



VOL. 8.

BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1880.

NO. 27

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THE ANNAPOLIS ORGAN COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS OF Parlor and Church Organs. For Power and Quality of Tone, Rapidity of Action, and Promptness to Response, they are Unsurpassed. A careful examination of the instruments will convince the public that both interior and exterior are honestly made. In beauty and elegance of case they far exceed any Organ manufactured in the Maritime Provinces. They are AS LOW IN PRICE as is consistent with first-class workmanship, and are FULLY WARRANTED. Parties Desiring a FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENT. Will find it their advantage to Correspond with THE ANNAPOLIS ORGAN COMPANY, Or visit their Warerooms, George St., Annapolis.



MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED! We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses. Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured, without the use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecturer should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Address: The Culverwell Medical Co., Ann St., New York. Post Office Box 4586.

ANCHOR LINE. London to Halifax & Boston. ANGLO, ELYSIA, ALSATIA, TRINACRIA. THE next sailing of this new regular steamship service will be: FROM LONDON—S. S. Trineria, July 21st; Anglia, Aug. 11th; Alsatia, Aug. 21st; Elysia, Sept. 2nd. Leaving Halifax about Twelve Days Later. To be followed fortnightly by first class steamships of the line. Superior accommodations for passengers—Cabin, 12 guineas; steerage 6 guineas. Freight carried for Halifax, St. John and all parts of the Maritime Provinces. Arrangements have been made with the W. & A. R. for special low through rates of freight to London and Boston as can be ascertained from their agents at all stations. Lowest rates of insurance, and every information obtained on application to T. A. S. DEWOLF & SON, Agents. Halifax, July 20th, '80.

A NEW STOCK OF Grey Cottons, 15 cents per yard, EXTRA VALUE. FINE WHITE SHIRTING, cheap and good. HEAVY TWEEDS, very low. GREY COTTONS. MENS' AMBER AND GREY UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS. Splendid quality, just received, and with the usual stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, PLATED WARE, GLASSWARE, EARTHENWARE, BROOMS, CLOTHS, COATINGS & TRIMMINGS, AND CARPETS, will be sold extremely low for cash about this time. J. W. Whitman. Lawrenceville, Sept. 6th, 1880.

THE Subscriber offers for SALE or RENT by Private Contract, His Beautiful Residence at LOWER MIDDLETON. The House contains 11 rooms all in thorough repair, Good Stabling for 3 or 4 Horses, Carriage House and Wood House. The grounds consist of 2 acres in a high state of cultivation with a very fine orchard of 100 or more superior trees, (choice varieties of fruit) nearly all which are in bearing, some trees producing yearly 3 Barrels or more. The garden is also well stocked with a good variety of Fruit trees. The site is convenient to Railway Station, Post Office, and within 3 minutes walk of three places of worship. Location desirable, and very healthy.

ALSO, Small Farm, situated near Lower Middleton, about two miles from Lawrenceville Railway Station. The House contains 8 Rooms, with a very good garden, and is well stocked with a good variety of Fruit trees. The site is convenient to Railway Station, Post Office, and within 3 minutes walk of three places of worship. Location desirable, and very healthy.

EDWARD H. PHINNEY, Middleton, Annapolis County, May 1st, 1880.

SPECIAL NOTICE! In order to meet the demands of our numerous customers, we beg to announce that we have added to our extensive Slipper and Luggage Factory the necessary Machinery for the Manufacture of Men's, Women's, Misses', & Children's BOOTS AND SHOES in all the leading styles. By continuing, as in the past, to use first quality material, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage in our new branch of business, as well as a continuance of public favor in our old business. Vincent & McFate, 240 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

Ready - Made CLOTHING! BUFFALO ROBES, &c. JUST RECEIVED from Montreal, a large and well assorted stock of Ready Made Clothing & Buffalo Robes, consisting of Men's Ulsters, Youths' Ulsters, Men's Over Coats, Reefers, &c. Splendid Assortment of FALL SUITS. Pants and Vests, Also, 1 Doz. Very Fine Buffalo Robes. Hosiery, Blankets, &c. All the above will be sold very LOW FOR CASH. BEALES & DODGE, Middleton, Nov. 78.

Bill Heads in all sizes and styles executed at this office at reasonable rates.

DENTAL NOTICE. Dr. S. F. Whitman, Dentist, WOULD respectfully inform his friends in Annapolis County, that he has just returned from Kings County, and will be at his office in BRIDGETOWN for a few weeks. FRIENDS, PLEASE NOT DELAY. Nov. 19th, 1879. List Ye! List Ye! YE YEOMANRY of Annapolis County this is to inform you that I STILL LIVE. Notwithstanding recent importations from New Germany, Waltham and Lawrenceville, and have on hand my usual assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &c. Which I will dispose of during the Spring At Lower Prices Than Ever. REMEMBER ALL IS NOT GOLD THAT GLITTERS. CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED & WARRANTED. John E. Sancton, BRIDGETOWN, March, 1880. For further particulars, call and look at me or consult small bills when they are sent out. MONEY! TO LEND! The Annapolis Building Society. LOANS MONEY ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY. INTEREST 6 per cent. Send stamp for circular and form of application. A. W. CORBITT, President, W. HALIBURTON, Secy. Address all communications to BUILDING SOCIETY, Annapolis, P. O. Box 100.

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Poetry. A Farmer's Reverie. A HARVEST-HOME SONG. The setting sun reluctant leaves These vales and hills, with verdure dressed; And gold with purple light he weaves, Then sinks behind the clouds to rest. To their round nests the birds have flown, Into the forests dim and deep; The dial of his day has shown, And in a waking dream of peace.

The farmer sitting on his stoop, Finding from toil a brief release, Looks out upon his fields with hope, And in a waking dream of peace.

The lines of light left on the sky Round in a golden ladder seem; His eyes and heart are filled with light, Like those that came in Jacob's dream. In whispers to himself he said, 'What a broad, goodly land is this! Our bins and barns are filled with bread, Our glad hearts overflow with bliss.

From these fair hills it is not far To the bright west, I thought nothing of it. The sunset glared in my eyes, And I knew not what I was doing, When I saw that Heaven is near.'

CHAPTER XLVI. To whom should he go for counsel, whether should she turn for help? This was Lillian's first thought on the morning after her interview with Poppy, as she sat in a restless slumber. It was useless to look for sympathy in the hard eyes, the handsome showy face of her step-mother, instinctively she shrank from uttering Jocelyn's name to her. Then she thought of her aunt Lancelotti, and dressed herself quietly and went to her. The untidy house, the noisy children, the uncultivated garden, all told of the poverty that had fallen upon her since Richard's death. 'Help you to find out what has become of that wicked Captain Thurlstone?' exclaimed Mrs. Lancelotti. 'No—never! And I am astonished, Lillian, that you should ever name him to me. It is cruel; and for your own sake you should not speak of him on the eve of marriage, as you are, with a good man.'

Lillian looked up, with heavy sorrow-laden eyes. 'Jocelyn never harmed you, aunt.'

'Does he tell me that?' cried Mrs. Lancelotti excitedly. 'I know better. Why was his pistol found beside my poor boy, if it was not his hand that did that vile deed? As for the verdict, I thought nothing of it. The shot killed him—he would have faded but for that. And Thurlstone knew it—that is why he fled. The verdict has never reached me, Lillian. Thurlstone thought of Poppy and held her peace.'

'I am sure you will think differently of Jocelyn one day, aunt; but all she said, that's not likely on me—his name is a horror to me. I don't like to hear his name, and I don't like to see his picture. I don't like to see his name, and I don't like to see his picture. I don't like to see his name, and I don't like to see his picture.'

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The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20th, 1880

—Every few days the newspapers of the world chronicle some fearful event by land or water. The year so far has a dark record to show. Fa-

mines, shipwrecks, railway collisions, collisions, defective structures, wars and rumors of wars, have all added their ghastly quota, and written with hands of blood a long list of victims who have been suddenly called away to join the "innumerable caravan" either by God's mysterious visitations, or the result of purely unavoidable accident, or else as in many cases through the most criminal neglect of duty. The latter is exemplified in several steamboat collisions and in the horrible Tule Bridge disaster, by which so many valuable lives were lost, resulting from the defective work in the iron columns supporting the bridge.

Disasters have become so common that unless they are of a peculiarly terrible nature or else they happen close at home, they excite scarcely more than a word of comment. We read them from a theoretical standpoint and commence to speculate about the cause, whether such and such a thing could not have been avoided and so on; we will look over the list of victims; but generally thought goes but little beyond immediate details, and the misery that living fathers, mothers, sisters, brothers, wives, husbands and friends, have to endure in suffering patience over hopes blighted, love surrendered, the bread-winner suddenly laid low in death, and over the sweet baby faces now so white and still, all this we scarcely dwell upon; nor do we read with more than a passing thrill of compassion of the colliery disasters that are of all too frequent occurrence in the "mother country; but if such accidents come to our very doors as it does to the people of St. John in the mining calamity chronicled in another column, then the full extent of such horrors opens before our eyes. Purses strings are loosened, sympathy wells up, and all do what they can to alleviate the suffering of these poor people so suddenly deprived of their stay and support. By this colliery accident six men were cut down in the mine of life and leave thirty-one persons in more or less indigent circumstances. Messrs. Conard & Co., of Halifax, have inserted a notice in the "Morning Chronicle" to the charitable inclined, soliciting subscriptions for the bereaved families; and it is sincerely to be hoped that the worthy object sought will be accomplished.

The Canal Mill at Middleton.

Our reporter visited the above mill on Thursday last, when it was in full blast; a load of cane was on the ground, and in course of grinding, while one vat or pan was full of sap.

The mill is a simple contrivance composed of two rollers, about eleven inches in diameter, in a stout wooden frame, fringed with cog-wheels; it is driven by one horse, and has a capacity of about twenty-five gallons per hour. It is only a temporary arrangement, got up simply to test the experiment, and Messrs. Milne & Roper deserve the thanks of the community for having, at considerable expense and loss of time, started the mill merely for the purpose of introducing the manufacture and benefiting the county. The boiling pans are about 6 x 24 feet, there are two of them, each holding about 80 gallons. While our reporter was on the ground he decided to remain and see the whole operation. The cane was the property of Mr. Solomon Drew of Nictaux, and had been hauled from his farm to the mill, a distance of four miles. Mr. Drew raised about one fourth of an acre of cane and the land brought to mill was about one third of the gross product, which, when ground yielded 132 gallons of sap. When the sap was put into the pans it contained sufficient acid to change litmus paper to a dull pink or red color, but on the application of a certain quantity of milk of lime the acid was completely neutralized, and then the fire was started under the pans and the process of concentrating the sap into syrup commenced. The 132 gallons were boiled down to 10 gallons of excellent syrup, as heavy as good Porto Rico molasses. When the sap was placed in the pans it was of a bright green color, but the boiling changed it to a beautiful transparent brown. The syrup tastes much like the old English treacle which used to be imported when we were boys.

The yield from Mr. Drew's cane was extraordinary. It is seldom that so large a quantity of syrup can be had from so small a quantity of cane. It is equal to 228 gallons per acre. Whether it was owing to the quality of the soil on which it was grown or the heavy crop raised, we do not know, but we understand that some crops did not yield half as well. When our people get to understand the cultivation of the plant thoroughly, and a first class mill is obtained, we have no doubt that 200 gallons of syrup per acre will be no unusual thing. Mr. Drew assured our reporter that the cane can be raised as easily as maize, and he did not know but it might be even a surer crop.

London, Sept. 25.—The following are quotations for Canadian and American apples for the week: Baldwins, (with color) 20s. to 24s. 6d. Baldwins (with color) 15s. to 18s. Greenings 13s. to 16s. 3d. Fall Pippins 13s. to 17s. Ribston do. 15s. to 20s. Hubbardsons 14s. to 18s. Blush Pips 16s. to 20s. Kings 18s. to 25s. Romeas 20s. to 25s. Vandereers 20s. to 25s. Blue Pearmain 16s. to 18s. 6d. Swears 14s. to 18s. Slightly wet 12s. to 13s. 6d. Wet 7s. to 10s.

—The Republicans won in both States of Ohio and Indiana.

LOCAL AND GENERAL EDITORIAL ITEMS.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—By proclamation in the "Royal Gazette" Wednesday, Nov. 3rd, has been appointed Thanksgiving day for Nova Scotia.

—We have received the price list of the Paradise Agricultural Society, but will have to lay it over our next issue, as it arrived too late to give it a place in our columns this week.

—A great jam of logs has taken place at Grand Falls, N. B. The spectacle is said to be magnificent and hundreds of people have collected to witness it.

—The apple crop this year is fully an average one. In some orchards the yield is very large, for instance, Mr. William Miller, of Clarence will pack 1400 barrels for export.

—The worst storm ever known in Southern Minnesota and Eastern Dakota commenced last week and raged for several days. Passenger and freight trains were blocked in snow drifts from 10 to 12 feet deep. The wind blew at the rate of 60 or 70 miles an hour. The number of disasters will probably be many.

—The Sultan has at last succumbed, and Dulcigno is in the hands of the Montenegrins without their striking a blow. The next difficulty to be settled is the Greek claim, which is also a frontier one. England backed Montenegro, and France backed Greece, and the result is yet in the future.

—We live to eat and eat to live, and in order that you may live long and run no risk of being poisoned by German Silver Spoons, call at the jewelry and silver plate establishment of J. E. Sanction's, and inspect his fine assortment of new patterns of all kinds of tea and table spoons, knives and forks, castors and cake baskets. li

—A St. John, N. B. despatch of the 18th says:—The Weather Bureau notifies us of a coming hurricane of great severity; its course appears to be in a North Easterly direction, and is now centered between Buffalo and Cleveland. It is believed that the gale will pass through Northern New England and spend its force in the Maritime Provinces.

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From the Journal we condense the following in regard to the Annapolis Agricultural Exhibition which was held on Wednesday last.

The exhibition was held in spite of the overcast weather. The cattle exhibit was very good except in one or two sections; horses not remarkable; poultry, fair; swine, none at all; domestic manufactures, highly creditable; butter, excellent; dairy cheese, inferior, owing in all probability to the wet of the factory; articles ruling the market, fruit, roots and vegetables first-rate; cereals, peas, beans, etc., good. Manufacturers did not respond to inducements held out to them to exhibit their productions except in one or two instances. What was shown were very creditable specimens of workmanship.

Below is a list of the successful competitors.

CLASS FIRST—HORSES.

Best Brood Mare and Colt, 1st prize, Dinok Whitehead; 2nd, Samuel Saunders; 3rd, J. H. Whitehead; 4th, J. H. Whitehead; 5th, J. H. Whitehead; 6th, J. H. Whitehead; 7th, J. H. Whitehead; 8th, J. H. Whitehead; 9th, J. H. Whitehead; 10th, J. H. Whitehead; 11th, J. H. Whitehead; 12th, J. H. Whitehead; 13th, J. H. Whitehead; 14th, J. H. Whitehead; 15th, J. H. Whitehead; 16th, J. H. Whitehead; 17th, J. H. Whitehead; 18th, J. H. Whitehead; 19th, J. H. Whitehead; 20th, J. H. Whitehead; 21st, J. H. Whitehead; 22nd, J. H. Whitehead; 23rd, J. H. Whitehead; 24th, J. H. Whitehead; 25th, J. H. Whitehead; 26th, J. H. Whitehead; 27th, J. H. Whitehead; 28th, J. H. Whitehead; 29th, J. H. Whitehead; 30th, J. H. Whitehead; 31st, J. H. Whitehead; 32nd, J. H. Whitehead; 33rd, J. H. Whitehead; 34th, J. H. Whitehead; 35th, J. H. Whitehead; 36th, J. H. Whitehead; 37th, J. H. Whitehead; 38th, J. H. Whitehead; 39th, J. H. Whitehead; 40th, J. H. Whitehead; 41st, J. H. Whitehead; 42nd, J. H. Whitehead; 43rd, J. H. Whitehead; 44th, J. H. Whitehead; 45th, J. H. Whitehead; 46th, J. H. Whitehead; 47th, J. H. Whitehead; 48th, J. H. Whitehead; 49th, J. H. Whitehead; 50th, J. H. Whitehead; 51st, J. H. Whitehead; 52nd, J. H. Whitehead; 53rd, J. H. Whitehead; 54th, J. H. Whitehead; 55th, J. H. Whitehead; 56th, J. H. Whitehead; 57th, J. H. Whitehead; 58th, J. H. Whitehead; 59th, J

General News.

The export business in apples from New York continues unusually extensive. It is estimated that 100,000 barrels leave that port for Liverpool alone during the current month, beside which a great many are shipped from the Northern part of the State via Montreal, and a great many more are going via Boston. An extraordinary fact is that apples are being shipped to the West Indies and South America.

The Supreme Court of Fredericton gave judgment Friday in the Tower case. All the judges except the Chief Justice in dissenting. The conviction of the Captain ordered to be quashed on two points concerning the cross-examination of Judge Palmer as to contents of papers not in evidence. Mr. Thompson, on behalf of the prosecution, gave notice of an appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada. There is to be another argument before the Court before the case goes to Ottawa. The court set for the prosecution say that the end is not yet come.

The Hyde Estate.—A New York paper publishes the report of the annual meeting for the election of the trustees of the Hyde Association, held in that city on the 6th inst., when a Board was chosen as follows: N. D. Morgan, George Montague, J. H. Buryer, H. C. Paine, H. Pomeroy, R. N. Lyon, Joel W. Hyde, C. S. Quimby and James H. Hyde. Two lawyers, representing the branches of the Hyde family in the United States, are now in London. The work of collecting evidence is being pushed forward rapidly, as the legal time for presenting the claim expires December 31, 1880.

W. M. C., of Bloomfield, Kings County, N. B., writes to the Sun:—I think that I can give the readers of your paper a lesson on what growing, match for any paper, and an still of the opinion that broad casting wheat is not right, so I thought that outside of my broadcast I would try a small quantity of drill. I ploughed and furrowed out a small piece, the same as I would for potatoes, only about 18 or 20 inches, put in the manure the same, then sowed the seed, and covered it lightly. I sowed two quarts on 12 square rods, and from that I raised two-and-a-half bushels of good wheat, which I think is forty bushels to one bushel, or thirty-two and a half to the acre. Beat that if you can. If anyone does I will try it again.

YARMOUTH.—The growth of wheat in Yarmouth County the past year has been something almost marvellous, if we take into account the unusually neglected production of that cereal. We are informed, on reliable authority, that the yield of wheat in Yarmouth County during the season cannot fall short of 12,000 bushels, and this means 2,400 barrels of flour, which again means a cash value of nearly \$15,000. The growth of land, and the fact that the soil is so fertile, has been such an extent that the expectation is that these grains will show a very large yield. The quality of the wheat is also of a high order, and it is expected that the yield of this season has already been pronounced upon, and compares favorably with that of any country. The facilities for threshing, cleaning and elevating the grain have been greatly increased by the erection of a first-class mill in the centre of the town, where it is run by steam power, and has been in operation for some time, for the last six weeks. It is estimated that this mill, alone, will thresh and prepare for bread, at least 15,000 bushels of grain.

The Fictus Standard devotes a portion of its space to reporting the "Fruits of the season." Following are a few instances:—William McDonald, Brookfield, West River, planted last spring one and one-quarter bushels Lost Nation wheat. The yield was 25 bushels. Allan A. Ferguson sowed 1/2 bushels Red Fennel wheat last spring, and had a yield of 68 bushels. Donald King, Hardwood Hill, sowed eleven grains of oats four years ago, of a new and unknown variety, picked up at the Provincial Exhibition. That harvest he saved the grain, planting it the following spring. This he continued doing, and his result this fall was 42 stocks. The oats weighed 46 lbs. to the bushel—the common weight from 28 to 34—were cut as early as August 14, were perfect in shape and color, and yielded 20 bushels for each bushel sown. We do not deem it necessary to enlarge on these facts. They speak for themselves. What folly it is, in the presence of such, for people to be forever running down the agricultural capabilities of Nova Scotia—for our young farmers to be constantly seeking for new Canans in the West.

—Speaking of the 20,000 emigrants to Western Kansas who are suffering famine on account of the repeated loss of their crops in that rainless, drought-stricken territory, the New York Herald remarks:—When will railway companies and land swindling real estate agents cease sending farmers to Western Kansas and other parts of the Far West, where no man can raise crops enough to keep himself from starvation? A large portion of the western country between the ninety-ninth and one hundredth meridian and the Rocky Mountain is rainless; scientists have said so for years, and so have weather reports and Government documents (and the sad experience of farmers). Crops cannot be raised without irrigation, either natural or artificial, and yet thousands of families have been persuaded to risk their life upon these arid plains, and thousands more will go there every year if glib-tongued persuasion can get them there. If any man or company were to make a business of persuading people to jump into the river or blow their brains out there would be a speedy increase of our jail population; why should it be permissible to coax men to locate on lands where death from famine can only be averted by public charity?

—Ireland is a country full of strange contradictions. Notwithstanding the privation of last year—the period of so much want and suffering—the total addition to the Irish Savings Banks deposits in 1879 amounted to \$7,086,945. This is the largest increase in any year on record. Only two counties show a decrease, and these are not in the distressed districts. But where the distress was said to be the greatest, there the deposits in the bank were the largest. During the period of greatest privation, the former half of last year, the deposits were of larger amount than when the suffering was less. One-third of the addition came from districts said to have been in the greatest need. There is an evident conclusion to be drawn from these facts. Famine must have been a source of profit to very many, who, during the most oppressive torments, have thus been enabled to save up treasures in the Post-office Savings Bank. Now that better times are looming we fear that privation and hunger will not prove so remunerative to those who have hitherto thrived on organized benevolence.—S. American Journal.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

Thyemyo, Oct. 12.—King Theban, roused arrogant by the easy success of the rebel leader Pao, Nyoungoko, has been preparing to make war on the British. Over 1,000 Burmese troops have arrived at the frontier, and 1,000 more are expected. A message is also expected from the King, demanding indemnity from the British for the losses of the Burmese subjects from Nyoungoko's expedition, or from troops immediately across the frontier. Two companies of infantry have been ordered to protect the exposed village... Cutting Oct. 16.—The late Prince Nikita's body guard, that military, is supposed from this that the army of the Russian Emperor has been ordered to submit to the Sultan's will... Castleboro, Oct. 18.—Admiral Seymour has been instructed to inform Montenegro, and ask Montenegro to enter into negotiations with Russia, on the result of which will depend the future of the Balkan Peninsula. Oct. 16.—It is rumored that Earl Dufferin will succeed G. J. Goschen as British Ambassador to Turkey... New York, Oct. 16.—The New York Herald, Oct. 16, is assuming serious proportions. Some five thousand mill and factory operatives are out of employment, and think, privately, from drought. To-morrow it is expected that the rest of the industries will be stopped, and the city will be totally without work. The city is suffering from this great calamity. To-day... Cape Town, Oct. 14.—The Basutos have sacked and burned the Government offices at Matieling, with a small force, is besieged at Matieling. Reinforcements are on the way.

President Hayes. The validity of Mr. Hayes' title may always be questioned, and his administration is being questioned in many places by the people. The fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tackett & Billings with their well known Navy Tobacco. The fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tackett & Billings with their well known Navy Tobacco. The fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tackett & Billings with their well known Navy Tobacco.

THE CANADA TEMPERANCE ACT.—Volting on the Canada Temperance Act takes place in Digby County on the 8th of November, and that county then takes the lead in substituting the Act to the choice of the people, although they are moving in the matter.

if the public are fairly and faithfully dealt with they will come to appreciate it sooner or later. The fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tackett & Billings with their well known Navy Tobacco. The fact is well illustrated in the experience of Messrs. Tackett & Billings with their well known Navy Tobacco.

A fearful Railroad Accident. PITTSBURGH, Oct. 9.—Midnight.—A terrible accident occurred here to-night on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Wall's accommodation train, which left Greensburg at 23rd street, where the riots occurred four years ago. Both trains were filled with passengers, and crowded with goods.

THE THREAT.—Brown's Bronchial Trochee is used with advantage to alleviate Croup, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough. For thirty years these Trochees have been in use, with annually increasing favor. They are not new, and are not a cheap imitation of the original, but are a genuine article for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the best remedies of the age.

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Farmers' Market, Halifax.

Table listing various agricultural products and their prices, including Butter, Eggs, and various types of meat.

New York, Oct. 16.—The World's London correspondent writes from Germany that Austria has entered into a private agreement not to exert any further pressure upon the Porte provided it could give up the Balkans, and, consequently, if Gladstone now persists in his policy it will be in alliance with Russia only. The leading supporters of Gladstone are giving up the idea, privately, of course, that war is almost inevitable at a very early date, probably in the spring of 1881. The Greeks are determined to go to the aid of the Sultan at all hazards, and cost, and Gladstone is as resolute in his determination to help them, while Turkey will yield no more—indeed, can yield no more.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

John Dunn, Port Lorne, \$1.50; Chas. Oakes, New Albany, 85c.; Mrs. McKenna, Bridgetown, 25c.; G. B. Davison, Bridgetown, 1.50; W. H. Troop, Granville, 25c.; Wm. Cummings, Dalhousie, 23c.; Isaac W. Healey, Round Hill, 1.50; J. A. McLean, Charlottetown, 1.50; J. H. Hector, Hector McLean, Orange Court House, Va. 2.00; Timothy Brooks, Bridgetown, 1.00; Jessie Dodge, Bellisle, 50c.; Wm. Chipman, Charlottetown, 1.00; Henry Foster, U. S. Mail, 75c.; Russel Hicks, Bridgetown, 1.50; John Dunn, Hampton, 75c.; Wm. Crisp, Paradise, 1.50; Walter Healey, 1.50; Thomas D. Baker, Margareville, 1.50; Isaac Falco, Margareville, 1.50.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

No people in the world suffer as much with Dyspepsia as Americans. Although they have an extensive knowledge of medicine, they fail to accomplish a certain and sure remedy for this disease and its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Head-ache, Water-brash, Sick headache, Constipation, Palpitation of the Heart, Liver Complaint, coming up of the food, low spirits, general debility, etc., yet since the introduction of Gass's American Dyspepsia they believe there is no case of Dyspepsia that cannot be immediately relieved. 50,000 dozen sold last year.

COUGH.—Brown's Bronchial Trochee is used with advantage to alleviate Croup, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough. For thirty years these Trochees have been in use, with annually increasing favor. They are not new, and are not a cheap imitation of the original, but are a genuine article for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the best remedies of the age.

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New Advertisements.

Notice to Apple Shoppers!

THE undersigned, to offer facilities to the Fruit Growers for disposing of their Apples in the English Markets, have arranged to receive consignments of apples from the West, transhipment expenses, and ocean freight, rendering account sales to shippers as soon as received. Charges per bbl. from Richmond Station to Liverpool, covering Marine Insurance, and all transportation Expenses would be \$1.15 when sent direct on board Steamer, \$1.20 if stored and returned to Steamer. If apples are sold in London the carriage from Liverpool to London would be arranged on the most favorable terms. The above rates apply only to lots of 50 barrels and upwards. Apples would be forwarded by Allan Steamers fortnightly as under for Liverpool, and every Saturday after commencing in December. To have room engaged by any special Steamer, shippers would require to apply to the undersigned at least 10 days before departure, otherwise Fruit would be shipped by first Steamer after arrival in which case could be reshipped for fortnightly Steamer, and on the Thursday for weekly Steamer. This route offers the quickest and most direct transit to Liverpool and London, about ten days to Liverpool or a fortnight to London. Every consignment should be distinctly marked and barrels in good shipping order. STEAMERS SAIL: "CASPIAN" OCT. 20TH. "NOVA SCOTIA" NOV. 5TH. "HIBERNIAN" NOV. 23RD. and so on. None but best quality of Fruit will be packed, and should be packed by shippers, and well looked after. Should shipments wish to be made to Glasgow, consignments should probably be made to ship by the Glasgow Steamers from Halifax, via Boston as soon as room is applied for when rates will be quoted. Apply to S. CUNARD & CO. Halifax, N. S., Oct. 1st, 1880. 5130

FOR FALL TRADE, 1880.

CLARK, KEHR & THORNE. IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE 1500 Boxes Window Glass, 5 TONS PUTTY. 50 bbls. Paint Oil, 10 Tons White and Col'd Paints, 10 bbls. Turpentine, 500 boxes Horse Nails, 75 kegs Horse Shoes, 500 Pairs Hack Saddles, 300 dozen Axes. 225 Bundles Shovels, 2 Casks Miner's Tools, 5 Tons Cables Chains, assorted, 10 Casks Horse Traces, 50 Bundles Hay Wire, 250 dozen Fall Cocks, 30 Casks Barr Linterns, 20 Casks Axle Grease, 20 Casks Axe Handles, 75 kegs Buck Saws & Frames, 250 Coils Rope, 25 Casks Cotton & Wool Cord, 800 dozen Pocket Knives, 1200 Cans Knives, 200 Rolls Sheeting Paper, 200 bbls. Pitch, 15 bbls. Rosin, 20 Casks Zinc, 10 Tons Grindstones, 100 Casks Clinch Nails, 2 Casks Spoons, 2 Casks Ink, 2 Casks Soap, 2 Casks Dressing & Fine Combs, 2 Casks Tin Traps, 2 Casks Files, 250 Bgs Shot, 500 M. Gun Caps, 100 Kegs Sporting Powder, 150 Kegs Blasting Powder.

SMALL WARES.

Remember the place—Old Stand of Messrs. J. & F. Burpee & Co., 81 & 83 Prince Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Fall Goods.

WE HAVE NOW OPENED, and are showing a large and elegant stock of DRY GOODS. Consisting in part of GRAY COTTONS, from 8c. to 14c. WHITE SHIRTING, from 9c. to 16c. Fancy Prints, Pompadour Prints, Fancy Dress Goods, in great Variety, Black Velvet & Velveteens in latest Colors, Cloth, Coatings and Tweeds, Ladies' Saques, Ulsters, Shawls, Ready-made Clothing, Boots & Shoes, SMALL WARES in great Variety.

Millinery Goods.

A First-Class Milliner. ALSO—our usual stock of GROCERIES, &c., &c. The whole comprising a stock second to none in the city, and at the lowest prices. And as we are determined now as in the past to maintain our reputation as we have engaged the services of

Cheap Cash Store

at Middleton Corner. Those purchasing from us will find our prices as low as CAN BE FOUND. S. I. FREEMAN & CO. Middleton, Sept. 28th, 1880.

New Advertisements.

Selling Off, Selling Off!

IN THANKING our many patrons for their support for the last five years, we would call their attention to the following announcement:— WE OFFER THE WHOLE OF OUR SHELF HARDWARE Oils, Large and Small Strap Hinges, and other items in Hardware too numerous to attend to. AT COST FOR CASH. Farming Implements. A LARGE LOT AT COST. BOOTS, SHOES, Etc., At 10 Per Cent. Discount. GROCERIES AND OTHER GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

NOTICE

Owing to making a change in our business, we request all standing accounts and note balances due us up to JULY 1st, 1880, to be paid or satisfactorily arranged. BY 1ST OCTOBER, NEXT, and on all accounts from July 1st, if paid in 30 days, We will Allow Five per cent. Discount. MURDOCH & CO. Bridgetown, August, 1880. J. G. H. PARKER, BARRISTER AT LAW, CONVEYANCER, and REAL ESTATE AGENT. Practice in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to. OFFICE—Fitz Roy's new BUILDING, Bridgetown.

H. B. SAUNDERS, Photograph Artist.

I'S NOW IN PORT GEORGE with his Photograph Camera, and is prepared to take the tinting and photographs in first-class style at reasonable rates. Call early as his stay is limited to a week or two. July 2d, 1880. 13129

COAL.

500 TONS OF REAL GENUINE OLD SYDNEY MINE COAL. Expected to arrive per Brig. "ELLEN G." about 15th SEPTEMBER, for which a certificate will be produced on arrival of vessel. All parties wishing the same will please leave orders AT ONCE. A. W. Corbett & Son. Annapolis, Aug. 18th, '80.

DENTISTRY.

FRIMROSE BROS., Bridgetown and Lawrentown. MECHANICAL AND OPERATIVE DENTISTRY promptly attended to in all its branches. June 9th, '80. 6m

EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE.

Strong Iron Axles and Springs. Apply to GILBERT HILL, or COX BROTHERS, Bridgetown, August 17th, 1880. 13147

SUGARS!

J. & W. F. HARRISON have just received 75 BLS. GRANULATED SUGAR; 25 B. BOXES PARIS LUMPS; Redpath's 25 B. IN STORE and to arrive by first Steamer from Glasgow and Liverpool. 60 CASKS R. S. Sugar, part very choice quality. 1 CASK Barbadoes Sugar, bright and dry; 2800 Bbls. Flour principally first ground. Favorite Brands, 1200 Bbls. Good K. D. Meal, 150 Bbls. New York and Boston Meas. Pork, which they offer at lowest market rates. St. John, June 30th, 1880.

GARD.

Dr. E. N. Payzant, MIDDLETON, N. S. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE at Mrs. Dr. HARDING'S, MIDDLETON, N. S.

G. W. Gunter, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE at Mrs. Dr. HARDING'S, MIDDLETON, N. S.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.

Iron and Steel, Ass'd. Sizes, Hoop Iron and Rivets; Horse Shoe Nails; Nails and Spikes—Ass'd. Sizes, Sleigh Shoe Bolts, &c.; Sheet Roofing, Zinc, Various Colors, Ready Mixed; Planed Clapboards, and Sawed Shingles. AGENT FOR New England Boston Paint Co.'s Paints; Walter Wilson, Saw Manufacturer, St. John, N. B.; Honey's Patent Fanning Mill, H. FRASER.

WANTED.

10,000 DOZ. EGGS, at 15 cents per 100 doz. pr. SOCKS, at 20 cents per pair. J. W. BECKWITH. Bridgetown, Oct. 9th, 1880.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ANNAPOLIS SS., In the Supreme Court, 1880, IN EQUITY. CAUSE: LEANDER R. MORSE and JAMES A. MORSE, Executors and Trustees of David MORSE, deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. EDWARD C. YOUNG and ELIZABETH YOUNG, Defendants. TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, By the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, in front of C. C. Dodge's Hotel, Middleton, ON SATURDAY, 20th of November, next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made hereon at the 6th day of October, A. D. 1880, unless before the sale the amount due the plaintiff on the mortgage sought to be foreclosed herein, together with interest and costs be paid to the plaintiff, or his attorney, or to the said Sheriff, or into this Honorable Court, or as the Court may order.

LAND.

All the estate, right, title, interest, claim and equity of redemption of the above named defendants, in, to and out of the following described lot, piece and parcel of Situate, lying and being in the township of Clements, in the County of Annapolis, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the south east corner of land owned by Kinsman Kelly, and running easterly to the line of the line seven and a half chains, thence northerly at right angles one hundred and fifty-one chains, thence westerly at right angles seven and a half chains, thence southerly to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, together with the buildings and appurtenances, saving and excepting one and a half acre, owned and occupied by Moses Young.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ANNAPOLIS SS., In the Supreme Court, 1880, IN EQUITY. CAUSE—SAMUEL PICKUP, Plaintiff, vs. ELIZABETH HARRIET METZGER, and JAMES HENRY METCALF, Defendants. TO BE SOLD AT Public Auction, By the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, in front of the Court House, Annapolis, ON SATURDAY, the 13th day of November, next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made hereon at the 4th day of October, A. D. 1880, unless before the sale the amount due to the Plaintiff on the mortgage sought to be foreclosed herein, together with interest, and costs be paid to the Plaintiff, or his attorney, or to the said Sheriff, or into this Honorable Court, or as the Court may order.

LAND.

All the estate, right, title, interest, claim and equity of redemption of the above named defendants, in, to and out of the following described lot, piece and parcels of Situate, lying and being in the Township of Clements, in the County of Annapolis, bounded and described as follows: Commencing on the southern side of the post road, leading from Annapolis to Clamport, at the entrance to the Byrnes road, so called, thence running northerly, along said Byrnes road, seventy-five chains, to the base line, thence running north, sixty-seven degrees east, along said base line, nine chains and fifteen links to a stake, thence running north one degree and thirty minutes east, one hundred and three chains, and eighty links across said post road, to a stake, thence running north one degree and thirty minutes east, five hundred and three chains, and eighty links across said post road, to a stake, thence running south-westerly, along said river, to James Potter's east line, thence south, eighty-nine degrees, east, one chain and twenty links, to the eastern corner of said school lot, thence southerly along the eastern line of said school lot one chain and seventy-five links to the post road at a well containing ninety-three acres, more or less.

LAND.

All that other piece or parcel of land, situate in Clements, aforesaid, and bounded as follows: that is to say, commencing at the south west angle of James Potter's line, thence running northerly along James Potter's line to the dyke wall, thence westerly along the dyke wall until it comes in range of the fourth ditch, enclosing three acres, more or less, thence southerly along said ditch to land owned by James B. Harris, thence northerly, and easterly, along said Harris's line to the place of beginning, containing five acres, more or less—saving and excepting one and a half acre, owned and occupied by Moses Young.

GARD.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of deed, or as ordered thereof. PETER DONNETT, High Sheriff. J. G. H. PARKER, Plffs. Atty. Annapolis, Oct. 9th, A. D. 1880. 13140

