

Shakeup Made by G. T. R. In Runs of Conductors

Notwithstanding all reports to the contrary, the Grand Trunk has not dismissed any of the conductors on the middle division for alleged dishonest practices.

It is a fact that two conductors have been relieved of their runs, but it was stated at the office of the assistant superintendent this morning that it was not as a result of the work of the spotters who are said to have been working on the entire system for some time past.

One of the discharged employees is Conductor Burton, of Niagara Falls who for some years has been on the through run from Suspension Bridge and Sarnia Tunnel. Burton was discharged, it is alleged, for a violation of a stringent rule respecting the backing up of passenger trains.

The other discharged trainman is Conductor Williams, who has been in charge of the passenger train which leaves Paris at 6 o'clock each morning for Toronto. Williams was taken out of the service for passing a station when the order board was against his train and running on to the next station. A collision almost resulted from the action of Williams' engineer.

The Grand Trunk has decided on a general change in the runs of conductors, and already a number have been notified to that effect. Conductor Higgins, it is alleged, has been taken off the Eastern Flyer and the International Limited, and placed on another run, and his place on the "dude" train of the system is to be taken by Conductor Fluke, of the Toronto branch. Conductor McKenzie goes from the London, Huron and Bruce branch to take Conductor Fluke's run out of Toronto, and Conductor Connolly comes from one of the northern branches for service on the L. H. and B. Conductor Manley, of the morning accommodation from London to Suspension Bridge, has been transferred to a run out of Toronto, and Conductor Connolly comes from Toronto to take his place.

A number of other changes are expected to be announced in the course of a few days.

It was rumored today that several conductors on the division are to be discharged next week for alleged dishonest practices, but the assistant superintendent's office had heard nothing of the rumor. The feeling prevails among a large number of the trainmen that the action of the company in discharging its conductors without giving them explicit reasons may lead up to a strike. Should this occur it may involve not only the conductors, but the members of the other orders with which they are affiliated.

IRISH EXPOSITION OPENS NEXT MAY AGAINST BROTHERS

The Great International Show at Dublin To Be Opened by His Majesty.

New York, Nov. 2.—A London dispatch published here today says next May will see the opening of the great Irish International exhibition. The guarantee fund now amounts to \$1,000,000. Lord Iveagh heading the list with a \$50,000 subscription. The buildings will resemble in scheme those of the late Paris exposition. A prominent feature will be a great dome, the elevation of which will be equal to half that of St. Paul's Cathedral. If King Edward does not open the exposition, he will at least honor it with his presence at a later date.

BIG JUMP IN REVENUE

\$5,000 Increase for October Over the Same Period for 1905.

As was the case in the customs branch of the service, the inland revenue returns for the London division for October show a very large increase over the same period of 1905. In October, last year, the collections amounted to \$35,095.54, while last month they totaled \$40,255.93, an increase of \$5,160.39. The figures for October, 1906, are as follows:

Spirits, ex-warehouse	\$6,234.48
Malt, ex-warehouse	731.27
Raw leaf, ex-warehouse	6,124.76
Cigars, ex-factory	12,144.93
Penalties	200.00
Electric light registration	3.75

Total \$40,255.93

MARVELOUS BILLIARDS

Canadian Champion Sutton Surpasses Great Record of Last Year.

New York, Nov. 2.—George Sutton, the Canadian champion, equaled his world's record run of 224 points in the 18-inch ball line game, two shots in ball, made at Madison Square Garden last year, in his famous game with Willie Hoppe, in an exhibition match which he played at Ora Morningstar's billiard academy last evening, against Thomas Gallagher. In fact, Sutton surpassed the run, for his 224th shot ran out the game of 300 points in his fifth inning, but the crowd that was cheering his play would not listen to his ceasing with the completion of the game. So he kept on and added sixteen more points to the total, and finished with a total of 240 points. Gallagher made in his four essays at the table a total of 28 points.

TYPHOID DISAPPEARING

Not a Single Case Reported to Health Authorities in a Week.

London has not had a new case of typhoid fever for a week, according to a statement made this morning by Dr. Hutchinson, medical health officer.

A total of 26 cases have been reported in the city to date, but Dr. Hutchinson says it is doubtful if some of them could be properly diagnosed as typhoid. All the patients are said to be recovering.

Outside of typhoid the city is almost free from contagious diseases. There is at present only one case of diphtheria, while a scarlet fever case has not been reported for some months.

MORE WITNESSES FROM FOREST CITY

Several Repeat Story of Having Been Bribed.

CAME IN MYSTERIOUS WAYS

Brockville Men on the Stand—Fritchett Again—Well-Known Londoner Testifies.

[From Our Own Reporter.]

Toronto, Nov. 2.—A new batch of witnesses in the London election investigation arrived today. Messrs. Jas. C. Duffield, John Stevely and Ed Croden were included in the party, which totaled fifteen. There were also witnesses from Brockville.

Thomas Milton was the first witness examined this morning. He said he got \$10 for his vote. He swore he was seen by a Mr. Talbot before the election, who told him there would be something in it if he voted right. Mr. Talbot and witness were alone at the time. A stranger paid him the money after the election.

Thomas A. Adolph said he was promised \$5 by a man named Stark if he voted for Hyman. Stark paid the money after the election. He (Adolph) had given the money and envelope to the secretary of the Conservative Club and had voted for Gray. Witness said he had not agreed to vote for Hyman. This was in the general election of 1904.

Wm. Hulbert, of 96 Colborne street, London, said he was seen by James Cooper asked him to do him a favor and vote for Hyman. Witness refused, as he had voted 24 years Conservative. Later Cooper told him there was \$10 in it to vote for Hyman, or stay away from the polls. Hulbert voted for Gray and refused the money. "Do you read the Free Press?" asked Mr. Wilkie.

"Yes." "You did not take the paper's advice to take money in the election?" "No."

"Where do you work?" "At Labatt's." "At Labatt's?" "Yes." "You know Cooper is out of the country?" "Yes."

Brookville Again. F. W. Fulford, of Brookville, was a deputy at the White-Cornstock election. He told of going in the afternoon a voter had presented himself, and given him a ballot, and when the ballot was returned to be deposited in the box, witness discovered that another ballot had been substituted, with the deputy's initials on it. He said to the voter that it was not the right ballot, and an argument followed, but witness refused to put the ballot in the box. At the instance of Mr. Carroll, the Conservative scrutineer, a court order was issued by Police Magistrate Egan for the voter's arrest. He said it was executed. The man was sent for trial and was acquitted by a jury. The charge against him was that of presenting a false ballot.

"You are a Liberal, Mr. Fulford?" asked Mr. Godfrey.

"Yes." "And the man was tried and acquitted by a competent court?" "Yes."

Thos. Crooks, of London, swore he was paid \$5 to vote for Hyman at the by-election. The money came through the post, from whom the witness did not know. Witness said Edwin Young had seen him about his vote prior to the election. Young told Crooks there was a \$5 bill in it at the East London Liberal committee rooms.

"You were voting Liberal, any way?" Mr. Godfrey asked.

"Yes." "The money did not influence your vote?" "No; I would have voted for Hyman, anyway."

W. J. Day, of Maitland street, was next examined. He said that a man called at the office of the Hobbs Company, where he works, and told him there was \$10 in it if he remained away. Witness refused the money and voted for Gray.

Day said the man who made the offer was smooth-faced and between 30 and 40 years of age. The witness then stated that the man had offered him \$7 to go and vote.

"For whom?" "I don't know." "Why would they offer you \$10 to remain away and \$7 to go and vote?" asked the magistrate.

"Well, I suppose they would swear me if I went to vote."

At this juncture the magistrate received a telegram from James C. Duffield stating that he had received his subpoena too late to leave London earlier than on the afternoon train.

Mr. DuVernet resumed his examination of the witness in an endeavor to prove that Cooper was the man who made the offer.

Mr. Wilkie cross-examined Day as to where the man had made the offer, but Day did not appear to be willing to admit that he was approached in the general office of the Hobbs Hardware Company.

Mr. DuVernet was trying to show that in the Hobbs office the alleged would-be briber had special privilege and Day could scarcely be made to admit it was at the general wicket where the conversation with the stranger occurred.

Geo. Cook voted for Billy Gray, he said, and had not been offered money nor had he received money from anybody.

Mr. DuVernet's statement from London was to the effect that Cook had

Continued on page eight.

CANADIAN CLUB FAVORS CITY GOVERNMENT BY A COMMISSION

Change of System Debated in Interesting Manner at the Inaugural Meeting.

Government of the city by a commission, with a board of aldermen for legislative purposes only, carried the day at the public debate held in the city hall last evening, under the auspices of the newly-organized Canadian Club of London.

The gathering was the first of the kind held by the club, and it proved to be one of exceptional interest, in view of the fact that the question of changing the city's form of government has come to the front of late. Considering the number of counter-arguments, the attendance was satisfactory, the audience including about 25 ladies. The chair was taken by Mr. Frank Lawson.

The question under debate was, "Resolved, that it would be in the best interests of the city to change its municipal system of government by placing the executive in the hands of a paid commission, leaving legislative matters only to the board of aldermen."

The affirmative was taken by Mayor Judd and Mr. J. A. Cottam, and the negative by Dr. John D. Wilson and Mr. J. R. Vining.

In introducing the debate, Mr. Lawson said the holding of debates was a new feature in connection with the club, and that their introduction might be the means of bringing benefit not only to places in Ontario, but also to other places throughout the confines of the Dominion. The subject chosen for consideration at the opening of the Canadian Club of London was one of special interest in the history of the city. None would claim the city had a perfect system of municipal government at present, none would claim that it had kept pace with the advancement made in the system that has made financial and commercial institutions what they are today. Mr. Lawson said the club was to be congratulated on its strength. He then called upon the mayor to lead the debate for the affirmative.

Defects of Present System

Mayor Judd told the audience that he desired simply to lay before them a few facts that had presented themselves to him during his municipal career. To show the benefits of government of a city by a commission, he had to point out the defects of government as at present carried on. Times have changed, people have changed, ideas have broadened, said the mayor, and it was the duty of every citizen to consider the benefits of government of a city by a commission, and to see if it was not the best for the smallest possible outlay. Speaking from the standpoint of the city of London, he said the municipality was governed by seven bodies, most of them elected by the people, and consisting of 69 members. The government of a city should be carried on exactly the same as the business of a merchant or a manufacturer. The city was supposed to give the people the very best service for the money they paid over to it in taxes, and the question was whether the people have derived as great benefit as they would if the government of the city was in the hands of some person or persons who could devote more time and attention to the work.

(Continued on Page Three.)

BAIL GRANTED JOHN O'MEARA

Londoner Liberated on a Six Thousand Dollar Surety by Judge McMahon.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toronto, Ont., Nov. 2.—Mr. J. W. Curry, K. C., acting for John O'Meara, who was yesterday committed to trial on a charge of perjury, this morning secured bail for the prisoner. Judge McMahon granted the order, and O'Meara will be released this afternoon. He will be held in his own bail for \$3,000, and another surety of \$3,000. The prisoner's uncle, Martin O'Meara, is the later surety.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FINE AND WARMER.

The area of high pressure still dominates the weather in Ontario and Quebec, while an area of low pressure south of Nova Scotia is causing rain and gales in the Maritime Provinces. The weather is unsettled and showery in the Western Provinces, with strong indications of a cold wave advancing from the northward.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 10-22; Atlin, 30-32; Victoria, 40-52; Vancouver, 47-48; Calgary, 26-41; Edmonton, 22-32; Qu'Appelle, 16-28; Winnipeg, 30-42; Port Arthur, 24-46; Parry Sound, 18-40; Toronto, 24-30; Ottawa, 22-42; Montreal, 22-38; Quebec, 26-40; St. John, 34-40; Halifax, 42-50.

FORECASTS.

Today—Light, variable winds; fine and milder.

Friday—Fine and milder.

Detroit, Nov. 2.—Friday—Fair and warmer.

Saturday—Rain; fresh south winds.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.

Calgary 38 34 Cloudy

Winnipeg 38 34 Cloudy

Port Arthur 40 36 Cloudy

Perry Sound 34 30 Cloudy

Toronto 34 28 Clear

Ottawa 34 28 Fair

Quebec 30 24 Clear

Father Point 34 24 Fair

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest registration at the London weather bureau yesterday was 28°; lowest, 18° above.

RAILROADERS' WAGES

Head of the Erie System Says the Men Are Well Satisfied.

New York, Nov. 2.—Railroad officials who have been conferring with their employees regarding demands by the latter for increased pay and shorter hours, said yesterday that the conference had been satisfactory and they expected no trouble.

Frederick D. Underwood, president of the Erie, said:

"The engineers and firemen are receiving the best wages they ever received. The conditions are not strike conditions. Men strike when their wages are cut. This year there will be more to adjust than at any other time. Some of the roads in the Erie system pay by the mile and some by the day, and we have been looking for an opportunity to obtain some kind of uniformity. We believe the mileage rate to be the most equitable that is possible and the majority of the men, I believe, think the same way."

Supt. C. R. Smith, of the New York Central, said the proposals made by the men were being considered and that there would probably be another conference.

NEW CHURCH'S OFFICERS

Wardens and Building Committee Are Named for St. Luke's.

At the close of the inaugural services of St. Luke's Church last evening, a short public meeting was held for the purpose of organization. After prayer by Dean Davis, Archdeacon Richardson pointed out the need for the appointment of certain office-bearers. He then nominated Mr. C. Stockwell as clergyman's church warden. On motion of Mr. John Sutherland, Mr. Richard Oke was elected people's warden. It was then moved by Mr. Oscar Fraleigh, seconded by Mr. S. Wheaton, and carried, that the following building committee, which up to the present has done such good work, be continued: Messrs. C. Stockwell, John Sutherland, Richard Oke, T. Knapp and A. Steele.

There will be regular Sunday evening services at the church. During November there will be special services, which will deliver a series of sermons connected with the opening ceremonies. The first of these will be on Sunday evening, when Very Rev. Evans Davis, D.D., Dean of Huron, will preach. A Sunday school and Bible class will be organized in the afternoon.

THE "KANTANKEROUS ONE" DEAD

Albany, Nov. 2.—W. S. Manning, the Albany lawyer who gained prominence in connection with a recent insurance investigation here, died suddenly of apoplexy in his home here last night. Mr. Manning's name was brought in to the insurance investigation by reason of his being mentioned in a letter addressed to Senator Depew which was presented in evidence and in which Mr. Manning was spoken of as "our Kantankerosus friend up the river."

CHARGED AGAINST PRISONER

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The provincial municipal election has also resulted in a rout for the Liberals. The campaigns in the provinces were mostly conducted on political party lines. Incomplete results show that the Liberals have sustained a net loss of 33 representatives, and that the Conservatives have a net gain of 59. The Labor party has a net gain of 9. In London, the Labor party candidates seem to have fared even worse than the progressives, but they made small gains in the provinces.

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STUCK BY EXPRESS.

Walkerville, Ont., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Louis Lefave, an old lady, who lived in Hickory Grove, near Walkerville, was struck by an incoming Wabash express and instantly killed this morning while crossing the track on her way to church.

PHILANTHROPIST HERRING DEAD.

London, Nov. 2.—Geo. Herring, the noted English philanthropist, who in the course of his life, contributed large sums of money to hospitals and charitable enterprises, died today after an operation for appendicitis. He made his first money on the race course and subsequently became identified with a number of large business.

RUN OFF BY BRIGANDS.

Oran, Nov. 2.—Advices received here from the vicinity of the Algeria-Moroccan frontier today stated that a troop of camels was run off by brigands in the direction of Tadla, Southern Morocco, yesterday. A detachment of French cavalry started in pursuit.

Utes Make Laughing Stock of Uncle Sam's Troops

Renegade Indians Swoop Upon and Carry Off Supply Trains, Completely Outwitting Pursuing Military.

Sheridan, Wyoming, Nov. 2.—Further details of the raiding of a Government supply train bound for the camps of the Tenth and Sixth Cavalry from Arvada, characterizes it as a clever piece of work, evidently planned by the older heads of the Ute tribe. According to Driver James Forgen, no Indians were in sight until a bunch of about a hundred mounted redskins suddenly dashed out of a defile in the hills and quickly surrounded him. They made little noise outside of a few sharp yells in the nature of commands, and while several Indians kept Forgen under their rifles, the balance rifled his wagon train of 3,000 pounds of flour, the sacks of which were strapped to the caissons of the Indians, who then disappeared into the hills.

As the result of the raiding of the supply train, the operations looking to a chase of the Utes are practically at a standstill until supplies can be had. More supply trains will be sent out from Arvada at once. Troops from Fort Kelog with supplies are now at Ashland, en route to the camp of the Tenth near Moorhead.

The Utes have completely outwitted the military, and are now reported back in Wyoming on the Powder River, retracing the route by which they entered Montana. They evidently knew of the arrival of the troops at Ashland, and have given up the attempt to reach the Cheyennes, or are waiting for that band to meet them in some other part of the country. The Utes on Bear Creek have not moved, according to telephone advices received here.

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Children's Bearskin Bonnets, Sizes 14 to 17, Saturday, 25c.

Woods' Fair

Children's Side Hose Supporters, Sale Price, 10c and 15c.

LADIES' VESTS, 25c

Ladies' Long Sleeve Vests, light fleeced, button front, lace trimmed, special. Sale price 25c

LADIES' VESTS, 35c

Ladies' Long Sleeve Vests, light fleeced, shaped waist, button front, lace trimmed, drawers to match. Sale price 35c

Ladies' Vests, 50c

Watson's and Lennard's Unshrinkable Vests, fine fleeced, garment stamped; ribbed wrist, button front, lace trimmed. Saturday 50c

Ladies' Hose, 35c

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose, plain, spliced heel and toe, seamless feet, full fashioned, sale price, Saturday, a pair, 35c

Ladies' and Children's Black Tights, All at Special Prices.

HAND BAGS, \$1.25

Three dozen only, Gold Frame, New Shape Hand Bags, made in solid leather, leather lined and change purse. Special at \$1.25 Also many other good lines at special prices.

\$3.00 SILK WAIST, \$2.00

Black Duchess Silk Waists, with front made of black silk lace insertion and tucks, tucked back and sleeves, lace collar and cuffs; three of 34; five of 36; and two of 38; regular \$3. Sale price \$2.00

Ladies' Flannelette Gowns

Flannelette Gowns, in cream and pink, two different styles, tucked yoke and double yoke in back. Sale price, 65c and 75c

Ladies' Underskirts 75c

Black Satene Underskirts, made of good satene with deep flounce, trimmed with three tucks, sizes 38 to 42. Sale price 75c

160 yards Taffeta Silk Ribbon, 6 inches wide, assorted colors, regular 25c. Saturday, per yard 15c

500 Writing Tablets, ruled or unruled, regular 10c. Sale price, each 5c

Splendid stock of Leather Postcards, all designs. Handsome assortment of Plaques, all scenery designs, 12 inches across; very handsome. Sale price 15c and 25c

Twelve patterns in Postcard Albums; each book will hold 100 cards; splendid value at 25c

SALE OF NOTE PAPER

English Note Paper, in white and blue, 25 sheets paper for 7c And 25 Envelopes to match; sale price 7c

CANDY SPECIAL

200 pounds of Buttercups, assorted flavors, regular 20c. Sale price, a pound 10c

200 pounds of Granada Chocolate Nut Center, regular 15c. Saturday, a pound 10c

We carry everything in Sour Drops. Blue and Colored Beads. Sale price, per bunch 7c

Newest designs in Lithograph and Stamped Cushion Tops; also new designs in Monogram Cushion Tops, at special prices.

Large size Twin Bar Castle Soap. Sale price 3 for 10c

SALE OF JARDINIÈRES IN BASEMENT, SATURDAY 15c

Fifty only. Assorted English Jardinières on sale Saturday at, each, 15c

\$4.00 TOILET SETS, SATURDAY \$2.95

We have arranged for a sale on Saturday of Ten-Piece Toilet Sets, and the biggest value for the day will be our Ten-Piece Chatsworth Printed and Gold-Traced Set, which we sell regular at \$4 a set—in three colors. Saturday price, while they last, a set, \$2.95

Ten dozen more of Kemp's Best Large Cold-Blast Lanterns, to sell on Saturday, complete, at 43c

GRANITEWARE SPECIALS, 10c EACH

No. 28 Granite Wash Basins at 10c 4-Quart Granite Pudding Dishes 10c

1-Quart Granite Dippers 10c 1-Quart Granite Sauce Pans, 10c

Special value in 97-Piece Dinner Sets on Saturday. A \$2.50 Toilet Set given away with every set sold on Saturday over \$10.00.

WALL PAPER FOR SATURDAY

We are anxious for the public to visit this department on Saturday next and the following week, as we are offering some special bargains in Wall Paper. We are confident the prices and quality will please, and it will be a pleasure to show our goods.

Three dozen Slightly-Damaged Poles, complete, Saturday for 18c Oilcloth, in all shades, finest quality, per yard 21c

Pantry Shelving, sale price, per yard 6c and 7c Aluminum, sale price, per can 18c

Window Shades, in all colors, regular 35c. Sale price 30c

Children's Cashmere Hose, plain or ribbed, 25 cents.

WOODS' FAIR

Ladies' Plaid Silk and Elsie Janis Belts, 15c.



RELIANCE BAKING POWDER

MAKES COOKS HAPPY

A trial will convince every housewife in Canada that "Reliance Baking Powder" is far superior to any other she has ever used. It is prepared from the best and purest materials that money can buy, under the direction of an expert manufacturing chemist, therefore we are able to sell it on a Cash Return basis. In order to introduce "Reliance Baking Powder" we are making wonderfully attractive premium offers to boys and girls. If interested drop us a postal.

FREE BEAUTIFUL PICTURE POST CARDS FREE

To any user of baking powder we will gladly send, absolutely free, postage prepaid, a set of four of our latest edition of picture post cards, illustrated in brilliant colors. Simply write us, answering the following questions:

1st. Name your Grocery. 2nd. Name this Paper.

International Food Company, Toronto, Canada.

"Ask for the Purple Package."

KAISER RUSHES BIG SHIPS

Keels of Vessels of Dreadnaught Type Shortly To Be Laid.

Berlin, Nov. 2. — Fresh details are published of the restless energy with which Germany is accelerating the completion of her fast-expanding fleet. The keel plates of the new battleships of the Dreadnaught class and the huge new armored cruiser will be laid within the next six weeks.

Several thousand extra workmen will be employed, which will render it possible for the ships to be completed within the period originally fixed—in the same time, that is to say, as has hitherto been required for the construction of battleships displacing only 12,000 tons.

The first of the German Dread-

naughts will be launched toward the end of 1907. The contractors have promised the imperial government that all the ships ordered shall be ready to hoist the pennant and join the German fleet by the spring of 1909, unless their trials should greatly delay their commissioning.

It is also announced that the new German destroyers of 525 tons will have four engines, in place of three, as hitherto, and will develop 10,000-horsepower. Their artillery has been greatly strengthened, to enable them to deal with any other destroyers afloat or under construction.

THE EFFICACY OF Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments, and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

STOCK SWINDLER IN BIG STEALS

U. S. Federal Police Land Man Who Robbed by Millions, They Say.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Charles Whitney Norton, said by the police and postal authorities to be responsible for extensive swindling operations, is under arrest here, and will be turned over to the federal officers by the local police, who took him into custody.

It is claimed that Norton has defrauded people in all parts of the United States out of bonds and securities amounting to \$3,000,000.

It is claimed by the officers that Norton would obtain stock from any person who would trust him and agree to sell it in the market.

He might, the police declare, sell the stock, and he might retain it, but the result to the person owning the stock was the same. They would receive no money from Norton, nor would the stock be returned to them.

Norton taken into custody by the police three days and held him without preferring any charge against him until a search could be made for securities said to be held by him aggregating in value about \$3,000,000.

In his room were found bonds, stocks, the greater part of which were thought to be genuine, and worth about \$2,000,000. Other papers were found valued on their face at about \$3,000,000 more, but the higher value is doubtful.

It is claimed that Norton by selling and trading these securities has made many thousands of dollars.

The postal authorities declare that they have been searching for Norton since January, 1905, when he disappeared from Detroit, ostensibly to go to England.

It is claimed by the police that Norton solicited stocks and titles of all descriptions to sell. When pressed by customers for money for the stock turned over to him he informed them that he would go to London in order to obtain a better market.

Titles and deeds to lands in Nebraska, Kentucky, and Virginia and other states, running into thousands of acres, were found in Norton's possession. One deed described 50,000 acres of pine lands in Virginia and another describing 20,000 acres in Nebraska appeared to be genuine.

The papers also include gold mining stocks, and stocks of copper mines, insurance companies, railways and gas companies.

Norton was today still held by the local police, but the postal authorities declared their intention of causing his arrest on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

A federal warrant was served upon Norton late in the afternoon and he was taken to the county jail. He will be arraigned tomorrow before United States Commissioner Foote. The specific causes for which Norton was arrested was in connection with the stock of the Monroe Mining and Smelting Co. of Arizona.

A business man in Peoria, Ill., secretary of the mining company, sent to Norton for sale 8,000 shares of the stock. This man failing to obtain either the stock or its price from Norton resigned and came to Chicago and engaged in the brokerage business.

Norton after returning to this city entered the Chicago office of the former Peoria man, and offered him the same stock which he had given to Norton for sale. His arrest followed within a short time.

It is claimed by the federal authorities that Norton was enabled to make deals for stock business of highly favorable character, but forged reports of himself, said to be issued by a prominent mercantile agency.

THE ONTARIO BANK

Curator Has List of Big Operations in the New York Market.

Toronto, Nov. 1.—The curator of the Ontario Bank has in his possession an almost complete list of the stock speculations engineered by Charles McGill, the former general manager, with New York and Toronto brokers, and the items cover a thick bundle of separate sheets.

According to the list in one day, that of June 14, his dealings with one New York stock exchange firm comprise two totals, one of \$400,000 and one \$250,000, or \$650,000 for the day, and an idea of what a free-hearted speculator McGill was is shown in the following figures, which show the volume of his operations on separate days with only one broker in New York, the one mentioned above:

Date	Amount
June 15	\$150,000
June 18	125,000
June 21	150,000

These days are picked out at random, and do not each represent a maximum of operations. For the five days indicated the total is \$1,075,000.

The loss to the bank through the speculations of the ex-general manager is officially stated as being \$1,500,000.

A meeting of some shareholders of the bank was held this afternoon at the office of Mr. Cyrus Goode, 1,200 shares being represented out of a total of 15,000. A committee was appointed to look into the legal position of the shareholders and to see what recourse may be had against the directorate of the wrecked institution.

The committee consists of Earl of Cumberland, Andrew Darling, W. J. Farland, C. Goode and C. S. Czwolski. The committee will endeavor to obtain proxies from other shareholders.

AN END TO BILIOUS HEADACHE. Biliousness, which is caused by excessive bile in the stomach, has a marked effect on the nerves, and often manifests itself by severe headache. This is the most distressing headache one can have. There are colds, fevers, and other ailments, from other causes, but the most extraordinary of all is the bilious headache. Farwell's Vegetable Pills will cure it—cure it almost immediately. It will disappear as soon as the pills operate. There is nothing sorer in the treatment of bilious headache.

KING'S DAUGHTER IN POOR HEALTH

The Princess Victoria to Reside in the South of Europe.

London, Oct. 31.—Princess Victoria, the only unmarried daughter of King Edward is likely to be seen but little from henceforth in London society. Her health, always delicate, instead of improving, has become more frail, so much so that her physicians insist that she should from now on spend the greater part of the year, and especially the winters, in the south of Europe.

In fact, negotiations are already in progress to purchase for her use a villa with extensive grounds somewhere on the French Riviera, and several of them, notably, the late Lord Salisbury's beautiful, Sir Edward Malet's Chateau Malet, at Monaco, and the place bequeathed by the late Capt. Percival to the widow of his friend, Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, have all been under consideration.

Her spring health became so bad that she was obliged to leave London quite early in the season, and to proceed to Scotland for complete rest and quiet, and when she later on attempted to fulfill her promise of attending the coronation of her sister, Maud, as queen of Norway, she once more became so ill as to excite considerable alarm on the part of her medical attendants.

The princess will be sadly missed by both her father and mother. As the one member of the family who has remained at home, she has been in quite a special degree the companion of both her parents. It may be remembered that on the occasion of his yachting trips, after his operation, and also after the fracture of his knee cap some years previously, the King insisted upon having his daughter Victoria on board throughout his cruises, and in the same way she has usually accompanied her mother on the occasion of the latter's stays in Denmark, and elsewhere on the continent.

She has two particular friends, who will doubtless share between them the attendance upon her as ladies-in-waiting. They are two sisters—the Hon. Mrs. Derek Keppel and Lady Musgrave, both daughters of Lord Suffolk, and elsewhere in the world have been on terms of intimacy with the princess since their earliest childhood, their father and mother being the oldest members of the King and Queen's households. Lady Musgrave's husband,

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SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY. Warmer.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Now For Blankets

Last few cold nights have served as a warning of the colder nights fast approaching. You should get all the Blankets you require now and be ready for the freezing weather when it strikes us.

No place, we believe, where you will get cleaner, warmer, better Blankets or receive bigger value than at the Satisfactory Store.

Just a few suggestions: Our Special Union Blanket is big value. Size 60 x 80. Only, pair \$2.75

A heavier and finer Union Blanket. Two sizes, 60 x 80, and 64 x 84. Only, per pair \$3.25

A still better Blanket. Very special at \$3.50

Or larger size 64 x 80 at \$4.25

Pure all-wool, thoroughly bleached and scoured, good size, at \$4.25

Others at \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5 and \$5.50 pair.

Very fine All-Wool Blankets. Good large sizes. Great favorites at \$6 and \$6.50

Our Finest All-Wool Blanket. Superb quality. All pure South down wools. Fancy weave. Soft and fluffy. Larger sizes. Pair \$7.50

Red Blankets. All pure wool. Per pair \$5 to \$8.25

Gray Blankets. All pure wool. Per pair \$2.50 to \$5.25

Flannelette Blankets

Fine and heavy quality white and gray. All sizes. Housefurnishings—2nd Floor



STRANGE NATIVE RITES

In the virgin forests of that wonderful land, Australia, the ancient natives practiced their weird and mysterious rites of healing. Much of their ancient lore will never be known by modern man. Some of it, however, is known in certain quarters, and even modern scientists have been amazed at the deep knowledge of medicinal plants possessed by these ancient natives.

When discovered by Captain Cook, the great explorer, he wrote of them: "I did not observe among them any sign of disease. Old men without hair and teeth were full of life and activity." Their women, whose health was found to be due to the fact that they used certain herbal essences as medicine. What stronger proof could be had than this, of the fact that the herbs of the field and the trees of the forest constitute a nature's medicine chest for mankind?

In Bileans for Biliousness, the great Australian household remedy, you have the finest known medicinal essences. From coating to kernel they are purely vegetable. They are an absolutely natural remedy for indigestion, headache, biliousness, constipation, piles, and all disorders arising from liver and stomach disorders.

It is now well known that liver medicines hitherto in use mostly contain bluish, mercury and other harmful mineral products. These mineral constituents are very injurious, if taken for long, and produce such effects as that of loosening of the teeth, causing the hair to fall out, etc.

Bileans are entirely different and superior. They are purely vegetable, and contain no trace of any such harmful ingredients as the above. They cure that which they are taken to cure, and do not leave behind them evils worse than the original ones.

Bileans are mild in their action and are thus suitable for the most delicate constitution. They never cause gripping or pain. Taken at night, they work while you sleep—toning up and stimulating the liver, strengthening the digestive organs, removing the causes of biliousness, constipation, piles, liver trouble, indigestion and all digestive disorders, female ailments, skin eruptions, biliousness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, foul breath, dizziness, fainting, buzzing noises in the head, feelings of uneasiness, fullness, after a light meal, the anemia, debility, etc. They also act as a general tonic and by improving the tone of the whole system enable it to throw off colds, chills, etc. They improve the general circulation, and are a boon to the aged, girls and weak women. All druggists sell at 50 cents a box, or post free from the Bilean Co., Toronto, on receipt of price.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street



Lake of The Woods Milling Co.

MONTREAL. Limited.

Local Office, Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers, London, Ont.

Trifles Make Perfection

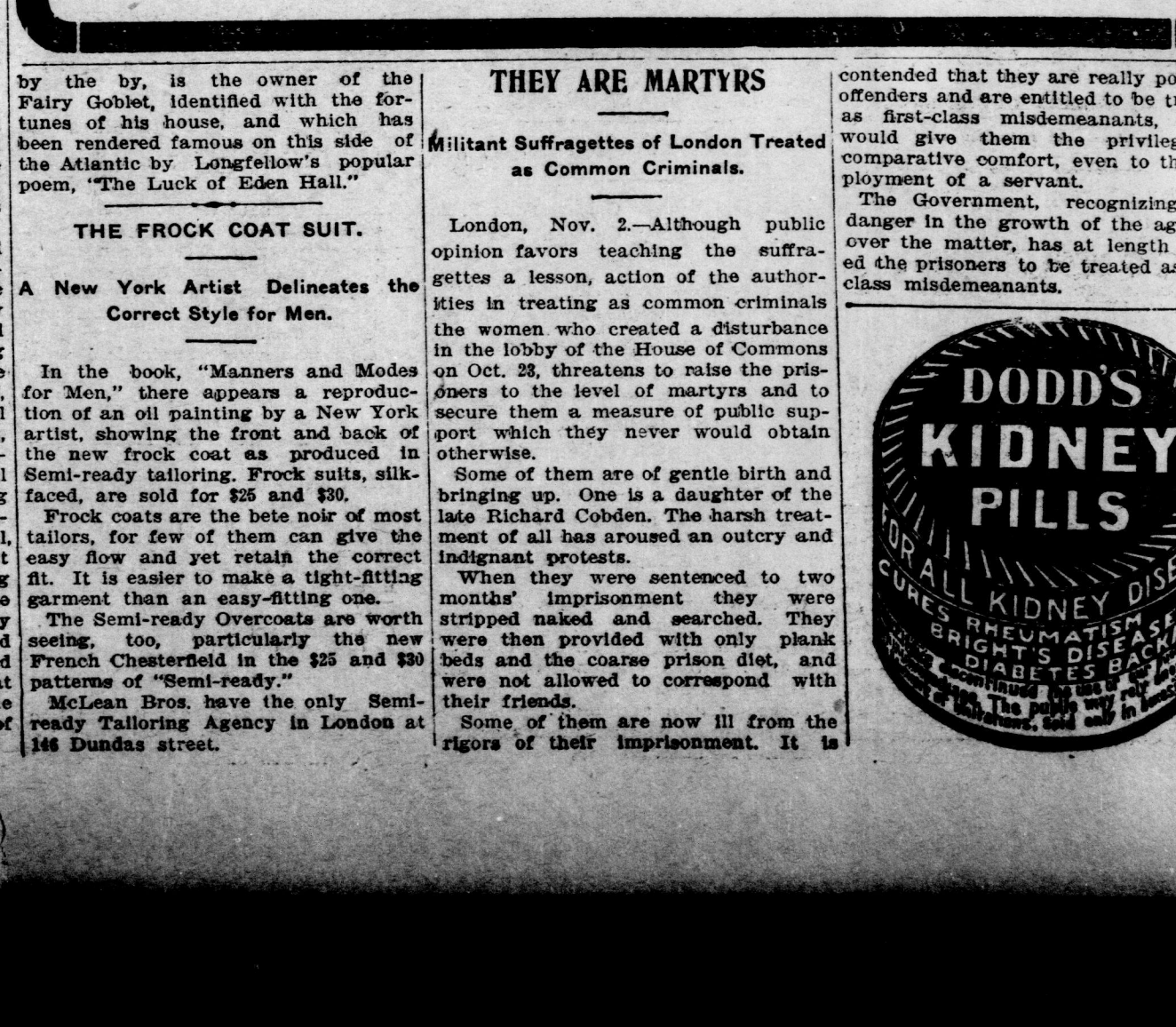
But Perfection Is No Trifle.

It is by the most careful attention to every trifling detail in the milling of "FIVE ROSES" FLOUR that we have been able to bring this brand up to its present state of perfection, and are able to maintain it.

Every single bushel of grain which enters our mills, every single bag and barrel of flour which leaves them is tested and retested at every stage of the milling in order to insure the absolute purity and uniformity for which "FIVE ROSES" FLOUR is noted the world over.

This attention to trifles is costly, but it enables us to maintain a reputation for perfection, which is no trifle, and of "FIVE ROSES" can rely upon getting the "flour of perfect quality" for all household use.

Ask your grocer for it.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

THEY ARE MARTYRS

Militant Suffragettes of London Treated as Common Criminals.

London, Nov. 2.—Although public opinion favors teaching the suffragettes a lesson, action of the authorities in treating as common criminals the women who created a disturbance in the lobby of the House of Commons on Oct. 28, threatens to raise the prisoners

London Advertiser.FOUNDED IN 1853.
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tion Department or phone 107.

LONDON, FRIDAY, NOV. 2.

THE HYPOCRITES.Among the shameful revelations of
the past few weeks, none is more dis-
gusting than the hypocrisy of some of
the opponents of the Liberal party in
this city.The London Free Press is an exam-
ple of this ripe and seasoned Pharisee-
ism. Its advice to voters to take bribe
money and lie into the bargain was
that of a hardened but candid sinner,
but it dons the more contemptible
garb of the hypocrite when it protests
that the hands of the Conservative
party in this city are absolutely clean.It lays great stress on the Carling-
Walker lecture of 1874, in which most of
the corruption was practiced by Con-
servatives who supported Mr. Walker
for personal reasons. When Mr. Wal-
ker was unseated, the Liberals desired
to press a counter-petition, and show
that money has been poured out like
water by the other party, but Mr. Car-
ling declined to offer for re-election,
and remained out of the House until
1878. The debauching of the elector-
ate in the interests of the Conservative
party antedated the contest of 1874,
and reached its climax in the Hyman-
Beattie contest, more than twenty
years afterwards. It is no defense to
say that the courts confirmed the Con-
servative candidate in his seat on that
occasion. A number of Conservative
workers were constrained by perverted
sentiments of party loyalty to swear
away a mass of the blackest evidence.
Mr. Hyman in 1891 had been unseated
for a bribe compared with the orgy of
corruption which defeated him five
years later.There is this difference between
the elections of 1905 and of 1896, that
in the latter case a cloud of witnesses
implicated men high in the Conserva-
tive ranks. The bacchanalian rites at
the Conservative headquarters, where
scores of men were made drunk and
held captive, constituted only one of
its disgraceful features. The contest
was a carnival of bribery, debauchery
and ballot-spoiling. There has not been
an election since then in which money
has not been spent in the interest of
Conservative candidates. Evidence
of it have come to light in the pres-
ent proceedings at Toronto, and more
of it would be revealed if the prosecu-
tion was concerned in exposing more
than one party.The president of the London Liberal
Association was perfectly truthful in
his indictment of Conservative methods
in London. For years Liberals have
been smarting under a sense of heinous
wrongs inflicted upon their party.**NEWFOUNDLAND'S THREATS.**The people of Newfoundland are
angry and restive under the modus
vivendi with the United States, ar-
ranged over their heads by the im-
perial authorities. A dispatch from
St. Johns says the Government of the
colony has decided to ignore and defy
the provisional agreement by enforce-
ing the colonial legislation, forbidding
Newfoundlanders to join foreign ves-
sels for the purpose of fishing in the
waters of the colony. Prosecutions
will be entered against one or more
colonial fishermen shipped by Ameri-
cans, with the object of bringing the
case before the privy council and test-
ing the validity of colonial enactments,
which have been over-ridden by the
modus vivendi.After the rejection by the United
States Senate of the Hay-Bond treaty,
which would have settled the dispute
on the basis of reciprocal rights in
fisheries, the Government of New-
foundland in retaliation canceled the
special privileges which American fish-
ermen had enjoyed for many years
over and above their treaty rights. By
the treaty of 1818 American fishermen
have the right to fish in the waters
of Newfoundland, but they have until
recently been allowed other favors,
such as the liberty of purchasing bait
and of hiring Newfoundlanders. In
withdrawing these privileges the Gov-
ernment of Newfoundland claimed that
it was acting within its competence.
Its position is thus described by the
St. Johns, Nfld., Telegram:"The sovereignty of Newfoundland
is British. The whole body of rights
embodied in the sovereignty is Brit-
ish. Out of this body of rights, a
few specified in the treaty of 1818
have been carved out and given to
the inhabitants of the United States.
These foreigners have no rightswhatever in our waters except those
expressly specified in that treaty.
The full dominion, excepting these
servitudes, is British. It is a recog-
nized principle of international law
that the power in whom the domini-
um or sovereignty lies has the right
to legislate for the preservation of
the property itself. As the local
partner in this sovereignty and in
accordance with our Magna Charta,
the Labouchere dispatch, these local
territorial and maritime sovereign
rights are under our control and not
to be bartered away or in any way
lessened or limited except by our
own consent expressed by the Legis-
lature. Among these sovereign rights
which constitutionally belong to
Newfoundland is this right to legis-
late for the preservation of the fish-
ery. To our mind this is the most
important principle of all. An in-
fringement of it is an invasion of
our right to home rule and an attack
on the vitality and continued exist-
ence of our staple industry. We
must maintain this righteous prin-
ciple at any cost and resist by every
constitutional means at our disposal
this invasion of our rights. We must
recognize and observe honorably the
treaty of 1818; but we must on no
account allow any extension of these
treaty rights."The Imperial Government, besides
disallowing recent colonial legislation,
has permitted the American fishermen
to use purse seines, a practice which
Newfoundlanders say will be destruc-
tive of their herring fisheries and
which is forbidden to their own people.
Mr. P. T. McGrath, the veteran jour-
nalist of Newfoundland, points out
that the power of using purse seines is
something the Americans never en-
joyed before and says that in addition
"they actually obtained a privilege
which their own state department, in
July last, admitted that they had no
right to, and which their own fishing
vessels were warned not to attempt
to exercise—that of hiring our men
outside the three-mile limit, while they
have also secured the nullifying of the
statute passed by our Legislature last
session, prohibiting our people from
leaving our shores to join their vessels,
a statute the validity of which was
admitted by Congressman Gardner, the
representative of the American fish-
ing interests, in a letter to the Glou-
cester board of trade in July last." He
adds that the Americans have now
practically a free hand in the prosecu-
tion of the herring fishery and are
twisting the lion's tail anew.The New York Post admits that the
British Government has made "great
temporary concessions even at the
cost of inflaming its own subjects,"
and expresses the hope that the modus
vivendi is but the precursor of a treaty
which will be broad enough and fair
enough to withstand the assaults of
the petty selfish interests which pro-
cured the defeat of the "Hay-Bond
treaty. The modus vivendi expires in
a year, and it would seem to be im-
prudent on the part of Newfoundland
to create a feeling in the United States
which will throw difficulties in the way
of British diplomacy. The wiser course
would be to accept the provisional
agreement and bring all possible pres-
sure to bear upon the British Govern-
ment so that the colony's interests may
be better safeguarded in the treaty
which is to be negotiated next year.Mr. Birmingham should be able to
provide some good copy.There is no hope of purifying a
political party which professes that it
has never committed a sin.That brilliant luminary, the Chatham
Planet, informs its readers that "Pre-
mier Laurier succeeded in holding his
own in North Bruce!"Unless the Attorney-General's de-
partment turns the X-rays upon the
Conservative party, every corruption-
ist in that party will feel that he can
rely upon immunity from prosecution
in future.When Frank Hutchinson is put in
the box—if the crown can muster up
courage to put him there—his story
will involve two or three well-known
Conservatives. Perhaps the latter will
deny his story, and protest against
having their names bulletined in the
press. Yet the names of well-known
Liberals, who are innocent of wrong-
doing, are being dragged into print
every day by these irregular proceed-
ings. That's a horse of another color.**TAKEN.**

[Philadelphia Press.]

Merchant—So you want the job as
office boy?
Boy—Yes, sir.
Merchant—Any previous experi-
ence?
Boy—No, sir; nothin' previous about
me and I don't whistle.
Merchant—Hang up your hat.**EXCITED SUSPICION.**

[Puck.]

"My wife was arrested yesterday."
"You surprise me. What was the
trouble?"
"She got off a trolley car the right
way and a policeman thought she was
a man in disguise."**COBALT'S WEALTH AND PERIL.**

[Toronto World.]

Cobalt has now become a proposi-
tion demanding attention from the
Government as the guardian not only
of the citizens but of the reputation
of the Province in the stock markets
and investing centers of the world.
There can be no doubt now of the
value of the mineral deposits in the
district, and it is well within the
bounds of possibility that Cobalt maysoon be, if not the richest, possibly
among the richest silver camps ever
known. Huge profits have already
been made in resales of claims and in
the steady and rapid advance in share
values shown by the daily price re-
ports. All this has drawn an ever-
increasing amount of public attention,
and recent investigators, while freely
admitting the frequent indications
everywhere prevalent of untold wealth
below, are equally emphatic in warn-
ing intending investors against the
numerous wildcat companies already
offering, or which will certainly offer
in the immediate future, tempting
propositions without real substance or
without having had their warrant
properly tested.**IN MEMORIAM.**

[Port Perry (Ont.) Star.]

(Written by Eli Hooley.)

That noble one from us has gone,
The place he used to fill
Is now vacant in our team
That no one here can fill.And as we meet each one by one,
And look into each face,
We see that we still miss one
Dear face, that will never more be
seen.And as we call our men up
And call them one by one,
They answer as they hear their names,
But John, no answer comes.And when our time shall come, boys,
And we are called to go,
We hope they feel as we feel now
(sorry).
Dear John he had to go.Yet we do miss his happy smile,
His ready cheerful word,
But he who gave him took him away,
God's will it must be done.**A GOOD REASON.**

[Argonaut.]

Two old friends on the street, locking
arms, started slowly along, discussing
various topics. Personal ones were
touched upon at last, and, after ex-
changing family salutations for several
moments, the judge asked the major:
"And dear old Mrs., your aunt?
She must be rather feeble now. Tell
me, how is she?"
"Buried her yesterday," said the ma-
jor."Buried her? Dear me, dear me! Is
the good old lady dead?"
"Yes; that's why we buried her," said
the major.**BOURASSA AND SPOULE.**

[Toronto Globe.]

It would be matter for regret if the
election of Mr. Robitaille meant rec-
ognition and support for the sectional
propaganda led by Mr. Bourassa. There
should be a place in Parliament for
representatives of widely different
views; and in the Liberal party there
should be room for men who, while true
and loyal to the essential principles
and traditions of liberalism, are inde-
pendent in their discussion of political
questions. But the course of Mr. Bour-
assa has in it elements of danger which
no true Canadian should desire to see
strengthened. He is clever and clean
as a politician, but he is sectional in
his view, and not free from racial
prejudice. Were he more serious in
his dealing with public questions, and
were his personal vanity not quite so
obvious, he would be more dangerous
than he is likely to become. Mr. Bour-
assa is the Quebec counterpart of On-
tario's Dr. Sproule. Both are honest
men, but neither the extreme of
bigoted Tory Orsmond nor the ex-
treme of bigoted French Nationalism
is an element that should be encour-
aged in Canadian public life.**ENGLISH CHANGING DRINKS.**

[New York Sun.]

There has been a decline of nearly
2,500,000 barrels of beer in the annual
consumption of the United Kingdom
during the past six years, notwith-
standing that the population increased
by 2,000,000.Official figures for the fiscal year 1906
give the amount retained for consump-
tion at 33,504,000 barrels, or 27.9 gal-
lons per capita. The decline of 11 per
cent has taken place entirely in the
English and Scottish consumption,
since that of Ireland exhibits a slight
actual increase over the six years pre-
vious. That the people of the United
Kingdom are not making up for their
beer frugality by imbibing more spirits
is shown by the statistics, from which
it appears that the total amount of
consumption of spirits decreased from
1.1 proof gallons to nine tenths of a
gallon. The spirits retained for con-
sumption in the 1906 fiscal year was
34,487,000 gallons of home-made and
6,735,000 foreign. Measured by the
population the decline in the amount
of British spirits consumed is about
15 per cent, whereas in respect to
spirits it is about 29 per cent.
Furthermore, the practice of private
brewing has decreased enormously in
the last decade. The sale of beer to the
trade is being centered in the hands of
the large producers. English journals
draw as a deduction from these figures
that the habits of their people are im-
proving.The British are evidently giving up
alcoholic drinks more and more and
becoming still greater tea drinkers,
their imports of tea for home consump-
tion having been for the first seven
months of 1906 155,767,710 pounds, an
increase of over 10,000,000 pounds above
the same period in 1905.**LIFE.**

[Edward Vance Cook.]

This life's a hollow bubble,
Don't you know?
Just a painted piece of trouble,
Don't you know?
We come to earth to caw.
We grow old, and we sigh.
Older still, and then we die.
Don't you know?**HEREDITARY IRASCIBILITY.**

[London Truth.]

Herbert Bismarck had none of his
father's bright wit in conversation,
but had his overbearing temper and
his mother's violent irascibility. She
had the disposition of the Frankish
woman as exemplified in Fredegunda,
but held in check by modern condi-
tions. Bismarck in anger was as ter-
rible as a ferocious mastiff. She, far
from restraining him, kept on saying:"Good dog; tss-s-s-s. Go at him (or at
her); good dog; tss-s-s-s," or tanta-
mount words. The mastiff that lay
below the surface in Bismarck grew
even more and more infuriated, espe-
cially if the evening before he had
eaten and drank copiously. With these
parents, Herbert, Jane and Bill Bis-
marck could not be expected to have
courtroom manners. Herbert, who was
no stranger in Paris and whom the
fond father hoped one day to send
there as ambassador, was bulky, sul-
ten, and of a complexion that revealed
an angry state of the blood. Gambetta
said of him: "He reminds me of a
limb of the law hardened to the work
of laying on executions—in short, of a
low-class bailiff (recors)."**"THE WORD."**

[Ella Wheeler Wilcox.]

Oh! a word is a gem, or a stone, or a
song,
Or a flame, or a two-edged sword;
Or a rose in bloom, or a sweet perfume,
Or a drop of gall, is a word.You may choose your word like a com-
mon-sense
And poll it up with art,
But the word that aways, and stirs, and
lays
Is the word that comes from the heart.You may work on your word a thousand
But it will not glow like one
That, all unsought, leaps from a white hot,
When the fountains of feeling run.You may hammer away on the anvil of
thought,
And fashion your word with care,
But unless you are stirred to the depths
That word
Shall die on the empty air.For the word that comes from the brain
alone
Alone to the brain will speed;
But the word from the soul finds a
broader goal,
And that is the word men heed.**INDIA'S GROWTH AND POPULA-
TION.**

[Daily Consular and Trade Report.]

The number of persons to the square
mile in India in 1901 (the last census),
was 42,830. Of the total of 294,361,056
who constituted the population at the
last census more than 200,000,000 were
Hindus. The Christians number 2-
23,241. There was an amazing pre-
ponderance of widows over widowers
in that country. Of Hindus there
were 6,000,000 widowers and 19,000,000
widows, and of Mohammedans there
were 1,800,000 widowers and 4,500,000
widows, and so on with the other
races. The taxation per head in India
has grown from 75 cents in 1895 to 84
cents in 1905, and the debt has grown
from \$15,000,000 to \$11-
in that time from \$985,000,000 to \$1-
155,000,000. The imports rose from
\$28,000,000 in 1896 to nearly \$320,000,000
in 1905, while the exports in the same
period increased from \$265,000,000 to
nearly \$515,000,000.**LORD MAYOR'S ROUND COACHMAN**

[London Standard.]

The lord mayor's coachman is still
the theme of the Paris papers. "No-
body who has not seen him can imag-
ine him," says Le Matin. "He is as
round as an apple, as round as a ball,
or rather, as round as the earth itself.
He is rosy and chubby of face, and his
body is a formidable paradox. And this
astonishing man sits enthroned with a
wondrous dignity midway between
heaven and sky. His lip is scornful, and
he heads not the remarks of the
crowd. He sees or hears nothing but
his horses."**THE CLUBWOMAN.**

[Chicago Evening Post.]

She does not care for Higher Life,
Nor for The Way to End All Strife;
She does not think of Civic Pride,
Nor should our Daughters Ride
She does not think of Creed and Class,
Nor of The Uplift and The Mass—
She minds not anything like that,
She's shopping for her winter hat.**THE B. SHOW.**

[Belleville Intelligencer.]

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
It maketh the coal man to laugh "Hol
ho!"
While the stuff in the bins doth ebb and
flow
And \$7.75 per up the chimney doth go.**MRS. EDDY'S WEALTH**Christian Science Leader Says Tales of
Grafting Are All False.Boston, Mass., Nov. 1.—Alfred Far-
law, of this city, head of the Christian
Science Publication Bureau, tonight
issued a statement in part as follows:
"The New York world of today pub-
lishes the following statement: 'The
World is in a position to say positively
that Boston lawyers were today con-
sulted by fair-minded Christian Sci-
entists, who were convinced of Mrs. Ed-
dy's collapse, and will force Calvin A.
Frye and others in actual control of
Mrs. Eddy, to tell what has become of
her big fortune, estimated by those
who should know at nearly \$15,000,000.'
I have just returned from Mrs.
Eddy's home and am pleased to in-
form the World that she is well and
happy and is at her desk giving in-
structions to her secretary, Mr. Frye,
and conducting her own affairs."
"The church has nothing whatever
to do with Mrs. Eddy's fortune,
whether it be large or small. It is her
own property, and consists of a legiti-
mate wage for her services as a
teacher of Christian Science and the
legitimate profits on her books. Mrs.
Eddy is not a trustee for any church
funds, and therefore has not account-
ing to render to Christian Scientists.
The church has no jurisdiction over
her private holdings, and therefore no
more right to know what disposition
she makes of them than they have to
inquire about the private affairs of
any other citizen."A casual observer, with a slight
knowledge of arithmetic, can readily
estimate that it is impossible for Mrs.
Eddy to be even a millionaire. I hold
in my possession an affidavit, made
by Mr. Edward L. Frye, the secretary
of the church of the Christian Science
Church, which states that Mrs. Eddy
has never received any money from
the Christian Science Church, with the
exception of \$5,000 which was tendered
her by the direction of the church or
services rendered during the erection
of the mother church in Boston. Mr.
Frye is a well-known business man
and is not a Christian Scientist. No
Boston lawyers or any other lawyers
have been consulted by Christian
Scientists with reference to interfer-
ing with the duties and accomplish-
ments of Mrs. Eddy's faithful secre-
tary, nor has there been any talk of
such an action nor any occasion for
talk on the subject.**J. H. CHAPMAN & CO****Great 33c Hosiery Sale**All day Saturday and Saturday night to get best 45c Hose for, only, per
pair..... **33c**
Guaranteed pure wool, spliced heel and toe and seamless; all sizes for ladies and
misses. This is your chance to buy your winter supply. We'll not repeat the offer
after tomorrow night.**End-of-the-Week Coat Clearance**These Coats cannot be duplicated under \$9 and \$10 anywhere. Fashioned
with extra care, of the stylish fancy tweeds and English covert cloths. Double-
breasted, box and fly fronts and full tourist back. This bunch consists of about
25 coats that have been slated for the end-of-the-week clearance. At..... **\$7.50****Fur-Lined Coats "Very Special"**We say "very special" because that is precisely what they are in every
feature. 48 inches long, best broadcloth shell, squirrel lined, with handsome collar
and revers of mink marten. Colors in brown, green, fawn, castor, navy and
black. Very special..... **\$45****Men's Winter Underwear at Fast
Selling Reductions**

The makers made the reductions, we followed suit.

All-Wool and Fleeced Undershirts and Drawers. Worth 65c a
garment, at..... **50c**Lamb's Wool Undershirts and Drawers. Worth 75c garment,
at..... **65c**Heavy-All-Wool Ribbed Undershirts and Drawers, Worth
\$1.25 garment, at..... **75c****Boys' Overcoats Underpriced**Mothers have only to inspect these Overcoats to realize their
values. Sizes 6 to 12 years, full length, nice tweed overcoats, lined
with tweeds. Worth \$3.50, at..... **\$2.95****Misses' New
Winter Coats**Fancy English Tweed Coats,
with full bell back, trimmed
with straps on back and cuffs;
nice fancy mixtures and checks.
Special at..... **\$5.50****Ladies' Long
Kimonos****\$1.98**Full Length Heavy German
Outing Flannel Kimonos in navy,
light blue and cardinal, with
border of fancy white braid, waist
lined, full sleeves. Regular \$3,
tomorrow night..... **\$1.98**Ladies' Waists, enough left
from previous sale for a brisk
day's selling. At..... **69c****J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.**

Stanfield's Truro Knit for Women

All sizes to perfectly fit all figures.

All weights for all Canadian climates.

Every garment guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable. Money back if it shrinks with washing, or stretches with wear.

Easy and comfortable—grateful to tender skins—and keeps you snug and warm, no matter how cold it gets.

Made right here in Canada. No duty to pay.

Your dealer will show you **STANFIELD'S.**

Stanfield's Unshrinkable Men

**try the right starch once---
and see what easy ironing is**

You won't believe Celluloid Starch can save what it really does save.... not until you try it. Then you will know how easy it is to iron starched things when they are starched right.

Celluloid Starch gives a prettier finish with about half the iron grind.... in about half the time. You needn't even cook it.... it cannot ever stick.... it does save wear on starched things because it makes ironing easier.

Test it.... give it a fair chance.... can't risk much. We know it will show you what a really good starch can save you in work and in fabrics. Demand it from your dealer.... test it.... use it right.

now get Celluloid Starch

RAIDED REDS FIGHT POLICE

**Emma Goldman and Her Band
Arrested After a Stiff
Battle.**

New York, Nov. 1.—Another meeting of anarchists was raided and broken up by a large force of policemen about 10 o'clock last night at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth street. The wildest kind of a riot followed when the police stormed the hall. Women screamed: "Down with the police!" "Kill the oppressors!" and a few other such things.

When the men quailed the women themselves led a charge on the cops that was hot while it lasted. Many of the officers were badly scratched.

Ten of the anarchists were arrested, among them Emma Goldman, who tackled a cop and was making good until other officers rescued their battered fellow-raider.

The meeting was a continuation of the one that the police broke up on Forsyth street a week ago. This meeting, like the former one, was called to discuss Czolgosz and praise him as a martyr. Julius Edelson had hired the hall and called the meeting and he was the principal speaker.

Just as he took the platform fifteen central office men under the lead of Detective-Sergeant Braun slipped into the hall and took up places at various points. Roundsmen Bock and several plain clothes men from the Eldridge street station house were near the door and Capt. Shaw with 25 men in uniform marched in front of the building to await developments.

Edelson began in this way, according to Sergeant Braun:

"I have many things to say, but first of all I wish to explain anarchy. Now, there are two kinds of anarchists. One class desires peace while the others are felons. But all anarchists do not want the kind of peace that is prescribed by law. The time will come when we will throw away the ballot boxes and take things in hand ourselves."

According to Sergt. Braun, Edelson went on then to speak of Czolgosz. He spoke at considerable length and pictured the slayer of President McKinley as a martyr and a man that had been wronged.

Sergt. Braun then decided that the new law enacted to cover criminal anarchy had been violated and he called upon the cops to get busy. The central office men leaped to the platform and grabbed Edelson.

In an instant there was a great uproar. The women made the noise. One of them cried out to the men to kill the police and a mob surged toward the central office men.

Word had been passed to the street and Capt. Shaw and the 25 men in uniform came up to the hall in a jiffy. The police had a difficult time in clearing the hall. The women, and they composed nearly half of the audience, flew at the policemen, tearing and scratching at them, at the same time shouting that the cops be killed.

The greatest trouble was made by Lena Sweet, 20 years old, a Russian, living at 104 East Fourth street. She pitched into every cop that came within her reach. Finally she centered her activity on Policeman Morris Schwartz, and he was a sorry-looking sight when the other cops dragged the frantic woman away and to the street.

Emma Goldman was arrested by a cop who recognized her. She made quite a struggle but was hustled down the stairs and to the station house. Edelson was hurried out of the hall after Lena Sweet.

Then the uniformed police under Capt. Shaw struggled and vanquished a mob about until they had forced all hands down to the street.

During all this time there were repeated attempts to fight back and seven of those who tried it were carried and taken to the station in the patrol wagon. Of the eight, four were women, mostly young women.

One of those arrested gave her name as Annie Pastor, of 99 St. Mark's place. Someone started a story that she was related to Mrs. J. G. Phelps Stokes, but this was denied.

When taken to the station house Emma Goldman described herself as a publisher, and said she was 35 years old and single. Edelson is the cause of all the trouble, according to the police.

ASTONISHED THE DOCTOR
Mrs. Eaton Recovering, Although Her Physician Said She Might Drop Dead at Any Time.

"The Doctor told me I had heart disease and was liable to drop on the street at any time," says Mrs. Robert Eaton, of Dufferin, Ont.

"My trouble began four years ago with a weak heart. I was often afraid to draw my breath, dizziness, loss of appetite, smothering and sinking spells, and I could not sleep."

"Sometimes a great weakness would seize me and I would have to lie down to keep from falling. My hands and feet would seem to go to sleep and a sort of numbness would come all over me and perhaps immediately after the numbness would come a very hot and a series of hot flashes would envelop me. I took all kinds of medicines, but they gradually grew worse until about eight weeks ago, when I began to start I improved until now my appetite has returned, I can sleep well, and have no nervousness, dizziness, palpitations, faintness or any of my former troubles. They have all entirely disappeared. I feel much stronger, look better, and altogether Anti-Pill has made a new woman of me."

"I am entirely cured and cannot say much for this wonderful remedy, but would most heartily recommend Anti-Pill to anyone suffering as I did."

All druggists or the Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

Anti-Pill is a small, round, white pill, and is very easy to take. One or two pills three times a day, after meals, will cure you. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them.

ALWAYS REMEMBER, O. NEW YORK.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Time.

police. He was arrested for being concerned in the affair of last week and was out on \$1,000 bail.
Another of the prisoners was Rebecca Edelson, a pretty 16-year-old girl, and a sister of Julius. Morris Berkowitz, a well-known East Side agitator, was one of the men arrested. It was learned that Emma Goldman was slated to make a speech following that of Edelson.

THE DEAN INSTALLED

Installation of Canon Farthing at St. George's, Kingston.

Kingston, Nov. 1.—Provost T. C. Street Macklem, of Trinity College, Toronto, preached the installing service in St. George's Cathedral at noon, when Rev. J. C. Farthing, M. A., the new rector, was made Dean of Ontario and installed in his office. The clergy of the diocese, and a great gathering of members witnessed the ceremony, a new one fashioned after an English form, and heard an admirable sermon. In the installation, Bishop Mills, Archdeacon Barry and Chancellor McDonald took part. Tonight Dean Farthing will receive a welcome from the St. George's congregation.

WIRELESS CONFERENCE

Powers Agree Upon a Free Inter-Communication of All Systems.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The delegates to the wireless telegraphy conference finished their work today and expect to sign a convention Saturday. The agreement will be framed upon the principle of free inter-communication between all systems, but Great Britain and Italy will sign with reservations designed to protect the existing arrangements with the Marconi Company. The term "Radio-Telegraphy" was chosen as the one to be used officially in defining the new enunciation of electricity. The delegates of the United States at the beginning of the conference announced their position to be for an international agreement providing for the unrestricted exchange of messages between ship and ship, and ship to shore, regardless of the system used.

Germany supported the United States regarding inter-communication between ship and shore, but during the first sessions of the conference, practically all the delegates opposed the idea of a free exchange of messages between ship and ship. Great Britain resolutely led the opposition to both contentions but stood ultimately alone, except for Italy, all the other maritime powers taking the view of the United States.

ALIENS TO QUIT RUSSIA

Notice Given to 50,000 to Leave the Country at Once.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—Orders have been given by the Prussian ministry to expel 50,000 undesirable aliens within the next ten weeks, on the ground that the presence of such large numbers of aliens is undesirable on "general principles."

Nineteen thousand of the aliens are employed as colliers in the coal mines of the Rhenish Provinces. The majority of them are single men, but many have wives and families with them in Western Germany, and these bring up the total to be expelled approximately to 50,000.

The Prussian ministry of the interior has already sent instructions regarding their expulsion to the provincial authorities at Dortmund, who in their turn have forwarded the necessary orders to the local police authorities throughout the Rhenish Provinces.

Every one of these alien workmen must leave Prussian territory by Dec. 20. Any one of them who is found on Prussian territory after midnight on that day will be arrested and forcibly ejected from the country.

Two-thirds of these alien workmen are Austrians, so that they are subjects of a country with which Germany is closely allied. The greater number of the remaining third are Italians, likewise subjects of a country which is allied with Germany. The remainder are Russians, Dutch and Belgians.

STALE ROLLS FOR PARIS

The Day of Rest Law Adds Discomfort to the Public.

Paris, Nov. 2.—The serio-comic conflict between the Paris master bakers and their journeymen about the best method of conforming to the new weekly day of rest law left Paris without fresh bread last Sunday.

The usual crisp rolls or crescents were missing in the morning, and at luncheon and dinner uneatable stale bread was all that was to be had.

In one or two bakeries, where the masters had insisted on baking a mob of journeymen broke into the shops and threw the bread away or else distributed it among the crowd.

In some restaurants plain boiled potatoes were served in lieu of bread; in others biscuits were provided by the apologetic restaurant keepers, and in some the stale bread was heated and made a little more appetizing at the expense of the digestion.

It is more than probable that by next Monday some arrangement will be arrived at by which Parisians will not be inconvenienced so seriously as they were last Sunday.

VESUVIUS SPOUTING

Eruption of Last April Still Causing Devastating Effects.

Naples, Nov. 1.—The eruption of Vesuvius of April last is still causing devastating effects.

A heavy storm which prevailed here during the last 24 hours has caused large avalanches of mud to fall from the sides of the volcano, carrying off part of the Vesuvius Railway, blocking trains along the sea coast and burying large sections of ground in the vicinity of the volcano.

The inhabitants of the villages were alarmed, especially as the storm was accompanied by earthquakes here.

ENGLAND HONORS LEARNED TITLE

The Term Is Reserved for Those Only Who Are Eminent and Learned.

Washington, Nov. 1.—There are only 62 professors in all the faculties of the 23 colleges of Oxford University, which combined make up a group of several hundred of the most learned men in the world. The British use the title "professor" with reverence. Over here barbers, dog trainers, horse breakers, hypnotists, sleight-of-hand men and chiropractors are called "professors," a misuse of an honored title which horrifies the rest of the English-speaking race. They reserve it for the most learned and eloquent men. The faculties of the colleges of Oxford are sometimes called "doctors" when they have received high degrees, but the generally addressed as "Misters." In the college publications they are classed as deans, canons, inspectors, fellows and scholars. At All Souls' College there are no "scholars." At Merton College they are called postmasters, at Christ Church the instructors are called "students," and at Magdalen the tutors are called "demies." Each college has its own term, and each differs from the others in several peculiarities.

The head of Christ Church College is called "dean." The heads of Exeter and Lincoln colleges are called "rectors;" at Oriel, Worcester and Queens' they are called "provosts;" at Balliol University and Pembroke they are called "masters;" at Jesus, Hertford, Brasenose and St. Edmund's they are called "principals;" at Trinity, Magdalen, Corpus Christi and St. John's they are called "presidents;" at New College, Merton, Wadham, Keble and All Souls' they are called "wardens."

Dr. Osler who went over from Johns Hopkins last year, is a real "professor," and is recognized as one of the biggest in the bunch. He is regius professor of medicine in Christ Church College, succeeding the late Sir John Burdon-Sanderson. The chair was founded by King Henry VIII. All chairs founded by him are known as "regius professorships."

Dr. Osler, however, has charge of all the medical instruction at Oxford University and is giving public clinics at the Radcliffe Infirmary, which are attended regularly by every medical student, by the local surgeons and by several students from the medical colleges in London, who come down especially to witness them. Several enthusiastic disciples have followed him over to Oxford from Johns Hopkins. He has been the hero of the year. He was given a splendid reception; was immediately made a member of everything worth belonging to, and was offered a share in everything that was good.

Dr. Osler has just bought himself an attractive home at No. 13 Norham Gardens, on the outskirts of Oxford, and will be settled in for two weeks.

There was a funny skit passed around on Mr. Choate, lately United States ambassador to England, when he went up to Oxford for a degree two years ago. It was just about the time that the first American student appeared under the Rhodes' trust, and the story goes that the master of the Balliol went to sleep at an after-dinner concert at which Mr. Choate was his guest. When the music ceased the learned don awoke suddenly, looked around in a bewildered manner without realizing where he was, and seeing a strange man sitting by his side, asked Mr. Choate if he was one of the new Rhodes scholars.

Every one of our American ambassadors for many years—Lowell, Bayard, Hay, Choate—have been honored with degrees by Oxford University, and I suppose Mr. Reid will have his chance.

The 62 professors at Oxford are divided among the various faculties, 21 in the arts, 12 in the natural sciences, 6 in medicine, 6 in law and 7 in the theological schools.

ITS POWER GROWS WITH AGE.—How many medicines lately have come out as panaceas for all human ills have come and gone since Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was first put upon the market? Yet it remains, doing more good to humanity than many a preparation more highly vaunted and extending its virtues wider and in a larger circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

An odd-sounding announcement has been made in the Baltimore News that the inlets of the storm sewers in that city are to be protected with gratings, so as not to "allow even the smallest child to pass through." The News proceeds to add: "With such protection no child can be swept into the sewer by floods, as has too frequently been the case."

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"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money."

Our Great Annual Mill End Sale Provides a Big Harvest of Savings for the Thrifty

Ladies' Underwear

Odds and ends of almost every line and size manufactured by the Puritan Mills. Vests and Drawers. All-Wool and Union. White, red and gray. Just an idea of the bargains.

19c Buys garments of which not a single one is worth less than 25c.

39c For garments worth not less than 50c.

69c For garments easily worth one dollar.

79c For garments worth from one dollar up.

Black Tights at 39c, 69c and 79c

Worth from 50c up to a dollar and more.

These garments were all manufactured in the

Up-to-Date Plant of the Puritan Mills

Carefully and skillfully fashioned over full-sized patterns. No skimping anywhere. They are faultlessly stitched and perfectly finished. Absolute cleanliness is observed throughout every stage of the manufacture. Impossible to get cleaner, fresher, more healthful, sanitary underwear.

Mill Ends Table Linens

All marked at manufacturers' prices and less. Lengths vary from ½ up to 7 yards.

Also big snaps in mill ends of Butchers' Linens, Grass Linens, Tea and Huckaback Towelings.

Some astonishing bargains in

Table Napkins

Odd lines. All perfect goods. Worth from \$2.50 up to \$6 dozen. These are prizes worth hurrying here for at..... \$1.25 to \$3.50

Stylish Waists and Skirts

Materials and styles and prices considered we don't believe you'll run across values that will be found more liberal than these lines advertised today.

Good range of Cashmerettes and Sateen Waists. Natty styles in plaids, fancy stripes and pin dots. Each \$1

Two neat tailored styles in Black Chiffon Taffeta Waists. Splendid value at..... \$4

Dainty Jap Taffeta Silk Waists in cardinal, brown, navy and cream. Made with plaids and clusters of pin tucks. Long sleeves, open at front..... \$3

Navy, brown, wine and black Venetian Skirts. All-wool materials. Box-pleated back, front and sides. Trimmed with folds of self. These are thoroughly shrunken before being made up, have tape seams and are stitched with silk. Thoroughly well made to the smallest stitch. Excellent values at..... \$6

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This year's Mill End Sale will undoubtedly pass into history as one of the greatest money-saving events ever provided for the benefit of the thrifty women of London and vicinity.

Just think of the huge galaxy of bargains offered in Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

10,000 Garments

and every single garment a wonderful bargain. Isn't that an immense quantity to buy for one big sale? But the value-surprises are so amazingly to your advantage that the selling should be fast and furious

During the Next 10 Days

and it should be easy to dispose of even such a large quantity in such a short time.

It is certainly a distinct triumph for this store to be able to turn your way such extraordinary values when present market prices on woollens, cottons and linens are soaring so high.

Come prepared to find just as enticing price-temptations as last year. You'll find your expectations fully realized on every count.

For Your Easy and Quick

selection the goods will be placed on counters with a ticket on each pile showing sizes or lengths, and prices of goods in each assortment.

Come Early Saturday and

as often as you feel inclined to during the next ten days. Fresh goods will be arriving every day. Every time you come you will find new and exceptional opportunities to save money.

A Clean Sweep in Smart Ready-to Wears

It's perhaps a trifle early to start a clearing sale of Millinery, but that's just what we purpose doing in ready-to-wears Saturday.

Newest styles in flops and hoods and other shapes pronounced correct.

Shades of pale blue, wine, brown, green, gray, black and white—in fact every fashionable shade.

Collected into three groups of price surprises. Now for a clean sweep:

First group marked to clear at, each..... \$1.98

Second group at..... \$2.98

Third group at..... \$3.98

All-Wool Panama Skirts. Handsome side pleated styles. Black, wine and cardinal. Extra special value for..... \$5

Here are some very liberal values in

Black Silk Dress Skirts

Material is fine chiffon taffeta. Very stylishly made. Prettily pleated. Just each..... \$9

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Children's Underwear

Impossible to list the entire lot of Children's Underwear bargains. Suffice to say the garments are marked at mill prices and in some cases less. Just a few examples:

Splendid line of warm Winter Vests. Come in gray—the popular shades.

Size 1 only.....8c

Size 2 only.....10c

Size 3 only.....11c

Size 4 only.....12c

Size 5 only.....13c

Size 6 only.....14c

Size 7 only.....15c

Size 8 only.....16c

Size 9 only.....17c

Equally as big price advantages in the better grades.

A fine lot of Children's Black Tights. Don't judge the values until you've noted the excellence of the quality.

Size 1 only.....22c

Size 2 only.....28c

Size 3 only.....30c

Size 4 only.....35c

Size 5 only.....38c

Size 6 only.....40c

Size 7 only.....45c

Size 8 only.....48c

Size 9 only.....50c

Children's Underwear is just as carefully and perfectly made as the ladies'.

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THE RISE OF SAM SHUBERT

Man Who Started War on the Syndicate Had Remarkable Career.

New York, Nov. 1.—The story of how "What Sam Shubert touched turned to gold" was told in the United States circuit court here today by Lee Shubert, a brother, business partner of the dead theatrical manager.

Sam Shubert was killed in a wreck on Pennsylvania Railway at Harrisburg, May 10, 1905, and his father and others have brought suit against the railway company for \$250,000 damages. It was at the opening of the trial of the suit that Lee Shubert told the story of his brother's success. At the age of 15, a bellboy in a hotel in Syracuse, Sam Shubert died at 28, the head of a partnership which controlled nearly half a hundred theaters in the United States and England, and a large number of prosperous and successful theatrical companies on the road, his brother said.

Sam Shubert's annual income from his business was about \$90,000. Lee said that Sam made his first effort in the theatrical line when, at the age of 18, he secured from Charles Hoyt, the road rights for "A Texas Steer." The venture was a success, and from that time until his death he was constantly adding to his line of plays and theaters.

Lee Shubert said his brother's particular genius was in his ability to take theaters and attractions which had been already stamped as failures under other management, and by his skill putting them on the high road to success.

Practically everything his brother touched had turned to gold. In fact, Sam Shubert's luck had become proverbial in the theatrical profession, the witness said. Miss Dora Shubert, a sister, told of the generosity of her dead brother to the family, and especially the care he gave his aged parents.

The jury returned a verdict awarding \$25,000 damages to Sam Shubert's father and mother.

BRITISH ARMY MUSTACHE.

London, Nov. 1.—Several army officers in Ireland having sinned against the king's regulations in shaving their upper lips, the commander-in-chief, Gen. Lord Grenfell, has issued an order calling attention to the regulation that the chin and under lip must be shaved, but not the upper lip. Side whiskers if worn must be of moderate length.

Advertiser Patterns

Designed by Martha Dean.



AN EXCELLENT FIVE-GORED SKIRT—6757.

For general wear there is no skirt which is so pretty and so serviceable as the gored one. Many women like to fashion their skirts at home, and a model which is easily put together and finished is suggested in the drawing. The skirt is in five gores with the necessary smooth fit over the hips and wide flare at the hem. It is a style of skirt which makes up well in the heavy fabrics, like serge, broadcloth or homespun, as well as in the lighter cloths and worsteds. The trimming bands about the lower edge, as suggested in the drawing, are of the skirt material and finished with cloth-covered buttons. For the medium size the skirt requires 5½ yards of 44-inch material.

6757—Sizes, 20 to 36 inches, waist measure.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement: Bust.....Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent, measure, you need only mark, 22, 24, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

POLICE OF LONDON SHOW GOOD RECORD

Claim to Being the Best Force in the World.

THEY SEEK TO AVOID ARRESTS

Correspondent Writes That When Prisoners Are Held They Are Convicted.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The police scandals which have filled the newspapers of Chicago recently and the frequent disclosures concerning the inefficiency and corruption of the police in other cities of the United States emphasize the significance of a table of statistics which was published the other day concerning the delinquencies of the Metropolitan police of London during the last three years. The figures are official and were compiled at the request of Sir Howard Vincent, M.P., to show the efficiency and the good judgment of the London constabulary.

A table shows the total number of persons arrested by the police of London during each of the three years named, the number of cases in which legal proceedings were taken against the members of the force who made those arrests for unlawful interference with the rights of citizens, and the number of cases in which the police commissioners, after investigation, decided that the arrests were not warranted or justified by the circumstances.

The proceedings taken by private individuals against members of the police force for arrests which were alleged to be unjustified were, as you have seen in the second column, twelve in number, and the results, after trial in court, were as follows:

1. Charge dismissed, officer fully acquitted.

2. Charge dismissed, with officer fully acquitted and complainant required to pay all the costs.

3. Complainant asks that proceedings be discontinued, the officer having apologized.

4. Plaintiff withdrew suit, paying costs.

5. Court stopped the proceedings as absurd and ordered plaintiff to pay costs.

6. Plaintiff awarded damages to the amount of one farthing, each side to pay its own costs.

7. Prisoner convicted and ordered to pay costs.

8. Policeman convicted and fined \$100 for using more force than was necessary under the circumstances.

9. Policeman fined \$8 and sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

Thus it will be seen that the officers accused were vindicated in more than half of the twelve cases in which complaints were brought against them by individuals.

Of the seventy-eight cases in which officers were disciplined for unwarranted arrests, five appear also in the second column covering proceedings brought by private individuals. Of the seventy-eight officers convicted by court-martial before their superiors, seventeen were dismissed from the service, fifty-two were suspended and the remainder were reprimanded.

That is a remarkable record and is a justifiable assertion that London has the best police force in the world. At the same time it demonstrates the respect in which the police are held by the people. Very seldom is there a case of resisting an officer, but the officers are instructed and trained never to use force except in an emergency. Their orders are to give offenders every reasonable opportunity to square themselves; never to bring an offender to the station or before the court unless they have complete proof of his guilt. The policeman with the best record is the one who makes the fewest arrests; who has the tact and the ability to adjust difficulties between citizens without bringing them before the magistrate or filling the cells of the stations. The best officer never arrests a man if he can help it. If he is drunk he gets him home as quietly as possible; if he is quarreling or fighting they cool him off, talk to him in a friendly way, and persuade him to behave himself. Thus the ambition of every member of the Metropolitan police is to have the smallest number of arrests placed to his credit that is consistent with good order on his beat. The London public understands this policy and recognizes the constable as the embodiment of the omniscient and omnipotent power that rests in the unwritten British constitution.

No people have such a respect for law and order as the Britons, and the constable in the street is the tangible and always-present representative of law and order.

Of course, the personality of the men has a great deal to do with it, and they are entirely worthy of respect. Nearly all of them are discharged soldiers. They have learned a valuable lesson in their military experience, and the discipline and the sense of responsibility of the army is carried into the police force.

Every one of them is a native. A few foreigners are employed in the detective department, but the constable, the man that the public comes in contact with, is a thoroughbred Briton, sometimes born on the very best of breeds. Most of them are honor men and wear medals for distinguished gallantry and good conduct in war. They are as far removed from politics and political influence as they can possibly be. Their appointments are made primarily to reward them for good service in the army and they are retained and promoted because of their efficiency, and for no other reason. They are subject to severe training and severe examinations and are constantly reminded of the dignity and importance of their office.

One cannot appreciate the personality of a London policeman until he is seen in a crowd or a mob, when his forefinger is as potent as the scepter of a king. The boat race between Cambridge and Harvard afforded a splendid

test. There were more than a million people—some of the papers estimated the number at 2,000,000—pushing and struggling to get places on the banks of the Thames to see the boats go by, and every street leading to the river was packed with a mass of human beings. London policemen always stand in the middle of the street. They never step on the sidewalk unless required to do so, and at intervals of a few hundred feet in the center of every street that leads to the river stood the majesty of the law in his modest helmet and belted jacket. Whenever a nervous or excited citizen would try to push through or would annoy a neighbor; whenever there was a disturbance in the restless crowd, the policeman would raise his arm and finger in the air, and it was all that was necessary. The forefinger of a London patrolman has more influence over an excited mob than an army with banners.

He never speaks above an ordinary tone of voice; he never shouts; he never threatens. His composure is his strongest point, and he preserves it under all circumstances. His calm, indifferent, impersonal order to "Pass along, please," seldom fails to overcome an unruly crowd, and when someone drunken or hysterical refuses to comply in an impertinent manner the officer glances at him coolly, but never says a word.

The London police never use their clubs except in the greatest emergencies, and their patience seems to be inexhaustible.

When an accident occurs they whistle to their next neighbor, who produces a stretcher of canvas on two poles, and the wounded or fainting person is carried to the nearest drug store or doctor's office. There are no emergency ambulances in London. Elongated baby carriages are used instead, with black hoods over them, so that the patient can be concealed. These are pushed along the street to the nearest hospital or police station by single patrolmen in a very quiet manner, without any clanging bells or excitement.

WORKS IN TORONTO ALSO

Scheme by Which Street Railway Is Deprived of Revenue.

The management of the Toronto Street Railway have discovered that it is quite a common practice for patrons of the road to go down town on one line and secure a transfer to carry them home by another route, after they have done their shopping.

"We have got to stop the abuse of transfers," said Mr. R. J. Fleming, manager of the railway company yesterday. "We must take steps to prevent the habit some people have got into of coming down town on one line, obtaining a transfer, doing business, and going back over another route to the same district they came from. It would surprise you to know how prevalent this fraud is. It is done all over the city. We have had passengers watched and have a good idea how much it is practiced."

Are you taking the matter up right away? "No, I can't say that we are, but it is something which must be stopped, and we will have to deal with it shortly."

The same practice has been common in this city for some time, and the management of the road is doing everything possible to prevent it.

TEST AND REVIEW EXAMS

Standing of Pupils at St. Peter's and St. Mary's Schools.

The following is the report of the test and review examinations of fourth classes at St. Peter's and St. Mary's schools. First class, 70 per cent or over; second class, between 60 and 70 per cent; third class, below 60 per cent.

The results for September and October at St. Peter's school:

Class I.—Rose Loguidice, Kathleen Chadwick, Chris Hevey, Gertrude McPherson, Nettie Cortese, Albert Murphy, Wilfred Doyle, Gilbert Reynolds, John Irwin, Marie Corcoran, Ralph McPhillips, Louis Brichlin.

Class II.—Kathleen Cox, Kathleen Collins, Alex. Wilson, Lillian Brennan, Ernest Dewan, Frank Doyle, Robert Sherlock, Katie Clark, James Catalano.

Class III.—Gladys Bradish, Joseph Griffith, W. Brennan, Wm. Binks, Wm. Morfin, James Self, John Brennan, A. Macfie.

St. Mary's school, senior IV.: Class I.—Clara Schmidt, Albena Garceau, Irene McGregor, Mollie Tiernan.

GIANT LODGING-HOUSE

People's Palace in Old London Thrown Open to the Workingmen.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 1.—What is claimed to be the largest lodging-house in the world was thrown open to workingmen today. It is known as the People's Palace, and was erected by the Salvation Army in the South End, at a cost of \$240,000. It is five stories in height, contains 287 lodging-rooms, reading and social rooms, a swimming pool and baggage-rooms. Attached to the hotel will be a free labor bureau for the registry of the unemployed, a free legal bureau for the prosecution of petty cases for the poor, and a free dispensary.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The disastrous effect of the recent Cuban uprising upon the importation of sugar from that island to the United States is treated by a bulletin issued today by the department of commerce and labor. The imports fell in September to 93,000,000 pounds, against 230,000,000 pounds in the immediately preceding month and 172,000,000 pounds in September of last year. Ordinarily Cuba supplies about two thirds of the sugar coming into the United States from foreign countries, but for the month of September she supplied but a little over one-third.

The Hospital

Thankful are They Who Escape The Surgeon's Knife

Thousands of surgical operations are performed every year in our great city hospitals upon women afflicted with serious female troubles. Sometimes the operations are successful—oftentimes they are not.

It is safe to say that certainly nine out of ten operations for female troubles might have been wholly avoided.

The most valuable tonic and re-builder of the female organism, the medicine with a record of thousands of cases literally snatched from the operating table, is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Do not consent to an operation which may mean death until after you have given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. Note what it did for Mrs. Robert Glenn, whose letter follows:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so well and widely known that it does not need any recommendation from me, but I am glad to add mine to the many which you have in its favor.

I suffered untold agonies from a serious female trouble for nearly three years, and the doctors told me I must have an operation; but I was unwilling to undergo this, and decided to try your Vegetable Compound.

I am so pleased that I did so, for it restored me to perfect health, saved me the pain of an operation and the immense bills attending the same. Please accept my hearty thanks and best wishes.

MRS. ROBERT GLENN, 434 Marie Street, Ottawa, Ont.

Thousands of women, residing in every part of Canada, bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills and creates radiant, buoyant female health. For your own sake try it.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Where Others Fail

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Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Where Others Fail

COMING TO OUR TOWN

Established 1866. Over 30 Years of Success in Toronto, Ont.

192 West King St. J. Y. EGAN, Specialist, P.O. 539, Toronto.

Rupture

SPECIALIST WILL VISIT
London, Grigg House, Saturday, Nov. 3
ALL DAY AND EVENING. ONE DAY ONLY

Labatt's

(LONDON)

INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite.

10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

GILLET'S GOODS

ARE STANDARD ARTICLES

IT IS TO THE ADVANTAGE OF EVERY HOUSEKEEPER IN CANADA TO USE THEM

Flag Baking Powder.
Gillett's Perfumed Lye.
Gillett's Cream Tartar.
Royal Yeast Cake.
Gillett's Flamingo Biscuits.
Gillett's Baking Soda.
Gillett's Washing Crystal.

MADE FOR OVER 50 YEARS.
(ESTABLISHED 1852)

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

When a man begins to worry about his feelings he's on the down grade.

Do You Need a Boat?
If so, a few days or weeks spent at St. Catharines, Preston, Chatham, Mount Clemens, Clifton Springs, or Danversville, will, without doubt, be of great benefit.

All of above are reached by Grand Trunk direct, and connections. Reliable information may be obtained at city ticket office, corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

70a

New York Excursions November 2 and November 20.

West Shore Railroad announces a rate of \$9, Suspension Bridge to New York and return on Nov. 2, tickets good in all regular trains that date, good ten days for return. For the benefit of those who cannot get away on Nov. 2, a similar excursion will be run on Nov. 20. Write L. Drago, Canadian passenger agent, 69½ Yonge street, Toronto, for full information.

With reference to graft the Stockholm Altomblad states that since the outbreak of the Russo-Japanese war Russia has a great many more millionaires.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

GREAT HORTICULTURAL SHOW, TORONTO

\$3.40 From London

GOING NOV. 7 AND 8. RETURNING UNTIL NOV. 10.

THE FAMOUS BLACK DIKE BAND

Will Give Daily Concerts.

Secure tickets from E. DE LA HOOKE, city passenger agent, corner Richmond and Dundas streets, or E. RUSE, depot ticket agent.

Michigan Central
The Niagara Falls Route.
UNEXCELLED SERVICE TO
New York, Boston, Philadelphia
and all points east.

Chicago, St. Louis, California
and all points west.
City office 296 Richmond Street, Phone 206.
THOMAS EVANS, C.P.A., LONDON.
O. W. RUGGLES, G.P.A., CHICAGO.

Ocean Steamship Tickets
White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services.
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.
E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent

American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.
Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamers—Portland-Liverpool in winter; Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.
Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp

Sailing lists, rate sheets etc., on application to
E. De La Hooke or W. Fulton, Local Agents.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

SPORTSMEN SATISFIED

Reports from All the Game Sections of the Maritime Provinces

Indicate a Most Successful Season.

Write for "FISHING AND HUNTING," "TRAIL OF THE MIC-MACS," "WEEK IN THE CANADIAN WOODS," "MOOSE OF THE MIRAMICHI."

To General Passenger Department, Moncton, N. B.

HOURLY SERVICE
Between LONDON and ST. THOMAS

S. W. T. CO.
First car leaves London at 6 o'clock a.m.
Last car at 10 o'clock p.m.
First car from St. Thomas at 7 o'clock a.m.
Last car at 11 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
ONTARIO HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION
\$3.40
TORONTO
AND RETURN
ALL TRAINS WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
Nov. 7 and 8.

Good returning until Saturday, Nov. 10.
Full information at London office:
W. Fulton, 161 Dundas St.,
J. Hamilton, C.P.R. Station,
or write C. B. Foster, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

The local football management announces that the Petrolia team has declared its willingness to play here tomorrow, and the result should be a splendid exhibition of the grid-iron sport. Petrolia is the strongest team that could be secured to meet the Forest City bunch. The game starts at 3 o'clock sharp, at Tecumseh Park, and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance, as the local boys need funds enough to take them to Dundas a week later.

In connection with the above notice the following item from the Hamilton Spectator, of recent date may be of interest:

It is not likely that there will be a rugby game at the cricket grounds on Saturday, although the Tiger Intermediates and Dundas are scheduled to meet here on that day. In order that the clubs may go to Toronto to see the senior game the club is trying to arrange to have the intermediate game postponed until a week later. Dundas is agreeable, but London has to be reckoned with. The London team is booked to play in Dundas a week from Saturday and it will be necessary to arrange with the management of the London club to play in Dundas this Saturday instead in order to make it possible for the Dundas and Hamilton clubs to postpone their game for a week.

Sam Berger, who was a 10 to 8 favorite over Al Kaufmann, evidently received an artistic beating when the pair met Wednesday night at 'Frisco way. Again was it proved that dope is a poor line on which to pick a winner. Jack O'Brien whipped "Kauf" in seventeen rounds, and was in turn trimmed by big Sam in six rounds at Dreamville (Philadelphia).

O'Brien and Kaufmann are scheduled for a twenty-round punch-fest at an early date.

Noah Brusso is training diligently for his bout with Jack O'Brien, which takes place on the 23rd of this month at Los Angeles. O'Brien is at present a big favorite in the betting. He does it can be said—But what's the use of trying to do any figuring out? Be patient.

The Hamilton Times says: Fred Bartl (Actor's Unknown), one of the hardest and roughest wrestlers ever seen in these parts, and the only man that gave Charlie Conkle a "dose of his own medicine," was taken to Dundas the other day by Capt. Nelson, of the Valley Town rugby team. Nelson thought he might be useful if Dundas has to play for the Dominion championship. Half an hour of rugby was enough for Bartl. "I don't mind fighting one man, anyone," he said, "but I object to having four or five at me. No football for mine. Why, it is like a battle royal."

Joe Gans and Kid Herman are down for a punching bee to take place on Christmas Day. Herman has lost five battles in his ring career. In 1900 Gene McGovern put it on the Kid in five rounds, at Chicago; in 1901 Clarence Forbes received a decision over him in six rounds; in 1902 Benny Yanger, the Tipton Slasher, beat him in six rounds; and in the same year the Milwaukee fighter, got to him in six rounds, and in the same year Tommy Sullivan, of St. Louis, hung the "23" sign on the Chicago pug in twenty rounds at Kansas City. Afterwards, however, the kid trimmed Forbes twice, defeated Yanger in ten rounds at Indianapolis, and Charlie Neary at Denver, Col., in ten three-minute sessions of slugging. Herman has improved wonderfully in recent years, and among the fighters who have been worsted by the kid's gloves in the past few months can be mentioned Eddie Hanlon, the 'Frisco Idol, and Aurelia Herrera, the Mexican glove vusher.

England has a lady wrestler who tips the scales at 252. For a light (?) woman, the lady in question, Miss Juno May, is excessively aggressive for a fairy. She has upset the championship calculations of all the women aspirants who have been game enough to meet her on the mat up to date. From here, it looks like another case of aggravated physical culture.

The Argos vs. Tigers game, which comes off tomorrow in Toronto, is arousing a great deal of interest all over the country. There are discussions being held in all corners as to the respective merits of the two teams, the Toronto papers with one exception yelling for an Argos victory, and, of course, the Blufftown scribes are slinging ink on the merits of the much-vaunted Tigers. Which team wins is a matter of small moment to many who will witness the struggle. The fact remains that it will beyond cavil be the greatest battle of gridiron giants that Canadians have had an opportunity to witness in a long time.

The Telegram says: Rev. A. F. Barr has been agreed upon to referee the Hamilton game with the Argonauts at 'Varsity field Saturday. He will choose his own umpire. The match is the decisive one, if Hamilton wins, and it will serve in that event more than any game they have played this year, to give a line on their chances for the Canadian championship. Argos have as good a wing line just now, as any team in the country, and the Tigers will be given an opportunity to show what their real caliber it. It is easy enough to pile up scores and make brilliant runs against a weak team, but Saturday's game will show conclusively whether Hamilton has real championship material in them or not.

A Toronto dispatch says that the Moosejaw Evening Times announces that it will offer a trophy for a ten-mile road race, to be run annually on Labor Day, open to all Canada. Seems as though the news is just a trifle tardy. Doubtless Canadian runners would have preferred to have heard a sound like that previous to the recent day of labor.

Fall to this chirp from the wild and woolly west: "Every town of importance in Nevada wants the Gans-Herman fight. A great deal of jealousy is coming to the surface, and the result may be that the two pugilists will be offered a purse even larger than they asked or expected. Tonopah is already to the fore with \$20,000, and the citizens are trying now to raise the ante to \$30,000. Goldfield, Bullfrog, Virginia City, Manhattan, Dreadful Dog and Shitall Slide are also in negotiation with the tight managers."

Some of those names are enough to drive anybody to scrapping. Next thing we know we will read where Dreadful Dog has chewed Bullfrog, et al., off the pugilistic cardboard.

With Raymond in the line-up tomorrow, Petrolia will probably imagine they have struck a cyclone. The husky Barracks boy is a wonder at gaining ground, and it is well worth the price of admission to the game just to see him go through the line.

Walter Camp, the noted authority on football, says that the new rules have brought about many changes for the better, in so far as the spectator is concerned. The ball is in full view four-fifths of the time. Old John Sawbones, of the meds, is also to the fore in the gridiron struggles of today, just as he has been ever since the inauguration of the strenuous pastime. Eliminate the man with the "dope," and the game will have improved 100 per cent.

CURLING.

GLENCOE CLUB ORGANIZES.

Glencoe, Nov. 1.—At the annual meeting of the Glencoe Curling Club, held on Monday evening, the following officers were elected: Patron, W. E. Calvert, M. P.; honorary president, R. R. McKellar; honorary vice-president, A. Finlayson; president, James Poole; vice-president, W. D. Moss; chaplain, Rev. George Weir; secretary-treasurer, M. C. Elliott; representatives, A. E. Archer, J. McLeod, counsel, S. J. McCree, M. C. Campbell, W. K. Poucar. Last year's skips were reappointed. The fee for membership was fixed at the same amount as last year. It was decided to join the Ontario Curling Association. The rink is being prepared for the season.

GALT MAN IN FIELD.

Galt, Nov. 1.—Mr. A. M. Edwards is a candidate for membership on the executive of the Ontario Hockey Association. Several times he has been asked to allow himself to be put in

nomination, but only this year consented. Mr. Edwards is known all over the Province as a devoted and enthusiastic upholder of the national winter sport and has always been one of the staunchest advocates of maintaining that sport on a strictly amateur basis.

LAVAL TO RE-ENTER LEAGUE. Kingston, Nov. 1.—It is said that Laval University, of Montreal, will again seek admission to the Intercollegiate Hockey Union, Toronto, disappointed last year. The annual meeting is to be held at Montreal on Saturday, when the schedule will be arranged.

LIPTON'S LATEST. Boston, Nov. 1.—Sir Thomas Lipton, who is visiting Boston, announced today that he would offer a prize for a race between fishing vessels to be open to vessels from all parts of the world. The details of the race will be arranged later.

WORMS CAUSE REVERIES, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother's Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effective. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

BERGER THREW UP SPONGE IN TENNIS

Was All But Out When Seconds Quit—Kaufmann Too Weak to Knock Him Out.

Pavilion, San Francisco, Nov. 1.—Al Kaufmann defeated Sam Berger in the tenth round in one of the most sensational fights ever seen in a prize ring. In the opening round Berger out-boxed Kaufmann to such an extent that it looked as if the young blacksmith would last no time. In the second round Kaufmann scored a knockdown and in the following round Berger brought Al to the floor with as pretty a right cross as was ever seen. Kaufmann was floored five times in all in this round, and the wonder is that he weathered the storm.

In the beginning of the fourth, Kaufmann crouched more and blocked Berger's blows better. For a while the honors were even, but it could be seen that Berger was becoming tired. He clung to Kaufmann's shoulders a good deal and Al reached him with short uppercuts.

The sixth round was in Berger's favor, and it was a feat of slugging with honors even. They were both tired in the eighth, with Berger the worse off of the two.

In the ninth round Berger was all but out, so far as strength was concerned, and Kaufmann showed a wonderful deficiency in the matter of knockout force. Berger was completely at Al's mercy in the closing half-minute, but Al could not hit hard enough to mash a fly.

The tenth round saw Berger cuffed all around the ring. Occasionally he mastered force enough to swing at Kaufmann's head, but the attempts went wild. Kaufmann made an attack on Sam's body and Berger was sinking to the floor when his seconds threw up the sponge.

There were a dozen times in the contest when the tide of battle seemed to change.

MEDS WON LONG-ANTICIPATED GAME

Clashed With Y. M. C. A. at Soccer and Outplayed Their Opponents.

Last night the Medical School Soccer football team met the Y. M. C. A. on Carling's Heights and defeated them by a score of 2 to 0. What made the game so exciting was the fact that the Meds met the Ys in the early part of the season, but the game was thrown out on account of the Y. M. C. A. playing an illegal rule. Ever since the protest both teams had been waiting for this game. The Y. M. C. A. had their strongest lineup, and the Meds were at their best. Mr. Bailey, of the L. C. I., made an impartial referee. The game was late in starting, and the latter part was played in darkness. It was fast from start to finish, and at times verged on roughness, but still was well worth witnessing.

The Meds won the toss and kicked with the wind, but during the first half neither side scored, though the Meds had the better of the game. The forward line kept the ball well in the Y. M. C. A. territory, but Gillies and Crawford did some star playing at full back. Then several rushes were made on the Meds' goal, but Kellor and Moore proved a stonewall of defense, and what was out of their reach were well attended to by Hinchison.

Shortly after the start of the game, Hollards, of the Ys, was put off for foul play.

In the second half the Ys started out strong, and for a time seemed likely to score. The Meds made a few rushes and, being granted a foul, Bice made a neat drop on goal which, after a scrumpage, was converted into a score by Riley. A few minutes later Alkenhead scored for the Meds on a corner kick, and Riley was sent to the line for charging the goal-tender. No further scoring was done, time being nearly up. Finally, the Meds' forward line, consisting of Follies, back, Gillies, Crawford; half backs, Funcher, McKillop, Sage; forwards, Canfield, Hollards, Hollards, Brent and Brock.

Medicos—Goal, Hutchison; backs, Kellor, Moore; half backs, McKillop, Downing, Bice; forwards, Alkenhead, Follies, Riley, Barclay and Crawford.

BASEBALL.

MADE HERO OF NICK.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—But few public men of national fame have been given a reception as great and a public demonstration in the streets as enthusiastic as that of which was accorded Nick Altrock, the premier pitcher of the White Sox, on his return to his native city. When the pitcher stepped from his train, the train shed rang with the shouts of an army of admirers, completely eclipsing the efforts of one of the best hands in the city to make heard the strains of a piece about the conquering hero. Nick was carried to a carriage and placed at the head of a procession of scores of carriages and tallyhoes. The parade was followed by reception and banquet at Pythian Hall, on Elm street, given by members of the Peerless Athletic Club and invited guests. They also gave him a costly leather chair.

CANT PLAY NON-PLAYING MANAGER.

Cincinnati, Oct. 31.—That no National agreement club has the right to carry a non-playing manager on its reservation list was the decision today of the National baseball commission. In the case of Manager E. H. Ashenback, of the Scranton team in the New York State League.

Here's More Proof That "Young's Overcoats" Are Best

On Saturday last eleven of our many Overcoat sales were made to men who said they had been looking around in different stores. Some had been in one or two places. Some had been in three or four. Many more of our sales were probably made to men who had been comparing, but these eleven mentioned it to us. Each day this week we've had from two to five men tell us the same story. In every case we made the sale and in every case it was an easy sale. The coats themselves did all the selling. Better or more exclusive evidence of the pre-eminence of our overcoat values and styles would be pretty hard to procure.

The smart style, the perfect fit, the unusual value of these garments is certainly convincing to the man who wants the right kind of clothes and who wants them at the right price. There'll be full ranges of sizes again for Saturday. Let's prove our claim to you then.

The "FRENCH BACK"—the newest of this season's Overcoat models, the cut with form-fitting back and deep center vent with seams either creased or pleated to hip and with decided flare to skirt. We show the most perfect fitting coats in town, in plain black and grays, and the smartest new fancy overcoatings. Unmatchable values at \$20, \$18, \$12.50 and..... **\$10**

The "VARSITY"—a deservedly popular coat style, cut 50 to 52 inches long, with broad athletic shoulders and perfect hanging, full back, with deep center vent and with or without creased side seams. Shown in a big range of fancy coatings in neat patterns and in splendid plain blacks and grays, in imported chevots, kerseys, etc. Very special values at \$18, **\$12.50**, \$16, \$10, \$6.95 and.....

The "CHAMBERLAIN"—a smart coat style that never fails to appeal to the man who wants dressiness and doesn't want anything extreme. It's cut 44 to 46 inches long, with splendid square shoulders, perfect fitting collar and full hanging box back with center vent. We show it in neat patterns and in plain blacks and grays in meltons; beavers, chevots, kerseys, etc. **\$15**, \$12.50, \$10, \$7.50 and.....

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX OVERCOATS—These celebrated hand-tailored Chicago overcoats are shown here only in London. See their famous "New Varsity" and French back models, easily the best coats in town. \$18, \$20 and..... **\$22.50**

Men's \$13.50 Suits, Saturday \$10

To keep the suit selling up to the pace set by the overcoat sales we offer on Saturday 60 suits that are now on our tables at \$12.50 and \$13.50 at this price. Every garment is new this season and up to the latest of fashion decrees. The styles are single and double breasted, the colors are this fall's favorite ones, the patterns of the smartest. Not all sizes in every line, but all sizes in the lot, 33 to 42 inches. On sale Saturday at this new price..... **\$10**

Boys' Overcoats in Smart Styles

Cut or fashioned in the same careful way as our men's coats. These garments for boys more than deserve a look from you. Black or fancy coatings for all ages. **\$2.95**..... **\$10**

461 Dundas St. Woodstock

R. J. YOUNG & CO.

142 AND 144 DUNDAS STREET

668 Dundas St. London

Now and Then in Baseball

There has been quite a change in baseball of today and baseball of two or three decades passed. In the old days to pitch a ball meant to actually pitch. Today it means to throw the ball, and fling it like greased lightning. In ancient times the batter asked for the sphere just where he could hit it—and the slaban tried to place it just in the line requested by the fellow at the plate.

So different now—you can't get it where you wish it and the pitcher endeavors to throw to any other place than where it is desired. The rules in older days must be the reason why batters struck out—and when he did fan three times it was because the speed of baseballs had increased; the curves went around his neck instead of over the plate.

Then there was a time, especially in the south, when the balls were rubber. Yes, rubber—not like the kind thrown into the game by Charlie Frank, but just solid rubber. But then every one had a chance to punch it with the bat and knock it a mile.

In those days it was called "town ball." The sphere was thrown at the runner instead of his being gently touched by the fielders. At this juncture there was some pitching. The ball was thrown swiftly enough to tag the runner on the fly and he was out when struck.

The boys who lived in and about Atlanta, during and after the war, are able to testify how they used to steal beneath railroad passenger cars in the dead of night and chisel rubber from the spring bearings. This was carved into a ball.

That was before the days of the palace cars, which now have giant iron springs instead of rubber.

to allow the runner to make three or four home runs.

Scores! Why, in the olden days (according to antediluvian players) they were something like this: "150 to 125," "100 to 75," "50 to 40."

The bats used were long, keen hickory sticks cut from a small sapling. A batter could reach several yards with the bats, just like a cattle drover with a lengthy whip.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

THE RING.

PITZ STILL HAS PUNCH.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 1.—After a night of intense suffering, "Bob" Fitzsimmons went to a physician this morning and the X-ray showed a fracture of his right fore-arm, which will prevent him sparring in the play for several weeks. Last night when the man in the play who is to be knocked out was to receive the fake blow, he turned his head so that instead of "Bob's" fist passing over his head, the pugilist's wrist struck on the head. The fracture is four inches above the wrist in the smaller bone on the lower side of the forearm.

THE TURF.

JOCKEY NOTTER STARS.

New York, Nov. 1.—The feature of the racing at Jamaica today was the brilliant performance of Jockey Notter. Out of five mounts he piloted three winners, a second and a third. His best ride was on Loring in the Packer stakes. Barbary Belle, the favorite, led by five lengths into the stretch, but Notter on Loring, put the filly under a drive, and, catching the favorite in the last sixteenth, won by a length and a half. Barbary Belle was second, six lengths ahead of Dollie Dollars.

WINNERS YESTERDAY.

At Jamaica—Voorhees, 10 to 1; Malacca, 5 to 2; Gold Coin, 12 to 1; Loring, 12 to 1; Chimney Sweep 3 to 10; Homelander, 13 to 20.

At Latonia—Gold Proof, 8 to 1; Crafty, 5 to 1; Dudley, 9 to 2; Lady Henriette, 10 to 1; Nat B., 6 to 1; Athena, 12 to 1.

There is a strong feeling in Austria and Germany against co-operation stores. At a recent meeting in Vienna, a speaker predicted the ruin of the mercantile class unless something was done to check the movement.

FOR THE OVERWORKED.—What are the causes of despondency and melancholy? A disordered liver is one cause and a prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection and the victim feels sick all over. Farmette's Vegetable Pills are a recognized remedy in this state, and relief will follow their use.

ROUGH DRY LIST

NO BUNDLE TAKEN FOR LESS THAN 35 CENTS.

Colored Shirts, No Starch	5c	Chemises	3c
Ladies' Shirts	5c	Pyjama Suits	8c
Boys' Shirts	3c	Child's Pants	2c
Night Shirts	4c	Kimono	5c
Night Dresses	4c	Towels, bath	3c
Child's Night Dress	2c		
Child's Dress	3c		
Child's Night Shirt	3c		
Union Suits	6c	Napkins	1c
Drawers	3c	Table Covers	3c
Ladies' White Skirt	6c	Table Covers, large	5c
Ladies' Overskirt	10c	Sheets	2c
Child's Skirt	3c	Pillow Slips	1/2c
Aprons	2c	Towels, hand	1c
Corset Cover	2c	Towels, roller	2c
Socks, per pair	3c	Bed Spreads	6c
Handkerchiefs, silk	3c	Handkerchiefs	1c
Cotton Undershirt	3c	Booster Covers	3c
Wool Undershirt	4c	Dresser Covers	3c
Cotton Underdrawers	3c	Dollies	1c
Wool Underdrawers	4c	Rags	1c
Undervests	2c	Tray Cloths	1c
Wrappers	8c	Stair Cover, per yard	5c
		Quilts	25c

TELEPHONE 559 AND HAVE A WAGON CALL.

The Parisian Steam Laundry Co. OF ONTARIO, LIMITED.

TRIAL MERE FORMALITY

Counsel for Russian Prisoners Not Allowed to Do Anything.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—The trial of the committee of workmen's delegates for organizing an armed revolution a year ago reached a dramatic crisis today. The leading lawyer for the defense made an appeal to the judges to admit the evidence of Dopachin, who was at one time chief of the political police, when that department was preparing an armed attack of the black hundreds under the Government control, on the workmen. The latter's delegates maintained that they were preparing for an armed defense.

The judges ruled that Dopachin's testimony was irrelevant. The lawyers for the defense then declared that

a fair trial was impossible and all left the court after shaking hands with the prisoners.

The court presented a striking spectacle. The accused, thirty in number, were rallied off at one end of the room, surrounded by gendarmes with drawn swords. Their friends were at the other end of the room, waving handkerchiefs in encouragement, while the judges announced that the prisoners would be sent back to jail and the trial would proceed in their absence.

This brought forth a declaration by the leaders of the workmen, that in conducting their defense they were not answerable for the effect of their words on the workmen outside.

Before the court was cleared the prisoners mounted benches and waved handkerchiefs crying "Be of good cheer," to their families, who responded by waving a farewell.

MORE WITNESSES FROM FOREST CITY

Continued from page one.

been offered money, but the witness strongly denied this.

John O'Donnell was next called. He was a scrutineer at the by-election and had Cook sworn when he came to vote.

"Did you offer him money?"

"No."

"Why did you swear him?"

"Well, I thought he was a little nervous and would balk at the oath. Plenty of people will."

"Did you offer any money in the election?"

The witness hesitated.

"Why don't you answer?"

"Because I want to know where I stand."

"You will be protected," the magistrate said, "but not if you commit perjury. I don't like perjury."

"I see by the papers you don't."

(Laughter.)

"To whom did you offer the money?"

"Will they be protected?"

"Oh, no. That's none of your affair."

"I offered money to a man named Pinkham."

"Did you pay him?"

"Yes."

"How much?"

"Five dollars."

"Anybody else?"

"A man named Thos. Adams."

"How much did you pay him?"

"Five dollars."

"Where did you get the money?"

"From a man named Bennett."

"What does he do?"

"He used to be in the furniture business on Rectory street."

"How much did he give?"

"Ten dollars."

"Get anything yourself?"

"I got \$5 from my brother-in-law for acting as scrutineer. Bennett knew what the money was for. I went and asked him for it."

"Did you see Mr. Cook about his vote?"

"No."

"What is your brother-in-law's name?"

"Decham."

Birch Cowan, of Brockville, gave evidence relating to the visits of J. G. Pritchett to that place previous to the White-Cornstock election.

Could Not Identify O'Gorman.

He corroborated Pritchett's story of the instructions as to the ballot switching and training of the deputies. He got 12 or 15 ballots from Pritchett, and of these he switched six. Witness was paid \$30 for the work he had done, \$5 for each ballot switched.

Witness could not identify John O'Gorman as the man who paid him. The London case was then resumed. Mr. Edward Croden was called. The first question asked Mr. Croden by Mr. DuVernet was relative to West Elgin election.

"You were a deputy in West Elgin?"

"Yes."

"Who asked you to go?"

"Mr. Reid."

"You were reported by the judge?"

"Not that I know of."

"There were certain things happened with your box?"

"No; I didn't know it."

"Who were the scrutineers?"

"I know only one—Mr. McBride."

"Of London?"

"Yes."

"You didn't live in West Elgin?"

"No."

"You were appointed a deputy in the Beck-Rumball election?"

"Yes."

"Did you act?"

"No."

"Did you act in the by-election?"

"No."

"You were objected to?"

"Yes, in the by-election."

"Were you a professional deputy returning officer?"

"No."

"Do you know why you were sent out?"

"No; only to act as deputy."

"What pay did you get?"

"My fee."

"Did you pay out any money or promise any money in the by-elections?"

"No."

"Did you canvass anybody for votes?"

"No."

"Did you go to any committees?"

"No."

"You acted as inside scrutineer at the election?"

"Yes."

"Who asked you to act?"

"Mr. Rumball."

"Did Mr. Reid give you any reason for going to West Elgin?"

"No."

"Did you meet O'Gorman there?"

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

DEATHS.

STRINGLE—On Nov. 1, 1906, at her parents' residence, 1029 Brydges street, Emily Maud, beloved wife of Thomas Stringle, and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Friday, aged 26 years.

Funeral from above address on Sunday, at 2 p.m.; service at 1:30, Friends and acquaintance will please accept this intimation.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK IN SAW-MILL. Apply D. Walde, Adelaide and Grosvenor.

THE CANADIAN CLUB OF LONDON will hold its inaugural midday luncheon in the banquet hall of the Masonic Temple, on Monday, Nov. 5 at 12:15 sharp. Professor R. G. Moulton will be the guest of the club. Tickets (50c) will be limited to 100, and can be purchased while they last at Mills' book store, Richmond street, or Barnard's jewelry store, Dundas street, any time after 10 o'clock Saturday morning, Nov. 3. Geo. C. Gibbons, president; S. Frank Glass, secretary.

GOOD DELIVERY BOY WANTED. Apply 68 Adelaide.

FOUND, MONDAY EVENING—GENTLEMAN'S gold ring. Owner can have same on proving and paying expenses, 677 Hamilton road.

HUTCHINSON NOT RECALLED YET

Crown Fails to Serve Him Second Time in Election Case at Toronto.

Although Mr. DuVernet, crown prosecutor, said that he would be subpoenaed to reappear at the London election case at Toronto, Frank Hutchinson, of 20 Argyle street, West London, has not received his second slip of blue paper. Mr. Hutchinson is the voter who received \$10 from Jerry Collins, and who, when he was put in the sweat-box at Mr. Toth's office, told Mayor Judd and Detective Reburn of certain attempts that had been made by the Conservatives to bribe him. He went to Toronto last week, only to be told after waiting in the courtroom for the better part of a day, "that his evidence was of no use."

The story of attempts by the Conservatives to bribe Hutchinson was told by The Advertiser, and when it was brought to the attention of Mr. DuVernet at Toronto, the crown prosecutor told the reporter of the Toronto Star that Hutchinson would be brought back again. But Hutchinson has not been subpoenaed a second time.

It was said today that subpoenas had been served on a number of West Londoners since the investigation began, and that when they were put in the sweat box here it was discovered that they had not received money for their votes at either the general election or the by-election, and that they knew nothing whatever about the buying of votes.

Several also alleged to have been subpoenaed to go to Toronto, and that after waiting for a day, were told that they were not needed.

One of the London witnesses who was examined yesterday was too much for the prosecution. When he reached the Toronto police court he was ushered into a side room, where he was told by an individual whom he supposed to be a lawyer that it was customary for the witnesses to make a statement before they went into the stand. The Londoner, however, refused to say a word as to the nature of his evidence, and when he was called it was found that he could not recall anything of value. He also advised other witnesses to refuse to make any statement until they went on the stand.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Two great serial stories begin in tomorrow's Advertiser.

—Miss May McMahon, Colborne street, is ill in Victoria hospital.

—Mr. J. McLaren, of this city, has been visiting friends in St. Catharines this week.

—Mr. Herbert Boyd, of Winnipeg, is in the city for a few days en route to England on a business trip.

—Public Librarian McRoberts announces that a fresh lot of bound magazines will be ready for circulation tomorrow.

—Mrs. R. H. Smith, of Piccadilly street, who has been visiting in British Columbia for several months, has returned home.

—The clearing house returns for the week ended Nov. 1 amounted to \$1,005,982. For the same week of 1905 the figures were \$1,081,320.

—The annual meeting of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association will be held in the York County Hall, Toronto, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next.

—Jailer Carter stated today that there has not been a prisoner brought in from the county in over a week. Evidently the fine weather is not productive of wrong-doers.

—This morning at the police court John H. Hall was fined \$2 for shouting in loud and profane language across the corner of Richmond and Dundas streets yesterday. Two first-time drunks were allowed to go.

—In the report of the last examinations at St. Mary's and St. Peter's schools the names of two pupils were omitted—Wilfrid O'Rourke, class II, sen. IV., and Irene Wilson, class III, jun. IV., both of St. Mary's school.

—Mr. Wm. Scarlett has been out of the city this week, and has so far failed to qualify for the city council. He will return tomorrow, when it is expected which won warm approval from the audience. Miss Kathleen Lancelotti, with her rich, well-trained contralto voice, sang with beautiful expression, while one of London's sweet sopranos, Miss Mortimore, favored the company with two selections, displaying a sweetness of tone and cultured manner which will always insure a hearty welcome for her from a Dundas Center audience. After light refreshments, the Doxley was sung, and the gathering dispersed about 11 o'clock.

THE KLEINGBEIL CASE

A Queen's Professor Says Pounding Did Not Cause Woman's Death.

Belleville, Nov. 1.—In the Kleingbeil murder trial this afternoon Dr. Connell, of Queen's University, totally contradicted Drs. Boyce and Gibson, who testified that the beating of Mrs. Kleingbeil had received caused the blood on her brain, which caused her death.

Dr. Connell said the blood on her head was not caused by the beating. Two cases are scheduled to be heard: Motion for payment out of estate of Hugh Fletcher, deceased; Alex. Stuart for motion; motion for order to pass accounts of re-estate of Duncan McGill, deceased; J. S. Robertson for motion; J. M. Glenn for official guardian.

—The regular weekly session of the high court will be held tomorrow. Mr. Justice Macpherson will preside. Two cases are scheduled to be heard: Motion for payment out of estate of Hugh Fletcher, deceased; Alex. Stuart for motion; motion for order to pass accounts of re-estate of Duncan McGill, deceased; J. S. Robertson for motion; J. M. Glenn for official guardian.

—The rugby match between London and Petrolia tomorrow is exciting considerable interest in local sporting circles. It will be remembered that it was the "Hard Oil" aggregation that put the local boys out of the running last year, in the junior series in a fiercely contested match on the former's gridiron. Petrolia is again winning in their district but the Forest City team that played the Tigers II. to a standstill last Saturday defied the odds of putting it over the Petrolia

boys tomorrow. A very interesting game is assured and a large crowd will doubtless be on hand to witness it.

—Port Huron Times: "Claiming that he was dead and a man giving his name as John Kennedy, and his address as London, Ont., was arrested on Griswold street by Policeman Shorter for begging from house to house. He was brought to the police office, but when questioned by Captain Collins, who had arrested him before, he was able to talk Kennedy, who had been at work for two hours this morning, had secured considerable money in nickles and pennies. He is but 24 years of age and is quite well dressed. A charge of vagrancy will be preferred against him."

TO BE GUEST AT LUNCHEON.

The inaugural midday luncheon of the Canadian Club is to be held in the Masonic Temple banquet hall on Monday at 12:15 o'clock. The club has been very fortunate in securing as its guest for the occasion Professor R. G. Moulton, the noted lecturer of Chicago University. The attendance is to be limited to 100. Tickets have been placed at 50 cents.

"UNCLE DUDLEY" TOMORROW.

The attraction at the Grand tomorrow afternoon and evening will be the new farce-comedy, "Uncle Dudley from Missouri." The play is written in three acts, and tells the story of a young bachelor's difficulties. Mr. Herbert Maule, a young English comedian, takes the part of the bachelor, and has a part just suited to his complete changes of costume during the action of the play. Mr. Hall has several new and up-to-date songs, prominent among which are "General Delivery," with which he seldom takes less than nine encores, and his famous "Chef" song, in which he gives his original recipes for cooking.

DEATH OF MR. F. McCONNELL.

Mr. Frederick McConnell died this morning at his residence, the Pipe Line road, after an illness of three weeks. Deceased was well known and highly respected in this city. He was for eighteen years chief engineer at the London Electric Company's power-house. Mr. McConnell is survived by his wife and two daughters—Ernest, John, Charles, Edith and Ella, all at home. The funeral, which will be conducted by King Solomon Masonic Lodge, will be held on Sunday at 4:30 p.m. from the family residence to Woodland Cemetery.

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Toronto Globe: A general meeting of the Great Western Railway of Canada was held this week at the London (England) Tavern. Mr. Robert Gill, the newly-elected chairman, presiding. Mr. Gill thought the shareholders could show better reasons why the headquarters should be in London than their friends could show why they should be in Canada. The Canadian interest was not in union with their interest. The Canadian interest was to get railways made in order to enhance the value of the land. They were merely humble carriers who sought to get a good interest for their money. The shareholders, however, thought the Canadian interest was to get the management of their own property.

TO ERECT FOOTBRIDGE.

In the course of a few days, it is expected that the Grand Trunk will have a temporary footbridge over their lines at the Wharfedale road in South London. Since the old bridge was torn down, it has been necessary for persons living north of the track who desired to reach the south section of the suburb to go around by the Wortley road, but the erection of the temporary bridge will do away with this inconvenience. The railway company are hurrying along the work of track elevation with all possible speed, and will shortly be using the two temporary tracks which have been laid on the north embankment, many feet above the old track level. One of the tracks will be used for regular traffic and the other by medical remedies for the use of filling in the old track allowance will be commenced.

BRETONS FACE FAMINE

Sardine Catch Has Once More Failed the Fishermen.

Paris, Nov. 2.—The Brittany fishing has again been a disastrous failure, and the winter will once more bring with it starvation for the unfortunate population.

"La sardine n'a pas donne," is the cry everywhere, and as a matter of fact, not only have the sardines this year again failed the Brittany coast, but also the langoustes (a species of lobster), and the tunny.

The failure of the fishing season spells disaster, not only all round the coast, but also in the villages inland, for when there are no fish to pack or to sell, the fishermen are left with nothing but their families to support. "Last year," said one old woman, "we women and our little ones lived through the winter on dry crusts of bread and tears. This year's tears will be all that we shall have to live on."

A number of influential people in Paris, with the duchesse de Rochefoucauld and other leaders of society at their head, are attempting to raise funds for the women and children of the Brittany fishermen by encouraging the lace trade, which in past years has fallen into disuse. The Brittany women make the most beautiful lace in France, and it is very beautiful it takes long to make.

M. Thomson, the minister of marine, has ordered an inquiry into the state of affairs in Brittany, and has sent experts down for the purpose. It is thought, too, that the state checks bank of Mrs. Russell Sage for an equal salary. Five men are the recipients.

Mrs. Sage designed the increased pay to be a reward for long and faithful service on the part of her husband's employees.

LIVELY SCENES IN BRITISH HOUSE

Opposition Attacks Government Over the Trades Disputes Measure.

London, Nov. 1.—The resumption in the House of Commons today of the debate on the trades disputes bill, including the amendment of Oct. 20 to clause 4, placing union funds beyond the reach of attack, led to some lively scenes.

Members of the Opposition, in their speeches, twitted the ministers with surrendering to the Labor party.

Herbert H. Asquith, chancellor of the exchequer, retorted that the question at issue was not one of principle, but of methods. He said he saw nothing dishonorable or unworthy in referring to the feelings of those most interested in the matter, and that it was a question of expediency in which the assertions of the ministers and employed were put on the same level.

He unhesitatingly supported the amended clause.

War Secretary Haldane also explained that it was not in deference to James Keir, leader of the Labor members, that he had adopted his present attitude toward the new clause, but rather because there was an enormous preponderance of feeling in favor of doing things in the simplest way.

After some members of the Government had spoken in a similar strain, Samuel Roberts (Conservative) proposed to insert the original clause. This proposal was defeated by 372 votes to 179, amid loud ministerial and Labor cheering.

There subsequently were further heated scenes on the motion, made by a member of the Opposition, to omit Ireland from the operation of the act. In moving this motion, Viscount Castlereagh (Conservative), contended it would give absolute immunity to boycotting.

Samuel Henry Butcher (Conservative) seconded this motion on the same ground.

The Irish members then violently reproached Mr. Butcher for slandering his own country and for the unworthy making up false reports which have been dead for 25 years.

John Redmond, the leader of the Irish party, said he could conceive of no more unworthy or disgraceful scandal than to come into Parliament when Ireland was in a state of profound peace, and suggest that it was unsafe to give Ireland the same rights as England.

This was evidently to be the plan of campaign in view of next year's legislation for Ireland.

After further heated discussion, in which the speaker ignored appeals to call Mr. Redmond to order, Sir John Lawson Walton (Liberal) explained that the agricultural associations of Ireland did not come within the legal meaning of a trade union.

Count Castlereagh, on the advice of his supporters, then wanted to withdraw the motion, but the Nationalists insisted upon a division, and the motion was rejected, 382 to 325.

The incident was then closed.

TORONTO SAUSAGES POISON PEOPLE

Members of St. Marys Family Have a Narrow Escape From Death.

St. Marys, Nov. 2.—W. K. McLeod, of Vanessa, near London, a former proprietor of the St. Marys Argus, was a Stone Town visitor on Wednesday, and had a general shake-hands with his many friends.

A family recently bought at one of the stores in town some pork sausages that were brought from Toronto. They cooked the sausages, and after partaking of them were all taken seriously ill, showing strong symptoms of poisoning. Prompt medical remedies were used, and the members of the family were snatched from the jaws of death. The attention of Dr. George H. Gibb, V.S., who is meat and dairy inspector, was drawn to the case, and upon investigation he found that the family had eaten the unused sausages into the fire in the kitchen stove, thus preventing for the time being the prosecution of the offenders.

Butter—Finest United States mixed, 55c; good United States steady, 54c; Cheese—Canadian, finest, white steady, 62c; do, colored, steady, 61c.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast quiet, 4 to 5 c.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 85c; Best—Extra India mess firm, 82c; do, 81c; Prime mess western quiet, 82c; do, 81c; Hams—Short cut, 14 to 15 lbs, dull, 56c; do, 55c.

Bacon—Long clear middles, light, 23 to 24 lbs, steady, 65c; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, steady, 64c; do, short ribs, 16 to 20 lbs, steady, 46c; do, clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 58c; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, steady, 51c; do, square, 11 to 13 lbs, steady, 52c; do, 51c.

Lard—Prime western, in tiers, firm, 48c; do, American refined, in pails, firm, 48c; do, 47c.

Tallow—Prime city strong, 23c.

Turpetine—Firm, 48c.

Linseed Oil—Firm, 25c.

Petroleum—Steady, 66c.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, Nov. 2.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.

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TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 12:45.

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LOCAL MARKET.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 2.
Hay was a slow sale at the opening of the market; later on the day there was quite a stir, and all the offerings were sold; prices were a trifle easier, at \$12 to \$14 per ton; most of the loads sold at \$13 per ton.
Straw was more plentiful today; what was offered sold at \$2 per ton.
About a dozen loads of oats were offered, which sold at \$1.05 to \$1.10 per bushel. The price for Monday's shipment of live hogs was \$5.50 per cwt for select.
Butter, eggs and poultry were in good demand at Saturday's market.
The potato market is weak and prices may go lower.
The corn market is weak and prices in car lots at considerably lower prices than what the farmers are asking.

DAIRY MARKETS.

KINGSTON.
Kingston, Nov. 1.—At the Frontenac cheese board today 678 boxes were offered; of which 345 were white; all but one factory was sold at 12 1/2-13c.

MADOC.

MADOC.
Madoc, Nov. 1.—Nine hundred boxes of cheese offered; all sold at 12 1/2-13c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO.
Chicago, Ill., Nov. 1.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 12c to 12 1/2c; dairies, 12 1/2c to 13c per lb.
Cheese—Steady, 12c to 12 1/2c.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 1.—Butter—Steady to slightly higher; receipts, 6,000 packages. Cheese—Quiet; unchanged; receipts, 1,273 boxes.

PILLSBURG.

PILLSBURG.
Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 1.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.55.
Oil City, Pa., Nov. 1.—Credit balances, \$1.55.

LONDON.

LONDON.
London, Nov. 1.—Petroleum, American refined, 5 1/2-5 3/4; spirits, 8d.
ANTWERP.
Antwerp, Nov. 1.—Petroleum, 19 francs 50 centimes.

COTTON.

NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 1.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet; 10 points decline; middling uplands, \$10.40; middling, \$10.60; sales, 3,300 bales.
Futures closed steady: November, \$10.05; December, \$10.03; January, \$10.10; February, \$10.15; March, \$10.20; April, \$10.25; May, \$10.30; June, \$10.35; July, \$10.40.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 1.—Cotton—Futures opened barely steady: November, \$10.05; December, \$10.03; January, \$10.10; February, \$10.15; March, \$10.20; April, \$10.25; May, \$10.30; June, \$10.35; July, \$10.40.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 1.—Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 3 1/2-3 3/4; refined, 3 1/2-3 3/4; in bags, 3 1/2-3 3/4; refined, steady.

LONDON.

LONDON.
London, Nov. 1.—Raw sugar—Muscovado, \$8.50; centrifugal, 10s 9d; beet sugar, November, \$8.75d.

TORONTO.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Nov. 1.—Sugar—Prices are unchanged at the recent drop in quotations; extra granulated, \$4.35; yellow, \$4.30; in bags, 5c less; white, \$4.25.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Nov. 1.—Baled Hay—Offerings are a little more plentiful and prices are easier at \$10 to \$10.50 per ton for No. 1 timothy in car lots here.
Baled Straw—Firm, at \$6 per ton in car lots here.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Nov. 1.—Manitoba, No. 1 hard, \$2c; No. 1 northern, \$2 1/4c; at lake ports: Ontario, white, 7c; No. 2 red, 70c; mixed, 70c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow, 5c; at Toronto, 70c; No. 2 white, 70c; at Toronto, 70c.
Buckwheat—5c to 5 1/2c outside.
Rye—7c to 7 1/2c.
Barley—No. 3, 4c; No. 3 extra, 4 1/2c.
Oats—5c to 5 1/2c.
Wheat—\$2.70 bid for 90 per cent patents, in buyers' bags, outside; for export; Manitoba, first patents, 45c; second patents, 40c; bakers' extra, 40c; No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 25c; No. 4, 20c; No. 5, 15c; No. 6, 10c; No. 7, 5c; No. 8, 0c; No. 9, 0c; No. 10, 0c; No. 11, 0c; No. 12, 0c; No. 13, 0c; No. 14, 0c; No. 15, 0c; No. 16, 0c; No. 17, 0c; No. 18, 0c; No. 19, 0c; No. 20, 0c; No. 21, 0c; No. 22, 0c; No. 23, 0c; No. 24, 0c; No. 25, 0c; No. 26, 0c; No. 27, 0c; No. 28, 0c; No. 29, 0c; No. 30, 0c; No. 31, 0c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c; No. 51, 0c; No. 52, 0c; No. 53, 0c; No. 54, 0c; No. 55, 0c; No. 56, 0c; No. 57, 0c; No. 58, 0c; No. 59, 0c; No. 60, 0c; No. 61, 0c; No. 62, 0c; No. 63, 0c; No. 64, 0c; No. 65, 0c; No. 66, 0c; No. 67, 0c; No. 68, 0c; No. 69, 0c; No. 70, 0c; No. 71, 0c; 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