Weather Forecast: Showery

The London Advertiser

HOME EDITION

52nd YEAR. No. 22333 SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1915. SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Turks Hammered By Allies On Land and Sea

LONG-RANGE GUNS POUR TEN MORE SHELLS INTO DUNKIRK

BELGIAN HERE FOUGHT ENEMY EARLY IN WAR

Prof. Le Doux, Toronto University, Tells of Atrocities Practiced by German Invaders in Small Towns — Too Cowardly To Do Likewise in Larger Centres.

Prof. LeDoux, of Toronto University, who served as an officer in the Belgian army for several months after the outbreak of war and who, after being twice wounded, was invalided, arrived in London today and will address meetings in the Y. M. C. A. tonight and tomorrow on the subject, "My Country and the War."

Interviewed as he alighted at the Grand Trunk station this morning, Prof. Le Doux stated that his first commission in the Belgian army was with the engineer's corps, but that later he was appointed to a field battery unit and fought his guns side by side with British troops in the first great battle of the Yser.

"It may seem strange," he said, "that an engineer should be appointed to an artillery unit, but many such changes were made following the disorganization of the early days of the war. Infantry officers were transferred to the cavalry and vice versa, and in my own case I was put on to a horse and sent into battle mounted, in spite of the fact that never before had I had any experience in riding a horse."

Morale Suffered at First.

The morale of the Belgian troops, Professor LeDoux said, suffered very severely at first as a result of the apparent irresistibility of the German forces. When Liege fell, he declared, the men became downcast, and the fall of Antwerp resulted in this sperit being even more serious, but when a stand was made at the Yser, and German prisoners were taken, the men began to regain their assurance, and the arrival of British naval forces on the coast to assist them with long-range gun-fire, was tremendously effective in putting new heart into them.

"Now," he continued, "the spirit throughout Belgium is one of absolute determination to fight on until the invaders have been driven back to their own country and humiliated. Our people are quite confident now that in the end the Allies will not only drive the Germans out of Belgium, but see that every possible atonement is made for the havoc that has been wrought in my unfortunate country."

Food Supply Was Poor.

The food supply, also, he stated, was very poor in the first weeks of the war, for, as he pointed out, the violation of Belgian neutrality by Germany had never been foreseen, and therefore the authorities were not prepared to cope with the conditions brought about by the invasion. The capture of German field kitchens, he said, constituted a red letter event in the lives of the Belgian soldiers, since it provided them with the means of cooking hot meals on the field of battle.

Prof. LeDoux declared that, from his own observations, he was able to state that in the main stories of German atrocities had not been exaggerated. He was not able to vouch for the truth of every story written and printed about this, but he was prepared to substantiate the general basic truth of the reports. He had seen Belgian women threatened by Germans at the end of revolvers and rifles and young girls made to wait upon and act as servants to the invaders. He had seen a woman about to give birth to a child turned out of her home onto the roadside, and houses and property of inoffending civilians burned and pillaged.

Germans Cowards.

He said the Germans were too cowardly to practice these excesses in the larger towns, where the presence of a male population threatened reprisals, but in the smaller places the German officers allowed their men to do as they pleased.

In Tirlemont, where Mrs. Le Doux was living when the German hosts entered the town, they set fire to many of the houses, but afterwards, because they were afraid that the flames might explode their big guns as they were being drawn through the streets, they allowed the town firemen to extinguish the fires.

Prof. LeDoux spoke in terms of the highest admiration and praise of the British soldiers, declaring that their bravery was beyond description. He left Belgium in the early part of last November. He is not sure whether he will be sent back to the front, explaining that that is in the hands of the military authorities. He is ready to go whenever he is called, however, he declared.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 52; lowest, 42.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 44; lowest, 36.

TOMORROW—SHOWERY.

Toronto, May 1—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Moderate to fresh northerly winds; cloudy and cool today and on Sunday; a few local showers.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m.:

Stations	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	52	42	Cloudy
Calgary	40	34	Cloudy
Winnipeg	56	42	Cloudy
Port Arthur	46	40	Cloudy
Toronto	54	42	Cloudy
Ottawa	62	38	Rain
Montreal	52	40	Rain
Quebec	42	34	Rain

The distribution of pressure has changed completely from that of the early part of the week, and the barometer is now highest over Northern Canada and relatively low over the United States.

The weather is overcast and cool throughout the Dominion, and rain is falling between Eastern Ontario and the Maritime Provinces.

THE CHARGE OF THE VOTE BRIGADE.

Half a league, half a league,
Half a league onward,
Into the very trenches
Charged the six hundred.
"Forward, the vote brigade!
"Capture the votes" Bob said,—
Into the valley of (political) death
Charged the six hundred.

"Forward, the Vote Brigade!"
Was there a worker 'fraid?
Not tho' the soldier knew
Bob Rogers blundered;
Their's not to make reply,
Their's not to reason why,
Their's but to vote and die;
Into the valley of (political) death
Charged the six hundred.

Ballots to right of them,
Ballots to left of them,
Germans in front of them
Volley'd and thunder'd;
Storm'd at with shot and shell,
Storm'd at with votes as well,
Into the jaws of death,
Ringing Bob Rogers' knell,
Charged the six hundred.

Flash'd all their pencils bare,
Cried, "Bill, just mark it there"—
"Vote and forget footwear."
As field guns thundered;
Plunged in the German hail,
How can Bob Rogers fail?
Tory and Liberal
Reeled from the ghoulish tale,
Wide-eyed and wondered,
Thought they knew men, but—
Not the vote grabbers.

D. R. O.'s to right of them,
Poll clerks to left of them,
Workers behind them,
Stuffed box and plundered;
Storm'd at with shot and shell,
While horse and hero fell,
Rogers reaped votes full well
While men were lying dead,
Then the boys gave 'em hell,
All that was left of them,
Left of six hundred.

When can Bob's glory fade?
O' the great play he made,
Yet the man blundered;
Men wearing bandoliers,
They want no scrutineers,
Much less the vote brigade,
Ignoble six hundred. —L.

DUNKIRK AGAIN HIT BY SHELLS

Ten More Poured In On Friday Evening, Getting Several Victims.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 1—2:45 p.m.—The French war office this afternoon gave out the following official statement on the progress of hostilities:

"No change has been reported in the general situation on the front since the giving out of the official communication of last night.

"Ten more shells fell on Dunkirk during the evening of yesterday (Friday), and there were several victims."

[Canadian Press.]

GERMAN REPORT.

Berlin, May 1.—(By wireless to Sayville)—German military headquarters, under date of today, gave out a report on the progress of hostilities, reading as follows:

All attacks of the enemy on the west bank of the canal northwest of Ypres and on the east bank of the canal north of Ypres resulted in failure.

"The fortress of Dunkirk was shelled yesterday by German artillery.

"Three aviators of the enemy have been forced to land.

Advantage Claimed.

"An engagement near Szawle, in Russian Poland, resulted advantageously for the Germans. The Russians fled after setting fire to the town. One thousand Russians were taken prisoner, and ten machine guns, a great amount of baggage and ammunition carts and a large quantity of ammunition were captured.

"Russian attacks east of Plock, on the south bank of the Pilica River, and at Kalwarya, near the East Prussian frontier north of Suwalki, have been repulsed. Three hundred and fifty Russians were taken prisoner.

"To the southwest of Augustowo a German vanguard company was surprised by the Russians and suffered heavy losses."

CANADIANS EQUAL TO FINEST TROOPS

Generous Tributes Paid By British Service Weekly Papers.

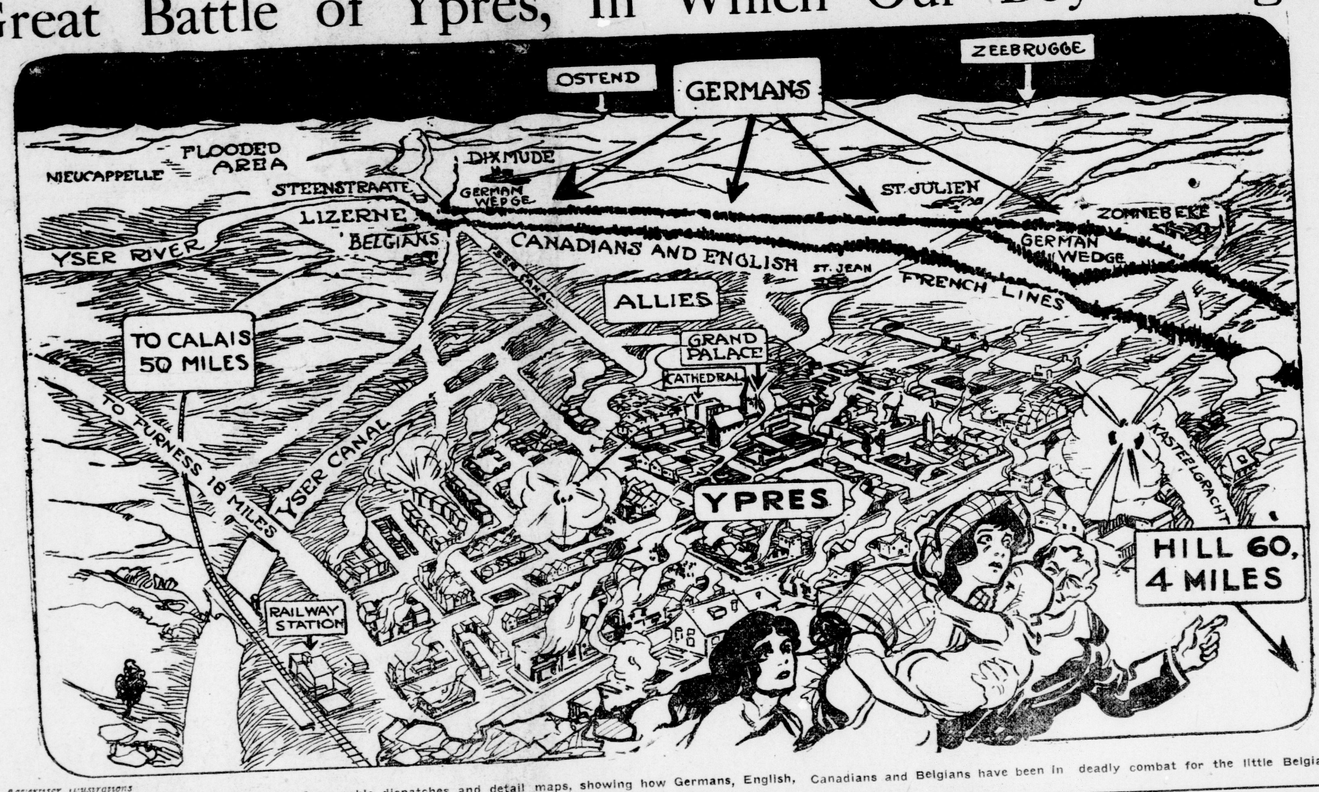
[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 1.—Col. William Frederick Sweeny, 4th Royal Fusiliers, attached to the East Yorkshires, officially reported wounded, graduated from Kingston in 1893.

The weekly service papers pay a generous tribute to Canada's honorable achievement: "Canada has every reason to be proud of her sons, who have shown in the day of trial they are the equal of any troops in the world," declares the Army and Navy Gazette.

"The whole Empire unites in congratulating these hardy sons of the blood on showing in action two of the finest British qualities, namely: stay and dash," says the Broad Arrow.

Great Battle of Ypres, In Which Our Boys Fought



Advertiser Illustrations

Diagram picture sketched by artist from cable dispatches and detail maps, showing how Germans, English, Canadians and Belgians have been in deadly combat for the little Belgian town of Ypres, which has already been almost totally destroyed by projectiles and incendiary bombs.

FRENCH ARMY HAS NO DOUBT AS TO VICTORY

The Spirit of Doubt Which Existed At First Has Disappeared.

CONFIDENT OF LEADERS

Officer Expects Long War Unless Something Unexpected Happens.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]
By William Philip Simms, with the French army at the front.

April 16.—By mail to New York.—After passing along the front from Belgium to Alsace, and talking with officers, high and low, one is impressed with the now prevailing idea that the war has only begun.

"How long will the war last?" I asked a French officer of very high rank.

"A long time," he answered in a way showing that he had studied the question, and the reply, "A long time, unless some unexpected event brings it to an end."

"What sort of an event?"

Might End Suddenly.

"I said unexpected. I fone knew what sort of an event to expect it would not be unexpected. The idea is the war came on us over-night so to speak. It was unexpected so far as the Allies were concerned. Well, the war might end over night, just as it began."

"That is the state of mind of the allied army. The officers expect a long war and the men see no hope of early peace. And both officers and men appear not the least cast down over it.

Great Change Came.

"A great change has come over the French army. When the war began, many doubts were expressed over the Allies' ability to cope with Germany. It was pointed out that Germany was ready, while France and Britain had been following the pursuits of peace.

"Then, too, the shadow of 1870 hung heavily. Being extraordinarily intelligent, the French soldier remembered that in '70 they were badly led and quickly beaten. They felt that man for man they could beat the Germans, but there was the wonderful German fighting machine and the doubt as to the French leaders.

Doubt Disappears.

"But this spirit of doubt long since has disappeared. One finds it now impossible to discover a doubting Thomas. The men have every confidence in the ability of their officers to lead them. They point out that the Germans have had their day and have failed.

"So the French soldier in the trenches now feels that he himself is as good a soldier as anybody, he feels that he is ably led, he knows that the German army has failed in its general plans, proving it is not the all-powerful and unbeatable organization he at first feared it was.

"So, well fed and contented, the French soldier here on the front is a great fighting man."

CONSERVATIVE NOMINATED.

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Man., May 1.—James L. Bowman, a barrister, was nominated for the federal constituency of Dauphin by the Conservative convention.

OPPOSE PROHIBITION.

[Canadian Press.]

Calgary, Alta., May 1.—Twenty-four local unions represented in the trades and labor council have voted in support of the brewery workers' union in a resolution opposing prohibition.

Turks Hemmed In On Gallipoli Peninsula

Correspondent Says They Are Cut Off From the Rest of Turkish Thrace, and Cannot Pass From Shore To Shore.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 1.—The Gallipoli Peninsula practically is being cut off from the rest of Turkish Thrace, says the Athens correspondent of the Havas Agency, in a dispatch dated yesterday. It now is said to be impossible for the Turks to pass from one shore to the other. Their main forces are between Gallipoli and Maidos.

French Senegalese troops are reported to be conducting themselves with the utmost valor on the Asiatic coast. They have occupied Yeni Shehr, while Nichori and Nagara are being violently bombarded.

BIGGER THING TO BE CANADIAN

"Pall Mall" Says Warriors Have Made Name Greater By Gallantry in Battle.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 1.—The story by the Canadian eye-witness, already published in the Dominion, appears in the English and French press today, arousing further generous editorial comment, particularly as there are also published official accounts of the work of Australians and New Zealanders in the Dardanelles. Referring to the Canadian engagement, Pall Mall says: "They have stamped the engagement indelibly on the world's history, and made it a bigger thing for all futurity to be a Canadian."

BIG EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS RECORDED

London and Washington Report Disturbances—Probably in Japan.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—2:37 p.m.—A severe earth shock was recorded early this morning at the observatories at Cardiff and the Isle of Wight. The indications recorded suggest that the centre of the disturbance was in Japan.

FELT AT WASHINGTON.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, May 1.—Earthquake shocks, described by scientific observers at Georgetown University here as unusually severe and probably destructive, were recorded on the seismograph there today between 12:12 a.m. and 2 a.m. The tremors continued almost two hours and reached greatest intensity at 12:45 a.m., at an estimated distance from Washington of 5,500 miles.

CHINA REFUSES SOME DEMANDS

Refuses To Accede To Important Points—Japan Is Disappointed.

[Canadian Press.]

Peking, May 1.—The Chinese Government has definitely refused some of the most important demands made by Japan.

On learning of China's decision, the Japanese minister, Eki Hoki, said to the Chinese Foreign Minister, Lu Cheng-Hsiang:

"I am sorry. I believe my Government will be disappointed."

BLENHEIM PRIVATE ONE OF WOUNDED

Alfred Dennington Appears With Pte. H. Beardmore On List.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, May 1.—The following list of casualties was given out by the department of militia:

First Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Alfred Dennington, Blenheim, Ont.; Pte. Harold Beardmore, Campbellford, Belleville, Ont.

Sixteenth Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Thos. H. Thomas (formerly 15th Battalion), North Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Walter A. E. Grim, Winnipeg; Pte. John Henry Richardson, Keating's P. O., B. C.; Pte. J. Smail (formerly 23rd and Princess Patricias), West Toronto; Pte. Alexander Mowatt, Winnipeg; Pte. John Alexander MacDonald, Winnipeg.

Seventh Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. W. Smith, Vancouver, B. C.

First Field Artillery Brigade.

Wounded — Sergt. John Heaton, Kingston, Ont.; Driver J. A. Quinn, Rosetown, Sask.

Third Field Artillery Brigade.

Wounded—Gunner Joseph Dawson, Toronto; Bombardier William Niven, Toronto, Ont.; Driver Peter McIntyre, Hamilton, Ont.

Third Field Ambulance.

Wounded—Pte. Norman H. White, St. Johns, Nfld.; Pte William Black, Vancouver.

Missing—Pte. Alexander W. Walsh, Saskatoon, Sask.

No. 2 Field Ambulance.

Wounded — Pte. William Millar Leishman, Hamilton, Ont.

Seriously wounded — Pte. Sydney Smith (gunshot wound in arm), St. David's, Ont.

Third Field Company, Canadian Engineers.

Wounded—Sapper Frank McGuinness, Montreal, P. Q.

Princess Patricias Canadian Light Infantry.

Wounded—Pte. Frederick Foreman, Toronto.

FORMER LONDONER, AN OFFICER, WOUNDED



Advertiser Illustrations

LIEUT. R. P. LATTA, of 6th Battalion, Vancouver, left London six years ago. A sister-in-law, Mrs. F. A. Bruce, lives at 156 Langarth street.

FORMER LONDONER, LIEUT. AT FRONT, IS AMONG INJURED

Lieut. Ralph Latta Enlisted With 6th Vancouver Regiment — L. A. Steele and Sergt.-Major Chivers Hurt.

Lieut. Ralph Latta, of the 6th Vancouver Regiment, whose name appears among the list if wounded in today's casualty list, is a former Londoner. He left the city about five years ago, and went to the coast, where he has lived since with his wife until the outbreak of war, when his services were offered and accepted for military duty. A sister-in-law, Mrs. F. A. Bruce, lives at 156 Langarth street, and Cecil Wood, of The Advertiser staff, is a brother-in-law.

Lewis Anthony Steel.

Lewis Anthony Steel, a private in the 1st Battalion, and a former member of the 7th Regiment, who was wounded in the recent heavy fighting in France, is a son of Anthony Steel, of concession 3, lot 14, Broughdale. No details as to the nature of his injuries have been received up to the present, and the members of his family are anxiously awaiting further word. In the last letter he wrote home, which was received only a few days prior to the receipt of the telegram announcing that he had been wounded, he stated that he was well except for a slight cold.

Sergt.-Major Chivers.

Sergt.-Major William Chivers, of Waterloo, referred to as officially reported wounded, is a brother of Mrs. A. Northcott, 11 Marley Place, South London.

W. L. MACKENZIE KING VISITS COLORADO MINES

[Canadian Press.]

Trinidad, Col., May 1.—W. L. MacKenzie King, of Ottawa, Canada, industrial representative of the Rockefeller Foundation, went to Walsenburg, Col., today to inspect the mines of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. From Walsenburg, Mr. King will go to Pueblo to visit the company's steel plant.

33RD OFFICERS AND MEN ARE NAMED AS REINFORCEMENTS FOR DUTY AT FRONT

255 Names Listed Below — Every Member of Battalion Volunteered As Soon As It Was Known Order Came, But Only Limited Number Could Be Accepted.

The 255 officers and men who were chosen from the 33rd Battalion at the fair grounds yesterday to engage immediately in overseas service, as reinforcements to the second contingent, are listed below.

When the announcement was made at the fair grounds that volunteers for overseas service were wanted, every officer in the battalion immediately presented himself. Men crowded the office of the commanding officer, and enthusiasm ran high.

The names of the men given below, are the ones who consider themselves lucky. An equal number will be chosen from the 34th Battalion stationed at Guelph.

Officers who will go with the reinforcements from the 34th Battalion at Guelph, are Captain R. J. Aitken, Lieut. G. de C. O'Grady, Lieut. D. M. Northcombe, Lieut. T. R. Coleman, Lieut. H. W. Scruton.

The non-commissioned officers and men have not yet been listed at the headquarters' office here.

Nominal Roll—Infantry Reinforcements From 33rd Battalion, C. E. F.

One Captain—Capt. L. H. Nelles.

Four Subalterns—Lieuts. W. N. Cooke, A. B. Rimmer, O. W. Grant, J. S. Beaumont.

Eight Sergeants—Acting Sergts. T. Gilligan, J. Lennox, A. C. Joseph, R. Baker, W. Blathwayt, R. Gall, J. A. Black, F. J. Hutt.

Eight Corporals—Acting Corps. D.

[Continued On Page Three.]

COLON CITY SWEPT BY FIRE; TEN DEAD

Hundreds Injured and Many Thousands Left Homeless By Blaze.

[Canadian Press.]

Colon, May 1.—More than half the city was swept by a disastrous fire last night. Ten persons are known to be dead, including two native policemen, and several hundred persons have been injured, while between 10,000 and 12,000 others, mostly negroes, have been made homeless.

The loss is estimated at about $2,000,000.

SEEDING NEARLY DONE.

[Canadian Press.]

Lethbridge, Alta., May 1. — Ninety per cent of the wheat seeding and 60 per cent of the oats and barley seeding have been completed in this district. The grain in many localities is six inches above the ground.

GEN. HODGINS INSPECTS SITE FOR MILITARY TRAINING HERE

Board of Trade Property Is Being Looked Over—General Says Mayor Arrived At Ottawa Just in Time To Prevent Removal of Soldiers From City.

Brig.-Gen. W. E. Hodgins, formerly district officer commanding the 1st Division, and now Adjustant-General of the Canadian forces, arrived in London today, under orders from Maj.-Gen. Sam Hughes, minister of militia and defence, to inspect the site submitted by the city to the north of Carling's Heights, as the location for the Western Ontario concentration camp.

This afternoon, in company with Col. Shannon, D. O. C., Capt. R. W. Bishop, divisional engineer officer, members of the headquarters staff, Mayor Stevenson, the board of control, representatives from the board of trade and the public utilities commission, he is inspecting the site bonded by the board of trade and offered free by the owners in the northeastern section of the city and London Township.

General Hodgins was met at the C. P. R. depot by Col. Shannon, Mayor H. A. Stevenson, S. F. Glass, M. P., Controller J. P. Moore, E. C. Mitchell of the Board of Trade, President-elect T. W. McFarland of the same body, C. M. R. Graham and others. Almost his first words, when he had shaken hands with the members of the party, were directed to Mayor Stevenson.

Arrived in Nick of Time.

"Your deputation arrived just in time on Thursday. A little later and you would have been too late," he declared.

Later when arrangements for the inspection tour were being made, he informed the members of the deputation that his orders covered th person had discussed with the members of the militia council and the Minister of Militia on his flying visit to Ottawa this week to prevent the removal of the camp to Guelph.

The whole camping scheme is being carefully surveyed this afternoon and will, it is expected, be in shape for presentation to the consideration of the military council on Monday. Comprehensive reports are being prepared and preliminary reports, at all events, will be taken by Gen. Hodgins when he leaves London for Ottawa tomorrow.

Indicates London's Willingness.

Gen. Horgins' reception this morning may be well taken as an indication of London's willingness to co-operate to the very utmost of its power in assisting the military authorities. That it made an impression on the general goes without saying.

"I was not a bit displeased to receive orders to come here," declared Gen. Hodgins, who on more than one occasion since his promotion and transfer from this city to Ottawa, has referred to the warm spot he cherishes in his heart for London. "I am more than pleased to see you gentlemen here, and will be in your hands for whatever arrangements you may care to make."

General Hodgins was the guest of Lieut.-Col. L. W. Shannon at lunch at the London Club, and it was here that the inspecting party left for its tour, being conveyed in a fleet of motor cars supplied by divisional headquarters and the members of the board of trade and the public utilities commission.

GALLIPOLI SCENE OF HEAVY FIGHTING

Enemy Being Driven Inland, While Ships Shell Big Forts.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 1.—Further fighting of the heaviest character was reported today to be in progress on the Gallipoli Peninsula, where British forces are making every effort to cut off Turks from the mainland.

Special dispatches from Athens say that in a series of night assaults on Turkish positions, the enemy was driven further inland. The entire allied fleet is co-operating with land parties, shelling Turkish forts from the inside of Dardanelles, from the Gulf of Saros and from the Aegean Sea.

Meanwhile the French are advancing on the Asiatic side.

Ships May Be Hit.

The admiralty has no confirmation of Turkish claims that several of the allied warships have been disabled by the bombardment of land forts. It is the stated, however, that it would not be surprising if some of the warships had been hit, as they are steaming well within range.

To Isolate Forts.

Latest reports indicate that the British force which landed south of Jenikoi had advanced inland and was engaged by the main body of Turks. It is the intention to isolate the forts, and then to reduce them, if possible, by cross-fire from the fleet with the Queen Elizabeth, Warsprite and other big-gun ships operating from the Gulf of Saros and the other warships operating from inside of the straits.

Turkish positions at Nagara were heavily bombarded last night.

LONDON ADVERTISER
GRAND CONTINENTAL TRIP
DAILY BALLOT

GOOD FOR TEN VOTES.

If Credited to Miss or Mrs.....

Address .....

On or before May 12, 1915. District No.....

This ballot, to be good, must be clipped and sent to The Advertiser before the above expiry limit. Clip along edges.

CANADIAN CASUALTY LIST

OTTAWA, April 30.—The following casualty list, including the names of six officers, was issued tonight by the Militia Department:

FIFTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Lieut. J. M. Currie, slightly, 16th Light Horse, Regina.
Lieut. W. Ellis, slightly.

SEVENTH BATTALION.

Killed—Capt. R. V. Harvey, 88th Victoria.
Lieut. C. C. Holmes, 88th Victoria.
Lieut. H. A. Bromley, 88th Victoria.
Lieut. N. A. Jessop, 88th Victoria.
Lieut. R. P. Latta, 6th Vancouver.
Wounded—Capt. J. W. Warden, 6th Vancouver.
Lieut. G. H. Leslie, 6th Vancouver.
Wounded and Missing—Capt. T. V. Scudamore, 6th Vancouver.
Lieut. J. C. Thorn, 11th Vancouver.
Missing—Maj. P. Bynghall.
Capt. P. J. Locke.
Lieut. E. D. Bellew, 11th Vancouver.
Lieut. H. C. V. MacDowall, 88th Victoria.
Lieut. R. F. Steeves.

EIGHTH BATTALION.

Killed—Lieut. J. E. Reynolds, 90th Winnipeg.
Wounded—Maj. H. H. Matthews, 31st British Columbia.
Lieut. G. Durrand, 90th Winnipeg.
Lieut. G. M. Harris, 90th Winnipeg.
Wounded and Missing—Lieut. W. DeC. O'Grady, Winnipeg.
Missing—Capt. G. W. Northwood.
Lieut. J. K. Bell, 90th Winnipeg.
Lieut. G. F. Andrews, 90th, Winnipeg.
Lieut. H. E. L. Owen, 96th, Port Arthur.
Lieut. L. S. Dear (fumes), 96th Port Arthur.

TENTH BATTALION.

Killed—Capt. H. A. C. Wallace, 106th, Winnipeg.
Capt. F. Pott, 21st, Medicine Hat.
Lieut. J. T. H. Nasmyth, 46th, Port Hope, Ont.
Lieut. G. A. Coldwell, 12th, Brandon, Man.
Lieut. R. Hoskins, 106th, Winnipeg.
Lieut. D. C. McColl, 21st, Medicine Hat.
Lieut. A. K. Bell, 10th, Toronto, Ont.
Wounded—Maj. D. M. Ormond, 18th, Portage La Prairie.
Lieut. D. H. Sinclair, No. 2 Signal Company, Toronto.
Maj. W. W. Nasmyth (seriously), 46th, Port Hope, Ont.
Capt. C. J. Arthur (slightly).
Missing—Hon. Capt. D. W. Irwin, Y. M. C. A., attached.
Lieut. C. Fryer.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.

Killed—Lieut. G. W. Stairs, 66th, Halifax.
Wounded—Capt. G. McComb, 3rd, Montreal.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

Wounded and Missing—Maj. J. E. K. Osborne, 48th, Toronto.
Missing—Lieut. R. R. McKessock, 97th, Sudbury.
Capt. A. R. McGregor, 48th, Toronto.
Capt. G. N. Alexander, 48th, Toronto.
Capt. A. M. Daniels, 97th, Sudbury.
Capt. R. Y. Cory, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. F. W. McDonald, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. H. A. Barwick, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. F. J. Smith, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. E. O. Bath, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. C. V. Fessenden, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. F. V. Jones, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. G. T. Langmuir.
Lieut. G. P. Taylor.
Wounded—Lieut. W. Mavor, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. W. H. Schoenburg.
Lieut. E. W. Bickle, 48th, Toronto.
Lieut. H. M. Scott.
Died of Wounds—Lieut.-Col. W. Hart McHarg (7th Battalion), now reported died of wounds.

The following additional 39 casualties were announced by the Militia Department tonight:

FIRST BATTALION.

Wounded—Lieut. Peter Wilson Pick, rural route No. 2, Elora, Ont.
Pte. James Flin, No. 156 Brunswick street, Stratford, Ont.
Pte. Archibald McLellan, R. R. No. 1, box 107, Corunna, Ont.
Pte. Thomas Henry Ewens, London, Eng.
Pte. Charles John Marshall (next of kin in England).
Pte. Thomas Morris Williams, Police Station, Bangor, Wales.
Pte. Harry Lee, No. 48 Dunlace road, Clapton, London, Eng.

SECOND BATTALION.

Killed—Lieut. William John Doxsee, Campbellford, Ont.

THIRD BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. Norman Wesley Hanna, No. 394 Parliament street, Toronto.
Pte. Samuel Lasoff, No. 503 Asquith street, Baltimore, Md.

FIRST BATTALION.

Wounded: Pte. Eli Kosovich (formerly 9th Battalion). Next of kin not stated.
Pte. Thomas Charles Ward, Oil Springs, Ont.
Sergt. Harry Swanson, Comber, Ont.
Pte. David Robertson, No. 281 Wyandotte street, Montreal.
Pte. George Hancock, No. 46 West Moir street, Galt, Ont.
Company Sergt. Major William Chivers, Waterloo, Ont.
Pte. John Thornton, 595 Peel street, Woodstock, Ont.
Pte. Archibald MacKinnon, Canoe Cove, P. E. I.
Pte. Ernest Victor Clark, Box 86, Dundas, Ont.
Pte. Chas. Mutton, No. 34 Highland avenue, Windsor, Ont.
Lance-Corp. Edward Banks, No. 29 St. Davids street, Stratford, Ont.
Pte. G. E. A. Simmers, Preston, Ont.
Lance-Corporal William Whitla, No. 184 North Water street, Galt, Ont.
Pte. James Thurston, Crooks, Copleston, Ont.
Pte. Arthur James Dye, No. 152 Colborne street, Chatham, Ont.
Pte. Thomas Edward Sexton, No. 68 Dover street, Chatham, Ont.
Pte. Thomas Boyce, No. 468 Hamilton road, London, Ont.
Corp. James O'Neil, Dundas, Ont.
Pte. William Walker Richardson, King street, Dundas, Ont.
Pte. Enoch D. Fryer, No. 63 Dover street, Stratford, Ont.
Pte. Lewis Anthony Steele, Broughdale Postoffice, Ont.
Pte. N. Sydney Colston Lloyd, No. 226 Lincoln avenue, Walkerville, Ont.
Pte. William Edward Barrass, McKinley avenue, Detroit, Mich.
Pte. Roger Bricker, St. George, Ont.
Pte. E. Phillip Thompkins, Care S. R. Thompkins, Department of Education, Edmonton.
Died of Wounds—Pte. John Molnihin, Elora, Ont.

SECOND BATTALION.

Wounded—Lieut. Otis Goodwin Whelen, No. 260 Somerset street, Ottawa, Ont.
Capt. William Henry Hooper, No. 14 Monkland avenue, Ottawa.

THIRD BATTALION.

Wounded — Pte. James Harold Wood, No. 145 Queen street west, Ottawa.
Pte. G. K. Hurd, No. 93 Lippincott stret, Toronto.
Pte. H. E. Munn, Oakwood, Ont.

FOURTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Maj. James Ballantine, Georgetown, Ont.
Pte. William Charles Jones, No. 16 Crooks street, Hamilton, Ont. (seriously), at No. 3 General Hospital, Le Treport.
Capt. Samuel John Huggins, No. 370 Gilmour street, Ottawa.
Seriously Wounded—Pte. Harry Blunt, No. 2 Wrigby Row, Mexboro, Yorks, Eng.

FIFTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. Leon Archibald, Wolfville, N. S.
Sergt. John A. Gullfoyle, Strathfore, Fort George, B. C. (formerly 11th Battalion).
Pte. William John Hocking, St. Budeaux, Devonport, Eng. (dangerously); at No. 5 General Hospital, Rouen, April 28.
Wounded—Pte. Edward Giles, No. 75 Turner street, Ottawa.

SEVENTH BATTALION.

Dangerously Wounded—Pte. Robert Paton, Bervie, Scotland, at No. 2 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, April 28, gunshot wound in left arm.

EIGHTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. George Humphrey (formerly 11th Battalion), No. 150 Rupert street, Winnipeg.
Pte. Henry Sawyer, Wisconsin, U. S. A.
Capt. George Kelsey Wi. Watson, No. 482 Holly avenue, St. Paul, Minn.
Wounded—Major Georges Sydney Mothersill, 254 O'Connor street, Ottawa, No. 7 stationary hospital, Boulogne.
Pte. Frederick John Keen, Transcona, Man.

TENTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. Alex. Hayman, Balmoral, Mills, N. S.
Maj. William Wylie Nasmyth, No. 176 Jeanette avenue, Windsor, Ont. (at No. 14 General Hospital, Boulogne), gunshot in chest; serious.
Sergt. George Gibbs Revell, Wicklow, Ireland.
Sergt. Frank Mortimer, Melksham, Wilts, Eng.
Pte. George Cumming, Fauld House, Linlithgowshire, Scotland.
Pte. Robert Shiels, Ballygown, County Down, Ireland.
Died of Wounds—Pte. J. W. McClean, No. 32 Madison avenue, Belfast, Ireland.
Pte. John Alfred Davis, Victoria Hotel, Rickmansworth, Herts, Eng.
Killed—Pte. Sydney Grafton Hall, P. O. Box 1280, Saskatoon.
Pte. Maurice Tredway Clarke, Eagle Butte, Medicine Hat, Alta.
Pte. Alfred Hulme, No. 728 Maryland street, Winnipeg.
Pte. William Allen Watson, Perth, Scotland.
Wounded—Sergt. F. S. Young, Bristol, Eng.
Pte. Andrew Heron, Ogden, near Calgary, Alta.
Sergt. Roy Russell Robbins, (formerly 11th Battalion, No. 295 Bay street, N. Hamilton, Ont.
Pte. S. White, 157 1-2 Front street, Sarnia, Ont.
Pte. F. Brangan, No. 451 McGregor street, Winnipeg.
Lance-Corp. B. Johnson, 500 Ross avenue, Winnipeg.
Pte. Nicholls Purmal, Little Plume, Alta.
Pte. Alexander Mollison, Aberdeenshire, Scotland.
Pte. James Goodall, Bowgate-Otley, Eng.
Pte. John Hutton, Perth, Scotland.
Pte. John O'Connell, Liverpool, Eng.
Pte. Frank Scott Tonkin, Cornwall, Eng.
Pte. Stewart McDonald Fox Jun., Liverpool, Eng.
Pte. James Aitkenhead, Greenock, Scotland.
Pte. William Bidwell (formerly 11th Battalion), Godalming, Surrey, Eng.
Pte. William Lee (formerly 11th Battalion), St. Helens, Lancs, Eng.
Corp. Alexander Clift, Waking, Surrey, Eng.
Pte. Noel V. Taylor, Malacca, Strait Settlements.
Pte. Alexander Andrews, Monkton, Ayrshire, Scotland.
Pte. Robert Miller, Old Cumnock, Ayrshire, Scotland.
Pte. Arthur Edward Webster (formerly 11th Battalion), No. 35A Charewood street, London, Eng.
Pte. Stuart McDonald Fox, Waterloo, Eng. (seriously).
Pte. John McBain (formerly 11th Battalion), No. 238 Avenue L., N., Saskatoon.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.

Report of death of Capt. W. H. Clarke-Kennedy now reported incorrect.
Wounded—Captain Harry Robert Jamieson, No. 264 St. Patrick street, Montreal.
Pte. Gilbert Larin, No. 372 Hibernia street, Montreal.
Pte. John Harrison Hamilton, No. 163 Ontario street, West, Montreal.
Pte. Robert McKenzie, No. 616 Wiseman avenue, Outremont, Que.
Pte. John Miller Clark, Care A. McNab, Pine Grove, Arnprior, Ont.
Pte. Michael Vincent Eccles, No. 47 Elm street, Kingston, Ont.
Lance-Corp. John McArtney, Dundoon, Scotland.
Pte. J. R. Robson, Knottingley, Yorks, Eng.
Pte. Walter Michelson, 128 Piccadilly, London, Eng.
Pte. Samuel William Wells, Gateshead-On-Tyne, Durham, Eng.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.

Dangerously Wounded—Pte. Robert Cecil Mornan, Giddy Hall Postoffice, Jamaica, B.W.I. at No. 2 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with gunshot in sacrum.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Lieut. William Hamilton Shoenberg, No. 77 Charles street east, Toronto, at No. 7 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne.
Sergt. William G. Fraser, 39½ Euclid avenue, Toronto.
Pte. Henry McNeil (formerly 17th Battalion), April 22, Postoffice box 258, Westville, N. S.
Wounded—Pte. William Barnett formerly 17th Battalion), No. 168 Huron street, Toronto.
Pte. Augustus Brooks, No. 102 Gould street, Toronto.
Pte. Alfred Crockford, No. 15 Pine street, Toronto.
Pte. Alifred McMillan, Box 673, Collingwood, Ont.
Pte. B. Barnes, McNab, Ont.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. J. H. Kane, No. 27 Albion street, Amherst, N. S.
Killed—Sergt. Thomas Stanley Hubbard, 1226 Twentieth avenue, East Vancouver, B. C.
Died of wounds — Pte. Henry Avery, postoffice North Edmonton, Alta.
Wounded—Pte. Charles Desson Liddle, No. 283 Simplar West, Kildonan, Winnipeg.
Pte. Archibald D. Baker, No. 136 Smithfield West, Kildonan, Man.
Pte. John F. C. Kirk, No. 117 West 49th street, Seattle, Washn.
Pte. James Arthur Osborne, Sterling, Ont.
Pte. Robert Marshall Allan, No. 78 Lusted street, Winnipeg.
Pte. William K. McSloy, No. 433 Elgin avenue, Winnipeg.
Pte. Geo. Alexander Norman McLeod, No. 138 Walnut street, Winnipeg.
Pte. James Ferrier, Care —— Gowler, Disraeli street, Winnipeg.
Pte. John Henry Richardson, Keating P. O., B. C.
Sergt. Geo. MacDonald, Invernary, Scotland.
Pte. John Philbin, Bolton, Eng.
Pte. Bernard J. Yard, Ilminster, Somerset, Eng.
Pte. Walter Joseph Janes, Henley, Eng.
Lance-Corp. Alexander McMillan, Invernesshire, Scotland.
Lance-Corp. Colin Stanley Metheson, Dunerden Bridge-of-Allan, Scotland.
Piper William McIver, Doybridge, Bucks, Banffshire, Scotland.
Piper James Moir Low, Port Errol, Aberdeenshire, Scotland.
Pte. Cedric Arnold Bedbrook, No. 11 Queen Victoria street, London, W., Eng.
Pte. Frank D. Patterson, Edinburgh, Scotland.
Pte. Wm. Shorland Mosse, Middlesex, Eng.
Pte. Wm. Smith, Failford, Dorset, Torquay, Eng.
Pte. Sydney Chas. Bate, No. 16 Knighton road, Plymouth, Devon, Eng.
Pte. Percy Norman Stanford, Bromley, Kent, Eng.
Pte. John McLauchlan, Forth Place, Burnt Island, Fifes, Scotland
Pte. Robert Stewart, Killin, Perthshire, Scotland.
Pte. George Richard Brown, Watford, Herts, Eng.
Pte. Peter James Scott, Peterhead, Scotland.
Pte. Donald Lindsay, Charingcross, Glasgow, Scotland.
Pte. Morris Graham Jenkins, O. S. Office, Southampton, Eng.
Pte. Gilbert Olive, Victoria, Australia.

SECOND BRIGADE CANADIAN FIELD ARTILLERY.

Wounded — Driver Fred Myers, Englis street, Sydney, N. S.

THIRD INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Wounded—Capt. Harold French McDonald, Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask.

FIRST FIELD COMPANY CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

Wounded—Lance Corp. Robert Allan Bolton, Strathroy, Ont.

NO. 2 CANADIAN FIELD AMBULANCE.

Wounded—Sergt. R. L. Shortill, No. 143 Delaware avenue, Toronto.

MOVING?

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London Advertiser

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CIRCULATION DEPT.

33n

PTE. MINCHIN HURT AT FRONT IN BATTLE



This 7th Regiment man enlisted with the first contingent.

ARTILLERY ACTIVE IN YPRES REGION

Gen. French Reports Situation In Belgium — Germans Claim a Gain.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, April 30.—11:15 p.m.—The semi-weekly report from the headquarters in the field of the British commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Sir John French, dated April 30, was given out here tonight, as follows:

"The situation on our front has remained unchanged during the last 48 hours. The area in the neighborhood of Ypres has been the scene of great artillery activity throughout this period, but there have been no other actions so far as the British are concerned.

"On our left, the French made counter-attacks today, supported by our artillery fire, which made sensible progress.

"Yesterday, a German aeroplane was attacked in the air and, fired at by our guns, was brought down at our lines east of Ypres.

"Successful mining operations have been carried out southwest of Wytschaete and in the neighborhood of Givenchy."

The official statement from German army headquarters today, as received here from Berlin, contains the statement that in the recent fighting in the Champagne district the Germans have captured French positions extending over more than half a mile. This part of the statement is as follows:

"In the Champagne district, north of Le Mesnil, the French attempt to win back their former positions resulted in failure. A whole group of fortifications 1,000 yards and 3,000 yards deep, has been reversed in its entirety and is being maintained."

FRENCH STATEMENT.

PARIS, April 30.—10:20 p.m.—The War Office tonight made public the following official communication:

"In Belgium, to the north of Ypres, our attacks have progressed on the whole front on a depth varying from 500 meters (about 1,600 feet) to one kilometer (2-3 mile).

"We have taken two successive lines of trenches and captured a great many prisoners.

"The correspondent of the Canadian Press visited today the summit of Hartmans-Weilerkopf, which the enemy has not attacked for the last two days.

"One of our airships has bombarded the railroad and sheds in the region of Valenciennes.

"One of our aeroplanes, which was destroyed by an explosion, fell inside the enemy's lines."

NORTH SEA TRADE AGAIN RESUMED

No Passenger Traffic Yet—Mysterious Orders At Hook of Holland.

LONDON, April 30.—9:55 p.m.—The British Admiralty announced that trade between England and Holland may be resumed, but that passenger traffic is not yet permitted.

Another report having to do with naval activity in the North Sea was contained in a press dispatch received here today from Amsterdam. This message said urgent orders had been received at the Hook of Holland for the immediate preparation for service of four Dutch lifeboats and two Red Cross boats. These vessels were directed to wait with steam up, so that they would be able to leave on a moment's notice.

The message added that there was no explanation of this order, or news of a sea fight, but that it was expected the vessels would be instructed to proceed to the North Hinder lightship, in the North Sea near the Franco-Belgian border.

ZEEBRUGGE BOMBARDED.

AMSTERDAM, Via London, April 30.—9:45 p.m.—"The coast batteries at Zeebrugge (in Belgium, on the coast of the North Sea), were heavily bombarded from 9:30 o'clock last night to 1 o'clock this morning, replying to a bombardment from the sea", says a dispatch to the Telegraaf. "A thick mist prevented the vessels engaged from being seen, but that the bombardment was effective in places is inferred from the numerous fires that arose on the land."

According to the Nieuws Van Den Dag, at noon today 30 shots were fired from the sea on the Belgian coast.

CANADA PLANS TO SEND 150,000 MEN TO FRONT

OTTAWA, April 30.—Though there is no official intimation as to what number of men Canada will send to swell the ranks of the Allies, it is known that according to present plans, 150,000 men will be sent to the firing line, and more if Kitchener needs them.

Instead of sending the men over in batches as reinforcements when required the third and fourth contingents will be mobilized and sent forward earlier than was first intended. The Canadian achievement at Langemarck has proven a great stimulus to recruiting at all centres.

EDMONTON, April 30.—The following seven mentioned in this afternoon's casualty list are from Edmonton: Private Carlton F. Burnes, died of wounds; Private Lionel Exelby, Private Ernest Yates, Private Yecko Eranoff, Private D. Hill, Private Edward Jones and Private Jos. Rochette, all wounded.

WHEN RUN DOWN

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the Reliable Tonic Medicine, Builds Up.

The reason why you feel so tired all the time at this season is that your blood is impure and impoverished. It lacks vitality. It is not the rich red blood that gives life to the whole body, perfects digestion and enables all the organs to perform their functions as they should.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla from any druggist. It will make you feel better, look better, eat and sleep better. It is the old reliable tried and true all-the-year-round blood purifier and enricher, tonic and appetizer. It revitalizes the blood, and is especially useful in building up the debilitated and rundown.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is helping thousands at this time of year. Let it help you. Get a bottle today and begin taking it at once. Be sure to get Hood's. Nothing else acts like it.

Corset Demonstration Monday and Following Days of the New Bon Ton Models

Bon Ton CORSETS

For one week commencing Monday, May 3, we have secured, by special appointment, the services of Mme. Hammond, the prominent New York corsetiere and fashion authority, who will conduct a demonstration and exhibit of the new BON-TON Corsets, authentic for present wear.

Bon Ton CORSETS

Bon Ton Corsets New 1915 Models Price $4 to $10.50



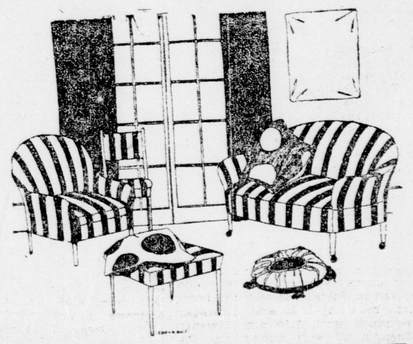
Royal Worcester Corsets New 1915 Models Prices $1.25 to $3.00

In Bon-Ton and Royal Worcester Corsets will be found exquisite models for every type of figure, in coutil and broche, included in which are models for evening wear, thigh diminishers, dancing and athletic models, and many others.

This will be an event one cannot well afford to miss, and all ladies are cordially invited to meet Mme. Hammond while in our Corset Department next week, who will gladly inform you regarding your corset requirements, and consult with you freely, giving expert advice on any point you desire to question regarding the particular corset model best suited to your particular form. Appointments may be made by phone. Prices: Royal Worcester, $1.25 to $3.00; Bon-Ton, $4.00 to $10.50.

DEMONSTRATION BEGINS MONDAY MORNING—SECOND FLOOR.

Have Your Old Furniture Made New



Don't think they are too far gone to be repaired. You may think they are not worth five cents, but when we get through with them your friends will ask, When did you get the pretty new pieces? The more antique or old-fashioned the better. Cling to your old pieces, have the worn coverings renewed; when recovered in the new and up-to-date tapestries, etc., repolished and fixed over, the chairs, settees, etc., which you were thinking of giving to the secondhand man will be the most admired pieces of furniture in your home.

Furniture Called For and Delivered Free

Telephone the Drapery Section if you have any work of this kind; we will call and take it out of your way while housecleaning. This is a good time to have such work attended to, when your home is upset by cleaning, or we will send a man to your home and estimate on any work you may have. We can deliver your work promptly now.

FOURTH FLOOR.

Complete Set 'Sterno' Condensed Heat, 15c and 75c



The new summer cooking or heating comfort, one of the greatest modern utilities, "Condensed Heat," can be carried and used anywhere; it is solid and cannot leak, spill or evaporate, is non-explosive, sanitary and quick; the touch of a match will start the hottest flame thrown; may be used in the home, on the motor trip, for the sick room. Visit the basement and have the uses and the merits of "Sterno" Canned Heat explained.

Complete set, with boiler, nickel-plated stand and can of "Sterno 75c

Also smaller size, with stand and can of heat for 15c

BASEMENT.

New Black Dress Goods at the Popular Dollar a Yard Price

We were fortunate in placing early orders for popular lines with "Priestley" and other makers abroad, and are showing a range of dollar-a-yard lines today which cannot be duplicated at this price, such as

BLACK TAFFETA, ARMURE, SANTOY, ETOLIA, CREPE ARMURE, TRICOT, POPLIN, CREPE, WOOL SATIN, RESILDA, CASHMERE, SILK WARP HENRIETTA AND MOHAIR.

All in summer weight ..... $1.00 yard

Samples on Request.

Special Afternoon Lunch. Sliced Tomatoes, Bread and Butter and Cup of Tea or Coffee, 3 to 5:30—Special, 15c.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

In Restaurant—3 to 5:30. Fresh Strawberries and Ice Cream, Special, 15c. Cortese Orchestra This Afternoon.

BATTLE DEVELOPS ALONG THE NIEMEN

[Canadian Press.]

PETROGRAD, April 30, via London—11:25 a.m.—An official communication issued by the war office this evening, says:

"On the whole front, to the west of the Niemen yesterday we closely pressed the German advance guards.

"During the evening of the 28th near Ossowetz the enemy attacked our positions in the region of the village of Sosnia, but was repulsed with heavy losses.

"Enemy attacks, which were barren of results, took place between the Rivers Pissa and Skwa, north of Vakh and on the right bank of the Omulew and continued all day the 28th. The enemy yesterday, covered by the fire of his heavy artillery in the sector between the Pissa and the Skwa, fell back toward his old trenches.

"Near the villages of Jednorojetz on the evening of the 28th the Germans suffered great losses as the result of four of their attacks which failed. Near Starojain German forces which took the offensive, were driven back to their old positions.

"On the left bank of the Vistula small bodies of the enemy made fruitless attempts to advance.

"In Galicia, in the region of Gorlice, the night of the 29th, we repulsed new enemy offensive movements.

"In the Carpathians near Polen, the evening of the 28th, the Austrians again attacked us unsuccessfully. North of the Uzsok Pass in the Kopolvetz forest, the Austrians, during the night of the 28th-29th also delivered an attack. We allowed them to approach our wire entanglements before firing a shot. Then we scattered them by a sudden heavy fire.

"In the direction of Stry, in the region of Golovetzko, we took the offensive and pushed forward vigorously to the enemy's trenches. Part of the defenders of the trenches were bayoneted and in addition we took about four hundred prisoners, including seven officers.

"In eastern Galicia the attempt of the enemy to make an offensive movement at dawn yesterday in the region north of Nadvorna was stopped by our artillery fire."

New German Offensive.

A general German offensive movement once more is under way along the entire Prussian border from Tilsit to the Vistula River. The German advance this time evidently is aimed at the Baltic provinces which are rich in crops and other food supplies.

From Polangen, a town in the Baltic province of Courland, it was reported today that an increased number of German cruisers were preparing to aid the contemplated advance of the land forces. Thus far the German offensive movement consisted mainly of heavy artillery fire at intervals along the whole front and rapid cavalry advances without infantry support.

SAVE HALF YOUR FENCE MONEY

Buy the "PAGE" Way—From Factory to Farm—At Lowest Prices—FREIGHT PAID.

A PAGE fence will outlast two ordinary fences. It sells for very little (if any) more than the cheapest ordinary fence. It costs no more—lasts twice as long—saves you at least half on fence. Mail your next order to the nearest PAGE branch or to the London address below, and get fence that will last a lifetime, at the following low prices:

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HEAVY FENCE

No. of bars	Height	Stays inches apart	Spacing of horizontals	Price in Old Ontario
5	37	22	8, 9, 10, 10	$0.21
6	40	22	6½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.24
7	40	22	5, 5½, 7, 7, 7½, 8	.26
7	48	22	5, 6½, 7½, 9, 10, 10	.26
8	42	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.29
8	42	16½	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.31
8	47	22	4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.30
8	47	16½	4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.32
9	48	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.34
9	48	16½	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.36
9	52	22	4, 4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.34
9	52	16½	4, 4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.36
10	48	16½	3, 3, 3, 4, 5½, 7, 7, 7½, 8	.38
10	52	16½	3, 3, 3, 4, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.38
11	55	16½	3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.41

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No. 9 top and bottom. Balance No. 13. Uprights 8 inches apart.

18-bar, 48-inch	$0.46
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3-ft. Gate	2.30
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Write for the big PAGE general catalogue, listing hundreds of useful Farm and Home articles at lowest cash prices.

We have arranged with the Love Hardware Company, 111 Dundas street, London, to act as distributors of Page Fence for London and vicinity, and orders can be given them if preferred.

WHEN COLDS HANG ON

Go to your nearest druggist for the pure, rich SCOTT'S EMULSION, which renews the blood and upbuilds strength from its very source. Avoid substitutes.

DUNKIRK SHELLING IMPRESSES BRITAIN

Times Takes Pessimistic View That Germans Resume Offensive At Will.

PEOPLE OF THE CITY CALM

Admiralty Announces That Location of Bombarding Guns Is Discovered.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—The British public has been greatly impressed by the German bombardment of Dunkirk, which it is believed in military circles here must have been from a distance of from eighteen to twenty miles.

The Times dealing with the situation in an editorial says the incident is of small importance from a military standpoint, but that it brings the war closer to England's shores than at any earlier period of the struggle.

"We have," the Times says, "in the events of the past ten days the clearest possible proof that far from being on the run, the Germans can, at any moment, resume the offensive in the west with great power and obstinate courage, with an ample supply of men and guns and in a spirit that will stop at nothing.

Aiming at England.

"The bombardment of Dunkirk is only one more sign of their settled purpose to reach the coast towns near England, and it ought to bring us with a bound out of that world of illusion in which the nation has been encouraged to gaze at the facts through the mist of facile optimism."

Passengers who arrived in London from France yesterday said that the shells that fell in Dunkirk were of large calibre and were supposed to have come from guns at least seventeen miles inland. An Englishman who was in the town during the bombardment said the German artillery got the range quickly, and that shells fell for some time at intervals of five minutes. Many persons were killed outright, while others died later from their injuries.

Aeroplanes Directed.

The Times correspondent in Northern France says the first shell fell in Dunkirk at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, almost at the same moment that three German aeroplanes were seen hovering overhead. Soon other shells came in quick succession, and it became clear that the Germans had brought their big guns into range, and that their fire was being directed by airmen.

"The bombardment," the correspondent adds, "continued for 90 minutes. Inhabitants hid in the cellars or fled the town. The military authorities of Dunkirk were powerless to reply to the enemy's big guns, the whereabouts of which was unknown, but they opened a furious fire on the aeroplanes and drove them off. On Friday morning all was quiet, and the bombardment had not been renewed up to noon."

PEOPLE WERE CALM.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 1.—Dunkirk remained calm and there was no sign of a panic while it was being bombarded by shells from giant German guns, according to the editor of a newspaper of that city, who has arrived in Paris. He said the bombardment began at 11:30 a.m. Thursday and continued until 2:30 p.m. Twenty projectiles in all were hurled into the city. They fell at intervals of about seven minutes. All of them were 15-inch shells, which blasted craters sometimes 45 feet across and sent up great columns of dense, black smoke.

A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Dunkirk says that British and French seaplanes which reconnoitered during the bombardment were able to discover no enemy ships in the vicinity of Dunkirk, although there was a German light squadron off Ostend.

POSITIONS DISCOVERED.

London, May 1.—The admiralty announces that the position of the German guns which have been bombarding Dunkirk having been verified by aircraft reconnaissance, it was attacked yesterday evening, twelve small and two large bombs being dropped.

Reconnaissance was made also to Ostend, which was cleared of all important craft. A Taube aeroplane appeared in sight, but kept 10,000 feet up and three miles off. A naval aeroplane chased the Taube, whereupon the latter retired.

CAN HOLD BOTH FAIR AND CAMP

Says Show Won't Interfere With Military.

T[illegible] the Western Fair Board should under no circumstances give up its annual exhibition this year for the convenience of the militia department was the word which S. F. Glass, M.P., brought back from Ottawa after interviewing Major-Gen. Hughes.

Mr. Glass was a member of the delegation which went to the capital to urge that the soldiers' training camp be retained in London. He had been asked by a member of the fair board to inquire whether it would help London's chances of keeping the camp or would be in any way an advantage to the militia department to cancel the fair this year. The Minister of Militia stated that he did not wish to see the fair cancelled and that the requirements of the department did not call for it.

Mr. Glass said last night that he believed the decision to remove the camp and headquarters from London had been made without due consideration and that he thought Gen. Hodgin's visit today would result in a decision favorable to London.

RUSSIAN STEAMER SUNK OFF IRELAND

Svorono, Carrying Coal to Archangel, Torpedoed—Crew All Rescued.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1—3:23 p.m.—The Russian 2,000-ton steamer Svorono, bearing Welsh coal to Archangel, a Russian port on the White Sea, was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine, believed to be the U-3, on Friday at noon near the Blasket Islands, on the west coast of Ireland.

The Svorono's crew of 24 men, mostly Russians, barely had time to take to the boats when the vessel sank. All were rescued by a patrol boat.

GREY HAIR

Dr. Tremain's Natural Hair Restorative, used as directed, is guaranteed to restore grey hair to natural color, or money refunded. Positively not a dye, and non-injurious. On sale at Anderson & Nelles' drug store, 268 Dundas street, London. Price $1.00 (postpaid). Write Tremain Supply Company, Dept. T., Toronto. 91tf wty

Sgt.-Major Chivers When Champion Middleweight of the British Army



Advertiser Illustrations

Chivers left with the first Canadian overseas contingent, having enlisted for active service in London. He was a member of the 7th Regimental Band while in this city. The above picture shows Chivers at the left, and Bombardier Wells. The photo was taken at Queta, India.

THE DIARY OF MARS

The Gallipoli Peninsula, which forms the European side of the Dardanelles, is described in unofficial dispatches as being gradually cut off from the mainland by the British and French forces. It is said to be no longer possible for the Turks to pass back and forth between the European and Asiatic sides of the strait. Their main forces are reported to be between the town of Gallipolli, at the further end of the straits, and Maidos, which lies on the straits about two-thirds of the way down the peninsula.

Official advices have not made clear the extent of the operations of the British and French forces. A British statement of last night gave the impression that the fighting had been restricted to the end of the peninsula, across which it is said an entrenched line has been established. From several sources it has been reported that the British also have crossed the upper end of the peninsula, reaching Gallipoli. There is no confirmation of this, however, except in an official German statement yesterday, which said there had been severe fighting for two days at Gallipoli.

The Constantinople official reports state that the Turks are making consistent headway in their attacks against the land and sea forces of the Allies. The situation in Flanders shows little change, although the French claim a further advance for the Allies. The 15-inch shells with which the Germans yesterday bombarded Dunkirk, hurling them perhaps 20 miles from one of their huge guns, are said to have blasted in the ground craters in some instances 45 feet in diameter. Ten more shells fell in Dunkirk last night, killing or injuring several persons.

Fighting continues all along the extended Russian front. Chief interest now attaches to the new German movement in the north, aimed apparently at the Baltic provinces of Russia. Little is known concerning this movement, however, beyond the German announcement of yesterday that they had penetrated more than 100 miles from the Prussian frontier.

Continued From Page One

33RD OFFICERS

Dewar, R. Soames, H. Vallely, F. Steane, J. Brook, R. W. Falconer, A. P. Alford, J. Dinner.

Two Buglers—Buglers J. Forsyth and R. Taylor.

Two Hundred and Thirty-two Privates—Ptes. G. Weare, H. Wyse, M. White, A. Walker, H. Lessop, G. Simpson, J. D. Ledingham, H. D. Andrews, C. A. Forbes, R. Baker, G. Tackaberry, W. Ede, G. Atkins A. Atkinson, A. H. Andrews, J. Crocker, G. Couch, W. G. Curl, J. Casey, H. Cantelon, C. Constant, J. Gallagher, T. Giroux, T. Garton, E. D. Hill, E. J. Huller, A. Herbert, A. W. Heather, G. Holman, C. Holmes, D. Jeffreys, S. Jackson, A. Jones, S. Knox, W. Killby, J. Kirby, N. V. Levy, G. Little, A. Landless, A. Larkman, S. J. McDonald, F. Morrison, F. Maudsley, J. McNaught, T. W. Morgan, V. Murray, E. Marshall, H. R. Maxwell, J. Nesbitt, G. Puttick, F. C. Prest, A. Parker, R. C. Quick, W. Reid, J. F. Sullivan, A. W. Sewell, T. H. Selby, G. W. Smith, A. H. Smith, A. Scott, J. Stocker, W. G. Scott, A. Spice, E. Stevens, A. Turnbull, W. F. Torrington, W. Watson, H. Allen, M. Furnicle, M. Butler, C. Bowles, E. Buckley, J. Baron, G. Bowey, N. Campbell, R. Costello, J. Channon, W. Campbell, E. Custance, G. Carson, F. Clark, H. Douglas, J. Dixon, W. Emans, L. Fillmore, B. Frost, J. Foy, R. Freeman, D. Carraway, W. Green, A. Gant, H. Heard, S. Heather, G. C. Healey, J. Harold, F. Horne, C. Jackson, H. Latham, J. Lynch, T. Martin, W. Moore, F. O'Reilly, W. Potts, G. Pigden, J. Pain, T. Reynolds, L. Rocheleau, A. Sanderson, V. Simonson, B. C. Smith, T. Shaw, G. Searle, C. Scott, S. Turnbull, T. Thornton, W. Wickham, S. Williams, F. Watson, C. Warwick, G. Wood, A. Waddington, W. J. Young, C. Alexander, W. Allen, E. Allen, R. Barker, L. Burster, R. Carss, A. Cochrane, R. Cargill, W. Crawford, H. Cooley, C. Clerk, W. Cummings, R. Miller, F. Duckett, J. Dunn, G. Dowding, J. Forsyth, T. Glynn, W. Giddy, B. Londsborough, J. Hubble, W. Harper, H. Healy, W. Henry, G. Hesford, F. Harris, J. Inglis, H. Ingham, J. Korn, J. Knowles, G. Louvet, G. Lickiss, A. Marshall, G. McDonald, C. McKillop, H. McLean, G. McParlane, T. Morrison, A. Morby, E. Ney, M. O'Brien, J. Psailo, T. Pengelly, A. Pemberton, J. Quinn, C. Roan, F. Roberts, S. Shafto, C. Sanguist, J. Thurston, G. Usher, T. Watt, W. Ward, W. Watkins, G. Elrick, A. Downton, R. Hulme, F. W. Hunt, F. J. Kelland, J. G. Kelland, J. Langley, R. E. McLeod, J. M. McPherson, C. Carter, W. J. Moore, T. Norley, T. Regan, J. Rawlings, G. Swadling, R. G. Thompson, P. Tompsett, E. C. Saunders, A. Bailey, R. G. Jackson, E. W. Hardy, L. Stephenson, A. Woodiwiss, C. H. Bradley, W. Brazier, J. Langley, L. O'Connell, L. Ross, G. R. Ambrose, W. H. Steele, H. Hancox, R. Butt, C. Danielis, W. Fletcher, R. Peacock, A. G. Bailey, J. J. Barlow.

We wish to thank you for your in- Monger, H. H. Martin, A. J. Carson, A. Bichard, C. C. Cook, W. Mitchell, W. J. Neads, W. W. Brown, A. Simpson, J. Hamer, J. Conquest, V. H. Burgess, A. Cross, F. J. Crouch, J. Bacon, G. Dewes.

ASPHYXIATING GASES CAUSE BLOOD POISONING

Times' Correspondent Says Those Recovering Show Decided Symptoms.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—A Times' correspondent in Northern France, having examined several victims of the gases which the Allies claim are being used by the Germans, sends a dispatch giving the results of his investigation. Some of the victims, he says, although they apparently had recovered, seemed to be suffering from a sort of slow poisoning. Their feet were swollen and covered with huge purple blotches, although their pulses were normal and their lungs comparatively clear. The conclusion was, says the correspondent, that the asphyxia stage had passed, but that they were suffering from some subtle type of blood-poisoning.

LAID AT REST

Funeral of Mrs. Edmund Meredith Was Held Yesterday.

The funeral of Theresa Clare Meredith, wife of Edmund Meredith, K.C., and the daughter of the late Peter McCann, took place from the family home on Colborne street on Friday, the 30th of April, at 9:30 a.m. Low mass was celebrated at St. Peter's Cathedral, and she was laid at rest in St. Peter's Cemetery. The pallbearers were B. C. McCann, R. H. Dignan, J. V. Givins, Llewellyn Meredith, John S. Meredith and Stanley J. Meredith. The funeral was of a private nature, and was attended by the relatives, Henry McCann, Sir William Meredith, K.C., and Dr. W. J. Stevenson, and the members of the immediate family, Edmund Meredith, E. M. Meredith, W. R. Meredith, Miss Mary Meredith and J. C. Meredith.

STALLED ENGINE GARROS' UNDOING

After Daring Attacks on German Train, His Machine Was Hit.

[Canadian Press.]

Milan, May 1.—Via Paris.—A motor which stalled suddenly while he was 2,000 feet in the air, was responsible for the capture by the Germans of Roland Garros, the famous French aviator, according to an account of the incident given the Kriegs Zeitung of the fourth German army and reproduced in the Corriere Della Serra here.

Garros was flying over the Inglemunster-Courtrai railroad when a train passed. He made a wonderful swoop from a height of 6,000 feet until he was 120 feet from the ground, describing a series of daring circles over the train and then dropping a bomb which blew up a section of track. When sentries opened fire upon him at close range, he dropped another bomb and rose to a height of 2,000 feet.

Suddenly the motor stopped and the aeroplane swayed dangerously, but Garros volplaned safely down and made a successful landing. He sprang out, set fire to the machine and took refuge in a cottage. Pursuing soldiers found him, after a long search, crouching in a ditch behind a thick hedge. Asked if he had a companion, Garros gave his word that he had not. He explained that his engine probably had been struck by a bullet.

GOOD SAMARITAN

Magistrate Judd Assists Man Arrested for Vagrancy—Was Down and Out.

Working on his theory of reform rather than infliction of punishment, Police Magistrate J. C. Judd today aided Thomas Doyle, arrested on a vagrancy charge, to secure a position and loaned him enough money to tide him over until he starts work on Monday.

Doyle, a youthful Scotsman, stated in court that he had been out of work for some time, and as his savings had dwindled down to 85 cents, he went to sleep in an M. C. R. box car. He was found there at 1 o'clock this morning by a patrolman and brought to police headquarters.

The young man, a blacksmith by trade, pleaded with his worship for a chance to get work.

"You look honest to me and I am going to take a chance on you," said the P. M. "I'll allow you freedom to go and get a job and I want you to return in an hour and let me know how you made out."

In less than an hour Doyle returned to the courtroom. He was taken into the magistrate's office. Later reporters learned that his worship had supplied the young fellow with enough money to last him until Monday.

"I'll make good and the first thing I will do when I get paid will be to settle with the magistrate," said Doyle.

RESERVES DECREASE.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies shows that they hold $170,180,370 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $854,500 from last week.

EIGHT CENTS POSTAGE FOR ORDINARY LETTER LONDON TO FOREST

Peculiar Circumstances Aired in Letter To Advertiser—Postmaster Explains.

Eight cents postage for an ordinary letter to travel from London to Forest, Ont., seems rather a steep rate, yet this is the amount paid by an Advertiser subscriber under circumstances somewhat peculiar. The facts were conveyed to The Advertiser by the addressee, who resides in Forest, in a letter to Miss Cynthia Grey, of The Advertiser staff. The Forest woman writes:

"A letter was mailed in London on April 16; my friend had no war stamp, but understood by the information given in the various papers that an ordinary one-cent stamp might be used. But not having a one-cent stamp on hand, she put two 2-cent stamps on. A few days later a letter was received from the dead-letter office, saying a letter minus the war stamp was at the office, and if a 1-cent stamp was sent, it would be forwarded.

"So a 1-cent stamp was sent, costing three cents to send it, and the letter was duly received. So the Government got 8 cents for a letter from London to Forest. This is a pretty expensive epistle. I think if the candidates for office would just explain this, it would give us a little light on the subject; it certainly looks like getting all they can out of the workingmen and girls. Thanking you in anticipation."

Postmaster Interviewed.

Upon receipt of this letter, Dr. P. McDonald, postmaster of the London office, was interviewed by an Advertiser reporter. The postmaster stated that if complaints of this nature were sent to the postoffice department, which could then deal properly with them, it would be more satisfactory all around.

"One thing has to be shown, too," he stated. "Perhaps the letter was a little overweight and required four cents' postage. Some people are very careless as to the weight of their letters. Another thing: if the lady sending the letter had written the words, "war tax," beneath or beside the second 2-cent stamp, it would have saved all the trouble.

"The letter sorters in our office handle thousands of letters every mail, and seeing one without the war-tax stamp, or a one-cent stamp, on the envelope, would naturally conclude that it had been omitted.

"It is unfortunate, of course, and if the lady complaining will write to us, we shall be glad to rectify the error."

MONDAY PAY DAY FOR SOLDIERS HERE

Paymasters and Staffs Busy Making Up Lists.

Monday will be payday for the soldiers in training here, and the paymasters and their staffs are very busy making up the lists. Many thousands of dollars in wages and for supplies for men and horses will be paid out. It is expected that the next payroll will be much larger, as recruits will be steadily taken on.

Between the drafts for reinforcements and the men drafted to the 18th Battalion, the officers of the 33rd Battalion are having troubles of their own. The men taken yesterday for overseas service left the ranks of every company greatly thinned today when the 33rd paraded for its usual drill. The work of training will, to a large extent, have to commence all over again, as the recruits will be sent to the companies as fast as they are accepted.

LAUNCHING COSTS THREE FRENCH LIVES

Superdreadnought Leaves Ways So Fast She Crushes Lighter.

[Canadian Press.]

Bordeaux, France, May 1.—Three persons were killed here today in an accident in connection with the launching of the battleship Languedoc. The vessel left the ways with such speed that it stranded on the bank of the river. It struck and crushed a lighter, on board which the fatalities occurred. The Languedoc probably will be released at high tide this evening.

She is of the superdreadnought type, of 25,830 tons. She carries twelve 13.4-inch guns, twenty-four 5.5-inch guns, and six torpedo tubes. She is 574 feet long, and cost $13,312,000.

VON BUELOW'S BOXES DON'T CONVERGE WELL

German Says His Aims Would Benefit Austria and Italy.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, via Paris, May 1.—Prince Von Buelow, German ambassador to Italy, is firmly convinced that the negotiations which he has conducted recently in an endeavor to establish an agreement between Italy and the Teutonic allies have been not only in the interest of Germany, but also of Italy and Austria; not only for the present moment, but more for the future, he stated in an interview today. He remarked that in diplomatic negotiations one should never be discouraged by what seems to be insurmountable difficulties, because of the immense distance between the respective claims of the negotiating parties.

As he talked, the ambassador sat beside a small table upon which were two boxes of matches. Wishing better to illustrate his point, he put the boxes at the extremities of the table, saying:

"Here is how they are: My mission is to make them gradually approach. I am doing my best to impress on them the convergent movement until they meet."

According to the latest report, the two boxes, if they have not actually taken a divergent movement, are certainly at a standstill.

DAY OF REST

Workmen of Rome Observe Today as Full Holiday.

Rome, April 30—Via Paris, May 1.—Members of all workingmen's organizations have decided to unite in observing tomorrow (May 1) as a day of rest. Even the street railway companies have given their employees permission to abstain from work. No papers will be published except the Popelo Romano, the Conservative organ, which employs non-union workmen.

Meetings will be held in all the large towns of Italy, and troops will be held in readiness to prevent disorders. The authorities fear there may be clashes between workmen favoring Italy's intervention in the war and those who hope for a continuation of neutrality.

FIRES AT REGINA.

Regina, Sask., May 1.—The building occupied by the Standard Publishing Company was badly damaged by fire last night. In another fire a terrace of five small houses was burned.

7TH REGIMENT MAN WOUNDED AT FRONT



PTE. L. A. STEELE left London with the First Canadian Contingent.

MEN NOT DRAFTED KEENLY DISAPPOINTED

Tears Stood in Some Eyes When Found Not Chosen.

The officers and men of the 33rd who were not chosen to go with the draft of reinforcements were keenly disappointed.

"Tears stood in the eyes of some of them when they found they were not chosen," said an officer to The Advertiser this afternoon. "Nowhere in the empire are there any men more anxious to get to the firing line. Their comrades fought magnificently last week at Langemarck but these men have the same spirit, and are ready to do just the same thing. They are ready to make any sacrifice to go."

CLEARS FAIR BOARD

Statement From Hughes Shows Western Is Blameless.

To the Editor, of The Advertiser:

We wish to thank yo ufor your interview published in this morning's paper between Mr. S. F. Glass, M.P. and Maj.-Gen. Hughes regarding our exhibition. We feel that we have been unjustly blamed in this matter, as we have at all times done everything possible for the militia.

We trust that this will clear the atmosphere and put us right with the public. Yours truly,

A. M. HUNT, Secretary.

May 1, 1915.

LIEUT. REID CABLES

Son of George M. Reid Says He Arrived Safely in England.

George M. Reid, 262 Central avenue, received a cablegram today from his son, Lieut. G. E. Reid, of the 23rd Battalion, Westmount Rifles, stationed at Shorncliffe, stating that he had arrived safely.

Lieut. G. E. (Buster) Reid enlisted at Montreal, and has been stationed at Shorncliffe since March. He is well known in this city, and was formerly a member of the McGill rugby team.

FORT HENRY REVOLTERS MIGHT BE CONDEMNED

Kingston Standard Suggests That Fate of Lonsdale Be Theirs.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Kingston, Ont., May 1.—Discussing the revolt on Thursday of the war prisoners at Fort Henry, when several of them made a concerted attack on their guards, who were obliged to defend themselves with bayonets, the Daily Standard, in a first-page editorial today, points out that the news of this revolt was made public on the very day that Germany officially announced confirmation of the sentence of death upon Private William Lonsdale for his attack on a non-commissioned officer in a German military prison camp.

Crime Merits Death.

The Standard then goes on to say, considering the callousness of the German official heart, perhaps it might not be amiss if it were quite frankly stated by Canada and Great Britain to German officialdom that if a prisoner like Lonsdale is to suffer death for a revolt against the inhuman treatment accorded him by his captors, no less a punishment must be accorded the men who participated in the concerted revolt at Fort Henry, and especially so when, as United States Consul Johnston, the acting German consul, testifies in his interview with the Standard, the men have been more than considerately treated, and not only have nothing to complain of, but have much to be thankful for.

Justice.

"If Lonsdale, revolting because barbarously treated, must die, why not Count Von Riesenthall and the other Fort Henry revolters, who turned against and attacked their guards with no legitimate excuse. If there be justice according to the military law in Germany's condemnation of Lonsdale, shall Canada be any less jest to the revolters here?

AS BUILDING MONTH MAY HAS BEGUN WELL

Until Noon Today, Permits to Value of $15,000 Issued.

For a building month, May has started out well. Uu until noon today Building Inspector A. M. Piper has issued permits to the value of nearly $15,000. Last month's figures totalled $116,250, 202 permits having been issued during April. The total for the year, up until last evening, was $223,135, with a total number of permits of 389.

Some of the permits issued today were the following: Alex. M. Ross, frame dwelling, Burslem street, $200; T. Cook, repairs, Carling street, $500; Dr. Copeland, two-story brick-veneer dwelling, Hamilton road, $3,000; Mrs. Richardson, two-story brick-veneer dwelling, 17 Beaconsfield avenue, $2,500; H. W. Thornton, stable, 954 Ormsby street, $300; W. Armstrong, two-story brick dwelling, 53 Wortley road, $2,500; Geo. Burdick, 1½-story brick-veneer dwelling, Elizabeth street, $1,900; W. Waid, brick-veneer cottage, Langarth street, $1,000.

CHANGES HER MIND AGAIN.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—Miss Rae Lanzer, the young milliner who sued Jas. W. Osborne for $50,000 for alleged breach of promise to marry and later withdrew her suit, saying Mr. Osborne was not the man who courted her under the name of Oliver Osborne, changed her testimony again today and under oath identified Jas. W. Osborne as her admirer, Oliver Osborne.

BLUE CROSS FLAGS REALIZE FINE SUM

Well Over $350 Counted At 2 o'Clock This Afternoon.

At an early hour this morning the fair "taggers" for the Blue Cross Society were abroad on London's streets. They were easily recognizable by the broad white band with the blue cross, which adorned the right arm, and by the little baskets of "Blue Cross Flags" which each carried. Members of the London Humane Society and of the younger chapters, Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire, assisted in the good work, and by noon scarcely a citizen, and few of the out-of-town visitors, were without their Blue Cross.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the committee assembled in the Princess Patricia rooms, corner of Talbot and Dundas streets, and the boxes with their burden of dimes, nickels, quarters and bills, were emptied and the contents counted. Well over $350 was the sum estimated at that hour, with other "taggers" to hear from.

Miss Meta Macbeth, secretary of the London Humane Society, and through whose efforts largely the tag day was conducted, stated to The Advertiser that she was pleased with the generous response made by London people and those from outside. The money collected today will be forwarded as soon as possible to the secretary of the Blue Cross in England, and there used for relief work among wounded horses at the front.

The young ladies selling were: Misses Meta Macbeth, Muriel Tucker, K. Coles, Sterling, Westland, Muriel Butler, Farncombe, Williams, Amy Robertson, Mary Robertson, Gwen Screaton, Jean Fyshe, Ora White, Jean Jarvis, Jessie Gillespie, Margaret McCrimmon, Faith Turnbull, Anne Edwards, Kathleen Jeffery, Katherine White, Black, Underwood, Grace Mann, Doris Nelles, Jean Allen, Doris Yarker, Connie Weld, L. McClary, Ferguson, Harriet Manning, M. Stuart, Shirley Lind, Mary Campbell, Brown.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

Robert H. Leach.

The funeral of Robert H. Leach who died on Thursday morning, was held from the family residence, 402 Princess avenue, on Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Services were held at 3 o'clock by Rev. H. H. Bingham, pastor of the Talbot Street Baptist Church. Mr. Leach is survived by two sons and two daughters: C. J. Leach and George Leach, of this city, and Mrs. F. E. Lea, of Simcoe, and Mrs. B. W. Rickert, of Montreal.

Robert George Marshall.

The funeral of Robert George Marshall, who died at the home of his sister, Mrs. W. Jones, 654 Piccadilly street, on Friday morning, will be held on Sunday at 3 p.m. to Woodland Cemetery. Services will be conducted by Rev. P. Nichol, at 2:30 o'clock. Mr. Marshall was the youngest son of Anne and the late Edward Marshall. He had been ill a long time. Surviving, are two brothers, Edward and William, both of Detroit; three sisters, Mrs. C. Jones, Mrs. F. R. Scopes and Mrs. W. Jones, of this city.

WERE ALSO GOING IF SOLDIERS WENT

Laundries Were Reaping Harvest—Meat Prices Stiffen.

The news that the camp might be removed from London caused a slight stiffness in price of meats amongst the wholesale butchers and dealers yesterday. The retail prices will not likely be affected. Many of the laundries, which have been reaping a rich reward in a business way from the soldiers at the camp, made arrangements to follow the men to Guelph, if they were moved to that city.

Small confectionery dealers and vendors also were ready to get on the trail of good business if it left this city.

BURNED BOX CARS, BUT NOR DEPOT

Thirty-Seven Useless G. T. R. Freight Cars Go Up in Smoke.

Thirty-seven disabled and useless Grand Trunk freight cars, whose days of service are over, were today burned up by the Grand Trunk Railway authorities in the east side yards.

The cars destroyed are ones which the railway people found not worth repairing and others that had been badly damaged in recent smashes.

Asked by a reporter if the wood in the cars could not have been turned over to some of the city poor for fuel, the officials stated that it was impossible to do this, as it would take too long to get the timber apart, as the boards and beams were all bolted, and that they found that the quickest way to get rid of the cars was to apply the torch.

"I suppose one of these days they will be doing likewise to the station?" queried a reporter.

"Oh I guess not for some time to come," stated the official as he sauntered off.

LETTER FROM WOUNDED AMHERSTBURG RECRUIT

Pte. James Grant Transferred to Machine Gun Corps.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

AMHERSTBURG, April 30.—Pte. James Grant, who enlisted here, and who is now in a hospital in France, writes as follows to a friend, under date of April 9:

"Dear Friend—I received your letter all O.K., and was glad to hear from you. We are having fine weather now. I suppose you read all about the capture of Neuve Chapelle. We were in the trenches that day, but did no advancing. As we were simply drawing the enemies fire.

"You said in your letter that you had a military funeral in Amherstburg. We don't have them here. We just take the dead out of the trenches at night and bury them very quietly.

"I have been transferred to the machine gun corps."

Hot Springs Built Upon Merit.

Thousands of persons suffering from auto-intoxication in its many forms have been cured by the "boiling-out" process of the various health resorts.

The Electric Light Bath

Is a treatment scientifically perfect for cases demanding the elimination of poisons by abundant perspiration.

169½ Dundas St.

PHONE 3662. t

LOCAL NEWS

MAJOR BECHEH ILL.—Major A. V. Becher, of the 33rd Battalion, is ill at his home with a severe attack of la grippe.

JOIN 33RD.—The following were taken on the strength of the 33rd today: "A" Co., W. G. Mann; "B" Co., W. Calver and A. Elson; "D" Co., R. Manse and H. Avey.

WILL SPEAK ON MOSLEMS.—Dr. Silcox has visited Constantinople, and made a special study of the Moslem religion, and will speak along these lines on Sunday evening next at the First Congregational Church.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS. — Pte. Patterson, of Watford, who was taken ill with meninigitis yesterday, is still unconscious at Victoria Hospital, and little hope is held out for his recovery.

SPENDS FEW DAYS' HOLIDAY.—W. Gordon Richardson, son of Archdeacon Richardson, who recently was appointed manager of the Bank of Montreal at St. Catharines, is spending a few days' holidays with his wife and child at the home of his parents.

WEATHER FOR MONTH.—According to the report issued by the weather observatory last night for the month of April, the highest temperature during that time was 87.5, on the 26th, and the lowest 21, on the 4th. The rainfall was .054.

WILL SING BASS SOLOS.—Mr. G. A. Webster, soloist, of this city, has been engaged by the musical committee of Knox Presbyterian Church, North Battleford, Sask., to take bass solos in Mendelssohn's "Elijah," to be produced in North Battleford on May 5.

THE DRUNK SPOKE.—William White, who for a week refused to say a word in the county jail, where he was on remand by Police Magistrate J. C. Judd, came up in court today, and was discharged on a drunk charge. "Am I free now," spoke William, as he left the police headquarters.

G. T. R. CHANGES.—It was announced at local Grand Trunk headquarters today that W. C. Seeley, assistant master mechanic, would succeed the late J. J. Markle as master mechanic, and that J. R. Leckie, locomotive foreman at the local car-shops, would succeed Mr. Seeley.

THIRD SERMON IN SERIES.—Sunday morning, Rev. H. H. Bingham will preach the third sermon of the series on "Christian Certainties" in Talbot Street Baptist Church, the subject being "The Life of Obedience." In the evening the subject will be "What's in a Name?" Baptism at close of each service.

GIVEN 15 DAYS.—James Carrol was discharged by Police Magistrate J. C. Judd yesterday. James was back again today and pleaded for just one more chance. Yesterday he was warned if he came back it would be $5 or 15 days. The P. M. kept his word. James took the days.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.—A memorial service is announced in honor of Canada's heroic sons who fell at Ypres in the Christian Church, Dundas street, on Sunday at 7 o'clock. The choir will render "The Crossing of the Bar" and Barnby's "Sleep Thy Last Sleep," and Rev. G. F. Assiter is to deliver an appropriate patriotic address.

BOYS' CHOIR GETS FLAG.—Mrs. A. A. Campbell presented a Union Jack to the Y. M. C. A. Boys' Choir at the Y. M. C. A. this morning. The flag was the gift of John Smallman to the choir, which was recently organized under the leadership of A. H. Rowe. The boys, about seventy in number, paraded the downtown streets this morning with a bugle band.

ASKS NIGHT SWEEPING.—Superintendent W. C. Dodd, of the garbage and street-cleaning department, is requesting Dundas street merchants to have the sidewalks in front of their stores swept in the evening before closing instead of the morning. The downtown pavements are being scrubbed down each night to save daytime sprinkling, and when sidewalks are swept off in the morning it causes dust that cannot be settled until that night.

HURON COLLEGE APPOINTMENTS FOR SUNDAY.—Rev. Professor Wright, Exeter; H. B. Metcalf, B.A., Sutorville; W. Jones, Wheatley; C. Du Plan, Petrolea; E. Stephenson, Beachville; J. Mantell, Aged People's Home; W. Moulton, St. David's; R. Lee and H. Payne, Epiphany; E. Garrett, Chelsea Green; R. Kain, Yarmouth Heights; A. Mitchell, Teeswater; Charles Dickman, Oil Springs; F. Hardy, Melbourne; A. Shaw, Asylum.

BODY AWAITS IDENTIFICATION.—The body of Thomas Milne, who died in Victoria Hospital on Monday is awaiting identification by friends or relatives at the morgue of Ferguson & Sons, undertakers. Milne died in the hospital, friendless and with no known relatives. He was 78 years old, and was born in Canada. He had lived in this city for many years and was a well-known character about the streets until he was obliged to go to the hospital.

FIRST CONCERT HELD.—The first concert given by the Young Men's Association of All Saints' Anglican Church was held Thursday night in the church schoolroom. Rev. A. A. Bice opened the entertainment with an address. He presided during the evening. The program consisted of solos by Miss McCrae, Miss Robinson, Miss Cooper, J. Gay, Mr. Cooper, and a piano selection by Mel. Platt, leader of the orchestra. Miss Robinson contributed several readings. A. Thompson, president of the association, addressed the audience.

HAVE NICE EVENING.—Hope of the West Lodge, 216, International Order of Good Templars, met in Society Hall, Dundas street, last Tuesday evening. The meeting opened at 8:30 o'clock. Regular business was followed by initiation. The program for the evening was "A Night With the Robins." Bro. F. Robins gave an interesting description of a wedding he witnessed in Belgium some years ago. Sister J. Robins and Bro. Robins sang a duet. Sister Mrs. Robins gave a short reading. The lodge members sang two or three hymns and the meeting closed with prayer at 10 p.m.

E. R. Dennis will address the Radical Club on "Education" on Sunday, May 2, at 8 p.m. in Sherwood Hall, Market Lane. Everybody welcome b

ENGINEERS GAINED LITTLE BY AWARD

Grand Chief Dissatisfied With Action of Arbitration Board.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, May 1.—Disapproval of the arbitration award made to 64,000 locomotive engineers, firemen and hostlers employed on 98 railroads, operating west of Chicago, was expressed today by W. S. Stone, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

"The engineers have gained practically nothing by the award," Mr. Stone said. "There are approximately 34,000 engines in the western territory, and in not more than 3,000 of these have the engineers gained an increase in wages, and that increase is so slight that it amounts to practically nothing. We had better rules before than those granted us by this award."

PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. Henry Pocock will receive for the first time in her new home, 532 King street, on Thursday next, May 6, afternoon and evening.

GERMAN THREATS DO NOT WORRY PASSENGERS

Largest Bookings of Spring On Six Liners Leaving Today.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—The largest number of trans-Atlantic travellers to leave New oYrk in a single day this spring had booked on six big liners leaving port today. The Lusitania alone had aboard nearly 900 cabin passengers and a large number in the storage.

Apparently the notice, published in New York papers today over the signature of the imperial German embassy, reminding passengers that vessels flying the flags of the Allies are liable to destruction in the war zone around the British Isles, had no effect on the travelling public. It was estimated that more tha n 3,000 persons had reserved sailings.

Other ships sailing were the British liners Cameronia, for Glasgow, and Canopic, for Mediterranean ports, by way of Boston; the Danish liner Bergensfjord, for Bergen; the Dutch steamer Rotterdam, for Rotterdam, and the American liner New York, for Liverpool. Besides these ships, seven liners were scheduled to leave for West Indian ports.

THE THREATS.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, May 1.—In an official notice published by the German embassy in every important city of the United States this morning, Americans were given renewed warning that they travel on ships flying the flags of Germany's enemies at their own risk.

While the notice was regarded among officials and diplomatists here as nothing more than a reiteration of German's first warning, given when the war zone about the British Isles was announced, there was much interest in whether it foreshadowed increased activity of German submarines or possibly had to do with movements of the German fleet, which has been variously reported of late cruising in the North Sea.

Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, was away today, but officials at the embassy said so far as they knew today'es published noaice was intended merely to remind neutral travelers of their danfger and did not indicate new naval operations.

Telegrams Sent.

When the Lusitania sailed she had aboard 1,310 passengers. A number of the passengers received telegrams at the pier, signed by names unknown to them, and presumed to be fictitious, advising them not to sail, as the liner was to be torpedoed by submarines. Among the persons who received such telegrams was Alfred Vanderbilt. He destroyed the message without comment.

No Risk.

Charles P. Sumner, general agent of the Cunard Line, said that the Lusitania's voyage was attended by no risk whatever, as the liner has a speed of 25.5 knots and was provided with unusual water-tight bulkheads. The boilers of the vessel, in the middle of the ship, and next to these, Mr. Sumner pointed out, are the coal bunkers, 30 feet deep.

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BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR

for men at 70c Suit, and for boys at 50c Suit. All sizes.

GRAHAM BROS.

Strand Cafeteria

384 RICHMOND STREET.

Hot lunch at all hours. Dinner special after 11 o'clock a.m.

INITIAL NOTE PAPER

New Gold Designs, Dainty and Neat, 25c BOX.

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Opposite Dowler's—Phone 150.

ELECTRIC WIRING, FIXTURES AND APPLIANCES.

Estimates quoted on all grades of work.

G. E. S. PETTET,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR,

716 King Street, City. ywt

LANTERNS AND FLAGS, TOYS AND NOVELTIES.

PEEL'S

Richmond Street.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON CLOSING

Kindly note, our office and yards close at 12 o'clock during

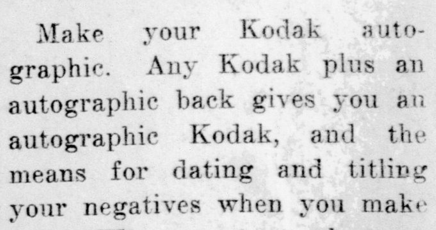
May, June, July and August

Please leave orders early.

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Make your Kodak autographic. Any Kodak plus an autographic back gives you an autographic Kodak, and the means for dating and titling your negatives when you make them. We can now supply separate autographic backs for all the more important Kodak models. Ask to see them, with prices.

J. H. Back & Co.

210 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

EFFICIENT--Semi-Steel firepot has straight sides--ashes can't cling. You get with

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

a clear fire and more heat from same coal.

See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

Sold by J. A. PAGE, 807 Dundas Street, and BULL BROS., Hamilton Road and Rectory Street.

PEACE SECRETARY IN ALL CABINETS

Novel Proposal By An Italian Delegate To Women's Congress.

[Canadian Press.]

The Hague, April 30. — Via London, May 1.—That "a secretary for peace should be added to all cabinets" was the novel idea launched at a session of the international congress of women today by Signorina Rosa Genoli, a delegate from Italy. Provision is made by governments to look after every phase of life except the maintenance of peace between nations, added Signorina Genoli.

Women Should Act.

Miss Laura Hughes, of Toronto, Canada, delivered an address in which she argued that the time had come when women should reoccupy the position of peacemakers, which they held in prehistoric ages. Then, when women thought that the men had fought enough, they went out and stopped the strife.

Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago, declared that the present war had evolved a wonderful national consciousness in the warring nations, but that war was the big a price to pay for such a national awakening. Politics, she said, was the only field where international unity did not prevail.

Resolutions Passed.

At the afternoon business session the trans-Atlantic delegates secured the adoption of many of their propositions, among which was a motion urging the organization of a society of the nations for developing the work of The Hague conference, including permanent courts of arbitration, conciliation and investigation.

Other motions for the furtherance of the securing of women's political rights in all countries also were passed.

The congress will close tomorrow (May 1) with a business session.

FUNERAL OF WM. TUCK.

THEDFORD, April 30.—The funeral of Wm. Tuck, who died at his home on Pearl street Thursday afternoon in his 83rd year, took place this afternoon at 2:30, from the Methodist Church.

WARM WELCOME TO THE IRISH IN FRANCE

President Reciprocates Feelings Expressed by O'Connor and Devlin.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 1.—The greatest cordiality marked the reception yesterday by President Poincare of the delegation of Irish members of the British Parliament headed by T. P. O'Connor and Joseph H. Devlin, who brought addresses to the President and Cardinal Amette.

After the presentation of the members of the delegation to M. Poincare by Premier Viviani, Mr. O'Connor read the address to the President, which laid special emphasis on the close affinity of the French and Irish races, both Celtish, and the age-long associations of the two.

Refuge for Irish.

The address recalled how heroic Irish leaders who had been obliged to fly from their country always had found a warm welcome in France, and referred to the many distinguished soldiers whom Ireland has given to the French army, the best known of whom was the President's predecessor, Marshal MacMahon.

Ireland cherishes with pride the memory of the Irish Brigade, one of the finest and bravest corps the world has ever seen," continued the address. "The old quarrel between England and Ireland is now happily at an end, and the Irish, joined with the other nations of the British Empire, have sprung forward to the defence of the sacred cause of liberty and justice."

Warm Welcome.

President Poincare replied with a welcome for the delegates to France.

"The souvenirs you evoke," he said, "are as near to us as to you. The present war will be a definite and solemn consecration of our brotherhood, but the blood which our common ancestors have given us is now being shed by the children of our two countries with the same courage, in the same struggle, for the same sacred cause of national honor and liberty. They will soon be repaid by the same victories."

The city council are giving a reception in honor of the visiting Irishmen at the city hall today.

TERRIBLE FIGHTING LASTED THREE DAYS AFTER GUN CAPTURE

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

LONDON, April 30.—Much has been written of the heroism of the Canadians in recovering the guns, but the fighting on that occasion by no means ends the story of the tremendous conflict around Ypres. It will be remembered on Thursday night the fatal hour charge which has become historic was made, but on other parts of the line where Canadians were engaged the great struggle was followed by fighting no less terrible and continued throughout Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

The Germans had evolved most extensive plans for the capture of Ypres and when the true history of the fighting of the past ten days is written it will be seen that the Canadians alongside the British fought with great heroism at times against tremendous odds. The stories of the wounded arriving today show the dastardly way in which the Germans use asphyxiating gases. One Canadian tells how they shelled the hospital in which he was temporarily placed.

Had a Narrow Escape.

A private from Montreal gave a vivid story today of the fighting in the three days following the recapture of the guns. "We had a marvelous escape," he said. "I did not think," he remarked, "the wound in my leg, practically in three places, was so bad, but eventually I had to give way. A bugler, a young, courageous fellow of an English regiment, picked me up in the open. Bullets from machine guns were flying around, as well as shrapnel. He was struck in the chest and killed instantly. I fell and crawled to a place behind a turnip patch, where I lay until picked up by a stretcher bearer. We had not gone far, he carrying me, until he also was shot in the rear. We both fell and remained there until shortly after, when we were taken to the dressing station.

Germans in Kilts.

The private preceded these details of himself by reference to the heavy fighting of the Canadians with a strong force of Germans, many of whom, by the way, apeared in khaki and kilts. His battalion had been in the trenches five days prior to Thursday, when the fight for the guns took place, and had gone back for a rest on that night. He said: "We saw clouds of asphyxiating gases coming towards us from the north of Ypres. Then came an ammunition wagon, afterwards numbers of refugees doing their best to get away from the fire. We took a position about 10 o'clock on Thursday night. On Friday morning the Germans retired a little and we advanced, but in consequence of the shell fire we went back a short distance. So we remained until Friday night, when we moved and took a position on the right.

Fire From Two Sides.

"Several English regiments with us were stationed on what may be described as a large, open plain with no trenches. We understood the Germans were about four or five hundred yards in front. We dug ourselves in small trenches two feet wide and four feet deep, something in the form of a square. About 4 o'clock on Saturday morning a tremendous shell fire opened from the Germans who were on the left. The position became so hot it was impossible for us to hold it. Consequently we decided to make a retiring movement. That moment a large body of Germans were noticed coming up almost behind us on the right. The situation was critical. From two sides the shell fire became so terrible we had an order to retire by companies. The only possible way of retirement was across an open plain consisting of three fields of turnips and hay stubble. A slight ridge occupied by the Germans gave them command of this plateau. Here they placed a number of machine guns. The fire as we retired was awful. I saw many men around me fall; it was then I was hit. I limped on until assisted by the bugler already described and subsequently by the stretcher bearer. I believe our men afterwards reformed and were reinforced, but it was a terrible time.

KING GRATIFIED WITH THE SUCCESS AT DARDANELLES

LONDON, May 1.—12:20 a.m. —King George has sent to Acting Vice-Admiral John Michael De Robeck, commander of the allied fleet at the Dardanelles, and to Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, commander-in-chief of the Dardanelles land forces, the following dispatch:

"It is with intense satisfaction that I have heard of the success which in the face of determined resistance has attended the combined naval and military operations at the Dardanelles. Please convey to all ranks, including those of our allies, my hearty congratulations on this splendid achievement."

FALLS FROM TRAIN, HE LIES FOR HOURS; BOUND FOR LONDON

WINDSOR, April 30.—With both legs broken, his head cut and suffering from internal injuries, Darman Wilson, aged 30, was found lying beside the Grand Trunk Railway tracks a few miles outside the city limits late this evening. He was unconscious, but rallied sufficiently to give his name and to relate a story of his being thrown from a Grand Trunk eastbound passenger train at 1 o'clock today.

Wilson relapsed into unconsciousness almost immediately and no particulars as to how the affair occurred could be learned. He was removed to Hotel Dieu in ambulance, where surgeons found him in such condition that it is not believed he can live many hours.

In Wilson's hat band was found the usual conductor's check issued to passengers upon collection of ticket, showing his transportation had read to London.

Corns Drop Out

Instant Relief

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor tonight, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25 cent bottle of Putnam's

VIENNA BELIEVES ITALY BLUFFING

Traveller Says Austrians Will Discover Their Great Mistake.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, April 30.—Via Paris, May 1.—The Tribuna today publishes an article giving some interesting impressions of a prominent man who has just returned from Vienna. He says that the attitude of Austria can be understood when it is known that the ruling classes at Vienna, notwithstanding the concentration of Italian forces at the frontier, the threatening language of the most authoritative Italian newspapers and warnings from Prince Von Beulow, the German ambassador to Italy, think that all this is a mere bluff as the Italian Government would not go to war.

Commenting on this statement the Tribune says that Austrian Government circles are much mistaken and will soon realize their short-sightedness and further that they will learn of the compactness, unanimity and discipline of the Italian people.

"KID" SON OF CHIEF WANTS TO AVENGE DEATH OF BROTHER

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BRANTFORD, April 30. — Chief Brant, father of Lieut. Cameron Brant today stated that he had yet another son, a boy of 16 years of age, who was more than ever anxious to go to the front. Speaking of the lieutenant who gave his life, the chief said he was the first man in the 37th Haldimand Rifles to volunteer and he was the moving spirit on the reserve in this matter, being responsible for over 50 per cent of those who had enlisted. The father was greatly proud that his son had died doing his bit for his country.

Mr. Orr, father of Corporal Orr, today received word that his son, who was dangerously wounded at Ypres, was progressing favorably at the base hospital, although he is not yet out of danger.

No further word has been received of Lieut. Miller or Privates Harrington, Brooks or Edwards.

GERMANS LAUGHED AT STRUGGLING CREW

Submarine Men Could Have Saved Lives of Falaba Passengers.

LONDON, April 30.—6:05 p.m.—B. T. Peak, second engineer of the British steamer Falaba, who was rescued by a trawler when his ship was sunk off the Irish coast on March 28 by a German submarine, with a heavy loss of life, has just made a statement to the admiralty definitely charging that the submarine crew laughed at the struggling survivors of the Falaba and were indifferent to the appeals for help.

Peak has been dangerously ill in a London hospital since his rescue. His statement, after telling how he was washed off a lifeboat by the explosion of a torpedo, but managed to keep himself up with an oar, says:

"I was now quite close to the submarine. In fact, I was hoping that they would pick me up, but instead they were laughing and seemed to treat it as a huge joke. There were about a dozen standing on her deck in khaki colored clothing. The crew of the submarine had every opportunity for saving lives had they been so minded, but it was quite evident that the Germans were prepared to see the people drown."

Aged, Wrinkled Faces Easily Rejuvenated

An aged face is often only a mask to a comparatively youthful person. Beneath is a countenance young and fair to look upon. It's a simple matter to remove the mask. Ordinary mercolized wax, to be had at any drug store, gradually absorbs the worn-out surface skin; in a week or two the user has the loveliest pinky white complexion imaginable. An ounce of the wax usually is sufficient to complete the transformation. It is put on at night like cold cream, and taken off in the morning with warm water.

This remarkable treatment is invariably effective no matter how muddy, sallow or discolored the complexion. Freckles, moth-patches, liver spots, pimples, blackheads and other cutaneous blemishes, naturally vanish with the discarded skin.

To remove wrinkles, here is a recipe that cannot be too highly recommended: Powdered saxolite, 1 oz., dissolved in half-pint witch hazel. Use as a wash lotion. It acts instantaneously and is wonderfully effective.

WESTMINSTER TOWNSHIP LAD DOES HIS DUTY



PTE. ANDREW O. KIRK receives wound in fighting in France.

DUNKIRK SHELLED FROM 17 MILES

Land Guns Said To Have Bombarded French Port.

LONDON, April 30.—8:30 p.m. — A British official statement given out this evening said:

"The shelling of Dunkirk is now reported by aerial reconnaissance to have been from a land gun, and the reports that German warships were off that port were due to a misapprehension."

The statement, which was issued by the British Press Bureau, is as follows:

"The rumor that German warships bombarded Dunkirk is untrue. This rumor probably originated in a misreading of the French official communique issued today."

According to the position of the German armies these shells must have been hurled a distance of 17 miles.

SEEDING IN ALBERTA IS NEARLY COMPLETED

EDMONTON, Alta., April 30.—Hon. Duncan Marshall estimates that 75 per cent of the seeding from Edmonton to the southern border of Alberta will be completed by the end of this week.

H. A. Craig, superintendent of demonstrating farms, has been appointed deputy minister of agriculture. George Harcourt, the present deputy, becomes assistant to the head of the new faculty of agriculture at the University of Alberta, and Sidney Carlyle is made superintendent of demonstration farms.

MAJ. STEELE LEAVES NEXT WEEK.

WINNIPEG, April 30.—Maj.-Gen. S. B. Steele, C.M.G., M.V.O., A.D.C., commander of the second division, C.E.F., leaves for the front next week. Lieut. Harwood Steele, General Steele's only son, will accompany him.

PILES CURED at HOME by New Absorption Method

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P. 12, Windsor, Ont.

HYDRO LINEMAN KILLED BY SHOCK

Chatham Again the Scene of Fatality — Another Workman Seriously Injured.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, May 1.—Another fatality occurred at the Ontario hydro-electric substation, just outside the city limits, at 9:45 o'clock this morning, as a result of which Joseph Fahey, a patrol lineman and trouble locator, was killed, and Leslie Gerow, another lineman, and a brother of the operator of the station, was seriously injured.

Both men were working on a live line, when they came in contact with a wire carrying 110,000 volts of electricity. Fahey was immediately killed. The pulmotor saved Gerow.

Only a few days ago, Ford and Brehard, two groundmen, lost their lives in a similar manner.

JAIL LASHES MAKE STOLID INDIAN FLINCH

Wife-Beater Wilts Under Fourth Stripe on Bare Back.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WALKERTON, April 30.—The Indian from Cape Croker received the first half of his sentence of twelve lashes for wife beating at the county jail today. He is a perfect type physically of the Indian, and exhibits all the stoicism of his race. He went to the post without a quiver or change of expression, but before the fourth stripe was given he began to wilt. The punishment was given in private without any outside of the jail and sheriff's officers knowing the time. The prisoner will have five months to look forward for the second dose.

REGRETS INABILITY TO ASSIST RESCUE

Commander of U-5 Tells of Sinking the Cruiser Leon Gambetta.

[Canadian Press.]

Vienna, April 30.—Via Amsterdam to London, May 1.—The following details of the sinking of the French cruiser Leon Gambetta, have been received from Lieut. Von Trapp, the commander of the submarine U-5, which sent the cruiser to the bottom.

"A French cruiser, with covered lights, was sighted at midnight twenty miles southwest of Cape Dileuca. The submarine from a distance of 500 metres (about 1,600 feet) fired a torpedo at her stern and followed it with a second torpedo amidships. Both hit. From the heeling of the cruiser, we concluded a third torpedo was not necessary.

"Nine minutes after the second shot the ship disappeared. Despite the short interval the French lowered five boats, which are believed to have been saved, as the sea was calm.

"I regret that I was unable to assist in the rescue work."

MANY MEETINGS OF WOMEN SUFFRAGETTES

[Canadian Press]

New York, May 1.—As a part of the general suffrage day celebration throughout the country today, more than two hundred meetings under the auspices of the woman suffrage party were planned in this city. A girl orchestra was assigned to lead a big procession, and to give a concert in Central Park, where Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and others spoke. Simultaneously a suffrage parade with banners in eight languages was arranged to start from Rutger's Square and march through the East Side.

Comfort and Cure for Baby's Skin Troubles

Dr. Chase's Ointment Cured When Baby's Body Was Covered With Distressing Eczema.

If every mother could try Dr. Chase's Ointment for the chafing, skin irritation and resulting eczema which tortures so many babies, what a blessing it would be for the little ones.

This letter will give you an idea of what a wonderful work this Ointment is doing in the way of bringing comfort to children who are so unfortunate as to contract eczema. It is so easy for this trouble to develop from chafing or irritation caused by the clothing, and so difficult to get it cured, that Dr. Chase's Ointment is appreciated when once its healing qualities are known.

Mr. M. L. Duclos, postmaster, Dugnayville, N. B., writes: "I believe it is my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for eczema. My baby was seized with eczema and his face and arms were covered with this terrible disease. After trying all sorts of ointments the disease continued to spread until it covered the entire body. When the itching became bad he would scratch himself and was sometimes found in his cradle covered with blood. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment I bought two boxes and before this was all used the child was cured. That was a year ago, and there has been no trace of eczema since. I recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from eczema, as being the best treatment in the world for itching skin diseases."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is for sale by all dealers at 60 cents a box. It is a good idea to keep it at hand along with the bath soap to be used for roughness of the skin, chafing or irritation. Prevention is so much better than cure. Powders clog the pores, but Dr. Chase's Ointment cleanses the pores and thereby keeps the skin soft and smooth. Sample box free if you mention this paper. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

"Do you wear Penmans too?"

"Why, yes! It's the only underwear I buy, since I found it made my clothes fit better."

"Yes, I've noticed how well everything fits you."

"That isn't all, either. This underwear is knit in some special way so it keeps its shape. It certainly fits beautifully. It's smooth and comfortable too, and, My! how it stands washing. You couldn't hire me to wear any other."

Penmans Underwear is made in all styles and weights, for men, women and children.

Penmans Limited

Underwear, Hosiery, Sweaters

Paris, Ont.



Penmans

Underwear

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ALL PENMAN'S PRODUCTS ARE MADE-IN-CANADA.

City Creamery

LONDON'S LARGEST MANUFACTURERS of the best all-cream ice cream made. Made in any flavor, bricks or bulk.

Stores and Restaurants using our ice cream will be loaned

A Nicely Finished Cabinet Free

Out-of-town orders in large or small quantities promptly filed. Dealers write us for prices.

Place Your Order Early!

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How the BEST BREAD Is Made



With the best flour, of course. And the best flour is Hunt's DIAMOND. It's the kind that is ground finest and most evenly. And it's made of the best hard wheat.



It mixes evenly with the milk and the yeast. The dough is delightfully smooth and free from lumps.



Having mixed evenly with the yeast DIAMOND FLOUR bread dough is certain to ferment evenly and rise light and snowy.



Put it lightly into the oven. You are sure of having the tastiest bread of even texture that anyone can produce.

And Here You Are



...apped loaf that cuts into delicate, tempting slices every time. And bread made of Diamond Flour is remarkable for its lasting qualities.

Hunt's Diamond Flour

Means Your Money's Worth

AT YOUR GROCERS—ASK HIM. IN DUST-PROOF SACKS.

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Redpath SUGAR



The inherited preference

for Redpath Sugar that exists in so many thousands of Canadian homes to-day, is based on genuine satisfaction for three generations. Satisfaction first with "Ye Olde Sugar Loafe", made in Canada by John Redpath 60 years ago—then with Canada's first Granulated Sugar, made by the Redpath Refinery in 1880—now with the modern 2 lb. and 5 lb. Sealed Cartons of Redpath Extra Granulated—

"Canada's favorite sugar, at its best" 121

Get Redpath Sugar in original packages—then you are sure of the genuine!

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED, . . . MONTREAL.

DORCHESTER EPWORTH LEAGUE.

DORCHESTER, April 30.—At the annual meeting of the Epworth League of the Methodist Church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Victor Connor; first vice-president, Elsie Myrick; second vice-president, Eva Finch; third vice-president, Alberta George; fourth vice-president, Ritchie Walker; secretary, Norma Finch; treasurer, Olive Topham; pianist, Hattie Rath.

Why Pay Full Price For Your Spring Clothes?



THIS IS A WAR CHANCE—A once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to get a complete summer outfit for less than wholesale cost.

Within a week I expect this sale to finish, for I have now offers for the lease, fixtures and balance of the stock. I am positively selling at retail for less than I am offered for the stock en bloc. I have the most urgent reasons ever a man had, and I ask for your attendance at this sale on pure business savings—no sentiment, not I.

I have taken the balance of my Linen Collars and will clear them out this week at 2½ cents each, or 25 cents a dozen.

Every Semi-ready Suit in the shop is marked down below cost. You can see the label in the pocket—no chance for deception! Everything always above board in the Semi-ready store.

New Semi-ready Suits

All my stock of Semi-ready Tailored Suits I will sell at and below cost.

25 Suits at $10.55
50 Suits at $12.55
63 Suits at $15.55

Every size and many styles—English Worsteds, Scotch Homespuns, Fine Twill Serges—imported garment fabrics which I guarantee to be all-wool and all genuine Semi-ready.

ANY HAT IN THE STORE

including $3.00 Felts, Straws and Panama Hats, worth $5.00, for ..... $1.00 each

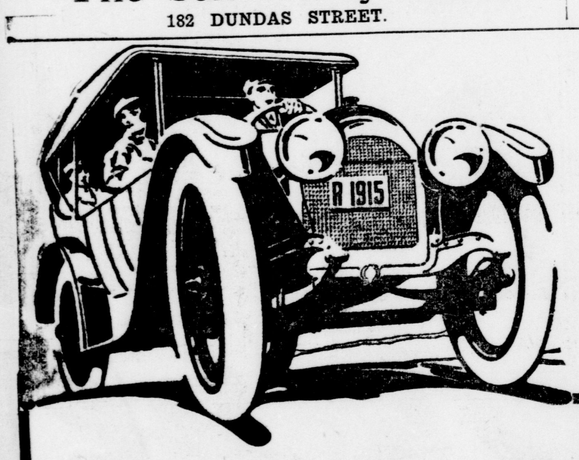
Dress Suits at Below Cost

$25.00 Dress Suits for $17.55
$30.00 Dress Suits for $21.55
$35.00 Dress Suits for $23.55

One Dress Suit and Tuxedo Coat for $5.00 each, suitable for a waiter.

$20.00 Frock Coats and Vests for..... $14.55
$25.00 Frock Coats and Vests for..... $18.55

Tom L. Haygarth
The Semi-ready Store
182 DUNDAS STREET.



--and still there's power to spare

Last year's Reo was found to have more power than was really necessary. Refinements of construction, recently made, increased that power still more.

In building the new Reo, the Reo engineers might have reduced the power—But no—they had a better idea—they increased the size of the car. And so it's three-and-one-half inches longer—wider, too—a finer, more luxurious car, and still with power to spare.

To get the full story of this bigger, better Reo, you need a copy of the Reo Book—just off the press

Reo Prices

Reo the Fifth (4 cylinder Touring) $1,445
Reo the Fifth (Roadster) $1,375
Six Cylinder Reo (Touring Car) $1,895
f. o. b., St. Catharines.

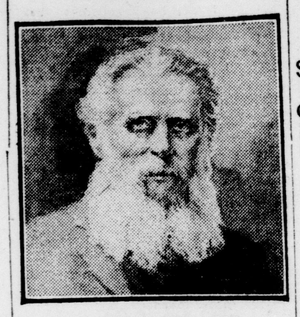
REO

REO SALES CO., St. Catharines

CENTRAL GARAGE, 76, 78 YORK STREET Agents for London

A FAMILY REMEDY FOR MANY YEARS

Used "Fruit-a-tives" With the Best of Results.



GEORGE McKAY, ESQ.

Kippen, Ont., June 17, 1913

"I have been using "Fruit-a-tives" as a family remedy for many years. They are the best medicine I have ever tried. "Fruit-a-tives" do me the most good—they never gripe and their action is pleasant.

"I have used them for Indigestion and Constipation with the best results, and I heartily recommend them to anyone similarly afflicted.

"These troubles have left me completely and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' full credit for all this. A nicer pill a man cannot take.

"GEORGE McKAY."

The enormous demand for "Fruit-a-tives" is steadily increasing, due to the fact that this wonderful fruit medicine gives prompt relief in all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Rheumatism, Chronic Headaches and Neuralgia, and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. Sold by all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

BURIED AT KINCARDINE.

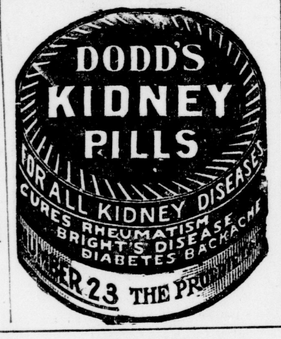
KINCARDINE, April 30.—Mrs. W. McGaw, relict of William McGaw, died yesterday after a lingering illness, aged 76 years. The funeral took place today to Kincardine Cemetery at 2:30 p.m.

CANADA'S PATRIOTIC FUND.

OTTAWA, April 30.—It is announced that the Patriotic Fund now totals $7,300,000, with disbursements of about $1,500,000.

STEAMSHIP SPECIAL.

For the accommodation of passengers sailing on the Missanabie from Montreal May 6, the Canadian Pacific Railway is running a steamship special, leaving Toronto 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning, May 5. This train will be specially equipped to meet the requirements of steamship passengers, and in the consist will be a lunch counter car, a feature greatly appreciated by those who wish good, quick service at moderate rates. This train will be operated over the new Lake Shore Line—the new, attractive line to Montreal. For particulars as to steamship sailings, rates, etc., consult J. H. Radcliffe, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. 52c



TWENTY ADDED TO W. ONTARIO'S LIST

Woodstock Learns of Four More Sons Wounded in Battle.

SIXTH ST. THOMAS MAN

Official List Includes Some Names Already Recorded by Private Messages.

STRATFORD.
Pte. Edward Banks, 29 St. David street.
Pte. James Winterbottom, King street.
Pte. Anock Fryer. (Enlisted at Parry Sound).

WOODSTOCK.
Pte. Thornton, Peele street.
Pte. Watts (Havelock.)
Pte. Horace Diesch, 572 Hatch street.
Pte. Thomas Watson, Jones street.

GALT.
Corpl. Charles Alfred Walter, aged 22.
Lance Corpl. William Whitla, Water street north, aged 31.

WATERLOO.
Sergt.-Maj. William Chivers.

ST. THOMAS.
Platoon Sergt. Robert Whitfield, River road.

INGERSOLL.
Pte. William Foulger.

CHATHAM.
Pte. Thomas Sexton.
Pte. Arthur James Dye, Colborne street.

WINDSOR.
Maj. William Wylie Nasmith (10th Battalion), seriously wounded.

BROUGHDALE.
Pte. Anthony Steele.

WALKERVILLE.
Pte. N. Sydney Colston Lloyd, 226 Lincoln avenue.

WINDSOR.
SARNIA.
Pte. S. White, 157½ Front street.
Pte. Chas. Mutton, 34 Highland avenue.

OIL SPRINGS.
Pte. Thomas Charles Ward.

Casualties, privately and officially reported yesterday and last night again, strike the Western Ontario district very heavily. Twenty-one new names of wounded have come to The Advertiser office in addition to those published yesterday morning. Woodstock is hardest hit in the day's record with four names of wounded; Stratford adds three names; Galt, two; Chatham, two; St. Thomas, one; Waterloo, one; Ingersoll, one, and Windsor, one.

The names of Lieut. Peter Wilson Pick, of Elora; Pte. James Flin, Stratford; Pte. Archibald McLellan, Corunna; Lance-Corp. Robert Allan Bolton, of Strathroy, came last night in the official list for publication. These names have been recorded previously in these columns, having been forwarded from private messages received by the relatives.

Sergt-Maj. William Chivers, of Waterloo, referred to in a following dispatch as officially reported wounded, is a brother of Mrs. A. Northcott, 11 Marley Place, South London.

FOUR MORE SCARS TO WOODSTOCK'S CREDIT.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WOODSTOCK, April 30. — Four Woodstock homes were officially notified today of the wounding in the recent battles in France and Belgium of four Woodstock heroes, namely, Pte. Thornton, Pte. Watts, Pte. Thomas Watson and Pte. Horace Diesch.

Pte. Thornton.

Mrs. A. W. Thornton, Peel street, received word that her son was wounded, but no particulars were given. Previous to his enlistment here, Pte. Thornton was employed at the Canada Furniture Company, where he was very popular. Besides this son, Mrs. Thornton has two other sons at the front, one serving in the land forces in France, while the other had a miraculous escape on H.M.S. Speedy, which was sunk early in the war.

Pte. Watts.

Another Woodstock boy mentioned in the list of casualties was Pte. Watts, a member of "D" Company, 22nd Regiment, and who is an old country man, having been born in England in 1883. He followed the occupation of farming on the Havelock farm, on the 13th Line.

Pte. Horace Diesch.

Pte. Horace Diesch, a resident of this city, living at 572 Hatch street, was a member of the 1st Battalion. As a member of "B" Company, 22nd Regiment, he was well known and quite popular. During his residence here he followed the trade of laborer.

Pte. Thos. Watson.

Pte. Thos. Watson is another member of "B" Company, and a nephew of John Watson, James street, a Bain Wagon Company employee. Pte. Watson joined the 22nd Regiment just prior to his enlistment. He also was an employee of the Bain Wagon Company.

GALT'S CASUALTIES HAVE REACHED SIX.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

GALT, April 30.—Not at any time since the 29th Regiment detachment of the first Canadian contingent left here in September last has the war been brought home more than it was today. Altogether, today the names of four of the soldiers who left here appear on the casualty lists as wounded. In this morning's casualty list Lance-Corp. Joseph Hackett, of Preston, who enlisted here, was accounted for among the wounded.

To be wounded twice in action has been the experience of Lance-Corp. Frank Cochrane whose name also appeared in today's list. On March 19 he was reported wounded by shrapnel. He met his injuries at that time while walking in a French village after coming out of the trenches with two other Galt men, Privates R. Park and J. C. Waddell, both of whom were also injured by the shrapnel shell.

Waddell lost his right leg. Park and Cochrane recovered from their injuries, and returned to the trenches.

Lance-Corp. Cochrane is about 25 years of age, and had lived here three years. His mother lives at Broughly Ferry, Scotland.

Lance-Corp. Whitla.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Whitla, Water street north, today received word that their son, Lance-Corp. William Whitla, had been wounded. He is the eldest of a family of eight, and is 22 years of age, and was born in Ireland. He had lived here three years, and was a machinist, employed at Cowan & Co., where the employees gave him a purse of gold before leaving.

Corp. C. A. Waller.

In the casualty list given out at Ottawa this afternoon the name of Corp. Charles Alfred Waller, England, appears. He also enlisted at Galt, and previously lived in Preston, where he was employed at the car and coach works. He is 31 years of age, and single.

Lieut. R. Elliott, signal officer, of the 18th Battalion, has cabled his mother here that he had arrived safely in England. Galt has a good-sized contribution in this battalion also.

PTE. BANKS, STRATFORD, ADDED TO WOUNDED.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

STRATFORD, April 30.—A private message from the adjutant-general to Mrs. Edward Banks, 29 St. David street, this morning informed her that her husband, Pte. Edward Banks, had been injured in France.

Pte. Banks was a member of the 28th Regiment before enlisting and had also served in the army in England.

Pte. Winterbottom.

In this afternoon's casualty lists appears the name of Pte. James Winterbottom, who enlisted at Stratford. While in this city he boarded with Mrs. Bertraum, King street, and was employed in one of the furniture factories. He was a native of England.

Pte. Anoch Fryer.

Mr. and Mrs. Enoch Fryer were also advised of the wounding of their son, Pte. Anoch Fryer, who enlisted at Parry Sound. He is 23 years old, and was born in England. He was formerly a member of the 28th Regiment, but has been absent from the city for eighteen months prior to enlisting.

"No need worry. Health perfect. No news of other boys yet." Such was the reassuring message received by James Pequegnat from his son, Capt. Albert J. Pequegnat, who is at the front with the Y. M. C. A. Corps.

SIXTH ST. THOMAS MAN MENTIONED AS WOUNDED.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

ST. THOMAS, April 30. — Platoon Sergt. Robert Whitfield, River road, Southwold, is the sixth St. Thomas man to be officially reported wounded. Whitfield was in the fighting at Ypres on Friday last. He was single, and previous to coming to this country, had seen 21 years' service in the Seaforth Highlanders. He made his home in Southwold Township prior to enlisting. He reached St. Thomas on August 20 from a trip to England, where he left two days before the war broke out, and before going to his home in Southwold, went to the 25th Regiment headquarters, and joined the colors.

IN EIGHTEEN BATTLES; RECEIVES FIRST WOUND.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WATERLOO, April 30.—Sergt.-Major William Chivers, formerly of Waterloo, is the first soldier to be reported in the casualty lists from Waterloo. Word was received today that he had been wounded. He has been in the army for over a quarter of a century, belonging to Essex Fusiliers for 25 years, during which time he had seen service in Burmha, India, South Africa, and China. While in Waterloo he took a keen interest in athletics, being a member of the football team, and a physical culture instructor. During his 25 years with the Essex Fusiliers he went through eighteen engagements, and this is the first time he has received a scratch.

ANOTHER INGERSOLL NAME IS RECORDED.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

INGERSOLL, April 30.—Pte. William Foulger, mentioned in the casualty list today as having been wounded, enlisted here. He was an Englishman and resided in Ingersoll for some time before going to the front. He had worked with a number of other Englishmen at the Noxon Works, and with them was well known in football circles.

WALKERTON WIFE LEARNS HUSBAND WILL RECOVER.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WALKERTON, April 30. — Mrs. Arthur Vickers today received a letter from her husband, who enlisted with the Grenadiers of Toronto, and went to Europe with the first contingent. She had not heard from him for several weeks, and was becoming anxious. He had been in France about three weeks, and while fighting in the trenches met a German bayonet and was severely wounded, but not in a vital part of the body. He was taken to the Shorncliffe base hospital, and has been there for several weeks, and will soon be ready for the firing line again. Vickers was through the Boer war.

NEW BABY'S FATHER IS GASHED BY FOE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

CHATHAM, April 30.—Word has been received of wounds received at the front by Privates Thomas Sexton and Arthur James Dye, two of the Chatham men who went with the first contingent. The messages came to their families in this city from the adjutant-general of Ottawa. The particulars concerning the wounds were incomplete and very meagre.

Sexton, who is 37 years of age, came to Chatham from England several years ago. He is a shipper for the Dowsley Spring & Axle Company. Since his leave-taking his wife has given birth to a baby, now two months old.

Private Dye is 34 years of age, and a laborer by occupation. His wife, who resides on Colborne street, received the message this morning. Dye came from England a number of years ago. He has had many years service in the British army.

CAME THROUGH S. AFRICA, BUT INJURED IN FRANCE.

After having come through almost three years of fighting in South Africa unscathed Thomas Boyce, of 468 Hamilton road, who joined the 7th Regiment here directly war broke out, and who went to France with the first contingent, is reported among the wounded.

The information came to Mrs. Boyce today in a telegram from the adjutant-general at Ottawa. No details were given, but the message concluded with a promise that these should follow directly they came to hand.

Boyce, during his service in South Africa, was a private in the East Kent Regiment (The Buffs), and has both the King's and Queen's medals for the Boer war campaign. Mrs. Boyce has heard from him frequently since he in a telegram from the adjutant-left here. The last letter she received a week ago, in which her husband stated that he had been in the trenches and that, from indications, he judged the war would be over before very long. Since then she has received a postcard simply saying he was well.

BREAK WHISKY'S GRIP ON YOUR LOVED ONES

Drunkards will tell you with tears of sincerity that they do not want to drink. The craving coming from the inflamed membranes of the stomach drives them to it.

Alcura will soothe the trembling nerves and remove the craving that is ruining your home and stealing an otherwise kind husband or father from you. It costs only $1 per box, and if it does not cure or benefit after a trial the money will be refunded.

Alcura No. 1 is tasteless and can be given secretly in tea, coffee or food. Alcura No. 2 is taken voluntarily by those willing to help themselves.

Alcura can now be obtained at our store. Ask for free booklet, telling all about it, and give Alcura a trial. W. T. Strong, druggist, 184 Dundas street, London.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

For Winnipeg and Vancouver

Leave Toronto 10:20 p.m. daily. Attractive tours to Pacific Coast points.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific ticket agents, or write M. G. Murphy, district passenger agent, corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

J. H. Radcliffe, city passenger agent, corner Dundas and Richmond streets.

At this Season of the Year Many People Feel as If They Would Like to

"LIE DOWN AND GIVE UP"

They Have The Spring Fever

And Need A

SPRING MEDICINE

What they need is a medicine that will clean out all the impurities from the system and place the blood in good shape to withstand the heat of the hot Summer months

THAT GRAND OLD MEDICINE

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Will Fill the Bill

It has been on the market for 40 years, and is conceded by all who have used it to be

The Best Spring Medicine

Manufactured only by

The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A27.M1

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool, Montreal.
April 23.....Metagama ..... May 6
May 7.....Missanabie .... May 20
April 23.....Metagama ..... May 5

Special steamship train, with lunch counter car, will leave Union station, Toronto, on Wednesday, May 5, at 10 a.m.

Particulars from steamship agents, or J. H. Radcliffe, C. P. A., C. P. R., London, M. G. Murphy, D. P. A., Canadian Pacific Railway Building, southeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOUBLE-TRACK ALL THE WAY.

LONDON—CHICAGO
LONDON—MONTREAL

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Round trip tickets to points in Western Canada, via Chicago, on sale each Tuesday until Oct. 26, inclusive, at low fares. Return limit two months.

Full particulars and tickets at Grand Trunk ticket offices.

R. E. Ruse, Local Agent. Phone 80. yt

TRACTION COMPANY

CHANGE IN TIME, SUNDAY, APRIL 25.

Cars will leave London Hourly, 30 minutes after the hour. Agents will furnish timetables.

Summer Rates in Effect Saturday, April 24.

"40 Hours from Frost to Flowers"



BERMUDA

"ISLES OF SUMMER LOVELINESS."

S.S. Bermudian, fast, luxurious steamer, landing passengers without transfer.

Sails from New York every Wednesday, 11 a.m.

WEST INDIES.

Delightful 28-day cruises to the Antilles. For tickets, apply to

Canada Steamship Lines, Limited, Montreal, or any ticket agent.



ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL

From Montreal		To Glasgow
Pretorian	May 8	Glasgow
Corinthian	May 9, June 13	London
Grampian	May 13, June 10	Liverpool
Scandinavian	May 22, June 19	Glasgow
Hesperian	May 27, June 24	Liverpool
Sicilian	May 30, July 4	London
Corsican	June 5, July 3	Glasgow

For full information apply local agent or THE ALLAN LINE, 95 King St. W., Toronto.

London Advertiser

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City. Outside City.
10c per week. By Mail.
$5.00 per year. $2.00 per year.

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City. Outside City.
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TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
3670 Private Branch Exchange. Connecting All Departments.
From 10 p.m. to 8:30 a.m., and holidays, call
3670—Business Department.
3671—Editors.
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TORONTO REPRESENTATIVE.
F. W. Thompson, 77 Mail Building.
U. S. REPRESENTATIVES.
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The London Advertiser Company, Limited.

LONDON, SATURDAY, MAY 1.

THE EXCUSE FOR AN ELECTION.

CORRESPONDENCE from Ottawa appearing in Conservative journals, which originated in the Government campaign powder mills—if circumstantial evidence is to be taken—indicates the excuse, which is to be put forward in justification of an election, if one should be held. The work of raising, organizing and equipping Canadian forces for the front, we are told, "has been hampered and misrepresented by the Liberal Opposition as far as lay in their power." And this is not likely to stop, it appears.

"There is no prospect of a change in the Liberal attitude, but there is every reason to look for a continuance of the deliberate and systematized political exploitation of all those difficulties which arise in the conduct of military operations on the scale now reached in Canada. To stop this unpatriotic exploitation and free the hands of the Government for the work that must be done a direct condemnation of the Liberal attitude by the people at the polls is necessary."

We doubt if many Conservatives will be found to take any stock in this flimsy excuse; though many of them will be willing to utilize it in an election campaign. There has been no hampering of any honest efforts on the part of the Government to raise and equip the Canadian forces; nor has there been any misrepresentation of any kind. But there unquestionably has been some effort to "hamper" the grafters who have been trying to fatten on the country in its day of stress and danger. These are, doubtless, the "difficulties" which the correspondence quoted says have arisen. And against these "difficulties" Liberals have fought singly and alone; but to some extent successfully. Before Parliament closed, Sir Robert Borden admitted in effect that the Liberals were justified. He condemned two Conservative members of Parliament for their unpatriotic course in assisting grafters, even if they did not graft themselves. He admitted that the Government had been cheated and told the public that the Department of Justice was going after the grafters to punish them. And he confessed that the business of equipping the Canadian forces had been mismanaged when he promised to appoint a commission of "competent business men" to attend to the purchasing in future.

If there had been no grafting it would not have been necessary to condemn two of his own supporters, nor to promise punishment to others. If the purchasing had been properly done, it would not have been necessary to appoint "competent business men" to do it in the future. Though the Premier professed to be very indignant with the Liberals for their persistence in investigating and bringing to light all evidences of graft that they possibly could, he gave the case away when he acknowledged by his actions that there had been guilty people to be punished, and incompetent officials to be replaced by men who could be trusted.

Had the Liberals not taken the course they did, not a hint of all this incompetence and graft would have been given, not a dollar would have been recouped, not a man would have been punished, the old inefficient system of purchase would have continued. It was not a pretty picture the Liberals unveiled. It did not reflect any credit on Canada, or its Government. But it was the only way to stop what Sir Robert Borden admits was a combination of graft and dishonesty and incompetence. It was the only way to stop the evil. Without the efforts of the Liberals the grafters would have become more bold and brazen—the officials weaker or lazier.

On the part of the Liberals there has been no hampering or misrepresenting of the Government's efforts to aid the Empire. They have only tried to expose an evil, which but for them would have remained hidden—an evil which would not have existed had the Government's agents been more active or more honest. In this work of the Liberals they should have been aided by the Government. Instead of that Conservative members fought them in committees and Conservative journalists abused them in the press. The Liberals may be proud of the work they accomplished. They are willing the public should judge and they think they can trust the common sense of the people to see through the flimsy excuse set up to justify a general election.

COLD BLOODED

THE Buffalo Courier is glad to pay homage to this country as the best customer of Uncle Sam, but is in some doubt as to whether we will be as good a customer if the war continues.

Says the Courier: "And so far as the United States is concerned one of the most unfortunate results of the pending war is the diminution of the purchasing power of Canada, and the longer the war continues the more injurious it will be to the trade between this country and our northern neighbor."

Our American contemporary quotes the figures for the year ending last March, of Canadian purchases from the United States, amounting to $410,585,000 and points out for the same term, the United Kingdom received only $132,821,000 from Canada despite the preference (recently reduced) given to British goods.

We do not object to the Americans discussing economic questions, but when we are "sized up" for what we are worth at such a time as this it looks too much like burglaristic aprisement.

"Too bad," says the burglar. "Now that he has been hit financially we will not be able to get so much out of him."

The burglar, of course, is no fair parallel for our friendly neighbor, but there is just a bit too much cold calculation about such passages as the following:

> Canada has been hit hard, although she is far from the war zone. The lives of her citizen soldiery are being sacrificed from day to day on foreign soil, and her indebtedness is rapidly increasing, an additional burden to be carried by the present and succeeding generations. Fortunately she has great undeveloped resources which will be made available in the brighter days ahead.

Perhaps if Sir Wilfrid Laurier will come out for a greater British preference there will not be need for such worry in the United States over the Canadian trade. A great share of that trade would automatically go to the British Isles and stay there.

BOGIES THAT FAILED.

WHATEVER they may do in the future, to date the submarine and the Zeppelin have failed to carry out the Kaiser's hopes of spreading panic amongst the British people. Especially has the submarine been proved a dismal failure as a destructive agent. Since the "paper" blockade was declared the German submarines have brought down 50 vessels of various types and during that period more than 9,000 ships have sailed from the ports of the British Isles and about the same number have entered them. Although scores of warships, big and little, are constantly patrolling the North Sea, and a steady stream of troop and supply ships has been crossing between England and France for months, not a single one of these vessels has been sunk. In most instances the vessels sunk have been of small tonnage or trawlers. None of the great liners have been caught. So far as an effective blockade is concerned the thing is a farce.

Also the Zeppelins, the Kaiser's pet cruisers of the air, which were to raze London and bring the English to their knees, have been overestimated as to their offensive qualities. They are too much at the mercies of the weather in the present state of their development, to be a fearsome war implement. If they were the terrible weapons Germany claims, they would long ago have been used to harry the armies of the Allies in France and Flanders and to wreck Paris. As it is, the best they can do is occasional bombing of an English village. The submarine and the Zeppelin are two of the Kaiser's pet bogies that have failed. Perhaps this explains the latest and lowest savagery of the Hun, the mutilation and torture of British prisoners. Germany has gone mad with hate for the British, and, having failed in their "frightfulness" campaign on the water and in the air, there is no bestiality or barbarity to which they will not resort.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

THE ladies who have assembled at The Hague in advocacy of peace have done all that could be expected of them. They have passed a number of resolutions. With some of these the men will be in hearty accord. We all want peace; and hope it will come soon. We all hate war; and wish it to cease. Therein, men and women can be in perfect harmony. The trouble is that there are many things we want that we cannot get. And when it comes to making efforts for peace, we are inclined to think the women would be as great sticklers for terms as the men.

The ladies at The Hague passed a resolution declaring that they all loved each other, irrespective of race or country. We should like to believe it, and perhaps it was true of the women who passed the resolution, and made the speeches. But we doubt if the mass of women in the contending countries have any more love for each other than the men have. If the men of Germany sing the "Hymn of Hate," the women of Germany are praying earnestly for God to "punish England." If the men of the allied countries have little love for their opponents who have been guilty of unnameable atrocities, the women of those countries who have suffered do not love the perpetrators any more. It is one of the natural consequences of a war waged as this one has been that it should develop a spirit of hate which is just as strong in one sex as in the other.

Another resolution passed by the ladies has as little justification. They have decided that what is needed to prevent war is the possession by women of the suffrage. We question that very much. So far as women suffrage is concerned, we have never denied their logical right to it. The Advertiser has always advocated it. But we doubt if it would make the world any more peaceful. Anybody who thinks that women are less combative than men does not know much about them. Their favorite methods of warfare may differ; but the fighting spirit is there. And the leaders of the woman suffrage movement are not bad examples themselves. An offence against national honor would be felt by women as keenly as by men. The men are no more ready or willing to resist a national aggressor than the women are. If men are prompt to fight when their country or their conscience calls, the women will cheer them on. All history tells the same story. If woman does not wield the sword, she has a smile and a caress for the man who does, if she believes he fights in a righteous cause. War is not a question of sex. Woman alone cannot abolish war, but man and women together can do it, and the time comes, soon or late, when they will.

THE NEWS.

NEVER before in the history of newspaper-making has there been such a tremendous strain upon the resources, both physical and mechanical, of the daily journal.

There has never before been such sustained interest in any one event. A war looming before the newspapermen of ten years ago seemed a terrific aring, but such a conflict as the Boer war, which most of us regarded as Canada's greatest newspaper sensation, pales into insignificance from a journalistic standpoint, when compared with the cataclysm of Europe, that "broke" in 1914.

The newspaper craftsman must constantly weigh news values. Is the public tiring of war news? Does it only read the headlines? Is the tremendous effort and the large expenditure worth it? Without a desire to boast, and with the qualification that newspaper service is a small thing compared to service in the field, it is well for the public to know that for the newspaper army in this country there is the most constant, unbroken labor that was ever known attached to the handling of war news.

We believe the newspapers as a whole have been truthful, and have sought to secure the best news at large expense. Thousands upon thousands of words of war news are printed each day in all Canadian papers. This costs money—far more money than ordinary news would cost—and it is beyond any valuation to the reader from an historical standpoint. If the public does not grasp the full import of the war news, then the publisher is doing his work in vain. Fifty years from now the newspapers of today will be treasured as historic documents. The man who does not read his newspaper thoroughly and encourage his boy to read it, and his whole family to read it, is not serving his intelligence.

For we assert that despite censorships, which are more of a name than anything else, the public is getting masterpieces of reporting, and the master effort of the newspaper business for its casual perusal. About the handling of war news and the watchfulness and work consequent upon the never-ending possibility of tidings fraught with vast interest, there is nothing casual, believe us.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Kaiser will never reach Calais so long as Canadians are in the way.

"A long pull and a strong pull and a pull altogether," saved the camp for London.

Londoners are undeserving of reproaches cast upon them by "knockers" within.

No lesson of the war has been brought closer home than this: "Invest your money in your home town."

The New York Journal calls the German uses of poisonous gases a novelty. It might better be called devilry.

Ex-President Huerta of Mexico says he intends to visit President Wilson. Probably he desires a close view of that watchful waiting.

"Kitchener's" army is armed, drilled and proved. As in Egypt and South Africa, the great soldier has risen to the occasion magnificently.

It is probably occurring to a lot of people that Germany's case must be a bad one when it needs so much explaining. "She doth protest too much."

The brazen Rogers tells the Commons that the people of Canada are demanding an election in "tones louder than thunder." If he brings it on he may get hit by a bolt from the storm he is certain to raise.

There is not the slightest chance of the women's peace conference at The Hague having any effect on the future course of the present war, but it promises for generations to come a mighty opposition to militarism and war.

There is nothing in the situation in either Belgium or France to give the least alarm. The Allies are better prepared to take care of a German offensive, no matter how big, than they were in November. German successes of last week were merely flashes in the pan.

A Calgary paper remarks that when the war is over more oil will come out of the western fields in a year than has ever come out of Petrolea's field in five years. Yes, and it will the oil that lubricates the arm of the prospectus writer. Calgary's bait will not look inviting to Ontario for many a year.

SAME LITTLE BROWN HEN.

[Horace Seymour Keller in New York Sun.

When eggs were sixty cents per doz',
By heck!
We jumped to take them.
Now eggs at sixty cents per peck—
We sorter shake them.
But, bully for the little hen!
She keeps pursuing
Her restful, nestful waiting when
The world's undoing,
So "cut, cut caw!" The universe
Bows down to Biddy;
Ready to do her best, good sort!
Mated or widdy.

HIDDEN.

[Philadelphia Telegraph.]

Sometimes the shoe with the gladdest shine hides the stocking with the biggest hole.

A FELICITIOUS DEFICIT.

[Exchange.]

Caller—How much for a marriage license?
Town Clerk—One dollar.
Caller—I've only got 50 cents.
Town Clerk—You're in luck.

THE WEEK IN REVIEW

THE outstanding feature of the war news of the week was the story of the magnificent feat of the Canadians which saved the day for the Allies in the desperate battle around Ypres. The fighting, which lasted four days, was started by an advance of the Germans in unusually heavy force. Contrary to the rules of The Hague Convention, they released poisonous gases, which, sweeping across the trenches of the French, rendered the French powerless. Right behind the suffocating fumes, which for the time completely demoralized the French defence, the German drove through and succeeded in getting across the Yser Canal. The result of this bending of the Allies' line exposed the Canadians to a flank attack and made necessary a hurried retirement which was made with the precision and coolness of veterans. The situation was very critical. The British line was fighting desperately to keep the Germans from surrounding Ypres and could not send reinforcements to the help of the French and Belgians. The Canadians, who appeared to have been left pretty much to their own resources, upset the German plans and hopes by launching a counter-attack at the south side of the huge German wedge. It was a battle of bayonets which lasted all Thursday and Thursday night. On Friday, under a terrific fire, the Canadians again drove at the Germn lines with the bayonet, finally entrenching. Meanwhile the French and Belgians had been reinforced and by vigorous counter-attacks restored the rigidity of the allied line. A colonel and many prisoners were taken by the Canadians while their guns which fell into the enemy's hands at the first advance were recaptured. When the casualties are all in the losses will be found very heavy.

GREAT ACHIEVEMENT OF THE CANADIANS.

Since Sunday, when the German drive was definitely stayed, Gen. French reports that daily the Allies have been pushing back the Germans and regaining lost ground. The great German drive which it is calculated used at least 80,000 men could do nothing more in four days fighting than force the Allies from a number of villages and get a footing across the Yser Canal. The Germans say nothing of their losses, which must have been heavy, but claim to have taken 5,000 prisoners, 1,000 of them Canadians.

ALLIES ARE WINNING AT THE DARDANELLES.

THE Allies have renewed the attack on the Dardanelles. Since the loss of the British and French warships by drifting mines and the Turk batteries, only desultory actions have occurred. Realizing that it was necessary to have the co-operation of a strong land force, an army of British and French has been gathered and, under the command of Gen. Hamilton, was landed on the peninsula of Gallipoli and is already reported making good progress against the Turks who are led by Gen. Von Sanders, of the German army. Dispatches by way of Athens say that the Allies have taken many prisoners. On water the attack has been just as vigorous, British and French warships hammering away at the Turk fortifications eight miles up the straits.

IN THE CARPATHIANS.

ADVICES from Petrograd and Vienna show that heavy fighting is again under way in the Carpathians following the lull of last week. The main combat continues to be for the control of the Uzsok Pass. The Russians report heavy assaults against their lines at this point, all of which they claim were repulsed. On their side the Austrians assert they badly cut up a Russian force. The Germans are again active along the Niemen River, in North Poland, and heavy fighting is expected shortly in this quarter.

The Russian army of the Caucasus, now close to the Persian border, is making excellent progress against the Turks.

ANOTHER ZEPPELIN RAID ON ENGLAND.

DURING the night of April 30th what is believed to have been a lone Zeppelin made a raid over Suffolk, England. At Ipswich and Whitton bombs were dropped, setting fire to a number of buildings. There were no casualties.

On Thursday a squadron of allied airmen dropped bombs on the Zeppelin sheds at Friedrichshafen, where the big dirigibles are made. One of the sheds containing a partly constructed Zeppelin was struck.

GERMANS MUTILATE ENGLISH PRISONERS.

THERE appears to be no limit to German barbarities. In the House of Commons this week Premier Asquith and Lord Kitchener stated that on what was unquestioned authority, they had learned that British prisoners in Germany had been subjected to the most brutal treatment, in some cases being frightfully mutilated. Mr. Asquith declared that at the end of the war those responsible for the savagery would be punished.

TORPEDO SINKS FRENCH WARSHIP.

OFFICIAL confirmation has been given the report of the loss of the French warship Gambetta. The warship, which was an old one, was torpedoed by an Austrian submarine at the mouth of the Adriatic near the Italian port of Otranto.

All the officers on board perished at their posts, as the vessel went down in ten minutes. She carried a crew of between 700 and 800, of whom 150 are known to have been rescued by boats sent out by the Italian authorities.

Dunkirk has been bombarded by German artillery, killing a score of persons.

Ten Minutes With the Short-Story Writers

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THE DARKEST HOUR

[By J. F. and R. W. Pascoe.]

Chicago is the Mecca of all stage-struck Mid-Westerners. It is infested with booking-agents and their camp-followers. It has many dingy offices, through which it is necessary to pass before one may blossom on the professional side of the footlights. And even after having succeeded in passing through one or other of these dingy offices, there is more to undergo.

North of the river there are many halls, where chorus-people drill. In musical shows, only the principals rehearse. The chorus drills—drills, day after day, until it is hot, leg-weary, and almost heart-broken.

Its members dress in the coolest fashion possible. Some girls wear bloomers and a jersey; others work through the hot summer days in things one does not often see away from the seashore—flimsy bathing costumes.

Rose Radcliffe was in "the business"; but she was not exactly a success. She had long ago realized that the stage was not her proper sphere; but having set out—from Adrian, Michigan—on a stage career, she considered that it was too late now to remedy her mistake. Almost a year had passed since she had joined the chorus of the Dainty Burlesquers, at eighteen dollars a week and railroad fare.

When the Dainty Burlesquers closed, at Joliet, Illinois, she made up her mind that she had seen enough of burlesque. The Dainty Burlesquers were dainty in name only. Each woman principal in the company weighed a great deal more than a woman can weigh and still be dainty; and the comedians, though less weighty than the ladies interested in the show, were not given to daintiness of figure or speech either.

A few months of burlesque had utterly disgusted Rose Radcliffe; so, when they closed their season at Joliet, she went on to Chicago with the hope of getting an engagement in some musical comedy.

After several weeks consumed in tramping from one office to another, in sitting among other ambitious coryphees in anterooms, and in interviewing stage-managers—when she could get to them—she at last started to rehearse with the chorus of a three-year-old musical comedy going on the road. She rehearsed—or drilled—for two hot weeks. By that time she was a week behind with her board-bill, and had less than a dollar left in cash.

Then came the "weeding-out." Rose had worked her hardest through these sweltering August days, but at the last moment the stage-manager came to her.

"I gotta let you go, kid," he said. "You ain't a winner!"

Rose didn't argue. She simply changed her bathing costume for her street clothes, packing the bathing-suit into her handbag, and left the hall, north of the river.

Once in the street, she hesitated. There seemed to be no place to go now, not one.

Presently she found herself wandering aimlessly down North Clark street. She crossed the bridge. She resolved to have one more try, and set out more briskly, down-town.

Then came the round of the offices. But Rose didn't enter any of them. The first office door she came to seemed to have something printed on it; something for everyone to see—"You ain't a winner." She left that one and went to another, then to another. They were all alike.

She wandered away from it all; from the rattling of the overhead railways and the million other noises that help to make Chicago the din-laden city it is. She made her way to the lake front, and there sat down to think.

She had been an utter failure. Time was when she had dreamed of a triumphant return to Adrian, Michigan. In those days she used to sit in her aunt's garden there and paint dream pictures of the day when she'd be a star. Now her dream pictures were different.

She pictured the old garden, with its rambler roses, its mignonette borders, and its cool lawn under the shade of the big maple. How she longed to be there once again! She felt that if she could but utterly wipe out the past twelve months, she would give—but she remembered, she had nothing to give. She simply longed to be there.

About a week before, she had written to her aunt. She had not written because she felt that she needed help. At that time she was as full of ambition and hope as she ever had been, and fully expected to go out with the musical comedy. She had written because she wanted to be reconciled with the aunt who had cared for her since she was a tiny child, and who had begged and entreated her to stay at home and content herself.

Before that Rose had not written to her aunt for a long time; and this letter had brought no answer as yet. Perhaps her kindly guardian had lost patience, and was done with her entirely. She might even have gone from the old house with the garden.

Poor Rose. Her thoughts were far from pleasant. She looked out over the lake, and almost longed to be swallowed up by its gleaming waters. They began to beckon to her most invitingly. She sighed and turned away from them.

Then she started to walk home—"home" to a tiny room in a none too elegant boarding-house. It took her more than an hour to get there; and when she did, her landlady met her in the hallway.

"I don't want to appear too fresh," said the landlady, from whom all freshness had forever departed; "but I want to speak to you a minute, Miss Radcliffe."

Rose knew exactly what was coming. She hung her head, ashamed that she had nothing to say.

"Unless you've got some money for me, you can't stay here any more after tonight, Miss Radcliffe. I'm head over heels in debt myself. The grocer is after me—I owe him close on to sixty dollars; and the butcher and the milkman and the iceman are after me, too. Then I got my rent to pay, and a lot more besides, and the Lord only knows where it's all comin' from. I don't! You know it's close on to two weeks since you give me a cent. I ain't the one to turn a good girl adrift—not me!—but what can I do? You can see what I'm up against, can't you?"

The one-sided conversation came to an end abruptly. The landlady, who had said all she had to say while she stood with one hand firmly gripping the doorknob, retired behind the door it belonged to, her action saying that the interview was at an end. Rose wearily made her way upstairs to her room.

She sat on the edge of the bed and looked about her. Although the room was not quite the cosy place one grows to love, it was a shelter—a place to come to, to sleep in; and this was the last night she might spend in it. She had lost all hope now. There seemed to be nothing left for her to do. She lay on the tiny bed, and sobbed—just one strangling sob.

In the twilight of the room, few things were plainly discernible; but the gas-fixture stood out from the wall. It was a suggestion—an inoffensive-looking, but none the less efficient, means of ending all things.

The more Rose tried to keep her eyes away from it, the more persistently it coaxed them back again, until at last, she did not try to look at anything else. She simply lay and watched it.

Presently it coaxed her from the bed. She got up and went to it. She touched its metal arm.

Then the sinful thing behind the arm—the valve—began to talk into her mind.

"Turn me," it said. "Just one little twist, one little turn of the wrist, and the gas will bring you peace. Peace—imagine it! No more worry; no more chorus drills; no more tramping from one agent to another—no more anything!"

Rose stood irresolute. Her fingers toyed with the valve. Then, without flinching, she turned it.

She heard a short hiss, and caught the smell of gas; and then, turning away from the gas-jet, she stretched her arms before her and groped her way back to the bed, there to collapse in a shuddering heap, and await the end.

II.

Rose had always heard that gas quickly sent its victims into a comatose condition; but in her case it seemed an age before she began to feel her senses gradually weaken. Surely the end was near now!

All her life she lived over again, as she awaited the end of it. All the places most dear to her she visited again—visited them in spirit, to say good-bye to them. To the garden at Adrian, Michigan, she went last of all; and how she loved it! It was all abloom, and the air was heavy with the scent of dew-laden mignonette. She imagined herself going up the path, seemed to see her aunt rise from the shady seat under the maple to come to meet the returned prodigal, with a smile of welcome on her face and her arms outstretched in greeting.

Then it seemed that somewhere, far away, Rose heard a rapping. She could not imagine what caused it, but she was positive that she heard it, that it seemed to come closer. She did not move or speak.

"It will soon stop," she thought.

Then she fancied she heard her aunt's voice. She imagined that her mind was fighting its last fight, that her reason was leaving her, that her brain was going through chaos, along tangled lines of thought, before the end.

Then the door opened, and her landlady, carrying a kerosene lamp in her hand, stood on the threshold.

"Someone to see you, dearie," she said graciously. "A lady!"

Almost before the woman had finished speaking, someone had come quickly into the room, and Rose found herself encircled by a pair of loving arms.

"Auntie!" she gasped; and then her tears almost blinded her.

Her aunt held her close and soothed her quietly.

"My poor child," she murmured, "I'm so thankful I've found you at last! I'm going to take you home to Adrian with me, if you'll come. I got your letter three days ago, and I thought I'd come instead of writing. There, there, child; don't cry any more. You can tell me all about it later, when—"

Suddenly, with a gasp, Rose remembered. She rushed to the gas-fixture.

"I'll leave you the lamp," said the landlady. "You can light no gas. They took out my meter this morning."

GALLANT CANADIANS

FINE FELLOWS.

[Springfield Republican.]

Many of us know fine fellows from Canada who have gone across the sea to fight for the British empire. Now word is coming back of dead and wounded Canadians, and sorrow is invading the homes of our northern neighbors. So the war is made to seem more near and terrible.

ENRICH TRADITIONS.

[Boston Transcript.]

The Canadian troops' long casualty lists in the battle around Ypres indicate that Canada's military traditions will be wonderfully enriched by this war.

TO THE GLORY OF CANADIANS.

[Le Canada.]

We believe we interpret the sentiments of all citizens in addressing to our volunteers at the front our most warm and enthusiastic felicitations and our most sincere admiration for the gallantry they have shown in the battle of Ypres. Our country, our province, our city, are the more proud that part of the glory is reflected on us, and that the whole civilized world knows today that Canada, after one hundred years of peace, can still produce soldiers worthy to fight and distinguish themselves amongst the most valiant of the world.

BONA FIDE.

[Exchange.]

"There's nothing artificial about Mrs. Wiggs."

"No, indeed. She doesn't even make up her mind."

MAKES A DIFFERENCE.

[Exchange.]

"There is no sadder sight to me," said the Socialist orator, "than the laborer's empty dinner pail."

"Shure!" said a man in the crowd, "that all depends on whether its impty before th' noon hour or after."

WONDERFUL.

[Exchange.]

Mr. Craig was reading the evening paper while his wife sat by knitting.

"Just listen to this, Debby," he said. "It says here that more than 5,000 elephants a year go to make our piano keys."

"Gracious!" cried the wife. "Ain't it wonderful, Dan, what some animals can be trained to do!"

Resorts—Atlantic City, N.J.

GALEN HALL
HOTEL AND SANATORIUM.
Atlantic City, N. J.
Always open. Always ready. Always busy. Cannot be excelled for comfort or table and service. A delightful place for spring. Tonic and curative baths, with trained attendants. F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Avenue and Beach. Ocean view. Capacity 850. Private baths; running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special: $12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS. May 4.

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THE ST. CHARLES
Most Select Location Fronting the Beach
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
With an established reputation for its exclusiveness and high-class patronage. Thoroughly modern and completely equipped. Courteous service. Bathrooms, with hot and cold, fresh and sea water attachment, etc. Magnificent sun parlors and porches overlooking the board walk and ocean. Orchestra of soloists. Always open. Golf privileges. Illustrated booklet.
NEWLIN HAINES CO.
ywt—May 20

Got Your Home Mortgaged?

Then, of course, you'll pay off the indebtedness in time. But suppose you should die suddenly—will the mortgagee foreclose, or will your wife be able to meet the payments?

And even if she can, won't it make a big hole in her resources?

Well then, why not ensure its repayment, whether you live or die, by means of an Imperial Endowment policy for the amount of the mortgage?

Hundreds of men have adopted this method. It is the surest way yet devised for protecting the home.

Write for further particulars today. Tomorrow may be too late.

THE IMPERIAL LIFE
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HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO
Israel Taylor, District Manager, London, Ont.
The Imperial provides security of $134 for every $100 of liability to policyholders.
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Always Keep Them In The House

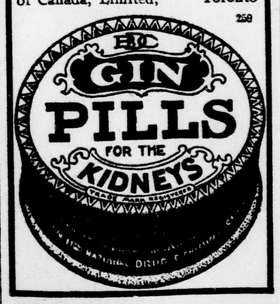
That's what Mr. H. J. Eastwood, of Carleton Place, Ont., says about Gin Pills.

"I have taken Gin Pills and find them good for pain in the Joints, Swollen Hands and Ankles and all symptoms of Kidney and Bladder Trouble. We always keep them in the house.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

If you are feeling badly, perhaps it is your Kidneys or Bladder that is causing the trouble. If there is pain over the Bladder—if the urine is hot and scalding—too free or scanty—if the urine shows brick dust deposits or mucus—if there is constant pain in the back—restless sleep and loss of appetite—then you certainly need Gin Pills. Get them to-day and feel better to-morrow.

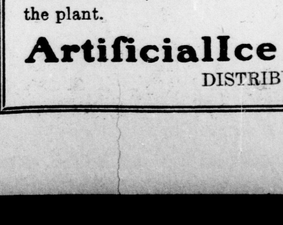
Gin Pills are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 boxes for $2.50. Free trial treatment if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto
259



FITS
A sample of my remedy has cured cases of Falling Sickness, or Epilepsy. Prompt relief guaranteed. I PAY EXPRESSAGE on FREE TRIAL BOTTLE, if you cut out and RETURN advertisement. Sworn statements and hundreds of testimonials on file. Give AGE and FULL PARTICULARS.
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THE HOME BANK OF CANADA
NOTICE OF QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. (7%) PER ANNUM upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Bank has been declared for the THREE MONTHS ending the 31st of May, 1915, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st of June, 1915. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, 1915, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board.
JAMES MASON,
General Manager.
Toronto, April 21st, 1915.
M1-23

HOTEL MARLBOROUGH
BROADWAY, BETWEEN 36th AND 37th STREETS
In the Very Centre of New York.



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Whether your visit is one of business or pleasure, you will find the Marlborough the ideal place to stop at. The Rathskeller is one of the show-places of New York.
Rooms, $1.00 Per Day Upwards.
Rooms with Bath, $1.50 Per Day Upwards.
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JOHN F. DOWNEY, Manager. D.May 20

ICE INVITATION



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The London Cold Storage Company, manufacturers of our ice, will be pleased to show the public the process, cleanliness and care that is taken in making PURE ICE from double filtered spring water.
Call at their office, 72 Bathurst street, any day, between 2 and 5 o'clock, and they will be pleased to show you through the plant.
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A Page For Women

Cynthia Grey's Daily Mail Box.
Talks on Styles We'll Be Wearing.
Recipes by Advertiser Readers.

Series on Backyard Gardening.
Activities of London Women.
Items of General Interest.

Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn. No letter can be answered privately.]

Parental Injustice.

SORROWFUL LASSIE — I have thought long and seriously over your letter, which, unfortunately, strikes the same pathetic note as that of "Discouraged and Tired of Life." It makes me more sad than I can say to receive letters from girls like yourself, living at home, taking a large share in the work of a busy household, and yet having few privileges in the way of money or company. If we could only get the parents in such a case awakened to the injustice of it all! It is very welll to say: "The girl has a good home, why should she complain?" or "If she loves her parents and brothers as she ought, the labor should be light." It's very well to talk of love and duty, when it is some other girl who is drudging on at home without appreciation in any form.

Now, "Sorrowful Lassie," I did not mean to preach such a sermon, but these things do touch deeply. I may be wrong to encourage such a spirit, but, to my mind, a girl in your place is justified in asking for and demanding not only a regular allowance of money from her father, but the right to invite her friends for a meal when she wishes, with a stipulation, too, that "father" does not do all the entertaining! I believe that if you assert yourself a little more in these matters, and, by that is not meant that you will necessarily become selfish and unloving in the home, your people will appreciate you and respect you more.

1. As to the other matters about which you write, they are very perplexing, indeed. Could you not ignore what has happened, and write him a note asking him to call and see you some evening. If he does not do so, you could not, of course, make any further advances. But, Lassie, you are but young yet, and within a few years will probably smile at the doleful fears you now have. There are "other fish," you know.

2. Say "twins were born" not "a pair of twins."

I hope you will write to me again.

A Domestic's Hours.

Dear Miss Grey,—I feel sure you will gladly give me your advice. You will see what my troubles are. Now I have a good home and a good mistress. I went with a good name and sincerely hope to leave with one when that time arrives. I take quite an interest in my work and have proved myself suitable for my mistress, but I was very much discouraged when I found that I was to receive my salary by the date of the month, I expecting to receive it every four weeks—by the date I work a month through the year for nothing. What is your advice, Miss Grey?

Another trouble is, I am allowed every evening out, one afternoon and one night a month home. I usually take one hour two evenings, two and a half hours for my afternoon. Would I be asking too much if I asked for every other Saturday night from 7:30 returning in time to prepare lunch on Sunday? Why I ask for Saturday evening it will not interfere with my work on Monday to spoil my week. Anxiously awaiting your advice, Miss Grey, as I do not wish to go beyond bounds, I remain, your very respectfully. LONDON DOMESTIC.

Ans.—1. If there was no stipulation when you engaged in your present situation that you were to be paid every four weeks your mistress is quite right in paying you by the day of the month. If one agrees to work for a certain sum a month, in any position, wages are supposed to be paid monthly—not every four weeks.

2. If you and your mistress can come to an understanding in the matter, I do not see why the hours of leisure should not be changed. You would, no doubt, prefer to remain on duty extra hours in order to have the privilege. You could ask her about it anyway.

Come again, if I can assist you any further.

Mother of Eight.

MOTHER OF EIGHT: The pattern orders you inclosed have been handed to the Pattern Department to be filled in the regular way.

Your recipe you will find in the "Cook Book."

Writing is very good.

For Glencoe Reader.

GLENCOE READER: Sorry but I could not locate the whereabouts of the lady you asked for. If you were in town and could inquire about her at her former position or boarding place you might trace her.

A Bridal Shower.

Dear Miss Grey: Would it be too much trouble to ask you to answer a few questions in your column, when convenient?

1. Which is the proper way to give an introduction—"This is my cousin, Miss Brown, Mr. Smith," or the gentleman's name first?

2. Would it be all right for a young lady, who is boarding and has no near relations, to have the gentleman of the house give her away in marriage, she going to be married in their home?

3. Can you give me an idea how to have a bridemaid's dress made?

4. Can you tell me what is suitable for dress while playing tennis? Would a middy blouse and white skirt be all right?

5. When does the season open for tennis?

6. In giving a handkerchief shower to a young lady what would be nice for a simple lunch? Also can you give me a few suggestions in regard to presenting the shower?

7. Can you give me a simple cure for dandruff?

8. Is it proper when dining at a private home to fold the table napkin or just to leave it as you would in a hotel or restaurant?

WHATSOEVER.

Ans.—1. By the way you have it, you are presenting the lady to the man; this is not right. Say instead, "Miss Brown, let me introduce Mr. Smith," then to convey the fact of your relationship, you may add, some explanation as "Miss Brown is my cousin, and I hope you will be good friends," or a similar phrase.

2. Yes.

3. Would advise you to consult the fashion books. A rather pretty idea would be to have the foundation skirt of pale blue, rose, or yellow, a loose overdress of embroidered voile, and a "suspender and girdle" effect of the colored material. Sleeves would be of the voile, and with a white maline or fancy braid hat, would make a charming bridesmaid's costume.

4. Yes; the middy blouse, worn with white or colored skirts, is admirable for tennis.

5. With most devotees, as soon as warm days arrive. Many have been playing during the past week.

6. A suggestion is this: Lettuce sandwiches, stuffed eggs, small fancy cakes, "fortune" cake, oranges, coffee, lemonade. The stuffed eggs are simply hard-boiled eggs, cut in half, the yolk removed and mashed; make into a paste with mustard, salt and pepper, and vinegar, and pack into the whites of the eggs. Any favorite cake recipe may be used for the "fortune" cake, and a thimble, button, ring and piece of money concealed therein.

One idea for presenting the shower is to have all arranged in a round basket or dishpan. Cover over with brown paper as for a pie; instruct the bride-elect at lunch hour that you wish her to cut the pie; a knife tied with white ribbon may be handed her, and while the guests sing "She's a Jolly Good Fellow" or some lively ditty, the "pie" will disclose their gifts. Another idea is to have the kerchiefs attached to a long piece of white cord, the bride-elect may be given an end of the cord and told to pull and wind as she goes. She may wind for several yards before coming to a handkerchief.

7. A simple remedy is difficult to find; faithful and persistent massage and brushing help wonderfully; the application of an ointment made of vaseline and sulphur, is said to be excellent, but rather unpleasant.

8. If just there for one meal the napkin need not be folded, but if you are the guest of the house for several days it is considered better form to fold the napkin at the close of each meal.

Troublesome Black Ants.

Dear Miss Grey,—I am an interested reader of your column, and like all others come to you for help.

1. Can you or any readers tell me how to get rid of large black ants in the pantry? We have them every summer, and have not as yet found anything to help.

I am inclosing a recipe for indigestion, asked for by "One Who Suffers." This is very good, having helped many I know. Hoping to get some answers to my question, I am, MAPLE CITY GIRL.

Ans.—1. A reader last year told us that she had found gum camphor sprinkled about the shelves to be an excellent thing for driving and keeping ants away. Others use cayenne pepper with success; sprinkle it on the shelves and at points of entrance. To stand saucers of carbolic around where ants infest, is another good method.

Your hint re the indigestion cure will be sent to "One Who Suffers" if he (or she) will forward address and a stamp.

Feet Bother Her.

Dear Miss Grey,—I read your paper daily. The first thing I look for is your page. Will you please answer a few questions for me as soon as possible?

1. Is camphorated chalk good for burning, sweaty feet?

2. I am 16 years old. How long should I wear my dresses?

3. I have light hair and blue eyes. Is old rose my color?

4. Will crepe goods be in style? If so, what colors will be worn mostly?

5. Do you think I am too young to have a gentleman friend?

6. Am I too young to go to dances?

7. Do you think my writing looks like a man's? What do you think of it? Is it too large? A FOOT SUFFERER.

Ans.—1. Yes; another reader has recommended the use of powdered rosin for this same trouble; bathe the feet twice daily, dry, and dust generously with the powdered rosin; change stockings every day.

2. To your shoetops.

3. No doubt it will look very well on you.

4. Yes; khaki, blue, and rose, will be very popular for blouses. For dresses, the light grounds with floral design is being shown.

5. Yes.

6. Public dances, yes; house affairs among friends, no.

7. No; no.

Keep the Flies Off.

Dear Miss Grey: Kindly answer the following questions:

1. What is the meaning of Gladys, Molly and Jane?

2. Will black slippers and white stockings be worn much this summer? Also white lace hats?.

3. How could a person keep flies off the veranda in the summer time.

4. Would it be proper for a girl of eighteen to go to London to work, knowing no one there?

Wishing you every success, I remain, a WOODSTOCK READER.

Ans.—1. Gladys—this is supposed to be a Welsh form of the Roman name Claudie, the feminine of Claudius. Some authorities give the name as meaning "celebrated," others unite in giving it as "lame." Molly is another form of "Mary," which means "better"; Jane, same as John, "gift of God."

2. From what I see in the stores, and learn from the fashion predictions, there will be more black stockings worn with the low slippers and pumps this year, rather than white. The lace hat will have a certain vogue among young girls, for older ones, the wired maline shapes will be very popular.

3. "Swat 'em!"

4. Quite proper if you arrange for steady employment and a safe boarding-house before coming. I do not know what kind of work you wish to engage in, but should advise your coming to the city accompanied by your mother to make arrangements personally. Am sure the Y. W. C. A. secretary will be pleased to help you find an agreeable place to board. If you have regular employment in your own town by no means give up your position there until you are sure of a place here.

Advertiser Patterns



1262—A New Jacket Suit for the Little Man.

Boys' Suit With Sleeveless Under-Waist.—This design is new and very popular. The underwaist may be replaced by a blouse or shirtwaist, and the jacket may be omitted. The trousers are cut in regulation style, and the entire suit is easy to develop. Serge, covert cloth, cheviot, linen, drill, galatea, or gingham may be used for its development. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 3, 4, 5 and 6 years. It requires 2⅝ yards of 36-inch material for a 4-year size, with 1 yard of 27-inch material for the underwaist.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

Measurement—Bust..... Waist .....

CAUTION—Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from date of publication.

News of the Canadian War Contingent Association

Twenty dollars for special comforts for the soldiers in the trenches, from the Windsor Comfort quilt fund, per Miss Nesbit, has been received by the C. W. C. A.; also a gift of $4.50 from Sylvan Branch Women's Institute, Parkhill, per Katharine F. McIntosh. Other donations are:

Miss L. Brown, Bryanston, 4 tea cosies; Mrs. Dolman, Windsor, 1 pair knee caps; Miss Nesbit, 6 pairs socks; Miss Helen Bapty, Victoria, B. C., 1 pair socks; Wyoming, 10 pairs socks, 10 flannel shirts, 10 night shirts, 26 handkerchiefs, 7 packages tobacco, 14 rolls bandages; Mrs. Gunn, 1 pair knee caps, 2 pairs socks; Miss D. Gunn, 1 pair socks; Mrs. Mayou, 1 pair socks; Miss A. Meredith, 1 pair socks; Mrs. John Footit, 1 pair socks; Mrs. Simpson, 1 pair socks; Miss Ferguson, 1 scarf; unknown, 1 scarf; Mary, 1 pair socks.

Tobacco and special comforts to the amount of $200 were sent to England for the men in the trenches within the past few weeks. The fund is in charge of Mrs. Herbert Gates.

RED CROSS COLUMN

The treasurer, Mrs. George T. Brown, is pleased to acknowledge the receipt of $100 from the Camlachie Red Cross Circle Nurses' Fund, per Mr. McCordic, and $11 from the St. James Church Guild, Wardsville, Ont. The latter gift was also accompanied by a splendidly packed box of supplies.

Other donations of sewing and knitting are: Ladies' Aid, Burn's Church, Mosa, 15 day shirts, 24 pairs socks.

Dorchester, 7 night shirts, 4 hospital shirts, 52 pneumonia jackets.

Lambeth, 10 day shirts, 43 sheets, 48 pillow slips.

Byron, 15 day shirts, 16 pairs socks, 3 pairs knee caps, 3 pairs bed socks.

Mandaumin, 12 hospital shirts, 3 pairs socks.

Camlachie, 24 day shirts, 3 pairs socks.

The Red Cross Society is arranging for an interesting event on May 27th, when the officers hope to bring to London Stephen Leacock, the well-known lecturer and humorist. Mr. Leacock will give an evening program on May 27th.

RIDGETOWN WOMEN SEND HELP FOR DESTITUTE BABIES OF FRANCE.

The Belgian relief committee of the Women's Canadian Club acknowledges the receipt of the following: Two large cases of supplies for Belgian relief from Ridgetown; a large case of condensed milk from Sarnia; donation of $50 for the infants of Northern France from the patriotic women of Ridgetown; Wortley road school, towards the "Mile of Pennies" per Miss Brenton, $3.10.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement is announced of Miss E. Valerie Carrothers, M. A., only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Carrothers, 173 Adelaide street, London, to Mr. Edmond Ross Gunn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Gunn, Toronto.

THE BACKYARD GARDEN



CHAPTER XVIII.

SPINACH AND OTHER GREENS.

By Prof. Spade.

Pot-herbs, commonly known as "greens," are grown for their leaves. Quick growth is essential if they are to be crisp and tender. They are, for the most part, half-season crops and, therefore, lend themselves very well to double cropping.

With the exception of the common dandelion, spinach is the standard pot-herb and, perhaps, the only one that will interest the backyard farmer. It is a spring and fall crop, requiring a comparatively cool season for proper development.

A fall planting is necessary to obtain spinach early in the spring, but spring planting will give the grower a late summer and fall supply. It is sown in drills.

Spinach is sometimes started under glass and transplanted to the open; also it is sometimes grown to maturity under glass.

Drills for spinach are usually from 12 to 18 inches apart. In the drills the plants may stand from 4 to 6 inches apart.

A spring planting of this green insures a good stand, but the supply matures late. However, this is desirable, as greens are not eaten extensively in hot weather.

Mustard is frequently a backyard garden product for home use. The seeds are sown early in the spring, and the tender bunch of foliage is ready for use in May or June.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF ALMA DAUGHTERS

London Society Holds Pleasant Event Yesterday.

A very pleasant and enjoyable affair was the annual banquet of the Alma Daughters of London, held in Smallman's tea-room at 1 o'clock on Friday. Guests present were Mrs. A. A. Campbell, chair-woman and president of the local society; Mesdames (Dr.) Hughes, George McDonald, (Rev.) Bingham, A. T. Edwards, N. Mills, Albert Reason, Haskett, T. Wilson, and Misses Hawkins (Arva), Rich, Vera Wyllie and Florence Keene.

Toast Alma Mater.

At the conclusion of the banquet several toasts were proposed and responded to, including one to the King and Empire, proposed by Mrs. Campbell, and responded to by Mrs. A. T. Edwards; "Canada," proposed by Mrs. Albert Reason, responded to by Mrs. Bingham; "Sister Societies," proposed by Miss Vera Wyllie, responded to by Miss F. Keene; "Our Alma Mater," proposed by Mrs. Hughes, responded to by Mrs. McDonald. A hearty tribute was also paid by Miss Hawkins and others to Miss Sisk, founder of the Alma Daughters' Society.

This society gives each year a medal to a graduate in instrumental music at Alma College, and this year will follow the usual custom. The London branch is one of four such organizations, all very enthusiastic societies composed of students, teachers and graduates of Alma. At the banquet yesterday the Daughters decided to undertake the patriotic work of making infants' garments for the children in Northern France.



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THE BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
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LONDON ADVERTISER COOK-BOOK

Recipes Supplied By Cynthia Grey's Readers.

Sent by "A Reader."

Marshmallows—1 cup granulated sugar, 6 tablespoons water, put on stove until it hairs. While sugar is on the stove mix 1 tablespoon of Knox's gelatine with 6 tablespoons of water; when sugar is removed from stove empty this into sugar and beat for ten minutes. Then add the beaten white of 1 egg and beat 10 minutes more. You can put any coloring in you wish. Pour into a greased pan and when cold cut in squares and roll in icing sugar. These will be found excellent.

Mother of Eight.

Cream Cookies—2 cups of brown sugar, 1 full cup lard, 1 egg, little salt, 1½ cups thick sour cream; 1 scant cup sweet milk, 1½ spoons soda, 3 spoons baking powder, nutmeg or grated rind of one lemon, flour enough to make a soft dough; bake in quick oven.

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Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia

for woodwork.

It cleans and brightens without leaving any soapy stickiness to catch the dust.

Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake."

5 and 10 cent packages. Made in Canada. 28



MOIR'S Chocolates

Moir's Chocolates have an individuality that is unmistakeable. We select the cocoa beans—roast, husk and clean them—add the cocoa butter and cane sugar—and flavor with vanilla beans. The WHOLE is then put through a grinding process for hours, which refines every particle and renders our chocolate coating absolutely smooth, giving it that *individual delicious flavor.* The chocolate is then applied to the many varieties of centers—packed in attractive boxes and offered to you as the finest chocolates on the market.

Moirs Limited
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"And bring me a tin every week."

That's the way folks order

Rideau Hall Coffee

STEEL-CUT CHAFFLESS

Billy Coffybean Says:—

"Coffee-color is the label, Rest assured no one is able To have coffee on their table That can equal RIDEAU HALL"

Actual cup selection is our only method of choosing the high-grade coffees used in blending this famous brand.

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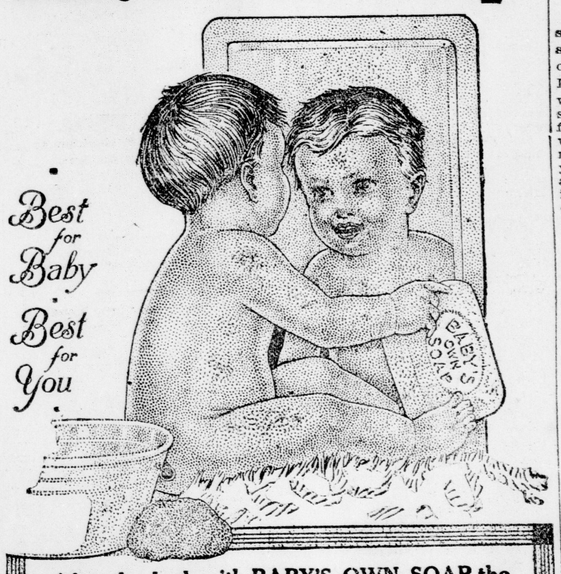
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Baby's Own Soap

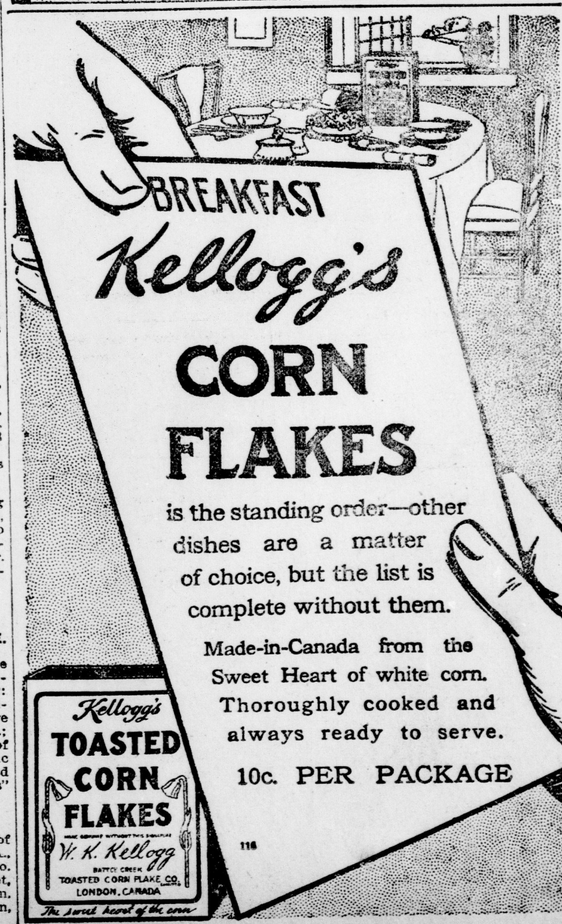


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Best for You

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THE SPORT DEPARTMENT

All the News That Is News

FIRST BATCH OF PLAYERS WILL ARRIVE WEDNESDAY

Manager Reisling Leaves Cald well On Monday in Auto and Expects To Reach Here in Two Days—All Players Will Be Here by Saturday.

[BY BERT PERRY.]

In a week or less most of the London Canadian League players will be gathered in this city preparatory to training at Tecumseh Park for the coming season. Manager Reisling expects to get here by Wednesday. He is going to make the trip from Caldwell in his new car, and, while he does not intend to shatter any records on the way, he thinks he will arrive here on that day. Jack Danford will likely make the trip with "Doc," and one or two of the pitchers will also report in the city on the same date. It is likely that some of the pitchers will be working out in Tecumseh Park the last two or three days of the week. The real training will start on the following Monday, however, when most of the players will be here.

Lamy in Fine Shape.

The cold weather of the past couple of days has put a crimp in Eddie Lamy's work over in Tecumseh Park. The schedule will be rearranged at running since the mild weather ended. but has eliminated the baseball practice until it warms up again. Lamy is in good shape right now, and he is not taking any chances with the cold breezes. When the rest of the players report and the real training begins he expects to show them all something in the line of condition. Eddie is looking forward to having the greatest season of his baseball career this summer.

League Meets Tuesday.

President Somerville and Director Sam Stevely will attend the Canadian League meeting in Toronto on Tuesday. The schedule will be rea-rranged at this meeting, and it is likely it will be ready for publication by the end of the week. None of the clubs are satisfied with the initial draft of dates, and some big protests will be lodged at the meeting, it is expected. Frank Shaughnessy, of the Ottawa club, according to reports from that city, will endeavor to trade several of his players at this meeting, but it is doubtful if London will get any of them. Shag, never trades any players that amount to anything, so that the rest of the clubs usually refuse to do business with the Canadian League's best little pennant winner. "Dad" Stewart may try to land Bullock for the Saints, but outside of this few deals will be made.

INTER-CLUB LEAGUE DRAWS UP SCHEDULE

The Inter-Club Baseball League drew up its schedule at a meeting of the schedule committee last night. The league will open the season on May 8. The games will be played at Springbank Park on Saturday afternoons.

The schedule is as follows:

May 8—2:30, Forest City vs. Orients. 4:00, Manhattans vs. Ontarios.
May 15—Forest City vs. Manhattans. Ontarios vs. Orients.
May 22—Ontarios vs. Forest City. Manhattan vs. Orients.
May 29—Orients vs. Ontarios. Manhattans vs. Forest City.
June 5—Forest City vs. Ontarios. Orients vs. Manhattans.
June 12—Forest City vs. Orients. Ontarios vs. Manhattans.
June 19—Ontarios vs. Orients. Forest City vs. Manhattans.
June 26—Manhattans vs. Ontarios. Orients vs. Forest City.
July 3—Manhattans vs. Forest City. Orients vs. Ontarios.
July 10—Manhattans vs. Orients. Forest City vs. Ontarios.
July 17—Manhattans vs. Forest City. Orients vs. Ontarios.
July 24—Orients vs. Forest City. Manhattans vs. Ontarios.
July 31—Ontarios vs. Orients. Forest City vs. Manhattans.
Aug. 7—Orients vs. Manhattans. Ontarios vs. Forest City.
Aug. 14—Manhattans vs. Forest City. Orients vs. Ontarios.
Aug. 21—Forest City vs. Orients. Manhattans vs. Ontarios.

OTTAWA RUGBY STAR DIES AFTER OPERATION

Ottawa, May 1.—Con Kuhn, well known in amateur athletic circles, died in a local hospital this morning following an operation. He was injured while playing football last fall, and the operation was decided on after consultation with a specialist. One of his kidneys was removed, but he did not rally. He was 30 years of age, and is survived by his widow and one child.

Someone has invented a device that chalks cues for pool and billiard players; thus adding to the attraction of these games for lazy people.

Bunny Brief's name, we learn in Anthony Gretkowski. Those who have watched him play say great cowski is correct.

JACQUES FORNIER IS LEADING HITTER IN THE AMERICAN

Chicago, Ill., May 1.—Jacques Fournier, the White Sox slugger, with an average of .463, tops the batters of the American League, according to averages published here today. The league's veterans are well to the front, with Cobb, Detroit, hitting .420, and closely pushing Veach, his teammate, with .428, for second place.

Heine Groh, Cincinnati, is getting the batting pace in the National League. His average is .429, and his closest rivals are Luderus, Philadelphia, .425, and Connolly, Boston, .407.

Eddie Lennox, Pittsburg, leads the batters of the Federal League. In seven games he has a percentage of .500, followed by Westerzill, Brooklyn, .467, and Mann, Chicago, .437.

WALDEK ZBYSZKO WON FROM RUSSIAN GIANT

OTTAWA, April 30.—Waldek Zbyszko, claimant to the wrestling championship of the world, easily defeated Ivan Tikan, the Russian giant, in tonight's wrestling bout at the Arena. Zbyszko won the first fall in 41 minutes with a body and scissors hold, and the second in five minutes with a flying fall. He announced that he would defend the title against any wrestler.

The baseball crowd estimator evidently started in mid-season form judging from the comparison of the box-office and the newspapers.

The opening of the baseball season in Chicago was a terrible show-up to the new Mayor Thompson. It revealed the fact he is a left-hander.

Harry Thaw has permission to take "reasonable exercise" in New York. By the way, what constitutes reasonable exercise in New York?

Lee Magee made an excellent start as a manager; getting chased in the second inning, then sending a player back to the game after taking him out to let another bat. Our eyes are a trifle to the blink, but we can discern something that looks like a finish on the horizon.

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COST A LITTLE MORE. ARE WORTH IT.

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We carry Shock Absorbers, Slip Covers, Hand Horns, Oil and Gas Guages, etc.

Hueston's Garage

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FABER HELD TIGERS TO THREE LONE HITS

Collins Trapped Cobb by Sensational Play in Sixth.

SENATORS WON A GAME

Made it Three Out of Four From Connie Mack's Club.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Faber held Detroit to three scattered hits today, while his team-mates bunched their hits off Dubuc, and Chicago won a pitchers' battle, 4 to 1. In the sixth inning, Cobb, who had reached third base, was trapped by a sensational play, started by Eddie Collins, and was nipped a few feet off third base, following Crawford's single. This play was the feature of the game.

Score— R.H.E.
Detroit .....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 3 0
Chicago .....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 x—4 7 0
Batteries—Dubuc and McKee; Faber and Schalk.

SENATORS BUNCHED HITS AND BEAT THE MACKMEN

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Washington made it three out of four games from Philadelphia today by batting Wyckoff hard in three innings, winning 6 to 1. A double and a single in the ninth gave the visitors their only run.

Score— R.H.E.
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2
Washington ..4 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 x—6 8 0
Batteries — Wyckoff and McAvoy; Boehling and Henry.

KAUFF LOOKED ON AS UNDESIRABLE

Chairman Herrmann, of the National Commission, Says He Should Not Be Allowed To Play.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 1.—The application for reinstatement of Benny K. Kauff, the Brooklyn Federal League player, who on Thursday signed a New York National League contract, was up before Chairman August Herrmann, of the National Commission today, and telephonic communications on the subject were being arranged with both President Tener, of the National League, and President Johnson of the American League.

Chairman Herrmann in discussing the Kauff case today said: "So far as I personally am concerned you can say for me that a player who has twice violated a contract is not a desirable man for baseball. Kauff violated one with organized baseball and has now, according to reports, violated one with the Federal League. If this is true he should not be permitted to play with any club in organized baseball.

Pending the decision of the commission Chairman Herrmann announced that Kauff would not be permitted to play with the New York Nationals.

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Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the simplest and most positive Blood Purifier that can be used. When we have perfect digestion we must have pure normal blood, which supplies healthful nutrition to all the organs and tissues of the body; and as a result we must have healthy functions and the absence of disease in any form. Abbey's Effervescent Salt produces this condition by ensuring healthy digestion and the elimination of all morbid matter from the system.

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TWO YOUNGSTERS MAKING GOOD IN THE BIG LEAGUES



BRIEF

JOE LALLY WILL VISIT STRATFORD NEXT WEEK

STRATFORD, April 30.—Loe Lally, of Cornwall premier lacrosse booster and enthusiast is billed to arrive in Stratford on Tuesday next to look over lacrosse prospects in this city. He will likely be accompanied by Frank Doyle, secretary of the O. A. L. A. Both officials will seek permission to address the different schools of the city, where Mr. Lally will endeavor to organize a juvenile league.

BALTIMORE, April 30. — Masterly pitching by Gene Packard resulted in defeat for Baltimore today in the first game of the series against Kansas City. The final score was 2 to 0.

Score— R.H.E.
Kansas City ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2 10 1
Baltimore ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 7 2
Batteries — Packard and Brown; Suggs, Smith and Owens.



PENNOCK

Pennock, of the Athletics, looks great this year, so does Bunny Brief, holding the jinx first base job with the White Sox.

'Jimmy' Duffy, Runner, Died on the Battlefield

Canada's Greatest Marathon Runner, Holder of Hamilton Herald Race Record and Last Year's Boston Marathon Winner Killed in Action.

TORONTO, April 30. — Canada's greatest distance runner since the days of Tom Longboat—and a boy just as erratic as the big Indian—is dead on the battlefield at Ypres, where the Canadians so gallantly plugged the hole the retiring French left in the Allies' line. He is John Duffy, of Toronto and Hamilton, twice winner of the famous Hamilton Herald race and record-holder for that race, and a Ward Marathon and Boston Marathon winner.

Duffy came here from Scotland in the summer of 1911 and joined the Central Y. M. C. A. Fred Smith, the Central's physical director, sprung Duffy on the running public in the Ward Marathon that year, and he would have won the race right off the reel, but he stopped at the Humber to argue with supporters of Bob O'Brien and wasted the wind he needed to catch the leader. The next spring he joined the Eaton A. A. A. and came under Billy Cumming's coaching. In 1912 at the Olympic tryout over the Hamilton Bay course, Duffy ran second to Harry Jensen, of New York. The day was a scorcher and Duffy, who was used to cold weather, could not stand it. He had the race until 300 yards from home, when Jensen caught and passed him.

First Canadian In Sweden.

At the Olympic Marathon in Sweden, where Duffy and Jim Corkery represented Canada, Duffy was the first Canadian to finish. He came home fifth in 2:42:18 4-5, a matter of 5:34 behind K. McArthur, the South African, who won it. That was a fiercely warm day, too. In the fall of 1912 he won the Ward Marathon, beating such good men as Jimmy Dellow and Jim Corkery. He came from behind to beat Dellow in the last three miles. Then, Duffy, who was as elusive as the big Onondaga, made a sudden move to Hamilton, where he joined the Ramblers' Bicycle Club and put himself under the care of Tommy Thompson, then gaining fame as a handler of long-distance runners. Duffy, who was in the pink of condition when he left Bill Cumming, was handled cannily by Thomson, and on the day of the next race he and Jim Corkery went out to the front and proceeded to cut all the course records to ribbons. They left the crowd far behind in the first five miles, and then Duffy said farewell to the gallant Corkery and galloped into Hamilton a winner by 300 yards and the holder of a new record. He ran the nineteen miles and 188 yards in 1:46:15, beating the famous record of Sammy Mellor, the Yonkers ghost, by two minutes and twenty seconds, and that record had stood the assaults of a Longboat, a Coley and a Holmer, to say nothing of Mike Ryan, Harry Jensen and a string of United States cracks. In 1913 he repeated his Hamilton Herald race victory against a small field. He was good enough to break his own record and was ahead of it at twelve miles, but he lacked opposition and slowed down. He finished the course in 1:48:38.

Won Boston Marathon.

Last spring he crowned his career by winning the famous Boston Marathon and added his name to the list of brilliant Canadian runners who have showed the way from Ashland to Boston to the best on the American continent. Edouard Fabre, of Montreal, who won this year's Boston Marathon, was one minute behind him. Fabre and Duffy were together for 23 miles in that race, and then Duffy said "Good-bye. I'm on my way", and beat him home by a minute.

A month after this race he was thrown out by the A. A. U. of C. for running a five-mile race against Fabre in Kingston for which he or his handlers were paid $100. That ended his amateur career. He was preparing to meet the big pro. runners when the war broke out, and he joined the first contingent with the 91st. of Hamilton.

Before he came to Canada he made a reputation for himself as a distance runner in Scotland, and, though only an eighteen-year-old youngster, lost his place on the British Olympic team by a narrow margin.

As Game As a Pebble.

Duffy, who was a tinsmith by trade, was a hard man to train and handle. He was an inveterate cigarette smoker and loved his pint of Bass'. The result was that his trainers were forced to work him double all the time. In a race he was as game as they breed them. He had good racing brains and was possessed of unlimited courage. Time and again he fought his way through cramps and stomach trouble and endured blistered feet to win. He had a good sprint and was a boy who was never beaten as long as he had a pair of legs that would hold him upright.

Duffy had many friends in the athletic game in Toronto. He was a dependable fellow, loyal to his comrades and club. If Jimmy Duffy fought the Germans as he fought out his many bitter road races more than one Hun preceded him to the happy hunting grounds.

WAS LOCKED UP THEN BEATEN UP

Max Lustig Tried To Hold Up Montreal Promoters — Pelkey Knocked Out.

Montreal, May 1.—On his arrival in Montreal yesterday for his fight at Sohmer Park with Kid Lewis, of England, Max Lustig demanded 25 per cent of the receipts, after having agreed to meet Lewis for 20 per cent. He was told by the managers of the club he was engaged by that he would not be given an advance, and he later on refused to fight at all unless he was given $500. He was asked to return the money he had received for transportation, and on Lustig's refusal to return it he was locked up, charged with obtaining money under false pretences. Lustig, upon giving assurances that he would meet Lewis, was released. He was badly beaten.

As a preliminary to the Lewis-Lustig fight, Jim Johnston, New York, colored, knocked out Arthur Pelkey in the seventh round of a ten-round bout.

HOW THE TEAMS STAND

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	12	5	.706
New York	8	4	.667
Chicago	10	7	.588
Washington	8	6	.571
Boston	5	6	.455
Cleveland	7	9	.438
Philadelphia	4	9	.308
St. Louis	4	12	.250

Yesterday's Scores.
Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 4; Detroit, 1.
Today's Games.
Detroit at Chicago.
Washington at Boston.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at New York.
Sunday's Games.
Detroit at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	11	3	.786
Cincinnati	9	6	.600
Chicago	8	6	.571
Boston	7	6	.538
St. Louis	8	9	.471
Pittsburg	5	9	.357
Brooklyn	6	9	.400
New York	3	9	.250

Yesterday's Scores.
Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 1.
St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
Boston at New York—Rain.
Today's Games.
New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Pittsburg.
Pittsburg at Chicago.
Sunday's Games.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Pittsburg at Chicago.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Newark	10	6	.625
Chicago	8	5	.615
Brooklyn	9	6	.600
Pittsburg	9	7	.563
Kansas City	8	8	.500
Buffalo	6	9	.400
St. Louis	5	9	.357
Baltimore	6	11	.353

Yesterday's Scores.
Kansas City, 2; Baltimore, 0.
Other games postponed—Rain.
Today's Games.
St. Louis at Newark.
Kansas City at Baltimore.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Buffalo.
Sunday's Games.
St. Louis at Newark.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Montreal	1	0	1.000
Jersey City	1	0	1.000
Toronto	2	1	.667
Buffalo	1	1	.500
Providence	1	1	.500
Richmond	1	2	.333
Newark	0	1	.000
Rochester	0	1	.000

Yesterday's Scores.
Rochester at Jersey City—Rain.
No other games scheduled.
Today's Games.
Toronto at Richmond.
Montreal at Newark.
Buffalo at Providence.
Rochester at Jersey City.
Sunday's Games.
Buffalo at Providence.
Montreal at Newark, 2 games.
Rochester at Jersey City.

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WELLINGTON MILLS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
t

JACK COOMBS WON HIS FIRST FULL GAME

Was Trifle Wild, But Kept Phillies' Hits Scattered.

ZABEL BEAT PITTSBURG

Huggins' Hitting Was Largely Responsible for Cardinals Beating Reds.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30. — Jack Coombs, the former star twirler of the Philadelphia Americans, pitched his first full game of the season as a National Leaguer for Brooklyn today, and Philadelphia was defeated, 2 to 1. Coombs was wild, but brilliant fielding by Schultz kept the score down.

Score— R.H.E.
Brooklyn .....0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2 11 0
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 8 2
Batteries — Coombs and McCarty; Rixey and Killifer.

PIRATES COULD NOT HIT ZABEL UNTIL THE NINTH

PITTSBURG, April 30.—Chicago defeated Pittsburg, 4 to 1, today through the excellent pitching of Zabel. The locals made only one hit until the ninth inning, when a triple and a single gave them their only run.

Score— R.H.E.
Chicago .....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0—4 9 0
Pittsburg .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 3 0
Batteries — Zabel and Bresnahan; Cooper, Mamaux and Gibson, Schang.

HUGGINS' LONG CLOUTS FEATURED THIS GAME

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Huggins made a home run in the fourth inning of today's game with Cincinnati, briging the score for St. Louis to 5. Dolan made the final tally in the sixth, and St. Louis won, 6 to 2. In the 9st inning, Huggins made a three-bagger, and then scored on a single by Doly.

Score— R.H.
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2 10
St. Louis .....2 0 2 1 0 1 0 0 x—6 12
Batteries—Benton, Brown and Wingo; Perdue and Snyder.

ST. GEORGE'S WON.

St. George's baseball team beat Princess Avenue by a score of 11 to 3, at the St. George's diamond yesterday afternoon. The batteries were: St. George's Minhinnick and Williams; Princess Avenue, Parkinson and Downing.

BEN BEY Cigars
"Worth twice the dime they cost."
Big, Mild, Satisfying.



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Runabout Price $540

Your neighbor drives a Ford—why don't you? We are selling more Fords in Canada this year than ever before—because Canadians demand the best in motor car service at the lowest possible cost. The "Made in Canada" Ford is a necessity—not a luxury.

Buyers of Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.

Touring Car $590; Town Car $840; F.O.B., Ford, Ontario, with all equipments, including electric headlights. Cars on display and sale at

FORD MOTOR CO. OF CANADA, Limited.
680-690 Waterloo Street, London.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

M. 1, 15, 29.

KEEP THE MEN IN GOOD HUMOR

WHEN HUBBY "LIGHTS UP" FOR HIS AFTER-DINNER SMOKE, BE SURE HE HAS A MATCH WHICH WILL GIVE HIM A STEADY LIGHT, FIRST STROKE. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIP" MATCHES, ONE OF THEIR MANY BRANDS.

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Are You Sharing the Benefits of Improved Methods Which Produces a Maximum Amount of Nutrition in Bread?

That is What You Get When You

Eat AloafA BreaD--Neal s

baked in a plant that would be INTERESTING for you to inspect; INTERESTING to see the kind of material used; ingredients that are selected when bought and reinspected before being used; INTERESTING to see the immaculate plant and the way these pure ingredients are handled; INTERESTING, too, is the mammoth ovens which hold the same temperature day in and day out, thereby producing AloafA with the maximum amount of nutrition and a uniform natural flavor every day.

INTERESTING TO SEE.

The way the Wrapped AloafA is handled. Why you get the purest bread possible t produce when it's AloafA, and why you have double assurance when it's wrapped. Com and let us show you in the meantime.

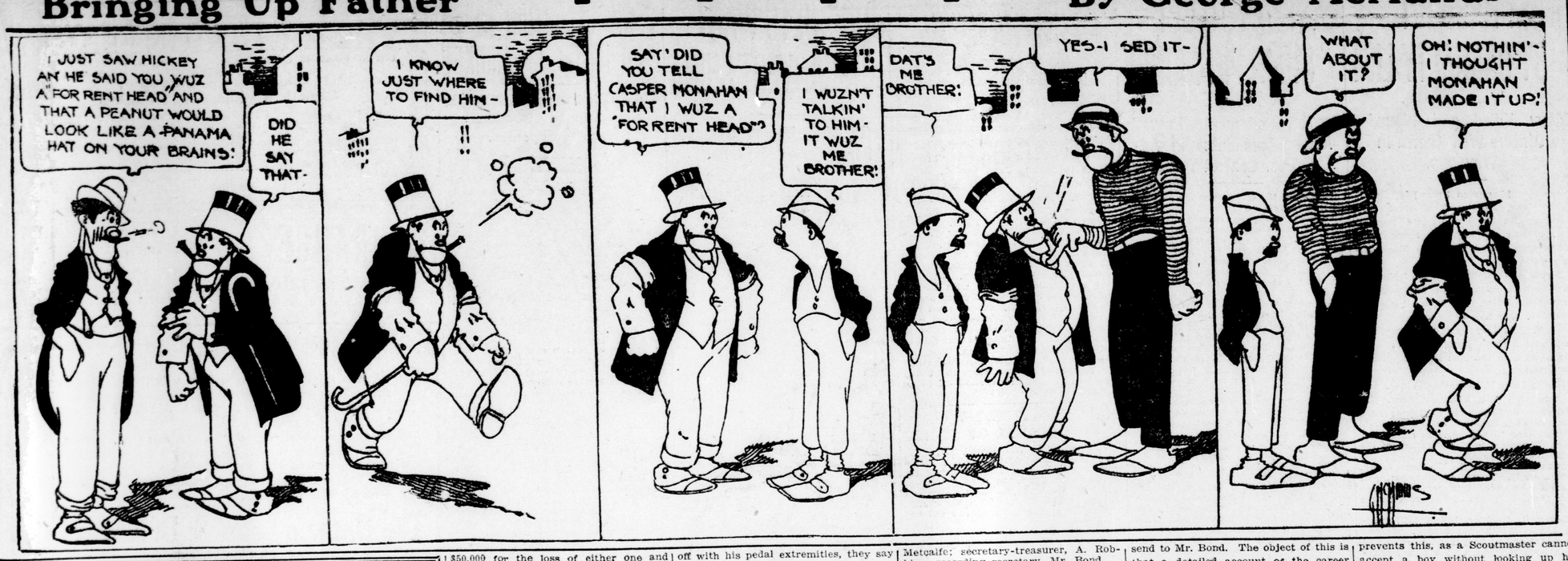
Try Tipperary Wrapped Loaf or some other variety of AloafA and note the differenc

Neal London Bread Company, Limited

No. 2 CARLETON AVE., LONDON. PHONE 21'.

We Use Fleischmann's Yeast.

Bringing Up Father - - - - By George McManus



With the Stars of the Movies.

John Bunny Leaves No Will — Charlie Chaplin's Feet Are Worth $150,000 to Him — Picture Public Flocks To See Stars of Screen — Movies Crowding "Legitimate" Drama Harder Every Day.

JOHN BUNNY LEAVES NO WILL

John Bunny, the "movie" actor, who died Monday, left no will. During the last four years his royalties and salary are supposed to have brought him about $1,000 a week.

PHOTOPLAY PUBLIC PICKS ITS STARS

The best evidence that the public is learning to discriminate in its motion picture entertainments is the demand that is being made by exhibitors for pictures with star actors and actresses in the leading roles. It makes no difference to the exhibitor whether the star gained reputation on the stage or as a photoplayer. It is the star they demand.

In making this demand they are only passing on the demands of the public. There seems to be some question as to why this should be so. The generally clever motion picture editor of the Dramatic Mirror is even at a loss to account for it. He writes:

"It is peculiar, this craze for the bright luminary, either of the stage or the screen. But that it is real many of the manufacturers have found to their sorrow. These producers have bent their energies to making of productions that deserved the adjective in every branch of the producing art, only to see these films run up a total on the loss side of the ledger, while productions a great deal inferior in quality, but boasting the name of a nationally-known star, have brought the money rolling in.

"Of course, the value of the player's name lessens proportionately in the regular releases of shorter length films. 'Standard' productions, balanced in merit in photography, story, acting, and settings, are all that is expected. But even here, the star's name, attached to a production that measures up in all other respects, has its value."

From our point of view there doesn't seem to be anything mysterious or hard to interpret about the situation. The fact is that the people are demanding pictures that they know will be fairly well acted. They have learned that the exchange man, in his anxiety to make a good showing for his branch, will shove off anything he can on the exhibitor he holds under contratt. That used to be the situation more than it is now. But the public still has the idea.

The Vitagraph, the Reliance, the Majestic, the Thanhouser, the Lubin, the Essanay, the Selig, the Edison, the Imp, the Victor—a number of the better-known companies, in fact, have turned out some wonderful pictures without stars. But they have also turned out some pictures that are not much better than third-rate. And until they are seen the public has no way of knowing whether a picture is to be first or third class—the brand tells them only that it might be one or the other.

On the other hand, they know that while King Baggot, Earle Williams, Edith Storey, Gladys Hullette, Warren Kerrigan, Francis Bushman, Clara Kimball Young, William Farnum, and the rest of the favorites might appear in poor dramas occasionally, they will generally be found in something that suits their personality and they will give a fairly good performance whether the play is good or not.

In other words, they know about the star, but they do not know about the company. It would seem that the thing for producers to do is to make the standard of their regular production as high, or even higher than the standard of star production. Of course, they try to do this—we understand all that—and they frequently do turn out some wonderful productions. But just as frequently they don't and rather than take a chance of running into one of their films that don't, the public reserves its patronage for the star. That, it seems to us, is the complete answer.—G. M.

MOVIES CROWDING "LEGITIMATE" STAGE

Some little amusement was expressed among theatrical people a few months ago when the suggestion was made that the motion picture was a branch and not an opponent of the theatrical business. They believed it was an opponent—a very weak opponent, they insisted, that would soon die a natural death. With about one-fifth of the population of the country attending motion picture exhibitions every day and at least one-fifth of the number of managers, actors, and actresses of the legitimate stage trying to find jobs as waiters or chambermaids or anything else because of bad business, the managers are changing their ideas.

No better indication of this changed condition can be found than in the attitude that has been adopted toward the film by periodicals devoted to the stage. More particularly is this the case with those papers that are usually considered the property of the theatrical managers or their agents. Because of this perhaps one of the most significant statements that has yet been made is contained in an editorial in the current issue of the New York Review. The Review editorial is a complete reversion of the attitude which has been shown toward the pictures by the interests it is supposed to represent. It follows:

"The most significant feature of the theatrical situation today is the constantly growing closer relations between moving pictures and legitimate theatricals. Looking back over the past two years the progress which the movies have made as a popular form of theatrical entertainment is astonishing. They have steadily encroached upon the legitimate field, as pictures have improved in scope and quality of production.

"It needed but the conversion of the Hippodrome into a mammoth moving picture theatre, and the embellishment of the entertainment offered by operatic features, living pictures, water spectacles and new innovations of staging, to give motion pictures that dignity which entitles them to consideration upon terms of equality with regular theatrical productions.

"The success of the new policy inaugurated by the Messrs. Shubert has held the entire amusement world spellbound and the effect of this remarkable triumph upon the entire fabric of the theatrical business is certain to be immense in the future.

"The art of exhibiting moving pictures is a branch of the business, but it is still undoubtedly only in its infancy. There is no limit to its development. Anything in the way of stage entertainment can be utilized as an added attraction to a picture exhibition.

"The whole gamut of amusements from circuit acts to grand opera may be used as an adjunct if it is desirable. Given such a stage as the Hippodrome with its magnificent facilities for spectacular production, it is quite within reason to expect that entirely new and amazing forms of theatrical spectacle will be originated in connection with the exhibition of motion pictures.

"It is equally true that the art of picture production has a great future and that vast sums are going to be spent on the making of gigantic spectacular films in a few years. We are certainly on the eve of an era of marvels in the motion picture world."

CHARLES CHAPLIN HAS VALUABLE FEET

Charles Chaplin, Essanay comedian, is declared to have the most valuable feet of anyone in the world. He has just insured each foot for $50,000, or $150,000 for the pair. That is, he is reimbursed by the insurance company $50,000 for the loss of either one and $150,000 if he loses both.

Chaplin critics declare that Chaplin's feet are one of the most valuable assets he has. Without the Chaplin walk, the Chaplin kick and other antics he pulls off with his pedal extremities, they say it would not be a Chaplin comedy.

It is these little tricks with his feet, as well as the comical facial expressions, that keep spectators in roars of laughter.

CROSS, SICKLY BABIES

Mrs. Chas. E. White, Waterford, N. S., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for both my babies and find them excellent. My baby girl was cross and sickly, but after giving her the Tablets she became strong, healthy and happy." Baby's Own Tablets never fail to make sickly children well, and the mother can give them to her children with absolute safety. They are guaranteed by a government analyst to be free from injurious drugs. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Freckle-Face

Sun and Wind Bring Out Ugly Spots—How To Remove Easily.

Here's a chance. Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from Cairncross and Lawrence Drug Company, and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double-strength othine, as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

With the Boy Scouts of Canada

Note—All queries pertaining to the Boy Scouts, or hobbies of boys should be addressed to the Scoutmaster, Boy Scout Department, Advertiser.

[Note—All queries pertaining to the Boy Scout movement or hobbies of boys should be addressed to Scoutmaster, Boy Scout Department, Advertiser.]

Saturday is here again, and with Saturday comes our weekly chats. Today the subject for discussion is the sixth Scout law, "A Scout is a friend to animals."

I am glad to say that very few boys break this law, although there are some that do break it. A fellow who would needlessly put an animal to torture is not worthy of the friendship of any person. There are some boys who delight in seeing animals suffer, and who delight in nothing more than seeing an unfortunate cat thrown into a bonfire or tied by its tail to a clothes line. These fellows are of the same stamp as the Germans, who are committing all the atrocities in Belgium. These boys are generally cowards, who are afraid to hurt anything that could resist them; they have to pick on something weak that can only struggle uselessly. If you are this stamp of a fellow, chum, quit it, or you will turn into one of the lowest types of cad, and will be despised by all.

Protect the Birds.

Another thing that needs our protection, fellows, is the birds. The birds are very beneficial to man. They eat the insects that destroy his crops and his trees. They eat the rats and mice that steal his grain and destroy his crops, and in many other ways the birds do a lot for man. There are some birds that are more harmful than beneficial, such as the English sparrow, that is a general nuisance and kills beneficial birds; the crow, that is a scavenger and eats the farmers' corn; the cow-bird, that lays in other birds' nests, and when the young bird is hatched it is the means of killing its foster-parents' young.

There is a law to protect the birds. It is as follows:

Section 2.—It shall not be lawful to shoot, destroy, wound, catch, net, snare, poison, drug or otherwise kill or injure, or attempt to shoot, destroy, etc., any wild native birds other than crows, hawks, blackbirds and English sparrows.

Section 4.—It shall not be lawful to take, injure or destroy or have in possession any nest, young, or eggs of any bird whatsoever, except crows, hawks, blackbirds and English sparrows.

There are some men who have permission to make collections, etc. They are called ornithologists, and have a Government permit to do so.

Many fellows delight in killing birds. They little realize that every time they kill a beneficial bird they probably lose for the farmer many dollars. Of course, some of you think that that doesn't hurt you, but it does. The more the farmer loses the higher will be the price of butter and vegetables, and so you see that you also lose by the killing of the birds. If you must kill birds select your prey from the list of undesirables. The English sparrow should certainly be killed. The other birds in the list all are very harmful, and should be destroyed. Many ornithologists claim that the hawks do more good than harm. Their argument is that the hawks kill many field mice that do at least hundreds of dollars' worth of damage each year. In return the hawks kill two or three old hens and few chickens, which, if sold, would not nearly pay for the damage done by the field mice killed by the hawk. An ordinary hawk eats fourteen field mice a day, and if one field mouse does one cent's worth of damage a year (they do far more) the hawk saves for the farmer fourteen cents a day. He certainly deserves to live. Now is your chance, country chum; champion the cause of Mr. Hawk.

Champion the Cause of the Cat.

There are many people in the city who put out poison for cats, despite the fact that it is against the laws of the land. They claim that the cats steal their chickens. I do not deny that some cats steal chickens. It is their nature to do so. They also kill rats and mice and other pests. Does not that out-balance the cost of a few paltry chickens. I keep chickens, and I am very fond of cats. I keep my little chickens shut up so as the cats cannot get at them. I never lose any chickens. It is the duty of people to keep their little chicks penned up so that the cats cannot get at them, and so that they cannot eat other people's flowers. Is it not fair that the cats eat the little chicks if the little chicks eat the flowers that the owner of the cat has been spending money, and labor on. There is two sides to the "Kill the Cat" question, and if carefully looked into it will be found that the cat is far more beneficial than harmful. Champion the cause of the cat, city chums.

Before closing this little chat there is one more thing that I wish to say. I often notice great big boys being hauled in a cart pulled by a little measly dog that looks half starved and exhausted. Don't you fellows feel like punching the "joy rider." If you weigh about seventy-five pounds, and have a great, big, husky dog, then it is all right to hitch him up. I know that in some countries dogs are used as beasts of burden. These dogs are huskier than an average dog and have been brought right up to the work, as their ancestors were brought up to it.

Poultry Raising.

Before going on with our chat, I want to tell you to get a book and keep track of every cent you spend on your chickens, also every cent they bring into your pocket. If the hen that has the chickens lay, keep track of the eggs until she lays a dozen and then enter it in your book at the price you would have to pay for the eggs if you bought them at the store. If you kill one of your young roosters, enter the price that you would have to pay for him if you bought him at the market. At the end of each month balance your book and see how things are standing. At the end of the year, if you are careful, you will find that poultry raising is a profitable occupation.

Caring for the Young Chicks.

The first thing to do is to get a suitable place for the hen and her brood. A large-sized box, with the front open, makes a splendid house. A run, with as much room as you can afford, should be built with a top over it to keep the cats out. The wire that makes the run should be made of one-inch mesh wire. It should have a door in the top, so that the water and food can be put in.

The first feed should be bread soaked, until quite soft, in milk. Then give them water in a shallow saucer. The next day the chickens should be given soft feed in the morning and chick feed at night (this can be bought at any feed store). Be careful to give the chicks lots of water and green stuff, such as weeds and grass. Lettuce leaves are good for them. Some people think that pepper is good for the chicks, but it is not, as it is very harmful to their kidneys. Care should be taken to keep the chicks from the afternoon sun. It is a bad policy to handle the chicks, because they are very easily squeezed to death. The coop where they sleep should be kept very dry. Sweepings from a hayloft should be placed in the box and changed at least once a week.

Next week there will be more about poultry.

BOY SCOUT NOTES.

The Scoutmasters' banquet was a decided success. It was held last Tuesday and was attended by nearly every Scoutmaster in London. The following were the toasts for the evening: "To the King"; "To the Allies," proposed by E. Raymond, responded to by Mr. Crystal; "Chief Scout," proposed by G. Metcalfe, responded to by Mr. Bond; "To the Brother Scouts at the Front," proposed by E. Johnston, responded to by H. Snell; "To the Executive," proposed by A. Robbins, responded to by Mr. Cree. Mr. Cree acted as toastmaster.

Scoutmaster Robbins read a report on the camp at Toronto, and Dr. Reason gave a very interesting talk.

At the close of the banquet the election of officers took place. The following were elected: President, Scoutmaster Cree; vice-president, George Metcalfe; secretary-treasurer, A. Robbins; recording secretary, Mr. Bond.

The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

A new feature to the Scouts in London is the addition to its officers of a recording-secretary. He will keep a filed account of every boy in the Scouts of London. A card system is being adopted, and Scoutmasters will receive cards that they are to fill out with the name of their sworn-in Scouts and send to Mr. Bond. The object of this is that a detailed account of the career of each Scout is kept at headquarters. This will prevent the boys from shifting from one troop to another without an honorable discharge certificate. Of course, in the Scouts, as in every other organization, there are some misfits. These misfits, although few in number, have been causing a little worry to Scoutmasters by threatening to go to another troop if all that goes on does not suit their taste. The new system prevents this, as a Scoutmaster cannot accept a boy without looking up his record by means of the recording system. No Scoutmaster is permitted to accept a boy from another troop without a written and signed transfer from the Scoutmaster of the troop that the boy was in before.

Troop Eleven have announced that they are going to have a church parade on Sunday, May 30. Mr. Appleyard, rector of St. Matthew's, has promised to preach a special sermon to the boys and reserve the front seats for them for the morning service. Scoutmaster V. Perry and his staff promise to show the East Londoners one of the finest-equipped troops in the city on that date. A route march is planned to take place before and after the service.

The boys of a certain troop in London have started the custom of wearing their uniforms to Sunday school. The custom is a good one, and is now recognized by the local Scout Council. The other troops are following the example set and Londoners will soon become accustomed to seeing uniformed boys on Sunday.

The Scout can always be recognized by his maple leaf tenderfoot badge. He wears it over his right pocket. All boys who do not wear this badge are termed "Monkey Scouts"; these are boys that buy the Scout uniform but are not Scouts.

Warrants have been issued to the following Scout officials: Vincent Perry, Scoutmaster; Alvie Steeles, assistant; Mr. Orr, assistant; Ivan Craig, assistant. The warrants are signed by the Governor-General of Canada. The officers honored are all of Troop Eleven.

B district of the London Scouts is preparing for a big parade and celebration on the King's birthday, June 5. This district is under the supervision of Assistant District Scoutmaster Cree, and includes the following troops—7, 18, 21, 22.

I have not heard from any of my chums this week, but hope they will do better next week. If you fellows get interested in this column we will soon have some prizes to offer.

Troop Twenty-Two was organized by District Scoutmaster Copeland, Assistant District Scoutmaster Cree and Scoutmaster Perry, at Hensall Park, Baptist Mission.

The troop is under command of Acting Scoutmaster Jameson. Mr. Jameson has a fine body of "live-wire" boys and expects to increase the number of Scouts in a very short time.

Troop 22 is in B district.

A troop is soon to be organized at Lorne Avenue Baptist Mission.

SCOUTMASTER.

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New Health-Giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs a tonic. To be healthy you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What you need in spring is a tonic medicine to put you right, and in all the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out the seeds of disease and makes easily-tired men, women and children bright, active and strong. Miss Edith Brousseau, Savona, B. C., says: "I was as pale as a ghost, suffered from headaches, severe palpitation of the heart at the slightest exertion. I had little or no appetite and seemed to be drifting into a decline. I was attending high school in Vancouver at the time, and the doctor advised me to stop. I did so and took his treatment for some time, but it did not help me in the least. Upon the advice of a friend I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and in a very short time they gave me back complete health, and enabled me to resume my studies. I have enjoyed the best of health since, and owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These pills are sold by all medicine dealers or can be had by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

The Overland

TRADE MARK

The Ideal Car For Your Whole Family

ANYONE can drive an Overland.

The electric control buttons on the steering column (of Model 80) start, stop and light it. *Nothing* could be simpler. *No* other arrangement could be as convenient.

The *long* wheel base, *large* tires and *underslung* rear springs insure complete comfort on the road at all times.

The high tension magneto means *dependability* under all conditions.

The Overland is, in every sense, an all-around family car. It was designed to make driving and riding comfortable, and easy for mother, daughter, father or son.

In *no other car* can you get so many comforts and conveniences—unless you pay a much higher price *which is absolutely unnecessary.*

Our dealer has a new one waiting for you.

Order it today.

Model 80 — 5 Passenger Touring Car — **$1425**

Model 81, Roadster	$1065
Model 80, Roadster	$1390
Six—Model 82, 7 Pass. Touring Car	$1975
Model 80, 4 Pass. Coupe	$2150

All prices f. o. b. Hamilton

Model 81 — 5 Passenger Touring Car — **$1135**

J. C. BEEMER

131-133 QUEEN'S AVENUE. PHONE 3379.

BY INVITATION MEMBER OF SOCIETY OF MOTOR MANUFACTURERS NEW YORK U.S.A.

The Willys-Overland of Canada, Limited, Hamilton, Ont.

CHICAGO'S LABOR TROUBLES WORSE

Another Strike Called By the Ironworkers—All Quiet In Boston.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, May 1.—Chicago's labor troubles were further aggravated today as a result of a strike, called last night, of 1,200 union bridge and structural ironworkers. They had demanded a wage increase of two cents per hour for the first year of a proposed agreement, 2½ cents for the second, and another increase of 2½ cents the third year.

Work on a score of office buildings and other structures was suspended as a result of the strike.

Representatives of the 16,000 striking carpenters continued their negotiations with the contractors for a settlement of their wage dispute.

QUIET IN BOSTON.

[Canadian Press.]

Boston, May 1.—The 1st of May, when labor unions customarily "take stock," finds peaceful conditions in this city this year. No strike or lockout of large proportions is in force in or near Boston, and no serious labor trouble is threatened. The most important difference in process of adjustment is that between employees and management of the street railway company.

The carpenters have demanded a five-day week, with higher wages, and the result of their referendum vote on the question of a strike will be made known next week.

WALKS AND TALKS.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—Members of 50 labor unions had promised to take part today in a series of parades and demonstrations here and in New Jersey as a protest against the war and to demand equal rights for Jews in Europe at the end of the conflict. Thousands of girl workers in the garment industry, wearing white uniforms with red sashes, participated in a parade to terminate in Union Square, where speeches demanding equal rights for Jews were to be delivered in a dozen languages.

Another parade, to include Socialists, German singing societies and Bohemian, Jewish, Polish and Slavonic organizations, was to start on the East Side and also terminate with speeches in Union Square.

BRICKLAYERS' STRIKE.

[Canadian Press.]

Pittsburg, May 1.—For the first time since 1892 union bricklayers today laid down their tools to enforce a demand for increased wages. They have been receiving 70 cents an hour, and struck for an 8-hour day at $6. About 1,200 men are affected. Efforts to reach an agreement with the Master Builders' Association are being made.

SCOTT PROPOSALS INDORSED.

Saskatoon, Sask., May 1.—At a meeting of the executive of the Liberal Association of Humboldt federal constituency, a resolution was passed indorsing the temperance proposals of the Scott Government and condemning the stand taken by Dr. Neely, M. P. for Humboldt.

AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. LAIDLAW, AUCTIONEER, valuator. Specialty, farm stock sales. Wilton Grove P. O.

WEST HARD HIT BY CASUALTY LIST

Many Killed and Wounded Officers Well Known In Winnipeg.

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, May 1.—The west was severely hit by last night's casualty list, coming when it was thought the worst was known, from the Ypres engagement.

Lieut. A. G. Coldwell, son of Hon. G. R. Coldwell, minister of education, is among the killed. He was a native of Brandon. He was educated at Trinity College, Port Hope, and was employed in Brandon three years. He went to the front with the 12th Brandon Horse, 10th Battalion.

Lieut. John E. Reynolds, killed, was a popular young barrister here. He had just completed his final year as a law student, but left before he could be admitted to the bar. His father is Capt. Reynolds, now in France on the British general staff.

Captain H. A. C. Wallace, killed, served in the South African war, and came to Manitoba five years ago. He was about 35 years of age, and leaves a family here.

Lieut. R. Hoskins, killed, 16th Regiment, was a Winnipeg lawyer. He was born in England 28 years ago, and had lived here ten years. He was unmarried.

Both sons of Mrs. J. W. De O'Grady, widow of the late commander of the 90th Winnipeg Rifles, are now reported wounded, and the second, Lieut. William A., reported last night, is also missing. Both the young officers enlisted with the 90th.

Lieut. Wallace A. MacKenzie, missing, was an insurance man here, a native of Glengarry County, Ont. He was chief signalling officer in the 90th Rifles.

Lieut. John Kidd Bell, missing, formerly held a commission in the territorials in England, and joined the 90th Rifles here when the war began. He was partner in a law firm here. His mother lives in Scotland.

Capt. George Northwood, missing, was a Winnipeg architect. He was born in Ottawa and had been a resident of Winnipeg for ten years. He was connected with the 90th Rifles before the war and offered himself for active service immediately.

Lieut. G. F. Andrews, missing, is 22 years old, and a son of Major George W. Andrews, who went to England as paymaster of the 90th Regiment in the first contingent. Lieut. Andrews joined the 90th as a private and secured a commission in 1912.

Lieut. C. Fryer, 10th Battalion, is unknown here, and was apparently taken on at the last minute.

Capt. J. H. Pott, of Medicine Hat, 10th Battalion, is reported wounded.

Lieut. J. M. Currie, Regina, wounded, was a farmer in the Moosomin district.

Capt. Locke, of Nelson, missing, was a rancher.

Lieut. H. E. Lloyd Owens was a Port Arthur man.

Word has been received here that Major H. M. Dyer, Minnedosa, wounded, is improving in a hospital near Ypres.

LAST DAY TO GET $10 IN PIN MONEY

Great Excitement Prevails Among Candidates in Advertiser Contest Today.

Not since the opening of the Panama-Pacific contest has such excitement prevailed among candidates and their friends as during the past few days. The offer of a pin-money prize for each district in the shape of a ten-dollar piece to the candidate showing the greatest increase of votes in the standing announced on Monday, May 3, over the report published on April 24, has lent added zest to the race. The knowledge that today the last opportunity is offered for turning in ballots and coupons to be included in the pin-money count has made The Advertiser office as popular as a reliable store during a bargain sale. Contestants and their supporters have been good enough to give heed to admonitions and have been leaving votes daily, in order to relieve congestion late Saturday afternoon. At the same time, interest has naturally run higher this morning than on any other day of the pin-money week. Telephone messages buzz in: "How late can I bring in a bundle of ballots," or "How late can I turn in a subscription for Miss or Mrs. So-and-So?" Supporters, indeed, are showing as much enthusiasm as the candidates themselves. People who do not know a single contestant personally are heard to say: "I don't know that girl myself, but I know people who do. I want to take The Advertiser, anyway, so I may as well help her out a bit."

Try to Help, Anyway.

A frequently expressed idea is this: "I haven't met her, but I like what I have heard of her. I'm going to try to help her win the trip."

Chickens are coming home to roost in a most pleasant fashion, and human nature is proving itself sound and sweet, whatever pessimists say to the contrary. All kinds of little acts of courtesy and kindness performed, perhaps unconsciously, by the candidates in the past, and no doubt very much forgotten by themselves, are being recalled by onlookers and made a good reason for lending assistance. Good deeds are finding the candidates out in a manner of which they never dreamed when their names first appeared in the nomination list.

Apart from the prospects of winning a magnificent trip, or even a lesser prize, ten dollars in gold, the above is one of the happy features of the contest that has developed.

Unless snowed under with ballots and coupons by tonight, the adding machine will make a report of the standing of contestants on Monday afternoon, when the names of winners of the pin-money prizes will be announced.

French Madman Lassoed in Cellar

Asphyxiating Gas Fails To Subdue Homicidal Maniac.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 1.—Asphyxiating gas, which has been used with considerable success along the battle line, failed to assist the authorities materially in their efforts to capture Jean Boutet, an insane workman who attempted to kill his wife, and then barricaded himself in the cellar of his home at St. Ouen, a town on the outskirts of Paris. A lasso and the adoption of "wild west" methods proved more effective, however.

Efforts of the police to drive Boutet out of the cellar were futile, and an appeal was made to Paris. Firemen were sent from that city with the directory of the city laboratory and a supply of the gas, which was pumped into the cellar. One fireman equipped with a smoke helmet entered and tried to seize the madman, but soon crawled out half-suffocated, and without his helmet, which Boutet had pulled off. After a somewhat protracted siege the workman was lassoed and carried off to an asylum.

TUG TAKES SHELTER BECAUSE OF STORM

[Special to The Advertiser.]

KINCARDINE, April 30.—The steam tug Crawford, from Port Burwell for Little Current, had to take shelter in this Port, owing to the very heavy sea last night and the lowering barometer. The storm signal being up she did not leave today.

BUDDHISTS WANT TO CONVERT CHINA

Insist That Japan's Demands For Doctrine of Propagation Be Granted.

Tokio, May 1.—At a meeting of the Progress members of the Buddhist sects today, a resolution was passed insisting that Japan's demands on China be complied with, especially that demand giving the Japanese the right to propagate religious doctrines in China. The privilege of religious propaganda in China, which, the resolution said, was being monopolized by Christians, was a gross insult to the Japanese, and a better understanding between the Chinese and Japanese could be realized by promoting spiritual relationship through Buddhism.

The newspapers continue to warn China of the necessity of compliance with Japan's new demands. The Times declares that, if necessary, they will be reluctantly enforced at the point of the bayonet.

DORCHESTER LIVE STOCK.

DORCHESTER, April 30.—The following shipments of live stock were made this week from Dorchester: A carload of hogs by Messrs. Boyes & Turpin, Ingersoll, and a carload of cattle each by Messrs. McFarlane, Clifford & McIntyre, to Wyoming, Komoka and Toronto.

SOME REDUCTION IN ACTIVITY OF MARKET

But Public Interest Still Keen, Especially In "War Contract" Companies.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—Weekly Market Summary: Some reduction of activity was observed in this week's operations in the stock market, but the volume of business at every session was large enough to warrant the belief that public interest remains keen. More than a fair proportion of the trading was in shares of the "war contract" companies, notably Westinghouse Air and minor equipment and industrial companies, which recorded gains of five to almost twenty points.

Standard stocks of the sort that make their appeal to conservative investors were relatively dull, and recorded declines of two to five points from best prices of a fortnight ago. United States Steel led the more prominent industrials, rising to within a fraction of its high figure of the year, despite a rather adverse showing for the first quarter. Coppers kept up with the successive advances in the selling price of the metal, but yielded later, largely as a result of the break in quotations abroad.

Europe was a constant seller here, but not to a very considerable extent. The success of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas note extension plan, with prospects of a similar outcome in connection with the affairs of the Missouri Pacific road, contributed to a better tone among the low-priced railways.

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., President. W. D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Trust Funds Should Be Deposited

in a Savings Account in The Dominion Bank. Such funds are safely protected, and earn interest at highest current rates.

When payments are made, particulars of each transaction may be noted on the check issued, which in turn becomes a receipt or voucher when cancelled by the bank.

LONDON BRANCH .... Richmond and Dundas Sts.
EAST END BRANCH .... Dundas and Rectory Sts.
E. C. BOWKER, Manager.

INSURANCE

FIRE, Accident, Liability, Plate Glass, AUTOMOBILE, Boilers, Marine, WIND STORM, Merchandise Floaters, Motor Boats, Live Stock, Guarantee Bonds, Contractors' Bonds, Burglar, Use and Occupancy Rents.

Phones 1552, 1216, 1449. **D. CAMPBELL & SONS**

Bank of Toronto Building. Established 1886. xt

J. P. Morgan said:

"A man might earn fifty dollars a day, yet if he spent fifty dollars daily, he would be practically a poor man. How much you are worth means, Not what you earn, but what you save."

No man's earning capacity is so small that he cannot save a little every week. This amount placed in our savings department will earn you 3½% compound interest and will quickly grow into a respectable sum. Start it with a dollar this week.

The Ontario Loan & Debenture Co.

A. M. SMART, Manager 23

Cor. Dundas Street and Market Lane, London, Canada

Are You Looking Through the Wardrobe *Now?*



You housewives that are looking over the last summer clothes of yourself, hubby and the children will find some garments soiled or faded. No matter what it may be see us about renewing in life, color, cleanliness and appearance for the summer wear. The saving will please both you and husband. Just bear in mind that we are cleaners and renovators, and can make your old clothes look like new at a very small cost.

Jackson The Cleaner

253 DUNDAS ST, LONDON, ONT. PHONES 4680, 4681

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INCREASED DUTIES ON LIQUORS PROTESTED

Distillers, Brewers and Dealers Wire Objections To Lloyd George.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—A flood of protests have come from all parts of the country against the proposals of David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, to increase the duty on alcoholic drinks. Distillers, brewers, saloon and hotel keepers have held meetings of protest, and in many places have decided upon an immediate increase in prices. Ireland, particularly, is disturbed, it being the belief there that if the proposals were adopted they would spell ruin to brewers, licensed traders and farmers who have sown barley in large quantities this year.

LAST WELFARE DANCE

McClary Manufacturing Company Held It Last Evening—Well Attended.

The last Welfare dance of the season of the McClary Manufacturing Company, held on Friday night at the factory on Wellington street, was a largely attended and most enjoyable entertainment. The spacious dining-room was used as a ballroom, and gaily decorated with flags and bunting presented a very patriotic and inviting appearance. Palms and flags adorned the stage, where the Tony Vita Orchestra was stationed, discoursing inspiriting music throughout the evening. Ice cream and other light refreshments were served from an attractive booth.

The proceeds of the Welfare dances and similar entertainments are devoted to the employees' welfare work, which includes the services of a Welfare nurse, medical attendance, a co-operative dining-room, literature and noon-hour concerts, and many other advantages for those who are associated with the firm, either in the factory or foundry.

BRING YOUR FRIENDS AND RELATIVES TO CANADA.

One feature of ocean travel to which special attention is given by the Canadian Pacific Railway Steamship Company is the bringing of passengers from the Old Country. By the system now in use the risk to the prepayer is entirely eliminated, the company assuming all responsibility for the forwarding of the ticket and safe arrival of the passenger. The service is, furthermore, guaranteed, and if for any reason the passenger cannot or will not come, after the ticket has been forwarded, the passage money is refunded. Pay the money and give us the passenger's address in the Old Country, and we do the rest. Get further particulars from city ticket office, 101 Dundas street, corner Richmond. 32c

BUY OUR VARIETIES



REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

TURNIPS for FALL FEEDING

For satisfactory crops we confidently recommend the following selection of Turnip Seeds. Steele, Briggs test the growth and vitality of all seeds sent out, which are all selected varieties from the best growers.

Steele, Briggs' "Durham"
Steele, Briggs' "Select Purple Top"
Steele, Briggs' "Select Jumbo"
Steele, Briggs' "Unrivalled Canadian Gem"
Steele, Briggs' "Select Kangaroo"
Steele, Briggs' "Select Good Luck"

They produce bountiful crops of sound large roots. Sold only in sealed packages. Refuse substitutes—on others "just as good."

26A YOUR LOCAL DEALER CAN SUPPLY YOU

STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO. LIMITED
HAMILTON - TORONTO - WINNIPEG

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THE LOCAL MARKET

The Saturday market was a very ordinary one, with practically no changes in price. Marketers were not in attendance in as large numbers as they generally are on Saturday. Oats weakened slightly, selling at a reduction of a cent. Hay brought $14 per ton. Wheat is steady at $1.37 per cwt.

Apples, which have been in good demand for a week, were on the squire in fairly large quantities. Most of the sales are made by the barrel, and the average price paid is from $2 to $2.25.

Potatoes have been slow sellers all week. They sell at 45 cents a bag wholesale and 50 cents a bag retail.

Butter and eggs are firm and active sellers. Eggs have sold at an unchanged price of 22 cents a dozen, retail, for several weeks, although the wholesale market strengthened slightly.

Poultry prices were firm, with no changes.

Dressed hogs sell at $11.50 with an occasional lot at $12 per cwt. Live hogs were shipped recently for $8.25 per cwt. The price will advance slightly, dealers believe. Hides and wool are steady.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Wheat, per cwt	$2 25	to	$2 25
Oats, per cwt	1 83	to	1 86
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Wheat, per bu.	1 37	to	1 37
Oats, per bu.	60	to	62
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, load, bag	45	to	45
Potatoes, per bag	50	to	50
Beets, per bu	40	to	40
Cabbages, each	5	to	5
Radishes, per bunch	5	to	5
Turnips, per bu	25	to	30
Carrots, per bu	40	to	40
Celery, each	5	to	10
Parsnips, per bu	50	to	50
Onions, per bunch	2½	to	2½
Lettuce, per bunch	5	to	5
Rhubarb, per doz	35	to	40
Fruit.			
Apples, per bag	75	to	1 00
Apples, per bbl	2 00	to	3 00
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	14 00	to	14 00
Straw, per load	5 50	to	6 00
Straw, per ton	8 50	to	8 50
Dairy products, Wholesale.			
Butter, dairy, lb	33	to	34
Butter, crocks, lb	29	to	30
Butter, rolls, lb	30	to	31
Butter, store lots, lb	27	to	28
Eggs, basket, doz	20	to	20
Eggs, crate lots, doz.	19½	to	20
Dairy Products, Retail.			
Butter, rolls, lb	31	to	32
Butter, fancy, lb	35	to	35
Butter, crocks, lb	30	to	31
Eggs, per doz	22	to	22
Eggs, per basket, doz.	20	to	21
Honey, strained, 10 lbs	1 40	to	1 50
Poultry, Alive, Wholesale.			
Old fowl, lb	8	to	9
Young chickens, lb	15	to	16
Ducks, per lb	10	to	10
Geese, per lb	9	to	9
Turkeys, per lb	15	to	15
Poultry, Dressed, Wholesale.			
Old fowl, lb	9	to	10
Young chickens, lb	10	to	11
Ducks, per lb	11	to	12
Geese, per lb	13	to	13
Turkeys, per lb	20	to	22
Poultry, Dressed, Retail.			
Spring chickens, pair	1 00	to	1 50
Ducks, per pair	1 25	to	2 00
Chickens, per lb	17	to	19
Geese, per lb	14	to	15
Turkeys, per lb	22	to	25
Live Stock.			
Hogs, per cwt.	8 25	to	8 25
Small pigs, pair	6 00	to	10 00
Export cattle, cwt	8 00	to	8 50
Milch cows, each	75 00	to	90 00
Butchers' Meats.			
Dressed Hogs, cwt	11 50	to	12 00
Veal, per cwt	13 00	to	13 50
Beef, per cwt	9 00	to	11 00
Mutton, per cwt	8 00	to	10 00
Yearling lamb, lb	15	to	16
Hides and Skins.			
Cow hides, No. 1	14	to	14
Cow hides, No. 2	13	to	13
Cow hides, No. 3	11	to	11
Calfskins, per lb	15	to	16
Sheepskins, each	1 00	to	1 75
Wool, unwashed, lb	23	to	25
Tallow, rendered	6	to	6
Tallow, rough	3	to	3

GRAIN.

Winnipeg, April 30.—Wheat futures all opened easier this morning, being ⅛c to ⅞c down. Oats were ⅛c lower, while flax was ⅛c to ⅜c higher; trading was light and showing little interest in May. It was some time after opening before anything was done in that month. The market, following the opening, advanced ¼c to ¾c, easing later again on the bright crop prospects. It was claimed some export business was transacted over night, but nothing was being done today.

The cash demand was indifferent, there was a little inquiry for Nos. 2, 3 and 4 wheat and a few cars of these grades were changing hands. Oats were slow, the demand being only for Nos. 1 and 2 feed, and only for limited amounts.

Total inspections on Thursday was 228 cars, as against 164 cars last year, and in sight today were 165.

Wheat futures closed ⅝c to 1c lower; cash wheat, ⅞c lower for contract grades; oats, ⅝c to ⅞c lower and flax ¼c higher.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1.62⅛c; No. 2 northern, $1.60; No. 3 northern, $1.57¾; No. 4 northern, $1.52¼; No. 5, $1.47¼; No. 6, $1.43¼.

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 62⅞c; No. 3 Canadian western, 59¾c; extra No. 1 feed, 59¾c; No. 1 feed, 58¾c; No. 2 feed, 57½c.

Flax—No. 1 N. W. C., $1.77½; No. 2 Canadian western, $1.75½.

Liverpool, May 1.—Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 2 Manitoba, 14s; No. 3, 13s 9½d; No. 2 hard winter, 13s 8½d; No. 2 red western winter, 13s 9d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 8s 6½d; do. old, 8s ½d; La Plata mixed, 8s 1½d.

Chicago, May 1.—Buying ascribed to exporters rallied wheat today after heaviness at the start. The early decline resulted from lower quotations at Liverpool and from scattered showers in the domestic winter crop belt. Deliveries on May contracts were not of a magnitude that seemed likely to prove burdensome. Opening prices, which varied from the same as last night to 1c down, were followed by a decided general advance above last night's level.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, May 1.—Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 60s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 65; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, 67s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 61s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, 65s 6d; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 65s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, 57s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, 51s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, new 51s 6d; do, old, 52s 9d; American refined, in pails, 53s 6d; do, 56-lb boxes, 52s.

WHEAT OPTIONS.

[Quotations by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Winnipeg, May 1.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 63¼; July, $1 63½; October, $1 25½.

Minneapolis, May 1.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 59; July, $1 54⅜.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

[Canadian Press.]

Liverpool, May 1.—Following are the stocks of breadstuffs and provisions in Liverpool:

Wheat, 1,141,000 centals; corn, 988,000 centals; bacon, 29,600 centals; hams, 9,800 centals; shoulders, 4,900 centals; butter, 3,000 cwts.; cheese, 11,400 boxes; lard, 9,800 tierces of prime western steam and 2,820 tons of other kinds.

FLOUR.

Liverpool, May 1.—Flour—Winter patents, 50s.

HOPS.

Liverpool, May 1.—Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £3 10s to £4 15s.

DAIRY.

Liverpool, May 1.—Cheese—Canadian finest white and colored, new, nominal.

OILS AND METALS.

Liverpool, May 1.—Tallow—Prime city, 35s 6d; Australian (in London), 37s 6d.

Turpentine Spirits—38s 3d.

Rosin—Common, 12s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined, 9s.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 32s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 1.—Cattle — Receipts, 200; market steady; beef steers, $6 15 to $8 75; western steers, $5 60 to $7 40; cows and heifers, $3 10 to $8 50; calves, $6 to $8 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market slow; light, $7 40 to $7 80; mixed, $7 40 to $7 80; heavy, $7 10 to $7 70; rough, $7 10 to $7 25; pigs, $5 25 to $7 10; bulk of sales, $7 50 to $7 70.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; native sheep, $7 40 to $8 40; lambs, native, $8 25 to $10 75.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

Liverpool, May 1.—The market at Birkenhead is again higher this week, good quality Irish steers and heifers now making 18½c to 19½c per lb, sinking the offal; chilled beef is also high, both North and South American making 14⅝c to 15¼c per lb for the sides.

East Buffalo, N.Y., May 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady to easy. Veals—Receipts, 225; active, $4 50 to $9 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,600; heavy, $7 90 to $8; mixed, $8 10 to $8 15; yorkers, $8 to $8 20; pigs, $7 75 to $7 90; roughs, $6 60 to $6 75; stags, $5 to $5 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 800; active; sheep steady; lambs, $6 to $10 10; yearlings, $5 50 to $8 50.

COTTON

Liverpool, April 30.—Cotton—Futures closed quiet and steady; May-June, 5.55½d; June-July, 5.65d; July-August, 5.72½d; October-November, 5.91½d; January-February, 5.98d; March-April, 6.04d.

Spot—In moderate demand; prices easier; American middling, fair, 6.58d; good middling, 6.02d; middling, 5.66d; low middling, 5.22d; good ordinary 4.82d; ordinary, 4.52d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 4,000 were for speculation and export, and included 5,900 American. Receipts were 2,000 bales, including 300 American.

New York, April 30.—Cotton—Futures closed steady; closing bids: May, 10.07c; July, 10.30c; October, 10.63c; December, 10.80c.

Spot—Closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.50c. Sales, none.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, May 1.

	Asked.	Bid.
Barcelona	10	9¼
Brazilian T., L. & P.	55½	54¾
B. C. Fishing	..	59
B. C. Packers	..	117
Burt pfd.	89	..
Canada Bread, com.	30	..
Canada Bread, pfd.	90	..
Canada Cement, com.	28¼	..
Canada Cement, pfd.	90½	..
Canada Steamships, com.	9	..
Canada Steamships, pfd.	59	..
Can Locomotive, com.	50	..
Can. Locomotive, pfd.	..	78
Canadian Pacific Railway	..	165¼
Canadian Salt	110	..
City Dairy, com.	98	..
City Dairy, pfd.	100	..
Consumers' Gas	183	181
Dominion Canners, com.	31	..
Dominion Canners, pfd.	85	..
Dom. Steel Corporation	30	29¼
Duluth-Superior	55	..
Mackay, com.	..	83
Mackay, pfd.	70	69
Maple Leaf, com.	59¼	58¼
Maple Leaf, pfd.	96	95
Monarch, pfd.	82	..
N. S. Steel	68	66
Pacific Burt, pfd.	80	..
Penmans, pfd.	82	..
Petroleum	1000	980
Porto Rico Railway	46	..
Porto Rico Railway, pfd.	100	..
Rogers, com.	95	..
Rogers, pfd.	99	..
Sawyer-Massey, pfd.	69	..
St. L. & C. Navigation	100	..
Shredded Wheat	..	92
Spanish River	5½	..
Steel of Canada, com.	15½	15
Steel of Canada, pfd.	69	..
Tooke Bros.	..	16⅛
Toronto Paper	35	..
Toronto Railway	112¼	111½
Tucketts, com.	29	..
Tucketts, pfd.	90	..
Twin City	100	99¾
Winnipeg Railway	180	..
Coniagas Mines	480	..
Crown Reserve	90	85
Hollinger Mines	..	2400
La Rose	50	47
Nipissing Mines	615	..
Trethewey Mines	15½	..
Bank of Commerce	203	..
Dominion Bank	227	..
Bank of Hamilton	201	..
Imperial Bank	210	..
Merchants' Bank	180	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	261	..
Ottawa Bank	..	207
Royal Bank	221¼	..
Standard Bank	..	218
Bank of Toronto	211	..
Union Bank	140	..
Canada Landed	162	..
Canada Permanent	188	..
Colonial Investment	78	..
Dominion Savings	..	81
Hamilton Provident	..	140
Landed Banking	..	145
London & Canadian	..	134
National Trust	223	..
Ontario Loan	173	..
Toronto General Trusts	210	..
Toronto Mortgage	..	138
Canada Bread bonds	93	..
Can. Locomotive, bonds	88	..
Electrical Dev., bonds	88	..
Penmans, bonds	..	89

WALL STREET.

New York, May 1—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Specialties were again taken up at the opening of today's market, to the neglect of the railway list and other seasoned issues. Westinghouse, which furnished the sensation of the previous day by reason of its activity and strength, rose a point at the outset, while Pressed Steel Car, Baltimore and Locomotive, and half a dozen more stocks of this class rose 1 to 3 points. Among the actual leaders, United States Steel was the only stock to rise as much as a point. Metal shares were mostly lower. Trading was very active, but mainly of a profesional character.

New York, May 1.—(Wall street)—Active speculation in war specialties and allied stocks was resumed today, trading in the two-hour session being devoted almost entirely to those issues, while better known investment shares were pushed in the background, where they drooped on moderate selling pressure. Westinghouse Electric was again the spectacular feature, although it failed to repeat its high quotation. Pressed Steel Car, Lackawanna Steel, Locomotive and Studebaker made heavy gains of 2 to 4 points, but these were largely lost towards the end. U. S. Steel rose and fell within fractional limits and coppers as a whole were inclined to sag. The general list made some recovery in the later dealings with a steady close. Bonds were irregular.

HOLIDAY ON 'CHANGE.

London May 1. —Holiday on the stock exchange today.

MONEY MARKET.

London, May 1.—Bar silver, 23 13-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¼ to 1½ per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills, 2⅝ per cent; three months' bills, 2⅞ to 2 15-16 per cent.

Gold premiums at Lisbon, 48.00.

New York, May 1.—Bar silver, 50½c per ounce.

EXPECT ARMORIES WILL BE PACKED AT CONCERT ON MONDAY

Hebrew War Relief Committee Has Secured Excellent Talent For Musical Treat.

The Hebrew war relief committee which is arranging the patriotic concert in the Armories on Monday, May 3, in behalf of the war sufferers in Russian Poland, are appealing to the citizens of this city to make this affair a moral and financial success. The committee is assured that the concert will be a spiritual success if the critics of the United States and Europe are to be relied upon. Leo Ornstein, the famous futurist composer and pianist, and Mdlle. Alice Verlett, the Belgian Tettrazina, and Harold Meek, baritone, of this city, who was connected with the Canadian Opera Company, have arranged a program which those attending will long remember.

These famous artists are playing in Toronto at the Massey Hall tonight, the same program as they will play here on Monday night. Over the long distance 'phone, a message was received by the local committee, saying that the house there has been entirely sold out, not a vacant seat being left. The artists are giving their entire services, gratis, to this worthy cause. The committee is aware of the fact that London citizens have been put to the task since the outbreak of war, and their generosity has been exceedingly worthy of the name the London citizens are noted for, but Hebrew society appeals in the name of the millions of Jewish sufferers in the war zone to make one more effort to help this fund, as these sufferers have been not only forgotten by the civilized world, but by their own Government as well. On the battlefield there are over 500,000 Jewish men fighting side by side with the Allies, and on reliable authority we state that these suffering people are in worse condition than the Belgians, for there are over 200 towns and 275 villages entirely destroyed by the war famine, and thousands and thousands of these people are without shelter, and are daily starving of hunger. Their existence depends entirely on the financial aid sent them through such undertakings. The cause is worthy of the support of every human being, and the armories should be filled to capacity. The committee assures the public of an evening's entertainment, which will be hard to exceed, from a musical standpoint.

CONFERENCES FAIL

Mine Labor Question Left in Hands of Premier Asquith.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1. — The conferences which have been going on in London between the mine owners and the mine laborers have ended in a deadlock. Representatives of the men today definitely rejected the offer made by the owners of a 10 per cent increase, and decided to leave the matter in the hands of Premier Asquith, who will appoint an arbitrator to settle the dispute.

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ZEPPELIN FLED FROM AEROPLANE

One Seen Over Lowestoft Did Not Wait To Fight.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—Various rumors were current in London last night of air raids on the east coast of England and in London. At an early hour this morning the only confirmation of a visitation by an airship had come from Lowestoft, where it was stated that a Zeppelin had been sighted. It was said that a British aircraft went in pursuit of the invader, and the Zeppelin was soon lost in the haze, going seaward. The pursuer returned to its station.

A dispatch to the Mail from Wells, on the coast of Norfolk, says that four Zeppelins were seen at 6:30 o'clock last night, eight miles off the coast, by the observer at the life station. They were moving southward. Warnings immediately were sent to towns within a considerable radius. No airships have been seen by any of the other coast stations in this vicinity.

NEW LODGE ORGANIZED

W. W. Buchanan Council, Royal Templars, Elect Officers.

The W. W. Buchanan Council, Royal Templars of Temperance, was organized last night at the East London Foresters' Hall, with nearly 100 members of the other lodges present. The new lodge is named after the late W. W. Buchanan, who died in Winnipeg last month, a prominent temperance worker.

Bro. B. H. Scott, of Toronto, was in charge of the organization, assisted by R. H. Waide, grand herald; E. Littlejohns and Sister Miss Laskey.

The officers elected to the new council were: Past councillor, Mrs. Annie Perkin; select councillor, Thomas Leah; vice-councillor, Mrs. A. J. Pike; warden, Hugh MacLaren; chaplain, Rev. J. H. Boyd; recording secretary, Miss Lizzie Carter; financial secretary, Samuel J. Wilson; herald, Henry Kew; auditors, H. H. Wallace, R. H. Waide; guards, Miss Leona Last, Miss Jane Vernon; sentinel, Samuel Cook; pianist, Miss Alberta Vick; reporter, Miss Reta Neill; trustees, Miss A. McKellar, Mrs. Phoebe Martin, Mrs. Carrie Piercey.

The lodge will meet twice monthly on every second and fourth Thursday.

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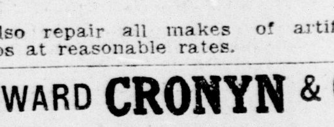
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CHARLES A. STONEHAM & CO. announce a new publication in their series of PROTECTIVE PUBLICITY, entitled "COPPER."

The new booklet contains a wealth of vital and valuable information on this subject. It comprises sixty pages, divided into five parts.

Part I. contains the history of Copper Metal, the part now being played by American Mines in the world's production and demand, together with a forecast of the future of the red metal.

Part II. is devoted to Copper Securities, the history of the share markets and the present relationship of securities prices to the new conditions in the metal.

Part III. contains Copper Statistics of incalculable value to the investor and speculator, showing production and consumption figures, price ranges, dividends, etc.

Part IV. represents an analysis of thirty-five Copper Companies, giving capitalization, funded debt, officers, dominant interests, property location and acreage, ore reserves, costs, annual output, and at the end of each Company statement the Company analysis is appended a table showing earnings per share with each variation of 1 cent per pound in the price of Copper Metal.

Part V. gives instructions for trading in Copper Securities, together with a brief description of [illegible] of CHARLES A. STONEHAM & COMPANY.

The booklet is handsomely and [illegible] printed in two colors, bound in Copper colored covers, and is a de luxe edition.

A copy of this booklet will be sent without any charge whatsoever. The edition is limited because of the great expense incurred in its preparation, and we suggest requests for copies be filed as early as possible.

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RUNAWAY JUNE

By George Randolph Chester and Lillian Chester

By special arrangement for this paper a photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "Runaway June" may now be seen at the Star Theatre. By arrangements made with the Mutual Film Corporation, it is not only possible to read "Runaway June" each week, but also afterward to see moving pictures illustrating our story.

(Copyright, 1915, by Serial Publication Corporation.)

EIGHTH EPISODE.
Her Husband's Enemies.
CHAPTER I.

The beautiful runaway bride opened her eyes in dazed bewilderment, to find herself gazing up into the dark, handsome face of the black Vandyked man! She was in his arms! She felt another clasp about her—the man with the white mustache. Gilbert Blye gently released his hold of her, and the white moustached man turned to carry her up the hill. Her eyes were closed again.

Gilbert Blye, freed of his beautiful burden, hurried up the embankment to where his luxurious limousine stood by the side of the broken rail. As he jumped into the driver's seat and put his foot on the clutch and his hand on the brake he glanced down at the scene of the accident. That taxi leaned against a sturdy tree, which had stopped it from a fatal tumble. Blye's chauffeur, the wide-featured Scatti, was bringing up the unconscious driver of the taxi. The vivacious brunette and the heavy man with the thick-lidded eyes were helping Mrs. Villard. That gentle-faced woman had insisted upon walking, but she came with a painful limp, and her face was drawn and white. Blye started the car forward with a jerk, turned it dexterously in the narrow road, and, jumping down, arranged the cushions with a swiftly certain hand.

When June again opened her eyes Blye was brushing back her soft brown hair from her pale forehead, but he was not holding her. She was in the luxurious limousine, with her head pillowed on the shoulder of the white moustached man, Orin Cunningham, and his arm was about her. She straightened as she became aware of that clasp, and Blye, his black eyes glowing down upon her, smiled reassuringly. The car started, and she turned to look at Mrs. Villard, who sat beside her with compressed lips. The injured taxi driver was up in front, supported by the heavy-lidded man. The runaway bride closed her eyes again, and sank back into the support which she so much detested.

Blye! How much he had been in her life since she had run away from Ned! And little did June know that Ned, through his detective, had obtained the number of the auto in which she had driven that day. The number was M607707.

Honoria Blye received a telephone message from Bill Wolf a few hours after the time of the auto accident.

"You husband hez gone to his club," he said huskily.

The wife drove hastily to the club entrance. She met Wolf, who pointed to the chauffeur Scatti, saying:

"There's your husband's driver."

Honoria saw Scatti standing beside her husband's limousine.

"I'd like to make you a little present," said Honoria in sugared accents, and, fumbling in her pocketbook, she produced a bill.

Scatti turned to her with alacrity, and every line in his broad, low face widened.

"Now, you'll tell me where Mr. Blye was this evening, won't you?" she wheedled.

The smile faded from Scatti's lines.

"Aren't you going to tell me?" And the voice rose another notch.

No answer.

"Give me back that money!" she screamed.

There were 87 lights to be counted before the perspective merged in a blur. Scatti calmly inspected them all in deep absorption, but during the entire time that one narrow slit of an eye had a dancing gleam in it.

Honoria scowled back at the imposing entrance to the club. The doors stood wide open. Inside the tessellated vestibule were stiffly uniformed attendants. Beyond was a marble columned hall, and at the end of that, through an arched opening, was a paneled screen.

Suddenly Honoria dashed up the steps which no woman had ever trod, and before anyone could stop her, had rounded the paneled screen, and stood in the grill-room, amid a wilderness of oaken tables, at nearly all of which sat men busy sending curling wreaths of incense toward the high gilded ceiling.

There were glasses before most of the men, and a dense and painful silence pervaded the place, although as Honoria had rushed through the hall she had heard the loud babble of animated conversation. The men in that club were turned to speechless clay at the sight of this fuming apparition.

"There you are!" she screamed, and as her gaze settled from its swift roving into a fixed direction, one man came to life, and rose—the black Vandyked Gilbert Blye. "There you are!" she screamed again, and she started to twist her way among the tables toward her long lost mate. "You will stay away from home, eh! You will run around with other women! You will——"

A door in the corner opened and closed, and Gilbert Blye was on the other side of it! A fat man laughed. Honoria Blye turned on them all, and began to tell them just what she thought of their club. A half dozen attendants regained consciousness, and crowded round her. One of them, indulging in soothing talk, accidentally laid his hand on her sleeve, and she left four deep lines on his face. For the first time in its dignified history that club resounded with the shrill echoes of a confirmed scold. The chuckling fat man achieved an inspiration. He came up, and said confidentially:

"Your husband is slipping out of the basement."

When Honoria reached the imposing entrance she was just in time to see Scatti slamming the door of the luxurious limousine, and as that brilliantly lighted car speed down the street with Gilbert Blye reclining comfortably amid the soft cushions, a peal of laughter filled the block.

Honoria sprang into her electric coup, and, turning on all the "juice," wheeled down the street in mad pursuit. But at last she gave up the chase, and went home.

A nurse with pink cheeks awakened June in the morning, and as the patient opened her eyes the two pretty girls smiled their appreciation of each other.

"How are you this morning?" asked the nurse, preparing to put a thermometer between June's red lips.

"Perfectly well, thank you," laughed June, tossing her waving brown hair back from her shoulders as she raised up. "How is Mrs. Villard?"

"A slight sprain," explained the nurse brightly. "She will be able to go home in time for dinner this evening. My, but you folks had a lucky accident! You must lie down until the doctor comes."

"I'm going to get up," announced June.

"Against orders. My dear, you must stay in bed until Dr. Remert says you may get up."

"Is he the one with the funny red sideburns?" and June looked down over the plain, coarse, white nightgown in which she had been put to bed. "Where are my clothes?"

"You're not ready for them," and the pretty nurse smiled in triumph. "Come in!"

This last was an answer to a knock on the door, but before it could open, June hopped back into bed with one spring. She and the pretty nurse were laughing at each other in the sheer light-heartedness of youth when the doctor with the funny red sideburns came in.

He was a jovial doctor, and a very nice doctor, indeed. He felt June's pulse, and looked at her tongue, and prodded her a few times, and examined her bones, talking to her the while as if she were a little girl about ten years old.

"Now, I am going to get up," proclaimed June as soon as the doctor had gone away," and she swung her pink feet out of bed again. "Where are my clothes?"

"I'll get them for you." And the pretty nurse turned cheerfully to go.

"Oh, no; wait a minute!" June's big eyes were sparkling. "Please let me try on one of your uniforms."

The pretty nurse dimpled as she admired her patient. June would look "fetching" in nurse's clothing. There could be no question of that, but she shook her head.

"I'm afraid it wouldn't be permitted."

"Just to try on," begged June. "Let's ask the head nurse."

It seemed a tremendously daring thing to do.

"I wouldn't risk it." And the pretty nurse puckered her brows. Suddenly her face cleared. It was as if the sun had popped out on a rainy day. "Yes, I can! Mrs. Wade is on duty this morning. For a minute I thought it was Miss Simmons."

Mrs. Wade was a smiling woman—smiling lips, smiling eyes, and it seemed as if her hair smiled—but she was dubious about the uniform.

"It would be a radical infraction of the rules," she declared, with an absurd attempt at severity, "but we'll ask Dr. Remert not to tell."

They all three laughed at that, and within a few minutes June was in a stiff white uniform, with a prim little cap on her head, and was walking sedately into Mrs. Villard's room. She paused on the threshold. Gilbert Blye was there! As he caught sight of her June saw the glow of admiration leap into his black eyes. She half-turned to go in her embarrassment, but Mrs. Villard stopped her.

"Come here, you pretty thing!" she called, and as June shyly came to the bedside Mrs. Villard laughed, and Blye joined her.

Dr. Remert came in and expressed his profound astonishment at how grown-up June looked in a uniform and tweaked the pink ear lobe which peeped from beneath the trim little cap. The head nurse and the nurse with the pink cheeks and the phenomenally thin nurse crowded in to admire June; then Dr. Rement scattered them, so that Mrs. Villard should have some rest before her next bandaging, and he took June with him for a round of the wards. He gave her a thermometer to carry, so that she should look useful as well as ornamental.

She came back from that round of the wards rather thoughtfully. She had seen so much pain and sorrow and suffering, wan children and wan mothers and wan men who should have been strong, and in the light of all their woes her own problem seemed foolish and insignificant.

In Mrs. Villard's room as June approached the door she heard voices, among them Orin Cunningham's. She turned away and went across the hall to the room where the injured chauffeur lay. He was in considerable pain, the pretty nurse said, but he lay there smiling, with great cheerfulness upon his roughly-molded countenance.

"I guess I'll be laid up for a week or ten days," he stated, with a grin.

"That's a long time to be confined in a narrow little room," sympathized June.

The head nurse brought her bit of sunshine into the room.

"How are you feeling?" she asked.

"Bully."

"Then you can probably stand a pleasant surprise," smiled Mrs. Wade. "You have a visitor."

"Oh!" The sunshine left the roughly-molded face, but the grin was back in a minute. "Say, tell her the doctor says I ain't to be talked to long. And can't one of you nurses stay here to make it strong?"

His grin was so confiding that the head nurse grinned back at him. She was a woman of much experience.

"Of course you must not be talked to very long," she agreed. "And you should have a nurse with you to take care of you." She looked at June a moment; then her eyes twinkled. "I think I'll leave this one."

"Much obliged." And the man turned his cheerful grin to June, who sat down primly at the head of the bed.

The man sank back when the head nurse left and looked as feeble as he could. His nurse was smoothing the pillows when the door opened, and there came in a large, heavy-jawed woman, with a long ostrich feather on her hat, half a dozen cheap rings on her fingers and two buttons hanging loosely on her coat, one by a single thread.

"Well, well, Joe!" she said in a heavy voice, and she stared at June. "Didn't I always tell you you'd get it?" She bent over and kissed her husband as a matter of propriety. "Hurt you much?"

"Something fierce!" huskily murmured Joe, and half-closed his eyes.

"Tough luck!" said the woman. "You wouldn't take out that accident insurance I wanted you to, and now I suppose I can starve."

"Oh, well, you ain't done it yet!" objected the man, his tone losing some of its feebleness. "I guess you can get along till I can get out of this. I give you every cent I ever make."

"I guess that's a lot!" And the woman sat down with a thump.

"Thirty dollars last week."

"And how much the week before?"

"Well, it was a rotten week." And the man turned his eyes toward June, who looked steadfastly out of the window. There being no help from that quarter, he proceeded in helping himself. "You got enough to run you for ten days. You know you have. Come on, Alice, be sociable."

"Oh, I can come on all right, and I can be sociable all right, but suppose you don't get out of here in ten days! Then what do I do? Starve, I guess! Say, how do you come to be in a private room?" She looked at June and sniffed. "And with a private nurse!"

"The good sport that picked us up put me here."

The woman surveyed the bare little room. There were no curtains at the windows, no upholstering, no softening graces of any kind on the white enamelled fittings, but it had an immense superiority, the cause of which she could not fathom. It was absolutely clean, and she paid an unconscious tribute to that phenomenon.

"Why, it's better than I got it at home!" she complained. The man turned his head over and back again, but he said nothing.

"Say," the woman went on, "the fellow that spent the money for this room and the private nurse would have done better to let you go in the public ward and give you the money for your wife!"

June, at the window, moved impatiently.

"Nurse," said the man, "can you get me my pants?"

June opened the door of the tiny white enamelled wardrobe in the corner and brought out the man's trousers, handing them down with the tips of her thumb and forefinger. The woman took them and deftly ran her hands into the pockets.

"Seven fifty-five," she reported and clicked the money into her purse. She hung the trousers in the wardrobe and shut the door. "That'll help a little. Did you get your pay for this drive?"

"Not yet, Alice." And his head rolled restlessly.

"Well, you tell me who it was, and I'll go after it!" She had turned from the wardrobe and was regarding a tray which stood on its folding stand by the wall. She lifted the napkin. "My God!" she exploded. "A hot-house peach! And you didn't eat it all at that! You know what I had for my breakfast? Coffee and sinkers and hash! And here you are living on the fat of the land!"

"Looky here, Alice!" The man had raised up in bed, and there was a twitch of pain at the corners of his lips as he stretched out an oil-blackened forefinger.

June whirled from the window with a snap of her big eyes. She still carried the thermometer which Dr. Rement had given her. Now she thrust it in the man's mouth, put a hand at the back of his neck and gently forced him down.

"The time is up," she crisply told the woman. Her voice was low and soft, and the visitor puzzled afterward as to how it could be so effective without shouting. June went to the door and opened it, aware that the eyes of Joe were fixed on her in undying gratitude.

The woman looked doubtfully at her husband, but the figure at the door was so inflexible that she succumbed to discipline.

"Well, so long, Joe," she said. "See if you can't get your money for that drive by the time I come again." She waved a wifely hand at him and stalked out. She turned to June in the hall. "If that fellow that's putting up for this room will give Joe the money instead we'll be a lot better off."

June was so shocked at the cold callousness of this speech that she could only dumbly nod her head, and she walked down to the nurses' little desk at the end of the hall, leaving the woman to find her way out alone. Joe, the chauffeur, lay, cheerfully grinning, with the thermometer in his mouth.

Again the everlasting problem—the man, the woman and the money! The runaway bride sat in the vacant chair at the little desk and pondered it all out. This person who nagged, who followed her husband even to the hospital to nag, and whose husband welcomed the hospital because it was a relief from nagging—this woman was the outcome of the custom by which the man, earning, possessed all, and the money he gave to his wife was as a gift. A selfish woman and one without delicacy, such as this nagger, made it her business to get all she could, and the pursuit had become a passion with her. She was like those beggars who continue to beg after they have become rich by it, begging from the force of habit and from the love of the art of making people give and from the sordid desire to possess. It was wrong, all wrong, somewhere! June shuddered as she remembered this wife going through her husband's pockets, and then she recalled her dream of herself standing before Ned as a piteous pauper, holding out her hand for alms. She had been right, she decided, as she had decided time and again. She had acted wisely in running away before she had committed herself to charity and before any barriers had been set between their love. She must earn her own way—

Mercy! June sprang from her chair and ran to the room of the chauffeur with a sudden violent wrench of her conscience. Joe lay there quite cheerfully with the thermometer still in his mouth, and he grinned as well as he could after twenty minutes of this exercise. When June removed the thermometer that side of his face remained twisted and puckered for some time, and it ached, but he was perfectly happy. He could be alone for 24 hours!

CHAPTER II.

There was a consultation in Mrs. Villard's room. Tommy Thomas sat at the head of Mrs. Villard's bed. T. J. Edwards, the heavy man with the thick-lidded eyes, sat on the other side in stolid silence. Cunningham leaned negligently on the foot of the bed. Before Mrs. Villard lay a picture of June clipped from a Brynport paper on the day of her marriage to Ned Warner. Tommy Thomas had just found it and had brought it with her. Cunningham picked up the picture and looked at it with twinkling eyes, smoothing his white mustache complacently. Gilbert Blye, sitting in the far corner on the window-sill, with his Vandyke in his long, lean white hand, suddenly rose and, walking over to Cunningham, took the picture from him and laid it on the bed.

The pretty nurse with the pink cheeks opened the door presently and heard these words in Blye's suave but forceful tones:

"The thing to do is to gain her confidence. There must be a complete change of method."

The voice stopped abruptly. Edwards, Cunningham, Tommy Thomas and Mrs. Villard were all listening intently. Mrs. Villard seemed troubled. Tommy Thomas, with devilry in her eyes, was laughing at Cunningham, who seemed uncomfortable. The round-headed Edwards sat slowly nodding as he looked at Blye. Mrs. Villard reached quietly forward and turned the piece of paper on the bed face downward. She seemed even sad.

"Beg pardon," said the pretty nurse, noting the sudden silence, and, slipping in, she put her hand under the sheet and felt of Mrs. Villard's ankle. The entire group was motionless, and there was a strained tension in the room until the nurse went out. She saw Mrs. Villard reaching forward for the piece of paper as she closed the door, and as she walked away she heard Blye's smooth, even voice again.

When June came into Mrs. Villard's room the conversation again stopped abruptly, but the group moved immediately.

"Oh, see the pretty nurse!" hailed Cunningham. And June glanced down in embarrassment.

In that movement of her downcast eyes Tommy Thomas and Mrs. Villard, Blye and Edwards, all glared at Cunningham. He flushed and walked nervously over to the window.

"Really the costume is quite becoming to you," he added in a tone he had never used to her before, one of extravagant respect.

"Indeed it is, dear," said Tommy Thomas. She slipped an arm around June's waist protectingly, and Mrs. Villard glanced up at her companion with moist eyes.

"Well, we'll see you later," said T. J. Edwards, with a clumsy attempt at heartiness, and, rising, he bowed to the ladies. "If there's anything I can do let me know." His small eyes roved to June, but there was no patronizingly fatherly glance in them, and no disposition to pat her on the shoulder.

June was puzzled. There seemed to be a distinct change in the attitude of all these people toward her. Yesterday they had pursued her with a mocking certainty in which there was an underlying insolence, but now they seemed to have lost that note of overfamiliarity, and she liked the change. Only Blye was the same. His black eyes glowed when they rested upon her, and he still wore his suave smile, though somehow he seemed more frank. June found herself suddenly liking this black Vandyked man As she turned to smooth Mrs. Villard's pillows the three men exchanged glances, and the suavely smiling Gilbert Blye stroked his black Vandyke. They turned their eyes as by one accord to the beautiful runaway bride.

Ned Warner at the very moment in which Blye and his crowd had changed their tactics toward June was, after interminable red tape, securing the address of the owner of car No. M607707, and, that secured, he hurried out to the beautiful home of Mrs. Villard up the Hudson. He came to it by the lower road, and as he approached the house he saw Marie in the sloping hillside garden. He stepped in the shelter of the wall to consider. A few days ago his first impulse would have been to rush up to Marie and seize her and compel her to tell what she knew, but Marie had proved herself to be a slippery customer. She had denied knowing Ned on his first meeting with her after the runaway; she had denied knowing earnest and eager and black Aunt Debby when that faithful servant of June's mother had happened upon Marie in the market, and only yesterday Marie had run away from the entire family, taking June's collie, Bouncer, with her. There was little to be gained from Marie. If Ned were able to force himself in and search the house, June would be hidden by someone or be helped to escape, as had happened yesterday at the Widow O'Keefe,'s and also at the Bond Securities Building and everywhere else. So there was but one thing to do—to conceal himself about the grounds until June herself should appear. He adopted that course, and the weary hours dragged on, noon, afternoon, evening.

With the dusk the luxurious limousine of Gilbert Blye left the hospital, and in its brilliantly-lighted comfort sat the precious June and Mrs. Villard, Tommy Thomas, Orin Cunningham and Gilbert Blye. Strange what a difference this day had made in June's feeling toward these people. They liked her. If their views of life were not her views she could keep her own. They seemed to have discovered that she meant to retain her ways of thinking and living, and it was so much nicer since they had apparently acknowledged this. Now her work as companion to Mrs. Villard would be much more pleasant. They were chatting in gay comradeship as they drew near the Villard home.

Ned Warner as the shades of night drew in ventured into the Villard garden and nearer the house. As he crept up toward the back porch the door opened, and June's collie came bounding out for an evening run. Bouncer had no sooner hit the open than he gave a loud yelp and came tearing straight in Ned's direction. He jumped mad circles around Ned, leaping upon him, barking his loudest welcome, ran halfway up to the house, ran back to bark his joy at Ned again and started to bring Marie!

He had no need to go all the way. Marie had come out on the rear porch to see what was the matter with Miss June's pet, and the lights from the house glistened on her high-cheek bones and her liberal supply of gums.

Ned had stepped back among the bushes with the hope of edging himself over to the wall before Marie could arrive. To his surprise, however, Marie, though she looked down in that direction, did not come. She called Bouncer, and together they went into the house. Ned took advantage of Marie's indifference and of Bouncer's confinement to slip closer and look in at the windows, front, side and rear. The lower floor was brightly illuminated, and the front porch light was lit, as if someone were expected. June! Some instinct told Ned that she was coming. He concealed himself behind the shrubbery near the porte-cochere and waited.

Suddenly he involuntarily tensed himself. Wheels were approaching. Then a brilliantly-lighted limousine sped into sight, and as it turned the curve Ned saw in it his beautiful runaway bride. Over her was bending the dark, handsome face of the black Vandyked Gilbert Blye, his eyes glowing and on his lips that despicable smile.

With an oath Ned stepped forward. At last his moment had arrived. Within another instant as Gilbert Blye helped June from the limousine Ned would have the scoundrel by the throat.

(To Be Continued.)

PORT STANLEY.

PORT STANLEY, April 30.—Several summer residents have already arrived, among them being Charles Bowman and sisers, of London, and Lew Dake, and family, of St. Thomas, on Fraser Heights; Mrs. Bryanton and Mr. Childs and family, at Erie Rest; Mrs. Muir and family, Mrs. Harrison and family, Mr. Richardson and family, and Mr. Keene and family, of London, the latter being Erie Rest residents last season; Mr. McDowell and family, of Conneaut Harbor; Mrs. Brock, of London, and Mrs. Hare, all on Willow Beach; also Chief Armstrong, of St. Thomas.

Fred Quinn made a business trip to Rondeau this week.

The following cottages are being wired for hydro: Hideaway, Happy Days and Rose Lawn.

Mr. Elliot, of St. Thomas, is already in his studio on William street.

Miss Wigmore, of St. Thomas, visited on Friday with Mrs. Harry Taylor.

Ed. Petit has moved from Hill Crest to the Stanfield house, on Railway street.

Mr. Whiteside has moved his family into Mrs. Baker's house on Carlo road.

The first dance of the season will be held at the Casino, under the auspices of the Elgin Humane Society, on May 18. Repairs to the extent of between $1,500 and $2,000 have been made to the building.

THORNDALE.

THORNDALE, April 30. — The Women's Institute will meet on Thursday afternoon, May 6, when the officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

Quarterly meeting service will be held in the Methodist Church on Sunday evening.

Mr. Jamieson is altering his house.

R. Kelly, of London, is the carpenter.

S. Powell, of Exeter, has been spending several days in the village.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE APPETITE OF YOUTH QHICKLY RESTORED

Appetite is useless unless digestion is good. Dr. Hamilton's Pills make tremendous appetite and keep digestion up to the mark as well. The liver, bowels and kidneys are stimulated, the stomach strengthened, and robust health quickly follows. Dr. Hamilton's Pills instil vigor and snap into the system, make folks feel youthful and happy. You'll forget you have a stomach, forge your days of sickness if Dr. Hamilton's Pills are used. Insist on having Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box, no other medicine so good.

"TIZ"—A JOY TO SORE, TIRED FEET

"TIZ" for Aching, Burning, Puffed-Up Feet and Corns or Callouses.

"How 'TIZ' does help sore feet."



Good-bye sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, smelling feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses, bunions and raw spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony. "TIZ" is magical, acts right off. "TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. Use "TIZ" and wear smaller shoes. Use "TIZ" and forget your foot misery. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel.

Get a 25-cent box of "TIZ" now at any druggist or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

H.P. SAUCE
continues to arrive from England.
There is no advance in price.



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"A REPUTATION IN EVERY PIECE"

GET OUR PRICES FOR
Tin, Lead, Zinc, Babbitt, Solder, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe
The Canada Metal Co., Limited
FACTORIES: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg.



Introducing a "Little Lady" who knows about the finer qualities of Cocoa & Chocolate
Watch for her!
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867



FREE $3000.00 worth of Magnificent English Dinnerware, in the Greatest Advertising Campaign Ever Inaugurated by any Canadian Manufacturer.

This is the famous Royal Patricia pattern English dinnerware, beautifully decorated with rich wreathes of roses and foliage in delightful Patricia garlands, the newest patterns, latest designs and guaranteed full size for family use. A dinner set of this magnificent chinaware will be a credit to your home. It is fit for the home of a Queen.

We want 500 ladies to earn magnificent complete 97 piece dinner sets without a cent of cost. We do not ask you to spend a cent of your money or buy anything. If you need a beautiful set of dishes in your home, a little sensible use of of your spare time will soon bring you one ABSOLUTELY FREE, from our most complete stock of this beautiful dinnerware. You can begin right now. It is easy.

We want to introduce at once to every housekeeper in the land, our newest invention—the famous COLD DOLLAR NON-ALCOHOLIC FLAVORING EXTRACTS, the greatest aid to good cooking ever invented, and the only real improvement on ordinary flavoring extracts ever put on the market.

Unlike ordinary extracts, Gold Dollar flavors are put up in clean, handy, sanitary, collapsable tubes, nothing to break, no cork to lose, cannot spill, require no spoon to measure, and they are so powerful and highly concentrated that four drops will equal a teaspoonful of ordinary extracts. In fact, we guarantee that one of our twenty-five cent tubes will equal five twenty-five cent bottles of ordinary flavoring.

FREE This Full Size 25 Cent Tube FREE to Prove What We Say.



We are determined to introduce this grand product to every housekeeper in the land, and we will spare no expense to accomplish this purpose. We want 500 ladies to help us, so instead of spending thousands of dollars on distributing samples, newspaper advertising, etc., we decided to get one or two ladies in each locality to do a little work for us introducing these famous flavors among their friends and neighbors, and if you will take up the work for us, and do what we ask of you, you can soon be the owner of as grand a dinner set as you could want.

Therefore, if you have a little spare time that you are willing to give us, to help introduce these wonderful flavors, we say to you

START TO EARN A MAGNIFICENT DINNER SET TO DAY.

Write us and we will send you, postage paid, only 12 tubes, finely assorted from the list of over 30 flavors which we make. Use one of these yourself, in your own home, at our expense. Then if you are delighted with it, and convinced that it is the greatest food flavoring ever produced, sell the remaining 11 among your friends at 25c. each and return us the money, only $2.75. Our 20 different flavors comprise—Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Pineapple, Strawberry, Raspberry, Maple, etc., and we make it very easy for you to sell them, because every purchaser can receive free from us, a magnificent 232 page Cook Book that is easily worth 50c to any woman. It is no trouble at all to sell them. You will find it easy, pleasant work. Your friends will be glad to try this famous food flavor, and we know that once they use them, they will be so delighted with them, it will be the easiest work ever for you to earn your beautiful dishes from the start this will give you, and we will gain in the immense future business from the demand thus created.

SEND US NO MONEY. Just write to-day, say that you want to earn a dinner set, are willing to represent us in introducing our famous products in your neighborhood and the flavors will reach you postage paid. We trust you with them until sold and we know you will be delighted with the beautiful dishes you can receive for your work.

We carefully pack all our dishes in strong boxes free of charge and arrange to stand payment of express charges to your nearest station. DON'T DELAY. If you want to be one of the lucky ladies who are going to work for these beautiful sets, write to-day to Sales Manager

THE INTERNATIONAL MANUFACTURING CO., DEPT. D. 29 TORONTO, ONT. 44

"Do not forget to put the extra one cent war tax stamp on your letter.

London Pays More For Its Fresh Meat Than Most Cities In the Dominion

Alderman Haney, in Clear, Concise English, and With the Facts and Figures To Back Him Up, Shows How the Citizens Might Save Thousands To Themselves Weekly —Local Paper Strictured For Lickspittle Tactics.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

The following, taken from Pages 1216 to 1218, of the April, 1915, issue of The Labor Gazette, will, I trust, convince the most skeptical that a cattle market will influence the price of meat.

I have not made the positive assertion that the price of meat would sag to any extent. I have claimed that the establishment of a stockyard would have a leveling effect, and OUGHT to lower prices. Moreover, I made that suggestion entirely from facts gleaned from the daily market reports here and in Toronto, and without any idea that the Department of Labor at Ottawa had undertaken the compilation of statistics, such as those I will now quote:

Cities Where Stockyards Exist.

	Toronto.	Montreal.	Calgary.	Regina.	No Stockyards. LONDON.
Sirloin steak, pound	20c	20c	20c, 22c	28c	25c
Medium chuck, pound	14c	12c	12½c	16c	18c
Veal, front quarter, pound	15c	12c	18c	17c	20c
Mutton, hind quarter, pound	18c	15c	20c	20c	20c
Pork, fresh roasting, pound	18c	16c	16c	17c	18c
Pork, salt, pound	14c	15c, 17c	15c	15c	20c
Bacon, best smoked, pound	22c	21c	32c	22c	25c

The above are retail prices and, so far as London and Toronto are concerned, are conclusive. To get at the real significance of these figures with regard to the other markets quoted, one must see the entire report, because we find, for instance, that only two cities are mentioned in Alberta, Medicine Hat and Calgary. In the latter place, where there is a stockyard, the price of steak is 20c while in the Hat it is 30c. In Saskatchewan four centres are mentioned, viz., Regina, Prince Albert, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon. We have the figure above for steak at Regina, where they have a stockyard, and at the other points the price is 22c to 25c, 30c and 25c to 28c, respectively. This group would seem to indicate that local conditions favor the northern cities, but the crux of the situation appears to lie in the problem of transportation. North of Saskatoon one gets into the grazing country, and it is at its best around Prince Albert. The residents of these two places enjoy lower meat prices than we do in London, but Moose Jaw, only a short distance away, and closer to the stockyards than the other two places, gets it in the neck at 30c per pound. We do know, however, that Saskatoon has a packing plant, and Prince Albert may have one—the writer does not know.

In Quebec, seven cities are mentioned in the report beside Montreal, where the stockyards are. In three of these steak is lower in price; in the other four it is the same price or higher.

FAR MORE IN LONDON THAN ELSEWHERE.

Out of the 59 cities mentioned in the report only SEVEN pay more for steak than we do in London, WHICH IS THE HEART OF THE FINEST CATTLE RAISING CENTRE IN CANADA.

Space will not permit me to elaborate on the situation as revealed in this Government report. Suffice it to say that the facts so far elicited seem to point to the advisability of establishing a cattle market of our own. It will have a leveling effect on prices to say the least and, as I have already pointed out in these letters, London consumes pretty close to 100,000 pounds of fresh beef per week, and if we can save for the citizens even half a cent per pound on that quantity the cost of taking the vote of the ratepayers on the question will be more than met in three weeks, and certainly more than met in three months, as I claimed in a former letter.

I notice that our friends, the R. E. O. A., find fault with the city council for sending this question on for ratification by the people. They made a big fuss a short time ago about the weight of bread, and the weight was brought up to Government requirements along with the price. The change is not going to effect one cent of saving to the citizens, as I see it. We simply get a standard loaf at a price made to correspond. This association has swallowed the entire program of the board of education, when even that delirious body of spenders pretty nearly threw a fit at the success of their efforts before the council. The R. E. O. A. would appear to strain at a gnat and swallow the camel. Do the gentlemen comprising that organization know WHY the council is asking that a vote be taken now? It is because we have an option on what is everywhere conceded to be the best location in or around London for a stockyard. This option expires on June 1st. The price of the land is just one-half what we will have to pay for a similar plot after the option expires.

Immediately the buildings are erected the land alone will be worth at least $3,000, and we make the cost of the vote on that transaction. Does the R. E. O. A. know that just as soon as the stockyards open the abattoir plant will begin operations again? Does it know that two of the leading banks think so well of the proposition that they have asked for space in the new buildings? Do they know that the leading live stock commission houses of the country are watching developments, and will open offices at our yards as soon as they can arrange it? Does the R. E. O. A. know that the stockyards will bring from 5,000 to 10,000 people to London each year with live stock, and about half that number of buyers as well? Does the R. E. O. A. think that the opening of the abattoir and the employment of from 30 to 50 hands will help rent their stores, fill up the empty houses in London? In short, does the R. E. O. A. ever think of anything but the saving of a fraction of a mill on the tax rate, no matter what the said fraction means to the rest of the citizens?

Took Step at Request of Citizens.

Does the R. E. O. A. remember that the council has taken this step at the request of a large number of the best citizens of London, including practically every wholesale and retail butcher in it? Do they remember that these people petitioned the council? Do they remember that the board of trade indorsed the idea unanimously at their dinner in the Tecumseh House in February? Do they remember that the whole council passed the motion unanimously and had the request for power to issue debentures placed in the city of London bill? Do they remember what befell the clauss at Toronto? If they do not I will tell them. Our city representative used his influence with the Toronto city members (who, of course, would not like to see London get a cattle market to compete with their own), and which numbers amongst the rest the president of the Commission Dealers' Association, which controls buying and selling on the Toronto market, to burk the wish of his constituents, and FORCED THE COUNCIL TO TAKE A VOTE ON THE QUESTION OR LOSE THEIR OPTION for the reason, forsooth, that he wanted the stockyards located on the L. and P. S. R. I will not repeat the other reasons he handed me for his petty action—they are unworthy of him and of the city which he represents. He is the head of one of the biggest municipal undertakings ever launched in any country, and on that proposition has my support, but his program is bigger than he is, and far less ruthless.

Last, but not least, do the R. E. O. A. and the citizens generally know that workingmen of London, through the Trades and Labor Council, have indorsed the stockyards proposition?

One thing the citizens do not know generally is that the Free Press refused me the use of their columns. Why? Did they do so because they did not think well of the proposition? Let them reproduce the sneering article with which they greeted my exposure of their overlord. They stated that Sir Adam Beck was not opposed to the stockyards. Ergo the Free Press is not opposed. It follows then, that the reason or their treatment of the writer lies in another direction. THEY KNEW THAT THE STOCKYARDS COMMITTEE were on the right track in every particular, and that if they could get to the people with their scheme it would carry overwhelmingly, location and all.

The One Site Best of All.

Common horse sense would indicate that to ask the shippers over the G. T. R. and C. P. R., who will carry 9-10 of the business, to pay $3 per car for switching onto the L. and P. S., would simply drive the cattlemen on to Toronto. If the Free Press will lay back its ears long enough to look at a map of the city it will see that the committee have selected the one site that meets all requirements, as nearly as it was possible to meet them in this city; it will see that to ask the owner of a condemned animal to drive or convey it across the city to the abattoir would be suicidal policy. There is no need to go over all this except to explain to the people WHY the Free Press has shown animus. The explanation is simply that the writer refused to be a doormat—a flunkster—and of the committee thought with to kick over the traces and back at the boss was lese majeste, horrible, unheard of sacrilege.

I am a Conservative, and nothing the Free Press can say of me or of my colleagues in the council will shake my faith in the inherent soundness of that political faith, but as a Conservative I will paraphrase the Free Press by praying "O for a decent Conservative journal in London." I am not a Conservative if the Free Press is one. I prefer to think myself a Tory of the good old British type, which knows neither subservicy nor the nihilism that prompts journals of the Free (save the mark) Press type to knife its party friends at the least sign of independence.

You will pardon me, I trust, Mr. Editor, for digressing in this fashion, but the gratuitous insult handed the city council by the journal which calls itself "Free" in its last night's edition, surely calls for some retort. I have watched the Free Press for many years, and long ago concluded that as a weathercock it had anything faded that ever entered the ranks of journalism. A few years ago it raved and pawed the air over the water scheme of Sir Adam Beck, and damned him in word and deed. Sir Adam did the city a great service at that time, and the Free Press had to eat crow. It now eats out of Sir Adam's hand; it fairly swallows itself at his nod. As a would-be metropolitan journal the Free Press is in a class by itself. It has the idea all right, and has the location, but it has never shaken off the village weekly habit of screaming at its neighbors over the garden fence and gossiping and tattling about those who do not bow the knee to its tin gods.

How About Board of Control?

I make the assertion here and now and the Free Press can deny it and prove me wrong if able, that the only useful legislation that has emanated from London's civic government this year or last has been initiated by the council. The Free Press told us yesterday in one column that the council had been asleep over the militia camp matter, and in another quotes the chairman of the utilities commission as saying that "he was surprised to learn that anyone had spoken of the camp leaving London," or words to that effect. Where does the board of control come in on the deal? What do they control? What do the citizens pay them for? They meet almost daily, and should have been on the job. The members of the council are not in touch with matters of this kind, for the very good reason that if they attempted to speak of anything within the purlieus of that body (the board of control), they would suddenly get snubbed.

To conclude, sir, let me ask the citizens, through your fair-minded journal, to think this stockyards matter over calmly. Let them forget the Free Press and its ravings, its ochre, and its little hatchet. If they can forget the writer's political tribulations and outlawry and think only of the good that I and my colleagues on the stockyards committee are trying to do for our city, we will be amply repaid for the effort whether the schme carries or not.

The Free Press has tried in every way conceivable to prevent the vote being taken, and is still on the job, but we hope that in this case the scheme is again bigger than the men behind it, and that our fellow ratepayers will recognize that and vote accordingly.

If the people vote right they will:

Re-open the abattoir with a larger staff and more capital.

Bring from 5,000 to 10,000 cattlemen into London every year.

Make LONDON the heart of the Western Ontario cattle industry.

Save the cattlemen long freight haule and long charges for every service offered by a stockyard.

Keep the killing of our own meat supply in London instead of paying Toronto and other cities to do it for us and keep the by-products beside.

Lower the price of meat from ½c to 1c per pound—perhaps more.

Enable our local wholesale butchers to resume operations from which the beef trust has driven them out.

Insure a large business for the city owned railway in the sending of pure-bred and other animals over our road and up the lakes, instead of around by Toronto.

Possibly bring to London other packing plants aiming at western and foreign trade.

Give a boost to the live stock industry of Western Ontario.

Keep the hides, offal and fertilizer in the district, thereby helping our tanneries, farmers and workmen generally.

Make London the biggest "Stocker" market in Canada.

Make London one of if not the largest hog market in Canada.

Stimulate the sheep industry.

Stimulate the horse industry.

In short, London is rapidly becoming but a suburb of Toronto in everything. We let all our contracts to Toronto or other outside firms, we buy the bulk of our meat there, paying freight down there on the live animals and back on the dressed stuff; we send our sons and daughters there to college, and pass up our own struggling institution; we, in short, pay tribute to Toronto in scores of ways that drain our resources and burden our people. For heaven's sake let us forget other cities and do for ourselves.

The stockyards will pay the city handsomely as an investment if given the chance. GIVE IT THE CHANCE. REMEMBER YOUR CITIZENSHIP, AND PUT BEHIND YOU THE PUNY ARGUMENT THAT THE VOTE WILL COST $1,500. THE COUNCIL DID NOT WANT IT TO COST A CENT, AND IT NEED NOT HAD WE BEEN DECENTLY TREATED.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE H. HANEY.

London, May 1, 1915.

BELGIAN WOMAN AROUSES CHEERS

Dove of Peace Disturbed At Women's Meeting At The Hague.

JUSTICE BEFORE PEACE

English Delegate Says Women of Her Country Want to Fight.

[Canadian Press.]

THE HAGUE, Netherlands, April 30, via London, April 30.—7:20 p.m.—The wings of the dove of peace were ruffled today at the session of the International Congress of Women. At the instance of Doctor Augspurg, of Munich, the entire Belgian delegation was invited to the platform. Only two women of the five per cent came forward from their box at the side of the stage and made their way to the platform. They were welcomed by the chairwoman, Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago, with both hands, but there was no handshaking with the German delegates.

In moving the final resolution, Mrs. Rosika Schwimmer, president of the Hungarian Women's Suffrage Association, requested that all the delegates present stand one minute in silent prayer for peace. Mlle. Hamer, of the Belgian delegation, thereupon asked permission to utter a few words. When this was granted she astonished her audience with the dramatic exclamation: "I am a Belgian before everything and I cannot think as you do. There can be no peace without justice. The war must continue until the Belgians' wrongs have been righted. There must be no mediation, except at the bar of justice."

And Audience Cheers.

General sympathy for the suffering of the Belgians caused part of the audience to break into cheers.

On the motion of Miss Florence Holbrook, of Chicago, the word "justice" was inserted in the resolution, which read:

"The International Congress of Women, of different nations, creeds, classes and parties, is united in expressing sympathy with the suffering of all, whatever their nationality, who are fighting for their country, or who are laboring under the burden of war. Since the mass of the people of each of the countries now warring believe themselves to be fighting not aggressively, but in self-defence and for their national existence, it urges the Governments of the world to put an end to this bloodshed and to begin peace negotiations; and it emphatically demands that the peace which follows shall be permanent, and, therefore, based upon justice and principles which include those adopted by this congress."

Some time before the congress had been considerably upset by Mrs. Amy Lillingston, of London, who declared:

Tired of Silly Platitudes.

"I was a suffragist and I remain a suffragist. I suffered in jail for it; I am just a plain English working woman, but I represent millions of women who favor the present just war as much as do the men. One hundred and eighty women are said to be waiting at Tilbury to come to this congress to talk peace. For every one of those a thousand English women are willing to accompany their sons and husbands to fight. We are tired of the century-old silly platitudes such as are uttered here."

Mrs. Lillingston insisted on continuing her speech until she was ruled out of order.

Elizabeth Glendower Evans, of Boston, and Rose Morgan French, of San Francisco, moved and seconded an amendment to the resolution referring to armaments. The amendment urged that all neutral nations immediately place an embargo on the export of arms and ammunition.

Miss Addams said: "I am glad to agree with Miss Evans' indictment as much of that has happened in America." But she ruled that the amendment was out of order.

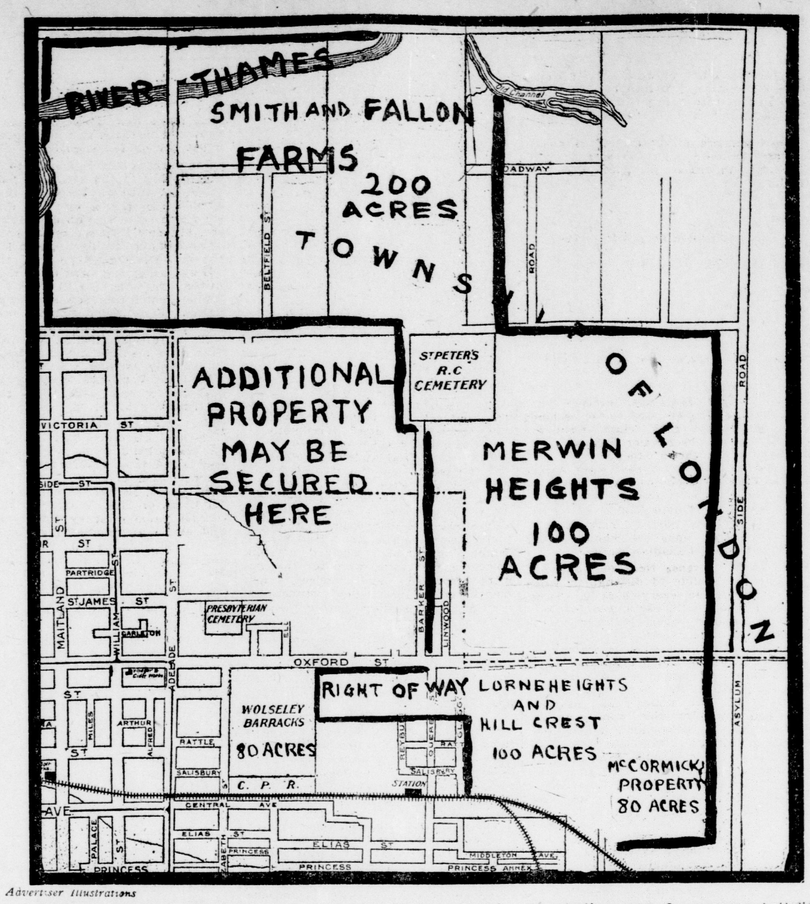
NO GRAVE STEPS BY ITALY NEXT WEEK

King's Decision To Unveil Garibaldi Monument Assures This.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, April 30—8:10 p.m.—Via Paris, May 1.—Great significance is attached to the fact that King Victor Emmanuel will preside at the unveiling of the monument at Quarto Sant 'Elena in honor of Garibaldi and his famous thousand, who captured Sicily in 1860. Doubt has prevailed in some Austro-German circles as to whether his majesty will take part in the ceremonies on May 5, which are expected to assume the character of a great national demonstration, but it was said tonight there no longer is any question of his determination to do so. This is regarded as making it certain that no grave steps will be taken by Italy within the next ten days, as the King is not expected to return to Rome until May 8.

WHERE TRAINING CAMP MAY BE LOCATED



Advertiser Illustrations

Properties bonded by the Board of Trade for the Western Ontario concentration camp for overseas battalions and units. While this property will hardly be selected for a permanent site it will likely be used temporarily. As seen by the above map the additional territory is north and east of the present Carling's Heights camp grounds. A right-of-way, marked so in the plan, has been secured from the Canada Trust Company to enable the movement of troops from Carling's Heights to the manoeuvring grounds. Part of the Smith and Fallon farms run north of the river, and additional property has been bonded in London Township.

The propcsal is to have the actual camp located on the Carling's Heights, while the remainder of the property is used for tactical field manoeuvres.

ARE YOU ONE OF THOSE WHO 'SNIFF AT' AND INSULT SOLDIERS

Member of 33rd Battalion Writes Bitter Complaints of Treatment Here—Something in the Camp Agitation That Comes Home To Every Citizen.

"For the man that puts his wife, his children, his all, aside to wear our great King's uniform should be respected above all,and not trampled under foot."

Is it true, as is charged in a letter from a member of the 33rd Battalion which is printed below, that there are citizens mean enough to "sniff" at and even insult the soldiers? Do parents tell their daughters that they must not be seen on the street with the boys in khaki? Is the man who has offered to give his life for his country socially banned in this city?

It is hard to believe that there is a general attitude of indifference or positive opposition to the soldiers, yet the charges are made.

If a poll of the soldiers were taken—another kind of votes for soldiers—would the men stationed in this city have voted to go to Guelph because they did not like the sort of hospitality that London offers them? Is it a case of:

It's Tommy this and Tommy that
An' chuck 'im out, the brute!
But it's thin red line of 'eroes
When the guns begin to shoot.

The matter of keeping the camp is an important one both for patriotic and business reasons, but the matter of keeping the goodwill of the soldiers is more important. Those in London who have not shown a proper spirit toward these "next for the firin' line" will do well to carefully read the following letter:

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I have noticed pieces in the paper for the past few days in regard to the 33rd Battalion leaving here for Guelph, and I notice that the people of London are doing their best to prevent this movement being made by the department.

Now, I say for myself, and for most of my comrades, that this movement is being received with much pleasure by us, and I will tell you the very reason. That is because we are looked on as next to nothing by most of the people. Now I do not take this as hearsay, and I will tell you one of my personal experiences. I was "going with" a young lady in this town. And I was very politely told one evening by her parents that they did not wish their daughter to be seen on the street with a soldier, and that they did not wish me to "come around any more."

Then the other day when I was passing along the street with a comrade of mine, as we passed a group of people I overheard this remark: "I would just as soon see a boy of mine in jail as hanging around with that bunch of bums." Now, you can take it that when the men get paid, a soldier is "all to the mustard," and they will all speak to us. On the other hand, take it a week after pay-day, and we are "bums," and no one even looks at us. Now, do you think this is any way to treat men who are giving up everything, even their lives, to protect their flag and country? And then to be insulted by cold-footed citizens, who hide behind their wives' skirts and stoves, and when we are going away they try to stir up sympathy among the soldiers.

Now I am sure that if we are lucky enough to be transferred to Guelph that the people of that city will respect us, and not try to insult us pass slurring remarks when we pass then on the street. And I also think that if we leave here the businessmen's pockets will feel it quite a lot. Now I hope that you will put this before the eyes of the public, and maybe it will open their eyes a little, for they are just beginning to realize that the Tommy's money is worth respecting him for, at least. Why, the people of London should be proud of such a body of men as are in the 33rd Battalion, and should not judge all by the black sheep. For the man that puts his wife, his children, his life, his all, aside to wear our great King's uniform should be respected above all, and not trampled under foot as they are now being trampled.

A TOMMY OF THE 33RD BATTALION.

Y. M. C. A., Queen's Park, April 30, 1915.

The Advertiser would remind all those citizens who have been quite free in their criticism over the possibility of losing the camp that this criticism comes right home to THEM.

Are you, Mr. Citizen, your wife, and sons, and daughters, treating these men in khaki with the respect, with the affection, with the deference, and with the patriotism that they deserve?

Are you doing everything in your power to make them feel at home, or are you merely apprising them as so much raw material for London's "business as usual" mill?

It is important that the presence of the soldiers be looked upon commercially.

It is vastly more important that the soldiers be looked upon HUMANLY and with every possible kindness.

The Advertiser does not believe that many citizens have intentionally slighted or offended the men of the 33rd Battalion.

The 18th Battalion became fast friends with the citizens. The 33rd Battalion has already taken the place of that gallant body in the hearts of Londoners.

If the men of the 33rd will put up with the slights of the ignorant, The Advertiser will assure them that before they have left the city they will have no reason to complain of the city's spirit. They will be welcome in the homes of London, on the streets of London, and in the affections of London.

The Advertiser would appreciate reports from the soldiers of any insults or slights that are placed upon the soldiers.

MEDAL RECEIVED FOR VALOR IN CIVIL WAR



Advertiser Illustrations

GEORGE W. PITT, 190 Wharncliffe road, who keeps a jewelry store at 99 Dundas street, is one of the three survivors of the officers of the 55th New York Regiment, which figured prominently in the American Civil War. The medal, of which a picture is shown here, was sent to Mr. Pitt by mail last September, when a monument was dedicated at Andersonville, Georgia, to those who fell there in the war.

Mr. Pitt, who went into the war with a lieutenancy and who was gazetted as captain before it closed, was in the thick of the war all the way through, from April 19, 1861, to 1865. He was wounded several times, and took part in the battle of Gettysburg, where 43,000 were killed.

A Grand Army of the Republic post, which was formed here many years ago, has William Peel as the post commander. This year, on Decoration Day, the members will place flowers on the graves of comrades who have passed away and who lie in Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The day is a sacred one all over the states of the Union.

Mr. Pitt is a crack shot, and has beaten some of the professional shooters who have shot at tournaments in this part of the country in the last 20 years. He is now in his 80th year, although he looks to be only about 65. His nerves are as steady as when he was a boy of ten, and he is able to handle the fine mechanism of watches with as great a precision as he ever could.

Printed on the medal, reproduced above, are these words: "Commemorating the dedication of the New York State monument at Andersonville, Ga."

"BARONET" EXPECTS TO BE SHOT AS DESERTER

"Sir H. L. Stirling," Said To Have Also Admitted Other Crimes.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 1.—An Englishman, who, posing as Sir Henry L. Stirling, Bart., K.C.M.G., arrived at Boston from England in February, telling a romantic story of travelling 12,000 miles to marry the original of a picture he had fallen in love with, and who subsequently came here and said he was commissioned to purchase a submarine detector for Great Britain, last night admitted, according to the federal authorities, that he is Henry Carlton Carlisle, a deserter and absconder with funds from the British army. Carlisle, who was taken into custody on a charge of using the mails to defraud, told the authorities, they say, that he is a bigamist, and that when the United States Government is through with him he expects to be surrendered to England and shot by that Government for deserting in time of war.

Carlisle is charged with taking money from young women on a pretence of engaging them as a travelling secretary to an English nobleman and companion to a titled lady.

He says, according to the confession given out by the federal officials, that as pay sergeant of a howitzer battery attached to the 46th and 47th Brigades of the Royal Field and Horse Artillery, he deserted on January 11, taking about $8,700, and that although married, he bigamously married a Scotch girl, who supposed she became Lady Stirling.

DUKE'S BIRTHDAY

London Celebrates Event With Flying Flags on Buildings.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 1.—Flags are flying on public buildings today in honor of the Duke of Connaught's birthday.

CITIZEN SUGGESTS VOTE TO STOP FEDERAL SQUARE SCHEME GOING FURTHER

Londoners Had Impression That Government Was Going To Do Something, But All They Have Is the Vacant Land.

To the Editor of London Advertiser:

Dear Sir,—As the city is going to considerable expense to submit the stockyards question to a vote of the people, I believe it would be a good time to test public sentiment on that extravagant and useless federal square scheme, which has already cost the citizens a large sum of money. The interest and sinking fund on the debentures already sold cost the city nearly one mill on the dollar and absolutely nothing to show for it, except empty buildings and a large vacant eyesore on Dundas street. The city's share of the land alone will cost over $215,000. What will it cost the city when the whole block is purchased and a half-million-dollar city hall put on it? Several mills on the dollar, no doubt. When the people voted for this scheme, most of them thought that the Government were to pay for the land, but now that the true state of affairs is known, the majority of the ratepayers would undoubtedly vote against the project. With a tax rate higher than ever before, and war time on, it is no time for a small city like London to indulge in useless extravagances. Let us have a vote of the people on this question, and the council will then know what is best to be done and will be able to keep the tax rate within hailing distance of the workingman's pocket.

Yours truly, RATEPAYER.

London, April 29, 1915.

BUSINESS UNLIKELY TO SHOW A DECLINE

Conditions Differ From Those of Past Wars, Says Professor.

HANG ON BANK CREDITS

Loss of Expert Workers Will Be Partly Offset by Discipline Received in Field.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, April 30. — The whole business world is vitally concerned in the question of how the war will affect commercial and industrial conditions. Will there be depressions or prosperity? What will be the result of the destruction of such a large portion of the efficient and productive classes? Will money be scarce and dear, or plentiful and cheap? These and other economic aspects of the great struggle were discussed with an Associated Press correspondent by Professor Herbert Somerton Foxwell, director of economics, St. John's College, Cambridge, and professor of political economy in the University of London.

Professor Foxwell, in addition to his activities in the institutions, collected the most important private library on social and political economy in Europe. When asked whether in his opinion the war would be followed by a business depression, Professor Foxwell said: "Generally, my view is that there is no sufficient reason to hold that a great war must necessarily be followed by severe depression; and less than usual in this particular case, where an immense work of reparation will be required on the conclusion of the war. A contrary view rests largely, I think, on our experience after 1815, and to a smaller extent after 1873. But the prolonged depression in both cases seems to me to have been mainly due to currency causes.

Due to Currency Causes.

"The peace of 1815 was followed by what Hoffman and Roscher called a Geldtheuerung, an absolute scarcity of currency, and a similar condition resulted in 1873 from the demonetization of silver. War or no war, prolonged depression must have resulted from currency causes alone; and there were other aggravating circumstances in each case to which I need not refer.

"It will be said that there must be, and should be, currency contraction after this war. Yes, in a sense—in the strict sense of the term, currency. Note issues will be contracted in France, Russia and Germany, especially, not appreciably, if at all, in Great Britain.

"But modern business enterprise in the advanced countries depends mainly on bank credits," he continued, "and then, again, so far as they are limited at all, are mainly limited by relation, not to currency in general, but to ultimate gold reserves. These reserves have been rather increased than diminished by this war.

"But, then, it will be said, the war has positively destroyed a large part of the available machinery of production, and, above all, of the most efficient and productive classes of the population.

Country's Chief Resources.

"This last I take to be the capital injury due to the war, in a sense irreparable, in view of the mass of highly trained expert men who form the bulk of modern armies. These men cannot be replaced by any process much less elaborate than that for which their industrial efficiency was actually developed. The natural and acquired abilities of its people are the most valuable part of a nation's resources, and as the complication of business increases, so does the value of trained, as compared with crude, ability.

"I fully admit the gravity of this consideration. But, on the other hand, I would say that the discipline and physical training received by that portion of the army, which returns to civil life, will be of great economic value. This applies particularly to Great Britain. Want of discipline has seriously handicapped. The moral tone evoked by the war will also be an immense gain.

Effect on Capital.

"As to capital, here, of course, there has been unbounded destruction of fixed capital, and diversion of floating capital (existing and future supplies) to non-industrial purposes. For this the world will pay in the shape (a) of a certain shortage in necessary industrial capital, (b) in the rise for a prolonged period of the rate of interest. This, like a tax, will add to the cost of production, and diminish the share of the world's output available as income for the human factors in production. This again is a serious injury. We can't make our omelette without breaking eggs. But if we get our omelette, who worries about the eggs? If, after all, we spoil the omelette, then we have made a dead loss of the eggs.

"We are fighting to crush German militarism," continued Professor Foxwell," and the doctrine on which it quite logically rests. If we succeed there will be an immense reduction in the military expenditure, which has been gradually piled up since Prussia began to assert herself at Sadowa. I do not suppose for a moment that we can go back to the scale of those days. But if we could only knock 25 per cent off our present scale, it would go a long way to set off the increased rise of interest.

Rise in Interest Rate.

"The rise of interest had made rapid progress long before the war broke out. It was partly due to the great boom in trade which came with the rise in prices in 1898; partly, so far as we are here concerned, to the persistent attacks directed against property, and the crushing taxation on capital of all kinds, which had already in peace time reached our highest war levels. In the death duties, more particularly, we had an ingenious device, which, as Sir Felix Schuster and others have shown, annually concerted huge sums of private capital into Government expenditure.

"The economic laws revenge themselves on those who scout them. There is everywhere, as the French say, a contrecoup against the attacks of the politician. As capital was diminished, and savings discouraged by taxation, interest rose, and to some extent recouped the saving classes. As the supply of gold is still more ample, the rise of prices will only receive a temporary check at the peace, due to the reopening of the accustomed trade routes, and the rise in interest would for that reason alone continue. The enormous loans necessary to finance the war will further increase the rise; that must be allowed. But there is nothing in this rise (as distinguished from a stringency in the discount market) to check the development of business. The whole history of trade since the rise began shows this. It has never developed more rapidly.

"Whether the tax on earned incomes involved in this rise of interest, so far as it is due to the war loans, will be offset by the savings on the reduction in military establishments, depends absolutely, in my opinion, on whether this war is, or is not, fought to a finish."

Britain Pleased Canadians Hold Honors of War

More Delighted Than If Regular Troops Had Saved the Day.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 1.—As an example of the kindly interest taken in Canadian wounded by the people here we give the following incident. A gentleman called at this office today and asked if we could inform him where any wounded from a certain Canadian battalion were located. "My son is an officer in that battalion," explained the caller. "I believe he is still safe. I should like to give two of his wounded men hospitality as soon as they are able to leave the hospital, if they have no friends in England." We directed him to the Canadian Red Cross stop.

The Priemier of Ontario cabled the sympathy of the Provincial Government, and asked if anything further could possible be done for the wounded.

"The national delight (we can find no other word) experienced here in the achievement of Canadians has been conspicuous in the highest degree," declares today's Spectator. We are not exaggerating when we say the people of the motherland are more pleased by the heroism of the Canadians than if the great deed of this battle had been the work of British home troops."

BERLIN SAID TO HAVE LENT TURKEY MILLION

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—Telegraphing from Copenhagen, the Daily Mail's correspondent says that Berlin advices received there are to the effect that Djavid Bey, the Turkish minister of finance, has returned to Constantinople, after having arranged in Berlin for a new Turkish war loan amounting to $1,000,000.

NO SMOKING TODAY

Hungarians Asked To Abstain and Donate Money to Fund.

[Canadian Press.]

Venice, May 1.—Throughout Hungary today is being observed as "abstain from smoking" day. Every smoker will be expected to abstain from using either pipe, cigar, or cigarette, and to give the money thus saved to a fund for invalid soldiers.

OXEN IN BERLIN.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, via London, May 1.—Oxen may soon take the places in this city of many of the truck horses which have been requisitioned for military purposes. The police have abrogated the ordinance which prohibited their use in the city, and the first yoke seen in the streets of the city in many years appeared today.

Message of Hope For All Women

Miss Mary Sabourin Tells How She Found Health.

Suffered For Three Years and Could Find No Lasting Relief Till She Used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Thurso, Que., April 30—(Special).—Tired, run-down women can read a message of hope in the statement of Miss Mary Sabourin, an estimable lady living here. In a statement to the public Miss Sabourin says:

"I was a sufferer for three years. I was always tired and nervous. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I was troubled with headaches and pains in my back. I had heart flutterings to add to my anxiety.

"I was treated by a doctor and a specialist, but nothing seemed to do me any lasting good till I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I took just three boxes of them."

Nine-tenths of women's troubles come from sick Kidneys. Sick Kidneys fail in their duty of straining the impurities out of the blood. That means that poison and disease is carried to all parts of the body. The remedy is to cure the Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills. If you haven't used them ask your neighbor about them. Nearly every family in Canada is using or has used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sir Max Aiken Relates History of Brilliant Canadian Victory

WESTERN ONTARIO MEN PLAY BIG PART IN CANADIAN VICTORY

"As Long As Brave Deeds Retain Power To Fire the Blood of Anglo-Saxons, the Stand Made by the Canadians In These Desperate Days Will be Told by Fathers To Sons."

SIR MAX AITKEN, RECORD OFFICER, GIVES HISTORY OF CANADIAN VICTORY

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, April 30.—The following communication is from Sir Max Aitken, the Canadian record officer, now serving with the Canadian division in France, and its publication is authorized by the war office:

The recent fighting in Flanders, in which the Canadians played so glorious a part, cannot, of course, be described with precision of military detail until time has made possible the co-ordination of relevant diarian, and the piecing together in a narrative both lucid and exact of much, which so near the event, is confused and blurred. But it is considered right that the mourning in Canada of today for husbands, sons or brothers, who have given their lives for the empire, should have, with as little reserve as military considerations allow, the rare and precious consolation which, in the agony of bereavement, the record of the valor of their dead must bring, and indeed the mourning in Canada will be very widely spread, for the battle which raged for so many days in the neighborhood of Ypres was bloody, even as men appraise battles, in this callous and life-engulfing war. But as long as brave deeds retain the power to fire the blood of the Anglo-Saxons the stand made by the Canadians in those desperate days will be told by fathers to their sons, for in the military records of Canada this defence will shine as brightly as in the records of the British army the stubborn valor with which Sir James MacDonnell and the Guards beat back

"EYE-WITNESS" TELLS STORY OF GREAT FIGHT



Advertiser Illustrations

SIR MAX AIKEN.

from Hougoumont, the decision of Foy and the army corps of Reille.

Amazing Even to Soldiers..

The Canadians have wrested the trenches over the bodies of the dead and maimed, and earned the right to stand side by side with the superb troops who, in the first battle of Ypres, broke and drove before them the flower of the Prussian Guards. Looked at from any point the performance would be remarkable. It is amazing to soldiers when the Genesis and composition of the Canadian division are considered. It contained, no doubt, a sprinkling of South African veterans, but it consisted in the main of men who were admirable raw material, but who, at the outbreak of war were neither disciplined nor trained as men count discipline and training in these days of scientific warfare. It was, it is true, commanded by a distinguished English general. Its staff was supplemented without being replaced, by some brilliant British staff officers. But in its higher, and regimental commands were to be found lawyers, college professors, businessmen and real estate agents, ready with cool self-confidence, to do battle against an organization in which the study of military science is the exclusive pursuit of laborious lives.

With what devotion, with a valor how desperate, with resourcefulness how cool and how frightful, the amateur soldier of Canada confronted overwhelming odds, may perhaps be made clear, even by a narrative so incomplete as the present.

The salient of Ypres has become familiar to all students of the campaign in Flanders. Like all salients it was, and was known to be, a source of weakness to the forces holding it, but the reasons which have led to its retention are apparent, and need not be explained.

Held Line of 5,000 Yards.

On April 22 the Canadian division held a line of roughly five thousand yards, extending in a northwesterly direction from the Ypres-Roulers Railway, to the Ypres-Poelcapelle road, and connecting at its terminus with the French troops. The division consisted of three infantry brigades in addition to the artillery brigades. Of the infantry brigades the first was in reserve, the second was on the right, and the third established contact with the Allies at the point indicated above.

The day was a peaceful one, warm and sunny and except that the previous day had witnessed a further bombardment of the stricken town of Ypres, everything seemed quiet in front of the Canadian line. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon a plan carefully prepared, was put into execution against our French allies on the left. Asphyxiating gas of great intensity was projected into their trenches, probably by means of force pumps, and pipe laid out under the parapets. The fumes, aided by a favorable wind, floated backwards, poisoning and disabling over an extended area those who fell under their effect. The result was that the French were compelled to give ground for a considerable distance. The glory which the French army has won in this war would make it impertinent to labor on the compelling nature of the poisonous discharges under which the trenches were lost. The French did, as everyone knew they would do, all that stout soldiers could do, and the Canadian division, officers and men, look forward to many occasions in the future in which they will stand side by side with the brave armies of France.

Canadians in Grave Position.

The immediate consequence of this enforced withdrawal was, of course, extremely grave. The third brigade of the Canadian division was without any left, or, in other words, its left was in the air. It became imperatively necessary greatly to extend the Canadian lines to the left rear. It was not, of course, practicable to move the first brigade from reserve at a moment's notice, and the line, extended from five to nine-thousand yards, was not naturally the line that had been held by the Allies at 5 o'clock, and a gap still existed on its left.

The new line, of which our recent point of contact with the French formed the apex, ran quite roughly to the south and west. As shown above, it became necessary for Brig.-Gen. Turner, commanding the third brigade, to throw back his left flank southward to protect his rear. In the course of the confusion which followed upon the readjustment of position, the enemy, who had advanced rapidly after his initial successes, took four British 4.7 guns in a small wood to the west of the village of St. Julien, two miles in the rear of the original French trenches.

Outnumbered Four to One.

The story of the second battle of Ypres is the story of how the Canadian division, enormously outnumbered, for they had in front of them at least four divisions, supported by immensely heavy artillery, with a gap still existing, though reduced, in their lines, and with dispositions made hurriedly under the stimulus of critical danger, fought through the day and through the night, and then through another day and night; fought under their officers, until, as happened to so many, these perished gloriously, and then fought from the impulsion of sheer valor because they came from fighting stock.

The enemy, of course, was aware—whether fully or not may perhaps be doubted—of the advantage his breach in the line had given him, and immediately began to push a formidable series of attacks upon the whole of the newly-formed Canadian salient.

Fighting Intense Near St. Julien.

If it is possible to distinguish when the attack was everywhere so fierce, it developed with particular intensity at this moment upon the apex of the newly-formed line running in the direction of St. Julien. It has already been stated that four British guns were taken in a wood comparatively early in the evening of the 22nd. In the course of that night, and under the heaviest machine gun fire, this wood was assaulted by the Canadian Scottish, 16th Battalion, of the third brigade, and 10th Battalion of the second brigade, which was intercepted for this purpose on its way to a reserve trench. The battalions were respectively commanded by Lieut.-Col. Leckie and Lieut.-Col. Boyle, and after a most fierce struggle in the light of a misty moon, they took the position at the point of the bayonet. At midnight the 2nd Battalion, under Lieut.-Col. Watson, and the Toronto regiment, Queen's Own (3rd Battalion), under Lieut.-Col. Rennie, both of the first brigade, brought up much-needed reinforcements, and though not actually engaged in the assault, were in reserve.

Capture the Woods.

All through the following day and night these battalions shared the fortunes and misfortunes of the third brigade. An officer who took part in the attack describes how the men about him fell under the fire of the machine guns, which, in his phrase, played upon them "like a watering pot." He added quite simply: "I wrote my own life off," but the line never wavered. When one man fell, another took his place, and, with a final shout, the survivors of the two battalions flung themselves into the wood. The German garrison was completely demoralized, and the impetuous advance of the Canadians did not cease until they reached the far side of the wood and entrenched themselves there in the position so dearly gained. They had, however, the disappointment of finding that the guns had been blown up by the enemy, and later on in the same night, a most formidable concentration of artillery fire, sweeping the wood as a tropical storm sweeps the leaves from a forest, made it impossible for them to hold the position for which they had sacrificed so much.

The fighting continued without intermission all through the night, and to those who observed the indications that the attack was being pushed with ever-growing strength, it hardly seemed possible that the Canadians, fighting in positions so difficult to defend and so little the subject of deliberate choice, could maintain their resistance for any long period. At 6 a. m. on Friday it became apparent that the left was becoming more and more involved, and a powerful German attempt to outflank it developed rapidly. The consequences if it had been broken or outflanked need not be insisted upon. They were not merely local.

It was therefore decided, formidable as the attempt undoubtedly was, to try and give relief by a counter-attack upon the first line of German trenches, now far, far advanced from those originally occupied by the French. This was carried out by the Ontario 1st and 4th Battalions, of the 1st Brigade, under Brigadier-General Mercer, acting in combination with a British brigade. It is safe to say that the youngest private in the rank, as he set his teeth for the advance, knew the task in front of him, and the youngest subaltern knew all that rested upon its success.

It did not seem that any human being could live in the shower of shot and shell which began to play upon the advancing troops. They suffered terrible casualties. For a short time every other man seemed to fall, but the attack was pressed ever closer and closer. The 4th Canadian Battalion at one moment came under a particularly withering fire. For a moment, not more, it wavered. Its most gallant commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. Birchall, carrying, after an old fashion, a light cane, coolly and cheerfully rallied his men, and at the very moment when his example had infected them, fell dead at the head of his battalion.

Avenge Fallen Leader.

With a hoarse cry of anger they sprang forward (for indeed they loved him) as if to avenge his death. The astonishing attack which followed, pushed home in the face of direct frontal fire, made in broad daylight, by battalions whose names should live forever in the memories of soldiers, was carried to the first line of German trenches. After a hand-to-hand struggle the last German who resisted was bayonetted, and the trench was won.

Saved the Allied Line.

The measure of this success may be taken when it is pointed out that this trench represented in the German advance the apex in the breach which the enemy had made in the original line of the Allies, and that it was two and a half miles south of that line. This charge, made by men who looked death indifferently in the face, for no man who took part in it could think that he was likely to live, saved the Canadian left, but it did more up to the point where the assailants conquered or died, it secured and maintained during the most critical moment of all the integrity of the allied line. For the trench was not only taken, it was thereafter held against all comers, and in the teeth of every conceivable projectile, until the night of Sunday, the 25th, when all that remained of the war-broken, but victorious, battalions was relieved by fresh troops.

The Canadian Left.

It is necessary now to return to the fortunes of the 3rd Brigade, commanded by Brig.-Gen. Turner, which, as we have seen, at 5 o'clock on Thursday, was holding the Canadian left, and after the first attack, assumed the defence of the new Canadian salient, at the same time sparing all the men it could to form an extemporized line between the wood and St. Julien. This brigade also was, at the first moment of the German offensive, made the object of an attack by the discharge of poisonous gas. The discharge was followed by two enemy assaults. Although the fumes were extremely poisonous, they were not perhaps, having regard to the wind, so disabling as on the French lines which ran almost east to west, and the brigade, though affected by the fumes, stoutly beat back the two German assaults.

Gas Used Again.

Encouraged by this success, it rose to the supreme effort required by the assault on the wood, which has already been described. At 4 a.m., on the morning of Friday, the 23rd, a fresh emission of gas was made, both upon the second brigade, which held the line running northeast, and upon the third brigade, which, as has been fully explained, had continued the line up to the pivotal point, as defined above, and had then spread down in a southeasterly direction. It is perhaps worth mentioning, that two privates of the 48th Highlanders, who found their way into the trenches commanded by Col. Lipsett, 90th Winnipeg Rifles, 8th Battalion, perished of the fumes, and it was noticed that their faces became blue immediately after dissolution.

Highlanders Soon Recover.

The Royal Highlanders of Montreal, 13th Battalion, and the 48th Highlanders, 15th Battalion, were more especially affected by the discharge. The Royal Highlanders, though considerably shaken, remained immovable upon their ground. The 48th Highlanders, which, no doubt, received a more poisonous discharge, were for the moment dismayed, and, indeed, their trench, according to the testimony of very hardened soldiers, became intolerable. The battalion retired from the trench, but for a very short distance, and for an equally short time. In a few moments they were again their own. They advanced upon and occupied the trenches which they had momentarily abandoned.

Third Brigade Exposed.

In the course of the same night the third brigade, which had already displayed a resource, a gallantry and a tenacity, for which no eulogy could be excessive, was exposed—and with it the whole allied cause—to a peril still more formidable.

It has been explained, and indeed the fundamental situation made the peril clear, that several German divisions were attempting to crush, or drive back, this devoted brigade, and, in any event, to use their enormous numerical superiority to sweep around and overwhelm our left wing at a point in the line which cannot be precisely determined. The last attempt partially succeeded, and in the course of this critical struggle German trops in considerable, though not in overwhelming numbers, swung past the unsupported left of the brigade, and slipping in between the wood and St. Julien, added to the torturing anxiety of the long-drawn-out struggle by the appearance, and, indeed, for the moment, the reality, of isolation from the brigade base.

Gallant Officers Fall.

In the exertions made by the third brigade during this supreme crisis, it is almost impossible to single out one battalion without injustice to others, but through the efforts of the Royal Highlanders of Montreal, 13th Battalion, were only equal to those of the other battalions who did such heroic service, it so happened by chance that the fate of some of its officers attracted especial attention. Major Norsworthy, already almost disabled by a bullet wound, was bayoneted and killed while he was rallying his men with easy cheerfulness. The case of Capt. McCuaig, of the same battalion, was not less glorious, although his death can claim no witness. This most gallant officer was seriously wounded in a hurriedly constructed trench. At a moment when it would have been possible to remove him to safety, he absolutely refused to move, and continued in the discharge of his duty. But the situation grew instantly worse, and peremptory orders were received for an immediate withdrawal. Those who were compelled to obey them were most insistent to carry with them, at whatever risk to their own mobility and safety, an officer to whom they were devotedly attached. But he, knowing it may be better than they, the exertions still in front of them, and unwilling to inflict upon them the disabilities of a maimed man, very resolutely refused and asked of them one thing only—that there should be given to him as he lay alone in the trench two loaded Colt revolvers to add to his own, which lay in his right hand as he made his last request. And so, with three revolvers ready to his hand for use, a very brave soldier waited to sel his life, wounded and racked with pain, in an abandoned trench.

Reinforcements Arrive.

On Friday afternon the left of the Canadian line was strengthened by important reinforcements of British troops, amounting to seven battalions, From this time forward the Canadians also continued to receive further assistance on the left from a series of French counter-attacks pushed in a northeasterly direction from the canal bank.

But the artillery fire of the enemy continually grew in intensity, and it became more and more evident that the Canadian salient could no longer be maintained against the overwhelming superiority of numbers by which it was assailed. Slowly, stubbornly, and contesting every yard, the defenders gave ground until the salient gradually receded from the apex near where it had originally lined with the French, and fell back upon St. Julien.

Third Brigade Retreats.

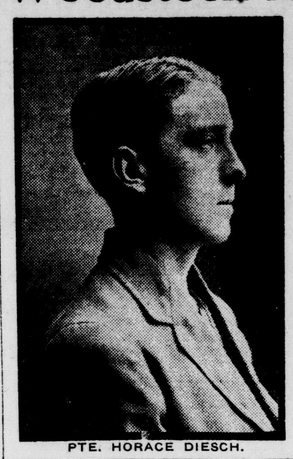
Soon it became evident that even St. Julien, exposed from right to left, was no longer tenable, in the face of the overwhelming numerical superiority. The 3rd Brigade was therefore ordered to retreat further south, selling every yard of ground as dearly as it had done since 5 o'clock on Thursday. But it was found impossible, without hazarding far larger forces, to disentangle the detachment of the Royal Highlanders of Montreal, 13th Battalion, and of the Royal Montreal Regiment, 14th Battalion. The brigade was ordered, and not a moment too soon, to move back. It left these units with hearts as heavy as those with which his comrades had said farewell to Capt. McCuaig.

The German line rolled, indeed, over the deserted village, but for several hours after the enemy had become master of the village the sullen and persistent rifle fire which survived showed that they were not yet master of the Canadian rear guard. If they died they died worthily of Canada. The enforced retirement of the 3rd Brigade (and to have stayed longer would have been madness), reproduced for the 2nd Brigade, commanded by Brig.-Gen. Curry, in a singularly exact fashion, the position of the 3rd Brigade itself at the moment of the withdrawal of the French.

Praise For General Curry.

The 2nd Brigade, it must be remembered, had retained the whole line of trenches, roughly five hundred yards, which it was holding at 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, supported by the incomparable exertions of the 3rd Brigade and by highly hazardous deployment in which necessity had involved that brigade. The 2nd Brigade had maintained its lines. It now devolved upon General Curry, commanding this brigade, to reproduce the tactical manoeuvres by which earlier in the fight the 3rd Brigade had adapted itself to the

Woodstock Men Wounded In Belgium



PTE. HORACE DIESCH.



PTE. THOMAS WATSON.



PTE. JOHN THORNTON.

flank movement of overwhelming numerical superiority. He flung his left flank round and his record is that in the very crisis of this immense struggle he held his line of trenches from Thursday at 5 p.m. until Sunday afternoon, and on Sunday afternoon he had not abandoned his trenches. There were none left. They had been obliterated by artillery. He withdrew his undefeated troops from the fragments of his field fortifications and the hearts of his men were as completely unbroken as the parapets of his trenches were completely broken. Such a brigade! And it is invidious to single out any battalion for special praise, but it is perhaps necessary to this story to point out that Lieut.-Col. Lipsett, commanding the 90th Winnipeg Rifles, 8th Battalion, of the 2nd Brigade, held the extreme left of the brigade position at the most critical moment.

Retake Trenches.

The battalion was expelled from the trenches early on Friday morning by a emission of poisonous gases, but recovering in three quarters of an hour, it counter-attacked, retook the trenches it had abandoned, and bayonetted the enemy, and after the 3rd Brigade had been forced to retire Lieut.-Col. Lipsett had his position, though his left was in the air, until two British regiments filled up the gap on Saturday night.

The individual fortunes of those tho brigades have brought us to the events of Sunday afternoon, but it is necessary to make the story complete, to recur for a moment to the events of the morning.

After a very formidable attack the enemy succeeded in capturing the village of St. Julien, which has so often been referred to in describing the fortunes of the Canadian left. This success opened up a new and formidable line of advance, but by this time further reinforcements had arrived. Here again it became evident that the tactical necessities of the situation dictated an offensive movement, as the surest method of arresting further progress.

Cheer and Advance.

General Alderson, who was in command of the reinforcements, accordingly directed that an advance should be made by a British brigade, which had been brought up in support. The attack was thrust through the Canadian left and centre, and as the troops making it swept on, many of them going to certain death, they paused an instant, and, with deep-throated cheers for Canada, gave the first indication to the division of the warm admiration which their exertions had excited in the British army.

The advance was indeed costly, but it could not be gainsaid. The story is one of which the brigade may be proud, but it does not belong to the special account of the fortunes of the Canadian contingent. It is sufficient for our purpose to notice that the attack succeeded in its object and the German advance along the line which was momentarily threatened was arrested.

Relieved by British.

We had reached, in describing the events of the afternoon, the points at which the trenches of the second brigade had been completely destroyed. This brigade and the 3rd Brigade, and the considerable reinforcements which by this time filled the gap between the two brigades, were gradually driven fighting every yard, upon a line running roughly from Fortuin, south of St. Julien, in a northeasterly direction towards Passchondaele.

Here the two brigades were relieved by two British brigades after exertions as glorious, as fruitful, and alas, as costly as soldiers have ever been called upon to make.

Shrapnel Brigade Out Again.

Monday morning broke bright and clear and found the Canadians behind the firing line. This day, too, was to bring its anxieties. The attack was still pressed and it became necessary to ask Brig.-Gen. Curry whether he could once more call upon his shrunken brigade.

"The men are tired," this indomitable soldier replied, "but they are ready and glad to go again to the trenches." And so once more, a hero leading heroes, the general marched back the men of the 2nd Brigade, reduced to a quarter of its original strength, to the apex of the line as it existed at that moment.

This position he held all day Monday; on Tuesday he was still occupying reserve trenches, and on Wednesday was relieved and retired to billets in the rear.

Such, in the most general outline, is the story of a great and glorious feat of arms. A story told so soon after the event, while rendering bare justice to units whose doings fell under the eyes of particular observers, just do less than justice to others who played their part and all did as gloriously as those whose special activities it is possible, even at this stage, to describe But the friends of men who fought in other battalions may be content in the knowledge that they, too, shall learn, when time allows, the complete correlation of diaries, the exact part which either unit played in these unforgettable days.

It is rather accident than special distinction which has made it possible to select individual battalion for mention.

Auxiliary Services.

It would not be right to close even this account without a word of tribute to the auxiliary services. The signallers were always cool and resourceful. The telegraph and telephone wires were being constantly cut and many belonging to the service rendered their lives in the discharge of their duty, carrying out repairs with the most complete calmness in exposed positions.

The dispatch carriers, as usual, behaved with the greatest bravery. Theirs is a lonely life and very often a lonely death. One cycle messenger lay upon the ground badly wounded. He stopped a passing officer and delivered his message together with some verbal instructions. These were coherently given, but he swooned almost before the words were out of his mouth.

Not a Canadian Gun Lost.

The artillery never flagged in the sleepless struggle in which so much depended upon its exertions. Not a Canadian gun was lost in the long battle of retreat and the nature of the position renders such a record very remarkable. One battery of four guns found itself in such a situation that it was compelled to turn two of its guns directly about and fire upon the enemy in positions almost diametrically opposed.

It is not possible in this account to attempt a description of the services rendered by the Canadian Engineers or the Medical Corps. Their members rivalled in coolness, endurance and valor the Canadian infantry, whose comrades they were, and it is hoped in separate communications to do justice to both these brilliant services. No attempt has been made in this description to explain the recent operations in so far as they spring from, or are connected with, the fortunes of the Canadian division. It is certain that the exertions of the troops who reinforced, and latterly relieved, the Canadians, were not less glorious, but the long struggle is a lesson to the whole empire.

Still to Arms.

"Arise, O Israel," the empire is engaged in a struggle without quarter and without compromise, against an enemy still superbly organized, still immensely powerful, still confident that its strength is the mate of its necessities. "To arms, then, and still to arms." In Great Britain, in Canada, in Australia, there is need, and there is need now of a community organized alike in military and industrial cooperation. That our countrymen in Canada, even while their hearts are still bleeding, will answer every call which is made upon them, we well know. The graveyard of Canada in Flanders is large. It is very large. Those who lie there have left their mortal remains on alien soil. To Canada they have bequeathed their memories and their glory.

"On fame's eternal camping ground,
Their silent tents are spread,
And glory guards in solemn round
The bivouac of the dead."

ARMIES OF ALLIES ON SIX BEACHES IN DARDANELLES

British War Office States That Landing of Troops Has Been Successful, But Casualties Heavy — Turkish Transport Sunk By Queen Elizabeth.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, April 30.—The British War Office tonight made public an official communication concerning the operations of the Allies against the Dardanelles:

"The disembarkation of the army in the Dardanelles began before sunrise on April 25. Six different beaches were used, and the operation was covered by the whole fleet.

"The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy in succesgive lines, which were protected by barbed wire entanglements, in some places fifty yards wide, and supported by artillery.

"On the sixth beach, near Seddul Bahr, the troops could not advance until evening, when a fine attack by the British infantry from the direction of Cape Tekeh relieved the pressure on their front. The arrangements for landing had been concerted in the utmost detail between the fleet and the army.

Strong Forces Landed.

"The result of the first day's operations was the establishment of strong British, Australian and French forces at three points, namely, the Australian and New Zealand troops on the lower slopes of Sari Bair, to the north of Gaba Tepe, of British troops at Cape Tekeh at Cape Helles, and near Morto Bay, and of a French force on the Asiatic shore at Kum Kaleh, after a gallant attack toward Yeni Shehr.

"During the afternoon of the 25th, strong counter-attacks by the enemy began and hard fighting took place. Meanwhile, the disembarkation of the army proceeded, and was continually favored by good weather.

Strong Position Stormed.

"At daybreak on the 26th, the enemy was still holding the village and position of Sedul Bahr, which was a labyrinth of caves, ruins, trenches, pits and entanglements. Aided by the gun-fire of the fleet, this position was stormed by the British in frontal attack through undamaged wire entanglements. Sedul Bahr was taken about 2 p.m., four pompoms being captured. The situation at this end of the peninsula thus was definitely secured and the disembarkation of French and British forces proceeded.

"On the morning of the 27th, after repulsing a Turkish attack upon their left towards Cape Helles, the allied force advanced, and at 8 p.m. was established in an entrenched line running from a point about two miles north of Cape Tekeh to a small plateau above De Totts Battery. From this line, an advance since has been made to the neighborhood of Krithia.

"Meanwhile, the Australian and New Zealand troops at Sari Kair, who pushed on with the utmost boldness after the landing on the 25th, had been engaged almost constantly with the enemy, who made strong repeated counter-attacks which invariably were repulsed. The Australian and New Zealand troops fought with a fine spirit of determination.

Australians Win Fight.

"On the morning of the 27th, a fresh Turkish division was launched against Sari Bair, preceded by a heavy artillery fire. A hot engagement followed. The enemy came on boldly time after time, but the Australian and New Zealand troops defeated their every attempt and by 3 p.m. had resumed the offensive.

"The French troops at Kum Kaleh were also four times strongly counter-attacked on the 26th, but retained all their positions. Five hundred Turks who, in the course of one of these counter-attacks, were cut off by the fire of the fleet, were made prisoners.

"The operation of the landing army in the face of modern weapons and in spite of wire entanglements, under sea as well as on the level, and of land mines and deep pits with spikes at their bottoms, thus has been accomplished.

Casualties Are Heavy.

"The Admiralty reports that the fleet is filled with intense admiration over the achievements of their military comrades. The casualties in the army necessarily have been heavy. The casualties in the fleet were not numerous. They appear to have been confined to torpedo boat destroyers and to boats' crews engaged in landing operations, in which merchant captains and officers and crews of transports also have taken part.

"During the operations, Turkish warships from Nagara (in the straits) several times have attempted to intervene, but have always made off directly the Queen Elizabeth was at hand.

Transport Sunk.

"At noon, on the 27th, however, a transport of about 8,000 tons was reported off Maidos, and before she could escape the Queen Elizabeth opened fire. The third shot hit her and she sank rapidly, but whether she contained troops or not could not be seen.

"On the 28th and 29th, the allied forces rested and improved and consolidated their positions and continued the disembarkation of stores and artillery. All counter-attacks by the enemy, which were incessant on the 28th, but weaker on the 29th, were repulsed. The fleet, as well as the supporting army, have begun to engage the batteries, The Triumph bombarded Maidos, which was in flames last night, the 29th."

All Lovely, Says the Turk.

CONSTANTINOPLE (via London), April 30.—11:30 p.m.—The following Turkish official statement regarding the operations at the Dardanelles was given out here tonight:

"On April 28 the fire of our batteries damaged the French armored cruiser Jeanne d'Arc, which left for Tenedos in flames. An English destroyer was sunk by our shell fire on April 28 at the entrance to the narrows.

"Sixteen armored cruisers attacked our advance batteries at the Narrows on April 27, but up to evening the thousands of shells fired upon our batteries and infantry positions resulted only in the wounding of a number of soldiers. Two transports off Seddul Bahr were struck repeatedly by our shells and one of them was beached. We sank some boats and sailing vessels.

"The British battleships Majestic and Triumph, which had been damaged, had to withdraw from the fighting line.

"For the last two days the enemy fleet has undertaken no operations against the Narrows."

Nineteen British prisoners, of whom four are officers, were brought here to-

SIR JOHN FRENCH CABLES AGAIN OF CANADIAN PLUCK

OTTAWA, April 30.—In a cablegram to the Premier, Sir John French says:

"I thank you heartily for your telegram which I have communicated to the Canadian troops. No word of mine can express the admiration I feel for their gallant conduct. Canada has indeed reason to be proud of her sons and their devoted bravery has done more than anything else could have done to weld together the British Empire."

Sir Richard McBride cables the Premier:

"As further reports come in of the magnificent conduct of our Canadian troops at the front, it becomes all the more general topic of conversation and complimentary press comment in the Motherland. The Allies are loud in praise and honor of our gallant boys. Permit me to tender you the expression of my profound sorrow with the relatives and friends of the fallen. They did that the Empire and freedom and liberty might live."

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest and surest stomach relief.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache, you can surely get relief in five minutes.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why it relieves sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but what will please you most, is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation.

This city will have many "Pape's Diapepsin" cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gases, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery.

Get some now; this minute, and rid yourself of stomach misery and indigestion in five minutes.

LOSING HOPE; WOMAN VERY ILL

Finally Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back ached until I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount."—Mrs. Chas. Chapman, R. F. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Ohio.

Woman's Precious Gift.

The one which she should most zealously guard, is her health, but it is the one most often neglected, until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

New Way to Curl Hair Without Heated Irons

Hair tortured with the curling iron is bound to become dry, harsh and brittle, as so many know from sad experience. It's far more sensible to use plain liquid silmerine, which can do no harm and which produces the loveliest wavy effect imaginable. It takes so little time to apply the silmerine, and the hair can be made to curl in any form to any extent, to conform with any style of hair-dressing. A few ounces from the druggist will last a long time, so it is not at all expensive. Liquid silmerine is not greasy or sticky, and it doesn't stain or streak the hair or the scalp.

A convenient way to use it is to pour about two tablespoonfuls into a saucer and then with a clean toothbrush apply evenly to the hair from root to tip. If this is done before retiring, the added glory to one's "crowning glory" will be quite in evidence in the morning.

Your Rooms Papered With Some of.... Our New Wall Papers

When you are housecleaning is the time to have your rooms decorated. Let us give you an estimate on its cost.

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While you are at it, bring those pictures in and let us frame them for you. We carry a full line of mouldings.

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This is one of our specialties. Phone us and we will call and give you an estimate.

A. E. Jolly & Co.

190 DUNDAS STREET.

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CANADA FIBRE BOARD

FERGUSON FIBRE BOARD CO.
Toronto Bank Building.
J. S. FERGUSON, MANAGER.

Costs Less Than Plaster

The cost of Fibre Board is less than lath and plaster because Fibre Board is nailed directly to the studs and joists and there are no costly interruptions or delays in the work and no time lost waiting for it to dry, as with plaster. You can have your building ready for use weeks sooner. You can move into the house yourself, or rent it, immediately. Don't make the mistake of thinking Fibre Board is a thin, flimsy wall board. Fibre Board is nearly half an inch thick, waterproofed, and makes solid, substantial walls, hard to ignite. Write for folder and free sample.

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AMUSEMENTS. LECTURES

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Monday and Tuesday

Extra Special Two-Reel Keystone Comedy, Entitled

"That Little Band of Gold"

Featuring return engagement of **Ford Sterling**, the man who made Keystone Comedies famous.

Six other reels of pictures also shown include **Our Mutual Girl 49.** Don't miss the last four installments of this serial. **The Baby's Ride** (One-reel drama). **The Lost Receipt** (two-reel Reliance drama). **In the Vale of Shadow** (one-reel drama.)

Don't miss seeing the next episode of "**Runaway June,**" showing Wednesday and Thursday.

Matinees 5c - Evenings 10c

CHOIR CONCERT

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.

On Thursday Evening May 6, 8:15

DUBOIS' ORATORIO.

"Seven Last Words"

Will be given by the church choir and soloists, assisted by

Mr. Redford Hollinshead

The Noted Tenor of Toronto.

An offering of not less than ten cents will be taken at the door. b

Grand Concert

Musical feature with world's greatest artists, at

THE ARMORIES, MAY 3.

TALENT:

LEO ORNSTEIN.

world-famous composer and pianist.

MADEMOISELLE VERLET.

the Belgian Melba, accompanied on piano by

MR. CHAS. WHEELER, F.G.C.O.

HAROLD MEEK.

baritone. In aid of the Russian Polish Jewish war sufferers. Seats on sale at Cairncross & Lawrence, H. J. Childs, London Conservatory of Music, Heintzman Piano Store, Guillemont's Drug Store. Plan at London Ready-to-Wear, 256 Dundas street. Mail orders filled. For reserved seats phone 3922. Prices, $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c. 30k

Ocean Tickets

To or from the Old Country. All steamship lines. Call, write or phone, for summer sailings. Prepaid tickets to bring friends from the Old Country.

F. B. CLARKE

416 RICHMOND STREET,

Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont. ywt

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' MUTUAL Benefit Society—Three-day excursion to Detroit, Saturday, May 15. Train leaves G. T. R. station at 8 a.m. Fare, $2.75 (including war tax), for round trip. Baseball, Boston and New York vs. Detroit, every day. M1,7,8,13,14

MAY DAY DANCE. — PALACE Academy, Monday evening, May 3. Our patrons cordially invited. Private dancing lessons any time. Lady and gentlemen instructors. Phone Dayton & McCormick.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORTESE & SONS' ORCHESTRA—Original London Harpers. 161 Maple street. Phone 1570.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS—OPEN every afternoon, Sundays in forenoon. Phone 2193.

KENWICK MALE QUARTET AND Concert Company—Engagements accepted. Len Barr, 33 Charles street.

SCHOOL OF MODERN BALLROOM Dances, "Palais de Danse," 214 Dundas street. Instruction by appointment. Jack W. Cortese. Phone 1570.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WORKING COMPANION. MIDDLE-AGED woman preferred. Family of two. Box 269, Advertiser. 33c

WOMAN WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 568 William street. b

WANTED—GIRL, 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, to assist with housework and care of two children; sleep home. Address Box 270, Advertiser. 33k

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper desires position. Good references. Apply Box 268, Advertiser. b

WANTED — SERVANT (GENERAL) —Apply, with references, to Mrs. R. J. Young, 136 Albert street. b

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL MAID —Apply 234 Queen's avenue. 33c

WANTED — YOUNG WOMAN FOR light housework. Apply 899 Queen's avenue. b

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK for small family, where other help is kept; references required. Apply evenings, between 6 and 9 o'clock, Mrs. S. N. Sterling, 414 Dufferin avenue. 31n

Girls Wanted

APPLY TIMEKEEPER

McCORMICK MANFG. CO. b

WANTED—BODICE MAKERS. APPLY dressmaking department, Smallman & Ingram. 32c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED BODY ironers on white duck coats. Apply London Coat and Apron Supply Company, 98 Carling street. 31c

WANTED—GIRL TO DO FILING AND help around office generally during summer months; state age, salary and experience. Box 263, Advertiser. 31c

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED house and parlormaid; references required. Apply Mrs. G. S. Gibbons, Box 510, London, Ont. 31c

WANTED—GIRL FOR ICE CREAM parlor, from 1 p.m. to 10. Box 260, Advertiser. 31c

COOK (GENERAL) WANTED—TWO in family. Apply after 6. 88 Ridout street, South London. 29n

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED — PLEASANT rooms, all conveniences. 462 Dundas street. 33c

BORN. MARRIED. DIED.

BORN.

HOWLETT—On Saturday, April 3, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Chester Howlett, a daughter, Frances Lillian. b

MARRIED.

CORTESE—BURNS — On Thursday, April 29, 1915, at St. Peter's Chapel, by Rev. T. J. McKeon, Mr. Joseph A. Cortese, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Cortese, to Miss Dorothy R. Burns, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Burns, and grand-daughter of the late Senator Thomas Coffey and Mrs. Coffey. 32u

WOODWARD—INSELL—In London, by the Rev. C. R. Gunne, rector of Christ Church, Miss Jane Insell to Mr. Percy Victor Woodward, both of the City of London. b

DIED.

MARSHALL—At the residence of his sister, Mrs. William Jones, 654 Piccadilly street, on Friday, April 30, 1915, Robert George, youngest son of Ann and the late Edward Marshall, in his 28th year.

Funeral from the above address on Sunday, May 2, at 3 o'clock; service at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. 32u

McNIECE—At 472 Park avenue, on May 1, 1915, Elizabeth McNiece, widow of the late John McNiece, in her 91st year.

Funeral from above address on Sunday at 4 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. b

SHABBROOK.—April 29, 1915, Millicent Shabbrook, in her 74th year.

Funeral from the residence of her son, Frank Shabbrook, con. 8, London Township, on Saturday, May 1. Service at 2:30. Interment at St. Johns' Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances, please accept this intimation. 32u

VAN DELINDER — In Westminster Township, Friday, April 30, 1915, Ulysses Grant Van Delinder, dearly beloved husband of Laura I. Van Delinder, aged 38 years.

Funeral from the residence of his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Van Delinder, of Lambeth, on Sunday, at 3 p.m. Services at 2:30 p.m. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. b

In Memoriam.

CARMICHAEL—In memory of Bella May Carmichael, who died May 1, 1914.

Gone, but not forgotten.

b —C. M. T. Carmichael.

MEETINGS.

COURT ECLIPSE, NO. 1035, C. O. F.—Members will note that the regular meeting nights are the first and third Fridays of each month. Notice appeared in The Advertiser announcing meetings for other nights through error. 33u

MEN OF LONDON!

HEAR

Prof. Ladeux

Officer of Belgian Army, Just Returned From the War.

Music—Y. M. C. A. Boys' Choir.

SUNDAY, 4 P.M., AUDITORIUM. 31c

MEMBERS OF CANTON LONDON, No. 1, also members of subordinate lodges, will meet at I. O. O. F. Hall, Richmond street, at 12:30 tomorrow. Special car leaves for St. Thomas at 1:20 p.m. for purpose of attending divine service. b

MALE HELP WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MAN WANTED TO DO GARDENING, also woman to do housework. Apply 16 Marley Place. 33u

WANTED — BLACKSMITH. APPLY William H. Clampitt & Son, 90½ King street. 33c

EXPERIENCED CARPET AND LINOLEUM layer wanted at once. Smallman & Ingram, Limited. 33c

ABLE-BODIED MEN FOR FIREMEN, brakemen, $120 monthly; experience unnecessary. Railway, care Advertiser. May31

WANTED—BRASSWORKERS, LATHE hands, milling machine hands, clerk and several laborers; only English-born need apply. London Manufacturing and Machine Company, Limited, 309 Bathurst street. 33c

HYDRO-ELECTRIC BATHS, $1 — Hydro-electric massages and shower baths, 25c, at the National Bath Parlors, next Advertiser.

PAPERHANGERS WANTED AT once; permanent employment to competent workmen. Smallman & Ingram. 32c

WANTED — MARRIED MAN TO work on farm by the year; everything furnished. Apply C. T. Halpin, Lawrence Station. 32a

WANTED — AN APPRENTICE TO learn barbering. Apply Box 264, Advertiser. 32c

A LIVE SALESMAN DESIROUS OF improving his position can secure permanent place and good salary. Early promotion if merited. Apply, stating experience and age. Box 251, Advertiser. 30k

WE WILL TRAIN YOU AT HOME for a Government position. Civil service examinations are easy with our assistance; all departments; experienced instructor; information and terms on request. Petrolea Correspondence Schools, Petrolea, Ont. 47tf-t

YOUNG MAN WANTED TO DO INVOICE typewriting. Apply 186 York street. 31c

MANY CANADIAN GOVERNMENT jobs are open to Canadian citizens; $70 month; London examinations during May. Sample questions free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 916, Rochester, N. Y. June 10

PERSONAL.

WIDOWER, 48 YEARS OLD — OWNS a small farm; desires the acquaintance of a lady; object, matrimony. Box 267, Advertiser. b

STRICTLY PRIVATE MATERNITY home for ladies, before and during confinement. Trained nurse. 37 Victor street.

GREENWOOD PLACE, PRIVATE Hospital, London Junction. Nervous cases a specialty. Send for illustrated booklet. Phone 1706.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

TO LET—TO GROWN-UP FAMILY, modern house, 8 rooms. Edward street, South London. Apply 133 Langarth. Phone 2197. 33c-tyw

TO LET—90 ELMWOOD AVENUE. 203 Wortley road, or phone 2867. 33c

TO LET—SMALL HOUSE, SUITABLE for storage, sewing room, for married couple; private entrance; water and hydro. Apply 430 Princess avenue. b

RED BRICK HOUSE, SEVEN ROOMS, all conveniences. 657 Piccadilly street. 33u

TO LET — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, steam-heated. Apply 211 John street. Phone 3532. b

A LARGE PLEASANT FRONT ROOM, with board; gentleman preferred. Apply 536 Talbot. 33c

SMALL MODERN FLAT, $12 PER month. Apply W. A. McKenzie, 388 Richmond street, over Star Theatre. b

BRICK HOUSE TO LET, ALL MODERN, hot water to bath; No. 70 Oxford street, West London. Phone 1394, John Hobbs. 33c

OFFICE, RECENTLY FITTED UP and occupied by H. C. Becher, stockbroker. Apply C. P. Heal, on premises. b

SMALL HOUSE — FOUR ROOMS — 189 Hyman street. Apply 184 Central avenue. b

BRICK, TWO-STORY, EIGHT ROOMS —Rent moderate; warm and dry. George Rowntree, 60 Stanley street. 33n-tzyxvt

477 WATERLOO, CORNER DUFFERIN—The commodious home of Lieut.-Col. Frank A. Reid is for rent. The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited. 33c

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping; large, pleasant, all conveniences. 462 Dundas. 33c

$22 MONTH — TWO-STORY BRICK — South London; Fifteen minutes' walk from market. Inquire 93 Maple street. 33c tz

HOUSE, NO. 625 COLBORNE STREET —Modern conveniences. Jos. Brown, 197 King street. b

TWO EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSES — Modern; choice of either; Dundas east; one with good barn; streets watered; fifteen minutes to centre of city; $20 per month. Apply 1305 Dundas street. 33c

376 LYLE STREET, BRICK, NINE rooms, modern, to good tenant $17. Apply 151 Maple. b

PHONE 914 — BRICK HOUSE, HALE street, near Dundas. Large garden, barn. Immediate possession. 33n

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE TO rent for summer months; centrally located. Address Box 266, Advertiser. 32c

158 AND 162 HYMAN STREET — Small house, good repair; rent reasonable to good tenant. Phone 2833.

FURNISHED HOUSE—WILL LEASE for three years; modern conveniences. Apply 135 Elmwood avenue. 31c

NICELY - FURNISHED COTTAGE, with five beds, at Bayfield, to rent for July. Box 251, Advertiser. 30k

TO LET—MODERN HOUSE, EVERY convenience; possession May 24. Apply Bunn, corner Waterloo and Hill streets. Phone 670. 31c

TO LET — SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, with all modern conveniences, bright and airy, not obstructed with other buildings. Rent moderate. Apply Gordon Apartments, 508 William street. 31bu

NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS, MODERN, good locality. 415 Dundas street. 31n

TO LET — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; handy to two car lines. 585 Adelaide street. 31c

TO RENT—LOWER FLAT, 564 RICHMOND street; business or residential. Apply on premises. 29c-ywt

TO LET—SEVEN-ROOMED HOUSE, with all conveniences. Apply 466 Dufferin avenue. Phone 387. 31c

TO LET — THREE ROOMS—SECOND flat, for housekeeping; conveniences. 346 Dufferin avenue; $12. Apply 420 Oxford. Telephone 3541. 29n

TO LET—CHOICE TWO-STORY RESIDENCE, on Albert, near Richmond; immediate possession if required. Apply Renwick & Co., 247 Dundas street. 30c-xvt

TO LET — MODERN EIGHT-ROOMED house, central. Good locality. Possession May 1. Rent reasonable. Apply 155 Central avenue. 30k

HOUSE TO LET — NO. 464 TALBOT street, 11 rooms, modern improvements. Possession May 1. Apply Alex. Harvey, 802 Talbot street. 27g

HOUSE TO LET ON MAY 1—NO. 422 York; all modern conveniences. Apply John Purdom, 429 King street, or Purdom Hardware Company. 25tf

TO LET — ROOMS ABOVE 292 DUNDAS; suitable for office or any other kind of business. Apply 292 Dundas. 25bu

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE.—Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. The Forest City Moving Vans. Phone 1162. 97 Carling street.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving van and storage. Phone 1724. Residence, 790 Talbot.

PACKERS OF GLASSWARE, CHINA—Terms moderate. Fowler Wright, 141 Sydenham. Phone 5032.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY, the Mover." Moving vans. Residence, 480 Maitland; phone 2887. H. F. Day.

LOST AND FOUND.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

LOST, ON YORK STREET—TWO $10 bills. Reward, H. Kilbourne, 34 Askin street. 33c

LOST, ON DUNDAS STREET, BETWEEN Richmond street and Pottersburg—Large red and black checked horse blanket. Reward, R. J. Young & Co. b

LOST—A BRINDLE DOG, BROWN and white spots, one eye brown. Finder apply to Boxer, London Asylum. 32c

LOST—AN AUTO TIRE IN BLACK case between London and St. Johns. Reward at 483 Dundas street. 32c

LOST, ON ADELAIDE STREET — Three dollars, tied in corner of handkerchief. Please return to this office. 32c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED — SITUATION AS CLERK in grocery store. Best of references. Box 218, Tilsonburg. 33c

COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN wishes position as housekeeper where advertiser can have full charge. Box 265 Advertiser. 32u

WORK WANTED BY DAY, HOUSE-CLEANING, etc. Apply 313 Tecumseh avenue. 28n

WANTED — A POSITION AS WORKING housekeeper by a reliable woman. An economical, good cook and manager. Salary required, $20 a month. Address A. C., 178 Albert street, London. 28n

BUSINESS CARDS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED — YOU TO KNOW IF YOU want your house papered, see Heath, 353 Clarence street. 33c

PRIVATE MILLINER—LOUISE SHELTON, 269 Piccadilly street. Phone 4377. Reasonable prices. Remodeling. 31c

Let Me Save You Money on Your

PLUMBING AND HEATING

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A. GATECLIFFE,

Phone 4206. tzx 38 Charles St.

NOTICE—HEADLEY & WEIR, PROFESSIONAL horseshoers, have opened business at 70 Maple street. All work guaranteed.

Phone 3016. 647-649 Dundas Street.

HARRY BOSS

(Formerly of Palace Livery, East London)

First-class Hacks, Coupes and Coaches for weddings and funerals. Also up-to-date light livery. ywt

RAPID MESSENGER — NIGHT AND day services. Dray for hire. Phone 2845. R. Griffith, 244 Horton street.

Autos Nickel-Plated

National Brass, Ltd.

LONDON.

S. LEWIS & SON, 447 TALBOT street, the well-known horseshoers—Particular attention paid to lame and interfering horses. All work guaranteed.

LEWIS BROS.

Painters and Decorators.

All kinds of exterior and interior decorating, graining, papering, etc. No job too big, none too small to handle.

179 Mill Street. Phone 2163. t

PRIVATE NURSE, 223 PALL MALL street, now free to accept engagements. Phone 4204.

IF YOU HAVE ANY

OLD PAPER

all kinds, books or magazines, phone 2792.

W. LEFF & CO.,

AND HE WILL CALL FOR IT. t

McLEOD & GRAY, REAR ADVERTISER—First-class livery and boarding. Bus parties our specialty. Phone 1277.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

BUTCHER BUSINESS.

Smart point Southwestern Ontario, splendid paying business, established 40 years. Owner retiring. Great chance. Call or wire

A. A. CAMPBELL,

428 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

H. C. TULL, Valuator. 33c tzw

FOUR-TABLE POOLROOM AND FIXTURES, smart town, receipts thirty-five dollars week. Price thirteen hundred, half cash. John A. Moody, London. b

RESIDENCE OR FARM WANTED IN exchange for general stock. John A. Moody, 179 Dundas, London. b

PROFITABLE LONDON HOTEL LICENSE and furniture can be obtained, and owner will take residence as part payment. John A. Moody, London. b

CITY GROCERY, BOOTS AND shoes, tobacco, cigars and confectionery, general stores. Sydney Smythe, insurance agent, Talbot street.

OPPORTUNITY — WE HAVE JUST obtained the exclusive selling agency for the famous Hydra Vacuum Cleaner in the Dominion of Canada, and are now ready to contract with financially responsible men for the handling of this wonderful machine in the various towns and cities throughout the Dominion. The Hydra is the only portable water-power vacuum cleaner in the world. Attach it to any water faucet, turn on the water, and the dust and dirt disappear as by magic. The Hydra has had a phenomenal success in the United States since its introduction to the public on January 1, and it is bound to prove a huge success throughout Canada. We offer a rare opportunity for the right man to become associated with us in a new business, which pays big returns on a small investment. Advise us the territory you are interested in, and our representative will call and demonstrate Hydra to your entire satisfaction. Address Canadian Hydra Sales Company, Hamilton, Canada.

April 27, May 1.

NICKEL-PLATING DONE — WILL nickel-plate Ford cars for $8. Apply at Madigan Plating Works, Wingham. Address Box 233. Telephone 237. 29n

WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

ANY TIME THIS MONTH — SEVEN or eight roomed house, good locale, modern. Give particulars. Address Box 386, Postoffice. b

WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE, COOK and butler; must have first-class references. Apply Mrs. J. E. Smallman, Elmwood avenue. 31c

WANTED—MODERN HOUSE—MUST have at least four bedrooms and be in good condition. Possession about June 1. Box 249, The Advertiser. 30c

Poultry Wanted

Top prices for good quality. Big demand at present for all kinds. It will pay you to sell to us. MANN, LAURIE & CO., Corner York and Ridout Sts., London, Ont. ywt

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle. Phone 638. Will go twelve miles. No animal removed without its hide on. London Fertilizer Company.

WHENEVER THE CHILDREN SUFFER from earache, think of Compass Oil. Three drops heated in spoon and dropped into ear cures. t

FARM PRODUCE WANTED

Ship your live poultry to us direct. The market is in excellent shape, and we can handle anything you have to offer. Always in the market for Fresh Eggs, Dairy Butter, etc.

Silverwoods, Limited

LONDON. ywt ONTARIO.

COTTAGE OR 1½-STORY BRICK HOUSE, northeast part of city preferred; would consider south; about $2,000 to $2,500; state terms, also lowest price for cash. Apply Box 38, Advertiser.

HELP WANTED.

MAN AND WIFE (NO CHILDREN) wanted for garden work, etc., on farm near city. Apply R. G. Fisher, 74 Dundas street, London. 32c-vty

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN! WANTED—Storekeepers, ice cream parlors, confectioners, workingmen and travellers to teach how to make money easily, quickly and honorably. Domestic manufacturing and publishing of money-making. Trade-Secret Company, 69 St. Patrick street, Toronto, Ont. Send stamp for particulars. 31c

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST, OVER McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS RUBBER-TIRED top buggy. Apply Box 21, Komoka. 33c

FOR SALE—GAS BURNER PRACTICALLY new; will sell cheap. 229 Maitland street. 33c

FOR SALE—ONE ROOM RUG, RED, with green floral centre and border, size 10½ by 12 feet, also cabinet gas stove; must be sold at once; bargains. 172 John street. 33c

FOR SALE — PONY SURREY, WITH rubber tires, canopy top and sides, suitable for one or two ponies. Will be sold cheap. Almost new. Address F. Wollcombe, Goderich, Ont. b

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE — PRIVATE sale. All new, used only short time, owner moving from city. Mission solid oak dining-room set, solid mahogany davenport, living-room chairs and table, reed chairs, mission oak den set, two bedroom suites, white enamel and brass, telephone set, cellarette set, rugs, china closet, Hoosier cabinet, large upright gas stove, refrigerator. Apply 45 Grand avenue. 33n

BUFFET, OAK PEDESTAL EXTENSION table, wine set, rugs, carpets, leather chairs, rockers, pictures, dressers, iron beds, lumber, workbench, bedding. 85 Stanley street. b

FOR SALE—CHOICE REGISTERED Holstein bull, rising 2 years, mostly white, from very heavy milking strain; also 3-year-old Holstein springer. Fred Bodkin, No. 2, Wilton Grove. 33u ty

TWO McCASKEY CREDIT REGISTERS, cheap. Toledo scale, gold, used six weeks; Dayton scale, like new; butcher's (even-balanced) marble scale; cheese cutter; glass candy jars. 53 Craig street. Phone 3643. b

FOR SALE — DOGS FOR YOUR CAR and home. Black Pomeranians, white, silky Maltese terriers; pups from Canada's best. Prices, $15 and up. Grown and stud dogs. Phone 3961. 22 Erie avenue. 33u

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GOOD STRONG iron child's crib, nearly new; also household furniture. Apply 295 Dundas street. 32u

FOR SALE — HAPPY THOUGHT range, in good condition. Apply 192 Tecumseh avenue. 32c

FOR SALE — TWO FARM WAGONS, nearly new; one empty box wagon, one lorrie, fifteen farmers' milk cans, a quantity of kindling and other articles. Apply James Craig, care McCormick Manufacturing Company. 32u

RUBBER-TIRED, COVERED SURREY and Surrey harness, almost new. Apply Wm. Gerry & Sons, York street. 32u

STRAW HAT SPECIALS — THREE hundred dozen straw hats, in all the latest styles and weaves, at greatly reduced prices; $3 straws for $2, $2 straws for $1. Wegner Clothing Company, 381 Talbot, "The Heart of London." Open evenings. Opposite market. 32tf

HUPMOBILE ROADSTER FOR SALE. Apply London Motor Sales Company, King street, London. 31c

FOR SALE—A LAWN MOWER, practically new. 868 Waterloo street, or phone 2135. 31c

SMALL MARE, HARNESS AND buggy, suitable for lady. Apply 95 Clarence. 31c

YOUNG GENERAL PURPOSE MARE for sale. Apply Lot 21, Con. 3, after 6 p.m. John Nicholls. 31c

TWO FRESH MILCH COWS FOR sale. George Thompson, Springbank Loop. 31c-wtz

HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS FOR sale at a bargain. Apply 586 Grey street. Phone 2623. 31c

LARGE STOCK OF NEW MATTRESSES and feather pillows at Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

120 - EGG INCUBATOR, WALNUT wardrobe, dressers, commodes, beds and so-forth. Cheap, at McKim's Auction Rooms. Phone 4820.

STRAWBERRIES — STRONG, HEALTHY plants, Williams, Arnout, Sample, Beederwood, Dunlop; excellent fruit-bearers. Ballingall, Poplar Hill. May13

FOR SALE—FOUR GOOD SERVICEABLE yearling grade Holstein-Durham bulls; first come, first choice. Jas. H. Lane, R.R. No. 2, Dorchester. 27h

LANTERN SLIDES MADE TO ORDER from any copy, English or American standard sizes. Prices right. R. Mills, 963 Hackett street, London.

VINCENT'S WORD STUDIES, $4 — Treasury of David (new), $5. Hamilton's, 338 Richmond street.

TRY THE LONDON GARMENT CARE —Pressing and repairing and cleaning by experienced tailors. 341 Dundas. Phone 4890.

INK BARRELS FOR SALE — APPLY at Advertiser Office. tf

REPAIR WORK, TINSMITHING, ETC., called for and delivered. Arnold, 717 Richmond street. Phone 4911. t

CUT-RATE CEYLON BLACK, 25c, worth 35c; wholesale to private families. Try a 5c or 10c sample. Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

FIRE ESCAPES

FOR ALL CLASSES OF BUILDINGS

GOVERNMENT STANDARD — LOWEST PRICES

DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS CO. LIMITED — LONDON CANADA.

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

Peerless Bicycles

THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

F. Benson & Co.

615 Dundas Street, East London.

The Love Hardware Co.

111 Dundas Street. Phone 588.

For one of the best assortments of Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Hose, Screen Doors, Screen Windows, and Refrigerators. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed.

TEA, SUGAR, ETC., AT CUT-RATE prices. Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street. t

Children's Shoes

3 to 7, Lace or Button

75 Cents.

5 to 7½, Lace or Button

$1.10.

PAXMAN

210 King Street. Phone 4595. t



Do You Need a Truss?

We sell a Truss that is guaranteed. Call and see.

Anderson & Nelles, Druggists,

268 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. ywt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

GRAFTING — MANY KINDS OF scions on hand; wax all ready made. Many varieties evergreens, fruit, ornamental trees, shrubs and vines; rhubarb roots, 25 cents each, five for $1; peony roots. Charles Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL the latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

C. LEWIS, DEALER IN NEW AND second-hand goods, house furnishings, etc. 101½ King street.

FIRST MORTGAGE FOR SALE, TO pay you good interest. Address Box 49, Advertiser, for particulars.

FOR SALE — ONE 25-HORSEPOWER direct current electric motor, slow speed (Electrical Construction Company make), 500-volt armature and 250-volt field, with motor generator exciter. All in first-class shape. Apply Advertiser Office. 13tf

GET THE CHAMBERLAIN WEATHER-STRIP. C. A. Smith, 30 Evergreen. Phone 1504.

BLANCHARD'S RICHMOND STREET Fish Market—Best place to buy fish. 525 Richmond street, opposite St. Peter's Parish Hall. Phone 1510.

SMOKE "JOY" TEN-CENT CIGARS. Smith & McNeil. Union-made. All stores.

ONE PAIR WALNUT ARMCHAIRS, twelve walnut diners, at Keene's Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

FOR UPHOLSTERING TRY CHARLES M. Quick, 725 Richmond street. Phone 1479. t

FOUND

At 507 Richmond street, smart, up-to-date paperhangers and painters.

Get Them.

A. BOTLEY CO.,

Phone 2423. t

TRAFFORD'S

For Furniture, Rugs, Curtains, Window Shades, Baby Carriages, Go-Carts and Floor Coverings. "Always Reliable."

129 Dundas. 11 Market Sq. t

IMPERIAL FLOUR GIVES BEST results. Hookway & Son, King street. Phone 1335.

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH OF ALL kinds. 143 King, opposite market. Phone 1296.

SMOKE CANADA'S BEST NICKEL cigar, The Scout.

Gerhard Heintzman Piano

Large size, slightly used. Placed with us to sell at once; slaughter price. Call and see it.

W. McPHILLIPS,

189 Dundas Street, London.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word with cash order. Subscriptions: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

Southcott Coal Company

Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers. Phone 1083. 276 Clarence street. Prompt delivery and courteous treatment. ywt

REMOVAL NOTICE.

The London Machinery Repair Co.

are now located at 74 Fullarton street, where we are now better able to look after your machine and blacksmith work.

74 Fullarton Street. Phone 4284. ywt

NUT COAL

Murray Mine Chestnut cannot be equalled for this time of year.

$7.00 Per Ton

ALEX. POLLARD,

495 York Street. ywt Phone 1391.

GET IT DONE RIGHT!

Trunk Manufacturing or Repairing.

THE BROWN-PAYNE TRUNK CO.,

420 Wellington St. ywt Phone 4892

WE WILL GIVE YOU THE BEST quality meats, best service and lowest prices. Give us a ring. Four deliveries daily.

PHONE 500. MARKET HOUSE.

ANDERSON'S zxt

FOR SALE—HOWARD NEW IDEA and Summit Hot Air Furnaces, at Rutherford's. Phone 2613. 179 Kent.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY REPAIRED and installed. Estimates. Superior Machinery Company, York street. Phone 2729. ywt

LAWN SEED

Use our lawn seed if you want the best. Our fertilizer should be used now. It will make your grass grow; also just the thing for flowers and vegetable garden.

SWEET PEAS.

All our seed is the very best. We buy in bulk, and put up our own goods. If you want flower and vegetable seeds that will grow, buy only from a reliable house. Seed catalogue free.

PERENNIALS

Full line of all kinds of perennial plants and shrubs. These should be planted now.

DUTCH SETS

You can make more money growing onions than with anything else. We have over-bought this year, and offer you a peck for 75c, a bushel for $2.25. Finest sets we ever had. Buy quickly.

GARDEN TOOLS.

We keep a full line of trowels, spades, rakes, hoes, lawn mowers, cultivators, drills, lawn rollers, sprayers, spraying material and pruners. Circular, "How and When to Spray," free.

POULTRY NETTING.

In all widths and mesh, lawn guard, garden hoops, lawn signs, trellis, etc.

CHICK FEED.

We keep all kinds of chick feeds, foods, medicines, and are headquarters for all poultry requisites, incubators, brooders, thermometers, etc. Circular on "Chick Feeding" free.

MORGAN'S, Phone 1428. 100 DUNDAS ywt

Brockville Buggies

The famous wrought iron line, now sold by

Mr. M. INNES, 349 Talbot St.

Prices and catalogue on application. ywt

Wringer Rollers Put On

Let us send for yours. Our work guaranteed.

WILLIAM A. WALKER.

General Repairs. Phone 397.

757 Dundas Street.

Agent Massey-Harris Bicycles. zxt

Old Hats Made New

Ladies' and gents' Panama hats bleached and blocked by the Porto Rican method; absolutely no acid used. Silk, soft, stiff hats, made into latest styles. Scott, Practical Hatter, 136½ Carling street. xt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

A. G. COPELAND'S New Photo Studio

Now open. Special rates for this month to introduce work.

STUDIO: 223 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

FOR BARGAINS IN

Wall Paper

COME TO

300 Dundas St

Full line of latest patterns, and experienced paperhangers, at moderate prices. Open evenings. wty

GRANT SIX

$1,100.00

Completely equipped, including electric starting and lighting.

RELIANCE MACHINE WORKS, LONDON.

Distributors of Middlesex, Oxford, Elgin Counties. Literature on request. t

$100.00

Three dollars a month. Beautiful rosewood piano, 7 1-3 octaves, full iron plate, fully guaranteed for five years.

HEINTZMAN & CO., LTD.,

242 Dundas Street. 23tf ywt

Roxboro Bicycles

"True as steel and skill can make them." Buy one today. Cash or terms.

FRED S. KERR,

635 Dundas Street. ywt

Buy Lehigh Coal.

Large Size Pea Coal, Well Screened.

G. R. KETTLE & SON.

Phones 298, 2758. Yards G.T.R.-Maitland ywt

FIVE CENTS

Buys a Large-Sized Package of

MATCHLESS AMMONIA

At Any Store.

IT CAN'T BE BEATEN. ywt

CALL IN AND SEE OUR

Hot Water Cyphers Incubators

Small Superior Incubator	$12.60
Large Superior Incubator	16.80
Small Columbia Incubator	18.40
Large Columbia Incubator	23.10
Adaptable Hover	10.50
Portable Hover	10.00

O'Dell & Mitchell Hardware,

389-393 Talbot Street. Phone 187.

WE GUARANTEE any second-hand car we sell, the same as a new one. Five-passenger Overland, repainted, perfect condition; two-passenger McLaughlin, repainted, new tires; six-passenger Oakland, electric lights and starter, just as good as new; five-passenger Ford, almost new.

HENDRICK GARAGE. ywt

Indian Motorcycle For Sale, $175

Run less than 500 miles.

CENTRAL GARAGE,

76, 78 York Street. ywt

One wholesale butcher wagon and rack, has been used one month.

L. W. CRAWFORD,

343 Talbot Street. ywt

McCracken Show Case Company

Manufacturers of High-Grade Store and Office Fittings. Get our estimate.

Phones 2362-3814. 447 DUNDAS ST. ywt

GLADIOLI BULBS.

Our I. X. L. Mixture is made up of such an immense variety of shades and colors we could not begin to mention them all; also the following named varieties: AMERICA, PRINCEPS, HALLEY, MRS. FRANCIS KING, PINK BEAUTY, AUGUSTA, BARON HULOT. Never so good and so cheap as they are this year.

SWEET PEAS.

"GOLD MEDAL MIXTURE"—We make this mixture up of 32 best named varieties of the finest tints and colors.

LAWN GRASS.

Our mixture of Lawn Grass Seed is made up from seven to ten varieties of the best grasses and White Dutch Clover. You can't expect to have a lasting lawn if you use just Red Top, Blue Grass and White Dutch Clover.

EARLY POTATOES.

The Goldfinder, Early Ohio, Irish Cobbler, Early Pride, Early Rose.

ONIONS.

Dutch Sets, English Multipliers, Shallots. We have the finest and most select stock of Flower, Vegetable and Field Seeds in the city.

Did you get our big Seed Catalogue yet?

Darch & Hunter Seed Company, Limited

zxt

ROOFING

CARLOAD JUST RECEIVED.

Call and See Us.

Geo. H. Belton Lumber Co.

TWO YARDS—Rectory and G. T. R. Also Richmond and Pall Mall Sts. xt

FOR SALE—OAK CASKS, BARRELS and packing cases; city delivery. Gorman, Eckert & Co. 74tf-xt

Have Your Automobile Painted

Tops re-covered and your slip-covers made by

GOULD & MOHAN,

346-348 Wellington Street. Phone 1750. zxt

ARCHITECTS.

WATT & BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects—Bank of Toronto Building, London; Lister Chambers, Hamilton.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, Dominion Savings Building, top floor, corner Richmond and King streets.

McBRIDE & GILBERT, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects, etc., Edge Block. Phone 262.

JOHN M. MOORE, Architect and Civil Engineer, 425 RICHMOND STREET.

ARTHUR E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT—Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 656.

AGENTS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED—AGENTS; BEST PROPOSITION in Canada; restricted territory; no competition; no house-to-house canvassing; expressage paid. Joseph Moloney, manager, 152 Major street, Toronto. 30h

Bicycle and Motorcycle Repairing

We specialize in this work and therefore can give you better work and better service than anyone else.

BICYCLE AND MOTOR SALES CO., 397 Clarence Street. Phone 3182.

OSTEOPATHY.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE Osteopath—Eleven years' practice in London. 645 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

DR. R. C. BARKLIE, GRADUATE Osteopath, Graduate Chiropractor. Ten years' drugless practice. Electrical treatments. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

DR. LEONARD DOUGLASS, PARKVIEW Apartments. Specialty, children's diseases and midwifery. Hours, 12-2, 5:30-7. Phone 5080.

DR. MEEK, 330 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND — Specialty, skin diseases, electrical treatment, X-rays.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street. Hours, 1-3, 7-8.

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. I. Ferguson, specialty children's diseases.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 245 Queen's avenue—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M. R. C. S. (England), 287 King. Phone 839.

DR. GEORGE A. RAMSAY — RETURNED to office, 22 Hayman Court, Queen's avenue. Telephone 4804.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, REMOVED to corner Richmond and Hyman streets. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. KARN,

425 RICHMOND STREET.

Specialist Surgery and Genito-Urinary Diseases of Men and Women. ywt

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P., AND S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 Park avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. PINGLE, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM—CORNER KENT and Talbot streets. Phone 2250.

LEGAL CARDS.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR. Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

R. BRUCE KILBOURNE, LL.B.—Barrister, solicitor, 212 Nanton building, Winnipeg. Western properties managed.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, barristers, etc., Imperial Bank building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—OAK HALL BUILDING

PURDOM & PURDOM—DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING, First Floor, Corner of Richmond and King Streets.

J. H. A. BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 169½ Dundas street. Money to loan on real estate.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notary public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 89 Dundas street.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts; K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 413 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

PAWNBROKERS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

BIG SALE OF RAINCOATS — Ladies' and gents' patterns. Travellers' samples. While they last, $4.50. Why pay more? Julius Siskind, the most liberal pawnbroker, 338 Richmond street.

PATENTS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and Solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ont.

POULTRY AND EGGS

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

Hundreds of possible poultry or egg buyers read The Advertiser Want Ad. Page every day. An advertisement in the Poultry Column will be sure to reach them.

FOR SALE—TEN WHITE LEGHORN chickens, cheap. Apply 709 Princess avenue. b

CHICKENS AND COOP FOR SALE cheap. 32 Charles street, West London. 32c

WHITE ROCK EGGS, $1 PER SETTING, from heavy winter layers. 105 Forward avenue. 31c

WHITE WYANDOTTE EGGS FROM hens mated to Beulah Farm males, $1 per fifteen. D. M. Robertson, Wyoming, Ont. May4-tyw

EGGS FOR SETTING — S. C. WHITE Leghorn, Guild and Linscott strains. Well-bred Barred Rocks, 570 William street. 91m t

FOR SALE—EGGS FROM RHODE Island Reds, both combs; $1 per setting. J. Ashton, 17 Kitchener avenue. 25bu

PEN S. C. RHODE ISLAND REDS and eggs, $1 per setting. 731 Lorne avenue. 16tf

S. C. RHODE ISLAND RED EGGS, for setting. bred-to-lay strain; $1 a setting. 518 Dufferin avenue. J. E. Stevenson. May15

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

THOS. C. KNOTT

117 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING—First Floor Up. Phone 650.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, VALUATOR, ARBITRATOR, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

NEW SURVEY, NORTH END. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF LOTS IN A NEW SURVEY SITUATED ON VICTORIA STREET, TALBOT STREET AND SHERWOOD AVENUE. LOTS ARE 35 x 115 FEET AND 32 x 149 FEET, SIX INCHES. I CAN SELL YOU THESE LOTS FOR $300.00 EACH, $5 DOWN AND $5 PER MONTH. DO NOT MISS THIS CHANCE. LOTS WILL BE ADVANCED ON MAY 15. CALL AND SEE PLAN.

NORTH LONDON—New two story and attic red pressed brick, three bedrooms and den, also one bedroom finished in attic, all modern conveniences, electric light and gas, all decorated, double deck veranda. Price $5,000.

CENTRAL—Two story and attic brick, six bedrooms and den, all conveniences, gas and fixtures, lot 25 feet 6 inches by 203 feet and right of way. A splendid property for a garage. Price $5,000.

SOUTH LONDON—Two story red pressed brick veneer, four bedrooms and den, all modern, electric light and gas, lot 40x240 feet, garage. Price $3,700.

EAST LONDON—One and three-quarter story brick veneer, three bedrooms, room for bath, furnace, electric light and gas, front and back veranda, lot 40x167 feet. Price only $3,000.

Brick factory now used as a machine and wood working factory, gas power, main building one story brick 25x60 feet, blacksmith shop 16x18 feet on cement wall, also assembly building, lot 67x182 feet. Will sell with wood and iron working machinery at $3,000, or buildings and lot alone at $2,500. Reason for selling poor health. Residence and vacant lot adjoining can also be obtained.

TO RENT—South London, three bedrooms, modern, $18 and water rates. East London, three bedrooms, furnace, electric light and gas, $16 and water rates. Central, two bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnished, $16 and water rates. East London, three bedrooms, bahroom complete, $18 and water rates. East London, three bedrooms, $12 and water rates per month, and others. See Free Press for another list.

SOUTH LONDON—One and a half story brick veneer, three bedrooms, modern, electric light and gas, lot 30x189 feet. Price $2,250.

WEST LONDON — Cottage, four rooms and woodshed, electric light and fixtures, lot 33x148 feet. Price $650.

PORT STANLEY—Summer cottage, two bedrooms, electric light and fixtures, city water, lot 40x50 feet. Price $700.

NORTHEAST—One and a half story brick, three bedrooms, all modern conveniences, electric light and gas, lot 30x132 feet. Price reduced from $3,500 to $3,000 for a quick sale.

SOUTHEAST—Brick veneer cottage, four bedrooms, electric light and gas, lot 64x146 feet. Price $1,800 or will trade for 10 acres near the city.

SOUTH LONDON—Brick cottage, three bedrooms, gas and fixtures, windows all weather-stripped, lot 30x123 feet. Price reduced from $1,600 to $1,500; $4.50 cash, and balance on easy terms.

SOUTH LONDON—Frame cottage, two bedrooms, lot 62x162 feet. Price $750.

SOUTH LONDON—One and a quarter story brick veneer, three bedrooms, gas and fixtures, lot 33x93 feet. Price $1,650. $200 cash and balance on easy terms.

NORTH LONDON—Two story red pressed brick, three bedrooms and den, all conveniences, electric light and gas, veranda, lot 30x90 feet. Price $5,500.

About two acres in the southeast part of the city, good one and a half story frame house on cement foundation, five bedrooms, room for bath, good barn, with cement floors. A splendid chance to get a property cheap. Price $3,000.

TECUMSEH AVENUE, South London—Vacant lots, 36x110. Will sell for $5 cash and $5 per month. Call for particulars.

BUILDING AND GARDEN LOTS—We have a number of splendid lots in South London which we can sell for $5 down and $5 per month. These lots are 60x189 feet and in a good locality. A large number were sold last year. Prices are $285 to $350 each. Call and buy one before they are sold.

VACANT LOTS.

I also have a large number of vacant lots in South London that you can purchase by paying $5 down and $5 per month. Call and get particulars. Prices will be raised. Lots that I sold about this time last year have changed hands at an advance of $100 per lot.

I have a large number of vacant lots in all parts of the city. You can purchase a lot on Orchard Hill at $15 per foot by paying $5 down and $5 per month. This is the best vacant lot proposition on the market. All lots are covered with bearing apple trees. Call and see plans.

Farms

16 ACRES—About three miles from London on the Traction Line, two-story red pressed brick house, five bedrooms, furnace, good barn, chicken house, garage, wire fences in good condition, soil clay loam, 6 acres orchard of apples, pears and plums, half mile to school and church. A splendid property for $6,000.

10 ACRES—In a thriving town, soil half black muck and half sand loam, one and a half story frame house, cement foundation and cellar, four bedrooms, frame barn, hen house, wire fences, town water in the house, half acre orchard, peaches, pears and plums, quarter acre raspberries, one block to school, three blocks to church. This is a first class property to subdivide. Write or call for further particulars. Price $2,500, half cash and balance to suit purchaser.

4 ACRES in a thriving village on the G.T.R., soil sandy loam, one and a half story frame house, cellar, barn with cement stable under, all buildings in a good condition, good well, tile drained, orchard of about 15 trees. This is a splendid property. Price $1,500; $800 cash and balance reasonable.

100 ACRES—Township of Houghton, County of Norfolk, soil clay and sandy loam, one and a half story frame house, five bedrooms, barn and drive barn, rail and wire fences, one acre orchard, 45 acres bush, one and a quarter miles to school, rural mail delivery, nine miles to market. Price $3,000. $1,500 cash and balance for five years at five per cent.

60 ACRES—Township of Mosa, soil mostly sandy loam with some clay, two story frame house, cellar, four bedrooms, two barns, drive barn, buggy house, two chicken houses, buildings all in good condition, rail and wire fences, two wells, spring piped to barnyard, all tiled, 40 acres can be cultivated, 2 acres orchard, 18 acres pasture, quarter mile to school, rural mail delivery, four miles to market, railway station, etc., one and a half miles to village. Price $4,300, or will exchange for a good business in the city of London.

STILLWATER VALLEY—Fertile and beautiful Chautauqua County, New York. Only $30 to $50 per acre for over 100 splendid improved farms, easy terms, dairying, fruit and general farming, close to best markets on the continent. Full descriptions free upon request.

25 ACRES—Caradoc Township, fairly good house, barn, soil sandy loam, one and a half miles to railway station, a great potato or fruit farm and extra good value for the money. Price $1,300.

49 ACRES — West Williams, soil gravelly loam, brick cottage, three bedrooms, two barns, half acre orchard, three good wells, good fences, 44 acres can be cultivated, tile drained, half mile from store, high and public schools, railway station, etc. Price $4,000.

50 ACRES—Warwick Township, soil clay and sandy loam, one and a half story brick house, stone foundation, bank barn, granary, chicken house, hog pen, new steel implement house, three acres orchard apples, peaches and plums, five acres bush, sold 125 barrels apples off the orchard last fall. This farm is in a splendid fruit district. Price $4,500.

28 ACRES—Caradoc, frame house, bank barn, chestnut bush, which brings in considerable money each year, sugar bush and other timber, apple orchard, good spring water. This farm adjoins a thriving village on the Grand Trunk Railway, and is cheap at $3,500.

WE HAVE A LARGE NUMBER OF OTHER FARMS FOR SALE. CALL OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

WANTED—FARMS FOR SALE. NO CHARGE UNLESS SOLD BY OR THROUGH ME. LIST NOW AND HAVE YOUR FARMS WELL ADVERTISED.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. I AM REARRANGING MY LIST AND WANT MORE PROPERTIES TO SELL. REMEMBER THAT THERE IS NO CHARGE UNLESS THE PROPERTY IS SOLD BY OR THROUGH ME.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT I HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE ME. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

Those beautiful lots on Wellington street, near St. James street. We have lots all over.

Cheap lots on Renwick avenue, Maitland, Cheapside and William streets. Lots in the East End, South London, Macdonald avenue, West London.

WOLF STREET—45 foot lot; price $52 per foot.

QUEBEC STREET—1½-story brick house, 3 bedrooms, bathroom complete, electric light and gas, lot 33x100 feet. Price, $2,200. Cheap property.

RICHMOND STREET NORTH—Two-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 50x130 feet. Price, $7,000.

RECTORY STREET—Large frame cottage, 8 rooms, all modern improvements, veranda, lot 47.6x150 feet; good property. Price reasonable.

DUNDAS STREET, near Quebec street—95x94 feet, 12-foot lane in rear, suitable for stores. Price, $35 per fot. You can double your money in a very short time.

WORTLEY ROAD—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, large cellars, furnace, electric light and gas; lot 40x120 feet. Price reasonable.

BROUGHDALE, Richmond Street, North—New brick cottage, 7 rooms, electric light, lot 31x150 feet, at a bargain.

GERRARD STREET—New one and a half story brick house, seven rooms, fully modern, nice lot. Price $2,600.

ST. GEORGE STREET, North—Two-story brick residence, slate roof, large veranda, four bedrooms, fully modern. Price $5,500. Choice location.

SOUTH LONDON — A new red pressed brick bungalow, hardwood floors, four bedrooms, fully modern, lot 50x140 feet. Price $4,000.

HOLMAN STREET—Two lots, at $7 per foot. Cheap.

RIDOUT STREET, west side, near Elmwood avenue—A splendid two-story brick house, nine rooms, all modern improvements; lot 53x226 feet. Price, $5,300.

OXFORD STREET—A new one and one-half story red pressed brick house, seven rooms, all modern improvements, lot 30x159 feet. Price $3,100.

DUNDAS STREET EAST—A new two-story brick house on cement block foundation, eight rooms, all modern improvements; lot 35x180 feet. Price, $3,500.

WILLIAM STREET NORTH — One and one-half story cement block house, eight rooms, all modern improvements, lot 36x135 feet. Price $3,500. Would exchange for a small farm.

ELIZABETH STREET, South end—One and three-quarter story brick veneer house, five bedrooms in good order, lot 55x75 feet. Price $2,500.

SOUTH LONDON—Two story red pressed brick house, eight rooms, all modern improvements, lot 37x120 feet. Price $3,600.

ALBERT STREET—Two-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, decorated in style; lot 28x132 feet. Price, $4,500.

ELMWOOD AVENUE, near Ridout street—New two story red pressed brick, four bedrooms, all modern improvements, lot 42x106 feet, at a reasonable price.

BRISCOE STREET—New two-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 30x130 feet, fruit trees. Price $2,000.

SPLENDID FARM of 100 acres, near Exeter—Two-story brick house, bank barn and other buildings, wire fencing, fruit trees, etc. Inspection invited.

NEAR CENTRALIA—Two farms of 100 acres each. These are worth your attention. Call or write for price and description.

BURWELL STREET—1¾-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 35x112 feet. Price $5,200.

P. WALSH,

425 RICHMOND STREET. PHONE 358. t

SPECIAL BARGAIN.

One and a half story brick, Quebec street, 6 rooms, bath, full plumbing, hydro, gas. Price $2,200; $200 down, balance easy terms. This is a bargain.

A. A. CAMPBELL, 428 Richmond St., London, Ont. H. C. TULL, Valuator. 33u-ty

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Mahaffy Brothers, Limited, Office,
Saturday, May 1.

Dear Sir,—This morning I received some news that I feel certain will be of interest to YOU, and because I know this news is of importance to over three hundred residents of London, and is good news for us all, I have written this open letter today to you and to our old friends so that you may have the benefit for a few days of some advanced information that will be profitable to many.

A few days ago we announced that eleven stores and homes were under construction on Manor Park. We can now say FOUR MORE good-sized homes will commence to build next week. Excavating is under way. This makes fifteen homes now building on Manor Park this season. Within three months more we think there will be at least sixty families living on Manor Park. Forty-six families are either building or are living on the property now.

The first house was built just a year ago. Three years from now, Manor Park will be London's largest suburb. A number of our clients who bought Manor Park lots last year have resold them at good profits. Even now a number of fine level lots can be had at $140, others up to $200, and every lot can be had on the easy terms of $5 down and $5 monthly. The point is this: Lot prices are going higher. Our Head Office had advised us that the prices on most of our Manor Park lots will be raised before the 1st of June. London is growing. Manor Park is filling up. Lots bought now for homes or investment will make you profits. Take advantage of this information, and buy before the rise in price.

It is said today the Government is buying for military purposes several thousand acres adjoining the city. This will close off all the land for home building. This will make Manor Park build up all the more. You cannot lose on this property. Choose the lot you like today. Make sure of it. Put $5 on it to hold it, then look at it from every angle. After paying the $5, you have thirty days in which to look over the whole city. During this time, if you do not consider that you have made one of the best investments of your life, come and get your money back. We will refund all you have paid. Remember the prices are going up within the next few days.

If you cannot walk over the property with us, pin a five-dollar bill to this letter and mail it to us today, if possible. We will choose for you the lot we would show you if you were on the ground with us. We have done this for others, and will do it for you if asked to. Names or references given on request. Decide to own a lot today. Write us now.

Yours very truly,

MAHAFFY BROS., LIMITED.

Montague Mahaffy.

Vice-President.

231 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Adelaide St. Baptist Church.

Rev. Jas. H. Boyd, Pastor.

11 a.m., baptism, reception of new members, and Communion. 3 p.m., meetings for men and women. 7 p.m., "Canada's Grief and Glory, or How Our Heroes Fell." Special music.

Askin St. Methodist Church.

Rev. W. H. Harvey, B.A., Pastor.

Morning, "Communion." Evening, "The Surest, Strangest, Most Hated Thing in Life." Communion at close of both services. Prof. LeDeaux, a Belgian officer, will address Men's League at 10 a.m. All men invited.

ASSOCIATED BIBLE STUDENTS

Dowler Block, 176 Dundas St.

3 p.m. study: "The Author of Atonement."

7:30 p.m. study: "Parallel Dispensations."

All welcome.

Cathedral St. Pauls.

Holy Communion, 8:30 a.m. and at Morning Service.

Morning Service, 11. Preacher, the rector.

Evening Service, 7. Preacher, Rev. Canon Gunne.

Centennial Methodist Church.

Rev. H. A. Graham, Pastor.

9:45 a.m., quarterly fellowship service. 11 a.m., a memorial service and reception of new members. Solo, Mrs. Brighton. 7 p.m. the quarterly Communion service. Mixed quartet.

CHRISTADELPHIANS MEET IN Castle Hall, corner Dundas and Clarence street, Sunday, May 2: Subject, "How to Search the Scriptures." All invited. No collection.

CHRIST CHURCH

Corner Wellington and Hill Sts.—C. R. Gunne, rector.

Services on Sunday, May 2, as follows: Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at 11 a.m.; preacher, the rector. Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.; preacher, Rev. L. N. Tucker, of St. Paul's Cathedral.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, DUNDAS street—G. F. Assiter, minister. A memorial service for the soldiers of Canada who fell at Ypres will be held Sunday evening. Special music will be rendered, Mrs. Manning and Master Wilfrid Head assisting. b

Colborne Street Meth. Church

Pastor, Rev. D. N. McCamus.

Fellowship at 10 a.m. "Is a Sinless Life Possible?" New Year Day in the Sunday school, 2:45 p.m. To all services—welcome.

CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH.

Holy Communion, 11 a.m.

Evensong, 7 p.m.

The rector, Rev. R. W. Norwood, will preach at both services.

New Egerton St. Baptist Church

Pastor, Rev. W. C. Riddiford.

11 a.m., "The Priesthood of Jesus." 3 p.m., Bible school, men's Baraca class. 7 p.m., "The Heroes of Langemarck Charge—A Memorial Service." Seats free. All made welcome.

Empress Ave. Methodist Church.

Rev. T. Wesley Cosens, Pastor.

11 a.m., "Redemption." Reception of new members and sacramental service. 7 p.m., "Daniel's Vision of the Judgment." Quarterly fellowship meeting at 10 a.m.

DUNDAS CENTRE METH. CHURCH.

Rev. A. J. Thomas, M.A., D.D., Pastor.

10 a.m., quarterly fellowship service.

11 a.m., sacramental services. Reception of new members and baptism.

2:45 p.m., Sunday school.

7 p.m., the pastor, subject, "Responsibility."

Morning anthem, "God So Loved the World" (Moore), Mr. Howcroft and the choir.

Evening anthem, "By the Waters of Babylon" (Coleridge Taylor).

Solo, "Show Me the Way" (Torrenti), Miss Annie Reid.

Anthem, "Father, Lead Me" (Bowles).

Parnell Morris, organist and choirmaster.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Everlasting Punishment." Sunday school at 11 a.m. Wednesday, testimonial meeting at 8 p.m. Free reading-room open every week-day, 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Corner Dufferin and Park Avenues.

Rev. W. J. Knox, Minister.

Rev. J. M. MacGilivray, of Petrolea, will preach at both services.

FIRST METH. CHURCH

PASTOR:

REV. CHAS. R. FLANDERS, B.A., D.D.

PREACHER.

11 A.M.

Quarterly Meeting and Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

Sermon—"A Pathetic Love Token."

Anthem—"O Clap Your Hands" (Buck).

Solo—"Rock of Ages" (Remick), Mrs. Wyatt.

7 P.M.

Sermon—"Life's Supreme Quest."

Anthem—"I Will Sing of Thy Power" (Sullivan).

Solo—"Beside the Cross," Miss Laymon.

Mr. A. D. Jordan, organist and choirmaster.

HAMILTON ROAD PRESBYTERIAN—Morning, Rev. Dr. Munro. Evening, Dr. McCrae, "Memorial Service for Canadian Dead." Appropriate musical service. Welcome.

Hyatt Ave. Methodist Church.

Rev. J. E. J. Millyard, Pastor.

10 a.m., Congregational fellowship service. 11 a.m., public worship; sermon by the pastor. 3 p.m., Sunday school. 7 p.m., public worship; sermon by the pastor, 8 p.m., Communion service.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. W. R. McIntosh will preach at both services. Morning, "The Making of a Congregation." Evening, "National Heroes and National Cowards."

London South Baptist Church

Pastor, W. M. Walker.

Morning, Rev. J. H. Hawkings, B.A.

Evening, the pastor.

All welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister, Rev. D. C. MacGregor, B.A.

11 a.m., "Christ the Cornerstone."

7 p.m., "Our National Sacrifice."

The minister will preach at both services.

ST. JAMES' ANGLICAN

SOUTH LONDON.

Communion, both services.

Rev. Principal Waller, D.D., morning, Rev. Canon Sage, D.D., evening.

Talbot St. Baptist Church.

Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., Pastor.

11 a.m., "The Life of Obedience." Baptism and Communion at close. 3 p.m., Sunday school, men's class. 7 p.m., "What's in a Name?" Baptism at close. All welcome.

PROFESSOR LEDEAUX, OF TORONTO University, who has served six months at the front with the Belgian army, will address the Askin Street Men's League tomorrow at 10 a.m. b

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST

Rev. G. N. Hazen, Pastor

will preach at both services tomorrow. 9:45 a.m.—"A Quarterly Love Feast." 11 a.m.—Address by the pastor. Reception of new members and sacrament of Lord's Supper. 7 p.m.—"The Compassion of Jesus."

Middlesex Farms For Sale

A FEW OF THE HUNDREDS WE HAVE FOR SALE.

No. 7070—75 acres, Biddulph Township, good fences, brick house, bank barn, ¼ mile to school. Will exchange. Price $6,000.

No. 7060—75 acres, East Williams Township, clay and clay loam, tile drained, fences fair, frame house with cellar under, in good condition, barn, 5 miles to Parkhill. Price $4,200.

No. 7065—440 acres, Caradoc and Lobo Townships, black loam and sandy, wire fences, 2 story house almost new, bath and furnace in house, good barn. Buildings in first-class repair, 1½ miles to school. Will exchange for Windsor property.

No. 7057—50 acres, London Township, clay loam, wire fences, frame house, 3 barns, 1 mile to school. Price $4,200.

No. 6918—100 acres, Westminster, clay loam, fences in good condition, frame house, 2 cellars, bank barn and silo, 2 miles to Glanworth, rural mail delivery. Price $9,000.

No. 6948—130 acres, Westminster, clay loam, drained, good fences, frame house, 2 barns, on electric railway, rural mail delivery. Price $11,500.

No. 6932—100 acres, Westminster, clay loam, tile drained, good fences, frame house, stone cellar, barn in good condition, other good buildings, 1 mile to school, 5 miles to Glanworth, rural mail delivery. Price $7,700.

No. 6887—110 acres, Westminster Township, sand and clay loam, 2-story brick house, good barn, 1 mile to school, 2½ miles to London. Price $100 per acre

No. 6536—43 acres, Lobo Township, clay loam, all drained, frame house, barn and other good outbuildings, ¼ mile to school, 4 miles to Hyde Park. Price $3,800.

No. 6487—5½ acres, London Township, black loam with gravelly bottom, good fences, brick house with cellar under, barn, ½ mile to school, 1 mile to London. Price $5,000.

We have many farms for sale in every County in Western Ontario. List your property with

The Western Real Estate Exchange LIMITED

78 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. PHONE 696

Very Desirable Home

King street. 1¾-story brick dwelling, veranda, front and side, brick foundation, faced with stone; contains vestibule, hall, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, front and back stairs, closets under each; 3 bedrooms, with clothes closets, bathroom complete; cellar, 3 compartments; large Hecla furnace, laundry in basement, with rear entrance to yard; electric light and gas; city and soft water to sink and bath; lot 40x136, with numerous bulbs, peonies, roses, etc.; 2 grapevines, pear, cherry and plum trees; small house at rear could be converted into a barn or garage. Price reduced to $4,200 for quick sale. Terms. George J. McCartney, room 5, 110 Dundas street; phone 4342. t

WE CAN SELL YOUR CITY PROPERTY or farm inside of thirty days. List it now with Thompson Copy Shop and Real Estate Office, 380 Richmond street, upstairs. ywt

SIX-ROOMED COTTAGE — NEWLY painted and papered. Three hundred cash; balance monthly installments. J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, Talbot street. ywt

PARTICULARLY GOOD.

One and a half story frame (Bruce street), brick foundation, contains 7 rooms, bath, full plumbing, gas, hydro, furnace; lot 35x120. Price $2,800.

A. A. CAMPBELL, 428 Richmond Street, London, Ont. H. C. TULL, Valuator. 33u

REELY & HOBBS,

Real Estate, Fire, Monthly Sick and Accident Insurance.

Fifty acres, Dorchester, clay loam, good buildings, easy terms; 20 acres, London-Port Stanley; 100 acres, Oil springs, fine farm, $4,000, easy terms; also fine farms, Goderich, Guelph, Wingham, Port Elgin, and others. Properties on easy terms. Briscoe street, brick veneer, modern, $2,300. King street, new frame, $1,600. Pipe Line, cottage, $1,100. Simcoe, frame, six rooms, $1,450. Lots, east, south and west. Stores for sale. City offices to vent. Farm and city property listed. No sale, no charge. Phone 3893, 795 York street. t

HOUSE AND LOT AT BYRON — Street car service to London. Apply Frank A. Montague, Byron, Ont. b

ANDERSON & CO.

Suite Four, Coote Block, Market Lane. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Effected.

$1,000—Frame cottage, six rooms, lot 62x190. Terms $700.

$1,500—Glenwood avenue, one and a half story frame, good barn, lot 100x150. Will exchange for a good automobile.

$1,250—South London, frame cottage, three bedrooms, lot 30x160. Terms $100 cash; balance $10 per month.

$1,350—Frame cottage, seven rooms, sewer connections, barn, lot 40x189.

$1,700—Brick cottage, three bedrooms, electric light, gas, water, cellar under all, lot 33x148, central.

$1,100—Frame cottage, lot 34x148, very central, good building lot. Must be sold.

$2,000—Grosvenor street, new brick cottage, modern. Terms $300.

$2,200—South side, one and a half story brick, eleven rooms, modern. Terms, $300.

$2,100—South side, frame cottage, three-quarters acre land. Easy terms.

$2,100—South side, one and a half story brick, new, three bedrooms, basement under all, modern.

$2,200—Princess avenue, new brick cottage, modern.

$2,350—Wortley road, brick cottage, seven rooms, gas, electric light, cistern, storm windows, etc.

$2,300—Hamilton road, one and a half story frame, large lot. Terms.

$2,200—South side, one and a half story brick, seven rooms, modern, easy terms.

$2,300—Nelson street, one and a half story red brick. Terms $300.

$2,500—North side, brick cottage, stone foundation, slate roof, large lot.

$2,600—Frame cottage, seven rooms, lot 72x172, large stable and drive house. An ideal home for a teamster.

$2,600—Pottersburg, one and a half story solid brick, eight rooms, modern.

$2,600—Central, one and a half story brick, modern, close in.

$2,700—Central, one and a half story brick, seven rooms, lot 53x115.

$2,700—North side, one and a half story brick, new, lot 42x150.

$2,800—Lorne avenue, one and a half story brick, modern. Easy terms.

Farms of every size and description, in all parts of Western Ontario.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$300—City grocery store. Store and dwelling can be leased.

$2,600—General store.

$2,000—General stock, store and dwelling.

$1,700—General stock, store and dwelling. $2,000.

$3,200—Two story solid brick rooming house, now bringing in a revenue of $40 per month.

$1,200

Cottage, seven rooms, on Hill street, for sale. Also cottages to rent.

E. G. FITZGERALD.

185½ Dundas Street. Phone 3827. zxt

FOR SALE.

1½-story red pressed brick dwelling, near St. Mary's Church, East End; modern in part, eight rooms; worth $3,000; will be sold for $2,300. Apply JAMES CONNOR, 59 Dundas St., or 341 Waterloo St. Phone 907. zxt

Do you want your house or store remodelled? Do you want your house or store painted? Do you want to build a new house? Do you want to lend or borrow money? See Samuel Wilson, building contractor, 216 Richmond street. Phone 2103. tz

J. F. SANGSTER & CO.

Real Estate Valuators, Insurance. Rents Collected, Etc.

202 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. Phone 3938.

Wanted Properties for Sale or Rent.

MONEY TO LOAN.

NORTH—1½-story red brick, 3 bedrooms, den, complete bathroom, furnace, electric light and fixtures, gas. Easy terms. Price reduced to $3,000.

SOUTH LONDON — 1½-story red pressed brick, 3 bedrooms, complete bathroom, furnace, electric light and gas, good lot. Price, $2,950.

NORTH—2½-story red pressed brick, den, library, sun room, two mantels and grates, hardwood floors, throughout, newly decorated, garage, good lot. Price reduced. Owner leaving city. Call for particulars.

VACANT LOTS—We have three lots on paved streets in South London, which we will sell at a bargain. Inquire.

TO RENT, NORTH—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, all modern. Rent, $25 and water.

NEW 1¾-STORY BRICK, 3 bedrooms, furnace, complete bathroom, hardwood floors, mantel, electric light and fixtures, nicely decorated, lot 50x125 feet. Easy terms. Price, $3,000.

NORTH—Two-story red brick, 4 bedrooms, hot water heating, hardwood floors, slate roof. Price, $6,500.

TO RENT, NORTH END—Two-story red brick, 3 bedrooms, everything modern. Rent, $28 and water.

SPRINGBANK—New summer bungalow, with fireplace, nice large lot; an ideal spot for a summer home. Price, $1,500.

J. F. SANGSTER & CO.

t

London Investments LIMITED.

Room 5, Dowler Building.

FOR SALE.

Beautiful ten-roomed red brick house, with all modern conveniences, in choice residential section, North End. A bargain for quick sale. Owner leaving city. $2,100 will handle.

FIRST-CLASS TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE.

Nine rooms, fully modern, in good location, North End. Terms, $1,500 cash, balance on ten-year mortgage. This is a good buy. t

PRETTY HOME.

Full two-story and attic brick (Ontario street), 8 rooms, bath, full plumbing, hydro, gas, furnace. This is an attractive home. Price $3,600.

A. A. CAMPBELL, 428 Richmond Street, London, Ont. H. C. TULL, Valuator. 33u-tx

REID'S REAL ESTATE — $1,200, frame cottage, Cartwright street, good repair. $2,500, 1½-story new brick, south side, $400 down, $4,000, 2-story red pressed brick, slate roof, all modern, $1,000 down. $6,000, south side, 2-story brick, all modern, slate roof, finished in the latest style. I have a full list of city property, some on easy payments. Call and get list. W. B. Reid, real estate, office, 403 Richmond street. Phone 3891. b

$8,000 BUYS 100-ACRE FARM ON Traction Line, car stops at gate; soil clay loam, good buildings, terms arranged. McNiven-Patterson, Imperial Bank Building.

If You Want a Real Bargain

Investigate this. Nine hundred dollars for a well-located property in East London. Lot large enough for another house.

LONDON CONTRACTING COMPANY, 401 RICHMOND STREET. zxt

$1,000, FRAME COTTAGE, WEST, large lot. $1,200, frame cottage, 7 rooms, lot 36x132, west, easy terms. $2,100, 1½-story brick, fully modern, $150 cash, $2,500, 1½-story solid brick, Edward street, fully modern, extra good value. $3,000, large brick cottage, close in, fully modern, hot water heating, garage, large lot, bargain price. Closest in vacant lots in South London. Beautiful location; only $14 a foot. W. C. HOWELL, 432 Richmond street. ywt

Real Estate

Story and a hal fframe, west end, Eight rooms, veranda, brick cellar; well of water; lot 45x160. Large henhouse, fruit trees; $1,150; easy terms. Apply BURROWS & METCALF, 78 Dundas street. wty tf

Two-story red brick, with attic finished, hard and soft and hot and cold water, hot water heating, hardwood floors all through, laundry tubs in basement, dumb-waiter, force pump, mantel and grate, front and back stairs, extra toilet in basement, downstairs decorated. $5,400, $2,400 cash. LEN G. WESTLAND, 71 DUNDAS ST. ywt

PORT STANLEY—SUMMER COTTAGE, furnished; would take automobile in part payment. Apply Box 259, Advertiser. 31c

A Snap for Quick Sale

Property known as 400 King street, two-story frame house, fully modern, on large lot. Apply, ARGYLE LAND CO., LIMITED. Over Dowler's—Phone 4. ywt

CHIROPRACTIC.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

AMELIA J. AXFORD, D.C., B.Sc., graduate of Universal College of Chiropractic. Office, 473 Dufferin avenue.

CLARA KILBOURNE, A. B. KILBOURNE, Universal College of Chiropractic graduates. Office, 321 Queen's avenue. Telephone 3353.

A. W. MACFIE, CHIROPRACTOR, graduate Ross College of Chiropractic, 267 Piccadilly street. Lady attendant. Phone 4710.

NURSES.

MRS. ROBINSON—MASSAGE, SWEDISH movement, hydropathy treatment. Specialty, nervous cases. Phone 1425.

INSURANCE.

J. A. Nelles & Son

Fire, Life, Accident, Marine, Plate Glass, Rent and Automobile Insurance. xt

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. GUNN)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

WILLIAM McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeon, 137 King street. Residence, 121 Bathurst. Phone 688.

WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY—Horse and dog hospital. 84 King street. Phone 788.

SIGNS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS—Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

THE SIGNRY, LIMITED, 340 RICHMOND street, London. Signs of all kinds. Send for our showcard catalogue.

SURVEYORS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 262.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

ROOFING.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

ACCOUNTANTS.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT — Audits, investigations and systems. 484 Ridout street, Phone 3554.

DRUGLESS HEALING

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

DR. W. N. ROLLINS

238 DUNDAS STREET.

Paralysis, Deformities, Chronic Diseases, such as Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Sciatica and Neuritis, successfully treated.

GARMENT CUTTING.

FRANKS' CUTTING SCHOOL, 227 Dundas street, London. Full and part courses in designing ladies' garments.

TENDERS FOR CONCRETE ABUTMENTS for bridge, lot 17, between concessions 6 and 7, London Township, will be received at the town hall, Arva, on Monday, May 3, at 3 p.m. Lowest or any tenders not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at London Township office, 110 Dundas street. Mary Grant, clerk. 30c xwt

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE BY

The Canada Trust Company

There will be sold by public auction on the premises, 202 Richmond street, on Thursday, May 6, at 10 o'clock a.m., the household furniture and effects of the late Mrs. Boyd, consisting of Heintzman piano, bedroom, kitchen and dining-room furniture, carpets and other household effects. Terms cash.

For further particulars apply to THE CANADA TRUST COMPANY or to Joseph Brown, Auctioneer, 197 King street, phone 2813. 33u ty

TENDERS

bulk or separate, for all trades required in the erection of a Public School at Scottsville. Tenders close Friday, May 7, at 5 p.m. Plans and specifications with W. E. Scott, secretary school section 16, Westminster, and at the office of A. E. Nutter, architect. Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, London. b

First Congregational

"CONSTANTINOPLE AND THE TURK."

Will be Dr. Silcox's theme Sunday evening. Dr. Silcox has visited Moslem lands and his address will be of special interest at this time.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL — Morning, Mr. Henry. Evening subject, "Paul's Transition From Dungeon to Palace." Preacher, Evangelist Beicher.

John Holland

AUCTIONEER.

Handles Real Estate, Farm and City Property. Terms liberal. 134 Carling St. Phones: Office 4780; Residence 2499. t

AUCTION SALE — TUESDAY, MAY 4, at 10 o'clock sharp, at 102 Wharncliffe road west. Contents four bedrooms, leather couch, sideboard, dining chairs and table, rockers, odd pieces, parlor furniture, washing machine, wringer, dishes, range, baseburner, lawn mower, linoleum, other goods too numerous to mention. Owner leaving city. Everything goes. Bert Lawson, auctioneer, 102 King street. Phone 3233. b

Poplar Hill Auction Sale

MAY 4, 1915.

Horses, cattle and pigs, 20 cows (springers and fresh), 10 young calves, road and heavy horses. R. CLIFFORD AND ELWOOD ZAVITZ, proprietors. b

Auction Sale

Balance of choice stock of furniture, ranges, etc., of the Ideal Furniture Company, as they want store for auctions. Sales Tuesday, May 4, 2 o'clock, 694 Dundas street, and Saturday, 8 p.m., weekly, till all the new furniture is disposed of. Sale starts Tuesday, May 4. Also one good horse, harness and dray, 14 prize fowls, one 600-lb lawn roller, grindstone, stepladder, etc. Only a few rugs left; curtains and blinds. Come and get the bargains. Terms, cash. J. Lightfoot, auctioneer. Phone 2066. b

EXECUTOR'S SALE Of VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY

There will be sold by public auction on the premises on Saturday, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1915, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz.: Lot No. 4, on the south side of Dundas street, in the City of London, known as street No. 1311 Dundas street. This property is nearly opposite McCormick's factory, and has a frontage of 49 feet by a depth of 148 feet. There is situated thereon a 1½-story brick-veneer residence, in good repair.

For terms and conditions apply to J. W. G. Winnett, solicitor for the executor, or Joseph Brown, auctioneer, 197 King street, London. Phone 2813. 33c-tyw

MONEY TO LOAN.

Will Loan on City Real Estate

$50,000.00.

In sums of $500 and up. Apply A. A. CAMPBELL, 428 Richmond Street, London, Ont. H. C. TULL, Valuator. 33u-t

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST rates. Application forms on request. Consolidated Trusts Corporation, Box 419, London, Ont. 25bu

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings building, first floor up.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates; terms to suit. T. W. Scandrett, 98 Dundas street.

DERMATOLOGY.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MADAME MOXLEY — ELECTRIC treatment of scalp and skin blemishes. 729 Richmond. Phone 2945. t

MARINELLO SYSTEM FOR FACE, scalp, chiropody. Removal of superfluous hair permanently. Miss Beattie, corner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 3027.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MRS. McHARDY-SMITH, PIANO—Just returned from abroad. Matthay Method. Studio, Conservatory of Music.

JAMES CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF violin, band and orchestral instruments. 498 King street.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, SIGHT READING within ten lessons. Instruments loaned. Thomas Shuter, 54 Grand avenue.

NORTH END MUSIC SCHOOL

C. L. CHISHOLM, VIOLINIST.

Five years in Boston; four years in Europe, under world-renowned masters of violin technique, harmony and voice. Prospectus, etc., on request. 781 Richmond Street. Phone 2008. ywt

MISS JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF elocution—Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 242 Dundas street. t

BERT WEIR, ORGANIST CENTENNIAL Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ, theory, all subjects. 498 Adelaide street.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.G.O.—Organist St. Andrew's Church, Organ, piano, singing and theoretical subjects. Studio, 429 Waterloo street.

GWENDOLYN ANTHISTLE, TEACHER of reading and dramatic art. Studio, 246½ Dundas street. Concerts accepted. Phone 698.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

PARTIES WISHING STORAGE ROOM apply Box 262, Advertiser. 31c

COLLECTIONS MADE ON COMMISSION—Agents everywhere; no collection, no charge. Call, write, phone. Canadian Bureau of Credits, Dominion Bank Chambers.

In Our Optical —Department—

You can always get the newest and best in

OPTICAL GOODS

At very moderate prices.

John S. Barnard

Optician. 194 Dundas Street. yt

Do You Know

That you can buy any 10c cigar for 5c every day in the week at any one of TAYLOR'S FIVE CUT-RATE DRUG STORES?

WRAY'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FLORAL BERRY BOWL
Real Cut Glass, 8-inch size, $4.25.

CUT GLASS WATER JUG.
3-pint size, floral design, extra heavy, $4.50.
Light weight, $3.25.

W. J. Wray & Co.
234 DUNDAS ST.

Save Your Eyes!

Upon them your whole happiness and success depends! Have them examined by

THE OPTICIAN
398 RICHMOND STREET.
"We Know How."

B. A. MITCHELLS
DRUG STORE for
Straw Hat Dyes
IN ALL SHADES.
114 DUNDAS STREET. ty

EXTRA SPECIAL

Gold-Filled Spectacles and Eyeglasses fitted, free examination, for $1.00 per pair.

C. H. WARD & CO.
Diamond Merchants and Jewelers.
386 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 1084

We mine our own Coal and sell direct to you.



LARGE PEA COAL, $5.85 A TON.
We guarantee this coal to have the value of nut in the range and heater. Saves you $1.25 per ton.

WEGNER CLOTHING CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Overalls, Sweater Coats, Gloves, Mittens and Raincoats.
London's Largest High-Class Workingmen's Outfitters.
Exclusive Manufacturers' Agents for the Best Canadian and American Makes of Overalls.
371 TALBOT ST., OPP. MARKET.
Open Evenings—Phone 1849.

COAL
Genuine Plymouth Anthracite, from individual mines. Prompt delivery. Prices on application. Phone 2694.
JAS. H. HERRICK, AGENT. ywt

DR. S. R. MOORE
DENTIST.
Removed to Suite 15-16 and 1, London Loan Building, corner Dundas and Park avenue. ywt



What good are all the beautiful flowers and fields, lakes and rivers if you do not see all the beauty they possess?

Glasses fitted now, by us, will correct that slight error of eyesight and give you every detail sharp and clear.

C. H. Trebilcock
Optician. 116 Dundas St.
Formerly With Tait Optical Co. b

The London Loan and Savings Company
allows
4% ON DEPOSITS
5% ON DEBENTURES
Safety Deposit Boxes and goods room spaces to rent.
Corner Dundas and Clarence Sts. ywt

An Idea

Is the most potent and the most powerful force in the world today. Get the idea into your head that you can buy DIAMONDS in just as large a quantity and at just as low prices as any individual needs can possibly demand.

RIGHT HERE IN LONDON
YOUNG'S
DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
London. East London.

JOHNSTON BROS.
XXX BREAD
The Best

If you live anywhere in London you can get our bread by calling a wagon or telephoning your order to the bakery. We deliver everywhere in the city.
JOHNSTON BROS.
PHONE 944. ywt

NO ALUM!
Strong's Baking Powder
contains no alum. Use it and safeguard your family against the evil results of alum powders.
Cream Tartar is made from grapes.
STRONG'S Baking Powder
is made from Cream Tartar—from grapes.
30c lb.
15c half-pound—8c quarter-pound.
CUT PRICES
IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES EVERY DAY.
STRONG'S Drug Store
184 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT. xt

Quality Is Economy
DOES CAIRNCROSS FINISH YOUR FILMS ?
It doesn't pay to let anyone else develop for you.
"PERFECT PICTURES" cost no more.
Cairncross'
Drugs and Photo Supplies.
216 Dundas St. Phone 880.
30u-xt

Hamilton's Ale and Porter
Cannot be excelled. It's a favorite drink with many, and will suit you if you try it.

FOREST HORSE SHOW A SPLENDID SUCCESS

[Special to The Advertiser.]

FOREST, April 30. — The Forest Spring Stallion and Horse Show was a decided success. The weather was ideal, and the exhibit excellent. There were 26 entries, including some of the finest horses in Western Ontario. Gate receipts were $45; entry fees $26.

Prize-winners are as follows:

Clydesdale stallion — 1, Hernunia, owned by Brandon Bros.; 2, Dunure Gulf Stream, owned by Brandon Bros.

Clydesdale stallion, three years or under—1, Ravenscraig, owned by Brandon Bros.; 2, Sir Baron Wallace, owned by A. Watson & Son.

Percheron stallion—1, Harbier, owned by David Shannon.

Carriage stallion—1, Winona Jubilee, owned by A. Watson & Son; 2, Guelph Performer, owned by D. A. Graham.

Roadster stallion—1, Vincent Forbes, owned by Dr. J. H. Pickering; 2, Young Baron Gale, owned by Fred Wilson.

Heady draught team—1, A. Watson & Son; 2, Wm. Mathews.

Agricultural team—1, A. Watson & Son.; 2, Wesley Mathews.

Heavy draught brood mare—1 and 2, A. Watson & Son.

Agricultural brood mare—1 and 2, A. Watson & Son.

Single driver roadster—1, Dr. J. H. Pickering; 2, E. Pierce.

Filly agricultural—1, A. Watson & Son; 2, Wesley Mathews.

Best mare on grounds—A. Watson & Son.

Judge—Dr. Reid, of Georgetown.

INGERSOLL METHODISTS ACTIVE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

INGERSOLL, April 30.—At the annual meeting of the Methodist Sunday School, reports showed the following grants made during the year: $68 to the Missionary Fund; $10 to the General Sunday School Fund, and $5 to the local Fund. The total increase during the year was $629.

The following officers were elected: Superintendent, C. E. Rogers; assistant superintendents, Roy Russell and Mr. Shales; secretary, R. Rogerson; treasurer, J. E. Hargan; secretary of Home Department, Mrs. Barratt; cradle roll, Mrs. Alderson and Mrs. Bonesteel; pianist, Miss Caddy; auditors, Messrs. W. Surplis and Roy Russell.

During the erection of the new Sunday School building half of the Sunday School will meet in the church at 10 a.m. and the remainder in the afternoon at 2:45 p.m. Next Sunday there will be an open session of the Sunday School in the church, when there will be addresses by Mr. Moyer and Mr. Walley on the current topic.

Methodist Mission Circle.

At the annual meeting of the Mission Circle of the Methodist Church, held at the home of Mrs. F. N. Horton, officers as follows were elected: Honorary president, Mrs. Stoneman; president, Miss Lottie Mitchell; first vice-president, Miss Leia Kerr; second vice-president, Miss LaBelle Handford; secretary, Miss Hazel Mitchell; corresponding secretary, Miss Birdie Uren; treasurer, Miss Edna Banbury; pianist, Miss Ruth Murray; convener of social committee, Mrs. Horton; superintendent of mite boxes, Miss Ruth Murray; superintendent of Christian stewardship, Miss Leola Sudworth; superintendent of literature, Miss Louise Tanner.

Voice of the People

Answers Thoroughbred Canadian.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I would ask you in the name of a good citizen of London to publish the following in answer to the "Thoroughbred Canadian" protest in last night's Advertiser, who claims that he has been out of work since October 4, 1914. I maintain that there must be something radically wrong with him, or he'd have had a job long ago. Replying to his statement that he could not get a job on the Egerton street sewer, and that there were only ten white men working there; might I point out that a "Thorough Canadian" is not white, and that the foreigners are just as white, are also men who will stick at nothing, and work at all classes of work at all times to make an honest living. And why should the "Thorough Canadian," because he cannot find work to suit him, wish to do the other fellow out of the job which formerly he spurned?

Let a man be honest to himself and family, and he will be sure of work because he's a man, a term I could not call our supposed "Thorough Canadian."

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I remain,
A LABORER, A CITIZEN, AND A TAXPAYER, A FOREIGNER, YET A CANADIAN.
London, April 29.

GREAT MOBILIZATION OF TURKISH TROOPS

Every Available Man in European Side Called to Colors.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 1.—"Extensive mobilization arrangements were put in force throughout European Turkey today, owing undoubtedly to the operations of the Allies in the Gulf of Saros," says the Times Sofia correspondent, telegraphing Thursday.

"All the remaining available men," the correspondent adds, "including even the newly arrived refugees, have been summoned to the colors. A great concentration of troops is taking place at Keshan (26 miles north of Gallipoli) and heavy guns also have been sent southward. It seems doubtful, however, whether arms and ammunition can be provided for the new levies."

DITCH COMPLAINED OF NEAR FILTERING TANKS

Kincardine Situation Could Be Remedied Now.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

KINCARDINE, April 30.—It is felt that the ditch crossing the street east of the powerhouse should be attended to in good weather and not left until too late in the fall. Every effort should me made in time to check any sewage from entering the filtering tanks, which cannot be said to be immune from this filth when ditches are running full.

The "Burt Barnes", a three-masted schooner of the Graham brothers, is being reloaded with lumber for Sarnia, which was unloaded here last fall owing to stress of weather, and will son be ready for its destination.

EXETER W. M. S. ANNUAL.

EXETER, April 30.—The W. M. S. of the James' Street Methodist Church met Thursday afternoon and elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. C. Hooper; first vice-president, Mrs. W. Bissett; second vice-president, Mrs. C. B. Snell; recording secretary, Mrs. Will Johns; treasurer, Mrs. E. Roncliff; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Ball; superintendent of Christian stewardship, Mrs. B. Johnston; delegate to the convention which will be held in London in May, Mrs. Thomas Harvey; alternative, Mrs. C. Hooper.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Neil Cooper and family wish to thank their many friends for their kind sympathy and beautiful floral tributes during their recent sad bereavement. b

MOTHERS ENTERTAIN

Teaching Staff of Chesley Avenue School at Informal Reception.

Chesley Avenue School assembly rooms were the scene last evening of a very enjoyable gathering, when the Mothers' Club of the school entertained the teaching staff at an informal reception. Quite a large number of the fathers and mothers of the district were present, besides the teachers and their friends. The first part of the evening was occupied by a very excellent program, in which the following took part: Vocal solos, Mrs. Cook and Mr. James Gay; vocal duet, Mesdames Barr and Collier; readings, Mrs. Barrows, Mrs. Pellow; piano duet, Miss Wigham and Miss Powe. All were accorded hearty applause from the audience. A brief address of welcome was extended to the guests by E. E. Gibb, principal of the school.

At the conclusion of the program, partners were secured for lunch by means of numbered slips, and an enjoyable social hour followed. Refreshments were served on small tables decorated with yellow and white. Mrs. McLean, president of the Mothers' Club, occupied the chair during the program, and paid a warm tribute to the teachers of the school and their faithful efforts for the pupils in their care.

Hamilton's Ale and Porter
Cannot be excelled. It's a favorite drink with many, and will suit you if you try it.

73 INITIATES WALK THE BURNING SANDS TO PLEASE FEZMEN

Nearly 700 Turn Out For the Spring Ceremonial—Kiltie Band a Feature.

GREETING FROM ENGLAND

Members With 18th Battn. Cable Good Wishes—Presentations a Feature.

Nearly seven hundred Mystic Shriners, including visitors from patrols from as far west and east as Regina and Montreal, as well as from Toronto, Buffalo, Detroit and other parts of the United States, made merry at the Masonic Hall last evening on the occasion of the annual spring ceremonial of Mocha Temple.

Seventy-Three Initiates Walk Sands.

Seventy-three initiates were made to walk the hot sands, ride the camel and the goat, and otherwise disport themselves for the edification and delight of the sophisticated, and the ceremonial session was followed by more fun in the form of a vaudeville entertainment, after which the guests were given a banquet by the members of the local patrol.

A feature of the evening was the fancy drill performed by the Moslem Temple of Detroit. These men, in their elaborate red and black robes, went through the most complicated manoeuvres and convolutions with a precision and skill which trained soldiers could not have surpassed, if they could have equalled.

Greetings From England.

Three members of the Mocha Temple who at present are in Folkestone, England, with the 18th Battalion, sent cabled greetings. They were Capt. Sale, of Goderich, Pte. Bradshaw, of Stratford, and Major Milligan, of London. The temple cabled wishes for their speedy recovery to Nobles J. L. Youngs, Stratford, and J. E. McLurg, Sault Ste. Marie, members of the first Canadian contingent, who were mentioned in recent dispatches as having been wounded.

Arrangements had been made to present watches to four of the Mocha Temple Shriners at present serving in Canada with the second contingent—Major C. H. Reason, London, Capt. Dr. R. Hillier, Leamington, both of the 7th C. M. R., and Capts. J. M. McRae, Galt, and R. J. Aitken, Sault Ste. Marie, of the 34th Battalion—but as military duties prevented their being present, the watches will be forwarded to them.

Presented With Watch.

Noble H. W. Lind, who last year refused the office of potentate, on the ground that new duties took him away from the city to Toronto, was presented with a magnificent gold watch set with diamonds, and a single ruby, in the form of the crescent and scimitar, which are the emblems of the temple.

The ceremonial was preceded in the afternon by a business session, at which upwards of three hundred Shriners of Mocha were present. Almost every train into the city during the forenoon brought its quota of visitors, who were met by the pipers' band of the local patrol and escorted in state to the Masonic Temple. Bands accompanied the St. Marys contingent as well as the Detroit visitors.

The banquet was timed to commence at 11:30, but the midnight hour had almost struck before the guests sat down, and the eastern sky was beginning to grow light before the gathering broke up, and the tired but happy funmakers went their various ways.

Fruit-growers will find John Sharman, representative of E. D. Smith, nursery stock, etc., at Darch & Hunter Seed Company, Market entrance. Thursdays and Saturdays. ywt

OXFORD TIES FOR WOMEN are not a side issue in this store. We sell so many each summer that the very large assortment we carry is fully justified. We have them in all sizes, styles and leathers, and at prices to please every purse.
THE J. P. COOK CO. LIMITED
"The Store that Serves You Best"
167 DUNDAS ST. Annex 398 RICHMOND St

WE ARE RECEIVING
Nice Scranton Coal
Daily, and can save you money by burning our coal.
Heaman & Son
YORK AND BURWELL STS.
Phone 312. ywt

NOTICE
Eggett & Co.
Plumbers, Hotwater and Steam Heating.
NEW ADDRESS:
336 Ridout St. ywt

SIXTEEN HUNDRED HOOFS BEAT TATTOO

7th C. M. R., 400 Strong, Swing Along Dundas Street —Travel 32 Miles.

The sweetest tattoo the ears of a lover of good horses and good men ever heard, beat upon the asphalt of Dundas street last night.

The 7th C. M. R., in command of Lieut.-Col Ibbetson Leonard, and about 400 strong, came along the principal street just as dusk was setting in. They had ridden 32 miles during the day, but from the dash and spirit of the horses and the easy seats of the men, it could never have been told.

400 on Parade.

Sixteen hundred iron shoes sung a prancing rhythmical song on the pavement, and 400 hands guided probably the finest collection of equine soldiery that ever went through London.

The horses of the C.M.R. like the men, have spirit, and there are no mean ones among them. They were full of visions of their four quarts, no doubt, and anxious to appear at their very best. Most of them kept straight along, heads and ears up, manes tossing, but there were a few high-spirited chaps who broke ranks. One pretty little bay reared and overbalanced in front of the city hall. His rider was on his feet when the horse went down and was in the saddle when he went up.

All Good Riders.

A street car passing sent heads snapping all down the line, and there were switchings of rumps and a little buck jumping. But the riders all had good "seats." They all seemed to fit their saddles. What prettier picture than 400 good riders on 400 good mounts?

London was very pleased—that part of it which was fortunate to be out at the time, to get a glimpse of such a sight and hear that inimitable music. The men and horses of the corps are a credit to their officers and themselves.

HURON AND ERIE ACT RECEIVES ROYAL ASSENT

Increase of Capital to Ten Millions Approved.

The royal assent has been given at both Ottawa and Toronto to the special acts of Parliament governing the Huron and Erie.

The chief powers granted by this legislation were sought in the belief that the termination of the great war will bring to Canada a marked increase in growth and prosperity. To be prepared for this expansion the directors secured the right, with the shareholders' approval, to increase the capital stock of the company up to ten million dollars, and to issue debentures for any term from one to thirty years.

The name of the company was changed to "The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation," this change being made out of deference to the prejudice which exists in England against the name "Loan and Savings Company." The old name did not convey a correct impression of the high type of business conducted by the Huron and Erie, its investments being mainly upon the security of first mortgages. No funds whatever are loaned upon any form of personal security.

Following the provisions of the bank act, the right was granted to convert the stock of the company into one hundred dollar shares, the par value of each fully paid share being at present fifty dollars. This change when adopted will prevent confusion and put the company's stock in line with that of practically all the chartered banks.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops dropings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. a box; blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

$3.00 — $5.00
A Specialist's Examination
OF YOUR EYES AND A PAIR OF
Brown Quality Glasses
IN GUARANTEED GOLD-FILLED MOUNTS.
Our specialists have had from ten to seventeen years' experience in prescribing glasses for the most difficult cases of visual defect.
CONSULT US ABOUT YOUR EYES.
THE BROWN OPTICAL CO.
EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS.
223 Dundas St.—Near Clarence.
Phone 1877. Evenings by Appointment. b

FOR ICED TEA
During the hot summer days you cannot beat it. The delicate and perfect blending of the tender young leaves of the tea plant assures you that
GRAND MOGUL
"Is Pure Tea"
And the IDEAL DRINK for Summer
It's healthy, too. Ask your physician, or better still, ask your grocer. If he has your interests at heart he'll tell you GRAND MOGUL IS THE BEST.
AT ALL STORES, IN WAXED, AIRPROOF, DUST-PROOF PACKAGES.
30c, 40c, 50c, 60c the Pound b

AUTO'S LONELY JOYRIDE

Car Goes For Little Run All By Itself.

An automobile belonging to a Dundas street real estate dealer ran away yesterday afternoon. The owner had left it with the engine running, standing in front of a restaurant, and a passing street car jarred the mechanism, so that the clutch was thrown in, and the car started off with no one in it down Richmond street. A number of people who saw the auto going along wondered where the driver was, but no one tried to stop the car until it reached the corner of King and Richmond streets, when a youth from another car, taking in the situation, climbed into the seat, and shut off the power. The car was unhurt, and was claimed by its surprised owner a few minutes later.

Rowat's COFFEE Pleases people who are particular. 50c Per Pound.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
250 Dundas St. Phones 3051-3052.

A Task Worth While

The pleasure of seeing the figures in your passbook show a steadily increasing balance, aided by Huron and Erie compound interest at
3½%
per annum, makes the saving of money an easy task.
If you have as yet no passbook with us, why not call in tomorrow with whatever cash you can spare?
We invite you to regularly deposit a portion of your salary each payday.
It pays to own a Huron and Erie passbook.
The Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation
Incorporated 1864.
Main Branch - - 442 Richmond Street, London
Market Branch - - 4-5 Market Square, London
T. G. MEREDITH, K. C., President. HUME CRONYN, General Manager

ROSS', Limited
SPECIAL CLEARING : : SALE : :
Tuesday Morning, May 4th
FOR 1½ HOURS ONLY, FROM 9 SHARP TO 10:30
THE FOLLOWING REMARKABLE BARGAINS WILL BE OFFERED:

25 White Lawn Embroidered Dresses, sizes 14, 16, 18 and 36. Regular $3.50 to $5.00, now only 79c
14 Linen and Racquet Cloth Dresses, sizes 14, 16, 18 and 36. Regular $2.75 to $9.00, now $1.49
15 Flowered Crepe Dresses, sizes 16 to 38. Regular $5.00 to $6.75, now $2.49
6 White Voile Dresses, sizes 16 to 40. Regular $7.50 to $12.75, now $3.79
17 Ratine Dresses, assorted colors and styles, sizes 16 to 38. Regular $9.00 to $13.75, now $3.75
1 Navy Messaline Silk Dress, size 36. Regular $15.75, now $5.79
1 Brown Shot Silk Dress, size 36. Regular $21.50, now $6.79
4 Silk Dresses, colors reseda, green, copenhagen, sand, etc. Size 16, 36, 40. Regular $13.75 to $18.00, now..... $4.98
1 Alice Blue Silk Dress, size 38. Regular $23.50, now $9.98
3 Silk Dresses, sand, Copenhagen and brown. Sizes 16 to 38. Regular $12.75 to $15.00, now $2.98
8 White Repp Wash Shirts. Regular $1.00 to $1.50, now 49c
Special Line of House Dresses, assorted colors and sizes. Only ..... 98c to $1.50
10 Grey Tweed Skirts, special values. Regular $4.75, now $1.98
1 Brown Skirt. Regular $7.50, now $2.98
1 Tan Check Skirt. Regular $6.75, now $2.98
3 Cream Serge Skirts. Regular $4.75, now..... $1.98
1 Black Satin Skirt. Regular $15.00, now..... $6.75
1 Green Plaid Skirt. Regular $6.75, now..... $3.98
1 Black Worsted Skirt. Regular $8.75, now..... $3.98
1 Black Crepe Skirt. Regular $7.50, now..... $5.50
1 Black Poplin Skirt. Regular $10.00, now..... $7.50
1 Black Serge Skirt. Regular $5.00, now..... $3.50
1 Black Serge Skirt. Regular $6.75, now..... $3.98
2 Black Pongee Silk Coats, sizes 36, 38. Regular $22.50, now $3.75
1 Black Taffeta Silk Coat, size 36. Regular $18.00, now $5.75
3 Black Taffeta Silk Coats, sizes 36 and 38. Regular $10.50 and $15.00, now $2.75
2 Natural Shantung Silk Coats, size 34. Regular $10.50, now $3.98
3 Copenhagen Shantung Coats, size 36. Regular $15.00 to $25.00, now $3.98
1 Grey Shantung Coat, size 36. Regular $12.75, now $2.75
1 Rose Shantung Coat, size 34. Regular $25.00, now $2.75
7 Linen Duster Coats, sizes 32, 34 and 36. Regular $6.00 to $7.50, now $1.98
3 Cream Serge Coats, sizes 18, 34 and 36. Regular $11.00 to $16.50, now $2.75
7 Short Covert Coats, sizes 34, 36 and 38. Regular $10.50, now $1.00
16 Cloth Coats, assorted sizes; colors grey, green, navy and black. Regular $14.00 to $20.00, now..... $1.98
11 Silk Crepe Blouses, all sizes, in black, navy and white. Regular $5.00 to $7.50, now only $2.98
10 Silk Crepe Blouses, colors black and navy. Regular $5.50 to $7.00, now only $1.98
27 Voile Blouses, all sizes. Regular $3.98 to $5.00, now $1.98
Several Voile Blouses, assorted, only..... 98c
72 White Crepe and Lawn Blouses, all sizes, low neck and short sleeves. Regular $1.00, now..... 49c
8 White Linen Blouses, sizes 34, 40 and 42, low neck, short sleeves. Regular $1.00, now 49c
12 Sailor Blouses. Regular $1.25, now 49c
13 Waists, assorted, white, cream and black. Sizes 34, 36 and 38. Regular $3.50 to $8.00, now..... $1.98
4 Shantung Blouses, sizes 40 and 42. Regular $1.98, now 98c
Several lines in Neckwear. Very special values, 5c, 10c, 19c

Parnell's Homemade Bread
Bread That Is Made Like the Bread That Is Made At Home.
You should eat more bread at every meal.
Why?
Because it is the cheapest food that you can buy. Not only that, but it is the most healthful, most filling and the best recipe for good health.
Parnell's Bread is made scientifically. Every method we use there is a reason for so doing.
First of all we sift and blend our flour in order to get all the dirt out of it. Then it is thoroughly mixed with huge mixers, then allowed to remain for a period of time in order to permit the fermentation to proceed. Then automatically divided and handled, thence it goes into the large steam ovens.
Just think how 'Parnell's Bread' is made. Come to our factory and see for yourself.
Eat
PARNELL'S BREAD
At Every Meal