

John J.

THE REPORTER
ATHENS WEEK-END
NEWSPAPER

The Athens Reporter

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Athens—Gateway of Famous Charleston Lake AND LEEDS COUNTY ADVERTISER
Vol. XXXVIII. No 52 X Athens Leeds County, Ontario, Thursday, Sept. 20th, 1923
Athens—The Hub of 25 Villages
5 Cents Per Copy

Imerson's Sale Register

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FOR SALE

Well grown Banded Rock Cockerels from a heavy layer, \$1.50 each. One from heavy layers, \$1.50 each. One fit to win anywhere, \$1.50. See my exhibit at Frankville Fair, September 27 and 28.

J. IVAN MOORE,
Lake Elvida, Ont.

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Cedar Park Guest Had Set in Good Working Order.

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EDITORIAL COMMENT

General Topics of Interest Discussed—The Editor Talks to Reporter Readers.

THE NEXT WAR.

We have reached the supreme hour in earth's history. The average man is more or less blind to the impending danger. The whole world is preparing for war on a gigantic scale, and statesmen, publicists and all others interested in the welfare of humanity are showing fear and trembling, and no wonder.

For four years we marched to the thunder of the guns. Then suddenly, November 11th, 1918, the silence of midnight fell upon a maddened, bellicent world. This very silence is ominous. The late war settled no claims—they are still clamoring for a settlement. It reconciled no grievances—they are still demanding satisfaction. It adjusted no boundaries—they are yet in dispute. It did not enrich the peoples—they are greatly impoverished. Nothing has been forgiven, and memory rankles with bitterness. The dire penalties of war and the aftermath of famine and pestilence seem not to have impressed the human mind and heart as needful lessons to shun armed conflict, with its frightful carnage and wanton destruction. The spirit of hatred and revenge seems universal.

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Mr. and Mrs. Claude N. Purvis and Miss Jean, of Purvis street, spent yesterday at J. S. Purvis.

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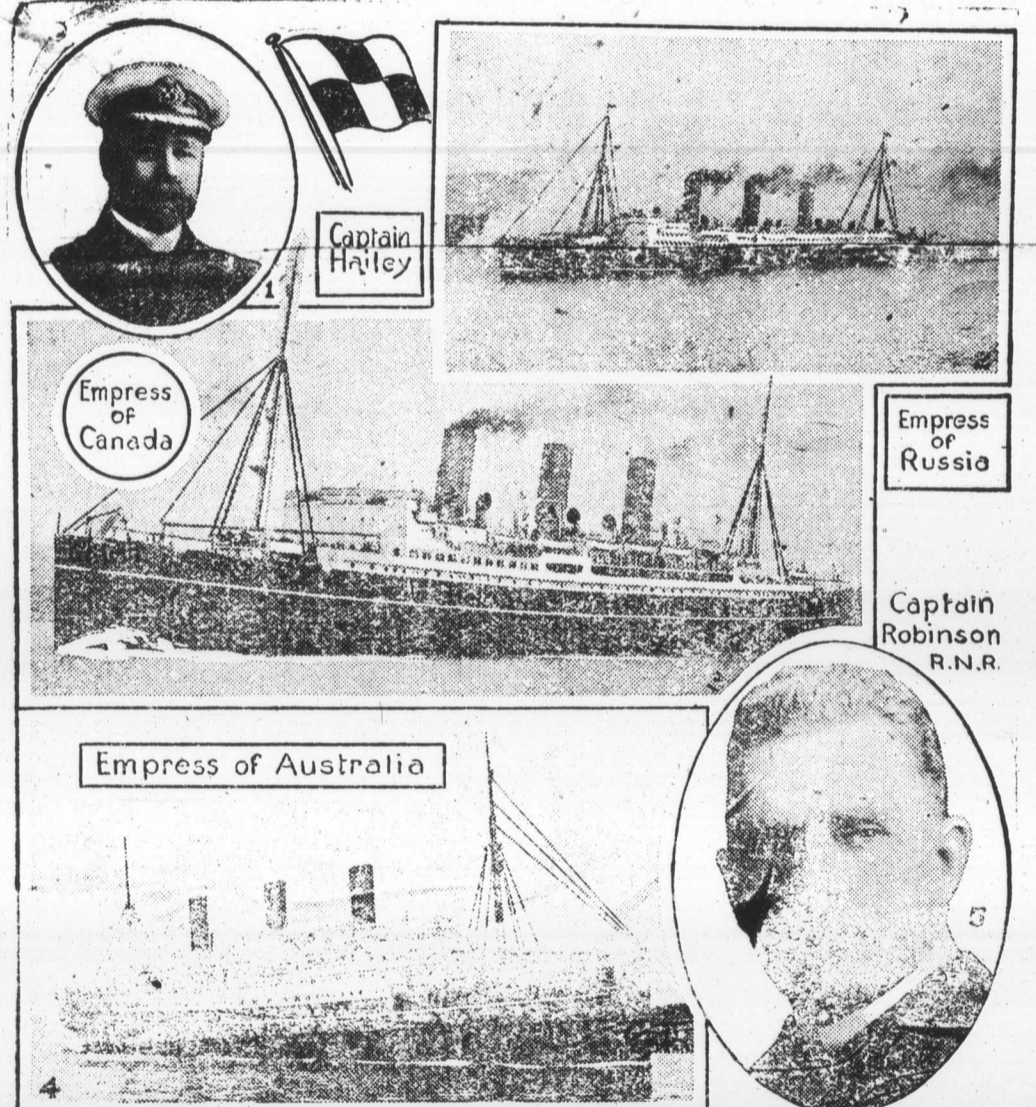
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Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Robinson, with their friends, Miss Ethel Hieney, and Miss Annie Haws, of Ottawa, and Mrs. A. E. Summers, of Mallorytown, motored here on Tuesday, on Tuesday last to visit relatives, and returned on Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Scott left last week for Lansdowne where she is on the staff of the Lansdowne public school.



(1) Captain A. J. Halsey, R.N.R., commander of the "Empress of Canada," was born at Bradford in 1874. In 1909 he joined the Canadian Pacific and in 1910 received his first command. During the war he commanded hospital ships, notably the "Empress of India" and the "Manitoba." His appointment to the "Canada" dates back to the launching of the liner. His last accomplishment was the capturing of the Blue Ribbon of the Pacific for the fastest journey across.

(2) The "Empress of Russia" was built by the Fairfield Shipbuilding and Engineering Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, has quadruple screws and driven by steam turbines, which develop a speed of 29 knots per hour. She is a product of English best engineering and has the utmost in accommodation and luxury.

(3) The "Empress of Canada," 21,500 ton liner, was the second liner to give aid and shelter to destitutes of the Oriental turmoil. In addition to carrying about 800 passengers, she took 1,500 more on board where they received clothes and medical attention. She recently came to the limelight when she captured the Blue Ribbon of the Pacific, making the voyage from Yokohama and Vancouver in 8 days, 10 hours and 55 minutes. Her next winter program includes an elaborate cruise of the world, where she will take a limited number of globe trotters to no less than 18 foreign ports with many inland excursions included in the itinerary.

(4) The "Empress of Australia," often called the pride of the Pacific on account of her luxurious and comfortable accommodations, rides with a length of 538 feet and is an oil-burning vessel of a registered tonnage of 22,000 tons.

(5) Captain Robinson, R.N.R., of the "Empress of Australia," whose heroic feats on the scene of the Oriental disaster, has prompted the Spanish ambassador at Tokyo to cable the King, recommending the bestowal of a decoration. Captain Robinson is one of the most popular skippers on the Pacific and has served on Canadian Pacific ships since 1825.

GRAPIHC tales of the Oriental disaster are daily being received on this continent. Many of them contain harrowing experiences of surviving inhabitants of Tokyo, Yokohama and mountain resorts nearby, and make true the age-old adage, "Great disasters have produced great men."

Canada's participation in rescue work in the Far East was the first foreign aid to reach that stricken country and to-day the world has learned of unaccountable feats of bravery, deeds of generosity and self-sacrifice on the parts of several Canadians, who at the time of the turmoil were engaged in missionary or mercantile fields.

To Captain Robinson of the "Empress of Australia," and Captain Kent, river pilot, the country stands indebted for the rescue and care of 4,000 lives. The report goes on to state that the "Australia" was making ready to sail for Vancouver, when the city of Yokohama was seen crumbling and smothered under the tidal wave. The sea became so agitated that other ships broke loose and rammed the "Australia" in

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In spite of such handicaps Captain Robinson sailed his big liner to safety, where later it became the home of over 4,000 destitute survivors.

The "Empress of Canada," which happened to be one day out from Yokohama when the first dispatches were flashed across the broad Pacific, wasted no time in rushing to the scene of destruction. The day was employed in providing accommodation, foodstuffs and clothes to those refugees whose need was most urgent. No less than 1,500 refugees found shelter on the "Empress of Australia" and were conveyed to Shanghai where medical attention and care are being provided by the authorities.

With every available inch of her cargo space crammed with foodstuffs for the earthquake stricken thousands of Japan, the "Empress of Russia" sailed from Vancouver on September 6th. Owing to her superior speed, the "Empress of Russia" included in a fleet of three relief ships now under way, is expected to be the first to reach Japan on September 17th.

BISHOP'S MILLS

Bishop's Mills, Sept. 11.—The death occurred early on Monday morning of William Johnston, at his home, Main street. Deceased was 75 years of age and died of paralysis, after a few hours on his farm in Oxford township, retiring a few years ago to live in this village. He was a Methodist in religion and a Conservative in politics. Besides his widow he leaves one son, Charles Johnston, of Port Arthur, a conductor on the C.P.R., to mourn his loss.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hurlburt attended the funeral of William Hulburt at Kemptville on Sunday last.

Bishop's Mills, Sept. 17.—Henry Empey, of West Stockholm, U.S.A., was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Thomas Bigford, last week, after 35 years' absence.

F. Carley and son, Earl Carley, of Three Rivers, Que., were visiting relatives here last week. On Thursday they motored to Watertown, N.Y., accompanied by Mrs. W. Sunderland, Mrs. W. Quinn and Mrs. R. McLellan, to visit Miss Jessie Carley of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Dool, have returned from their wedding trip and were tendered a reception which was attended by many friends and relatives on Thursday evening at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Dool.

Mr. and Mrs. White and two daughters, and Mr. Wellington, of New Britain, Conn., motored here on Tuesday and were guests at the home of Narsis Hart.

Capt. A. McCully, Mrs. McCully and two children, of Montreal, are visitors at N. Greer's.

The regular meeting of the Women's Missionary Society was held on Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. William Morrison. An interesting paper was read at the meeting by Mrs. N. Greer on "Pioneers of Mission Work."

Mrs. W. Gregg, of Merrickville, was visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. Nottel, last week.

The funeral of William Johnston was held on Wednesday afternoon, September 12, and was largely attended. Rev. J. Leach conducted the service, which was held in the Methodist church. He leaves to mourn his loss, besides his widow, one son, Charles A. Johnston, Port Arthur, C.P.R. conductor; two brothers, James, of Minnesota; Robert, of Augusta township; three sisters, Mrs. Norton Percival, of Toronto; Mrs. G. Dobson, of Rouleau; Mrs. McRoberts, of Ottawa. Among the floral tributes were a wreath from Mr. and Mrs. N. Percival, Toronto; pillow, Mrs. A. Weir; anchor Misses McLellan; wreath, Mrs. W. Quinn. The pallbearers were S. Burk, W. Nottel, L. Robinson, E. Weir, H. McLellan, T. Forsythe.

Dr. and Mrs. Kerfoot, of Prescott, were visiting friends here on Sunday last.

Cedar Grove

Cedar Grove, Sept. 17.—Fred Cummings visited the Capital on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. William McCurdy, of Kemptville, was visiting friends here on Sunday.

Mrs. Darling of Smith's Falls, is spending a few days here with her daughter, Mrs. Forbes.

C. Dool, of Bishop's Mills, passed through here on Sunday en route to Burritt's Rapids.

Frank Hutt left here on Friday for Winchester.

Mrs. A. Forbes and Miss White spent Saturday with friends in Smith's Falls.

William Hutchins has purchased a Ford car from Mr. Love, of North Augusta.

A. Ennis arrived home on Friday after spending a few days with friends in Toronto.

MAITLAND

Maitland, Sept. 11.—The Blue Church branch of the Women's Institute met on September 6 at the home of Mrs. Edwin Keeler with 34 members in attendance. No fewer than 24 recipes for pickling were given by members and the programme also included gramophone selections and piano solos by Mrs. R. J. McLean and Miss Bennington. Miss Barbara Jones read a paper describing the experience of her sister, Miss Monica Jones, who was not long ago shipwrecked. It was decided to send a barrel of canned fruit to a Toronto orphanage. Seven members of the South Augusta branch of the Institute were visitors at the meeting. At the close of the meeting Mrs. Keeler served delightful refreshments which were much enjoyed by the members. The meeting was closed with the singing of Mrs. Keeler's favorite, "God be With You Till we Meet Again."

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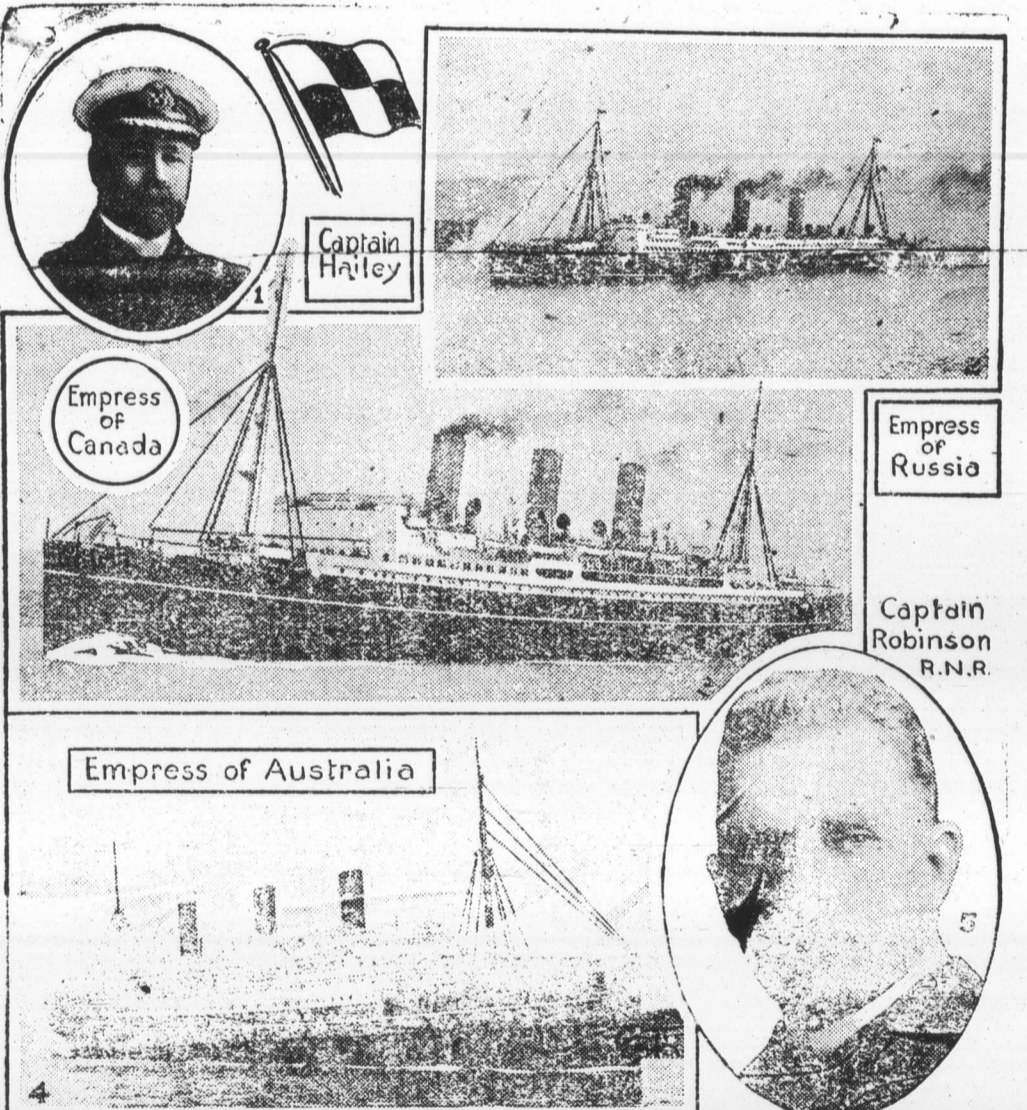
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Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Harrison, with their children, Miss Ethel Hieney, and Miss Annie Haws, of Ottawa, and Mrs. A. E. Sumner, of Mallorytown, motored here on Tuesday, on Tuesday last to visit relatives, and returned on Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Scott left last week for Lansdowne where she is on the staff of the Lansdowne public school.



(1) Captain A. J. Lecky, R.N.R., commander of the "Empress of Canada," was born at Bradford in 1874. In 1900 he joined the Canadian Pacific and in 1910 received his first command. During the war he commanded hospital ships, notably the "Empress of India" and the "Okanoba." His appointment to the "Canada" dates back to the launching of the liner. His last accomplishment was the capturing of the Blue Ribbon of the Pacific for the fastest journey across.

(2) The "Empress of Russia" was built by the Fairfield Shipbuilding and Engineering Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, has quadruple screws and driven by steam turbines, which develop a speed of 20 knots per hour. She is a product of English best engineering and has the utmost in accommodation and luxury.

(3) The "Empress of Canada," 21,500 ton liner, was the second liner to give aid and shelter to destitutes of the Oriental typhoon. In addition to carrying 800 passengers, she took 1,500 more on board where they received clothes and medical attention. She recently came to the limelight when she captured the Blue Ribbon of the Pacific, making the voyage from Yokohama and Vancouver in 5 days, 10 hours and 55 minutes. Her next winter program includes an elaborate cruise of the world, where she will take a limited number of globe trotters to no less than 18 foreign ports with many inland excursions included in the itinerary.

(4) The "Empress of Australia," often called the pride of the Pacific on account of her luxurious and comfortable accommodations, with a length of 588 feet and is an oil-burning vessel of a registered tonnage of 22,000 tons.

(5) Captain Robinson, R.N.R., of the "Empress of Australia," whose heroic feats on the scene of the Oriental disaster, has prompted the Spanish ambassador at Tokyo to cable the King, recommending the bestowal of a decoration. Captain Robinson is one of the most popular skippers on the Pacific and has served on Canadian Pacific ships since 1925.

GRAVITIC tales of the Oriental disaster are daily being received on this continent. Many of them contain harrowing experiences of surviving inhabitants of Tokyo, Yokohama and mountain resorts nearby, and make true the age-old adage: "Great disasters have produced great men."

Canada's participation in rescue work in the Far East was the first foreign aid to reach that stricken country and to-day the world has learned of unaccountable feats of bravery, deeds of generosity and self-sacrifice on the parts of several Canadians, who at the time of the turmoil were engaged in missionary or mercantile fields.

To Captain Robinson of the "Empress of Australia," and Captain Kent, river pilot, the country stands indebted for the rescue and care of 4,000 lives. The report goes on to state that the "Australia" was making ready to sail for Vancouver, when the city of Yokohama was seen crumbling and smothered under the tidal wave. The sea became so agitated that other ships broke loose and rammed the "Australia" in

BISHOP'S MILLS

Bishop's Mills, Sept. 11.—The death occurred early on Monday morning of William Johnston, at his home, Main street. Deceased was 75 years of age and died of paralysis, after a few hours on his back in Oxford township, retiring a few years ago to live in this village. He was a Methodist in religion and a Conservative in politics. Besides his widow he leaves one son, Charles Johnston, of Port Arthur, a conductor on the C.P.R., to mourn his loss.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hurlburt attended the funeral of William Hurlburt at Kemptville on Sunday last.

Bishop's Mills, Sept. 17.—Henry Empey, of West Stockholm, U.S.A., was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Thomas Bigford, last week, after 35 years' absence.

F. Carley and son, Earl Carley, of Three Rivers, Que., were visiting relatives here last week. On Thursday they motored to Watertown, N.Y., accompanied by Mrs. W. Sunderland, Mrs. W. Quinn and Mrs. R. McLellan, to visit Miss Jessie Carley of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Dool, have returned from their wedding trip and were tendered a reception which was attended by many friends and relatives on Thursday evening at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Dool.

Mr. and Mrs. White and two daughters, and Mr. Wellington, of New Britain, Conn., motored here on Tuesday and were guests at the home of Nurse Hart.

Capt. A. McCully, Mrs. McCully and two children, of Montreal, are visitors at N. Greer's.

The regular meeting of the Women's Missionary Society was held on Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. William Morrison. An interesting paper was read at the meeting by Mrs. N. Greer on "Pioneers of Mission Work."

Mrs. W. Gregg, of Merrickville, was visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. Nottell, last week.

The funeral of William Johnston was held on Wednesday afternoon, September 12, and was largely attended. Rev. J. Leach conducted the service, which was held in the Methodist church. He leaves to mourn his loss, besides his widow, one son, Charles A. Johnston, Port Arthur, C.P.R. conductor; two brothers, James, of Minnesota; Robert, of Augusta township; three sisters, Mrs. Norton Percival, of Toronto; Mrs. G. Dobson, of Rouleau; Mrs. McRoberts, of Ottawa. Among the floral tributes were a wreath from Mr. and Mrs. N. Percival, Toronto; pillow, Mrs. A. Weir; anchor, Misses McLellan; wreath, Mrs. W. Quinn. The pallbearers were S. Burk, W. Nottell, L. Robinson, E. Weir, H. McLellan, T. Forsythe.

Dr. and Mrs. Kerfoot, of Prescott, were visiting friends here on Sunday last.

Cedar Grove

Cedar Grove, Sept. 17.—Fred Cummings visited the Capital on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. William McCurdy, of Kemptville, was visiting friends here on Sunday.

Mrs. Darling of Smith's Falls, is spending a few days here with her daughter, Mrs. Forbes.

C. Dool, of Bishop's Mills, passed through here on Sunday en route to Burrill's Rapids.

Frank Hutt left here on Friday for Winchester.

Mrs. A. Forbes and Miss White spent Saturday with friends in Smith's Falls.

William Hutchins has purchased a Ford car from Mr. Love, of North Augusta.

A. Ennis arrived home on Friday after spending a few days with friends in Toronto.

MAITLAND

Maitland, Sept. 11.—The Blue Church branch of the Women's Institute met on September 6 at the home of Mrs. Edwin Keeler with 34 members in attendance. No fewer than 24 recipes for pickling were given by members and the programme also included gramophone selections and piano solos by Mrs. R. J. McLean and Miss Bennington. Miss Barbara Jones read a paper describing the experience of her sister, Miss Monica Jones, who was not long ago shipwrecked. It was decided to send a barrel of canned fruit to a Toronto orphanage. Seven members of the South Augusta branch of the Institute were visitors at the meeting. At the close of the meeting Mrs. Keeler served delightful refreshments which were much enjoyed by the members. The meeting was closed with the singing of Mrs. Keeler's favorite, "God be With You Till we Meet Again."

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Ask for a trial package today.

Delicious!

Economical!

The Hidden Hour

BY J. B. HARRIS-BURLAND

CHAPTER III.

Ruth Bradley sat alone in the drawing-room of Dr. Trehorn's house.

A fire, but recently lit, gave out no heat, but hissed and crackled as the flames danced up the chimney.

The room was small and looked as though it was rarely used. It had the stiff, uncomfortable appearance of a room that is not accustomed to human beings.

Ruth, still wearing her fur coat, sat in an armchair and stared at the fire, and wondered if she had not already come to the end of the road that had seemed so long and so uncertain.

She was tired and her limbs ached, not only from the shock of her fall but from physical fatigue. She had helped Trehorn to lift Merrington into the back seat of the car, and Merrington was a big man. They had only just managed it, and then she had been obliged to put her arm round her lover's neck and keep his head from falling against the cushions.

It had been an easy matter to get Merrington into the house, for the two servants had helped to carry him into the consulting room. And there he now lay, and Dr. Trehorn was with him, and Dr. Trehorn had refused to allow her to remain in the room.

And then there was Paula—she did not like to think about Paula, who had never done her any harm. If Paula's husband were very ill—were dying, Paula would have to be sent for.

Ruth's mind tried to grasp the intricacies of the situation, and failed. She only knew that she loved John Merrington and that she hated her husband. Of Paula she knew scarcely anything at all.

"He is mine," she kept saying to herself. But she knew that she was not speaking the truth. He was not hers, in the sense that he was Paula's. And she could not forget that she herself had tried to persuade him to leave her and spend the night at Dedbury, that she had wanted more time to think before she burnt all her boats behind her.

The door opened and Dr. Trehorn entered the room. "It's all right," he said quickly, as Ruth rose to her feet. "Don't worry. He's come to his senses—nothing really serious—certainly no danger—just a loss of memory—that's all."

"Loss of memory?" queried Ruth. "Yes, doesn't know how he got here, and I told him not to worry and not to talk. Said something about Paula. You are Paula, I suppose?"

Ruth did not answer the question. "You told him what had happened?" she queried.

"No—I told him to hold his tongue," replied Trehorn.

"Can I see him—now?"

"Yes—there's no harm in that, but he must be kept very quiet. You can just go in and look at him, and say a few words—nothing about the accident, mind you. But you'd better see him, as he asked for you."

Ruth hesitated. And then, as she found Trehorn's inquiring eyes upon her, she said, "Yes, I'd better see him, and I won't talk about the accident."

Just let him know you're here—that's all.

"Did you tell him—I was here?" said Ruth, speaking very slowly and with an effort.

"No, no. We didn't talk," Trehorn replied, and then, after a pause, "What is wrong, Mrs. Merrington?"

"Ah, he told you his name?"

"No—I saw it on the label of the suitcase. You'd better come at once. I want to give him something to send him to sleep again."

They left the room, crossed the hall, and Trehorn opened the door of the consulting room and stood aside to let Ruth enter. As she crossed the threshold she saw John Merrington lying on a couch, his head bandaged with white linen. Beneath the bandages she saw his eyes fixed on her. There was no gleam of recognition in them. He seemed to be wondering who she was, and what on earth she was doing there.

Ruth moved a little further into the room. But still John Merrington stared at her. His lips did not move. He did not even smile. And then—he wiped his eyes, just as if he did not realize he was bothered with visitors. Her heel, and she walked toward the door behind him.

"He does not know me," said Ruth in a low voice. "Does he remember anything? What does he remember? Does he know his own name?"

She took refuge in the drawing-room. She was face to face with a problem that she could not solve. She wanted to escape the eyes of Trehorn, who was watching her.

"You had better go to him," she cried piteously. "He may have fainted. Don't say anything about me—yet. He did not recognize me. You saw that, didn't you?"

Trehorn smiled kindly. "Please don't distress yourself," he said in his quiet, gentle voice. "There's nothing to be worried about—just a temporary loss of memory. I dare say you have not been married very long. And Paula?"

"I'm not Paula," Ruth replied. "He is thinking of another woman. Please go to him, and if he asks who I am—"

"She paused, and her cheeks grew hot with shame. There was an awkward silence, and then Trehorn said quietly,

"I shall not answer any questions. I don't suppose he will ask any. For all he knows you might be my wife or my sister."

He left the room, and Ruth knelt down by the fire, and held out her hands to the warmth. She was shivering with cold. Her body seemed to be numb with cold. It was not until a few minutes had passed that she was able to think clearly again. And then she saw that she had come to the end of the road. Her lover did not remember her, but he remembered Paula. She did not know the extent of the gap in his memory, but at any rate it included the first time he had ever set eyes on her. For him, at present, she did not exist at all.

But Paula was a reality to him, and no doubt it was the Paula whom he had loved when he had married her—not the Paula he had ceased to love. The doctor had said that he would regain his memory. But when? But where? Dare she wait, even for a single night? A week, several weeks, several months might elapse before John Merrington knew her again. An unbearable situation had been created—a situation that she could never have imagined.

She looked at the clock on the mantelpiece and saw that it was five minutes past nine. She would have to decide quickly if she was still to save something out of the ruins of her life. Paula would have to be sent for in any case. There was no doubt about that. And she, Ruth Bradley, would have to return to London. Surely it would be better to return now—go back to her husband, just as if nothing had happened. That might be possible, but only with the help of Trehorn. She would have to take the doctor into her confidence, throw herself on his mercy, and implore him to lie on her behalf.

"Later on," said Ruth to herself, "when Jack has recovered his memory—I must wait—for the present all this—has come to a dead end." Her

mind flashed quickly back over all that had happened since she had left the house to go to the theatre. So much trouble had been taken to conceal her plans—to cover up her tracks—that it was almost as though she had anticipated some disaster from which it might be possible to retreat with safety. And Merrington himself, either by design or accident, had actually taken the car along the road to Dedbury, where he was supposed to be staying the night.

The door opened, and Trehorn entered the room. "He asked no questions," he said. "He was asleep. I shall have a bed made up for him in the consulting room, and I dare say to-morrow we can move him upstairs. Then he looked inquiringly at Ruth.

"I—I want to tell you everything," she said after a pause. "But I want to ask you a question first. Can I get back to London to-night by half-past eleven?"

Dr. Trehorn glanced at the clock. "Yes," he replied. "There is a train at ten o'clock. It's very slow, and it will get you into Charing Cross at a few minutes past eleven. I can drive you to the station if you like. You need not tell me anything—except his address."

He spoke slowly and awkwardly, and he did not look at Ruth as he spoke. His face was very red and he was obviously ill at ease.

"I must tell you something," she faltered. "I—I want you to help me. You have been so kind—I feel as if I can trust you. This—this incident is over. It is necessary—for the happiness of—of four people—that—that two of them should know nothing about it. Would it be possible to—keep me out of the matter altogether?"

Trehorn hesitated. Then he said, "Yes—so far as I am concerned."

"I—I am very grateful—I shall be grateful to you all my life."

"But there will be the servants," he continued. "I shall have to make it plain to them that you—well, that you—just helped me to get him into my car—and that you did not know him—I might even do more. They were my father's servants and would do anything for me. But—this Paula?"

Ruth covered her face with her hands. For a few moments her courage failed her. Then she said, "Paula is his wife. He—he was going to spend the night with a friend at Dedbury—a Mr. Ardington."

"Oh, I know old Ardington," laughed Trehorn. "Yes, yes, old Ardington. Perhaps I'd better send round there and tell Ardington."

"No," said Ruth sharply. "Oh, please—you must realize—how could he have told you he was going to stay with Mr. Ardington when he has lost his memory?"

"By Jove, I hadn't thought of that," and, after a pause, "but I should have thought of it. You must trust me to think of everything. You do trust me, don't you?"

"Yes," she replied doubtfully. But she saw that there was even danger in the kindly friendship of this young doctor.

"I want to do all I can for you," Trehorn continued, "for all of you. I want to put this—this mistake right. Please don't tell me anything more to-morrow morning. I only know that I found him on the road. I will keep you out of it altogether. You understand that. And I dare say, one of these days, you'll be glad that a tire burst. It's possible you will be glad."

Ruth burst into tears. She herself was uncertain whether the bursting of that tire had ruined her life or saved it from disaster.

(To be continued.)

About the House

SEVENTY.

The laughing welcome on Julia's lips died unspoken at sight of Maisie's face. For after a bewildered glance at her Maisie stared past her down the street, and her eyes were sharp with anxiety.

"What is it, Maisie? Has Benjie run away? Can't I hunt for him?"

"Oh, Benjie's all right," Maisie replied. "I didn't mean to be rude, Julie. Do come in. You see, I've been expecting Aunt Rebecca for the last two hours. She's been gone since ten o'clock, and I'm so worried!"

"Good for Aunt Rebecca!" Julia retorted. "I hope she's having a great old time. She must need it if you watch over her like that."

"But, Julia, she's seventy!" Maisie's voice was full of consternation.

"What's seventy if you don't feel it? Aunt Rebe has all her faculties and more interest in life than half the people you know. Do let her alone, Maisie!"

"But she may get run over! You don't seem to realize—"

"As far as automobiles are concerned, seventy isn't half so dangerous an age as seven. I've known at least two old ladies who counted hospital experiences the great adventures of their lives! Don't rob your aunt of any fun that's coming to her!"

"Julia Durant, you're positively flippant!"

"Not inside, Maisie; truly, I'm not. I'm just thinking how I'd loathe being watched and worried over!"

"There she comes at last!" cried Maisie, running to the door.

Aunt Rebecca came in; her hair was disordered and her hat awry, but her eyes were bright, and there was a happy color in her face. And then at Maisie's greeting all the happiness fell from her like a garment.

"Aunt Rebe, where have you been? I've been nearly wild!"

"It was such a nice day," Aunt Rebecca pleaded, "I thought I'd just run out to Liza Saunders. I was so glad I did, for she's had such a hard winter—"

But Maisie was not at all interested in Liza Saunders. "You go right upstairs and lie down till dinner," she ordered. "Be sure to cover yourself up."

"But I ain't tired a mite," her aunt protested. "I feel freshened up. All the light had faded from her eyes."

"Maisie," Julia said abruptly, "I'm going to take Aunt Rebe home for the night. We'll be back sometime! You needn't worry; if we die, we'll die together!"

"But you haven't room," Maisie protested.

"I'll make room!"

Ten minutes later Julia and Aunt Rebecca were headed for the subway. "Aunt Rebe," the girl said to her solemnly, "can you sleep on a couch? And go to a show to-morrow? And—"

The sudden flooding joy in the old lady's face brought tears to Julia's eyes. "I'll never tell her she's old," she vowed to herself. "Never, never! Not if she lives to be a hundred!"

PLANNING THE LAYETTE.

My three young sons have necessitated my obtaining considerable miscellaneous information concerning a layette.

I have always preferred a simple, practical outfit, as it is less wearing on the mother to prepare it, and is so quickly outgrown.

The money saved this way can be much more advantageously used for a skillful doctor and nurse, a two weeks' complete rest for the mother, and the advice of a food specialist for the baby's feeding if the mother is unable to successfully feed her baby. The baby's life and future health are too important to neglect giving him the best possible start.

Three of each of the following articles are necessary, four would be

safer in case daily washing were delayed.

Flannel bands; skirts; pinning blankets; flannel skirts, "Gertrude" style; wrappers or nightgowns buttoning in back; stockings; booties; warm jackets or sweaters; three dozen diapers, twenty-seven inches square, will be required; so will nainsook skirts and dresses; a cap, cloak; blankets; pads, and a small hot-water bottle.

Some points in baby's care I have been most watchful of:

No pacifiers or soothing syrups. Find the cause of its discomfort; warm water enemas offer wonderful relief for gas pain.

See that baby has at least one good bowel movement each day. The same rule for nursing mothers.

Regular feeding hours for baby. No excitement and unnecessary handling.

In changing and dressing baby I put him on a softly padded card table, slipping his skirts and dress up over his feet.

As scrupulous cleanliness as possible in the personal care of the baby; handling utensils for his feeding, and particularly the hands of whoever cares for him.—Mrs. G. C.

A PRACTICAL ONE-PIECE MODEL FOR THE GROWING GIRL.

4442. Linen or ratine, with embroidery or contrasting material for collar and cuffs, would be good for this style. The closing is at the left side under the plait.

This Pattern is cut in 3 Sizes: 12, 14 and 16 years. A 14-year size requires 4 1/4 yards of 40-inch material. Collar and cuffs of contrasting material require 3/4 yard 40 inches wide.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver or stamps, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

After Every Meal

A universal custom that benefits everybody.

Aids digestion, cleanses the teeth, soothes the throat.

WRIGLEYS

a good thing to remember

Scaled in its Purify Package

THE FLAVOR LASTS

Scaling Ships by Machinery.

Scaling ships' bottoms by machinery is the latest labor saving practice devised to aid "those who go down to the sea in ships." Ever since the advent of iron and steel hulls, one of the meanest jobs faced by Jack is cleaning the vessel's underwater section when the ship is placed in dry dock.

Hammers with chisel like heads, wire brushes and even cold chisels have been laboriously welded to clean off marine growths, rust and the old paint.

Now comes the ship scaling machine run by compressed air and looking very much like the pneumatic riveters so painfully familiar to city folk who live near modern building operations.

By its use, one man with a scaling machine can do as much in a day as could six men with the old time methods and do a better and cleaner job at that. Gauze goggles are needed, however, in operating the ship scaler, because it works so fast, that bits of metal, rust and paint fly about in a veritable shower. Another modification of the machine is run by electricity.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Pert Clerk.

Customer—"I'd like to try on that pair of shoes in the showcase."

Clerk—"Better try 'em on out here, lady; 'tain't big enough."

Grease spots on wall paper can be removed by rubbing it with camphorated chalk.

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CAN GREENS FOR WINTER USE.

To can kale or greens for winter use, one should be rather careful with every detail as a very poisonous bacteria forms sometimes. To prepare the greens for canning, wash them carefully in cold water and blanch 4 to 5 minutes in boiling water. This allows them to shrink so that they may be packed very easily in the jars.

The jars should be well filled, but not too firmly packed as they may not be thoroughly sterilized in the centre of the can if the mass is too firm. To each quart jar add one teaspoon salt and what other seasoning desired, chipped beef or other meat; then adjust rubbers in position and take one turn back. Process them three hours in hot water bath, or 60 minutes under 10 lbs. of steam pressure.

Bovril makes you feel ten years younger

Humanity—"See, she is sinking! Are you not going to help?"

Uncle Sam—"Don't fuss, sis—the body will drift to the shore."

—From the Sydney Bulletin.



Mr. Man—

You feel Lifebuoy's healthiness right down into the pores.

After Lifebuoy — you feel cleaner than you have ever felt before.

The delight and comfort of using Lifebuoy are famous around the world.

The odor vanishes quickly after use

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

ISSUE No. 36-23.



A VIEW FROM AUSTRALIA

Humanity—"See, she is sinking! Are you not going to help?"

Uncle Sam—"Don't fuss, sis—the body will drift to the shore."

—From the Sydney Bulletin.

Winter Wheat: A Valuable New Variety

Dr. C. A. Zavitz, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

The market value of the winter wheat of Ontario amounts to over fifteen million dollars annually. It is, therefore, one of the most important of the money crops of the province. The acreage of winter wheat during the past year has been about the same as the average annual acreage for the past forty years. There is not a country or district in Ontario in which winter wheat is not grown, although in New Ontario the average annual amount is not more than about 20,000 bushels. Owing to the comparative low price of winter wheat at present, strict attention should be given to economic methods and to large yields.

The Dawson's Golden Chaff is still the variety most largely grown according to the December Bulletin of the Ontario Department of Agriculture for 1922. With the object of securing even better variety, crosses have been made at the Ontario Agricultural College between the Dawson's Golden Chaff and some other varieties, such as Tasmania Red, Crimean Red, Turkey Red, Buda Pesti, Imperial Amber, and Bulgarian. A new variety has been originated at the College by crossing the Dawson's Golden Chaff and the Bulgarian and this is now known as the O.A.C. No. 104. In both the College and co-operative tests, this new variety has made an excellent record, surpassing the Dawson's Golden Chaff in both yield and quality of grain. The O.A.C. No. 104 is a white wheat and resembles the Bulgarian in possessing a white chaff and the Dawson's Golden Chaff in a beardless head. It is a vigorous grower and has been less subject to winter-killing than the Dawson's Golden Chaff.

Not only is it important to sow the best variety of winter wheat, but it is also important to use seed of high quality. The results of 6 years' experiments at the College, which were conducted in duplicate each season, show an average increase in yield of grain per acre of 6.8 bushels from large as compared with small seed, of 7.8 bushels from plump as compared with shrunken seed, and of 35.6 bushels from sound as compared with broken seed. Seed which was allowed to become thoroughly ripened before it was cut produced a greater yield of both grain and straw and a heavier weight of grain per measured bushel than that produced from wheat which was cut at any one of four earlier stages of maturity. In each of 2 years when winter wheat was sown in the fields, germination tests of the grain were made. The following re-

sults show the average percentage of germination from each selection: Skin over germ, unbroken, 94; skin over germ, broken, 76; sprouts one-quarter inch long, 30; and sprouts one inch long, 18. Not only was the sprouted wheat low in germination but the plants produced were very uneven in size.

From the numerous varieties of winter wheats tested at the College, it seems to be generally true that white wheats as compared with red wheats yield more grain per acre, possess stronger straw, weigh a little less per measured bushel, are slightly softer in the grain, are more useful in the manufacture of shredded wheat and of pastry, and furnish a somewhat weaker flour for bread production.

Winter wheat which was grown on clover sod yielded much better than that which was grown on timothy sod, and that which was grown on land on which field peas were used as a green manure yielded 6.5 bushels of wheat per acre more than that grown on land on which buckwheat was used as a green manure.

In time for seeding this autumn, valuable material will be sent out from the College to those farmers residing in Ontario who wish to conduct experiments upon their own farms through the medium of the Experimental Union. The material will be supplied, free of charge, to those who wish to conduct the experiments and report the results in the early autumn of 1924. Any Ontario farmer may apply for the material for any one of the following seven experiments: (1) Three choice varieties of winter wheat; (2) One variety of winter rye and one of winter barley; (3) Spring applications of five fertilizers with winter wheat; (4) Autumn and spring applications of nitrate of soda and common salt with winter wheat; (5) Winter emmer and winter barley; (6) Hairy vetches and winter rye as fodder crops; (7) Mixtures of winter rye and hairy vetches for seed production.

The size of each plot is to be one rod wide by two rods long. Fertilizers will be sent by express for experiment No. 4 this autumn, and for experiment No. 3 next spring. All seed will be sent by mail except that for No. 4, which will accompany the fertilizers. The material will be sent out in the order in which the applications are received and as long as the supply lasts. The O.A.C. No. 104 variety will be included as one of the three varieties of winter wheat sent out for Experiment No. 1 in the above list.

Summer Pasture for Growing Pigs.

During the busy summer days on the farm, the question of how best to handle the herd of growing pigs in order to get the maximum results from the minimum outlay in feed and labor is of vital importance. With a herd of growing cattle all that is necessary is to give good pasture with a little salt and sufficient water and they will come along all right. While grass and water alone are not entirely sufficient for the growing pigs, many feel that a good clover pasture will go a long way in supplying their feed requirements and consequently reduce the amount of concentrates or grain required.

In order to obtain some information on this problem an experiment was conducted on the Experimental Station at Kapuskasing, Ont., in 1922. While testing out the effect of pasture it was thought advisable to include in the test a comparison of self-feeding and pail-feeding. Thirty pure-bred Yorkshire pigs, twelve weeks old and very uniform, were selected on August 1st and divided into three groups of ten each.

Lot No. 1 was housed in clean dry quarters in the main hog pen, while Lots 2 and 3 were turned out on clover pasture, each lot having a portable hog cabin as a shelter.

The three lots were fed rations of similar meal mixtures, as follows: From twelve to fourteen weeks of age, a mixture of finely ground oats, two parts; middlings, two parts; and finely ground barley, one part; plus five per cent. tankage. From fourteen to twenty weeks the mixture consisted of finely ground oats, finely ground barley and middlings, equal parts, plus five per cent. tankage. From twenty weeks to the end of the experiment on November 1st the mixture was: finely ground oats, one part; middlings, one part; and finely ground barley, two parts; plus five per cent. tankage. Each lot received the same amount of skim milk, which varied slightly from day to day.

Fresh drinking water was kept before all three lots at all times and Lots 1 and 2 were fed their grain in the form of a milk and water slop; while Lot 3 consumed the dry grain from the self-feeder and milk from the trough.

The milk was charged at fifty cents per one hundred pounds, and the other feeds at actual market prices as follows:

Oats	\$1.75 per cwt.
Middlings	\$1.95 per cwt.
Barley	\$2.10 per cwt.
Tankage	\$3.75 per cwt.

The results show that it took 606 lbs. of feed per one hundred lbs. gain with the inside lot; while 388 and 401 lbs. of feed produced one hundred

pounds gain on Lots 2 and 3 respectively.

The cost of producing one hundred lbs. of gain, labor included, was \$22.90 for Lot 1, \$11.86 for Lot 2, and \$10.45 for Lot 3.

From these results it may be concluded that, where a farmer has plenty of clover pasture and is short of labor, he will be well advised to turn his shoats out and supply them by means of the self-feeder.

POULTRY

After selling eggs by parcel post for two years I have found out two important facts about this method of marketing eggs. First, the folks to whom we ship in the big city, about 250 miles distant, are rather seasonal in their desire for eggs. They want our fresh country eggs especially from October to some time after Easter, perhaps because most of the eggs then to be obtained in the stores or markets are stale or cold-storage eggs. In summer they find fresh eggs plentiful in the city; besides, they do not eat as many eggs during the hot months.

Second, those to whom we ship eggs work in large factories, and receive what I consider substantial salaries. They do not hesitate to pay the same prices for the eggs as they pay in their local stores. This often nets us five cents or more a dozen than we could secure locally. They furnish and maintain their own twelve-dozen shipping crates. They pay the postage both ways—on the empty and the filled crates. We have no fillers or crates to buy or maintain.

I have learned that two precautions must be taken: the eggs must be fresh, and must be packed well. We never have had a report of a single bad or broken egg.

The eggs are gathered each day, sorted and put directly into the crates, so we have no extra handling. The crates are kept in a cool place to preserve the freshness of the eggs. If kept in a warm, dry room many days, they lose much of their fine flavor, and moisture evaporates from them.

In packing we use old papers to make the fillers firm and solid, so that the eggs cannot shake about if the crates are handled roughly somewhere while in transit.

Our first experience started in shipping to a relative. Their neighbors next door and their friends asked if they could secure eggs from us. We could ship more eggs than we do, but our shipments are limited to the surplus from our good-sized farm flock. The only advertisement necessary under these conditions to find an outlet for all our surplus eggs is a few pleased customers. Good eggs, good packing, prompt service, and good customers combine to bring good prices. Judging from our experience, the first pleased customer becomes an advertising medium.—J. J.

For Home and Country

The Prince of Wales at an Institute Quilting Demonstration

BY GIBSON SCOTT.

At the Royal Agricultural Show at Newcastle-on-Tyne the Northern Counties Women's Institutes of England were represented by an exhibit of handwork of all descriptions. A large tent was entirely filled with their work. One of the toys made, Polar Bears in an Arctic Setting, was sent to the Headquarters Loan Collection at London, being much admired.

Another unique feature was a quilting demonstration. This tent was an object of particular interest to the Prince of Wales, who not only visited it, but remained a fascinated observer of the "quilting bee." We would suggest to our English sisters that the quilt might find an appropriate abiding place in the Prince's Canadian ranch home.

BOTH WORK AND PLAY IN THIS CANADIAN INSTITUTE.

In looking back over the year's work at Vernon, Ont., we have a feeling of gratitude that we have not stood still, but that some real work has been done for the good of the community. Nine meetings were held during the year, at which papers and readings were given by members. A demonstration on Table Setting and Serving for a formal dinner, by a member, an address on Beautification of Home Surroundings by one of the pastors, and papers on Thanksgiving, Kitchen Short Cuts, What Other Institutes are doing in Canada, and Rural Horticulture, indicate the range of our interests. During winter months meetings were held in the homes, with an added attendance and deeper interest. With the usual socials and concerts we raised \$447.59 during the year and paid \$140 on our piano; \$25 was used in buying clothing for women and children of fire sufferers in Northern Ontario, and in October four large boxes consisting of bedding, quilts and pillows, nightgowns and second hand clothing for men, women

and children were sent. In January \$83 was collected in the community and sent with another large box of bedding, quilts and pillows. We conducted a Community Singing Class during the winter months under the leadership of a local man. Lessons were given free to the school children and a song book to each family, institute members paying a small fee. At the close a concert was given by the class to defray expenses.

We also provided flower boxes for the school verandah, and the teacher, with the help of the school children, made flower beds, the W. I. members providing plants. The teachers, who are also members of the Horticultural Society, gave their flowers to be used in boxes.

As we have the Hall free for all our meetings we felt we would like to do something to make it more homelike and donated \$10 toward shades.

There is an old saying: "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," so we combined the two, and in October had a Halloween Social, giving prizes for best costumes; had games and served refreshments. In March we had an Irish concert. Some thought this a little out of line in a Scotch community, but it's wonderful what they can accomplish with practice.

As Institute workers, we are striving to do better, to improve on our mistakes, and to put before the world an example of which none of us needs be ashamed. May we in the words of Edgar Guest's beautiful poem: "To each day bring our very best. A lifetime is but a day; To-morrow we may be called West, Now is the time to say The helping word to a toiling friend. Now is the time to give The helping hand ere the sun descend, To-morrow we may not live."

And with Longfellow: "Let us then be up and doing! With a heart for any fate, Still achieving, still pursuing, Learn to labor and to wait."

Hold a School Fair This Year

BY E. G. WILLIAMS.

In many communities the school fair has become one of the most interesting social events of the year, bringing young and old together, with the result that a better understanding is established between the present and future generation of the community.

It is gradually coming to be realized that there is no stronger incentive to keep young men and women on the farm than personal interest and activity in some practical phase of farm work. And the special interest that always appeals with the paramount force is the show and prize list.

To organize an exhibition of boys' and girls' work and make it a success is almost, if not quite, as great a task as to get up a show for the adults. One reason for this is that the boys and girls should have as much as possible to do with the arrangements; and they must, in most cases, be directed, to a large extent, in the things to be done and the methods of doing.

If it is a school fair the teacher will wisely refrain from too much dictation or bossing, laying the business before the pupils with the best suggestions, but leaving the deciding and the performance as much as possible with the classes or committees in charge of the various departments. The following suggestions may be of great value to those wishing to put on some such affair.

First, select a boy to conduct the program on the day of the show; second, a boy to construct or secure the tables and decorate the rooms; third, a boy to see that the products are entered in the proper classes as they are brought in; fourth, a boy to act as clerk for the judge on the day of the show; fifth, a boy to place ribbons on the products and distribute the prizes.

While each of these boys may help the others, yet each has a particular job, for which he is responsible. These boys are chosen by their classmates, to carry out their particular duties. They may have assistants, if needed. After having elected officers for the show, the next problem is one of advertising. This can be done in several ways.

Here are suggestions that might be helpful: An attractive, well-arranged premium list, to be circulated, a letter sent either by the teacher or by one of the pupils to the leading farmers of the community; announcements at public meetings; a series of news items for local newspapers; a number of handbills distributed throughout the community; attractive posters, and window displays.

A few rules are necessary in running a successful fair. For example: All exhibits must have been grown during the preceding season on the farm of the exhibitor.

An entry of corn shall consist of ten ears, unless otherwise provided for. Entries should be made in person, if possible.

Only one entry will be allowed any exhibitor in a single class.

No entrance fee shall be charged to exhibitors.

Small grains are generally brought in quantities of one peck each. Different methods have been used in securing premiums. In some cases the

agricultural departments put on a play, the proceeds to be used for the expense of the exhibit and the payment of premiums. In other cases some local organization may contribute. The more common plan has been to depend on individual contributions of money or merchandise from local merchants, or others interested. Give your publicity contributors should be given.

The exhibits shown may be sold at auction after the show and the money used to pay expenses. Sometimes, however, this is not satisfactory, as the owners of good exhibits often wish to keep them. This can be arranged for those who wish their products back.

Expensive premiums should not be encouraged. It has been found much more satisfactory to offer several small premiums than a few large ones. Some schools have found it advisable to give, in addition to other premiums, printed ribbons, denoting first, second, third and fourth classes.

It has been found advantageous to have some form of entertainment or speaking in connection with the show. In one instance, a room was provided for the exhibition of relics and curios. This proved an attractive part of the show. A corn-judging contest should be held by the boys taking agricultural work, or possibly, a stock-judging contest. Demonstrations in knot-tying, halter-making and rope-splicing by vocational boys are always of interest.

Care should be exercised in securing a competent judge. Sometimes the agricultural representative is available and does satisfactory work; in other cases the extension department may be able to furnish a good man. In every instance the judge should be a man in whom the people have confidence. Future shows may be discouraged through neglect of this point. It is well to make use of the experience of the past, but the fair needs to be kept up-to-date.

SHEEP

Scouring in feeding lambs can be remedied or prevented if the stock is managed right upon arriving on your farm. For a number of years I have fed Western lambs which I buy on one of the lake markets. On the trip from market to my farm the lambs are practically without feed and water for more than twenty-four hours.

When they arrive they cannot be put right on green pasture without danger of scouring. Invariably if lambs are turned on green pasture they will scour. I put them in a field or feed lot for a day or two, giving them plenty of dry hay and clean water. Then I turn them on a clover pasture for an hour or two. After this they are brought back to the feed lot for hay again. Each day for a week I leave the lambs on pasture a little longer until they are accustomed to it.

I have no trouble with scours. This ailment may easily be expensive, since the lambs become very weak and may die. One or two deaths in a flock help spoil a profit.

The Sunday School Lesson

SEPTEMBER 16

Luke, the Beloved Physician. Luke 1: 1-14; Acts 1: 1-5; 16: 9-18; Col. 4: 14; 2 Tim. 4: 11. Golden Text—A friend loveth at all times, and a brother is born for adversity.—Prov. 17: 17.

LESSON FOREWORD.—To-day we study the life of Luke. Although he is one of the outstanding personalities of the New Testament, the details of his life are very meagre. He is said to have been born in Antioch in Syria. His writings show him to be a person of education, both literary and medical, while tradition credits him with being a painter of no mean skill. He shows in his writing not only a trained mind, but a great heart. His Gospel is called the Gospel of God's wide open heart and all enclosing arms. It is the universal Saviour that Luke brings before us. Luke was evidently a person of means, which were also, like mind and heart, dedicated to God, and so he becomes the ministering companion of Paul in his missionary labors and experiences.

I. LUKE, THE WRITER OF THE GOSPEL, LUKE 1: 1-4.

Vs. 1, 2. *Forasmuch as many have taken in hand.* Luke is giving the reason that prompts him to write his Gospel. The apostles had communicated, by word of mouth, the story of Christ's deeds, words, death and resurrection. This word of mouth story had been, in turn, set out in written order by many. It was too precious to be allowed to merely pass from mouth to mouth. A declaration: "things . . . most surely believed;" a narrative of the established facts in our religion. *Even as they delivered;* the written narrative found its sole source in the story of Christ as it came from the apostles. *Eyewitnesses, and ministers.* The reason why the apostles should be the sole authorities was twofold. First, they were intimate friends and eyewitnesses. Second, after the ascension of Christ, they were his spirit-filled and spirit-guided stewards and representatives.

Vs. 3, 4. *It seemed good to me also.* The writer, therefore, is not doing a presumptuous thing, but only following a practice already established. *Having had perfect understanding of all things;* "inasmuch as I have gone carefully over them all myself from the beginning." Luke has made a personal, a detailed, a complete study of Christ's life. A reference to Luke's Gospel will show how this Gentle writer has given us much not found in the other Gospels, such as the stories of the birth and infancy of Jesus. *Most excellent Theophilus.* All we know of Theophilus is that he is a Christian and also a man of high rank, as is indicated by the title of address, "most excellent."

II. LUKE, THE WRITER OF THE ACTS, ACTS 1: 1; 16: 9-15.

Acts 1: 1. *The former treatise;* the Gospel of Luke. The object of this second treatise is not to tell the whole story of the acts of the apostles, but was brought to the Gentile world in accordance with the whole spirit of Christ's ministry and teaching.

Vs. 9, 10. *There stood a man of Macedonia.* After Paul had been prevented from preaching the gospel in Asia and Bithynia, a new and greater opens before him. It is at this point that Luke seems to have become the companion of Paul, v. 12. *We endeavored.* Luke stayed behind in Philippi. Five years later Paul and Luke meet again, almost certainly in Philippi, Acts 20: 3-5. Some think, therefore, that Luke was a native of Philippi, and that Paul's vision of the man of Macedonia was preceded by a visit from Luke, who urged Paul to come to Philippi.

Vs. 11, 13. *Neapolis;* the port of Philippi. A colony, Philippi was a Roman possession and the civil magistrates and military authorities were Romans, appointed from Rome. *Where prayer was . . . made;* a place where the Jews met for prayer and for the observance of the Jewish ceremonial washings. Hence, it was by the river side.

Vs. 14-16. *A seller of purple.* She came from Thyatira, a city of Asia Minor, of which dyeing was a staple trade. It was here Lydia got her purple for sale in Philippi. *Which worshipped God.* This Gentle woman was a convert to the Jewish faith. *Whose heart the Lord opened;* for the greater light of the gospel. The first convert in Europe is a woman. *Her household.* Lydia was a woman of means, and had servants. They share in her spiritual blessing. *Come . . . abide . . . she constrained.* Lydia's purse and home are also opened to God, and his servants. She insists on giving hospitality.

III. LUKE, THE BELOVED FRIEND OF PAUL, COL. 4: 14; 2 TIM. 4: 11.

Col. 4: 14. This Epistle was written by Paul during his first imprisonment in Rome. *Luke, the beloved physician.* After the second meeting in Philippi, referred to, Luke seems to have been continuously in the company of Paul. The description of Luke as beloved slows the bond between the two friends.

2 Tim. 4: 11. This letter was written during Paul's second and last imprisonment in Rome. In the first imprisonment, Paul had comparatively good treatment, being allowed to live in his own hired house under guard. Now his treatment is more rigorous. He is in a real prison. *Only Luke is with me.* Paul needs friends more than ever. The end is near, but Demas, who was with him, has forsaken him, having loved the world better than Christ. *Take Mark.* This is the Mark about whom Barnabas and Paul had a contention. Now Paul has recognized the worth of Mark. Mark had overcome himself and proved himself worthy of the friendship of the great apostle.

APPLICATION.

The Doctor. There is a rather uncomplimentary reference to the doctors in St. Mark. "A certain woman had suffered many things of many physicians, and had spent all that she had, and was nothing bettered, but rather grew worse." It is well

that there can be set over against that the life of Luke. Although he is one of the outstanding personalities of the New Testament, the details of his life are very meagre. He is said to have been born in Antioch in Syria. His writings show him to be a person of education, both literary and medical, while tradition credits him with being a painter of no mean skill. He shows in his writing not only a trained mind, but a great heart. His Gospel is called the Gospel of God's wide open heart and all enclosing arms. It is the universal Saviour that Luke brings before us. Luke was evidently a person of means, which were also, like mind and heart, dedicated to God, and so he becomes the ministering companion of Paul in his missionary labors and experiences.

The Medical Missionary. Dr. J. D. Jones says that Luke is "the first Christian medical missionary." It is easy to believe that this is very literally true; that Luke, traveling with Paul, both preached and used his skill in healing people of their sicknesses. About twelve years ago an honored medical missionary, who has since died, wrote: "The long-drawn, never-ending cry of physical suffering, and of the hopeless misery of spiritual darkness, rising from the millions of stricken men, helpless women, and perishing children of China, is beginning to reach the ear of the Christian Church; while at the same time the wise and loving example of the Christian in preaching, teaching and healing, points the way to quickest and surest relief." "Too long," he said, "have the churches and missionary societies ignored or neglected the powerful 'medical arm' of Christian missions."

The Doctor as a Literary Man. There is a remarkable work by Dr. Hobart, on "The Medical Language of St. Luke," in which the author makes a minute comparison of words used in the third Gospel and Acts, with words employed by Galen, Hippocrates, and other medical writers of antiquity; the result is that many of Luke's favorite words, and many of the words used exclusively by him among New Testament writers, are found to be characteristic of these writers. He writes like a doctor.

Three medical men of our own time have made notable contributions to literature, all of them with a distinctively Christian message. Sir William Osler, a Canadian, of Toronto University, and finally as professor of medicine at Oxford; Dr. R. C. Cabot, with his commendation of work, play, love, and worship as the things by which men live; and that intrepid Labrador doctor, missionary, and author, Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell.

Tomatoes for Pickling.

Spiced.—Two quarts tomatoes, 1 quart brown sugar, mixed spices to taste (mace, allspice, cinnamon, nutmeg). Stand 3 hours, then boil like sweet pickles—One peck tomatoes, 2 onions, 1 red pepper, 3 cups mild vinegar, 2 cups brown sugar, 2 tablespoons salt, 1 teaspoon each cinnamon and nutmeg, ½ teaspoon cloves and allspice. Simmer slowly. Pack tomatoes when tender. Boil down syrup.

Mustard.—Simmer ½ bushel sliced tomatoes and 6 red peppers 40 minutes. Sieve, add 1 tablespoon black pepper, 1 ounce cloves, salt to taste, 1 cup brown sugar, 2 grated onions, ½ ounce mace. Boil until quite thick. When cold add 1 ounce each mustard and curry powder and 1 cup vinegar.

Sauce.—Eighteen green tomatoes, apples, small onions; 6 green peppers—all chopped. Simmer with 1½ cups raisins, 3 cups each sugar and vinegar, 2 tablespoons each of ginger and salt, ½ teaspoon paprika, juice 5 lemons, ½ teaspoon curry powder. Cook like marmalade.

Green Pickle.—One peck green tomatoes and 1 dozen white onions, sliced. Arrange in layers with salt and stand overnight. Drain off brine. Simmer 10 minutes with mild vinegar to cover, 4 shredded red chili peppers, 2 tablespoons celery seed, 1 of mustard seed and ½ cup or more of mixed whole spices in a bag. Stir in 1 tablespoon grated horseradish. Seal.



The Best Trees.

I'd like to have some trees that grow in other lands beyond the sea; I'd like to own a breadfruit tree, And take the fruit, instead of dough, And bake it for myself. I think I'd choose a coconut for drink.

The coco palm might grow too tall For me to climb, but anyway I know the nuts would fall some day, And I could surely find them all And have the milk, all fresh and sweet! Oh, that would surely be a treat!

And yet, if some who never knew What maple sugar is, could see And taste it, they would think that tree The very best that ever grew!

They'd plant a maple in the spring, And prize it most of everything!

Mustard and other gases are to be employed in clearing out nests of rattlesnakes in Texas.

Royalties amounting to \$11,000 were paid to Sir Arthur Sullivan during his life as a result of the popularity of "The Lost Chord."

Air accidents during the six months ended June 30th, in all parts of the world involved the deaths of 163 persons, as the result of 90 crashes.

The Athens Reporter

ISSUED WEEKLY
SUBSCRIPTION RATES
\$1.50 per year strictly in advance to any address in Canada; \$2.00 when not so paid

ADVERTISING RATES
Legal and Government Notices—10 cents per nonpareil line (12 lines to the inch) for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Yearly Cards—Professional cards, \$5.00 per year.

Local Readers—10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line subsequent.

Black Type Readers—15 cents per line for first insertion and 7 1/2 cents per line per subsequent insertion.

Small Advs.—Condensed adv's such as: Lost, Found, Strayed, To Rent, For Sale, etc., 1 cent per word per insertion, with a minimum of 25 cents per insertion.

Auction Sales—40 cents per inch for first insertion and 20 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion.

Cards of Thanks and In Memoriam—50c Obituary Poetry—10 cents per line.

Commercial Display Advertising—Rate on application at Office of publication.

H. E. Bywater, Editor and Proprietor

THE COAL QUESTION.

From a point of view apart from that of immediate convenience, it is a matter of some regret that the anthracite coal strike has been settled so soon. Had it been prolonged we in Canada would, as a matter of fact, have been compelled to have made yet more vigorous effort to develop our own resources as regards combustibles and find a substitute for United States coal, and thus render ourselves independent of supplies from the neighboring republic. What remains now to stimulate our efforts in this direction is the exorbitant price we are asked to pay for American anthracite—a price which will no doubt, be immediately increased as a result of the settlement of the present difficulties.

New Dublin

New Dublin, Sept. 10.—Miss Florence Bellinger, of Ottawa, has returned to her home after spending a few days with Miss Donohoe.

The Misses Margaret and Agnes Gray, of Prescott, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Bowen.

Mr. and Mrs. R. McDougall and children, and James Bradley, Brockville, and Miss Alma Ward, of Renfrew, spent Sunday at D. L. Flood's.

Margaret Stewart, of Brockville, was a guest of Maude Moore recently.

Miss Agnes Rogers, of Kingston, is visiting Genevieve Horton.

Mrs. Ann Johnston has returned from spending a few days with friends at Addison.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Johnston, Mrs. Lottie Horton, Adam Horton and S. C. Hawkins enjoyed a motor trip to Morton and Seely's Bay last week.

Mrs. V. L. Mackie, of Elmdale, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Moore.

Mrs. F. G. Austen, of Mallorytown, and Norman Moore, of Gallen Buell, spent Monday at J. S. Morris's.

A free radio demonstration concert will be given at S. C. Hawkins' store on Friday evening, September 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pierce and son, Allan, have returned after spending the summer at Alexandria Bay, N.Y., and are spending a few days at E. A. Bowen's.

LYNDHURST

Lyndhurst, Sept. 17.—A number from this section attended the Lansdowne fair and report a record attendance.

Tom Warren, Jr., has accepted a position in a Brockville garage.

Mr. and Mrs. William Halliday and mother, who have spent some time in New Britain, Conn., have returned home.

Mrs. Walter Powers and daughter, Miss Muriel, of Elgin, spent Sunday with Mrs. C. Church.

Mrs. S. Hunkles and Mrs. John Cardiff spent a day in Athens recently.

Miss Eddie Leadbeater, of Elmdale, spent the week-end with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun, Ford street.

Miss Olive Jackson, who is teaching at school at Portland, spent Sunday at the parental roof.

Mrs. C. B. Tallman spent a portion of the week in Athens the guest of her sister, Mrs. Judson.

Several from the village prepared to attend the Kingston exhibition.

Harold Webster and Fred Chisham are among the number from Lyndhurst attending the Ottawa fair.

S. Rathall is improving the appearance of his residence by putting on a new roof of metal shingles.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Columbia Grafonola
scientifically right
artistically correct
The best designers in the country make Columbia Grafonolas. Their acoustic design is as scientifically right as their cabinets are artistically correct.

Ask to hear these New Process Records
Yes! We Have No Bananas—Fox-Trot The Janin Orchestra A-3924 75c
Pickles—Fox-Trot The Original Memphis Five A-3917 \$1.00

Broken Hearted Melody and Hula-Hula Kase—Waltzes A-3953 75c
Fetara's Hawaiian Instrumental Quartet

GEO. W. BEACH
Columbia Dealer Athens, Ont.

BANK DEPOSITORS ARE REASSURED.

No Occasion for Uneasiness, Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor States.

From the Montreal Gazette: "Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, General Manager of the Bank of Montreal, on being asked with regard to the banking situation, stated that as president of the Canadian Bankers' Association and otherwise, he thought there had been too much talk of further banking mergers and this, obviously, had a very unsettling effect. So far as I know as president of the association and general manager of the Bank of Montreal, there are no mergers likely in the near future, and in my opinion there is no occasion whatsoever for alarm or uneasiness on the part of depositors in Canadian banks, he added.

A Word to Bank Depositors.

From the Toronto Globe: "The Globe is constrained by a sense of duty to say to bank depositors that upon their steadiness and confidence at the present time the financial well-being of Ontario in the immediate future largely depends.

"Some of the depositors in our Canadian chartered banks have recently been making inquiries concerning their financial standing.

"Some have gone farther and have changed their deposit accounts from one bank to another.

"The Globe is carried on the highest financial authority, that the deposits in every chartered bank carrying on business in Ontario today are amply secured, and that there is not the least necessity for concern as to their safety.

"The removal of deposits from one bank to another does not necessarily decrease their security, and it is unnecessary that the banks themselves, in times like the present, do not favor such action. It only tends still further to disturbance and unrest when confidence and security are essential.

"The Globe hopes its readers will take no part in rocking the boat."

Phillipsville

Phillipsville, Sept. 14.—William Halliday spent a day in Ottawa this week at the exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. Sage and Mr. Pratt, of Detroit, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Blackman, of Seely's Bay, visited at the home of Mrs. W. B. Phelps, Thomas Webster, this week.

The household effects of Mrs. H. C. Davison, Brockville, are being moved here to-day. Mrs. Davison will take up residence at the home of her father, W. B. Phelps.

Two cars, one on route from Delta fair, met in collision on Wednesday in front of the Post office, causing considerable damage. A wheel on one was demolished, but the occupants escaped uninjured.

A. E. Haskins and Mrs. Putnam left for Ottawa yesterday where they will visit relatives and attend the exhibition.

Interested patrons of the fall fairs were busy this week attending the different attractions. Many attended Delta fair, which was in full swing

Classy Job Printing of all Kinds
Our Prices are Right
Patronize Home Industry
THE ATHENS REPORTER JOB PRINTING DEPT. Athens, Ontario RURAL PHONE

Notice to Creditors AND OTHERS

In the Matter of the Estate of Duzoby Robinson Kendrick, late of the Township of Bastard, in the County of Leeds, Gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1914, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others, having claims against the estate of the said Duzoby Robinson Kendrick, who died on or about the Seventh day of April, 1923, are required on or before the Sixth day of October, 1923, to send by post prepaid or deliver to T. R. Beale, of Athens, Ontario, Solicitor for Albert J. Kendrick and Roy Graham, the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

Dated at Athens, the 6th day of September, 1923.

T. R. BEALE, Solicitor for Executors

LOST

On or about August 29th between Athens and Plum Hollow, car number 199572. Finder will please leave same with owner—JAS. ROSS, Athens.

Ladies' and Gents'

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed. Pleated Skirts a specialty. Work guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

PARNES & IULFORD, (Over Taylor's Store)

LOST

On Aug. 27th, a two-year old Milch Cow—(black and white.) Anyone finding her or knowing her whereabouts, will confer a favor by notifying owner.

ROYAL GARDINER, Hard Island

FOUND

Bunch of Keys in the vicinity of post-office on Friday. Owner can have same by calling at Reporter Office and paying for advt.

ATHENS BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Keep the Home Fire Burning
BY PATRONIZING
THE LOCAL BUSINESS MEN

If you want Groceries, Candy and Ice Cream—call at D. Dack & Son's Cash Store

Dr. H. C. Pritchard, Dentist. Gas administered. Office: Pierce Hotel, Main Street.

Anything Else, Madam? In the way of Groceries? If so, we can fill your order to your entire satisfaction. Everything carried in Vegetables, Fruits, Meats, Canned Goods and General Groceries. Quality right.—Ereco's Grocery.

The House of Quality—All parties desirous of purchasing first class Groceries, Confectionery and Canned Goods should patronize us. Fruits in season.—Geo. Judson, Main St.

New and Up-to-date Stock of Furniture of all lines and grades. Prices as low and lower than any departmental store. W. C. Town, Furniture Dealer and Funeral Director. Phone: House 49, Store 65.

We endeavor to merit your good will and support by carrying the best quality of Drugs and proprietary Remedies obtainable. All prescriptions filled with the utmost care. Splendid line of Stationery and Fancy Goods carried. S. C. A. Lamb, Central Block.

Our store stands for Quality in the highest degree. We carry only the best lines in Groceries, Confectionery, Canned Goods and Fruits. Ice Cream and Cool Drinks served, in all flavors. Courteous treatment and prompt service.—Maud Addison.

A. M. Eaton, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Leeds. Auction Sales of all kinds conducted at reasonable rates. Orders received by mail or phone will receive prompt attention. Farm sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

You Want the Best Bread—Don't you? Then get Coons' Bread. No expense is spared to make every loaf's baking attain perfection. There is an appreciated quality of wholesomeness that makes it unusually good value. This fact is quickly appreciated after trial.—Coons' Baking Shop

The Italian Apaches (so called because of spilling in boxes of Italian blood) on Waine Street—makes it possible for the citizens to follow the advice of Holy Writ: "Eat thou honey because it is good." The proprietor, Mr. M. B. Holmes, has for a great many years catered to those who have a taste for this most healthful food product.

Everything in Harness for both farmers and townspeople. Let us know your wants and we will supply the goods. Special attention given to repairs, and prompt service. Agent for Chevrolet Cars.—A. R. Brown.

Keep the Home Fires Burning by patronizing "The Bazaar." Full line of Groceries, Fruits, Confectionery, Patent Medicines, Jewelry, Fancy Goods carried in stock. Ice Cream and Soft Drinks in season. Your business appreciated.—R. J. Compo, "The Bazaar."

The Earl Construction Company—Hardware, Paints, Varnishes, Murecco, Ford Parts and Accessories, Tinware, etc. "Genuine" B. & H. White Lead and Oil. Quick and courteous service assured. All work guaranteed satisfactory.—Earl Construction Company.

Patronize home industry by buying your new Farm Machinery from us. We are agents for Massey-Harris Company, who have the best machinery on the market. In fact we carry everything the farmer needs. Large stock of up-to-date Buggies always on hand, also Harness for horses. Read display advt. in "The Reporter" and give us a call. Full line of repairs always in stock.—A. Taylor & Son.

Keep the Home Fires Burning by patronizing Max Ain. You will find it will pay you to do your permanent trading at our store, as we are endeavoring to give permanent satisfaction to our customers. Mutual cooperation is bound to improve the service. Customers will find it to their advantage to trade with us, as we carry a full line of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Men's Clothing, etc. Give us a call and you will be sure to get the service. If we please you, tell others, and if not, tell us, as we aim to please.—Max Ain, General Merchant.

Keep the Home Fires Burning by buying a piece of our choice Bacon for Breakfast. Complete line of Groceries, Canned Goods, Smoked and Fresh Meats—both pickled and smoked. If you want something special for Dinner—try one of our special Beef or Pork Roasts. We carry everything the pig produces except the squeal—Bacon, Lard and Sausage—Gunn's Special Meats—both pickled and smoked, can always be had here. Orders taken—goods delivered.—P. Y. Hollingsworth, Butcher and Grocer

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Here and There

Russia has more illiterates, and at the same time, more bookshops than any other country in Europe.

The largest consignment of silk from the Orient for many months, consisting of 5,500 bales, valued at \$9,000,000, formed part of the cargo of the "Empress of Russia" recently.

A shipment of silk from China, consisting of ten carloads, valued at two million dollars, went forward from Vancouver to New York under special guard over the Canadian Pacific lines recently.

The first of a series of six new seaplanes being constructed for the Canadian Government has just been delivered. The new planes are to be used in forest patrol for the prevention of destruction by fire.

Following the disastrous earthquakes and fires which devastated large areas in Japan, the Canadian Pacific liners "Empress of Canada" and "Empress of Australia" were thrown open to the accommodation of thousands of refugees, while the officers and men of the vessels did splendid work in organizing and assisting rescue parties.

The rapid increase in the export butter trade of Saskatchewan during the past year or two, has been the outstanding feature of the Provincial dairy industry. Recently the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries made a shipment of 25,000 lbs. of butter to China.

For almost two decades the major portion of the world's supply of cobalt has been derived from the Cobalt district, according to figures compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The cobalt production of Canada in 1922 was 569,960 pounds, which at \$3.25 a pound, would be worth \$1,852,370.

Canada's trade within the Empire is increasing. For the twelve months ended July, Canada exported to other parts of the Empire goods amounting to \$453,437,899. This is in comparison with \$354,992,074, the figure for the corresponding twelve months previous. Imports from British Empire countries during the two twelve months' periods were: Ended July, 1922, \$195,811,190; ended July, 1921, \$158,185,581.

A wheat crop of 82,514,000 bushels is forecasted in a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The report is based upon the condition of crops at the end of July, and indicates that the Prairie Provinces will produce 357,295,000 bushels of wheat if weather conditions continue favorable. Manitoba, it is expected, will have a total wheat yield of 44,468,090 bushels; Saskatchewan 211,051,000; and Alberta 101,776,000 bushels. Alberta is the only province to show an increased yield as compared with 1922.

A party of five journalists, representing the leading newspapers of Switzerland, who recently arrived at Quebec, are the guests in Canada of E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway. They will tour the Dominion in the interests of Swiss colonization. Stops will be made at different points where Swiss people are farming, and opportunity will be given to members of the party to converse with them and get first hand knowledge as to the desirability of Canada as a place for Swiss colonization.

In a letter on "Canada and Land Settlement," published by the Morning Post, Sir Geo. McLaren Brown, European manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, says that the agricultural salvation of Western Canada lies in mixed farming, which calls for smaller and more numerous agricultural holdings than wheat growing does, and results in closer settlement and better communication. The bigger and more densely settled the rural population, the more social amenities there are and greater advantages generally, he says.

RIVERDALE

Riverdale, Sept. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gilmour and family, who came to W. J. Curie's summer home in June, returned to Toronto this week.

Capt. W. Henry and Mrs. Henry, of Prescott, visited their daughter, Mrs. Mark Tooker, on Sunday at Point Pleasant.

Mrs. M. Stack spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McLellan, in Gananoque this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fox and Miss Virginia Page, South Augusta, called on friends here on Sunday last.

Mrs. MacKenzie and family have taken up residence in town after camping here for the summer.

Mr. Miller has had a new cement walk laid from his residence to the highway.

Mr. Charles Knill left on Monday to attend the Ottawa exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. William Henderson and Donald Henderson motored to Ottawa on Wednesday, accompanied by Miss Rae McCrimmon and Mrs. C. D. Perrin.

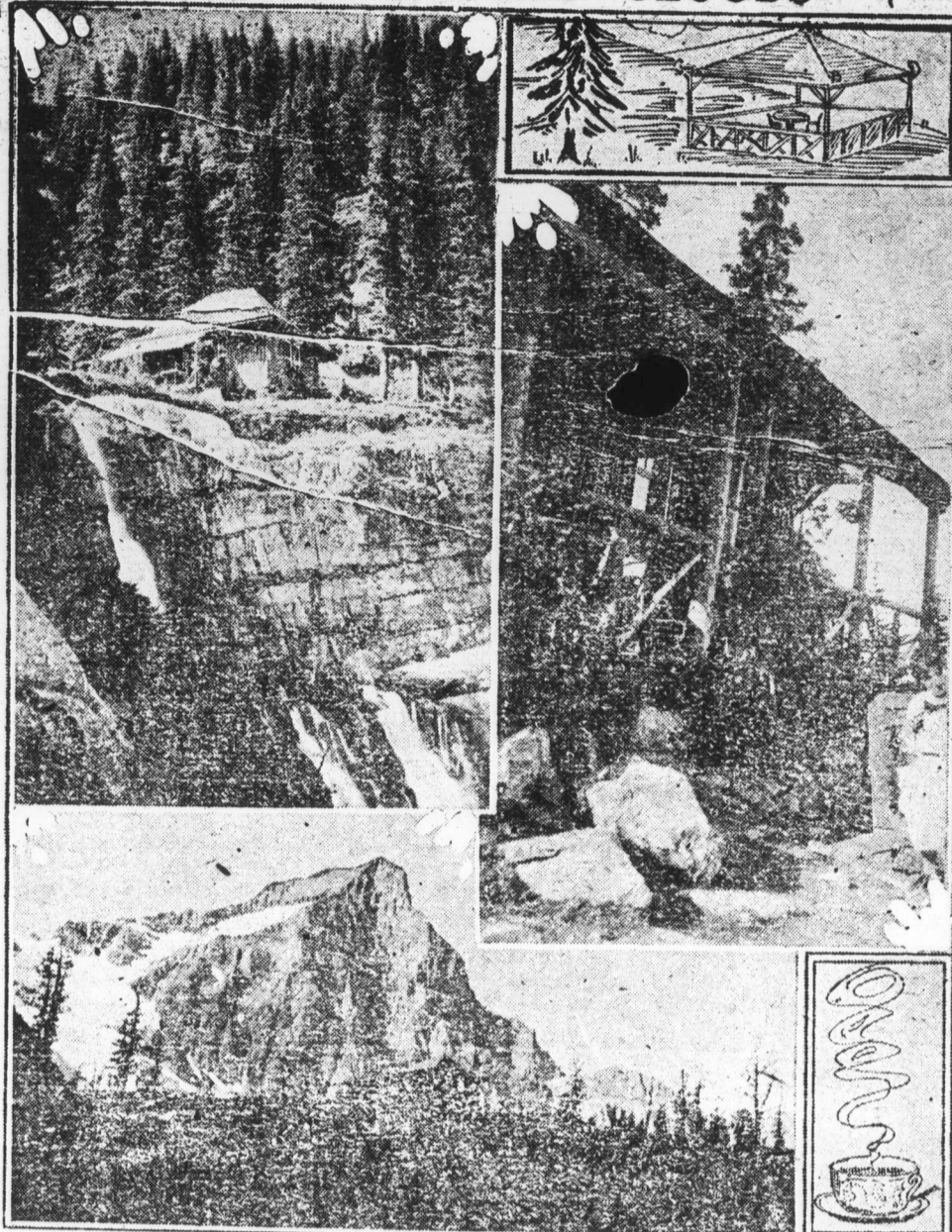
W. J. Curie, Montreal, was here for a couple of days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Tooker went to the exhibition in Ottawa this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Sherwood and family were in Kemptonville on Wednesday of last week attending the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Tooker entertained on the 31st in honor of the fifth birthday of their little son, Master Perry Tooker.

CABINS IN THE CLOUDS



Upper left shows the "Beehive" on the shores of Lake Agnes, near Lake Louise, in the Canadian Rockies. At the right is another place where one might drink tea served from quaint English china on top of Mount Fairview, in the same district.

To climb 6,875 feet above Lake Louise and to enjoy a cup of tea in delightful surroundings is one of the attractions offered visitors to Lake Louise, Alta. Tea houses on mountain peaks were unheard of a few years ago, but to-day there are at least a dozen of them situated in the Canadian Rockies.

Two of the most picturesque are the "Beehive" on the shores of Lake Agnes, about two miles and a half from the Chateau and the other a rustic log cabin on the top of Mount Fairview. Walking and pony excursions over the mountains in the vicinity of this picturesque lake are among the popular pastimes of visitors from all parts of the globe to "the lakes in the clouds."

From the "Beehive" one can get a perfect view of Mirror Lake and Lake Louise, which, with Lake Agnes, are known as "the lakes in the clouds." This cozy little tea room is owned by Miss E. Dodds and operated during the season by Miss

Goddard. Its furnishings are quaint and rustic.

The foodstuffs are delivered every morning by pack pony from the Chateau Lake Louise—even fuel for the cook stoves is transported in this way.

In addition to the tea room there is an attractive assortment of antiques from various parts of the globe, collected during the winter months by Miss Dodds, who usually goes abroad.

There are many surprises of scenic beauty along the trail to the tea room, but perhaps the most interesting fact is that one can obtain a delicious cup of English tea, with equally delicious home cooking within sight and sound of whistling marmots and squirrels and chipmunks that leap from bough to bough, and often within sight of friendly bears who come close to the kitchen door in search of tasty food.

One of the most interesting trips at Lake Louise is by a narrow, wind-

ing path on Mount Fairview to Saddleback Tea Room and Rest House, which is 2,500 feet higher than the Chateau. This quaint little log cabin, situated on Mount Fairview, overlooks Saddleback Mountain, so called because of its rock formation being similar to a saddle. It takes almost two hours by pony to make the trip over a steep zigzag trail, from which can be seen winding streams and rushing brooks thousands of feet below.

This tea room and rest house, like "Beehive," is owned by Miss Dodds and operated by Miss A. E. Whyman. Its surroundings are most artistic and restful. The view of Paradise Valley and Mount Temple from the tea house is one of the finest in the Rockies.

Daily supplies of food and fuel are transported by pack ponies from the Chateau to serve approximately 25 guests a day, who are well rewarded for their journey to the "highest tea house in Canada."

Highest Tea-Room in the Empire

A few days ago there opened the highest tea room in the British Empire, 7,985 ft. above sea level on Saddleback range, in the Canadian Pacific Rockies. It is one of the quaintest of log-cabin shelters.

If you care to follow one of the loveliest mountain trails, we can climb together. If you believe in wood nymphs, if you love Alpine flora, so much the better, for the forest paths are aglow with starry flowered faces.

Leaving Lake Louise the trail plunges immediately into the wooded aisles of Mount Fairview. Each turn and a more beautiful vista. Mossy slopes where grow the saxifrages in their natural environment. Frilly fungi holding dew-drops in their cup-like receptacles, in grayish green colorings, offset the browns of the fallen pine cones.

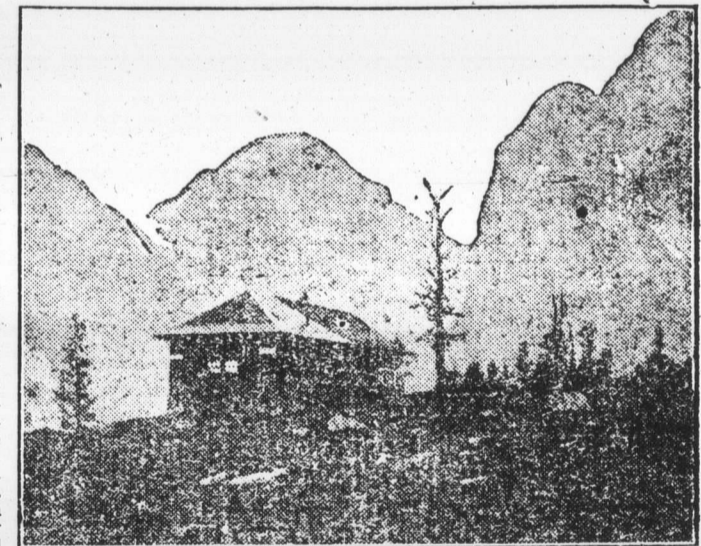
Rhododendrons grow wild here. To meet them growing wild on a mountain slope in the Canadian Rockies is truly a joy. There they are in close proximity to the wild heliotrope.

On we climb, pausing to revel in a valley panorama. Far down below is Paradise River, winding and twisting, like a platinum ribbon uncurling in a wayward wind. Little Lake Annette, shy and demure, lies in a hollow. A lazy marmot creeps out to see what human dare disturb his morning siesta. Gazing at us in a disgruntled manner, he saunters off, whistling to his mate that enemies were approaching.

As the cliffs become less tree-clad, vegetation becomes less prolific. But to recompense this lack, nature had clothed the rocky crags with heather. Yes, there it is, the white bell-like blossoms proclaiming their message of love.

Another climb, this time over rocky stones, where one steps cautiously, envying the agility of the wild mountain rabbits that dart back to shelter at our approach, and we reach the goal of our ascent! We have climbed to seven thousand, one hundred and eighty-five feet above sea level!

True to its name, sits the Saddleback Cabin Tea-house, resting between two higher peaks, which take



Hundreds of tourists this summer drank tea in this tea room, 7985 feet above sea level in the Canadian Pacific Rockies.

on the appearance of a Mexican saddle.

Snow-capped Mount Temple stands guard while trails leading to Sheol Valley and Paradise Valley look enticingly attractive.

A delightful English atmosphere permeates the interior of this old cabin, the original portion being well pencilled with names and dates as far back as 1809, by mountaineers, who sought shelter for the night, or protection from a short-lived blizzard, which occasionally varies the monotony of too perfect weather.

The hostess, a charming, fair haired English girl dispenses true old-world hospitality, and has made a happy selection of cottage pottery, for use on the log-pedestaled tables, done in dull blue tones.

tongue and heliotrope are also tucked in together.

A strapping youth from Calgary climbs the trail twice a day with provisions, for this "top-o-the-world" tea-house, and carries buckets of snow to be melted for the brewing of tea.

Miss Annette Whyman, who manages this unique tea-house is truly a keen lover of the open. Laughingly she told of the resentment of the squealing marmots, the thorny porcupines and the rock rabbits, when she first took possession of this log cabin mountain shelter. Two sleepless nights were spent, listening to the all-night sessions held by these furry creatures, over the advisability of evacuating their stronghold underneath the flooring. Finally, after much arguing, they decided a move was imperative.

To those of you who love the great open spaces, and the grandeur of mountainous trails, the writer would recommend this climb, filled as it is with the best that nature gives.

—Dorothy Perkins

FOREIGN RESIDENTS IN TOKIO ESCAPED, 30,000 NATIVE LIVES LOST

Yokohama Suffered Much More Severely Than Capital City But Total of Casualties is Still Uncertain—Seventy Foreigners Killed in Yokohama.

A despatch from London says:—The appalling nature of the Japanese earthquake, fire and tidal wave, with the greatest loss of life and property of any similar catastrophe in modern times, continues to be told by meagre and unconnected press despatches and private messages from foreign residents and tourists who survived the holocaust. But Europe still awaits the graphic story of how the earth shook to pieces and then consumed in flames Japan's capital and scores of towns around Tokio Bay, including the great commercial port of Yokohama.

The loss of life is estimated at such varying figures, in some cases running into hundreds of thousands, that any certainty of the casualty is impossible while communications with the devastated districts remain as they are.

On the whole, the news received on Thursday is of a more hopeful nature than any since the disaster, one authoritative message from a British naval official at Yokohama placing the deaths of foreigners in that port at seventy and stating that all the foreigners in Tokio escaped. Even this number of dead, which is small as compared with first reports, is enormous for a foreign colony of a few thousands and indicates that the loss of life among the native population may reach the highest reported figures.

The only official estimate is based on Home Office information from Tokio that the loss of life there was 30,000, but Yokohama is known to have suffered much more severely than the capital city, and the Home Office figures do not attempt to take into consideration the one hundred miles of coast-line towns and villages, all in the path of the tidal wave.

All available information shows that Tokio and Yokohama were not totally destroyed, the foreign residential district of the port city, which is on a high bluff overlooking the bay, suffering comparatively little damage, while the residential suburban districts of Tokio also escaped. This would account for the few deaths among the foreigners there, for on Saturday afternoon few would have been in their office.

The destruction in Tokio extends over two-thirds of the metropolitan district of foreign wards, with the low-lying districts completely wiped out. These include the slums of Fukagawa, the industrial section of Honjo, both on the right bank of the Sumida River, Asakusa, famous for its amusement parks, Kyobashi and Nibonbashi, which include most of modern Tokio, where four or five-storey buildings lined the principal thoroughfare, the Ginza. This section also includes Tsukiji, in which, before Japan was completely opened to the western nations, foreigners were compelled to reside.

It has recently been occupied principally by missionaries, their schools and hospitals. During the summer most of the Tsukijo residents are out of the city, but the loss of property has been heavy. In other sections of Tokio—Asabu, Shiba, Akasaka, Yotsuya and Ushigon—where the foreigners live in more or less isolated foreign compounds, consisting of a few western style houses built on small hills, the damage was by fire, which, on account of the number of open spaces, could be controlled. The foreign embassies and legal centres were widely scattered throughout the higher districts of Tokio, and a number of them, including the United States Embassy, have been destroyed.

A later despatch from London says:—With communication between the devastated earthquake districts of Tokio and the Southern Japanese ports of Kobe and Osaka partially restored by airplanes and road transport along the Takaido route and with the pick of Japan's well-trained army divisions, which have been converging on the ruined capital since Sunday, exerting discipline to restore order among the hundreds of thousands of homeless, news from Japan begins to give some definite idea of the loss of foreign life. There are approximately 100 dead or reported missing, half of whom are British, but the Japanese Government representatives here are still uninformed as to the number of Japanese who perished through the earthquake, fire and deluge. It is certain, however, that the death list will not exceed 50,000, if it reaches that figure.



WHERE ITALY COMMITTED AN ACT OF WAR

Corfu, a Greek island off Albania, has been bombarded and seized by Italian war ships with ten minutes' warning to the population. Half of the 60,000 population are Armenian and Greek refugees from Turkey. Italy's precipitate action appears to be part of a plan to close the Adriatic sea, making it virtually an Italian lake. Janina, where the Italian mission was murdered, is shown on the map.

STRIKE OF 158,000 COAL MINE WORKERS COMES TO AN END

A despatch from Harrisburg says:—Governor Pinchot's labors to bring about peace in the anthracite miners' strike were rewarded on Friday evening, when officials of the Miners' Union accepted his peace proposals. The strike of 158,000 workers, which began September 1, is virtually at an end.

The miners dropped their demand for the check-off and more than a 10 per cent. increase for day laborers. Joint negotiations for a new contract began at 7 o'clock Friday evening at the State House. As soon as the contract is ready it will be presented for formal ratification to a tri-district convention of union delegates at Scranton or Wilkes-Barre. Ratification is expected. The formal order calling off the strike will then be issued. No predictions could be made at present as to when the men would return to work, but it is believed here that coal-digging will be resumed in about 10 days.

"There is no point of dispute remaining between the two sides which is in any way likely to justify a continuation of the strike," said Governor Pinchot, in making the formal announcement that the miners had followed the operators in accepting his peace plan.

John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers, said that Governor Pinchot was entitled to the praise of the American people "for the present happy termination of an unfortunate situation."

Acceptance of the Pinchot proposal was unanimous by the Sub-scale Committee and the Full Scale Committee of the miner's meeting Friday. The former consists of Mr. Lewis, International President; Vice-President Philip Murray, and District Presidents Thos. C. Kennedy, C. J. Golden and Rinaldo Cappellini.

The Full Scale Committee is composed of 30 officers of local unions.

she left him in the sleeping bag and put up another tent fifty feet away. Last December, Ada said, Knight and two other men started for the mainland, but through some mistake landed near Peral Island, and after two weeks returned to Wrangel. Knight was too ill to travel. Crawford, Maurer and Galle started for Siberia, taking dog feed for seventeen days and very little other provisions. Ada said they, too, took a wrong direction, moving to the southeast as they passed forever from her vision.

Britain Warns Soviet Not to Interfere With Wrangel

A despatch from Moscow says:—In reply to the note sent by Foreign Minister Tchitcherin to Great Britain protesting against the raising of the British flag on Wrangel Island by an expedition of Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the explorer, Great Britain has informed Russia that the expedition was a private affair, organized by Stefansson, and that it does not touch the question of Russia's sovereign rights over the island. However, any attempt by Russia to hamper the work of the expedition would be viewed by Great Britain with utmost gravity, the note says. In a reply to Great Britain, M. Tchitcherin accepts the explanation. He declares, however, that co-ordination between the countries concerned must exist when the sovereign rights of one State are at issue.

Tchitcherin's note to Great Britain said Wrangel Island had been incorporated into Russia's territory in 1821-24, that Russia had built light-houses and other works there, and in 1915 formally notified all allied and neutral Governments that the island was an integral part of Russian territory. The note added that the Soviet Government regarded the raising of the British flag there as a violation of Russian sovereign rights.



Chief of Greek People Premier Col. Gonatas, whose reply to Premier Mussolini in reference to the demands of Italy for reparations and apologies over the murder of the Italian Mission in Albania, includes acceptance of four of the seven articles. The other three are infringements of Greek sovereignty, he declares.

League Accepts Erin's Application for Admission

A despatch from Geneva says:—The only work done by the League of Nations on Friday was by committees. As foreseen, the committee to examine the claims of applicant powers accepted the demand of the Irish Free State for admission, and rejected that of Abyssinia, on the ground that that independent African kingdom was not free from the stain of slave traffic, which no League member should allow to blotch his escutcheon.

Starting life in a workhouse, a girl has just taken her B.A. degree at Birmingham University.

Dominion News in Brief

Lytton, B.C.—A promising gold strike is reported from Kanaka, back of here. It is the head of Kwonek Creek, sixty-eight hundred feet elevation, and gives value of thirty dollars gold and thirty to fifty dollars arsenic.

Medicine Hat, Alta.—Four mills at this point report continued activity in the foreign market for Canadian flour. The Lake of the Woods Milling Co. have received an order for 43 tons of flour for China, while the Hedley Shaw mill has received an order for 25 tons from the same source. The Maple Leaf Milling Co. have booked space for 1,050 tons for export to China during August, September, October and November.

Winnipeg, Man.—Furs to the value of \$250,000, 90 per cent. of which went to New York, London and Paris buyers, were sold at the opening of the fur auction sale here. Beaver, silver fox and bear was in keen demand, beaver advancing 20 per cent., silver fox 30 per cent., and bear 10 per cent. Sudbury, Ont.—A new industry is to be established in the Sudbury and Algoma districts, where 1,046 square

miles of timber have been acquired by the Continental Wood Products Co., Ltd., who will erect a kraft pulp mill at Alsace, at a minimum cost of \$1,500,000.

Quebec, Que.—The Department of Lands and Forests is engaged on a scheme for the establishment of bureaux of forest research in various parts of the province. The schools will serve somewhat the same functions as the demonstration farms, with the exception that their activities will be confined to trees only. A sum of \$25,000 has been set aside by the Government for the furtherance of the scheme.

Fredericton, N.B.—The 30,000 lbs. of wool graded recently for the New Brunswick Sheep Breeders' Association, under the co-operative grading and marketing scheme, has now been sold. The largest consignment will be shipped to Hespeler, Ont., consisting of 20,000 lbs. The remainder will be shipped to Albany, New York. It is understood that the price received for the wool will be in advance of the average of 22 cents per lb. reached last season.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.27 1/2.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above, track, bay ports.
Am. corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.08.
Barley—Nominal.
Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.
Rye—No. 2, nominal.
Peas—No. 2, nominal.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$28; shorts, per ton, \$31; middlings, \$37; good feed flour, \$2.10.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, nominal.
Ontario No. 2 white oats—Nominal.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$4.60 to \$4.70; Toronto basis, \$4.50 to \$4.60; bulk seaboard, \$4.50.
Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, \$6.90 per bbl.; 2nd pats., \$6.40.
Cheese—New, large, 24 1/2 to 25c; twins, 25 to 26c; triplets, 26 to 27c; Stiltons, 26 to 27c; Old, Stiltons, 33c; twins, 33 1/2 to 34c. New Zealand old cheese, 31 to 32c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 38 to 40c; ordinary creamery, 36 to 37c; No. 2, 34 to 35c.
Eggs—Extras in cartons, 42 to 43c; extras, 40 to 41c; firsts, 36 to 37c; seconds, 28 to 29c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 3 lbs. and over, 36c; chickens, 2 to 3 lbs., 30c; hens, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 17c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 22c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 25c.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 3 lbs. and over, 38c; chickens, 2 to 3 lbs., 35c; hens, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 20c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6 1/2c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 12 to 14c; comb honey, per dozen, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 43 to 46c; smoked rolls, 22 to 24c; cottage rolls, 23 to 26c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; backs, boneless, 32 to 35c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 90 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$33.
Lard—Pure tierces, 16 to 16 1/2c; tubs, 16 1/2 to 17c; pails, 17 to 17 1/2c; prints, 18 1/2c. Shortening, tierces, 14 to 14 1/2c; tubs, 14 1/2 to 14 3/4c; pails, 14 1/2 to 15 1/4c; prints, 17 to 17 1/2c.
Heavy steers, choice, \$8 to \$8.50; heavy steers, good, \$7 to \$8; butcher steers, choice, \$6.50 to \$7; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$5.50 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4 to \$5; baby calves, \$8.50 to \$9.50; cows, fat choice, \$4 to \$4.75; do, med., \$3 to \$3.75; do, canners and cutters, \$1.25 to \$2; bulls, butcher, good, \$4 to \$4.50; feeding steers, good, \$5.50 to \$6.25; stockers, \$4 to \$5; bulls, butcher, \$4 to \$4.50; calves,



Welcoming New Canadians Miss Tremaine, on the staff of the Immigration Department at Quebec, caught by a photographer on duty at that port. Sister Tremaine is the distinguished Canadian who nursed King George at Buckingham Palace after his accident in France during the war.

choice, \$10 to \$10.75; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$4 to \$8; milk cows, \$60 to \$100; springers, \$80 to \$110; sheep, choice, \$6; do, heavy, \$3 to \$5; do, yearlings, \$8 to \$9; lambs, ewes and wethers, \$12 to \$12.25; bucks, \$10.50 to \$10.75; commons, \$8 to \$9; hogs, flat rates, \$10.85.
Quotations, fed and water basis: Select bacon, \$11.40 to \$11.90; thick smooths, \$10.35 to \$10.85; lights, \$7.40; heavies, \$9.40; sows, \$6.90.

MONTREAL.
Corn, Am. No. 2 yellow, \$1.04 to \$1.05. Oats, Can. West. No. 2, 57 1/2 to 58c; do, Can. West. No. 3, 56 to 56 1/2c; do, extra No. 1 feed, 55 to 55 1/2c; do, No. 2 local white, 54 to 54 1/2c. Flour, Man. spring wheat pats., 1sts, \$6.90; do, 2nds, \$6.40; do, strong bakers, \$6.20; do, winter pats., choice, \$5.75 to \$5.85. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$3.25. Bran, \$28.25. Shorts, \$31.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$15.
Cheese, finest easterns, 23 1/2 to 23 3/4c. Butter, choicest creamery, 35 1/2c. Eggs, selected, 40c.
Com. dairy cows, \$2 to \$3.50; com. bulls, \$2 to \$2.50; good veal calves, \$8; med. sucker calves, \$6 to \$7; grassers, \$3 to \$3.50; ungraded hogs, \$10.50 to \$10.80.

Penny Postage Being Re-introduced in New Zealand

A despatch from Wellington, New Zealand, says:—Penny postage is being reintroduced in this country, beginning on October 1. The first temporary loss of revenue as a result of the various postal reductions is estimated to \$252,000 a year. The Government decided about three months ago to reduce the postage to the old rate of a penny.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS SUCCEEDS IN SETTLING ITALO-GREEK DISAGREEMENT

A despatch from Geneva says:—There was an air of relief in Geneva Friday evening at the news from Paris that the Ambassadors have accepted the "unofficial" suggestions of the League Council for a settlement of the Italo-Greek dispute, which the Italian representative on the Council, and M. Hanota, for France, Thursday evening prevented from being made official. Signor Salandra formally refused to accept them, on the ground of the incompetence of the Council to make them. Hanota wanted to have them referred to his Government before he would accept them. His Government and the Government of Italy, in the persons of their representatives on the Ambassadors' Conference, have now accepted them. Poincare will act on the suggestions of the League without having openly to admit that the League had anything to do with a settlement, and Mussolini will accept the terms of the League handed on by the Ambassadors without having to admit that they are League terms.

And so everything is likely to be settled and the ground cleared of the actual case in question when the question comes up for settlement, by the Council and by the League, of its competence to deal with such a situation as that which so disturbed its tranquillity all this week.

All but the most ardent supporters of League prestige appear satisfied with this arrangement. There are some, of course, who fear that the Ambassadors will have all the credit and the League none. There are others, though, and they are not the least im-

portant, who argue that without the League the Ambassadors would never have been able to impose such terms on Mussolini, who only a week ago was refusing to recognize even their competence to deal with such a private affair of Italy's.

Almost all are glad that so early in its career the League has been spared the ordeal of such an open split with one of its original members as would have happened if everybody had not been awake to the danger of the situation, and they are glad that time will be given for an academic discussion of the League's competence, which otherwise would have been far too burning a matter for so young an organization.

HOW FOUR PERISHED ON WRANGEL ISLAND

Eskimo Woman Sole Survivor of Expedition Headed by Allan Crawford, Toronto.

A despatch from Nome, Alaska, says:—An Eskimo woman, sole survivor of the Crawford expedition, which left here for Wrangel Island, off the northern coast of Siberia, in the fall of 1921, described the fate of the four white men composing the expedition. The trip was arranged by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, with the principal object of raising the British flag over the island, which had been claimed by the Soviet Government.

Three of the party—Allan Crawford, of Toronto, leader; Frederick Maurer, New Philadelphia, Ohio, and Milton Galle, New Brunfels, Tex.—perished the second winter, the Eskimo woman, named Ada, said. They went out on the ice seeking the mainland and never returned.

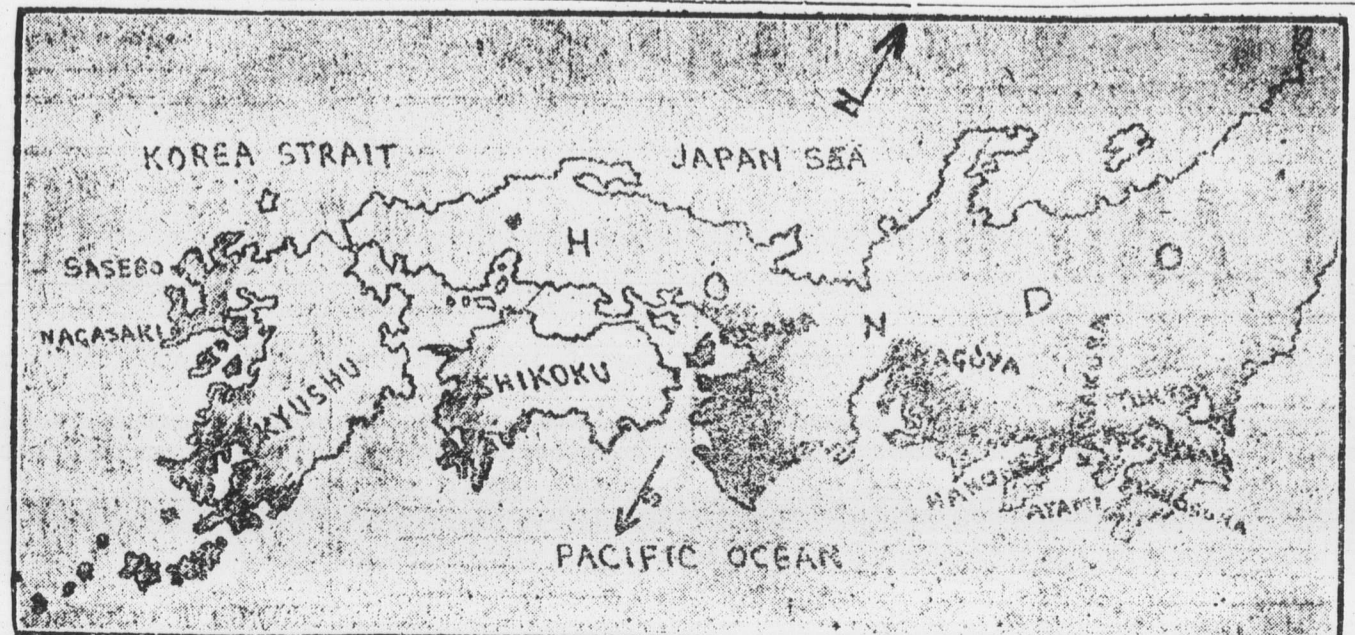
The remaining man, Lorne E. Knight, McMinnville, Ore., died of scurvy June 20, 1923, and his body was brought back by the relief expedition, headed by Captain Harold Noice, which left here August 3. Captain Noice said his power schooner, the Donaldson, had little trouble reaching the island.

The first evidence of the missing party found by Captain Noice's expedition was a bottle in a deserted camp, containing the names of the party with the declaration that they claimed Wrangel Island in the name of King George of Great Britain.

Ada fainted when she saw the men of the Noice party approaching and the Donaldson near by. On recovery she told the tale of the disaster. Directed by Ada, Noice found Knight dead in his sleeping bag. Ada said she had done all the hunting and had cared for Knight for two months before his death and that after he died



Dr. Gustav Stresemann, Chancellor of Germany, under whose lead Germany is apparently rejoining in her former attitude toward the French occupation, and may eventually take up the responsibility of meeting her debts.



Tokio, the capital, and Yokohama, the great port and commercial city, both destroyed, are shown on the map, as well as Nagoya, Sasebo, Osaka and many others of the Japanese cities mentioned in the news despatches as stricken. The loss of life has been appalling, fire and flood adding to the horror of earthquake.

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS

May Obtain Relief by Enriching the Blood Supply.

In the days of our fathers and grandfathers, rheumatism was thought to be the unavoidable penalty of middle life and old age. Almost every elderly person had rheumatism, as well as many young people. It was thought that rheumatism was the mere effect of exposure to cold and damp, and it was treated with liniments and hot applications, which sometimes gave temporary relief, but did not remove the trouble. In these days there were many cripples. Now, medical science understands that rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and that with good, rich, red blood any man or woman of any age can defy rheumatism. There are many elderly people who have never felt a twinge of rheumatism, and many who have conquered it by simply keeping their blood rich and pure. The blood enriching qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is becoming every year more widely known, and the more general use of these pills has robbed rheumatism of its terrors. At the first sign of poor blood, which is shown by loss of appetite, dull skin and dim eyes, protect yourself against further ravages of disease by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have helped thousands—if you give them a fair trial they will not disappoint you.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Giants of the Air.

Now that the British Government has accepted in principle a big scheme for the building of huge airships for passenger traffic, we can look forward to the day when we shall be able to travel to Egypt in just over a day and night, and to India in seventy hours, says a London writer.

Commander Burney, M.P., who proposed the scheme some eighteen months ago, has great faith in the durability and reliability of the enormous vessels which he proposes to construct for the World Airway.

In 1921 the whole world was thrilled by the marvellous achievement of the British rigid airship R. 34, commanded by E. M. Maitland. During that year R. 34 flew to America and back, the outward journey taking 108 hours and the return flight 75 hours.

R. 38, the largest airship in the world, having beaten all previous records in her trial flights, was sold to the United States. But during 1921 both these aerial cruisers came to disaster. The R. 34 was wrecked at Howden on January 19th, and on August 24th the R. 38 fell in flames into the Humber, only five of her crew of forty-nine being saved.

The new aerial liners will be nearly twice as large as the R. 34. The best way to get an idea of the size of these new airships is to compare them with a mammoth liner. For instance, the aerial monster will be 760 feet in length, just 2 feet shorter than the Mauretania; but this ship is only 88 feet in breadth, while the diameter of the airship will be 120 feet!

And as for speed, the air liner will be able to travel comfortably at a speed of 80 miles per hour—more than twice as fast as the Mauretania.

Passengers on these great airships will be as comfortable as on the Aquitania, or in one of London's famous hotels. In the near future it will be customary to travel by air to Egypt, India, and possibly even Australia, and passengers will have their comfort studied to the limit of possibility.

The first passenger airship will have cabins fitted with single berths—one cabin for each passenger—and each cabin will be fitted with a writing-table, a dressing-table, and a "tip-up" wash basin.

For the use of passengers during the day there will be a lounge and a smoking-saloon, furnished like those in use in the chief London clubs. Matches, of course, will not be allowed on board, but electric lighters will be provided.

The restaurant, capable of seating about eighty persons, will supply the necessities of life on a lavish scale. Food will be cooked in electric ovens which will derive their power from the seven separate engines which will propel this veritable hotel de luxe.

One hundred and fifty passengers will be carried, as well as a large crew, and the airship will be able to cruise 3,000 miles without coming to earth.



She—"You and Tom are fast friends, aren't you?"

He—"Yes, but he's faster than I am."

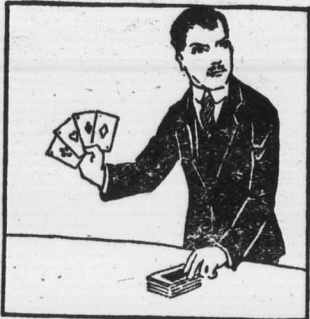
Great Heart, an Illinois horse, made a high jump record when, with a rider up, he cleared the bars at more than eight feet.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

EASY TRICKS

No. 48

The Four Aces



In this clever trick, the four aces are dealt face down on the table. On each ace, three other cards are placed. The magician says the usual magic word—and all of the aces fly to one of the heaps. A little arrangement of the cards is necessary.

The four aces are displayed as in the illustration. Do not display them for long because a keen-eyed spectator might discover the fact that behind the ace of clubs three other cards are hiding. The "fan" of cards is closed and placed, face down, on the top of the pack of cards.

The audience believes that the four aces are on the top of the pack. Really three other cards are on the top of the aces. The first of these is dealt on the table with the remark: "I'll put the first ace here." The second is dealt with the remark: "—and the second ace here." Care must be taken not to show the faces of the three cards. On the fourth card, which really is an ace, deal the next three cards—the three remaining aces. Three cards are dealt on each of the other three (alleged) aces. The trick is now completed but don't forget the magic words and any other hocus pocus.

(Clip this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SUMMER

The summer months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of that season, which are cholera infantum, colic, diarrhoea and dysentery come on so quickly that often a little one is beyond aid before the mother realizes he is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on suddenly to banish them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during hot weather as Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the stomach and bowels and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

King George's Trip to Scotland

When King George and Queen Mary go to Scotland for their annual visit at this time of the year it is not a simple matter—at least for anyone except the British sovereigns. There is a huge amount of preliminary work to be done.

For instance, even the chief cook at Buckingham Palace must go north to be ready to cater to the royal table when their majesties are in residence at Balmoral, and even one of the royal carriages must be shipped to Scotland to be there in case of necessity. Also as the King has to do considerable motoring one of his big cars must be sent in advance.

Then there is the question of the King's wardrobe. It is incumbent upon him to appear sometimes in kilts and at other times in tweeds when on the moors shooting grouse. There is at least one official in his retinue who cannot be dispensed with and that is his mailman.

The King's mail always is handled separately and when he travels there is an employee of the postoffice who looks after the Royal mail. It is sent in a special bag and it is the job of this official to see that no delay is occasioned in transmitting letters and documents to the British sovereign.

There is no time of the year which the King relishes more than his excursion to Scotland during the shooting season. He is a keen sportsman and one of the best shots in the United Kingdom. If he had his own way about it he probably would prefer to go to Scotland in as simple a manner as any other subject of his realm, which is also the way the Prince of Wales likes to travel. But being a King there is a great deal of formality connected with his journey from London to the north country.

Graduate Nurse Finds "The Perfect Remedy"

"From my long experience as a professional nurse, I do not hesitate to say Tanlac is nature's most perfect remedy." Is the far-reaching statement given out for publication recently by Mrs. L. A. Borden, graduate of the National Temperance Hospital, Chicago.

"I have used Tanlac exclusively for seven years in the treatment of my 'shanty' patients," said Mrs. Borden, "and my experience has been that for keeping the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels functioning properly, and for setting up the system in general, it has no equal."

"About a year ago I had a lady patient who could not keep a thing on her stomach, not even water. I prevailed on her to try Tanlac and after the sixth bottle she could eat absolutely anything she wanted without the slightest bad after-effects."

"I had another patient who simply could not eat. I got him started on Tanlac and by the time he finished three bottles he was eating ravenously and able to work."

"These two instances that are typical of the wonderful merits of the medicine. My confidence in Tanlac is unlimited."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists.

HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

Does poverty affect the health of children and contribute to the high death rate among infants? All indications point to the fact that it does.

There are many causes of infant mortality. Lack of knowledge on the part of the parent is supposed to be responsible for many of these deaths, but this is not the only cause. What about poverty? What about low wages that compel a family to eke out an existence just above what is required to keep body and soul together? There are many such pitiable plights of families, and the sooner such conditions are put right, the sooner will the standard of citizenship be raised. The nation that in war time permits its soldiers to make war on women and children is rightly considered as beyond the pale of citizenship. What may be said of the nation that in peace time allows its infants to be murdered? Is Canada such a nation? It is to be hoped not, and yet our infant mortality rate is far too high. What is the relationship between this infant mortality rate and the family income? Vancouver, B.C., has an infant mortality rate of fifty-five (one of the lowest in the Dominion of Canada) and the average salary of Vancouver is more than \$1,250.

In Montreal where the infant mortality rate is above 155, the average earning capacity of parents is less than \$450 per year.

Living conditions in Canada and the United States are somewhat similar, and what we know of conditions

there may be an index of what is prevalent here.

"Six careful and painstaking surveys made by the Government seem to fasten the indictment of baby murderers upon us as a nation," says one writer. "We are murdering babies by permitting their parents to be paid so little in wages that the babies die without a chance to live."

The latest revelation of that condition comes from Gary, Indiana, old Judge Gary's "Model Village," built by the steel trust. The children's bureau of the department of labor has just completed a year's study of infant mortality there which shows: An increase of infant mortality corresponding to the fall of the earnings of the chief bread winners. When the earnings amounted to at least \$1,850 a year the infant death rate was 89.4. When the earnings ranged between \$1,050 and \$1,850 the death rate was 127.1. When the earnings fell below \$1,050 the death rate rose to 137.8.

Said the bureau's report: The heavier toll was taken by the gastric and intestinal diseases due to the inability of the mothers to feed their babies at the breast, inability to purchase enough wholesome milk, bad housing and lack of sanitation.

It should be the wish of every citizen and the aim of every statesman to maintain and increase the standards of living which exist in our country. There is some faint hope that the industrial outlook on this continent may lead us to believe that poverty as a cause of infant mortality may soon be considerably reduced.

Ready for the Job.

James (who has come to London with a view to emigrating, stops before a news agent's shop to look at a placard with a large line upon it, "Situation in Russia")—"I've come about the situation you're advertising."

News Agent—"What situation?" James (pointing to poster)—"It's the one in Russia I'm after."

News Agent—"Poo; that's on the state of affairs."

James—"I don't care whose estate it's on—I'll take it."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

A tennis court surfaced with rubber and colored green is a new idea from London. It appears to have everything to recommend it except the cost.



Daring Rescue from S.S. Marburn

Thomas Bruin, Liverpool, boatswain of the Canadian Pacific S.S. Marburn, made an heroic rescue at sea. While off Glasgow and engaged in boat drill in the manner ordained by Board of Trade regulations, George Davidson, an able seaman, lost his balance and fell overboard. Bruin jumped to the sea with his clothes and heavy boots, reaching Davidson when he came up for the second time. This is Bruin's second jump overboard. Last summer at Montreal a companion had the same mishap, but unfortunately the seaman had struck his head on some floating object and did not rise immediately to the surface. Bruin dived unsuccessfully for his companion, who was found some days later.

Members of the crew made a presentation to Bruin on his return voyage, and the Leg of the S.S. Marburn will be a permanent memorial of the boatswain's bravery.

MONEY ORDERS.

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

What Song Will You Have to Eat?

Making the rounds of the popular music publishers these days is just like walking into a market. The publishers will soon have to have their stuff licensed under the Pure Food and Drug Act instead of having them copyrighted.

The list of the latest song hits resembles a music publishers' picnic menu.

Menu

- "Yes, We Have No Bananas"
- "Hey! You Want Any Codfish?"
- "Pickles"
- "Cut Yourself a Piece of Cake and Make Yourself at Home"
- "I Want An Apple on the Stick"
- Re-Heated Coffee—"Don't You Try to Two-Saucer Me"
- "Sugar"
- And to Complete the Meal with Nuts we have "Hot Roasted Peanuts."
- To keep the food from spoiling we have "The Grandest Iceman."



Fill your pipe with

Ogden's CUT PLUG "It Satisfies"

15¢ per packet
80¢ a 1/2 lb tin



If you roll your own ask for OGDEN'S FINE CUT (green label)



But Cared Nothing for Length. Aunt—"You say your father likes you to wear dresses long?" Niece—"Yes; the longer I wear them the better pleased he is."



BABIES LOVE MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP The Infant and Children's Regular Pleasant to give—pleasant to take. Guaranteed purely vegetable and absolutely harmless. It quickly overcomes colic, diarrhoea, flatulency and other like disorders. The open published formula appears on every label. At All Druggists

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author. H. Clay Glover Co., 224 West 54th Street New York, U.S.A.

In the Woods Always take Minard's for Sore Feet, Cuts, Sprains and Bruises.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

If unsalted fat is used in making pastry, salt should be added in the proportion of one-quarter teaspoonful of salt to one cup of flour.

There's only one safe way of climbing in business, and that is to stay on the level.

Classified Advertisements

SILVER FOXES—NOTES FROM MY DIARY (Booklet). Nine years' experience ranching foxes. 25 cents. Dr. Randall, Truro, Nova Scotia. WASHINGTON HAND PRESS.

WE HAVE AN ENQUIRY FOR A WASHINGTON Hand Press that will take 3 pages of 1 column. Inq. Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 78 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Attractive Proposition For man with all round weekly newspaper experience and \$400 or \$500. Apply Box 24, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 78 Adelaide Street West.

RED RASH ON HANDS AND BODY

Itching and Burning Terrible. Cuticura Heals.

"I was troubled with eczema on my hands and body. It broke out in a red rash and later formed sore eruptions containing water. The itching and burning were terrible. My hands had to be bandaged, and my clothing aggravated the breaking out on my body. The trouble lasted about three months. "A friend advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I did and found they helped me, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Mrs. Russell Hendsbee, Sand Point, Nova Scotia. Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are all you need for every-day toilet and nursery purposes. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lytman, Limited, 244 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 15c and 50c. Talcum 25c. When Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

EXCRUCIATING PAINS, GRAMPS

Entirely Remedied by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Eberts, Ont.—"I started with cramps and bearing-down pains at the age of eleven years, and I would get so nervous I could hardly stay in bed, and I had such pains that I would scream, and my mother would call the doctor to give me something to take. At eighteen I married, and I have four healthy children, but I still have pains in my right side. I am a farmer's wife with more work than I am able to do. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I feel that it is helping me every day. My sister-in-law, who has been taking your medicine for some time and uses your Sanative Wash, told me about it and I recommend it now, as I have received great relief from it."—Mrs. NELSON YOTT, R. R. 1, Eberts, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine for ailments common to women. It has been used for such troubles for nearly fifty years, and thousands of women have found relief as did Mrs. Yott, by taking this splendid medicine. If you are suffering from irregularity, painful times, nervousness, headache, backache or melancholia, you should at once begin to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is excellent to strengthen the system and help to perform its functions with ease and regularity.

ISSUE No. 36-23

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

- Colds
- Toothache
- Earache
- Headache
- Neuralgia
- Lumbago
- Rheumatism
- Neuritis
- Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocyclic-acid-ester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

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LEAVE YOUR ROLL FILMS at the REPORTER OFFICE For Fast Service and Excellent Work ATHENS Only 24 Hour SERVICE Is Now Offered You By The Brockville Photo Specialties Who have now appointed "The Reporter Office" as Athens Only Representative

Compare Our Service With the Rest And Our Work With the Best By a Trial Order

LOCAL NEWS ATHENS AND VICINITY

Mrs. Norman Brown, of Brockville, is calling on her friends here this week. The Misses Mary Lyons and Frances Moore, of the Bank of Montreal, spent a few days last week at Ottawa attending the exhibition. The Delta Fair, which was held the first three days of last week, was a big success. Quite a number from here attended. Miss Ruby Whitmore, who has been spending some time with Dr. W. H. Bourns, Frankville, is able to be home now. Mr. and Mrs. Kermit Thornhill, of Plessis, N.Y., are residing here in his father's house on Wellington street at the present time. Mr. Arthur B. Cousins, of Toronto, was here recently and spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. Wm. Eaton, Elgin street. Miss Katharine McLean, nurse of Fall River, Mass., is spending her holidays here with her sister, Mrs. B. L. King, and brother, Mr. G. D. McLean. Major and Mrs. Victor Williams and their two children, of Kingston, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. J. R. McMonagle, and Mr. McMonagle, this week. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hagerman were called to Junctown on Sunday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hagerman's cousin, Mr. Norris Ferguson, who died so suddenly last week. Mr. and Mrs. Ardie Parish and two children have returned home from a motor trip to Syracuse, N.Y., where they spent a few days visiting Mrs. Parish's sisters who reside there. Mrs. Sarah Snider, a former resident of Leeds, who has been residing at Hermosa Beach, Cal., of late years, has been here visiting her brother, Mr. Mack Brown, and other friends. All were pleased to see her again. Miss Jackaleen Moulton has returned to New York to continue her training for nurse after spending her three weeks holidays at her home here with her mother, Mrs. N. Moulton, who has recently returned home from Hamilton, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Jones. Rev. Mr. Dumbille, rector of Kemptville, was recently handed a cheque for \$2,000 by Joseph Cooper, of South Mountain, a former parishioner, to wipe off the debt on the Leslie Memorial Hall, erected by the Anglicans of Kemptville several years ago.

Mrs. V. O. Boyle returned last Saturday from Chalk River, where she spent her summer holidays. Mrs. J. W. Grier of Wellington, is visiting Rev. and Mrs. V. O. Boyle at the Rectory. LOST—Small Boys' Overcoat at Delta Fair. Finder will kindly leave same at Delta, P. O., or Earnie Perrin, Lyndhurst. Council of Rear of Yonge and Escott will meet on Saturday, 29th inst., at 1 o'clock. Last day for return of statute labor and applications for school funds. Trinity Church, Oak Leaf, will hold their annual Harvest Thanksgiving Service on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 23rd at 2.30 p. m. Mrs. V. O. Boyle has opened up her Studio and Classes in Piano, Voice and Elocution. Theory Classes, under the direction of Mrs. Boyle, assisted by her pupil, Miss Edna Stedman of Elgin will re-open Oct. 1st. Mr. and Mrs. Joel B. Read and their son, Dr. Ronald Read, who are on a motoring trip from Grand Forks, Dakota, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, this week. Mrs. Read was formerly Miss Jennie Stafford. At the regular monthly meeting of the Glen Elbe W. M. S., held at the home of Mrs. Jack Rowsome, a bouquet of flowers, was presented to Mrs. Munsell Brown, a former valued member. Dainty lunch was served and a social half hour spent. The Harvest Thanksgiving Service will be held in Christ Church, Athens, on Sunday morning, Sept. 23rd at 11 a. m. The church will be decorated in keeping with the occasion and the choir will render special music. The thank-offering will be devoted to Missions. Despite the numerical position of the U.F.O.-Labor group in the new Legislature, which places them in second place as regards voting strength, they will not be recognized by the Ferguson Government as the official Opposition in the House next January. As has been previously stated, the Government will regard the Liberal group as the official Opposition, and W. E. N. Sinclair, K.C., as the official Opposition Leader. The Dominion Government has approved a machine that will print "Canada postage" on letters and permit the postage to be paid in cash instead of affixing a stamp. What is needed more than anything else is something that will compel officials to return to senders letters which are insufficiently prepaid. Penalizing the recipient of such letters by a demand for double the postage of postage is an outrage which is intolerable. On and after October 1st, anyone paying a bill by cheque will no longer be at liberty to satisfy the demands of the Inland Revenue by taking a two, four or more-cent postage stamp from his pocket book and affixing it to the cheque. Nor will the receiver be at liberty to pay tax on his receipt in this way. Both must affix customs and excise stamps to the required value, and in order to obtain their supply of these stamps they must either go to the nearest customs and excise office, or to a branch of a chartered bank.

Nuptial Event That is Unique

Chalk River Couple Celebrate Golden Wedding Anniversary on Day of Daughter's Wedding

A unique event took place at Chalk River, Ont., on Monday, Sept. 10th, when Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clark celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. At four-thirty in the afternoon, their youngest daughter, Edith Violet, was united in marriage to Mr. Malcolm Kerr of New York City, the elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Finley Allen Kerr of Montreal, Rev. V. O. Boyle, M. A., B. D., of Athens, Ont., officiating. The bride looked charming in a gown of silver grey crepe meteor, her only ornament being a rope of pearls, the gift of the groom. The bride was attended by her mother, the bride of fifty years ago, who was gown'd in taupe chiffon tulle and carried a bouquet of fifty American roses, and also by her mother's bridesmaid, Mrs. Thos. Field. The groom was supported by the bride's father, who was the groom of fifty years ago. Before the ceremony, Mrs. V. O. Boyle, sister of the bride, sang beautifully—"The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden" and also played the wedding march from Lohengrin. The guests partook of a sumptuous wedding banquet served in the style of 1870, with color scheme of gold and white. There were two wedding cakes, the old-fashioned one presenting a unique contrast to the art of the modern delicatessen. Both brides received many beautiful and useful gifts, including numerous gold pieces and generous cheques. The groom of fifty years ago renewed his marriage vows, and presented his bride with a golden wedding ring and her bridesmaid with a gold brooch. The bride's going-away suit was of navy blue duvetyne, with sable throw and hat to match. Mr. and Mrs. Kerr left for their home in New York by way of Ottawa and Montreal.

The out of town guests were:—Mr. and Mrs. George Clark, Ottawa; Rev. and Mrs. V. O. Boyle, Athens; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Reekie, and Master Keith Coleman, North Bay; Miss Margery Coleman, Winnipeg; Mrs. Finley A. Kerr and Mr. John Kerr of Montreal; Rev. and Mrs. G. D. Campbell, Cumberland; Mr. and Mrs. John J. Reynolds and Mr. Roy Reynolds of Smiths Falls; Mr. George Clark of Regina; Mrs. Robert Harper, Welwyn; Mrs. Wm. Bell, Dauphin.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Sept. 15.—The Kitley Telephone Co. has installed a new switchboard in its main office in Toledo, which in many ways is a vast improvement over the old one. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seward and son, Bert, returned recently from a ten days' trip to Toronto, Niagara Falls, Brampton and other points in Western Ontario. While away they also visited the Toronto exhibition. Miss Ena Stratton and brother, Everton Stratton, have returned home from a motor trip to Kars, Ottawa and other points. They visited the Ottawa exhibition and while at Kars were the guests of their brother, Will Stratton, and Mrs. Stratton. Delta fair had a good many visitors from this vicinity, while a large number also went to Ottawa fair. Mr. and Mrs. Harris Delong and little daughter, Muriel, of Elgin, were calling on friends in this district on Sunday, when en route to Smiths Falls. Hiram Nichols is indisposed at present, but not seriously so. Parker Hull is doing as well as can be expected after his recent serious operation. Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Marshall, of Jasper, are visiting friends in Toledo and vicinity. The school fair held at Toledo on Thursday, the 14th inst., was a decided success. The weather was ideal, a large crowd was present and a good many schools competed, although only two took part in the parade. These were Toledo and Hutton's, the latter being so fortunate as to win in it. Toledo holds the honor of securing the most prize money, and in open competition the pupils of this school were very fortunate. Mary McDonald secured the highest number of points, 53. Among others who won a large number of points were Mildred McDonald, Dowsley Foley, Lela Eaton and others. A full list of the prizes will appear later in the report issued by the society.

MOTION PICTURES TOWN HALL, ATHENS SEPT. 29th, 1923

"Manitoulin Island"—(Scenic) "Man and the Maid" "She Almost Proposed"—(Comic) "Crickets On The Hearth" Admission 25c.; Children 15c. Motion Pictures at 8 p. m.

NOTICE!

Civil Service Examinations for government positions as Stenographer, Typists, Clerks, etc., will be held in the Rooms of the Brockville Business College, Brockville, Nov. 6th and 7th. Preparatory Classes now forming. Write Principal W. T. Rogers for full information.

Jasper, Sept. 13.—A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Carr, Jasper on September 11, on the occasion of a twenty-five year anniversary. A great many beautiful presents were received from many friends and near neighbors.

Village of Athens

Clerk's Notice of the First Posting Up of Voters' List

Voters' List, 1923, Municipality of the Village of Athens, County of Leeds. NOTICE is hereby given that I have complied with section 10, of the Voters' List Act and that I have posted up at my office at Athens, on the 22nd day of September, 1923, the list of all persons entitled to vote in the said Municipality for Members of Parliament (or, as the case may be, At Municipal Elections) and that such list remains there for inspection. And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law. Dated at Athens, Ont., this 22nd day of September, 1923. E. J. PURCELL, Clerk of Athens

Township Rear of Yonge and Escott

Clerk's Notice of First Posting Up of Voters' List

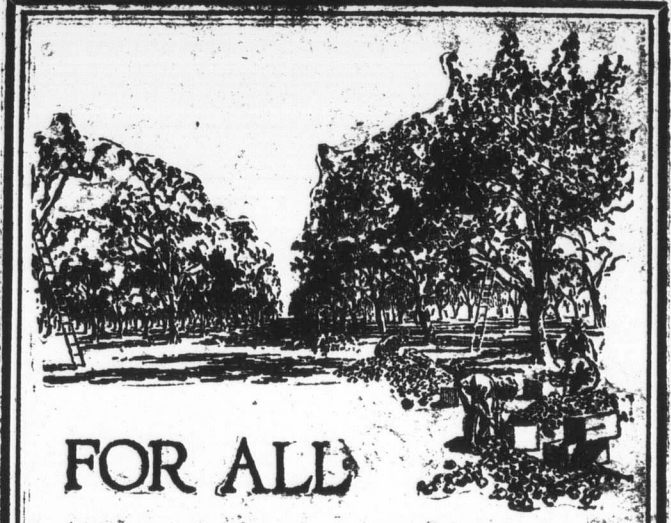
Voters' Lists, 1923, Municipality of the Township of the Rear of Yonge and Escott, County of Leeds. NOTICE is hereby given that I have complied with section 10, of the Voters' Lists Act and that I have posted up at my office at Athens, Ont., on the 18th day of September, 1923, the list of all persons entitled to vote in the said Municipality for Members of Parliament (or, as the case may be, At Municipal Elections) and that such list remains there for inspection. And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law. Dated at Athens, Ont., this 18th day of September, 1923. R. E. CORNELL, Clerk of Yonge and Escott

FOR SALE

Good Seed Grain and Celery. Apply House of Industry, Athens.

Tenders for Bread

Will be received up to Sept. 29th, 1923, for the Supply of Bread for the House of Industry, to be delivered four times each week. 35 to 45 pans required each week. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Apply to HOUSE OF INDUSTRY Athens, Ontario



FOR ALL Early in the history of the Bank of Montreal its officers realized that to attain its highest usefulness, a bank should serve with equal readiness and ability all classes of customers in every department of banking. At each office of the Bank small accounts are welcome, and the same painstaking attention is given to every customer. W. D. THOMAS, Manager. Athens Branch: BANK OF MONTREAL Established over 100 years

FINAL CLEAN-UP SALE Special Bargains all next Week in Men and Boys' Suits, Underwear, Shirts, Caps, etc. All odds and ends must be cleared out regardless of cost to make room for our new Fall Goods. The Globe Clothing House "The Store of Quality" BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

THE REPORTER Only \$1.50 Per Annum

TIDYING UP THE TOWN, MORALLY. The Chief is keeping a telescopic eye on the auto infractors as to speed and on the wanton and wicked men and women who shoot through space with but a single lamp. Not only are these items down on his list of duties but he is seeking to put an end to the sportings and tumults of the boys and the girls in the evenings and holding his vision clear for young men who use the double-barrelled smile to capture girls of tender age and carry them off into darkness and death in their automobiles. Under such strenuous supervision, the sick, the aged, the young and others in general will enjoy safe and sane democracy—the ideal of all true thinkers.—Athens Face Herald.

Introducing New Fall and Winter Millinery

At Exposition of New Style Creations for Fall and Winter Wear. Sty and Quality Assured. Remodeling OLD HATS—a Specialty. Ladies are invited to inspect Goods. Correct Prices.

Mrs. Philip Hollingsworth Miss D. Coleman, Millner Shop, Elgin Street West - ATHENS