

A WEEKLY JOURNAL

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

WHOLE No. 1092

Selected Literature.

And it poisons the soul as well as the body. It brutalizes feeling ; it destroys good desires, self-respect, common decency, tenderness, and kindness, and fills

111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Without injurious medication.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

rode, during the afternoon, to the nearest country town, as young Nat suspected upon some mysterious errand, for it was not market-day. He did not even return at his usual hour, and at length Nat sent

ceeding his uncle's death Nat had many quiet hours in which to ponder over his position; after all, a very ordinary one for a young man of his class and of his country. The difficulty of his position

ter seemed to be some twenty or twenty-five miles long by five or eight broad—were a dark slate grey and driven into

Children Cry for

by inches; thin, pale, and ghost like; feeling sure of his fate and fearing everybody; but never able to find out

Pitcher's Castoria.

the license of Christian men. For, he said, the Christians hold the balance of power, and if they withdraw their support the traffic is gone. It is a dreadful thought that this traffic in souls is unwittingly kept up by professing Christians.—MRS. SALLIE F. CHAPIN, OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EDITORIAL NOTES

A late member of the Boston *Globe* has a moderate, sensible and well written article upon the fishing question which will be found in another column. Previous to the present difficulty which has been created by the U. S. Senate for party purposes, the great majority of the people of the United States knows little or nothing respecting the matter and

The efforts of the UNION ADVOCATE in the past has ever been to write up the advantages of Canada as a home for happy and contented millions of people, and it is rapidly becoming well known as a desirable country to live in, possessing a climate unsurpassed in its healthfulness, a fruitful soil in which every production of the temperate zone can be raised, while its mines and minerals, dispersed all over its immense territory, bide fair to become at some future time beds of industry, the busy workshop where nature's limitless wealth is provided for man to render valuable by the

We doubt whether there is to be found in the English language another official document that for poetic vigour and pictresqueness of expression can be compared to it. The people of Louisville should be proud of their mayor who has shown that he is well able to draw up a public proclamation that will afford them both pleasure, amusement and information to pursue.

Property Sale.

Our readers will not forget that the sale of the Watt Property at the head of the public wharf will take place on Thursday, the 11th inst, in front of the Waverly Hotel.

School Assessment Blanks
can be obtained at the ADVOCATE
office. Also School Rate Notices, County
Rate Notices, Teachers Agreements and
legal and commercial blanks of all kinds.

	Redbank	Scotts	Total
M. Sutherland	75	31	106
J. Tozer	39	54	93
T. Johnston	61	4	65

Monday, at 4 p. m. This is one of the quickest passages on record. She is loading laths at Flett's Mill, Nelson, for E. P. Clarke, of Salisbury, N. B., who is shipping them to the United States.

A. Fitzgerald, 4 21 7 82

Teachers' Institute.

The teachers of Northumberland Co. will hold their next Institute at Chatham Thursday, Oct. 18th. A large

Intending competitors in the Ploughing Match will be on the ground at, or before 10 o'clock and none will be allowed to enter after 10.30, excepting by decision of the Board.

Assistance shall be allowed Ploughmen until the first round is completed; after that, any ploughman who receives assistance will be deemed ineligible to receive a Prize.

Died.

It is with feelings of sadness that we record the death of our young brother, Edward McCormack, who died Sept. 14, aged 23 years. The deceased was the youngest son of Andrew and Mary McCormack. His illness, which was of long duration had its origin in a severe cold. He passed away to that rest that remaineth for the people of God and his death has caused a vacancy in the hearts and homes where he was loved and cherished.

Married.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Allen, Mr. Charles Lantry Mendenhall of Amherst, N. S., to Miss Jennie Mendenhall of New Brunswick.

Correspondence.

THE SENATE VACANCY!

To the Editor of the Advocate.
SIR.—Writers in many of our papers seem to be deeply exercised, as to whom the Government, in its wisdom, shall appoint to the vacancy in the Upper Chamber of Parliament, caused by the demise of the late Hon. John Ferguson.

Gentlemen of the Counties of each, Gloucester, Restigouche and Northumberland have been favorably mentioned by the political leaders of these counties, and besides, the voters of Queens County, have petitioned for the appointment of a young barrister resident of that electoral district.

Now, to-day, St. John has three Senators. Six others are from districts of the province outside of the three Northern Counties, above mentioned, and, therefore, even-handed justice would seem to say that the gentleman who may receive the appointment to the present vacancy, should be a resident of one or other of those three northern electoral districts.

Miramichi ranks only second in importance, as a commercial community to the city of St. John. This city has now three resident senators. The total of imports and exports of St. John, for the year 1887, were \$7,551,533, all the other counties of the province, for that year aggregated the sum of \$4,112,168. Of this latter sum the three northern counties alone contributed \$1,737,818, and of this last named amount, this County of Northumberland, yielded \$1,032,064, therefore, as a simple matter of equity, the Miramichi district, should be given the Senatorship. Whilst, it is a fact, that only in the first session of the first Parliament, and in the first and second sessions of the second parliament, had the Liberal-Conservative party an out and out supporter from Northumberland in the Commons; yet, notwithstanding this, perhaps, regrettable circumstance, it is none the less true, that there is no lack of able, intelligent and conscientious supporters of the Liberal-Conservative party resident of the County, who would do honor to the position, and who would at the same time materially promote the public interests of our three northern counties.

The total electoral vote of the province of New Brunswick for 1887, was 93,844. St. John with her three senators had 15,081 votes. Northumberland had 5,250, Gloucester, 4,178 and Restigouche 1,327 votes. So, that, as compared with St. John, these three northern counties, are at least entitled to two Senatorships.

The population of St. John is 62,906, and this district I repeat has three Senators. The population of Northumberland is 35,109, of Gloucester is 21,614 and of Restigouche is 7,098. All these three counties have a population of 53,781; from this standpoint, also, these three northern counties, are more than entitled to two Senatorships in the upper chamber of our Parliament.

I need not, I think, further multiply statistical facts, to prove that which must be patent to every unprejudiced mind.—That is, first, that this County of Northumberland, is fairly entitled to the present vacancy, and, second, that also the next vacancy in that branch of Parliament, should be given to a gentleman resident in either Restigouche or Gloucester.

Thanking you for space, I am yours faithfully,

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE.

NORTHUMBERLAND MEN ABROAD.

To the Editor of the Advocate.

DEAR SIR.—I notice by the *Hermosa* (Quebec Co. Daily) of the 28th September, that an old friend, ex-councillor, John I. Schofield, formerly of Blackville, in this county, is again coming to the fore as a politician, he having received the nomination for the office of "Probate Judge" at the Republican convention, held at that place, on the 22nd Sept. That John is a popular candidate is evidenced by the fact that he received 24 out of 30 votes cast, three names being balloted on.

John was always very popular here, and held several important public offices. He represented the important parish of Blackville seven years in the Council and always took a leading part in the transactions of that honorable body. He also for ten years held Her Majesty's Commission as Justice of the Peace. In addition to these he held the offices of Land Commissioner, Census Commissioner, Deputy Returning Officer, District Clerk, etc., etc., but he was without doubt most widely known as the leader of the annexation forces here in 1879. His speech on that subject when he introduced his annexation resolutions before the Council being widely published throughout Canada and the U. S. As he was unsuccessful in his attempt to annex the Dominion to the United States, he did what he could in that direction by annexing himself. His old constituents and friends will no doubt heartily join us in wishing him success in his new field of political action, and if our American cousins appreciate his efforts in their behalf in the past as they should,

they will consider a seat in congress none to good for him. Though we should have preferred to have seen John in the Democratic ranks as we consider that party more friendly to Canada and Canadian interests than the Republicans, yet we hope to hear of his election as it always gives us pleasure to chronicle the success of Miramichi boys abroad.

I remain, Mr. Editor,
ONE OF JOHN I.'S OLD FRIENDS.

General Intelligence.

THE TOBIQUE TRAGEDY.

FATHERLY APPEAL ON BEHALF OF MURDERERS.

PERTH, N. B., October 1.—In the case of the prisoners Traflet and Phillippe for the murder of Mrs. Howes, Mr. Gregory, counsel for the defence, began his address to the jury claiming, so far as at least as one of the prisoners was concerned, meaning Traflet, that there was no evidence outside of the admission made by the other prisoner that he had anything to do with the shooting. But for an unfortunate act of Phillippe, the evidence would wholly have failed to influence him. As it was, the evidence was partly circumstantial, as no person could positively swear that either of these men did the shooting or, in fact, that they were on the river that day. If a verdict was found at all it should be a finding for manslaughter only, and not for murder, as the indictment stated. At 3.30 this afternoon Mr. Gregory finished his forcible and pathetic address to the jury in behalf of the prisoners. During Mr. Gregory's recital of the history of the family of Phillippe, of the innocent circumstances of the family at the time of the shooting, the almost frenzied state of the young women, Anna Phillippe, upon whose testimony the evidence of guilt was fastened upon the prisoners, and the terrible fate of the prisoners upon the gallows should a verdict of murder be returned against them, many in the audience wept bitterly, including several members of the jury. The prisoner Phillippe broke down completely and remained crying for an hour or more, resting his head upon the box as he did so.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

PERTH, N. B., October 2.—At 9.30 this morning Judge Wetmore began his address to the jury in the trial for the murder of Mrs. Howes, on the Tobique river, by two settlers of the place, Phillippe and Traflet. In opening, His Honor said that the trial involved the life of two of their fellow men, and in deciding the case he trusted that a merciful Providence would enable him to direct a proper judgment which should be directed by the sworn testimony, irrespective altogether of any sympathy which might naturally arise in the breasts of the jury. What they had to decide among themselves was: Who did the shooting and what were the intentions that led up to the shooting? The facts were clear enough, said his Honor. We have it on the testimony of Miss Phillippe and of her brother Eugene that their brother Henry came home after being up the river the night previous to the tragedy, saying that he and the other prisoner, Traflet, had been fired on. Then his declaration that he and Traflet would go up the river next day and ridle the Howes canoes. If their going up the river and their having been seen coming back without their rifles; if the finding of the weapon in Day's old barn, of the shells of the cartridges which filled the boxes of these rifles; and to Phillippe's declaration to his sister after the murder that he himself fired one shot at the party and Traflet fired the rest all the other should be true they should find. In conclusion His Honor said: Do not all the acts of these men indicate a species of barbarity and cruelty and of wantonness and recklessness seldom heard of. In fact were the history of the whole affair written up the public would regard it as a fabrication from beginning to end. Under all the circumstances, he considered a verdict of murder should be returned against the prisoners. Judge Wetmore concluded his address at 11.30 this morning, and since that hour until 10 to night they have not returned to court.

At 5 o'clock they sent for Judge Wetmore, it being understood that an agreement had been reached, but His Honor came and waited an hour, then went away, leaving word with the constable in charge that if he were wanted he would readily respond to their call.

St. John, October 3.—After being out all night, the jury in the Tobique tragedy, returned to court this morning with a verdict of manslaughter. Traflet and Phillippe were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary.

FELL A THOUSAND FEET.

FATAL BALLOON ACCIDENT AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, September 27.—A tall man

rose from the Exhibition Grounds yesterday and floated over the city at a height of 1000 feet. Something detached from it and dropped through the air. At first sight it looked like a coat or a bag, apparently floating slowly down. It descended faster, and took shape, and almost before twenty thousand horrified spectators on the Exhibition Grounds or in the streets of the city could realize what had happened, the body of a man struck the ground in a vacant lot off Bank street. He was found sitting there in a slight indentation, dead, with his legs and the lower part of his body a mere mass of bone, flesh and blood, but the face perfectly natural and composed. It was Thomas Wesley, a young carpenter, aged 22, a resident of the city. When Pro. Williams, the aeronaut who is making parachute descents here, was inflating his balloon at the fair grounds, twenty or thirty men were engaged holding down the corners. Williams, when all was ready, stepped into the basket and asked everybody to let go at once. Upon his giving the word all did except Wesley. He held on to the cord ring around the mouth of the balloon, and

ROSE WITH IT.

He was perfectly free and unentangled, and not attached to the balloon by anything save his hands. The crowd shouted at him as he was a few feet up. He smiled and hung on. The aeronaut could do nothing. Wesley far above his head and beyond his reach. The aeronaut has no control of the balloon when in the air, as the method of making the parachute descents is simply to cut himself loose, whereupon the balloon up ends and the hot air which it is inflated escapes by the mouth, and the canvas collapses and floats down to the ground. The aeronaut, therefore, could not help Wesley in any shape. The last being a dare-devil young fellow, with a drop of liquor in him, he was utterly reckless and fancied he would get through an extraordinary adventure all right.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

PERTH, N. B., October 2.—At 9.30 this morning Judge Wetmore began his address to the jury in the trial for the murder of Mrs. Howes, on the Tobique river, by two settlers of the place, Phillippe and Traflet. In opening, His Honor said that the trial involved the life of two of their fellow men, and in deciding the case he trusted that a merciful Providence would enable him to direct a proper judgment which should be directed by the sworn testimony, irrespective altogether of any sympathy which might naturally arise in the breasts of the jury. What they had to decide among themselves was: Who did the shooting and what were the intentions that led up to the shooting? The facts were clear enough, said his Honor. We have it on the testimony of Miss Phillippe and of her brother Eugene that their brother Henry came home after being up the river the night previous to the tragedy, saying that he and the other prisoner, Traflet, had been fired on. Then his declaration that he and Traflet would go up the river next day and ridle the Howes canoes. If their going up the river and their having been seen coming back without their rifles; if the finding of the weapon in Day's old barn, of the shells of the cartridges which filled the boxes of these rifles; and to Phillippe's declaration to his sister after the murder that he himself fired one shot at the party and Traflet fired the rest all the other should be true they should find. In conclusion His Honor said: Do not all the acts of these men indicate a species of barbarity and cruelty and of wantonness and recklessness seldom heard of. In fact were the history of the whole affair written up the public would regard it as a fabrication from beginning to end. Under all the circumstances, he considered a verdict of murder should be returned against the prisoners. Judge Wetmore concluded his address at 11.30 this morning, and since that hour until 10 to night they have not returned to court.

At 5 o'clock they sent for Judge Wetmore, it being understood that an agreement had been reached, but His Honor came and waited an hour, then went away, leaving word with the constable in charge that if he were wanted he would readily respond to their call.

St. John, October 3.—After being out all night, the jury in the Tobique tragedy, returned to court this morning with a verdict of manslaughter. Traflet and Phillippe were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary.

FATAL BALLOON ACCIDENT AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, September 27.—A tall man

rose from the Exhibition Grounds yesterday and floated over the city at a height of 1000 feet. Something detached from it and dropped through the air. At first sight it looked like a coat or a bag, apparently floating slowly down. It descended faster, and took shape, and almost before twenty thousand horrified spectators on the Exhibition Grounds or in the streets of the city could realize what had happened, the body of a man struck the ground in a vacant lot off Bank street. He was found sitting there in a slight indentation, dead, with his legs and the lower part of his body a mere mass of bone, flesh and blood, but the face perfectly natural and composed. It was Thomas Wesley, a young carpenter, aged 22, a resident of the city. When Pro. Williams, the aeronaut who is making parachute descents here, was inflating his balloon at the fair grounds, twenty or thirty men were engaged holding down the corners. Williams, when all was ready, stepped into the basket and asked everybody to let go at once. Upon his giving the word all did except Wesley. He held on to the cord ring around the mouth of the balloon, and

ROSE WITH IT.

they will consider a seat in congress none to good for him. Though we should have preferred to have seen John in the Democratic ranks as we consider that party more friendly to Canada and Canadian interests than the Republicans, yet we hope to hear of his election as it always gives us pleasure to chronicle the success of Miramichi boys abroad.

I remain, Mr. Editor,
ONE OF JOHN I.'S OLD FRIENDS.

General Intelligence.

THE TOBIQUE TRAGEDY.

FATHERLY APPEAL ON BEHALF OF MURDERERS.

PERTH, N. B., October 1.—In the case of the prisoners Traflet and Phillippe for the murder of Mrs. Howes, Mr. Gregory, counsel for the defence, began his address to the jury claiming, so far as at least as one of the prisoners was concerned, meaning Traflet, that there was no evidence outside of the admission made by the other prisoner that he had anything to do with the shooting. But for an unfortunate act of Phillippe, the evidence would wholly have failed to influence him. As it was, the evidence was partly circumstantial, as no person could positively swear that either of these men did the shooting or, in fact, that they were on the river that day. If a verdict was found at all it should be a finding for manslaughter only, and not for murder, as the indictment stated. At 3.30 this afternoon Mr. Gregory finished his forcible and pathetic address to the jury in behalf of the prisoners. During Mr. Gregory's recital of the history of the family of Phillippe, of the innocent circumstances of the family at the time of the shooting, the almost frenzied state of the young women, Anna Phillippe, upon whose testimony the evidence of guilt was fastened upon the prisoners, and the terrible fate of the prisoners upon the gallows should a verdict of murder be returned against them, many in the audience wept bitterly, including several members of the jury. The prisoner Phillippe broke down completely and remained crying for an hour or more, resting his head upon the box as he did so.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

PERTH, N. B., October 2.—At 9.30 this morning Judge Wetmore began his address to the jury in the trial for the murder of Mrs. Howes, on the Tobique river, by two settlers of the place, Phillippe and Traflet. In opening, His Honor said that the trial involved the life of two of their fellow men, and in deciding the case he trusted that a merciful Providence would enable him to direct a proper judgment which should be directed by the sworn testimony, irrespective altogether of any sympathy which might naturally arise in the breasts of the jury. What they had to decide among themselves was: Who did the shooting and what were the intentions that led up to the shooting? The facts were clear enough, said his Honor. We have it on the testimony of Miss Phillippe and of her brother Eugene that their brother Henry came home after being up the river the night previous to the tragedy, saying that he and the other prisoner, Traflet, had been fired on. Then his declaration that he and Traflet would go up the river next day and ridle the Howes canoes. If their going up the river and their having been seen coming back without their rifles; if the finding of the weapon in Day's old barn, of the shells of the cartridges which filled the boxes of these rifles; and to Phillippe's declaration to his sister after the murder that he himself fired one shot at the party and Traflet fired the rest all the other should be true they should find. In conclusion His Honor said: Do not all the acts of these men indicate a species of barbarity and cruelty and of wantonness and recklessness seldom heard of. In fact were the history of the whole affair written up the public would regard it as a fabrication from beginning to end. Under all the circumstances, he considered a verdict of murder should be returned against the prisoners. Judge Wetmore concluded his address at 11.30 this morning, and since that hour until 10 to night they have not returned to court.

At 5 o'clock they sent for Judge Wetmore, it being understood that an agreement had been reached, but His Honor came and waited an hour, then went away, leaving word with the constable in charge that if he were wanted he would readily respond to their call.

St. John, October 3.—After being out all night, the jury in the Tobique tragedy, returned to court this morning with a verdict of manslaughter. Traflet and Phillippe were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary.

FATAL BALLOON ACCIDENT AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, September 27.—A tall man

rose from the Exhibition Grounds yesterday and floated over the city at a height of 1000 feet. Something detached from it and dropped through the air. At first sight it looked like a coat or a bag, apparently floating slowly down. It descended faster, and took shape, and almost before twenty thousand horrified spectators on the Exhibition Grounds or in the streets of the city could realize what had happened, the body of a man struck the ground in a vacant lot off Bank street. He was found sitting there in a slight indentation, dead, with his legs and the lower part of his body a mere mass of bone, flesh and blood, but the face perfectly natural and composed. It was Thomas Wesley, a young carpenter, aged 22, a resident of the city. When Pro. Williams, the aeronaut who is making parachute descents here, was inflating his balloon at the fair grounds, twenty or thirty men were engaged holding down the corners. Williams, when all was ready, stepped into the basket and asked everybody to let go at once. Upon his giving the word all did except Wesley. He held on to the cord ring around the mouth of the balloon, and

ROSE WITH IT.

He was perfectly free and unentangled, and not attached to the balloon by anything save his hands. The crowd shouted at him as he was a few feet up. He smiled and hung on. The aeronaut could do nothing. Wesley far above his head and beyond his reach. The aeronaut has no control of the balloon when in the air, as the method of making the parachute descents is simply to cut himself loose, whereupon the balloon up ends and the hot air which it is inflated escapes by the mouth, and the canvas collapses and floats down to the ground. The aeronaut, therefore, could not help Wesley in any shape. The last being a dare-devil young fellow, with a drop of liquor in him, he was utterly reckless and fancied he would get through an extraordinary adventure all right.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

PERTH, N. B., October 2.—At 9.30 this morning Judge Wetmore began his address to the jury in the trial for the murder of Mrs. Howes, on the Tobique river, by two settlers of the place, Phillippe and Traflet. In opening, His Honor said that the trial involved the life of two of their fellow men, and in deciding the case he trusted that a merciful Providence would enable him to direct a proper judgment which should be directed by the sworn testimony, irrespective altogether of any sympathy which might naturally arise in the breasts of the jury. What they had to decide among themselves was: Who did the shooting and what were the intentions that led up to the shooting? The facts were clear enough, said his Honor. We have it on the testimony of Miss Phillippe and of her brother Eugene that their brother Henry came home after being up the river the night previous to the tragedy, saying that he and the other prisoner, Traflet, had been fired on. Then his declaration that he and Traflet would go up the river next day and ridle the Howes canoes. If their going up the river and their having been seen coming back without their rifles; if the finding of the weapon in Day's old barn, of the shells of the cartridges which filled the boxes of these rifles; and to Phillippe's declaration to his sister after the murder that he himself fired one shot at the party and Traflet fired the rest all the other should be true they should find. In conclusion His Honor said: Do not all the acts of these men indicate a species of barbarity and cruelty and of wantonness and recklessness seldom heard of. In fact were the history of the whole affair written up the public would regard it as a fabrication from beginning to end. Under all the circumstances, he considered a verdict of murder should be returned against the prisoners. Judge Wetmore concluded his address at 11.30 this morning, and since that hour until 10 to night they have not returned to court.

At 5 o'clock they sent for Judge Wetmore, it being understood that an agreement had been reached, but His Honor came and waited an hour, then went away, leaving word with the constable in charge that if he were wanted he would readily respond to their call.

St. John, October 3.—After being out all night, the jury in the Tobique tragedy, returned to court this morning with a verdict of manslaughter. Traflet and Phillippe were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary.

FATAL BALLOON ACCIDENT AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, September 27.—A tall man

rose from the Exhibition Grounds yesterday and floated over the city at a height of 1000 feet. Something detached from it and dropped through the air. At first sight it looked like a coat or a bag, apparently floating slowly down. It descended faster, and took shape, and almost before twenty thousand horrified spectators on the Exhibition Grounds or in the streets of the city could realize what had happened, the body of a man struck the ground in a vacant lot off Bank street. He was found sitting there in a slight indentation, dead, with his legs and the lower part of his body a mere mass of bone, flesh and blood, but the face perfectly natural and composed. It was Thomas Wesley, a young carpenter, aged 22, a resident of the city. When Pro. Williams, the aeronaut who is making parachute descents here, was inflating his balloon at the fair grounds, twenty or thirty men were engaged holding down the corners. Williams, when all was ready, stepped into the basket and asked everybody to let go at once. Upon his giving the word all did except Wesley. He held on to the cord ring around the mouth of the balloon, and

ROSE WITH IT.

He was perfectly free and unentangled, and not attached to the balloon by anything save his hands. The crowd shouted at him as he was a few feet up. He smiled and hung on. The aeronaut could do nothing. Wesley far above his head and beyond his reach. The aeronaut has no control of the balloon when in the air, as the method of making the parachute descents is simply to cut himself loose, whereupon the balloon up ends and the hot air which it is inflated escapes by the mouth, and the canvas collapses and floats down to the ground. The aeronaut, therefore, could not help Wesley in any shape. The last being a dare-devil young fellow, with a drop of liquor in him, he was utterly reckless and fancied he would get through an extraordinary adventure all right.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

PERTH, N. B., October 2.—At 9.30 this morning Judge Wetmore began his address to the jury in the trial for the murder of Mrs. Howes, on the Tobique river, by two settlers of the place, Phillippe and Traflet. In opening, His Honor said that the trial involved the life of two of their fellow men, and in deciding the case he trusted that a merciful Providence would enable him to direct a proper judgment which should be directed by the sworn testimony, irrespective altogether of any sympathy which might naturally arise in the breasts of the jury. What they had to decide among themselves was: Who did the shooting and what were the intentions that led up to the shooting? The facts were clear enough, said his Honor. We have it on the testimony of Miss Phillippe and of her brother Eugene that their brother Henry came home after being up the river the night previous to the tragedy, saying that he and the other prisoner, Traflet, had been fired on. Then his declaration that he and Traflet would go up the river next day and ridle the Howes canoes. If their going up the river and their having been seen coming back without their rifles; if the finding of the weapon in Day's old barn, of the shells of the cartridges which filled the boxes of these rifles; and to Phillippe's declaration to his sister after the murder that he himself fired one shot at the party and Traflet fired the rest all the other should be true they should find. In conclusion His Honor said: Do not all the acts of these men indicate a species of barbarity and cruelty and of wantonness and recklessness seldom heard of. In fact were the history of the whole affair written up the public would regard it as a fabrication from beginning to end. Under all the circumstances, he considered a verdict of murder should be returned against the prisoners. Judge Wetmore concluded his address at 11.30 this morning, and since that hour until 10 to night they have not returned to court.

At 5 o'clock they sent for Judge Wetmore, it being understood that an agreement had been reached, but His Honor came and waited an hour, then went away, leaving word with the constable in charge that if he were wanted he would readily respond to their call.

St. John, October 3.—After being out all night, the jury in the Tobique tragedy, returned to court this morning with a verdict of manslaughter. Traflet and Phillippe were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary.

FATAL BALLOON ACCIDENT AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, September 27.—A tall man

New Advertisements.

Grand Division, S. of T.

The Annual Session of the Grand Division, Sons of Temperance, of New Brunswick, will be held in Woodstock on
Wednesday, 17th October.
Excursion tickets at one first class fare will be issued at all stations on the New Brunswick and Northern Railway. Representatives travelling on the Grand Division will obtain certificates from the Grand Scribe which will enable them to return free of charge. All tickets good to return up to and on the 25th Oct.

D. THOMSON,
Grand Scribe.

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on 2nd November for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, once per week each way, between Grandville and North Remous from the 1st January next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses subject to the approval of the Postmaster General.

The mails to leave Grandville on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week at 8 a.m., reaching North Remous in three hours after departure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Grandville and North Remous and at this office.

S. J. KING,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, Oct. 4, 1888.

SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL.

Notice to Contractors.

THE WORKS for the construction of the Canal, above mentioned, advertised to let on the 24th inst. next, are unavoidably postponed to the following date:—
Tenders will be received until
Wednesday, the 7th day of Nov. next.

Plans and specifications will be ready for examination at this office and at Sault Ste. Marie on and after
Wednesday the 24th day of Oct. next.

By Order,
A. B. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 27th September, 1888.

Intercolonial Railway.

Tender for about 750 lineal rods snow fencing on the St. Charles Branch.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside "Tender for snow fencing," will be received until the 15th day of October, for the construction of about seven hundred and fifty lineal rods of snow fencing on the St. Charles Branch.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, and at the office of the Station Master, Lewis, P. Q., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with by tenderers.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

S. J. KING,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., Oct. 4, 1888.

C. P. Curtis & Co.,

GENERAL COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,
176 Atlantic Avenue,
Boston, - - - Mass.

Consignments Solicited of Hay, Potatoes, Eggs, Poultry of all kinds, (Alive or Dressed), and all kinds of Produce, (Fresh and Salt).

Correspondence promptly answered and Price Lists furnished. Prompt returns.

Charges moderate.

Charles J. Thomson,
Barrister, Proctor for Estates,
Notary Public, &c.

Claims Promptly Collected, and Professional Business in all its branches executed with accuracy and dispatch.

OFFICE.
Engine House, Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

Final Notice.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the late William Menahan, of Nelson, are requested to settle their accounts prior to the 15th October next, as after that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection.

J. P. BURCHILL,
Executor.

Nelson, Sept. 18, 1888.

Horse for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale a handsome bay gelding, rising 6 years of age, thoroughly sound, free to drive, and a stylish fast roadster. Weight about 1000 lbs. Can be seen at any time.

A. MILLER,
Merchant's Bank of Halifax.

Notice.

The Blackville and Derby Agricultural Society will hold its

Annual Ploughing Match

and

Cattle Show

Wednesday, the 10th day of Oct. 1888.

All entries to be made not later than 10 o'clock, a Prize List may be seen at F. H. Jardine's, Indiantown, Derby, and at the office of W. H. Grindlay, Blackville.

Blackville, Sept. 24th, 1888.

Stoves.

The Subscriber has on hand a quantity of Cooking Stoves

Waterloo, Star, Niagara,

and Box Stoves.

As I intend to go out of the Stove business I will sell them at cost.

P. HENNESSY.

Newcastle, Sept. 10, '88.

PORK SAUSAGES

WHOLESALE

Bolognas.

</

