

JULY

THINK OF IT NOW!

Although much is said about the importance of a blood-purifying medicine, it may be possible that the subject has never seriously considered your situation.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla will thoroughly eradicate this evil from the system.

As well expect life without air as health without pure blood. Cleanse the blood with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Cotton worms are playing great havoc with the cotton crop in portions of Texas, many fields having been completely devastated.

The grain rate on the railroads from Kansas City to St. Louis—280 miles—is 15 cents, and from St. Louis to New York—1,000 miles—17 cents.

Nearly 20,000,000 eggs are shipped across the Atlantic to this country, chiefly from Antwerp and Hamburg, during the summer months of each year.

The actual number of persons engaged in agriculture in the United States, including their families, is placed at 25,000,000, an increase of 3,000,000 since the last census.

The Oriental locusts, have settled in immense numbers in various parts of Rumania. They came from the distant southeast in clouds, and have destroyed all the crops in large sections of country.

Beef is now slaughtered in Omaha for the Eastern markets. The first car-load from that point reached Boston a few days ago, making its 2,000 miles journey in six days.

The eight tons of cherries shipped from California to Chicago a few days ago sold at an average of 15 cents per pound. The cost of placing them in Chicago is put at nine or ten cents a pound in various places.

The leaves of the grower a profit of five or six cents per pound, or \$100 a ton.

In India 26,000,000 acres are reported in wheat, with a total production of nearly 7,000,000 tons.

In 1888-84 the total export of Indian wheat was 20,356,495 hundred-weight. More than half this amount went to England, and nearly the whole of the remainder to other European countries.

Here is an English remedy for crib biting. Nail a strip of sheepskin, about eight inches in width, the entire length of the crib; select a skin covered with long wool, and sprinkle it freely with cayenne pepper.

Renew it occasionally, and the worst cribber can be persuaded to desist from his habit.

Mullein Leaves for Consumption.

Dr. Quinlan, of Dublin, read before the International Medical Congress at Copenhagen last year an interesting paper on the medicinal qualities of the mullein. It has attracted widespread attention, and among the more recent articles confirmatory of Dr. Quinlan's statements is one by Dr. Wilfert, of Cincinnati, which appears in the last number of the Lancet and Clinic of that city.

From the results obtained in 127 cases of pulmonary consumption treated by Dr. Quinlan with mullein alone, he draws the following conclusions, which are condensed from his original article, viz: 1. In the earlier and pre-tubercular stage of pulmonary consumption, mullein has a weight-increasing and curative power greater than that of cod liver oil, and equal to that of kousmies.

2. In cases where tubercles are well established or cavities exist, the mullein has great power in relieving cough—a great boon to effect on the night, and on those weak stomachs too frequently cannot tolerate the usual cough remedies.

3. Phthisical diarrhoea is completely obviated by the mullein.

4. Mullein has no power or effect on the night sweats of consumption, which should be combated by atropia sulphate.

The method of using the mullein, which originated among the Irish peasantry, and was adopted by Dr. Quinlan, is as he found it, is as follows: Three ounces of the fresh green leaves, or about ten times that much of the dried, are boiled in a pint of fresh cow's milk. After boiling a moment, the infusion is allowed to stand, and "sift" for ten minutes, when it is strained, sweetened, and drunk warm.

This quantity is taken twice or three times a day. It is generally much relished by the patients, who regard it as a pleasant article of diet rather than a medicine. The smoke of the mullein leaves inhaled into the respiratory passages relieves irritation and spasmodic cough.

Dr. Wilfert states that he has followed Dr. Quinlan's method in twenty cases of undoubted pulmonary phthisis, all of them more or less advanced, and all improved during the administration of mullein, the other drugs being used. These results are certainly very encouraging, and should be followed up.

Two illustrations of how men will not "let well enough alone" are given in the Arlington (Tex.) World. One was a plaintiff, having secured a \$25,000 verdict against a railroad company was dissatisfied, and got only six cents on the next trial. The other case was that of a man who was acquitted of murder, and went the same day and got married.

The study of the English language is prevailing all over Japan. In Toyooka Prefecture every man of any means, and even the local officials and police authorities are studying the language. The general belief there is that the English tongue are the rear of civilization.

CHALLENGE TO POST.

Reserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 16.—NO. 7. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1885. WHOLE NO. 778.

Varieties of Foliage.

In the words of the same author, "The leaves of the herbage at our feet take all kinds of strange shapes, as if to invite us to examine them. Star shaped, heart-shaped, spear-shaped, arrow-shaped, fringed, curled, furrowed, serrated, sinuated, in whorls, in tufts, in apices, in wreaths, endlessly expressive, deceptive, fantastic, never the same from footstalk to blossom, they seem perpetually to tempt our watchfulness and take delight in outstripping our wonder."

Now, why is this marvelous variety of beautiful forms? Does it result from some innate tendency of each leaf to assume a certain shape? Or is it intentionally designed to delight the eye of man? Or have the form, and size, and texture some reference to the structure and organization, the habits and requirements of the whole plant? I do not propose now to discuss any of the more unusual and abnormal forms of leaves: the pitchers of Nepenthes or Cephalotus; the pitfalls of Sarracenia or Darlingtonia; the spring-trap-leaves of Dionaea; the scarcely less effective though less striking contrivances in our own Drosera or Pinguicula; nor the remarkable power of movement which many leaves present, whether in response to an external stimulus, as in certain mimosa, oxalis, etc., or as a spontaneous periodic movement, such as the "sleep" of many leaves, or the nearly continuous rotation of the lateral leaflets of Desmodium. I propose, rather, to ask you to consider with me the structure, and especially the forms, of the common every-day leaves of our woods and fields.

In talking the subject over with friends, I have found a widely prevalent idea that the beauty and variety of leaves are a beneficent arrangement made specially with reference to the enjoyment and delight of man. I have, again, frequently quieted the opinion that there is some special form, size, and texture of leaf inherently characteristic of each species; that the cellular tissue tends to "crystallize," as it were, into some particular form, irrespective of any advantage to the plant itself. Neither of these will, I think, stand the test of careful examination.—SIR JOHN BURNETT, in Popular Science Monthly for July.

The Upper Air.

The greatest difficulty which meets every thoughtful weather student is his inability to obtain any satisfactory account of the condition and motions of the upper portion of the atmosphere. As has been said, "we live at the bottom of the atmospheric ocean, of which the upper layers are practically inaccessible to us." The air is arranged symmetrically about the globe, and it is much denser close to the earth than above it. The actual height to which the air extends is not known exactly, but at the level of about forty miles or 37,000 feet, believed to have been reached by Messrs. Glaisher and Coxwell in a famous balloon ascension from Wolverhampton, September 8, 1862, the air was found to be so rarefied that great difficulty was experienced in breathing. Such a height as seven miles is quite insignificant when compared with the diameter of the earth. In fact, if the earth were represented by a 24-inch globe, the height of the atmosphere, even supposing it to be ten miles, would be represented by a shell four-hundredths of an inch thick—about the thickness of a shilling.

A Bird-Catching Tree.

Among the transactions of the New Zealand Institute, Mr. R. H. Govett gives some startling facts as to the bird-killing powers of Pisonia brunnea, or Pisonia Sinclairi. A sticky gum is secreted by a 24-inch globe, the height of the atmosphere, even supposing it to be ten miles, would be represented by a shell four-hundredths of an inch thick—about the thickness of a shilling.

—In a recent lecture at Vassar College, on "Rounders," Dr. Edwin Hooper informed his audience that his usual price was \$500, but that he would do the work on that occasion for fifty cents, and "take the other \$449.50 out in looking at the girls."

—During the progress of a trial at Fort Worth, Texas, two lawyers came to blows, and a general fight ensued on the tapis, when Judge Beckman leaped from the arena, knocked down two or three persons, and with the help of the jury restored peace.

—A child with 29 fingers, toes and thumbs was born recently near Arlington, Ind. Each of the infant's feet has seven toes. On the left hand there are six fingers and two thumbs, and on the right hand five fingers and two thumbs.

—Life is full of disappointments. We recently offered to cure a bad case of Rheumatism for a year's subscription in advance, but just as we were on the point of lifting the shakels, a sympathetic friend suggested Jellies, one year's subscription, and the money and the patient vanished instantly.

—A young lawyer appeared before a Washington judge with his umbrella under his arm and his hat on, and in his agitation he forgot to lay either aside when he began speaking. "Hadin' you better raise your umbrella?" the Court kindly suggested.

—A lecturer, discoursing on the subject of "Health," inquired: "What use can a man make of his time while waiting for a doctor?" Before he could begin his answer, his own inquiry, some one in the audience cried out: "He can make his will!"

—Mamma to Maud, who has been with her brother to the play and is full of it: "But was there no love in the piece, then?" Maud: "Love! Oh dear, no, mamma. How could there be? The principal characters were husband and wife, you know!"

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Indian Graves to Order.

So determined, indeed, are some of those fabricators of frauds, that the following incident is worthy of being published, to show the ingenuity they exercise in their peculiar calling. To discover an Indian grave is, of course, a red-letter day for the archaeologist. Now, Indian graves are manufactured to order, it would appear. At least the following recently occurred in New Jersey: A Philadelphia Flint Jacket secured a half-decayed skeleton from a Potter's field in the vicinity, and placed it in a shallow excavation on the west bank of a creek in New Jersey, where Indian relics were frequently found. With it he placed a steatite tobacco-pipe of his own make, a steatite carving of an eagle's head, and beads; with these were thrown numbers of genuine arrow-heads and fragments of pottery. The earth was blackened with powdered charcoal. This "plant" was made in November, and, in the following March, during the prevalence of high waters and local freshets, he announced to an enthusiastic collector that he had discovered an Indian grave, and offered to take him thither for fifty dollars, the money to be paid if the search proved successful, which of course it did. The remains of that Philadelphia pauper passed through several craniologists' hands, and was gravely remarked upon as unusual interest, as it was a marked dolichocephalic skull, whereas the Delaware Indians were brachycephalic.

—Hon. J. B. Finch, G. W. C. T., doesn't believe in a hereditary appetite for alcohol. If there was such a thing, he says, there ought to be as many female as male topers.

—Victor Hugo has left a great fortune—\$200,000 on deposit with the Bank of Belgium, together with real estate in Paris and Germany, and his very valuable copyrights. He must have been worth at least \$2,000,000.

—When the distinguished naturalist Frank Buckland lay dying, he said: "God is so good a very good, to the little fishes, I do not believe he would let their inspector suffer shipwreck at last. I am going a long journey, where I think I shall see a great many curious animals. This journey I must go alone."

—Henry George was making an eloquent speech in England, and was showing that he laid out 16 feet to the people who were its original owners, when he was rudely interrupted by an unfeeling person in the audience, who called out, "You are You are You are going to give back the States to the red Indians?" Mr. George could not answer the question fully.

—In Cuba, two hours before a paper is distributed on the street, a copy must be sent, with the editor's name, to the Government and one to the Censor. When the paper is returned with the Censor's indorsement the paper may go out to the public. One of the newspapers of Havana disregards the law, publishes what it pleases, and when it gets ready. Every few weeks the Government fines the editor and suppresses the paper. The next day the paper appears under a new name, and the regular business with the Government advertises it, and people buy it to see what new indorsement it has committed. The subscription price is \$24 a year.

—A wonderful fish is becoming numerous in Goose Lake, Oregon. It has the power to fill itself with air until it becomes very much like a round ball. Of evenings about sundown, they may be seen playing will swell up by taking in the air, and the water level of the lake will rise. They reflect all the colors of the rainbow, and when sporting over the lake are a grand sight.

—There are anecdotes that the body of the man found in a trunk at St. Louis, is not that of Dr. Arthur Hays Sulzberger, but that of a man under arrest in New Zealand, but that Preller is in hiding that his friends may obtain a 20,000 insurance on his life. It is hinted that the body found at the trunk was purchased by Maxwell as a blind.

—The famous Jerusalem chamber in Westminster Abbey, in which the Bible was revised, deprived its name from the tapestries and pictures in it representing scenes in Jerusalem. It is a simple rectangular room, wainscoted with cedar from the Holy Land. In the centre is a long board table.

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Personal and Political.

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Elizabeth Zane.

This dautless pioneer maiden's name is inscribed in gold on the scroll of Fame; She was the lassie who knew no fear When the tomahawk gleamed on the far frontier. If deeds of daring should win renown, Let us honor this damsel of Wheeling town, Who braved the savage with deep disdain— Bright-eyed, buxom, Elizabeth Zane.

It was more than a hundred years ago, They were close beset by the dusky foe; They had spent of powder their scanty store, And who the gauntlet should run for more? She sprang to the portal and shouted, "I, 'T is better a girl than a man should die! 'T is her name!" she but the garison's gain. "Untar the gate!" said Elizabeth Zane.

The powder was sixty yards away, Around her the foemen in ambush lay; As she darted from shelter they gazed in amazement— "A square!" "A square!" Then wildly shouted, "A square!" "A square!" She neither swerved to the left or right, Swift as an antelope's was her flight, "Quick! Open the door!" she cried, "For a hope follow! 'T is Elizabeth Zane!"

No time had she to waver or wait, Back she must go ere it be too late; She snatched from the table its cloth in haste, And knotted it deftly about her waist, Had powder so lovely a magazine; Then, scorning the bullets, a deadly rain, Like a startled fawn, fled Elizabeth Zane.

She gained the fort with her precious freight; Strong hands untasted the oaken gate; Brave men's eyes were enflamed with tears That had been shed on strangers for many years. From flint-lock rifles again there sped Gain, the smoking redskins a storm of lead, And the war-whoop sounded that day in vain. Thanks to the deed of Elizabeth Zane.

Talk not to me of Paul Revere, A man, on horseback, with naught to fear; Nor of old John Burns, with his bell-crowd, He'd an army back him, so what of that. Here's to the heroine, plump and brown, Who ran the gauntlet in Wheeling town! Here is a record without a stain, 'T is the name of the girl who saved the main.—John S. Adams, in Letter-Box, St. Nicholas for July.

—Miss Kendall, an English actress in Birmingham, speaks thus of society ladies in a lecture: "The main difference between them and us is that, though we are all alike, they are not so alike as we are, and they don't."

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Business Cards.

ROBERT BELL, Licensed Auctioneer, SACKVILLE, N. B.

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JOSEPH WARREN, AUCTIONEER, DORCHESTER, N. B.

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R. BARRY SMITH, Barrister, Solicitor and Notary, Main Street, - - Moncton, N. B.

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ONE VERY FINE DRIVING MARE, 8 years old. Apply to subscriber. AMASA TINGLEY, Point de Bute, May 28, 1885.

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DR. HEWSON, Surgeon Dentist, OFFICE: - - - JOHN BELL'S BUILDING, SACKVILLE, N. B.

DR. J. W. SANCSTER, Surgeon Dentist, Office: - - - CORNER BRUNSWICK HOUSE, SACKVILLE, N. B.

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W. K. FRENCH, A. M., M. D., Graduate College Medicine, New York, W. K. FRENCH, Student Medicine, Bowdoin College, PARKER CLAYTON, Secretary College, University, New York, June 27, 1885.

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CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., JULY 2, 1885.

The Jamaica delegates are now in St. John.

Another Indian war is threatened in the United States.

Col. Fred Barnaby's posthumous political novel is to be published.

Yoting on the Scott Act in East Hastings, Ont., takes place to-day.

The Wimbledon team sailed for Quebec on Saturday for Liverpool.

The Earl of Dunraven has been appointed Under Secretary for the Colonies.

Sir Leonard Tilley will sail for Ottawa on the 24th inst. His health is greatly improved.

Sir Nathan de Rothschild is to be elevated to the peerage, and will be the first Jew to sit in the House of Lords.

The Russian Government has prohibited any reference by the newspapers to the action of Russia in the Afghan affair.

Dr. Walsh has been appointed Archbishop of Dublin, and his elevation has been the cause of great rejoicings in Dublin and Newry.

James D. Fish, late president of the Marine National Bank of New York, was sentenced on Saturday to ten years imprisonment in Auburn Prison.

A delegate from the King of the Sandwich Islands is on his way to Washington for the alleged purpose of opening negotiations for the annexation of the islands of the United States.

The Marquis of Salisbury has telegraphed to Gen. Wolsey that, while he sympathizes with his views regarding the Sudan question, the Government is unable, for various reasons, to continue the expedition.

The Halifax Chamber of Commerce have listened to the explanations of the Jamaica delegates with regard to reciprocal trade relations, and have adopted resolutions in favor of the proposals made by the delegation.

The new four percent loan is put on the market at 99. It is for fifty years with the option of paying off at the end of twenty-five years.

No Sinking Fund is provided; and Sir Richard Cartwright agrees with the Government that it is better to provide a Sinking Fund.

The French campaign in China has been a bad business from first to last. Accounts from Tongkin show that the ravages of disease among the French troops are appalling; the death rate is from fifteen to twenty per cent.

A Halifax dispatch states that two Massachusetts ministers, Revs. Allan Simpson and T. A. Nelson are, it is understood, about to bring papers for publishing a despatch to the effect that the ministers named had preached almost identical sermons from the same text in the same church on successive Sundays, and intimating that both sermons were plagiarized.

The following additional appointments have been made since the announcement of the Salisbury Ministry.

Sir Matthew White Ridley, M. P., Under Secretary.

Wm. L. Jackson, M. P., Secretary to the Board of Trade.

Baron Macdonald, Lord Advocate.

Viscount Leveson, Chamberlain Queen's Household.

Lord Arthur Hill, Comptroller.

Viscount Falkstone, Treasurer.

Earl of Dunraven, Under Secretary for the Colonies.

Earl Kinross and Earl Hopetoun, Lords in Waiting.

A list of the merchant steamers taken by the English Government as armed cruisers, and gives the total number of vessels chartered as 135, with a registered tonnage of close on 300,000 tons and a carrying capacity of more than 400,000 tons. It is estimated that the amount of the Government for the hire of these steamers is at least \$1,000,000 per month. The expense is immense, and nobody knows how long it will continue. The war cloud has faded away, at least for the time being, and the big steamers lie idle in Government dockyards. It would require much further expense to take out their war fittings and place them in trim for the merchant service again; and as the work would occupy a good part of the season it would seem that the withdrawal of this fleet ought to help business for those still engaged in carrying freight and passengers.

The tone of the Russian press continues very unfriendly to the new British Ministry and the fact that its hostile comments are allowed to pass unheeded by the Russian Government is causing some concern in British official circles. The St. Petersburg Novosti, the mouth-piece of the Russian war party, has adopted the plan of printing in short paragraphs the most venomous things Lord Salisbury and Sir Randolph Churchill have said against Russia. These utterances are separated from their context, and appended to each paragraph is the name and present title of its author. The object of this course is to further inflame the war party by making it appear that the British Premier and the Secretary of State for India are the bitterest of Russophobes. It must be remembered, however, that the press has very little influence in Russia, and that the animosity of the Russian journals is not likely to have much effect upon the masses.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

The rebellion is ended, the Indian outbreak has been quelled and General Middleton and his gallant troops are turning their steps homeward.

The Indian question still confronts the Government and demands careful attention. Until a recent date the matter has never been prominently before our people, for the Indians of the North-West have hitherto given but little trouble.

While game was plentiful the Indian was contented, and we were in the habit of boasting of his loyalty, and were inclined to flatter ourselves that we managed him better than our neighbors over the border, who have long been struggling with but little success to solve the Indian problem.

The opening of the North-West to white settlers and the consequent decrease of the game on the western side of the continent completely altered the complexion of affairs and proved that a hungry Indian is a difficult subject to manage.

The Government succeeded in averting any immediate danger by the liberal grant of food, but the gigantic system of outdoor relief thus established did not satisfy the aboriginal tribes, who forswore in the rapid settlement of the country their primitive existence.

Against this condition of affairs they have taken the first opportunity of protesting, and although their first outbreak has been quickly suppressed, the country is yet without any efficient guarantee of their future good behavior.

The only practical solution of the question appears to be education. Schools should be established on the reservations, and the young Indians, after receiving sufficient instruction from books, should be put under the charge of efficient teachers and instructed in farming and other useful avocations.

An experiment of this sort has recently been tried in the United States with very gratifying success. It is adopting this course with our Indians there is a reasonable prospect that they may be weaned from their nomadic habits and made useful members of the community.

This would make them independent of Government aid which now pauperizes and debases them, and would effectually prevent the dangers and horrors of any future outbreak.

The experiment might prove expensive at first, for it would have to be carried on for a time in connection with the present system of Government grants; but in view of the probable results the necessary expenditure can scarcely fail to be wise and economical.

Important Anniversaries.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the coming into operation of the Washington Treaty, whereby the reciprocal free trade in fish was established between Canada and United States, \$1 million dollars awarded.

Yesterday was the 18th anniversary of the proclamation taking effect in confederation of the Colonies of British North America.

Yesterday overlapped by two months the 15th anniversary of the day on which a proclamation was issued announcing the first issue of the CHIGNECTO POST.

Since that date, in the words of Mr. Jefferson Brier, the Canadian Confederation and the CHIGNECTO POST have pursued the paths of progress and moral improvement. If there has been an occasional interference in the steady march forward of the new nationality, it has not been occasioned by any failure of the Post to drop words of wisdom and counsel and understanding every Thursday for the small sum of \$1 per annum, when paid in advance, and \$1.50 when billed at all. To-day, before the assembled nations, including the crowned heads of Europe, the Post can place its lily white hand on its immaculate bosom and declare that the financial depression and hard times came without its wish or solicitation; that Gabriel Dumont and Louis Riel did not obtain its consent or even seek its advice on their attempt to eject British Lions from the North-West. In fact, the history of the Post running parallel with that of the Dominion has been subject to financial depression as well as trouble in its Indian department.

A large portion of its revenues are looked to in the hands of a class of subscribers who perhaps not inappropriately are assigned to the department of Indian affairs and our Finance Minister finds difficulty in withdrawing such revenues, or even in floating his ventures in the London Stock Exchange. The confederated Provinces have rather beaten the Post in the matter of credit in the money markets of the world.

We trust the coming year will be one of prosperity all around—there are some signs of better times—and we have no doubt that if as soon as General Middleton can wind up his campaign in the North-West, we can engage him and his forces to operate against our Big Bears and Big Berks-shires, the deficit in our exchequer will be repaid by millions of surplus—more or less.

In a recently issued pamphlet Mr. L. Z. Jones, who is familiar with the subject, maintains that the Canadian fisheries are the richest in the world. He contends that the adoption of the plan of printing in short paragraphs the most venomous things Lord Salisbury and Sir Randolph Churchill have said against Russia. These utterances are separated from their context, and appended to each paragraph is the name and present title of its author. The object of this course is to further inflame the war party by making it appear that the British Premier and the Secretary of State for India are the bitterest of Russophobes. It must be remembered, however, that the press has very little influence in Russia, and that the animosity of the Russian journals is not likely to have much effect upon the masses.

Recent advices indicate that the treatment of Ireland by the Salisbury Ministry will be of a very liberal character, and that self-government in local affairs will be granted.

There is promise of a fair wheat crop in Australia.

The New British Cabinet.

Personnel of the Conservative Ministry.

THE MARQUIS OF SALISBURY.

The Right Honorable Robert Arthur Talbot Cecil, K. G., Marquis of Salisbury, Prime Minister and Secretary of State for the Foreign Department, is the eldest surviving son of the second Marquis of Salisbury, and is now fifty-five years of age. Educated at Eton and Christchurch, Oxford, he was elected in 1853 to represent Stamford, and retained his seat till his succession to the marquisate in 1868. He was Secretary of State for India in Lord Derby's third administration in 1866, but resigned his office in the following year. He was appointed to the same post on the formation of the Disraeli ministry in 1874, and, in 1878, succeeded Lord Derby as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, going out of office with his party in 1880. In 1881 he was elected to lead the Conservatives in the House of Lords. He has filled many other important situations and is a distinguished contributor to the press. He is an interesting and forcible speaker and is one of the most versatile of living Englishmen in his accomplishments.

an STAFFORD NORTHCOTE.

The First Lord of the Treasury, the Right Honorable Sir Stafford Northcote, who is henceforth to be entitled Lord Iddlesleigh, began his training for public life as private secretary to Mr. Gladstone, when the latter was President of the Board of Trade, and he afterward became legal secretary to the Board. From 1855 to 1857 he represented Dudley in the Commons; from 1858 to 1866 he sat for Stamford, and since that time he has represented North Devon. He became Financial Secretary of the Treasury in 1859, President of the Board of Trade in 1866, Secretary of State for India in 1867 and Chancellor of the Exchequer in 1874. When Disraeli was elevated to the peerage, Sir Stafford Northcote became the leader of the House of Commons. His investigation of the Civil Service in conjunction with Sir E. Trelvelan led to the throwing open of the service to public competition. He was a member of the commission whose labors resulted in the Treaty of Washington. He received the honorary degree of D. C. L. from the University of Oxford in 1863, and in 1875 was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society.

SIR RICHARD ASSHETON CROSS.

Secretary of State for the Home Department, was born in 1823, and was first elected to Parliament in 1857 for the borough of Preston, which he represented till 1862. He was opposed and defeated Mr. Gladstone for Southwest Lancashire on the question of the disestablishment of the Irish Church. He was elected Member of Parliament in 1874, so that he now returns to the same post that he held under the last Conservative administration. On his resignation in 1880 he was created a Baron in the Peerage of the United Kingdom. He holds the degree of L. D. from the University of Cambridge.

SIR MICHAEL EDWARD HICKS-BEACH.

who succeeds Sir Stafford Northcote as the Conservative leader in the Lower House, has been assigned the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, which usually goes with the leadership of the Ministry. He was born in 1837 and was educated at Eton and Christchurch, Oxford, where he won the degree of M. A. He has represented East Gloucester since 1864, and is the son of the late Lord of the Admiralty in 1862. He is a distinguished member of the House of Commons and is remarkably popular in his constituency, the county of Middlesex. He was Under Secretary of State for India in the Disraeli Government.

The New South Wales contingent arrived home from the Sudan last week. The returning soldiers received a tremendous ovation. The day they arrived was made a public holiday, and delegates came from all the Australian colonies to welcome the gallant volunteers.

Tallmadg's monthly report on the crops of the United States estimates a total shortage in the wheat yield compared with last year of 182,000,000 bushels.

Farewell Address to Dr. Kennedy.

Notwithstanding the rain last evening, a large and representative gathering assembled at the Ladies' Academy to testify their feelings to Dr. Kennedy and family, and their sincere regret at their approaching departure from our midst.

Dr. Kennedy, who has been a citizen of Sackville, we feel we have reason to regret your leaving us. You have ever evinced an interest in the growth and welfare of our town and have never failed, when opportunity offered, to aid in what you believed would tend to the general good. We have come to look upon you as one of ourselves, rather than one who, a stranger, and we have felt that in our efforts to advance the interests of the town we had your warmest sympathy.

We would not fail to express our admiration for the kindly interest over manifested by Mrs. Kennedy towards our people, and we have noted with pleasure her readiness to cooperate with our Sackville ladies in all efforts to aid in the advancement of all moral and social reforms. Please assure her and Miss Kennedy that our warmest wishes for their future happiness attend them.

In a few days you will leave us to look upon other scenes and to form new associations, but you may feel assured that we shall ever take a deep interest in your success, wherever your path may lead, and that we shall be glad to hear of your prosperity in your new sphere of labor, which we confidently predict.

We trust you can look back upon the years spent in Sackville, if not wholly free from anxieties and disappointments, yet not unattended by many pleasant memories of successful achievement and good accomplishment.

We invoke, in your behalf, the kindly guidance of that all-wise Providence, that it will direct the steps of your life, and that you will be able to do all that we all "meet beyr the river."

Yours very truly,
AMOS ODEN, County Warden,
E. B. STORFORD, Senator,
J. W. WEDDALL, Methodist Minister,
JAMES D. DIXON,
HENRY B. ALLISON,
EDWARD COGSWELL,
A. MILNER,
And other two hundred others.

Sackville, N. B., July 1, 1885.

Dr. Kennedy, who appeared deeply affected, replied to the following effect:

Respected citizens and friends, it is needless to say that we are deeply moved by the affecting address you have just given. All the kind words you have said we receive in humility and conscious unworthiness. Both Mrs. Kennedy and myself are deeply sensible of the obligations we are under to the people of Sackville, and we are thankful that we have the opportunity of acknowledging our great indebtedness for their kind and generous attention during the eleven years we have resided among them. While we have been in full sympathy with the interests of the community, our appointed work has occupied largely our time and we regret that we were not privileged to co-operate more fully with the citizens in all their efforts for social and moral advancement.

Our school life to which you refer we have enjoyed. The years have come and gone as delightful visions. We have in the management of our work adhered to principles and convictions which we believed to be right and for the good of all and we have been greatly encouraged by assurances of your confidence and support. In carrying on our appointed work we have been greatly pleased with the friendly spirit shown to the institution by the people irrespective of denominations. From all the churches we have received hearty encouragement and support. We are well aware how deeply indebted the Institutions are to the people of Sackville, and we have marked with pleasure the interest they have manifested in all our public exercises and the continued efforts they have put forth for the general progress of the educational work.

It is not without regret that we are about leaving. We had thought here to spend coming years and we rejoined in the growth and prosperity of the town, pleased to have a home in a healthy so delightful as Sackville, the loveliest village of the plain. It was with reluctance and a tear that we accepted the call to another field of labor. We trust we are provisionally guided. Whatever we do we shall never forget the scenes and endearments we are leaving, the sympathy, the liberality and the unvarying kindness we have ever received.

New Advertisements.

Flour and Middlings!

1 Car Load High Patent Flour, 1 do Best Wheat Middlings, Just Received. The Lowest Prices. June 10 J. L. BLACK.

DRY GOODS!

Full Stock now in Store: BLACK GOODS In Cashmere, Ottomans, Persian Cashmeres, &c.; Fancy Dress Goods, Black and Colored Satens, Fancy Cambrics, White Goods, Prints, Cretonnes, Fancy Shirtings, Cottonades, Grey Sheeting, White Sheet-ing, Pillow Cotton, Silasias and Linings, &c. Sunshades, Gloves, Hosiery, Buttons, Trimmings, &c. June 11 J. L. BLACK.

Carpets! Carpets!

5 Bales Carpets, In All-Well, Union, Tapestry and Hemp, assorted quality; 15 Pieces Oil Carpet, 1, 1 1/2, 1 3/4 and 2 yards wide. At bottom prices. June 10 J. L. BLACK.

TEA! TEA!

Direct Importation from London: 60 Chests Tea, Assorted quality. Wholesale from 24 to 35 cents. June 10 J. L. BLACK.

Salt! Salt!

500 Bags of Salt, At retail, 70 cents per sack. June 10 J. L. BLACK.

House Building Stock.

NOW IN STORE: 125 K EGGS NAILS—Best Quality; 1000 lbs White Lead; 1200 lbs. Colored Paints; 10 casks Lard and Boiled Oil; 3 casks Turpentine; 75 boxes Glass; 1000 lbs. Putty; 200 lbs. Sheet Zinc; 500 lbs. Sheet Lead; 1 ton Dry and Tar'd Paper; Ready Mixed Paints; Locks, Knobs, Hinges, &c., &c. June 11 J. L. BLACK.

Carriage Builders Wood.

One Car Load Stored this Day. 100 S SETS WHEEL RIMS; 5 SETS SULKY RIMS; 72 PAIRS CARRIAGE SHAPTS; 80 SETS SPOKES; 8 " SULKY SPOKES; 20 " CARRIAGE HUDB; 2 " WHEELS—Wood Hub; 2 " IRON SACKET WHEELS; 2 " Callions Iron Hub WHEELS; with Axles complete; 10 " Celebrated "Sarron" WHEELS; HICKORY PLANK, &c., &c. June 12 J. L. BLACK.

Opposite Brunswick House.

THE subscriber wishes respectfully to notify the people of Sackville and neighborhood that he has opened a shop in Sackville, where he intends carrying on the business of WATCHMAKING AND THE MANUFACTURING OF JEWELRY. He is provided with a fine set of the latest improved tools, and is prepared to perform all work entrusted to him promptly and in a skillful manner. He also keeps on hand a good assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, &c., At the lowest possible prices. A fine line of Eye Glasses and Spectacles. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. GEORGE L. MOSS. TO PERSONS OF A Nervous Temperament WE WOULD RECOMMEND Estey's Iron & Quinine Tonic.

It will remove that low, dependent feeling so peculiar to nervous persons. After taking it for a short time they will find their appetite improved, their spirits become more cheerful, sleepless nights, twinging of the muscles and trembling of the limbs all disappear, and they will feel and know that every fibre and tissue of their body is being, brood and renovated. The peculiar operation of this medicine has undergone the most careful observation, and it is believed it will never fail if properly and judiciously administered. It is a direct tonic, and its action is to stimulate the system, and supply the system with the iron and quinine which it contains, and which are so essential to the health of the human system. Price 50 cents. Sold by druggists.

PREPARED ONLY BY E. M. ESTEY, Pharmacist, MONCTON, N. B.

NOTICE.

THE Trustees of School District No. 11, Sackville, will, until THURSDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF JULY INSTANT, receive tenders for a job of Work to be done at each of the two School Houses in said District. The work to be done consists of Carpentry, Plastering, Finishing, &c., and persons tendering will be expected to include the whole work and furnish whatever materials are required, to be obtained from the undersigned. JOHN FAWCETT, GEORGE CAMPBELL, Trustees. WALTER CAHILL, Dated the 1st July, 1885. 11

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New Advertisements.

W. H. LYTELL'S COMPANY!

By special arrangement with the author, will present Mr. BARTLEY CAMPBELL'S MASTERPIECE, THE GALLEY SLAVE, IN THE MUSIC HALL, SACKVILLE, This (Thursday) Evening, July 2nd.

Mr. Lytell's name as manager of any dramatic company is considered in St. John and Halifax a guarantee of a first-class performance, and those who attend Music Hall this evening will not be disappointed in expecting a rare treat.

Admission—Children, 50c.; Adults, 75c.; Reserved Seats, 50c.; may be secured at Trueman's Grocery.

Bricks, Cement, &c.

DEBS WHITE'S ENGLISH 100 B PORTLAND CEMENT; 300,000 Superior BRICKS, large size; 100 Casks ST. JOHN LIMPS; 100 Bbls. COUNTRY PLASTER; 70 " CALCINED PLASTER. For sale very low by RHODES, CURRY & CO. Amherst, June 30, 1885. 61

MOLASSES.

400 PUNS Choice Barbadoes Molasses. NOW LANDING. GEO. S. DEFOREST, 15 South Wharf, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Road Service.

THE Great Road between Cole's Island and Port Egin will be let by Auction on TUESDAY, 7th JULY INST., commencing near Port Egin, at 10 a. m. S. F. WELLS, Auctioneer.

To Advertisers.

A list of 50 newspapers DIVIDED INTO STATES AND SECTIONS will be sent on application—FREE. To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer our better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Selected Local List. GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper and Printing Office, 10 Spence Street, New York.

HART'S DRUG STORE

(Opposite Brunswick House.) JUST RECEIVED: 50 lbs. Paris Green. Powdered Hellebore. Dalmation Insect Powder. Sticky Fly Paper.

CHARLES G. HART, Druggist & Apothecary, SACKVILLE, N. B.

GARDEN SEEDS.

Garden Seeds in large variety; best sorts Peas and Beans; large stock of Evan's Mammoth Mangold and Swedish Turnip Seeds. All warranted fresh this season and for sale at close prices. J. F. ALLISON. 1880

FELT HATS!

JUST OPENED: 1 Case Hard and Soft Felt Hats, in Latest Styles. Call and see them. June 12 J. F. ALLISON.

Custom Clothing.

Large Stock Fashionable Cloths on hand. NEW GOODS DAILY EXPECTED. Mr. Horsler still has charge of this Department, which fact alone is a sufficient guarantee that perfect satisfaction will be afforded to patrons. Fashion Plates received monthly. J. F. ALLISON. June 15

Timothy and Clover.

Timothy, Red, White and Alsike Clover Seeds. June 16 J. F. ALLISON.

ASSIGNMENT.

DAVID ESTABROOK, of Sackville, in the County of Westmorland, Farmer, formerly Carriage Maker, having made an Assignment to us of all his Real Estate, Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits, all Persons having any demands against the said David Estabrook will hand them to us for adjustment and payment. JOSIAH ANDERSON, Assignees. ALBERT FAWCETT, Assignees. Sackville, June 23, 1885.

NOTICE.

ALL rate payers in School District No. 11, paying their School Rates on or before the 3rd of July next, to the subscriber, will be allowed 2 1/2 per cent. discount. R. BELL, Secretary. Sackville, June 24th, 1885. 21

Tallow Wanted.

I WILL pay highest price in cash for good Beef Tallow. JAMES R. AYER. June 11, 1885.

New Advertisements.

SUMMER GOODS!

The Cheapest in the Market! NUN'S VEILING, in Cream, Light and Peacock Blues, Pink, Coral, Olive, Bronze, Navy, Drab and Black; Wool Belges, in many colors; Lawn, Spotted Cambrics, Seersuckers; Marcellines and Piques; Fancy, Striped and Spotted Muslins; Lower, Brocade, Checked Linens; Light Prints and Shirtings; Brocade and Polka Dot; Satins, Silks and Worsteas; Greenlines, White, Black and Colored Silk and Cotton Laces in great variety; Lace Veiling, with Nets to match; White and Colored Hamburgs; Gaiter Stripes, Checked Linen; Light Prints and Shirtings; History, all sizes and colors; Fancy Shirtings; Black, Tan and fancy colors in Cotton, Lisle, Silk and Taffeta Laces; Dress Silks, Satins and Laces.

We are offering the above Goods cheaper than you can buy elsewhere. Call and be convinced. June 24 GEORGE E. FORD.

Amherst Stove and Machine Works, ROTARY SAW MILLS



From the Latest and Best American Patterns. PROPRIETORS: HODGSON'S PATENT Saw Grinder.

Leonard's Celebrated Engines and Boilers. For all purposes. The Best and Cheapest made in Canada.

All descriptions of Grist Mill and Saw Mill Machinery, Lefell's Turbines, Iron and Brass Castings, Stoves, Plows, Furnaces, &c.

New Dress Goods, New Carpets. The past week we have received: 18 Packages Dry Goods, including Dress Goods in great variety.

DUNLAP BROS. & COMPANY, AMHERST, N. S.

FINE GOLD GOODS! 30 Sets of Fine Gold Jewelry

For Sale at very Low Prices. D. R. McELMON, Dorchester and Moncton.

JUST OPENING: -60- NEW Spring Goods! 75 PIECES

Park's and St. Croix Shirting. Wool, Union, Tapestry, Dutch and Hemp.

CARPETS! For Sale at Bottom Prices. J. E. HICKEY, RECEIVED AT SACKVILLE

Drug Store Good Stock Superior Trusses Spectacles and Cases. "Lotus of the Nile"

India Rubber Enemas, Fragrant Soodont. A. DIXON, DRUGGIST

Boots and Shoes! THE subscriber offers to his customers and the public generally a large and well selected Stock of

Boots and Shoes! Of every Description and at very Low Rates. JAMES R. AYER, Sackville, May 23, 1885

For Sale. FIGHT acres of English Marsh situated on the Great March. The marsh is of prime quality and has a creek running through it.

Advertisements this Day. The Greek Government has offered a site for an American art school at Athens.

Advertisements this Day.

The Greek Government has offered a site for an American art school at Athens. The first edition of Gen. Gordon's diary, comprising 10,000 copies, has been sold.

Special Locals. See Geo. E. Ford's Carriage before you buy. The Newest Room Papers, at Geo. E. Ford's.

300 pieces Prints and Cambrics, at J. E. Hickey's. Cheap White Lead, Paints and Oils, at Geo. E. Ford's.

One car load Extra Prize Patent Flour at J. E. Hickey's. One young Cow, with calf at side, very fine, for sale, -J. L. Black.

24 pieces Plain and Reverend Cretonnes, at J. E. Hickey's. One hundred dozen American Hard and Soft Hats, at J. E. Hickey's.

To Let: Corner Office in Chignecto Hall Building, -Blair Estabrooks. Dress Goods and Trimmings in all the new and leading shades, at J. E. Hickey's.

Geo. E. Ford has just received 1 Carriage -Black and Blue. Ready to be bought before the rise and will be sold cheap.

For full stock Paint, Oil, Varnish, Sprits Turpentine, Massey's Mixed Colors, Dry Paints, and all Painters' Material, at lowest price, go to J. L. Black.

Wanted - To go to St. John; two good Servant Girls, one to do general house work and one as nurse girl. For further information apply to Mrs. J. E. Hickey, at No. 18, Charles Street, St. John, or to Mrs. H. Pickard, Sackville, N. B. June 3rd, 1885.

LOCAL MATTERS. Don't FORGET to go to the Music Hall to-night. A FLUTTER OF PLOVER - the first of the season - seen on Tuesday.

THE BOSS DRINK is Hart's soda water with coffee and cream syrup. THE RAIN yesterday disappointed the number of pleasure seekers, but it was worth more than a king's ransom to the country.

DUSTY - The dry, windy weather which has prevailed of late has fully demonstrated the wisdom of repairing the highways with dust.

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A GOOD RECORD - The Yarmouth Times, speaking of the call recently extended by the Sackville Church to Rev. J. A. Gordon, says: "We do not know whether the reverend gentleman will accept or not. Should he do so, the Baptists of New Brunswick may be congratulated in having secured the services of one of the most zealous workers, vigorous preachers and popular pastors Yarmouth has ever had."

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A DESTRUCTIVE WORM - A worm or caterpillar - locally known as the "army worm," although it differs from the pest which bears that name - has been doing considerable damage of late on various parts of the Yarmouth. The worms appear in large numbers in some places and make a clean sweep as far as they go. One gentleman at Mount Whatley had five or six acres of grass destroyed, and many others have suffered to some extent.

PERSONAL - Prof. Cranz started for New York last Thursday. Mr. W. B. Dixon, of the firm of E. Cogswell & Co., was at Yarmouth last week attending the midsummer meeting of the Maritime Stove-Founders Association. The public comes in contact on I. C. R., with as gentlemanly a lot of officials as can be found anywhere in the world and one who has not been the least successful in seating himself in popular affections and confidence is Uncle Bob Duncan. He has lately returned from an extended trip to United States and resumed his train. -Rev. S. C. Murray, who has been appointed to a mission in Manitoba, left on Tuesday night for his new field of labor. -Rev. Dr. Kennedy will start for Stanstead Friday night, and will bear with him the best wishes of the whole community. -Rev. J. A. Duke will shortly be removed to Upland, where he has been stationed by the Conference.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Greek Government has offered a site for an American art school at Athens. The first edition of Gen. Gordon's diary, comprising 10,000 copies, has been sold.

The New Brunswick Railway is now transporting some 200 tons of freight per day. The French have notified the British Government that they have raised the siege of all Chinese ports.

Charles Arsenau, who was on trial in Albert Co. last week for shooting at Joseph White with intent to kill, has been acquitted.

See Geo. E. Ford's Carriage before you buy. The Newest Room Papers, at Geo. E. Ford's.

300 pieces Prints and Cambrics, at J. E. Hickey's. Cheap White Lead, Paints and Oils, at Geo. E. Ford's.

One car load Extra Prize Patent Flour at J. E. Hickey's. One young Cow, with calf at side, very fine, for sale, -J. L. Black.

24 pieces Plain and Reverend Cretonnes, at J. E. Hickey's. One hundred dozen American Hard and Soft Hats, at J. E. Hickey's.

To Let: Corner Office in Chignecto Hall Building, -Blair Estabrooks. Dress Goods and Trimmings in all the new and leading shades, at J. E. Hickey's.

Geo. E. Ford has just received 1 Carriage -Black and Blue. Ready to be bought before the rise and will be sold cheap.

For full stock Paint, Oil, Varnish, Sprits Turpentine, Massey's Mixed Colors, Dry Paints, and all Painters' Material, at lowest price, go to J. L. Black.

Wanted - To go to St. John; two good Servant Girls, one to do general house work and one as nurse girl. For further information apply to Mrs. J. E. Hickey, at No. 18, Charles Street, St. John, or to Mrs. H. Pickard, Sackville, N. B. June 3rd, 1885.

LOCAL MATTERS. Don't FORGET to go to the Music Hall to-night. A FLUTTER OF PLOVER - the first of the season - seen on Tuesday.

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From Parrsboro.

Hon. J. B. Finch is to be here again on Monday evening next, the 6th of July, to lecture. We are expecting a large gathering.

Quite a number of our citizens left here on Tuesday in the steamer "Hiawatha" for St. John to celebrate Dominion Day. It is said that about 200 persons from Hants, Kings and Parrsboro went in the boat.

B. Young and Son have loaded three large ships with deals this season and are loading another. They still have nearly a load of deals at their shipping place for another ship, and deals coming in by train every day.

The Cumberland County Prohibitory Alliance met here last Thursday and Friday. On Monday evening we had a public temperance meeting. The speaker was Mr. W. H. Rogers, Esq., Dr. Black and C. R. Casey, of Amherst, Rev. J. W. Howie, of Advocate, Rev. F. V. Vickroy, of Woodstock. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. J. Howie and dismissed by Rev. Alex. Ross.

Hons. Senator Dickey and C. J. Townshend have returned to Ottawa. The Presbyterians propose holding a temperance festival in the roller rink on Thursday evening next.

The Amherst Company of the Cumberland Battalion turned out for their first drill at the school grounds on Saturday evening. The banding race was won by Telephone, with Flora second and Columbus third. The running race was won by Richardson's horse.

The Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T., of Nova Scotia, meets here in its annual session on Saturday evening. The meeting will be on Tuesday evening. John B. Finch and other prominent members of the order from the States and the Provinces will be present. Upwards of a hundred delegates from subordinate lodges are expected.

Dorchester Matters. -Mr. Landry, M. P., has gone to Ottawa. -Municipal Council meets next Tuesday. -Circuit Court meets on Tuesday week. Justice Wetmore presiding.

Last Tuesday was the second anniversary of the death of Sir Albert Smith, K. C. M. G. -Sale of the interests of the Couch Estate in Copper properties takes place Friday (to-morrow).

The New York Tribune thinks that the shrinkage in the yield of wheat in the United States is likely to prove a serious obstacle to the revival of prosperity, and says that if the yield proves 152 millions less than in 1884 the farmers will be left badly off. Speculators are taking advantage of the short crop estimates and are already succeeded in raising the price of wheat. On the other hand it is estimated that there will be a very large yield of cotton and it is thought that there may be as much as 1,500,000 bales in excess of last year's crop.

The Local Government cannot too soon take action with reference to having it replaced by a new bridge - it would be a serious inconvenience to the country beyond to be deprived of bridge communication. The substitution of iron bridges has in many localities in Nova Scotia proved an advantage even on the score of economy. The Provincial Engineer, Mr. Murphy, under whose advice the late Government first adopted them, expresses himself satisfied with the results. While no doubt the Government will be well advised as to the character and material of the new structure, it would be consulting the interests of the community if it also considered at the same time the prospective construction of the Joggins Railway, in which event a railway bridge would have to be built. The advantage, as a matter of economy, of combining them in one structure is manifest to any one.

Spring Hill is becoming celebrated for something besides its production of coal and strikes, and is beginning to be a favorite centre for other demonstrations than those of her agricultural products. On Friday, 10th inst., a great temperance picnic procession and demonstration will be held here in honor of Hon. John B. Finch, R. W. G. T. The demonstration will be under the auspices of the Good Templars of Nova Scotia, and special trains will run from Moncton, Parrsboro, Halifax and Pictou. The biggest thing of the kind ever seen in Nova Scotia is anticipated. On the following Monday the Orangemen of the Lower Provinces will celebrate at Spring Hill the "glorious twelfth," which falls this year on Sunday. There will be special trains, a procession, speeches and a big time generally.

NEW BRIDGE - A new abouidon, 150 feet long and forty feet in width, was built on the West March last week under the direction of Messrs. Christopher Atkinson and Timothy Hicks. The new structure, which appears to be a very substantial piece of work, will take the place of the old abouidon which has become unsafe. Another abouidon on the same marsh is now in course of construction.

HATFIELD, Onto, Feb. 11, 1880. I am very glad to say I have tried Hop Bitters, and never took anything that did me as much good as only took two bottles and I would not take \$100 for the good they did me. I recommend them to my patients, and get the best results from their use. C. B. MERRICK, M. D.

Chignecto Marine Railway. Mr. Ketchum returned per "Cicestian" from England on Tuesday. He gives such reports of the negotiations of the Company as lead to the confident hope that the work commenced will be vigorously continued.

Religions Services. Plan of Methodist services for Sabbath, July 5th: Sackville, 11 A. M., Rev. R. W. Weddell; P. M., Rev. R. W. Weddell; Upper Sackville, P. M., Rev. R. W. Weddell.

Rev. D. C. Lawson will preach in Bethel next Sunday at 11 A. M., and in Salem at 3 P. M.

STOCK NOTES - Mr. P. Gallagher shipped six head of fat cattle from Sackville Station for Moncton on Tuesday. -Albert Conroy boasts a cow which has to her credit four calves and two grand-calves between the 24th June, 1883, and 22d June, 1885. -Mr. W. S. McKie of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has bought and sold nearly 150 horses this season. He took twenty-nine horses to Boston last week.

No injurious effects can follow the use of Ayer's Ague cure in the treatment of malarial diseases. It contains besides specific and unfailing antidote for malarial poison, other remedial agents which unite to expel the poisonous humors, purify the system, and leave it in a healthy and reinvigorated condition.

Ask your Apothecary to keep a bottle of Ayer's Ague cure on the shelves of his drug store, and you will prevent eruptions.

The Excursion started for Baie Verte this morning. -The British Cabinet have decided to abandon coercion in Ireland.

River Hebert Navigation.

Within a few days no less than four vessels have been caught on what is known as the "middle ground," River Hebert, and each was detained on or more tides until it could be worked or dug off.

The "middle ground" is formed of shifting sand which often divides the river into two channels, and at all times renders the navigable channel a matter of uncertainty to shipmasters, hence during the summer season there are very few weeks when the ground is not tenanted by one or more vessels. The tonnage, in and out, coastwise of River Hebert is very considerable, owing as well to the large quantity of lumber shipped from the mills above as the piling and coal from the mines. It is one of the busiest shipping outports in the Bay. It is therefore in the interests of the country that the navigation should be made as free from risk and danger as possible, and it is the duty of the Government to take such steps and make any reasonable expenditure that will render it safe. We believe that such a scheme has been adopted by Mr. Perley, Engineer of Public Works, for other rivers. Placed on either bank would be an effectual remedy by keeping the current in its proper channel and creating a steady water for the raising of sediment. We beg to direct the attention of Mr. Townshend, M. P., to this important matter and trust that something will be done this season.

Politics and the Church. Dorchester Corner is one of those small places in which politics are not the only thing that counts. The politics of the place are not the politics of the place, but the politics of the people, and the politics of the people are the politics of the place.

The day's celebration was brought to a triumphant close with the help of the flag floating above the Custom House. -The Finance Minister of the Post extended an extra smile gratuitously to those who came in and paid their subscriptions.

NEW JEWELRY STORE - By advertisement elsewhere it will be seen that Sackville is to be favored with another watchmaking establishment. Mr. Moss has opened some very handsome goods and is expecting more daily. He has a superior set of tools; bears the reputation of being an excellent workman, and will not doubt receive a fair share of patronage.

MARRIAGES. At the Harvey Baptist Church, on the 24th June, by the Rev. Mr. Blackadar, J. B. McAlpine, of Fredericton, and Josephine M. Kennebec, of Harvey, N. S. At the Baptist Church, Harvey, June 20th, by Rev. W. J. Swaffield, Edward Parsons, merchant of Moncton, and daughter of John Reid, Esq., of Alma.

At Christ Church, Dartmouth, June 25, by the Rev. H. J. W. Johnson, William Frederick Proctor, of the Bank of Montreal, Moncton, to Helen Douglas, eldest daughter of the late Douglas Bennett Clarke, Assistant Commissary General. At Albert, on the 20th ult., by Rev. W. J. Swaffield, William L. Peck to Florence A. Anderson, both of Hopewell, A. C.

At Nantux, Mass., June 20th, by the Rev. F. P. Sutherland, C. W. Johnson of Newville, Mass., to Mary O'Neill, only daughter of John J. O'Neill, Esq., of Hillsboro, Albert County, N. B.

At the residence of the bride's mother, June 24th, by Rev. T. J. DeLainard, W. Ryan Augustus, merchant to Margaret Amelia McWilliams, all of Moncton.

DEATHS. At Hopewell Cape, A. C., on the 18th ult., Mrs. Ira Steves, daughter of the late Amos Reed.

EARLY PROVEN - It is easily proven that malarial fever, constipation, torpidity of the liver and kidneys, nervous debility, nervousness, and neuralgic ailments yield readily to this great disease conqueror, Hop Bitters. It repairs the ravages of disease by converting the food into rich blood, and it gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm always.

In no other medical preparation have the results of the most intelligent study and scientific inquiry been so steadily and progressively utilized as in Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases.

A SMOOTH SKIN. Philodermia is strongly recommended for Softening, Improving, Beautifying, and Preserving the Skin, and giving it a blooming and charming appearance. It completely removes Tan, Sunburn, Redness, etc., and by its Balsamic and Healing qualities renders the skin Soft, Pliable and free from any eruptions. Apply to E. M. Estey, Pharmacist, Moncton, N. B. Sold by Druggists.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Charles G. Palmer are requested to make payment to my claim; and all persons having any claims against the said Estate will render the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, to FRANK PALMER, } Executors. AMOS OGDEN, } Sackville, June 23, 1885.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE. TWO First Class Second Hand CARRIAGES, newly painted and in first rate order, will be sold at Rock Bottom prices. Don't miss seeing them before you buy. One can be used as single or double seater. Apply to G. B. ESTABROOK & SONS, Brunswick House, May 19th, 1885.

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The Crops.

Owing to the cold, dry weather which prevailed during the first part of June, and the continued dryness of the last fortnight the prospects of the hay crops in this section are not very encouraging although the grass started well. The warm showers of the last day or two will undoubtedly be of great benefit, and there is reason to expect a fair crop. Grain has suffered from the drought, and in some places is looking well. Potatoes are growing finely and promise a good crop in spite of the bugs.

A correspondent at Hopewell Hill writes as follows: -The crops in general are looking very well. The grass on the Marsh shows a good color and signs of a heavy yield. The grain and potatoes are coming forward rapidly. The potato bug is again at work, but will be kept under control by the use of Paris Green and other remedies. A Shediac correspondent kindly sends the following report: -Crops are looking exceedingly well. Hay will be a good average without more rain, but with occasional showers between now and cutting time (say 2 or 3 weeks) it will be an extra good crop. Potatoes bid fair (notwithstanding the irrepressible bug is at work early and late) to be a very good crop. Very little if any seed has perished in the ground, and plants look very vigorous and are in many cases well advanced. About the usual area has been planted. Wheat and other grains are looking well and many fields are very forward. We hope the husbandman will have little to complain of this season, and with ordinary weather we think he will be satisfied.

How Dominion Day was Observed. -The stores were closed in front and customers were accommodated through the back door. -The excursion to Baie Verte did not go. -The trains, east and west, took but few passengers. -The farmers were in high glee, as shower by shower the rain came down.

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Free Stone Quarry and Plant At Rockland, N. B. For Sale by Auction. THE undersigned Liquidator offer for sale by public auction, on the 23rd day of June, at the time and place mentioned below, the following: -The Leasehold for 999 years of the Quarry property, containing about 200 acres, situate near Rockland, N. B., on the Dorchester River, including the buildings, the plant, and other improvements on the Quarry property with the buildings, and also the Quarry appliances.

NOTICE OF SALE. To George McConnell and Mary Jane McConnell, his wife, and all other persons whom it may concern: NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the third day of May in the year our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and made between the said George McConnell, formerly of Truro, Nova Scotia, but now of Sackville, in the County of Westmorland, and Province of New Brunswick, the husbandman, and Mary Jane McConnell, his wife, of the one part, and the undersigned, David G. Dickson, of Sackville aforesaid, Gentleman, of the other part, registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for said County, in Libro S. 4, Folio 430, by the number 46,804, on the twenty-eighth day of June, in the year aforesaid, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction, at or near the Brunswick Hotel, in the Parish of Sackville and County aforesaid, on MONDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF JULY NEXT, at twelve o'clock, noon, the Lands and Premises in said Indenture of Mortgage described as follows: -All those Lands and Premises situate in Sackville aforesaid, and which Alexander McConnell, by his deed bearing date the twenty-second day of August in the year our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for said County, in Libro S. 4, Folio 430, by the number 46,804, on the twenty-eighth 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Odds and Ends.

"They say Charley has married. Do you know his wife? Is she a woman of any intelligence?" "Well informed!" "Well, I should say so. She has belonged to the village swing circle for ten years and never missed a meeting."

For Sale and To Let.

FARM TO LET. For further particulars apply to GILBERT SEAMAN, 100 Main St., Amherst, N. S.

Farm to Let.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Cottage and Premises at Southwick, near the station, and occupied by him, for a further particulars apply to CAPT. JOHN PURDY, 100 Main St., Amherst, N. S.

Lots for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale Forty Building Lots, fronting on Union and Academy Streets, situated about midway between the Academies and the Stations of the Intercolonial and Toronto and Atlantic Railways.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell his FARM, in Centre County, containing 100 acres, with a good Dwelling House, and two large barns. There is also a good well of water, and a fine view of the mountains.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THE sale of Public Auction on SATURDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock, in the Court House, in the County of Westmorland, N. S., the premises hereinafter described.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction on the PREMISES hereinafter described, five lots of land, situated in the County of Westmorland, N. S., and bounded as follows:

MINING PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction at or in front of the Court House, in the County of Westmorland, N. S., the PREMISES hereinafter described in the Parishes of Dorchester and Sackville, in said County of Westmorland, Friday, the 3rd day of July Next,

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make dose, and they are so gentle that they can be taken by the most delicate.

CARE SICK HEADACHE.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in the treatment of Sick Headache, and are so gentle that they can be taken by the most delicate.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

Holstein Bull.

HOLSTEIN BULL "SINCLAIRVILLE" for Service. Cows from a distance kept free of charge. Terms and prices reasonable. Thoroughbred Cows for sale, also a few Grade Cows.

SAFE FOR SALE.

FIRST CLASS Medium Sized Second Hand SAFE in good order. Apply to CHAS. MILNER, 100 Main St., Amherst, N. S.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

Ex Australian, Sarmatian, Peruvian, Malacca, Polynesian, Parisian, &c. &c. 120 PACKAGES 120

Comprising a Varied Assortment in most Departments: LINEN TABLES AND HOLLANDS, DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, TURKEY REDS, CRETONES, REGATTAS, HANDKERCHIEFS, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, RIBBONS, LACES, &c.

20 CASES 20 GLOVES, LACES, CURTAINS, COUNTERPANES, TOILET COVERS, FIQUETS, &c. &c.

A. EVERITT, Wholesale Dry Goods Warehouse, 94 and 96 Germain Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.



WE ARE NOW OPENING A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF Spring and Summer Cloths, Fur and Felt Hats.

Dunlap, MacDonald & Co. AMHERST, N. S.

NEW GOODS.

NOTWITHSTANDING the exodus from Upper Sackville, the subscribers offer for sale choice Goods or Produce, the following New Goods:

- 1 Crate Milk-Pans, Cream and Butter Cakes, 1 and 1/2 Gal. Jugs; Good Assortment General Groceries; 2 Dozen Brooms, 3 Dozen Brushes; 2 Wash-Boards, 5 Boxes Soap; 8 Bags Tomat Seed; 200 lbs. Clover Seed, a choice assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds; 1 Bbl. Dried Apples; 20 Bags Liverpool Salt; 1 Bbl. Cider and White Wine Vinegar; 25 Bunches Cotton Warp;

And other articles usually found in a Country Store.

WANTED—Eggs and Butter, for which part Cash will be paid if required.

GEO. A. READ, 221 UPPER SACKVILLE.

J. F. LAWTON, Proprietor, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Better Times are Coming FARMERS WHO USE NEELY'S FERTILIZER

For the Growth of Crops. This Fertilizer is equally well Suited for Grain or Root Crops.

It cannot fail to give satisfaction when properly used. It is excellent when used alone, but will give still better results when used with half the ordinary quantity of stable manure, or with thoroughly rotted black muck compost. Five years' experience with leading farmers has proved it equal to the most expensive and at less price. Don't fail to give it a trial.

For further information write for pamphlets, giving some of the many testimonials in its favor, to EDWARD READ, Agent at Sackville, or to L. O. NEELY, Manufacturer, Aylesford, Kings Co., N. S. m18 3m

LANDING. 30 CASES ROYAL BAKING POWDER; 25 NEW CHEESE; 25 Boxes WELCOME SOAP; 10 HC-Bills MIXED PICKLES; 10 " MEDIUM PICKLES; 2 Cases BARLETT'S BLACKING; 2 " MARSON'S do.

Stephens & Figueiras, 61 Dock Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Executor's Notice. ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late S. W. PALMER, Esq., are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned within thirty days from this date, or their accounts will be placed in an attorney's hands for collection.

F. C. PALMER, Surviving Executor, 2m

372 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Call on THOS. & CO., Augusta St., 2m

HARD TIMES.

By MR. M. R. ROBINSON. "Jesse needs a new cap, Mr. Brown. His old one is quite shabby and unfit for wear to church."

"He must wear it if it fits. Boys at a great expense, certain."

"But you forget, husband, that he has worn it a long time; and he really deserves a new one."

"Hard times, Mrs. Brown, hard times! Money is as tight as— as the bark of a tree. I have hard work to get a cent, or to keep one after I get it."

"I don't think Jesse has drawn very heavily on your purse, for the child has had scarcely anything this winter, after the wife."

"Mrs. Brown, coal is ten dollars a ton! I don't speak of new caps in these hard times."

"High, certainly, but—"

"And wood the same cord! It's exorbitant!" interrupted Mr. Brown, growing warm with his subject.

"But the children must have boots and shoes, and clothes, just the same as though fuel was lower. Those are necessary articles that cannot be dispensed with."

"You must economize, wife! Mend up the old clothes, and send the boots to the shoemaker; and Jesse must have a new cap, as you have advised Mr. Brown, who was very particular about wearing mended clothes himself; a darn, in his estimation, being sufficient to condemn a coat or a pair of trousers."

"I was hoping to be able to get the girls new bonnets this winter, for their present ones have been in wear two seasons already; but I suppose they will have to do without until the wife in a disapproving tone."

"Of course they will! Clark tells me that flour was twelve twenty-five yesterday. I wonder what the country is coming to!"

"But the poor will feel these high prices more than we do. Think how poor less we shall be incommoded by them than poor widows with large families of small children. We must try and help Mrs. Wilson this month; the last time it was in a very miserable fire, though the day was bitter cold. She would feel very grateful for a little wood."

rejoined benevolent Mrs. Brown, who had given the woman in question many a good dinner.

"Charity begins at home, especially when breakfast is a shilling a pound, and other things in proportion," replied the husband, emphatically leaning over and lighting a cigar by the glowing anthracite, and then tipping his chair back to an easy position, amused himself by puffing out the smoke in fleecy columns.

"Mr. Brown, how much did that cigar cost?" asked his wife. "The individual addressed didn't appear to be sensible of the fact, but he was obliged to me to tell him."

"How much did that cigar cost, did you say? Four cents only, and cheap at that. Equivocate favor! Smith says he never saw a man puffing out the smoke in fleecy columns."

"You never smoke less than five a day, husband; and sometimes more," she continued, in the same quiet way.

"That's a moderate number, a very moderate number, Mrs. Brown. Some people make nothing of smoking a dozen. What would you say if—"

"Five cigars at four cents each amount to twenty cents, and that is twenty in a dollar and forty. Amount nine, shillings a week for smoke, Mr. Brown! Did it ever occur to you that the money might be more profitably spent in purchasing a new cap for Jesse, for instance, or buying Mrs. Wilson a few groceries every week?"

Mr. Brown suddenly lethargically himself of a most pressing engagement, and left the house without answering this pertinent inquiry. His wife smiled meaningly, and went on sewing. She had had a great deal about "hard times" for several months, and had had economy preached to her, until, prudent and saving as she undoubtedly was, the world had become disagreeable to her ears. Mr. Brown was entirely willing to practice this commendable virtue when he could do so without interfering with his own comfort; but unfortunately for his wife and children, this did not often occur. In fact he loved his ease, and would not be troubled by the least inconvenience, or administered to his enjoyment in any other way. His clothes made in the most fashionable style no matter what it cost; but Mrs. Brown and the children might wear theirs till they were threadbare, although their manufacture originally was so outlandish to him, his wife being "handy" at her needle, and not unwilling to turn tailors or dressmaker once or twice a year to save expense. But now Mrs. Brown queried (as she had often done before) whether her husband ought not to economize his share— whether a little self-denial on his part would do rather more good than the continual cry of "hard times, and you must practice economy, my dear."

She asked herself if a few practical hints would not serve a good purpose in reminding him that practice was better than preaching; and that example went farther than advice. The subject was still in her thoughts when a domestic entered the room and said: "There's a soft come ma'am."

"A soft! There's some mistake, I think," replied Mrs. Brown, stepping to the door; but the man was so sure that it was the right place, that she allowed him to bring it in, although puzzled to know what Mr. Brown wanted of another soft, as they already owned a good one, and as times were hard and money scarce, it did not look reasonable that he

would spare twenty-five or more dollars for a needless article of furniture.

But doubts were dispelled when tea-time came, and with it Mr. Brown.

"So the soft got here before me," he remarked, as his eyes rested upon his new purchase. "I have you examined it, Sarah?"

"No, for I supposed it was sent here by mistake."

"It's all right; I'll tell you how it was," he resumed. "I looked into Leonard's when this was being knocked off to somebody, and a friend, and so I over-bid him a dollar and got it myself. Only twenty-six dollars for an elegant soft, which is a doubtfully cost fifty, originally! Do look at it, Mrs. Brown—fine velvet!"

Mrs. Brown did look at it, but without getting out of her chair, or exhibiting any more interest than she would have done in glancing at a two shilling cricket.

"It is too good a bargain to lose, and so I secured it. It occurred to me that it would be a capital thing to lounge on when I smoke, and feel sleepy, stupid, etc., besides being so convenient for you when you feel in the mood of taking a nap," he continued.

Mrs. Brown looked at the baby sitting on the floor, and then at the deep work-basket piled up high with the family sewing (which Mr. Brown had been so kind as to offer to have done out), and thought that her "naps" would necessarily have to be short and a great way apart. She had a shrewd suspicion, too, that she had consulted his own feelings more than her comfort; but she was reconciled to this arrangement, she prudently forbore to say so, listening without offering much comment to his eulogistic remarks concerning the sofa. That evening was a fair sample of several following ones, Mr. Brown smoked, Mr. Brown dozed alternately, and Mrs. Brown sewed diligently in order to keep the juvenile Brownes in whole clothes.

"I saw a man who had some fine apples for sale, and I told him to bring up a barrel; has he done so?" asked Mr. Brown, a week or two afterwards.

"A man called with apples, but as he demanded the modest sum of five dollars per barrel, I declined buying any; remembering that times were hard and money scarce," Mrs. Brown readily replied, bending a dark look upon her "economist," who was remarkably fond of apple dumplings. "Necessity, he had no argument at all; he said so content and powerful as this, so the apples were not again referred to."

"I thought we were to have a roast to-day," was the next remark, when the family were seated at dinner, as he took off first one cover and then another without exposing anything that seemed to look very inviting.

"A good roasting piece, Mr. Brown, would have cost you one dollar and fifty cents, but I fear you then another without exposing anything that seemed to look very inviting."

"I'm so thoughtful and provident," Mrs. Brown would have said, if she had not been so busy with her needle, when she had many lessons on retrenchment," responded roguish Mrs. Brown, demurely fixing a plate of fish for the youngest boy.

"But I love roast beef better than any other," grumbled the latter, gathering courage from his father's discontented expression to express his own dissatisfaction.

"But it's expensive, my dear," said the mother. "Your father has no money to waste, so we must be as saving and as contented as we can."

Mr. Brown suddenly helped himself plentifully to the piscatorial food; an act that greatly stimulated the boy's appetite, which was governed by a great measure by his father's example.

"I'm ready for pie, mother," said the lad, after he had despatched a second allowance of the principal dish.

"No pie to-day, my dear. The apples were so good, and I couldn't buy them, and eggs are twenty-five cents a dozen. We must go without pies and puddings, children, until things are cheaper. Think of the little Wilson boys, Charlie, and how glad they were when they had a plate of that fish."

"When am I to have a new cap, mother?" broke in Jesse.

"Just as soon as your father can afford to buy you one," replied Mrs. Brown. "You must be patient, my son, for he has a great many things to get and don't like to be troubled with our applications. Recollect that these are hard times, and we must do without what is not needed very much, and not find fault with simple things, because it will make it so much easier for him if our market bills are not so large as they used to be. Self-denial, Jesse, is a good quality and cannot be too much practised by little boys."

Mrs. Brown talked to the child, and at Mr. Brown's method, we believe, which has been practiced before. But, though every word she uttered had a meaning, and he felt the full force of them, he could not help but suppose that his father, with which she employed his own mode of reasoning, and her aptness in turning the point of his own weapons against himself.

Mr. Brown got no roast beef or poultry that week; soups, vegetables and other simple and cheap dishes made up by the bill of fare, and Mrs. Brown began to talk seriously of substituting less expensive coffee for the delicious Mocha which the servant had of the family took so much comfort in sipping every morning. The nice sandwiches and tongue that generally graced the table had mysteriously vanished, and the rich cake and fine flavored preserves had probably kept their company. Common hot butter was made to take the place of the sweet, neatly stamped lumps which he had been in the habit of eating; for his

careful wife had hit upon the fact that she could save precisely five cents on the pound by the change.

Of a truth, Mr. Brown was in a straight pin every day or two he was called upon to give up something that tended to his gratification, although perhaps not essential to his happiness. It positively appeared that Mrs. Brown had put her wits to work to see in how many ways she could retrench. His linen, which had formerly been sent to a laundry (he always prided himself on the polish and smoothness it was given), and prepared at home (minus the gloss). And why? "Because it could be done in the house at no extra expense, and as times were hard and money scarce, it was sheer nonsense to pay out to a laundry." That was not all. Mr. Brown had been accustomed to having a fire lit in his sleeping apartment previous to retiring, during the winter season. He had a horror of cold, and he was particularly liked to be lulled to sleep by the snapping and crackling of the brands in an open grate. But now there seemed a fair prospect of his losing his small gratification, as his better self protested "that another fire was useless and wasteful when fuel was so inordinately high, there was so much more need of economizing wood and coal."

Mr. Brown submitted—what else could he do? He could not complain with a very good grace, so he went to bed shivering with a firm determination to give Mrs. Brown no more lessons in retrenchment, if that was the way she practiced on them. Before he slept, he fell into a train of thought of this nature— If it is so disagreeable for me to give up a few gratifications, pleasures, luxuries or whatever they may be termed, how much more difficult must it be to exhibit true self-denial, and to be particularly mollified, and dozed alternately, and Mrs. Brown sewed diligently in order to keep the juvenile Brownes in whole clothes.

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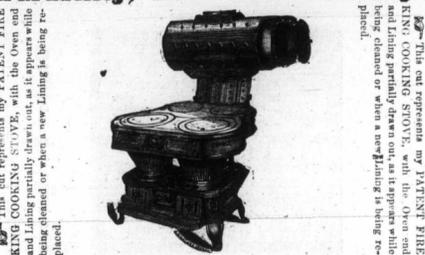
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PARSONS' PILLS. MAKE NEW PURGATIVE PILLS. RICH BLOOD. Three years study and experiment have been given to perfecting the formula for Parsons' Pills, and the universal judgment of the highest medical authorities, scientists, and men of learning, is that our formula is the best yet devised by the brain of man, and should rank with the wonderful discoveries of the world. No family should be without them, for there is no other remedy in the world capable of conferring so much benefit, excepting, possibly, the nectarine's Anodyne Linctus. The information contained in the wrapper around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills; it shows how to avoid how to cure all manner of diseases, and how to correctly interpret the symptoms thereof. Hold everywhere, or send by mail for 25 cents in stamps. A valuable illustrated medicine book sent free to all who send their address. DR. J. S. JOHNSON & CO., 211 Custom House St., Boston.

THE above Stove I invented and patented in 1876, and at the present time hundreds are in use, giving perfect satisfaction. A large number have been in constant use for eight years, and the repairs have been very trifling, in many instances none have been required. This valuable experience should be sufficient evidence of their durability, which is accounted for in the following: It has instead of a Lined Fire Box, two heavy Curved Cast Iron cylinders, which obviate the expense connected with all square Cooking Stoves, and being compelled to raise Linings and Grates, at least once or twice every year. The heat being radiated from the Cylinder to floor where needed, overcomes a serious objection to all kinds of ordinary Cooking Stoves. The Cylinders are situated directly under the cover holes, and a fire may be made in one or both, thus adapting it for use either in winter or summer, with equal satisfaction, besides effecting a great saving in fuel. I have also attached the Patent Telescope Oven to all my Elevated Oven Cooking Stoves such as the Waterloo, Niagara, Star, &c., causing the thousands using them to exclaim, "My stoves are worth Ten Dollars more than the same kind made by other Foundries." I have been inclined to murmur at a dinner less palatable than ordinary, surely my wife has a better trial in complying with my (I begin to suspect) selfish and thoughtless demands on her time and strength. Mrs. Brown is a prudent woman, and I wish—I wish I had!—I wish I had not so much economy; I'll buy her a new silk dress to-morrow, and for the future do without something myself which I do not need, when my expenses need curtailing; and I'll be reconciled to this arrangement, she prudently forbore to say so, listening without offering much comment to his eulogistic remarks concerning the sofa. That evening was a fair sample of several following ones, Mr. Brown smoked, Mr. Brown dozed alternately, and Mrs. Brown sewed diligently in order to keep the juvenile Brownes in whole clothes.

New and Original Departure IN COAL COOKING STOVES COMBINING Durability, Heat and Economy!



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IS NOW on berth at Barrow-in-Furness, loading for Miramichi, via Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, and is expected to arrive immediately after the opening of navigation. It is intended to make regular trips between Miramichi, Charlottetown and London or Liverpool and any other port in the United Kingdom and Continent of Europe as may be found to suit the trade. This route offers special facilities for the shipment of

Fish, Cattle, and all other Products FROM THE NORTH SHORES OF NEW BRUNSWICK AND NOVA SCOTIA AND ALSO P. E. ISLAND.

Good accommodation for a limited number of passengers. For freight or passage apply to R. A. & J. STEWART, Chatham, Miramichi.

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Our \$25 Elm Bedroom Suit is the Champion Low Priced Suit of Canada. Inspection invited.

D. G. CRAWFORD & CO. SUCCESSORS TO GEO. McSWEENEY.

NOTICE. Raisins, Sugar, &c. HAVING bought from Mr. J. Ford his Stock in Trade and good will of the Retail Trade, I now offer to the public, with Stock on hand, a good supply of New and Fresh Groceries, namely: Flour, Meal, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Fish, Hardware, Crockeryware, &c., with other Groceries usually found in a Country Store, and hope by proper attention to customers and by giving them a good article at a moderate price to obtain a share of public patronage.

REUBEN PURDY, Sackville, May 4, 1885. 2m

Spring Hill Coal. THE Subscriber having procured an Agency for the above Coal, is prepared to receive orders for same by the car load. A quantity always on hand at the Tannery, for sale in small lots.

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