold news over for a week. If it is true, we shall get more facts and if it proves to be false, why should we print it?"

GOODS AT THE OUT PRICE.

Sometimes, however, the Mexicans do attempt to be up to date, and certain departmental stores make desperate endeavors to copy the go-ahead style of the twentieth-century Yankee.

Plastered over the windows are such appeals as "Ojo, gran garata, ojo" (Look at the great bargain; just look at them); "Precios muy reducidos" (Prices greatly reduced); "Gran reduccion" (Great reduction). One worded shopkeeper, with a limited knowledge of English, announced "Goods at the cut price," evidently a Mexican variation of the popular American expression, "Goods at cut prices." Some shops, in a desperate attempt to Anglicize themselves and appear very up-to-date have christened themselves "Fashionable," "Old England," "High Life" (pronounced "high leaf"), "Five o'clock," "Royal Club."

In one restaurant an attempt has been made to "English" the bill of fare, with such lamentable results as "beef-steak vilet" (for sirloin steak) and "coctel" (cocktail). In another, the proprietor essayed the experiment of translating the names of the various modern breakfast foods into his native language, and shredded wheat biscuit became "bischochos de avena." The translated terms were not exactly a success. Mr. Carson ordered some "bischochos de avena," and the waitress brought an omelette!

Every shop has a name painted over the door, and sometimes these are very quaint. Thus one drug store calls itself the "Gate to Heaven," and a drinking saloon is "The Bait of the Devil." The names as they bear picturesque names as "The Love of God Street," "Pass If You Can Street," "Lost Child Street," "Sad Indian Street," and "Street of the Wood Owls."

Yet, with all their faults, the Mexicans are nothing if not polite—too polite sometimes, as Mr. Carson shows.

TAKEN AT THEIR WORD.

Mexicans of the upper class have a pretty way of telling you that their house is yours. "Su casa es numero," meaning literally, "Your house is No. —," giving their address.

dress. Of course, this is a mere manner of speaking, and must not be regarded as a serious invitation.

A story is told of a "Wild Western" American who, visiting the capital, was casually introduced in the street to a Mexican senator, who extended to him the formal invitation. Later in the day, when the Mexican returned to his home, he was amazed to find the American seated in his drawing-room in his best chair, his feet perched on another, his portmanteau at his side, puffing a big cigar, and at being greeted with a boisterous "Well, colonel, I've come!"

If you express admiration of any article in a house, the polite Mexican will take it up and say, "It is at your disposal, señor," and insist on your accepting it. You are, of course, supposed to refuse, firmly, and politely, saying, "No, no señor, many thanks, but it could not possibly be in better hands." I was told of a Western mining man, however, who took a mean advantage of this venerable custom.

He had done some business with a wealthy Mexican in one of the large towns, and had spent quite a lot of money in entertaining him, giving him dinners, taking him on automobile drives, and giving him a trip in a private railway car. The Mexican, who was extremely parsimonious, did not return any of these little attentions. On the day he was leaving, the American called at the Mexican's house, and there saw a fine collection of golden Aztec relics, which had been dug up in that part of the country. He expressed unbounded admiration for them. The Mexican immediately summoned his man-servant and said, "Juan, this American señor has honored me by admiring these things. Pack them up and send them to his hotel at once!" "No, no, señor!" exclaimed the West-erner, sweeping the curio into a bag which he carried, "don't put yourself to all that trouble. I'll take 'em along with me right now!"

Forthwith he said good-bye, and departed with the whole collection, leaving its late owner wild with rage.

CRANES HEED SHEEP.

Yakamik is the Name of the Only Known Shepherd Bird.

The yakamik of South America is, so far as is known, the only "shepherd bird" anywhere. We have all known of course, of dogs that, unaided, may be trusted to shepherd a flock of sheep, but a shepherd bird, which will drive its charges to pasture, protect them from prowling animals, and gather them carefully together at night, fall to bring them safely home again, is indeed a unique creature.

The native owners of sheep and poultry in Venezuela and British Guiana are the possessors of this species of crane—for to that family the yakamik belongs—are entrusted sheep, ducks and other poultry. The South American sees them depart for their feeding grounds, secure in the knowledge that the crane will bring them all back safely. Any unlucky animal detected by the yakamik while prowling about to steal gets very much the worst of it. The bird savagely attacks the marauder with wing and beak, forcing it to retreat in haste. A dog is no match at all for the yakamik.

At dusk the bird returns with its flock, never losing its way, no matter how far it may wander, for its sense of location is extremely accurate. When it arrives home, the yakamik rooks upon a tree or shed near its charges, to be ready to resume its supervision of them when they are let out again in the morning.

This queer bird is said to be as affectionate as it is trustworthy. It will follow its master about with capers of delight, showing its appreciation of any attention given it by the most extraordinary evolutions.

DEATH OGLES MIDDLE LIFE.

Startling Increase in Tale of Victims Past 40 Years of Age.

While the death rate of persons under 40 years of age has remarkably decreased since 1880, the death rate of persons over 40 years of age has markedly increased.

Why? One reason is that science has done comparatively little against the non-communicable diseases. Then medical science has nursed along weak constitutions which in earlier periods would have succumbed in infancy or adolescence, and has carried them across the boundary of middle age, but has not been able to assure them a ripe old age. A third reason, of course, is the increasing complexity of life, which brings heavier burdens, stresses and overwhelms some persons as soon as the impetus of their youthful vitality is spent. A fourth reason is that people do not replenish this vitality and prepare for the problems of middle life.

There is really nothing cheaper than the attainment and preservation of good health. Fresh air and sleep are nature's free gifts, and bodily activity a normal impulse of the blood, while it costs less to eat frugally than to over eat.

NEW TOWN MADE TO ORDER.

Modern Suburb Will Arise on Ruins of Estate, Near London.

After a competition among sixty-two architects, many of them of international distinction, plans have been chosen for the great ready-made town on the outskirts of London, England, which is to be created on the Ruins of King's College, Cambridge. The place is eighteen minutes by fast train from the West End. The estates of the college extend to some 1,300 acres in the two Middlesex parishes of Northwood and Enfield. An "erected suburb" is what the papers call it.

The Ruins town-planning experiment will be the most extensive undertaking of the kind in the world. There are to be more than 7,000 houses, divided according to rental as follows:

\$500 or more rent.....	21
Not exceeding \$500 rent.....	324
Not exceeding \$300 rent.....	5,541
Not exceeding \$150 rent.....	3,556
Total.....	7,642

About 387 acres will be devoted to building plots, 225 acres to parks and other open spaces, and 184 acres to roads. Nowhere on the estate are there to be more than ten houses on an acre. This is the same rule as is usually followed in suburban development in America. In some places in Ruins there will be only two or three dwellings per acre.

The central avenue of the Ruins town is to have a fifty-foot grass strip along its centre, flanked on either side by thirty-foot roadways; a church will face each end of the avenue. There are to be, of course, a theatre, a club, a municipal building, schools, an arcade, a concert hall, a library, a museum, a golf course, a hospital, an abattoir, baths, a laundry, a garage, possibly an aviation ground, and every other up-to-date suburban facility.

The Ruins Manor Garden Suburb is the first great scheme under the new Act of Parliament. The London County Council is carrying forward several large suburban housing developments.

GREATEST BEER DRINKERS.

According to Statistics Recently Issued.

The Strassburger Port of Berlin, Germany, has recently devoted space to a comparative statistical study of thirst, as shown by the amount of liquor consumed by the inhabitants of various European States. The task is complicated by the varieties of liquid refreshment which are met with in different countries, and which are common to all.

It appears, however, that the Dane drinks on an average 104 litres of beer, very little wine, but 24 litres of brandy each year. The Swede is satisfied with 22 litres of beer and 8 of alcohol. The Norwegian is one of the most temperate of northern nations, consuming but 31 litres of beer and 2 of brandy per head of population.

The Russian takes 5 litres each of beer and vodka, whereas his ally, the Frenchman, needs 29 litres of beer, 10 of brandy, and 109 of wine. John Bull imbibes 6 litres of whiskey or gin, 2 of claret, and 130 of beer or stout. The Dutchman rests content with 38 litres of beer and 81-3 of brandy. His neighbor, the Belgian, is more capacious, being satisfied only with 231 litres of beer and 9 of alcohol. The Austrian and the Hungarian each absorb 12-1-3 litres of schnapps and 18 of wine, the former needing in addition 60 litres of beer, while 11 will suffice for the latter. Of all the inhabitants of Europe the Italian is the one who drinks least beer, a mere 2 litres, and the least alcohol, 1-1-4 litres; he imbibes 93 litres of wine, however.

The figures for Germany are not given.

MATRIMONIAL RECORD.

Couple Married, Divorced and Remarried Within a Year.

M. and Mme. Horzen, who live at Zurich, Switzerland, have just recorded a new kind of matrimonial record. They are each aged 19 years, but have been married, divorced, and a few days ago remarried at Zurich.

The young couple married at 18, and the wife became homesick and left her husband for her parents after a short time. They agreed to a divorce, and obtained it, but regretted the step later. A reconciliation took place, which was followed by a second marriage and a second honeymoon within a year.

It may be explained that a divorce nisi becomes absolute in Switzerland as soon as it is pronounced, and the parties are free to marry next day. Further, if both parties agree, a divorce is a question of weeks, and very cheap in that country, a \$25 note often covering full costs.

CAPT. COOK'S EXPEDITION

THE EXACT SPOT WHERE THE MEN DIED.

Relics of Massacre Discovered at Queen Charlotte Sound Recently.

The exact spot where 10 members of Capt. Cook's expedition were massacred by the Maoris 137 years ago has been definitely determined and some interesting relics of the ancient tragedy discovered by Robert McNab in Grass Cove, Queen Charlotte Sound.

It may, perhaps, be remembered that on Dec. 17, 1773, the captain of the Adventure sent two officers and eight men across the sound to gather wild geese for the ship's company. They failed to return, and searchers who were sent out finally discovered evidence of a tragedy in a number of baskets containing human flesh and fern root; also a hand of a white man. Grass Cove was previously conjectured to be the scene of

THE ANCIENT TRAGEDY.

but Mr. McNab, however, has settled the question once and for all by discovering the exact spot where the Englishmen were murdered.

After Mr. McNab and the party of friends with him had decided that the massacre took place in a certain bend in Grass Cove—a conclusion to which they came by comparing the locality with the description given in Cook's papers—they went ashore and spoke to a settler, Mr. Greenall, who was living on the spot, regarding any evidence of the massacre that he may have seen. Mr. Greenall said he had dug up in his garden an old flintlock, a barrel, a bayonet, and some other kind of a weapon he was unable to identify.

This latter weapon Mr. McNab at once identified as

AN OFFICER'S HANGER,

which was doubtless the one used by Midshipman Rowe, who was in charge of the boat's crew. There was a description of the sword given in the accounts and they corresponded exactly with the weapon dug up.

It was with that hanger that Midshipman Rowe killed two Maoris and wounded the chief before being overpowered and killed. This discovery places beyond a shadow of a doubt the exact locality of the massacre, which took place on the spot now occupied as Mr. Greenall's garden in Grass Cove. Mr. McNab's discoveries confirm the idea that the weapon may have been carried there from the fact that the locality exactly corresponds with the description given by Capt. Cook—London Standard.

MAKING DIAMONDS.

Specimens Manufactured at One-Fifth Cost of Real Stones.

After nine years of experiment a young Englishman has succeeded in producing what he calls "Synthetic diamonds," of a quality he claims never before approached. Their hardness is 98 per cent. of that of the natural diamonds. They can be stamped upon with the heel without injury. A London Daily Mirror Scientific representative has heated one in a spirit-lamp flame and kept it red hot for three minutes without damaging it.

The color is so good that even by daylight an expert can scarcely detect the difference between these stones and natural diamonds. And though the smaller ones are slightly better than the larger, they can be made satisfactorily up to a weight of one carat (four grains).

Two months ago the inventor had succeeded in turning out stones which defied detection at night by the ordinary untrained eye. His latest stones are still better. Their density is practically the same as that of natural diamonds, and they are absolutely permanent—unaffected by the atmosphere.

But they are deficient in that distinctive steel-blue shimmer which the best natural diamonds possess. Of course, the maker does not disclose his process. The base is presumably mineral, and the stones are made by compression, simulating the formation of natural diamonds through the contraction of cooling mineral matter.

Diamond makers, by dissolving sugar in iron, or some other substance which exerts tremendous pressure upon its contraction by cooling, have often obtained very small but perfect stones of more or less effective appearance. But this newest invention has produced stones of remarkable size and brilliancy. He estimates the cost at about one-fifth that of the natural stones, at present prices.

Many a learned man has succeeded in making a fool of himself in several different languages.

If a girl has made up her mind to marry a young man she is not intent that he ask her father.

Our Neighbours

ARGYLE

We are sorry to hear that Joseph Crawford is on the sick list; we hope that he will soon be well again.

Leslie Wilson was the guest of William Lamont, East Glasville on Friday last.

Rev. Wm. Whitehouse was unable to keep his appointment here Sunday on account of the recent snow-storm.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Crawford last Wednesday.

Rev. Wm. Whitehouse gave a song service here on Monday evening. Quite a number were present. A collection was taken up in behalf of missions.

Charles Wilson and William Hovey are having a timber to Bristol.

Charles Crawford passed through Argyle en route to East Glasville on Friday.

Mrs. Thos. Harvey fell and hurt her wrist quite badly last Wednesday.

Wm. Glenn's barn, containing his farm machinery was burned one day last week. It caught fire from a spark from the flue and was too far gone before help arrived. We sympathize with him in his loss.

Olys Hughes and David Harvey are busy hauling lath to Bristol for M. Welsh, from Foreston.

Sam Hemphill and Fred Currie have finished hauling birch for Mr. Crawford, East Glasville.

Florence Crawford is going out to Beaufort to take charge of the school for the remainder of the term.

Mrs. David Harvey's brother made her a visit last week.

Hannah Hemphill and Mr. Whitehouse were calling on friends in Northfield on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Hemphill have just returned from a pleasant trip to Presque Isle.

WAPSE, TOBIQUE

Edward Warigh is carrying on an extensive lumber operation this season. His cut is about 8 million.

Lockhart Bros. have finished up their lumber operation of nearly two million, and are now building a dam at River de Chate for driving purposes. They also run a saw boarding house.

Bessie Giberson of Plaster Rock was calling on Miss Alberta Curtis Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Waugh took a trip to Perth last week. Mrs. Waugh expects to return to her home at Upper Peel in a few days.

Edlington Day is remodelling his house. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gordon have moved to Red Rapids.

Stanley Waugh has been keeping books for his father. He intends to return to his home at Aroostook Jet. in a few days. B. H. Waugh arrived here a few days ago he has been visiting his mother.

Traffic will soon be open here on the G. T. P. as the road is almost completed.

Our post office is kept in first class style by Dr. J. G. Cox.

William Day's family have all been sick with the mumps, but are now on the mend. Some of the people took advantage of the excursion running from Plaster Rock to Perth, to witness the ball game which was played between Plaster Rock and Andover.

RIVER BANK

Mrs. T. S. VanWart has been visiting at her sisters Mrs. H. C. Hunter's.

Mrs. Henry Estabrooks and Helen spent a day with Mrs. Bruce Tompkins last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rideout attended the funeral of her sister Mrs. William Tompkins of Mount Pleasant.

The Misses Corey of Peel called on Mrs. Herbert McDonald recently.

Mrs. Lizzie Holmes of Connell is visiting friends here.

Bruce Waugh has gone to Wapse. Several of our people attended church at Connell Sunday.

C. J. Smalley was at Hartland last week looking after a car load of brick for the new post office.

Laura Drost went to Bath Sunday to see her father.

Mrs. H. M. Hunter, Eva and Laura calling on Mrs. Chase Sunday.

SOUTH CARLISLE

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jones dined at Chas. Jones' on Sunday.

F. E. Sayre is having an addition put to the driving shack for the benefit of drivers. Albert and Chas. Jones are employed there as carpenters.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Jones and sister Nellie have returned from an extended visit with relatives at Stone Ridge and Bartts Corner.

Our school is progressing nicely with Miss Mabel Gallagher of Danville as teacher.

A number of people, young and old, gathered at the home of Chas. Jones on Sunday last, where an en-

joyable evening was spent playing music and singing hymns, among which were some choice selections from Samuel Mason.

We are sorry to hear of the serious illness of the aged Mrs. John Hill and hope to hear of her recovery soon.

Mrs. Sam Barter, Avondale, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Clas. Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Jones and Miss Gallagher were calling on friends Sunday.

Mrs. John Hill of Ashland, was visiting relatives and friends in this settlement recently.

Mrs. Aaron Jones was the guest of Mrs. Albert Perkins on Monday.

Miss Mary Jones of St. John, is visiting her uncle Albert Perkins.

Mr. Malone of Stanley is surveying for Jacob Wallace.

Amos Smith who has been working in the woods here, returned to Hibernia, Kings county last week.

Miss Alyce Noble, Rockland, is giving music lessons to a number of the young people here.

John Orser and family have recently moved into the house owned by H. E. Orser.

BATH

(Delayed in the mails.)

The Chosen Friends of this place held a private meeting at Rankin Smith's Monday evening.

John Brown is very busy hauling logs for B. F. Smith.

Edmund Longstaff made a trip to this place Sunday last.

H. Kinney and Alma Darkis were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wallace of Beechwood Sunday last.

We are all glad to hear that George Milbury is recovering.

W. Stapleford has gone to the west.

We are glad to hear that Mr. Secord is doing a fine business in his new store. We wish him success.

Basket Ball Criticism.

DEAR EDITOR: Having read a piece in the OBSERVER commenting on the game of basket ball played between the Florenceville Consolidated School boys and Hartland, we wish to say that in the least the criticism was unjust.

In the first place the Hartland boys said the hall was much smaller than their own. When any one with common sense knows that such was not the case. In the Hartland hall, with the stove in one end and the stage in the other there was not as much room as there was in the Florenceville hall. Surely if ONE of the Hartland boys that played in the team can access any of the F. O. S. boys with being rougher than they were, they have no conscience. We should be very sorry to see any one of our boys, even if they did beat the Hartland team, here, be lacking of courteous-civility to any stranger. Our boys are too honourable to ever use any cowardly or ungentlemanly means toward a beaten comrade. Then at Hartland after a second referee was put in to suit the Hartland boys, the game was a tie, was known to be a tie by disinterested parties looking on. The Hartland boys would not acknowledge that, but put in the paper that they beat the F. C. S. two points and now they turn around and challenge the F. C. S. boys to try another game. But the F. C. S. boys are not easy. If a friendly game of basket ball cannot be played between two school teams without adverse and untruthful criticism being published by the defeated team the Hartland boys had best take up the game of checkers or dominoes, or something easy they can play, for any spectator could see they knew nothing about basket ball.

PAY STEPHENSON.
FLORENCEVILLE, N. B.

Never Favored Annexation

Hon. W. S. Fielding, in his speech at Montreal on Saturday evening last, made many good points. Here are a few extracts:

"When Mr. Casgrain (at a recent meeting in Montreal) said I was an advocate of annexation he made a statement which was without the shadow of a ghost of foundation. I am sorry," the hon. gentleman went on, "that my friend did not know me better, or did not know the Province of Nova Scotia better, for if he had known the Province of Nova Scotia he would know that no man entertaining such an opinion—no man with the slightest suspicion of disloyalty, could occupy a post of honor in that province. Nova Scotia was loyal then under provocation and Nova Scotia is loyal now. (Cheers.) Nova Scotia was loyal when many another in Canada was disloyal. Nova Scotia was loyal when the Tories of Montreal were burning down the Parliament buildings and when they signed the only annexation memorial that was ever signed. Nova Scotia was loyal when the Tories of Montreal were pelting the representative of the King with rotten eggs. (Loud cheers.) For myself I can say that

I have for many years represented the loyal city of Halifax, where they know me best. I was for twelve years Prime Minister of the loyal Province of Nova Scotia and for fourteen years represented the loyal constituency of Shelburne and Queens, and I say that no man could have occupied any of these positions whose loyalty was open to suspicion. (Applause.) For nearly thirty years I have been engaged in the activities of public life, and I can say that during all these years I have never spoken a word in favor of annexation to the United States." (Hear, hear.)

Reciprocity Poetically Considered

(Presque Isle, Maine, Star-Herald.)

What are they going to give us, The nation's law makers I mean? I'm puzzled for words to express it, A dangerous Democrat scheme. Reciprocity, that's what they call it; Oh how much does that word contain, It means a boom for Canadians While a dark day is dawning for Maine.

Oh! What could be grosser injustice? What could injure our interests more Than to take off the duty, the tariff, And open up Canada's door? What could more discourage the farmers Who are faithfully tilling the soil Than to cheapen the price of his products The honest reward of his toil?

If such a bill meets approval If such a law should be passed, Reciprocity will diminish in value And 'twill cripple the laboring class. They will beckon them over the border Unlimited numbers at hand; And wages will take a slump downward.

That's the fate of the poor working man. The market prices will wither, Our success will vanish away, When our bluenose neighbor will enter With his grain and timothy hay. His wood and produce in general, They will crowd us close to the wall, And potatoes, now a drug on the market—

'Twill be useless to raise them at all. 'Tis true we love the Canadians, But we care for ourselves much more. We hail with respect their Dominion, The beautiful maritime shore; But let us leave them there in their glory.

In their contentment, peaceful and calm, Nor scatter such discord among them, Such a trademark over the land. When sleep relieves us from worry, We dream of protection in Maine, But when we awake from our slumber We fear that the vision is vain. Then let us flee over the border, If free trade the outcry will be, It we meet with disaster in homelife By a Legislative decree.

But as time goes on and they mingle In Reciprocity's row, They will stagger before the free treaty, They will reap from this seeds they sow. If the political party stampede us, The outlines of commerce shall be Debts, dues, demands, and redemption In the so-called land of the free.

—Mrs. Fred. Mushraun.

BANKING BY MAIL

To enable those living at a distance to conduct a bank account this Bank gives particular attention to Deposits sent by mail :

BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK

East Florenceville, N. B.

Get the Habit!

Follow the Crowd!

to the

HARTLAND ROLLER RINK

Fine music; healthy recreation; floor free from dust.

W. P. Jones, K. C.

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, etc.

WOODSTOCK N. B.

Miles Sherwood

Dealer in
Fresh Meats of all kinds
Buyer and Shipper of Hides
FLORENCEVILLE, N. B.

FOR ANY Eye Trouble CONSULT H. M. Martell

the only reliable travelling optician in Canleton County. Eyes tested free. Glasses ground to suit. General office at ———

Day's Hotel, East Florenceville N.B.

Will be at the Exchange Hotel Hartland, every Monday.

D. Fitzgerald & Son Double and Single HARNESS

Shoe Packs and Moccasins. Cash paid for Hides, etc. General Fire Insurance.

BREAD

like MOTHER used to make.

Fine Confectionery and Soft Drinks.

SIMMS

M. W. CALDWELL GENERAL MERCHANT

Special Values in Clothing and Foot wear.

Dry Goods, Groceries and Hardware

Conducting a strictly pay-down business. I am able to sell at close prices.

BRISTOL

New Barber Shop. H. B. BOYER

Everything new, neat and clean. Ladies' Massage and Shampooing a specialty. Over Gesien's Store, Main St. HARTLAND, N. B.

C. P. R.

St. John to Montreal

WEEK DAYS
AND
SUNDAYS

W. B. Howard, D.P.A., C.P.R., St. John.

THE SHORT ROUTE FROM HALIFAX

AND ALL POINTS IN THE
MARITIME PROVINCES
TO
MONTREAL & WEST

We Represent The Following Companies

Western Assurance Co., of Toronto, Phoenix Assurance Co., of England, Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Co., of Mass, St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Co., of St. Paul, Minn, Northern Assurance Co., of London, British America Assurance Co., of Toronto, Guarantian Assurance Co., of England, German American Assurance Co., of New York.

Life

North American Life Assurance Co., of Toronto, also Accident and Health Insurance.

Bibbier & Angherton

INSURANCE

QUEEN ST. WOODSTOCK, N. B.

GET THE BEST

During these trying times when so many light Fire Companies are going out of business would it not be well to consider your own interests and place your Fire Insurance in a Reliable Office.

We have the oldest and strongest Fire Companies on the continent, companies that are generous in their settlements, prompt in their payments, and their policies are free from technicalities.

We will call and inspect your dwelling if you will drop us a card

ASTLE & COSMAN

Queen Street Woodstock, N. B.

Spring Has Come

Your walls need a coat of Alabastine. A full line of all the different shades at the

Hardware Store

Also the old reliable English Paints now in stock. Calf Meal the great milk substitute. Poultry Meat, Oyster Shells and Grit for Hens. Sugar and Flaxseed for Horses (the best and cheapest tonic for horses.)

DUST BANE

for house cleaning. Do not try to clean house without Dust Bane. It saves labor, brightens carpets—NO DUST.

Sap Cans and Spiles for the Honey Makers. Peevies and Boot Calks for the steam drivers. Tools of all kinds for the carpenters. Nails, Building materials of all kinds for the builders. Horse Nails, Shoes, Iron and Steel for the Blacksmiths. X-cut saws and axes for the Lumbermen.

In fact everything you need in Hardware you will find at my store. Prices always reasonable and especially low for cash.

ZIBA ORSER

—CARNIVAL—

Hartland Roller RINK

Friday Evening, April, 7th

The management of the Hartland Rink desires to make this Carnival the event of the season and will offer

3-Beautiful Prizes-3

For the Handsomest Costume

For the Most Original Costume

For the Best Comic Costume

Contestants will be admitted free and charged only for skates

Don't Miss this Big Event

Gorgeous Costumes, Beautiful Music by the largest and only Orchestrion in the Maritime Provinces. A place to drive away the blues.

Admission 25c.

Skates 15c.

Children 15c.

Carnival Starts at 8 p. m. Sharp.

No Dust in the Rink.

THE OBSERVER

Frederic H. Stevens, Editor and Managing Director.

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The Local Government and "The Interest."

There now seems to be strong reasons for supposing that it in New Brunswick the policy of corporation control of a government has become a reality. At the last session of the Legislature it became apparent that the Hazen ministry was, at least, very careful when it came to watching out for the interests of one or two corporations. Five are now coming to light which justify the feeling which existed last year. It will be remembered that at the Hazen government gave a remarkable concession to the Drummond iron people in Gloucester county, and it will be remembered that at the last session the government forced through the House some extraordinary legislation affecting the development of the Albert shale. Canadian Pacific Railway interests are popularly supposed to be connected with some of the plans for this Albert work. It is now announced that the government intends to guarantee bonds for what is known as the Southampton Railway. If the Canadian Pacific operates the road, a bill has been introduced providing for a bond guarantee for a road from Minto to Gibco. If the Canadian Pacific will operate the road and take over the Central line, it developed in the by-election campaign here that the government is strongly opposed to intercolonial operation of the proposed St. John Valley Railway, and it is announced that if the ministry does anything towards bringing about the construction of this road, a line will run from Andover on the Canadian Pacific to Westfield or Welsford on the same system. Apparently, then, if the Hazen government brings about the construction of the Valley line that road will in reality be a part of the Canadian Pacific.

These things, together, seem to show that the government is at least very friendly towards the Canadian Pacific corporation as well as toward the powerful Drummond company. More than this, it is quite well understood that Canadian Pacific interests are connected with the Grand Falls power schemes, with which the government has had considerable to do.

While the people of the province will naturally welcome anything which tends to bring about industrial development, it is doubtful, indeed, if the benefits which may accrue from the present corporation activity will be as great as the disadvantage which it must inevitably be to the province to have in power a government so closely allied with corporation interests. The interests of a corporation are not usually similar to the interests of the people.

Reports which seem to be quite well authenticated are to the effect that even this early in its life the Hazen government has found corporation friendship quite a valuable thing. In the by-election in St. John county a year or so ago, it was understood that a very large campaign fund then made use of by Conservative workers, came from a certain wealthy corporation. In Thursday's by-election in York county the government heeled were remarkably well equipped with both money and whiskey. Liquor cannot be obtained for love, and the supply which was in evidence through this county must have cost quite a penny. The actual money spent and the sum represented by the intoxicants used to help elect the Conservative candidate must together have made an enormous sum. And here again, a rumor which seems to have justification credits a corporation friendly to the administration, with having been a friend in need. Corporations do not give money away to individuals or to governments unless there is reasonable prospect of some goodly return from the investment. The government may find this kind of business very satisfactory from a political point of view. It is hard to see where the people are going to gain from the alliance of the Hazen ministry and the monied interests.

Sun-Dials and Roses.

"Every real garden must contain a mystery," writes Katherine Hale in April Canadian Home Journal, and... "More than any other of the world's symbols, a Sun-Dial can give one the sense of the isolated completeness of a beautiful moment." "But roses are for radiance—they string whole hours and days of happiness together like lovely perfumed heads." In this most delightful article, more suggestive than descriptive, the author puts into words the unexpressed feelings of so many garden lovers.

Canadian Home Journal for April is a splendid example of the up-to-date magazine. Each season has its special interests and naturally at this season of the year it is gardening. Although other departments are not neglected, there are many artistic and thoroughly practical garden articles, written by authorities: "Shade trees for Lawns"; "Hardy Plants for Borders"; "Roses worth Growing"; "Plans for Gardens"; "Vegetable Garden for 1911"; "Quality Strawberries." Mr. Acton has woven together his historical notes, descriptions and local into a most interesting and readable article, "Holy Week in the Eternal City"; Household Decoration in April is very suggestive for summer preparations, out-of-doors and porch furniture, carpets and cushions, with most original and attractive stencil and embroidery designs.

The make up of the Journal is a constant delight to the reader. Every important page has some fresh attractive border or heading or illustrations. The garden articles are illustrated with charming pictures of residences, gardens and flowers, in themselves an inspiration for improvement. A full page of lovely garden scenes is a worthy introduction to the Garden Department.

RIVER BANK

Isaac Chase has moved into a part of H. M. Hunter's house.

About seventy-five dollars was realized from the social held at Stickney recently for Rev. Saunders Young.

Mr. Lawson from Fredericton has been visiting his sister Mrs. Allison Chase also his little daughter Mae, who is boarding at Mrs. F. D. Lovely's.

Mrs. Henry Estabrooks and daughter Helen of Chester, was calling on Mrs. B. E. Tompkins one day last week, also Mrs. Samuel Bishop of River de Chute and Mr. and Mrs. R. Lovely of Bristol.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Waugh have come back to their old home for good, having spent the greater part of the past year at Arnsbrook Jet, and Wapake.

Mrs. Henry Smith of Houlton and Mrs. James Bell were recent visitors at the "Hub" also Mr. and Mrs. Scott Bell of Upper Peel.

Jacob Elliott of Ashland has been visiting his daughter Mrs. Henry Bell and son George of this place.

Alice Rideout spent a pleasant week at Stickney, visiting her sister Mrs. J. B. Tompkins at the hotel, Mrs. Martha Donnelly and several others.

Miss Maude Dow and Stanley Young of Woodstock have been visiting their aunts, Mrs. Rupert Long and Mrs. Willard Hunter.

Elias Kearney, an old resident of this place, was buried at East Florenceville last Sunday. Mr. Young preached the funeral sermon.

LOWER BRIGHTON

We are glad to know that many who have been sick with la grippe are again able to be around.

We are sorry to learn that James McCleary has been laid up with a bad foot for a few days. We hope that he will soon be able to get around again.

Willie Nixon and Thomas Powell are busily engaged making maple syrup and sugar.

Miss Jessie Tedlie was home spending Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. Foley of Eastport, Me., was the guest of Mrs. George Nixon on Sunday.

Henry Saunders who has been nightwatching in the mill at Waterville has returned home looking hale and hearty.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown of Bridgewater, who have been visiting friends here have returned home.

Mrs. Henry Saunders gave an entertaining "Birthday Party" at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McCleary on Saturday evening.

a large number being present, besides all her sisters being there but one, who failed to get there. A number of useful and handsome presents were given her to show their appreciation towards her. About the hour of 10.30 p. m. they sat down to a bounteous repast of oysters and ice cream and cake followed by a treat of cream fudge and oranges. May she live many years to enjoy the blessings of life is the best wish of all. Mrs. Jarvis Day of Hartland "chaperoned" the party.

Constipation brings many ailments in its train and is the primary cause of much sickness. Keep your bowels regular madam, and you will escape many of the ailments to which women are subject. Constipation is a very simple thing, but, like many simple things, it may lead to serious consequences. Nature often needs a little assistance and when Chamberlain's Tablets are given at the first indication, much distress and suffering may be avoided. Sold by all dealers.

Telephone on C. P. R.

The new system of train despatching by telephone, which is to be introduced on the Atlantic division of the C. P. R., will be ready for operation early in the summer. Heavy copper wires are needed for the telephone system and these are now being strung along the road on the telegraph poles. When the wire is completed, the instruments will be installed in the various stations and the telegraph instrument will be abandoned for the ordinary work of despatching. In other divisions of the road where the change has been made, both operators and officials have found it a great improvement over the old service.

When a medicine must be given to young children it should be pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is made from loaf sugar, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it pleasant to take. It has no superior for colds, croup and whooping cough. For sale by all dealers.

UPPER BRIGHTON

Campbell's mill closed on Thursday.

Mrs. Blanchard of Mars Hill is visiting her sister Mrs. A. R. Dalbeck.

Miss Edith Day went to Millinocket on Friday to visit her sisters, Mrs. Robertson and Mrs. Clifford.

Miss Ethel Brown of Connell is working at dressmaking with Mrs. Dalbeck.

Miss Mildred Carpenter was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Carpenter at Waterville on Sunday.

Mrs. Herbert McLean is very ill.

"Our baby cries for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. T. B. Kendrick, Basaca, Ga. "It is the best cough remedy on the market for coughs, colds and croup." For sale by all dealers.

Two Men Of Ability.

A man left his umbrella in the stand-in a hotel recently, with a card bearing the following inscription attached to it: "This umbrella belongs to a man who can deal a blow of 250 pounds weight. I shall be back in 10 minutes." On returning to seek his property he found in its place a card thus inscribed: "This card was left there by a man who can run 12 miles an hour. I shall not be back."—Argonaut.

Hang Him.

Juggins—(Who was it that said if he could make the songs of the people he wouldn't care who made the laws?)

Muggins—Don't know. But if he's the chap who's making the songs of the people nowadays I'd just like to have the making of the laws a little while! That's all!—Red Hen.

House and Lot For Sale

The undersigned wishes to sell his 8-room, 1½ story house, with ½ acre lot, situated at Upper Brighton. Cook room attached to house and cellar. Hen house and woodshed. Big bargain to a quick buyer, owner going west. Terms, part cash, balance easy payments.

HERBERT McLEAN
Upper Brighton, N. B.

Thornton's Barber Shop

When you want barbering call on W. E. THORNTON. Thornton is the only up-to-date Barber in Hartland. Work done twice as quick as anywhere else.

OLD FACES MADE NEW

HORSE FOR SALE

One mare five years old. Weight, fourteen hundred. Color, bay.

SANFORD J. MERRITHEW

GOODS CORNER, N. B.

April 1st, 1911

FARM FOR SALE

Known as the Albert Tracy farm situated in Jackson town. One of the best farming districts in the county. Contains 180 acres. Good wood lot and lumber. Good sugary. Brook in pasture. Fine well in yard. Large house and cellar. Orchard, 3 barns and granary. For price and terms apply to

H. N. BOYER

Hartland, N. B.

100 Acre Farm for Sale.

About 3½ miles from Hartland on the Goldstream road. Sixty acres under cultivation, ploughing nearly all done, good hay and pasture. Enough finest hard wood to pay for the place and to supply family forever, if taken at once a rare bargain on easy terms will be secured. Have another farm.

ALLEN WATTERS

UPPER BRIGHTON, N. B.

Campbell's Clothing

DONT ENVY

that Fellow with the swell suit on. You can have one just as good. The process is very simple. Come to us, pick out the sample you like best—we'll do the rest.

Campbell Samples for Spring, 1911

are in and ready for inspection. Don't fail to see them before buying your Spring Suit.

JOHN McLAUCHLAN Co., Ltd.

HARTLAND AND WOODSTOCK

Boys' and Men's Outfitters.

WAIT FOR THIS!

Begins April 3rd.

Biggest Bargain Event Bristol Has Ever Seen.

\$20,000 worth of Goods Sacrificed

This will be the most important reduction sale the people within miles of Bristol have ever had the opportunity to buy from. Twenty thousand dollars worth of all kinds of merchandise will be sold at your own prices. This long established business is to be

Closed Out Fast as Low Prices Will Move the Goods.

Complete lines of Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware Furniture, etc. Sale opens April 3rd. Terms: Cash or produce.

Mrs. C. A. Phillips,

Bristol, N. B.

For the Land's
: : Sake Buy

PURE SEED

York Timothy
Kent
III Long Late
Clover

Commercial Hotel "A Home Away from Home."
George G. McCollom, Proprietor. The best table in Carleton county. Fine bath. Large sample rooms. First class livery in connection. Meals ready on arrival of trains.
HARTLAND, N. B.

PUBLIC SALE!

—AT—
JOHN T. G. CARR'S STORE
HARTLAND, N. B.

The **ENTIRE STOCK** of **GENERAL MERCHANDISE**

Has been Placed by him in the Hands of the

—**International Brokerage Company**—

—TO BE—

SACRIFICED WITHOUT RESERVE
IN NINE DAYS

Commencing **WEDNESDAY APRIL 5th**, at 9, A. M.

Store Open Evenings except Tuesday and Friday when Store will be closed in order to rearrange Goods.
Let Nothing keep you away. This is the Opportunity of a Lifetime.

BOYS Be on hand on Saturday morning
when the air ship goes up.

EVERY DAY of the **ENTIRE NINE Days**

We will have special Bargains to offer you. Read this list---compare our present prices then come and be convinced---Everything in the store marked in plain figures and at wonderfully reduced prices.

DRY GOODS And LADIES' WEAR		BOOTS AND SHOES		FUR DEPARTMENT	
Prints, New Designs, Worth 8, 9 and 10c., only		Children's Rubbers		MUST BE CLEARED	
English Print 32in. wide, Reg. 15c. for		Infants' Booties, Reg. 40c., Now only		Men's Fur Coats, Reg. \$30, now	
Flannelette, all colors		Child's Button Shoes, Reg. \$1, at		Men's Fur Coats, Reg. \$37, for	
White Flannelette		Misses' Rubbers		Ladies' Fur Lined Coats, Wide Sable Collar, Reg. \$65 for	
Shirting		Women's House Slippers		Ladies' Fur Lined Coat, Reg. \$75	
White Undershirts, sale price		Women's Oxford Ties, Tweed sole, Reg. price \$2, now only		Ladies' Fur Lined Coat, Reg. \$85	
Sateen Undershirts, black, for		Women's Walking Shoes, new spring style, Former price \$3		Electric Stole, Reg. \$3.50, for	
Ladies' Skirts, Reg. \$4.00		Boys' School Boots, Heavy and strong		White Fox Stole, Reg. \$3.50 for	
Ladies' Skirts, Reg. 5.00		Boys' School Bluechers, Reg. now		Sable Ruff, 6 tails, Reg. \$13.50 for	
Ladies' Cloth Coats, regular \$5 for		Men's Working Boots, double sole, worth \$3, now		Stone Martin Ruff, \$5.50	
Ladies' Cloth Coats, regular \$7.50 and \$8		Men's Box Calf Bluechers, now only		Long Stole, Sable with head and tails, Reg. \$20, for	
Ladies' Cloth Coats in light and dark colors, Reg. \$12		Men's Rubbers, now only		Men's Beaver Caps \$3.50 for	
Lace Curtains per pair, only		Women's Rubbers, now only		Men's Astrachan Caps \$1.50 for	
Lace Curtains, per pair, only					
MEN'S CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS		Furniture, Carpets, Oilcloths at Wholesale Prices		Grocery Section	
Men's Working Shirts		Enamel Beds		All 5c. Bar Soaps 6 for	
Men's Negligee Shirts		Kitchen Tables		Coffee Special Value 3 lbs	
Men's Overalls		Kitchen Chairs		Coarse, Salt Large clean Sacks	
Men's Suits serviceable and good		Rockers Oak		Blacksmiths Coal per bbl	
Men's Suits Smart Styles and Good Quality \$12, for		Oak Sideboard Reg. 28.00 for		Paraffine 5 gals for	
Young Men's Suits, Latest Cut and fibres		Floor Oilcloth, Well seasoned per sq. yard		EVERYTHING REDUCED	
Boy's Suits 2 Piece		Cork Linoleum 2 yds. wide per sq. yd.			
Men's Odd Trousers only		Wool and Union Carpet yd. wide per yd.			
Boy's Odd Knickers Hosen Cloths		3 Ply Wool Carpet new designs			
		Tapestry Carpet, Reg. 1.00			
		also Springs Mattresses, Extension Tables Dressers, Stands, etc.			
MILLINERY		HARDWARE		SPECIALS	
HALF PRICE ON ALL TRIMMED HATS		CLOSING OUT AT COST		Bargain tables every morning between 10 and 11 A. M. with	
		Horse Nails, per lb		"Real Bargains" different every day. DON'T MISS THEM.	
		All kinds of China and Glassware at startling prices.			

The above are only a few of the Great Values. Come Early. Come Often. You will save money on every transaction.

JOHN T. G. CARR, Hartland.

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

The Only Genuine

LIPTON'S TEA

Has This Signature on the Package.

Thomas Lipton

HOME

TESTED RECIPES.

Corn Beef Hash.—Buy a good piece of corned beef—the rump piece is best, especially the half with little bone. Put in large kettle and cover with boiling water; keep gently boiling until tender, supplying water as fast as it boils away. No vegetables except potatoes should be boiled in the water or with the meat. When meat is tender take it out and set away the water in which it was boiled to cool. Take off the fat that rises when it is cold. My mother called it "the top of the pot" and thought good hash could not be made without it. Use one-third more cold boiled potatoes than meat. Remove all gristle, but leave some fat, not too much. Chop the meat about half enough, then put in the potatoes and chop all together about the size of small peas. Pepper (and salt if necessary) should be added while chopping, to avoid mixing or stirring when cooking. Never grind meat for hash. Now take some of the "top of the pot," perhaps a couple table-spoonfuls, according to amount of hash to be cooked—judgment is necessary here—melt it in an iron spider, put in the hash and press into shape a little, dot it over with small pieces of butter, or if butter is scarce use little pieces of the same tallow as was put in first; cover closely, and set over a very slow fire or an asbestos mat, and let warm through slowly. Examine, and if it looks dry add a few drops of milk here and there—cream is better, never water—till it is soft, cohesive mass, but not wet. Hash should not be stirred when cooking, and it can be prepared as above and baked if desired. Good hash is delicious, but many concoctions called by the name are an abomination.

Flaky Pie Crust.—For a large pie take one and three-fourths cups of flour, from one-half to three-fourths cup of lard, according to richness desired. Mix the flour, lard, and a little salt quickly but well together, then take out as much of the mixture as you can hold in your closed hand, say a couple of table-spoonfuls, and lay one side on the board. Wet the remainder, a few drops at a time, with ice cold water, only sufficiently to make it hold together, working it as little as possible. Cut off enough for lower crust, roll, and put on pie tin, trimming off all that is superfluous, wet edges, and fill with desired fruit. Take the large piece of crust, spread, and hollow it out a little with the hands (it is easier to do than to tell), then put the mixture of flour and lard that was laid one side in centre, gather edges around and over, and put the trimmings from lower crust on, turn it over with smooth side up, roll out, and use as usual.

Bachelor's Pudding.—Six eggs, one cupful of dry bread crumbs, two table-spoonfuls of butter, one-half teaspoon of cinnamon, one-half teaspoon of cloves, one-half nutmeg grated, one cup of sugar, three large apples chopped, one and one-half cups of currants. Steam two hours, use any kind of sauce.

BANANA NUT SALAD.

Boil one-half cup each of sugar and water five minutes. Add juice of one-half lemon and boil two or three minutes. Select small, ripe bananas, peel and roll each banana in cold syrup and then in chopped nuts. Dispose on heart leaves of lettuce; put dressing on each and sprinkle dressing with bits of candied cherries. Dressing: Put beaten yolks of four eggs, two table-spoonfuls of butter, one-quarter teaspoonful of salt, dash of paprika, one table-spoonful of lemon juice into a saucepan. Set over hot water, stir until it thickens, and when cool beat into one-third cup of heavy cream beaten solid. This salad is easily made during the winter months when fresh fruit is scarce and expensive, and the whites of the eggs can be used next day for a meringue, for a cranberry and banana pudding.

CAKE.

Sunshine Cake.—Six fresh eggs,

one cupful flour, pinch of salt, one and one-fourth cups sugar (granulated), one-half teaspoon cream tartar, one-half teaspoon almond or vanilla extract. To make: First separate your eggs, putting the yolks in small bowl and the whites in your mixing bowl; beat the yolks with a revolving beater until light and add salt to the whites; whip with a wire whip until frothy, then add the cream tartar, whip until stiff and dry. Meanwhile have the sugar with about three table-spoonfuls of water boiling slowly until it hairs from the spoon, as it does when making boiled frosting; pour this on the beaten whites and beat well; when partly cool add the yolks and beat until well mixed; now add the flavoring and the cup of flour, measured with measuring cup after being sifted five times; place around the edge of bowl and fold in lightly towards the center, using the egg whip for mixing it in; do not beat; keep the mixture light and foamy; pour in a medium sized angel cake pan, ungreased; start to bake in cool oven, turning the gas burner quite low until the cake has raised to the top of the pan, then increase the heat slightly to finish baking. Will raise in from twenty-five to thirty minutes and will bake in fifteen to twenty; when done the cake will shrink slightly from the sides of the pan; take from the oven and invert cake until cake is cold; remove from pan and ice with a boiled white frosting; best results come with the use of cake flour. You will notice that boiling the sugar before pouring on the whites is a new idea, which assures its fine texture. This recipe makes a large light cake, suitable for children's birthday cake when nicely ornamented, as it really is a golden angel food when properly made.

COOKIES.

Splendid Cookies.—One sifter of flour, one teaspoonful soda, and pinch of salt; sift and then take lard and mix in, as for pie dough. Two cupfuls of brown sugar; flavor with maple and vanilla; roll out and sprinkle granulated sugar thickly on top; cut out with a large cookie cutter and press a raisin or nut in the centre of each; just before putting in the oven take the tip of the finger and wet the top, and the cookies will be crinkly and crisp. If sweet milk or water is used two teaspoonfuls of baking powder in place of soda.

Ginger Cookies.—One cup of brown sugar, one cup of molasses, one cup of lard, one cup of boiling water, into it dissolve one table-spoonful of soda; one teaspoon of ginger, and flour to make soft dough. Roll out and bake same as cookies.

DON'TS FOR PARENTS.

Don't talk about children in their presence.
Don't rebuke or praise children before visitors.
Don't allow children to interrupt any one who is speaking.
Don't bring up children at hotels and boarding houses if it can possibly be avoided.
Don't allow children to make unfavorable comments about people.
Don't take children travelling except when it is absolutely necessary.

DOMESTIC POINTERS

To cool a hot dish in a hurry, place it in a vessel full of cold salt water.
If mixed with milk instead of water mustard will not get dry, but will keep nice and fresh until it is all used up.

A good way to tell when ham is fried enough is by the fat. When the fat is brown (not burnt) the ham is done.

A little vinegar put in the water in which eggs are poached will keep them white and prevent them from spreading.

If you want to keep lemons string them with a packing-needle and hang them in a dry place, but do not let them touch each other.

When using valuable vases for table decorations fill them with sand, for this makes them stand firmly, and renders them far less liable to be knocked over and broken.

When lace curtains are to be washed baste a narrow strip of muslin along each outer edge, and let it remain until the washing and drying process is completed, and you will find your curtains straight, and they will not sag.

NEXT WORLD LIKE THIS ONE

FUTURE EXISTENCE ON SOME CELESTIAL BODY.

Life Much the Same—Lillian Whiting Thinks There Will Be Little Difference.

That in the life to come the spiritual beings of men and women will walk, ride (perhaps in automobiles) and eat, much as they do in their earthly existence, and that undoubtedly a community of life of the departed spirits exists on the planet Mars or some such heavenly body, is the conclusion to which Miss Lillian Whiting, Boston's foremost woman writer and thinker, has arrived in her latest attempt to unravel by scientific laws the mysteries of the future, says the Boston Post.

"It would seem to me," said Miss Whiting, "that the change we call death is merely the withdrawal of the spiritual body from the physical body, and that we are much the same person immediately after this that we were before. Only we probably enter on finer conditions and better opportunities for progress. 'The latest discoveries,' Miss Whiting argues, 'is that the strange substance called ether is the most substantial—perhaps the only substantial thing—in the universe. After the change known as death, when the spirit withdraws from its material envelope, we pass into this ethereal realm and live either in space or

PERHAPS ON SOME STAR

"Does it seem too much to say this? Is it prying too deeply into the secrets of the unknown to say that we, after death, are assigned to live in some definite spot, be it Mars or some far-off sun, or even in the ether of space? I think not. The unknown is not the unknowable," said Bishop Brooks.

"For if we live after death, it is obvious that we must live somewhere. And is it not logical that we should live in one community of city, just as we do here? According to my conception, the things we shall find in that community will be very much the same in their general nature as they here. There will be men and women, there will be animals and plants, there will be natural scenery.

"Our forms will be unaltered in that future place. We shall be just the same except, of course, that we shall be refined, idealized, in that more abundant life. If I should undergo that experience called death, here and before your eyes, nothing whatever would happen to my spiritual self. I should merely lay aside my physical body, as I might take off a cloak.

"The things we shall do in heaven will be, I should think, very much the same that we do here. Swedenborg, who was one of the greatest of thinkers, teaches that the physical body is merely the replica,

THE OUTER COVERING.

of the spiritual body; if that be true, our form will be the same, and the ethereal body will be the same, and one ethereal body will have its eyes, ears, hands, feet—all, in short, that the physical body has. Why should we not walk and talk and work and pursue our aims there as we do here?

"There may be vehicles not so unlike our motor cars there moving by some form of electric energy and surely our intellectual and moral interests will create occupations for us as they do here.

"Psychic research reveals to us that there are lectures, preaching, music and art there, and, in fact, all that makes for our development and for being of use to others."

"Shall we take food there?" she was asked.

"Perhaps the ethereal body may have its own demands for some form of sustenance, why not? The spiritual body will need food, just as the physical body needs it, although, of course, it will be of a different kind.

"Foods, by their reaction on the vital powers, are a contributing factor to the purity of the inner life. It is not that it is morally wrong to partake of one thing and morally right to choose another, but it is that the food that hinders the physical mechanism from being the best possible vehicle of expression for the higher energies offers its own reason for its elimination.

"As it is the psychic body which is the motive power, the food should be selected with some reference to this delicate and

ETHEREAL ORDER OF BEING.

The quality of food controls and pre-determines achievement to a far greater degree than is generally realized.

"Animal food produces in us coarse and harsh vibrations; it is not suited to this finer self, this ethereal body. The food that is best adapted to this psychic body is that of grains and fruits."

"What about sleep?" she was asked.

"Many people believe sleep and death are much alike, the only dif-

ference being that in sleep the withdrawal from the physical body is merely temporary and partial, while in death it is final and complete. And I, for one, believe that in sleep we are often released into the ethereal world, and that many so-called dreams of our friends who have died are really actual meetings and talks with them, spirit to spirit.

"This journey of the spiritual body from the earth to its abiding place is not unusual. It could be no more strange to us to-day than the wireless telegraph could have been to the men of fifteen years ago.

"There is nothing scientifically impossible about it. It is mechanically plausible. In ether there is no friction, and without friction a body will move on forever, when once it is started. Besides, in our other life we shall live more freely, more easily. We shall not be hampered by the obstacles which now beset us.

"There will be much to do in that other world. Although there will be none of the physical wants that are provided for which now take up so much of our time, there will be limitless opportunity for development both of

ONE'S SELF AND OTHERS.

"For there will be progress; we must not think of the next life as a final state. There will be the opportunity to go farther and farther onward. This life on earth, and the next life in the other—all these are but steps on the flight of stairs leading upward and on.

"For there have been worlds before this, just as there are worlds after this. Progress in any of these stages means farther advancement in the one which is to come. It is apparent that the better men and women in this world will have an advantage in the next. They will be there, as they have been here, the helpers of their fellow beings. They will be writing books in their houses or delivering lectures in their universities or preaching sermons in their temples.

"All then, that we do in this world will be of benefit in the hereafter. Many in this world are more developed than others. Many perceive something of life beyond. Many have prepared themselves for what is to come.

"To sum up it is in the ether of space that one must search for those conditions that surround the next phase of life immediately following the change called death.

"The life abundant is becoming to us a definite term, a phrase that is invested with a certain clear and comprehensive significance.

"Silence is penetrating into the nature of ether; into its problems of light, electricity and magnetism. And it is revealing to man the existence of a superphysical world, apparently adapted to a superphysical life.

"Dr. Percival Lowell discovers conditions on Mars that argue the direction of an intelligent consciousness, and he postulates the existence of an intelligent life. This is but one of the examples of science, verifying that which has been laid down previously by thought and religion."

A PREHISTORIC ZOO.

Representations of 30 Ancient Monsters on Shore of Lake.

The latest attraction at Carl Hagen's famous animal park at Stellingen, near Hamburg, Germany, is a series of representations of the great monsters that inhabited this earth in the distant past. In all, thirty have been erected, but more are to follow.

These beasts of the past occupy a portion of the grounds to them. They have been built up of cement by J. Palenberg, around the shores of a little lake.

The animals are depicted standing by the water's edge amid the shrubs and trees while in the lake itself, says the Strand, are shown huge crocodiles and strange looking creatures, half fish and half mammal. Additional realism is added by representing a few of the beasts in the act of battling with specimens of their kind.

There are several representations of the dinosaurs, including the iguanodon, which towered some twenty-five feet in the air, making the trees around look quite small; the diplodocus, whose length of 66 feet and height of 18 feet render the modern elephant a mere pygmy; the stegosaurus, with its bony plates on its back and spikes on its tail; the triceratons, with its three horns on its face and huge collar of spikes around its neck; as well as representations of the sloth, dodo and mammoth.

There are even huge flying reptiles with an enormous spread of wings, birds with formidable teeth, not to mention giant lizards, tortoises and toads, compared to which the present living specimens are in size no more than a dog to a cart horse. Some of these tortoises and toads are twelve feet and more in length.

Shabby Individual (to painter up ladder)—"Hi, you're dropping your paint all over me." Painter—"Well, you're badly in need of a coat of some sort."

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Is the Standard Article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL. SODA.

Useful for the purpose—SAL. SODA.

E. W. GILLETTE COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

BACK TO ANCIENT TIMES

MILITARY CUSTOMS AND THEIR ORIGIN.

The Salute Forms a Guarantee That No Treachery Is Intended.

Why does a soldier, when saluting a superior, raise his hand to his head covering? The beginning dates back to the time of the Romans, but not to an earlier date. In those days assassination was in vogue, and in order that an inferior might not have a superior at advantage, the inferior was compelled, when coming into his superior's presence, to raise his right hand, palm to the front, to show that no dagger was concealed there. From this oldtime custom our hand salute has come down.

The salute with the sword was not done that way in the beginning without any reason. When Knights of the Crusades received their orders it was their custom for them to call upon God to witness their assumption of the order given. To do this the sword was raised to the front so that the hilt reached the lips, when the cross formed by hilt and blade could be kissed and an oath registered to carry out the orders faithfully. The dropping of the sword, point to the front, INDICATES SUBMISSION.

Why should we wear medals and decorations on the left breast and not the right? These gallant Knights of the Crusades placed their medals and insignia on the left breast because it was the shield side and also because the heart that beat in honor and fealty to its king was on that side under the badge of honor.

Why, in the funeral cortege of a mounted officer of soldier, is the horse saddled and equipped with the boots of the late rider placed heels to the front in the stirrups, led to the place of burial? To show by reversal of the boots that the owner's march has ended.

We must go back to the days of the Romans for the reason why in the service three volleys are fired over the open grave of a comrade. Among the Romans the burial consisted of the throwing of earth three times on the coffin. Three times was the dead man called by name, which ended the ceremony, and as the friends and relatives departed, each said "Vale!" three times. So, as a farewell to our dead comrades, we fire three volleys over the grave; then the service call taps is sounded, this closing the ceremony.

Why should the call taps be sounded in preference to any other? Because taps is the call for "Lights out!" and the lights of life are out in the comrade who has "joined the silent bibouac of the dead." This ending of a service funeral dates back to the early '40's; but did not become a fixed custom till late in

THE CIVIL WAR.

There was a reason for causing all witnesses before a military court to remove the glove from the right hand before taking the oath. The raising of the hands and eyes toward heaven when taking an oath is of great antiquity. When the Bible was printed, the bare hand was laid on the book, which was afterward kissed. But the Bible was not always at hand when needed; so the custom of raising the right hand and uncovering the head has grown into general practice. In olden days the criminal was branded in the palm of the right hand, and for this reason the custom of requiring the removal of the glove came into vogue in order that the hand might be inspected.

The colored silk sash long worn by officers of our army, which for many years has ceased to form part of the uniform, except for general officers, was not adopted simply because it looked pretty. It was originally intended that this sash, which was very strong woven, of silk and could be stretched out to over a yard in width, should be used as a hammock in which wounded officers could be carried off the battlefield.

And likewise the gaudy colored horsehair plume that flowed from the helmet was not placed there because it looked so well. The orig-

inal hair plume hung down on the shoulders of the warrior, and it was intended that it should be a safeguard against a sabre cut aimed at the back of the neck; for the long thick hair would turn the blow and save decapitation.

OR AN UGLY WOUND.

To-day the little hair tuft seen on the head dress of mounted soldiers is the result.

We go back to Crusaders for the reason of the "cheers" or those chords sounded by the hand before and after completion of the march down and back in front of troops at parade. The soldiers selected for a crusade were formed in line; the other soldiers not selected were lined up also, the two bodies being separated. The band then marched in front of those selected for service and back to its place, thus singling out and honoring those chosen to uphold the cause. The assembled populace no doubt cheered the selected soldiers, and the "three cheers" now given by the band were symbolic of the cheers for the Crusaders.

There is a reason why the flag at half staff, as an indication of sorrow, must always be hoisted to the top of the staff before being lowered. The flag is saluted when raised and lowered only when it is at the peak of the staff. So, when it is necessary to display it at half mast, it must be raised to the top before being finally lowered; for at this time the gun fires its salute, and either the band or the trumpeters are sounding the appropriate music or call.

TWENTY-ONE GUNS.

The number fired in the international salute, were not selected at random. The number was chosen by our Government because it was the number long used by the British for their international salute. Why the British use twenty-one guns was no doubt due to an early custom which had for a warship salute seven guns. A fort was allowed to fire three times as many guns as a warship, because in those days it was difficult to keep powder in good condition at sea. It could be kept in good condition on land, and consequently the shore battery was allowed a larger number, or twenty-one. When the time arrived when better powder was made and it could be carried at sea without deterioration, the warship was outdeteriorated, the warship was allowed the same number of guns as the shore battery, and the twenty-one of to-day are the result.

It is generally known that the army toast is the one word "How!" The origin of this has been discussed often in military circles. It is conceded that it came from the Indian. An old chief, having heard the officers at a frontier post make some remarks each time they took a drink, asked the interpreter what was said. As the best explanation he could make he told the chief, "They say, 'How d'ye do.'" When the chief was given his next drink he raised his glass and said "How!"

We go back to knights of old for the reason why we mount a horse FROM THE LEFT SIDE.

Those gallant knights wore a sword on that side, which made it inconvenient if not impossible to mount from the other side; so it was chosen as necessary, and such practice is almost universal in civil life to-day and a requirement in the service.

As an illustration of how an instruction given for which there was a reason in the beginning will be carried out without question for years, the following story is told in army circles: In a German fort near the position of a sentinel, was a wooden garden bench. One of the special orders of the sentinel was not to allow anyone to sit on that bench. One curious young officer found that some seven years previous the bench had received a coat of green paint, and in order that no one might make use of it till the paint was dry, the order had been issued to the sentinel. And so it had been carefully transmitted every four hours from sentinel to sentinel for over seven years, and without a reason for doing so.

If new enamel saucepans are placed in a pan of warm water, allowed to come to the boil, and then cooled, they will be found to last much longer before either cracking or burning.

LOCAL NEWS.

Winfred DeForest of Lakeville was here on Saturday. Eddie Gesien returned from a visit in Montreal last week.

Go to Arthur S. Estabrooks for **SAP CANS & WALL PAPER.**

Miss Myrtle Whitehouse of Knowlesville was in Hartland on Saturday.

The first few days of April were exceptionally cold for the season of year.

William McAdam went to British Columbia last week. He was joined at Debec by his son, Gordon.

Keith & Plummer have received their large spring stock of oil cloths, linoleums, carpet squares, rugs, matting, etc.

A number of young people attended a social dance at the home of Burden McBurney at Rockland on Friday evening.

Logg: Between Bristol station and the post office, a ring and chain of keys. Finder will please leave at the post office.

In cases of rheumatism relief from pain makes sleep and rest possible. This may be obtained by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. For sale by all dealers.

MEN WANTED: 100 men for driving. Good wages. Apply at once by letter, phone or in person to D. H. Nixon, Hartland, N. B.

Lame Shoulder is nearly always due to rheumatism of the muscles, and quickly yields to the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. For sale by all dealers.

Sam McAfee of Armand has a brood mare in foal by a pure-bred Clyde which he wishes to exchange for a driver. Write to or call upon him.

Arthur Estabrooks says that he never sold as much molasses and oil as he has this season and he attributes it to the fact that he sells only the **BEST QUALITY OBTAINABLE.**

George C. Watson has bought H. H. Smalley's residence, Main street, and has rented to John H. Reed his house on Richardson street. Mr. Smalley is planning to go west.

Time now to advertise spring millinery. This paper reaches nearly two thousand purchasers of fine hats each week. This office prints in neat, artistic style, millinery announcements.

Grass Seed has begun to sell and as I am selling it considerably less than at wholesale quotations. It is a good time to buy. Owing to present wholesale high prices I don't think I will buy more when present stock is gone. Arthur S. Estabrooks.

Mrs. A. D. Hartley has been fortunate enough to secure the assistance of Miss Emma Hoffman, Middleton, N. S. A first class milliner, who can create many new designs in the fashionable world of flowers, ribbons and chiffons. Please call on Opening days, April 12 and 13 and order your Easter hats.

The contract for building the new school in Woodstock, the plans for which were prepared by George Fairweather, architect of this city, has been awarded to McVey Bros. of St. Stephen. The school is to contain ten rooms and an exhibition hall and be of wooden structure. Building operations are to be started at once.

The Government have made a change in the Post Office Savings Bank regulation and have largely increased the amount allowed to be deposited. Formerly the amounts were limited to \$100 in any one year ending March 31, and a total of \$300 exclusive of interest. The amounts now are raised to \$1500 in any one year and a total of \$5000 exclusive of interest. Official notice to that effect can be seen at the Post Office.

The sewer in Maple street owned by Dr. Curtis and J. P. Murdoch has been frozen up and has been giving much trouble to the owners. On Thursday morning the rush of water from the hills, which in most part ordinarily flows through the railway track at the crossing, making a bad washout. The slide is supposed to have occurred while a heavy freight was passing over the point early in morning, for while the rear crew discovered the trouble the engine crew did not see any. It is not likely the heavy engine could have passed over, and had it not untold disaster would have followed in a mixup of about 20 cars of potatoes and a half-dozen village houses.

Florenceville bridge has been opened for teams.

A. L. Baird took a short trip to Florenceville yesterday.

A cow owned by George McLaughlin gave birth to twin calves on Sunday.

Preaching Services April 9th: River Bank, 10:30; Landsdowne, 2:30; Windsor, 7:30.

W. C. Good of Jacksonville, has been appointed census enumerator for this county.

The carnival on Friday evening will draw a good crowd. Plan to be among them.

Taylor's stock of Millinery was selected by Adam Bartheaux, a lady with years of experience in this business.

Annoying beyond words to describe was the delay of this issue caused by a gasoline engine balking as only such a contraption can.

Don't fail to read the Real Estate List advertised elsewhere in this paper. There is some very desirable village property for sale.

The Hartland Poultry Yards recently bought two fine Ayrshire cows, imported, one of which was the Halifax first prize winner.

Mrs. Perry H. Bishop returned to Coronation on Monday after spending some time with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Warren M. Rideout, Somerville.

Service in the Methodist Church next Sunday Evening. Preacher: Rev. W. Whitehouse. Subject: Mountains and Plains. Hearty invitation to all.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd and son Harry, were called to Fredericton yesterday to attend the funeral of Mr. Boyd's father. Mr. Boyd formerly lived here.

Mr. Taylor's head milliner, Mrs. Bartheaux has returned from attending the Opening and is now preparing for her opening on Wednesday and Thursday, April 12 and 13. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Ami Good of Goods Corner had his thumb jammed so badly yesterday that Dr. Brown had to remove it at the first joint. The accident occurred on the bridge at Florenceville while Mr. Good was putting a roller under his loaded sled.

LADIES LISTEN: In the latest and newest designs Keith & Plummer offers about 400 rolls wall and ceiling papers, also all castings and a most complete line of the celebrated Sherwin-Williams Varnishes, Stains and Household Paints.

The death occurred on April 8th at the home of John Branscombe of Knowlesville, Dwight Kierstead of typhoid fever, leaving a young wife and two children to mourn their loss. A religious service was conducted at the house by Rev. J. Corey. Interment was made at Millville.

C. M. Sherwood, Limited, will hold their Spring Millinery opening in the spacious new millinery rooms of their new dry goods store, on Saturday 8th inst. and following days.

They have added a second experienced milliner this season—Miss Colwell, of St. John, who will help carry on the increasing work in this beautiful line of art. No cards.

The death of a well respected citizen, Elias E. Harvey occurred at the home of Jones Tompkins Landsdowne, Friday noon March 24. Mr. Harvey had been in failing health for the past few months and his death was not unexpected. The funeral took place Sunday. Services were conducted by C. S. Young (Lic). The funeral was held at East Florenceville.

A New Real Estate List.

We have secured the following very desirable properties in choice locations in village of Hartland. As such property is not often on the market the early wideawake buyer will secure a bargain.

1. A well built 9 room house with bath room on a fine lot in the heart of the village at a bargain.

2. A fine two storey house on corner lot in one of the most desirable situations in Hartland. Water in house. Outbuildings and house in good repair. A fine house for a quick buyer. Terms easy.

One of the most desirable and best paying tenement properties in the village.

This is most centrally located and an excellent chance for a money producing investment. Look up these offers at once.

Wanted
100 Farms and village properties listed at once for intending spring purchasers. It does not cost you a cent until a sale is made.

CARLETON REAL ESTATE AGENCY, Hartland, N. B.

P. R. SEMPLE

East Florenceville, N. B.

Dealer in
Hardware, Plumbing, Tinware, Furnaces and Stoves

The
New Empress Range

manufactured by the National Mfg. Co. of Ottawa and Brockville, is the best on the market today. Come and see it. Ask us to prove the assertion.

F. N. GRANT

PHOTOGRAPHER

Keith & Plummer's Block, Up-stairs

Gourlay Pianos, Dominion and Karn Organs, New Williams Sewing Machines,

The Best Qualities available in Carleton County. Easy terms, and old instruments allowed in part payment. Write or telephone and I'll call on you.

J. RICE WATSON

MOUNT PLEASANT, N. B.

Exchange Hotel

W. E. Thornton, Proprietor

Well equipped in every way. Liberty Stable in connection.

Main St., Hartland, N. B.

Watches, Clocks, Wedding and Engagement Rings.

Repair work neatly done. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Agent Crown Tailoring Co.

T. E. THISTLE, Hartland, N. B.

Quick Lunch Room

Fruits, Nuts, Confectionery
Full line of Cigars & Tobaccos
G. A. DAY, Gillin Blk.

NEW MILK SERVICE

I am prepared to cater to the milk trade in this town and would like to get a few more customers. If this interests you let's talk it over. Good milk. Good service and satisfaction.

CHAS. A. BRADLEY.

Cheap Cash Sale

For the next 30 DAYS.

—AT—

Albert Perkins'

Cloverdale, N. B.

White Rose Oil from 19 to 20c. per gal.
Barbadoes Molasses at 35c. per gal.
Red Rose Tea, 30c. pkg. for 23c. " " 35c. " " 30c.
Soda, 3c. per lb. etc. etc.
Gran. Sugar, 20 lbs for \$1.00

Prints: Excellent quality, yard wide only 10c. per yard.
Fine Shirts at 90c. Braces cheap.
Towelling: at 8c. per yard.
Apronette, checked, 12c. per yd.
Gingham, 12 cents.
Overalls, 80c.
Give us a call during the next 30 days.

ALBERT PERKINS

Rockland C. R. A.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of Rockland C. R. Association will meet at Store of A. S. Estabrooks Saturday evening, April 8th 1911 to transact business for the coming year.

All members are requested to be present.

S. S. PAGE Sec.

MILLINERY OPENING.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to visit our spring opening which takes place on Wednesday and Thursday, April 12 and 13. The spring of 1911 sees the large hat larger than ever, but should your preference be for the small hat, you may wear it, and, strange to say, you will be in quite as good form.

KEITH & PLUMMER.

Taylor's will be headquarters for up-to-date millinery during 1911. We have much larger stock than usual to select from.

Every statement concerning

Red Rose Tea is made most carefully. Every claim that has ever been advanced has been fully borne out by the tea itself. You, if you use it, have always found it good tea. So good that no other tea pleases you as well. You may try substitutes but you always return to Red Rose simply because it has the fine quality and full value that pleases and satisfies.



Prices: 30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 60c.

Triumphant Success!!

The Great Demonstration Sale of Clothing, Furnishings and Footwear at A. FINE & CO.'S has proved to be a success. The crowd of shrewd buyers from every section of Carleton county are swarming in to the store daily taking advantage of the

Bargains Being Offered

A WARNING to every person who has NOT visited this store of wonderful bargains: If you need Clothing, Furnishings or Footwear and appreciate the value of a dollar you Cannot Afford to Miss this

Golden Opportunity

to buy brand new goods at a

aving of 35 to 50 per cent on the dollar

Besides you enjoy the satisfaction of returning goods if for any reason whatever they do not suit, and we promptly refund your money without question. This is the Broad Principle upon which we are determined to operate our business.

Remember the place

A. FINE & O'Y.

THE WATSON BUILDING

HARTLAND, N. B.

Also stores at Perth, Plaster Rock and St. Leonards.