## WHAT RECIPROCITY MEANS

A STRONG APPROVAL OF THE RECI procity agreement in western Canada will mean much more than a better price to the farmERS FOR THEIR PRODUCE. IT WILL MEAN THAT THE ORGANIZED FARM ERS HAVE DEMONSTRATED THAT they are a power in the land. THEY, WILL HAVE SHOWN THAT THEY KNOW WHAT THEY WANT, AND HOW TO GET IT. AFTER THE RATIFICATION OF THE RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT NO government will dare to refuse FREE TRADE IN AGRICULTURAL IMplements and eventual free TRADE WITH THE MOTHER LAND.

## AUG. 23, 1911

A WEEKLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WESTERN FARMERS

5c. A COPY

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

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## The coma duixe



Volume IV.
August 23, 1911
Number 4

## 

 tain in the arrangement suggested, con sequently, should not oceur, if Fr
## From the colonial point of view, the

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ peaceably among European powers, ex Boer states. The Boer war ended the dream of Kruger; Liberia has remained of the United States; Abyssinia is still independent because it would be tod in the last gasp of independence, it ap
pears, and its destiny inevitably reopen the old question of Africa's partition.
On the present basis Britain approximately controls 32 per cent of the con
tinent, and France 33 per cent, while be unwise to partition Mory have
great extent, although it may have
be done in a small degree to satisf

Mr. Scallion’s Call to the Farmers

 also in the interests of the great body of the common people. We pressed for these
measures on the Premier of Canada when he toured the West last sumer measures on the Premier of Canada when he toured the West last summer. We pressed
for them on the floor of the House of Commons last December. We pressed for them on the leader of the opposition during his recent visit to the West. We stood together itrespective of our political party leanings, in demanding the enactment of those meas ures because we considered them to be in the interests of fair play and for the common
good: We were in hopes that those reasonable demands of ours would be dealt with good: We were in hopes that those reasonable demands of ours would be dealt with by our representatives in Parliament on their merits and from a non-partizan stand
point, but the beneficiaries of privilege have ordered otherwise point, but the bencficharies of privilege have ordered ofterwis
One of the measures asked for, to my mind the most important of them all
reciprocity is now offered us, but the forces of privilege and all the interests that a determined to hold their grip on the people, have forced this simple, common-sense trade agreement into political party strife. Their purpose is plain, they expeet to divide us on party lines and conquer us as they have done in the past. We have done good divided and conquered again by those interests that never sleep?
Those beneficiaries of special privilege and governmental favoritism are always
at work. There is no division in their ranks With at work. There is no division in their ranks. With them politics is a business, because
they try to make government a busmess asset, and you know how well they have succeeded up to the present time. The government they cannot use they defeat, if they can, as they are trying to do now. Before they give their favor to a political party
they must know the tendency of the leaders of that party. Before they give their support to a candidate for office, they must know how that candidate stands upon every
public question affecting their interests. They tell us that this trade agreement that pubic question affecting their interests. They tell us that this trade agreement that
we have pressed for will lead to annexation, to the destruction of our fiscal independence to the disruption of the Empire, etc, etc. Do they think that we do not know better;
They insult our intelligence, our Canadian and British manhood by resorting to such baseless and ridiculous arguments in trying to deceive us. We have history and experience in favor of reciprocity. They have nothing but imagination and speculation to support their predictions of rain. Montreal and sigoed by some Ieading Canadian citizens, among them John Abbott afterwards Sir John Abbott, who for a short time was Premier of Canada. But the Elgin reciprocity treaty which was entered into shortly afterwards with the Vnited States was the cause of such prosperity in Canada as to entierely do a way withany desire
for ancexation. Why should it be different now? Those interests which are opposing for annexation. Why should it be different now? Those interests which are opposing greater than our trade with all other countries combined, greater last year by over in our tariff. That trade is growing rapidly. Does it show any tendeacy to bring in our tariff. That trade is growing rapidly. Does it show any tendeacy to bring
about those evils and national injuries, predicted by the interests. If the restrictions
under which that trade is now carried on were removed, would it not be in re protitable

The I nited States is our great natural market; that market will increase immeasely as time goos on and will prove of tremendous benefit to us as furaishing an outlet for
our rapidly increasing production of food stuffs. That market is offered to us now, poliey on our part to ref
$\qquad$ tions at the poll on the e1st of September, that we were in carnest. The cyes of al o do your duty now, you will be beneath further mate hy any kuwroment or any perty I have been with you in the struggle for economic freedom from the beginning ane conventions, and strike one united and crushing blow for economic freedom and even handed justice.

If we win now, other reform measures will follow. If we fail, we will be in the grip of the interests for years to come

The forcen against us are powerful, but if we beat them the victory will be the more plorions Lat everyone do his duty and we will win out

The Home Bank of Canada
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE
 noum the rate of Six Per Cent. per of The Home Bank of Canada has been declared for the three months ending 31st August, 1911, and the same will be payable at its Head Office and Branche on and after Friday 1st September next The Transfer Books will be closed rom the 17th to 31st August, both day of the Board, AMES MASON, General Manager
Toronto, July 19th, 1911
Western Offices.-Winnipeg, Crysta City, Fernie, B.C., Goodlands, Grand tiow, Lyleton, Moose Jaw, Neepaws, Sintaluta, Welwyn.

## Continual and Increasing Success

When The Great West Life closed
the books mid way through the year, une was the best month on record July was more successful still. August will undoubtedly be the st August on recor

## The year p ther "record."

This suceess has but one explana People see the VALUE of the Examine these Policies

The Great-West Life Assurance Company Head Office - WINNIPEG

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# The Grain Gromers' $\mathfrak{G u i o j e}$ 



## PEOPLE OR PRIVILEGE

Mr. Borden's manifesto issued to the people of Canada gives his reasons for op-
posing reciprocity, and why he is asking the people of Canada to turn down the opportunity which they have been struggling to secure since 1866. The leader of the Opposition accepts the statement of the government that reciprocity is the issue of the election, and is Our readers in looking over the arguments advanced by the Opposition leader will observe that he makes n thrashed out befor during the past few months. Mr. Bor den is a man for whom, personally, the peo-
ple of Canada have the thighest respect, but his trade policy is absolutely bad, and tends to place full power into the hands of the manufacturers and special interests. In his fight against reciprocity the Conservative leader has the very powerful support of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, and that organization contributes very largely to campaign funds for the upholding of protee tion. Then there is the Canadian National League, which is also devoting all its energies to the defeat of reciprocity. This league is fathered by Z. A. Lash, former chicf solicitor of the C.N.R., and now a millionaire director of various trusts and financial institutions. Then there are the leading bankers of the East, who are alse fighting reeiprocity These bankers, like Sir Edmund Walker, take in the money of the Canadian people on deposit at 3 per cent., and then carry it across to the United States and loan it out at a high rate of interest, while Canadian industries and needs may wait. There is free trade in money and it apparently hasn't hürt Sir Edmund's loyalty, but if a farmer sells any. thing across the line he is disloval at once. The manufacturers of Canada believe that in opposing reciprocity they are fighting for the retention of the protective tariff. They be lieve, and rightly, that once the bogus protection is removed from the farmers that it can never be kept for the manufacturer. Coupled with these organizations are the journals influenced by them. The Monetary Times and the Financial Post, two of the leading financial journals in Canada, are opposed to reciprocity because their patrons are opposed to it. The Canadian Century, said to be owned by Sir Max Aitken, the cement merger artist, published a number of articles against reciprocity a few months ago, and then paid high advertising rates to have these articles republished in the country weekly papers throughout Ontario and the Maritime Provinces. These articles were published in t00) of such papers. The cost was enormous Then there is Industrial Canada, the official organ of the Canadian Manufacturers Asso
ciation, and owned entirely by the Associa tion. This paper is making a desperate fight against reciprocity. Then look at the rail way interests. Where are they? The tremendous influence of the Canadian Pacific is thrown against reciprocity, and there is every reason to believe that the Canadian
Northern railway is giving very substantial support to the anti-reciprocity forces. Why this action on the part of the railways? Simply that in Western Canada they have the greatest melon patch, in the high freight rates they are charging, that can be found in the civilized world. They do not want any
other railways to encroach upon their pre sorve. The fight upon the reciprocity agree. ment is in reality a fight between the common people and Special Privilege. If the reciprocity agreement receives a strong ap. proval from the Canadian people, then the organized farmers will be the greatest power
the government to come to terms upon the
rest of their plat form. The government will have a practical demonstration of the powe reciprocity forces are suceessful, what then" All these great forees of Special Privilege that are pouring out their money to defeat reciprocity do not spend their money for ony. Mr. Borden is an upright and sts man, but if these special inter soney cat recprocity by the use of the they have created. These manufacturers and financiers will be absolute rulers of the Par liament at Ottawa, if they triumph over the common people at the present time. They will make the tariff laws of Canada in the office of the Canadian Manufacturers' Asso ciation. The tariff will go up instead of down, and the shackles of protectionism will be more closely riveted upon the necks of the Canadian people. These would-be patriot who have flapped the flag and talked about Closer relations with the Mother Country would soon be shown in their true colon They would never permit the slightest redue tion in the duties charged upon imports from Great Britain. If reciprocity is turned down by the Canadian people at this time the move ment for democracy will be set back for :

## Guarter of a century

## HERRON FOR RECIPROCITY

Jotin Herron, who represented Macleod constituency in the House of Commons dur ing the last session, was renominated by the Conservatives for the same constituency last week. At the nomination meeting Mr. Her ron made the following statement in regar to his reciprocity attitude


## any dangers in reciprocty, but I mee enoug

## advantage in its favor. The greatest advan

## io not find it to work to their advantage

Mr. Herron says he will support reci procity because his people know it will be
to their benefit. Mr. Borden says he will not to their benefit. Mr. Borden says he will mo ada were in favor of it. C. A. Magrath o Medicine Hat, says the same thing. A mem ber of parliament is supposed to represent the people who elect him, and not do as he likes. If the leading men in the Conservative party get away from the policy of their party there is no reason why the rest should do so.

## If the journalistic attitude towarde reciper ity counts for anything it is interesting t,

 note that every agricultural journal in Canada, that amounts to anything, is strongly in

SHARPE BELIEVES IN RECIPROCITY

## n April 14, 1990, W. II. Sharpe, M.P. for

 lisgar, Manitoba, made an able address in the House of Commons on the unfair conditions surrounding Western agriculture. He subjected the minister of agriculture to some sharp criticism, and showed how much the Western farmers needed the removal of restrictions. Mr. Sharp sent out a great many copies of Hansard containing his speech to his constituents, and also sent a copy to The Guide. We were so well pleased with it that we published it in The Guide on June 8, 1910. In that speech Mr. Sharpe showed how reeiprocity would benefit the farmers in his constituency. He said:

Could anybody possibly put up a stronger argument in favor of reciprocity? This was only a year ago. Conditions have hardly changed in that time. If reciprocity was worth 13 to 14 eents a bushel on whest, $\$ 10$ to $\$ 20$ an acere in land, $\$ 2.51$ per hundred weight on cattle a year ago, why isn't it worth just as much now? Mr. Sharpe might explain.

The organized farmers have asked for better trade conditions. Reciprocity will give them a great step towards what they asked for, though by no means all of what they deserve. If they now turn down reciprocity what chance will there be of securing any tariff reduction in the next fifteen years. What will happen to the prestige of the organized farmers, if, after forcing the reciprocity question upon parliament they should turn and reject it"

## THE POLICY OF BOTH PARTIES

When the reciprocity agreement was an-
nounced in the House of Commons it was regarded by Canadian people at large as a tremendous boon to the country. It was the successful consummation of the policy
has been adopted by both parties ever since has been adopted by both parties ever since
Confederation. It never was, and never should have been, a question of party polities. If ever there was a single question upon eciprocity It was the polier
Macdonald the policy of Sir John Thompson, Hon. George E. Foster and Sir Charles Tupper. It has been the policy of the Conservative party always. At the gencral election of 1891 Sir appealing to the electors of Antigonish county for

## ber, in appealtng to the country with a policy which we believe will be heartily endorsed by the great majority of the clectors. We have made to the government of the United States proposals for reciprocity in trade, an arrangement by which the markets of the Vnited States will be reopened to the pro-

- Sir John dis all these Conservative statesmen disloyal they were sensible men who were trying secure a trade advantage for them eomentry with a small population twenty years ago how much better for her now with a much larger surplus of natural products for export. Conditions have not changed in the slightest to make reciprocity the less desirable. Let us bring it down to the present time. Hon. F. G. W. Maultain, leader of the Conservative partmittedly one of the ablest Conservatives in Canada, is a strong advocate of reciprocity. He is a man big enough to put principle above party. He knows he is but carrying out the policy which the people of Canada have been pursuing through all time. Then there is John Herron, the Conservative mem-
ber for Macleod, and who was nominated last week again. At his nommation meeting he declared that he was a supporter of reciprocity and would vote for it in parliament. The truth is that reciprocity is the policy of the Liberal party and is, and always has been, the policy of the Conservative party. But when the question came up in Parliament the lead ing bencficiaries of Special Privilege in the Conservative party induced the leaders to oppose it. Mr. Borden is not a man who peoplangly desire to keep the common ment has been over-ruled by the zeal of some of his supporters who have no other desire on earth but to get control of the treasury Are the people of Canada for the mere pur pose of party advantage going to throw asid and prosperity that has come to them in generation?


## WHAT THE FARMERS ASKED FOR

 pomina the entire Farmers' Platform. It would be well for the electors in these constituencies to secure the signature of these gentlemen $t$ sure just what he is voting for. That plat form is as follows, and deserves the support of every man in Western Canada :> Reciprocal free trade between Canada an
the Vnited States in all horticultural, agr cultural and animal products, praying mat terials, fertilizers, illumination, fuel and
ricating oils, cement, fish and lumber. Keciprocal alree trade botween the tw incry, vehicles, and parts of each of these
and, in the event of a favorable arrangemen
being reached, it be carried into effect through

## ernments, rather than by the hard and fast requirements of a treaty.

 Immediate lowering of the duties on all British goods to one half the rates chargedunder the general tariff schedule, whatever that may be; and that any trade advantage
given the Enited States in reciprocal trade
relations be extended to Great Eritain. Such relations be extended to Great Britain. Such
further gradua reductions of the remaining preferential tariff as will ensure the estah ada and the Mother Land within ten years.
That the Hudson Bay railway and all termin al facilities connected therewith be construct-
ed, owned and operated in perpetuity by the
Dominion Government under an independent commission.
That the Dominion Government acquire and ent commission, the terminal elevators at Fort
William and Port Arthur and immediately establish similar terminal facilities and con-
ditions at the Pacific coast, and provide the same at Hudson Bay when neqessary; also
such transfer and other elevators necessary to safeguard the quality of export grain.
That cheap and effective machinery for the incorporation of cooperative societies shall be present session of Parliament.
That aid be given for the inauguration of (co-operative or government owned) chilled gation.
That the railway companies be compelled to lines; that a true physical valuation be made of the railways of Canada, and that rates be based thereon.
Every elector who favors that platform should take a copy of it to his candidate and ask for his signature. Then will it be possible to ascertain just where the candidates stand towards the whole platform

## AN EMINENT AUTHORITY

## The

 dian Club on August 21 was Dr. Jacob Gould shurman, president of Cornell Vniversity: Dr. Schurman is a native of Prince Edward Island, who went to the United States as a young man and since 1892 has been at the head of one of the greatest educational institutions in the world. His subject before the Canadian Club was "The Future of the Anglo-Saxon Race," and incidentally he expressed his hearty approval of the reciprority agreement. On the loyalty and annexation question he was very pronounced. On this subject he saidI cannot resist the conviction that the Canada and the United States is far smaller peratively warrant. I weleome the larger and
freer atmosphere that begins to blow about us. It is a trade agreement equally honorable tions. equally advantageous to both na-enty-four years' residence in the United States than I have heard in twenty-four hours every day since I landed in Vancouver

## lying awake nights forming

(he an
These are the words of a man whe hopes a see Canada and the United States come into closer and mutually beneficial trade relaone of the aso who looks upon Canada as He regards Canada as a nation today, and scouts the suggestion that such a thing as annexation would ever be dreamed of by the serious-minded people of either country.

The Winnipeg Telegram, on Aug. 15, took a hard crack
when it said

## ratitude to the Roton Transerint a dent of

nationalized correspondent. He has shown the chief opponents of reciprocity, a crawling cringing creature at the best, and he has thrown a great flood of light upon the real
meaning of reciprocity and its inevitatle re-

We would never think of using such lan-
guage even towards our opponents. The Tele-
gram, however, speaks very candidly about
its own friends and we cannot therefore chal. lenge its statement.

Speaking in Winnipeg ou Aug. 18, Hon H. Campbell, attorney-general of Mani strongly. He denied that Canada could abro gate the agreement if it proved to be detri mental to Canadian interests. His words
eneal the pact within a year would the people of the United States. It would disturb the business of the United States, and

This is a statement made deliberately by the chief law officer of Manitoba. He enjoys the unique distinction of being the only prominent public man in Canada who has given utterance to such nonsensical ideas. He given utterance to such nonsensical ideas. He
must have been very hard pressed for argument when he stumbled upon that one.

The Toronto News is laboring hard to prove that the reciprocity agreement is a ter ribly bad bargain. But this same journal had a moment of sanity on January 27, 1911 the day after the agreement was announced in the House. On that day The News said:
"It must be admitted that the Washington administration, as a means of relief from
serious political combinations, has conceded

Since that time The News has taken all this back at the dictation of the politicians and financiers who control it

The tremendous labor upheaval in Britain will no doubt result in legislation which will forever prevent a recurrence of such a dis aster. If nations can arbitrate all questions surely labor disputes can be settled in the same manner. There is something wrong when the troops are called out to shoot down their own people in times of peace.

If there is any disloyalty among the Cana dian people it must be among those anti reciprocity forces. They are the only peopl who apparently doubt their own attachment to their country. They need not do any worrying about the loyalty of the peopl who simply want to get a better return for their labors.

If the business of Canada were to be con ducted by Parliament in a business-like way eight weeks would be the extreme limit neces sary for parliamentary sessions. But $\$ 50$; minute amounts to nothing when the politi cians are playing the game at the expense of the people.

It begins to look as though Germany might sign a general arbitration treaty with th Vnited States. If so, this is but the prelude to a similar compact with Great Britain When this triple alliance is consummated vorld peace is assured.

Don't forget that we are sending Th Guide to any address till the end of the year
for 25 cents. If you know of anyone who for 25 cents. If you know of anyone who ized farmers here is a chance to get them in touch with the movement.

If reciprocity will be of no value to the Western farmer then W. H. Sharpe might ex House of Commons last year. Or was that speech just for political purposes?

We get numerous inquiries as to the exact terms of the reciprocity agreement. It has all been published in The Ginide. No journal in Canada has given its readers more com-"To repeal the pac
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


August 23, 1911 THE GRAIN GROWERS, GUIDE

## Canada’s New Wonderland

By JOHN F. COGGSWELL

It has fallen to the lot of the Grand
Trunk Pacific Railway to open up a new
storehouse of wonders, worthy the atten-
tion of not only the Canadian, but the
lovers of Nature of the entire world. This
new playground lies between Edmonton
and Prince Rupert.
Everybody in Canada has heard of the
Yellowhead Pass, through which the
G. T. P has negotiated its passage of the
Rocky Nountains. It has been told and
is a fact that the Pass is the lowest one used by any road through the Rockice,
Canadian or American. This knowledge led many to beliese that the mountainless beantiful and impressive. Those pleasantly surprised. The low level of the road emphasizes the height of the mounCanadian range-and it is true that along this new railway lies scenery uneclipsed. stage of operations, is replete with absolutely new country. Before the right of way was cut this section of Alberta was crossed only by narrow trails; inhabitedonly by wild animals, Indians and a few white men, mostly squaw-men, trappers and prospectors. There was absolutely othing asice foad one way or another The engincers knew their objective point was the Yellowhead Pass. There were ailway to demand the so the survey covered the shortest practicable route When completed it was found that the
road would pass through some of the road would pass through some of than
most beautiful country out of doors.

## Damp at Edson

Then towns were planned. Naturally it was expected that the first divisional
point west of Edmonton would be somepoint west of Edmonton wonld be some-
thing of a town. It was named Edson who has not heard of Edson:- and hat ts founders. Last September there were but a couple of structures in the place
Today over a thousand souls call it home. There are many points in favor there is plenty of room for railroad yards. Tnquestionably it is wet. But the lie
of the land allows of drainage. The small ditches that have already been onstructed have remedied matters to a great extent.
as bad as painted by a member of the
Royal
W. Mounted Police who Royal N. W. Mounted Police, who
remarked to me that they were getting lots of enquiries from the East for men who had disappeared. "I think," he
remarked, "they will find most of them in the muskeg at Edson."

Edson has suffered more than most of the new towns from the subdivision
mania. Those who have purchased lots in the original subdivision placed on the pany have found that their investment was a good one. An Edmonton man
bought two lots on the main business street for $\$ 500$ each. A month or two This was in the eady stages. "I didn't row-boats around and I couldn't swim." with his investment. A short time later a stranger came into his office and offered a thousand apiece for the lots. The than most dabblers in real estate. His question as to whether the stranger had
seen the lots was answered in the affirmaive. "Then," said the Edmontonian, They're yours." The stranger bought
the lots and a week later sold them for two thousand week later sold them for
tho Today the lots

## The Real Estate Graft

 But do not get the idea that there a,e many more such chances in Edson. and all kinds are represented at Edson. It was told me by men in a position toknow that if all the lots offered for sale.


A Distant View of Mount Robson from Grand Forks Valley
dignified by the name of "Edson lots," couple of general stores, several bunk were taken and a family was to reside houses (styled "ram-pastures") and,
on cach, the population of the town above all, a pool room. Any other of would number $1.50,000$. There was a the above requisites to a canvas town
great demand for Edson. lots, and real may be eliminated, but not the pool hall great demand for Edson lots, and real may be eliminated, hut not the pool hall.
estate agents made sure that there were Wherever there is a tent settlement enough to go round. some are ten miles away from the station. The value in which Westerners hold the latter is well illustrated by a little story. A prospector had been out on the right-of-way all
winter and arrived in Edson, on his return trip, last spring:- There he met an old acquaintance " Say, old man," opened
the old acquaintance, " 1 'm awfully hard up for ten dollars. I've got an even dozen lots out in the X subdivision. the me ten dolars and 1 II deed you the matter a few moments and then answered: "No, I can't ho you on that.
But J'll tell you what I'll do. Find me a dozen, fairly fresh, eggs and I'll part with the before-mentioned ten dollars." \% there are sure to be a couple of pool

The Democratic Headquarters the pool room is ever present. There are no bar-rooms on the G.T.P. grade The mounted police have their orders that no intoxicating liquors of any kind shall be sold or given away. On most the natural pathering place for the workmen. They demand a place where all may meet on a common level and conduct themselves as they see fit. The pool room has solved the problem. And, besides, the pool room makes a fine headquarters for the "boot legker," the
illicit purveyor of whisky. There is no


IN THE
Looking North-went from Prairie Cre
writer: "If I had the choice between
the loty and the epgo right now, I think l'd take the "gigs." This is not to be taken as a knock at all Edsong sub
divisions. Lats within a mile or so of divisions. Lots within a mile of so of
the depot are good property, bit those the depot are good property, but those
a way out neve call, and never will amount to anything. It is at Edson
that the now famons Peace River stage that the now famous Peace River stage
makes its connection with the railroad. of the weather is clear, ones first view
of mountains is from Edson. Eighty miles away the peaks of the rangeto the Edson, the track follows the Mclecord River. mall towns have sprung up at Ansell, Bickerdike, Danderund, Galloway, Medicine Lodge and Hargwen, the towns have nothing in them as yet that may be styled a real house. Aside
from log shacks, most of the dwellinge and places of business are of canvas.

## such trade in beer, the large bulk with small results of that commodity rendering

 trade in it unprofitable.This trade is the carse of the "Keep out whisky and bad women, member of the Royal Mounted suid t me, and you keep out trouble On man could police the whole length of the grade as long as both of thene were absent Let them both in at the same time and there's hell to pay." ". writer has had experience on. North Dakota is a temperance state and, theoretically, the towns at the "head of the stee" on new railways through that state should be "dry" But such is not the case, In one North Dakota town on
the coast extennion of the Chicago, Mil the coast extemnion of the Chicago, Mil-
waukee and St. Paul, the mont noticeable wankee and st Panl, the most noticeable building direetly aeross the street from
the depert. On this the village sign
painter had portrayed a swine with no business emblazoned forth on a sign "Blind Pig." And inside, with no was done in all the recognized drinkables

## A Dry Road

There is nothing like that on the G.T.P grade. The police have had their order and
power to stop the trade. And to such an extemt do they shecred. Himl hore in seldom a drumken man seen in any of the new towns, untess it be one that has just returned from Edmonton. Boot-legger
are summarily fined and fined are summarily fined and fined heavily
but so great are the profits of the honsines that there are always some ready "take-a chance." Working with the police in the suppression of the liguer traffic is a veritable army of " whisky spotters." The leaders of these spotters are generally men of integrity, but the rank and file are recruited from the lowest waks of life; men who get drunk at the boot-ckgers invitation; and, then repor the end justifies the means.
The head spotters use no such meane They are in the same relation to the Mounted Police that the plain clothes man is to bee city police foree. They hav police powers and may enter and searel any place without a warrant. They know everybody along the line and make no conceatment of their business. Fs-
pecially do they know suspicions charpecially do they know suspicious char in the business. OC these they keep clase track and know their every keep con In spite of all these precantions a con siderable quantity of "booze" finds it way into the camps. It is shipped in atl manner of disglises, the favorite being in packing cases marked as containing clothing of some character
Epon leaving Hargwen the track digresses from the McLeod valley and the Athabaska. Then the first beauties of the trip unfold themacelve to the traveller. The track is high p upon the south slope of the valley, which is many miles across. The constantly shifting seene reveals broad fertile "flats" and densely wooded spaces lying along " deep, wide river. As many clusters of tents are dignified by the mames Obed
Romaderofifand Pedley Rounder

## Everything High

The present passenger service extends ton. Hinton is a collection of bax mon a restamrant and the inevitable pool room. The writer's most vivid recollection of the place is mud, although he i assured that the vieinity is underlaid with gravel and will be the company',
hase of that mont valuable commodity base of that most valuable commodity three miles west of Hinton. Hece lie located the canvas town that there it located the canvas town that, at the time for the traveller. The trip from Ilinton is made by a bus; in this case a common, springless wagon, with seat fitted along
the sides. There were twelve in the bus koing over. The were twelve in the bin koing over. The driver covered the din
tance in half an hour and at the destimation each patsenger was relieved of a dollar with the cout if travellink to ang one hed of living. Thee are three bus lines operating between Hinton and Prairo ereck cach hastling for passengers at fifty cent a ride. One of the traction kingn driving a bus was seized with the desirability of a "kentlemen's ayreement." He ap proached the other two magnatos with a proposition to charge a dollar a trip and and the price was boonted. They labored in vain with the third. Their Haubur ar gument wan, "You'll never see thene people again so you might as well get all you can out of them
He answered their nupplications with. "By Gee, you charge me a dollar to ride three miles in a bum wagon and you
wouldn't see tme akain either " That wouldn't see the again either." That tion busimens: He still charked fifty eents

## Mr.Borden's Manifesto

 Previous to hin departure for LondonOn Augunt is, to popen hin campaign,
R. I. Borden issued astatement as follown
to the people of Canada:to the peopleof Canada
"When Parliament wax suddenly dis-
nolved on the zath of July, I issued a short
ntatement touching the circumatancen statement touching the carcumstances
under which that dissolution had take.n
place. It now becomen my duty to, indi-
cate the insues which prenent themedven
fordecixion. fordecsion "In renisting the government's proponal
for reciprocal trade with the I nited that the majority munt rule. End
our yyntem of government the minority
in Parliament in in some nemse the gurdian of the people's rights. It is clear that the
late Parliament never received any man-
date to surrender to the I mited States corenequence which. follows from the
reciprocity compact. With firm heart
we have taken a stand that the people,
and not a temporary Parliamentary and not a
majority, shall kive an answer which
munt determine the future destiny of this Dmat determine the fucure destiny That
Dominion and of this Empire. That
position needs no apology, and we offer

What Surrender Mcans

 summarized:- It tends to segregate and
separate the provinces of Canada which
confederation aimed to unite, and it thu tion. It shatters the ideal and hopereciprocity within the empire $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada to the parting of the ways, turn } \\ & \text { turn }\end{aligned}$ British connection and leads her along
the way to Wastimgton. It reverses the
policy of Canadian nationhood which
sought to bring toge ther the provinees of sought to bring together the provinces of
Canada by intercourse and commerce ove
the cast and west lines of transportation and it stultifies unexampled sacrifices of
half a century which the Canadian people
have cheeffully made for that high "It is a direct and serious menace
to our internal lines of water commanica-
tion and to onir ocean shipping, as well as
to our Canadian Athantic ports that have
been construted and equipped at such
enormous cost to the country It makes
Canada a commercal appendage of the
United States, and virtually surrenders
control of her destimes.
"It interiocks our fiscal system with
that of the Enited States, and fetters the power of Parliament to alter our tariff
according to the just requirements of our
people.
$\qquad$
 ommercial union between the two
countries to the exclusion of the rest of the empire. It opens to the Vnited states
our home market, which consumes eighty

No Relief to Farmers
"It makes an absurd pretense of
bringing revief to the farmer by exposing
him to the competitior of the world in
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ter and reputation of our staple products,
which will heneeforth be merced in those
of the United States and will be known at, Ameriean rather than Canadian product
 ont in finished form, and the fertility
the soil maintained and preserved.
$\qquad$ "It will establish conditions and re-
lations from which it will be extremely
difficult and even impossible to retreat exeept with the consent of the United
States or under terms dictated by her.
" And finally it is "And finally it is at best a rash and
perilous experiment inconsiderately and
unwarantably undertaken, in a period of unqualified development and prosperity,
after Canada had long since outgrown the
conditions under which such a policy was once thought desirable.
Whe address of the prime minister may be taken as indicating the position of
the kovernment party in this contest.
Let me examine it briefly.



ence, May 7, 1907.) The Annexation Danger

"The prime minister next refers to the
supposed advantages of the Free Amer-
ican market. In Parliament we re-
peatedly demanded from the advocate,
of the treaty a detailed and systematic
statement of these advantages covering
result of the whole discusion I assert
that the government and its friends have
totally failed to make out case
markets to the Cnited states, to the whole
British Empire and to twelve other
countries far
markets to the Cnited states, to the whole
British Empire and to twelve other
countries far
advantages
free entry of
Vnited States
advantages
free entry of
Vnited States
Some Illustrations
government
line of polic
before the people durin
and it bears all the earmment our duty to the empire cannot
properly or effectively fulfilled by such
force that will be absolutely useless in time
of war and therefore of no practical benefio
and maintain. It will probably resultto the fighting strength of the empire.
The more it is considered the more evident
does it become that the whole naval planof bue remarhable mefficiency and lack
government in connection with thundertakings should also receive the
grave consideration of the electorate.
"The Liberal-Conservative party gives
its pledge to carry out the following
policy if returned to power:
"1. A thorough reorkanization of
as ordinary controllable expenditure from
$\$ 21,500,000$ in 1896 to nearly $\$ 7,000,000$
any possible defenc.
to . 3 . Construction of the Hudson's Bay

## tablishing and carrying on the chilled

## $\because 6$. The establishment of a permanent

tance toward, the improvement of ou
public highways.
" 8 . The extension of a free rural mat
reform. Giranting of liberal assistane
" 10 . Ge provinces for the purposes of sup
toland'sp prime mininit ore, Mr. Richlard Co
or arranging $n$ secis

tutect in Brition
inderpendent conventionent ctempisision and operation by the

## World's Grain Crop

ber of the Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, published by the International Agri cultural Institute at Rome:

1911 WHEAT CROP COMPARED WITH 1910

| Preliminary Estimates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1911 | 1910 | 1911 | 1910 |
| Acres | Acres | Bushels | Bushels |
| Belgium . . . . . . . . . 378,000 | 381,000 | 14,054,000 | 12,449,000 |
| Demmark . . . . . . . . . . 104,000 | 104,000 | 4,393,000 | $4,550,000$ |
| Spain ..... .. . . . . . . . 9,607,000 | 9,413,000 | 156,650,000 | 137,449,000 |
| Great Britain .. .. .. .. 1,914,000 | 1,808,000 | 61,351,000 | 54,877,000 |
| Hungary . . . . . . . . . . 8, 8,915,000 | 9,375,000 | 173,886,000 | 181,398,000 |
| Italy . . . . . . . . . . . 11,614,000 | 11,759,000 | 203,376,000 | 153,170,000 |
| Luxemburg . . . . . . . . . 27,000 | 30,000 | 6.40,000 | 624,000 |
| Roumania . . . . . . . . 4,843,000 | 4,814,000 | $95,534,000$ | 110,828,000 |
| Switzerland .. .. .. . . . . 105,000 | 105,000 | 3,535,000 | 2,756,000 |
| United States (a) . . . . 31,367,000 | 29,426,000 | 457,958,000 | 464,044,000 |
| British India . . . . . . . . 29,552, 060 | 2s,015,000 | 369,630,000 | 358,048,000 |
| Japan . . . . . . . . .. . . 1,156,000 | 1,165,000 | 20,572,000 | 23,728,000 |
| Tunis . . . . . . . . . . 1,236,000 | 1,127,000 | 7,716,000 | 4,042,000 |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . 100,818,000 | 97,522,000 | 1,569,295,000 | 1,507,963,000 |

1911 RYE, BARLEY AND OATS CROPS
Preliminary Estimates

| Rye | Barley | Oats |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bushels | Bushels | Bushels |
| $23,095,000$ | $4,437,000$ | $39,716,000$ |
| $18,991,000$ | $23,042,000$ | $43,924,000$ |
| $31,537,000$ | $89,801,000$ | $31,997,000$ |
| $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $58,800,000$ | $131,967,000$ |
| $51,811,000$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. |
| $5,472,000$ | $11,482,000$ | $35,663,000$ |
| 660,000 | 61,000 | $3,462,000$ |
| $1,803,000$ | 468,000 | $4,656,000$ |
| $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $94,523,000$ | $4,364,000$ |
| $133,363,000$ | $282,614,000$ | $295,749,000$ |

The above tables show that in the countries reported, the 1911 wheat erop is expeeted to be 104 per cent. of that of last year, rye io3.1 per cent, barley居壁
Gor the 1910 figures for rye, barley and outs swe the November Dewember and January numbers of the Canadian Buliet in, " The Publications of thi. International Ayricuitural Institute

Preparatory work for sowing is beeing done under good conditions in Argentima. Chile, Australia and New Zealand Weather favoriable, except in Now Zealaum The September
The september number of the Canalian Bulletin issued by this office will con tain new data concerning the number of cattle in different countriw
 in the eastern part or Russia in Europe, where it is expeceted the cerreal harvest Throughout the rest of the country no anxiety is felt as to the state of the crop

From Beerbohm's Evening Corn Trade List, July 28
France.-Firom districts the latest advices received tell of disappointing results In the North, however, good results are still looked for, and the quality generally i expected to be fine. Crop estimates received this week vary from $292,000,000$ to $332,000,000$ bushels.
Germany-The weather has been exceedingly hot. On the whole the crop
outlook is believed to be distinctly better than indieated a fow weeks ago, and outlook is believed to be distinct
the quality promises to be good.

Russia. It is fully confirmed that the crop in the Volga and some other districts is a very poor one, and, although there are large districts where a ful average crop has been grown, the total out turn is expected to be fully $200,000,000$ India. The monsoon rains, aceording to latest advices, have ceased, so that
the outlook for the native food crops is had, and this to some extent is expected the ouffeok for the native food crops is bad, and this to some extent is expected Australia The enotlouk at the prese tion ta

Sarama

## The Curse of Protection

The people of the West are studying the tariff question very elosely. They know that no protective tariff can help them. But they do not know all the tricks of the Protected Interests. Let Edward Porritt tell them in his new book,

The Revolt Against the New Feudalism FORTY-FIVE CENTS

Book Dept., Girain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg


## Kodaks



Headquarters for Everything Photographle
Steele Mitchell, Limited
213 Rupert Ave., WINNIPEG, Man.


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THE CONSUMER pays for all the losses caused by the Credit System, and pays all the profits made by Retail Merchants, Jobbers and Manufacturers' Agents.
THE MANUFACTURER who sells direct from his Factory for Cash to the Consumer, can afford to sell at very low prices. He saves you all the profits of the Middlemen and has no losses to add to cost of goods.
THIS IS WHY we want you to send us measurements of your buildings, and we will send you color cards and tell you how much material you need. The Low prices will surprise you.
CLUB YOUR ORDERS and save freight.

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[^0]SEED SELECTION


$\qquad$
$\qquad$


something cannot be done, and pinion on the matter. As

WANTS INFORMATION
Editor, Guide:- I hope I am not in
a The Guide regarding the reci using and often disgusting statements on the subject you say we will subt more for heat and barley, and pay less for Noments. Now, that is a large
wallow. We must for what we buyt, and will ad年s, if the wall is taken down less. Well, won't it work ee same on the other hand. What i
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## CONVENTION CALLED

To all G.G.A. Secretaries in the Ele toral District of Battleford. Each Association in the above con stituency is asked to elect a delegate to meet in Battieford at the Windsor for the purpone of deciding who should represent them in the Dominion House of Parliament in the com ing elections. Sec. Starview G.G.A.

FREE TRADE IN MONEY


## Co-operative News



Private business men cluster about him;
he is wined, dined, and otherwise boost
ed'; yet in the person of Mr. Maxwell
we had with us the unpretentious repre We had with us the unpretentious repre-
sentative of mammoth works, which,
among the minor transactions of the among the minor transactions of the
past year, bought over $\$ 5,000,000$ of the
 were the dignitaries conspicuous by
their absence? The reason is mainly because the mission of Mr. Maxwell to
Canada is one of gain to the toiler Canada is one of ham to the toner
rather than of graft to the tooters." The Searehlight, Sydney Mines, N.S.

NO PEOPLES' BANK NEEDED Mr. Leahy and noted his determined reluctance to. question him; but sho overcame it, and began her appointed
task, says. the Youth's Companion task, says the Youth's Companion
"Where do you deposit your wages,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

ward Fream, secretary of the United Farmers of Alberta, is referting to the
Cooperative Union of Canada enquir ors for information as to organization retary of the union heard from. sec branches in one week recently, and, of course, every information, with samples of Citerature, have been furnished. Mr
Robert D. Barie, secretary of the Ma St. Vincent Branch, U.F.A., states that cight loeal branches of the Farmers Association are associating together t organize a cooperative society. $\mathrm{Mr}_{r}$ W. H. Shield, secretary treasurer of the Rathwel omon, U.F.A., Macleod, niso farmery of the Macleod district propose farmers of the Macleod district propose
to incorporate a mociety to be run on a cash or produce basim with a capita of probably $\$ 10,000 ; 50$ per' cent. paid

## ICE COMPANIES' GRAFT

Notwithatanding the fact that the iee trust necured a superabundant har vest last winter, it mercilensly took ad vantage of the increased demand ocea
sioned by the extraordinary heat wave soned by the extraordinary heat wave
through which we have passed. Iee through which wo have passed. Ice,
under such conditions, is almost an neces sary to life and health as bread and New York were cadangered and untold nuffering was borne by innocent and helpless chiddeen in consequence of the inability of poor people to pay the in creased price demanded. The atate authoritien intervened with one of the of inhuman kreed. It in on occasions such as these that the value of co-opera
tion in most apparent. If the co-opera tive spirit and intelligence were an highly developed in New York an in Glangow, Edinhurgh, Manchester, or indeed, in almost any eity in Northern Britain, the citizens would not be nt the mercy of trusts for the necessarien
of life. Inatead of the increased de of life. Tnatead of the increased de mand involving higher prices, ice would have been sold at considerably reduced ereased quantity dintributed going back to the consumers in proportion to the
value cach of them purchased.-Canadian Co-operator

## Guide Want Ads. Bring Results

Better Try One if you have anything to Buy or Sell

Want, Sale \& Exchange





## SEED GRAIN, GRASSES, POTATOES, ETC, FOR SALE AND WANTED OATS WANTED - WE ARE ALWAYS <br> 

SCRIP FOR SALE AND WANTED WE BELLL VETERAN SCRIP ON FARM Winnipek
SOUTH AFRICAN VETERANS' SCRIP FOR
anale cheap; a fow alwayn on hand. Farm
 HORSES, CATTLE, ETC., FOR SALE HeEP WANTED ONE
SHEEP WANTED ONE HUNDRED GOOD

## PLOWING WANTED

WANTED - CONTRACT FOR BREAKING
 LOST, STOLEN OR STRAYED STRAYED FROM PASWEGIN, A SMALL

Imperialism and Reciprocity

## Read Them! <br> They Will SAVE You Money

## Breeders' Directory

TWENTY-FIVE BERKSHIRE PIGS SIX


| D. MCDONALD, BREEDER OF bred Yorkshires and pure bred Short young bull for sale.-Sunnside Farm, Napinka, Man. |
| :---: |
| BRAEBURN FARM HOLSTEINS headed by King Canary; nix nea average ${ }^{24.52}$ pounds butter in Benj. H. Thoman, Boharm, Sas |
| EREFORD CATTLE AND SHETLAND Ponies-Pioneer prize herds of the West Pony vehicles, harness, saddles. Pony vehicles, harness, saddles. Marplen. Poplar Park Farm. Hartney, Man |
|  |
| WA-WA-DELL FARM, SHORTHO the, Leicester Sheep.-A. J. Mack donald, Man. |
| ROWNE B Breeders for snle. |
| DERSON EVERGREEN Man., has improved Yo th sexes, for sale. |
| Lucar, $M$ |
| or Aberdoen Angua. Young ntock f |
|  |
| and |
| stone, Man. |
|  |

## Question Drawer



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CORRUGATED PORTABLE GRANARIES

Fire, Lightning
and Storm Proof.
Protect the grain-ab solutely vermin proof.
Write for particulars the
Meatlic Roofing Co,
manufacturers
TORONTO and WINNIPEG

Wentern Ganads Factory: NOTRE DAME AVE., WINNIPEG Agonts wanted in some sections


## Keep Chicken Houses Clean

Perhaps the hardent place on the Nhole farm to keed free from lice and flies
house.
There are on the Market today many "so-called" chicken house diswork as cheaply and thoroughly an

COOPER'S


Spray your housen once every two weeks with this wonderful preventative. We will guarantee that it will keep flies, Hee and mosquitoen away. Excellent for keeping your hornon and cattie
monquitoes.

Sole Western Agenta:
THE STEELE BRIGGS SEED CO. winnipeg Limited

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERS PLEARE MENTION THE GUIDE


## Canada’s Progress told in Statistics

|  | 1871 | 1881 | 1891 | 1991 | 1905 | 1910 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chartared Bank (ays (atal Pmid Tp | $, 415,210$ $, 787,922$ |  |  | $67,095,718$ $315,775,426$ | $82,199,900$ $468,571,648$ |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{6,2888,287}$ | ${ }_{\substack{81,788,648 \\ 17,661,378}}$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow{47,888,086}$ |
|  | ${ }^{1,7498,64}$ |  | - |  |  |  |
|  |  | 107, 188,749 <br> $134,113,252$ <br> 18 |  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{886,47,753}$ |
| Liambilites |  | ${ }_{1}^{1959,9673,278}$ |  |  | 757,988,531 |  |
| Total Bank Cliarings |  |  |  | 1,871,061,725 | 3,344,614,000 | ${ }^{\text {c,054, } 1989,453}$ |
| Dosminion's Total Revenue | 19,35,561 | ${ }_{\substack{\text { 29,6,63,298 } \\ 25,507,554}}^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{36,543,568}^{38,5931}$ | $\underset{\substack{54,514,701 \\ 46,866,368}}{ }$ |  | $\underset{\substack{101,503,711 \\ 79,417,74}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | ( $\begin{aligned} & 354,739,438 \\ & 868,480,064\end{aligned}$ | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{377,678,580 \\ 266,724,167}}$ |  |
| uranea Amount in Fo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canatian Compmenie | $68,465,914$ $132,731,241$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Fircr Insurance |  | $\xrightarrow{31,053,261}$ |  | (128,439,754 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Preminms Received: } \\ & \text { Canadian Companies } \\ & \text { British Companies. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1, $1,06,470$ | (1,778,736 |  | 3,$3,013,714$ <br> $8,588,925$ | $4,361,163$ <br> $10,449,235$ |
|  | 1, 314 |  |  | 1,387, 991 - | \%. P , 68 | +i.148,8899 |
| Life Insurancere Amount in Force: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cunadian Companies | 8,711,111 | 46,041,591 | ${ }^{143,368,817}$ | 284,684,681 | 397.946,902 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Amarian }}$ Total lict | \% 18.709 , | 36,266,249 | ${ }_{85,698}$ | 138,86 |  | 24, $2,689,174$ |
|  | 45,876,035 | 103,290,938 | 261,475,229 | 46,76. | 630,3 | 856, 100,083 |
| Premiumar Received | 291,897 |  | ¢,958,926 |  |  | 19,971,666 |
| British Companies <br> American Companie |  | ${ }_{611,595}$ | ,030 | 1.34 | 1,500,232 | ${ }^{1,580,555}$ |
|  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | (1, |  |  |  | ¢, |
| Lasai Companios Ticher |  | ${ }^{\text {64, } 1988,542}$ | 110,082 | 125.8877 .911 | ${ }^{160,370,957}$ | -207.488,197 |
|  |  |  | $\xrightarrow[\substack{125,041.146 \\ 123,915,704}]{ }$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{158,583,307}$ |  |  |
| Total Mineral Production |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { 18,976,616 } \\ 930,614}}{ }$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 409.549 | ${ }^{3,865,3,34}$ | 3,614,8883 | 17,106, 605 |
| Aster |  |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {1, }}^{1,924,014}$ |  |
| Yollum or Money Order, INwel in Canada Total Groxes Earning |  |  |  |  | \% $3,3.49,776$ | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{60.967 .102}$ |
|  | 96,092,971 | \% |  |  |  |  |
| Total Exports | $\xrightarrow{77,173,6618}$ |  | $\underset{\text { 218,38i,944 }}{\text { 93, }}$ | $\underbrace{\text { che }}$ |  | 693,21, 21 |
| Experts Canadian | 9.851, 124 | 9,767.829 | ${ }^{5,784.143}$ | 40, 687.683 | ${ }^{31,932,9329}$ | ${ }^{40,0.077} \mathbf{4}$ |
| Canadian Fiblereies Produce |  | $\underbrace{\text { a }}_{\substack{6,867,715 \\ 4,960,012}}$ | ${ }_{2}^{9,7,288,0,015}$ |  |  |  |
| Canadian Animal Products |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{2,5967,741 \\ 13,666.858}}$ | $\underset{\substack{55,49,5311 \\ 44,781.486}}{\text { c, }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{5,9926,515 \\ 90,43,277}}{ }$ |
|  | ci, |  |  | citer | 20,191,333 |  |
|  |  | 80,921,329 |  |  | 190, 5 5,946 | 279,47, ${ }^{15,51,51}$ |
| Total Exports- Forcikin Produce | (853,24 | ${ }_{13,375,117}$ | ${ }_{8,798,631}$ | 17,07,757 | 10,617, 115 | 19,516,412 |
| a (sy. miles) | 729,665 | 3,729,66 | 8,789,663 | 3,729,66 | 3,729,6 | 3,729, |
| Population |  | 4,336,504 | 4.344.366 | 5,413,670 | ${ }_{\text {c,096, }}^{\text {c,530 }}$ | 7,489,7811 12.887 |
| Liturs ent | 27,050,000 | 48,170,000 | 97,975,000 | 191,850,000 | 285,541,000 | 456,085.5090 |
|  |  | 6,973,671 | ${ }_{13,247,5688}^{13,838}$ | 18,385, $\frac{182}{}$ | 25, 288,723 |  |
| Frright Carried (tons) |  | 12,065, 323 | .733,021 | 36,999,37 | 50,893,93 | 74,488,8 |
|  | 61,637 126,028 | $\begin{gathered} 127,29999 \\ 28,919,198 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 208,738 \\ 60,474,604 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 220,703 \\ 76,655,081 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { q47,978 } \\ 101,318919 \end{gathered}$ |
| -1999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MLD, SWEET, MELLOW AND JUICY Manufactured by

Quebec Winnipeg


## 



## rize of in the Miami,

Carillon-1st,
Carillon-1st, C. Dandenand; 2nd,
elix Peloquin; 3rd, A. Prefontaine.
Morden-1st, John Ching 2nd, W.
White; 3rd, Wellesley White.
Morris-1st, N. W. Moyer; 2nd, Geo.
White; 3
Morris 1 s
Nillox: 3 rid stevenson.

$\qquad$
Miami-1s

Emerson-1st, MeLeiland Bros.; 2nd,
Cartwright
ientrin
Hamiotas

Hen| $\substack{\text { str } \\ \text { 3d. } \\ \text { T. }}$ |
| :---: |

broadview branching out
 St. Hubert, a French colony, abour
(Wenty six miles distant from
froad viav. The residents have subseribed sumficient cash capital to render the
store quite independent of Broadviev Pittsbur, Pa, Aug. 15.-A spectacula fre in the business section a cased by the explosion of two ammoria tanki in
rear of $n$ arge krocery establishmen rear of a arge grocery estabishmen
called all the available fire-fighting ap paratus and for a time the blaze was most doing damage estimated at 860,00 Twelve persons were hurt by flying debri WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER


Peers
$\qquad$


Canada's New Wonderland But all these things will soon be of the
past. In a couple of years at the most
the tourist will view the erstwhile sites of
these settlements, from the observation
ends of solid vestibuled Cirand Irunk
trains. Where now are collections of
tents, he will see prosperous villages;
in a day he will traverse asweep of coumtry
that now requres weeks to cover. But
the wonders he views will remain the mountains are made low and the waters
pour in and Old Earth is no more.
Grant's Tribute
The real entrance to the mountains
is a short distance west of Prairie Creek.
Roche Miette is probably the most dis-
tinctive peak of this section of the Rockies.
The late Prmecpal Grant of Queen'
Cniversity, while on an engineering expe-
dition some years ago, camped in the
shadow of the Roche and thete wrote
an umrivalled teacription of it
$\qquad$
a Miette, immediately behind the first
line, reared a great, solid, unbroken cube, two thousand feet high, ' a foreheed bare,
twenty times higher than Ben An's and, before and beyond it, away to the oold summits and sides scooped out, whe wood buffalo and the elk roamed, and
whe moose, big horn and bear now find shelter: There was nothing fantastse in their forms. Everything was imposing.
The mighty column of Roche a Perdrix towered a mile above our heads, scunds of
louds kissing its snowy summit, and cach clouds kissing its snowy summit, and each
plication and angle of the different strata
up its sides boldly and clearly revealed Miette is the characteristic mountain of
the Jasper valley. There are othes as
high, but its grand bare forehead is hegh, but its grand bare forehead is
recognized everywhere. It is 5,800 feet


like head with the swelling Elizabethan
gated mass of party strata twisted like
gater

$\qquad$

beauty about these mountains. Gre


| scenery The railway company will ereet numerous hotels through the mountains where those wishing to do so may break their journey and inspect the wonders that Nature has thrown up. That the new Wonderland will be preserved inviolate, has been insured by the Dominion government's incorporating the whole into the Jasper Park Reserve. | offered. The contest that will no doub be of mont interent to rural resident in that for agricultural nocietien. Thene are divided into two classess, those with in a radias of twenty miles of Winni peg and those more distant. There art three cash prizem offered in each, 825 $\$ 20$ and $\$ 15$, the winnern of the firnt prizes earrying off besiden the Porte \& Markle and the fingwall \& Co. cupa |
| :---: | :---: |
| PROVINCIAL HORTICULTURAL EX HIBITION | Thene are for the beat collection of root and vegetables, all of which munt be |
| The annual horticultural exhibition, | grown by members of the competing |
| held under the auspices of the | society. |
| Winnipeg Horticultural society, will |  |
| year oceur in the Horse Show am- | Gockefeller, on his Wentern trip, rode |
| theatre, Winnipeg, September 1, 2 | on a train composed of nteel cars, mini |
| 3. The prize list is a long one, and | mizing the risk of collision. The Fort |
| ers fruits, flowers and vegetables for | Willinm Herald very properly anks why |
| nals and amateurs. Prizes | same precaution should not be taken |
| , | for everybody. No train ever runs on |
| ted and in the comb. Be. | s that does not contain lives an valu |
|  |  |


"There," she said, "can't you hear it:
"Oh, yes," he answered, and coming out he saids, "It innt a bird, but a little tree toad. Perhap Y can
it's in this tree, Ithink. "How can toads get into trees?" she aked.
"Hush! wait till he calls again, "said her
brother. A few seconds, and the soft low brother. A few seconds, and the soft low "rill Whas repeated" he is!" and Jack pointed to a patch just the color of the bark could lee He is a prophet foretelling rain," them." "ant to e.e him nearer." Beswic said Jack brought a chair, and standing on t, he was abe after afew minmes to make" bit of wood that he held up. on the ground," Jack told her, "but his or are expark of a tree when he wants to climb. He has rather a long name, 'Hyla versi-
"How cunning he is," Bessic said. I don't know how," he said, as he put the little fellow down on the chair, and went back to his book saying, "It'll pay you to watch him awhie wo bessic interesting, for the toad kept sitent
" 0 Jack, come out quick!" she called after a few minutes. "I'm afraid he' Jack laughed .. I to watch him," and coming out he coaxed the little toad, that was as white as the chair he was on, to move to a large green leaf, where in a little time he began to
change his coat from white to green. "That is the way he hides, for it take sbarp eyes to see him when he is the same "He as his resting place, Jack explaill him back on the tree; he will talk to us then, perhaps.
Color,'"Bessie said.

While they were at supper they heard him call, and another answer him, and
Bessie waked in the night, Bessic waked
had come.

The Sunbram

## FOR SPELLLERS

When "ci" and "ie" both spel!" Here's a rule you mav believe That never, never will dececis And all such troubles will reliec A simpler rule you can't concei
It is not made of many pieces, To puzzle daughters, sons, or niec
Yet with it all the trouble crase "After C an E apply
Thu olneraetal 1 .
Writer a a letter to a siege Or an army holde the field.
Whd will never deign to yield Or has strength his arms to wield Two exceptions we must note, Which all scholars earn
Leisure is the first of these. Leisure is the first of these. For the second we have seize. hearn it quick, and off to school St. Nicholay

CAUSE FOR MIRTH "Jane," said a lady rather sharply to her cook, I must insist that you keep better hours and that you have last nipht you kept me from at might. because of the uproarious from slecping one of your woman friends.
 getie reply but she couldnt help it
I was a-telling her how you tried to mak cake one day.

Cried a woman at her pastor the other day he was young and she was very old love, it's cold storage stuff a Christian of ministers and mission-workers tired glad hands. I want to be loved like. hadaands. I ain't only a soul."-Christian Advocate.

## A Pound Lasts Longer



The first thing a woman notices when she starts using Blue Ribbon is its better, richer flavor. Then she notices that a pound lasts longer. A pinch of Blue Ribbon makes much more tea than is given by a larger amount of other tea. And it is guaranteed satisfactory. Your grocer will refund your money if you do not find Blue Ribbon superior to the tea you have been using. Merely return the unused portion.

THE GARDEN OF MY HEAR'T Oh, Lady, will you take a bit of a stroll with me? A stroll through the garden of my heart? The parden of my heart is a new patel but full of blossoms wondrous rare and beautiful. For many a year it was kep tilled and ready for its gardener, and ou the little wicket gate there hang a tiny to light her on the way , and watchng she came, oh, lady of the karden, and took down the lantern, opened the little


THEGRAIN GROWERS, GUIDF


Ship your Grain to us We Pay Highest Cash Prices and give your consignments immediate care. Write to us.

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO. Winnipeg


WORSE AND WORSE
ling Inapector of School after
rooss-questioning the terrified


Most amusing thing happened todaye I
was questioning the class and asked a



8969.- A Fashionable Skirt Model.
Ladies. Tuckein







Sunshine Guild

Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg


$\qquad$


$\qquad$



$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Dear Margare } \\
\text { SE } \\
\text { you. } 1 \text { am unding }
\end{gathered}
$$

##  




## 


Two baby boys will want homes in a few
weeks one if two month, and the other


August 23, 1911
TheSunshine Society



 appears to be in the men's favor, par-
tieularly as the managers consent to meed
their representative. The official state-
ment concerning the agreement says the
managers consented to this scheme in
view of certain representations made
employees. Mosess of the eredit for the ultimate success of their efforts appear-
to rest upon the shoulders of David Lloyd


$\qquad$ ances. This device overcomes the men's
objections to a royal commission; which, they contend, always has been in practicea
synonym for delay. So far as technical

them by the government, including a
promise of legislation to permit of an
increase in railway rates.
Victory for Unionism
The men claim victory for unionism
on the point of recognition of mnions,
which was one of the most vital principles

From time to time during the last few months the cryptic message "Curzon are coming" has been flash-
times is coming right into Canada t of customers and friends, living
throughout the Dominion. It means even more than this, for Curzon contingent come the choices confections of the leading
mills of England, Ireland a

of real British materials in the latest
shades and designs. Tweeds. Shades and designs. Tweeds
Worsteds, Vicunas, Serges, Cheviots
Meltons, Beavers, and in fact every class of fabric for which the $M$
Country is so justly celebrated.
The Curzon tour throughou
ada is being conducted by the lead cluding one of the Principals, a conducted not altogether for th
poses of lifting business but
view to the Principals
closer touch with their friends and
clients residing clients residing overseas. annihilates the distances separatine Britain's Colonies from their Mother prictors to personally pay a tour across the Atlantic, must do muc
even strengthen the very lif
permeating the house, and en permeating the house, and en
then to give even more efficient vice to their thousands of patrons.
Mr. T. Curzon and his staff will
sarry with them on their tour all the Eading samples, all the latest West Canadian fashions and will, in short,
be fully equipped to take order and
to measure clients for their tailoring needs.
The arrival of the Principal and
Staff will be duly advertised in Staff will be duly advertised in the
Dominion newspapers during the

## a hearty

bo staying during their progr...s
berough the country. They will al. ways be honored by a visit from Briefly ${ }^{4}$ bring a
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$who had been scattered at straterica
railway points about the country will berailway points about the country will
withdrawn. There is no doubt that
yesterday'syesterday's affray at Llanelly, Wales, in
which the troops fired on a mob, killingwhich the troops fired on a mob, killing
two men and wounding others, had muehinfluence in ending the strike. The
Liberal govermment had almost its existence at stake because of the strike, as idepends on the working classes for power.
The shooting of citizens by soldiers occurless in the $\begin{aligned} & \text { nited } \\ & \text { other contry, and is particularly repug. } \\ & \text { nant to all classes. }\end{aligned}$.
little change over the conditions of
Friday. The men's boast that they
king $\begin{aligned} & \text { maintain a curtailed, but adequate service } \\ & \text { both failed of realization. The men }\end{aligned}$on strike yesterday at 250,000 , a gai
of 50,000 over Friday, but the board
trade estimates gave only 150,000 , whiltrade estimates gave only 150,000 , whil
the railway managers held that to be an
exaggeration. Traflic with the south
the north and in Wales it was greatly

it is believed that he brought pressur

## Statement Given Out The settlement of the strike was reache


$\qquad$ The labor leaders said yesterday that th
men would return to work at Premier Asquith returned to London
$\qquad$
following official statement was issued
they today empowered G. H. Clanghton
a director of the London and Northwestermanager of the Midland railway, to confe
on their bechalf with representative
selected by the joint executives of the
trades unions and railway emploverstrades unions and railway cmployees,
with a view to discussing with them the
by the board of trade. There were pre
sent at the conference, Mr. Claughtonand
James Henry Thomas, member of the
House of Commons, and Messrs. Bellamy
Askwith. On behalf of the board of trade
Ramsay MacDonald was also presencertain representations by the povernment,
he and Sir Guy Garnet had the authority

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ agreed to, Mr. Claughton and Sir Guy
Garnet said the recommendations of the commission would be loyally accepted
by the companies, even though they
were adverse to the companies contenwere adverse to the companies conten
tions on any question of representation tions on any question of representation trades misunderstanding which migh
have arisen certainly would be effaced :" The agreement was signed by all
present at the conference. The special
commisuion will consist of five members,

## Farmers' Party Campaign

 in electoral district of reginaI

OF
pledge my support to RICHARD FLETCHER, the Independent Farmer Candidate

If you believe in giving political partyism a knock-out blow in the Electoral District of Regina, cut the above out, sign it yourself, attach it to a blank sheet of paper, and see how many others you can get to sign. Then send it in to D. Ross, Sec., Ex. Com., Farmers' Party, Strassburg. Names of signers will not be disclosed, but the Committee intend publishing weekly the number of electors pledged to support MR. FLETCHER.
 that the tarift hoard will be realy to re-
port in December, the president argues that failure of the present bill should not
her reparded, thercore, as taking nway

## Statehood bill vetoed

## Taft. in a special message to the Hous

 of Representatives today vetoed thejoint resolution providing for the admis.



BRACELET AND RING FREE


Nos.

## Printing Press

 parture Nova Stomong the fruit krowers of old Formerly they were content to
allow the speutators to flecee them of a koodly
thartion of the products of
their toil Today they are learning the lesson the farmers of the West have
learned throuph the Girain Growern Grain Co. With the prospect of the greatest crop on record it was decided Ciravensten apple is one of the early
apples grown in Nova Seot Whes grown in Nova Seotia, which is
without a superior. There will in
150,000 bum 150,000 barrels of this variety for ship-
ment this fall. It was this apple that Mr. Chute was endeavorimg apple that and booked orders for 14,800 barcel and 4,800 boxes. The fruit was sold in Winnipeg, Calgary, Lethbridge, Ed 40 mon and Sarkatoon. The price was freight charges \$1.23 to Winnipeg and $\$ 1.95$ to Calkary. Two full train loads of apples of thirty cars each will be shipped westward in October. The co-

a RT PONTCARD CO., Dapt. G5, Winnipes, Can.
nova scotia visitor



WINNIPEG MARKET LETTER


CHICAGO WHEAT
damaged, and the weather has now peg and Mimneapolis wheat markents

| the course of a few days farmers will be able to complete their wheat harvest and secure one of the finest erops they have had for very many years, with con dition absolutely ready for the mill. <br> France. Harvest nearly over, athl quality good. From some parts there are continuous complaints as to the yield of the new crop, though the quality is excellent and condition perfect. While France will not lave to impert any thing like so much wheat as during the past season, we are inclined to think that a fair quantity of foreign will still be required. <br> Italy.-The preliminary official esti mate gives a total of shout six and a haif million quarters more than the final official estimate of last year. <br> Spain.-It is claimed a record crop for recent years has been harvested, but no official figures are obtainable at pres ent. <br> Germany.-The quality of the new crop is said to be very food, but there is some doubt about the yield, which is thought to bie only a moderate | cereal locally, advanced only cent because the general public was not in evidence. Oats gained be., but corn dropped ice. Wet weather in the spring wheat country lay at the bottom of the advances in wheat prices scored at the principal markets, but the local response was disappointing to the bulls. Winnipeg at its best was up $z$ to 2 ? cents and Minneapolis $2 \frac{1}{h}$ cents, while the best this market could do was a penny. When the purely professional demand had been satisfied, it was noted that the public was not behind them, although possibly trading elsewhere. Even southwestern markets were much stronger than here Continental reported advances, but Liverpool declined. Cash wheat was strong on limited offerings. No. \& Hard in store sold at 1 cent over september, and track cars 1 to 3 cents over the near future The decrease of 340,000 busheds in the visible against an increase of $1,700,000$ last year and an official forecast of frost in Alberta and Saskatchewan tonight contributed to the strength of the market. Corn recently holding its own, while wheat was declining was the weak market |
| :---: | :---: |



## MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT



QUOTATIONS IN STORE FORT WILLIAM \& PORT ARTHUR from AUG. 16 to AUG. 22, INCLUSIVE




EDMONTON MARKETS


# Page 26 <br> <br> Winnipeg Live Stock 

 <br> <br> Winnipeg Live Stock}

THE GRAIN GROWERS, GUIDE
August 23, 1911

|  | -tantial gain over last week's top, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Stockyard Receipts |  |
| -rk Ending Auy. 19. | of this some of the packers are, in their |
|  | comalled markut reports, quoting choice |
|  | Me hoge for sale will do well not to ber |
| 10.5 |  |
| TP |  |
|  | thied upon, hut Att thase sent out by |
| 2191 |  |
| v. week 1216 | proachers the demand should become |
| car ago, 6837 |  |
| Disposition Ealling what hog pricer will do. While it | Ereater for pork, and there it mo |
| Lant Prov. Year the rearrd of nearly \$11.00, set last |  |
|  | year; prices should be very satisfac. |
|  |  |
| chers | Sheep and Lambs |
| "r" |  |
| vefers went | Sheep and Lambs |
|  | monthy, but prices held fairly well. |
| edera held 0 |  |
| Consumed tocally 15.50 | sheep held steady. The market could |
| Cattle <br> H26 nist |  |
|  | not stand many such runs as last week's without a tumble in prices. |
|  | Country Produce |
| week, and some sales were made atoo |  |
|  |  |
| tchers bi | Butter |
| devailing price, for these animals | Butter prices show no change from last weck. Receipts have not been very |
|  |  |
| there | heavy but there has been a falling off |
| ded is 5 5, 00 O. The receipt |  |
| - | in outside demand for round lots. Most of this class haus leen koink south, but |
| usual these did niot | dealers say they are - mathe to handle itnow nt present prices so it will not be |
| heo eastern trate |  |
| iderably since last week. Had | surprising it there is a reduction in pricesoffered for the lower krades. Fancy |
| en for this there |  |
| edly been a-slump, Two humbred | dhary is in goott demand and that priceshould hoold. |
|  |  |
| ters, but dealers state that |  |
|  | Egges are still bringing 21 cents per |
| ow that the strikes are practically |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ttled in the Old Country the } \\ & \text { ade should pick up. } \end{aligned}$ | dozen, subject to candling, but the market is stronk at that price and there is little |
| There is little us. | probability of any reduction. |
| ceasts of the trend | Potatoes |
| ngs become more settleed and the |  |
| atern and Overseas demand beeome | potat per theve dropped again this week,tuber now elling at 65 cents per bushel. |
| wn quantities, The eastern trade |  |
| + |  |
| t, and probably will show more. But | Dealets state that there are not a kreat many on the market, just at present, but |
| as yet exporters are out of the market, |  |
| comt or the tow | there are a lot in sight in the country. |
| 年y of most of the arrivals. The | Milk and Cre |
|  | Priees are even with last week, but a couple of weeks later should see an adcance all round to far us milk is cono |
| on the market. Th |  |
| d in the country, and there should |  |
|  | cerned, the advance is certain. Managers |
|  |  |
|  | that thry will put fall prices into effect |
|  | on September 1 instead of October 1 as |
| 建 for mor | has been the custom in former years.This will mean an advance of twenty-five |
| d hold for some time. |  |



## TERMINAL STOCKS

 and Port Arthur2,398,307.40, as against $3,500,192.20$ last week and $2,033,544.40$ last yeat. Total
shipments for the week were shipments for the week were 1,459,949;
last year, 756,414 . Amount of each grade was: 19111910



$\begin{array}{rrrr}\text { No. } 4 & \ldots \ldots \ldots & 115,117.00 & 2 z 3,264.10 \\ \text { No. } 5 & 47,074.00\end{array}$

$0,033,514,40$
Stocks of Oats
No. 1 C.W
No. 2 C.W
No. 3 C.W. ..... Mo. 3 C.W.
Mixed
$170,972.05 \quad 219,870.00$


| $10,779.24$ | 769,91463 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $461,433.23$ | $388,779.14$ |1,662,896.12 $\quad 3,906,650.00$

Oats
Barley
Shipment
1911 ..... 1910
38,860
WORLD'S SHIPMENTS



## bottoms in tough prai

## THE BIG FOUR "30"

| THE BIG |
| :---: |
| FOUR |
| " 30 " |
| IS SOLD |
| ON |
| APPROVAL |
| ASK US |



## FARM ROOFINGS

"GALT" STEEL SHINGLES
These make a roof covering like one unbroken sheet of Steel, the locks interlocking so perfectly, no driving storm can penetrate.
NOBBS \& EASTMAN, 839 Henry Ave., WINNIPEG
GALT ART METAL CO. LTD.
GALT, ONT.
When writing to Advertisers mention The Guide

## "SOVEREIGN" SHEATHING FELT

(Trade Mark Registered)
Acts Like Warm Underwear
 "Sovereifin" Shearthing Fort is made with wool, suturated and


 Den " misis the extra warmth nud comfort of a "Soverergn" Sheat teed
 dealer, or write us direct for sample and boollet K. THE STANDARD PAINT CO. OF CANADA, Limited Solo Canadian Makers of Ruberoid Roofing. 286 St. James St., Montreal
179 Bannatyne Ave. East, Winnipeg
25 Pender Street West, Vancouver
Dealers
Everywhere

Ready-Made ORCHARDS in British Columbia
Perfectly level; planted to Apple Trees; per $\$ 200.00$ acre $\$ 10.00$ per acre down and $\$ 1.50$ per acre per month.
BEATON \& VEZINA, Needles, B.C. aGENTS FOR WHATSHAN VALLEY IFRUIT FARMS

 East, Calgary, Alta.
Hetherington \& Aranatrong. Room 8, Cris:
tall Block,


## Acorn Quality ${ }^{\text {GALVANIZED }}$ CORUGATED Guaranteed Not to Rust SHEETS <br> CLARE © BROCKEST LTD.

## HIGH GRADE BUILDING MATERIAL THE

"EMPIRE" Brands of Wood Fibre, Cement Wall and Finish Plasters "SACKETT" PLASTER BOARD manitoba GYPSUM Co. LTD., Winnipeg, Man.




[^0]:    WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

