SAINT JOHN, NEW-BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1850.

Weekly Chronicle.

Volume 11. "Nec Rege, Nec Populo, sed utroque." Number 23.

THE SAINT JOHN CHRONICLE,

Is published every Friday afternoon, by DURANT & Co., at their Office in the Brick Building of L. H. Devober & Son, west side Prince Wm.-st.

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Weekly Almanack.

[The time of high water here given is for P. M.]

Feb.		h.	Sun. s	Moon s	H. W.
2	Saturday,	7	24 5	4 11 55	2 43
3	Sunday	7	23 5	5 — —	3 38
4	Monday,	7	22 5	6 0 57	4 47
5	Tuesday,	7	21 5	7 1 56	6 7
6	Wednesday,	7	20 5	8 2 56	7 22
7	Thursday,	7	19 5	10 3 49	8 23
8	Friday.	7	18 5	11 4 40	9 9

Last Quarter, 34 day, 8h 34m, morn.

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LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
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February, 1848.

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THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. I. WOODWARD.
St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary*

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
King Street

THE Subscriber having leased the Premises known as the *Commercial Hotel*, situate in King street, a few doors below the St John Hotel, is prepared to receive permanent or transient Boarders. The House has undergone a thorough repair, and every attention will be given to the comfort and accommodation of parties patronising this establishment. OLIVER BYRAM.
St John Sept 7, 1849.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A CASE

ABANDONED BY

Guy's, the Metropolitan, King's College, and Charing Cross Hospitals.

SUMMARY OF AFFIDAVIT.

Wm. BROOKE, Messenger, of 9, Union street, South wark, London, maketh oath and saith, that he (this deponent) was afflicted with FIFTEEN RUNNING ULCERS on his left arm, and ulcerated sores and wounds on both legs, for which deponent was admitted an outdoor patient at the Metropolitan Hospital, in April 1841, where he continued for nearly four weeks. Unable to receive a cure here, the deponent sought relief at the three following Hospitals:—King's College Hospital, in May, for five weeks; at Guy's Hospital in July, for six weeks; and at Charing Cross Hospital, at the end of August, for some weeks more; which deponent left, being in a far worse condition than when he had quitted Guy's, where Sir BARNSBY COOPER, and other medical officers of the establishment, had told deponent *that the only chance of saving his life was to LOSE HIS ARM!* The deponent thereupon called upon Dr. Bright, chief physician, of Guy's, who, on viewing deponent's condition, kindly and liberally said, "*I am utterly at a loss what to do for you! but here is half a sovereign; go to Mr. HOLLOWAY, and try what effect his Pills and Ointment will have, as I have frequently witnessed the wonderful effects they have in desperate cases. You can let me see you again.*" This unprejudiced advice was followed by the deponent, and a *perfect cure* effected in three weeks, by the use alone of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT, after four Hospitals had failed!!! When Dr. Bright was shown by the deponent, the result of his advice and charity, he said, "I am both astounded and delighted, for I thought that if I ever saw you again alive, it would be without your arm. I can only compare this cure to a charm!!!"

Sworn at the Mansion house of the city of London, this 8th day of March, 1842. } WM. BROOKE.
Before me, JOHN PIRIE, Mayor

IN ALL DISEASES of the Skin, Bad Legs, Old Wounds, and Ulcers, Bad Breasts, Sore Nipples, Stony and Ulcerated Cancers, Tumours, Swellings, Gout Rheumatism, and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles the Pills, in all the above cases, ought to be used with the Ointment; as by this means cures will be effected with a much greater certainty, and in half the time that it would require by using the Ointment alone. The Ointment is proved to be a certain remedy for the bites of Musquitoes, Sand-flies, Chigo-foot, Yawns and Coco-bay.

Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Chapped Hands and Lips also Bunions and Soft Corns, will be immediately cured by the use of the Ointment.

THE PILLS are not only the finest remedy known when used with the Ointment, but, as a General Medicine there is nothing equal to them. In Nervous Affections they will be found of the greatest service. These Pills are, without exception, the finest purifier of the Blood ever discovered, and ought to be used by all!!!

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot.

Sold at PETERS & TILLEY'S, No. 1, King Street, St. John, N. B.

Miscellany.

PHENOMENA OF DEATH.

To be shot dead is one of the easiest modes of terminating life; yet, rapid as it is, the body has leisure to feel and the mind to reflect. On the first attempt by one of the fanatic adherents of Spain to assassinate the William, Prince of Orange, who took the lead in the revolt of the Netherlands, the ball passed through the bones of his face, and brought him to the ground. In the instant of time that preceded stupefaction, he was able to frame the notion that the ceiling of the room had fallen and crushed him. The cannon shot which plunged into the brain of Charles XII. did not prevent him from seizing his sword by the hilt. The idea of an attack and the necessity for defence were impressed upon him by a blow which we should have supposed too tremendous to leave an interval for thought. But it by no means follows that the infliction of fatal violence is accompanied by a pang. From what is known of the first effects of gun-shot wounds it is probable that the impression is rather stunning than acute. Unless death be immediate, the pain is as varied as the injuries, and these are past counting up. But there is nothing singular in the dying sensation, though Lord Byron remarked the physiological peculiarity, that the expression is invariably that of languor, while in death from a stab the countenance reflects the traits of natural character—of gentleness or ferocity—to the latest breath.

Some of the cases are of interest, to show with what slight disturbance life may go on under mortal wounds till it suddenly comes to a final stop. A foot soldier at Waterloo, pierced by a musket ball in the hip, begged water from a trooper who chanced to possess a canteen of beer. The wounded man drank, returned his heartiest thanks, mentioned that his regiment was nearly exterminated, and having proceeded a dozen yards in his way to the rear, fell to the earth, and with one convulsive movement of his limbs concluded his career. "Yet his voice," says the trooper, who himself tells the story, "gave scarcely the smallest sign of weakness." Captain Basil Hall, who in his early youth was present at the battle of Corunna, has singled out from the confusion which consigns to oblivion the woes and gallantry of war, another instance extremely similar, which occurred on that occasion. An old officer, who was shot in the head, arrived pale and faint at the temporary hospital, and begged the surgeon to look at his wound, which was pronounced to be mortal. "Indeed I feared so," he responded with unpoised attentiveness, "and yet I should like very much to live a little longer, if it were possible." He laid his sword upon a stone at his side, "as gently," says Hall, "as if its steel had been turned to glass, and almost immediately sunk dead upon the turf."

Drowning was held in horror by some of the ancients, who conceived the soul to be a fire, and that the water would put it out. But a Sybarite, could hardly have quarrelled with the death. The struggles at the outset are prompted by terror, not by pain, which commences later, and is soon succeeded by a pleasing languor; nay some, if not the majority, escape altogether the interval of suffering. A gentleman, for whose accuracy we can vouch, told us he had not experienced the slightest feeling of suffocation. The stream was transparent, the day brilliant, and as he stood upright he could see the sun shining through the water, with a dreamy consciousness that his eyes were about to be closed upon it forever. Yet he neither feared his fate nor wished to avert it. A sleepy sensation which soothed and gratified him made a luxurious bed of a watery grave. A friend informed Mathieu-le-Vayer, that such was his delight at groping at the bottom, that a feeling of anger passed through his mind against the persons who pulled him out. It is probable that some of our readers may have seen a singularly striking account of recovery from drowning by a highly distinguished officer still living, who also speaks to the total absence of pain while under the waves; but adds a circumstance of startling interest—namely, that during the few moments of consciousness the whole events of his previous life, from childhood, seemed to repass with lightning-like rapidity and brightness before her eyes; a narration which shows on what accurate knowledge the old Oriental framed his story of the Sultan who dipped his head into the basin of water, and had, as it were, gone through all the adventures of a crowded life before he lifted it out again. No one can have the slightest disposition to question the evidence in this recent English case; but we do not presume to attempt the physiological explanation.—*Quarterly Review.*

QUEEN VICTORIA.—We have pleasure in placing on record an incident in the domestic history of Queen Victoria. We learn that it is the usual fashion for the Queen and Prince Albert to breakfast alone, and with no attendant, but a confidential page. When we heard this, we were led to dream of a graceful youth, with ruffles at his wrists and powdered hair, as, in our youth, we beheld the pages that annually bewildered us by their grandeur in attendance on his Grace the Commissioner who represents Royalty in the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland. No such thing. A page, it seems, is often a common-place specimen of adult humanity. One such was, on one occasion, waiting at the breakfast table, when, like Nehemiah of old, he looked sad in the Royal presence. "Wherefore," the Queen said unto him, "is thy countenance sad, seeing thou art not sick? This is nothing else but sorrow of heart." As in the case of Nehemiah, the page, at first sore afraid, at last took courage, and revealed to his Royal mistress the cause of his grief. His daughter's husband was on his death-bed, at Brigston, and his wife and six children had none to comfort them. The Queen instantly ordered the presence of another attendant, furnished the sorrowing man with money for the journey to his daughter, and ordered him, on his return, to report to her the circumstances in which the family were placed. His son-in-law, as had been feared, died, leaving his widow and family unprovided for; but in the Queen they had found a friend. The children were placed in various hospitals in London, and for the mother a situation was procured, at once honourable and comfortable. —*Edinburgh Witness.*

DICK TURPIN.—Died at Collyweston, on Tuesday last, at the advanced age of 92, Mrs Elizabeth Freeman, relict of Mr. Francis Freeman, butcher and publican. In the time of the celebrated Dick Turpin she had the office of taking a quart of ale to him at the door of the Bull and Swan Inn, St. Martin's, Stamford; he heartily drank of the ale, and putting the silver tankard in his pocket, galloped off on his favourite mare Black Bess, to the wonder and vexation of the landlord, Mr. Turtle. On her marriage with Mr. Freeman, she became landlady of the White Swan Inn, at Collyweston, where she resided for upwards of fifty five years.—*Lincolnshire Chronicle.*

Testimonial to a Philanthropist in Humble Life.—When the cholera was raging at New passage, Plymouth, and the greatest difficulty was found in inducing competent persons to peril their lives in giving necessary assistance to the sick and dying, there was one young man who volunteered his services and elicted the admiration of all who were witnessses of his exertions. When the pestilence had disappeared, he resolutely refused to receive any pecuniary reward. The late mayor, resolved that his conduct should not go unrewarded, or at least unacknowledged. The young man, whose name is Edward Solomon Anstey, and who is a labourer in the dockyard, has accordingly received a Bible and a Book of Common Prayer, elegantly bound, and having the following inscription on the fly-leaf: "Presented by the Mayor of Devonport, (John Beer) to Edward Solomon Anstey, as a token of respect, for his assiduous, kind, and disinterested attention to several sufferers from cholera during the awful visitation of that mortality in 1849." In addition to this, Anstey has received the following letter from the Secretary of the Board of Health: Dec. 11, 1849.—Sir—I am directed by the board of Health to convey to you their warmest thanks, for your kind and unremitting attention to many of the sufferers from cholera during the late visitation; they tender you this vote of thanks, as the only tribute they have in their power to offer you, and trust that your meritorious conduct will meet with its due reward."—*Devonshire Chronicle.* [This should put to shame many *professed* philanthrophists in better circumstances.]

A DEAD SWINDLE.—An undertakers bill.—*Punch.*

Hypocrisy—the world's tacit acknowledgement of the superiority of virtue.

If you are great, be condescending; it is better to be loved than to be feared.

Why should a baker never need a *walking stick?* Because "bread is the *staff of life.*"

Are you not ashamed to make yourself a woman, when Heaven has made you a man?—*Aristotle to a Fop.*

NOT RUINED YET!—Orders have been received by the various shipbuilders of Sunderland, during the week for 50 new vessels of a large tonnage.—*Gateshead Observer.*

"Let go the job, there, quick; let go!" shouted the captain of an eastern packet to a raw hand, as a squall came up. "What's all that yellin' about? I aint a touchin' yer job," retorted Jonathan.

ADVERSITY.—Adversity exasperates the fool, dejects cowards, draws out the faculties of the wise and ingenious, put the modest to the necessity of trying their skill, awes the opulent, and makes the idle industrious.

A Yankee advertises a house to let, immediately alongside a plum garden, from which an abundant supply of the most delicious fruit may be stolen during the season.

NEW-YEAR'S JOLLITY.—At most of the manufactories in the town the 'hands' have this year clubbed together, for the sake of economy, and purchased large quantities of rum out of bond. The quantity already purchased in this way, it is said, is really enormous. In this transaction, there is a ludicrous mixture of Scottish prudence and Scottish folly. The idea of a person setting the whole of his wits to work in order to plan the most economical method of getting drunk, is enough to cause at once a smile and a sigh.—*Mo trose Review.*

TRUTH AT LAST.—There is an eastern story of a person who taught his parrot to repeat only the words, "What doubt is there of that?" He carried it to market for sale, fixing the price at 100 rupees. A Mogul asked the parrot, "Are you worth 100 rupees?" The parrot answered, "What doubt is there of that?" The Mogul was delighted, and bought the bird. He soon found out that this was all it could say. Ashamed of his bargain, he said to himself, "I was a fool to buy this bird." The parrot exclaimed as usual, "What doubt is there of that?"

TEETOTALISM IN PARLIAMENT.—Mr. Cobden, in the course of his address at Bradford, said, in allusion to Colonel Thompson, that it was due to the gallant member to say, that he had been a total abstainer from intoxicating liquors between eight and ten years; and it was a curious fact, that the two best workers in the House, Colonel Thompson, and Mr. Brotherton, were teetotallers.

A QUEER VERDICT.—In a libel suit at the West, the counsel for the plaintiff told the jury that he did not ask for damages from a desire to obtain money, but merely as an indication that his client had been wronged; and if a verdict in his favour, giving him damages, was returned, not one cent of the money would be taken from the defendant. The jury thereupon returned a verdict for the plaintiff of 450 dollars, *not to be paid.*

INNOCENCE.—A Dutchman in Albany, some time back, went out to his milkman in the street with a dish in each hand, instead of one, as usual. The dispenser of attenuated milk asked if he wished him to fill both vessels. The Dutchman replied, suiting the action to the word, "Dis is for de *milluh*, and dis for de *watter*, an' I will mix 'em so as to shute myself."

MARY STUART AND HENRY DARNLEY.—It was to the baronial mansion of Crookstown, Renfrewshire, surrounded by the richest and most varied scenery, that Mary was conducted soon after her marriage with Darnley, to enjoy, in the sweetness of retirement, the society of her beloved lord. The site of the yew-tree is still pointed out, in what had once been a garden, under whose ill-omened branches Mary is said to have sat with Darnley, enjoying that reciprocal felicity which was soon to be embittered by the blackest malignity and the virulence of political and religious rancour. There was an ancient ballad in allusion to the royal visit, of which the following lines only have been preserved:—

"When Hary met Mary under the yew-tree,
What Hary said to Mary I'll not tell thee."—

Mackie's Castles, Palaces, and Prisons of Queen Mary of Scotland.

PURCHASED LOVE.

(CONTINUED.)

(*From the Dublin University Magazine.*)

It was a bright, sunshiny summer morning, and Matilda Macdonald flitted through her pretty drawing-room as gaily and as gladly as any of the butterflies which, newly awakened to life by the warm sunbeams, sported amidst the flowers in the garden out of doors. Her violet eyes and rose cheeks were in all their freshness; she was charmingly dressed; her sunny ringlets waved with a breezy lightness; she laughed, she danced, she sang, in the very exuberance of happiness.

As her aunt, Miss Ormond, entered, there was the contrast which summer and winter exhibits in the face of the two.

"Aunt, he is mine—he is mine—he is just gone—he brought me this book—he told me he loved me—he adored me; oh, he is delightful; he said, for I asked him about it, he had no thought now of that Edith Moore."

"And did he say nothing of the engagement which it is perfectly well known has existed between them," interrupted Miss Ormond, in a cold voice, strangely different from the ardent, though child-like glee which Matilda had spoken.

He said that I had his heart now, and that he would most certainly give up Edith Moore for me.

"But her father is an attorney, he will take law proceedings against Mr. Leslie for a breach of promise; and as Mr. Leslie is a Presbyterian clergyman, his church, which is very strict, will take the matter up, and there will be much trouble.

"Oh, but, aunt, I have just settled a plan of proceeding which will satisfy all parties. I shall not tell dear Leslie until I have all arranged. He will think me so clever. I am just going to send for Mr. Moore. I am entirely mistress of my own fortune, you know, and I shall spend some of it in making Leslie secure in his happiness with me."

She paused and gazed on her aunt with an air of proud triumph, to which Miss Ormond made no response.

"You do not know what I am going to do, aunt; you think I am childish, but you shall find I have management and cleverness with me. Ha! I shall stop the mouths of those poor creatures, the Moores; a little of my money will make the old attorney give up his law proceedings; and Miss Edith with all her learning and pride, and she has enough of the last, though she has nothing else that I know of—some of my gold shall comfort her for the loss of my Leslie.

"Your Leslie!" reiterated Miss Ormond, in a low, stern tone; "are you so very sure he is your Leslie? Do you never suspect that your money may be one of your principal attractions in his eyes; he is poor, and has extravagant tastes. I am told; his desertion of Miss Moore shows that his principles cannot be good. Were I in your place I would not so highly value the proffered love of a man who has showed himself so changeable. I could place no reliance on his affections; he ides, I firmly believe he loves Miss Moore deeply, and perhaps loves her still in the bottom of his soul, though he is dazzled by your youthful prettiness and wealth; but, Matilda, mark my words, a reaction may take place in his feelings after he marries you, and if so, your state will be beyond all measure wretched. I know well that Edith Moore is not a woman to be given up by a man of Mr. Leslie's nature without a struggle, sooner or later. He is intellectual, and his nature has some noble points; though, in his present conduct, he exhibits weakness and baseness of soul; but Edith Moore is no common woman, and she has long been the presiding spirit of his mind. Remember what I am saying, that mind will yet cling to her after this fancy which he has taken for you has passed away."

"Aunt, you are most unkind and cruel, but I only laugh at your words. Love Edith Moore again, indeed!—no never!—my Leslie shall be my own for ever! But I know you wish to make me miserable; it is a vain attempt, for I trust too much to the last words of my own Leslie."

Matilda drew herself up to the full height of her slight figure, and paced with a proud step through the apartment. The girlish, the almost childlike air, which usually characterised her appearance, had, for the moment, passed away, and the spirit of a proud, resolute, and most determined woman was depicted on her young, fair face.

"You are the only child of a sister whom I loved, and why should I wish to give you one moment of unnecessary pain," said Miss Ormond, as the tears suddenly sprang to her sunken eyes, and her voice became broken. "You know well, Matilda, that in living with you, and in giving you my advice, I had no single motive except your good."

Matilda was well aware of the fact, as Miss Ormond lived on an income of her own, and steadily refused all the pecuniary favours which her neice wished to lavish on her. She had also been frequently solicited by another wealthy relative to leave Matilda, and take up her abode with that relative, but she had peremptorily refused to leave the orphan child of her sister.

"I have thought it right to tell you the strict and stern truth respecting Mr. Leslie," continued Miss Ormond; "and I again repeat to you, that if you consult your own future happiness, you will abandon all thoughts of him, and permit him to fulfil his prior engagement."

"Aunt, I cannot—I cannot give him up, for I love him so much."

An expression of earnest intensity passed over her face, and it struck Miss Ormond much, for she sighed deeply, and remained silent.

"Indeed I love him deeply—you do not know how deeply—and he loves me. I believe he will continue to love me; I can trust to him so implicitly. What happiness could he and Miss Moore have now, if loving me as he does, he were to persist in fulfilling his engagement to her?—would they not be miserable? Believe me, Aunt, I shall do my best to make compensation to Miss Moore. I am generous and rich, and money will be better to her and her family, in their poverty, than the hand of a man without the heart.

She spoke with energy, and Miss Ormond was evidently shaken.

"I know from the generosity of Edith Moore's nature, that she will at once give up Mr. Leslie to you when she knows his affections are changed. She will not ask any of your money—she will not accept of it; her father may, however, avail himself of your proposals. Yet, Matilda, though all may be quietly arranged, and though Frederick Leslie may marry you with all the semblance of a new, deep love, yet I tremble for your future happiness. Once more I beg of you that if possible, you will forget the impression he has made on your heart and——"

"It is impossible, aunt; my heart would break were I to attempt to renounce him now."

"May God help you, then, and guard over your future fate!" whispered Miss Ormond, moved by the deep emphasis with which Matilda had uttered the last words.

"I have to beg of you, aunt, that you will allow me quietly to work out my own designs. You have given your opinion now, and no future responsibility will rest on you. Nothing you can say has any power to alter my determination. I know you are actuated by mistaken zeal for me in your conduct; but I know better that were I to follow your advice, I should most effectually ruin my own happiness for ever."

"God knows that I would fain save the child of my departed sister from a sorrowful fate."

Miss Ormond turned to a window recesses, for the tears were streaming over her face.

Matilda seated herself by a small table, and opening an ivory and satin wood writing desk, she selected a sheet of perfumed and gilt note-paper, and proceeded to write to the father of her rival Edith, requesting an interview with him at an early period.

The father of Edith Moore had just finished an early dinner with his family when he received Miss Macdonald's note. The dinner had been, as was usual with them, poor, scraggy and scanty. The different members of the family, including six or seven boys and girls all younger than Edith, appeared dull and dissatisfied; the gloomy face of the father cast a shadow on everything. The younger children might have been cheerful and gay over their plain fare; but their father repressed their mirth, telling them always, when they were noisy, to be quiet immediately, for his head ached. Poor man! his head was, indeed, always aching; for he was perpetually pinching how to get rich in the world, and never could succeed. Edith repressed the bitterness of her own feelings and strove—strongly a task—to infuse some into spirit of cheerfulness into the family circle. She forced smiles over her face, and tried to converse pleasantly and softly, so that her father might not complain of his head. But she found it in vain to combat against the heavy dullness of that scene; she could not bring the semblance of pleasure over the wasted face of her mother, who was nervous and sickly, with anxious, dejected eyes, and lips which rarely opened to utter one word of conversation; and as to the attorney, he bestowed a sharp and morose glance once or twice on Edith, as he heard her voice striving to break through the silent dreariness of the circle, and there was a bitter meaning in his look, which she plainly read; for it told her to be silent, as a girl deserted by her lover should be. Edith felt no things of anger at the unfeeling for sternness. She felt deep pity for her father's mind, which by its own gloom added doubly to the darkness of misfortune.

"From Miss Macdonald!" said the attorney aloud, glancing at the signature of the note, in some surprise.

At the name of Miss Macdonald the blood heaved tumultuously around the heart of Edith, and then felt as if it would pause. It was but for a second, and she allowed no outward sign of emotion to appear.

At the name of Miss Macdonald the eyes of Samuel Barry—the one clerk whom the attorney contrived to keep—looked up on Edith's face, and then he too, and his lip heavily quivered, and he flushed his face, as if he was ashamed at such a moment he should manifest a want of feeling by observing her distress.

Samuel Barry's feelings concerning Edith had been too deep for his own peace. Living beside her, and listening to and observing the manifestations of her mind and disposition, he had long and silently admired and loved; but he had believed that love to be entirely hopeless; and, therefore, he had never breathed it to its object. He was a young man of plain appearance; his features were large and heavy; his eyes were deep-set, dim, and sorrowful; and he smiled and spoke but seldom; yet there was a touching sofiness in his voice and manner which made him generally liked. In the extreme quietness and absence of all pretence which characterised his department, no indications of a superior mind were visible; yet there were high powers of intellect hidden within him. On some very rare occasions, when strongly excited, he had exhibited a flow of commanding and overpowering eloquence which made it evident that his proper sphere was the bar, and that he was wrongfully buried in the obscurity of a poor attorney's office. Edith had often remarked his studious habits. At every leisure moment he could spare from the time allotted to meals, he had a book in his hand. She had frequently striven to draw him into conversation concerning his studies, as she observed and pitied the silent depression of spirits under which he seemed always labouring, and while she imputed to his anxiety respecting his circumstances, as he was very poor and friendless; but her efforts to cheer him generally left him more low spirited than ever.

The attorney perused Miss Macdonald's note, without making any comment on it, or stating the contents in any manner. He was not in the habit of being very communicative. After he finished his meagre dinner, he silently left the apartment. Edith felt convinced that Miss Macdonald's communication had some reference to Leslie or herself, but she made no outward observations on the subject. She could not, however, prevent a pallor, even more than usual, overspreading her face, though the general expression of calm serenity was there. Samuel Barry, glancing over the pages of the book in which he had for some moments buried himself, saw the heart-sickness depicted on Edith's face—he knew well the bitterness of the feelings against which she so firmly struggled. It was rarely he made any attempt to enter into conversation with her, but now he addressed her with some observation concerning the book he was studying. His kind, gentle voice gave her an emotion of relief amidst the misery of her own dark, unexpressed thoughts. She replied to him, and they gradually entered into conversation, which was only interrupted when it was necessary for Samuel Barry to proceed to his office. Edith was much surprised at the earnest, unaffected, unadorned, but most genuine and stirring eloquence he had displayed on the points they had discussed. She was not previously aware of the extent of his information, nor of the peculiarly profound and solid nature of his mind and of his views on all matters.

As he turned away, to proceed to his office, his deep dim eyes fixed on her for one moment, with an expression which told of the purest and strongest affection. Samuel Barry possessed the description of mind which, above all others, is fitted to love and appreciate an intellectual woman, such as Edith. He had risen far—very far—above the semi-barbarism of taste, which induces men only to like a pretty plaything for the companion of life. The fairest and freshest face of youth and loveliness had no charms for him, if he did not find there the wise and highly intellectual mind which he prized. He could pardon the absence of the first flush of love in woman; he had no antipathy to faded complexions, and no very particular horror of the bony outline of a figure past the age of voluptuous roundedness in bosom and arms. In the female mind alone was he exacting of charms.

Overlooking the most polished accomplishments, he sought for a mind fully the equal, or the superior of his own in accumulated knowledge, and in earnest thought, and in high purposes. In Edith he had found this woman; and she was the only one he ever loved.

The evening had come on, and Edith was seated, quietly reading, as her father entered the room. He closed the door carefully behind him, and drew his chair near her, as if he wished for some particular and private conversation

"I have to inform you,' he began in his usual dry and formal, and sharp manner, "that from this time forward, your engagement with the Rev. Frederick Leslie is entirely at an end. You are to morrow, mutually to return the letters and presents which have passed between you. You must be aware that he loves Miss Macdonald; he has not once visited you, nor written to you for some time."

"I am aware—I know it—I have seen it," answered Edith, with surprising composure, for her lips had become suddenly parched, and a dead, icy feeling had struck to her heart.

"I am glad you take it so quietly; it shows you have sense," said her father, observing her closely, whilst some small indications of pity and love might have been on his face as he spoke.

"And you—you father—will let it pass quietly too—you will not surely take law proceedings?"

"No girl; I have given that up now—I shall let him marry his heiress in peace"

"I thank you—Oh! I thank you deeply, father; if his affections have gone to Miss Macdonald, why should he not marry her? Not for worlds should I ask him to fulfil his engagement to me now. He shall hear no reproaches from me.—Miss Macdonald is young, beautiful, and loves him; and I hope they will be happy."

"She is generous, too—I have found it this evening."

The attorney said this with emphasis, which was not lost on the keen penetration of Edith.

"Father, you have not surely—no, you would not take any compensation from her, if she offered to purchase our silence."

"And if I did, girl—if she paid me directly down the whole sum at which I would have laid damages in the action and if I composedly accepted of it—what then?"

"Then, I say, it was a degradation—a shameful act."

"What! I took what the law of my country would have given me in a court of justice. You dare to say that was degradation. I took privately what I would, most certainly have gained publicly, by dragging you and your sire before a sneering world. You tell me that is shameful."

His eyes flashed as he spoke; and Edith feared one of those sudden and violent bursts of passion to which he was subject.

"My father," she said, laying her hand gently on his shoulder, "you do not think of this matter aright; but you will listen to my earnest prayer now, and you will reflect that money is no compensation for outraged feelings; and you will return it to her to-morrow."

"Return it to her to-morrow" interrupted the attorney, vehemently. "It is yours—I shudder to think of how many years—since I had a respectable sum of money in my possession before; and you have the cruelty to bid me return it to-morrow. I have tried to gain money—I have worn myself away body and soul, striving for it, in order that my family might have the comforts of life; but it has always eluded my grasp—you know it—there seemed a fate against my gaining money, let me do as I would. Now it comes unsolicited by me. I never asked Miss Macdonald for compensation—she offered it of her own accord; now you bid me throw it away."

He paused; his face was livid with deep and angry emotion.

"Be silent!" he thundered, as Edith began a further remonstrance. "Do not dare to speak to me. You have no heart, no feeling, or you would not ask your father, who has been so long in the extremest poverty to give up the money which fortune has at length sent fairly and justly into his hands. Look at your mother, who is sinking day by day, slowly but surely, into her grave. You know well she wants many comforts and luxuries we cannot obtain for her. This money will procure her all that is necessary, and she may hold up her head in health again. Look at your young brothers and sisters with scanty food and clothing—and, worse still, no means of procuring them proper education. This money will do all: it was a free gift, though, in justice, we were entitled to it. You will not bend your foolish pride to accept of it, though you know well our sore necessity.

Edith was silent. She knew not what to say, or how to act, for the want of her mother seemed to rise up imploringly before her face, bidding her, for God's sake, permit the poor family to know something for the comforts which diffuse through a household, for they had been so very long in struggling poverty."

"You may continue silent," cried her father, seeing her about to speak; "for no words, no power of yours, no prayers, shall take this money out of my hands. I command you, therefore, to desist from all vain remonstrances. I have your good at heart, Edith," he continued, after a pause, during which he looked fixedly on her face, which had become ghastly pale; "I seem cold and stern outwardly; my miserable striving with fortune has darkened my spirits and my face; but yet I have plans, excellent plans, for the well-being of you and all my other children. Tell me, have you observed Samuel Barry much of late?"

Edith, with an abstracted air, answered, "No, not more than usual." Her thoughts were on other matters.

"Well, listen to me—Samuel Barry loves you; cold and listless as I seem, I have seen it. He loves with earnestness—he loves you with an unutterable love—such as Leslie, the man who has deserted you, but from whom you have fortunately escaped—such as he could never bestow on any woman, because he loves himself too much—he is too mercenary and selfish for real affection.—Samuel Barry may not have the prettiness of person, and the showy accomplishments of Leslie; but his mind is, beyond measure, superior in power, in dignity, and in worth, and, Edith, I tell you I have read and studied mankind, and I tell you that, in gaining the affections of Samuel Barry, you have gained a treasure such as few women are fated to possess."

Edith did not answer. She was much surprised, for she had never thought of Samuel Barry in the light of a lover.

"When Leslie marries his heiress, and when you have learned to think of him with indifference, you will then see the merits of Samuel Barry," continued her father, speaking in a tone of softness and kindness which she had not heard from him since her childhood. "I have appreciated him long, poor as we have been, we would have been worse but for his excellence in the department which he fills in connexion with me. The mind of Samuel Barry is the most comprehensive and powerful of any I have ever known. He sees all the intricacies of the most difficult case at once and I have found his judgment almost infallibly wise and just. I tell you, Edith, that the ablest and most experienced lawyers at the bar might learn from him, his knowledge of law is so profound. It is my intention, with some of the money I have gained this day, to enable him to prosecute his studies for the bar, and glad I am that Samuel Barry shall not be lost in the mean drudgery of the business he now performs. Of his success in his future career I am most certain. I can predict with safety that he will rise to eminence in the legal profession. Edith, I look to him as my son. I love him, as I never could love that smooth and foppish Leslie, whom a woman possessed of such a mind as yours never should have chosen as the object of its affection. In Samuel Barry you will have a mind equal to your own; and as the wife of an eminent lawyer, which he cannot fail of being, your position will be immeasurably above that of the wife of a poor Presbyterian clergyman in this obscure corner of the North of Ireland. And, now, good night; you have need of sleep: summon your reason and philosophy to your aid, and sleep in peace and quietness, for the loss of the Rev. Mr. Leslie is a gain to us all."

He pressed her hand, and his face had an affectionate, and hopeful, and even happy expression, which had long been banished from it.

She gazed after him as he left the room. She could have thrown herself on her knees and begged and prayed that Miss Macdonald's money might be restored; but her father seemed so happy, and it was such a rare thing to see the gloom of a settled sorrow pass away from his countenance; besides, she knew the violent determination of his mind, and she felt that her opposition to him would be vain. She neither wept or sighed; but with clasped hands, and a corpse-like face, in mute and patient endurance, the long night hours passed with her, and when the morning came, she was able to busy herself as usual in attending to the wants of her sick mother, and of her young brothers and sisters.

(To be concluded next week.)

(From the Edinburgh Advertiser.)

It would require ten times more space than we can afford, in justice to other topics, were we to attempt to chronicle the number, and give even a meagre report of the proceedings, of the various Protection meetings in England. County follows county in rapid succession. Devon, Kent, Essex, Bucks, York, &c, join in the movement, ready to give an impulse to the spirit that has been awakened in defence of British agriculture and industry. The agitation, however, is by no means confined to the aristocracy, or to landlords and their tenants. The working-classes have caught the infection.—They feel the heavy pressure of the times as severely as their superiors; and their demands for relief are ascending from the shop and the factory to the platform. The baneful effects of free-trade and foreign competition on their profits and their comforts, are no less oppressive than when operating in the higher and richer circles of society. It may suit the object of the *Times* and its compeers to endeavour to persuade the labourer and the artisan that they are well off, and ought to be content, because the funds are arising, because our exports are increasing, because the bullion in the Bank of England during the first ten months of the present year exceeds by £9,206,904 the amount for the corresponding period in 1848. What is all this to the working man, whom bullion or funds cannot prevent from being thrown out of employment, or reduced to a lower scale of wages? It is a poor consolation to tell him that trade and commerce are progressing, that the energies of the country are in full operation, when he finds himself surrounded with difficulties and depression unknown in any former period of his existence. In spite of these exhilarating representations, the working-classes are not yet persuaded that they are now in a position of unprecedented comfort. In London they have announced that a demonstration is to be made "in favour of Protection to native industry." The circular of their Committee informs us "that they have resolved to hold a number of public meetings in the various London districts, and [illegible] meeting in Exeter Hall, before the assembling of Parliament (on the 31st) for the purpose of expressing the honest sentiments of the working classes in favour of protection for British industry." George F. Young, Esq., Chairman of the Committee of the National Association, and well known by his able letters on the Navigation Laws, has been invited to preside at the first of the district meetings. At the Exeter Hall meeting, Lord Stanhope has been requested to take the chair, and the invitation is heralded with the following very gratifying and remarkable reason for applying to such a quarter, viz., "that a link may be formed, by means of this Lordship, between the industrious classes, who desire, above all things, to live by the fruits of their labour, and the aristocracy, whose comfort and real security, as well as the national prosperity, must always so much depend on the social condition and intellectual and moral elevation of the working classes." It has long been the habit with the Liberal press to represent the aristocracy as the enemies and oppressors of the poor classes, having no regard to their moral and social improvement, and preferring to keep them in ignorance. This pernicious delusion is fast vanishing, and perhaps at no former period in our history did the aristocracy possess the confidence and respect of the industrious classes in such ample measure as they now do. We trust the *inks* of friendly intercourse, to which the London delegates refer, will be drawn still closer, and that the example they set of making a friendly advance to the nobility of the land will spread to other parts of the country, for we feel assured that in every instance the alliance would prove beneficial and be attended with the best results to the community. It would be well if the movement commenced in London were extended to the rural districts, that the labouring and industrious classes might have an opportunity of expressing their sentiments, and acquainting Parliament, by means of addresses and petitions with the real cause of their depressed and impoverished condition. No victory was ever won without an effort, and no time can be more propitious for making such an effort successful than just on the eve of the assembling of Parliament.

Aggregate Meeting of Protectionists.—The following is an authentic list of the Noblemen who up to Saturday the 22d ult. have identified themselves with the Irish Protectionist movement, by attaching their signatures to the address to the Queen:—

Marquises—Downshire, Westmeath, Hertford, Waterford, and Ely. Earls—Glengall, Mayo, Roden, Bandon, Miltown, Shannon, Lucan, Donoughmore, Clonmel, Lanesborough, Castlestuart, Enniskillen, Limerick, Bantry, Strad, broke, and Erne. Viscounts—Bangor, Bernard, Geort, Dungannon, Suirdale, Clements, Denoraile, Ashbrook, Lorton, Gormanstown, and O'Neill. Barons—Kilmaine, Dunsandle, Dunsany, Massey, Muskerry, Clonbrock, Clarine, Clanmorris, Castlemaine, Carberry, Farnham, and Riversdale. Bishop of Killaloe.—*Saunders' News Letter.*

We understand that at the next Council the order authorising transportation to the Cape will be revoked.—*Times.*

An eminent Divine in England proposes that the Episcopal Church Service should be shortened; not, however, by omitting one word of the beautiful Liturgy, but by dissuing all repetitions of doxologies, &c.

High Tides at Yarmouth.—The high spring tides of the last few days, increased by heavy gales of wind from the north-west, have laid under water the towns of Great Yarmouth and Lowestoft, and the whole of the surrounding country for miles. The lower flats of most of the houses are flooded to the depth of from three to six feet, and as a necessary consequence there has been a great destruction of property. The quay, the market-place, and the streets of Yarmouth are all inundated. The water over the bar at the mouth of the haven is 12 feet deeper than usual. Eleven vessels have been driven on the sands, and it is feared will go to pieces. Nor has the inundation been confined to the immediate vicinity of the coast. The waters have extended far and wide over the low-lying pasture lands around. A bridge near Lowestoft has been swept away, and the railway trains have been unable to proceed eastward beyond Reedham, eleven miles from Norwich, where the lines to Yarmouth and Lowestoft meet. Every exertion has been made to save property and life, but the loss which has been caused must be very serious in extent, and will be felt severely.

Retirement of Mr. John O'Connell from Parliament.—Mr. John O'Connell has resigned his seat for Limerick. In his letter of resignation, he candidly states that pecuniary distress has compelled him to retire from Parliament.—Mr. O'Connell does not mean to retire from public life while the people of Ireland support him in the Repeal Association.

In the Bank of England not fewer than 60 folio volumes, or ledgers, are daily filled with writing in keeping the accounts! To produce these 60 volumes, the paper having been previously manufactured elsewhere, eight men, three steam-presses, and two hand-presses, are continually kept going within the Bank! In the copper-plate-printing department 28,000 bank notes are thrown off daily, and so accurate is the number indicated by machinery that to purloin a single note without detection is at impossibility.

Belgian Hops.—The steam ship Soho, arrived from Antwerp, has brought 12 bales of hops as a portion of her cargo, consigned to a house in the metropolis, the growth of Belgium.

We have reason to know, from the best information, that the excellent, exemplary, and lamented Queen Dowager divided her annual income into two equal portions, and that one of such portions was, year by year, dispensed in charity. It is due to the memory of this amiable and exalted personage to state this fact; for, although the public has been long aware of her pure and disinterested munificence, yet a very imperfect knowledge of its extent was entertained.—*Post.*

Insurrection in Servia.—The courier who came last night from Semlin brought intelligence which has thrown the government into great agitation. A rebellion on the most formidable scale has broken out among the Servians. Syrmia, Slavonia, and the military boundaries are up in arms against the Austrian authorities. The Slavonian and Servian boundary regiments have revolted, and raised the *cordon* of the Turkish frontier, so that their rear is fully secured.

Embezzlement from the Rochdale Savings' Bank.—A case of fraud, the most ingenious and complicated, has recently been divulged, in consequence of the death of Mr. George Haworth, the actuary of the Savings' Bank at Rochdale. That gentleman, who held a highly honourable position in the town, and was universally respected for his probity, integrity, and general upright dealing, had held the office of actuary in the Saving's Bank for a period of more than 20 years. On Monday, Nov. 19, he suddenly died, and at a meeting of the trustees and managers of the bank on Tuesday last, the object of which was to appoint another actuary, some investigation of the books took place, which led to to a discovery of a series of embezzlements, extending over a long series of years, and amounting to a sum more than that annually deposited in the bank. It was discovered, in fact, that Mr. Haworth had kept a private ledger, in which he entered the accounts of a great number of depositors, distinct from the bank accounts, actually pocketing the whole of their deposits, no accounts of which appeated on the books of the bank. At the time of the meeting, most of the banking books held by depositors had, in accordance with the requirements of the act of Parliament, been sent into the bank for the purpose of being the accounts examined; and the managers, after a searching investigation during two days, discovering that an amount of between £34,000 and £35,000, represented by those books did not appear on the accounts as having been paid into the bank, and it is feared that further investigations will show the amount embezzled to be even more than that sum. We have reason to believe that £30,000 is under the mark, and that the fraud was committed, as we have stated, by the actuary keeping a double set of books, being in fact the agent for the bank to one part of the depositors, and a banker on his own account for another portion. He was a supporter of the Castleton Town Mill, and employed about two hundred hands, to whom he was a most liberal master, so much so that during the period of the dull trade in 1847, he for many days gave his hands two days' wages per week while the mill was stopped, and, if it was required, lent them as much more. He was the land agent of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Company, and in that capacity large sums of money must have passed through his hands.—He was also stewart and land agent to the owners of a great quantity of property in Rochdale and the adjoining district. It is said that he effected a policy upon his life of £3000. Shortly before his death he made a sale of £15,000 worth of cotton twist, which he had held for a considerable period, and if the whole of that money be realised, it will go far to cover the deficiences. Within the last two years he made a will, bequeathing, it is said, in various ways, no less than £20,000, and leaving an annuity of £300 per annum to his widow and an only daughter. Mr. Tidd Pratt will visit Rochdale next week, to investigate the matter on behalf of the Government.—*Times.*

Cheap FUR STORE.

The subscribers have received per *Lisbon*, from London, their Fall stock of **FURS**—consisting of—

LADIES' MUFFS, BOAS, Cuffs, Victorines, and Cardinals; black and drab Beaver BONNETTS;
Gentlemen's FUR CAPS, in good variety, new FUR COATS, Gloves, Gauntletts, &c.
which together with a good assortment of Fur and Fur Trimmed CAPS of Domestic Manufacture, they offer at the lowest prices for cash.

☞ Furs repaired and altered at shortest notice.

September 29. LOCKHART & CO.

No. 1, Prince Wm. street and corner Market square.

[FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

Messrs. Editors.—The following is the portion of an address recently delivered before the *Carleton Division*, of the Sons of Temperance. If you deem the sentiments worthy of a place in the Chronicle, they are now furnished for that purpose.

A Son of Temperance.

The cause in which we have emborked is one of the noblest that ever engaged the attention of the people of New-Brunswick. It is restoring man to his proper rank in creation, and giving him the eminence of a rational being. It is conferring upon this Province a true greatness, and laying a firm basis for her prosperity. It is exalting the valleys and making the hills low, and thus preparing the way for the spread of education, morality and religion. How many moral and religious projects have you formed? How many plans of social or political reform have you put forward? Without total abstinence, they will be too apt to fail. The success of our labors has already been considerable; but a long, a strong, and a persevering struggle has yet to be made to ensure a triumph. If in some cases we should not succeed to our wishes, we must not be discouraged. Remember, that the long and inveterate habits of a country cannot be changed in a day. Already the Legislature has officially recognised the Sons of Temperance of New-Brunswick, and the various Divisions of the order throughout the length and breadth of the Province, hold in their incorporated capacity, not only a capital in hard cash, but a capital of far more permanent character, one which is firmly based upon the virtues of Love, Purity, and Fidelity. A capital which involves the noblest principles, and which can authorise us to say, to the poor degraded and poverty stricken drunkard, "come into our midst, drink freely of the beverage which God has generously given for the use of man, without money and without price. All the Nazarites under the law were water drinkers. The sons of Aaron, the high priest, were strictly enjoined during their ministrations to abstain entirely from wine and strong drink. The mother of Sampson was a teetotaller. For forty years during their sojourn in the wilderness, the drink of the children of Israel, consisting of six hundred thousand persons, was pure water. Daniel, when at the Babylonian court, became fair and robust on pulse and water, despising the Kings' wine.—Jonadab, the father of the Rechabites, enjoined upon his sons not to drink wine, to which they faithfully adhered; and GOD approving of their conduct, promised that Jonadab should never want a man to stand before Him forever. Timothy was a water drinker until advised to take a *little wine medicinally*. Paul, also, when under the Nazarenish vow, must have abstained from wine and strong drink; and he so far entered into the spirit of our order, as to observe, that if eating flesh or drinking wine should cause his brother to offend, he would *totally abstain*. Amongst those who were born of a woman, there was not a greater prophet than John the Baptist; yet, by Divine appointment, his lips were never polluted by any intoxicating liquor. And to crown the whole, I beg to remind you that Sampson himself, the strongest man that ever lived, was a teetotaller. We can say all this to the man whom we desire to reclaim, and the glorious right to do so, forms a portion of the never failing capital stock—securely invested—*of the Order of the Sons of Temperance.*

Let us never be weary of well doing in our noble cause, nor be desponding if we should occasionally encounter reverses. In reference, my brethren, to the highest subject that can engage our attention, its friends are frequently disappointed. Glorious as was the promulgation of Christianity at its commencement, it met with but few supporters. By way of derision it was asked—"Have any of the *rulers* believed on him?" After years of labour and the performance of stupendous miracles by the saviour himself, it is said one disciple betrayed him, another denied him, and all forsook him and fled! Yet this Divine system ultimately triumphed, and has now became the glory of the Land. Be not discouraged, therefore, fear not little flock, for I believe you are destined by Providence to effect the regeneration of New-Brunswick. Be true to your principles, adhere faithfully to your pledges, and unite all your energies to reform your neighbours, and the day is not far distant, when within the walls of every Division room in the Province, it can be proudly proclaimed, through the noble energies of Carleton Division, and the honorable example set by its members, there is not to be found at the present day a solitary rum seller, or rum drinker, in that village, always remarkable for the industry and thrift of its inhabitants, and now elevated to the proud eminence, of being a standing example, for the imitation of every city, town and village in our beloved country.

In conclusion I would say to the good and virtuous of this Province—

Fathers of New-Brunswick! pillars of the state,
Guides of our youth, with rapture greet the plan
Destined to cheer the good, to aid the great,
Adorn the Christian, and exalt the man.
Mothers of New-Brunswick! swell the notes of joy,
First by Columbias' daughters sweetly sung;
Let the glad theme, your social hours employ;
Let temperance sound from each maternal tongue.
New-Brunswick's Sons! whose op'ning minds display,
Gems that may blossom, when your father's fall,
And spread a lustre o'er a brighter day—
Come, join our cause at Virtue's sacred call.
And join ye Fair! to man in kindness given,
This triumph grace, and lend a willing hand;
Thus, then, approved, the God of earth and Heaven,
Will pour his blessings, on our favoured Land.

☞ Price of the Chronicle—12s. 6d. per annum, in advance; 15s if not paid until the termination of a year.—For $10 in Advance, 5 copies will be sent *to one address* for one year; for $20 11 copies; and for $40, 21 copies.—Single Nos. may be had at the office, 4d each.

THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, FEBRUARY 1, 1850.

The news of the week is quite unimportant; and our files of papers from every quarter are quite devoid of any striking intelligence. Various extracts from the latest English papers will be found in our columns.

The business of the Courts of Nisi Prius and Oyer and Terminer was brought to a close on Tuesday evening last. The latter Court is adjourned to the first Tuesday in March next, for the express purpose of trying the Keeper of the Gaol on a bill of indictment, which has been found against him, consequent on the escape of Dunbar from prison. The general insecurity of the gaol will then be made a subject of inquiry.

Opening the Communication between Lake Temiscouata and the St. Lawrence.—A public meeting was held in the Quebec Exchange on the forenoon of Saturday last, pursuant to advertisement, to take into consideration the propriety of petitioning government for aid in opening the communication between Lake Temiscouta and the St. Lawrence.

The Hon. Wm. Walker was called to the chair, and J. B. Forsyth, Esq., acted as Secretary.

Mr. Walker stated the object of the meeting neatly and emphatically and introduced to the meeting the Rev. Chas. Churchill, who delivered a most able and instructive speech—decidedly the speech of the meeting—in favour of the project of opening up either by a railroad or canal this 18 miles of the only land between Quebec on the St. Lawrence and St. John on the Bay of Fundy.—He pointed out the commercial importance of the scheme with great clearness; he showed that return freights might be expected, and alluded to the mine of salt lately discovered on the banks of the St. John near Woodstock, and to the superior iron of that neighbourhood which equalled in ductility the irons of Berlin. Mr. Price in seconding the motion very delicately complimented Mr. Churchill, and assured the meeting of the interest which he took in the project.

Mr. Chauveau the member for the county was present and being requested to say whether or not he was favorable to the scheme and would support a petition to Parliament for the opening of the communication rose and, in English, which he spoke with fluency, said that it had been remarked that any improvement sought for Quebec had hitherto been of a local nature: the contemplated improvement however he was happy to say could not be so characterized; he was deeply impressed with the advantages which must arise to the Province, and he assured the meeting it should obtain his unqualified support in Parliament, and that he should be happy to be entrusted with any petition for the attainment of their object.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

At New-York, on Wednesday 23d ult., a trial trip of the new American ocean steam ship *Georgia* took place with the British mail steamer *Canada*, which latter vessel was proceeding on her passage to England. The Journal of Commerce claims the victory for the Georgia, as having beaten the Canada about two and a half miles in an hour and twenty minutes. The Albion says that it is the opinion of competent judges the Canada was not beaten, she having 700 tons of coal on board, while her antagonist was light.

An average of speed in the trips for 12 months across the Atlantic, will be the fairest method of deciding on the superiority of these rival steamers.

The *Nassau Guardian* says that intelligence has reached that place of H. M. ship Sappho being on a reef or rocks 46 miles south west of Blize; her guns thrown overboard, rudder unshipped, false keel off, and very leaky.

Protection and Free Trade.—The *Manchester Guardian*, a Free-trade journal, has raised the note of alarm in the Free-trade camp:—"A Protectionist movement," (it says) "has commenced in good earnest, and on a plan of organisation that we cannot recommend Free-traders to think too lightly of. Whether it has any success at all or not will depend in some degree upon the way in which it is met. There is no denying the fact that, as a rule at this moment, the counties are in favour of a revival of Protection. Three years ago, one-half of those who professed Free-trade doctrines meekly followed the stream of public opinion—the fashion of the day. They were not Free-traders at heart, and many of them who had not then the courage to speak do so now. When we consider the changed character of the Counties, the possible actual defection of some Members, the shirking of a vote by others, and the admitted loss of a large number of Irish votes, it is evident that, to say the least, if Free-trade be not actually impetilled, the majorities in its favour will be much smaller than in the last three sessions."

Quick Passage.—The schooner *Charles*, which left St. John, N. B., at 11 o'clock on Saturday the 19th, arrived at Halifax at 1 o'clock on the 21st.

We had an opportunity last week, of seeing the trial of the working powers of a new Fire-Engine, made by Mr. Louis Lemoinee, for the No. 7, Voltigeurs, Fire Company. A supply of water being furnished by the No. 1 Engine, from the cistern placed under the Engine House, the new Engine, stationed in front of the Parliament Buildings, threw a clear stream of water almost perpendicularly to the height of the vane on the top of the dome. This was repeated several times, and in our opinion nothing more can be desired as a proof of the capabilities of Mr. Lemoine's Engines. This new addition to the Fire Department was purchased by subscription, to act with the other Engine of No. 7 Company and is named the Firefly.—*Quebec Mercury.*

[Will the Quebec *Mercury* or *Chronicle* please inform us what number of feet the vane is from the ground?]

Another Peace Maker.—Mr. Charles Hastings, of Prussia, has recently arrived in this city with his invention, the famous breach-loading rifle. It is a very ingenious affair, and in the hands of soldiers in battle must cause terrible havoc. The cartridges are put in at the breach, and require no ramming. Neither are they ignited by percussion caps or powder pans, as by the ordinary method; all one does to discharge the rifle is to put in the cartridge and pull the trigger. The powder is ignited by means of a sharp needle inside which runs into the lower end of the cartridge, and by the friction with a small quantity of combustible priming, produces the discharge.—Behind the cartridge is a small air chamber, which causes the ball to be sent with increased force.—This rifle carries 800 yards, with good effect. In Prussia it is called the *Zund Nadel*, and is generally used among the troops of the Prussian Army. It can be loaded and fired ten times per minute.—[N.Y. Sun.

Colonists.—Lord Charles Beauclerk, who was recently travelling in Canada, is about to make this country his permanent residence, and we understand that he is engaged, in collecting a number of other gentlemen, and families, to accompany him. Mrs. Fraser, widow of the late Colonel MacKenzie Fraser, daughter of our late Governor Sir Charles Bagot, is also about to return to this country for permanent residence.—*Montreal Courier.*

H. M. Steamer Cherokee.—The Kingston *Whig* learns that orders have been received by the late mail to pay off the *Cherokee* and lay her up in ordinary on Saturday. Her officers and crew go home in March.

Murderous Fight.—At Shreveport, La., on the 20th December, a Dr. Green and a Mr. Hester killed each other, in manner following:—

On Tuesday, the 18th inst, both gentlemen met at the Commercial Hotel. Dr. approached Mr. Hester, and was offering him his hand in the most cordial manner, when Mr. Hester slapped him in the face. The doctor asked what he meant; whereupon Mr. Hester repeated the blow and instantly placed his hand in his bosom, as if to draw a weapon. Dr. Green exclaimed, "I am not armed." Mr. Hester told him to go and arm himself, or words to that effect. The parties then separated, and in the evening Mr. Hester left town and went home. On Thursday he returned, and several notes not amounting to a challenge on either side passed between the parties, in one of which it is said, Dr. Green informed Mr. Hester that, after 9 o'clock on Friday he would be ready to fight in any way. On Thursday, about 4 o'clock, P. M., Mr. Hester, without notifying any person, so far as known, went to the back door of Dr. Green's room, pushed it open and instantly fired twice at the Doctor, one of the shots taking effect in his side. Dr. Green sprang to his feet, pistol in his hand and fired at Mr. Hester the shot taking effect also in his side. He then threw his pistol, striking Mr. H. on the head, drew a bowie knife, stabbed him four or five times—once in the breast, and Mr. Hester fell and immediately expired. Dr Green lived till 2 o'clock that night.

No cause for this affair is know. Dr. Green protested, after he received his death wound, that he was ignorant of the cause of Mr. Hester's hostility. Both Gentlemen had been the most intimate friends, politically and personally, and were of high standing in the community.

New York, Jan. 22nd.

Three young ladies, one of them a daughter of Judge Woodward of Wilksburre, Penn. were drowned by falling through the ice at Jonesdell, on Saturday last. The bodies were recovered.

Boston, 21st.—Mr. James Denholm, of Quebec, who mysteriously disappeared on the 11th instant, while on his way to this city to take the steamer to England, was found yesterday in the woods near Great Falls, covered with snow, having apparently frozen to death. On his person was found a gold watch and a number of sovereigns.

Washington.—In the House a resolution for enquiring in reference to refunding to Vermont the money expended in maintaining neutrality in the Canadian difficulty with Great Britain was adopted.

An American offer to Jenny Lind.—Mr. T. P. Barnum, in reference to an offer made to Jenny Lind, says—"I understand, and believe, that Mr. Knowles, manager of the Manchester Theatre, who engaged Jenny Lind to sing in the provincial towns in Great Britain, paid her £400 sterling per night. I understand, also, that it was no unusual thing for Mr. Lumley, director of the Queen's Opera in London, to receive £18,000 to £2000 sterling on Jenny's nights. It is absurd, therefore, to suppose that I could expect to engage her 200 nights for 50,000 dollars—only 250 dollars per night. Now, the truth is, I have offered her more than four times that amount per night, besides paying the expenses from Stockholm, and, during her engagement, of herself and a companion, a financer, (probably her father,) and two servants, besides placing a carriage always at her disposal, and paying every description of expense attending the concerts or operas at which she may sing; and I have offered to place £10,000 sterling in the hands of her bankers in London, to secure the fulfilment of my proposition. I am by no means certain of her coming, even at the offer made; but if any gentleman supposes there is *gammon* in this business, and that a less compensation would induce her to visit America, I hereby pledge my honour to sign bonds to any amount, whenever called upon to give any person 50 dollars for every 100 dollars per night that he will obtain her services for no less than 1000 dollars per night, besides all the expenses before-named."

West Indian Mails.—An important announcement has been made relative to the West-India mail system. A new scheme of operation has been submitted by the existing company to the Admiralty involving large alterations; and the outline of which may be briefly stated to be, first, the establishment of a main line of new and powerful steamers, leaving Southampton every three weeks, and steaming direct to St. Thomas; thence, after transshipping the mail, &c., to branch steamers respectively destined to proceed, first, to the Gulf of Mexico; second, to Jamaica; third, to the Windward and Leeward islands; the main steamer would proceed direct to Chagres and the Isthmus of Panama. Vice versa, she would leave on her return, collect the return mails from the branch steamers on their return, and steam back to Southampton. It is proposed to touch no longer at Bermuda and Mobile.

We are sorry to hear that Captain Sir James C. Ross is seriously indisposed at his residence, Pall-Mall.

The London Fishmongers' Company have allocated £1500 to build a Roman Catholic Chapel on their property in Derry.

It is reported that in a garden in Hampshire, the temperature of the soil has been raised fifteen degrees, by draining heavy land four-and-a-half feet deep.

It is believed that the vexatious system of passports between England and France will be so modified as to remove most of the inconveniences so often, and with so much reason complained of by English travellers.—*Times.*

Captain Sir Edward Belcher.—It is reported that this gallant, distinguished, and talented officer, has offered his services to the Admiralty, in commanding the expedition, to proceed in search of Sir J. Franklin, in any direction.

The *Jewish Chronicle*, as illustrative of the fertility of the Old Testament, points out that, in a list of thirty texts of sermons, delivered in churches on the day of thanksgiving, three were from the New, and the rest from the Old Testament.

Masonic Ball on Tuesday.—The character of the ancient craft for attention to their Guests, was never more conspicuous nor better sustained than by the Brethren of Albion Lodge on this occasion.—The whole arrangements of the Committee were admirable. The Room was tastefully decorated—the refreshments were excellent and abundant. The Band of the Queen's New-Brunswick Rangers led by Mr. Price was most efficient—dance succeeded dance without interruption till an early hour—indeed a happier party could not be, than that which filled the Ball room of the St. John Hotel on Tuesday evening; the only regret we heard was, the night was too short. In proposing the health of the Ladies, the W. M. took occasion to remind his Brethren, that they could only secure and retain the friendship of their fair sisters, by showing to them and to the world that they walk worthy of their professions as Masons.—The Company numbered about 300. Among them we observed several Brethren from Fredericton.—*News.*

We regret that Mr. Hugh M'Monagle has lost his famous horse *Lexington*. It appears that he was kicked by another horse a few days previous, and so much injured in the breast as to cause his death.

Birth.—On Monday, 28th ultimo, at Ivanhoe, Musquash, the Lady of Arthur John Baker, Esq., of a Son.

Passengers in the ship *Albatross*, which sailed on Tuesday for Liverpool.—Mr. and Mrs. Manroe, nurse and three children; Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, and child; Mr. and Mrs. Cooper, and four children; Dr. Lestor; Mr. Wm. Doherty, of the "Golden Fleece"; Mrs. Tilley, Miss and Master Tilley, and Mr. Busby.

[From the Montreal Transcript, July 22, 1848.]

We think it but due to Dr. Wistar that we should add our testimony to numerous others as to the extraordinary merits of his medicine in certain cases, particularly where the patient has complained of pain in the side, or in cases of an asthmatical character.

We are personally acquainted with many persons who have experienced immense relief from the use of this medicine, when laboring under the diseases above mentioned; and as in the changeable climate of Canada these diseases are more than usually common, any medicine calculated to counteract them must be of value.

We are aware that it has a large and still increasing sale, and has been very generally and beneficially used since its introduction into Canada three years ago—and the very fact of its having stood the test of three years' experience is proof of its value.

We are not in the habit of recommending patent medicines unless the benefits conferred by them have come under our own observation; but in the present instance, we can recommend WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, as a medicine worthy of the confidence of the public in diseases of the Chest and Side, and in many cases in this city, severe Coughs have yielded to its influence.

None genuine unless signed I. Butts on the wrapper.

For sale by S. L. Tilley, King Street, St. John, N. B.

Married.

On Thursday evening, 24th inst., by the Rev R. Cooney, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. Andrew McGurk, to Miss Anne Fox, both of this City.

On the 29th ult., by the Rev. R. Irvine, Mr. Abraham Vanwart, to Miss Hannah Brown, both of the Parish of Hampstead, County of Queen's.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. C. Milner, Mr. Nathaniel Belyea, to Miss Louisa Belyea, both of Westfield, King's County.

At Woodstock, on the 24 inst, by the Rev. S. D. Lee Street, Mr. Francis McDonald, of Schuylkill County, State of Pennsylvania, to Frances Caroline, youngest daughter of the late Thos. G. Cunliffe, Esq., of the former place.

At Sackville, on the 24th ult., by the Rev. Richard Simonds, Mr. Edward Cogswell, to Ruth, eldest daughter of the Honorable William Crane.

At Moncton, on the 25th Dec. by the Rev. R. A. Chesley, Mr. John F. Goodere, of Nantes, (France,) to Miss Hannah Haines, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm Haines, of Moncton.—By the same, on the 28th Dec., Mr. Tyle Price, of Buctouche, to Miss Nancy Ryan, of the Parish of Moncton.—At Coverdale, by the same, on the 17th January, Mr. Malcolm Jones, of Salisbury, to Miss Celia A. Stiles, youngest daughter of Enoch Stiles, Esq., of Coverdale.

At Grand Manan, on the 1st Nov., by the Rev. G. T. Cary, Mr. Oliver Green, to Miss Eliza Guptil. On the 5th, by the same, Mr. Hugh Smith, to Miss Adeline Brown; 13th, Mr. Nelson Ingersoll, to Miss Jane Flagg; 21st, Mr. Peter Dixon, to Miss Sarah Hawkins; Dec. 19th, Mr. Theodore Winchester, to Miss Ruth Benson; 23d, Mr. Leonard Gatcomb, to Miss Emma Burke; 25th, Mr. David Frye, to Miss Rebecca Rice; Jan. 1st, Mr. Elphalet Coddington, to Mrs. Hawkins; 7th, Mr. —— Whelpley, to Miss Jane Thomas; 15th, Mr. Frederick Miller, to Miss Isabella Brown.

Died.

On Sunday evening, after a protracted illness, Mr. James McMann, in the 47th year of his age.

On Tuesday evening, after a short and severe illness, Alice, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Wm. Smith, in the 49th year of her age.

At Hampton, on Saturday, 26th ult., after a very severe and protracted illness, Amy, wife of Mr. Thomas, Forester, in the 63d year of her age, leaving a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

At Moncton, on the 15th ultimo, Eliza Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. James McCarthy, aged 5 years and 3 months.

At Fredericton, on the 20th ult., after a short illness, Jane, daughter of Mr. James Pollock of that City, aged 28 years.—On Thursday last, after a lingering illness, William, second son of Mr. John Perkins, Gardener of that city, in the 22d year of his age.

On the 19th ult. at Kingsclear, Mr. Alexander Thomson, aged 61 years.

At Douglas, on the 14th ult., Charlotte, wife of Mr. Ebedee R. Estey, aged 24 years.

On the 29th Sept. last, on board the barque Cossack, of Sippican, (U. S.) Mr. John Thursley, alias James Johnston, of St. John N. B.

Marine List.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.—Arrived.

Friday—Brig Albert, Isaac, New-York, 12—N. S. Demill, ballast.

Schr. Albert, Elder, New-York, 12—G. Bent, flour, &c.

Monday—Schr. Rising Sun, Bisset, Beal's Island, with wrecked materials of ship Sultan.

Wednesday—Schr. Olive Branch, Pought, Boston, 3—master, rum, tallow and naval stores.

Thursday—Schr. Venture, Pangburn, Boston, 10 days.

Cleared.

Jan. 28th—Ship Albatross, Gates, Liverpool, timber, deals, &c.; Brigt. Fashion, Bingay, Barbadoes, lumber.

29th—Ship Ellen, Kinney, Liverpool, timber and deals; Schr. Eliza Jane, McLean, Salem, lumber.

Whale ship Canmore, of this port, arrived at Sydney, (N. S. W.,) on the 20th July last, from a cruise, with 250 barrels sperm oil.

Whale ship Athol, of this port, put into Bally, in Timor Straits, on the 20th Sept., in consequence of fever having broken out among the crew; was ready for sea again on the 6th Oct.—Oil not stated.

CARLETON UNION, No. 757, (on the Registry of England,) will meet in Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening next, 7 o'clock. R. N. By order of W. M.

Diocesan Church Society.

THE Annual Meeting of the DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY, will be held (D V) at FREDERICTON in the Madras School Room, on Thursday evening the 14th February next, at half past 6 o'clock.

Meetings of the General Committee composed of the Clergy and Lay Deputies, will be held at the same place on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY the 12th and 13th February, at half-past six o'clock.

By order of his Lordship the President,

W. O. KETCHUM,

Fredericton, Jan 28, 1850

Office of the St. John Water Company,

31*st January*, 1850.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Resolution was passed at a Meeting of the Board of Directors of the *St. John Water Company*, held on the 10th instant, and now published by direction of said Board:

"ORDERED that the Manager do, on or before the first day of February next, cause notice to be given to all the Company's Tenants—to the Agents of the several Insurance Companies—the City Corporation and the Chairman of Sessions—that the supply of Water will cease on the First day of May next, unless prior to that period the whole of the new stock be subscribed for.

Extract from the Minutes.

JAMES ROBERTSON,

Manager.

OATS!—1000 Bushels Heavy Black Oats, landing from schooner *Zealous*, Rice, Master, from Prince Edward, will be sold cheap from the Wharf for prompt pay.

Nov 30. THOMAS HANFORD.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY,
FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY the 8th day of February next, will be sold on the premises—That Freehold Property situated at the corner of Brussels and Union street, occupied by Mr. G. Scribner. There is on it a good two story HOUSE, Barn and Bakehouse. Apply to Jos. Scribner, Kennebeccasis. Feb. 1.

HOUSES TO LET—from 1st May next:

THOSE commodious and well finished Houses, situated on the corner of Pitt and Great George streets, each containing Four Flats, with a good well of water in each cellar, and also in the yard; there is also wood houses and barns attached. The above property is pleasantly situated and affords a desirable residence for genteel families, being second to none in the city, thoroughly finished and brick nogged throughout, which will warrant them frost proof. For further particulars enquire of

C. M. GARDNER,

February 1. on the premises

TO LET.

A FLAT in the subscriber's House, corner of Horsefield and Charlotte streets, containing Two Parlours with Franklins, a Kitchen, and Four Bed Rooms. The Gas and Company Water are in the Premises. The whole House has just undergone a thorough repair. Possession given immediately. Apply on the Premises, or to

DAVID PATERSON,

February 1. Shoe Store, King street

PITCH & TAR.

On Consignment ex Olive Branch—

50 BARRELS PITCH;
50 do. Wilmington TAR.—for sale low from the vessel by

Feb. 1, 1850. THOMAS HANFORD

WARM WINTER VESTS AT GRANITE HALL,
No. 1, Dock Street.

QUEENS OWN, Imperial, GALA, and other PLAIDS, in variety;

Doeskin, Tweed, Cassimere, Canada, and Satinett ditto, lined heavy, and made expressly for Winter wear; White and Fancy MARSEILLES ditto, for Balls, Parties, &c. &c.

Feb. 1, 1850. T. R. JONES.

CORN MEAL.—*Ex Albert, from New-York*—50 Bls. CORN MEAL, for sale low from the vessel by

Feb. 1 THOMAS HANFORD.

A GREAT BARGAIN,
For Sale, or to Rent for a Term of Years.

THE subscriber, living in the country, finds it inconvenient to attend to the renting of City Property; is therefore induced to offer his House in Church street as above. Any one wishing to purchase, can have 12 years to pay for the Property, and no interest will be asked on the unpaid portion. The price will be moderate.—The Property has lately received £50 worth of repairs, and at a trifling expense for paint and paper, can be made to appear very respectable.—It is situated next door to the Exchange, and is quite as good a stand for business.

Enquire for particulars of L. W. Durant, at the Chronicle Office, Prince William street, or to

Jan. 25. JOHN HOOPER.

Simmonds & Co.
Old established Agents for the Colonies and Commission Merchants,
Barge Yard, London,

CONTINUE to transact all descriptions of AGENCY business, and to supply goods at manufacturers' prices on receipt of a remittance for the amount.—The postage of all letters must be paid.

IMPORTANT TO ALL!
New-Brunswick Club Clothing Store,
Cross Street, St. John, N. B.,
Bartlett & Lester, Proprietors.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment beg most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of New-Brunswick, and adjoining Provinces, that they have now opened the above.

Their chief object in doing so are,—to give employment to the unemployed, and to afford very great advantages to all those who wish to obtain their clothing on cheap and easy terms. The rules of the house will be as follows, viz:

A suit of Clothes will be furnished each subscriber by paying the sum of Ten Shillings, in advance, and Seven Shillings and Six Pence monthly, afterwards, until the whole is paid.

Due notice must be given as to the time the Clothes will be required, when they will be furnished without fail.

A consignment of the most fashionable style of GOODS daily expected, suitable for the present and coming season.

☞ Constant employment will be given to ten or twelve good Journeymen Tailors.

January 18.

Mr. Anderson,
PORTRAIT PAINTER,
HORSFIELD STREET,

Next the Residence of P. Bennard, Esq.

11th December, 1849.

Warm Winter Clothing.

PERSONS wanting substantial WINTER CLOTHING, would do well by calling at the store of John Anderson, Market square, and examine his stock of Clothing and the prices they are selling at, as it must be evident to the most careless observer that the Goods are of a superior description, and the low prices they are selling for invariably insures a quick sale. Dec 21

THE Annual COUNTY MEETING will be holden at the Hall, in Portland, on MONDAY, the 4th day of February next, for the election of Officers, &c.—Members will take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Returns from the various Lodges in the County and Grand Lodge dues are required.

By order of the W. M.

ELDON, No. 2—The members of Eldon are requested to assemble in their Lodge Room at the Brunswick House, Church street, this evening Friday. R. N. By order of the W. M.

YORK, No. 3.—The brethren of No. 3, (on the registry of the Grand Lodge of New-Brunswick), are requested to meet on Monday evening next, at Nethery's Room, Nassau street, 7 o'clock. By order of the W. M.

VERNAR, No. 1.—The brethren of Vernar are requested to meet on Tuesday evening next, at Nethery's Room, Nassau street. R. N. By order of the W. M.

CUMBERLAND No. 7.—The brehren of No. 7 are requested to meet in their Lodge Room Portland, on Wednesday evening next. R N. By der of the W. M.

Cash! Cash!

THE subscriber purposes holding a Cash SALE every TUESDAY, commencing at 11 o'clock. The first Sale to take place on TUESDAY 29th instant, for the disposal of every description of MERCHANDIZE, &c.

Parties having Goods to dispose of will please leave Memorandums the Evenings preceding Sales in sufficient time to advertise.

The proceeds of Sales will be paid over invariably the day after sale.

N. B.—Cash advances made on any Consignments for positive sale.

January 25. J. CROUCH.
4 North Market Wharf.

RHEUMATIC LOTION.—Owing to the extensive sale of this valuable compound, the subscriber has reduced his price from 3s to 2s 6d per bottle. Jan 25. J CROUCH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!—50 Barrels superfine FLOUR—For sale low while landing.

January 25. J. CROUCH.

GRANITE HALL,
No. 1, Dock Street.
ECONOMISTS AWAKE!

THE whole WINTER STOCK selling off at and below Cost. Consisting of—

OVER COATS, Reefing JACKETS;
Fancy Vests and Pantaloons;
Canada Cloths, Vests and Pants;
Dress CLOTHING of every description and at every price.

☞ Take Notice—Cash only.

January 18. T. R. JONES.

NOTICE.
Mutual Insurance Company.

THE Annual General Meeting of the "Mutual Insurance Company," will be held at the Mechanics' Institute, on MONDAY, the 4th day of February next, at 7 p. m., for the election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such business as may come before the meeting. Every policy holder is a member of the Company, and entitled to vote on all subjects that may come before the Meeting.

January 18. JOS. FAIRWEATHER, President.

Window Glass, Nails, Tin, &c.

By the "Olive" from Liverpool:

7000 FEET 8x10 to 12x16 English Sheet Glass.
25 Kegs 7, 8, 9 and 10 Horse NAILS.
10 do 1¾ to 2¼ inch BOAT NAILS.
20 do 6 and 7 inch SPIKES.
20 boxes IC. Charcoal TIN.
20 do. DC. ditto do.
20 do. IX. ditto do.
18 bundles No 22 SHEET IRON.
18 do No. 24 do. do.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.

November 30. *Prince Wm. Street*

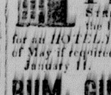
SUNDRIES,
On Sale by the Package or Retail.
VIZ:

FRESH American PILOT BREAD; Soda BISCUIT; BUTTER; Sugar, Water, and Sponge CRACKERS; extra Groat Bread and Graham Crackers—adapted to delicate stomachs.

Also—Maple Sugar, and Syrup; Teacle; Cucumber Pickles, Cranberries; a variety of excellent Apples and good CIDER. At the shop of

January 11. G. CHADWICK, near the Country Market.

TO LET.



THAT Large and Commodious BRICK HOUSE situate in Duke Street, belonging to the Estate of the late *William Hammond* (suitable for an HOTEL.) Possession given before the 1st of May if required. Apply to

January 11. J. A. HARDING

RUM, GIN, AND BRANDY.
To arrive, per Harriet, from Liverpool—

4 HHDS. Martell & Co's finest Brown BRANDY;
2 do. do. do. do. Pale;
14 qr. casks Rizzis do. do. Brown;
9 do do do do. do Pale;
10 hhds. best Holland's GIN, Tucker's Brand;
3 puns. fine Old Jamaica RUM;
2 do do Demerara do;
5 hhds. containing 1950 Bath BRICKS;
6 bls. ROMAN CEMENT, finest quality

Received per "Trend" from New York—

5 pipes of very superior Holland's GIN,

For sale by THOMAS MAIN
Commission Merchant,

Jan. 4. *Nelson Street.*

THOMAS MAIN,
Commission Merchant & General Agent,
NELSON STREET, ST. JOHN, N.B.

January, 1850.

Brunswick House,
CHURCH STREET.

THE subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above Premises, (formerly known as the Hibernia Hotel,) and is now prepared to wait upon them.

The House has undergone a thorough alteration and is fitted and furnished in the best manner, being second to none of the kind in this city.

Parties can be supplied at any time with Rooms.

The best liquors always on hand.

January 25. J. JUDGE.

Lessons in Italian & English Singing,
PIANO FORTE, HARP, &c.

AT the termination of his second year's residence in Saint John, Mr. ROWE has to present his best and most grateful acknowledgments to his friends, for the highly flattering and distinguished patronage with which he has been honoured; and he is happy to say, that already the brilliant and classic style of performance—both Vocal and Instrumental—of several of his pupils, does ample justice to the discrimination of the Public in this matter.

Prospectuses of his terms for Instruction in the several branches of Musical Education can be had at his house, Peters Street.

☞ *Pianofortes tuned and regulated.*

St. John, Dec. 28th, 1849.

PERFUMERY, &c.

THE subscriber is now opening 2 Cases Gossnell's best PERFUMERY, comprising, Lavender, Rose, and Orange Flower Waters; Balm of Colombia; Bear's Grease; Bear's Marrow and Otto of Rose Bear's Grease; Bandoline and Brushes for the Toilet; Carnation, Victoria, and Adelaide Bouquets; Vegetable Essence; Verbena, Floverina, and Rodoleta for the Handkotchief; Macassar Oil; Rose Oil; Perry's Mexican Balm; Hair, tooth, nail, hat, flesh and crumb brushes; Genuine Naples, Rose, Verbina, Almond Honey, and anti cholera fancy Soaps; white and brown Windsor shaving Soaps; Pungent Salts; Aromatic Pastiles, &c. &c.

* * Ladies Madonna Frizzettes with white Partings, always on hand.

January 11. [Con] WM. MAJOR

Instruction in Music!

MR. F. W. CLEAR, Teacher of the Organ, Piano Forte, and Singing, would notify his friends and the Public, that he has REMOVED from his former residence to the house of Mr. John Armstrong, Charlotte street, four doors north of King's Square.

Mr. C.'s terms for instruction are 30s. per quarter; and he pledges himself to give satisfaction, or no charge will be made. Jan. 8.

LIVERY STABLE,
St. Patrick street.

THE subscriber grateful for the patronage he has at all times received, respectfully informs his friends and the Public, that, in addition to his former Coach and Stage establishment, he has opened a general

LIVERY STABLE,

where may be at all times Horses, and Sleighs, single and double teams, family conveyances &c., of every description, inferior to none in the City, and at PRICES in accordance with the times.

The subscriber trusts, that by proper attention, and by furnishing his customers with a good and comfortable "turn out," to procure a share of public support.

January 11. JAMES HEWITT.

☞ NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of GILES GODARD, late of the Parish of Sussex, in Kings County, deceased, are requested to have the same duly attested to either of the Subscribers within TWO MONTHS from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to C. W. Stockton, Esq., St. John, or to

BRICE CREATAN, } Adminis.
DANIEL GODARD, } trators.

Sussex Vale, K. C., 20th December, 1849.

JOHN BARRY,
SILVERSMITH,

INFORMS his Customers and the Inhabitants of the City and Province generally that he has REMOVED his Silver Plate Manufactory, to the Premises next adjoining S. K. Foster's Ladies' Shoe Store, in Germain street, three stores south of Foster's Corner, where he is prepared to execute with neatness and punctuality all orders for every variety of Silver Plate with which he may be intrusted.

Jewellery of all sorts repaired.

Having purchased from Mr. John Munro his Stock of superior Jewellery, he offers the same for sale at greatly reduced prices.

All Silver Plate made by the Subscriber will be Warranted, and Engraved without extra charge.

May 18. JOHN BARRY.

FALL and WINTER CLOTHING,
AT THE
SAINT JOHN CLOTHING MART,
WATER STREET,
Stephen's Brick Building.

The subscriber has received per late arrivals.—A LARGE assortment of West of England Beaver, Pilot, Superfine Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, and Doe Skins.

Ready-made CLOTHING;

500 Over COATS, Blue, Black, Brown, Drab &c., got up in the latest styles and improved shapes, richly trimmed and manufactured in the Establishment by an experienced foreman;

200 superfine Frock, Dress, and Sack COATS, of various textures and qualities;

200 shooting Coats, in Plaids, Cassimets, Doe skins, Tweeds, &c.;

1000 pair PANTALOONS, in fine Black, plain, figured, checked and striped Cassimeres, Buck and Doe skins, Blue, Beaver, Pilot, Tweeds and Moleskins, of every description and quality;

200 Reefing and Fine Cloth JACKETS;

1000 Vests, in great variety, from 2s. 6d. upwards;

A good assortment of Youths' CLOTHING Lambs Wool shirts and Pants, Regetta Shirts, Blue, Red and White Flannel, do., White Shirts, linen fronts; silk and satin Hdkfs., scarfs and stocks, in great variety; Fur and Cloth Caps, Travelling Bags and Trunks, silk, India Rubber, Cotton and Worsted Braces, with a large assortment of Hosiery, silk, Beaver, Felt and Glazed HATS, all of which will be sold at the lowest Cash Prices.

Gentlemen leaving their orders and selecting the CLOTHS, can have them executed at the shortest notice.

Those wishing to purchase will find it much to their advantage to call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

St John, Nov. 23, 1849. F. NEILL.

SASHES! SASHES!

THE subscriber is prepared to Manufacture Sashes to any extent, from 3d. a light up, for home use or ready packed for exportation.

☞ About 1000 Lights on hand. DOORS made to order.

J. E. TURNBULL.

November 30. Harding street.

NEW BRUNSWICK.
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1848.

RESOLVED, That no Bill of a private nature, Petition for money or relief, shall be received by the House after the fourteenth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive; and that the Clerk of this House do, one month previous to the meeting of the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies of this Rule to be sent to each of the Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties for distribution, and cause the same to be inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two Newspapers in such County where Newspapers are published.

CHAS. P. WETMORE, *Clerk.*

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY,
SATURDAY, 7th April, 1849.

WHEREAS the number of applications to this House from School Teachers for Grants of Money have been from year to year increasing; and whereas it is desirable that such information should be furnished as would enable this House to arrive at just and equitable conclusions; therefore

RESOLVED, That this House will in future sustain no application for allowances to Teachers of Common or Parish Schools, unless it shall be certified by at least two Trustees of Schools for the Parish where such School has been taught, shewing the time actually taught—the Teacher to be licensed—the cause why such Teacher was not certified to the Sessions in the ordinary way—and that such Teacher was not compelled to discontinue his or her School on account of any improper conduct.

CHAS. P. WETMORE, Clerk.

☞ Notice.

THE subscriber having resumed his Licence as an AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT in this City, returns his sincere thanks to those who have patronised him for the last ten years, and again offers his services professionally for the sale of *Lands, Houses, Personal Estates, DRY GOODS, Underwriters and Furniture Sales*, on the premises of the owners, which will receive especial attention.

ALSO—Will have one or two Sales weekly, at the *VARIETY STORE*, of such Goods as may be consigned from time to time.

☞ The Retail business by private sale continued as usual, over the counter, in a variety of Cheap Useful Goods.—*Call and see!*

14th sept. J. LORDLY.

Splendid Port and Sherry Wines.

TO Arrive per *Olive*, from Liverpool:—12 Quarter Casks of each kind, of a very superior quality—will be sold low on arrival for Cash.—Apply to

THOMAS MAIN,
Commission Merchant,

November 9. *Nelson street.*

Phœnix Foundry,
POND STREET.

THE Proprietors of the above Establishment having erected a new *Moulding Shop* on the Premises occupied by the late firm of Thomas Barlow & Co., are now prepared to Manufacture Steam and Fire ENGINES, Steam Boilers, Force Pumps, MILL MACHINERY, Turning Lathes, Screw Presses, Bark Mills, Patent Purchases and other Ship Castings, Hoisting Wheel Gear, &c., &c.

On Hand—CABOOSES; Cooking, Close and Franklin STOVES; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Side-Hill, Double Mould Board, Sod D. Improved D, E, and other pattern PLOUGHS; Fanning Mill Wheels; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon and Cart Boxes, &c. &c.

FLEMING & HUMBERT.

☞ *Brass and Iron Castings made to order. Brass and Iron Turning. All kinds of Machinery repaired.*

St John, October 16th, 1849.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
MAIN STREET, LOWER COVE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, that he is ENLARGED the above named Establishment, and having also recently increased his facilities for manufacturing STEAM ENGINES and other Machinery, BOILES, Iron houses, Shutters, &c. &c., he is no prepared to *take New Contracts for Work in any department of the Iron Foundry and Blacksmith Business.*

He has on hand a large assortment of **Cooking STOVES and Franklins**, of the most approved patterns, and is constantly manufacturing further supplies of these articles; which, together with Mill and Saw's Castings &c. &c. will be sold at lower rates than any other of equally good quality in this Market.

August 7. GEORGE CRAIG.

M. FRANCIS & COUGHLAN,
No. 12, Prince Wm. street.

BEG leave to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them during the short time they have been in business, and hope by strict attention still to merit their future favours.

They have just received by the *Snowdon and Lisbon* from Britain, part of their Fall Supply of Ladies' Gentlemen's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, makes and styles; and by first arrivals they expect a still further supply of all articles in their line of business from first rate houses in London, Liverpool, &c. Also, a variety of INDIA RUBBER SHOES of various styles suitable for Ladies and Gentlemen; a large supply of GUTA PERCHA—all of which will be sold at their usual low prices for Cash

Wine, Brandy, Geneva,
Rum, Porter, Brown Stout, East India PALE ALE, &c.

NOW LANDING, ex *Lisbon*, from London—

10 HHDS choice old Port, Sherry and Madeira WINE;
40 hogsheads Fine Old Pale and Brown Cognac BRANDY, Martell's, Hennessey's, &c.
20 hogsheads Pale Hollands GENEVA;
2 do. English Cordial Geneva, viz., Old TOM;
2 puncheons very choice Old Jamaica RUM;
100 casks Brass' best London Porter and Brown Stout, } *In Pint and*
50 do. Byass' and Bass' celebrated East India Pale ALE, } *Quart bottles.*

Daily expected from the Clyde—

5 Puncheons of very fine Islay and Cambelton WHISKY.

In Stock—Choice Old Wines and Spirits of every description, in Wood and Bottle—Sparkling Champagne, Cherry Brandy, &c. &c. For sale by

RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.
Wine Merchants, &c. Prince Wm. street

JUST RECEIVED.

Received from Liverpool per Barque *Harriott*:—

10 TONS Boiler Plate IRON, assd sizes.

For sale by WM. CARVILL,

January 11 *Nelson Street.*

CALIFORNIA.—Just received from the Factory—4 cases Stearic CANDLES, in 6 lb. Boxes, equal to Sperm.

Also on hand—a few dozen of very superior domestic CHERRY BRANDY,—for sale by

Nov. 23. *THOS. A. PADDOCK.*

OIL & GLASS.

Received per *Olive* and *Harriott* from Liverpool:

THIRTY THOUSAND Feet English Crown WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes;
10 Casks RAW and BOILED LINSEED OIL.

For sale at the Lowest Market Prices in lots to suit purchasers by

Jan 11—3t. S. L. TILLEY.

Rowan Island for sale or to Let.

THE Island is delightfully situated in the Bay of Passamaquoddy, one mile from Eastport, suitable either for a private gentleman or a man of business. It consists of four acres of prime Land, tastefully laid out, with a Dwelling HOUSE containing ten Rooms, with Cellars, Out Offices, &c. &c.—also, a WHARF, at which a vessel can lay for lading or unlading cargo, with a STORE 32x22, Fish House 22x12, and a Shed attached.—The whole of which forming a desirable and truly valuable property. For particulars, enquire at the Chronicle Printing office, or to the proprietor Thos Moses, Esq., Welshpool, Campo Bello. Aug. 3

FOR SALE:

A VALUABLE tract of LAND on the Richibucto River, in the County Kent, containing upwards of 800 acres—Apply to

August 24.—tf. ALEX. BOYLE.

R. & A. Magee, King street,

HAVE just received per ship *Olive* from Liverpool, and *Maid of Erin*, from Boston, a large assortment of Fur Seleue, Plush and

CLOTH CAPS;

which together with their STOCK on hand of

HATS AND CAPS;

of Domestic Manufacture, they will sell Wholesale and Retail, at Prices to defy any other Establishment in the Trade in this City to undersell them.

Hats—2s 6d. and upwards;
Caps—1s. and upwards;
HATS and CAPS made to order at the shortest notice.

☞ Cash and the highest prices paid for Furs

November 30.

GOLDEN ELEPHANT.

THE subscriber is now receiving ex the *Ludon* and *Snowdon* his usual extensive supply of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.

suitable for the fall trade, to which he solicits attention—as enumeration is unnecessary.

October 1. THOS. S. MAGEE.

PAINTS AND OIL.

Ex Kent, from London—

500 KEGS Bradram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD;
200 kegs Green, Red, Black, Yellow and Brown PAINTS;
1 ton Powder of RED LEAD;
20 hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL.

For sale at North Side the Market Square, cheap or cash. [Oct 7, 1849.] W. O. SMITH.

Brown's Shakers'
PURE FLUIDEXTRACT OF ENGLISH VALERIAN.
(Valeriana Officinalis.)

Manufactured by the United Society of Shakers by a process peculiarly their own, from the pure green root, imported from England and raised by themselves, and from which only, and active property of the Valerian can be obtained. It is highly approved of by the Faculty. Physicians and others are respectfully invited to give it a fair trial.

Price, twenty five cents a bottle, or two dollars and fifty cents a dozen, with liberal discount to wholesale dealers. Directions accompany each bottle.

Friend Samuel Brown, Enfield, N. H.

You ask me to give my opinion of the Fluid Extract of Valerian, which you prepare. When it a secret remedy or a patent medicine, I certainly would not reply. But from the honourable ground which you have taken in this matter, and knowing also the labor you have bestowed upon this preparation, I am willing to give publicity to my opinion of the preparation referred to. Ever since our knowledge of organic chemistry has been so much increased, we have found out that many very excellent remedies are in the natural state so combined and associated with other principles as to render them in a great degree useless to us. This was remarkably the case with the Valerian. We could not use it as often as we wished, because of the great bulk both of powder and infusion which it was necessary to throw into the stomach in order to get a full effect. Nausea and even vomiting resulted from the large doses. This compelled us to abandon its use. Chemistry showed us that the active principle is a peculiar acid (the Valerianic acid) which exists only in small quantity in the root. In your method of preparation this active principle is detached from the nauseating constituents of the root, and obtained in solution. We may then look upon your Fluid Extract of Valerian as a solution of Valerianic Acid. The action of this article upon the nervous system is most happy in all cases where the sum total of nervous energy is below the healthy standard, and it hence becomes a most important remedy. We owe you and others many thanks for putting so valuable a remedy as the Valerian into a convenient shape for use.

Yours respectfully,

EDWARD E. PHELPS M. D.

Prof. Therapeutics and Mat. Med. in Dartmouth

The above invaluable Preparation is signally efficacious in all Nervous and Hysteric Affections, Wakefulness, and Sick Headache, producing quiet and tranquil sleep, and leaving no unpleasant sensations after its use,—the inevitable result of Opiates, Camphor, and the many articles usually administered.

Having had an opportunity of giving a thorough trial to Brown's Shakers' Fluid Extract of Valerian, and having seen its good effects especially manifested in a severe case of Tic Douloureux, I have no hesitation in saying that I consider it superior to any other form in which the Valerian is ever used, and as eminently deserving the attention of the medical profession.

THOS. R. CROSBY, M. D.

Manchester, N. H., April 25, 1848.

☞ For sale by E. Brinley of Boston and S. L. Tilley, Druggist, St. John, New-Brunswick.

IN recommending this Medicine the proprietors have the satisfaction of stating that it has undergone a thorough trial of at least ten years, and thousands have witnessed its effects, and been benefitted. The flattering accounts given and increased sales have induced them to advertise it, that it may become more generally known.

It is Tonic, Diuretic, and Purgative, operating gently on the bowels—it completely cures and prevents the return of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, Heartburn, Nausea or Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, disagreeable breath, and *all* diseases arising from irregularity of the Bowels.

Any quantity of reference can be given when required. *Try them.*

Manufactured solely by the Proprietors.

FELLOWS & CO.

September 1. King street

LADIES' SHOE STORE,
GERMAIN STREET.
New Boots and Shoes,
Just Received, per "Charlotte," from Liverpool:

AN Extensive and beautiful variety of Ladies, Gents', Girls and Children's CLOTH BOOTS.

Ladies' and Misses Black and Bronze French Kid SLIPPERS.

Ladies' and Misses White and Black Satin do
Do Pronella, patent and embroided do
Do *Black Satin Dress* BOOTS
Do Fancy Carpet Slippers of several varieties
Do Black and Drab Snow Boots.

A large assortment of Childrens' Shoes, of the best sort.

A Full assortment of Womens' and Girls' CPEAP SHOES.

Also—An elegant assortment of INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of every style, quality and price.

November 23. S. K. FOSTER.

IRON, CHAINS, ANCHORS,
Patent Metal, &c. &c.

Ex "*ZETLAND*," from LIVERPOOL:—

8 WOOD-Stock ANCHORS, from 6 to 10 cwt each;
7 best proved short-link CHAIN CABLES, ⅝ to 1 inch;
300 bolts Manks's Patent Metal, ⅝, ¾, 7-8, 1, & 1¼ inch;
100 bags DECK SPIKES, 4 to 10 inch;

Ex Admiral.—hourly expected—
50 tons best Refined IRON well assorted.
—IN STOCK,—
200 tons common and Refined English IRON, well assorted
200 bundles small Round, ¼ to ½ inch;
2 tons PLOUGH PLATE.
2 do. Best Liverpool OAKUM.
2 best proved 1 inch Studd CHAIN CABLES, 75 fathoms each;
1000 fathoms proved short link Chains, 5-16, ⅜, 7-16, ½ and 9-16 inch;
4 Iron stock ANCHORS, 3c. 3q. 5lbs., 3c. 3q. 3lbs., 4c. 0q. 11 lbs., and 3c. 3q. 6lbs.;
9 pair Smith's BELLOWS, 30, 32, 34, 36 inch;
4 ANVILS; 2 VICES;
10 tons SPIKES, 4 to 10 inch,
6 Kegs Composition Spikes, 6, 7, and 8 inch;
2 tons Sanderson's Cast Steel, (Axe Temper)
1 do. BLISTER STEEL, I and C C N D;

All of which is offered low for prompt payments by

THOS. F. RAYMOND.

August 17. *Nelson street.*

REMOVAL.—The Subscriber would beg to inform the Public that he has removed his UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. P. Shuttleworth, Germain street, and one door North of his old stand, where he will furnish every article in his line at his usual low prices.

May 1. M. N. POWERS.

Poetry.

(FROM THE GLASGOW CITIZEN.)

ON THE DEATH OF THE LATE QUEEN DOWAGER.

The following valedictory stanzas, on the death of the late amiable the Queen Dowager Adelaide, are from the pen of William Sinclair, of Leith, author of "Poems of the Fancy and the Affections:"—

There's a desolate voice from the surf-beaten shore,
There's a sigh from the mountains, a wail from the glen,
For a loved one departed to bless us no more,
And a light that is darkened to glow not again:
Oh, tears cannot wash our affliction away!

Like the bow that comes out of the mists of the flood
Was this daughter of Charity, loved by us all;
And we prayed for the power and the safety of God,
When we dreamed of her danger or thought of her fall:
Weep, O Brittannia! mourn for the fallen!

When the flag of her Mariner King was aloft,
How prized was that ensign of England above;
And thrice dear to his heart was her gentleness soft,
And the footsteps of Mercy that walked with his love:
Oh, tears cannot wash our affliction away!

Around her, while splendour profusely adorned
The palace of England, the home of our kings,
With meek humbleness, confidence, ever she turned
To the Fountain of God, where Benevolence springs:
Weep, O Brittannia! mourn for the fallen!

When the orphan had wept, and to feel there were none,
An appeal to her clemency ne'er was in vain,
And afar, like the light that surrounded her throne,
Was the pity that came to the fatherless then:
Oh, tears cannot wash our affliction away!

Oh, Charity's bier is the bier of the Queen,
For Humanity's heart hath the prints of her fame;
And the fruits of her love in the love may be seen
And the homage of thousands revering her name:
Weep, O Brittannia! mourn for the fallen!

She sleeps by her Sailor! the boom of the gun,
O'er the deep shall disturb not their tranquil repose,
And the Thistle shall bend in deep sorrow for one
Who was kind to the Shamrock, and dear to the Rose:
Oh, tears cannot wash our affliction away!

When her heart, all devoted to the sailors of yore,
So throbb'd for their welfare, nor kindness repress'd,
Oh, 'twas well, when the throb of that heart was no more,
That the sailors of England should bear her to rest!
Weep, O Brittannia! mourn for the fallen!

"OF INTEREST TO ALL,"

TO THE LADIES.

THE GENUINE BALM OF COLUMBIA, FOR RESTORING THE HAIR.

"Long hair is a glory to woman," says Paul,
And all feel the truth of the pious quotation;
Preserve it then, ladies—your glory may fall,
Unless you protect it with this preparation.

If you wish a rich, luxuriant head of hair, free from dandruff and scurf, do not fail to procure the genuine Balm of Columbia. In cases baldness it it will more than exceed your expectations. Many who have lost their hair for twenty years, have had it restored to its original perfection by the use of this balm. Age, state, or condition, appears to be no obstacle whatever; it also causes the fluid to flow with which the delicate hair tubes is filled, by which means thousands (whose hair was gray as the Asiatic eagle) have had their hair restored to its natural color by this invaluable remedy. In all cases of fever it will be found the most pleasant wash that can be used. A few applications only are necessary to keep the hair from falling out. It strengthens the roots, it never fails to impart a rich glossy appearance, and as a perfume for the toilet it is unequalled. It holds three times as much as other miscalled hair restoratives, and is more effectual.

☞ *Caution*—Never buy it unless you find the name of Comstock & Co., proprietors, on the wrapper of each bottle, or you are cheated with a counterfeit article.

DR. SPOHN'S SICK HEADACHE REMEDY

Why will you suffer with that distressing complaint, when a remedy is at hand that will not fail to cure you? This remedy will effectually destroy any attack of headache, either nervous of bilious. It has cured cases of twenty years' standing.

WORMS IN CHILDREN.

Rolmstock's Vermifuge is the most extraordinary remedy ever used. Should there be no worms it will not hurt the most delicate child but will do it good. ☞ *Caution*—All of the above named articles are sold *only genuine* by Comstock & Co., 59 Poydras st New Orleans; Comstock & Bro., 69 Second st., st. Louis, under the Monroe House; and Comstock & Co., 21 Cortlandt st., N. York, proprietors of the original and only genuine Magical Pain Extractor, and Hays' Liniment for the Piles.

☞ *Have you a cough?—Do not neglect it.*—Thousands have met a premature death for the want of attention to a common cold. Rev. Dr. Bartholo now's Expectorant Pink Syrup will most positively give relief and save you from the most awful disease, Pulmonary Consumption, which usually sweeps into the grave thousands of the young, the old, the lovely and the gay.

HAYS' LINIMENT FOR THE PILES.

The worst attack of the Piles are effectually and permanently cured in a short time by the use of the genuine Hays' Liniment. Hundreds of our first citizens throughout the country have used this liniment with complete success. It is warranted to cure the most aggravated case.

☞ *Caution.*—Never buy it unless you find the name of Comstock & Co., upon the wrapper, proprietors of the genuine article, or you are cheated with a counterfeit.

DEAFNESS.

Use DR. McNAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL for the cure of Deafness. Also, all those disagreeable noises like the buzzing of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, which are symptoms of approaching deafness. Many persons who have been deaf for ten, fifteen, or twenty years, and were subject of ear-taumpets, have, after using one or two bottles, throw aside these trumpets, beside made perfectly well. It has cured cases of ten, fifteen, and even thirty years standing of deafness. Price $1 per flask.

Principal Office, Twenty-one Cortlandt street, New York.

For sale by S. L. TILLEY, King street, St. John N. B.

FARM FOR SALE.

A Small Farm, cleared and under cultivation, comprising about twenty acres, beautifully situated in Sussex Vale, known as the College property. The outhouses and barns are commodious and in good order: the dwelling has been recently destroyed by fire. The above property will be sold on advantageous terms. Apply at the office of this paper. December 21.

Charcoal Blacking, Whiting, & Glue.

JUST ARRIVED:—12 Cases CHARCOAL BLACKING; 5 Tons WHITING; 5 Bags GLUE. For sale. JOHN KINNEAR.
Dec 31.

CLOTHING.

A NOVELTY!—Something that interests every Lady, Gentleman and Boy and all the small Children in Saint John and Vicinity!

If Interests Ladies—As it is for their interest to furnish their Little Ones or Brothers will cure and taste, and with the least trouble and expense.

If Interests Gentlemen.—For, although the true gentleman is known even in Homespun, yet a due regard for his personal appearance will sometimes preserve him from the impertinent annoyance of the idle and ignorant.

If Interests Boys—Of every age and position in the community, and more especially that class who have had the misfortune to lose their parents, and are thereby left to take care of themselves, as here they will find everything suited to their wants,—and by purchasing at the

PANTECHNETHECA,

Corner of King and Cross Streets,

will be sure of getting the most durable as well as genteel Clothing, and at the lowest possible price.

If Interests Little Children—For what can more interest a child than a pretty dress—and here can be found every variety and novelty of dress suited to the child of three years old and upwards, the prices for which are so low that all can afford, and none can help purchasing.

Convenient Fitting Rooms.—Are attached to this establishment, which have been furnished for the convenience of Ladies accompanying their children. Every attention will be paid to visitors, and it will be the aim of the proprietors, aided by their numerous assistants, to make a visit to this establishment one of pleasure as well as profit.—As it is essential to close off our entire stock of GENTLEMEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, together with our immense stock of—furnishing Goods,—we ask attention to the follow ng Gentlemen's furnishing Goods, at the following low prices

LIST OF GOODS AND PRICES.

Mark this!—One Price!—And no Abatement!!

250 Fall Busines Hunting COATS, formerly 30s.—now 20 shillings; 130 Tweed Summer Cloth, and Cashmirette Sacks former price 40s—now 30s.; 75 Crotton Cloth, Alpacca, Bombazine and other Fabrics, suitable for Professional Gentlemen and others; former price 35s.—now 27s. 6.

Also—A great variety of Broad Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, Over Coats, Sacks, &c. &c., which will be sold at decided Bargains.

Pantaloons.—500 Pairs fine Doeskin Pants; Black Cassimere, Broad Cloth, and many other Fabrics too numerous to mention, at prices from 5s. to 30s.

Vests.—2000 Assorted Vests, every description, from 2s. 6d to 12s. 6d.

Boys' Clothing—The largest assortment in the country, and at very low prices.

The following is the List with our former prices, and the prices now asked—See what a falling off!

250 Black and coloured Broad Cloth Boys' Sack Coats for former price 30s—at 17s. 6d; 150 Pairs Pantaloons, all sizes, usually charged 12s.—at 8s. 9d.; 220 Vests, various patterns, usually sold 6s. 3d—at 4s. 6s.; 150 Albert Jackets, usually sold 15s.—at 10s.

Read this also!—See what a Discount!—Improve this opportunity!!

A LIST OF OUR PRESENT PRICES:

Scarfs and Cravats,

at prices from one to fifteen shillings—

Rich patterns of Scarfs, fancy and plain; Cravats, latest and choice patterns and quality, of Silk and Satin; Silk and Linen Cravats, light and dark colours; Gingham Cravats, various styles; Muslin Cravats light summer patterns; Muslin Cravats, Fall and Winter patterns; Cravat Stiffeners.

Stocks—Self-adjusting Stocks, plain and figured silk and satin, with long bosoms and bows; Buckle Stocks, plain Bombazine and rich Satin.

Shirts—*At prices from 2s. 6d. to 12s. 6d.* Plain Shirts, ditto, with bosoms, Linen bosom ditto, Flannel and Merino under ditto; Silk under Shirts; Knit woollen ditto.; and Drawers, good for Gentlemen preparing for a journey; Outside Shirts, for seamen's wear.

Handkerchiefs—*At prices from 1s. 3d. to 7s.* Gd. Pocket Handkerchiefs of cotton Pocket ditto of silk; China silk, Pongee, Bandannas, Choppas, and Twilled Spitalfields; Brocade ditto., white and red, figured; White Linen ditto, plain and figured.

Hosiery.—*At prices from 1s. 3d., to 3s. 9d.* Half Hose, silk; Woollen ditto, long woollen do. for gentlemen; Merino half ditto., Wigonia half ditto.

Gloves.—*At prices from 7½ to 5s.* Fine Paris Kid Gloves: silk ditto., white, coloured and Black; Lisle Thread ditto; Patent Lisle Thread ditto., mechanic sewed; Cotton ditto.

Suspenders.—Of the latest improvements New York Suspender Shoulder Braces; silk Suspenders.

Together with a Variety of Miscellaneous Articles.

At the Celebrated Clothing Establishment of
GARRETT & SKILLEN,
Corner of King and Cross street.
November 9, 1849

Fredericton, May, 1849.

THE Subscriber would intimate to the Saint John and Up-River Merchants, that having removed his business into those large and spacious premises with frost proof Cellars, &c., formerly owned and occupied by the late Mr. Slawson, would be happy to receive GOODS of any description for Sale on Consignment, or Storage, and make immediate RETURNS, or comply strictly to the orders of the Parties Consigning; Confidence and Punctuality most strictly adhered to.

SAMUEL A. AKERLY.
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.
Reference at St. John, George Thomas, W. D. W. Hubbard, Esquires. May 11, 1849.

JUST RECEIVED

From London per Richard Cobden, via Liverpool, and Sarah from New York:—

A CHOICE assortment of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, Rich English, French and German PERFUMES.

Select BRUSHES and many other articles for the Toilet Table, and Dressing Room.

—ALSO—

A lot of Gentlemen's Fancy Walking CANES, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms by
FELLOWS & CO.,
June 22. *Next below Foster's Corner.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Cheap Variety Store.

The Subscriber having removed to the spacious and well fitted Store, formerly occupied by Mr. F. McDermott—King-Street:—

HAS opened and offers for Sale, a large and varied Stock of Furnishing and Household GOODS, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Clothing, Fancy Goods, Rose Wood Wares, Musical Instruments, Accordions, Watches, Jewellery, Guns, Pistols, Belts, &c., American Brass Clocks, Looking Glasses, Birmingham Wares, all kinds, Tea Trays, all sizes, Fancy Vases, Glass Ware, Window Glass, Crockery Ware, Cheats Good Tea, Boxes Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Starch, &c., Paper Hangings, Stationery and Steel Pens, and a variety of useful Goods.

Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Mahogany Bureaus, Sofas, Book Cases; Stoves of all kinds on Sale as usual.

N. B. Goods will be received on Commission for private sales at limited Prices.
June 7th, 1849. J. L.

EX "Echo" from New York:—10 Barrels Prime Pork, in Bond, for sale low by
November 2. THOMAS HANFORD.

Important to the Public.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

Don't permit your Horses or cattle to die, when the means of cure are within the reach of all!

The undersigned has spent several years in the study of Veterinary practice in "London and Edinburg," he has also availed himself of the researches of Liebig, and other celebrated men, who have contributed so much towards a judicious treatment of animals; the principles of our practice consists of the rejection of general bleeding and the total rejection of all medicines that experience has shown is be of a dangerous tendancy. These remedies are in harmony with the vital principle, and when given according to the directions which accompany each article they are capable of exciting and increasing the natural functions, without diminishing or destroying their power, hence are safe in the hands of every one.

G. H. DADD, M. D.

List of Horse and Cattle Medicines.

Physic balls, 3s. 9d per box.
Alterative ball, 3s. 9d. do.
" powders for bad condition, 3s 9d pakage.
Heave powder for diseases of the lungs 3s 9d.
Urine powder for " " kidneys, 3s 9d. do.
Tonic powder for bad condition glanders, 3s 9d do.
Cordial drink for inflamation of bowels, 3s 9d per bottle.
Liquid blister, 3s 9d per bottle.
Ointment for promoting the growth of hair, 2s 6d per pot.
Healing balsam for wounds and saddle galls, 3s 9d per bottle.
Wash for inflamed eyes, 2s 6d per bottle.
Ointment for mange scratches, old sores, &c., 2s 6d per bottle.
Embrocation for sore throat, 3s 9d per bottle.
Hoof ointment for sand crack, brittle hoof &c. 2s 6d per bottle.
Horse Liniment, the most celebrated article known in England for lameness of every description 3s 9d and 5s per bottle.
Distemper powder for red water, 5s per bottle.
Worm powders for the removal of worms from the internal canal, 3s 9d per package.

For sale by Simpson & Reed, 26, Merchants Row, also at Dadd's Horse and Cattle Depot, Nos. 1 and 2 Haymarket Square, Boston.

Pamphlets describing the diseases for which these remedies are used can be had gratis.

Numerous Certificates are in possession of the Proprietors, of cures performed by the above Medicines.

For sale by S. L. TILLEY, St. John, Agent for New-Brunswick.
June 8.

GOLDEN ELEPHANT.

October 9th, 1848.

Now Landing ex Ship "Kent" from London, by the Subscriber:—

8 CASES PICKLES and SAUCES;
10 barrels Day & Martin's Blacking,
2 hhds. French White Wine VINEGAR,
28 chests fine Congou TEA,
3 chests Old HYSON ditto;
15 hhds. Hollands GIN;
2 do. Refined Loaf SUGAR;
60 barrels, each 4 dozen, BROWN STOUT and STOUT PORTER;
4 cases FLORENCE OIL;
1 hhd Poland Blue STARCH.

In Store, by recent arrivals:—

24 hhds. *Martell's* BRANDY;
30 barrels Falkirk ALE;
3 hhds. Old Jamaica RUM, (5 years old.)
8 do. st. Croix and Demerara ditto;
6 hhds. and 14 barrels American ditto;
10 quarter Casks Old PORT WINE;
2 ditto Extra Fine (very superior) do;
2 puns. Old Islay MALT WHISKEY;
3 hhds. fine Golden SHERRY;
2 pipes Sicily MADEIRA.

And daily expected from Dublin:—

10 hhds. Guiness' XX BROWN STOUT, in Wood;

The above, with a large assortment of GROCERIES suitable for the trade to offers on favourable terms.

☞ The COFFEE Manufactured at this establishment by Steam process requires of course no comment. THOMAS S. MAGEE.

DR. MANLY HARDY'S JAUNDICE BITTERS,

For Jaundice and Bilious Complaints.

German Pain Killer,

One of the best remedies ever offered to the Public for Cholic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Pain in the side or Back, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Burns, &c.

There are several kinds of PAIN KILLER in use of little or no real value. On each label of the *GERMAN PAIN KILLER* may be found the signature of WM. G HARDY.

Hardy's Columbian Anodyne Liniment, or,

Liquid Opodeldoc,

An article which has been for several years before the Public, and tens of thousands of Bottles of it have been sold, and it is pronounced by all who have used it superior to any other for sprains, Bruises, stiffness of the Joints, Cramp, Rheumatism, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Bites and stings of insects, Flatulency, Cholic, Internal strains spitting of Blood, Coughs, Weakness of the Lungs, and many complaints consequent on injuries of the Chest and Debility. Each label contains the signature of R. K & W. G. Hardy.

Marden's Horse and Ox Liniment,

An invaluable remedy for Scratches, Harness Galls, stiff and sprained Joints, Bruises and Flesh wounds, Wind Galls, and all other rheumated affections.

Each label contains the signature of R. K. & W. G. Hardy.

☞ For sale by Mr. S. L. Tilley, King street, saint John, N. B. June 30.

Torryburn House,

RE-OPENED.

SEVEN MILES FROM THE CITY.

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has fitted and furnished it in a superior manner, and rendered it in every way comfortable and convenient for those who may favour him with a call.

Private families can be accommodated—and all who visit his house may rest assured that every attention will be paid to them.
Dec. 15. PETER DRAKE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

On hand and for sale by the Subscriber, at his Warehouse, Nelson Street:

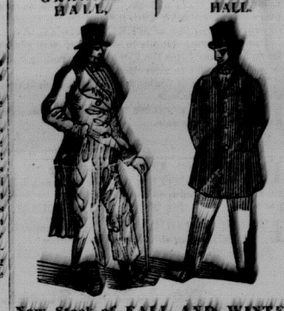
4 CASES, containing 12 pairs each, of very superior Men's LUMBER BOOTS.
2 cases, containing 60 pairs each, Men's Strong BOOTS.
3 cases, containing 48 pairs each, of Women's SHOES and SLIPPERS, well assorted—will be sold low for Cash.
10 boxes 16's TOBACCO; 10 do 8's do.
Oct. 26. THOMAS MAIN.

TO LET,

AND Possession will be given immediately—A STORE in the new building belonging to the subscriber, in Protection street, Sand Point, Carleton. It is furnished in the best manner, for a Dry Goods or Grocery business. Inquire of
JOSEPH CORAM.
Carleton, May 4, 1849.

THE MAN WHO DID NOT BUY HIS CLOTHING AT GRANITE HALL.

THE GENT WHO DID BUY HIS CLOTHING AT GRANITE HALL.



New Stock of FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Selling at lower prices than ever known in this Country heretofore.

GRANITE HALL, No. 1, Dock Street.

The unceasing patronage of this establishment, is the most flattering proof to the Proprietors, that there is yet room in the Clothing Word, for energy and perseverance, combined with the low price system.

TO GO A HEAD.

Stock varied and suitable for every situation of life.

MARK THIS.

100 Sack and Hunting Coats, 7s. 6d to 25s, suitable for business, travelling, &c.; 150 Fine Black and other colours, Dress Sack and Frock Coats equal to any made in the city, at prices, from 20s. to 50s.; 100 Over Coats, in Blue, Black, Drab, and Brown, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Plaid, Creased, and Quilted Linings, in Glenlyon, Yorkshire; Sack French, Pelins and Plain Sack styles, at prices from 20s. to 60s; Real Canada Over Coats; Heavy Newfoundland Pilot Driving Coats, at 25s. only; superior Homespun Serrs; Shooting coat, long Vests and Pants 32s 6d to 45s.

TAKE NOTICE.

100 Reefing Jackets, from 10s. to 25s., the best value in the city at the prices; Respectable Dress Suits; Dress Coats, Satin and Cloth Vests, Black or Fancy Pants, 12s. 6d. only

VESTS.

A splendid variety, consisting of Double and single breasted Plaids, in Balmoral Rob Roy, Queens Own, and Borderer styles, at all prices Black Fancy and Embroidered Satins, 7s. 6d. 8s. 9d. 10s. &c.; Cloth, Doeskin, Tweed, &c.; A large variety at 2s. and upwards.

PANTS.

Black Cloth and Cassimere, at prices from 10s. to 25s.; Fancy Stripes and plaids, all prices; Canada and Tweed, do, do.; Large lot different qualities for working Clothes, at 5s. and upwards.

FURNISHING GOODS

Gents White & Fancy Shirts; Lambs Wool Shirts and drawers; Braces, Mufflers, Scarfs, &c.

Cash before the goods leaves the Counter.

Strangers visiting st. John, and Citizens generally will find it to their advantage by purchasing at GRANITE HALL. THOS. R JONES.
November 9th. 1849.

CHEAP

HAT, CAP, & FUR STORE.

No. 1, Prince Wm. street,

and corner Market Square, St. John, N. B.

THE subscribers have now completed their Spring Importations of LONDON, PARIS AND AMERICAN GOODS, which, having been personally selected from the best Houses, by one of the Firm, and purchased for Cash, are well assorted; and they offer to the Public the largest and best selected Stock ever on sale in this city comprising:

Gent's Black satin, Velvet, and Moleskin HATS.
[*High and Low Crowns*]
Do. do Felt, Angola and Merino do do;
Do. do Beaver and Brush do do;
Do. do Merino Folding or Travelling do;
Do Drab Merino, Brush, Felt, Angola, Chinchilla and Cassimier HAT;
Youth's and Boys' Plain and Fancy Trimmed Beaver, satin and Felt HATS, in Black and Drab, with Plumes to match;
Gent's and Youth's Black and Blue CLOTH CAP, in every style and quality;
Gent's and Youth's Glazed, silk and Lawn Caps and Cap Covers;
Boys' Plain and Fancy Trimmed Cloth, Horse Hair, satin Plush, silk and Cotton Velvet and Glazed CAPS;
Children's Cloth and Velvet Fancy Caps, with Feathers to match.

—ALSO—

A good assortment of Leather Hat Cases, Jet Bags and Trunks;
Umbrellas; Cap Peaks and Straps;
Hat and Cap Trimmings;
Glazed Linen and silk;
Waterproof Coats, Capes and Leggings;
Leghorn, Palmetto, Palmleaf, and Chip Hats.

Manufacturing Department

The subscribers have at a large outlay extended their Manufacturing Department, and having imported some of the best materials, now offer for inspection and sale, an assortment of Gents Satin, Velvet Nap, and Moleskin HATS; Gents, and Youth's CLOTH CAPS assorted styles; Glazed and other Hats in great variety.

LOCKHART & CO.

Corner Market square and No 1 Prince Wm. st.
P. S.—L. & Co. keep constantly on hand a large stock of Superfine Cloths and Cap Trimmings; Hat Plushes and Trimmings, which they are prepared to make up to order, in the best style, and at short notice

ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE,

AND

Gentlemen's Oyster Saloon.

THE Proprietor most respectfully informs the Public of saint John, that he has taken that Commodious House in Cross street, (nearly opposite his old stand,) and formerly known as Mrs. Brook's Boarding House, and that he has, at a very great expence, and a disregard of time and trouble, fitted it up in the most approved manner, after the style of similar establishments in Great Britain and the United states. He flatters himself that he has among his friends and well wishers, a great number of highly respectable gentlemen, and to them he would now tender his most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received from them. To those who may henceforth honor the ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE with their patronage he will pledge himself to give every satisfaction both in the quality and style in serving up of the viands which he may place before them; as also to have at the earliest moment any and every variety which this and the American markets can produce.

Families can be supplied with the choicest Oysters, raw or cooked in any style, delivered at their own dwellings, the quality of which shall be unquestionable.

Clubs and Dinner parties attended to with the least possible delay and at the most reasonable charges.

☞ Gentlemen will please call and judge for themselves and they will have a proof positive.

Dinners, Lunches, &c. prepared. Gentlemen accommodated with private rooms.

☞ *A prime lot of Oysters, (real native,) just received by the Admiral.*
June 2. T. W. HENERY.

Iron, Tin, Anchors, Chains, &c. &c. &c.

The Subscriber has lately received, per ships "New Zealand," "Catharine," "Elizabeth Bentley," and "Unicorn," from Liverpool, a further Supply of IRON, TIN, &c., which with his Stock in Store now consists of following goods:

300 TONS Scotch and English refined and Common IRON, well ass'd;
4 tons Hoop Iron, ass'd, 1 to 1½ inch;
6 tons BOILER PLATES;
50 boxes best Charcoal TIN PLATES, IC. and IX.
50 bundles Iron Wire, assorted, No 6 to 18;
250 bags Spikes, assorted 4½ to 10 inch;
20 bags Horse Nails 5 to 8 lbs;
300 Anchor Palms and Ploughshare Moulds;
1200 fathoms best improved short-link CHAINS, assorted, from ¾ to 1 1/8 inch;
15 best improved Stud Chain Cables, assorted, ⅝ to 1⅛ inch;
15 Iron and Wood Stock ANCHORS, assorted 2 to 35 cwt;
8 tons best Liverpool OAKUM;
200 bolts "Gourlie" Canvass, ass'd, No. 1 to 6

—*IN STORE*—

200 tons Refined and Common IRON;
15 tons small Round and Square Refined Iron ¼ to ¾ inch;
10 tons SWEDISH IRON, assorted sizes;
2 tons *Sanderson's* best Cast Steel, for Axes;
2 tons *Naylor's* Cast Steel, flat and square;
5 tons Blistered Steel, CC NP, and Hoop L;
50 dozen Long handle IRISH SPADES;
40 do. MINER'S SHOVELS;
6 tons HOLLOW-WARE, in Pots, Bake Ovens, Griddles and Pans;
120 pieces superior Irish Linen;
2000 lbs. Wrapping Twine, 5 bales Shoe Thread
100 doz. Wrung Irk. Black, Blue, and Red;
5000 English Fire Bricks, 1 cask Sad Irons.

Daily Expected to arrive per first ship from Bristol—200 tons Common Bolt IRON assorted

All of which the subscriber offers for sale at low rates for prompt payment.

WILLIAM CARVILL.
Nelson street, Oct 19.

WHITE LEAD, &c.

EX *Lisbon* from London the subscriber has received—690 Kegs *Brandram's* No 1. WHITE LEAD; 188 Kegs Green, Yellow, Red, Black and Brown PAINTS, for sale at No. 1, North side Market square.
October 5. WM. O. SMITH.

Choice Old WHISKY.

Now landing ex *Daring*, and *Mary Campbell*, from Glasgow—

ONE Puncheon very Choice Old Islay WHISKY; 2 do. ditto Old Campbelton ditto,—which with an assortment of Choice Old WINES, and LIQUEURS, of every description, in Stock, are offered for Sale by

RANNEY STURDEE & CO.,
Wine Merchants, Prince William street.
November 2, 1849

Iron, Patent Metal, Spikes, &c.

90 TONS best refined IRON, well assorted

Ex Portland:

45 Tons Common IRON, assorted;
10 Do. SPIKES, 4 to 10 inch;
225 Rods Patent METAL, 5/8, 3/4, 7/8, 1 and 1 1/8; 6 kegs Composition Spikes, 6, 7 and 8 inch.

Ex Harriet:

120 Bundles best Liverpool OAKUM;

Ex John and Isabella:

200 Tons, 3/8 inch Close link Proved CHAIN
180 do 7/16 do ditto;
200 do 1/2 do ditto;
300 do 9/16 do ditto;
120 do 5/8 do ditto;
120 do 3/4 do ditto;
120 do 7/8 do ditto;

4 Stud Proved CHAIN CABLES, ⅞ to 1 inch.

Per Richard Cobden—50 Tons Common Iron, assorted. *In STOCK*—ANCHORS all sizes from 1 to 1½ cwt. For sale by

THOMAS F. RAYMOND.
May 4 Nelson street

St. John Daguerrian Rooms.

King Street—a few Doors below the Saint John Hotel.

THE subscriber has lately received from New York a superior large sized CAMERA, by which he will be enabled to take Daguerreotype Miniatures of various sizes.

Portraits taken single or in groups in any weather, with or without Colours, and neatly inserted in Rosewood Frames or Cases, or set in Lockets, Broaches, Bracelets, Rings &c

☞ Perfect satisfaction guaranteed or no charge. The public are requested to call and judge for themselves. JAMES G MELICK.

HAMMOND RIVER HOUSE.

THE Subscriber grateful for past patronage from the Travelling community, begs to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has lately removed his establishment to the above House, 16 miles from this City, 1 mile North of Hammond River Bridge, where he is prepared to entertain Travellers at all times and seasons

DINNERS, &c. &c. got up at shortest notice. Constantly on hand, a choice supply of WINES, &c. &c

Comfortable and commodious Stabling attached to the Premises, careful hostlers always in attendance. WASHINGTON ALDEN.
February 2, 1849

High Price for Music.

JOSEPH PRICE, Master of the Queen's New Brunswick Ranger's BAND, begs to return thanks to his numerous patrons for the encouragement he has hitherto received at their hands, begs to inform them that he is now prepared with an excellent QUADRILLE BAND, to attend

BALLS, EVENING PARTIES, &c.

and having engaged the services of some first rate Musicians, he is confident of giving satisfaction to those who employ him. Any number of Musicians can be furnished from 2 to 8.

Mr. Price will also give instructions on all instruments of music, at moderate prices.—Please apply at his residence, Carmarthen street.

HARE'S

Patent Seasoned Floor Cloth

From ½ yard to 9 yards wide, without seam,

FOR HALLS, PASSAGES, &c. &c.

A NEW Set of PATTERNS has been received, and orders for any sizes Hall, Passage or Room, will be immediately forwarded on application to JOHN KINNEAR,
August 31.—3t Prince Wm. street

Christmas and New Year.

WINTER APPLES.

LANDING ex *Maid of Erin*, from Boston:—20 Barrels Baldwin APPLES.
J. CROUCH.

Extra Superfine Flour.

50 HALF BARRELS: Also: Bags of Fresh Ground white and yellow INDIAN MEAL.—For sale by
December 23. JOHN KINNEAR.

VESTINGS!

A Large Assortment of Black, Brown and Blue silk velvet Vestings: PLAID Do.
Thibet Wool and Edinburgh Twist, Do.
Gold Mix'd and Granite Grey Tweed Do.
all of which are suitable for the Fall and Winter wear. GARRETT & SKILLEN.
November 23. Pantechnetheca, corner of King and Cross streets.

SUPERFINE FLOUR.

PER "Victoria," to arrive from New York: 100 BRLS extra S'ing FLOUR, in or out of bond; for sale by
November 9. THOMAS HANFORD.

DR. LA'MERT

ON THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY.

With Forty Coloured Engravings.

Just published, and may be had in French and English, in sealed Envelope, 2s 6d sterling

SELF-PRESERVATION:

A MEDICAL TREATISE ON THE PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE, and *Disorders of Youth and Maturity* usually acquired at an early period of life, which enervate the physical and mental powers, diminish an enfeeble the natural feelings, and exhaust the energies of Manhood. With practical observations on the Treatment of Nervous Debility and Indigestion, whether arising from these causes, close study or the Influence of Tropical climates, Local and Constitutional Weakness, Syphilis, Stricture, and all Diseases and Derangements resulting from Indiscretion. With Forty *Coloured Engravings*, illustrating the *Anatomy, Physiology, and Diseases of the Reproductive Organs*, explaining their structure, uses and functions, and the various injuries that are produced in them "by solitary habits and excesses, and infection."

By Samuel La'Mert, M. D.

No. 37, BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON.

Doctor of Medicine, Marischal Member of the University of Edinburgh, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, London, Honorary Member of the London Hospital, Medical Society, &c.

CONTENTS OF THE TREATISE:

Chapter I.—On the Philosophy of Marriage, with its Hindrances and Obligations, and on Infelicitous and Unproductive Unions.

Chapter II.—On the Anatomy and Physiology the Generative Organs, their functions, structures, and secret uses, proving that great Means and Physical Power are dependant on their healthy action.

Chapter III.—On solitary Habits; their various effects on the Animal Economy; the concealed cause of Debility of the functions of the Stomach, Lungs, and Brain, and general Weakness of the Mental Faculties.

Chapter IV.—On the Secret Disorders of Youth and Maturity, and the Treatment of Nervous and Local Weakness, Mental Debility, and Premature Decay.

Chapter V. and VI.—On the Disorders arising from indiscriminate Excess, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, and other diseases of the Urethra.

REVIEW OF THE WORK.

Marriage requires the fulfilment of several conditions, in order that it may be really the cause of mutual happiness. Could the veil, which covers the origin of domestic wretchedness, be raised and its true source in every instance disclosed, in how many could it be traced to physical disqualifications and their attendant disappointments. Excesses are always injurious; the gift, which when used in moderation is fraught with advantage, becomes, when abused, the prolific source of mischief, and of greater or less injury to the constitution and vital powers. The particular excesses, on the nature and consequences of which this Treatise professes to dilate, are productive of greater misery to the human frame, than any other to which it is subject.

This Work contains an accurate and complete account of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Reproductive Organs, and of Certain relative conditions in health and disease. Not are these the sole contents of the Work, the means of escape, as well as the nature of the danger are pointed out in clear and intelligible language. It deservedly requires the closest attention and study, for what subject can be of more importance than the preservation of health, and the physical capabilities of which every man should be possessed. It unfortunately happens that the unhappy victim of excesses in dalgence and vicious habits, whether acquired in early life, or from the follies of advanced age, while suffering from their invariable consequences, unwisely entertains a fear of applying to the qualified physician for relief. Shame and the dread so frequently but erroneously entertained that these complaints are beyond the reach of art, alike restrict him, and prevent his seeking for assistance where alone it can be procured. In acting thus, he forgets that actuate discrimination in ascertaining the causes of disease, sympathy with the sufferer, and above all, secrecy, invariably characterize the intelligent and practical physician and to the medical man, who can show by his possession of the requisite legal qualification that he is entitled to esteem and respect in his professional pursuits the utmost confidence should be extended. DR. LA'MERT has obtained the highest medical honours, as his diplomas testify, and the great extent of his practice for many years is a guarantee for his professional experience which has reference almost solely to the treatment of these diseases.

The work may be had in St. John, of H. Chubb & Co. price 2s 6d. stg.; Halifax, Messrs. Morton & Co.; Quebec, Mr. Neilson.
August 24, 1849.

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, &c. &c.

Ex Ship "Lisbon," from London.

THE Subscriber has received his usual supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, Patent MEDICINES, Surgeons' Instruments, SPICES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, &c &c.

—ALSO—

5 tons Brandrams' genuine WHITE LEAD, in 14lb, 28lb, 56lb, and 112lb kegs;
38 hhds. Raw and Boiled LINSEED OIL;
30 barrels Rose Pink, Red Lead, Red and Yellow Ochre, Venetian Red; Litharge, Crome Yellow Prussian Blue, Servant's Friend, and Glue;
50 barrels Whiting and Paris White;
1 pipe OLIVE OIL.—For sale by
W. O. SMITH.
May 11. No. 1, North Side Market Square

Variety Stove Warehouse,

Between the Courier Office and William Major's, Prince William street.

THE Trojan Pioneer Cook STOVE, NOW READY FOR SALE,

The Empire (Atwood's) ditto;
The Boston Union ditto;
The Hathaway ditto;
The Butler ditto;
The Economist ditto;
The Elevated Oven ditto;
Russia Sheet Iron Air Tight STOVES;
Ornamented Cast Iron ditto;
Assorted size (wood) close STOVES;
do. Cylinder (coal) ditto;
do. Plain and Figured Franklin Stoves,
do. Chamber STOVES,
3 large Cooking RANGES.

Sept. 14, 1849. JOHN KINNEAR.

Fellows' Rasberry Vinegar.

STRAWBERRY, Raspberry, Lemon, Sarsaparilla, Ginger, Orgeas, Vanilla, and Rose SYRUPS.

Over 200 Gallons of the above choice selection of Syrups on hand—warranted to be prepared of pure Loaf Sugar, and to contain more of that article and to be of better flavour than any sold in this Market for the same money.

FELLOWS & CO.,
Manufacturers.

N. B. Any choice Syrup made to order in the proper reason at short notice. F. & Co.
September 7.

Candlesticks, Just Received.

1 CASK containing 20 dozen assorted German Silver, Silver Plated Brass, and Japanned Table and Chamber CANDLESTICKS, very cheap at the Variety Store, King-Street.
July 6. J LORDLY.

Flour and Tar.

EX "Juverna" from New York—20 Barrels Rigger's TAR; 20 Barrels Extra Family FLOUR, 30 barrels RYE FLOUR.—For sale low for Cash only. THOS. HANFORD.
August 31. Water street.