

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 In Canada.....\$2.00 per year
 In Foreign Countries.....\$2.50 per year

The Glencoe Transcript.

SEE GLENCOE FIRST
 Write Secretary Board of Trade for information that may mean much to you if you are seeking a location.

Volume 52.—No. 32

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1923

Whole No. 2690

DRAINAGE TENDERS

Tenders for the repair of the Kelly drain will be received by the undersigned up to Saturday, August 25th, at 12 o'clock noon. Plans and specifications may be seen at Joe Blain's residence, lot 14, con. 12, Metcalfe township, or the clerk's office, lot 4, con. 4, Metcalfe township—Harry Thompson, Clerk, Route 2, Kerwood.

LOST

Belt of lady's coat on Main street, Glencoe, about three weeks ago. Finder please leave at Transcript office, or phone 601 r 11.

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the plot-holders of Simpson cemetery, Mosca, will be held at the cemetery on Monday afternoon, August 13, at 2:30 o'clock. Trustees—Dan B. Edwards, chairman; Fred J. James, treasurer; John C. McMillan.

POULTRY WANTED

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Poultry. Write
SAM BOOM - GLENCOE P.O.
 Or phone
 McKellar House or McAlpine Garage.
Trucking Done.

FOR SALE

Dodge touring car; also baseburner.—M. L. Farrell.

FOR SALE

Ford sedan car; one Bain wagon; one light wagon.—Charles Towers, R. R. 1, Walkers.

Farm Loans

Lower Interest

I have an unlimited quantity of money to loan on first mortgages on approved farm lands at lower rates of interest. Terms will be to suit borrowers and all applications will have immediate attention.
V. T. FOLEY, Barrister, etc., 83 King Street West, Chatham, Ontario; telephone 180.

Cream & Eggs WANTED

Our wagon will be on the road all season. We pay cash for cream and eggs.

G. W. SUTTON

Agent for Ontario Creamery, Limited
NORTH MAIN ST., GLENCOE
 Phone 89

FOR SALE

In Appin, new eight-roomed cottage, lot 75 by 175 feet. Apply to W. R. Stephenson.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT

Fifty acres of pasture land, being composed of the east half of the south half of lot number ten in the second concession of Mosca. Apply to Elliott & Moss, Solicitors, Glencoe, or John A. Campbell, 3261 Fifth St., Detroit.

EKFRID FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION

will meet at Appin March 20, April 17, May 15, August 21 and October 16. For information, long and short term loans, apply to President R. D. Coad, Vice-president D. F. Eddie, Secretary-treasurer Duncan McAlpine, Directors A. T. Irwin, Dan McDonald, Martin Johnston, James McKee, R. A. Flinn.

CHARLES GEORGE

Division Court Clerk.
 Clerk of the Village of Glencoe.
 Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
 Office at residence - Symes street

GLENCOE LODGE, No. 122

meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—W. A. Currie, Jr., N. G. A. B. Sinclair, R. S.

J. A. RAEBURN

Contractor for
OIL, WATER AND GAS DRILLING

All kinds of Pumps and Pipe Supplies. Up-to-date Drilling Rig at your service.

GORE CONCESSION, EKFRID.

Say it with printing.

Farmers' Monster Picnic

The Fourth Annual Basket Picnic of the U. F. Co-operative Association will be held in the Weekes Grove, South of Glencoe, on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15

And the committee are determined that it will be not only the Biggest but the Most Entertaining event of the kind ever held in the County of Middlesex.

A program of MUSIC, SPEECHES and COMEDY will include

The Lyric Ladies' Quartette, of London; Master Donald McRae (the Young Harry Lauder); The Strathroy Band. Speakers—R. H. Holbert, M. P.; J. G. Lethbridge, M. P.; F. Gill, Comedian, London; J. D. Drummond, M. P., Chairman.

Fun for Everybody in Sports and Games

Baseball between Newbury and Delaware for prize of \$25.00. Softball game between ladies of Tait's Corners and Kilmartin for prize of \$10.00. Baby Show—three valuable prizes. Elopement Race for ladies and gents. Prize for largest family on the ground. Pie-eating contest, open to all. Fat Men's Race, Fat Women's Race, Foot Races of all kinds for the boys and girls.

Refreshment Booths on the grounds. Admission, 25 cents. Children under 12, 15 cents. Everybody bound to be happy. Come. Chairman of Committee, John Reycraft; Secretary, Archie Leitch.

Horse Races West Lorne Wednesday, August 22

2.12 Class, Trot or Pace, Mile Heats - Purse \$225.00
 2.20 Class, Trot or Pace, Mile Heats - Purse \$225.00
 2.50 Class, Trot or Pace, Mile Heats - Purse \$225.00

Races best 3 in 5. 6 seconds allowed trotters. 5 per cent. to enter and 5 per cent. additional from winners. Canadian National Association Rules to govern.

BASEBALL

A good game of Baseball will be played in the afternoon.

Come and enjoy the Sports with us!

Admission to Races—Adults, 50c; Children, 25c War Tax Included. Autos and Carriages, Free.

A. J. McMILLAN, Pres. L. G. BROWN, Sec.

CAPITAL	RESERVES
\$20,299,140	\$20,763,503

THE AVERAGE MAN often spoils his future because he thinks his savings too small to be worth banking.

Do not wait until you have \$100 to deposit—open an account with \$1 and make it grow.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

GORDON DICKSON, Manager, GLENCOE
 A. N. McLEAN, Manager, Appin

Chevrolet Agency

We specialize in
CHEVROLET AND FORD REPAIRING

A full line of parts for both cars carried in stock. All work is fully guaranteed.

G. W. SNELGROVE
 CHEVROLET AGENCY
 CENTRAL GARAGE GLENCOE

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

A pure white groundhog was trapped near Ingersoll a few days ago.

Power has been turned on on the new hydro-electric line which extends from Chatham for over five miles into Dover township.

There was a light snowfall a few miles west of Calgary last week, and there have been touches of frost in other districts in the West.

The city council of Fredericton, N. B., has suppressed the mosquito pest by spreading kerosene oil on the ponds and pools about the city.

Although the year is only a little over half gone, nearly two dozen newspapers have gone out of business since the first of January in Ontario alone.

It is proposed in Petrolia to change the date of municipal nominations to the last Monday in November and the polling day to the first Monday in December.

The defendant in a division court case at Ottawa the other day in giving evidence stated that two of his daughters were working and the other was in the civil service.

Another number of Ontario towns have decided to hold their municipal elections the first week of December, in order to have them over before the Christmas activities begin.

It is stated at London that the coffers of the Ontario Government have been enriched to the extent of \$840 through convictions secured by Walter Bolton, license inspector for London and Middlesex county, in July.

Running unnoticed in front of her father's binder, Verna Fowler, 3 years old, daughter of William Fowler, Bayham farmer, was so badly injured that it was necessary to amputate her right leg between the knee and ankle.

Weighing 3,170 pounds, a steer, said to be the largest ever received in Winnipeg, arrived at the Union Stock Yards from Wainwright, Alberta. It was sold for \$250, the highest selling price of any steer in the local yards since the war.

The Grand Trunk International Limited was wrecked at Flint, Mich., on Thursday morning when it ran into a freight train which had failed to clear the main line when it took a siding. The passenger engine, tender and baggage car were hurled into the ditch. No one was injured.

The funeral of Mrs. Iva Mae Kemp, wife of H. R. Kemp, whose death occurred in St. Joseph's Hospital on Tuesday of last week after a lengthy illness, was held from the family residence in London to Woodland cemetery. Mrs. Kemp was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Campbell, of Ekfrid. She leaves her husband and two sons.

EATON—BLASHILL

A quiet wedding took place at 10:30 Saturday morning at Wortley Road Baptist parsonage, London, Rev. R. J. Murphy officiating, when Estella May Blashill, daughter of Mrs. W. R. MacDonald, of that city, became the bride of Lorne Eaton, of Ekfrid, son of Frederick Eaton. The bride, who was unattended, was given in marriage by her uncle, H. C. Rennie.

Following an informal wedding breakfast at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Rennie, Mr. and Mrs. Eaton left on their honeymoon trip to Detroit and on their return will reside in Ekfrid.

DENNEY—HOWEY

A London marriage of local interest was solemnized at noon on Saturday, when Mrs. Harriette Mae Howey, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McCallum, Craig street, became the bride of Dr. Wilmer Lloyd Denney, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Donney, of London. The ceremony was performed in the First Methodist church by Rev. E. W. Jewitt in the presence of a few intimate friends.

The bride has for the past four years been connected with the D. S. C. R., being a valuable member of the vocational staff of Westminster Hospital.

The groom is a graduate of the medical department of the University of Western Ontario. During the war he served overseas with the royal navy and later post-graduated in diseases of children in New York and Boston. While at Harvard he brought considerable credit to his alma mater by winning an open scholarship in competition with graduates from all America.

The happy couple left immediately after the ceremony on a motor trip through New York State, the bride traveling in a gray tweed outing suit with grey felt sport hat and gray shoes and stockings. On their return they will reside in Central avenue.

The bride is well known and popular in Glencoe and vicinity, being a niece of Mrs. James Poole.

STOCK-JUDGING CONTEST

Middlesex Junior Farmers Defeat Elgin Opponents by 268 Points

Middlesex county junior farmers won an overwhelming victory over the Elgin county standard-bearers in the recent stock-judging contest. At a previous contest Elgin county won by 2 points. This defeat was wiped out by 285 points in the last contest, and the Middlesex county farmers are elated.

They are now looking forward to the big stock-judging contests to be held at the Canadian National Exhibition and confidently predict that the junior farmers of this county will romp off with the majority of prizes. Middlesex county's team rolled up a score of 4,585 points to Elgin's 4,300 points.

The individual scores of members of the winning team follow:—Stuart McDonald 486, Edward Mitchell 477, Diarmid McTaggart 474, Ross McTaggart 468, Ross Saddle 462, N. Keays 460, J. Murray Allen 445, W. L. Pack 445, Merton Maguire 438, Clifford Jones 430; total, 4,585.

MANY SPEEDERS FINED

Police Magistrate Morrison Has a Busy Week in Court

George Tilly, a provincial traffic officer, who is at present patrolling the Longwoods Road between Delaware and Wardville, laid a number of complaints under the Motor Vehicles Act before Police Magistrate Morrison the past week, convictions being registered in the following cases:

U. E. Kerr, Detroit, travelling at 47 miles per hour in contravention of sub-section 1 of section 11 of the Motor Vehicles Act, was fined \$10, with \$6.25 costs.

H. S. Parker, Ohio, travelling at 48 miles per hour, was fined \$10, with \$6.25 costs.

Wm. A. Steele, New Jersey, 43 miles per hour, paid \$5 with \$6.25 costs.

J. Sallsbury, Schenectady, N. Y., 40 miles per hour, paid \$5 with \$6.25 costs.

Michael Ott, Ohio, 48 miles per hour, paid \$10 with \$6.25 costs.

Nelson Bakewell, Plummer, Mich., past an intersection at 35 miles per hour, paid \$5 with \$6.25 costs.

W. C. Smelt, Detroit, past an intersection at 38 miles per hour, paid \$5 with \$6.25 costs.

Thomas Ritchie, London, 43 miles per hour, paid \$10 with costs.

John Beattie, Glencoe, insufficient lights, was assessed \$2 and costs.

Shell Oil Co. of Canada, London, charged with driving at an excessive rate of speed within the corporate limits of Glencoe, paid \$10 and costs. The traffic officer pulled up alongside this chap, driving a truck, and told him he was travelling at 35 miles an hour. "I can go faster than that," he said, and "stepped on her," unaware that he had been halted by the traffic officer.

Eugene Thibodeau, of Windsor, charged with reckless driving at 55 miles with a maximum of 62 miles per hour, pleaded guilty to the offence and was assessed \$50 with \$4.85 costs. It will cost this chap \$1 per mile "bitting her up."

Clarence Nixon, Glencoe, parking without lights, \$2 and costs. Israel M. Cohen, London, passing intersection at Wardville at an excessive speed, \$5 and costs.

There are several others to hear from, having pleaded guilty, but the penalties are not yet received.

The case against Charles Willey for travelling without lights was withdrawn as it was shown that he had made an honest attempt to get his lights in operation.

The case against C. N. Larney, of Florence, for crossing an intersection at an excessive speed was dismissed, three witnesses having sworn that the brakes were applied before crossing the intersection.

DEATH OF DANIEL KING

Newbury, August 5.—Daniel King died on Tuesday, after a lingering illness of two or three years. He was one of the oldest residents of Mosca township, and a life-long Oddfellow, being the oldest member of Mount Zion Lodge. He was buried on Thursday. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Carr, of West Lorne. The pallbearers were brother Oddfellows: W. Bayne, H. Pennell, C. Telfer, E. Woods, Charles Blain and Asa Winship. Interment took place at Cameron cemetery. Mr. King leaves a widow and three sons, Alexander C. on the homestead, and Fred and Frank in the States.

In the old days many a man killed himself trying to drink up his farm; now he can do the same thing in a day's time with one bottle of moonshine.

APPIN GARDEN PARTY

Usual Big Success of This Popular Annual Event

The annual garden party at Appin, which has been a feature of community activity for the past nine years, was held Wednesday night and was fully as successful as any of its predecessors. According to the returns at the gate over 2,000 persons attended, and fully 500 cars were parked on the grounds or in the nearby streets.

In the afternoon there was a lively game of baseball between the Appin and Ilderton baseball clubs. The Ilderton team won, the score standing 13 to 7. There was also a soft ball match between the girls of the Thamesville schools and the girls of the Glencoe high school, which resulted in favor of the Glencoe team. There were games and races for the children in the afternoon and many prizes were distributed.

At the evening entertainment the chair was taken by Peter McArthur, who made a brief address of welcome. He called attention to the public spirit shown by the village of Appin in promoting these entertainments. The proceeds are all devoted to perfecting and maintaining the community park, in which the garden party was held. This park has an excellent baseball diamond, tennis courts, a bowling lawn, teeters for the children and facilities for all kinds of games and sports. Trees have been planted and flower beds set out. Every evening, when the weather is fair, scores of young people from the village and surrounding country assemble to play games and enjoy themselves. The park has become a community centre of the highest value and the speaker urged people who came from other communities to learn a lesson from the enterprise and public spirit of Appin.

The program was varied and well suited to the occasion. While the crowd was assembling there was music by the 7th Hussars Band, of London.

Leroy Kenney, comedian, of Toronto, and Walter Edwards, comedian, also of Toronto, provided much mirth with characterization, song and story. There were acceptable recitations by Miss Brandon, of Hamilton. Miss McGregor, pianist, of Toronto, acted as accompanist. The Stratford Quartette pleased the audience with their various numbers.

Refreshment booths conducted by the Women's Institute had a large patronage.

BARN FIRE IN EKFRID

About half-past four o'clock yesterday morning the barn of Dan McAlpine, lot 20, gore of Ekfrid, was destroyed by fire, cause unknown. The barn contained the season's crop as far as harvested, one cow, two calves, two horses, about ninety hens, automobile and buggy, all of which were consumed. The loss will be in the neighborhood of \$3,000, with some insurance.

CAIRO STORE BURNED

Fire of unknown origin completely destroyed the store, stock and household contents of the Cairo store early Sunday morning, July 29. The family were all away at the time except the proprietor, who was awakened by the smoke. He endeavored to get down stairs but was forced back by the flames, and made his escape from the burning building through an upstairs window.

About \$300 in cash was also lost in the fire. There was \$700 insurance on the building, while the stock and contents were partially insured.

DONATIONS TO MEMORIAL HALL

Mrs. Mary McRae.....\$10.00
 Mr. & Mrs. Frank Abbott..... 5.00
 Mrs. Hill..... 5.00
 Mrs. Barbara Sullivan..... 5.00
 D. M. McKellar..... 5.00
 R. J. Currie..... 3.00
 R. Vause..... 5.00

The members of the I. O. D. E. wish to thank Miss Nellie Farrell and E. Smith for the lovely wicker trays, and John Munroe for the flag stand, and all who sent donations of cake, bread, cream and chickens for the opening of the Memorial Hall.

CHEERIO NOTES

On Tuesday, July 31, a very close and exciting game of soft ball took place on No. 17 school grounds between the Cheerio girls and the Kilmartin girls. The score was 14-12 in favor of the latter.

On the following Thursday evening a game was played at Tait's Corners between the Cheerio girls and the team of that district, the score being 43-6 in favor of the former.

Nobody gets married any more. They are united in bonds of holy matrimony.

MEMORIAL HALL OPENING

Splendid Building Just Completed by Women's Organization

An outstanding event in the history of Glencoe took place Friday afternoon when, with appropriate ceremony, the Memorial Hall erected by the Major-General McKee Chapter of the I. O. D. E. in memory of those from this district who lost their lives in the war, was opened. The exterior of the hall was decorated with flowers and flags, a huge banner being draped over the bronze memorial tablet which is inset beside the doorway. On the wide porch stood the officers of the chapter and the speakers of the day, prominent among the former being Mrs. Mary McRae, mother of Major-General McKee, Mrs. Fred Aldred, regent, Mrs. Wright, Miss Oldrieve, Mrs. Oxley, standard bearer, Mrs. W. A. Currie and Mrs. Knox. The Strathroy scout bugle band was present.

Music was provided by the Laughon orchestra, following which Rev. T. J. Charlton, of St. Matthew's church, London, led the gathering in the Lord's Prayer. The scouts sounded the Last Post, while the hushed crowd saw Miss Catherine McMillan, head of the junior chapter, draw aside the banner from the memorial tablet. This gave the signal for Mrs. Aldred to hand the key to Mrs. McKee, who unlocked the door and formally declared the building open.

All who could find seats followed her into the building, and the meeting was addressed by the chairman, Mr. Charlton, who, after a musical selection by the orchestra and an address by Reeve Allan McPherson, called upon the speaker of the day, Rev. Major Canon Appleyard, M. C., of Woodstock, formerly of London, one time chaplain of the 31st battalion. The major, who is well known in Glencoe in connection with his work for the Navy League some years ago, was given a hearty reception. He spoke of the things such a memorial stood for—the 63,214 Canadian dead who lie in France, the suffering and sacrifice of those who lived to come back—but more particularly in a spirit of optimism of what he had gained in vision, of the casting aside of provincial prejudices and of cooperation in the empire.

The major's address was followed by a solo from Miss Ethel George, and after short speeches by Rev. R. F. Irwin, of Seaforth, Rev. W. Williams, of St. John's church, Glencoe, and J. G. Lethbridge, M. L. A., the meeting was brought to a close with the National Anthem.

The hall itself, built at a cost of \$7,000, is of red brick with wide verandah, entrance hall, kitchen and club rooms. The latter are to be used for the I. O. D. E. and army veteran activities, and also as a community centre. The two main rooms are provided with fireplaces and are separated by an archway permitting them to be thrown into one large assembly hall. There is a roomy basement which will probably be fitted up as a gymnasium.

At the close of the program a reception was held and light refreshments were served by the ladies.

KILLED BY MOTOR CAR

Wm. Haskell Victim of Accident at Lethbridge, Alberta

The Merlin Standard gives particulars of the death of William Haskell at Lethbridge, Alberta, as the result of being struck by an automobile on Saturday evening, July 7th. Mr. Haskell succumbed to his injuries after lying in a hospital in an unconscious condition for several days.

John P. Manderville, a farmer, driver of the car, was arrested on a charge of wanton driving, and released on furnishing bail to the amount of \$6,000 to appear for trial in eight days, but on the death of Haskell a warrant was issued for his arrest on a charge of manslaughter.

Manderville formerly lived in Euphemia township. Haskell was a former resident of Tilbury, and is a brother of Joseph and Jerry Haskell, of Merlin. He moved to the West in 1912. Two weeks prior to the accident the 23-year-old son of Mr. Haskell died, and now with the tragic death of the father, the family are grief-stricken. Deceased was a half-brother of Thomas Haggitt, of Glencoe, who had just completed arrangements to go and pay him a visit when word of the accident was received. Before moving to Tilbury Mr. Haskell resided in the township of Euphemia. He was born in the village of Newbury.

FOR SATURDAY NIGHT

The Junior I. O. D. E. will serve ice cream Saturday evening at the Memorial Hall.

Make a lion out of a man and he will make an ass out of himself.

Surpassing
all others in Delicacy and Fragrance.

"SALADA" TEA

SEALED PACKETS ONLY EVERY LEAF PURE



HOME CANNED CORN IS GOOD EATING.

The Red Man set an illustrious example when he ate green corn. It is an enticing dish for which the majority waits patiently or otherwise until it is ready to be served or until the first little white blisters appear. Those who await "otherwise" sometimes indulge in satisfying their early season appetites for this vegetable by purchasing the first ears that appear on the market. And what a disappointment it is when, with taste all set for a nice juicy ear of green corn, we bite into white kernels only to find them doughy and tasteless.

It may not be "elegant" to eat green corn from the cob, but it is the only way to get its full flavor and natural enjoyment. Our sympathy goes out to those with "store teeth" who must give up this pleasure. We regret that Mother Nature per-

WRIGLEY'S After Every Meal

Have a packet in your pocket for ever-ready refreshment.

Aids digestion. Allays thirst. Soothes the throat.

For Quality, Flavor and the Sealed Package, get



WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS



slay it with SAPHO

Rid your house of filth-carrying, disease-breeding flies. Be free from buzzing mosquitoes that make your sleeping hours miserable. Deal death to ants, roaches and beetles.

Sapho Powder exterminates all these pests, but is NON-POISONOUS and HARMLESS to humans.

The handy Sapho Bath Sprayer gives the powder into the air killing all flies and mosquitoes in the 10 roomed house. Your drugist, hardware store or departmental store can supply you with a Sapho Bath Sprayer at \$1.00, Sapho Powder in 25 and 50 and \$1.25 cans. Try this ready-to-use Sapho Powder, 15 cents, and be convinced.

Sapho Liquid sprayed in closets and on clothes, furniture and draperies kills moths, prevents destruction and even keeps moths away.

KENNEDY MANUFACTURING CO. Montreal

SAPHO POWDER kills

Kennedy Mfg. Co., Montreal, 550 Grand Avenue, Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Sapho Powder and literature on killing pests. Write for literature on killing pests. Address: Kennedy Mfg. Co., Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

1936 No. 32-23

The Gift Of The Gods

BY PEARL POLEY.
(Copyright.)

CHAPTER XI.—(Cont'd.)

"Eh? What's that you say?" demanded Mr. Ashton. The beginning of David's speech had caused the old lady to flop rather heavily back into her chair, but the last words brought her up again like a rubber ball.

"Yes, mamma," began Grace. "Quiet," snapped her mother. "This discussion requires brains, not sentiment. You say, David, that America has been fooled by him?"

"I said nothing of the kind, my dear aunt. You know as well as I that Uncle Sam isn't easily fooled."

"Very true, very true," said the woman of Washington shipping Rowen Strathmore here—for the love of Annie I can't believe it—no, sir." She focused her eyes indignantly on David. "It's just some scheme you and that girl of mine have concocted between you."

"O mother!" protested Grace. "Not another word. This isn't a matter of sentiment."

"It's no scheme, aunt. Young Strathmore has, as I said before, been appointed to the diplomatic service."

"I'm Marvels never cease. Fish will be developing brains after awhile, as I always told Grace, if she could persuade him to stop the struggle, his brain might have a chance to grow."

"May I congratulate you then, aunt, on your future son-in-law before I leave for England?"

"Eh? What? Mercy, boy, have a care for my appetitive tendency! I thought for a minute you were in earnest and going right now."

"You understood it right, aunt. I leave in the morning."

David found it harder work to convince his aunt than Grace of the necessity of his departure, but as for Grace, she showed no concern or regret at all. David was not a little disappointed over what he mentally termed infidelity to friendship, for somehow Grace was now the only plank in the masthead he had hoped might help to keep him afloat.

"Well, David," concluded his aunt, "it's the regret of my life you're Grace's first cousin. You're so like myself as far as brains go that eugenics would prohibit you for my son-in-law."

"O, mother!" came from Grace. "Quiet!—David needs no apologies from me. This isn't sentiment. Well, David, as I've always said, money and brains are the staff of life, and you've got both. I'm as proud of you as if you were my own son."

David was touched in spite of himself by his aunt's reluctance to part with him. The light blue eyes were misty as she held his hand, and there was a wistful note in her voice as she required, "I suppose, David, we could never make a Yankee of you, but when I'm alone—"

"Alone? Why, aunt, what's come over us all? It should never have been invented."

"Alone is the word, David," persisted his aunt. "The American Government wants a diplomat it must be obeyed, and if the diplomat would do better work with a wife he must have one."

"Mother!" Grace made a step forward, but her mother waved her away. "This isn't a matter of sentiment—it's better business all round for two young people to be alone besides I'm tired to death of this heathen country. I haven't given in, but the truth is I'm just dying for a sight of the Blue Mountains of Kentucky."

But Grace had her arms around her mother and smiles and tears mingled. David, while he rejoiced with them, felt miserably alone. He was glad for Grace's sake self-denial wasn't a family spectre. He had taken only a few steps down the hall, however, when the door flew open. Throwing conventionality into Mrs. Grundy's lap, Grace ran after him and flinging her arms about his neck she kissed him on both cheeks. "David dear," she whispered, "I know why you are leaving. May God bless and help you!"

For answer David stooped and kissed her forehead.

As Grace reentered the sitting-room she said softly, "Poor David!"

"What's that?" questioned her mother.

"Nothing, mother. I was just wishing everybody was happy like me. Poor David—"

"David unhappy?—nonsense! He has too much brains—no sentiment about him."

CHAPTER XII.

A surprising change came over Tu Hee after David had left her. She peered out between the curtains of her rickshaw until the big gates clanged, to, shutting from her view the tall form standing rigid in the centre of the road. David's idea of a quiet, indifferent Chinese maiden would have received a decided jolt could he have seen the sudden soft light in the blue eyes, heard the low laugh that rippled from between her parted lips, and the tattoo beat by her slipped feet.

These actions not giving sufficient vent to her feelings, she brought her hands together and hunched up and down like a gleeful child. Then all at once her face grew wistful, and she whispered low, as if afraid the breeze, which swayed the curtains of the rickshaw, might overhear, "My English mandarin!" and with a happy sigh lay back among the cushions.

Poor Tu Hee! already a grim, cruel shadow was over her, which was to chase the smile of youth from her lips for many a day. So happy was she in her dreaming that she did not notice the lapse of time, did not aware to the fact that the runners had covered enough distance to arrive at her door a dozen times over. It was the shrill, piercing call of a shriek owl that aroused her. Parting the curtains, she looked out. To her amazement she was no longer in her own room. Indignation and fright mingled in her tones as she called out, "Where are you taking me? Stop, you have but a minute to get ready. Finish her sentence, as she uttered in terror into the further corner of the rickshaw, away from the two evil eyes that peered in at her.

"So!" said to herself when only too well answered her. "Frightened! Shall I come in with you, little Tu Hee?"

With an effort Tu Hee forced herself to sit upright. She returned calmly the look of the bold eyes, but her nail shields cut into her flesh.

"A voice which she knew only too well answered her. 'Frightened! Shall I come in with you, little Tu Hee?'"

"Home—ah, what a word!—just where we will be soon, my dear child. 'What does this mean, Chu Sing? My uncle, as you know, does not allow me to travel at night.'"

"I said to myself when I saw the foreign devil with you."

Tu Hee decided she was using the wrong tactics. "Do you know, Chu Sing—a half laugh accompanied the words—" you frightened me for a minute! Please tell the runners to turn back. I should be home."

"Home—ah, what a word!—just where we will be soon, my dear child. 'What does this mean, Chu Sing? My uncle, as you know, does not allow me to travel at night.'"

"Alone at last," he whispered. For a moment Tu Hee thought herself had come to release her. She did not know it was merely fear paralyzing and turning numb her whole being.

A groan escaped Tu Hee. Hope deserted her entirely now. Chu Sing might come in any minute and then—

A shudder convulsed her. It seemed as though her brain would give way. A twinge of pain brought her attention to her ankle. It was neatly bandaged and she wondered vaguely who had done it, but what did it matter? Oh, if she could only escape! Was there the slightest chance? She asked herself, as her gaze rested on the woman in front of her. Well, she could at least try. "Please fetch me a drink of water," she said wearily. The woman bowed and hobbled from the room.

The moon, which a minute before had flooded the hills with light, was now covered by a cloud. Tu Hee did not know where she was running to but she knew she must keep on. The savage shouting behind told her she was being holly pursued. Her brain worked automatically. She lunged for trees, anything that might conceal her. The ground was becoming uneven. She had apparently left the

road. Her breath was now coming in dry, sobbing pants. Oh, if the gods would only let her die! Then the moon suddenly bathed the world in a silvery, dazzling glow and Tu Hee's wild eyes saw trees, clusters of them, but they were up the hill. Could she reach them in time? A wild barbaric yell told her she was seen. She dared not look around. Her strength was fast failing, but desperate fear, fear of something worse than death, gave impetus to her struggling limbs. Up, up, she stumbled, and then—it was a twisted tree root that was her undoing—her foot slipped. Physical pain mingled with her terror, and with a low groan she sank to the ground.

When Tu Hee opened her eyes the horrors of the night had not crept back into her mind. Darkness hid her surroundings from her and the softness of her bed betokened only luxury, safety, and home. Her head felt a little queer, and sleepily she turned to rest it more comfortably. A cry escaped her. Her ankle! As she raised herself on her elbow the whole horrible truth rushed over her, and in spite of the acute pain she started from the bed. Upon reaching the floor, she tumbled, and a chair overturned. Immediately the door opened, and Tu Hee's wide horror-stricken eyes fastened on the stream of light that crept in. Relief almost choked her as she saw a Chinese woman servant enter with a lamp.

"Toddling forward on her tiny feet, she set the lamp on a small teakwood table near the bed and then prostrated herself before the pale, frightened Tu Hee.

"Please get up," commanded Tu Hee in Chinese. "Tell me where I am."

The woman rose and for answer gazed at her interlocutor in dumb, stupefied amazement.

"Where am I? Please tell me," Tu Hee's question in spite of herself was a frightened wail. Still the woman did not reply.

"The woman rose and for answer gazed at her interlocutor in dumb, stupefied amazement.

"Where am I? Please tell me," Tu Hee's question in spite of herself was a frightened wail. Still the woman did not reply.

"The woman rose and for answer gazed at her interlocutor in dumb, stupefied amazement.

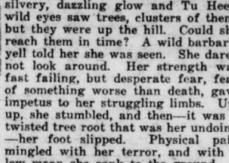
"Where am I? Please tell me," Tu Hee's question in spite of herself was a frightened wail. Still the woman did not reply.

"The woman rose and for answer gazed at her interlocutor in dumb, stupefied amazement.

"Where am I? Please tell me," Tu Hee's question in spite of herself was a frightened wail. Still the woman did not reply.

"The woman rose and for answer gazed at her interlocutor in dumb, stupefied amazement.

Mr. Man



You feel Lifebuoy's healthiness right down into the pores.

After Lifebuoy—you feel cleaner than you have ever felt before.

The delight and comfort of using Lifebuoy are famous around the world.

The cleanest washes quickly after you

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

When the door had closed, Tu Hee, as quickly as she was able, made her way to it. To her relief it was unlocked, but, and new-born hope turned to ice around her heart, another door confronted her. She turned the handle but the barrier did not give. She was a prisoner in Chu Sing's house.

(To be continued.)

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Most of us would be a bit happier and possibly more useful if we could sprout a few new ideas in our intellectual garden.

KELSEY Healthy HEAT

Kelsey Heating is Right Heating

The Kelsey warm air generator will heat every room in your house. It is easy to operate and costs less for fuel than any other heating method.

Developing Appreciation for Good Music.

Philosophers as well as poets have realized the value of music in the home.

About 550 B.C. Pythagoras founded a brotherhood in which he put into practice his doctrine that music is the greatest means of education in life and the guide to all moral virtue.

The members rose at an early hour, and together they sang hymns and songs. One of their chief occupations was the search for beautiful melodies and rhythms that would sink deep into the soul and subdue any tendency to jealousy, pride, excess of appetite and angry feelings. One is here reminded that David's music, centuries before, had driven out the evil spirit from King Saul.

Luther called music the "mistress of order and good manners," and his household was one of prayer and singing.

Unfortunately music does not enter into Canadian home life as it does in many other countries. We give our children lessons, vocal or instrumental, and feel that our duty is done. But let us take a real interest in their advancement in the divine art that we with them, may grow in the appreciation of good music. Let us return to the almost forgotten custom of assembling the family in the twilight of the Lord's Day for an hour of praise of singing the grand old hymns of the church.

Who does not recall the "Cotter's Saturday Night," in which Burns pictures so lovingly the weekly homecoming of the scattered family. How, after the cheerful supper, they form a circle before the glowing fire and join in "Dundee's" fine warbling measures, or plaintive "Martyr," or noble "Elgin," sweetest far of Scotia's lays?

Beautifully Done.

The Bridegroom: "Would you mind if I went into a smoking compartment, dear?"

The Bride: "What to smoke?"

The Bridegroom: "Oh, dear, no! I want to experience the agony of being away from you, so that the joy of my return will be all the more intense. Bed."

Fresh air and BOVRIL

are the great safeguards of Health.

Pure You can be sure of it

Drink Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

EDDY'S MATCHES

always satisfy the housewife

EVERYWHERE IN CANADA ASK FOR THEM BY NAME

Delicious Desserts easily made with

McLAREN'S INVINCIBLE

QUICK PUDDINGS AND CUSTARDS

Save time, trouble and money. Just add milk to contents of package. Boil for a minute and serve. Equally delicious, hot or cold.

Puddings: Chocolate, Coconut, Tapioca Custards: Lemon, Vanilla, Arrowroot, Nutmeg, Almond, Plain

At all Grocers. Specify McLAREN'S INVINCIBLE

Made by McLAREN'S LIMITED, Hamilton and Winnipeg.

When you're hot and thirsty— This beverage—ice-cold—a blend of pure sugar, fruit flavors and other choicest products from nature—is ready in a bottle which is the most sanitary package that can be made.

It comes from our absolutely sanitary plant, where every bottle is sterilized. Ready at hundreds of places.

Buy it by the case and keep a few bottles on ice at home.

Drink Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver

Have you shined your shoes today?

2 IN 1 Shoe Polish

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

PRESIDENT HARDING DIES SUDDENLY AT SAN FRANCISCO

Tragic Termination to Fatiguing Trip to Alaska—Apoplexy Ascribed as Cause of Death — Vice-President Coolidge Takes Up the Reins of Government.

A despatch from San Francisco says:—The President died without warning to those about him. He had been particularly comfortable and Mrs. Harding was reading to him, as has been her habit, before he went to sleep.

She and the two nurses were the only persons with him at the time. Doctors Sawyer and Boone were in the adjoining apartment. The local physicians were out of the hotel.

The doctors heard Mrs. Harding call and ran in.

It was just 7.50 when a secretary ran out of the President's apartments and handed the formal notice of his death. It read:

"The President died at 7.30 p.m. Mrs. Harding and the two nurses, Miss Ruth Fowderly and Miss Sue Dauser, were in the room at the time. Mrs. Harding was reading to the President, when utterly without warning, a light shudder passed through his frame. He collapsed and all recognized that the end had come. Stroke of apoplexy was the cause of his death."

Within a few moments all of the President's official party had been summoned.

This was followed immediately by this notice signed by his physicians:

"The President died instantaneously, without warning, and while conversing with members of his family, at 7.30 p.m. Death was apparently due to some brain involvement, probably an apoplexy. During the day he had been free from discomfort and there was every justification for anticipating a prompt recovery."

CHIEF EVENTS OF HARDING'S LIFE.

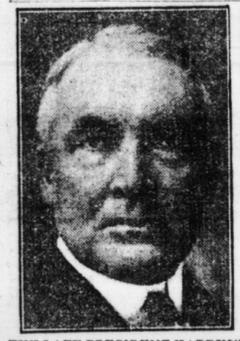
BORN—Nov. 2, 1865, on a farm near Blooming Grove, Morrow County, O.

BUSINESS LIFE—As a young man, became a printer and linotype operator, and in 1884 became proprietor of the Marion (O.) Star.

POLITICAL LIFE—From 1899 to 1903 represented his district in the Senate of Ohio. In 1904 and 1905 was Lieutenant-Governor of the State. In 1914 was elected to the United States Senate by a majority of more than 100,000. Elected President in 1920 by plurality of 7,000,000.

FAMILY LIFE—Married in 1891 to Miss Florence Kling.

Calvin Coolidge, Vice-President of the United States, who automatically succeeds the late Warren G. Harding as President, was born at Plymouth, Vermont, on July 4, 1872, of old New England stock. He worked on his father's farm as a boy and through hard effort obtained an education, graduating at Amherst College and afterward practicing law at Northampton, Mass. Before being elected Vice-President of the United States in November, 1920, he was successively Mayor of Northampton, member of the State House of Representatives and the State Senate, and Lieutenant-Governor and Governor of Massachusetts. His success as Governor in dealing with the serious Boston police strike was, in the public mind, largely responsible for his being chosen as Mr. Harding's running mate. He has a wife and two sons and is known for his simple tastes.



THE LATE PRESIDENT HARDING
Prince Coming as the Duke of Cornwall.

A despatch from London says:—The Prince of Wales is completing plans for a trip to Canada in September, when, as the Duke of Cornwall, he will spend a month on his ranch in Alberta. It is to be a strictly private visit. If he traveled as the Prince of Wales every municipal official the length and breadth of the land would want to give him the freedom of the city and he would have to fight his way through a month of banquets.

His desire is to see his ranch again, as well as to have a real vacation in the open. These are the chief reasons why the heir to the throne is about to take this long jaunt. But it is also partly due to the wanderlust which the Prince has been suffering from since his recent trip to the far East. Plans are now maturing for an early visit to South Africa, but when this is undertaken it will be official. There are some of his father's subjects who believe one of the Prince's aversions to marrying just yet is due to the travel fever.

STRIKE CALLED OFF IN SYDNEY STEEL

Union Mass Meeting Votes to Resume Work Dropped on June 27.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S., says:—The Sydney steel strike is over. At a mass meeting of steel workers at union headquarters, about 65 per cent of those present voted to end the strike and return to work. The union executive will notify the British Empire Steel Corporation accordingly.

In their resolution, which formally ends the strike, the steel workers complain that every man's hand is against them, and they censure people, courts, police, newspaper and the Federal and Provincial Governments.

The Steel Company stated that 2,500 men were working at the plant out of approximately 3,000 who were there when the strike began.

The strike began on the morning of June 27 for a 20 per cent wage increase.

Disturbances followed, in the course of which a number of police were stoned and a magistrate hit and practically stunned by a missile. As a result of the disturbances, Provincial police and about 1,500 troops from all sections of Canada occupied the strike district.

At midnight July 3 the eight thousand miners of Cape Breton came out in sympathy to force withdrawal of the troops and police. On July 6 the miners' leaders, J. B. MacLachlan and Dan Livingstone, were arrested on charges of sedition, and on July 18 they were deported by John L. Lewis from their respective offices of secretary and president of District 26 of the United Mine Workers. The international president instructed the miners to return to work. On July 21 the miners returned to work.

An easily replaced abrasive belt features a new machine for grinding small metal or wood articles.

ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW CANADIAN INDUSTRY BACKED BY BRITISH CAPITAL

A despatch from London says:—The development of Canadian milling interests on a great scale by British capital is foreshadowed by the departure for Canada, on the Empress of France, Aug. 8, of Sir William Nicholls, Sir William is chairman and governing director of Spillers Milling and Associated Industries, Limited, a huge combination of interests which own their own steamships and insurance companies, and are thus completely self-contained.

Sir William who is accompanied by Lady and Miss Nicholls and J. T. Anson, secretary of the company, will visit Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary and Vancouver. He will spend three months in Canada investigating the growing and handling of wheat. Canada, he considers, is becoming the controlling factor in the production and price of grain, and he wishes to study its course from the farm to the British consumer. He will look into the possibilities of flour milling in Western Canada and into ship-

ping facilities which exist for wheat and flour via Vancouver. If he finds an opportunity exists for improving these facilities and reducing the cost of marketing Canadian wheat, he and his associates are ready to invest large sums of money for the purpose. How large these sums may be is indicated by the fact that Spillers Industries control \$35,000,000 and that Sir William himself is a director of Barclays Bank.

In view of the dominating position of Spillers in the British grain trade, its decision to consider large investments in Canadian milling is a matter of great importance to Canada, while its insurance of imperial control of imperial foodstuffs augurs well for the forthcoming Economic Conference. Not since before the war has British industry showed a disposition to participate in Canadian development on such a large scale. The fact that it will mean the establishment of a new industry, rather than the mere investment of British capital, makes it still more constructive.



ROUND-GREAT-BRITAIN AIR RACE
F. T. Courtney being congratulated after winning the King's Cup offered for the successful entrant into a race which encircled Great Britain.

Dominion News in Brief

Vancouver, B.C.—It has been announced by the contractors that the additional unit of 700,000 bushels for the old Government elevator will be completed by the end of September. This increases the storage capacity of the elevator to 2,000,000 bushels.

Medicine Hat, Alta.—The adult foxes and pups on the local fox farm rapidly increased in number during the past year. There are now 54 adult foxes and 55 pups. It is the intention this fall to increase the number of breeding pens and dog pens from 25 to 34 of each.

Regina, Sask.—There has been no let-up this year in the government's policy of highway construction and contractors are busily engaged in building roads joining the small towns with the provincial marketing centres. The latest contract to be awarded by the Government is for a stretch of road 17½ miles long between Regina and Pense, at a cost of \$18,000.

Winnipeg, Man.—Western Canada will require 61,000 harvesters this year, according to an estimate made at a meeting here of officials of the Employment Service of Canada, Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways and farmers organizations. It is estimated 15,000 will be needed in Manitoba, 33,000 in Saskatchewan and 13,000 in Alberta, and most of them will be brought in from Eastern Canadian districts.

Ottawa, Ont.—Only once in the history of Canada was the gold production record set in 1922 exceeded, and that was in 1900, when the Yukon placers reached the peak of their yield. During 1922, 1,263,364 ounces of gold were mined in the Dominion. The value is set at \$26,116,050, an increase of 36 per cent over the previous year's figures. In 1900, 1,350,057 ounces of gold were mined and the value was \$27,908,153.

Shawiniga Falls, Que.—Work on the extension of the plant of the Belgo Paper Co. is now about 60 per cent completed. The Belgo Co. are making arrangements to place another paper machine in operation, which work will not be completed before the end of November next.

St. John, N.B.—Lumber exporters in this district are experiencing a steady run of orders for their product from foreign countries, and scarcely a day goes by but some ship leaves port with a cargo of New Brunswick lumber. The United States has been an extensive buyer, with the United Kingdom not far behind.

Aylesford, N.S.—Work has been going on steadily at the mine of the Aylesford Manganese Mining Co., which is located about three miles south of Auburn. The engineer in charge reports that developments to date are quite satisfactory.

Inland Revenue Stamps Replace Postage on Oct. 1.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—An explanation of the changes in the stamp tax effective on August 1 has been made by the Post-Office Department. The requirement that Inland Revenue stamps must be used on cheques, it is pointed out, does not come into effect until October 1st. The Special War Revenue Act has provided explicitly that postage stamps may be used in the payment of stamp duties under the Act, but after the first of October this permission ceases to exist.

Official announcement of the securing of new premises for the Canadian Government offices in London, has been made by Hon. P. C. Larkin, Canadian High Commissioner. The High Commissioner states that the Crown lease of the premises in Trafalgar Square on the West Side, belonging to the Union Club, has been purchased by the Canadian Government.

Russia Will Celebrate Next Christmas on Dec. 25.

A despatch from Moscow says:—The Council of Commissars have fixed upon ten church holidays, to be observed according to the new style calendar. Thus this year will be the first that Russia will celebrate Christmas simultaneously with the rest of the world.

Chopped It.

"Nurse, did you kill all the germs in baby's milk?"

"Yes, ma'am. I run it through the meat chopper twice."

Probably a miser saves money because he doesn't know what else to do with it.

Germany Has Issued 500,000 Mark Note.

A despatch from Berlin says:—"Can you change a half million?" is now a common question among people in Berlin. The new half million mark note have made their appearance and relieve the possessor of enough to buy dinner from carrying a bulging, visible bankroll.

Heretofore large packets of thousand mark bills had to be used in transactions which often ran into the millions. The highest denomination of currency previous was the 100,000 mark bill.

Canada's trade is climbing ahead. Total trade in the three months ending June was \$462,644,438, an increase of \$110,841,056 over the corresponding three months of last year. For June alone, total trade was \$179,720,516, an increase of \$44,944,782 over last year. Domestic imports in the three months increased approximately \$50,000,000 and imports approximately \$61,000,000.

A demonstration of the practicality of the tar sands from McMurray, north of Edmonton, for sidewalk and road purposes, is being made at the Edmonton Exhibition. A sidewalk has been laid on the exhibition grounds comprising crushed gravel and the tar sand just as it comes from the ground. It is hoped that such experiments as these will demonstrate the value of the McMurray tar sands in road making.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.15½.

Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 48½c; No. 1 feed, 47c.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, bay ports.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.08.

Barley—Nominal.

Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Peas—No. 2, nominal.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$25 to \$28; shorts, per ton, \$27 to \$29; middlings, \$33 to \$35; good feed flour, \$2.15 to \$2.25.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, nominal.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—45 to 46c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent pat., in 50 lb. bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.05 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

Man. flour—1st patents, in cotton sacks, \$6.90 per bbl.; 2nd pat., \$6.85.

Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$15; No. 3 timothy, \$13; mixed, \$12.50 to \$13.50.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, \$9.50.

Cheese—New, large, 22c; twins, 22½ to 23c; triplets, 23c. Stilltons, 24c. Old, large, 32c; twins, 32½c; triplets, 33c; Stilltons, 33½c. New Zealand old cheese, 30c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 36 to 37c; ordinary creamery, 34 to 35c; No. 2, 32 to 33c.

Eggs—Extras in cartons, 36 to 37c; extras, 34 to 35c; firsts, 29 to 30c; seconds, 20 to 22c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 90c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 17c; roosters, 12c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 25c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 40c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 20c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imperial, \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal. Maple sugar, lb., 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 10½ to 11c per lb.; 3 and 2½ lb. tins, 11 to 12½c per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$4.50 to \$6; No. 2, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 48 to 49c; smoked rolls, 22 to 24c; cottage rolls, 23 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; backs, boneless, 32 to 38c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 90 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$35.

Lard—Pure tins, 15½ to 15¾c; tubs, 16 to 16¼c; pails, 16½ to 17c; prints, 18c. Shortening, tins, 14½ to 15c; tubs, 15 to 15½c; pails, 15½ to 16c; prints, 17 to 17½c.

Choice heavy steers, \$7 to \$7.50; butcher steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, good, \$6.50 to \$7; do, med., \$6 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4.25 to \$5.50; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$5; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and butchers, \$1.50 to \$2; feeding steers, good, \$5 to \$6; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4.50 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$3.25 to \$4.50; milkers, springers, each, \$60 to \$80; calves, choice, \$10 to \$11; do, med., \$8 to \$9; do, com., \$4 to \$5; lambs, spring, \$13.25 to \$13.50; sheep, choice, light, \$5 to \$6; do, choice, heavy, \$4 to \$5; do, culls and bucks, \$2.75 to \$3.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$8.85; do, f.o.b., \$8.25; do, country points, \$8.

MONTREAL.

Oats, No. 2 CW, 57c; No. 3 CW, 55c; extra No. 1 feed, 53½c; No. 2 local white, 52½c. Flour, Manitoba spring wheat, 4½ lbs., \$6.90; do, 2nds, \$6.40; do, strong bakers', \$6.20; do, winter pats., choice, \$5.75 to \$5.85; Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$3.05 to \$3.15. Bran, \$25 to \$26. Shorts, \$28 to \$29. Middlings, \$38 to \$34. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$15.

Cheese, finest easterns, 19 to 19½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 33½c. Eggs, selected, 33c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.20 to \$1.25.

Com. cattle, \$3.50 to \$5; mixed quality steers, \$6; hogs, \$9.75 to \$10.

IRISH COURT SAYS NO STATE OF WAR NOW

Decision Momentous as Affecting Thousands of Prisoners Held by Government.

A despatch from Dublin says:—A state of war does not exist in Ireland, the Court of Appeals decided in giving judgment in the case of Mrs. Nora Connelly O'Brien, reversing the opinion of the Master of the Rolls of the Chancery Division, who held that civil war did exist in Ireland on June 15th. The court's decision was looked forward to with great interest and its announcement caused much excitement as it governs the position of thousands of prisoners held by the Government under the plea of military necessity.

The Attorney-General made strenuous efforts to convince the court that the rebellion was not over and might break out again, but the court was emphatic in its decision that a state of war does not exist and that the Government has no authority to deny its citizens the privileges of a writ of habeas corpus.

The court made a writ of habeas corpus, sought by Mrs. O'Brien's attorney, returnable on Thursday. She has been in prison for some time. Despite this decision, it is regarded as unlikely that there will be any general release of prisoners as the Government, anticipating the court's decision, has passed through all the stages in the Dail and Senate a bill legally authorizing it to continue imprisonment and other repressive measures for three months.

It is believed that this bill will receive the assent of the Governor-General by the end of the week.

The decision that the war is over affects several other extra-legal activities of the administration which up to this time has been pursued on the basis of military necessity. The Republicans talk of organizing a plebiscite on the bill under a provision of the constitution.

Speaking in the Senate before the Court of Appeals pronounced judgment, Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Home Affairs, said that if the decision were unfavorable to the Government it would mean the release of 10,000 persons held in military custody.

And that, he added, might make it necessary for the executive to have legal authority for the retention of those prisoners.

World Trip in 31 Days May Soon Be Reality.

A despatch from Paris says:—The dreams of a round-the-world trip in 31 days are nearing realization. Not only is a British company planning a 74-hour airplane service between London and Bombay, but the French Government has given permission to a French air mail company to organize 24-hour flights between Paris and Bucharest, thereby cutting three days from the normal travel schedule.

The planes will carry 16 passengers, a cook and a porter to make up the beds before sundown. Each machine will have a wireless telephone to keep in touch with European broadcasting stations. Extension of the line from Bucharest to Bombay is being considered and may be established before the end of the year.

In this event, allowing two days to catch a steamer on the Pacific, two days to fly across North America and six days to cross the Atlantic, it will be possible to make the trip around the world in less than half Jules Verne's 80 days.

Bees Possess Sense Unknown to Humans.

A despatch from Paris says:—Scientific interest has been aroused over an incident in the Swiss canton of Vaud which tends to demonstrate that bees possess a sense unknown to humans.

A farmer was taking a hundred pounds of honey to market, when his wagon overturned. In a few minutes a number of bees were noticed in the vicinity, and in a quarter of an hour the sky was darkened by them. It has since been learned that simultaneously every hive in the canton was emptied.

A great number of people were stung, and three children who were riding on the wagon at the time of the accident were rescued with difficulty from the angry insects.

Immigration returns of the Canadian Government for the first five months of the present year show a one hundred per cent increase in immigration from the British Isles over the figures of the same period last year, and 71 per cent increase in the movement of continental countries in Europe. There is a decrease of 38 per cent in immigration from the United States.

During the season of 1922 and since September of that year, the irrigated district centering on Vauxhall, shipped 188 cars of wheat, 44 cars of potatoes, 17 cars of hay, 37 cars of sheep, 3 cars of cattle, 1 car of hogs, and 6 cars of mixed feed. The above shipments came from 10,000 acres, which were in crop in the district last year, and is an indication of what is being accomplished on irrigated lands of Southern Alberta.

THE COMING CHAMPION



MAKE IT A KNOCKOUT THIS TIME!

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

For the next Ten Days we are offering special values in all lines of Shoes, Strap Slippers, and Oxfords.

In this special offer we have included Shoes and Slippers for all members of the family.

Some lines show a complete range of sizes, others just an odd size. It will pay you to come early.

For Men	For Women	For Children
Brown Calf Oxfords, Black and Brown Calf Bals, and Bluchers, Black Dong, Bals, and White Canvas.	Patent Strap Slippers, Patent Oxfords, Dong, Oxfords and Slippers, Brown Kid Slippers and White Canvas.	Patent Strap, Brown Kid Strap, Brown Kid Oxfords, Brown Sandals and White Canvas.
Priced from \$2.98 up.	Ranging in price from \$2.35.	Priced from 90c up.

AUGUST DESIGNER to hand. Subscribers, kindly call for your copy.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

MEAT OF QUALITY

(Fresh, Cured, and Salt)
At Reasonable Prices

We Invite Your Patronage
Phone orders promptly delivered.

W. J. CORNFoot
Successor to J. D. Smith
Phone 73



Flat tops is making many of the smartest street and afternoon frocks of the season. The model pictured developed in this fabric is a new straight-line creation with the 1920 knee-line feature. One of the many new frocks to be found in the

Summer Fashion Book
together with PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS for August

Each pattern is furnished with a cutting and construction guide that makes dressmaking a real joy.

IRWIN'S
FOR
Fancy Goods
Hosiery
Corsets
Smallwares
Stationery
China
Books
School Supplies

Agency for Parker's Dye Works

The C. E. Nourse Co.
Dealers in
Flour and Feed
COAL, WOOD AND CEMENT

Highest Market Prices paid for all kind of Grain.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Store and Elevator, Main St., Glencoe
J. D. McKellar, Manager

H. J. JAMIESON
FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE
PHONE 92 - GLENCOE

District Agent
Manufacturers' Life

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—in Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising.—The Transcript covers a wide section of territory in Western Ontario, and its readers are the leading farmers and townspeople. It is a first-class advertising medium. Rates on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. S. Sutherland, Publisher.

We are sure Canadians everywhere will have only the sincerest sympathy and regret to express to the citizens of the neighboring republic in the passing away of President Harding whose life's history is one to be read with a feeling of admiration and respect.

Canada's cattle market is being rapidly transferred from the United States to Great Britain. Over 13,000 cattle were exported during June, and of that number 10,473 head were shipped to the British market and 1,785 to the United States. During June, 1922, approximately 600 cattle went overseas, and 3,500 to United States points, indicating a striking reversal outlet this year. During the first six months of the present year the volume of exports has been particularly encouraging when compared with the same period of 1922. The total to date is 55,583 head, as compared with 19,867 last year. Of these amounts 30,029 and 4,185 respectively went overseas, and 23,559 and 12,795 respectively to the United States.

In about three years' time the Canadian National Railway may have ceased to be a burden on the pockets of the taxpayer, Sir Henry Thornton, chairman of the Government railways, declared in an interview at Montreal Monday. He added, however, the proviso that such would be the case if no unforeseen disaster struck Canada. Sir Henry explained that the different lines making up the Canadian Government system, formerly rivals and mostly weak, could not be co-ordinated and brought into harmony in a few months, but progress was being made. Net receipts were already improving greatly and showed signs of continuing to improve.

Those ladies of Glencoe to whose untiring devotion and persistent energy we are indebted for the splendid Memorial Hall which now graces our Main street are worthy of all praise. Such a building is not only a fitting memorial to the men who sacrificed all that was theirs for the honour of the Empire and the principles that safeguard the home, but it is in many ways a valued asset to the community. Let us give them the credit they deserve.

After all, what better memorial could be erected to our heroic dead than that the people should honour them by living the principles for which they sacrificed themselves. And the heroes were not only the soldiers on the battlefield, but are numbered in all walks of life, more notably the fathers and mothers of pioneer days.

Says the Financial Post:—The election results in Prince Edward Island indicate that, as elsewhere in Canada, there is a growing irritation against heavy taxes. It is difficult to reduce expenditures, but any government which wants to stay in power had better give the public evidence that it is at least trying to do so.

"When I went to Parliament," says Miss Agnes McPhail, M.P. for South Grey, "I had but a dozen grey hairs. Now I have tufts of grey at my temples caused by worry about what was best to do for the farmers and their wives." Cheer up, Aggie; you might have been running a small town newspaper!

CHAUTAUQUA STORY HOUR

Not the least interesting or valuable feature of the Chautauqua course now being presented in Glencoe is the story hour for children given every forenoon by Miss Edith McCune, known as the "Story Hour Girl." The value of the nature stories, designed to instill a love of nature and of the beautiful in the minds of the little ones, cannot be estimated. Then there is the part devoted to giving the children a clearer understanding of the great artists in literature, music and art, and the ethical program designed to teach kindness and contentment, with an hour also devoted to hero stories. These cannot fail to awaken a love of study and work, to develop self-confidence and decision and to stimulate a desire to work hard and attain success. From all accounts Chautauqua made a good selection when they secured Miss McCune for this excellent feature.

SUPPOSE A FARMER DID THIS

A car carrying a farm family of six comes roaring along one of the residential streets of London on a Sunday afternoon, about four or five o'clock. They have been dusting along at a pretty fair clip for some time—nothing on the road has passed them—no, sir, otherwise there would have been just one more tragedy added to the list.

The farmer pulls his car up beside a nice-looking home. "Well, this is a good-looking spot; guess we'll have our supper here. Come on, get the baskets and some of you youngsters hustle off and get a few bits of wood and we'll boil the kettle for some tea."

A fence between the front and back yard is noticed, so a couple of boards are taken off that, and pretty soon there is a neat little fire, the kettle boils, and the feast is on.

"Looks like some onions just inside that fence—guess we better have some—don't see any person around." So some of the younger folk attend to the onion patch, while another climbs a cherry tree and helps himself, also breaking off a branch so that the rest who couldn't get to the tree could get in on the feast.

"Well, we'll have to get along out of here," remarks the farmer, looking at his watch. "We've got to make 57 miles by 6.30 or know the reason why." Come on, never mind the ashes from that fire, they're good for the lawn. Forget those old newspapers and banana peelings; that old salmon can will be good for the family cat—come on, let's beat it."

Wonder how long this would go on before a cop on a motorcycle would be on the premises, inviting the party to come on down to the police

station, where they could arrange surety for their appearance there next day on a charge of trespass and damage to property.

And yet that's just about what some city people do when they go about the country. A farmer's orchard is just the place for the stop for supper; the farmer is seldom consulted; if he has an attractive looking stream going through his property, that is apt to be the location. No effort is made to clean up after the meal, and if objection is made then the farmer is an old grinch and a city-hater.

It has taken us a long time to learn that property in the country is private just as much as it is in the city.—London Advertiser.

A LONDON OLD BOY

J. S. Telfer, born in London on July 25, 1840, 83 years ago, has just celebrated his birthday in Regina, where he has lived for the past 10 years, serving as sergeant-at-arms of the Saskatchewan Provincial Assembly. He is a brother of John Telfer, a well-known and esteemed citizen of Newbury.

Mr. Telfer went to the great Canadian West during the operations consequent to the Riel rebellion, serving in the transport section under Gen. Middleton. The lure of the prairies claimed him and he did not return to the East.

A nephew of the veteran sergeant-at-arms, Walter Scott, became prominent in Saskatchewan. He was born the year Mr. Telfer married. Mrs. Telfer, who is 75 years of age, and her husband celebrated their golden wedding some six years ago. They raised a family of eleven children, seven sons and four daughters.

Mr. Telfer bears his years with an air that denies their number or that he has borrowed 13 years beyond man's allotted span from time. The Regina Leader says: "Those who have often seen his tall, spare figure preceding Mr. Speaker so many times in the past 10 years will scarcely credit that J. S. Telfer, the sergeant-at-arms at the legislative building, is 83 years old. The weight of his years is little more to him than the weight of his mace which he deposits on the table of the House as a symbol of the authority of that august body."

GOOD FISHING IN RIDEAU LAKES

Even to glimpse the Rideau Lakes from the train on route from Toronto to Ottawa via the "National Way" is to be charmed with their beauty.

To visit these lakes in the fishing season is to become a devotee of them and to return again and again. The Big Rideau, the largest of the Rideau chain of lakes, a beautiful body of clear water, noted for the fineness of its gray trout and black bass is reached from Portland.

Opinicon, Indian, Benson and Clear Lakes afford excellent large-mouth bass fishing.

Smith's Falls is a popular centre for lake trout and bass fishing expeditions and offers the tourist excellent accommodation.

All these lakes abound with wild ducks in the fall.

Ask any agent of the Canadian National Railways for particulars.

Couldn't Even Turn Over in Bed

Pitiful plight of London woman—completely crippled for months—Dreco puts her on high road to recovery.

Picture the misery of Mrs. Minnie E. Hetherington, of 322 Eleanor St., London, smitten by the demon rheumatism just two weeks before the happy yuletide season and spending it on a bed of pain, so badly crippled that she couldn't even turn over, much less walk. Here is her story of her sufferings until her fortunate discovery of Dreco:

"Just before Christmas I caught a terrible cold that settled in my kidneys. My hands, feet and limbs became very sore and began to swell with rheumatism. Suffering agonies of pain, I took to my bed. The pain and stiffness were so severe that I couldn't even turn over. I was very nervous and couldn't sleep and had no appetite. Constipation also added to my sufferings and medicine gave me no relief. My daughter, however, heard of the wonderful relief other people were getting from Dreco and brought a bottle home to me. That was only a week and a half ago. Now I am able to walk, a thing I haven't done for two months. I am feeling like a new woman; my bowels are regular; I sleep soundly and have a good appetite. The pains in my limbs have almost gone, as has the swelling. I unhesitatingly recommend Dreco to anyone suffering as I did."

Dreco, the great blood purifier and regulator, goes to the very root of internal disorders and by making such important organs as kidneys, stomach, liver and bowels function properly, brings health and freedom from pain to the whole body.

Dreco is being specially introduced in Glencoe by P. E. Lumley, and is sold by a good druggist everywhere.

If you take a dollar and give it back, that's a stricken conscience. If you take a million and give it back, that's philanthropy.

A GOOD WINTER WHEAT

Farmers May Try Free a Well Tested Variety.

The O. A. C. No. 104 is a Proven Success—Other Experimental Tests Suggested—All Material Supplied Free of Charge—A Chance for Enterprising Farmers.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The market value of the winter wheat of Ontario amounts to over fifteen million dollars annually. It is, therefore, one of the most important of the money crops of the Province. The acreage of winter wheat during the past year has been about the same as the average annual acreage for the past forty years. There is not a county or district in Ontario in which winter wheat is not grown, although in New Ontario the average annual amount is not more than about 20,000 bushels. Owing to the comparative low price of winter wheat at present, strict attention should be given to economic methods and to large yields.

O. A. C. No. 104 a Carefully Chosen Cross.

The Dawson's Golden Chaff is still the variety most largely grown according to the December Bulletin of the Ontario Department of Agriculture for 1922. With the object of securing even a better variety, crosses have been made at the Ontario Agricultural College between the Dawson's Golden Chaff and some other varieties, such as, Tasmania Red, Crimean Red, Turkey Red, Buda Pesth, Imperial Amber, and Bulgarian. A new variety has been originated at the College by crossing the Dawson's Golden Chaff and the Bulgarian, and this is now known as the O. A. C. No. 104. In both the College and the co-operative tests this new variety has made an excellent record, surpassing the Dawson's Golden Chaff in both yield and quality of grain. It is a white wheat, and resembles the Bulgarian in possessing a white chaff and the Dawson's Golden Chaff in a beardless head. It is a vigorous grower, and has been less subject to rotting than the Dawson's Golden Chaff.

The Value of Using Good Seed.

It is also important to use seed of high quality. The results of six years' experiments at the College, show an average increase in yield of grain per acre of 6.8 bushels from large as compared with small seed, of 7.8 bushels from plump as compared with shrunken seed, and of 35.6 bushels from sound as compared with broken seed. Seed which was allowed to become thoroughly ripened before it was cut produced a greater yield of both grain and straw, and a heavier weight of grain per measured bushel than that produced from wheat which was cut at any one of four earlier stages of maturity. In each of two years when winter wheat was sown in the fields, germination tests of the grain were made. The following results show the average percentage of germination from each selection: skin over germ, unbroken, 94; skin over germ, broken, 76; sprouts one-quarter inch long, 30; and sprouts one inch long, 18. Not only was the sprouted wheat low in germination but the plants produced were very uneven in size.

White Wheats vs. the Red Varieties.

White wheats as compared with red wheats yield more grain per acre, possess stronger straw, weigh a little less per measured bushel, are slightly softer in the grain, are more useful in the manufacture of shredded wheat and of pastry, and furnish a somewhat weaker flour for bread production.

Winter wheat which was grown on clover soil yielded much better than that which was grown on timothy soil, and the wheat was grown on land on which field peas were used as a green manure yielded 6.5 bushels of wheat per acre more than that grown on land on which buckwheat was used as a green manure.

Several Experimental Union Tests to Close Froze.

In time for seeding this autumn, valuable material will be sent out from the College to those farmers residing in Ontario who wish to conduct experiments upon their own farms through the medium of the Experimental Union. The material will be supplied, free of charge, to those who wish to conduct the experiments and report the results in the early autumn of 1924. Any Ontario farmer may apply for the material for any one of the following seven experiments: (1) Three choice varieties of Winter Wheat (including O. A. C. No. 104); (2) One variety of Winter Rye and one of Winter Wheat; (3) Spring applications of five fertilizers with Winter Wheat; (4) Autumn and Spring applications of Nitrate of Soda and Common Salt with Winter Wheat; (5) Winter Emmer and Winter Barley; (6) Hairy Vetches and Winter Rye as fodder crops; (7) Mixtures of Winter Rye and Hairy Vetches for seed production.

The size of each plot is to be one rod wide by two rods long. Fertilizers will be sent by express for Experiment No. 4 this autumn, and for Experiment Number 3 next Spring. All seed will be sent by mail except that for Number 4 which will accompany the fertilizer. The material will be sent out in the order in which the applications are received, and as long as the supply lasts.—C. A. Zavitz, O. A. C., Guelph.

If you are going to do anything permanent for the average man, you must begin before he is a man. The chance of success lies in working with the boy, and not with the man.—Theo. Roosevelt.



Display of New Gingham and Voile Dresses

Mrs. W. A. Currie
Main St. - Glencoe



The Strength Of A Bank

OVER one hundred and five years ago the Bank of Montreal was established with a single office and a capital of \$350,000.

Today, after more than a century of conservative progress, the combined capital and reserve of the Bank amount to \$54,500,000, its total assets are in excess of \$650,000,000, its six hundred Branches extend to all parts of Canada, and it has its own offices in financial centres throughout the world.

The full resources of the Bank are behind every Branch

R. M. McPHERSON
Manager Glencoe Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

Few Equal --- None Superior

FOR CLEANLINESS AND QUALITY, TRY

HUMPHRIES

For Spring Lamb, Veal, Fresh and Salt Pork, Fresh and Corned Beef; Cured Meats—Hams, Cottage Rolls, Picnic Hams, Peamealed Backs, Breakfast Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, Pure Lard, etc. Special—Cooked Ham, 55c lb.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR HIDES AND WOOL

The Western Fair

LONDON, ONTARIO

September 8 to 15, 1923

The Popular Live Stock Exhibition of Western Ontario

\$40,000 in Prizes and Attractions

The New \$160,000.00 Manufacturers Building
Holding over Three Hundred Exhibits. Come and See Them.

Wonderful Platform Attractions. See Programs.

MUSIC—FIRE WORKS—FUN. Something Doing all the time.
Johnny J. Jones Shows on the Midway

Admission, 25c. all week. Children, 15c.
All Children Free on Monday, September 10th

This will be the Big Year for the Exhibition. Everybody Come.

All information from the Secretary
J. H. SAUNDERS, President A. M. HUNT, Secretary

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS
Order your next lot of these at the Transcript Office

"DURO"

Electric and Engine Driven Pumps
and Complete Water Systems
for
City, Suburban or Farm Homes

Call and let us give you a demonstration on the
New Vacuette Sweeper.

JAS. ANDERSON
Tinsmithing GLENCOE Plumbing

McALPINE'S GROCERY

Large supply of all sizes
of Sealers and Rubbers
at the Right Prices.

We Deliver Promptly.

BRUCE McALPINE
Phone 109
Next Door to Bank of Montreal

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned as "Crummer and Strain" has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the said partnership in respect of the contract for grading and widening the Talbot Road in the Townships of Aldborough and Orford are to be presented to the undersigned Charles Crummer, by whom the same will be settled. All claims against the said partnership in respect of grading and widening the Longwoods Road in the Township of Ekfrid are to be presented to the undersigned William J. Strain, by whom the same will be paid.

Dated at Chatham this 23rd day of July, A. D. 1923.

W. C. Crummer,
J. C. Stewart, W. J. Strain

See the New
MASSEY - HARRIS
CORN BINDER

Knottor adjusted from seat to tie 15 to 36 inches from butts without raising pan; no packers to knock off ears; pole inside of large drive wheel; no side draft or neck-weight; gets all the corn, down or up, straight or tangled, long or short; can be used in any field where corn is 36 inches apart.

D. M. McKellar

VOTERS' LISTS, 1923
Municipality of the Township of Ekfrid in the County of Middlesex

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of the Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by the said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal elections, and that the said list was first posted up at my office in Melbourne on the eighth day of August, 1923, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

A. F. McDOUGALD,
Clerk of the Municipality of Ekfrid.

Born
BURNS—In Glendale, California, on Monday, July 23, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Burns (nee Beesie McRae), a son—Benjamin William.
SIMPSON—On Monday, August 6, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Simpson, Mosa, a son—stillborn.
Card of Thanks
Mrs. Maria King and family wish to thank the many friends and neighbors, Rev. Mr. Carr, of West Lorne, and the I. O. O. F., who so kindly assisted them in their recent sad bereavement, also the ones who so kindly loaned their cars.

A Corrector of Pulmonary Trouble.
—Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in correcting disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes.

BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY

SAFETY OF THE PERFECT:—Behold, God will not cast away a perfect man, neither will he help the evil doers.—Job 8: 20.

TOWN AND VICINITY

My, O my, wasn't that just a deliciously refreshing rain!

John S. McAlpine has returned from Grimsby and has been engaged to manage the Co-operative Store.

Miss Walker, daughter of John A. Walker, Metcalfe, has been engaged to teach in her home school at Walkers.

Monday was civic holiday in Glencoe, and the day was civilly spent. There were no "doings" either in or out of town.

A Suddall reunion will be held on Frank Copeland's lawn on August 17. All relatives are invited to come and bring baskets.

While driving the cows home from pasture for milking, little Donald Nevin, of Napier, had his little toe completely cut off by a cow stepping on his foot.

The Dutton double male quartette, under the direction of Wm. Hollingshead, will assist the Glencoe Presbyterian choir at the morning service next Sunday.

Those who are addicted to that infuriating pest, hay fever, are putting in full time these days indulging in sneezing and other nasal athletics that go with the malady.

On Tuesday afternoon Evelyn Siddall entertained ten little girls in honour of her tenth birthday. They were greatly entertained by Miss McCune, of the Chantauqua, after which refreshments were served.

Glencoe played Walkers a friendly game of baseball Thursday evening. Score, 9-7, in favor of Walkers. The return game will be played at Glencoe this (Thursday) evening at 6.30. Silver collection. Everybody come.

The annual reunion and picnic of the Clan McNeil was held at Port Stanley Wednesday, when descendants were present not only from West Elgin, but from Ekfrid, Mosa, Brooke and elsewhere. The day was pleasantly spent in various amusements.

James A. Mulligan, of St. Thomas, formerly of Wardsville, went to Cleveland on Monday last week and on Friday morning underwent a second serious operation for removal of a goitre. He passed through the operation successfully.

Charles Scott, a well-known and esteemed citizen of Glencoe, was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, London, last Wednesday, and a surgical operation was performed on Monday morning. His friends will be glad to learn that the operation is likely to prove successful.

Upwards of 160 relatives, descendants and friends of the late Joseph Welch and his wife, Mary Catharine Allan, met at Springbank Park, London, a few days ago for their annual family reunion. Guests were present from Petrolia, Sarnia, Niagara Falls, N. Y., Glencoe, Appin, West Lorne, Wallaceston, Crinan, Dutton and other places.

The annual farmers' picnic, to be held at the Weekes grove, south of Glencoe, on Wednesday, August 15th, is the next big attraction. Extensive preparation is being made, and we are given to understand that there will be something doing to instruct and amuse the people during every minute of the afternoon. Particulars will be found elsewhere in this paper and in posters and bills now in the hands of the printer.

No. 3 Wabash express westbound tied up traffic for several hours Friday afternoon when the locomotive, express car and baggage car left the rails and ran into the ditch about six miles west of Chatham, tearing up the track for a distance of about 300 feet. None of the passengers were injured. The train was an hour behind her schedule, and was traveling about 25 miles an hour when the accident occurred. The cause of the derailment is not known.

The multiplication of job-holders indicates that eventually all of us will get a living by collecting taxes from one another.

Renew your daily newspaper subscriptions at The Transcript office.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Mrs. Mary McRae is visiting relatives in Toronto.

—Miss Reta Christner, of London, is visiting friends in Glencoe.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archie Sinclair spent the week-end at Port Stanley.

—Calvin McAlpine, of Windsor, is holidaying at the home of his parents here.

—Miss Tena Marsh is visiting relatives and friends in London and Perth.

—Mrs. J. A. Munroe and children, of Streetsville, are visiting at F. E. Copeland's.

—Dr. Ward, of Toronto, was a recent visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Huston.

—Mrs. D. B. McMaster, of Petrolia, visited her sister, Mrs. Geo. McGill, Appin, last week.

—Miss Helen M. Sutherland, of Toronto, is spending a month's holidays at her home here.

—Mrs. R. W. Oxley and daughter Miriam are spending the month of August at Muskoka.

—Wm. McCallum paid a short visit to his brother-in-law, J. E. Booth, Toronto, this week.

—Irene Sinclair and her brother Clifford, of London, are visiting their uncle, A. B. Sinclair.

—Miss Alma Branchflower, of West Lorne, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Yorke.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jack McCracken motored to London and spent the holiday with relatives there.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archie McCallum, of London, spent a couple of days last week at Wm. McCallum's.

—Miss Lillian Westland, of London, spent the week-end with her cousin, Miss Tena Sutherland.

—Mrs. D. G. McEachren and Duncan McEachren, Jr., are visiting relatives at Williams, Minnesota.

—A. B. Gardiner, B. A., of Toronto, spent a day last week the guest of Miss Kate Gillies and brothers.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Earle and daughters, of Toronto, spent the week-end with Mrs. Mary McRae.

—Miss Florence McArthur, of Boston, Manitoba, spent the week-end with her cousin, Mrs. Matt Knox.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. Rapley, of Strathroy, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wright.

—Miss Olive Carr, of Iona Station, and the Misses McCallum, of Toronto, are visiting at Geo. McCallum's.

—Mr. and Mrs. Calvert Reycraft spent the week-end with the former's cousins, Dr. and Mrs. Irwin, Ridgetown.

—Miss Elda Campbell is spending a couple of weeks near Watford, the guest of her cousin, Miss Margaret Foster.

—Mrs. (Dr.) McIntyre and daughters Kathleen and Jean are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Charles, in London.

—Miss Erie Webster, of West Lorne, was the guest of her aunt, Miss Margaret Webster, for a few days this week.

—Mrs. Weir, of Galt, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Neil Graham, left on Sunday to visit relatives and friends in Dutton.

—Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Waterworth and family attended the annual Ripley reunion held at Government Park on Thursday.

—Mrs. J. A. McTaggart, of London, and Miss McBean, of Toronto, are visiting their aunts, Mrs. Tallamy and Mrs. A. W. McBean.

—Mr. and Mrs. Donald Campbell and family and Master Godora Gowrie motored over and spent Sunday in Brooke and Watford.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Howell and daughter Florence, of West Pittston, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dugald McIntyre, Appin, last week.

—Mrs. Fred Aldred and Master Harold Weckes are leaving for the West Thursday morning, where they intend making an extended visit.

—Misses McLeon and Lillian Campbell have returned home after visiting with their cousins, Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Leitch, at the manse, Kintyre.

—Mrs. Ed. Dunn and niece, Helen Timms, of Thorndale, have returned home after spending a couple of weeks with friends and relatives here.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dan McCallum and daughter Marie, of Royal Oak, Mich., have returned home after visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCallum.

—Miss Muriel Weckes visited with Miss Reta Christner, of London, while attending the shower given in honour of Miss Estella Blashill, a bride of Saturday last.

—Morley Parrell, of Detroit, spent Saturday with his parents here, leaving Sunday morning via C. P. R. to join the Grotto Band now playing a two-day engagement with the London Old Boys.

—Mrs. Bell and family left for their home in Weyburn, Sask., on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Grant accompanied them to Toronto and spent a few days at Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

—Mr. and Mrs. McNabb, of Cleveland, Ohio, motored to Glencoe and spent a few days this week with Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine. Hazel, Donna and Sherman McAlpine accompanied them home and will spend a couple of weeks there.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.

Found — postage stamp album.— Transcript office.

Quantity of ice for sale. Apply to Alex. McNeil, Glencoe.

22c trade (not on account) and 20c cash for eggs, at Mayhew's.

House to rent from September 1st.— Mrs. W. A. Currie, Glencoe.

New milk cow and calf for sale.— T. J. Devlin, lot 17, con. 4, Ekfrid.

For sale—matched team heavy mares, 4 years old.—Geo. Wood, Route 4, Glencoe.

Call at Scott's shoe store and get quality shoes and rubbers at a moderate price for cash.

Upholstering, fine cabinet work, carpenter work, furniture finishing.— J. D. Brown, first door north of Transcript office; phone 63.

For sale—1 cow binder; 1 cultivator, 13 tooth; 1 land packer; 1 two-furrow plow, riding; 1 one-furrow plow, riding; 1 buggy; 3 engines—1½, 2 and 6 h.p.; 1 windmill; 1 grind-er, 10-inch.—D. M. McKellar.

Melbourne U.F.W.O. and community are having a basket picnic on Friday, August 17, on lot 2, one-quarter mile east of Melbourne on the Longwoods Road. The program will consist of music by the Dutton band, selections by the Harmonic quartette of London and addresses by prominent speakers. There will also be sports and games of all kinds.

Come and get real bargains. Our last Saturday Sale was such a success we have decided to continue it next Saturday.—D. Lamont.

Big Bargains for Saturday at Lamont's:—\$2.50 Overalls for \$1.95; \$1.50 Work Shirts for 95c; Men's Fine Sox, 75c pair, 3 pairs for \$1.00; Boy's Overalls, reg. price \$1.50 for \$1.15; Cottonade Pants for \$1.49; \$2.50 Khaki Pants for \$1.95; Boys' Tweed Pants, reg. \$2.25, for \$1.49. Men's Fine Shirts, Underwear, Trunks, Club Bags and Suit Cases all at reduced prices for Saturday.

MOSA COUNCIL

A meeting of Mosa council was held at Glencoe on July 21. Members all present.

Moved by Jas. Gilbert, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that J. C. Graham be paid \$30 for sheep killed by dogs; J. Babcock, \$2, for valuating sheep killed by dogs; C. N. R. Co., \$5, for drainage rental. Carried.

Moved by D. A. Mitchell, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that the Dominion Petroleum Co. be permitted to lay jerker lines across the road allowance opposite lot 6, con. 6. Carried.

Moved by D. A. Mitchell, seconded by James Gilbert, that the expenses of the election board for West Middlesex be paid—\$40.13. Carried.

It was decided that the 15th of August be proclaimed as civic holiday in Mosa.

The council adjourned to meet at Newbury on August 18th at 1 o'clock afternoon.

C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

KILMARTIN

Recent visitors at the home of John McLaughlin were Miss Jessie McLaughlin and Miss Kate McIntyre, of Detroit, and Mr. and Mrs. Nevin McLaughlin, of Calgary.

Will Moore, of Walkerville, is spending a few days at his home here. Christina Leitch and Gwendolyn Campbell are visiting in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moore and son Robert, of Walkerville, are holidaying at Mrs. Alex. D. McAlpine's.

Prudence Moore has returned home after spending a month in Walkerville.

Miss Mary Quick, of Glencoe, spent a few days last week the guest of Miss Mae Moore.

Mary Ellen Munroe, of Ford City, is holidaying with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Neil Munroe.

Mrs. Joseph Seale and family, of Swift Current, are visiting at Alex. McLaughlin's.

Mr. and Mrs. Abbott, of London, spent over Sunday at Neil Munroe's.

Misses Johanna and Malcolmina Munroe, of Walkerville, are visiting at their home here.

Miss Isabel Miller, of Oil Springs, is visiting at D. N. Munroe's.

Mrs. Mac. Second and family, of Toronto, spent a few days with friends here.

Mac Munroe has returned home to Windsor after spending a few days with his parents here.

Arrangements are being made for the annual congregational picnic in connection with Burns' church, Mosa, to be held on Labor Day.

Mrs. Willmott, of Detroit, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Dewar.

Miss Sadie McCulloch, of Detroit, is visiting at Archie Burke's.

The Thriving City of Moncton, N.B.



Moncton, the headquarters of the Atlantic Region of the Canadian National Railways, was a point of much interest in the itinerary of the Canadian Weekly Press Association over the Canadian National Railways recently. This city, with a population of 16,000, is a thriving industrial and commercial centre. In the neighborhood of the city are oil and gas fields, in some of which exceedingly productive wells are in operation. At Moncton the famous "tidal bore" is seen at its best, the incoming wall of water being sometimes between four and five feet. The rise and fall of the tide there shows a difference of thirty feet between extreme high and extreme low. The photograph gives a general view of the city, showing the Canadian National Railways tracks elevated across one of the main thoroughfares.

To-day is McLAUGHLIN -BUICK day

McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR CO. LIMITED
ANNOUNCES for 1924
an entirely new and distinctive
line of Quality Motor Cars

In beauty, design, speed and original mechanical features such as four wheel brakes, the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick models provide the most revolutionary advance in motor cars thus far contributed by the industry.

~ CANADA'S STANDARD CAR ~

M. J. McAlpine, Dealer, Glencoe

HARVESTERS

USE

Canadian National

TO

WINNIPEG AND WEST

FARE \$15.00

AUGUST 15

COLONIST SLEEPING CARS LUNCH COUNTER CARS

LONDON

AUGUST 15—9.00 A. M.
AUGUST 15—10.45 A. M.

LEAVE UNION STATION, TORONTO

12.30 p. m. 10.30 p. m.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

THE STORAGE OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

The storage of fruit and vegetables for home and market must receive greater attention than it has hitherto been accorded. The amount of waste annually is very great. As a first step towards eliminating this, every farmer or household with sufficient land to grow vegetables, and perhaps fruit trees, should understand more about storing the crop. Some crops keep best in an atmosphere that has a high moisture content, whereas others require a low percentage of humidity. So it will be seen that there cannot be a condition to suit all vegetables and fruits in the same cellar or storage building. Apples, pears, potatoes, carrots, cabbage, soon deteriorate in very dry storage; while on other hand winter squash, pumpkins, marrows and other such crops like a dry atmosphere. Moulds and rots soon destroy them.

If you know your cellar is a very dry one and you wish to keep apples, etc., in it, make provision for adding more moisture to the air by introducing wet sacks spread out or by sprinkling the floor, the idea being that a large surface must be wet and evaporation quick. The atmospheric humidity can be tested with a wet and dry bulb thermometer. Take the readings and check up on the chart which is supplied with it. A humidity ranging from 75 to 85 is satisfactory. In case of squash and pumpkins, etc., any frost proof place which is dry is suitable—the top shelf of the pantry for instance, or shelves in the passage. Quality is often lowered by poor ventilation. Where crops are stored in large quantities ventilators should be open as much as possible to carry off gases and heat coming from a large bulk of any crop. When severe weather occurs close up the ventilators. Do not store a large volume of any crop while it is warm from the field unless you know that you can reduce the heat by proper ventilation. More attention must be paid to this when commercial storage is being done in the fall and our growers must help when asked to do so.

GREEN FEED AND ITS VALUE.

The utilization of green feed in some form is rapidly becoming recognized as the most economical method of stock feeding. Not only can more live stock be kept per acre, but it can be fed at proportionately less cost. For example, on the Experimental Farm, at Napton, fifty head of dairy cows were carried through the summer season on twenty-five acres of

pasture (twenty of which was very rough, poor pasture) by the aid of green feed from four acres. There was no appreciable decrease in the milk flow, other than the natural falling-off toward the end of lactation period; further, the cows were in good healthy condition in the fall.

Oats, peas and vetch, when sown together, make an excellent mixture for green feed for dairy cows, because it is rich in protein and carbohydrates. Green feed will do much to reduce the cost of rearing calves. Ten pounds of good oats, peas and vetch have approximately the equivalent in feeding value of three pounds of ground oats. In other words, if oats are worth \$37.60 per ton for feed, green feed from oats, peas and vetch would have a feeding value of \$11 per ton.

When green feed in the form of clover, rape and oats, peas and vetch is provided for our brood sows we are able to reduce the meal ration from six pounds per head per day to three pounds, which is a saving in mill feeds of three pounds per day, or 5 cents per sow per day. The following method is adopted for supplying green feed, for pigs:—A small area near the piggery is sown with common red clover and alsike, with a cover crop of oats. As the oats reach the milk stage they are cut and fed to pigs in pens. The clover will come on early in the following spring and be fit to pasture off by the middle of June. Two more small paddocks are sown with rape as early in May as the soil is fit to work. This is usually ready for pasturing from the first to the middle of July. A third paddock is sown to oats, peas and vetch. This is cut and fed to pigs in pen, being ready about the last of July. In this way there is provided a continuous supply of green feed for the brood sows and growing pigs throughout the greater part of the season. Oats, peas and vetch are mixed as follows: Banner oats, 1 1/2 bushels; Gold Vine peas, 4 bushels; vetch, 1/2 bushel; and sown at the rate of 3 bushels per acre. Rape is seeded at the rate of 8 pounds per acre, broadcast. Common red clover is seeded at the rate of 10 to 12 pounds and alsike at the rate of 2 to 3 pounds per acre. It is not a good plan to put the pigs in on the oats, peas and vetch, as there is too much water from tramping. In feeding the rape, allow the pigs two or three hours per day at first; later they may be allowed full range of paddock. If the practice of growing green feed for pigs is established, its value as an economical stock feed will soon become apparent.

Small Fruits, Roses and Iris

It is a great mistake to neglect the small fruits once they have finished bearing for the season.

If the strawberry bed is to remain the litter which was put down as a mulch and to keep the berries clean should be raked away from the plants into the alleys, and all runners cut off. Then both can be removed and burned. It is well also to cut off the old leaves, for in this way any diseased or insect-infested growth may be got rid of. Where there is no danger in doing so, the mulch, leaves and runners may be burned between the rows of plants. The plants may look a little shabby following the scorching, but after the first good rain they will send forth new leaves most vigorously, and the ashes left between the rows will serve as manure.

When all rubbish has been cleared away or burned, the beds must be hoed to kill weed growth and loosen the soil. Weeds growing close to and among the plants must be pulled by hand. Hoeing should be continued throughout the season, so that the beds and plants will be free from weeds when frost puts a stop to garden activities for the season.

As a strawberry bed is past its prime when it has stood for three years, it is a good plan to make a fresh planting every year—or at least each alternate year—and in this way you will always have a bed in its prime.

CUTTING OFF RASPBERRY CANES.

As raspberry canes that have fruited die off naturally in the fall, it is better to cut them out now, and thus give the new canes a better chance. Cutting makes the new canes more clearly evident, and if there are more than five to each plant the weakest should be removed. If small they can be pulled up and will grow if transplanted in moist soil. The best young canes for forming new plantations are those that spring up between the rows some distance from the parent plants. After removing the old and surplus canes the ground should be hoed and kept clean during the remainder of the season.

Blackberries are cared for in much the same manner as raspberries, and currants—red and white—also gooseberries, are all the better for summer pruning, as they usually bear on spurs of the old wood. All side shoots, with the exception of any required to form new branches, are best cut back within

about five inches from the base; but do not touch the leaders. In winter or early spring all that has to be done is to cut the laterals to about one inch of the base, and shorten the leaders about one-half, according to their strength.

It is of the utmost importance that the bush-fruit plantation be kept quite clean during the season. Regular hoeing and the removal of weeds will encourage growth that is so essential for next season's crop.

Roses, especially those of the free-growing rambling varieties, greatly appreciate pruning after flowering. They are of the simplest possible culture and invariably thrive in any fairly good soil. All shoots of the previous year's growth are cut out, retaining only those of the current year, as it is on these shoots that the finest flowers are borne.

SOME OF THE FINEST CLIMBERS.

During the past twenty years or so innumerable varieties, hybrids and sports of the type have been raised and introduced, the most notable being Dorothy Perkins. In addition to its being one of the most prolific bloomers of all climbing roses, Dorothy Perkins is most accommodating as to soil and position, thriving and flowering freely where others would fail.

Among other popular and really worth-while varieties of this type, the following have qualities and beauty that place them in the front rank of valuable climbers: Crimson Rambler, rich rosy crimson; Flowering Fairfield, vivid scarlet, splendid for arches or pillars; very vigorous plant, blooms periodically during the summer; White Dorothy and Source of Gold.

Do you purpose increasing your stock of iris? If so, this is now the best season for dividing and replanting the clumps.

The flag or bearded iris—*Iris germanica*—has many forms, which make noble groups during spring, succeeding almost everywhere. Even when not in bloom there is charm in the silvery-toned leaves.

If adding to your list of varieties, by all means procure the roots as early as possible, as summer or early fall planting will result in flowers the first season.

Tibet is the loftiest region of its extent on the globe.

The Farm Water Supply.

In locating the farm home the first essential is a sufficient supply of pure water easily accessible. The origin of fresh water in the earth is usually traceable to the rainfall upon the surface. The earth's crust consists of many layers of varying thickness. These, when considered in connection with water supply, are divided into two classes: porous, or those that will allow water to percolate or flow; and impervious, or those that prevent the movement of water.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

When a porous stratum overlies an impervious one there is the collection of the local rainfall from the immediate surrounding drainage basin. When a porous stratum underlies an impervious formation the water will be collected at the outcrop of the former, which may be at a great distance from the well. Should that point be at a higher elevation than the location of well, artesian or flowing water would be secured.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

Catalog and Booklet Fun—By Lydia Lion Roberts

There are all kinds of pamphlets, booklets and discursive matter printed nowadays to advise and show busy people about almost everything. A great many of these find their way to a housekeeper's door and are often glanced at carelessly and thrown away. This is a mistake if there are children in the home, for out of these booklets may come many lessons and some good times. A mother will find it worth while to watch the magazines and send for the most attractive of these, not only to learn about the newest and best ways of doing and buying things but to help the children learn about this big, unknown world.

Swarm Control.

Natural swarming may be termed the bugbear of beekeeping and to control it is the most difficult problem of the beekeeper. Natural swarming usually occurs during a honey flow, especially at the beginning and if the swarm is allowed to issue it may be lost or the honey crop reduced. In order to get the maximum crop of honey from a colony it is advisable to keep the working force of the colony together by using some method of swarm control.

Swarming is usually caused by overcrowding or congestion of the brood nest and any manipulation that will relieve this congestion will often prevent swarming.

All colonies do not require the same treatment and preparations for swarming may often be checked by applying the following manipulations: 1. By giving the queen more room for egg production. 2. By adding more supers for the storing of nectar. 3. By giving the colony more shade and ventilation. 4. By raising a few combs of brood from the brood nest to a super. 5. By destroying queen cells before they are far advanced.

The swarming fever may be so intense that some colonies will not respond to the above measures and may persist in their determination to swarm; with these more drastic measures must be applied. 1. Artificial swarming, in which the bees and queen are all shaken out to a full set of empty combs or full sheets of foundation. The brood is put into a super and placed on top of the colony above the honey supers. In the production of comb honey the brood is placed in another hive standing alongside of the original colony; in this case enough bees should be left in the old hive to take care of the brood. 2. Remove the old queen from the hive and destroy all queen cells. Ten days later again destroy all queen cells and introduce a young laying queen. 3. In localities where the honey flow is short and very heavy the removal of all the brood and bees from the brood chamber to a top super and leaving the queen on a full set of empty combs below will often stop swarming. These three manipulations should only be applied when larvae in queen cells are found.

It is a good plan to clip the queen's wings in the spring, especially in out-espieries for should a swarm emerge between visits there is less likelihood of the swarm absconding.

Should a swarm emerge with a clipped queen, she will be unable to fly and can be found on the ground at the entrance of the hive. The queen should be caged, the old hive moved to one side and a new hive put in its place while the swarm is in the air. The cage containing the queen is placed at the entrance of the new hive and when the swarm returns the queen is released. The supers from the parent colony are then placed over the swarm and the parent colony can be either placed on a new stand or left by the side of the swarm.—C. B. Gooderham, Dominion Apiarist.

In the Province of Nova Scotia and the other eastern provinces almost half of the cost of educational and demonstration work in agriculture has been provided out of the Federal grant.

The home and barns on every farm need water on tap wherever required, much more than does the city home; because the farm requires more water

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

HOW YOUNG CANARY'S CONCEIT WAS CURED.

On a beautiful, sunny, golden day in June, a lovely, sunny, golden canary was floating and flirting and twirling in the magic summer air. He kept up a running ripple of happy twitterings. Occasionally he lighted on a purple thistle and burst into song. He sang beautifully, throwing his head back and pouring forth melody so lovely that all the birds far and near stopped in their work or play to listen to him.

Just out of sight but so placed that they could see him, two of his sisters sat and watched him with admiring eyes. "Isn't he wonderful?" they whispered. "Surely he's the handsomest, as well as the most gifted singer in all the world!"

"I do believe he knows how becoming that purple thistle is to him, and that's why he sits on it as he sings. It certainly sets off his yellow waistcoat, doesn't it, sister?"

But in their nest in a willow tree, by a dear little prattling brook, Mr. and Mrs. Canary were discussing the same young gentleman in quite a different way.

"My dear, I am really getting quite worried about 'Yellow Ball,' said his father. "Things cannot continue like this. He is getting so conceited that soon there will be no living with him." "Our son is so handsome," put in his mother wistfully.

"Yes, but we don't want his character ruined. That's the trouble with you women! You all spoil him; his sisters and his friends, every one of you, make such a fuss about him. I tell you his disposition is being ruined. Something must be done. He will become a useless member of society and will never get a dear little wife for himself as I have."

Mrs. Canary blushed with pleasure. "Have you ever seen a canary bluish? They don't become rosy, just imagine how unbecoming it would be to their golden complexions! No, just a deeper shade of yellow darkens their cheeks. Well, Mrs. Canary blushed, and looked extremely pretty as she did so.

"Perhaps you are right, my love," she said. "What do you think we could do to overcome this fault in our son?" "That is a matter I shall have to give my serious consideration," replied her husband. He flew off to a nearby bush and fluffing himself up into a yellow ball, sat and thought out a plan.

That evening, before the children had come home, he said to his wife: "Didn't I hear you say, my dear, that the children were going to a fancy kind of party at Mrs. Thrush's tomorrow? What kind of an affair is it to be?"

"Mrs. Thrush calls it a flower party," explained Mrs. Canary. "All the birds are going to be given the name of a flower—the flower they most resemble."

"Oh," said her husband, "that gives me an idea! Au revoir, my love, I'm off to see Mrs. Thrush for a few minutes," and away he flew.

tiful, and one of them had an interesting account of Audubon's life which was read carefully and added to the book.

Another time we sent for a catalogue describing different kinds of wood and giving a short history of the different trees and the way the wood was used. The children were much pleased with this and gathered woods of many kinds and uses and noted the differences.

The railroad folders are often illustrated artistically and we used these to help in geography lessons, as the pictures and descriptions of the train routes and scenery, besides the brief accounts of important landmarks helped geography seem more real and vivid to the children.

Almost all of these catalogues helped in school work as the children had interesting or odd bits of information to give to the class, and when making collections to go with the booklets, took these to school to show the teacher and the children. The teacher liked this and encouraged other children to bring outside illustrations to the lessons.

In the children's bookcase there is a special shelf for booklets and catalogues, and they are very useful for references and handy to pick up in idle moments and read. The tiny tot of the family likes to have a slight story woven around some of the illustrations in which a little girl or boy visits the various places pictured, and has mild adventures. The mechanical boy of the family writes for every booklet on machinery that he can get, and studies them to see the new ideas and inventions of the world, getting all the information possible to help him in his chosen work.

It really seems as if there is a catalogue or booklet to suit each one of the children, and if a child has a special talent or interest, it is wise to help by sending for every thing that will in any way broaden and enlighten.

Mrs. Canary, left in her dainty thistle-down nest, shook her head over the oddities of the masculine sex; but as she considered her husband the most wonderful being in the world, she wisely decided to say nothing and await developments.

The children themselves were very excited about the party. They talked about it in excited whispers when they were supposed to be going to sleep that night.

"Of course, 'Yellow Ball' will be chosen the very handsomest of all the flowers," said his sisters, "I wonder what is the very handsomest yellow blossom?"

The following day saw them start off for Mrs. Thrush's home in a nearby meadow, all bathed and preened and in a great flutter of gloe.

"Wait and see the result of this party, my dear," chuckled Mr. Canary to his wife. "I feel sure my plan will be successful."

A very quiet troop of birdlings returned from the party that evening and Yellow Ball departed to a shrub all alone in the greatest dejection.

Mr. Canary called the girls to his side. "Well," he said, "come and tell us all about the party. Was it a success, and what flowers were you all called?"

"It wasn't a very successful party," said one of the little birds. "Sister Thrush was chosen a butter cup and I was a daffodil, and—er—we had a lovely feast, but—"

"But," said Mrs. Canary, "well, Father, you know we all thought Yellow Ball would be chosen the loveliest flower of all, but—but—but he was decided to resemble nothing but a common dandelion, the most ordinary of all the yellow flowers. Wasn't it awful?"

"Awful," said their father, laughing. "do him a world of good, and teach him a much needed lesson, I hope."

"Wasn't my suggestion to Mrs. Thrush a fine idea?" he asked his little wife later.

"It was, indeed," she agreed. "But then, of course, every one of my wonderful husband's ideas are good," she added to herself.

But Yellow Ball was a changed bird from that day. Mrs. Thrush's party had certainly made him realize what a foolish fellow he had been.

"Well," he said to himself, "a dandelion may be a very commonplace flower, but anyway if I am like a dandelion in its sturdy happiness and cheeriness, I shall do very well in the world indeed."

Short courses in agriculture for men and in domestic sciences for women have been an important feature of extension work assisted by the Agricultural Instruction grant. Held either under local auspices or offered by the schools and colleges of agriculture, their aim has been to give instruction in improved methods and practices. Every branch of farming has been dealt with, from stock-judging to motor mechanics for men and from general housekeeping to the domestic arts for women, often accompanied by demonstration.

The Ontario Live Stock Improvement Train is reported to have had an attendance of about 700 at each stop. Some 30 bulls and 120 hogs were sold for breeding purposes.

The Worst Enemy of the Woodlot.

Fire is one of the worst enemies of the forest and the smaller woodlot, and every precaution should be taken to keep it out. It is especially dangerous at this time of the year when everything is so dry and there is little rain for weeks on end. In a few minutes through carelessness or the lack of a single precaution, the work of several years may be entirely wiped out.

Fire in the woodlot destroys the young growth up to ten and fifteen years of age. It burns up the humus and accumulated food of many years and robs the trees of moisture. It destroys the seed bed for new growth and, consequently, minimizes reproduction. On older trees it kills large areas of the cambium and opens the door for fungus and insect attack and necessitates the cutting of a high stump.

Where a small piece of woodland stands alone, there is little chance of fire. But where the danger from fire is imminent, either by proximity to larger forested areas, by the presence of grassy roadways or fields, or a railway right-of-way, some precautions should be taken.

Fire lines may be laid out consisting of a few feet of cultivated soil or a strip from which the brush and forest litter has been cleaned away. These should separate the woodlot from the source of danger and in case of fire will be a means of prevention or control.

Brush which has been allowed to accumulate during several cuttings is the owner's worst enemy in case of fire. This should be piled as cut and burned when snow is on the ground. Cattle or stock of any kind in the woodlot are in serious to its development. The damage inflicted is much the same in result as that caused by fire. The young growth is eaten down or destroyed, the ground is packed hard by their hoofs, roots are uncovered and injured and bark on larger trees is rubbed, and gnawed off. In the summer's heat at this time of the year, the dairyman or farmer with a woodlot is sorely tempted to give the cattle freedom therein if only for the cool of the trees. However, if it is found necessary to run cattle in the woodlot it would be preferable to fence off a section for this purpose. This would mean that a part of the area would be able to reproduce naturally and enjoy a period of protection, after which the fenced and open parts might be exchanged for grazing.

The worst enemy of the woodlot, however, is often the man who owns it. By lack of good judgment he may have at the end of a few years a woodlot filled with old, crooked and misshapen trees. No thought of a future crop is given; the best trees are cut for fuel; the border is opened up; the trees are thrown by the wind; cattle are allowed to browse during the summer and fire is permitted to ravage the area with the result that in a few years a piece of woodland, which was capable of supplying the farm with fuel and occasional pieces of timber, as well perhaps, maple syrup, becomes a tangle of upturned stumps and scrubby growth.

According to official statistics the imports of butter into the United Kingdom from Canada for the first five months of the year were 254 long hundredweight compared with 170 hundredweight for the same period last year. The United Kingdom imports of butter from Denmark this year were 684,000 hundredweight, from the United States 10,325 hundredweight, from the Argentine Republic 285,429 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 749,735 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.

The imports of cheese from Canada into the United Kingdom for the first five months of this year were 75,798 hundredweight, compared with 94,243 hundredweight last year. From the Netherlands, including Denmark, the United Kingdom imports of cheese this year were 95,070 hundredweight, from Australia 35,991 hundredweight, and from New Zealand 835,132 hundredweight.



CANADA'S AUTO-MOBILES

If a country's elaborate purchases of automobiles is to be taken as an expression of economic well-being, as is frequently accepted, the outlook last year was optimistic in Canada, and the indications those of prosperity. The number of automobiles in Canada in 1922 increased over the previous year by 9.6 per cent. In 1921 there were 470,862 automobiles owned by Canadians and in the following year 514,307, an increase for the twelve months of 45,445.

The Province of Ontario led in the possession of cars with a total of 238,600, followed by Quebec with 69,324. Saskatchewan was third with 60,643, followed by Manitoba with 41,885 and Alberta with 40,781. British Columbia occupied fifth place with 33,380, the Maritime Provinces following, with Nova Scotia 16,029, New Brunswick 13,419, and Prince Edward Island 2,154.

There is approximately one automobile for every sixteen persons in Canada. The Province of Saskatchewan leads in the per capita ownership of automobiles with one car to every nine persons. Ontario is second with a car to every 12, and Manitoba and Alberta are bracketed equal with a car to every 14 of the population. British Columbia has a car to every 15 of its people. New Brunswick one to every 29, Nova Scotia one to every 32, Quebec one to every 33, and Prince Edward Island one to every 41.

Increase Over 1921 Figures. The possession of automobiles is increasing in Canada, as indicated in the fact that in 1921 there was approximately one car throughout the country to every eighteen persons. Saskatchewan has reduced her figure from 134, British Columbia from 37, Alberta from 17, and Manitoba from 18. Ontario has effected a big reduction from her previous figure of 204 and Quebec halved her 1921 figure of 66. Even the Maritime Provinces show very substantial reductions, and in every province of the Dominion there are more cars in proportion to population than a year or so ago.

It will be at once noted that the majority of cars are owned in the Western provinces of the Dominion, or in the agricultural areas where large populous centres are few. This is an encouraging indication in a land where agriculture is the first and basic of all industries, as showing the modern trend in the life of the western farmer. The automobile has, in fact, revolutionized the daily life of the Western Canadian farmer, economizing his time and adding to his leisure and recreation.

Canada maintains her position among the countries of the world as second only to the United States in the per capita possession of automobiles. Her position in regard to the leading nation, too, is very favorable, the United States, according to figures procurable, having a car to every fourteen of her people against Canada's sixteen. Five States of the Union have a lower per capita figure than Saskatchewan, Canada's first province, and three have the same figure. Great Britain has approximately one car to every 85 people.

Demagnetizing Watches.

Very often an electrician or an engineer or even a visitor to an electric light plant discovers after a few days that his watch is losing half an hour a day or more from becoming magnetized by the dynamo. In the newer stations where the most modern machines are used there is not so much danger from these "stary" magnetic fields as there is around older types of machines.

The apparatus used by jewelers for correcting this trouble consists of an elliptical piece of soft iron with a hole in the center large enough to permit the watch to be inserted. Over the iron are wound a number of layers of fine insulated wire. Alternating current is sent through the wire, and if there is none handy an additional device known as a polarity changer must be used with direct current.

With very little trouble and no expense whatever any one may demagnetize his own watch by a simpler method. Take a heavy thread or a light string about two feet long and tie the ring of the watch to it. Hold the string by one end and turn the watch around until the string is twisted about fifty turns. Allow the string to unwind, and as the watch revolves pass it slowly back and forth about two inches above the field of a motor or dynamo not smaller than a quarter horse power while the machine is running.

Says Hohenzollern Princes Are Defrauding Republic.

The former Kaiser and the Hohenzollern Princes are not only avoiding paying income taxes, but the administrators of the Hohenzollern property are making big profits of billions of marks through secret sales of wood from the Hohenzollern forests, according to the Vorwaerts, which charges that the Hohenzollerns are defrauding the Republic. The charge is denied by the Finance Ministry. The Socialists, in their traditional fight against the dynasty, demand an investigation.

Prevents Dripping. A new tar-pouring kettle has an adjustable spout to prevent dripping and the flow of its contents is controlled from the handle.

Fill your pipe with **Ogden's CUT PLUG** "It Satisfies"

15¢ per packet
80¢ a 1/2 lb tin

If you roll your own ask for **OGDEN'S FINE CUT** (green label)

PLANES BARE HIDDEN PAST OF ENGLAND

AERIAL PHOTOS TRACE OLD ROMAN SITES

Pictures Taken at Six Thousand Feet Give Results for Research in Archaeology.

A new epoch in archaeology has been opened up with the use of airplanes for photographing ancient sites. This is the opinion of O. G. S. Crawford, archaeologist with the British Ordnance Survey, as a result of his inspection of snapshots taken for practice by the air force officer near Winchester.

Aerial photography has been used by the American expedition which is now working on the site of ancient Carthage, on the north coast of Africa, to plan a foundation line for the submerged mole which guarded the harbor of the Punic city destroyed by the Romans.

Discovery Made by Chance.

The discovery was made more or less accidentally when an airman who took photographs in the course of his military work found on them certain strange markings. On ploughed land these appeared as bands of lighter colored soil, forming a pattern of irregular squares and rectangles. The clue to the nature of these markings is indicated in the lines of Rudyard Kipling's "Puck's Song":

"See you the marks that show and fade
Like shadows on the downs?
Oh, those were the lines the flat-men made
To guard their wondrous towns.
"And see you after the rain the trace
Of ditch and mound and wall?
Oh, that was a legion's camping place
When Caesar sailed from Gaul."

When the photos were submitted to Mr. Crawford he was soon able to identify the mysterious markings on them as ancient British "lynchets," or field boundaries, which were formed during the Roman occupation of Britain and perhaps some centuries before. The ancient British system of agriculture was entirely different from that obtaining to-day, which is direct descended, with modifications, from the early Saxon system.

The Celtic system, as revealed by the airplane photos, was a network of small patches, rarely more than two to three acres in size. In many cases there could be seen upon the same section nearby mounds and hollows of the river valleys, which they cleared. When the Saxon invaders arrived they destroyed the upland Celtic villages, and when they settled down founded new villages along the line of the fertile river valleys, which they cleared, introducing from Germany a system of strip cultivation radically different from the older British system.

Ancient Ramparts Shown.

The airplane photos depicted pre-Roman hilltop camps actually in a new light, disclosing features which were wholly invisible from the ground. Within two camps photographed they revealed a faint inner ring within the outer ramparts, which appears unconnected with the rest, and older.

Mr. Crawford wonders whether these vestiges of neolithic works were not ancient when the outer camps were made. Little or nothing is known at present of the pre-bronze age of the inhabitants of Britain, almost all remains being connected with burial places, while of the living there is scarcely any trace, due to the fact that subsequent invaders obliterated the earlier settlements.

Now there is some prospect that the airplane may help solve the problems connected with the earliest inhabitants of Britain.

It is conceded that the science of air photography for archaeological purposes is still in its infancy, but the results so far obtained are regarded as most encouraging. The height does not seem an important factor, as 6,000 feet gave good average results. The experiments in England will be continued, and though the presence of chalk in the soil of the valleys where the prehistoric settlements were established is a factor which is not present elsewhere, it is hoped that further inquiry will enable a method to be applied to other ancient sites.

Seeing Without Eyes.

A Frenchman has lately startled the world with the extraordinary theory that the sightless may yet see through their skins!

The scientist is Dr. Farigoule, and he points out that there is no scientific law which in itself opposes his theory that man may be made to see through his skin, even though he cannot do so with his eyes.

"Glass Island"

During the imprisonment of Napoleon on the island of St. Helena, the British stationed garrisons on all of the out-of-the-way rocks in the South Atlantic Ocean within a circuit of hundreds of miles.

Among others, one named Tristan da Cunha was chosen as the residence of a company of British soldiers.

Upon the death of Napoleon these precautionary measures were no longer necessary, and as the barren rock of Tristan does not lie in the path of vessels bound round the Cape, the garrison was taken off.

Among the soldiers, however, was one Glass, who had conceived the idea of settling on this desolate island after the manner of Robinson Crusoe.

Escaping to the mountains, he was left behind when his comrades sailed to the Cape.

He remained for three years in solitude, cultivating a little garden, and amusing himself by exploring the mountain fastnesses and hunting goats.

At the end of this period an outward bound India-man, which had got out of her latitude, hove in sight, saw his signal, and bore him to the Cape.

There he remained long enough to earn an outfit for the novel life which he intended to return. He married, engaged passages for himself and wife in a schooner bound for St. Helena, and was landed again at Tristan.

Sons and daughters were born, and with their aid he was able to extend his agricultural operations so as to have potatoes and mutton to sell to the now more frequent vessels.

The island eventually became a convenient calling-place for American whaling vessels, and was also visited occasionally by homeward-bound India men.

The colony received accessions from the sailors of these vessels, and the newcomers in time became husbands to the old patriarch's daughters.

His sons — he had eighteen children in all, but mostly girls — remained with him until they grew to man's estate, when several of them chose themselves wives from among the Portuguese inhabitants of the Cape of Good Hope, and settled for life under the rule of their father, who now styled himself Governor.

The hundredth child was born before the first death occurred in the colony. The island is now under the "government" of Glass' eldest son, and the population is nearly one hundred and fifty.

GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SUMMER

The summer months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of that season, which are cholera infantum, colic, diarrhoea and dysentery come on so quickly that often a little one is beyond aid before the mother realizes he is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on suddenly to banish them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during hot weather as Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the stomach and bowels and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Wife: Our teacher in domestic science is teaching us how to spend money.
Hubby: Why doesn't he teach the birds to fly?
Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.



RUSSIAN TRADE SHIP IN LONDON HARBOR
The "Proletary," the first Russian trade ship sent to England, lying idle in London docks. Owing to the action of extremists amongst London dockers, she is unable to discharge her cargo, which includes four hundred tons of eggs.

SYMPTOMS OF DEBILITY

How to Tell Whether Your Blood Needs Revitalizing.

The symptoms of general debility vary according to the cause, but weakness is always present, a tendency to perspire and fatigue easily, ringing in the ears, sometimes black spots passing before the eyes, weak back, vertigo, wakefulness caused by inability to stop thinking and unrefreshing sleep. The cause of the trouble may be some drain on the system, or it may be mental or physical overwork, sometimes insufficient nutrition due to digestive disturbance.

If you have any or all of these symptoms try building up the blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as the new blood courses through your veins there should be an increase in your appetite, a better digestion and soon a renewal of strength and vigor.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, postpaid, at 50¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Glass Island"

During the imprisonment of Napoleon on the island of St. Helena, the British stationed garrisons on all of the out-of-the-way rocks in the South Atlantic Ocean within a circuit of hundreds of miles.

Among others, one named Tristan da Cunha was chosen as the residence of a company of British soldiers.

Upon the death of Napoleon these precautionary measures were no longer necessary, and as the barren rock of Tristan does not lie in the path of vessels bound round the Cape, the garrison was taken off.

Among the soldiers, however, was one Glass, who had conceived the idea of settling on this desolate island after the manner of Robinson Crusoe.

Escaping to the mountains, he was left behind when his comrades sailed to the Cape.

He remained for three years in solitude, cultivating a little garden, and amusing himself by exploring the mountain fastnesses and hunting goats.

At the end of this period an outward bound India-man, which had got out of her latitude, hove in sight, saw his signal, and bore him to the Cape.

There he remained long enough to earn an outfit for the novel life which he intended to return. He married, engaged passages for himself and wife in a schooner bound for St. Helena, and was landed again at Tristan.

Sons and daughters were born, and with their aid he was able to extend his agricultural operations so as to have potatoes and mutton to sell to the now more frequent vessels.

The island eventually became a convenient calling-place for American whaling vessels, and was also visited occasionally by homeward-bound India men.

The colony received accessions from the sailors of these vessels, and the newcomers in time became husbands to the old patriarch's daughters.

His sons — he had eighteen children in all, but mostly girls — remained with him until they grew to man's estate, when several of them chose themselves wives from among the Portuguese inhabitants of the Cape of Good Hope, and settled for life under the rule of their father, who now styled himself Governor.

The hundredth child was born before the first death occurred in the colony. The island is now under the "government" of Glass' eldest son, and the population is nearly one hundred and fifty.

MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

There was little advertising in prehistoric days, but the cavemen and cave-women read it and advanced step by step to our modern civilization. Read the advertisements.

"Whatever Things are Lovely"

God, lend me strength to sentinel
The portals of the mind,
To turn away dark thoughts of doubt
Which would admitance find;
Help me to open doors of faith
Till sunny is each room
Distrust, unwholesome hate, thrive not
Where love's sweet flowers bloom.

Against soul devastating fees
I oft the door can bar,
Can turn mine eyes from mire of earth
To glow of evening star.
The things that lovely are and pure,
If long the mind beholds,
Become our own—all, all is ours
Of beauty that enfolds.

The poets have done much for me
In helping thoughts to fly
From out the dungeon-deeps and see
"One boundless reach of sky."
They lead away from petty cares,
From sense of wrong and pain,
With songs of heroes, deathless loves
Soft sound of summer rain.

Great Poet, Father of all Lights!
From no one far away —
Teach Thou this longing soul of mine
Thy song from day to day.
—Maud Frazer Jackson

Berlin Theatre Tickets Based On Cost of Food.

A pound of butter buys the best seat in the house; two eggs will procure a place in the eighth row, balcony. Because the mark is falling so fast, the Steglitz Theatre posted the announcement at the box office that in future tickets will be based on the cost of these necessities, now become luxuries to most Germans. Beside the announcement hangs a market list.

Difficulties strengthen the mind, as exercise does the body.

American Pioneer Dog Remedies

Book on **DOG DISEASES** and How to Free Malicious Free to any Address by the Author. E. C. Gray, 119 West 144th Street, New York, U.S.A.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

The Largest and Children's Favorite
Children grow healthy and free from colic, diarrhoea, flatulency, constipation and other troubles. It gives it at teaching time. Safe, pleasant—always brings remarkable and gratifying results. At All Druggists

KENDALL'S SPAVIN TREATMENT

Keep Kendall's in the barn. A strained muscle, a sprung tendon, a jolt or a knock demands immediate attention. A few hours' delay will result in a long lameness—perhaps in the loss of the horse. Kendall's Spavin Treatment has saved more horseflesh than all the other known remedies. Under the name of Kendall's Spavin Cure, it is the forty-year-old standby of horsemen, farmers and veterinarians.

Get a bottle of Kendall's today. Ask, too, for the Free Book or write for it to
DR. B. J. KENDALL COMPANY,
ENOSBURG FALLS, Vt., U.S.A.



His Concern.
"Do you know, I believe this little rascal has swallowed one of my diamond studs?"
"Oh Heavens above!"
"Now he's gone and broken the lot."

The Last Straw.
Mr. Binsman was exasperated with the telephone. Ten times that morning he had tried to get on to a number, and each time something had prevented him from speaking. Either it was "number engaged," or the person he wanted was out, or else he had been suddenly cut off. At last he got through.

"Hallo!" he said. "Is Mr. X—there?"
"Yes," replied a voice. "Do you want to speak to him?"
"This was the last straw. Back came the reply, in icy tones: 'Oh, no! Nothing of the sort. I merely rang up to hand him a cigar!'"

As Usual.
Bits of broken news came down from the bird house on the pole and with it a volley of indignant bird chatter.
"Well, I've had my lesson," cried the feathered matron. "I'll never submit this place for the summer again. See the condition they've left it in."
Why, they even sharpened their beaks on the woodwork!"
A caterpillar does not breathe through its mouth, but through the holes in the sides of its body.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

Genuine

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticester of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Classified Advertisements.

WANTED—AMBITIOUS MAN OR WOMAN to distribute samples and take orders for this new household specialty. No risk. Big money. Home promotion. Learn Products Co., Dept. 7, Hamilton, Ont.

SILVER POKER—NOTES FROM MY DIARY (Booklet). This year's experience making face. 25 cents. Dr. McCall, 7700, New York.

AGENTS OPPORTUNITY. REAL HAIR RESTORER will enable you to grow full, curly hair, prevent hair loss, cure dandruff. Dr. J. C. Lister, 1111, Montreal.

WASHINGTON HAND PRESS. WE HAVE AN ENQUIRY FOR A WASHINGTON Hand Press that will take 3 pages of 1 return, long. Write Publishers Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Earth Quivers Like a Jelly Ball, Says Scientist.

Prof. W. de Sitter of the University of Leyden, Paris, has found the earth does not rotate as a rigid body but quivers like a ball of stiff jelly. The quivers, he believes, make distances between points on the earth's surface vary erratically. That, he says, explains why time signals exchanged between observatories show discrepancies as great as several tenths of a second.

Similar quiverings are said to have been detected on the moon.

Whoever controls the motion picture industry controls the most powerful medium of influence over the public.—Mr. T. A. Edison.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Clearance and Beautifies
Write MURINE CO., CHICAGO for Free Booklet on Eye Care

Attractive Proposition

For man with all round weekly newspaper experience and \$400 or \$500. Apply Box 24, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 72 Adelaide Street West.

Save Your Hair

Rub the scalp four times a week with Minard's.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Mrs. J. W. Sampson Tells How Cuticura Healed Her Scalp

"I was troubled for years with a dry scalp and dandruff. There were small scales on my scalp and it itched and burned a great deal. My hair was very dry and lifeless, and fell out when I combed it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after a few applications could see an improvement. I continued using them and in three months was healed." (Signed) Mrs. J. W. Sampson, 4703-32nd Ave. S., Seattle, Wash.

PUTS HEALTH AND VIM INTO WOMEN

So Says Mrs. MacPherson of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Brantford, Ontario.—"I was always tired and the least exertion would put me out for a day or two. I had a pressing pain on the top of my head, pain in the nape of my neck, and when I stooped over I could not get up without help, because of pain in my back. I did not sleep well and was nervous at the least noise. I kept house, but I was such a wreck that I could not sweep the floor nor wash the dishes without lying down afterwards. A friend living near me told me what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for her so I began to take it. With the first bottle I felt brighter and got so I could wash dishes and sweep without having to lie down. Later I became regular in my monthly terms. I have taken ten bottles all told and am now a better. I can truly say that your wonderful medicine cannot be beaten for putting health and vim into a woman."—Mrs. JAMES H. MACPHERSON, 209 Greenlich St., Brantford, Ont.

If you are suffering from a displacement, irregularities, backache, or any other form of female weakness write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "All that's Peculiar to Women."

Final Disposal Of All Summer Merchandise

200 pairs Ladies' Slippers, at \$2.69.
 Women's Pure Silk Hose, at 79c.
 Final clearance Women's Wash Dresses, at \$1.95 and \$3.50.
 Women's White Voile Waists, to be disposed of at 98c.
 Women's Combination Underwear, at 59c
 Boys' Wash Blouses, 1-2 price.
 36-inch Cretonnes, beautiful patterns, at 29c.
 Pure Bleached Table Damask, unusual value, at 59c yd.
 Serpentine Crepe, excellent for kimonas, underwear, etc., at 29c yd.
 Children's Rompers, 1-2 price.
 Curtain Marquisette, white only, 29c yd.
 Floor Coverings offered at great savings.

Six Extraordinary Bargains on Sale for Men

Men's Caps	Hole-proof Silk Hose	Knitted Ties	Penman's Balbriggan	Straw Hats	Men's Overalls
1-2 price, Reg. \$2.	Regular \$1.25.	Reg. \$1.	Combinations 95c	Choice of store Reg. to \$5.00.	Regular \$2.25.
\$1.00	69c	49c	95c	\$1.95	\$1.29

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

QUESTIONS and Bible Answers
 If you will send us your questions, we will give you the answers in our next issue.

What did Jesus say about the power of faith?—Matt. 17: 20.

NEWBURY

The Women's Missionary Society met in the basement of the church on Thursday, August 2nd. The vice-president, Mrs. Fennell, presided. A splendid paper on the Chinese and Japanese of Canada, prepared by Mrs. Owens, was read by Mrs. Dobbey. Mrs. Munroe followed by reading a few chapters from the text book, telling the progress the Chinese and Japanese are making in Canada.
 The new bridge over the Haggarty creek on Dundas street has been completed and traffic opened on 16 sideroad, which will be a great convenience to many.
 Our baseball boys were at Springbank on Saturday and played a return match with the Commercial Travellers' club, winning with a score of 13-11. Our boys were well entertained at supper and had a very pleasant time.
 Rev. S. J. Bridgette, of Wardsville, took duty in Knox church on Sunday. Miss Williams, of Chatham, was the guest of Mrs. R. H. Moore Monday.
 Mrs. Cecil T. Dobbey and two sons are visiting her mother, Mrs. Colhoun, at Sunnyside.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jeffery had a pleasant visit from several of their grandchildren over the week, the sons and daughters of R. Johnston, of Windsor.
 Mrs. John Stephenson and children, of Walkerville, and Mrs. J. J. Whitaker, of Windsor, are visiting Miss Gay.
 A. B. Dobbey and family, of London, spent Sunday at Mrs. Lamb's.
 Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon and daughter Eleanor, of Windsor, are visiting relatives here.
 Mr. and Mrs. Fred Biddle and family, of Windsor, are visiting at Neil D. Campbell's.
 James H. Parnall left on Monday to spend a vacation at Niagara Falls.
 Mr. and Mrs. Monnier and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Grant, of Detroit, have been spending a week at John Grant's.
 Miss Beulah Chapman, of Uxbridge, and Miss Bernice Buchanan, of Thamesville, are guests at Amos Fennell's.
 Fred Callan, of Wahpeton, Dakota, spent the week-end with his aunt, Mrs. Lamb, on his way to New York on a business trip.
 Mrs. Owens and daughters Winnifred and Lillian left on Thursday for Lake of Bays, Muskoka.
 Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Archer and son Ernest and two children motored from Windsor for the week-end.

To Asthma Sufferers.—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy comes like a helping hand to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and hope—something he has come to believe impossible. Its benefit is too evident to be questioned—it is its own best argument—its own best advertisement. If you suffer from asthma get this time-tried remedy and find help like thousands of others.

WARDSVILLE

Miss Frances Murphy left Friday for a week's holiday with friends in Exeter.
 Carlisle and Gerald Bilton are spending a few days in Croton.
 Mr. McIntyre and Arvilla, who have been visiting here from the West, left Saturday for a month's visit in Bad Axe, Mich., and other points.
 Mrs. Howse and children, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. Wm. Mimna.
 Mr. and Mrs. C. Nichols left on Thursday for a month's motor trip to New York, Boston and other points in the east.
 Joe Guest spent the week-end in London.
 Albert Constant was home from Windsor for over Sunday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mimna spent the week-end in St. Thomas with Mr. and Mrs. L. Harvey.
 Alex. Watterworth was home from Detroit for over Sunday.
 Miss Maud Murphy spent a few days in Dutton last week.
 Ford and Arthur Murphy were home from Toronto for a few days.
 A number from the village attended Kintyre garden party on Monday evening.
 Mr. and Mrs. Nichols and little daughter, of Detroit, spent a few days in the village last week.
 Mrs. Tom Faulds and Emerson and Jean, of St. Thomas, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Faulds.
 In Memoriam
 In loving memory of Theodore Story, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Story, who passed away three years ago today—August 7, 1920:
 Often we pause and think of you,
 And think of how you died;
 To think we could not say good-bye
 Before you closed your eyes.
 The sting was bitter, the blow severe,
 To part with him we loved so dear;
 The trail is hard but we'll not complain,
 But trust in God we'll meet again.
 —Father, Mother and Brother.

It Has Many Qualities.—The man who possesses a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is armed against many ills. It will relieve a cough, break a cold, prevent sore throat; it will reduce the swelling from a sprain, relieve the most persistent sores and will speedily heal cuts and contusions. It is a medicine chest in itself.

NORTH EKFRID

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Patterson and family, accompanied by Mrs. Ed. Bryar and three daughters, of Vancouver, B.C., motored to Windsor on Wednesday of last week and returned on Saturday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Ramsey, of Toledo, accompanied by Mrs. Bowers, of Defiance, Ohio, motored here and are calling on relatives and friends.
 Mr. and Mrs. James Lotan and Mr. and Mrs. Will Down, Jr., motored to Dorchester last Monday.
 Tait's Corners and North Ekfrid ball teams played a game here Saturday evening. Score in favor of Tait's Corners.
 Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Patterson, of Strathroy, are staying in this neighborhood for a few days.
 The two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pierce, of Metcalfe, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Archie Campbell. A number from here are attending

the Chautauqua in Glencoe this week.
 Mrs. Casper Ramsey motored to London last Sunday and was taken very ill, but was able to return home on Tuesday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Russell Roemmele spent the week-end in Ridgetown, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Irwin. A number from here motored to Springbank Sunday and spent the day.
 Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Mills and Mr. and Mrs. Prily motored from London Sunday and were the guests of Wm. Mills.
 Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Roemmele, of Windsor, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Roemmele.
 Mrs. George Laughton, of London, are calling on friends in this vicinity.
 Mr. and Mrs. Willard Kettlewell, of Windsor, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roemmele, Jr.
 Mrs. George Kettlewell, of Windsor, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Blackmore.

MELBOURNE

The Epworth League held an interesting meeting under the supervision of the fifth vice-president, Miss E. Cornelle. The juniors put on a splendid program. Ronald Lewis led the meeting, and the Misses Meek gave a piano duet and Jackie Kain a piano solo. The topic was given by Miss Muriel Meek. At the close of the program Rev. Mr. Brown, of London, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Brown, addressed the young people, referring to his experience in the West, giving several interesting stories.
 Miss Edna Petch is spending her vacation at Rondeau.
 Rev. G. W. Oliver and family are holidaying at Rondeau.
 Miss Emily Trace, of London, called on friends here recently.
 Miss Dorothy Bees, of London, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Jack Little.
 The Misses Howell, of Dutton, are the guests of Dr. Howell here.
 Miss French, of Fingal, is the guest of Mrs. A. D. Brown.

Many have been relieved of corns by Holloway's Corn Remover. It has a power of its own that will be found effective.

SHETLAND

Mrs. Lawrence and children, of Detroit, are holidaying at Robert Gray's. Charlie Johnston, of Detroit, is holidaying at his home here.
 Mr. and Mrs. John Johnston and daughter Patricia and Miss Audrey and Lloyd Johnston, of Windsor, spent Sunday at the home of their uncle, Fred Jeffery.
 Mr. Nicholson and David and Towns Nicholson, of Toronto, are visiting at Robert Gray's.
 Morley Laing has returned home after holidaying at Corunna and Shetland.
 Mrs. Walter Moorehouse and children have returned home to Toronto after two weeks' vacation with her parents here.
 Miss Reta Badgley returned home on Saturday after visiting in Detroit for a week.
 Jack Archer spent Sunday at his home here.

STRATHBURN

Dan Kenneth McEae, Tait's Corners, has held corn eleven feet three inches high. Who can beat it?

EKFRID

The Ekfrid Sunday School picnic will be held at Springbank on August 15th.
 Miss Marion Henry, of Bethel, is visiting Miss Frances Wynn.
 Miss Annie McCallum spent the week-end in Walkerville.
 John Switzer, of Windsor, is spending his holidays with his parents here.
 Miss Jewel Giles, of St. Thomas, spent a few days recently with Miss Annie Switzer.

CRINAN

Miss Laura Wing, of London, was visiting John D. McKee's.
 A number from here attended the social at Kintyre on Monday night.
 Miss Ruby Grose is visiting in London.
 Mrs. John Webster, of St. Thomas, and Mr. and Mrs. Dave Allan, of Tait's Corners, called on old friends here last week.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

Pickles

For Homemade Pickles, you want the best ingredients. We have them for sale.
 Vinegar; Mixed Pickling Spice; Mustard Seed, Celery Seed or Chillies; Mustard—bulk or tins; Tumeric and Curry Powder; Cinnamon, Cloves, etc.

The Cash Stores
 Newbury & Wardsville
 W. H. PARNALL

APPIN

Mr. Emery, of Detroit, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. H. B. Watterworth. The Methodist church here have decided to observe their anniversary on Sunday, September 20th, when the Galt quartette will give special music.
 Some of our villagers attended the garden party at Kintyre Monday night.
 Mrs. Sifton, of Winnipeg, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Macfie.
 Miss Vera Boyd, of Toronto, is visiting at the home of her cousin, Miss Olive Black.
 The union Sunday School picnic will be held at Springbank Park on Wednesday, August 15th.
 Alfred Bardwell has completed the painting of the new Women's Institute booth in the park.
 Miss Lillian Henderson, of Glencoe, spent last week the guest of Miss Gertrude Lotan.

CAIRO

Mrs. Mary Annett and daughter Leapha have returned home after spending a week with friends in Detroit.
 Miss Ila Burr has returned to her home after spending a few months with her sister in Windsor.
 Miss Velma Young has returned home after spending her holidays in Walkerville with her sister, Mrs. W. Fraser.
 Miss Jean McKeown is home after spending her holidays in Windsor and Walkerville with her uncles, Gordon and Stuart Smith.
 A number from this vicinity attended the old boys' and girls' reunion in J. H. Coleman's grove, S. S. No. 9.
 Miss Ila Nelson has returned to her home in Montreal after spending her holidays with her aunt, Mrs. D. M. Smith.
 Mrs. Robert Huffman was called to Windsor owing to the illness of her sister.
 Mrs. Maria Moorhouse has returned to her home in Chatham after spending a few days with her brother, J. A. Armstrong, and other friends.

KNAPDALE

Miss Beatrice Perry, of Petrolia, and Miss N. Steele spent Friday with their uncle, Daniel Steele, Knapdale.
 Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Blackhall, of Windsor, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Blackhall.
 George Goldrick, of St. Thomas, is spending a few days at his home here.
 Miss Vera McBrayne, Miss Pay Cleaner, Neil McBrayne and P. V. Emery, of Blenheim, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Stewart.
 The many friends of Mrs. Goldrick were sorry to hear of her misfortune but hope that she will soon be better.
 Much sympathy is extended to Mrs. Dan King and family in their sad bereavement.
 Mrs. D. Dobbey is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hillman.

CASHMERE

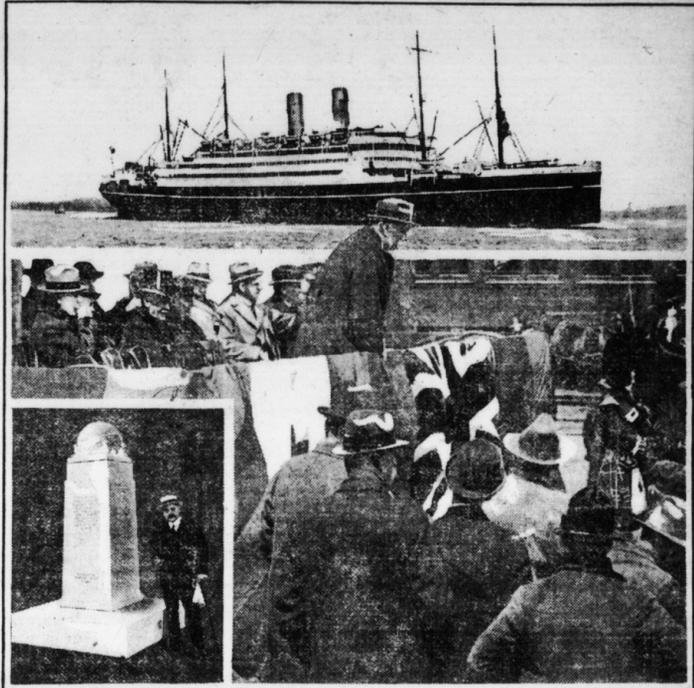
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith and children, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Sittler.
 Mrs. Wed. Dark and son are visiting their cousins, Mrs. Kelo and Mrs. Brown, in Pontiac.
 Mr. and Mrs. Rosyn Barton, Earle Stoddard and Mrs. Aaron Robinson, of Woodlee, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Bob Stoddard.
 Miss Vera Read and friend, of London, spent Sunday at her home here.
 Mrs. Edwin Hoxie and Edna have returned to their home in Detroit after visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Calvin Sittler.
 Basil Sittler, of Detroit, called on his brother Calvin on Sunday.
 Miss Bernice Walker has returned home after visiting relatives in Detroit.

MODEL CENTRE

On Friday evening last the usual meeting of the "Model Centre Heart-breakers" was held. A game of soft ball was played, with John McAlpine and Doug, Clarke for captains. The former's team won by a score of 20 to 9.
 Mr. and Mrs. Dan A. Graham and Mr. and Mrs. Will Graham visited at D. A. Dobbie's on Sunday.
 Miss Helen Gillies is holidaying at D. F. Eddie's.
 Dan A. Graham, Duncan Graham and Misses Mary and Kate Graham attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Duncan Graham in Strathroy last week.
 Dan A. McCallum and family motored to Ridgetown and spent Sunday with friends there.
 Miss Gladys Phillips, of Longwood, has returned home after visiting at Dan J. Campbell's.
 Mrs. Grace McKinnon, of London, returned home on Monday after spending a few days with friends here.
 John Holman, Milton Holman and Misses Jetta and Jean Holman, of Ayr, motored here and spent the week-end at Hugh McTaggart's.
 Miss Pearl Snellgrove, of Caradoc, is visiting at Will Carruthers'.
 Mr. and Mrs. Chester Thorncroft spent Sunday with friends at Melbourne.

Some men seem to wear a flock of chin whiskers for the purpose of advertising the fact that they chew tobacco.

UNVEILING MARTIN MEMORIAL



Above, C.P.R.S. "Empress of Scotland" arriving at Quebec. Below, F. L. Wanklyn of the C.P.R. addresses the gathering prior to the unveiling. Inset, the Memorial.

WHO was Abraham Martin? Had that question been asked one year ago probably not one Canadian in a hundred thousand would have been able to answer it. Today it is different. Most Canadians now know he was first King's pilot on the St. Lawrence river, and the first known Canadian of Scottish extraction—two claims to distinction either one of which might have made him famous. Latterly other things to his credit have come to be known, and they will be recorded in their due place.
 In the meantime it is not remarkable how little Canadians know of Canada's history—so rich a bit of nation history as ever was crowded into a space of three hundred odd years. The high points of the splendid story some of us know fairly well, but the little byways and side-lights, so full of human interest, they lie in a deep obscurity from which they are being rescued one by one, at the patient digging of this or that person or institution actuated by a love of the heroic past and a realization of its value in building the national life of the future.
 Abraham Martin was some figure of a man in his day although most of his just claims to fame seem to have been thrust upon him. It was hardly more than a matter of accident that the "Plains of Abraham" should come to be named after him, and yet that was plenty to set all good Canadians wondering who he was and what manner of life he led. Much digging in the archives of Quebec, and there are none more interesting or more faithfully kept, has brought out much information about the man and his times. He was born in France, his father being a Scot, which is probably why Jesuit writings of the times refer to him as "Abraham Martin, called the Scot." His father probably came from Perthshire and was one of the Scottish Gauchers of Louis XI. In 1614 Abraham brought his French wife to Canada and that he saw the actual founding of New France may be gathered from the fact that his name was on the list of the 31 white persons who lived in Canada from 1629 to 1632, and he was then known as a pilot. He later had ten children

from whom have come a vast number of descendants among whom are numbered some of Quebec's best families and leading citizens. Bishop Tache of St. Boniface is one of his descendants in direct line. Champlain gave Martin a deed to the farm land on the Plains of Abraham, and documents telling of his living there still exist. He apparently travelled greatly up and down the river for Cape Martin in the Gulf of St. Lawrence is also named after him.
 All this was distinctive enough to justify the memorial which has been raised to Martin in the Harbor Square at Quebec. The handsome shaft of granite, designed by Henri Hébert and T. Roxburg Smith, was unveiled early in May by Hon. Athanase David, Quebec's Provincial Treasurer and the event was marked by a gathering of notables including the Governor of Quebec, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick. Among those who spoke were F. L. Wanklyn, representing the Canadian Pacific Railway Company by whom the memorial was erected. Lieut.-Col. Alex. Fraser, A.D.C. to the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, Lawrence Burpee, President of the Canadian Historical Society and Monseigneur Laflamme, Curé of the Basilica. The latter spoke as the successor of the first Curé of Quebec who was Martin's parish priest and who was afterwards martyred by the Iroquois. He read the baptismal certificate of Abraham Martin's first child who was also the first white child born in Canada. He also read the baptismal certificate of Martin's third child upon which appeared the name of Samuel de Champlain as godfather. The memorial has been set up by the Canadian Pacific in honor not only of Abraham Martin but of the stout-hearted pilots who for over three hundred years have done so much to make the St. Lawrence River a safe and speedy route to and from Europe. That Company uses the route more than any other, and the arrival at Quebec of the great liner "Empress of Scotland" on her first trip of the season with 731 passengers from Europe later in the day of the unveiling emphasizes what has been accomplished in the making of the St. Lawrence route a great highway for ocean borne commerce.

SOMETHING NEW

We have recently purchased a Plan Book Service containing several hundred Floor Plans and Colored Pictures of Farm Houses, Bungalows and Cottages, and can furnish Blue Prints for any of these for Two Dollars each.

If you are going to build, come and look them over. This service includes drawing plans from your own ideas at a very nominal sum.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
 PLANING MILL GLENCOE LUMBER YARD

CLEARING OUT ENTIRE STOCK OF GROCERIES FOR CASH

All Goods sold at Wholesale Prices and Less

Store will be vacated.

IMMEDIATE FREE DELIVERY

W. A. CURRIE
 CENTRAL GROCER TELEPHONE 25

Chas. Dean
 Funeral Director
 Residence, Brick House,
 Corner Main St. and Appin Road.
 Phone 76 - GLENCOE

J. B. GOUGH & SON
 Furniture Dealers
 Funeral Directors
 MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
 Phone day 23, night 100

HAY FEVER Summer Asthma

Will spoil your summer and make your company distressing to your friends unless you get relief. Get a box of RAZ-MAH today. Most people feel better from the first dose. Your druggist will refund your money if a \$1 box does not bring relief. Absolutely harmless. Generous sample for 4c in stamps. Templetons, Toronto.

RAZ-MAH
 For sale by H. I. Johnston