

Sunday in London

What Is Going On In The Leading Churches Of The City.

NOTICE—CHANGES FOR CHURCH SERVICES MUST BE HANDED IN BY FRIDAY EVENING.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Pastor, Rev. Thomas S. Johnson. Services, morning, 11; evening, 7. Sabbath school, 2:45 p.m. Everybody welcome.

CHURCH ANNIVERSARY SERVICES—Askin Street Methodist Church—Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist Church, will preach both morning and evening, and lecture on Monday night. Music under direction of Prof. Philip. A liberal free-will offering is asked for in aid of Trust Fund.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Pastor at both services. Morning, "The Two Ways—A Contrast." Evening, "Secret and Presumptuous Sins—A Changed Prayer." Young men especially invited.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor 11 a.m., "Symbols of the Spirit"; 7 p.m., "Pilate's Question." Special evangelistic services each evening during the week at 8 o'clock. To be addressed by the Rev. J. A. McGilivray, Rev. J. G. Stuart, Rev. George Gilmore, Rev. W. J. Clark. Seats free. All welcome.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST—Rev. G. Jackson, pastor. Morning subject, "Value of Evangelism." Evening subject, "More Thoughts on the Perfect Religion." Good music.

DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST CHURCH.

11 a.m.—Rev. Dr. Saunders.

7 p.m.—Rev. Dr. Munhall. Special evangelistic services.

Appropriate music by the choir.

DUNDAS CENTER BIBLE SCHOOL—Grand rally of entire membership desired Sunday, 2:45. Visitors welcome.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—19 a.m. classes. Morning, "Many Mansions." Memorial service postponed. Evening, "Faults of Young Men."

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (Scientists)—Duffield block—Sunday services: Morning, 11 o'clock; evening, 7 o'clock. Morning subject, "Reality." Evening subject, "The Good Shepherd." Testimonial meeting, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning service. All welcome. D. S. Robb, C.S., first reader; Mrs. Edna Robb, C.S., second reader. Residence 233 Princess avenue.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school and Society for Bible Study, 3 p.m.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL—REV. J. W. Pedley. Morning, "A Conqueror." Evening, "The Church and Labor—the Other Side." Everybody welcome.

HAMILTON ROAD METHODIST Church—Rev. J. G. Fallis, pastor, will preach morning (11 o'clock) and evening (7 o'clock). Miss Holmes will preside at the organ. Seats free.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. Thomas Wilson, pastor. Morning, "Martha and Mary." Evening, "Secret Societies: Should Christians be in Them?" Seats free.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, South London—Rev. J. G. Stuart, B.A., pastor. Morning subject, "Honor." Evening, "Marriage."

LATTER DAY SAINTS—MATT-LAND street. Elder R. C. Evans will preach at both services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Visitors welcome.

REV. DR. MUNHALL will address a

MEETING FOR MEN ONLY,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, TOMORROW (SUNDAY) AFTERNOON,

at three o'clock.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—MORNING, 11 o'clock. Benedicite (Best), Benedicite (Spoken). Preacher, Rev. Canon Dann, B.A. Evening, Magnificat (Bunnett), Nunc Dimittis (Bunnett); anthem, "There is a Green Hill Far Away." Preacher, the Dean. Holy Communion at 8:30 a.m.

SPIRITUALISM—REV. W. R. COLBY will speak at Knights of Pythias Hall, corner Clarence and Dundas, Sunday, at 3 p.m. Subject, "Heaven." Tests and phenomena introduced. Collection requested.

ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. A. J. McGilivray, M.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor. Communion at close of morning service.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Robert Johnston, B.D., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church, Horton street—Rev. W. H. A. Claris, pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school and pastor's Bible class, 2:45.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—The Rev. J. J. Baker will occupy the pulpit on Sabbath. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Seats free. All welcome. Come.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. Joseph Edge, pastor. Subjects—Evening, "Systematic Denunciation." Morning, "The Greater Battle."

Board and Lodging.

WANTED—BOARDERS IN A PRIVATE family. Excellent locality. Modern conveniences. Apply 413 King street. 99n

Special Bargains in Trunks and Valises



We hardly know better evidence of the value we are giving in Trunks and Valises than the astonishing increase of sales within the present month. We buy and sell enough Trunks, Valises and Satchels to obtain the latest styles and best makes at very near the actual cost of manufacture.

Pocock Bros.

Amusements and Lectures

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Monday, March 20,

Seventh Consecutive Season of

JAS. A. HERNE'S

Beautiful Comedy-Drama.

SHORE ACRES

Presented by a fine company of players, with entire new scenery and unique mechanical novelties. A superb production guaranteed. Prices Reserved seats, \$1, 75c and 50c; gallery, 25c. Seats now on sale. 94k

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, March 21

America's Funniest Woman:

FANNY RICE

In the Great Laughing Success:

AT THE

FRENCH BALL

Every Woman Should See This Play.

(Don't Be Misled by the Title.)

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c. Seats now on sale. b

PRINCESS-BALLS UP-SKATING and good ice tonight.

JUBILEE RINK—SATURDAY, MARCH 18. Good ice for tonight's skating. b

SOME INGREDIENTS IN THE MAKE-UP of a Man. Mr. Pedley in First Congregational Church, Tuesday evening, March 21. Tickets 10c. b

MACCABEE CONCERT, OPERA HOUSE, March 22, by complimentary ticket. b

MACCABEE CONCERT—MISS ROBLIN, Ruthven McDonald, Opera House, March 22. b

MACCABEE CONCERT—HEAR TO RENTON'S favorite impersonation, J. H. Cameron, March 22. b

LONDON TOWNSHIP AGRICULTURAL Society will hold their annual spring show at Hilderton on April 28. P. Bowyer, Sec.-Treas. 9unt

AUDITORIUM—WEEK BEGINNING Monday, March 20, at 8:30 and 8 p.m. daily. The world-renowned Passion Play, depicted by the Cinematograph. Indorsed by clergy and press. Prof. Smith Warner, lecturer. Admission 25c; children 15c. 94c

WE DON'T SAY THAT WE ARE THE only people on the beach, but we do say if you don't attend the Orient Minstrel performance on Monday, March 27, you will miss a rare treat. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. b

"THE MAKE-UP OF A MAN"—LECTURE by Rev. J. W. Pedley, Tuesday, 21st. First Congregational Church. Tickets 10c. 96o

MAGNIFICENT VIEWS BY THE CINEMATOGRAF of the world-renowned Passion Play, Auditorium, week beginning Monday, March 20, at 2:30 and 8 p.m. daily. 94c

59 YEARS ESTABLISHED AND HAVE never lost the life of a passenger at sea. Such is the record of the Cunard ships. Campania sails Saturday, March 25, from New York to Liverpool. F. R. Clarke, agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser. b

FIRST STEAMSHIP TO SAIL—MONTREAL to Liverpool will be the Montclair, Allan Line, Saturday, April 23, daylight. For rates, tickets and all information apply F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser. b

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBLIN. Studio, Bell Piano Parlors. Residence, No. 290, Dundas street. Concert engagements, No. 290, Dundas street. b

MUSIC RECEPTION TONIGHT at Palace Dancing Academy, Saturday afternoon, March 18. Special rate for balance of season to former pupils. Dayton & McCormick. b

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING—COME and learn the new dances, the Boston Schottische and the Society Cakewalk. The same careful attention given to teaching the waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour. R. B. Millard, teacher of dancing, 345 Princess avenue. b

SPLendid GROCERY STAND FOR SALE—First-class stock. Doing good business. Must be sold at once, owner leaving city. Address box 101, Advertiser. 96o

FOR SALE—BUTCHER BUSINESS and property in Thorncliffe; doing splendid trade. Good chance for live man. Bedgood, Thorncliffe. 87k at

Business Chances.

LOST—TUESDAY FORENOON, ON KING. Clarence, Queen's avenue or Wellington street, pair steel frame eyeglasses. Reward this office. 94e

Lost and Found.

Rival Agents

Said It

A short time ago, on the train between Chatham and Windsor, an agent for a leading company said to me, "Well, Gorman, you have a magnificent company to work for." Within three hours, at the dinner table in Chatham, agents of two other good companies volunteered the remark, "Gorman, if you don't get business, nobody can, for you have a splendid company." It pays to insure with The Ontario.

C. E. GERMAN, General Agent.

Meetings.

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH FIELD BATTERY, London. The non-commissioned officers, gunners and drivers of Sixth Field Battery will parade for drill at drill shed every Wednesday night until further orders. Reports may attend. By order, O. Fairbank, Major, commanding Sixth F. B. A.

School of Art & Design

Classes commencing March 6, 1899, in the Public Library. Evening classes, from 7:30 to 9:30.

Mechanical Drawing—Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Per term, \$2.

Freehand Drawing—Tuesday and Thursday. Per term, \$2.

Afternoon classes, from 2 to 4, Tuesday and Thursday. Per term, \$5.

Morning classes, from 9:30 to 11:30, Saturday only. Per term, \$2.

81st E. ROSE, Principal.

Male Help Wanted.

CONFECTIONERS WANTED—A GOOD man on coconut and Jap work, etc., and a man for revolving pans. None but good, steady men need apply. The Lang Manufacturing Company, Montreal. 94c

WANTED—GOOD FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH for general repairing. Steady job. Apply R. Walker, Odell. 94c

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MANTLE makers at Smallman & Ingram's. 94o

THREE ACTIVE LADIES TO REPRESENT Robinson Corset Co. of London. Good salary and expenses paid. Apply personally at 375 Clarence street. 93ba

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY persons to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. Mainly office work conducted at home. Salary, straight \$900 a year and expenses—definite, bona fide salary; no more, no less salary. Reference, enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. K, Chicago. 81k t

AGENTS—WRITE US FOR PARTICULARS on our line of fast-selling specialties; they sell in every house; agents now working are making \$3 to \$5 daily. The F. E. Karn Co., 128 Wellington street, Toronto. b

WANTED—SALESMAN FOR CITY. APPLY 256 Dundas street. b

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK—APPLY TO Mrs. C. B. Hunt, Wortley road. 94t

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 16, FOR LIGHT house work. Apply Mrs. Geo. Burns, 616 Wellington street. 95c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT Apply Mrs. E. F. Johnson, 633 Wellington street. 94o

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT No washing or ironing. Apply 262 Central avenue. 88t

Wanted.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM WHERE there is telephone. Box 161, Advertiser. b

WANTED TO RENT—FARM OF 100 OR 150 acres. Send particulars addressed to J. W. G. Winnick, barrister, etc., 429 Talbot street. 94t

WANTED TO PURCHASE—ONE GOOD horse suitable for delivery. Apply between 12 and 1, 607 King street. 94c

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE MEN'S best clothing. A. F. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to. 94t

Educational.

A BUSINESS EDUCATION FOR \$10—Ten dollars pays for a four month course at the London Business University, provided students enter not later than April 1. Thorough instruction; latest methods; satisfactory results. W. N. Yerex, B.C., Principal. 94t

SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING BOOK KEEPING, Penmanship, taught by professional and experienced teachers. Instruction secured for every graduate. Coo's Academy, 76 Dundas street, London. 17w

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS' SCHOOL LIMITED. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL. Summer term commences April 18. Physical culture and elocution classes have begun. Kindergarten branch is held in a room in Conservatory of Music building, Dundas street. For calendars and other information apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 681 Talbot street, London. b

Hotel Cards.

"THE RICHMOND"—CORNER OF KING and Richmond streets. H. L. Peine, proprietor. A call solicited.

ALBION HOTEL—157 DUNDAS STREET, between Dundas and Richmond. Proprietor, R. E. Lloyd.

EUROPEAN HOTEL—363 DUNDAS street. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. Chas. Stevens, proprietor.

QUEEN HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT and Dundas streets. Choice wines and convenient stables. Wm. Collins, proprietor.

CITY HOTEL—LONDON—BEST \$1 A DAY house in Canada; good stables in connection. J. McMartin, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MONTEAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

Articles For Sale.

BIKYLE LIVERY—SIX LADIES' SIX gentlemen's wheels, one miss's one child's and one combination tandem. Will sell separate or complete. Apply 215 Colborne street, London. 86c 17w

JERSEY COW FOR SALE—4 YEARS old in spring. J. L. Williamson, Dorchester, Ont.

A SNAP—A NICE UPRIGHT PIANO—Walnut, Burd Case, 7 1/2 octaves. Practice pedals only \$175. Heintzman Co., 217 Dundas street. b

FOR SALE—GROCERY STOCK, STORE and dwelling, Dundas street east. Apply to R. K. Cowan, Barrister, London. 90c t

FOR SALE—AMERICAN CORN—Ground and unground, at Slater's warehouse, 235 and 237 York street. Call; see corn and prices. 95c

FOR SALE—AN OLD GREENHOUSE, LOT of good glass and woodwork. Apply 79 Byron avenue. 95u

FOR SALE—TWO THOROUGHBRED Jersey cows. John F. Sadler, Arkona, Ont. 85n & b

FOR SALE—ONE NEW WILLIAMS PIANO—Terms cash. Apply to "Music," Advertiser office. 93n

\$15 BUYS A HURON BICYCLE—Emulating and bicycle repairing at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street. b

FINE GROCERIES A SPECIALTY—DOMINION laundry agency. Trading stamps given on all purchases. T. H. JAMES, 100 York street, South London. 94t

\$1.75 BUYS A STRONG, GOOD LOOKING go-cart at Keene Bros. Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 177 King street. Baby carriages cheap. b

BUILDERS AND FARMERS—CHEAPER than ever. Lumber, \$3 per M; shingles, \$1 per M; bath \$2 per M; posts, 12c each. Doors, sash, frames. Will furnish all material for any building—nine, hemlock, planed, matched. Building and station on cars or by yard or address J. A. Sutherland, Pall Mall street, North London. b

MERRY BELLS—WE MAKE BELLS having over 20 years' experience. Our bells are equal to any, and cannot be beat. John Law, 121 Clarence street, London. b

HAMS AND BACON, 10 CTS.; PICKLED pork, 9 cts.; long clears, 8 cts.; shoulder 6 cts. Fork sausage, bologna, jellied hocks, liver sausage, blood sausage, at Park's, corner Market Lane. b

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense. J. T. Westland, 240 Richmond street, upstairs. b

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIVERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Ender, 171 Dundas street. Phone 1,161. b

FIRST-CLASS WOOD—HARD AND SOFT—store lengths of cordwood. Prompt delivery to any part of the city. Prices reasonable. Phone 1,812. S. Gillis & Son, Sawmill, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022, 1024, 1026, 1028, 1030, 1032, 1034, 1036, 1038, 1040, 1042, 1044, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1054, 1056, 1058, 1060, 1062, 1064, 1066, 1068, 1070, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1084, 1086, 1088, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1096, 1098, 1100, 1102, 1104, 1106, 1108, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1122, 1124, 1126, 1128, 1130, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1138, 1140, 1142, 1144, 1146, 1148, 1150, 1152, 1154, 1156, 1158, 1160, 1162, 1164, 1166, 1168, 1170, 1172, 1174, 1176, 1178, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1186, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1194, 1196, 1198, 1200, 1202, 1204, 1206, 1208, 1210, 1212, 1214, 1216, 1218, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1226, 1228, 1230, 1232, 1234, 1236, 1238, 1240, 1242, 1244, 1246, 1248, 1250, 1252, 1254, 1256, 1258, 1260, 1262, 1264, 1266, 1268, 1270, 1272, 1274, 1276, 1278, 1280, 1282, 1284, 1286, 1288, 1290, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1298, 1300, 1302, 1304, 1306, 1308, 1310, 1312, 1314, 1316, 1318, 1320, 1322, 1324, 1326, 1328, 1330, 1332, 1334, 1336, 1338, 1340, 1342, 1344, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1352, 1354, 1356, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1364, 1366, 1368, 1370, 1372, 1374, 1376, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1386, 1388, 1390, 1392, 1394, 1396, 1398, 1400, 1402, 1404, 1406, 1408, 1410, 1412, 1414, 1416, 1418, 1420, 1422, 1424, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1432, 1434, 1436, 1438, 1440, 1442, 1444, 1446, 1448, 1450, 1452, 1454, 1456, 1458, 1460, 1462, 1464, 1466, 1468, 1470, 1472, 1474, 1476, 1478, 1480, 1482, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1490, 1492, 1494, 1496, 1498, 1500, 1502, 1504, 1506, 1508, 1510, 1512, 1514, 1516, 1518, 1520, 1522, 1524, 1526, 1528, 1530, 1532, 1534, 1536, 1538, 1540, 1542, 1544, 1546, 1548, 1550, 1552, 1554, 1556, 1558, 1560, 1562, 1564, 1566, 1568, 1570, 1572, 1574, 1576, 1578, 1580, 1582, 1584, 1586, 1588, 1590, 1592, 1594, 1596, 1598, 1600, 1602, 1604, 1606, 1608, 1610, 1612, 1614, 1616, 1618, 1620, 1622, 1624, 1626, 1628, 1630, 1632, 1634, 1636, 1638, 1640, 1642, 1644, 1646, 1648, 1650, 1652, 1654, 1656, 1658, 1660, 1662, 1664, 1666, 1668, 1670, 1672, 1674, 1676, 1678, 1680, 1682, 1684, 1686, 1688, 1690, 1692, 1694, 1696, 1698, 1700, 1702, 1704, 1706, 1708, 1710, 1712, 1714, 1716, 1718, 1720, 1722, 1724, 1726, 1728, 1730, 1732, 1734, 1736, 1738, 1740, 1742, 1744, 1746, 1748, 1750, 1752, 1754, 1756, 1758, 1760, 1762, 1764, 1766, 1768, 1770, 1772, 1774, 1776, 1778, 1780, 1782, 1784, 1786, 1788, 1790, 1792, 1794, 1796, 1798, 1800, 1802, 1804, 1806, 1808, 1810, 1812, 1814, 1816, 1818, 1820, 1822, 1824, 1826, 1828, 1830, 1832, 1834, 1836, 1838, 1840, 1842, 1844, 1846, 1848, 1850, 1852, 1854, 1856, 1858, 1860, 1862, 1864, 1866, 1868, 1870, 1872, 1874, 1876, 1878, 1880, 1882, 1884, 1886, 1888, 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914, 1916, 1918, 1920, 1922, 1924, 1926, 1928, 1930, 1932, 1934, 1936, 1938, 1940, 1942, 1944, 1946, 1948, 1950, 1952, 1954, 1956, 1958, 1960, 1962, 1964, 1966, 1968, 1970, 1972, 1974, 1976, 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984, 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020, 2022, 2024, 2026, 2028, 2030, 2032, 2034, 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044, 2046, 2048, 2050, 2052, 2054, 2056, 2058, 2060, 2062, 2064, 2066, 2068, 2070, 2072, 2074, 2076, 2078, 2080, 2082, 2084, 2086, 2088, 2090, 2092, 2094, 2096, 2098, 2100, 2102

Twenty-Fourth Annual Meeting OF THE London Life Insurance Company.

The twenty-fourth annual meeting of the shareholders and policyholders of the London Life Insurance Company was held at the company's office, London, Ont., on Thursday, the second day of March, 1899.

There were present: The president, Mr. John McClary, in the chair; the vice-president, Mr. A. O. Jeffery; J. G. Richter, manager and secretary; W. F. Bullen, Wm. Bowman, T. H. Smallman, A. S. Emery, J. E. Jeffery, Geo. F. Jewell, of London; Judge Bell, Chatham; G. M. Harrison, Glencoe, and others.

The notice calling the meeting was read by the secretary, after which the minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed, and the directors' report and financial statement for the year ending Dec. 31, 1898, submitted as follows:

TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT.

The directors of the company beg to submit annual report and duly audited financial statement for year ending Dec. 31, 1898.

During the year, 12,204 applications for insurance, amounting to \$1,553,593, were accepted and policies issued therefor.

The net premium and interest receipts of the year were respectively \$206,514.72 and \$34,667.78, or a total of \$241,182.50,

being an increase of \$25,082.84 over the previous year.

The sum of \$58,700.08 was paid for death claims, and \$6,980.06 for surrendered policies and cash profits, making a total of \$65,680.14 paid to policyholders or their heirs during the year.

The insurance in force on the company's books at the close of the year after deducting all re-insurances, amounted to \$5,210,519.28, under 2,332 "Ordinary" and 34,094 "Industrial," or a total of 36,326 policies, an increase of 3,638 policies for insurance of \$478,018 for the year.

The assets of the company, exclusive of uncalculated subscribed capital, amount to \$770,038.58; an increase of \$91,861.80 for the year. The interest and other payments falling due during the year were in the main satisfactorily met. No losses in respect of investments were incurred during the year, and no real estate came into the company's possession by foreclosure or otherwise.

The liabilities of the company under existing policies, and in all other respects, have been provided for in the most ample manner, the whole amounting to \$700,750.16. The surplus security to policyholders, exclusive of uncalculated subscribed capital, is therefore \$69,288.42, and after deducting paid-up capital, there remains a net surplus, over all liabilities and capital, of \$19,288.42. JOHN MCCLARY, President.

TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, FOR YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1898.

Net Invested Assets, Dec. 31st, 1897, brought forward..... \$646,558.49

RECEIPTS.

Interest on investments.....\$ 34,667.78
Ordinary premiums, \$61,103.28, less Re-ins. Prem., \$201.60..... 60,901.68
Industrial premiums..... 145,613.04
.....\$241,182.50

\$887,737.99

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash profits paid policyholders.....\$ 4,149.25
Paid for surrendered policies..... 2,830.88
"Ordinary" claims paid..... 26,549.06
"Industrial" claims paid..... 32,150.93 65,680.14

Dividends to shareholders..... 4,250.00
Salaries—"Ordinary," including all H. O. salaries..... 9,967.84
Commissions—"Ordinary"..... 8,876.44 18,844.28

Salaries—"Industrial"..... 16,725.00
Commissions—"Industrial"..... 33,488.05 50,213.05
All other expenses..... 15,273.28
.....\$164,260.75

Net Invested Assets, December 31st, 1898.....\$733,477.24

ASSETS AS FOLLOWS:

Cash in office and banks.....\$ 6,828.44
Loans on stocks..... 4,630.97
Loans on policies..... 42,408.55
Loan companies' stocks..... 82,520.00
Bonds and debentures..... 105,681.50
Mortgages on real estate..... 490,905.02
Real estate..... 502.76
.....\$733,477.24

Additional Assets:

Premiums in course of collection, net.....\$ 738.00
Premium notes..... 2,230.00
Deferred premiums, net..... 11,620.44
Interest due and accrued..... 21,972.96
.....\$36,561.34

Total Assets, December 31st, 1898.....\$770,038.58

To Cover Liabilities as follows:

Total reserve on policies in force.....\$670,254.06
Less Re-ins. reserve..... 2,206.85
.....\$668,047.21

Shareholders' special account..... 14,657.73
Accumulating profits..... 9,327.25
Claims accrued..... 4,905.40
Contingent fund..... 3,500.00
Advance premiums..... 312.57
.....\$700,750.16

Surplus Security to Policyholders.....\$ 9,288.42
Capital Paid Up..... 50,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities and Capital..... 19,288.42

To the Shareholders of the London Life Insurance Company:

Gentlemen.—I hereby certify that I have completed a careful audit of the books and accounts of the London Life Insurance Company for the year ending Dec. 31, 1898, and find the same correct and in accordance with the above statement, the reserve fund, and all other liabilities being fully provided for. I have examined the securities and find them in order, and the books of the company are well and neatly kept.
GEO. F. JEWELL, F. C. A., Auditor.
London, Ont., Feb. 14, 1899.

The president, Mr. John McClary, in rising to move the adoption of the report, said:

Gentlemen.—The directors' report, and the accompanying financial statement, which have just been submitted, are, as usual, so full and clear as not to require much, if anything, by way of explanation. The results of the year show that steady and substantial progress has been made in the business of the company, and the new business of the year was somewhat in excess of the new business of the previous year, and the net increase of business in force at the close of the year shows the substantial gain of nearly 10 per cent over the business in force at the end of the previous year. The net premium and interest receipts also show an increase over the like receipts of the previous year of over 11 per cent, and the assets of the company have increased over 13 per cent, as compared with the assets at end of 1897.

In the matter of disbursements, the amount paid policyholders or heirs would naturally be expected to increase somewhat from year to year, in the case of a growing company. Owing, however, to a number of policies becoming claims the past year in the "ordinary" branch being for larger amounts than the average of the policies in force in that branch, the aggregate claims of the year in that branch have been somewhat abnormal as compared with the average claims of previous years. That the Company's financial position has not been materially affected by this occurrence is a practical demonstration of its financial soundness and favorable earning power.

The liabilities of the Company have, as heretofore, been provided for in the most ample manner. All of the Company's industrial policies, and a considerable proportion of its ordinary business as well, having been valued upon a one-half per cent more stringent interest basis than the government standard. Had the liabilities been made up on a less stringent basis than has been done, the surplus over all liabilities and capital would naturally appear much larger than as shown on the Company's basis.

With these remarks I beg to move the adoption of the report.

The vice-president, Mr. A. O. Jeffery, in seconding the motion to adopt the report said:

I desire to add a few observations to those made by the president. The reserve held for security of policyholders, and which has now reached \$70,254.06, is approximately \$28,825 to the "industrial" business, and \$41,429.06 to the "ordinary" business; the amount added last year being \$60,

AMUSEMENTS AT THE GRAND

Uncle Tom in Town Today—One of the Greatest of American Plays, "Shore Acres" Monday Night—Jolly Fanny Rice Tuesday, and the Hermanns on Friday Night.

UNCLE TOM'S ANNUAL VISIT.
"Uncle Tom's Cabin" is in the city today, pleasing a large matinee house. The parade this morning was witnessed by large crowds. Another performance will be given this evening. Stetson has a fine company, and an excellent performance is given.

"SHORE ACRES."



Scene from "Shore Acres."

That dramatized poem of American home life, "Shore Acres," that has justly won the lavish praise of all the discerning lovers of the drama in this country, still continues to bask in the favor of the public, and its drawing powers show no signs of diminution. Its long life, a proof of its great value, has been one series of triumph, and all are now willing to admit that this New England idyl is the greatest pastoral play in the English language. Mr. Hall Caine, the author of "The Christian," long ago said it was the work of a genius, and predicted its overwhelming success in London. Anyone who can enjoy one of James Whitcomb Riley's or Eugene Field's poems will find "Shore Acres," a genuine treat, and both these great poets commended Mr. Herne's worthy artistic achievement. She is the embodiment of grace and humor, and she brings out the fine points of the comedy with such marked precision as to inspire continuous and incessant laughter in her audiences. Miss Rice will present her popular, successful operatic comedy, "At the French Hall" on her appearance here on Tuesday evening.

JOLLY FANNY RICE ON TUESDAY.

Fanny Rice is not an ephemeral star, glimmering fitfully in the theatrical firmament, but one whose reputation is solidly established, and rests securely upon a foundation of worthy artistic achievements. She is the embodiment of grace and humor, and she brings out the fine points of the comedy with such marked precision as to inspire continuous and incessant laughter in her audiences. Miss Rice will present her popular, successful operatic comedy, "At the French Hall" on her appearance here on Tuesday evening.

THE HERMANNS.



ADELAIDE HERMANN.

Adelaide and Leon Hermann come to the Grand shortly in their magnificent exhibition of magic. The critical theater-goers of the United States have long since indorsed the magnificent work of the Hermanns, and it is safe to say that as entertainers in magic and illusions their standard is absolutely secure as being the foremost purveyors of this style of entertainment on the American stage. Aside from sleight-of-hand and illusions, Mme. Hermann will give a series of her new and bewildering dances that have earned for her a reputation second to none. Novelties in magic are as essential to success as in the field of the drama, and it is probably to this one fact that the Hermanns always present something new and startling, that much of their phenomenal success is due.

"AND THE GREATEST OF THESE IS CHARITY."



Fanny Rice has an intimate friend in Buffalo to whom she has been warmly attached since her school-days. The lady in question, although highly educated and refined, is inclined to be economical to the verge of penuriousness. Having no family connections, and possessing a small competency,

CANCER

Or Tumor

(Mention Advertiser.)

Send 6c. for book and testimonials. No Knife! No Plaster! but pleasant home treatment. A. L. Stott & J. W. Bowman, Ont.

she established herself in the retail millinery business, where, by practicing the economy previously referred to, she has built up a thriving trade, which she serves from a handsomely-fitted shop in one of the busiest thoroughfares. Miss Rice never visits Buffalo without spending considerable of her time with her old schoolmate, and during her engagement there last season they were much together. On the occasion in question Miss Rice called at her friend's establishment and found the latter behind the counter displaying some goods to a prospective purchaser, and, not wishing to interrupt, Miss Rice ensconced herself in a comfortable chair at the open door. It was a beautiful autumn day, and the street was crowded with handsomely-gowned women. While seated there a miserable, poorly-clad woman, with a child in her arms, timidly entered the shop, and, with a sad, expectant look, asked the counter, and asked the name of Miss Rice's friend. The latter, not wishing to appear uncharitable in the presence of her customer, and at the same time thinking it would be funny to play a practical joke on her old schoolfellow, directed the beggar to Miss Rice, saying: "I can do nothing for you. There is the proprietress; you must ask her." The unfortunate woman approached the actress, who, quick as thought, redirected the woman to the counter, remarking at the same time in loud, distinct tones: "Give this poor woman a dollar out of the cash drawer." Imagine the effect on a woman who valued a dollar as the ordinary mortal does a hundred, but she was "hoist with her own petard," and compromised with a quarter. She doesn't joke with Fanny Rice any more.

COMES WELL RECOMMENDED.

It is not often that an American play has such noted sponsors as "Shore Acres" had when it was first presented to the public. Among the eminent players who recommended Mr. Herne's work are Messrs. Henry Irving, Wilson Barrett, John Hare, Wm. Terriss, and all of the American artists. Among the literary men who have written of the play's worth are Messrs. William Dean Howells, Hall Caine, Hamlin Garland, Wallace Brown, James Whitcomb Riley and the late Eugene Field. Mr. Field had always been a warm admirer of Mr. Herne's work, and only a short time before his death he entertained the actor-dramatist at his home in Chicago. Mr. Riley has written a poem about the play, and Mr. Bruce, another well-known poet and lecturer, thinks "Shore Acres" is the greatest native work yet produced. A fine scenic production of "Shore Acres" will be given at the Grand on Monday evening.

SHORT BUT PITHY.

Is Miss Linsey's Indorsement of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

They Cured Her of Female Weakness and Headache, When Other Medicines Were Without Effect—Her Cure Began When She Started Using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Quebec, P. Q., March 17.—A very short, pithy and weighty statement is given for publication by Miss Linsey, of this city. This statement, made and signed in the presence of witnesses, carries a message of hope, and encouragement to the vast majority of women, for nine of every ten women are sufferers from one or other of the long train of its known popularly as Female Troubles.

To those, to them all, without exception, Miss Linsey's statement proves that there is, in Dodd's Kidney Pills, a positive and permanent cure for the diseases that rob life of all its pleasures and joys.

Miss Linsey writes: "I have been a great sufferer from Female Weakness and Headache. I suffered all the tortures attendant upon these diseases, and could get no relief, though I tried many different kinds of remedies. Some time ago I began using Dodd's Kidney Pills, and my complete cure began at the same time. I am now strong and well in every way, thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Weak, pale, nervous women, whose lives are a continual round of suffering, need look no further for a cure. If they will use Dodd's Kidney Pills, they are sure of complete restoration to vigorous health.

Dodd's Kidney Pills strengthen the kidneys, and the Urinary Organs, and bring health, strength and vitality to weak, defective organs. No Kidney Disease can exist when Dodd's Kidney Pills are used.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists, at 50 cents a box, six boxes \$2.50, or sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodd's Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto.

NOTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES.

CENTRALIA.

Centralia, March 17.—The revival services in the Methodist Church, Centralia, continue with unabated interest. Mr. S. Grigg is ably assisting the pastor, Rev. S. Salton, and already nearly 40 have been to the altar of prayer as seekers of salvation. Mr. Grigg will stay another week in the good work. Next Sunday the Rev. W. Ball, of Kirkton, will preach missionary sermons in this church, and on the following Wednesday night the Rev. D. K. McKenzie, returned missionary from Japan, will lecture and exhibit 100 views illustrating life, scenery and customs of Japan—mostly colored views.

Mr. John Parsons, of this place, has sold his cheese factory to the patrons of the new creamery to be started here this spring. Butter packing is going on here for the Klondike.

MOUNT BRYDGES.

Mount Brydges, March 17.—Last night was the crowning success of the great revival now going on in Mount Brydges Methodist Church, and the edifice was packed to the doors. It was a white service, introduced into Canada by Evangelist Wm. Mouli. The church was draped in white, and nearly everyone wore something white. The meeting commenced by a song service, led by Evangelist Brownlow and the choir, followed by an earnest address from Mr. Brownlow, illustrating three great facts—disease, the physician and the remedy. Leprosy was taken as the disease—a type of sin; Christ as the great physician, who alone can cure the disease; and salvation, through faith in Christ, as the only remedy for the disease. Bro. Brownlow is only a young man, but his earnest, faithful

OAK HALL



Saturday Children's Day

BARGAINS FOR THE BOYS

Little Fancy Suits, \$2, regular \$3.
100 Tweed Suits, \$1.50, regular \$2.
100 Tweed Suits, \$1.75, regular \$2.50.
Boys' 3-Piece Suits, \$2.75, regular \$3.50.
Good Dark, All-Wool, Canadian Tweed, \$3, regular \$3.75.
Fine All-Wool, Italian Lined, Silk Stitched, \$4, regular \$5.85.
Light Fawn English Worsted, beautifully tailored, \$5, regular \$6.50.

One of Oak Hall's Celebrated Nickel-Plated Watches, good time-keepers, given with every purchase of \$10 and over.

OAK HALL,

154 Dundas Street, London. ALF. TAYLOR, Manager. \$50

CRESCENT CHAINLESS BICYCLES.

Bevel Gear, - - - - - \$75.
Crescent Chain Bicycles, - - - - - \$50.

Dunlop tires, expanders in handle bars and seat posts. Rims have a beautiful rosewood finish, making altogether the most handsome wheel in the market.

Have also chain wheels at

\$30, \$35, \$40 and \$45.

Call and examine at

Reid's Hardware,

No. 118 (north side) Dundas street, London, Ont.

OZONE—A Powerful Healer.

Ozone goes directly into the circulation—the seat of good health. It attacks disease at the fountain head and paves the way to perfect and lasting health. "I have been completely cured of liver trouble and blood disorders by the use of Ozone—it is a grand remedy."—Mrs. Hill, 1152 Dufferin street, Toronto.

At all Druggists, or the

OZONE COMPANY, of Toronto, Limited, Canada Life Building

preaching and exhortation win many young men and help them to start for the kingdom.

Bro. Mouli followed with the text suitable for the occasion: "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God." Perfect stillness reigned throughout the large congregation, during the eloquent discourse by the great evangelist, after which an appeal was made to the unsaved, and large numbers stood up all over the church, manifesting a desire to be on the Lord's side. The altar and front seats were thronged with seekers, and 60 or more professed to have been born into the kingdom, among them being a dozen or more young men of the village and vicinity. Mount Brydges never was so stirred as at this time. An outpouring of the holy spirit is looked for on Sunday next, when three services will be held in the church, besides the Sunday school in the basement.

Hushed is the conversation of men when money talks.

SNEEZED

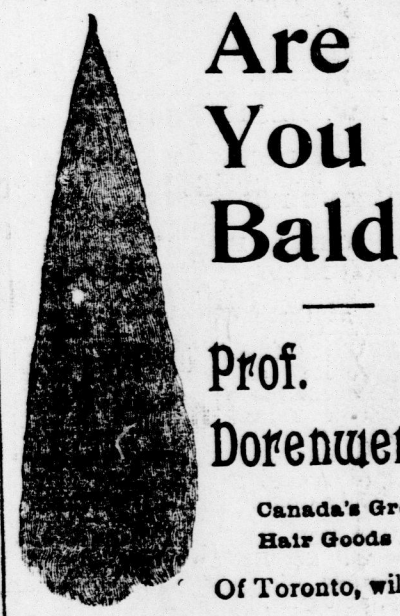
FOR 20 YEARS

And Was Distressed by Running at the Nose—Cured 18 Months Ago by Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

A peculiar case claimed our attention a few days since. The book-keeper of a well-known Toronto firm remarked that for twenty years he had been distressed by continuous sneezing when subjected to a slight draught, and this was always followed by excessive running at the nose for some days.

No treatment seemed to be at all effective, until about eighteen months ago he was recommended to try Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, which, to his surprise, completely removed these distressing symptoms.

The cure seemed so remarkable and the remedy reached the seat of trouble so directly that this gentleman has recommended Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure to a great many people, who have found it a prompt and unfailing cure for catarrh. His wife is now being cured of La Grippe by the use of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, which, when used in conjunction with Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is a perfect treatment for La Grippe. 25 cents, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.



Are You Bald?

Prof. Dorenwend,

Canada's Great Hair Goods Artist,

Of Toronto, will be at

Tecumseh House,

London, Saturday, March 25, with

Hair Goods Ladies' and Gents' Wigs,

Toupees, Bangs, Long Switches, etc.

All afflicted with thinness of Hair and baldness should not miss this chance.

Remember only one day,

Saturday, March 25

841 wtyvv

IF YOU DESIRE TO FEEL COMFORTABLE

purchase a pair of the Webb Glove-Fitting Corsets. Special price \$1.00. If you want a bargain now is your chance. J. Webb, 3602 Dundas street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets.

Some poets are noted for their versatility and some for the obituary verses they turn out. Under William III. a tax was laid on burial.

London Advertiser.

[ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.]

Managing Director, John Cameron

and Editor.

London, Saturday, March 18, 1899.

Anglo-Saxon Superiority.

That a Frenchman should write a book on this subject was a striking thing, and in the book itself there are many things that will "strike and stick." The original French edition caused something of a sensation, and the Canadian edition, issued by the Musson Book Company, Toronto, will no doubt attract attention in this country. Apart from any discussion of the merits of the book we may safely say that the investigation of the subject in this volume shows the courage and wisdom of the author. We are all too prone to adopt the ostrich policy of shutting our eyes to unpleasant facts, and remaining content with the old song that we are "the great nation." It is a truer patriotism, though not quite so popular, to recognize the signs of danger and seek patiently for the remedy. This writer had the boldness to declare in the face of his countrymen that their system of education was all wrong, and would need to be revolutionized if young Frenchmen are to have any chance in the fierce struggle for existence under the conditions of modern life. Very many of the statements contained in this book must have been unpleasant reading for Frenchmen, though, perhaps, they might find a little consolation in the severe criticism of the German schools, and that critic of the German schools, the German Emperor.

The author states the fact of the supremacy of Anglo-Saxon activity and influence in the world. A colored map and a few brief notes are sufficient for that point. Then he traces the history of its growth, and attempts to investigate the causes. Some may think that the problem is even more complex than the author has made it, but the merit is that it puts the salient points of the case clearly and strongly. In proof of this note the comment of Mr. J. Le-maitre, one of France's ablest critics: "An infinitely painful book is that of M. Demolins; but we must swallow the bitter cup to the dregs. The book ought to be read. We know—or, at least, we suspected the things which M. Demolins tells us. But he makes them precise and clear; he puts these things together, and the effect of his work is to convince us of the social, political, commercial, industrial, financial and moral superiority of the Anglo-Saxon race, and of our own weakness, our misery and inferiority. For the superiority of our cooks and comic playwrights is not calculated to save us, and it is just possible that our artistic superiority is but a somewhat useless luxury."

After this the critic proceeds to emphasize, for the benefit of astonished Parisians, the various counts of the indictment. The growth of Anglo-Saxon dominion, the author treats of as a drama in four scenes, as follows: (1) Predominance of the Saxons over the Celts; (2) predominance of the Saxons over the Angles; (3) The predominance of the Saxons over the Danes; (4) predominance of the Saxons over the Normans. He would probably not deny that all these elements—conquered elements as he regards them—have contributed to the general result, but he regards the peculiar Saxon element the individualistic element, the self-reliance which leads men to do things for themselves rather than to depend upon the state as the key to the situation.

This is simply a slight sketch given in the preface of the body of the work, with three more divisions, in three contrasts, the Frenchman and Anglo-Saxon, at school, in private life, and in public life. On all these points he maintains that his fellow-countrymen have much to learn from the Anglo-Saxon. "Ask a hundred young Frenchmen, just out of school, to what careers they are inclined; three-quarters of them will answer you that they are candidates for Government offices." The road to these offices is by examination, and hence the schools exist for the purpose of preparing boys for the purpose of passing examinations, and as the text must constantly be made more complicated, this gives rise to a system of "cramping" (chauffage). This is the definition of cramping. "It consists in imparting, in as little time as possible, a superficial, but temporarily sufficient, knowledge of the programme of the examination." It is shown how this eats into the life of France, and the schools form officials and not men.

The other points are similarly dealt with, and we can but repeat that it required courage on the part of the doctor to administer this bitter pill. The book is well worth reading, but if the only use we can make of it is to minister to the pride of our race it will be a failure so far as we are concerned. In Canada today there are many intelligent patriotic men who think that the same evils are eating into our social and political life—that we are coming to trust too much in the state and too little in ourselves, that we are placing too much reliance on legislation, and too little on character. If it is true that the British flag stands throughout the world for law and order, it is also true that it has only come to stand for this ideal because the Englishman has been able to carry the law in himself, and exemplify it in his life. The outward law is after all only a symbol or an index, and if we make an idol of it and neglect the inward life, the only result will be weakness and decay. We must have loyalty to law, but we must also have self-reliance, individual initiative, and recognition of the rights of others. These have helped to make Anglo-Saxon superiority.

Mr. Choate's Speech.

Mr. Choate has been waking John Bull's rapture by thrumming on the Anglo-Saxon lyre. The British newspapers unite in calling his speech eloquent, witty and altogether electric in its effect. Most American ambassadors in Great Britain seem to achieve great reputation as post-prandial orators. It is probably due to the novelty of the American style of speaking. Public men in the United States practice after-dinner oratory a good deal, and as a rule they are fluent and sprightly at it. English oratory, like the English public dinner, is apt to be heavy, but it is solid nevertheless. The American's speech may be more voluble and diverting to listen to; but the Englishman's speech will look better in print. A critic has said that the American speaks better and the Englishman talks better, meaning that to speak well in public is a knack which can be acquired with very superficial attainments, but that conversation is a stronger test of mental equipment, and is independent of the mere art of rhetoric. In literary merit there is no comparison between English and American standards. The average speech in Congress looks like a schoolboy's essay beside the average speech in the British Parliament. Senator Hoar seems to be the only American in public life who can strike a note of real scholarship. This state of affairs is due to the fact that the educated classes of the United States do not go into public life. Still, if the American has less of the culture, he has more of the temperament of the orator than the Englishman. He is more volatile and emotional. His vivacity of spirit and audacity of expression are suited to after-dinner occasions where the subjects are not didactic, and where the company wants to be entertained and not instructed.

Victoria Park.

Some public-spirited citizen has a chance to do the city a good turn by purchasing and deeding to the municipality the remainder of that wedge of land extending from the site of St. James' Presbyterian Church to the point where Richmond street, Park avenue and Central avenue converge. By tearing down the buildings on this strip of property, and by filling in Park avenue, from Princess to Central avenue, the boundaries of Victoria Park could be carried to Richmond street. It would make a superb addition to that beautiful inclosure, and the cost would be comparatively little. While the City Council are purchasing St. James' Church site it is a pity that their means will not permit them to take over the entire wedge. At present the western side of the park faces a block of backyards and outhouses, which make an unsightly gap in the otherwise handsome surroundings. To have the park fronting on a main thoroughfare like Richmond street would greatly improve the whole neighborhood. The east side of Richmond street would present a fine stretch from Dufferin to Central avenue.

In Toronto they are agitating for the creation of a park by the purchase of a block of buildings in the heart of the city, and it has been suggested that private subscriptions be opened for the purpose. There are few places that can boast a beauty spot like Victoria Park, so centrally located, and every citizen must applaud the wisdom of those who set it aside for public use. As the population grows, so will the necessity for further park area within the city limits. The opportunity to enlarge the size and enhance the appearance of our popular resort, is a very tempting one.

Manitoba's speech from the throne is a paean of prosperity.

The trusts that are formed to "lessen the cost of production" generally end by increasing the cost of consumption.

The Ottawa Government has started the session well. The six new members introduced at the opening were all Liberals. Sir Charles Tupper will now proceed to prove that the Government has lost the confidence of the country.

Some of the American papers are reproaching Canada for the unfortunate scene at the double execution at St. Scholastique, Quebec. We beg to inform them that when Canada wants advice on the matter of hangings she will not go to Litchfield for it.

Ogilvie, the Montreal miller, says that Western Ontario municipalities have deluged him with offers of bonuses, exemptions and other special privileges if he will locate his mills in any one of them. How do the other millers like the idea of subsidized competition? The system is grossly unfair, and the Legislature should put a stop to it.

When Sir Charles Tupper speaks on the address in the House of Commons, if there is not a crowd of his Ottawa ward workers in the galleries, it will not be because he does not tout for it. He addressed a "smoking concert" party on the other evening in the capital, and urged them to attend the House on the evening of his speech. He was confident that he would rout the Government at one charge. Sir Charles, in late years, has become so prosy, and habitually deals with so many back issues, which no one cares anything about, that when he addresses the House, even his party friends on the Opposition benches often go for a walk till he stops. It was probably wise, therefore, for the Opposition leader to arrange with the Ottawa ward managers to at least have a good-sized attendance of outsiders in the gallery to listen to him. But it does not seem a very dignified proceeding for a politician to be appealing to party friends outside the House to attend his sittings that they may hear his annihilating remarks. As Mr. MacLean, M.P., would say, the trouble is that as an annihilator Sir Charles does not annihilate.

Observations.

"A Sister to Evangeline," by Charles G. D. Roberts, published by George N. Morang & Co., of Toronto, is another novel from the pen of this talented Canadian poet, novelist and historian. The scene is the same as Longfellow's poem, and the plot centers around the burning of Grand Pre and the expulsion of the French settlers from Acadia by their English conquerors. The political necessity for the act removes the charge of harshness made by Longfellow. The idyllic peacefulness of the French character in the "Evangeline" is not insisted upon in the novel.

The rapidity of incident has a fascinating interest, and the accuracy of description, familiarity with nature, and gracefulness of style are the characteristics of the story, as well as of his poems. The complications of the plot also distinguish it from Longfellow's work, and the usual devices of the story-teller for holding the reader in suspense, are very skillfully employed. Grule, the madman, and the Black Abbe, who are met with in the author's former work, "The Forge in the Forest," play similar parts in the fortunes of the hero and heroine. The latter, Yvonne de Lamourie, does not claim the same sympathy as Evangeline, as she is only too well supplied with lovers, and her sufferings are never very intense. The story, or, rather, romance, is recommended to Canadian readers, as it is fairly representative of Canadian work, where any lack of power is atoned for by skillfulness in the plot, good characterization and smoothness and gracefulness of composition.

There is the light-eating theory, and recently we have heard of the big-eating consumption cure. Bismarck had a galloping consumption, but not of the tuberculous kind. In his old age he complained that he could eat only three eggs at a time, whereas at one time he thought nothing of eleven. As to liquids—brandy, claret, champagne—he drank everything with the same mighty thirst. "He liked his tea laced with brandy," and was fond of a mixture of porter and champagne. Bismarck's eating and drinking can hardly be cited for general imitation. It is not everybody who combines the digestion of an ostrich with the maw of a pelican.

A subscriber pays the compliment of saying that in no paper does he find news and comments more interestingly or understandingly condensed than in The London Advertiser. That is the sort of compliment The Advertiser aims to deserve.

An old resident says thunder and lightning in March means a late spring.

What Others Say.

Better Farm Prices.
[St. Marys Journal.]

A very noticeable change in the condition of affairs in this locality is the improved demand for farming land, and the consequent stiffening in farm values.

Consistency.
[Guelph Mercury.]

Before the plebscite certain Conservative journals besought their readers not to make prohibition a political question. Now the Tory press is doing its best to make political capital out of the question. There is consistency for you.

The Early-Closing Movement.
[Brantford Expositor.]

The early closing movement is spreading. The Retail Grocers' Associations of London and Toronto are taking the matter up, and it will not be long ere all the towns and cities will be agitated. The conditions of business life are found to be too exacting even by those who are supposed to be the gainers by the long hours.

Too Many Close Corporations.
[Stratford Beacon.]

We are glad to note that in the bill concerning civil engineers, the Hon. G. W. Ross expressed the hope "that the house would not consent to any legislation which would tend to create a close corporation." There is too great a tendency to hedge in the different lines in life by corporations. There is reasonable ground for some, but for many there is not. We can understand why the doctors' profession should be a close corporation, but there are people who want barbers to be such. If no halt is called we may expect to hear that no man can shave himself unless he belong to the incorporated barbers, or no woman allowed to cook her husband's meal unless she be a member of the Organized Cooks' Society.

Big Profits From Advertising.
[New England Home Magazine.]

A business man of Philadelphia said the other day that Mr. Wanamaker's profits from his Philadelphia store last year were over \$1,750,000, and that those from his New York establishment will run close to that figure. The Saturday before Christmas the receipts in New York were even greater than those in Philadelphia, and exceeded \$500,000. The New York store has paid a profit from the very day it was opened, although two firms which occupied the establishment since A. T. Stewart's death have failed. The reason of Mr. Wanamaker's great success both in New York and Philadelphia is his skillful and extensive advertising. It has been his rule to confine his advertising to newspapers and magazines on which he has spent annually more than \$300,000 in Philadelphia. The advertising bills of his New York establishment exceeded even that sum last year.

From the Plunkville Bugle: "Our literary society and local branch of the C. O. W. has taken up more subjects and discussed them fuller than many a society has done in the large cities. We think it no idle claim to say that Plunkville may fairly be called the Athens of Pawpaw county."

EXEMPT NEARLY ONE HALF

Average Assessment of Thirteen Large Factories in the City—Tax Petitions Before the Finance Committee

The finance committee held a regular session last night, listened to applications for fixed assessments, dealt with a number of petitions for the remission of taxes and passed a batch of accounts. The members present were Ald. Rumball (chairman), O'Meara, Plant, Graham and Carrothers, the Mayor and Secretary Pope.

Mr. F. E. Leonard appeared before the committee in support of a petition for a fixed assessment of the foundry of E. Leonard & Sons. The present assessment is \$83,000, and for the past ten years the firm has been paying only \$70,000, proportionately the highest of similar industries in the city. Rival firms in other cities were relieved, and to enable the petitioners to compete the city should deal liberally with them. The average discount allowed other similar industries (twelve in number in the city), was 45 per cent, and on this basis the petitioners' assessment would be fixed at \$45,000. Within the past three months the petitioners have brought to the city from 30 to 85 expert workmen, as important a consideration as the establishment of a new industry.

As Ald. Carrothers intends moving in council to exempt the machinery in all factories, action on Leonard & Sons' petition was postponed.

It was decided, Ald. Plant objecting, to recommend a fixed assessment of \$22,000 on the realty and \$20,000 on the personality of D. S. Perrin & Co.

The taxes of St. Matthew's Church were remitted.

Hellmuth College was granted \$220 on water rates.

The account of Registrar W. C. L. Gill, arising out of the annexation of London West, was passed for payment.

The account of St. John's Industrial School for the maintenance of Richard Kerwin, at \$2.50 per week, was again considered in connection with a report by the city solicitor. Further information will be obtained and the matter was laid over.

The case was as involved as a chancery suit. One petitioner for the remission of his taxes, \$2.50, stated his trouble in a long letter and concluded with the statement that "he was English and didn't let anybody know his affairs."

The committee decided on hearing the letter that the petitioner's "affairs" were such that he should pay up.

The application of John Cambridge for the refund of a fine of \$50 for selling the "pure juice of the apple" was filed. No power.

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness of the chest, bronchitis, etc.

Chloroform was discovered by Samuel Guthrie in 1831.

Juvenal, in one of his satires, celebrated the British oyster 1,900 years ago, and ever since that day we have believed the luscious bivalve to be an invertebrate. It remained for a Virginian to discover recently that it possesses a well-developed backbone.

Koladermic Skin Food is what its name implies—a food for the skin—builds up the wasted and worn places restores it to a natural color and imparts a baby-like softness and delicacy.

Removes pimples and blackheads, and the defects of the complexion caused by indigestion and stomach troubles At all druggists. Price 25 cents.

Old People's Health.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS THE REMEDY TO KEEP PEOPLE PAST MID-LIFE STRONG AND VIGOROUS.

Any person advanced in years who is troubled with palpitation or any heart weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, impaired memory, lack of energy and



vitality, will find nothing equal to Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for restoring the health and strength and keeping the energy and activity unimpaired.

Mrs. C. H. Dobson, a fine old lady living on Steadman Street, Moncton, N. B., made the following statement: "I am 70 years of age, and do not like to exert myself very much, but it is a pleasure to tell how much I value those wonderful Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I have been troubled for some time with a pain in my left side and a fluttering around my heart, which weakened me so that I was scarcely able to move."

"The least excitement would jar my nerves, and my heart would almost leap into my throat. My appetite was poor and I was very miserable indeed. "I took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and got great relief and am still continuing their use. They have allayed the fluttering sensation around my heart, improved my appetite very much, and I do not hesitate to recommend them as an excellent remedy for all heart and nerve troubles."

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, GARRIE COMPANY.

STORE CLOSED SATURDAY NIGHT AT 9:30 SHARP.



NEW SPRING CLOTHING..

INNOVATION and improvement is the order of the day in our CLOTHING department. People do not fail to recognize our leadership in Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing of every description. With a free lance in the world's markets we're able to buy to exceptional advantage. Compare our prices and qualities. No argument half so strong.

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

MEN'S SUITS—In all-wool Tweeds, light and dark colors, Italian linings, well and strongly made. Very special at.....\$5 00
MEN'S SUITS—In fine All-wool Tweeds, light and dark colors, Italian linings, etc. Special at.....\$7 50
MEN'S SUITS—In fine All-wool Tweeds, plain and fancy Scotch tweed effects beautifully made and trimmed. Very special at \$8 90 and.....\$10 00
MEN'S SUITS—In extra fine All-wool Tweeds and Worsted, Italian linings, in plain and fancy patterns, newest styles, silk sewn, well and strongly made, equal to any ordered garments. Special at \$12 00 to.....\$15 00
Bring Your Tailor With You.
MEN'S NEW SPRING OVERCOATS—In Fawn-colored Whip Cord, beautifully made and trimmed, French facings, latest styles. Special at \$10 00 and.....\$15 00

Boys' 3-piece Knicker Suits in light and dark colored tweeds, plain and fancy, well and strongly made and trimmed; special at.....\$3 50
Boys' 3-piece Suits in all-wool tweeds, plain and fancy, newest patterns, Italian linings, etc., beautiful assortment, ranging in price \$4 to.....\$6 50
Boys' 2-piece Suits in light and dark tweeds, Italian linings and good patterns; very special at.....\$2 00
Boys' 2-piece Suits in fine all-wool tweeds, light and dark colors, plain and fancy, also in extra fine all-wool serges, beautiful assortment; see this range; special at from \$2 75 to.....\$4 50
Boys' Vestee Suits
In all-wool tweeds, trimmings, etc., to match, light and dark colors, newest styles; special from \$2 75 to.....\$3 50
Boys' Vestee Suits in extra fine all-wool tweeds (Scottish effects), plain and fancy patterns, latest styles, very special at \$3 50 to.....\$5 00
Child's Blouse Suits in fine blue serge with large sailor collar, beautifully trimmed and strongly made; very special at.....\$1 35



The Runians, Gray, Garrie Co.,

208, 210, 210½, 212 Dundas Street, London.

THE GENUINE HEINTZMAN & CO PIANO

Is the Art Piano Of Canada.

It has been indorsed and eulogized by the greatest artists of the day.

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Chas. Santley Signor Foli
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It was used exclusively by Plunket Greene, Trebelli and Burmeister, in all their concerts in Canada, proving conclusively the Heintzman & Co Piano the best in Canada.

Prices right; terms accordingly.

A pleasure to show our goods and quote prices.

BUY NO OTHER--IT IS THE BEST.

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217 Dundas St., Cor. Clarence

CATASTROPHE IN NEW YORK

Flames Burst From the Windsor Hotel

Just as the St. Patrick's Day Procession Was Passing.

And Some Ten or Fifteen Persons Perished.

Scores Were Badly Injured While Fully Forty Are Missing.

New York, March 18.—Flames, which originated from the lighting of a lace curtain, burst forth from the second floor of the Windsor Hotel, at Forty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, just as the St. Patrick's Day procession was passing the building, and in a few moments they had leaped to the roof and enveloped the entire Fifth avenue and Forty-seventh street fronts of the hotel.

ESCAPE CUT OFF.
Ten minutes later the flames were roaring through the interior of the building, and all means of escape by stairways and elevators was cut off, and there was the wildest scene of excitement within and without the building. Hundreds of guests and employees were in the hotel when the fire broke out, and for many of them escape with safety was impossible.

Probably from ten to fifteen lives were lost within half an hour, and thirty or forty other persons were injured in jumping from windows and in rushing through the roaring flames in the corridors and on the stairways.

Many who were injured died later at near-by residences and hospitals, and others who made leaps to the stone pavements are still hovering between life and death.

THE DEAD.
Up to midnight the list of dead was as follows: Mrs. Elizabeth Leland, wife of Warren Leland, proprietor of the hotel, died from burns about the body; Helen Leland, daughter of Warren Leland, jumped from window; Mrs. Amelia Padlock, Irvington, N. Y., jumped from window; Mrs. James S. Kirk, Chicago, died in Bellevue Hospital; Mrs. M. Pierce, Macon, Ga., died in a neighborly house; Miss Lazzelle Grandey, Elizabeth City, N. C., died at police station; Mrs. Addie Gibson, died of shock at Murray Hill Hotel; Eleanor Louise Goodman, 17 years of age, fractured skull from jumping from window; John Connolly, hotel employe, burns and internal injuries; unknown woman, No. 1; unknown middle-aged woman, No. 2, jumped from window.

THE INJURED.
Kate Roache, face burned, leg fractured; Polly Noonan, play employe, burns on body; Patrick McNichols, watchman, burns; James McGuire, truckman, leg fractured; Dr. Neil McPhaetter, ankle fractured; Kate Flannigan, domestic, burns on body; Nicholas Mallon, internal injuries; Melitabel Henry, probably fatally burned; Mrs. Frank R. Waldo, burns of body; Mrs. Catherine Bailey, Chicago, burns of body; Miss Helen Brewer, thigh burned; Mrs. Von Spiegle, leg and rib fractured; Mrs. Catherine Misch, face and hands burned; Mrs. G. H. Wheeler, shock and burns; Mrs. J. M. Boyce, shock; and burns; Edward Sheleton, watchman, burned; John Duke, hotel employe, shoulder dislocated; Warren F. Leland, head cut; Mrs. Kirk Haskins, Chicago, shock; Miss Alice Price, severely injured; Nellie Telford, severe scalp wound; Ellen Curran, hotel employee, body burned; Wm. F. Love, cashier, burns, serious; Arthur James, fireman, scalp wound; Mrs. C. H. Calhoun, shock; Mrs. C. S. Simonds, body burns; Mrs. Rossin Rosenthal, body burns; unknown woman, fractured skull; unknown man, hands and arms burned.

THE HOTEL DESTROYED.
The flames could not be checked, and in two hours from the time the fire broke out the entire structure was in ruins. The fire was the most spectacular affair of the kind that could be imagined. When it broke out, Fifth avenue was crowded with people watching the St. Patrick's day parade, and every window in Fifth avenue was filled with men and women watching the procession in the street. The day was all that could be desired, and an unusually large number of people were on the streets on that account—a fact which interfered not a little with the movements of the firemen and police.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY PARADE ABANDONED.
As soon as the flames were first discovered shooting from the windows, that part of the St. Patrick's day procession which was near the building came to a halt, and with a few minutes the police came rushing towards the fire from every direction, and as far as they were able, drove the people

from the streets. One alarm after another was turned in, and hurried approach of the fire engines caused a wide scramble among the paraders and spectators. In addition to the regular guests of the hotel, the windows were crowded by a large number of spectators, residents of this city, who had congregated there to witness the parade.

THE ALARM.
Soon after the first alarm was given people in the lower floors of the hotel poured out of the building in great numbers, but it very soon became apparent that a great majority of the occupants of the hotel were either panic-stricken or unable to make their way to the ground floor. Windows were thrown up on every side of the building, and guests, mostly women, in all stages of terror, made their appearance and commenced to make the appeals for help to the crowd below. As the flames gathered about them they became more and more terror-stricken, and presently several of them stood upon the narrow window-sills and beckoned to the spectators below that they were about to leap to the street.

LEAPING FOR LIFE.
The men collected upon the sidewalks ready to offer any assistance, that they could, and in the meantime a number of women left the window sills and dropped to the street. In most of the cases their efforts to catch them and break their awful fall were unavailing, and for they struck the sidewalk, and in most cases broken limbs were the result.

As soon as the firemen could get their scaling ladders into position, they entered by the upper windows, and many cases of heroic rescue were witnessed by the throng on the street.

MISS HELEN GOULD'S GOOD WORK.
The corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-seventh street, directly across from the hotel, is the home of Miss Helen Gould, and at her suggestion many of the injured were carried there, where they were attended by physicians and nurses she had sent for. In the meantime the chief of police had telephoned to every hospital, asking for assistance. Ambulances forced their way through the crowd, and the injured people were removed to the hospitals.

JUMPED FROM THE ROOF!
Several occupants of the hotel appeared at the windows of the sixth and seventh stories, and even on the roof, and made their leaps to the streets from these points. Very few of them escaped either instant death or injuries which resulted in their death a short time later.

STREETS FILLED WITH DEBRIS.
Within 10 or 15 minutes after the fire first broke out, the walls on the Fifth avenue side fell with an awful crash. This weakened the walls on the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh street sides, and they followed a moment later. When the walls fell the hardware and twisted girders and corrugated iron filled the streets on three sides of the hotel. The doorsteps and iron fences in front of the house on the opposite side of the street from the hotel were wrecked by the falling walls, and the amount of debris piled in the streets was so great that travel will be impeded for several days.

A BOY'S DISCOVERY.
As soon as the fire broke out a hall-boy discovered the flames while passing along the fourth floor, immediately over the rooms occupied by President McKinley's brother, Abner McKinley, and his family. The boy pulled a chain attached to the fire alarm, but he shouted "Fire!" and ran to the floor below. The blaze was then licking up everything on the Fifth avenue end of the building. The boy, however, made his way through different parts of the large building, warning the inmates of their danger.

DARING RESCUES.
One of the most daring rescues effected by the firemen occurred on the fifth floor of the Fifth avenue front. An elderly woman was seen at a window, and two firemen succeeded in reaching the window immediately underneath. One of them climbed to the coping over the window on which she was standing, and then stepped over to where the woman was waving her hands despairingly. He lifted the woman clear off the window, and landed her safely in the arms of a companion, who, with the assistance of several other firemen, passed the woman down to the street.

STARTLING STATEMENTS
Regarding the French Navy—Total Unreadiness During the Anglo-French Crisis.

Paris, March 18.—In the Chamber of Deputies, during the debate on the naval estimates, M. Lockroy, minister of marine, sketched the government policy, and gave a curious insight into the unreadiness of the navy during the recent Anglo-French crisis.

M. Lockroy said he regarded the defense of the maritime frontier quite as important as the defense of the Vosges frontier, and that while France desires peace, and would earnestly strive to preserve it, a strong navy must be in readiness to repel aggression.

The minister of marine then proceeded to reveal a number of startling facts relating to the condition of the French armaments at the critical juncture in the relations between France and Great Britain some months ago. He quoted from the much-talked-of letter written by General Des Bordes last year, declaring "that not one of our naval bases is able to fulfill the functions for which it was established or capable of making a defense to save the honor of French arms."

"Today, however," the minister said, "our coast defenses are so improved that we can speak of the conditions of nine months ago as of the distant past. The difficulty at that time was an almost absolute lack of men. At our principal ports only one-third of the batteries could be manned on the first day of the mobilization, and most of the shells have no fuses."

M. Lockroy declared that he would never hold back the truth from the chamber. "These facts," he continued, "have been obtained after painful inquiries, but there are men behind the guns everywhere now. France," he went on to assert, "must prepare for the future, as well as the present, and all her financial resources should be economically employed to this end." He spoke in high terms of the personnel of the French navy, praising the courage and loyalty of the men, and advocating the German system of forbidding all foreigners on warships.

M. Louis Jourden, member for Flor-

jac, followed with an excited protest to the effect that somebody ought to be made responsible for a "series of things which brought the country within a hair's breadth of a conflict."

M. Lockroy spoke with the greatest satisfaction regarding the experiments that have proved the submarine Boulgaveta Zede capable of real service. He said the boat's apparatus enable it to resist its enemies, and to strike them with accurate aim. "Thus," declared the minister, "France possesses a new destructive engine of terrible power."

ENCOURAGING FEATURES
Characteristics of the Trade Situation in Canada—The Outlook Across the Border.

New York, March 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s review says: Much better reports are received as to the general condition of business throughout the Canadian districts. Montreal reports a continuation of recent encouraging features, dry goods especially showing activity, with collections in all lines fair, and money rates showing a hardening tendency. A large trade in fancy goods is being enjoyed at Toronto, with millinery, hardware and metals selling well, and teas and groceries in active demand. Hamilton reports wholesale trade active in metals, groceries and dry goods, while retail lines show fair improvement. Spring business opens with bright prospects at Halifax, and prices in staples are strong, without decreasing business. St. John also finds spring orders large, and lumber prospects improved, especially in American markets. Clothing and grocery dealers are reported rather light at Victoria, but the wholesale grocery business is active and collections satisfactory.

Bradstreet's weekly statement has the following: Canadian trade advices are satisfactory. Toronto reports a large volume of spring trade orders, and the weather favoring, and business in nearly all lines more active than usual at this season of the year. In general, prices of staple goods are very firm, with an advancing tendency noticeable in woolen and cotton goods, hardware and metals. The hardware and grocery dealers are reported to be in the Manitoba wheat, damaged by wet weather at harvest time. American refined sugars continue to sell in the Canadian market. At Montreal no change is noted. Jobbers in dry goods and wholesale millinery report orders active, and prices well maintained, and hardware lines exhibit more stir. Paint trade sales are good; groceries are steady, with a firmer tendency, in view of the outlook for spring business, with prospects all round regarded as favorable. Collections have been hindered somewhat by lack of activity from the Maritime Provinces. Some reports that business is only fair, though the outlook for the lumber trade is promising, and considerable activity is manifested in coal mine shares. British Columbia advices are to the effect that the Alaskan demand continues to improve. Fairly good week, and 23 in as compared with 37 the week and 23 in the corresponding week of last year.

OVER THE LINE.
Bradstreet's report says: An activity which in some directions represents the continuance of pre-existing conditions, and in others reflects a special impulse communicated by the nearest approach to spring, forms the basis of this week's trade advices. In the iron and steel industries activity continues unabated, the upward tendency of prices being sustained. Cotton goods are being actively maintained. The lumber trade exhibits every indication of activity. In the skilled labor market conditions are still continue favorable, reports of increased wages, and cotton operations, peddlers, stove molders, and others, being of almost daily occurrence. Indications of an active spring jobbing demand are numerous and widespread. The railroads report a gross and net earnings for the month of March showing a gross earnings amounting to \$65,368,537, an increase of 8.7 per cent, as compared with the corresponding month of 1898. The net earnings of the month amounted to \$18,776,279, which represented an increase of 11.5 per cent as compared with those for January last year. Business failures for the week number 205, an increase of 28 as compared with last week, but a noticeable falling off as compared with the corresponding week of either of the four previous years. Bank clearings exhibit a decrease of 3.9 per cent for the corresponding week of last year.

R. J. Dun & Co., after referring to the activity in the iron and steel products, says: "Steel markets are active, and have been only 4,305,000 pounds, of which 2,761,900 were domestic, against 5,076,700 in the same week of 1898, of which 3,107,700 were domestic, but prices are soft, and some as 2 are said to have been cleaned, because nobody can guess what effect the new combinations might have. Prices are largely nominal, and yet there is a somewhat better demand for goods. The strong demand for cotton goods has not been stopped by the weak market for cotton, which has fallen to 6.37 cents, in spite of the volume of reports about the bad condition of the late picked product. The price of goods has been strongly advanced, and is held.

The market which has lost most is that which has least statistical reason to lose, because no estimate of wheat in farmers' hands March 1 would provide more than about last year's exports, and domestic demand for flour. The actual exports of flour included, from both coasts during the past two weeks have been 7,954,933 bushels, against 7,367,892 last year. But such exports imply a foreign demand which is not unlikely to exceed last year's, and the corn crop of this year is also a little larger than last year. The western receipts for the week have been 3,359,000 bushels, against 2,557,665 last year. More than a million in cash has been received from the interior during the week, and with some flurry in call money, the general demand has been fairly steady and well met. Failures for the week have been 189 in the United States, against 208 last year, and 30 in Canada, against 27 last year.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have been fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure. The famous Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

When the rescuers approached the steamship Castilian, the imperiled passengers sang the doxology.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

MANY YEARS
A DYSPEPTIC.

Mrs. Joseph Tennier, Hopetown, Que., could get no relief until she tried Laxa-Liver Pills, which cured her.

Another sufferer freed from Dyspepsia by Laxa-Liver Pills.

Another one who tried all sorts of remedies and doctors' treatment without avail, and who had to come to Laxa-Liver Pills at last for a cure.

Mrs. JOSEPH TENNIER, Hopetown, Que., recently wrote as follows: "For several years I had been troubled with dyspepsia and sick headache, and could get nothing to do me any good, until I tried Laxa-Liver Pills. I had taken many remedies and was attended by different doctors without being cured, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, when a friend advised me to take Laxa-Liver Pills. I have used in all seven bottles, and they have made a complete cure. I have told hundreds of people that Laxa-Liver Pills are the best medicine in the world." Price 25c.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Guelph is to have a new shoe factory.

Miss Robertson, formerly head nurse of the Sarnia Hospital, died at Tilsonburg recently.

Miss Beattie and Harry Humphrey, of St. Thomas, were united in marriage on Thursday.

Mr. Henry Amos, of Guelph, has purchased 100 acres of land from R. Hawkins of that place.

Mr. J. Adams, of the G. T. R. freight sheds, Guelph, had his foot badly crushed by a shunting engine on Wednesday.

The resignation of Rev. Mr. Banton, of Walkerton, has been accepted by the Baptist congregation there, to take effect in July.

During the storm on Wednesday morning a barn on the old Tripp estate at Mount Elgin, belonging to Messrs. Morrison Bros., was struck by lightning and totally destroyed by fire. There was about 25 tons of hay, a quantity of grain and a number of farm implements in the barn, and all were consumed. Morrison Bros. will be heavy losers.

Recently A. B. Holcroft, collection clerk in the Merchants' Bank, Galt, left the bank apparently in his usual health, though he was known to be subject to some trouble or other. He was taken ill that night, and on Tuesday was taken to the Galt Hospital, where an operation was performed the same night. He died shortly afterward. Appendicitis, causing obstruction of the bowels, caused death.

Three of the Sarnia hotels are changing landlords. Kidd & Rieley's lease of the Chapman House has expired, and Murdoch Bros., who have rented it for a term of years, have taken possession. Mr. James Reilly has rented the St. Clair House, and will move in shortly. Mr. Stanley, the present proprietor, will live privately for a while. Mr. Kidd has rented the Arlington Hotel, and leased his new residence to A. T. Gurd, Petrolia.

At a meeting of the Huron Presbytery, held at Clinton, on Wednesday, the most important business transacted was the consideration of the resignation of the Rev. Dr. McDonald, for over twenty years the pastor of Seaford Presbyterian Church, the second largest congregation in Western Ontario. The reverend doctor is one of the most popular men in the church, and the congregation and presbytery feel very sore to lose so valuable a man. The reverend gentleman is making his home in Detroit, and live the balance of his days retired.

During the past few days, says the Advance, the following farms have changed hands in Dutton and locality: The estate of the late Robert McKellar, near Dutton, was sold Saturday by auction to Duncan McKellar for \$5,250. The farm consists of 150 acres. James McKellar has sold his farm of 47 acres, east of Dutton, to John W. Milton, for \$2,200. Mr. McKellar has purchased from J. B. Davidson the north half of lot 11, con. 7, Dunwich, consisting of 100 acres, for 4,150. Angus Patton has disposed of his farm, northeast quarter lot 14, con. 2, Dunwich, consisting of 50 acres, to his brother for \$2,300. Mr. Patton has purchased from J. B. McIntyre the south half of lot 14, con. 1, consisting of 140 acres, for \$3,400. Jabez Spencer has sold his farm, adjoining West Lorne, to Mr. Hurley, of Ekfrid, for \$4,500.

Medical Cards.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 269 Queen's avenue, S. E. (between the Fifth and Sixth streets). Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S. E. D. L.F.P., and S. G. G. Office and residence, 462 Dundas street. Telephone 1004.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON 10 a.m. to 12 p.m.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D.—443 Park avenue. Phone 210.

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, CORNER OF Queen's and Park avenues. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

C. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE and residence 327 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., and 6 to 8:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE 280 CLARENCE—Pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. OYENS, M.D., 205 QUEEN'S AVE. E. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—688 Dundas street. Telephone.

DR. MACLAREN—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, northeast corner of Park and Queen's avenues. Hours, 11 to 3 and 6 to 8. Special attention paid to diseases of digestive system. Telephone 899.

Marriage Licenses.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S Drug Store, 540 Dundas street east, corner of Wellington. Trolley cars pass the door. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

W. M. H. WESTON, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, 64 Stanley street. No witnesses required.

LOANESSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. BARRAM, 90 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Johnston's Drug Store, 185 Dundas street. No witnesses required. Residence 294 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 181 Dundas street. Residence 290 Dufferin avenue.

Business Cards.

D. DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS, carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 154 Fullarton street.

G. B. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL ROOFER, roughing a specialty; estimates on application. 249 South street, London. Telephone 83.

Massage Treatment.

MISS SHUFF—GRADUATE OF DR. W. M. McMillan's Hospital for Nervous Diseases, Physiotherapy, Massage and Swedish Movements. 497 King street, London, Ont. Phone 508.

Livery Stables.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—No. 819 DUNDAS street, East London. Telephone 606.

THOMAS TREBILLOCK—STAR LIVERY—633 Richmond street. Best hacks, coupes, etc. Light livery a specialty. Careful attention to orders. Phone 425. Open night and day.

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M. C. BRIDGE & FARNCOMBE—ARCHITECTS AND SURVEYORS, 213 DUNDAS street. R. C. McBride, F. W. Farncombe, H.S., C.E.

M. OORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS.

John M. Moore, Frederick Henry.



The human foundation of a healthy structure is a good stomach. A common abuse of that important organ is overeating. Overeating causes indigestion.

Pabst Malt Extract
The Best Tonic

aids digestion; or, better still, prevents overeating to a certain extent because it is a food, and when taken regularly before each meal, less solid food is required. It induces sleep, promotes digestion, and

INSURES VIGOROUS HEALTH.

Your druggist sells it.

Canadian Depot: PABST MALT EXTRACT, 66 McGill St., Montreal. (C.)

Legal Cards.

JARVIS & VINING—BARRISTERS, ETC., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

J. H. A. BEATTIE—BARRISTERS, ETC., 42 Talbot street. Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates.

MCVEY, POPE & PERRIN—BARRISTERS, ETC., solicitors, 402 Ridout street, opposite court house. Telephone 579. Money to loan. J. M. McEvey, LL.B., H. C. Pope, LL.B., F. E. Perrin, B.A.

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U. A. BUCHNER—BARRISTER, ETC., 38 Dundas street, London. Telephone 59. Money to loan at lowest rates.

MAGEE, MCKILLOP & MURPHY—BARRISTERS, ETC., solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices, 100 Dundas street, near Richmond. James Magee, Q.C., J. B. McKillop, Thomas J. Murphy, Philip E. Mackenzie, LL.B.

Veterinary Surgeon.

J. H. TENNANT—VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, King street, opposite Market House. Residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

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DR. JOHN HUTCHISON, 214 DUNDAS street, over Ede's. Phone 414.

DR. W. S. WESTLAND—DENTIST—Post-graduate in crown and bridge work. Chicago, Edge Block, Richmond street. Phone 960. Residence 257 Queen's avenue.

DR. REYNOLDS, DENTIST, SUCCESSOR to Dr. Swan. First-class honors, Toronto University. 207 Dundas street. Phone 1,131.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY—DENTIST—SUC-CESOR to the late Dr. Davis. Specialty, preservation of natural teeth, 179 Dundas street. Phone 225.

J. ELLIOTT HOLMES, L.D.S.—ROOM 3—Bathfield Block, Dundas and Clarence streets. Phone 887.

DR. JEFFREY N. WOOD—DENTIST—Over Rumlans, Gray & Carrie's, Dundas street. Telephone 1,236.

L. McDONALD—DENTIST—Office 183 1/2 Dundas street, London. Telephone 702.

WOOLFEITON & BENTLEY—DENTISTS—216 Dundas street, next Ede's Block, over Catnross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.

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25c WILL RENT A STEARNS WHEEL for afternoon or evening at Cunningham's bicycle livery, 78 Dundas street. Reopens March 25. Large stock of new wheels.

Money to Loan.

MONEY—JARVIS & VINING, SOLICITORS, London, have private funds to loan on real estate, at lowest rates. 60c.

PRIVATE FUNDS FOR INVESTMENT on real estate security. Magee, McKillop & Murphy, Solicitors, London.

TENNENT, McDONAGH & COLERIDGE, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., 78 Dundas street, London. Money to lend on mortgages, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2. Also on notes and other security.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO LOAN at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, etc., 35 Dundas street, London.

SUMS OF \$100 AND UPWARDS TO LOAN on real estate at 5 to 6 per cent. G. N. Weekes, solicitor, corner Richmond and King streets.

Insurance.

A. N. UDY—GENERAL INSURANCE Agent, over C. P. R. ticket office. Telephone 735.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF ENGLAND. Capital and Assets Exceed \$20,000,000.

J. A. NELLES, Board of Trade Rooms, 422 Richmond street, London.

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE Insurance Co., Ltd. Canada Branch, Montreal.

Assets over \$50,000,000. Fire Losses Paid Since 1838, \$174,399,852. EDWARD TOWE & CO. Office—OVER Can. Bank of Commerce, London. Funds to loan, 5 per cent. Phone Nos. 609 and 1107.

Railways and Navigation

ALLAN LINE First Cabin Fares Reduced.

London agents, E. De la Hooke, T. R. Parker and F. H. Clarke.

"Blew Monday"

spell it as you will, that's the soap-users' washday—uses them up completely. Never a "blue Monday" with the right sort of Pearlina washing. No rubbing to speak of, no wear, just soaking, boiling, rinsing. Things washed are cleaner and woman who washes is able to enjoy the time saved.

Million Pearlina

THE MECHANIC AND ARTISAN

The regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Council this week was very largely attended, upwards of 40 delegates being present, the largest number at any one meeting since the first of the year. President W. A. Hunter presided. Credentials were received from the newly-organized Stove Mounters' Union, naming delegates.

The committee to whom was referred the bill of Mr. Crawford re compensation to workmen, reported favorably on the measure, and after the report, as well as the attorney-general's bill was discussed, it was unanimously decided to favor Mr. Crawford's as against Mr. Hardy's bill, and to notify Col. Leys and the attorney-general of this action.

The amendment to the Mechanics' Lien Act, now before the legislature, was referred to the legislative committee to report on.

Complaint was made as to the manner in which copies of bills affecting wage-earners were forwarded from Toronto, and it was decided to call Col. Leys' attention to the matter.

Nothing of an important nature was referred to in the regular committee reports.

The delegates from the Hackmen's Union complained of the manner in which they were often paid by the undertakers for attendance at funerals. In some cases it was impossible to get cash; they were compelled to accept store orders. It is intended to remedy this evil.

The Grocery Clerks' Union reported that they had had a meeting with their employers in reference to early closing, and as a result it had been decided to close each evening at 6:30, except Saturday, when the hour for closing will be 10 o'clock.

The tailors notified the meeting that they were going to ask the city council to call for the union label on the firemen's uniforms. The printers also reported that they intended to ask for the label on city printing.

The building laborers informed the council that they intend to ask for an eight-hour day, commencing the 1st of May, and there is every prospect of their request being acceded to by the employers.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

Chicago carpenters will ask for a 5-cent per hour increase in wages on April 1.

It has been estimated that the type-setting machine has displaced 15,000 printers.

The mine owners and miners of Leavenworth, Kan., have settled their differences by arbitration.

The strike of the iron molders at Oswego, N. Y., has been settled, the men returning to work at an advanced rate.

The United States grand jury at Cincinnati has indicted fifteen coal companies and coal dealers of Ohio for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The labor exchange organizations claim to have 300 branches and nearly 15,000 members in the United States, representing nearly every trade and profession.

W. E. O'Brien, state labor commissioner of Iowa, writes that he finds the returns from the different industries show an increase in wages in nearly every line.

Members of the New York Typographical Union say their Pelham Bay farm is a success, and the union will continue to operate it, as the report shows it was a success in every particular.

Coal miners of the Fort Dodge (Iowa) district have decided to ask for an eight-hour day, beginning April 1, and a joint meeting of miners and operators was held on Wednesday to consider the matter.

One of the street car companies of Nashville is said to have compelled its employees to sign a protest against the bill now in the Tennessee Legislature compelling all street railway companies to vestibule their cars during cold weather.

Carpenters in Duluth, Minn., North Adams, Mass., Racine, Wis., and Fort Smith, Ark., have adopted a nine-hour workday, and the same craft in Vancouver, B.C., Seattle and Spokane, Wash., have secured an eight-hour day.

The Iowa Retail Hardware Dealers' Association, which met in Des Moines recently, among other measures adopted this: "Resolved, that we recommend to our legislative committee the consideration and correction of abuses connected with the employment of women and children by retailers, and we recommend that the committee use its best efforts to secure the enactment of a law that will fix a minimum wage for this class of labor to correspond with the wages of a man performing like labor."

Indianapolis, Ind., carpenters have adopted a wage scale of 20 cents an hour, and the eight-hour day, which will go into effect April 1. Many of the leading contractors have signed the scale, and it is thought there will be no friction.

The station agents and telegraphers on the lines of the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf Railroad have been granted their demands for better wages, which means \$10 per month increase to each of the 500 operators and agents on the road.

The city council of Danville, Ill., without a dissenting vote, adopted a measure providing that hereafter in all work of whatever nature done or performed, by contract or otherwise, for, by, or on behalf of said city, where persons are employed who labor for wages, the Danville union scale and regulations of the particular trade or calling of the person or persons so employed shall obtain and be observed, and preference of employment given to members of such unions. In case of failure of the person or contractor doing the work complying with the law the city clerk is authorized to cancel the contract under which the work is being done. The local Trades and Labor Council, composed of 27 labor unions, favored the measure and secured its adoption.

"I"

Say?
One day
Thirty odd years ago
I made Confederation,
John A.
He got the credit,
But I did the trick,
Loot, I forgot that.
George Brown—
You didn't know George,
You were too young—
Well, George Brown
Thought he did it,
Till I turned him down.
What do you think of that?

My name?
Oh, they all know me,
And you must be very new
Not to have guessed it.
It's Tupper.
Now you know me,
I did it all.
I found a lot
Of provinces
Straying around loose
And got a blanket lease
On the lot.
Then I dredged the River
St. Lawrence
And ran a private railway
Across lots,
And there you are.

I wanted to call it
The Dominion of Tupper,
But Cartier
And D'Arcy Magee
Talked a lot about Canada
And got a hold of them their way.
Very sorry;
But it can't be helped now.

Well!
What do you think?
There's a young fellow
Called Laurier
Has got
Sir John's old job.
Don't know who he is,
I'm sure.
But he has
Plenty of nerve.
Young men nowadays
Are sadly lacking in respect
For their superiors.
Don't you think so?
This one
Wants to reform the Senate.
Who made the Senate?
Didn't I make it?
And do you
Mean to tell me
I made a mistake?
Aren't the Senators
All friends of mine?
Didn't I put them there?
And do you think
I'm going to stand by
And see them abused
Not much.
You don't know me.

Who's running this country,
Anyway?
Is it Tupper
Or somebody else?
Ask the first man you meet,
He'll tell you
It's Tupper;
That's me!

—From the Montreal Herald.

SLOAN SAILS FOR ENGLAND

The Noted Jockey to Ride for Lord William Beresford and the Prince of Wales.

James T. Sloan, better known as "Tod" Sloan, the lightweight jockey, started for his third campaign on the British turf yesterday. He sailed on the Cunard liner "Lucania" on the evening of her dock at 3:15 o'clock in the afternoon, and he received a rousing send-off. Although possibly the smallest adult passenger aboard, he had decidedly the largest following, his theatrical and racing friends turning out in force to wish him bon voyage and success.

Sloan goes over to fill important engagements on the racing schedule, and he will be in harness almost before he recovers his land legs on the other side. He is booked to ride for Lord William Beresford during the season, while the Prince of Wales has second call on his services. On blank dates in these two stables he will probably accept desirable outside mounts, and his friends estimate that his earnings for the season will be close to \$100,000. Should he succeed in landing any of the "classics" he is likely to reap a richer harvest.

The advent of Sloan is eagerly looked forward to in England. He is booked to ride in the first big event of the year, the Lincolnshire handicap, and the Boreford stable has two strong candi-

dates engaged. While Tod is on the ocean these will be tried out and he will pilot the picked one, while will probably be Knight of the Thistle, still trained by Huggins, but said to be the property of the American turfman, L. O. Appleby. The other horse is Berzak, formerly owned by Lord and Beresford, but transferred to the latter when the partnership was dissolved last fall. Returns from the other side indicate that Huggins' first choice, if ridden by Sloan, will go to the post a strong favorite.

Sloan looked to be in exuberant health and spirits as he stepped up the gangway with the customary big cigar in his mouth. His winter's rest had clearly benefited him, and he was as frolicsome as a schoolboy, while the final preparations for sailing were being made. He was brimful of confidence, and made no secret of the fact that he expects to cap the climax of his racing career during the coming season abroad. In briefly outlining his plans, he said:

"With fair weather I ought to reach London about this day week. I will at once report to Lord William Beresford, as the Lincoln meeting opens on March 21, and Huggins will probably want me to take a feller or two on the stable's candidates. Unless I put on a lot of flesh during the voyage my riding weight will be about 100 pounds, but there is no immediate worry about my keeping down, as in the Lincoln and other local events I will probably have to carry lead in the guinea, Derby, Oaks and other classic races, and the stables with which I am engaged are reported to be so strong that I anticipate a fair share of success. Sloan was accompanied by Charles F. Dwyer and his western bride.

Mr. Dooley's Hobson.

"If I'd been down to the Auditorium the other night," said Mr. Dooley, "an' had a chunk of coal fr'm th' sink Merrimac, I'd have handed it to that man Loo, Hobson. I wud so. Th' idee was a hero standin' up before thousands iv men with fam'lies an' bein' assaulted by ondacht females. I made an' blushed when I saw the sink, I hope, if they let this thing go on, be hivin', why do they stop th' hootchy-kootchy?"

"Invidious iv affection is always odious to an Irishman," said Mr. Dooley, "an' to all real affectionate people. But frind Hobson's not to blame. 'Tis th' way th' good Lord has uv makin' us cow'ds continted with our lot that he never made a brave man yet that wasn't half a fool. I've more sense an' wisdom in th' back iv me thumb than all th' heroes in th' world. That's why I ain't a hero. If Hobson had intelligence he'd be wurrupin' in th' postoffice, an' if anny ol' hen thrived to kiss him he'd call for th' polis. Be-in' young and foolish, whin me frind Sampson says, 'Is there anny man here that'll take a chunk of coal fr'm th' sink I'll sink it an' save us th' trouble iv throwin' on our way home?' Loo, Hobson says, says he: 'Here I am, Cap,' says he, 'I'll take it in,' says he, 'an' seal up th' hated Castles,' he says. 'But,' he says, 'I'll have a hole in th' wall, an' whin they want to get out,' he says, 'An' he took some other la-a-d—' I fr'get their names—but was wurrupin' by the day—an' he wint in th' sink, an' the Castles hurled death an' destruction on him an' it never touched him no more than it did anny wan else, an' th' thin they rescued him fr'm himself an' locked him up in th' polis station an' fed him the best th' knew how, an' he wint on a lecture tour an' here he is. Be hivin', I think he's more uv a hero now than iver he was. I'd stand up before a cross-eyed Spanish gunner an' take his shootin' without a mask meself, but I'd shy hard iv anny ol' beef'er come up an' begin to nose around iv me.

"On th' flure iv the Merrimac, in his light underclothes, Loo, Hobson was a strong, foolish man. On th' stage iv the Auditorium, bein' caressed by women that'd kiss th' Indian in th' front iv a sea-girt sthe, if he didn't carry a tommyhawk, he's still foolish, but not strong. 'Tis so with all heroes. Napoleon Bonapart, the Imp'r'or iv th' Fr-rinch, had many carryin's on, I've heard tell, an' ol' Ph'lippeas to spoil whin Jawn Sullivan was in th' r-ring he was no encyclopedic fr intelligence. No wan thrived to kiss him, though. They knew better. An' Hobson'll learn. He's young yet, th' Loo, is, an' he's goin' to th' Ph'lippeas to spoil fr Cousin George Dooley. Cousin George is no hero, an' 'tisn't on record than anny wan iver thrived to scandalize his good name be kissin' him. I'd as lave, if I was a foolish woman, think, thanks be, I'm not, hug a Whitehead torpedo as Cousin George."

—Chicago Journal.

It Gives True Life!

Paine's Celery Compound

Indorsed by Physicians as the Best Spring Medicine.

The records and history of medicine point to Paine's Celery Compound as the most successful remedy ever given to sick and suffering humanity. It is indorsed by the medical faculty because they know its formula and have confidence in its life-giving virtues.

Paine's Celery Compound works glorious and marvelous cures. This is the secret of its success, and accounts for its worldwide and enormous sales.

It is in the springtime—this very month—when men and women are weak, nervous, rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, have headaches, kidney and liver troubles, and blood that is sluggish and impure, that the great medicine should be used to restore nervous energy, rich blood, healthy digestion, natural appetite and sweet, refreshing sleep.

The winter has been a time wherein men and women have stored ill health instead of keeping the body sound, clean and full of true life. The nerves, blood and digestive organs must be fed, nourished and cleansed by Paine's Celery Compound if true and lasting health is looked for.

At this time we honestly urge the use of the medicine that has restored thousands to full and robust health after medical skill and ordinary medicines failed. One bottle of Paine's Celery Compound will convince you that you have found a true friend and helper.

Breeches among the Greeks were a sign of slavery. London streets were first lighted by oil lamps in 1681.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

FROZEN MUTTON

Enormous Growth of the Business in Argentina and Australasia.

[New York Sun.]

It is nineteen years since the first shipload of frozen mutton was dispatched from Melbourne. The trade in refrigerated meat was at first very slow in developing. In 1855 only \$11,000 worth of sheep carcasses were sent across the sea from Argentina. It was not till about ten years ago that the business began to take on very large proportions.

Today New Zealand has its freezing works at Auckland, Wellington and elsewhere, and every year over \$5,000,000 worth of fish, beef, mutton and lamb are frozen solid, sewed up in canvas, stored in the cold chambers of ships built for the trade, and sent to markets in Polynesia and Europe. In 1890 New South Wales' exportation of sheep carcasses was only 200,000, but it has steadily increased, and in 1896 it reached the large figure of 1,200,000 carcasses, averaging 56 pounds. It costs 3 cents a pound to kill, freeze and ship and sell the mutton in London; and among the other places of large shipment are Manchester, South Africa and Malta. Queensland is the only Australian colony that exports beef in any quantity. New Zealand now has the most extensive meat-freezing work in Australasia. They are at Auckland, Wellington and elsewhere, and in 1896 they froze 2,362,535 sheep's carcasses. Until 1877 the only country sending fresh meat to the United Kingdom was Holland, but today by far the larger part of the fresh meat imports come from Australia, New Zealand and the River La Plata.

Argentina at last leads New South Wales and New Zealand in the exports of frozen mutton and lamb. She has need for a large export trade, for her newspapers say she is now producing annually an immense quantity of meat that her people cannot possibly consume. This enormous surplus has naturally brought about the establishment of large meat refrigerating plants, and one of the four in Buenos Ayres, that owned by the Salsena Company, has facilities for killing, dressing, freezing and sending out 3,500 sheep a day, and is the largest plant of the sort in the world. Before the era of refrigeration it was impossible to transport meat long distances, and much less to carry it across the tropics to Europe. In those days we used to hear chiefly of the beef exports prepared from Argentine and Uruguay cattle. But now Argentina alone is exporting about 2,500,000 frozen carcasses of sheep a year. The processes employed are practically the same as in New Zealand, and, as in our own slaughtering centers, nothing is allowed to go to waste.

Cold storage is one of the great modern triumphs in transportation. South Africa is able to profit by it to get summer-made butter all the year round. It is winter in Denmark when summer reigns in Australia, and so when it is the grass season in Australia a good deal of South Africa's butter comes from that quarter of the earth, and when the grass is sere and yellow in the dairy districts of Australia the butter of Denmark begins to arrive. England buys from Denmark nearly \$30,000,000 worth of butter a year, and though the distance is short, more and more of it being sent in cold storage. Cold storage does not create wealth, but it keeps wealth from becoming a loss. It lengthens the marketing period, for unless butter, strawberries and other articles are preserved in some way or other they deteriorate or become valueless in a very short time. It also enables the producer, within certain limits, to choose his own time for selling, for he is not compelled to sell, whether he will or no, at an unfavorable time.

Recent Scientific Research.

Has, it seems, resulted in a sure cure for catarrh, a most offensive and insidious disease, until lately considered incurable. This remedy is called Catarrhoxone, and is simply inhaled, being carried by the air directly to the diseased parts of the throat and nasal passages, and thus superseding former disgusting and useless snuffs and ointments. Catarrh, bronchitis, irritable throat, etc., yield to Catarrhoxone every time. Write for a free sample of Catarrhoxone to N. C. POLSON & CO., Kingston, Ont.

Of horned cattle only the buffalo is a native of America.

There are 5,400 square miles of coal fields in Great Britain.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing the affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

The work of a hack writer is often truck.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

The topaz was the second stone in the breastplate of the Hebrew high priests.

LIFE SAVED—Mr. James Bryson my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me good.

The earliest complete clock of which there is any record was made by a Saracen mechanic in the thirteenth century.

Wrens cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Ask Yourself Which ought to be the way to buy tea. In an air-tight packet, or out of a chest, its contents having been exposed to the many odors of a grocery store?

Lead Packets Only—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.

MONSOON

INDO-CEYLON TEA.

**HOME WORK.**

We want the services of a number of families to do knitting for us at home whole or spare time. We furnish \$20 machine and supply the yarn free, and pay for the work as sent in.

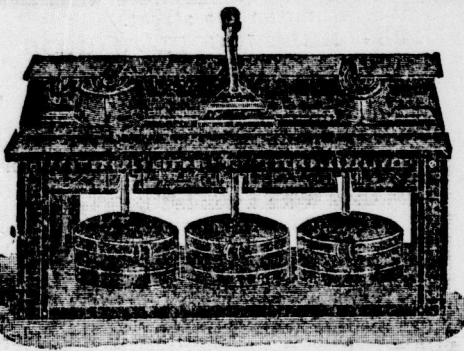
Distance no hindrance. \$7 to \$10 per week made according to time devoted to the work. Write at once.

Name references.

CO-OPERATIVE KNITTING CO.

TORONTO, ONT.

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**The Economy Stove**

As an iron heater it is unequaled. Three to five irons kept in use for one hour at a cost of 1½ cents. Two-burner stove with extra burner for iron heater. Manufactured by

The Cannon Stove and Oven Co., LIMITED.

197 King Street, London, Ont.

Light, Healthful Flakes

of Barley, free from dust and dirt and healthful in the deepest meaning of the word—that is Tillson's Flake Barley. Have you tried it yet? Ask your grocer for one of the printed recipes for the delicious pudding it makes. If you can't get the recipe send us his name and your name also and get a sample of the Flake Barley and the recipe too.

The Tillson Company (Limited), Tillsonburg, Ont.

THE WINTER STARS.

Across the iron silence of the night
A keen wind fitfully creeps, and far
away
The northern ridges glimmer faintly
bright,
Like hills on some dead planet hard
and gray.

Divinely from the icy sky look down
The deathless stars that sparkle overhead,
The Wain, the Herdsman, and the
Northern Crown,
And yonder, westward, large and bale-
fully red,
Arcturus, brooding over fierce resolves;
Like mystic dancers in the Arctic air
The troops of the Aurora shift and
spin;

The Dragon strews his bale-fires, and
within
His trailing and prodigious loop in-
volves
The lonely Pole-star and the Lesser
Bear.

—Archibald Lampman, in the March
Scribner's.

You know what that tired feeling is
and you may know what will cure it
by giving Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair
trial.



To Introduce \$1.00

our new 99 models early.
we will, for the next 30
days, ship a sample Bicycle C. O. D. to
dress upon receipt of \$1.00. We offer
splendid chance to a good agent in each
town. You have your choice of Cash, or
outright gift of one or more wheels, ac-
cording to nature of work done for us.

INTRODUCTION PRICES

FLYER—1½ in. Tubing, Flush Joints, 1
piece Cranks, fitted with Dunlop Tires,
\$3.00; fitted with M. & W. Tires, \$2.50;
fitted with Dunlop Tires, \$3.00.
Men and Ladies, Green and Maroon, 22
and 24 in. Frame, any gear.
Wheels slightly used, modern types, \$3.00
to \$2.00.
Price List Free. Secure Agency at once.
T. W. BOND & SON, Montreal.

THE RUSSELL,

Palace Hotel of Canada.

Fitted up in the most modern style.
Contains accommodation for over 400
guests. Passenger and baggage elevators.
Commands a splendid view of the
City, Parliament Grounds, Park, River
and Canal. Visitors to the capital find
it more convenient to stop at The Rus-
sell, where they can always meet lead-
ing public men. Entire hotel supplied
with fire escapes. Electric cars to all
points of city. Trains pass hotel door
F. X. ST. JACQUES, Prop.

APIOL & STEEL

for Ladies PILLS

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochis,
Pennyroyal, etc.
Order of all Chemists or post-free for \$1.50 from
EVANS & SONS, LIMITED,
Montreal, Que., Toronto, Ont., and Victoria,
B.C., or
MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, South-
ampton
J.W.T.

FREE

We give this fine
watch for selling two
dozen LEVER COL-
LAR BUTTONS, at
ten cents each. Send
your address and we
forward the Buttons,
postpaid, and our
Premium List. No
money required. Sell
the Buttons among
your friends, re-
turn the money, and
we send the watch, pre-
paid. A genuine
American watch,
guaranteed, for a few
hours' work. Men-
tion this paper when
writing.
Lever Button Co.
20 Adelaide St. E.
Toronto, Ont.

Electric Work

And Repairs

R. M. Millar, 434 Talbot St.

ALWAYS

Use
E. B. EDDY'S
Matches.

BUY THE BEST.**Up-to-Date Laundry**

All work done by hand and done up in
any style to suit you. Parcels called for
and delivered.

LEE LIN, 253 Dundas Street.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do? It makes the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended. It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness. It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out. And it restores color to gray or white hair.

\$1.00 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

It Prevents and It Cures Baldness

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it.

Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Blue Ribbon Tea.

Ask your friends about it.

OUR SHORT STORY

"Thirty Pieces of Silver."

Two travelers in sober apparel, and riding sleek, well-fed nags, were the only wayfarers on the road, as far as the eye could reach. With them, the weird loneliness of the November landscape would have missed its last touch of desolation; for the dripping gray-green sedge, intersected with sulky little streams, and ditches, which looked like faded grosgrain ribbons, with frayed edges, the sodden road with its deep rut forming brownish-gray pools, and the leaden-gray sky, against which the leafless branches of the one pollard willow were extended—as though imploring respite from further rain—all blended themselves into a sombre background that was wholly harmonious.

Only as the two horses, heavy with mud, laboriously climbed the steep, slippery hill, did the entrance of human beings bring the element of unrest into the scene.

"You climb cautiously, sir," observed the younger to the elder man with a slight smile. Their difference in age could be but that of a year or two. The older traveler, a clean-shaven, firm-jawed man, of unmistakable Scotch physiognomy, replied calmly: "I am afraid."

The other—his name was Fitzroy—suddenly reigned in his horse. His companion answered the amazed question in his eyes:

"Of falling—have a care, sir, or you will do it yourself. The mud is slippery, my horse carries a heavy load, and I have no mind for riding into town with torn cloak or bespattered person."

"You are wise, sir," said Fitzroy. "The merciful man is merciful to his beast, his person and his garments! It hath been long years since I valued any of these, and, therefore, as you perceive," noticing the other man's fall in the mire.

"Tut! as to that we are both mired. 'Tis these pestiferous roads, after the rains. The stable-boys at the Golden Goblet shall scrape off some of it, when we have dined."

Again Fitzroy's horse reared back sharply, and again amazement stared from his eyes. "The Golden Goblet. You are bound to dine there? Then our ways part, sir; though I am loth to leave pleasant company."

"But how now?" in astonishment equally blank. "Where else should we dine, save at the inn? Pardon me, sir; but your behavior is certainly most strange."

A dull red had risen in Fitzroy's cheeks. He gazed at the ground without answer.

"If 'tis a matter of money," began the other in an altered tone. "Ay, sir, you have touched the point. Poverty is not a vice, is it? or it could not so readily shame us. My pockets are empty, and I have counted on the charity of some good cottage creature for a cup of milk and some bread and cheese."

"Pray, be my guest at the inn," said the older man with formal civility. He was apparently as cautious of over-demonstration toward a chance acquaintance as of climbing slippery hills, but waxed more insistent at Fitzroy's violent demur. "But wherefore not? Surely my hospitality should irk no less than an old cottage woman's."

"Sir, you are most kind. But I would go with an empty stomach rather than dine at the Golden Goblet. I have an ancient grudge."

"But I thought," cried his fellow traveler, "you were stranger in these parts? You said as much when we fell in with each other this morning, and you prayed me to point you the road to Durham."

"But doth a road run one way only?" Fitzroy asked, a sudden sparkle of mirth in his eyes, as quickly extinguished. "As I remember the Golden Goblet, it stands at a crossing, and

crone took the bride. Her appearance, and that of the house, was unprepossessing, and his Scotch caution returned on him.

He stood up rigidly, while Fitzroy opened his eyes in unfeigned surprise, and loudly recited a long Presbyterian grace, before he would take the seat indicated for him.

"A man of religion!" exclaimed Fitzroy. He had intended to say it aloud; but the performance of so distinctly devotional an act in the presence of a stranger was as astounding to him as it was unremarkable to the Scotchman, who complacently replied, his mouth full of bread and cheese:

"Office of Ballantyne kirk, and a man of peace toward all."

"Yet you travel armed," suggested Fitzroy doubtfully.

"A commendable means of securing peace, is it not? I hear over-much of these so-called 'gentlemen of the road,' who kill a man in haste and discover his poverty at leisure, to have a mind to ride unprotected when I am traveling alone."

"Have you ever heard," asked Fitzroy, "of one they call 'the Irish Paddy,' who hath been making himself somewhat officious in these parts?" The Scotchman shook his head. The slow-creeping twilight and the slow-creeping red in Fitzroy's face, he said lightly:

"Oh, well, these gentry practice for gain, rather than fame, so 'tis not surprising you should not have heard of him yet. Besides, he hath so far kept his hands clean of blood, they say, that may I ask, sir, why as you appear to grudge these poor fellows the name of gentleman, to which many of them, by birth at least, are entitled?"

"Because,"—the speaker's utterance was still rendered indistinct by vigorous, and unhappily eyed his food—"being, by birth at least, personally disqualified for that title, I, an honest man, begrudge it to a set of cowardly thieves."

"You are a hard man, and yet you were a long time holding that their patent of gentility hath expired. After all, 'tis but a bit of Judas-work, betraying their harmless fellows for a few filthy coins. Pahi! I am a farmer, and work in the dirt all day, but I would not touch such money."

"Hold, sir!" cried Fitzroy impetuously, while the old woman frowned in the back-ground. "You are harsh, methinks. I, too, am honest, yet I have the poor man's sympathy for him who feels that he owes him a living and the right to collect it."

"And I," disputed McDougall, "have the poor man's sympathy for those who, having by hard labor collected it, desire to keep it. 'Tis natural, is it not?"

"You argue well, sir; yet there is something to say for the highwaymen sometimes. Take the case of him I just spoke of, the Irishman they call 'Paddy of the Roads.' 'Tis not a man I admire, nor would I willingly stand in his shoes; yet his life was a fine, halting ten years since, ruined at cards by cheating gamster Colonel whom he could not denounce."

"Why," said the Scotchman, "that I call cowardice."

"That mean you, sir? What dare you?" Fitzroy's hand was where soldiers carry their swords. He had sprung to his feet, and his voice echoed indignantly to the low rafters. "I will not, tut, what a vile temper I am in, for that I am crossed in a friendly argument! Pardon me, sir, and laugh at my heat as much as you wish."

But it was not laughter that looked out in the steadfast gaze of McDougall, who had laid down his knife and fork. The two men were alone, the woman having slipped out to fodder the horse. In sickening anxiety Fitzroy awaited the next speech, whose slow, unchanged tones brought the breath back to his quivering body.

"I, myself, may wax as hot in putting the other case, but the honest way of earning man of trade or toil. I, for instance, of course, carry naught worth taking."

"Of course not," agreed Fitzroy, craftily, the traveler's precious words yet ringing in his ears: "My horse carries a heavy load."

"Yet, were it but thirty shillings, or but one shilling, or but sixpence, I would not deliver it up for thirty bulberries in my face. Folly it may be—I claim not that it is surgery; yet his shoes, yet his life was a fine, halting ten years since, ruined at cards by cheating gamster Colonel whom he could not denounce."

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his feet. "Come on, sir," he said, with ghastly composure. "You have yet dipped your hands in blood. You dipped them last—in my dish—you wretched betrayer—coward!" As he fell in the vain attempt to pull his adversary down with him, one sharp cry of pain, of human dependence, quivered in the air, preceding a deadly silence.

"Kitty!"

The face bending fiercely over him blanched at the sound, more than at the scarlet stream which soaked the grass where he fell.

"Why need he shriek that?" muttered Fitzroy. "Tis strange. In fact, I would his Kitty had him, and I the buskin bag."

Recalled to the need for haste, he knelt down and fumbled for the bag, which he snatched up with a hoarse cry. "Shillings! One, two," he counted 30, and his hand shook. He wished mightily it had been any other number, even a lesser; and could not have sworn that the pale, dead, scornful lips beside him did not repeat:

"Tis a bit of Judas work. In the bag lay a letter, whose address, 'To Mrs. Dorothy White, Durham,'

struck him with a vague, unpleasant sense of familiarity:

"Dr. Aunt," it read, "these 30 shillings will be handed you by a brave gentleman and true. Mr. Duncan Melgally of this place. Him I am to marry in a little time. The silver pieces are for you to add to that I gave you for a wedding gown wh. you, honored Aunt, promised me the favor to do for me. Send it back by him, and I pray you of my courtesy love him as I do my Self. Yr. moast dutiful niece,

"KITTY FITZROY."

Thirty pieces of silver flung in as many different directions, splashed into the little roadside ditches. "I have betrayed the innocent blood," cried Fitzroy.

His face was ashen. He peered with eyes of horror at the still thing at his feet. "A bad business!" he muttered. "Brother-in-law, I could wish you a better part in the play than that of my first victim."

He heard horse's hoofs, and trembled like an aspen. Hastily wiping his fingers in the moist grass, he mounted his horse and rode off, with savage spurs in his sides.

The horse followed—then abruptly stopped where the wounded man had laboriously risen on one elbow, watching the highwayman's fleeing figure. At a familiar neigh he smiled grimly and painfully, first glancing at the untouched panniers at the Ballantyne kirk's good gold, which lay on the faithful creature's back, then at the muddy coins scattered round him. His stunned senses rallied slowly.

"Kitty'll never cry for her coins," he said feebly. "Gin I live to come back, Ay, I'll live. Were I no better kirk of kirk than you poor craven makes of a highwayman, 'twould go ill! Why called he me 'brother'?"

And Fitzroy, speeding frantically on into the dusk, scoured by visions of a Last Judgment, when he should stand with Cain and Judas, looked not back to tell him.—Saturday Evening Post.

DEEPSNOW OUT WEST

When Cows Look Down Chimneys and Travelers Rest on Top of the Telegraph Poles.

[Denver Post.]

It has snowed so long, so deep and so hard in South Park that the cows walk on the tops of the barnhouses. Dr. Clinton H. Scott, of Como, surgeon of the South Park line of the Colorado and Southern, vouches for the accuracy of the story. Not only do cattle turn the shingles into a sloughing place, but the trains go through banks of snow for miles so high that the walls tower for several feet over the roofs of the coaches.

"No description, never and how an idea of the terrific amount of snow that has fallen from where the Platte Canyon debouches into South Park, near Leadville. The best tales of the pioneers have all been discounted this winter. The storms have kept the railroad busy since November.

The snow between Webster and Como ranges from six to sixteen feet deep along the track. Between Como and Breckenridge, parties who have been over the buried road have rested themselves on the cross arms of the telegraph poles. The height of the snow varies between these two points from 10 to 35 feet along the track.

"Between Dickey and Leadville are slides 50 feet deep, that have brought down rocks and trees in addition to the snow. When the road begins to open up this portion of the 'high line' the work will be forced to shovel, pick and blast it out. A rotary is useless in removing it. The solidly-packed mass would ruin the stoutest paddles.

"In Como the snow is as high as many of the houses in the town. In Breckenridge one can stand on the sidewalk on one side of the street, and the snow is so deep in the street that you can't see the buildings on the other side. At Montezuma the snow has buried the houses and stores so completely that you can walk on the roofs with the greatest ease.

"It is B. Stapp, of Montezuma, was ill. He strapped him to a sled and hauled him to Como on the tops of enormous drifts. The men were fitted with ski snowshoes and the journey was quickly made. This expedition was followed by others, and now nearly all the traveling in this storm-bound section of the state is accomplished with skis. The skis vary from 10½ to 15 feet in length, and are very thin. They are the favorites for walking, as they permit coasting at a rate of 60 miles an hour, which is impossible when web shoes are strapped to the boot.

"In South Park there is mile after mile of level snow, burying trees and telegraph poles.

"Last week a ranchman not far from Jefferson heard a voice in the night and woke up. He thought it was burglars, ran to the windows on the ground floor, recollected he was walled in with snow, ran to the second story, saw the same walls, and at last poked his head out of the chimney. It was the cow wandering on the roof and scraping off the snow in bovine enjoyment at finding some resemblance to a human habitation.

"C. H. Dunbar, a livewoman of Como, is running a stage line between Grant

and Como, and has a mail contract with the government carrying first-class mail and the current fallies. The service is three times a week. Four horses haul the sleigh and a limited number of passengers is taken. The difficulties encountered are so great, however, that the passengers are forced to walk behind the sleigh, the major portion of the way. The other day the horses sank out of sight in a drift, and it took seventeen men seven hours to dig them out."

It Never Disappoints.

People who are troubled with any disease caused or promoted by impure blood or a low state of the system may take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the utmost confidence that its faithful use will effect a cure. Millions take it as a spring medicine, because they know by experience it is just what the system needs.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure.

A progressive Italian organ grinder in Buffalo uses a horse to draw his street piano.

Children should always increase in weight. Not to grow, not to increase in flesh, belongs to old age.

Present and future health demands that this increase in weight should be steady and never failing.

To delicate children, Scott's Emulsion brings richer blood and firmer flesh. Better color comes to the cheeks and stronger muscles to the limbs. The gain in weight is substantial; it comes to stay.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

W. M. BATES. B. L. M. BATES.

An established hotel under new management and thoroughly abreast of the times. Visitors to New York will find the Everett in the very heart of the shopping district, convenient to places of amusement and readily accessible from all parts of the city. EUROPEAN PLAN. RWT

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and th only one we keep for sale.

ALL THE PEOPLE USE IT. HARLIN FULTON. Pleasant Bay, C. B.

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT so as not to hurt the neck. Stand up collar ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. If you are not suited no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Reside in the city. Parcels called for and delivered.

Lee Hing Laundry 467 Richmond Street.

Terrors of Childhood

Many diseases of children previously misunderstood are now known to be of germ character and susceptible to cure by the use of Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Among such diseases are croup and whooping cough. The symptoms can never be mistaken. Croup usually commences with a cough, more or less fever, alternate hot and cold spells, flushed face, watery red eyes and restlessness at night. It is a disease in which time is life. The following letter to the S. C. Wells Co., of Le Roy, N. Y., was written by an old lady whose grandchildren owe their lives to Shiloh's Cure:

"Never shall I forget the agony I experienced that night, when little Tom was taken with the croup. It was midnight and snowing. Our house was a mile from the nearest village; I had no one to send for the doctor. I had given Tom nearly a

bottleful of syrup of ipecac, without effect. He was suffocating! Frantic with fear, I pulled him out of the bed, and, as a last recourse, made him turn round and round; in fact, I whirled him until he grew nauseated and suddenly threw up a quantity of phlegm; his life was saved! With dear old Shiloh

at hand, nowadays, we have no such terrible scenes to contend with, for it prevents them. Yours truly, BETSEY FORBES."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists on a guarantee to refund the purchase money in case of failure or dissatisfaction. 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle in United States and Canada. In England, 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d.

FREE WATCH

One Day's Work

We give this fine Watch and also a Chain & Charm for selling two doz. packages of Laquiste Perfume at 25c. each. Send address and we forward the perfume, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the perfume among your friends, return money, and we send the watch, prepaid. This is a genuine American watch, guaranteed a good timepiece. Mention this paper. Home Specialty Co., 60 Victoria St., Toronto.

A Money Saver

The Mechanics' Time Book and Note Book is sent free by addressing Adams & Sons Co., 11 & 13 Jarvis Street, Toronto, Ont., and sending one wrapper from Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

Avoid those dealers who try to palm off imitations and substitutes in order to make a great big profit.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Ready Reference Guide of London—Banks, Wholesale Dealers and Manufacturers.

Auction Mart, Storage and Moving. PORTER & CO., phone 1,162.

MILLER'S ELECTRIC PARCEL EXPRESS, 223 Dundas, phone 836.

Artists. J. P. HUNT, 423 Dundas street.

Banks. DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY. CANADIAN SAVINGS AND LOAN.

Brushes. THOMAS BRYAN, 61 Dundas street.

Building and Loan Companies. BIRKBECK LOAN CO., 159 Dundas.

Organs, Pipe. SCRIBNER ORGAN AND MFG. CO.

Dyers and Cleaners. STOCKWELL'S, 259 Dundas street.

Drygoods. ROBINSON, LITTLE & CO., 343 Rich.

Hats and Caps. FRASER, McMILLAN & CO., Rich'd.

Fancy Drygoods and Millinery. JOHN C. GREEN & CO., 123 Ridout.

Hardware. HOBBS HARDWARE CO., 339 Rich. JOHN BOWMAN HARDWARE COMPANY, York street.

Iron, Brass and Wire Works. DENNIS WIRE & IRON CO., King.

Insurance. NORTHERN LIFE, Masonic Temple.

Lumber Boxes. LONDON BOX MFG. & LUMBER CO (Limited).

Monument Manufacturers. LETHERIDGE BROS., Talbot & Carl.

Pork Packers. JOHN PARK, Market House.

Plumbing Supplies. W. H. HEARD & CO., 357 Richmond.

Leather and Shoe Findings. R. F. LACEY & CO., 398 Clarence St.

Tea Importers. MARSHALL BROS. & CO., 67 Dundas.

Wholesale Druggists. JAS. A. KENNEDY & CO., 342 Rich.

Wholesale Grocers. A. M. SMITH & CO., 176 York street. ELLIOTT, MARR & CO., 342 Rich.

SKIN-DEEP BEAUTY!



DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN

balm; one application gives comfort and relief in an instant, and in from three to five nights the trouble disappears. Price, 35 cts.

A London lady had eczema for years so badly, her face and neck were so disfigured she went into a life of seclusion, and the stinging pain of it was so intense that, to use her own words, she "went next thing to mad." She tried many ointments, salves and washes—was treated by specialists on skin diseases—without getting any lasting benefit. She bought a box of Dr. Agnew's Ointment—one application gave her comfort, and to-day, after using three boxes her skin is as clear and pink as a baby's.

DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART—Relieves smothering, palpitation and fluttering. A regular life-saver in cases of heart trouble. Relieves cold in the head in 10 minutes. Cures hay fever and catarrh.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER—Regulate the bowels. Tone the system. Never gripe. Pleasant little doses. 40 in a vial; 20 cts.

Sold By W. S. B. Barkwell

"Handsome is that handsome does," is the old theoretical adage, but after all it's the skin-deep beauty that's attractive. It would take a big lot of handsome doing to compensate for a skin that is diseased and whose appearance is distasteful to all who see it, and the torment of the patient whose daily burden it is to bear it about. Dr. AGNEW'S OINTMENT is a wonderful cure for all sorts of Skin Diseases—itching, burning, stinging sensations which are accompaniments—tetter, salt rheum, scald head, ring worm, eczema, itch, ulcers, erysipelas, liver spots, and all eruptions of the skin—one application allays the irritation, and perseverance in its use results in a speedy cure. For blind, bleeding, itching, and ulcerating piles it's a magical

A Toronto gentleman, living on Dovercourt Road, spent a small fortune in treatments and remedies for piles in their very worst form, was treated by electricity with temporary relief only, and had decided to go on the operating table, but was recommended to try Dr. AGNEW'S OINTMENT. He did so. The first application of it relieved the intense distress he was in, and in its use and today he is rewarded with a cure after years of suffering.

A sudden sound smote the highwayman's ear before he could answer—the sound of swift hoofs splashing on a wet road. Breaking to the door he saw a horse and rider making furious haste. His prey had escaped him.

"Quick, fool, my horse!" he cried, flinging himself frantically across the road. He had time to catch the animal, and he was in the saddle before the pursuer was within range of his pistol. He could scarcely account for his changed mood. Chagrined at being outwitted, for the old remaining as tame sport for the old woman's gibes,



"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

"The firm of Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., of Dorchester, Mass., put up one of the few really pure cocoas, and physicians are quite safe in specifying their brand."

—Domestic Medical Monthly.

A copy of Miss Parlo's "Choice Receipts" will be mailed free upon application.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

Branch House, 6 Hospital St., Montreal.

In Woman's Interest

What the Engaged Girl Should Learn.

Under the heading, "What the Engaged Girl Should Learn," Helen Wal-terson Moody says: "I know of no preservative of romance in married life so sure as good housekeeping, and I know of no profession so serious, so absorbing, demanding preparation and skill, as the profession of the housewife. When a young woman marries she as really enters upon the practice of a life profession as does a young man when he is admitted to the bar, or puts out a little sign with M.D. upon it, after spending three or four years in preparation for the same."

"The man, you see, is willing to equip himself fully for his part of the partnership. Does it seem business-like and in good faith for the woman to take the place of the second partner with a most indifferent and superficial training, or even none at all? "I would have the young girl who has committed herself to an engagement undertake at once a course in practical housekeeping. Her mother will tell her that these things do not come by inspiration. She will tell her that in that exact which is only gained by experience and practice about the details of marketing, the purchase of all kinds of house supplies, the sanitary care of the house, healthful and simple cooking, in as many of its possibilities as she can compass. She should know, for instance, how to care for food properly after it is purchased, how to broil a steak, roast a chicken, and cook the vegetables in most common use. She should know how to bake a loaf of bread, etc., and to these she should add the knowledge of the construction of a cooking range, and the furnace upon which the heating of the house depends, and she should be willing to learn something of the principles of plumbing. Knowing these, she will find that she has the machinery of her housekeeping ready for action, and has only to apply the daily oil of diligence and commonsense to insure its smooth running."

Good Lenten Dishes.

To boil salt mackerel for six o'clock dinner, soak fish side down for 15 hours in a pan of cold water. A half-hour before dinner wipe dry on a soft cloth. Lay on a greased broiler, and broil with flesh side down over a clear fire. When almost done turn and broil the skin side, taking care not to let it scorch. Have the platter ready for its reception well heated, lay the fish on it and spread with butter or serve with maitre d'hotel sauce. Garnish with sliced lemon and watercress.

To prepare escalloped codfish, make a pint of cream sauce. Butter a baking dish, put on alternate layers of canned salmon freed from skin and bone, and the cream sauce. Cover the top with fine cracker crumbs, and pieces of butter, and bake half an hour.

Creamed codfish on toast makes a dainty dish that even a king might enjoy. Put the fish in cold water on the back of the range; keep warm, but do not allow it to boil until the fish is softened. Pick up, removing skin and bone, and put in a saucepan with rich milk, allowing a pint of milk to a coffee cup of fish. When it comes to the boiling point thicken with a teaspoonful of flour dissolved in a little cold milk. Just before taking from the stove stir in butter the size of an egg and one well-beaten egg. Season with pepper. Four over hot buttered toast and grate the yolk of a hard-boiled egg over it for a garnish.

Escalloped codfish is another seasonable and inexpensive dish, which contains nourishment enough to make it a good addition to the family dietary. Mix together a pint bowl each of finely picked codfish and mashed potato, two well-beaten eggs, a half-cupful of butter, two rolled crackers, and three cupfuls of milk. Put in a buttered baking dish, cover with a beaten egg. Bake in a water bath for one hour. Sprinkle with cracker crumbs and bake a half-hour or more until a golden brown.

Children's Our Judges.

Our sophisticated minds can hardly realize the unprejudiced "at first hand" impressions of young children, and it would doubtless be a book of amazing revelation which should record in any ordinary family the thoughts of these children about their parents.

A busy young matron, full of affairs, running hurriedly back to her interrupted work, encountered her 5-year-old girl at the head of the stairs. The brown eyes were serious and inquiring: "So you forgive Mrs. Timmons, mamma? I saw you kiss her good-bye." Astonished at the child's evidently anxious mood and solemn little address, she said hastily: "What in the world do you mean, Rosa? I have nothing to forgive Mrs. Timmons."

"Oh, but you were so angry when

she came, and I heard you tell auntie that she was tiresome and very annoying, and that you had no time for her long visits, and I heard you speak so nicely when she went away, and tell her to come in whenever she could, and then you kissed her. I knew you were not angry any more."

Kisses in nurseryland meant repentance accepted, and the seal of full forgiveness, and Rosa's heart, troubled for her irritated mother, felt that now she had come out into the "clear shining" of peace, and that her visitor was assuaged of all her sins. Over the nursery mantelpiece was an illumination: "Truth before all things."

Mama's cheeks glowed with an unusual flush as she repeated herself at her desk, and she said to her sister: "Children do think the most extraordinary things."

Beauty Show.

It is rather an unusual announcement which comes from Paris in regard to the International Beauty Show to be held there during the latter part of March. It is said that a number of American women enjoying a social position in the French capital will enter the competition for the \$1,000 prize. Beauty shows have been held in many large cities, but they have not included American society women among the candidates for the prize. Cable dispatches state that Mrs. George Law, of New York, and Miss Collins, of Boston, have already decided to enter, and that other American women may follow their example. Sarah Bernhardt is to be the president of the jury. She seems to think that the entrance of women of fashion may discourage other candidates, for she assures the latter that "a peasant girl will have the same chance as a patrician of winning the 5,000 francs prize. The jury will include painters, sculptors, poets and dress designers—a catholic combination whose decision should mean everything—or nothing."

Boys and Girls.

Old Biddy's Delusion; A True Story.

By T. DWIGHT HUNT, Jun.

ALL summer long old speckled Biddy had persistently tried to set. It made no difference to her that she had already reared two large families. She was the oldest hen on the ranch, and why shouldn't she have as many chicks as she liked? Certainly she had always brought up her broods to live as all good chickens should—to cackle and eat, and scratch everything inside-out, and lay. And what is more, she knew enough not to wander too far from the house. Had she not seen two of her sisters and six cousins, take their chicks grass-hopper hunting down by the creek, where the cottonwood grew, and never come back. The prairie wolves could not catch her that way. Nor had she stood by and watched a thief magpie fly off with a chick of hers, as his beak. Then why did the cook send so, and shut her up under a barrel every time she commenced to cackle, and took to her nest? But she did, again and again. And each time he kept her in prison a day longer.

"Two broods in a season are enough for any old hen," she scolded, one bright morning last September, as he seized poor Biddy and carried her off to the barrel for the fourth time running. "There! You lazy feathered beast, you! You can stay there until you make up your mind to lay. It's eggs! eggs! eggs! we want; not more chickens to feed coyotes with! Next time I'll boil you for soup!"

This sounded very rude to dignified old Biddy. And she sat quite still there in the dark all alone, thinking it over. Indeed, she sat there so long—four whole days and nights—just thinking nothing else except soft, downy little chicks which she could not have, that at last it actually began to seem to her that she did have some—a whole pretty flock of fluffy black and yellow babies! It may have been that she dreamed all this, and afterwards, like some human people do—just thought it all true. At any rate, when the cook finally tipped the barrel over, and threw down some corn, what did Biddy do but spread out her wings and flutter around, pick up a kernel, and call "Cluck! cluck! cluck-k-k-k-k!" then drop it, and pick up another. All this she did with a whole lot of noise and fuss as any other old hen, with a late brood, in the yard. In fact, we sometimes thought it more noise. The curious part of it all was, none of the other grown-up chickens seemed to think it at all strange. To them it was all the same whether an old hen had real chicks, or just make-believe ones. Perhaps they knew she could peck just as hard in either case, if one ventured too near. The old rooster, even, walked in gingerly fashion, whenever he strutted by, as though he feared stepping on one of her babies.

But as in every community, so in our corral—which means barnyard here in Colorado—there was one designing fellow who observed all this, and in it saw something for his own profit. This

was "Thanksgiving," the big, well-fed young gobble. For days he had watched old Biddy hunting up choice morsels and then, after much fuss, dropping them before her imaginary brood. Now, "Thanksgiving" himself had been brought up by an old hen. So one morning he gave "Christmas," his brother, a sly wink. Poor old Biddy was just ahead, scratching away for dear life. Suddenly she held up a beautiful fat grub and began to call "Cluck! cluck! cluck-k-k-k-k!" when what did "Thanksgiving" do but step up quietly behind, and snatch up the worm when it fell! then hop quickly back again.

You would have expected Biddy to fly at him. But she didn't. She had dropped the food there and at last something had picked it up; that was all she cared. So, of course, it must have been her chickens! Poor, deluded Biddy! From that day on "Thanksgiving" made it his business to follow her about, and she willingly fed him. Perhaps she sometimes thought him a rather big chick. But I think this really made her only the prouder. For she had started with no visible brood at all; when lo! she suddenly found herself with a very big brood, and all in one body!

Wicked "Thanksgiving" was so pleased with the success of his shrewdness, that he even invited his brother to share his good fortune. "There's enough for two of us!" he said, and winked both eyes. But "Christmas," who was smaller and wiser, and had, perhaps, more sense, only shook his head. "I saw we all thought he was ashamed of his big brother. At any rate, no one ever saw him taking advantage of poor old Biddy."

But wrongs always get righted sometime. "Thanksgiving's" case proved no exception. The cook—who is law unto chickens—permitted this deception to go on week after week, although often heard declaring "Thanksgiving" to be "a wicked, lazy hypocrite!" The truth is "Thanksgiving" was getting very fat off his easy living, and the last Thursday of November was coming round. Of course we all laughed at that great fat turkey, steaming and brown, Thanksgiving Day, we had only smiles and thanks to greet him with—and for old Biddy, too, who will soon be running round with a real brood again.—The Interior.

A Smile: A Laugh.

One of the pleasant ways of kindergarten teaching is to read a story of a poem and have the children draw a picture illustrating it. "The other day," said a kindergarten teacher, "I read my little folks the famous poem of 'Little Boy Blue' which begins

Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn,
The sheep's in the meadow, the cow's in the corn,

and closes with

Where's the little boy that tends the sheep?
He's under the haystack fast asleep.

"One little girl finished her picture in a twinkling and brought it to me. 'Why, Minnie,' said I, 'you have drawn a very nice haystack, but where is Little Boy Blue?'"

"He's under the haystack," said Minnie."

At the close of service one Sunday morning the pastor of a city church went down the aisle, as was his custom, to greet the strangers in the congregation. "You are not a member of our church," he said to one of them. "No, sir," replied the stranger. "Do you belong to any denomination?"

"Well," responded the other, hesitatingly, "I'm what you might call a submerged Presbyterian."

"How is that?"

"I was brought up a Presbyterian, my wife is a Methodist, my eldest daughter is a Baptist, my son is the organist of the Universalist Church, my second daughter sings in an Episcopal choir, and my youngest daughter goes to a Congregational Sunday school."

"But you contribute, doubtless, to some one church?"

"Yes, I contribute to all of them. That is partly what submerges me."

An Irish bull, it seems, can be practical as well as verbal, as witness the following delightful anecdote from Tit-Bits.

The ancient seat of the Castlereaghs overlooked Lough Swilly, and it was one of the most princely residences in Ireland. Even so, it fell into decay and was not inhabited. As usual, in such circumstances, when the peasants wanted to build a pigsty, repair a road, or anything of the sort, they

"Please Smile AND Look Pleasant."

When a woman says "I am racked with pain," the word "racked" recalls the days when they stretched the tender bodies of women on the rack with rope and pulley until the very joints cracked. Fancy an attendant saying to the tortured woman, "Please smile and look pleasant."

And yet the woman "racked with pain," is expected to smile through her agony and to make home happy. She can't do it. It is against nature. Generally speaking, the racking pains of ill-health such as headache, backache and "bearing down pains" are related to derangements or disorders of the organs distinctly feminine. When this condition is removed the general health is restored, and with health comes back the smile of happiness.

Any woman may regain her health at home without offensive questioning or examinations by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures perfectly all diseases and derangements peculiar to women. Sick women may consult Dr. Pierce by letter free of charge. Such letters are treated as sacredly confidential.

I was a great sufferer for four years from displacement and ulceration," writes Mrs. Mary Pickering, of Ollie, Keokuk Co., Iowa. "At the time I began using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I was not able to sit up in bed. I took eight bottles and got to be a stout woman. Any doubting this can write to me, enclosing a stamp, and I will answer."

No alcohol in any form is contained in "Favorite Prescription." Substitution is selfish. It cares more for its profit than for your cure. Therefore, insist on getting "Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's great work "The Common Sense Medical Adviser" is a book no woman can afford to be without. Send 31 one-cent stamps, cost of customs and mailing paper edition, or 50 cents for the cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

took the stones from the ruined castle, which was disappearing piecemeal, when, one day, the then Lord Londonderry paid a visit to his Irish property. When he saw the state the castle was in and reflected on the fact, that it was so much identified with the history of his family, and even as a ruin was a glory of Ireland, he determined to put a stop to the encroachments that had been made upon it. Sending for his agent to give him instructions that the people were no longer to remove stones from the building, he instructed him to have the place inclosed with a wall, six feet high and well coped, to keep out trespassers. That being done he went away and did not return for three or four years. He then found, to his amazement, that the old castle had completely disappeared, and in its place there was a big wall inclosing nothing. Sending for the agent, he demanded to know why his orders had not been carried out. The agent insisted that it had been.

"But where is the castle?" demanded the marquis.

"The castle, is it? Bedad, I built the wall with it, my lord! Is it for me to be going miles for materials with the finest stones in Ireland beside me?"

The marquis had said nothing whatever about preserving the castle, which is now a thing of the past. Nevertheless, the wall is a good one.

The Poets.

The Sailor of the Sail.

I sing the Sailor of the Sail, breed of the oaken heart,
Who drew the world together and spread our race apart.

Whose conquests are the measure of
Whose trophies are the nations that
necklace half the earth.

Lord of the Bunt and Gasket, and
Master of the Yard,
To whom no land was distant, to
whom no sea was barred;

Who battled with the current; who
conquered with the wind;
Who shaped the course before him by
the wake he threw behind;

Who burned in twenty climates; who
froze in twenty seas;
Who crept the shore of Labrador and
flash'd the Caribbees;

Who followed Drake; who fought with
Blake, who broke the bar of Spain;
And gave to timid traffic the freedom
of the main.

To whom all things were barter—
slaves, spices, gold and gum;
Who gave his life for glory; who sold
his soul for rum—

I sing him, and I see him as only those
can see
Who stake their lives to fathom that
solaceless mystery;

Who on the space of waters have fought
the killing gale,
Have heard the crying of the spar, the
moaning of the sail;

Who never see the ocean but that they
feel its hand
Clutch like a siren at the heart to drag
it from the land.

I see him in the running, when seas
would overwhelm,
Lay breathing hard along the yard and
sweating at the helm.

I see him drunk and fighting roll
through some seaboard town,
When those who own and rob him take
to the street and frown.

O Sovereign of the Boundless! O
Bondsman of the Wave!
Who made the world dependent, yet
lived and died a slave.

In Britain's vast Valhalla, where sleep
her worst and best—
Where is the grave she made for you—
your first and final rest?

Beneath no stone or trophy, beneath
no minister tower,
Lie those who gave her empire, who
stretched her arm to power.

Below these markless pathways where
commerce shapes the trail,
Unsung, unrequited, forgotten, sleeps
the Sailor of the Sail.

—Thomas Fleming Day.

A Song to Sorrow.

Sleep, Sorrow, sleep; the Earth is all
too bright
Today to heed thy voice, though thou
shouldst cry

From dawn to dusk. With brave per-
sistency,
Behold, yon breeze-bent beech leaves
keep the lights

They piffered from the Sun. Joy claims
the right
To sing today, his instrument, the
thrush,

Who sweetly pipes, where hyacinths
grow lush
Below close hazels, flitting out of
sight

So sleep, pale Sorrow, let thy grudging
face
No more upbraid me with forgetful-
ness;

Sleep, and content thee, since this little
place
I yield to Spring, amid the mourn-
fulness

That fills my heart, waking, thou shalt
not trace;
Nor, in thy kingdom, find one shadow
less.

—London Spectator.

OUR BEST TREASURES

The Opportunities of Canadians—Five Millions of the Best.

Then as a people we are rich in the best blood, as well as the best traditions of the old lands of Europe. They have given of their most adventurous, enterprising, forceful and kindly children to settle in our Dominion. Let us sometimes forget the boundaries of our farm and of our parish and of our province, and rejoice in the fact that we are Canadians, citizens of no mean country. Let us believe in nation, show our belief in it and hope for it, not by empty boasting and bragging about the flag, but by laboring as each one of us is able and has a chance to labor, for her prosperity and welfare. It is sometimes thrown up to us that we are only 5,000,000 all told, and what are they among so many on this continent? Yes, if only 5,000,000, then 5,000,000 of the very best in opportunity and blood which the world can show.

And let us not stop here in our patriotic allegiance; let us remember that we are part of the British Empire, whose flag is the emblem of freedom and liberty—that quality of liberty

Surprise Soap

makes a surprisingly heavy, soft lather—quickly. It makes clothes surprisingly white, clean and sweet. It gets its work done in a surprisingly short time—without scalding or boiling or rubbing or streaking or discoloration or injury to the finest fabric or the most delicate colors.

And the price is surprisingly small—only 5 cents for a large long-life cake.

Buy SURPRISE and take no substitute.

which has a push upward for each one to make the most of himself wherever it is planted. While Great Britain is the banker of all nations and has grown rich, it is not by conquering other nations by force of arms, but by making things and doing things which they needed and doing things exchanging the skill and labor of her sons and daughters for their material wealth. Our nation has enriched the world while nourishing herself, and for two centuries has stood often alone to give her citizens and all who claim asylum within her bounds, the boon of hearthstones sacred and free for the individual family. In doing our duty in our several places, in Manitoba and elsewhere, by laboring earnestly, faithfully and wisely, we shall thus best advance the interests of the empire and humanity, and prove ourselves in some measure worthy of the privilege of living in this favored land.—Prof. Robertson, Canadian Dairy Commissioner.

DEATH OF HEROES IN FICTION.

[From the Louisville Times.]

It is astonishing what a human interest the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines. Mr. Snowdon Ward declares "when Dickens was writing 'The Old Curiosity Shop' he was overwhelmed with letters from the most distinguished men and women begging him not to kill Little Nell. They declared it would be too cruel, and waited on this verdict as an anxious family on that of the physician."

Dickens did not care to do away with her himself, but it was necessary that he should do so. Little Nell was a character with too little of the earthly about her, no matter how well-meaning they might have been. Her finer feelings would have made her unhappy, and the little country churchyard was the best place for her.

And Thackeray. How he was implored not to kill Colonel Newcombe! How he was rated for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and thrived. Kipling had to give a second version of his "The Light that Failed" in order to please the public, and who knows but that Shakespeare was chided for the unhappy taking off of Lear and Cordelia? But the public, though soft-hearted in the extreme, is a flint in the abstract. It soaks its handkerchief with tears over the Parisian, sumptuous couch of that shady Parisian, Camille, and turns a nice, home-made underfoot out in the cold world to eat snowballs or cold potatoes.

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Large Pots, 1s 1d each, at Chemists, etc., with instructions. Illustrated Pamphlet of Calvert's Carbolic Preparations sent post free on application.

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Neave's Food

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The Grands Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science

AS APPLIED TO MARRIED LIFE, WHO WOULD ATONE FOR PAST ERRORS AND AVOID FUTURE PITFALLS SHOULD STUDY OUR SYSTEM.

NO MONEY IN ADVANCE—TREATMENT ON APPROVAL.

DESPAIRING man who had applied to us, soon after wrote: "Well, the first day I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born."

And another thus: "If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Here is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men. Our system gives full vigor and manly power. Cures nervousness, lack of self control, despondency, etc.

Cures forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, etc.

Gives full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible.

Write for little book, sent free, sealed in plain cover. It is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men who need it.

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—Dominion Medical Monthly.

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In Woman's Interest

What the Engaged Girl Should Learn.

Under the heading, "What the Engaged Girl Should Learn," Helen Wal-terson Moody says: "I know of no pre-ervative of romance in married life so sure as good housekeeping, and I know of no profession so serious, so absorbing, demanding preparation and skill, as the profession of the house-keeper. When a young woman marries she as really enters upon the practice of a life profession as does a young man when he is admitted to the bar, or puts out a little sign with M.D. upon it, after spending three or four years in preparation for the same. "The man, you see, is willing to equip himself fully for his part of the partnership. Does it seem business-like and in good faith for the woman to take the place of the second partner with a most indifferent and superficial training, or even none at all? "I would have the young girl who has committed herself to an engagement undertake at once a course in practical housekeeping. Her mother will tell her that these things do not come by inspiration. She will need to know in that exact way which is only gained by experience and practice about the details of marketing, the purchase of all kinds of house supplies, the sanitary care of the house, healthful and simple cooking, in as many of its possibilities as she can compass. She should know, for instance, how to care for food properly after it is purchased, how to broil a steak, roast a chicken, and cook the vegetables in most common use. She should know how to bake a loaf of bread, etc., and to these she should add the knowledge of the construction of a cooking range, and the furnace upon which the heating of the house depends, and she should be willing to learn something of the principles of plumbing. Knowing these, she will find that she has the machinery of her housekeeping ready for action, and has only to apply the daily oil of diligence and commonsense to insure its smooth running."

Good Lenten Dishes.

To boil salt mackerel for six o'clock dinner, soak flesh side down for 18 hours in a pan of cold water. A half-hour before dinner wipe dry on a soft cloth. Lay on a greased broiler, and broil with flesh side down over a clear fire. When almost done turn and broil the other side. When done, lay the fish on a platter, and serve with maitre d'hotel sauce. Garnish with sliced lemon and watercress.

To prepare escalloped salmon, make a pint of cream sauce. Butter a pudding dish, put on alternate layers of canned salmon freed from skin and bone, and the cream sauce. Cover the top with fine cracker crumbs, and pieces of butter, and bake half an hour.

Creamed codfish on toast makes a dainty dish that even a king might enjoy. Put the fish in cold water on the back of the range; keep warm, but do not allow it to boil until the fish is softened. Pick up, removing skin and bone, and put in a saucepan with rich cream, allowing a pint of milk to a cod-fish, allowing a pint of milk to a cod-fish. When it comes to the boiling point thicken with a teaspoonful of flour dissolved in a little cold milk. Just before taking from the stove stir in butter the size of an egg and one well-beaten egg. Season with pepper. Pour over hot buttered toast and grate the yolk of a hard-boiled egg over it for a garnish.

Escalloped codfish is another seasonable and inexpensive dish, which contains nourishment enough to make it a good addition to the family diet. Mix together a pint bowl each of finely picked codfish and mashed potato, two well-beaten eggs, a half-cupful of butter, two rolled crackers, and three cups of milk. Put in a buttered baking dish, cover with a beaten egg, and bake in a moderate oven for an hour. Cracked codfish stirred together and bake a half-hour or more until a golden brown.

Children's Our Judges.

Our sophisticated minds can hardly realize the unprejudiced "at first hand" impressions of young children, and it would doubtless be a book of amazing revelation which should record in any ordinary family the thoughts of these children about their parents.

A busy young matron, full of affairs, running hurriedly back to her interrupted work, encountered her 5-year-old girl at the head of the stairs. The brown eyes were serious and inquiring: "So you forgot Mrs. Timmons' mamma. I saw you kiss her good-bye."

Astonished at the child's evidently anxious mood and solemn little address, she said hastily: "What in the world do you mean, Rosa? I have nothing to forgive Mrs. Timmons."

"Oh, but you were so angry when

she came, and I heard you tell auntie that she was tiresome and very annoying, and that you had no time for her long visits, and I heard you speak so nicely when she went away, and tell her to come in whenever she could, and then you kissed her. I knew you were not angry any more."

Kisses in nurseryland meant repentance accepted, and the seal of full forgiveness, and Rosy's heart, troubled for her irritated mother, felt that now she had come out into the open, and that her visitor was as satisfied of all her sins. Over the nursery mantelpiece was an illumination: "Truth before all things."

Mama's cheeks glowed with an unusual flush as she seated herself at her desk, and she said to her sister: "Children do think the most extraordinary things."

Beauty Show.

It is rather an unusual announcement which comes from Paris in regard to the International Beauty show to be held there during the latter part of March. It is said that a number of American women enjoying a social position in the French capital will enter the competition for the \$1,000 prize. Beauty shows have been held in many large cities, but they have not included American society women among the candidates for the prize. Cable dispatches state that Mrs. George Law, of New York, and Mrs. Collins, of Boston, have already decided to enter, and that other American women may follow their example. Sarah Bernhart is to be the president of the jury. She seems to think that the entrance of women of fashion may discourage other candidates, for she assures the latter that "a peasant girl or a girl of the same 5,000 francs prize. The jury will include painters, sculptors, poets and dress designers—a catholic combination whose decision should mean everything—or nothing."

Boys and Girls.

Old Biddy's Delusion; A True Story.

By T. Dwight Hunt, Jun.

All summer long old speckled Biddy had persistently tried to set. It made no difference to her that she had already reared two large families. She was the oldest hen on the ranch, and why shouldn't she have as many chicks as she liked? Certainly she had always brought up her broods to live as all good chickens should—to cackle and eat, and scratch everything inside-out, and lay. And what is more, she knew enough not to wander too far from the house. Had she not seen two of her sisters and six cousins, take their chicks grazing on the cottonwood down by the creek, where the cottonwood grew, and never come back? The prairie wolves could not catch her that way. Nor had she stood by and watched a chick thieving magpies fly off with a rich morsel of her back. Then why did the cook do so, and shut her up under a barrel every time she commenced to cackle, and took her to her nest? But he did, again and again. And each time he kept her in prison a day longer.

"Two broods in a season are enough for any old hen," he scolded, one bright morning last September, as he seized poor Biddy and carried her off to the barn, behind the fourth time running. "There! You lazy feathered beast, you! You can stay there until you make up your mind to lay. It's eggs! eggs! eggs! we want; not more chickens to feed coyotes with! Next time I'll boil you for soup!"

This sounded very rude to dignified old Biddy. And she sat quite still there in the dark all alone, thinking it over. Indeed, she sat there so long—four whole days and nights—just thinking nothing else except soft, downy little chicks which she could not have, that at last it actually began to seem to her that she did have some—a whole pretty flock of fluffy black and yellow chicks. It may have been that she dreamed all this, and afterwards, like some human people do—just thought it all true. At any rate, when the Cook finally tipped the barrel over, and threw down some corn, what did Biddy do but break out her wings and flutter around, pick up a kernel, and call "Cluck! cluck! cluck! cluck-k-k-k-k!" then drop it, and pick up another. All just as though there were a whole lot of little downies running about. The of little downies running about. The Cook stared long and hard—but Biddy kept right on feeding her phantom brood. Then he began to laugh, a laugh so loud and hearty that we all heard it.

"And so you will have 'em, anyway, you poor, crazy old thing!" he said. "Well, take good care of yourself, for nothing will ever hurt that brood!" Then he came in and told it.

And sure enough, day after day we saw old Biddy fluttering about, and saw old Biddy scratching for her imaginary chicks; making just as much noise and fuss as any other old hen, with a late brood, in the yard. In fact, we sometimes thought—more noise, the other grown-up chickens seemed to think it all strange. To them it was all the same whether an old hen had real chicks, or just make-believe ones. Perhaps they knew she could peek just as hard in either case, if one ventured too near. The old rooster, even, walked in gingerly fashion, whenever he strutted by, as though he feared stepping on one of her babies.

But as in every community, so in our corral—which means barnyard here in Colorado—there was one designing fellow who observed all this, and in it saw something for his own profit. This

was "Thanksgiving," the big, well-fed young gobble. For days he had watched old Biddy hunting up choice morsels and then, after much fuss, dropping them before her imaginary brood. Now, "Thanksgiving" himself had been brought up by an old hen, so one morning he gave "Christmas," his brother, a sly wink. Poor old Biddy was just ahead, scratching away for dear life. Suddenly she held up a beautiful fat grub and began to call "Cluck! cluck! cluck! cluck-k-k-k!" when what did "Thanksgiving" do but step up quietly behind, and snatch up the worm when it fell! then hop quickly back again.

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But wrongs always get righted sometime. "Thanksgiving's" case proved no exception. The cook—who is law unto chickens—permitted this deception to go on week after week, although often heard declaring "Thanksgiving" to be "a wicked, lazy hypocrite!" The truth is "Thanksgiving" was getting very fat off his easy living, and the last Thursday of November was coming round.

Of course we all laughed at the cook. But when he served up that great fat turkey, steaming, and had, perhaps, giving Day, we had only smiles and thanks to greet him with—and for old Biddy, too, who will soon be running round with a real brood again.—The Interior.

A Smile: A Laugh.

One of the pleasant ways of kindergarten teaching is to read a story or poem and have the children draw a picture illustrating it. "The other day," said a kindergarten teacher, "I read a little folks the famous poem of 'Little Boy Blue' which begins

Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn,
The sheep's in the meadow, the cow's in the corn,
and closes with

Where's the little boy that tends the sheep?
He's under the haystack fast asleep.

"One little girl finished her picture in a twinkling and brought it to me. 'Why, Minnie,' said I, 'you have drawn a very nice haystack, but where is Little Boy Blue under the haystack?' said Minnie."

At the close of service one Sunday morning the pastor of a city church went down the aisle, as was his custom, to greet the strangers in the congregation. "You are not a member of our church," he said to one of them. "No, sir," replied the stranger. "Do you belong to any denomination, may I ask?"

"Well," responded the other, hesitatingly, "I'm what you might call a sub-merged Presbyterian."

"How is that?"

"I was brought up a Presbyterian, my wife is a Methodist, my eldest daughter is a Baptist, my son is the organist of the Universalist Church, my second daughter sings in an Episcopal choir, and my youngest daughter goes to a Congregational Sunday school."

"But you contribute, doubtless, to some one church?"

"Yes, I contribute to all of them. That is partly what submerges me."

An Irish bull, it seems, can be practical as well as verbal, as witness the following delightful anecdote from Tit-Bits.

The ancient seat of the Castleberagh overlooked Lough Swilly, and it was one of the most princely residences in Ireland. Eventually it fell into decay, and was not long before it was abandoned. As usual, in such circumstances, when the peasant wanted to build a pigsty, repair a road, or anything of the sort, they

"Please Smile AND Look Pleasant."

When a woman says "I am racked with pain," the word "racked" recalls the days when they stretched the tender bodies of women on the rack with rope and pulley until the very joints cracked. Fancy an attendant saying to the tortured woman, "Please smile and look pleasant."

And yet the woman "racked with pain" is expected to smile through her agony, and to make home happy. She can't do it. It is against nature. Generally speaking, the racking pains of ill-health such as headache, backache and "bearing down pains" are related to derangements or disorders of the organs distinctly feminine. When this condition is removed the general health is restored, and with health comes back the smile of happiness.

Any woman may regain her health at home without offensive questionings or examinations by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures perfectly all diseases and derangements peculiar to women. Sick women may consult Dr. Pierce by letter free of charge. Such letters are treated as sacredly confidential.

"I was a great sufferer for four years from displacement and ulceration," writes Mrs. Mary Pickering of Ollie, Keokuk Co., Iowa. "At the time I began using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I was not able to sit up in bed. I felt as though I was going to be sick. I was so weak that I could not write to me, enclosing a stamp, and I will answer."

No alcohol in any form is contained in "Favorite Prescription." Substitution is selfish. It cares more for its profit than for your cure. Therefore, insist on getting "Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's great work the "Common Sense Medical Advice" is a book no one can afford to be without. Send one-cent stamps, cost of customs and mailing paper edition, or 50 cents for the cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

took the stones from the ruined castle, which was disappearing piecemeal, when, one day, the then Lord Londonderry paid a visit to his Irish property. When he saw the state the castle was in and reflected on the fact, that it was so much identified with the history of his family, and even as a rule was a glory of Ireland, he determined to put a stop to the encroachments that had been made upon it. Sending for his agent to give him instructions that the people were no longer to remove stones from the building, he instructed him to have the place inclosed with a wall, six feet high, and well coped, to keep out trespassers. That being done he went away and did not return for three or four years. He then found, to his amazement, that the old castle had completely disappeared, and in its place there was a big wall inclosing nothing. Sending for the agent, he demanded to know why his orders had not been carried out. The agent insisted that it had been.

"But where is the castle?" demanded the marquis.

"The castle, is it? Bedad, I built the wall with it, my lord! Is it for me to be going miles for materials with the finest stones in Ireland beside me?"

In telling the man to build the wall Lord Londonderry had said nothing whatever about preserving the castle, which is now a thing of the past. Nevertheless, the wall is a good one.

The Poets.

The Sailor of the Sail.

I sing the Sailor of the Sail, breed of the oaken heart,
Who drew the world together and spread our race apart,

Whose conquests are the measure of the ocean's girth,
Whose trophies are the nations that necklace half the earth.

Lord of the Bunt and Gasket, and Master of the Yard,
To whom no land was distant, to whom no sea was barred;

Who battled with the current; who conquered with the wind;
Who shaped the course before him by the wake he threw behind;

Who burned in twenty climates; who froze in twenty seas;
Who crept the shore of Labrador and flash'd the Caribbees;

Who followed Drake; who fought with Blake, who broke the bar of Spain;
And gave to timid traffic the freedom of the main.

To whom all things were barter—slaves, spices, gold and gum;
Who gave his life for glory; who sold his soul for rum—

I sing him, and I see him as only those can see
Who stake their lives to fathom that soulless mystery;

Who on the space of waters have fought the killing gale,
Have heard the crying of the spar, the moaning of the sail;

Who never see the ocean but that they feel its hand
Clutch like a siren at the heart to drag it from the land.

I see him in the running, when seas would overwhelm,
Lay breathing hard along the yard and sweating at the helm.

I see him drunk and fighting roll through some seaboard town,
When those who own and rob him take to the street and frown.

O Sovereign of the Boundless! O Bondsman of the Wave!
Who made the world dependent, yet lived and died a slave.

In Britain's vast Valhalla, where sleep her worst and best—
Where is the grave she made for you—your first and final rest?

Beneath no stone or trophy, beneath no minister tower,
Lie those who gave her empire, who stretched her arm to power.

Below these markless pathways where commerce shapes the trail,
Unsung, unring, forgotten, sleeps the Sailor of the Sail.

—Thomas Fleming Day.

A Song to Sorrow.

Sleep, Sorrow, sleep; the Earth is all too bright
Today to heed thy voice, though thou shouldst cry
From dawn to dusk. With brave persistency,
Behold, yon breeze-bent beech leaves keep the lights
They suffered from the Sun. Joy claims the right
To sing today, his instrument, the thrush.

Who sweetly pipes, where hyacinths grow lush
Below close hazels, flitting out of sight
So sleep, pale Sorrow, let thy grudging face
No more upbraid me with forgetfulness.

Sleep, and content thee, since this little place
I yield to Spring, amid the mournfulness
That fills my heart, waking, thou shalt
Nor, in thy kingdom, find one shadow less.

—London Spectator.

OUR BEST TREASURES

The Opportunities of Canadians—Five Millions of the Best.

Then as a people we are rich in the best blood of the world as the best traditions of the old lands of Europe. They have given of their most adventurous, enterprising, forceful and kindly children to settle in our Dominion.

Let us sometimes forget the boundaries of our farm and of our parish and of our province, and rejoice in the fact that we are Canadians, citizens of our nation, show our belief in it and hope for it, not by empty boasting and bravado about the flag, but by laboring as each one of us is able and has a chance to labor, for her prosperity and welfare. It is sometimes thrown up to us that we are only 5,000,000 all told, and what are they among so many on this continent? Yes, if only 5,000,000, then 5,000,000 of the very best in opportunity and blood which the world can show.

And let us not stop here in our patriotic allegiance; let us remember that we are part of the British Empire, whose flag is the emblem of freedom and liberty—that quality of liberty

Surprise Soap

makes a surprisingly heavy, soft lather—quickly. It makes clothes surprisingly white, clean and sweet. It gets its work done in a surprisingly short time—without scalding or boiling or rubbing or streaking or discoloration or injury to the finest fabric or the most delicate colors. And the price is surprisingly small—only 5 cents for a large long-life cake. Buy SURPRISE and take no substitute.

which has a push upward for each one to make the most of himself wherever it is planted. While Great Britain is the richest, it is not by conquering other nations by force of arms, but by making things and doing things which they needed and wanted, and by exchanging the skill and labor of her sons and daughters for their material wealth. Our nation has enriched the world while nourishing herself, and for two centuries has stood often alone to give her citizens and all who claimed asylum within her bounds, the boon of hearthstones sacred and free for the individual family. In doing our duty in our several places, in Manitoba and elsewhere, by laboring earnestly, faithfully and wisely, we shall thus best advance the interests of the empire and measure worthy of the privilege of living in this favored land.—Prof. Robertson, Canadian Dairy Commissioner.

DEATH OF HEROES IN FICTION.

[From the Louisville Times.]

It is astonishing what a human interest the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines. The boom of the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines. The boom of the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines. The boom of the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines.

Dickens did not care to do away with her himself, but it was necessary that he should do so. Little Nell was a character with too little of the earthy about her to assimilate with those around her, no matter how well-meaning they might have been. Her finer feelings would have made her unhappy, and the little country churchyard was the best place for her.

And Thackeray. How he was impoverished not to kill Colonel Newcombe! How he was rated for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and thrived. Kipling had to give a second version of his "The Light That Failed" in order to please the public, and who knows but Shakespeare was not to poverty for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and thrived. Kipling had to give a second version of his "The Light That Failed" in order to please the public, and who knows but Shakespeare was not to poverty for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and thrived. Kipling had to give a second version of his "The Light That Failed" in order to please the public, and who knows but Shakespeare was not to poverty for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and thrived. 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"Peace Hath**Her Victories**

No less renowned than war," said Milton, and now, in the Spring, is the time to get a peaceful victory over the impurities which have been accumulating in the blood during Winter's hearty eating. The banner of peace is borne aloft by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It brings rest and comfort to the weary body racked by pains of all sorts and kinds. Its beneficial effects prove it to be the great specific to be relied upon for victory. Hood's never disappoints.

Scrofula—"Running scrofula" sores made me shunned by neighbors. Medical treatment failed. A relative urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Did so and in few months the sores completely healed." Mrs. J. M. HATCH, Etta, N. H.

Catarh—"Disagreeable catarh droppings in my throat made me nervous and dizzy. My liver was torpid. Hood's Sarsaparilla corrected both troubles. My health is very good." Mrs. ELVIRA J. SMILEY, 171 Main St., Auburn, Maine.

Tumors—"A tumor as big as a large marble came under my tongue and instead of letting my physician operate on it, I used my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The tumor soon disappeared." Mrs. H. M. COVENE, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
NEVER DISAPPOINTS

Hood's Pills cure liver ills the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS.

Mining Stocks.
Toronto, March 17.—Following are today's closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial Exchange:

	Asked.	Bid.
Foley	40	41
Hammond Reef	44	45
Hawthorn	22 1/2	23
Golden Star	62 1/2	63
Superior G. and C. Co.	62 1/2	63
Cariboo	161	162
Minnehaha	38	39
Waterloo	12	11
Smuggler	5	4 1/2
Golden Cache	35	36
Athabasca	54	55
Dundee	35	36
Dardanelles	12	11
Robbie Fire	33 1/2	34
Rambler-Cariboo Con.	40	38
Van Ande	5	4
Big Three	29 1/2	30
Sentinel	18	16
J. O. 41	11	10
Deer Park	8	7 1/2
Evening Star	12	10
Iron Ore	20	19 1/2
Iron Horse	18	17
Iron Mine	18	17
Montreal Gold Fields	20 1/2	20 1/2
Monte Cristo	12	10 1/2
Northern Belle	12	10 1/2
Novelty	6 1/2	6
St. Paul	1 1/2	1
Silver Bell Con.	8	7 1/2
St. Elmo	8	7 1/2
Virginia	52 1/2	53
Victory-Triumph	32 1/2	33
War Eagle Con.	32 1/2	33
White Bear	5	4 1/2
B. C. Gold Fields	7	6 1/2
Can. G. F. S.	9	8 1/2
Gold Hill	10	9
Crow's Nest Cove	53.00	52
Dunlop Tire	8	7
Rathburn	8	7
Empress	8	7

SALES—Waterloo, 500, 500, 750 at 10 1/2; Athabasca, 1,000 at 5 1/2; Dundee, 500 at 3 1/2; Five, 1,000, 500 at 3 1/2; Van Ande, 500 at 4 1/2; Evening Star, 500 at 10 1/2; Novelty, 1,000, 1,000 at 4 1/2; 500, 500, 1,000, 200 at 7 1/2; Superior G. and C., 500 at 5 1/2; Minnehaha, 200, 200 at 30; 500 at 29 1/2; Waterloo, 500, 500 at 11; Smuggler, 500 at 4 1/2; Dardanelles, 1,000 at 12; Cariboo, 1,000 at 160; 500, 500 at 15; 1,000 at 14; 500, 500 at 13; 1,000 at 12; 500, 500 at 11; 1,000 at 10; 500, 500 at 9; 1,000 at 8; 500, 500 at 7; 1,000 at 6; 500, 500 at 5; 1,000 at 4; 500, 500 at 3; 1,000 at 2; 500, 500 at 1; 1,000 at 1/2; 500, 500 at 1/4; 1,000 at 1/8; 500, 500 at 1/16; 1,000 at 1/32; 500, 500 at 1/64; 1,000 at 1/128; 500, 500 at 1/256; 1,000 at 1/512; 500, 500 at 1/1024; 1,000 at 1/2048; 500, 500 at 1/4096; 1,000 at 1/8192; 500, 500 at 1/16384; 1,000 at 1/32768; 500, 500 at 1/65536; 1,000 at 1/131072; 500, 500 at 1/262144; 1,000 at 1/524288; 500, 500 at 1/1048576; 1,000 at 1/2097152; 500, 500 at 1/4194304; 1,000 at 1/8388608; 500, 500 at 1/16777216; 1,000 at 1/33554432; 500, 500 at 1/67108864; 1,000 at 1/134217728; 500, 500 at 1/268435456; 1,000 at 1/536870912; 500, 500 at 1/1073741824; 1,000 at 1/2147483648; 500, 500 at 1/4294967296; 1,000 at 1/8589934592; 500, 500 at 1/17179869184; 1,000 at 1/34359738368; 500, 500 at 1/68719476736; 1,000 at 1/137438953472; 500, 500 at 1/274877906944; 1,000 at 1/549755813888; 500, 500 at 1/1099511627776; 1,000 at 1/2199023255552; 500, 500 at 1/4398046511104; 1,000 at 1/8796093022208; 500, 500 at 1/17592186044416; 1,000 at 1/35184372088832; 500, 500 at 1/70368744177664; 1,000 at 1/140737488355328; 500, 500 at 1/281474976710656; 1,000 at 1/562949953421312; 500, 500 at 1/1125899906842624; 1,000 at 1/2251799813685248; 500, 500 at 1/4503599627370496; 1,000 at 1/9007199254740992; 500, 500 at 1/18014398509481984; 1,000 at 1/36028797018963968; 500, 500 at 1/72057594037927936; 1,000 at 1/144115188075855872; 500, 500 at 1/288230376151711744; 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500, 500 at 1/421249171795319142691290472910550888011528847277824; 1,000 at 1/842498343590638285382580945821101776023057694555648; 500, 500 at 1/1684996687181276570765161891642233440046115189111296; 1,000 at 1/3369993374362553141530323783284466880092230378222592; 500, 500 at 1/6739986748725106283060647566568933601844606756445184; 1,000 at 1/1347997349745021256612129513313787200368921351289376; 500, 500 at 1/2695994699490042513224259026627574400737842702578752; 1,000 at 1/5391989398980085026448518053255148801475685405157504; 500, 500 at 1/107839787979601700528970361

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought
and sold for cash or on margin. Send for
pocket manual. Long distance phone.
15 and 16
OFFICES, 15 and 16 Temple London

TODAY'S MARKETS

Toronto Stock Market.	
TORONTO, March 18.	
Montreal	125 1/2
Ottawa	125 1/2
Toronto	125 1/2
Merchants	125 1/2
Commerce	125 1/2
Imperial	125 1/2
Dominion	125 1/2
Standard	125 1/2
Hamilton	125 1/2
British America	125 1/2
Western Assurance	125 1/2
Consumer's Gas	125 1/2
Montreal Gas	125 1/2
Dominion Telegraph	125 1/2
Northwestern Land Company, pref.	125 1/2
Canada Pacific Ry Stock	125 1/2
Commercial Cable Company	125 1/2
Commercial Union Bonds	125 1/2
Can. Registered Bonds	125 1/2
Bell Telephone Company	125 1/2
Bell Telephone, new	125 1/2
Richelieu and Ontario	125 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	125 1/2
Toronto Street Railway	125 1/2
London Electric	125 1/2
Dominion Savings and Invest.	125 1/2
Huron and Erie L. & S.	125 1/2
Huron and Erie, L. & S.	125 1/2
London and Canada L. & A.	125 1/2
London Loan	125 1/2
London and Ontario	125 1/2
Ottawa and Ontario	125 1/2

Montreal Stock Market.	
MONTREAL, March 18.	
Canadian Pacific	125 1/2
Duluth, common	125 1/2
Duluth, preferred	125 1/2
Commercial Cable	125 1/2
Com. Cable Coupon Bonds	125 1/2
Commercial Reg. Bonds	125 1/2
Montreal Telephone	125 1/2
Richelieu and Ontario	125 1/2
Montreal Street Railway	125 1/2
Montreal St. Ry. New	125 1/2
Toronto Railway	125 1/2
Montreal Gas Company	125 1/2
Bell Telephone	125 1/2
Royal Electric	125 1/2
Bank of Montreal	125 1/2
Ontario Bank	125 1/2
Molson Bank	125 1/2
Bank of Toronto	125 1/2
Merchants' Bank	125 1/2
Merchants' Bank of Halifax	125 1/2
Quebec Bank	125 1/2
Union Bank	125 1/2
Bank of Commerce	125 1/2
Northwest Land	125 1/2
Montreal Cotton Co., Ltd.	125 1/2
Canada Colored Cotton	125 1/2
Union Cotton	125 1/2

Reported by F. H. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic
Temple, for the Advertiser.

Yesterday's Close.	
New York, March 18.	
Acheson	20 1/2
Acheson Pfd.	20 1/2
Brooklyn Trans.	103 1/2
Central Pacific	49 1/2
C. & N. W.	140 1/2
Chicago Gas	117 1/2
Gen. Electric	117 1/2
Gen. Central	117 1/2
K. & T. Pfd.	28 1/2
L. & N.	63 1/2
Manhattan	103 1/2
Metro. Pfd.	26 1/2
M. P.	47 1/2
N. Y. Central	133 1/2
N. P. Pfd.	27 1/2
Out. & W.	27 1/2
P. & W.	47 1/2
R. I.	117 1/2
Reading	23 1/2
S. P.	127 1/2
Southern Ry. Pfd.	48 1/2
T. O. L.	50 1/2
U. Pacific	77 1/2
W. U.	94 1/2

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If you want to secure the highest price for
your eggs during the coming season make
arrangements with us to buy all the
year round at the highest cash price. Also
butter and all other produce.
CHAS. ABBOTT, Wholesale Produce and
Commission Merchant.
Phone 1888. London, Ont.

Toronto Produce Market.
Toronto, March 18.—Wheat—Weaker
today, at 65c to 67c asked for red and
white wheat, but exporters say they
could not pay over 64c or 65c; Manitoba
wheat is easier, with sales of No. 1
hard at 80c and 80 1/2c at North Bay,
and 82c grinding in transit. Flour—
Easier; cars of straight roller in bar-
rels are quoted at \$2 35 west. Millfeed
—The offerings are light, the demand
is good and the market is firm, at \$16
for shorts and \$10 50 to \$14 for bran in
car lots west. Barley—Nominal, at 46c
for No. 1 west. Buckwheat—Lower
for outside points. Rye—One cent dear-
er, at 55c west. Corn—Steady, at 35c
for Canadian yellow wheat; American is
quoted at 41c for new and 43c for old.
Toronto freights, Oats—Dull and low-
er, at 29c for white on the C. P. R.,
and 29 1/2c on the G. T. R. west. Peas
—Lower on weaker cables, at 55c to 56c.
Butter—Dull, at 13c to 14c for large rolls, and 10c
to 12c for dairy tubs; creamery quiet, at
20c to 21c for prints, and 15c to 20c for
packed. Dressed hogs—Firm; cars,
\$5 to \$5 10.

American Markets.
Chicago, March 18.—Opening—Wheat, Mar.
67 1/2c; July, 69 1/2c; Corn, July, 35 1/2c; Sept.,
35 1/2c; Oats, May, 25 1/2c; July, 24 1/2c; Pork, May, 9 1/2c;
July, 9 1/2c; Ribs, Sept., 41 1/2c.
Chicago, March 18.—Close—Wheat, Mar.
67 1/2c; July, 69 1/2c; Corn, Mar., 35 1/2c; Oats, Mar.,
24 1/2c; May, 25 1/2c; July, 24 1/2c; Pork, Mar.,
9 1/2c; May, 9 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c; Ribs, Mar.,
41 1/2c; May, 41 1/2c; July, 41 1/2c; Sept., 41 1/2c.

BUFFALO, March 18.—Spring wheat
—No. 1 northern, 75 1/2c; winter wheat,
No. 2 red, 74c; No. 1 white, 74c; Corn,
No. 2 yellow, 37 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 37c;
No. 3 corn, 36 1/2c; Oats—No. 2 white,
33 1/2c; No. 3 white, 32 1/2c.

DETROIT, March 18.—Wheat—White,
cash, 70c; No. 2 red, cash, 70 1/2c; May,
71 1/2c; July, 69c.

TOLEDO, March 18.—Wheat—Cash,
70 1/2c; May, 70 1/2c; July, 69c; Corn—
Cash, 35c; May, 35c; Oats—Cash and
May, 27c.

MILWAUKEE, March 18.—Wheat—
Cash, 67 1/2c.
NEW YORK, March 18.—Flour—Re-
ceipts, 23,021 bbls; sales, 1,200 packages;
state and western held more firmly on
the jump in wheat; winter patents,
\$3 60 to \$3 85; do. straight, \$3 45 to \$3 55;
Minnesota patents, \$3 70 to \$4. Rye
flour—Steady; good to fair, \$3 10 to
\$3 25; choice to fancy, \$3 30 to \$3 50.
Wheat—Receipts, 71,200 bu; sales, 1,125-
000 bu; options were more active and
stronger this morning on bullish cables,
unfavorable weather news, foreign buy-
ing and local covering; March, 73 1/2c
to 75 1/2c; May, 72 1/2c to 72 1/2c; July,
71 1/2c to 71 1/2c; Sept., 69 1/2c to 69 1/2c. Rye
—Quiet; state, 55c; No. 2 western, 63 1/2c;
f. o. b. afloat, Corn—Receipts, 114,075
bu; sales, 125,000 bu; options quiet but
steadier on cables and wet weather;
July, 39c to 39 1/2c; Oats—Receipts, 70-
800 bu; options quiet; on track, white
state and western, 34c to 38c. Butter—
Receipts, 2,320 packages; firm; state

dairy, 14c to 17 1/2c; state creamery, 15c
to 21c; western creamery, 15c to 21c;
Elgins, 21c. Cheese—Receipts, 8,187
packages; firm. Eggs—Receipts, 8,187
packages; quiet; state and Pennsylv-
vania, 13c; western, 12c; southern, 12 1/2c;
sugar, raw barely steady; fair refin-
ing, 3 1/2c; refined quiet. Coffee—Dull;
No. 7, 6 1/2c to 6 3/4c. Hops—Dull. Lead—
Steady; bullion price, \$4 20; exchange,
\$4 45 to \$4 50.

Chicago Exchange

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago
Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler,
broker, Masonic Temple, Phone 1278.

Wheat—May	Open	High	Low	Close
July	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Corn—May	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
July	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Oats—May	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
July	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Pork—May	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Land—May	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Ribs—May	4 7/8	4 7/8	4 7/8	4 7/8

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Hogs—Esti-
mated receipts for today, 19,000; to-
morrow, 24,000; market 5c to 10c lower;
mixed and butchers, \$3 60 to \$3 90; good
heavy, \$2 70 to \$3 22 1/2; rough heavy,
\$3 55 to \$3 65; light, \$3 60 to \$3 82 1/2. Cat-
tle—Receipts, 200; unchanged.

Dairy Markets.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Butter steady;
creameries, 14c to 19 1/2c; dairies, 11 1/2c
to 17c. Cheese steady; creameries, 10 1/2c
to 12c.

NEW YORK, March 17.

Butter steady; western creamery, 15c to 20c;
do. factory, 12c to 14 1/2c; Elgins, 29c;
imitation creamery, 13 1/2c to 17 1/2c;
state dairy, 14c to 19 1/2c; do. creamery,
13c to 20c. Cheese steady; large white,
12c; small white, 12 1/2c; large colored,
12c; small colored, 12 1/2c to 12 3/4c; light
skims, 8 1/2c to 10c; part skims, 7 1/2c to
9c; full skims, 4c to 5c.

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They are expensive at any
price.

STRONG'S BAKING POWDER

has been tried for twenty
years, and never fails to give
satisfaction.

W. T. STRONG & CO.,
184 Dundas Street,
LONDON, ONTARIO.

Latest Probabilities

London, March 18—10 a.m.—
Probabilities for the lower lakes
region for the next 24 hours:
Strong winds, shifting to north-
erly; unsettled and milder, with rain
today, turning to snow at night.
Sunday—Fair and colder again.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

—George Hawn has been committed
to the London Asylum by Judge Finkle,
of Woodstock.

—Mrs. A. G. McLeod's millinery
opening is announced for Monday,
Tuesday and Wednesday.

—The street railway company was
obliged to keep cars running all last
night on account of the storm.

—A broken wire blocked the Oxford
street and Hamilton road and Wel-
lington street cars about noon today.

—Miss Frances McKellar, of Strath-
roy, is visiting her friend, Mrs. L. Shoemaker,
Yate street, St. Catharines, Ont.

—Judge Falconbridge is somewhat
indisposed, and in consequence no sit-
ting of the weekly high court was held
here today.

—Mrs. William Burleigh, 206 Adelaide
street, has returned home from Glen-
coe, after attending a wedding at her
sister's, Mrs. George Foster.

—No. 3 committee of the city council
hold a special meeting tonight to con-
sider more tenders for the fire de-
partment's supplies. There is no rest
for the aldermen.

—At a meeting of the license commis-
sioners held last night, the license of
the Grand Central Hotel was trans-
ferred from H. G. Gustin to James and
William Hunter, late of Oshawa.

—Superintendent Potter, of the London
street railway, this morning re-
ceived instructions from Manager Carr
to have disassembled, and signs
placed on the rear end of every car,
the same as in the front.

—A number of residents of the city
and vicinity will leave for Manitoba
next week. E. Barker is going to Bin-
gham, James Foley, of Glenworth, to
Brandon; Joseph Simmons, to Winni-
peg, and Lewis Tomlinson, to Delor-
aine.

—The car ferry Shenango, No. 1, re-
ported to be locked in the ice near Ash-
tubula, is probably not in serious dif-
ficulty. The boat left Port Stanley on
Thursday, unloaded at Conneaut the
night, and started on her return trip
yesterday morning.

—Rev. Joseph Edge gave a very in-
teresting lecture in the Hamilton Road
Methodist Church last night. The sub-
ject was "Take Home What You Bor-
row." The lecture was replete with
truth all the way through, and held
the attention of the audience from
start to finish. Major I. E. Johnston
occupied the chair.

—Owing to the great interest which
is being taken in the coming murder
trial, and the threatened overcrowd-
ing of the court house, Sheriff Cameron
has detailed a number of extra con-
stables for duty, who will see that the
court room is not too overcrowded.
Arrangements will be made by which
the reporter's table and chairs will be
reserved.

"THE PASSION PLAY."
No one should miss seeing "The Pas-
sion Play," reproduced by the cinema-
tograph at the Auditorium all next
week. The clergy and press of the Do-
minion speak in glowing terms of this
attraction.

THE FLOOD.
Dr. Munhall, in Dundas Center
Church last night, used the Bible ac-
count of the deluge as a parable, illus-
trating the way of salvation. He spoke
of the many kinds of beasts entering

Births, Marriages, Deaths

**Notices of Births, Marriages and
Deaths which are inserted in The Daily
Advertiser also appear in The Western
Advertiser. Births 25c, Marriages and
Deaths 50c.**

BORN.

TEMPLE—On Monday, March 6, the wife of
Robert H. Temple, G. T. R., of a daughter.

COOTE—On March 16, 1899, Jane, relict of the
late Robert Coote.

**MATTHEWS—At his residence, 353 Dufferin
avenue, London, Ont., on March 18, 1899,
Richard Fitzgerald Matthews, native of
Youghal, county Cork, Ireland, in his 67th
year.**

Funeral private, on Monday, March 20,
at 3 p.m. Services at 2:30. Please omit flowers.

the ark, and showed that they repre-
sented various types of character,
there being chameleon-like sinners, don-
key-like sinners, elephantine sinners and
small like sinners, but he said the ark
was able to save all, and so is Christ.
In startling language he described the
coming judgment, and urged all to
come to Christ before it became too
late. The services will be continued
tomorrow at 11 a.m. in the Grand Op-
era House at 3 p.m., and in the Center
Methodist Church at 7 p.m.

MUCH BUILDING IN PROSPECT.
There is every indication that the
coming year will see double the build-
ing on in London that there has been
in any one year recently, with the ex-
ception of the year in which the two
big Methodist churches were erected.

FINED \$50 AND COSTS.
Robert Orr, of Denfield, was brought
before Magistrate Lacey and Smyth,
at the court house today, on a charge
of selling liquor without a license, pre-
ferred by John Durand, license inspec-
tor for the county of Middlesex. Orr was
fined \$50 and \$75 costs.

TRAINMEN EXONERATED.
The coroner's inquest at Glanworth
was concluded this morning, and the
jury returned the verdict that the
death of Wm. Taylor was purely ac-
cidental. No blame could be attached
to the trainmen. Mr. Taylor at the
time of the accident wore a heavy coat,
with the collar turned up, and had his
cap pulled down, so that it is probable
he neither heard the signal nor saw the
train.

K. O. T. M. RECEPTION.
A reception and entertainment will
be given by the Maccabees of London
in the Grand Opera House next
Wednesday evening. The admission
will be by invitation, but a charge of
ten cents is fixed for serving seats. A
very interesting evening is anticipated.
Addresses will be given by Supreme
Commander Hon. D. P. Markey, of
Port Huron; Supreme Representative
A. E. Mallory, M. D., of Cobourg; Prov.
Commander A. Weir, M.A., and Miss
L. A. Irwin, deputy supreme comman-
der. L. O. T. M. Among the others who
will assist in the programme are Miss
Eva N. Roblyn, H. Ruthven McDonald,
and J. H. Cameron.

PLUNKET GREENE MAY RETURN.
Owing to the very numerous re-
quests made by citizens for a return
engagement of Mr. Plunket Greene,
the great English basso, who delighted
one of the largest audiences of the
season at the Grand Opera House here
a few evenings ago, Messrs. McCor-
mick and Pocke are endeavoring to
arrange for a return date about the
second week in April, which will be
just previous to his return to Great
Britain. The London engagement, if
arranged for, will probably be Mr.
Greene's last concert in Canada, as
he is under contract to take part in
the great May musical festival in old
London early in that month. Citizens
generally will be pleased if arrange-
ments can be completed for Mr.
Greene's appearance again before his
return to the old country.

The London Life.
The twenty-fourth annual meeting
of the London Life Insurance Company
elicited a most encouraging statement
from the directors, as will be seen by
the published account in another col-
umn. In moving the adoption of the
report, the president, Mr. John Mc-
Clary, said the results of the year
showed that steady and substantial
progress had been made in almost ev-
ery particular of importance. The net
increase of business in force at the
close of 1898 showed the gratifying
gain of nearly 10 per cent, as compared
with the increase of the previous year.
The liabilities of the company had
been provided for in the most ample
manner, the industrial policies and a
considerable portion of the ordinary
business as well, having been valued
upon a one-half per cent more strin-
gent basis than the government stand-
ard.

The vice-president, Mr. A. O. Jeffery,
pointed out the reserve held for the
security of policyholders had increased
last year by \$94,931 and that the
interest earnings had averaged 5 1/2 per
cent on the mean invested assets; a
very favorable showing in view of the
general decrease in rates obtainable on
first-class investments.

Judge Bell, of Chatham, on behalf
of the policyholders, expressed unre-
served confidence in the judicious man-
agement and healthy financial condi-
tion of the company.

The London Life is an institution
which adds to the prestige of the com-
pany as a financial center, and the com-
munity feels a local pride in its progress.

AT THE CAPITAL

**Senator Kerr to Move the Address in
Reply to the Speech From the
Throne.**

[C. P. R. Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, March 18.—Senator Kerr,
who was gazetted today, and who
will be introduced on Monday, will
move the address in reply to the speech
made from the throne. It has not yet
been decided whether he will second it.
Senator Michael was spoken of, but he has
not yet given his consent to do so.

Hon. D. C. Fraser received a tele-
gram yesterday, stating that his
nephew-in-law, Mrs. Graham, of New
Glasgow, who attended the funeral, and
will return here on Tuesday next.

Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it
fails to cure. 25 cents.

**THERE is not a more dangerous class
of disorders than those which affect
the breathing organs. Nullify this
danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—
a pulmonary, of acknowledged efficacy.
It cures soreness and lameness when
applied externally, as well as swollen
neck and crick in the back; and, as a
special specific, possesses most sub-
stantial results.**

GENTLEMEN, if you are BALD,
see Prof. Dorenwend's Art Hair Cover-
ings, worn on over 35,000 heads. Mar-
velous effects. The greatest productions of
the century. Worn by leading men
of France. Call at Tecumseh House,
London, Saturday, March 25.

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia
I have a brother farming in Mani-
toba, and he writes me that he sold
his best sample of wheat to a grain
buyer in his town for 55 cents a bushel,
and that it was shipped to Hunt Bros.

**ST. PATRICK'S DAY
IN THE EVENING**
Success of the I. B. S. Concert—Good
Music and a Big House.

A well known and popular song has
for its refrain "Nothing's too good for
the Irish." "Probs" must have had this
fact in view when a good-sized snow-
storm was provided for St. Patrick's
day in the evening. Rough weather,
however, did not deter the sons and
daughters of Erin (with their fond mo-
thers and silver-haired fathers) from
filling the Opera House on the occasion
of the Irish Benevolent Society's an-
nual concert. Of course, the entertain-
ment was a success—it could hardly be
otherwise when those who took part
included Miss Inez Ethelyn Smith, Miss
Sylvia Warren, Miss Edith Hyman,
Miss Howe, Mr. H. R. McDonald, Mr.
J. C. Lockhart, Mr. Thomas Alexander
and the Catholic Club chorus. The
members of the Catholic Club, whose
singing was a feature of the occasion,
were the Misses Dwyer (three), Den-
aghy, Dockstadter, Froman, Roman, Mc-
Kittick, Howe (two), Packham, Kelly,
Moore, Galbraith and Mrs. W. Mullins,
and Messrs. M. Keough, E. Boye, M.
O'Hagan, T. Breen, Frank Murphy, J.
Connors, C. Povey, W. Miller and W.
Mullins (director), while Mr. Fred L.
Evans and Mr. W. H. Bleuthner were
the accompanists.

The programme was somewhat weak,
but in these days when King Grip has
sway such a contingency is unavoid-
able, and the little band did remarkably
well. Every number on the varied
programme was heartily applauded, and
the frequent encores were responded
to gracefully. Following is
THE PROGRAMME:

Overture—Irish Airs Moore
Grand Opera House Orchestra.
Chorus—(a) St. Patrick's Day.....
(b) Let Erin Remember.....

Solo—Where Never Was a Coward P. Feeney
The Shamrock Grows
Where the Shamrock Grows
Mr. R. H. McDonald.
Recitation—The Last Shot..... J. Reid
Miss Edith Hyman.
Duet—Has Sorrow Thy Young Days
Shaded Moore
Messrs. Lockhart and McDonald.
Song—Paddy Gerald Lane
Miss Sylvia Warren.
Song (comic)—Paddy Moore
Mr. M. Keough.
Solo—Elly, Mavourneen (Lily of
Killarney) Benedict
Mr. J. C. Lockhart.
Sextet and chorus—The Rose Tree
from "Vengeance (Lucia di Lammer-
moor) Donizetti
Misses Smith and Howe, Messrs. Lock-
hart, O'Hagan, Collins and
McDonald.

Overture—Selected Moore
Grand Opera House Orchestra.
Male Chorus—Tally Ho (Lily of Kil-
larney) Benedict
Catholic Club Chorus.
Solo—Meeting of the Waters Moore
Miss Inez Ethelyn Smith.
Recitation—The Charity Dinner.....
Mr. Thomas Alexander.
Solo—We've Lived Together
Mr. J. C. Lockhart.
Quartet—Believe Me, If All Moore
Misses Smith and Howe, Messrs.
Lockhart and McDonald.
Solo—Dermot, Asthore Crouch
Miss Sylvia Warren.
Solo—There's an Isle That Is
Famous in Story Murray
Mr. H. R. McDonald.
Chorus—The Miller's Woe
..... Enton Fanning
Catholic Club Chorus.

BEATEN BACK!
Manila, March 18.—An attack was
made by the rebels yesterday upon the
batteries at Loma Church, but they were
repulsed by the Pennsylvanians with
heavy loss. A gunboat, with a company
of the Twenty-third regulars on board,
is now on the lake, attacking the small
towns. She was last heard of off Mo-
ron, and Santa Cruz.
Dispatches which have evaded the
censorship represent the state of af-
airs at Manila as serious, the Ameri-
cans being in complete uncertainty as
to the numbers and intentions of the
Filipinos.

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**ARE YOU GOING TO
PAPER YOUR ROOMS?**

Let us give you an estimate.
It will cost you nothing. First-
class workmen.

B. N. HUNT, 120 Dundas St.

To Whom She Said "Yes."

The color deepened a little on Mrs. Lyssendon's face, for she was not used to dissimulation, although too delicate, as well as too honorable, to betray to her son how a letter from Verna had induced her to take a step which, to a home-keeping, nervous matron, involved a great effort.

"There was a little business to be done in town for a poor widow in our village," she explained, "and both Papa and I thought, 'I will go with her to your father's solicitor, and interested him in her case. Papa said he was sure I should not have courage to cross London, but I would not let slip so good an opportunity of seeing Verna and you.'"

"If your visit was intended for me, why did you not come to Aldenby? There are decent hotels there, where I would have secured you rooms," her son demanded, rather irritably.

"Nay, Frank, dear," was the mild reply; "this would have been putting a slight on Verna, who has repeatedly pressed me to visit her. You and she are friends again, are you not? Life is too short to be wasted in long quarrels."

"Friends!" he repeated. "Acquaintances, you should say. We are together, and it behooves us to be civil to each other; but providence has not endowed me with your forgiving spirit, dear mother."

"You are not as harsh as you profess to be," she said, drawing her hand over his curly hair, and pressing her lips to his forehead till the frown was banished from it. "You are dearer to me, with all your faults, than anyone else in the world, and I'll not let you malign yourself, nor speak in such an unkind tone of your cousin. If she has done wrong, it is not for us to judge or punish her."

"Still, I wish you had not come here," he persisted.

"It is only for a few days, my dear; and I thought—that is, I hoped, you had ceased to dwell upon the past. Has Verna given you fresh cause of offense? If so, I shall be sorry, indeed, that I accepted her invitation. She has received me so kindly, Frank."

"Oh, yes, she is kind enough," he answered, "and will be pleased, I dare say, to show you all the gaids for which she sold herself."

Mrs. Lyssendon laid her folded hands on his arm and regarded him anxiously.

"Then you have not forgiven her?" "Indeed, I have, mother, long since; but when a woman has forfeited one's respect, it isn't pleasant to be under obligations to her."

"Verna has not forfeited my respect," said the old lady firmly. "She has laid her heart bare to me, and convinced me that she bitterly regrets the mistakes into which the advice of her friends beguiled her. More than that, Frank, I cannot but help seeing that she would atone for—if she knew how, for the sorrow she has cost you. Don't you be too hard upon a very unhappy young creature."

"My dearest mother," replied her son, more placably, "I didn't mean to be a bear; and I can quite believe that Mrs. Merstham found her riches dearly bought; but why you should call her unhappy I really don't know. She has everything her heart can desire."

"Not everything, I fear," she may have discovered that the wealth in the world is valueless without love. "Even that is offered to her," Frank stily retorted. "Verna, of ours, adores her. She has only to lift up her finger and he will hold it for her feet."

"I have seen Captain Vinson, and if he is worthy of her, I suppose I ought to hope that he will win her," said Mrs. Lyssendon, with an effort. "But we are acting unkindly by Verna in leaving her so long; we will join her at once."

Rather unwillingly, Captain Lyssendon followed his mother to the drawing-room; but he could not retain his ill-humor, for never had his hostess shown herself more gracious or more desirous of pleasing her guests. She was so attentive to the elder lady, so sisterly to Frank, that his restraint wore off, and he found himself talking to her with the familiarity of old.

"You will give your mother a glimpse of Aldenby tomorrow, Frank?" Mrs. Merstham said, as he was taking his departure. "If we drive over after luncheon, and trust ourselves to you to be shown all that is worth seeing, will you return with us to thought of Eden and began to entertain an engagement. 'I hope it is not one of too much importance to be put off for me,' said Mrs. Lyssendon, quickly. 'I have so much to say, and my stay here will be a very short one, that I must see as much of you as I can.'"

"My dear mother, I shall not, of course, let anything stand in the way of your pleasure," he answered affectionately. "Tell me what time I may expect you and Verna, and I will be ready to do the honors of my hut."

With this understanding they parted. After all, it would only be deferring his explanation with Eden for a day, and

would give him time to think how far he was prepared to let his new passion carry him. Eden was the dearest little thing in the world; but he must see more of her before he could resolve to vex his parents by making a marriage of which they would not approve. In fact, if he did resolve to wed her, his only course would be to exchange into one of the regiments ordered on foreign service, and carry his bride with him.

He did not, therefore, trouble himself much about his appointment. It would not be difficult to make his peace with Eden, especially as he had so good an excuse to offer his mother; and he devoted himself to the ladies, who drove to Aldenby in Mrs. Merstham's dashing turnout, in the best of spirits.

Very pleasant, too, was the little dinner that followed, and very handsomely looked Verna, as she sat opposite him, her dark, full lips softening whenever they met his glance—her voice sinking to a tremulous whisper whenever any allusion was made to the past.

To please Mrs. Lyssendon, she sent for her jewel casket, and in the course of the evening, that lady—although she never wore any ornaments herself but a pearl brooch, the gift of her son—having expressed a desire to see the very costly jewelry Verna possessed.

Frank drew his chair a little apart, while the tray of glittering gems was examined and commented on. It was to possess such toys as these that the love of his youth had rejected him, and his pride—wounded more deeply than his heart—forbade him to testify any interest in her valuable ornaments.

Mrs. Merstham saw this, and putting back the necklace of opals and rubies her friend would have clasped round her throat, she sobbed:

"No, no; I cannot; I never wear them now. If you knew how often I have wished I had never seen them."

She left the room hurriedly, and Mrs. Lyssendon, after restoring the jewels to their case, drew nearer to her son.

"I told you she was unhappy, Frank; will you not console her?"

"I, mother?" he exclaimed, and would have started up if she had not gently restrained him. "Would you have me wed for her money? It would be for naught else, I assure you."

"Hush, Frank, I'll not believe it. Verna has too many good qualities, and you are too unselfish to make a marriage of mere convenience."

"And yet it is to one that you, oh, mother, are urging me."

"No, no," cried Mrs. Lyssendon, agitatedly, "do not think this. Neither your father nor I would wish you to do anything so worldly, so sinful! But neither can we be insensible to the value of money. It is so little that we, our- selves, can give you, my dear boy; and, if Verna loves you, would you slight her affection because she is amply dowered?"

"Not for that reason, certainly. I am not enamored of poverty, and my profession is such an expensive one. I marry a penniless girl, I must go to India. If I am not willing to woo my cousin, it is because the old love has died out."

Mrs. Lyssendon shook her head in disbelief.

"You think so, Frank, because you have felt the sting of rejection very keenly; and no man can take a jilting patiently; but it is the bitterness with which you dwell upon that jilting which convinces me to the contrary. The old affection would revive if you would let it."

"How can that be if another has taken its place?" he demanded in jesting tones.

Mrs. Lyssendon bent forward to look in his face.

"You are not in earnest? You don't mean that you are engaged to someone else?"

"No—no; certainly not; but—"

She would not hear that last word, and hastily went on:

"It would grieve me dreadfully if my boy—my only one—condemned himself to continual poverty and all its train of troubles just for the sake of a pretty face. But I'll say no more," she added, for he was growing restive; "only, if you love me, Frank, promise me that for the week I intend remaining here you will hold yourself free, and not avoid Verna."

[To be Continued.]

THE TALK OF OLD LONDON

Mr. Choate's Reception the Event of the Week.

The American Minister General but Admirably Dexteroous—The Queen Well Received in France.

[Special London Cable Letter to The Advertiser.]

London, March 18.—The event of the week has undoubtedly been the debut here of Mr. Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, as a public speaker at the recent banquet of the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom. While his speech has been much admired as straight utterances from a self-respecting nation, there is a tinge of disappointment in many quarters. Thus, Mr. David Christie Murray, the novelist and editor of London Morning, writes: "We have had the intellectual and spiritual best of America with us for many years; but we have not had the mass of Americans with us, and we had no right to expect them. The United States that we are guided solely by our selfish interests, and it is in deference to this feeling that the newly-appointed ambassador, in his maiden speech, threads warily expressed generalities about friendship and safeguards himself by one or two declarations which are unmistakably intended to prove that America's friendship for England is in no wise of the self-sacrificing order. Mr. Choate was as genial as it is to be desired and at the same time he was most."

ADMIRABLY DEXTEROUS. It is a pity he should feel it necessary to be dexteroous; but we must take what we can get in the way of friendship and confidence from America and be thankful that we can still look forward to the time when Americans will universally recognize the basis of our desire for an actual, binding union with themselves. At the same time, Mr. Choate is being feted by the chambers of commerce.

BEST GUARANTEE OF PEACE. The commander-in-chief, General Lord Wolseley, speaking before the Institution of Civil Engineers during the week, made a very cordial reference to

PALE AND SICKLY.

Mr. F. H. Hibbard, of Sawyerville, Que., says: "My daughter Lena kept gradually failing in health for nearly two years. She was studying hard at school, and this may have been the origin of the trouble. She lost flesh, was very pale, subject to headaches, and had a poor appetite. We became very much alarmed and doctored for some time, but with little or no benefit. Finally we read the testimony of a young girl whose symptoms were similar, who was cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This decided us to give them a trial in my daughter's case, and the result was beyond our most sanguine expectations. Before more than a few boxes were used Lena was rapidly getting better and gained sixteen pounds in weight. She is now as healthy as any girl in Sawyerville, and I am quite willing this statement should be published, that our experience may prove an equal blessing to some other similar sufferer."

CONSUMPTION THREATENED.

Mr. James Grigg, West Devon, P. E. I., writes: "I am glad to say that the last supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which I procured from you was very effective in restoring the health of my son Robert, who is now thirteen years of age. He was taken sick in the fall of 1897 with a severe pain in the right side and a bad cough. He lost his appetite and was running down very fast. The doctor told me his trouble was turning to consumption. We had some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills on hand and began to give them to him. They helped him almost at once. His cough became less frequent, the pain left him, and his appetite returned. A second lot of pills completely restored his health, and he is now as well as ever, and has been for the last three months. I think your valuable pills should be kept in every home, and I am sending you the price for a dozen boxes."

FEMALE TROUBLES.

Mrs. L. L. Legere, wife of the Roman Catholic choirmaster at Cocagne, N. B., says: "For about five or six years I have been a constant sufferer from female complaints. The misery I underwent can scarcely be imagined. Often I suffered so much that I could not leave my bed, and even when I was able to go about it seemed only to add to the torture I was constantly undergoing. I was treated by four different doctors, but to no avail. My husband finally persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after I had used six boxes I experienced a wonderful benefit. I continued using the pills until I had taken thirteen boxes, when my cure was complete. I attribute my restoration solely to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I gratefully recommend them to the thousands of women throughout the land who are suffering as I did."

the United States. He said: "Our great kindred English-speaking nation across the Atlantic is now embarked in re-establishing itself as what it was once before—a great naval power. I feel sure that every Englishman understands that it is a question of defense, and will wish America all sorts of good luck in its efforts. I believe it will be of the greatest possible advantage to Great Britain that the American navy should reoccupy its former position, not as second to ourselves, but as our equal. The best guarantee of the peace of the world would be those two great fleets, each under its own flag, keeping the ocean highways open to the world, no matter what happened."

THE AUTOMATIC COUPLINGS BILL

The government's automatic couplings bill has created such an outcry that there is little likelihood of its passing into law this session. The president of the board of trade, Mr. C. T. Ritchie, has received an influential deputation of mine owners, who are against the bill. They threaten to withdraw their support of the government if the bill is pressed. Sir Alfred Hickman, Conservative member of parliament for the west division of Wiltshire, who has been an iron-master since 1848, and who is a member of the council of the mining association of Great Britain and the iron and steel institute, ex-president of the British Iron Trade Association, and chairman of the South Staffordshire Railway and Canal Freighters' Association, declared that the number of shunting accidents here compared very favorably with the number in America. Mr. Ritchie replied that the measure had met with similar agitation in America when it was first proposed, but the

RESULTS HAD BEEN EXCELLENT.

Mr. Ritchie added he would consult with his colleagues with the view of meeting the deputation's request for a further inquiry into the matter before the bill is presented to the house for its second reading. This utterance forebodes an indefinite postponement of the bill, while, even if it is passed, Mr. Ritchie has promised that it will not be enforced until a suitable coupling is found.

In the meantime, Mr. Richard Bell, secretary of the Railway Servants' Society, leaves Liverpool today for New York on a three weeks' tour, for the purpose of investigating automatic couplings and time-saving appliances in use on the American railroads.

THE QUEEN WELL RECEIVED IN FRANCE.

Up to now, the reception given to Queen Victoria in the south of France has been all that could be desired. There was a pretty sight at Cimiez, when a deputation of fishwives and marketwomen from Nice attended, in their picturesque costumes, this week, to present the Queen with a bouquet of choice flowers and an address of welcome. The deputation was received by Lieut.-Col.

the Hon. William H. P. Carrington, C. B., her Majesty's secretary, in behalf of the Queen, but the women insisted upon seeing the Queen herself, so they were allowed to station themselves at the gates of the Hotel Regina, and Queen Victoria, on approaching them, ordered her carriage to be stopped, and spoke a few kindly words of thanks and out into warm demonstrations of appreciation of her Majesty's graciousness.

There are only half a dozen nations in the world whose debts amount to more than a billion dollars. A billion dollars is three times as much as the total revenue of the United States of America during any ordinary year. Mr. Rockefeller could pay the salaries of all the rulers of the world, and yet have left a larger income than any of them. He could give President McKinley £10,000 every day, and his remaining income would be £200,000 a year. He could easily buy a little kingdom of his own and have his own government.

Mr. Rockefeller, with his thousand million dollars, would be able to exercise a power that would be tremendous for good or otherwise. He could make labor so abundant and living so cheap that a workman out of employment would be a curiosity, and poverty would be well-nigh eliminated.

It is interesting to see how a professor of political economy views this immense accumulation of wealth. Mr. Richmond Mayo-Smith, who occupies that position at the Columbia University, says:

"No alarm ought to be felt by the community in this concentration of wealth in the hands of such men as John D. Rockefeller, for these reasons: 'First, Mr. Rockefeller gains this immense wealth by performing services to the community, and the community gains in increased cheapness of commodities, in better service and in cheaper transportation. However wealthy Mr. Rockefeller may get, the advantage to the community is still greater.'"

Second, the greater the interests involved in Mr. Rockefeller's enterprises, the more sensitive he becomes to competition. Capital is so abundant that there is always danger of rival concerns, even when a man thinks he has a monopoly. In order to prevent rivalry, the monopolist in the long run will generally keep prices reasonable."

Lineman Dunn, Of Dundas, Indorses Dodd's Kidney Pills for Rheumatism.

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John D. Rockefeller began his business career as a book-keeper at a salary of \$50 a month. It is asserted that O. H. Rockefeller, who claimed to be the coming billionaire's cousin, died of starvation in a wretched lodging-house in Chicago.

Mr. Rockefeller is described as being as hard to approach as the Emperor of China, but a few days ago he was seen riding in a Broadway tramcar. Hardly anybody knew him.

The New York papers in their own novel way are speculating on what Mr. Rockefeller will be able to do when

he becomes a billionaire, the first the world has known. He could, if he wished, fight a war like the recent one with Spain, pay all the expenses of both nations, all indemnities, pensions and damages, replace destroyed ships, and give the widows of the killed \$1,000 each, and remain among the richest men in the world.

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April 3.

The Easter term of the Forest City Business and Shorthand College, London, will begin April 3. New classes formed. We are in affiliation with the Business Educators' Association of Canada. Catalogues of business or shorthand course free.

J. W. WESTERVELT, R.P., Principal.

Yes

We have our new goods in for Spring Suits. You'll find a number of exclusive patterns in our stock.

O. LABELLE, Merchant Tailor, 572 Richmond St. Phone 1027.

CANNOT BE DONE AT HOME FOR THE MONEY.

Table Covers, Napkins, Sheets, Pillow Slips, Towels and Rollers, 50 of the above pieces laundered for 50 cents by the well-known

Parisian Steam Laundry.

Work called for and delivered to any part of the city free.

73 and 75 Dundas street. Telephone 559. J. K. Spry, Manager.

W. B. LAIDLAW, Barrister, solicitor, etc. Money to loan at low rates. Bank of Commerce Bldg.

The Merit of the Designs

found in our Wall Paper is appreciated by the buying public. Buy a sample roll of our paper and find how much better it really is than anything you have bought for the same price.

H. & C. Colerick, 445 Richmond Street.

FITZGERALD and FITZGERALD, Larrieters 171 Dundas street, Fitzgerald Block.

DIABETIC

Patients, remember that for the future my hours for consultation will be limited to Wednesdays, R. Fingel, Office, Opp. Public Library.

FAIRBAIRN, MERCHANT TAILOR, Opp. City Hall, Upstairs.

Tecumseh and Forest Queen

brands of flour always maintain a high standard. Best results in baking are always assured if you use them.

J. D. SAUNBY, Proprietor, w/y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Feather and Down Cushions, 50 cents each—the best value in London. Goose feather pillows a specialty. Bedroom Suites, Fancy Rockers, Tables, Spring Beds, Stoves of every kind, at the Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. JAMES F. HUNT & SONS, Telephone 597.

W. F. BROCKENSHIRE, East End Gallery, is still making those beautiful cabinet photographs at \$2 per dozen. 566½ Dundas street. ywt



Beaton's Bankrupt Stock

...OF...

HATS AND FURS

Bought at 30c on the dollar.

Sale Starts TUESDAY MORNING Next

At Beaton's Old Stand.

Graham Bros

Hats for Men...

All the newest New York and English Stiff and Fedora Hats in black and colors.

Spittal, Sabine & Co.,

146 Dundas Street.

In a Class By Themselves.

No comparison can be made of other bicycles with Columbias, for no other bicycles have such materials, such care in making, such finish and beauty as



BICYCLES

Standard of the World.

\$55 00 to All Alike.

Hartfords.....\$40 00
Vedettes.....\$32 50 and \$33 50

Wm. Gurd & Co

185 Dundas Street. Phone 500.

FINE TAILORING SOUTHGOTT'S

361 RICHMOND ST.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Toronto, March 17—8 p.m.—The high area which was over the lakes yesterday is now hovering over Eastern Ontario and Western Quebec. An area of low pressure is approaching the lakes from the southwest states and will cause unsettled weather in Ontario and Western Quebec today, milder weather setting in over the Northwest. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 30-52; Kamloops, 26-46; Calgary, 20-35; Battleford, 4 below-24; Qu'Appelle, 8 below-16; Winnipeg, 4 below-10; Port Arthur, 16 below-14; Parry Sound, 4 below-24; Toronto, 12-24; Ottawa, 8 below-19; Montreal, 4 below-6; Quebec, 10 below-4.

Local temperatures.—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory here on Friday, March 17, were: Highest, 27 above; lowest, 16.5 above.

Sun rises today at 6:24; sets, 6:27. Moon rises at 10:17 a.m.; sets, 1:25 a.m.

THE WORTH AND MERITS

of XXX Bread have been generally recognized. If you want light, white, wholesome, easily digested bread insist on getting Johnston Bros'. Free delivery. Phone 818.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

107.....Business Offices
134.....Editorial Room
175.....Job Department



THE SHENANGO.

A Cleveland dispatch says: The tug Sunol, which arrived here today, reports seeing the big car ferry Shenango off Ashtabula yesterday, drifting helpless in the ice. The Shenango was light, and was on her way from Port Dover to Conneaut. She was caught in the drifting ice pack. The boat carries a crew of ten men. Their position, it is said, is perilous. On account of the heavy ice it would be impossible for a tug to reach the vessel.

The Fit's The Thing In Gloves

The makers of Fownes' Gloves appreciate this, and they are just as particular as you are—often more so. You cannot go away from here with anything but perfect-fitting gloves, and we have all the new gray and tan shades in undressed, as well as the best dressed kids for you to choose from.

BOUGHNER.

A LOCAL BUDGET

—Staff-Captain Phillips, of the Salvation Army, city, is to visit Wingham on Monday next.

—Ald. Malloch will build a handsome residence at the corner of St. James and Waterloo streets.

—The hospital building committee was called to meet last night, but only two members were present.

—Mrs. Wm. Murray and family, of Westminster, left this morning to join Mr. Murray in North Dakota.

—T. Strong and family, of Dorchester, left this morning on the G. T. R. to take up land in North Dakota.

—Miss Cull has returned to Mitchell after an extended visit to friends in London, Hamilton, Toronto and Guelph.

—The many friends of Mr. Cecil Sippi will be glad to learn that he is able to sit up after three weeks' serious illness.

—Mr. Robert Perry, of this city, has been elected district deputy grand master of the Sons of England for London and district.

—Hamilton Herald: Mrs. Herbert Gates, of London, is in the city, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Wright.

—Mr. Adam Beck, master of the London Hunt Club, has a string of eight horses, which he intends entering at the Toronto Horse Show.

—Mr. James Dalton, mail clerk on the L. H. and B., between Wingham and London, has been transferred to the Niagara Falls and London run.

—"The Church and Labor," Mr. Mahon's subject last Sunday afternoon, will be considered tomorrow evening by Mr. Pedley from the church's standpoint.

—Tenders have been called for the purchase of the seats of the Wellington Street Methodist Church. This is necessary owing to repairs and improvements about to be made.

—Mr. Frank Whiting, who for some years has been foreman of the Bell Telephone Company, will sever his connection with the company in a few days, and embark in the manufacture of cigars.

—King Street Presbyterian Church will no doubt be filled tomorrow evening, when the pastor, Rev. Thomas Wilson, will discuss "Secret Societies and the Relation of Christian People to Them."

—Clinton New Era: The Bell Telephone Company are looking over their line in town and neighborhood. Fred W. Dewar, of South London, is inspecting and James Bateman, of Stratford, is assisting.

—Mr. S. Youhill, of Wingham, has sold the west part of lot 408, John street south, in that town, lately owned by Mr. John Christie, of this city, to Wm. Neil, section foreman of the C. P. R., Wingham, at a fair price.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Morrison, of 583 King street, celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage at their home last night. A large company of

RINGWORM ON BABY'S FACE

Mother Ashamed to Take Him Out. Everything Failed to Cure. CUTICURA Cured in 3 Days.

I have had my baby sick with his face full of ringworm, and tried everything and failed. I was ashamed to take him out. I got it on Wednesday, and by Saturday his face was all dived up. Now I can take him everywhere. I cannot say enough about CUTICURA. If people only knew about how his face looked a week ago, and see it to-day, they would never be without it. The people in the house can tell you how his face was, and how it is to-day.

Mrs. J. POTTER, Oct. 9, 1898. 204 So. First St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CRAZY WITH ITCHING

Eczema on Head. Got into the Eyes. Doctor & Institutions Could Not Cure. Cured in 2 Months by CUTICURA.

I have been troubled over two years with eczema on the top of my head. It first started to itch, something fierce. My doctor said it was eczema, and treated me for six months, with failure, so I tried more doctors, but they did the same. I tried a New York Institute, which treated me for six months, but could not reach any further than that. I had it worse than from the start, as it commenced to get in my eyes, and nearly got me crazy with itching. I noticed your advertisement in the N. Y. World, and thought I would try CUTICURA remedies. In two months' time I did not know that I had any trouble at all, and I feel like a new man now. ALFRED MELICEL, Oct. 12, 1898. 625 W. 48th St., N. Y. City.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are beyond all doubt the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times. Ward's Cuticure Soap, gentle skin cleanser, with CUTICURA, purifier of emollient skin cures, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humors expellers, have cured thousands of cases where suffering was almost beyond endurance, hair falling out all gone, disfigurement terrible.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER, D. and C. CO., Proprietors, Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin Humour," free.

Imperial Jellies

Are the most delicious solidified Table Jellies you can buy. For rich, distinct, delicate fruit or wine flavors they lead.

FLAVORS—Pineapple, Orange, Lemon, Strawberry, Raspberry, Cherry, Currant, Port, Sherry, Madeira and English Punch.

SOLD ONLY BY.....

T. A. Rowat & Co. 234 Dundas Street. Phone 317.

INDIGESTION

is the root of most ills. But

EUREKA BREAD

Has a cure in every loaf.

THE PARNELL-DEAN STEAM BAKING COMPANY, 75 Bruce Street. Telephone 928.

friends and relatives was present, and an exceedingly pleasant evening was spent by all.

—The funeral of the late Wm. Chambers, ex-locomotive foreman of the G. T. R., St. Thomas, took place to Woodland Cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Luke Slater, W. Pegler, Wm. Burnip, Joseph Thomas, Charles Mat-travers and Mr. Painter.

—The bankrupt stock of H. Beaton, of Dundas street, was sold yesterday to Graham Bros. at 30 cents on the dollar. The stock comprised hats, caps and furs, and was valued at \$3,100. Graham Bros. are advertising a big sale, starting next week.

—Owing to the death of Rev. A. Cunningham, deceased chairman of the district of the district will likely be called in a day or two to appoint a successor in office. The names of Revs. Rogers, Allin and Leary are mentioned.

—Mr. J. E. Muhlfeld, master mechanic, western division, G. T. R., spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. John Bell, York street, city. While here he made a flying visit to St. Thomas, and was presented with a beautiful watch, chain and locket and a gold-handled umbrella by his former employer, the offices of the Wabash.

—Mr. Wm. Sadler, who was killed at the Falls the other day, ran as a brakeman on the L. H. and B. freight between Wingham and London for many years, and left a few years ago to reside in Sarnia, and to run on a train from Sarnia to Niagara Falls. He deceased leaves a widow, a family of small children, an aged mother, brother, and a number of sisters.

—Blyth Standard: "Does London kill Methodist preachers? Since the spring of 1892, when Rev. W. Rigby, of Blyth, went to London, five Methodist ministers then and since stationed there have died. Revs. W. J. Little, George Boyd, J. W. Annis, Thomas Cullen and Andrew Cunningham, and also five supernumerary ministers have died, viz.: Revs. Thos. Cosford, Eph. Evans, J. G. Laird, G. H. Sanderson, and J. Chapman. London may have good water and plenty of Methodist churches, but it looks as if the pressure was pretty hard on the preachers of that city."

PASSING OF "THE ARK."

Mr. Thomas Brenton has sold "The Ark," Talbot street, to Wm. Wyatt & Sons, and the old structure will be supplanted by a modern four-story building. The new building will, with Mr. Wyatt's property adjoining, form one store.

A JOLLY COMPANY.

The hockey club of the Y. M. C. A. held a banquet last night which proved a very enjoyable affair. Members of the club and their friends to the number of 60, sat down to an appetizing and dainty spread. The president, R. A. Little, occupied the chair and introduced a programme of toasts, songs and music, and a couple of hours passed pleasantly. It is the intention of the club to make this banquet an annual affair, and those who were fortunate enough to be present hope that this will be carried out.

SONS OF ENGLAND.

The Sons of England Grand Lodge decided upon a substantial increase in insurance rates to be charged new members. Incorporation will not be applied for at the present session of Parliament, owing to the promise of the government to introduce a bill affecting friendly societies. The following, with others, have been elected to compose the general purpose committee: Thos. Elliott, Brantford; J. Gibson, Ingersoll; W. Hancock, Hamilton; Dr. Mary, Ridgeway. The following, with others, will compose the beneficiary board: J. Aldridge, Preston; J. Clatworthy, Chatham; J. Jones, Middlesex; G. Hall, London.

LOST HIS LEGS AND MAY DIE.

Mr. Charles Woodruff, a C. P. R. brakeman, met a terrible fate while switching cars in the yard at Streetsville Junction yesterday morning. He tripped over a switch-rod and fell across the rails. His two legs were severed from his body, several cars passing over them. He was taken to the hospital at Toronto Junction, and was given until 10 o'clock this morning to live. Mr. Woodruff was well-known in London, and a favorite all along the line. He started railroad work on the C. P. R. about seven years ago. He removed to Toronto Junction recently, and ran between that place and this city. While here Mr. Woodruff lived at 524 Adelaide street.

THE NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Plans for the new Presbyterian Church to be erected at the corner of Wellington and Oxford streets, are nearing completion in the office of Architect Matthews. The edifice will have a frontage of 80 feet on Oxford street, and a depth of 115 feet on Wellington street, including the Sunday school building. The church walls will have blue-tinted foundations, and be of red pressed brick. There will be two entrances to the church from Oxford street, and an imposing tower will surmount the corner entrance. The elevations will be Romanesque in design. The interior of the church will be unique. The choir loft and pulpit is to be in the northeast octagonal face, showing in the interior, and will be in

Kingsmill's

"THE RELIABLE STORE"

Of Special Importance to Men

We take pleasure in announcing the arrival of our new spring importations of Suitings, and can confidently say that this department will be found to contain the very latest and the greatest variety of patterns shown in London. Under new and active management we are in a better position to attend the wants of our gentlemen patrons. Mr. George Ross, a cutter of large experience in Cleveland and Detroit, is in charge of this department, and we can assure you of the highest excellence in style, fit and finish.

Kingsmill's

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS.

plain view of the whole church and Sunday school when the two are united. The Sunday school will have a main auditorium, with seven classrooms opening into one another. There will be galleries over the classrooms, and the total seating capacity will be 450. The seating capacity of the church auditorium will be 600, and the church gallery 250. A meeting of the church building committee will be held Tuesday next, when some alterations may be made before tenders are called.

The Confederation Life.

The 27th annual report of the Confederation Life Association is published in another column, and presents a record of prosperity which must be very gratifying to the shareholders and policyholders of this staunch institution. During the past year 2,251 applications for insurance were approved, representing \$3,164,443—a marked increase in the volume of new business. The total business in force at the close of the year was \$29,677,418, under 19,959 policies on 17,106 lives. Policyholders were paid in profits during 1898, the handsome sum of \$35,290 22, the aggregate for the past four years being \$345,276. In every respect the financial status of the company is sound and its affairs progressive. Sir W. P. Howland, the president, in moving the adoption of the report, pronounced it eminently satisfactory, an opinion which was endorsed by the representatives of the policyholders. A. M. H. Heath is the general agent of the Confederation Life for London district, the local agent being Mr. George Pritchard.

THE INQUEST

Circumstances Surrounding the Sudden Death of Wm. Taylor—Was Apparently Unconscious of His Danger.

Wm. Taylor, who was struck and instantly killed by an M. C. R. train at Glanworth yesterday morning, was a brother-in-law of Gilbert McPherson, of this city. He owned a farm on con. 8, Westminster, and was one of the best-known residents of the township. He leaves a wife and a boy seven years old.

Coroner Flock's inquiry yesterday into the circumstances surrounding the fatality made it apparent that every precaution had been taken by the train hands to avert the accident. The whistle was first sounded about a quarter of a mile from the concession, and then, as Taylor did not seem to be aware of his danger, another warning was given. Taylor had a clear view of the track for at least a quarter of a mile both north and south, and his deliberate action in driving in front of the engine is inexplicable.

The coroner examined Messrs. Archie McPherson, Arthur Fisher, D. Nichol and Mrs. Burritt, wife of the station agent, before a jury comprising Daniel Currie, (foreman), Wm. A. Brodie, Duncan McBane, Peter McNeven, Wallace Curtis, John T. Coughlin, Geo. W. Doan, Wm. Martin, Andrew Scott, Clark Lee, Daniel McAlpine, Colin McPherson, Charles Nichol and Kenneth Turnbull.

Bank of England notes are made from new white linen cuttings—never from anything that has been worn. So carefully is the paper prepared that even the number of dips into the pulp made by each workman is registered.

In 1775 the heaviest cannon used were 18-pounders.

STOMACH FILLED WITH COBBLESTONES.

Strange Sensation felt by Many Victims of Dyspepsia.

Neither Pleasure Nor Nourishment obtained From Their Food—Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Remedy the Trouble—Make New Blood, Build New Bone and Sinew.

Cobble-stones are just as enjoyable to the dyspeptic as is the daintiest and most enjoyable and nourishing food. Every morsel he eats lies on his stomach, a hard lump, causing a dull, aching agony, that lasts from one meal time to another, and making the victim utterly unfit for work, pleasure, or even for mingling with his fellowmen. The blood becomes thin, weak and watery; it carries no nourishment to the organs and tissues. Then a process of slow decay begins. The flesh grows soft and flabby, the muscles small and

weak, and many of the chief functions of the body are stopped.

Constipation steps in, and unless it be banished speedily, inflammation of the bowels follows.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets remove the entire trouble, by digesting the food, converting it into rich, nourishing blood, giving strength to the digestive organs, making them capable of doing their own work, bringing fresh vigor to every part of the body, and building new, strong tissues, flesh and muscles. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the greatest blood makers and muscle-builders ever known. They cause Nature to resume their suspended operations and to correct all unnatural conditions.

The small brown tablets that go with every box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure constipation and stimulate the liver to healthy action.

The action of the large Tablets is thus supplemented and made complete, and health, strength and vigor is restored to the body promptly and positively.

Electric and Turkish Baths. The Electric Turkish Baths stand unrivaled today as the greatest eliminator of disease and purifier of the system. Electricity given in the hot air baths tones the nervous system, which controls all the actions of the body. 320 Dundas street. ywt

Our new couches are just in. All styles at lowest prices. Come and see our Rocco couch, spring edge, velvet cover, or our adjustable head couch, tapestry cover. Trafford's, 95 to 97 King street.

STOP THAT TOOTHACHE! You can neither eat nor sleep while it lasts. Andrews' Plugs give you ease at once. 100 a bottle.

Marriage Between Cousins.

[Dr. John Inglis in Medical Record.] In an effort to compare one hundred cases of marriages between cousins—germ with one hundred average marriages where no relation existed—the author took by lot from a physician's book case, who had practiced in a town of 1,500 inhabitants for 30 years and knew their family histories well, the names of 100 marriages with regard to sterility, pulmonary, mental and congenital diseases. These were then compared with the marriages of cousins. The latter showed a lower percentage of sterile marriages and a slightly lower percentage of mental diseases. In pulmonary and congenital diseases there was the same percentage of difference in favor of the former. In all other particulars the difference amounted to as little as any such comparisons can. In the 100 cases of those not related, 17 per cent were sterile; in the cousins-german, 14½ per cent. These figures agree very nearly with Huth's investigations.

THE BELL ORGAN COMPANY.

Toronto, March 18.—In connection with the steps taken by A. W. Alexander, of Guelph, to wind up the Bell Organ Co., the manager of the company, Mr. E. P. Hawkins, says: A. W. Alexander held \$6,000 worth of debentures. The total value of the company's debentures was \$300,000. There was a reconstruction of the business, and a new company took over all the business of the original concern on March 1. Mr. Alexander, he claims, is the only dissenter of all the debenture-holders. He recently made a similar application before Judge Stephens in the High Court of Justice of England and his application was ruled out of court. Alexander was made to pay costs in the action for both sides. The application he made in England, Mr. Hawkins says, is identical with the one made in Toronto.

"The company is perfectly solvent," declared Mr. Hawkins. "It does not owe a dollar that it cannot pay in ten minutes."