



EDMONTON FREE PRESS

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE EDMONTON TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

VOL. 1, No. 14

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1919

\$1.00 Per Year; 5c Per Copy

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY TRAINMEN ASK FOR CHARTERS

Engineers, Conductors and Trainmen Apply for Charter; Firmly Considering

At the closing session of the thirty-ninth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation, was greeted with a roar of cheers when he announced from the platform that three of the four great railroad brotherhoods—the Engineers, Conductors and Trainmen—had applied for charters in the Federation. The fourth brotherhood, the Firemen, was meeting in Denver, he said, to consider a similar application. If the firemen follow the example of the other brotherhoods, the ranks of the Federation of Labor will be increased by 500,000 men.

Delegates were of the opinion that with the entry of the brotherhoods the Federation of Labor will back the demand of the railway men for government ownership and control of the roads. This subject has been referred to the executive council with instructions to formulate a policy for the Federation.

This is a step in the direction that the Canadian membership will shortly become part and parcel of the Dominion Trades Congress.

UNIONISTS MUST 'BOOK UP' TO MEET PRESENT DEMAND

Knowledge of Business Relations Must Be Acquired if Industrial Democracy Be a Fact

A knowledge of trade and business relations must be acquired by trade unionists if industrial democracy is to be a fact, declared President Matthew Wolf of the International Photo Engravers' union, at Chicago, in the call for the coming convention of that organization, to be held in St. Louis the third week in August.

"If," said the trade unionist, "we are to exercise an impelling voice in industry—if we are to experience a true industrial democracy in our craft—we are sincere in our profession that we want to rule the industry jointly with our employers, then it is for us to determine the plans and procedure, and perfect them, by which this co-operative relation may be fully realized."

"We as photo engravers have reached a status in our craft where our interests relate not alone to wages and hours. The necessity of our time demands that we have full and complete knowledge of all trade and business relations. We need to know the cost of production—the selling price—the overhead charge—the division of the income jointly produced by our employers and ourselves."

A.F. OF L. ADOPTS RESOLUTIONS RE CANADA SITUATION

The following are some of the striking expressions in the resolution adopted by the A. F. of L. Convention regarding the Canadian situation:

"Old doctrines and theories, tried and found wanting, are again seeking dominance.

"The forces arrayed against the legitimate trade union movement will be weakened, if not destroyed.

"It is not sufficient that we should remain calm and quiescent in this hour of trial. It is our duty to help by advice and active assistance from the more experienced leadership of the stable organizations of wage earners.

"The dangers lurking behind, alluringly made appeals should be pointed out to the Canadian wage earners."

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RY. CO. IN NEW ROLE

The British Columbia Electric Railway Company has placed \$50,000 at the disposal of the British Columbia Electric Office Employees' Association, out of which sums will be loaned to their members at six per cent. over a term of twelve years for the purpose of helping them to build or acquire homes. A joint committee of representatives of the management and the association was formed for the purpose of administering the funds, and early in April it was reported that all the money had already been allotted.

KINGSTON TRADES GET 70 CENTS AN HOUR ON REQUEST

Most of the trades in Kingston are now being paid seventy cents an hour, following the plumbers, the tinsmiths asked for 70 cents, and employers generally are granting their request.

QUEBEC LABOR IS REPRESENTED FOR FIRST TIME

Labor is represented for the first time officially in the Quebec Legislature, men who have formerly run under the name having been straight Liberals.

The two representatives elected in the general election were: A. Laurandau, for Maisonneuve, and A. Lacombe, of Dorion.

WAR VETERANS ORGANIZE UNION AT DETROIT, MICH.

Free Speech, Press and Assemblage, Economic Liberty Is Their Slogan

A new soldiers' and sailors' organization has been formed at Detroit, Mich. This is a local branch of the national organization with headquarters in Washington. They have organized primarily to look after the welfare of discharged soldiers and sailors and to demand legislation which will aid them to return to civil life. Also they take a wide interest in the social problems of the day and demand such rights as progressive labor is vitally interested in.

Free speech, press and assemblage, economic liberty is the slogan of this organization, a clause in their constitution regarding the pledge of the soldier and sailor members not to scab on their fellow-workers, reading as follows:

"We do not purpose to be recruited into an army of unemployed to be used as a lever to force down the wages of other citizens."

FOUR HUNDRED TEAMSTERS GO OUT ON STRIKE

Four hundred teamsters and truck drivers of the Shelden Company, Henderson and other delivery concerns, at Toronto, went on strike Tuesday morning and as a result incoming and outgoing freight is being held up.

The strikers are asking for a minimum wage of \$25 per week in lieu of the \$75 per month and bonus, which they now receive.

FIRE FIGHTERS MAKE UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATION

O.B.U. Idea Presents No Gain For Worker That A.F. of L. Does Not Provide

The Executive Committee of the International Association of Fire Fighters recently in session in the city of Washington, adopted the following recommendation:

"To Affiliated Locals, Greeting: The Executive Committee of the International Association of Fire Fighters makes this recommendation on the subject of 'One Big Union.'"

"'One Big Union' advocates present no new argument for a theory that has been repeatedly urged and has been previously tried in this country. The theory that every wage-earner associate in one grand unit through subordinate has appealing qualities to many men who rightfully protest against the many injustices that are connected with our industrial life.

The Executive Committee of the International Association of Fire Fighters remind the members of our association, however, that emotion should play no part in their determination of this question, and that lasting gains for themselves and for all other wage-workers can be secured, not by sudden upheavals but through the slow process of an orderly development that has marked every union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

While this full opportunity contains no element of sensationalism, we endorse it and call the attention of our members to same, because of its orderly progress that reckons with humans and permits time to control their individual affairs.

It was moved and seconded and carried by unanimous vote of the Executive Committee.

RUMORED THAT WHITE INTENDS TO RESIGN

According to press dispatches from Ottawa Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, intends to resign. Hon. Arthur Meighan is mentioned as a possible successor.

R. A. RIGG IS NEW ORGANIZER WESTERN CANADA

Will Give His Special Attention To Situation Developed By O.B.U. Idea

R. A. Rigg, of Winnipeg, has been appointed western organizer for the Dominion Labor Congress. Mr. Rigg was formerly member of the Manitoba legislative assembly and also secretary of the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council. His work will be to direct a campaign for the redemption of the organized labor movement from the influences of the One Big Union propaganda, it is stated, and to re-establish and widen the scope of international trade unionism in Western Canada.

In speaking of his appointment Mr. Rigg said: "My work will consist of general organizing. But I will give my special attention to the situation developed as a consequence of the propaganda of One Big Union ideas. The policy of the Dominion Trades Congress is to maintain and re-establish the existing international trade union relations. Every influence of the congress will be exerted to avert the disaster which threatened the Trades' Union movement as a consequence of the divisive and disruptive tendencies which are involved in the One Big Union propaganda." Mr. Rigg's field will be Winnipeg and west to the coast. He will begin his work in Winnipeg and will then travel over the west.

SMALL ATTENDANCE OF DELEGATES AT T. & L. MEETING

Moved To Adjourn Until Next Regular Meeting Night July 21st

Owing to small attendance of the delegates at the meeting of the Trades and Labor Council Monday night it was decided to adjourn without having transacted any business. President McLaughlin was in the chair stating that the constitution required at least nine delegates from at least six unions to form a quorum.

Owing to an accident on the C.N.R. Assistant Secretary McCormick was detained with others from reaching the city in time for the meeting and Secretary Farnillo was also out of the city. There were present delegates from the machinists, civil employees, cooks and waiters, typographical, letter carriers and postal workers unions.

It was stated that a number of the delegates were dissatisfied because a meeting had not been called sooner, however, it was pointed out that circumstances seemed to make it difficult to expect a good attendance if a meeting had been called sooner.

Delegate Porter moved that the meeting adjourn to the next regular meeting, which would be Monday, July 21. The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

TORONTO STOCK YARD EMPLOYEES GET 44-HOUR WEEK

A 44-hour week has been agreed upon by the Board of Conciliation dealing with the dispute between the Union Stock Yards, Toronto, and their employees. The board has still before it the men's demand for a straight 60 cents per hour for eight hours, and the payment of overtime.

The board has still before it the men's demand for a straight 60 cents per hour for eight hours, and the payment of overtime.

TORONTO DROVERS' CONCILIATION BOARD NAMED

The Minister of Labor has appointed Judge C. G. Snider, of Hamilton, chairman of the Board of Conciliation to enquire into the differences between the cattle drovers at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto, and their employers. Mr. G. D. Grant, of Johnson, McKay, Dodds & Grant, has been chosen by the employers as a member of the board, and Fred Bancroft by the men.

TORONTO GIVES O.B.U. LITERATURE COOL RECEPTION

Representatives of the One Big Union movement distributed their literature among striking street railwaymen at Lansdowne avenue barns on Wednesday. They received a cool reception.

EDMONTON BAKERS GET NEW SCHEDULE

Master Bakers and Workers Adjust Differences and Every-body Eats

Edmonton bakers have reached a fairly satisfactory arrangement of wages and working conditions with the master bakers of this city. At the same time the price of bread has gone up one cent a loaf. Bread has been contributing to the high cost of living for some time. Because the men who bake the bread must have bread the same as other people is the reason they found it necessary to ask for more wages. The master bakers of this city have not been making profiteering revenue from their enterprises. Their margin has been such that to grant increased wages which general conditions demanded another cent had to be placed upon each loaf of bread. General protest against the high cost of living is not against that profiteering which goes to labor but against the lion's share of gain reaped by the profiteer. For a little while the bread situation looked serious in Edmonton, as the workers called a halt in the operations pending an amicable adjustment of the differences. By co-operative bargaining, by meeting together and discussing the situation in plain language, the difficulty was adjusted and the Edmonton bread supply continues without anyone having a breadless meal, save perhaps lack of toast for breakfast one morning.

The Government Arbitration Board has awarded a 15 per cent. increase in the wages of the employees of the Lethbridge Street Railway. As a result the city council proposes drastic measures to meet the extra expenditure. Street car fares are to be increased to four tickets for a quarter or a ten cent cash fare, electric light rates will jump 11 to 12 cents per kilowatt hour; water rates will be increased 10 per cent, the fourth such increase in two years, and an increase in the tax rate of 42 mills is likely.

STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYEES GET WAGE INCREASE

The Government Arbitration Board has awarded a 15 per cent. increase in the wages of the employees of the Lethbridge Street Railway. As a result the city council proposes drastic measures to meet the extra expenditure. Street car fares are to be increased to four tickets for a quarter or a ten cent cash fare, electric light rates will jump 11 to 12 cents per kilowatt hour; water rates will be increased 10 per cent, the fourth such increase in two years, and an increase in the tax rate of 42 mills is likely.

BRITISH LIBERAL PAPER SPEAKS IN SOLDIERS' DEFENSE

Has No Patience With Charge of Bolshevism Against Demobilized Soldiers

Reynold's Newspaper, one of England's Liberal publications, has no patience with the charge of bolshevism against demobilized soldiers. "Of all the wild and stupid things said about the open discontent of the returned soldiers who are unable to find work," says this paper, "the suggestion that they are actuated by bolshevism is about the most futile."

The editor expresses his belief that the very best government in the world would not have been able to prevent all the trouble and distress, but the reader is asked to place himself in the position of these discharged soldiers, who are looking for work, and who, when they were risking their lives, "were assured how much the country appreciated the sacrifices they were making, and how it would see that when the blooded was over everything would be done to put them back again into the sphere of useful work from which they were taken."

GUELPH TRADES COUNCIL PASSES RESOLUTIONS

Asks That National Council of Labor Be Formed To Handle Labor Questions

Guelph Trades and Labor Council has passed the following resolution dealing with the Canadian labor problem, and copy of same has been sent to the Dominion Trades Congress and also the Trades Councils of Ontario:

"That, whereas, the present industrial unrest that is now spreading over the Dominion of Canada, resulting in strikes, both ordered and sympathetic, is revealing to us in a manner both plain and unmistakable, that there is a grave need for a vital change in our present methods of administration, if the solidarity of labor is to be maintained and made effective, and the great body of organized workers are to be kept as a well-ordered and disciplined force.

"And, whereas there are only two ways of giving expression to working class aspirations, namely, by our ballot or by industrial action and the right to strike. Realizing also that the general strike is the most potent weapon at the disposal of the toilers, and when effectively used will be productive of speedy and beneficial results to them, and realizing also that the weakness of the Canadian labor movement arises largely because of the fact that there is no machinery that can make operative the full power of the labor movement in Canada.

"Therefore, be it resolved, that the Guelph Trades and Labor Council desires the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress of Canada to take immediately, whatever steps may be necessary to bring into line the various interests involved. The A.F. of L., International unions and Canadian organizations, the object being to form a National Council of Labor that shall have mandatory power to take concerted action on behalf of Canadian labor when the course of events may justify the taking of such action, so that in all matters affecting Canadian labor the full and undivided strength of Canadian labor may be applied."

TORONTO POLICE ASSO. RECEIVE GIFT OF \$1,000

S. R. Parsons, ex-president of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, has offered to the association to be formed by the Toronto police men the \$1,000 paid to him for his services on the royal commission which investigated grievances of the Toronto police a short time ago.

POSITION OF A.F. OF L. ON RUSSIAN QUESTION STATED

Withdrawal of Troops Asked and Soviet Government Refused Endorsement

The withdrawal of troops from Russia at the earliest possible moment and a refusal to endorse the Soviet government of Russia until the people of that country have been given an opportunity to vote on this form of government, summarizes the A. F. of L. position on the present Russian situation.

John P. Frey, Secretary of the resolutions committee, said: "The fact is that the Soviet government prohibited the meeting of a constituent assembly that had been elected by all the people of Russia; and therefore, in your committee's opinion, it is not a representative body; neither does it officially claim to represent all the people of Russia. The official claim of that government is that they represent the workers, and for that reason your committee recommends that such a form of government should not receive the endorsement of this convention until the people of Russia, voting in a popular election, decide for themselves that this is the form of government they want."

REDUCING HOURS OF MINE LABOR BY ACT OF BRITISH PARLIAMENT

A bill has been introduced in the British House of Commons by the home secretary providing for the establishment of a seven hour day in place of eight hour day, and eight hour day in place of nine and a half hour. And it is proposed after 1920 the coal situation warrants the work day will be reduced to six hours.

TELEPHONE STRIKE MOST COMPLETE

Questions in Dispute Are Wages, Adjustment Board and Discrimination

With the most complete tie-up of the telephone in the history of the west, the telephone operators and the linemen and switchboard men employed by the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company are now battling with the strike weapon for a decent wage and working conditions.

The telephone operators of the local union at Portland, Ore., went on strike last week and were soon followed by employees in other cities along the coast. The strike is not a sympathetic strike to aid California, but is a simultaneous action with other unions of the coast to secure the demands which are the same in five Pacific states, where the company has lines. All negotiations with the company have been by representatives of all the locals, through delegates and through international officers, and there can be no separate settlement in any local section. The company apparently agrees to this.

No effort is being made by the company to effect a local settlement, as it is conceded that any negotiations must be conducted by the company officials in San Francisco. Other local unions of Portland are voting financial aid to the strikers. The demands of the striking telephone operators are as follows:

A minimum wage of \$2 a day.

A maximum wage of \$4 a day, to be reached the third year of employment.

Retrospective pay from January 1, the time of the expiration of old agreement.

The establishment of an adjustment board to act as intermediary between the employees and the company, the board to be composed of equal number of representatives of employees and company and one to be chosen by the other members of the board.

Discontinuance of discrimination against union members in the employ of the company.

BRICKLAYERS WILL STICK BY THEIR INTERNATIONAL

Officials of the Bricklayers Union at Winnipeg declare they will not support the One Big Union in any way. They have broken away from the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council and will stand by their international, it is announced at the labor temple in that city.

FIRST DIRECT MOVE AGAINST ONE BIG UNION

Theatrical Federation Petition For Removal of T. & L. Council's Charter

The step taken by the Vancouver Theatrical Federation in petitioning the American Federation of Labor and the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress to revoke the charter of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council, is declared to be the first direct move against the One Big Union. This petition, says a local paper is being circulated and signed freely by members of local unions retaining their international affiliations.

The theatrical federation asks that new central labor councils be formed in centres in Western Canada where the trades councils have shown activity toward the One Big Union.

It is stated also that participants in the recent sympathetic strike who applied for their old jobs at the Conglana shipyards were required to show their union cards, and that all bearing membership receipts from the One Big Union were refused employment. Those who proved their membership in unions with international affiliations were taken on.

BUSINESS MEN NOT SUPERMEN, SAYS EMPLOYER

Question of Employers Right in Running His Own Business

Trade unionists are often told that employers have the right to "run their own business." Workers do not deny this right, but George F. Cushing, managing director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, at Kansas City, Mo., intimates that business men are not supermen and that they have been given no special advice by the government on matters of business.

In discussing the war experience of business men in the Western Coal Journal, Mr. Cushing says:

"He (the business man) has been taught by the revenue law to keep his capital account straight.

"He has been taught by the fuel administration insistence upon careful accounting—and hence upon accurate depletion and depreciation charges—that he must have enough coal land behind his mines to keep floating coal until he has worn out his equipment.

"He has been taught that he cannot know what to charge until he knows what are his costs.

"He has been taught that there is a certain natural selling zone for his coal beyond which he cannot go without an expense which is out of line with the returns.

"What we coal men overlook is that similar lessons have been taught to men in other businesses. They have been confronted by the same regulations."

FERNIE MINERS ASK COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION

After nearly four weeks' strike in the coal mines at Fernie, B.C., with apparently no outward attempt toward settlement, the miners' headquarters have applied to Premier Oliver for the appointment of a commission to investigate wages and working conditions with the mines and have undertaken that upon this request being granted, the strike should be declared off within 24 hours.

FIVE DAY WEEK ESTABLISHED AT GLACE BAY, N.S.

The five-day week will be established on August 2nd, at Glace Bay, N.S., according to a decision arrived at by the United Mine Workers' executive in session in that city. Another decision of public interest was the voting of the sum of \$5,000 to assist the arrested Winnipeg labor leaders with the cost of their defence.

HULL BAKERS ARE CRITICIZED BY TRADES COUNCIL

At a meeting of the Trades and Labor Council of Hull held recently the action of three of the Hull bakers who have refused to give the bakers in their employ the wage fixed by the union was severely criticized. The men asked for \$30 a week and most of the bakers have given in, but three have refused to comply with the demands of the men, with the result that all their bakers are on strike, and they are employing non-union help. The delegates will report to their locals to decide what action will be taken.

What the American Federation of Labor Did At Convention Held at Atlantic City

Indorsed the League of Nations.

Demanded prohibition of immigration during the period of reconstruction.

Demanded recognition of the Irish Republic.

Demanded a new trial for Thomas J. Mooney, but refused to indorse the proposed general "Mooney strike."

Demanded the removal of Postmaster Burleson because of his unfitness for the office and his antagonism to organized labor.

Favored the withdrawal of American troops from Russia.

Refused to indorse or recognize the Bolshevik government in Russia.

Condemned the "one big union" idea.

Approved the reconstruction program prepared by the reconstruction committee of the American Federation of Labor.

Declared in favor of the adoption of the budget system by the government.

Refused to change Labor Day from the first Monday in September to May 1.

Declared opposition to compulsory military training.

Declared in favor of government ownership of railroads.

Demanded legislation to prevent monopoly of meats and other foodstuffs by the big packers.

Declared in favor of a minimum wage for Federal employees and for a retirement system.

Favored a separate Department of Education in the Federal government.

Demanded the right of franchise for the people of the District of Columbia and of the Canal Zone.

Favored municipal ownership of public libraries.

Indorsed the work of the United States Public Health Service in fighting venereal diseases.

Asked for higher wages for postal employees.

Pledged aid to the government in the Americanization of foreigners.

Denounced all attempts to enact legislation to abridge or restrict the constitutional rights of American citizens.

Demanded impeachment of judges who attempt to exercise powers not specifically conferred on them.

Refused to demand release of prisoners who violated the espionage law.

Demanded repeal of the espionage law.

Urged continuation of the sale of Thrift Stamps and War Saving Stamps.

Denounced profiteering.

Decided on a vigorous and well-ordered campaign to organize the workers in the iron and steel industry.

Declared against the formation of a labor political party.

Urged Congress to enact laws to enable returned soldiers to acquire public lands.

Criticized Congress for failure to support Department of Labor.

Decided to co-operate with the workers of Japan in their efforts to organize.

Declared in favor of the shorter workday.

Adopted an elaborate and progressive policy on education.

Favored the repeal of the daylight saving law.

Declared for prohibition of immigration during the period of reconstruction, including immigration of workers from Mexico.

The CANADIAN SHOE CO., Ltd.
EDMONTON'S CUT RATE SHOE STORE

Every Dollar spent in this store entitles you to a guess on: "HOW MANY GRAINS OF WHEAT IN JAR?" Prize—Gray-Dart Special, valued at \$1620, and our \$500 cash prize.
PAY LESS FOR YOUR SHOES

SPECIAL VALUES FOR FAIR WEER WATCH OUR WINDOWS
10173 101st Street Next to Journal Office

There'll Be Two Things
Worth While at the
Exhibition

SOUSA'S BAND
AND
WOODLAND
ICE CREAM

IF YOU WISH TO SELL
YOUR VICTORY BONDS
DISPOSE OF THEM THROUGH A LICENSED BOND HOUSE
PLENTY OF FUNDS—NO DELAY
W. ROSS ALGER & CO.
BOND DEALERS
601 AGENCY BUILDING EDMONTON

Alberta Government Employment Bureau



Edmonton District Office: Hodge Block
10220 101st Street
Phone 5365
EDMONTON ALBERTA

For the Provincial Constituencies of Ponoka, Wetaskiwin, Leduc, Edson, Stony Plain, Lac Ste. Anne, Pembina, St. Albert, Sturgeon, Victoria, Edmonton, South Edmonton, Vegreville, Camrose, Sedgewick, Ribstone, Wainwright, Alexandra, Vermilion, Whitford, Beaver River, St. Paul.
Bureau opened for Men and Women employment Employees and Employers are requested to register at once.
Write, Telephone, Wire, or call at Bureau
M. W. HARRIS, Local Superintendent.

THE GROCETERIA

The Trade Mark "Grocereria" is registered for your protection. Only our store at 10224 Jasper avenue is licensed to use "Grocereria" in Edmonton.
QUALITY GROCERIES FOR LESS

Our Friday SPECIAL for this Week
Choice Red Salmon 1 lb. Cans Regular 42c. Our Friday Special 35c
Only 3 cans sold to each customer.

WIN THE \$1000.00 CASH PRIZE IN
THE AUTO CONTEST AT
THE GROCETERIA
10224 JASPER AVENUE OPPOSITE PANTAGES

ENGLAND HAS LESS
BOLSHEVISM THAN
OTHER COUNTRIES

English Workers Thoroughly Organized Makes Safe and Sane Government

During the past few days I have been reading with interest the press reports of the Labor Congress in Chicago, and was much pleased when it became evident that the conservative element would dominate this gathering. Organized Labor, under the leadership of our worthy president, Bro. Samuel Gompers, has achieved such a splendid position in the opinion of the public by reason of our having stood so solidly and uncompromisingly behind the army and navy and other war industries during the past nineteen months that it would be cause for regret were anything to occur at this time to injure the present high standing which the American Federation of Labor has recently attained.

A very prominent writer and an authority, has publicly stated within the past week that England has been less affected by Bolshevism than any other country, not excepting the United States, and this writer attributes it to the fact that the labor movement has been scientifically developed in England to a greater extent than in any other country. The workers in England are organized—thoroughly organized—throughout the country, in every craft, and the writer mentioned practically admits that it is "his condition which makes it a safe and sane government today, with the spirit of unrest reduced to a minimum."

The workers of the United States are better organized today than ever before in the history of the nation. We have just come through a trying ordeal and do we understand when we hear the word democracy? It seems that the prevalent opinion is that democracy means that "I am as good as you are" with perhaps a mental reservation of possibly a little bit better, but it has a finer meaning than that—real democracy means "that you are as good as I am." This recognizes the highest possible worth in all men—and the right of all men to achieve their best; it does not assert special privileges for any. It concedes a common privilege for all; the worth of man measured as a man; that is the true principle of democracy, and they who oppose this do so because they place a low estimate and distrust their fellow men. The true acceptance of democracy means confidence in people, it places a high estimate on man and then tries to get man to live up to that estimate. True moral organization is the real growing force in the thought and life of the world. Men are fast learning that they are through organization capable of exerting a power which nothing can withstand. This is no theory or experiment, it is a fact and is now due to become a factor in men's lives on an unprecedented scale and in spite of the short-comings and dismal prophecies of failure is proving a great success and is shown to be the only means by which a wage-earner can deal with that power now in the hands of organized capital—organize yourself and then organize others.

W. S. Patterson in Machinery's Journal.

SOME RESULTS OF CO-OPERATION
At a recent meeting of the Wilmington Employers' Association, Mr. J. P. Bird, general manager of the National Manufacturers' Association of America, in urging the co-operation of employer and employee said that in the state of New Jersey every labor bill before being presented to the state legislature is passed upon by a joint conference of employers and employees, and that the bills thus presented have always passed unanimously.

SPAIN: DECREES
BENEFITS FOR
UNEMPLOYMENT

A royal decree has recently been issued in Spain under which the State is to grant an annual subsidy for unemployment-benefits, equal in amount to the subscriptions collected by workmen's mutual unemployment benefit societies and similar institutions which have a separate organization for dealing with unemployment.

Societies claiming the state contribution must not pay benefits which exceed 60 per cent of the daily wage, nor must such benefits be paid for more than 90 days in each year. Further, the societies must guarantee that such benefits shall not be utilized to build up state funds. The total amount of the State subsidy is limited to \$400,000.

BRITISH UNIONS
REJECT OFFER OF
GOV'T SHIPYARDS

Trade Unions Insist That Shipyards Remain Under National Control

Some time ago the shipping controller of Great Britain invited the co-operative societies to take over the national shipping yards at Chertsey and Beachley. This offer was refused for the reason that the principle of the co-operative movement was production for use while the construction of ships was distinctly production for profit. Two proposals were then made to the trade unions interested, one being addressed to the Federation of Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades which is mainly a consultative body representing 42 unions and the other to the trade unions of the shipbuilding and engineering industries. In each case the purchase price was left to be agreed upon, and was to be secured by a second mortgage debenture and to be paid by annual instalments. It was proposed to the unions that a company be formed to borrow the money for working expenses secured by first mortgage debentures, and that the government have joint control for the first three years in the matter of appointing the management. In the proposal to the Federation, the government agreed to place orders for work at the yards at the prevailing market terms and in sufficient numbers to keep the yards busy for at least three years. These proposals were declined by the Federation at their annual conference in May. The official report of the action of the conference in the matter was in part as follows: "The policy of this Federation is in favor of the development of national resources under public ownership, as submitted in the report of the Industrial Conference called together by the Government in connection with which the following sentence is quoted from the report: 'The sale of national ships, shipyards and factories is strongly resented by labor, especially as this has taken place at a moment when ships might have been made of the greatest use in national needs, both in relieving the necessities of the world and preventing the creation of monopolies.' These considerations were strongly supported by the delegates, and the conference decided that they could not accept the offer made, it being against the basic principles of trade unionism. The shipyards are now nationally controlled and the Trades Unions insist that they remain under such control in the national interests."

HOUSING BILL PASSED IN BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS
The House of Commons has passed the housing bill which is intended to improve housing conditions in England. Local authorities are empowered to act. It is stated that there are 2,000,000 people who live more than two in a room. Minister of Labor Horne has announced that Prime Minister Lloyd George will make a tour among the local authorities of the country to urge the greatest possible expedition in carrying out the necessary building and improvement schemes.

MODEST REQUEST OF W. U. MEETS HOT REPLY FROM O. R. T.
The company-controlled "union" of the Western Union Telegraph company sent a delegation to Atlantic City to induce President Manion of the Order of Railway Telegraphers to rescind his order that no railroad telegrapher accept commercial business during the commercial telegraphers' strike. President Manion forwarded this hot reply to the "union" officials: "I would suggest that you and the other employees of Western Union, who, by lack of knowledge of the principles of Labor union ethics, stand squarely in the path of men and women who seek to better their working conditions and better wages, immediately affiliate with organizations of your trade, namely, the Commercial Telegraphers' union, and thereby take your place with the red-blooded American men and women, rather than lend your services as pawns for the machinations of the labor-baiting officers of the Western Union Telegraph Company."

Due to low wages New York city is short of school teachers and between 30,000 and 50,000 boys and girls are being deprived of educational advantages, according to statements before the Public Educational Association recently held.

MOVEMENT FOR
FORTY-EIGHT HOUR
WEEK IN EUROPE

France, Italy and Spain Are All Gradually Falling In Line

The movement for a forty-eight hour week in various European countries, is very marked. On April 17 a law was unanimously passed in France by the Chamber of Deputies fixing a week of 48 working hours for employees of either sex and of all ages in industrial and commercial establishments. This, it is understood, applies also to Algeria and the French colonies. The day before the passing of this law an agreement was made between the Union of Metallurgical and Mining Industries and the Federation of the Metallurgical Workmen of France, the first clause of which states that the representatives of the employers declare that they accept the application of the eight-hour effective working day in the metallurgical industries and in those of mechanical, naval and electrical construction. The agreement became effective on June 1.

The Italian textile manufacturers, last March, agreed to concede a 48-hour week in response to the demands of their operatives, to come into effect on May 1. A committee of representatives of the employers and workers in equal numbers was appointed to ensure the enforcement of the 48-hour week throughout Italy, to make this reform international as soon as possible, and to persuade the workmen to moderate their other demands in view of the concession in the matter of hours. Agreements have also been made whereby in engineering establishments, shipyards and allied trades, hours are to be reduced from 60 or 55 to 48 per week without reduction of wages and with minimum rates of pay. In foundries where continuous work is carried on the hours are to be reduced from 72 to 48 per week by adopting the system of three shifts, and there are to be extra percentage bonuses on output in order to encourage workmen to contribute to the reduction of the number of hands employed on each shift. These agreements will affect about 500,000 work-people.

In Spain a royal decree was issued on March 14 establishing a maximum working day of eight hours in the building trades, and another decree increased wages in these trades. In the mining industry a commission composed of three industrial engineers, three mine owners and three workmen was appointed to consider whether such concessions were immediately possible under conditions at present ruling in the metallurgical industries.

SCANDINAVIAN
COUNTRIES URGING
LABOR BETTERMENT

Abolition of military service and socialization of industry are among the demands of labor in Norway and Sweden, according to an article in a recent number of the Monthly Labor Review, United States Department of Labor. The facts were secured from European publications.
In Norway a manifesto issued by the National Federation of Trades-Union and the Executive Committee of the Norwegian Labor Party urges realization of the following ends: Socialization of industry, banking, and wholesaling; an effective solution of the land and housing questions from the point of view of community interests; lessening the burden of taxes on the working people, with a stiffer progressive direct tax; universal pensions; a just system of voting, with equal franchise rights for all men and women over 21; introduction of the eight-hour day; complete abolition of military service and the transfer of military establishments to the purposes of useful production.

The Allied Printing Trades of Louisville, Kentucky, have declared a strike in three large establishments of that city. A new scale of \$30 for pressmen, printers and bookbinders, \$25 for feeders, and \$15 for women workers being the controversy, in addition to a closed shop agreement. This is the first joint action taken in that vicinity and it is predicted that with the shortage of labor success will be the result.

Get Ready for the
Rainy Weather

You can get a Coat that will keep you dry and also make a fine light-weight Coat for cool evenings or early Fall weather.

We have just received a new shipment of these Coats and have a large assortment to choose from.
Priced at \$20.00 to \$30.00

The BOSTON CLOTHING
HAT AND SHOE STORE
Hart Bros. Jasper Avenue at 99th Street

Your Dollars Have Greater Purchasing Power at
The Northern Hardware Coy's
JASPER AND 99TH PHONES 1013, 4451 2 City Stores JASPER AND 103RD PHONES 4434, 4435

McClary's Ranges add joy, comfort and happiness in the home. Guaranteed perfect bakers. Let us show you their superior quality, all models priced, \$47.00 from \$25.00.
House Painting and Varnishing is the order of the day. Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes always give satisfaction; 100% pure white lead and linseed oil. A varnish or paint for every job. Paint, quart, from \$1.50. Varnish, 1/2 Pint, from .40c.
Largest variety of Garden Tools, Screen Doors and Windows, and all seasonable Hardware in stock; and sold at right prices.

PARTICULAR PEOPLE

will let us do for them what we are doing for so many others.
"The Edmonton Laundry Way"
Phone 1277 and we will call.

Edmonton Laundry Limited
10123 106th Street

**PEMBINA
PEERLESS COAL**
HARDEST AND HOTTEST
ORDER PHONE 2221
NORTH AMERICAN COLLIERIES LIMITED
R. S. MCKENZIE, DISTRIBUTOR

SPECIAL

Sanitary Wood Lunch Sets. Just what you want for that picnic; suitable for six people; 500 sets only, at, per set, 30c
The Sommerville Hardware Co.
PHONE 6707

Do You Need a Spare Bed for Exhibition Week

BABY COTS, for Little Tots Safety Cots, white enamel Iron Cots, Wooden Cots, from \$9.50 up.
BRASS BEDS from \$25.00 up
WOOD BEDS In oak, fumed or golden, \$31.50
Library Tables In fumed oak, at prices that will suit you.
Parlor Tables for all purposes. This table, \$6.00

PHONE 9355 BLOWEY-HENRY CO. 9905 JASPER

MAHAR COAL CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
dealers in

High Grade Kitchen Lump

just the right size for summer use.

\$5.50 per Ton

PHONE 4446

MAHAR COAL CO.

Edmonton's Leading Coal Merchants

Office: Rossum Building, Jasper Avenue and 102nd Street

PURE NATURAL ICE

CONTRACT PRICES

May 1st to September 30th
15 lbs. daily \$16.00
25 lbs. daily \$20.00
50 lbs. daily \$30.00

TICKET PRICES

7 15-lb. Tickets for \$1.00
11 25-lb. Tickets for \$2.00
8 50-lb. Tickets for \$2.00
Double Weight Saturday

Five per cent. discount on season orders if paid before June 15th.

With a view to obtaining regular and satisfactory service, customers are respectfully advised to obtain a season's contract. Delivery by contract is the only way by which really satisfactory service can be given. It ensures regularity of delivery to the customer, regular hours for the drivers and enables the company to give more satisfaction all round.

The Artic Ice Co., Ltd.

PURE NATURAL ICE

A. Galland, Mgr. Phone 1220 10001 97th Ave.

UNION DIRECTORY

EDMONTON TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

Chartered by Dominion Trades Congress and American Federation of Labor. Meets first and third Mondays in each month in the Labor Hall, Purvis block, 101st street.
President—R. McCreath, 9619 103rd avenue, Phone 4959.
Secretary—A. Farnilo. Phones: Office, 4018; residence, 72277.
Vice-President—Geo. Perkins, 124th street.
Sergeant-at-arms—J. Robertson, care A. Farnilo.
Trustees—H. Clark, J. W. Findlay, A. A. Campbell.
Legislative Committee—E. E. Roper, W. Heron, T. Russell, W. Porter, J. Harkness.
Organization Committee—A. Cairns, J. J. McCormack, J. Gardiner, W. Floyd.
Creditors—J. A. Kinney, T. Davidson, J. Rankin.
Press Committee—J. Yale, R. McCreath, G. Deaton.

LOCAL UNIONS

Amalgamated Society of Carpenters—Secretary, R. Roe, Box 151; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, in Labor Hall.
Bro. Carpenters Local 1325—Secretary, P. Packford, 11418 79th street; meets 1st and 3rd Fridays, in Labor Hall.
Journeymen Barbers Local 227—Secretary, J. W. Heron, Box 433; meets 4th Tuesday, in Labor Hall.
Bricklayers and Masons No. 1—Secretary, W. Aspinall, Box 353; meets 1st Tuesday, in Labor Hall.
Boilermakers Local 279—Secretary, James McLean, 10338 114th street; meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, in Labor Hall.
Bookbinders Local 188—Secretary, J. H. Regan, 10914 80th avenue; meets in Labor Hall.
Cook and Waiters Local 474—Secretary, W. C. Connors; meets in Labor Hall.
Electrical Workers—Secretary, J. L. McMillan, Labor Hall; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, in Goodridge Bldg.
Firemen's Federal Labor Union No. 29—Secretary, Wm. Young, No. 1 Fire Hall.
Garment Workers Local 120—Secretary, Miss L. M. Kitchener, room 215, Armstrong Bldg.; meets 2nd Wednesday, in Labor Hall.
General Pipettors Railway 685—Secretary, E. E. Owen, 6646 106A Ave. Meets 2nd Friday in Labor Hall.
Printing Pressmen—Secretary, A. K. Suthen, 10607 University avenue; meets 1st Friday, in Labor Hall.

TEACHERS ARE ORGNIZING AT VERY RAPID RATE

New Charter Every Other Day Is Rate of Organization of School Teachers

A new charter every other day under the American Federation of Teachers is the rate at which the organization wave among public school teachers of the United States has been spreading during the past month, according to reports received at the Washington office of the National Women's Trade-Union League. The American Federation of Teachers is affiliated both with the American Federation of Labor and the National Women's Trade-Union League, and has to date chartered a total of 70 local unions from coast to coast. This, it is stated, represents a 100 per cent organization in many localities.

The aims of this vigorous young national trade-union organization of educators are democratization of the schools and fair working conditions for teachers. Variegous school boards, it is pointed out, have lately exhibited their autocratic, illiberal attitude on public questions to the extent of actual persecution of teachers and the attempted suppression of free discussion in the schools. Accompanying this form of oppression, as a public scandal of years' standing, is the salary scale of teachers, which for the entire United States averages \$900 per year, and there are thousands of teachers receiving only \$300 and \$400 per year.
"We insist," says the national president of the American Federation of Teachers, Charles B. Stillman, of Chicago, "that boards of education have no proprietary right in the schools. They should be proud to consider themselves, with the teachers, fellow-servants of the public. Therefore, we demand a voice in the government of the schools. (1) Through representation on the school boards; (2) Through teachers' councils in every school, consisting of chosen representatives of the teachers who shall be consulted by the authorities on all questions affecting teachers or pupils; and (3) The election of school boards by popular vote. And we demand, in behalf of the children of this land, free discussion of public questions in the class-room. It is impossible to make good citizens without discussing the problems of citizenship."

SEAMEN'S UNION REFUSE TO WORK WITH GERMANS

That the attitude of the British Mercantile Marine to the question of future relations with Germany has in no way weakened during the armistice, was made evident at Cardiff last week, when a mass meeting of the Seamen's Union reaffirmed their previous resolution not to sail with German sailors and to rigorously boycott everything German until the Government of that country has expressed repentance for the horrible crimes against non-combatants and seafaring men pursuing lawful actions at sea.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS FROM LATEST REPORT

Of the 15,550 persons found guilty of indictable offences in 1917, forty-four in every hundred convicted were sentenced for the first time, nine for the second time, and seven were habitual criminals, as stated in the last report on Canadian criminal statistics, issued by the Dominion Statistician.

The occupation of the offenders, according to classes is thus represented per 100: agricultural, 10; commercial, 17; domestic, 16; industrial, 11; professional, 5; and laborers, 41. Seventy-one per cent of the offenders were unmarried, 28 per cent married, and 1 per cent widowed; 91 per cent had an elementary education, 3 per cent a superior education, and 6 per cent were unable to read or write. Eighty-eight per cent were reported from urban and 12 per cent from rural districts.

BOARD OF BISHOPS METHODIST CHURCH ADOPT PROGRAMME

The Methodist federation for social service at New York City has issued a synopsis of the social reconstruction program agreed to at a recent meeting of the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church.

The program includes these declarations:
"We favor an equitable wage for laborers, which shall have the right of way over rent, interest and profits.
"We favor collective bargaining as an instrument for the attainment of industrial justice and for training in democratic procedure."

BOSTON NEWSPAPER WRITERS' UNION VOTE FOR STRIKE

The Newspaper Writers' Union of Boston voted unanimously Thursday to go on strike unless its demands for wage increases and recognition of the union are granted.
The demands are for a minimum wage of \$38 per week for reporters and \$45 for copy readers. The union claims that the demand for recognition of the union has been refused.

SYDNEY HEARS EX-PRESIDENT OF LABOR CONGRESS

"Any fool can start a strike," J. C. Walters, ex-president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, told an audience of Sydney workmen this week. He advised labor not to strike unless there was a reasonable chance of success.

"If you are going to strike," he said, "then strike, but consider this—that when you go out you paralyze the very life of the nation. You cripple industry—and what results?"

"In a few days comes food shortage, and always it is the worker who goes hungry."
"Before you act, remember this—that the government has to protect the people, the owners of food, and the military must carry out the nation's laws. That means perhaps civil war. What we want is joint control of industry."

PREMIER KOLCHAK'S TASK AND OBJECT

First Task To Re-establish Law and Order Destroyed By Bolshevism

In a public address at Ekaterinburg, recently, Premier Kolchak defined the task and object of his government.
"The first task of the government," he said, "is to re-establish the rule of law and order, the rule destroyed by bolshevism of the left and of the right. The government will fight, without any possibility of compromise, the bolsheviki of the left and of the right, with the purpose of establishing a great, free, democratic Russia."

"The government considers the people of Russia the supreme authority in all problems pertaining to Russia's life. After the menace of bolshevism is destroyed, the people of Russia, through a freely chosen constituent assembly, will express their supreme will and will define the structure of the state."
Such is the man, and such the government, that now asks the recognition and aid of the American people, of their government, and of all who love democracy.

LONG DEPARTURE FROM ACCUSTOMED SYSTEM IN VOGUE

The plan now in operation at the works of Lever Brothers, Port Sunlight, England, is rather of an advanced nature on the old system. The general feature is that day workers have two shifts of six hours each. Day and night shift workers have a day of four six-hour shifts with no diminution in the rates of pay.

Light meals are served to the employees at the firm's expense. The directors also propose a new system of payment of wages. Instead of the employees crowding around the pay office each week-end it is proposed that each employee should have a private banking account at a bank of his or her own choice, and the firm instead of handing out the money to the employees individually, will credit each bank with the amount due to each employee every week. This will enable the employees to draw upon their own banking accounts when required for their own expense. It is hoped to arrange with the bank for a rate of interest which supplemented by addition from the firm would yield 5 per cent.

Such a system, Lord Leverhulme contends will not only raise the workers' position and dignity, it would assist them in becoming savers.

LAUNDRY WORKERS NOT ALLOWED TO BELONG TO UNION

On the theory that two and two are five, and can't be changed, laundry employers in Nashville, Tenn., announce that a trade union in the laundry industry won't work and all unionists must get out.

A short time ago these employees organized and the bosses posted this notice in their plants:
"It has been proven all over the country that unions are not applicable to the laundry business and to save confusion both to the employer and employee we will not employ any one belonging to the union, and hereby notify all who are now members of the union to either withdraw or turn in their resignations."

For those requiring a chicken for market purposes, the Cornish breed is probably the most profitable, on account of their size and build. They have big thighs and wide, compact breast, and average in weight from six to twelve pounds.

WHAT OUR UNIONS CAN LEARN FROM BRITISH WORKERS

Labour Unions Need Elected Representative of Workers to Deal With Management

Whatever else the strikes in Great Britain may have done, they have certainly made prominent new developments in the organization of labor in that country and have provided a free object lesson to union labor throughout the world.

In order to get the full benefit of this lesson it is necessary to face a few disagreeable facts in the British situation. The first is that the solidarity of labor was threatened and that the strikes were partly a protest against the war and reconstruction activities of the trades unions.

Since the shop stewards came into power in the 1917 strike at Coventry their hostility to the old union leaders has been bitter, in many places. This was due, perhaps, to personal rivalry in some cases, or to different ideals. But in many instances it rose from this second important fact: When the trades unions won their fight for recognition and were accepted by the Government, they seemed to draw away from their members and become a part of the opposing scheme of capital.

What actually happened was that the trades unions had given their pledge against strikes in war time and whenever the workers determined to strike, the unions naturally were in opposition. As a result the shop steward, who might have been only a union representative in any particular factory, became a distinct power, whose activities nearly always took him into the field against the unions.

The shop steward developed from the "father of the chapel" in the printing trade and is known in the printing trades in this country as well as in the carpentry industry. While the union fights for principles and makes general agreements, the shop steward, or a committee of shop stewards, attends to the application of the agreed rules in each shop. In some of the most successful attempts at workshop committees, such as the Hans Renold experiment in the north of England, the shop stewards are considered as a purely trade union body.

This is of the highest importance because it shows that in England the dangers and the advantages of the shop stewards have been experienced at the same time. It is clear that if the American and Canadian labor unions do not take the first step, they may find themselves facing a bitterly hostile group of radical agitators with all the prestige of the shop steward behind them. The great chance is for the unions to initiate the system, and become the protector of the stewards, co-operating with them and finding a proper place for them in the labor union structure. No one can say exactly what that place shall be; but the unions can say: We recognize the need of an organized, elected representative of the workers to deal with the management, in order to supplement the general work of the unions.

DISRUPTION OF LABOR MOVEMENT IS EXAGGERATED

In her address to the A. F. of L. convention at Atlantic City, Miss Margaret Bonfield, fraternal delegate from the British Trades Union Congress, discounted the stories that the British trade union movement is disrupted.
"I hope in this country when you are told tales about the disruption of the labor movement," she said, "you will understand that these disruptive forces are on the figures. Of course we have got them. We have an extreme right that cannot say foul things enough about the forces that are getting things done. We have an extreme left that calls us labor fakirs and all that sort of thing—language I think they have developed on this side of the Atlantic. They use a lot of new words as labor leaders never heard of before."

TIMES ARE CHANGED: WOMEN NOW DOING ONLY 22% OF WORK

Eight million, or 22 per cent, of all persons engaged in gainful occupations in the United States are women according to the women's division of the federal employment service.
Of this 8,000,000 more than 1,000,000 were women and girls employed for non-monetary returns on home farms. Roughly calculated, 19 per cent of all paid employees in 1910 were women and girls who need employment information at some period in their lives.

Your Satisfaction

IT CAN'T be complete unless you know your clothes are right. You'll know it when you buy them here. They're stylish, all-wool, guaranteed; made that way for us by Hart Schaffner & Marx.



Crystal Ltd.

The home Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Save 25% on That Trunk, Club Bag or Suit Case

Notwithstanding manufacturers' recent big advance on Baggage and Leather Goods, we will give our customers the advantage of old prices while the present stock lasts.

Riley & McCormick Ltd.

THE LEATHER STORE

10145 Jasper Avenue

Phone 4846

A special shipment of Edmonton Souvenirs in Burnt Leather for Exhibition visitors.

Kitchen Things That Count

For easier work and better living. Isn't that an ambition worth while? So easy to realize too. Just come here to our kitchen utensil department and you'll find pots, pans, kettles, and what not, made just right and at the right price.



REED'S BAZAAR

10321 Jasper Avenue
Phones 4426-4655

Real Estate, Fire, Life and Automobile Insurance

GEO. A. CARNES

Phone 6988

214 McLeod Building

McCLARY HARDWARE LTD.

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

SPECIALS

4-tine Strapped Handle Spading Fork \$1.75
Rakes, each, from .40c to \$1.40
Hoes, each, from .60c to \$1.00
Garden Barrows \$3.75
Seeds, Paints, Oils and Varnishes

10258 101ST STREET

PHONE 2112

Opposite Royal George Hotel

SUBSCRIPTION ORDER

(Please write plainly)

Date..... 19.....

EDMONTON FREE PRESS,
101 Purvis Bldg., Edmonton.

Sirs: Enclosed please find one dollar (\$1) for one year's subscription to EDMONTON FREE PRESS.

Name

Street Address

City or Town

Make all Cheques, Money Orders or Postal Notes payable at par to EDMONTON FREE PRESS.

HOUSE SPECIALS

82nd Street—Eight rooms, hardwood floors, tub, hot water heat, Here is a splendid home. Call and let us show it to you.
84th Street—Six rooms, fully modern, hardwood floors, fireplace. Price \$2,200.
107th Avenue—Six rooms, fully modern, hot air furnace. Price, \$4,000.
106th Avenue—Eight rooms, fully modern house. Good buy at \$2,700.
85th Avenue—Six rooms at one floor, fully modern, two full lots good stable. Price \$1,750.
86th Avenue—7 roomed fully modern house, two full lots. Price \$2,700.
Gardens—seven room fully modern house, fireplace, maple floors. Price, \$5,000.
129th Street—Four rooms and bath, fully modern, maple floors. Price, \$3,200.
114th Street—Ten rooms fully modern, new maple floors, steam heat, three fireplaces, stable and garage. Price, \$5,700.
129th Street—Six roomed fully modern house in A1 condition. Price \$4,200.

WHYTE & CO., LTD.

Edmonton's House Specialists

111 Brown Building

Phones 9247-5356

Stage, Music & Cinema

PANTAGES

All Next Week at 3 and 8:45 p.m.

Willard Jarvis Present's His
Footlight Revue

AL WOHLMAN

ANITA ARLISS
Former Star of "The Chocolate Soldier"

CANFIELD AND ROSE

THE MORACK SISTERS

PORTER J. WHITE
In
"THE HIDE-AWAY"

"DEMOCRACY" IS SET TO MUSIC BY FAMOUS COMPOSER

Author of "Perfect Day" Adjudged First Place in Composition Of New Anthem

A dozen leading American composers view with each other to supply music for "Democracy," a poem which has been hailed as a new national anthem of world-wide significance, reflecting faithfully the spirit of the times. It has received the warm praise of a multitude of eminent men, among them President Poincaré, of France; Premier Lloyd George, of England; former President Wilson's cabinet; Speaker Champ Clark, Cardinal Gibbons, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Edwin Markham, Francis E. Clark, founder of the Christian Endeavor Society; Rabbi Krauskopf, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, W. Bourke Cockran, Amelia Rives Troubetzkoy, Geraldine Farrar, Booth Tarkington, Richmond P. Hobson, Robert B. Mantell, Clark Howell, Lillian Whiting, and hundreds of others.

Among the composers who set "Democracy" to music were some distinguished musicians, who had written operas and many songs. An impartial committee of which Sigurd Spaeth, a well-known New York musical editor and director of community singing, was chairman, judged the compositions without knowing the names of the composers, and announced that all the versions were of unusual merit but the one which later proved to be by Carrie Jacobs-Bond, author of "Perfect Day," and other celebrated songs, was entitled to first place. Mrs. Bond's setting has now been placed on sale throughout the United States and in Europe, and already a separate edition for quartette singing has been called for and also supplied.

It is pleasing to know that a prominent Boston publisher, who saw "Democracy" in one of the thousands of daily, weekly and monthly journals in which it was copied, wrote the author of the words about it and the result is that a volume of poems by William Mill Butler, including "Democracy" will be published early in the fall. Mr. Butler has written many poems, but few of them have ever appeared in print, as they were not written with a view to immediate publication. Poetry has been his passion from childhood up and he has written for the pleasure of writing and because he felt that he had a message to convey. The critics of the Boston publishing house found the sixty or more poems, which have now been gathered in a first edition, so "original and full of lofty sentiment, as well as pathos and humor," that an immediate offer of publication was made and accepted.



John Philip Sousa Band, a Chief Attraction at the Exhibition.

TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE IS OFF, WITHOUT RESULTS

International President Kosenkamp of the Commercial Telegraphers has declared off the strike of the keymen after being out for three weeks. The worker gained no demands and some of them have already been refused reinstatement.

"Abandoning the fight was decided on," says Kosenkamp, "because the telegraphers were obliged to fight both their employers and Postmaster General Burleson, who was clothed with the power of the government. The strike had reached the point where it was being carried on largely by the railway telegraphers, who were refusing to handle commercial messages. This was placing a burden on them with but slight chance of winning so long as Burleson remained in charge of the wires. The telegraphers feel more bitter toward Burleson than toward their employers."

"An example of the autocratic attitude of Burleson is the arrest of 60 striking telegraphers in Oklahoma on a charge of conspiring to obstruct federal business. This was taken as only the beginning of wholesale prosecutions."

After a four-weeks' strike, cigar makers employed by the Beamer Cigar Company at Windsor, Ont., have secured a non-shop agreement which raises wages \$1 and \$2 a thousand.

"FOOTLIGHT REVUE" AT PANTAGES NEXT WEEK

A glimpse into the realm of make-believe is provided in the headliner of next week's Pantages vaudeville bill when Willard Jarvis brings his "Footlight Revue" to amuse local vaudeville patrons. Who has not laughed over the predicaments of the Thespians on the one-nighters, the "day-by-night" troupes; their petty jealousies, their trials and tribulations, sometimes real and at other times worse than imaginary? Most of them are exuberantly funny to audiences. Jarvis has taken some of the high lights from theatrical life in general, set them to music and transplanted them to the two-day. The result is said to be entertaining and amusing to a high degree.

The added attraction on this program will be Porter J. White, one of the most distinguished character actors in the varieties. Mr. White brings to the local Pantages "The Hide-A-Way," a sketch set in Canada and having to do with the experiences of a man who would escape the clutches of John Barleycorn. Anita Arliss, former star of "The Chocolate Soldier," and a vocalist of distinction will contribute to the program a series of popular and classical gems; Al Wohlman, always a popular entertainer, sings songs and delivers patter of a most amusing character. Canfield and Rose are chatter-foes, and the Four Morack Sisters offer an aerial act considerably out of the ordinary.

RURAL CARRIERS ADRESSED BY PRESIDENT MOORE

President Tom Moore, of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, on Tuesday addressed a meeting of the rural mail carriers at Ottawa upon the subject of rural mail delivery by contract. After listening to President Moore's address the carriers decided to leave it to their executive to ask the government to abolish the system of letting rural mail delivery routes by contract, and ask for a straight payment of \$60 per year per mile. They will also ask that they be paid \$50 a mile a year for 1917 and 1918; the amount paid to them by contract being subtracted.

They will endeavor to secure an interview with the post master general in the course of a few days, to present the case of the carriers.

TALK OF UNIONISM BRINGS EDUCATION BOARD TO TERMS

Public school teachers at Denver, Col., have been attempting to secure a living wage, but made no progress with the board of education until talk of forming a trade union became general. Wages are now advanced.

When you find a willing helper, don't take advantage.

VIVIAN MARTIN AT ALLEN NEXT MONDAY

Vivian Martin, who has a following among photoplay fans that is large and constantly growing, will be seen in her newest Paramount picture, "The Home Town Girl," at the Allen next Monday and Tuesday. Miss Martin holds a place in the public esteem all her own, and this newest picture will doubtless increase her host of admirers.

As the title indicates, the story is laid in a typical eastern village, and Miss Martin plays the part of the belle of the town who is much admired by all the young fellows, but he chooses for a "steady" the clerk in the ice-cream soda fountain. Finally the latter wins out, but in order to win he does something that is not considered quite correct in ordinary society—he steals money in order to give his girl a good time. Loyally she sticks to him through his trouble, and all ends happily. A new release of the Big V comedies, which have been held up for some time because of the express strike, will be on the same program.

For the next three days, Dorothy Gish in "I'll Get Him Yet," is the attraction.



DOROTHY GISH in "I'll Get Him Yet" A Famous Picture

At the Allen Wednesday and Thursday

ABSOLUTE CONTROL OF FOOD IN HANDS OF THE "BIG FIVE"

Support the federal trade commission in its effort to secure remedial legislation in the meat packing industry, is the gist of a resolution passed by the A. F. of L. convention.

The attention of congress is called to the extension of the control of the meat packers over the preparation and sale of unrelated food products, which, it is declared, has proceeded so rapidly in recent years that the absolute control of the food of the nation is passing into the hands of five packers (Armour, Swift, Morris, Cudahy, and Wilson).

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the City of Edmonton hereby refers to the Burgesses for their approval the following questions:

1. Shall the Council pass a by-law for creating a debt in the sum of \$200,000.00 for the purpose of purchasing further extensions and additions to the Municipal Telephone System, including the erection of a new exchange building and the installation of five hundred lines of modern apparatus, 20 year debentures, sinking fund plan, interest half-yearly at the rate of 6 per centum per annum.
2. Shall the Council pass a by-law for creating a debt in the sum of \$91,630.90 for the purpose of purchasing from E. D. Grierson all that part of the North-west Quarter of Section 15, Township 53, Range 24, West of the Fourth Meridian, containing about 119 acres, for the purpose of using the same as a public cemetery; 40 year debentures, sinking fund plan, interest half-yearly at the rate of 5 per centum per annum.

Voting on Monday, July 28th, 1919, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

AND I GIVE FURTHER NOTICE:

That a plebiscite of the electors will be taken on the 28th day of July, 1919, during the same hours and at the same places as the voting on money by-laws, upon the following question in the following form:

Are you in favor of retail stores and shops being closed on Saturday afternoon or Wednesday afternoon? Place a cross opposite the afternoon you prefer.

CHAS. ED. K. COX, City Clerk.

This paper is printed by Dredge & Crossland Limited 10123 100A Street Phone 5136

ADVERTISE IN THE EDMONTON FREE PRESS

ALLEN

Monday and Tuesday

NEXT WEEK
Vivian Martin

—"The Home Town Girl"

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Dorothy Gish

—"I'll Get Him Yet"

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Ethel Clayton

—"Vicky Van"

MONARCH

NEXT WEEK

MONDAY and TUESDAY

WM. S. HART

—"Blue Blazes Rawlin"

and Mac Sennett Comedy

Wednesday and Thursday

DOUG. FAIRBANKS

—"He Comes Up Smiling"

and **FATTY ARBUCKLE**

—"The Sheriff"

Friday and Saturday

BILL RUSSELL, in

"Where the West Begins"

and

"Terror of the Range" Serial

YE OLDE FIRM

HEINTZMAN & CO. Limited

Handle a full line of Players and Pianos

Sonors and Victor Talking Machines and Records

Heintzman & Co. Limited

10123 Jasper Ave. Phone 1621

New Scale Williams Pianos

Victor Victrolas, Records and Music Rolls

Used Pianos at Special Prices

JONES AND CROSS

10014 101st Street (Opp. McDougall Church) Phone 4746



CAÑADA'S BEST MADE IN CANADA BY CANADIANS FOR CANADIANS

THESE PIANOS ARE ENDORSED BY LEADING ARTISTS EVERYWHERE

The "WILLIS" is Every Man's Piano

Dominion Distributors of KIVARE & CHICKERING

World Renowned Pianos Best Prices. Good Terms

HILL & SCOTT

10028 108th St. Phone 6445

Every time you hear a
Victor Record
of
SOUSA'S BAND
you will think of that wonderful organization as you heard it at the Exhibition.

Ask for special lists of these records, at
Alberta Piano Co. Ltd.
Corner 104th and Jasper
Successors to
MASTERS PIANO CO.
PHONE 1517

ALLAN KILLAM McKAY ALBERTA LIMITED
Insurance, Farms, City Property
Victory Bonds

We carry a full line of
LECKIE SHOES
in Fine Dress and Working.
Acme Clothiers Ltd.
"Everything in Men's Wear"
10146 101st Street

Furniture, Carpets and Ranges.
All new goods, sold on weekly or monthly payments.
J. CHISHOLM
Apply Box 51, Journal

BOOKS OF ALL KINDS
—at—
SMITH'S BOOKSTORE
10218 101st St. 10230 Jasper Ave.
Phones 4520-4757

"HOME OF ELECTRICAL MERCHANDISE"
BURNHAM-FRITH ELECTRIC CO. LTD.
JASPER AVE. & 104 ST.
PHONE 6135

NON-CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND BY TORONTO FIRM

The management of the Massey-Harris Company, of Toronto, recently announced their intention to introduce a non-contributory system of pensions, and to provide an opportunity for all employees to acquire shares in the company on easy terms. These advantages will be open also to employees of all subsidiary companies in various parts of Canada. It is also proposed to establish a Works Council for the purpose of dealing with matters affecting both employer and employees. One-half of the members of the council will be elected by secret ballot by the employees, but foremen will not be eligible, and the other members will be appointed by the company.

TWO NEW UNIONS ORGANIZED AT WOODSTOCK, ONT.

The woodworkers, finishers, painters and carpenters of Woodstock have organized during the past week, and as a result the following two local unions have been formed: Carpenters and Woodworkers Local 2144, and the Painters and Finishers Local No. 1132. Both unions have received their charters, and the following are the officers: Carpenters and Woodworkers—President, W. Stalker; vice-president, W. Anderson; financial secretary, Chester W. Losee; secretary, A. Robbina; treasurer, James McWilliams; warden, James Stevenson; conductor, John Black; trustees, W. Lanaway, R. Murdock, and George Poole. The initial membership of this branch is 57. Painters and Finishers: President, W. E. Budd; vice-president, J. Parker; secretary, Roy Cunningham; treasurer, Roy McLeod. The union has already 35 members.

The comparative calm which will follow the wave of sympathetic strikes should be used by Trades' Unionists to get a firmer control of the labor movement. If employers are wise they will aid in suppressing the revolutionary elements by establishing closer relationships with the responsible labor organizations, admitting them to a larger share in their councils and in the rewards of industry. They will regard the proffer in their own ranks as an enemy as menacing as the Bolshevik.—Toronto Globe.



Anita Arliss, former star of "The Chocolate Soldier" who is a feature of next week's Pantages vaudeville bill in a world revue of songs, old and new.

Fair Week SPECIAL

WATCHES! WATCHES!
15 and 17 Jewelled Gents' Gold Filled Pocket Watches and Ladies' Bracelet Watches, guaranteed. Regular \$20.00 and \$25.00, while they last. \$15.00

Have Your Eyes Tested by an Expert Optician

H. B. KLINE & SONS Ltd.

"The Premier Jewellers"
2-STORIES-2
Next to Allen Theatre, Jasper, near First Street, and Corner Jasper and 99th street, opposite Blowsy-Henry Co.

THE STORE OF QUALITY

For All Quality TABLE SUPPLIES, PASTRY AND CAKES

Store closes on Wednesdays at 1 p.m.

J. A. HALLIER

9044 Jasper Avenue

CLOCKS

for Parlor, Hall, Bedroom, Kitchen or Office.

From the low priced Alarm Clock to the Grandfather Clock. You can make suitable selection for Gifts or for your own use \$2.00 to \$350.00

Jackson Bros.

Leading Jewellers
Marriage Licenses Issued
9962 Jasper Avenue
EDMONTON

Art Hemstitching in Gold, Silver and Bronze Tinsel. Button Making and Button-holing. Embroidery, Braiding, Pin Tucking, Knife Pleating, Frilling, Flouncing, at

KAY'S

10027 Jasper Avenue

Saturday Meat Specials

- Fancy Pot Roasts of Beef, per lb. 20c to 25c
- Fancy Oven Roasts of Beef, per lb. 25c
- Fancy Rolled Roasts of Beef, per lb. 35c
- Fancy Boiling Beef, per lb. 18c to 20c
- Tomato Hamburger Steak, per lb. 20c
- Fresh Spare Ribs of Pork, per lb. 22c
- Choice Corned Beef, lb. 22c
- Pork Kidneys, per lb. 20c
- Shoulder of Lamb, half or whole, per lb. 25c
- Cooked Meats**
- Cooked Ham, Roast Pork
- Jellied Veal, Head Cheese, Ham, Bologna, Jellied Tongue

P. Burns & Co. Ltd.

MARKETS:
Jasper Market, 10065 Jasper Avenue Phone 1317
Palace Market, 10229 Jasper Avenue Phone 4026
South Edmonton, Whyte Avenue Phone 31125
Alberta Avenue Market. Phone 71120

Woman's Page

LOCAL ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

Miss Cora Hind of Winnipeg is in the city, a visitor at the fair.

Dr. Heber Jamieson has been very ill, but is improving, it is reported.

J. Taylor Wood is in the city spending his holidays. He is a student at Trinity College, Port Hope.

Mrs. Chas. Stewart, accompanied by one of her daughters, will leave shortly to spend a few days at Banff, and later will go on to the coast. The premier and the rest of the family will spend the summer months at Killam.

Professor and Mrs. W. H. Alexander and their son Lawrence are back in the city from a motor trip along the Grand Trunk Pacific line as far east as Wainwright, in the interests of the National War Savings Campaign.

The W.M.S. of Highland Park Presbyterian church will hold an ice cream social on the church lawn on Friday evening, July 18th. They are also having a picnic at Alberta Beach, Saturday, July 26th, to which all members of the congregation and their friends are invited.

His Honor Lieut. Gov. Brett entertained a luncheon at Government House Tuesday in honor of Brigadier General G. MacDonald. The party included Brigadier General MacDonald, Mr. Sosa, Miss Baker, Miss Stone, Major and Mrs. Wroughton, Mrs. Taylor Wood, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stark, Dr. and Mrs. McDermid and Mrs. Bernays.

Lieut. Col. Jeff MacDonnell, D.S.O., arrived in the city Tuesday, from Vladivostok, Siberia. He went overseas as private with the Princess Pats and earned his promotion on the field, and later went to Siberia.

The Canadian Business Women's Club, with head offices in Toronto, have taken out a provincial charter and have as directors, Winifred Wiseman, Mary Ann MacMahon, Jessie C. McIver, Florence U. Ridout, Edith M. Brook and Minnie McCall.

The Women's Institute food exhibit was a popular corner with visitors at the fair. The exhibits emphasized particularly the needs of the growing child and demonstrated the nutritive value of certain foods. A display of school lunches was shown. This is an important factor in the education of the child which has long been neglected.

To he or she who challenges your advancement in the seeking and maintenance of the three cardinal of Democracy, Freedom, Equality and Justice, let your reply be in the three same words of Colonel Willoughby in the Woods of Argonne: "Go to Hell!"

Your Diamond Interests

Diamonds in your possession represent money — more money than you pay for them after you have worn them for a while.

There is positively no danger of diamonds depreciating in value.

Our large and magnificent stock allow the best selection at reasonable prices.

DIAMOND SOLITAIRE \$25.00 and Upwards

ASH BROS.

Jewelers and Diamond Merchants
C.P.R. Watch Inspectors
Issuers of Marriage Licenses

Heath's Drug Store

Corner Hamayo and Jasper Avenue

Specials for Friday and Saturday, July 11 and 12

- \$1.00 Horlick's Malted Milk Spec. 79c
- 7c Mellin's Food. Special. 50c
- 25c Eagle Brand Condensed Milk. Special. 25c
- 50c Page's Diaperin. Special. 35c
- 50c Peppermint Tooth Paste. Spec. 35c
- Peniclar Sarsaparilla with Iodides for the blood. \$1.00
- \$1.50 Hot Water Bottles. Special 90c
- 50c Dodd's Kidney Pills. Special 30c
- Wincarnis, quart bottles. \$1.75
- Glycerine and Rose Water Soap. Special. 6 for 35c
- 50c bottle Blood's Iron Tonic Laxative Pills. Special. 35c
- 25c Minard's Liniment. Special. 20c
- 25c Thomas' Electric Oil. Spec. 10c
- Purest Olive Oil, Imperial quart. Special. 33.00
- Witch Hazel Toilet Soap (3 cakes in box). Special. 35c
- \$1.00 Nyal's Vegetable Prescription. Special. 50c
- 8 oz. bottle Lysol. 50c
- 25c Baby's Own Tablets. Special 15c
- 25c Lambert's Listerine. Special 25c
- Don't overlook our Special Chocolate Assortment at 45c lb.

BRITAIN'S LABOR DELEGATE MAKES INTERESTING TALK

Very Vital That A.F. of L. and British Trade Union Congress Work Together

Miss Margaret Bondfield and S. Finney were the representatives of British workers at the A. F. of L. convention held recently at Atlantic City, N.J. Canada was represented by Thomas Walsh. Mr. Walsh told the convention that there are two main extremes in the Canadian labor movement now, one conservative and one radical. He hoped they would soon hit a sound middle course.

Here are some of the things Miss Bondfield said:

"It is very vital indeed that the American Federation of Labor and the British Trade Union Congress work together. No country alone can work out industrial salvation. The methods to be adopted must meet local circumstances. I am profoundly convinced each must find the methods suited to its soil, its temperament and conditions."

"We feel that we are in the travail of the birth of a new world. It depends upon the labor force whether that world is a better one than the old one. Out of a dark night we are looking toward a very gray dawn at present."

"Who won the war? Well, we are terribly anxious to know who won the peace and we are confident that it is a fundamental thing to know how the labor movement can use its forces for a lasting peace."

"During the war we never lost the sense of those things that mean liberty. Whenever we felt that the spirit of patriotism was being used for profiteering or selfish ends there was an immediate flare-up and reaction."

"When you are told that agitators stirred up strikes during the war don't you believe it. It was the government that stirred up strikes."

Miss Bondfield then discussed the recent industrial conference in London, in which recognition of organized employers and organized workers was agreed upon and said, "No employer in our country can be considered respectable if he refused now to meet the responsible officials of the workers concerned."

Organization has been rapid, the speaker said. Latest to organize are the bed-makers of Oxford and Cambridge, women 60 years of age, who now ask a living wage.

Talking of political action she told of the recent fight for control of London's educational board.

"Facing back," she said, "to find what changed the German nation into a militarist state, it was found in the rescript of 1889 in which the Kaiser instructed the teaching faculty to produce in the schools the militarist type of mind."

Miss Bondfield informed the convention that she belonged to the "left" of the labor movement, which is the most radical side of it. Her speech left little doubt of it.

Here are some of the things Miss Bondfield said:

WANTS WOMEN'S WAGE RATES TO BE STANDARDIZED

The first meeting of the Saskatchewan provincial minimum wage board investigating conditions of work among certain classes of women employees in Saskatchewan was held at Prince Albert at which evidence was given by the Trades and Labor Council and by representatives of the retail clerks. Mr. Davis for the Trades Council said that his colleagues favored a minimum wage of \$15 a week for all classes of employees, and cited the Government's hours for telephone employees as a fair standard for women workers. He thought women's wages should be standardized. Some were getting \$7.50 a week and others \$9 a week for the same work. The retail clerks urged that the minimum wage be \$18 a week for a week of 48 hours. They urged the necessity for heavier clothing, more substantial food, and high room rents in justification for their requests, made necessary by conditions in Saskatchewan.

TRUE ATTITUDE OF THE CHURCH TOWARD LABOR

Christian Churches Intensely Interested in Practical Things of Today

In these times of industrial strife and conflict between labor and capital it is often charged that the Christian church is but a tool in the hands of capital; that the pews are filled with employers of labor and that these industrial magnates engage the services of a preacher who has little or nothing to say concerning those things which make the life of a workman a hard one.

While such a charge against the church may contain a modicum of truth, it does not present the true attitude of the church towards labor nor the social conditions against which labor cries out. The Christian churches are intensely interested in the practical things of today, the great social problems that are giving the world concern in these trying days of reconstruction. In order to substantiate this claim let the Social Creed of one of the great churches be read carefully.

We have heard much concerning the labor program put forth by Mr. Henderson of the English Labor Party. It has been called "the most epoch-making—if not epoch-making deliverance since the Magna Charta and the Declaration of Independence." Yet the following Social Creed, adopted by a great church as part of its platform, is as broad and comprehensive as Mr. Henderson's labor platform. It was adopted six and one-half years before his platform was written.

The following is the Creed of the church on social problems:

Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life.

The gradual and reasonable reduction of the hours of labor to the lowest practical point, and for that degree of leisure for all, which is a condition of the highest human life.

The conservation of health.

Such regulation of the conditions of toil for women as shall safeguard the physical and moral health of the community.

The fullest possible development of every child, especially by the provision of proper education and recreation.

The abolition of child labor.

The abatement and prevention of poverty.

A living wage as a minimum in every industry and for the highest wage that each industry can afford.

The protection of the worker from dangerous machinery, occupational diseases, injuries and mortality.

The protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage and proper housing.

The right of employer's and employees alike to organize.

The right of all men to the opportunity of self-maintenance, for safeguarding this right against encroachments of every kind and for the protection of workers from the hardships of enforced unemployment.

Suitable provision for the old age of workers.

The principle of conciliation and arbitration in industrial disputes.

The protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic.

A new emphasis upon the application of Christian principles to the acquisition of property.

The most equitable division of the product of industry that can ultimately be devised.

BRITISH WOMEN'S EMANCIPATION BILL REJECTED

The woman's emancipation bill which was backed by the Labor party in England, was defeated in the British House of Commons, by a vote of 100 to 85. The motion for rejection was introduced by Major Waldorf Astor, who announced that the government intended to introduce a bill to take the place of the emancipation bill.

The passage of the emancipation bill would have meant political and legal equality of sexes including the qualifications of women to sit in the House of Lords.

LONG HOURS OF WORK MAKES LIFE NOT WORTH LIVING

Men are working at New Glasgow, N. S., from 10 to 12 1/2 hours a day near furnaces, rolling mills and machines, organized steel workers told the commission appointed by the government to seek the cause of social unrest.

With this long work day, the men are exhausted and need 10 hours' sleep for the next day's work, said the unionists.

"What is left for the worth-while things of life? Three hours! No wonder the working man's yard is not turned into a garden."

"This is an existence, but not life. It is the heartless grind of thousands of men who begin to work when they should be in school and keep it up until they are broken down old men."

Best Millinery Values in City

You want your Hat to become you, to have style, be of first class material and workmanship, and at reasonable price. You will get what you want at the PATTERN HAT SHOP (Mrs. W. H. Todd), 9981 Jasper Ave. (Opposite Hallier's).

WANTS WOMEN'S WAGE RATES TO BE STANDARDIZED

The first meeting of the Saskatchewan provincial minimum wage board investigating conditions of work among certain classes of women employees in Saskatchewan was held at Prince Albert at which evidence was given by the Trades and Labor Council and by representatives of the retail clerks. Mr. Davis for the Trades Council said that his colleagues favored a minimum wage of \$15 a week for all classes of employees, and cited the Government's hours for telephone employees as a fair standard for women workers. He thought women's wages should be standardized. Some were getting \$7.50 a week and others \$9 a week for the same work. The retail clerks urged that the minimum wage be \$18 a week for a week of 48 hours. They urged the necessity for heavier clothing, more substantial food, and high room rents in justification for their requests, made necessary by conditions in Saskatchewan.

TRUE ATTITUDE OF THE CHURCH TOWARD LABOR

Christian Churches Intensely Interested in Practical Things of Today

In these times of industrial strife and conflict between labor and capital it is often charged that the Christian church is but a tool in the hands of capital; that the pews are filled with employers of labor and that these industrial magnates engage the services of a preacher who has little or nothing to say concerning those things which make the life of a workman a hard one.

While such a charge against the church may contain a modicum of truth, it does not present the true attitude of the church towards labor nor the social conditions against which labor cries out. The Christian churches are intensely interested in the practical things of today, the great social problems that are giving the world concern in these trying days of reconstruction. In order to substantiate this claim let the Social Creed of one of the great churches be read carefully.

We have heard much concerning the labor program put forth by Mr. Henderson of the English Labor Party. It has been called "the most epoch-making—if not epoch-making deliverance since the Magna Charta and the Declaration of Independence." Yet the following Social Creed, adopted by a great church as part of its platform, is as broad and comprehensive as Mr. Henderson's labor platform. It was adopted six and one-half years before his platform was written.

The following is the Creed of the church on social problems:

Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life.

The gradual and reasonable reduction of the hours of labor to the lowest practical point, and for that degree of leisure for all, which is a condition of the highest human life.

The conservation of health.

Such regulation of the conditions of toil for women as shall safeguard the physical and moral health of the community.

The fullest possible development of every child, especially by the provision of proper education and recreation.

The abolition of child labor.

The abatement and prevention of poverty.

A living wage as a minimum in every industry and for the highest wage that each industry can afford.

The protection of the worker from dangerous machinery, occupational diseases, injuries and mortality.

The protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage and proper housing.

The right of employer's and employees alike to organize.

The right of all men to the opportunity of self-maintenance, for safeguarding this right against encroachments of every kind and for the protection of workers from the hardships of enforced unemployment.

Suitable provision for the old age of workers.

The principle of conciliation and arbitration in industrial disputes.

The protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic.

A new emphasis upon the application of Christian principles to the acquisition of property.

The most equitable division of the product of industry that can ultimately be devised.

BRITISH WOMEN'S EMANCIPATION BILL REJECTED

The woman's emancipation bill which was backed by the Labor party in England, was defeated in the British House of Commons, by a vote of 100 to 85. The motion for rejection was introduced by Major Waldorf Astor, who announced that the government intended to introduce a bill to take the place of the emancipation bill.

The passage of the emancipation bill would have meant political and legal equality of sexes including the qualifications of women to sit in the House of Lords.

LONG HOURS OF WORK MAKES LIFE NOT WORTH LIVING

Men are working at New Glasgow, N. S., from 10 to 12 1/2 hours a day near furnaces, rolling mills and machines, organized steel workers told the commission appointed by the government to seek the cause of social unrest.

With this long work day, the men are exhausted and need 10 hours' sleep for the next day's work, said the unionists.

"What is left for the worth-while things of life? Three hours! No wonder the working man's yard is not turned into a garden."

"This is an existence, but not life. It is the heartless grind of thousands of men who begin to work when they should be in school and keep it up until they are broken down old men."

Best Millinery Values in City

You want your Hat to become you, to have style, be of first class material and workmanship, and at reasonable price. You will get what you want at the PATTERN HAT SHOP (Mrs. W. H. Todd), 9981 Jasper Ave. (Opposite Hallier's).

Friday Special in Corset Covers at 39c Not To Be Overlooked

Women who plan to be here at store opening hour will show a keen sense of values. And we are convinced most women will buy double the number first intended.

They are of fine white cotton with dainty lace or embroidery trimmed yokes. Sizes 36 to 44. Friday Special **39c**

Popular New Styles in Habutai Silk Blouses at \$2.95

Women will not have any hesitation in pronouncing them uncommonly good styles, qualities and values.

Fashioned in White Habutai Silk with choice of Dutch or round neck, in semi-collared styles; fronts are effectively hemstitched or tuck. Sizes 36 to 44 Special **\$2.95** (Blouse Section, Second Floor)



By Test "WEARBETTER" SUITS Are Best

The proof of the pudding is in the eating—likewise the true value of Wearbetter Suits is in the service they give. The test is steadily winning new and permanent Wearbetter customers.

These famous Suits are sold with a guarantee and two pairs of bloomer pants. And that is more than you get with ordinary makes. They are smartly tailored in the finest grade tweeds, in greys, browns and mixed effects, with hand tailored shoulders, neat fitting collars and shape retaining fronts. Shows in the very latest Norfolk and Trench models, well lined and finished throughout. Sizes 26 to 36. Prices **\$18.50 to \$25.00**

BOY'S WASH BLOUSES \$1.25 and \$1.75

In our splendid range of Boys' Wash Blouses parents will not only find the materials of good wearing quality, but the garments thoroughly well made.

Choice of W.G. & R. and Tooke makes, in good quality materials in fast colors; neat fitting collars and invisible draw strings. Sizes for 6 to 16 years. Priced **\$1.25 to \$1.75**

Women's and Misses KOOL Krinkly Crepe Bloomers at \$1.50

We will venture to say that every woman who sets eyes upon these dainty soft and cool bloomers Friday, will there and then decide on a pair. They are made of a good quality soft krinkly crepe, in flesh shade; have elastic at waist, and at knee. Assorted sizes. Priced at **\$1.50** (Underwear Section, Second Floor)

Women's Dainty White Cotton Night-gowns, Temptingly Priced \$1.25

A pleasant surprise awaits women in the White-wear section tomorrow. For they are a value nothing short of remarkable considering the present day price of white cottons by the yard. Made of fine white cotton, slipover styles, trimmed around neck and short sleeves with lace edging. Lengths 56 to 60. Priced **\$1.25**

This Store Closes Saturdays at 1 p.m.

JOHNSTONE WALKER LIMITED

1007 JASPER & 2ND ST. ESTABLISHED 1888

Phone 9266 for Any Department

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION TRAINED NURSES ELECT OFFICERS

The National Association of Trained Nurses at their convention held in Vancouver last week elected the following officers:

President, Miss Jean Gunn, Toronto; First Vice-President, Miss Dickson, Toronto; Second Vice-President, Miss Mabel Gray, Winnipeg; Secretary, Miss F. Johns, Winnipeg; Treasurer, Miss Davidson, Montreal; Councilors, Miss Randall, Miss MacKenzie, British Columbia; Miss Wilson, Miss Manson, Alberta; Miss Jean Brown, Miss G. Campbell, Saskatchewan; Miss Gilroy, Miss McLeod, Manitoba; Miss Strumm, Miss Hersey, Quebec; Miss Richards, Miss Dunlop, New Brunswick; Miss Pickles, Miss Bligh, Nova Scotia; Miss Potts, Miss Fairley, Ontario. Prince Edward Island is yet to be heard from.

WEDDINGS

McCONNELL-LISENDED—At Holy Trinity church, July 5th, Miss E. Lisen-ended to Mr. Egerton McConnell, of Carrot Creek, Alberta.

SRIGLEY-SRIGLEY

—At the Pro-Cathedral of the Redeemer, Calgary, June 27th, Miss S. E. Srigley, of Calgary to Mr. John S. Srigley of Edmonton.

HOPKINS-SNOOK

—In London, Eng., on June 26th, Miss Lily Snook, to Sergt. James Walford Hopkins of Edmonton.

NEEDHAM-HOLUP

—At McDougall parsonage, July 8th, Mary Holup of Barich, Alberta to Sam Needham, contractor of Revelstoke, B.C.

SAMPSON-CROSWELL

—At McDougall church, July 7th, Miss Laura Crowell to Mr. John Allan Sampson, both of Claiford, Alberta.

McCARTHY-DOBSON

—At the home of the bride's parents, 10332 121st street, on Tuesday evening, July 8th, Miss Beryl Dobson, to Mr. Frank Hilliard McCarthy.

HOW WOMEN CAN HELP CAUSE OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Members of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Carpenters' Union at Portland, Ore., are showing their loyalty to labor by demanding the Union Label when they go shopping. They say it makes the merchants sit up and take notice. The co-operative grocery receives all their orders in that line, but when it comes to clothing and other articles they must be labelled "Union Made."

The capitalist system is what Sherman said was.



WHITE SHOES

For Men, Women and Children, in the better qualities, at popular prices.

Our sales on White Shoes have been pretty heavy in the last few weeks, but we still have many of the popular models left. If you have been a little late in shopping, come in now.

THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE Ltd.

NEAR CORNER FIRST AND JASPER

Exhibition Special

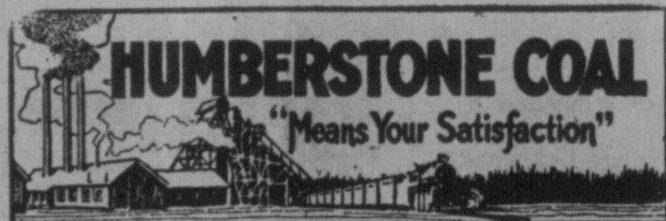
Solid Oak Dining Room Suite

Buffet, Table, Six Chairs. Fumed oak; chairs with leather seats. Complete Suite, Exhibit Special, **\$131.00**

GRAHAM & REID Ltd.

HOME FURNISHERS
JASPER AVENUE, CORNER 101ST STREET

The Farm Page



HUMBERSTONE COAL
"Means Your Satisfaction"

HUMBERSTONE RETAIL SALES CO.
Distributors for Edmonton
Office: 201 McLeod Building. Phones 2248-2258
Yard Office: 1492

"The Better Bread Baker"

CHAS. W. CAMPBELL

All Leading Grocers

GARDEN SEEDS and PLANTS

We have a full line of all the leading varieties:
CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER, CELERY, TOMATOES
ASTERS, PANSIES, STOCKS, ETC.

WALTER RAMSAY LIMITED

Jasper Avenue Store: 10218 Jasper Ave. Greenhouses: 11018 100th Ave.

SOVEREIGN POULTRY SUPPLY HOUSE, LTD.

Headquarters for
Incubators, Chick Feeders, Brooders, Canary Supplies, Baby Chick Foods, Dog Supplies

9997 Jasper E. Phone 1415

Underwood and Corona TYPEWRITERS

DUPLICATORS and OFFICE FURNITURE

United Typewriter Co. Limited
10037 Jasper Avenue
Phone 1774

MAKE YOUR HOME ATTRACTIVE

by combining your labor with good
LUMBER AND MILLWORK
Our prices will suit your pocket.

W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD.

PHONE 4366 10330 109TH STREET

Lines Pharmacy

John H. Lines, Pharm. B.
Jasper Ave. at 102nd St.
Our new location

PROMPTNESS
ACCURACY
QUALITY
Our Watchwords
Phone 1633



HILLAS ELECTRICAL CO.

All lines of Electrical Repairs, Contracts, Fixtures, Supplies.
Phone 4971 Night Phone 2578
10823 Jasper Avenue

BEDDING PLANTS

Asters, Stocks, Snapdragon, Candytuft, Marigold, Phlox. All grown from the finest strains of seed.

Come and see our selection of
GIANT PANSY PLANTS

A. PIKE & CO.
10049 JASPER AVENUE
Facing Howard Avenue

VALUE OF MILK

Milk is a nourishing food, not merely a drink. It is rich in body-building substances. It also supplies energy which enables the body and mind to work. Body-building materials in milk are protein and minerals, such as lime and phosphorus.

A quart of milk has as much protein as seven ounces of sirloin steak, 8.6 ounces of fowl, or 4.3 eggs.

A quart of milk supplies as much energy as 14 ounces of round steak, 14.5 ounces of fowl, or 9 eggs.

BE WISE USE MORE MILK

Edmonton City Dairy Ltd.

Telephones: 9264, 9262, 9261

Buy IN EDMONTON and from YOUR Advertisers

HOW TO GROW SUPERIOR BEANS FOR SEED SUPPLY

Experimental Farm Note Gives Results of Tests Made

It is of the utmost importance that truck growers find out what buyers want, as it is useless to produce something, however good it might be, which does not sell easily. A few markets call for a first-class article of high quality, and in this case it is certainly better not to grow a coarse vegetable, whilst other places demand bulk at low cost, and this means that larger yields must be had. In some sections, early stuff is remunerative, and in others it would not pay to offer this kind. To meet certain requirements year after year, a person must have seed from a specially selected strain, as what is bought in the trade is liable to produce differently from one season to another.

Whoever wishes to start this kind of work must, first of all, have a clear idea of what is wanted, so as to increase or intensify the required characteristics by means of selection and, at the same time eliminate undesirable features. As beans very seldom, if ever, cross, a certain number of plants, the larger the better, are chosen in the field or garden, and staked, so as to allow them to mature seed. The next year, an equal quantity of beans from each plant is sown in as many different rows and the product of each row examined for whatever point it is desired to improve, such as appearance, yield, earliness, size, etc. The following season, a few of the best strains are grown, and so on, until only one is kept. Even after this, beans from the best plants, but not necessarily sown in separate rows, must be used each year if the strain is to be kept up to grade. One of the main things to guard against, in all this work, is anthesis, and no seed should ever be used on which are unhealthy spots, or even from pods affected in this manner.

Work at Cap Rouge.
In 1911 selections were made of a few standard varieties, and in 1915 four Cap Rouge Experimental Station strains yielded at the rate of 106 bushels of green pods per acre more than the seed bought from well-known seedmen, which was an increase of 45 per cent.

Farmers can get at Cap Rouge, or possibly at the Experimental Farm in whose district they are situated, good, vigorous, well-bred seed, and by a few hours' work each year, they can keep the stock up to high grade. Applications should be sent in early as the quantity grown at each station is limited and will only be increased if there is a demand for it.—Experimental Farm Note.

NEW STILL ENGINE SURPASSES ALL IN EFFICIENCY

A new invention which passed the tests at a considerably higher percentage than any marine engine hitherto built, is the Still engine, recently perfected and tested in England. It gives a brake thermal efficiency of 30 per cent over its predecessors, and by means of governor control alone can meet any demand up to and over 100 per cent overload, and maintain a good efficiency at that increased output.

The Still engine is an engine capable of using in its main working cylinder any form of liquid or gaseous fuel hitherto employed; it makes use of the recoverable heat which passes through the surfaces of the combustion cylinder, as well as into the exhaust gases, for the evaporation of steam, which steam is expanded in the combustion cylinder itself on one side of the main piston the combustion stroke acting on the other side. It increases the power of the engine and reduces the consumption of the fuel per horsepower developed.

In other words the engine uses both forces, the explosion of the gas or oil and the steam generated by the cooling water for the production of power.

NEW PUBLICATION FAVORS ISSUE OF BONDS TO SOLDIERS
"Play Fair," a publication for the advancement of the principle that the soldier and sailor are entitled to full commercial compensation for the time they have given their country, has just made its appearance in the United States. Its plan is that Congress authorize a Soldiers' and Sailors' Victory Bond issue at the coming session and give each soldier a \$50 Victory Bond for each month he has served in the camp or trench.

These men cannot be paid for their patriotism, for the hazards they have faced, or stood ready to face, but they can be paid for their time, and should be. It is also proposed that the bill for this measure carry a provision that each soldier accepting its benefits must give a signed release to the Government for ever disavowing any service (not disability) pension claim. A modest tax on the thousands of millionaire war profiteers would do the trick.

HEREFORD SALE WILL BE HELD LATE IN OCTOBER

A sale of strictly high-class Hereford cows and bulls will be held towards the end of October, 1919, according to a decision of the executive of the Alberta Hereford Breeders' Association, at their meeting held recently in Calgary. The preliminary entries will close August 1, finals on September 1. The sale will be limited to the number of 150 and these will be sold absolutely without reserve.

The sale ought to prove a great attraction for breeders who want the best as the directors have made it imperative that nothing but the finest of animals will be accepted.

PRE-WAR TRADE UNION CUSTOMS RESTORED IN ENG.

Government Bill Providing For Restoration of Certain Trade Practices

The text has been published of the Government bill providing for the restoration, after the present war, of certain trade practices and to amend the law relating to munitions tribunals.

Clause 1, which deals with the restoration of these practices, is split up into six sub-sections. Sub-section 1 states that in any establishment to which the bill applies, where practices or customs have been departed from in consequence of the war, the owner shall be under an obligation, at the expiration of one month from the receipt of a specified notice, to restore, or permit the restoration of, such trade practices for the period of one year.

New establishments or branches are dealt with in Sub-section 2 on similar lines. There is a provision in Sub-section 3 that an obligation under this section shall not become binding on the owner of any establishment, unless, within three months after the termination of the war there is served on him, by, or on behalf of a majority in the establishment of the class or grade of workers whose custom it was before the war to maintain the trade practice in question, a notice requiring the observance of the obligation.

If the owner of the establishment is not prepared to comply with the notice, or is in doubt as to its nature, it is provided in Sub-section 4 that he must give a counter-notice within 14 days of the receipt of the notice.

Where such a counter-notice is given, Sub-section 6 provides that either party may apply to a munitions tribunal of the second class to determine whether the obligation exists or, as the case may be, the nature of the obligation. Any order made by the tribunal shall be conclusive in any proceedings that may subsequently be taken against the owner in the matter.

Clause 2 imposes a penalty not exceeding £25 for each day or part of a day during which failure to comply with an obligation under the bill shall continue.

A trade union or federation of trade unions may institute proceedings against an employer for an offence under the bill.

The powers of the Minister of Munitions in relation to munitions tribunals are, by Clause 3, transferred to the Minister of Labor.

The establishments specified under Clause 4 are those in which munitions work has been carried on and any other establishment in which departure from practice was made in consequence of the Treasury agreements of 1915.

Sub-section 2 of this clause brings Crown establishments under the purview of the bill, and makes them liable to similar proceedings as a privately owned establishment.

ALLIED PACKERS IS NAME OF NEW CHICAGO PLANT

The Allied Packers, Inc., is to be the name of the new \$100,000,000 Chicago packing plant of which John A. Hawkinson, former vice-president of Wilson & Co., is to be the head.

Eleven plants in the East, South and Canada already have been taken over by the new organization. Vice-presidents of the concern will be F. S. Snyder, former head of the meat division, U.S. Food Administration, and Albert W. Schenk of Wheeling, West Virginia.

An unusual feature will be that the plans included in the new organization will come in with the present owners retaining operating and financial interests, which is a departure from the general plan of associating a number of smaller concerns into one big company.

MILLION DOLLARS TO ACQUIRE FARM LAND FOR SOLDIERS

A bill passed by the Wisconsin state assembly appropriates \$1,000,000 to acquire farm land for demobilized soldiers, who may pay for the land within 40 years, at 5 per cent interest. The law will be administered through the land settlement board.

LABOR SCARCITY AND HIGH WAGES BEST FOR FARMERS

Great Agricultural Depression Follows Periods of Cheap Labor

The future prosperity of the Canadian farmer depends upon the success of Organized Labor in maintaining its present wage scale, said Secretary of Agriculture Agce of New Jersey in an address to 4,000 farmers. The speaker said that a scarcity of farm labor and high wages is better for farm profitableness than cheap labor in abundance.

"It is a fact," said the speaker, "that farmers' periods of prosperity have only been when labor was scarce and high priced. Great agricultural depression has always followed periods of cheap labor. This is partly due to the fact that a considerable portion of the farmer's income is a labor income, so when labor is high priced, the farmer's own work brings him more money. Another reason is that well-paid labor affords the best market for high-grade products. Of course, it is a serious matter not to be able to obtain labor for the farm, but it is better to have a condition of small labor supply than one of small food prices."

SHORTAGE IN FEED CAUSING DROP IN PRICE OF HORSES

Horses are cheaper than they have been for many years in Southern Alberta, say horsemen who have been attending the sales in the southern part of the province for the past sixteen years. The shortage of feed is causing quite a run of horses to the auctions, and it is making a great harvest for those who are able to handle them, and shipments are being made down to Winnipeg, Northern Saskatchewan and into the northern parts of Alberta.

The action is practically all in the lighter horses, and it would surprise some of the buyers the prices which would have to be paid for the few superior teams which are moving. The demand for them is so limited that there is very little trading being done in them, and the only demand is an occasional sale to the express companies.

SWIFT CANADIAN SHIPS SIXTY CARS BEEF TO ITALY

Sixty cars of frozen steers have been shipped from the Swift Canadian plant in Edmonton last week consigned to the Italian Government. These are to be taken over on the "Nagora," which will carry about ten million tons to Italy. Another ship with about half the capacity will take the rest of the Canadian consignment. This shipment from Swifts completes their first contract with the Italian Government, and great care has been taken that they shall be delivered to the boat in Montreal in first-class condition.

In addition to special care in packing in the refrigerator cars, a specially experienced refrigerator man is sent along with each shipment. The responsibility of the packers ends with their delivery to the boats.

H. F. Chase, of the British Ministry of Food, was in the West recently, inspecting the beef. He was loaned to the Italian Government for this purpose.

FARMERS' LEAGUE WOULD TAX VACANT LOTS IN CITIES

In an open letter to members of congress the Farmers' National Single Tax League declares that rent profiteering has so outraged the people in large cities that if relief is not promptly forthcoming that it will be made an issue in the next election.

"There is no city in the country," the letter states, "that does not have almost as much vacant land as improved within its limits or immediately adjacent. The levying of a stiff tax against such vacant land and the removal of taxes from houses would bring most of it into use at reasonable prices and would stimulate the building of homes."

"The workers of the United States are not going to tolerate land monopoly and speculation. Farmers and city wage-earners alike see that if any group in society is allowed to get something for nothing the real producers are sure to be defrauded."

CHARTERS OF 45 JOINT STOCK CO'S. TO BE CANCELED

According to the Alberta Gazette forty-five joint stock companies are liable to be struck off the provincial secretary's register. The British-Canadian Mortgage and Investment Company and the Mountain Spring Brewing Company are among those on the list, as are also ten petroleum and oil concerns that were organized and incorporated at the time of the Calgary oil boom and are now inactive.

The union label supersedes the boycott by concentrating the purchasing power upon union products.

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FEES

1. \$5 in case of a motorcycle, and for any other motor vehicle according to the length of wheel base in inches as follows:

For motor vehicles not exceeding 100 inches	\$15.00
Exceeding 100 inches but not exceeding 105 inches	17.50
Exceeding 105 inches but not exceeding 110 inches	20.00
Exceeding 110 inches but not exceeding 115 inches	22.50
Exceeding 115 inches but not exceeding 120 inches	25.00
Exceeding 120 inches but not exceeding 125 inches	27.50
Exceeding 125 inches but not exceeding 130 inches	30.00
Exceeding 130 inches but not exceeding 135 inches	32.50
For every motor vehicle exceeding 135 inches	35.00

2. The foregoing fees shall include the cost of oil set of number plates.

3. The fee, payable after October 1 in any year, shall be one-half of the fee above prescribed.

4. Fire engines and fire patrol apparatus, police patrol and municipal owned ambulances shall be exempt from payment of the above fees, but such motor vehicles shall be registered and number plates issued on payment of fee of one dollar for each pair of number plates on filing of the statement required under section 3 of "The Motor Vehicle Act."

E. TROWBRIDGE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary,
Edmonton, April 24th, 1919.

Every Day a Bargain Day at
BARNES' GROCERY
10628 107th Avenue
Edmonton, Alberta
Phone 5055
Canadian Food Control License
No. 8-22192

WORKING MEN OF EDMONTON
Good work depends on good eyesight. Is your eyesight what it should be? An examination will decide.
T. SATCHWELL, D.O.
THE OPTOMETRIST
9965 Jasper Avenue

ADVERTISE IN THE EDMONTON FREE PRESS



TWIN CITY ICE COMPANY LTD.
PHONE 4202 9806 100TH STREET

EAT Som-Mor Biscuit TODAY
Canada Food Board License No. 11-482

For Summer Housekeeping

you will appreciate the electric way of cooking meals. No fuel to bother with—the stove is always ready.

Electric Grill Stove
will boil, fry, toast or broil. With an ovenette attachment, do regular baking.

Costs four cents per hour—less at low heats.

Sold at local electrical dealers or at the Showroom, Civic Block

City Electric Light Dept.

MAYBE THAT HEADACHE IS CAUSED BY EYESTRAIN
If it is, our glasses will bring permanent relief. When in doubt about your eyes, consult us first.
Lenses Duplicated and Frames Repaired
Our repair service is prompt and accurate. Prices reasonable, and no long delays.

We Can Put New Lenses In Old Frames
Have your eyes examined and up-to-the-minute lenses put in your old frames. Our glasses are guaranteed to please.
DR. MECKLENBURG
OPTICIANS
10116 Jasper, Opp. Hotel Salkirk
Phone 5225

Ambulance Service
PHONE 1525

Connelly-McKinley Co., Ltd.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
10012 Rice Street

ADVERTISE IN THE EDMONTON FREE PRESS

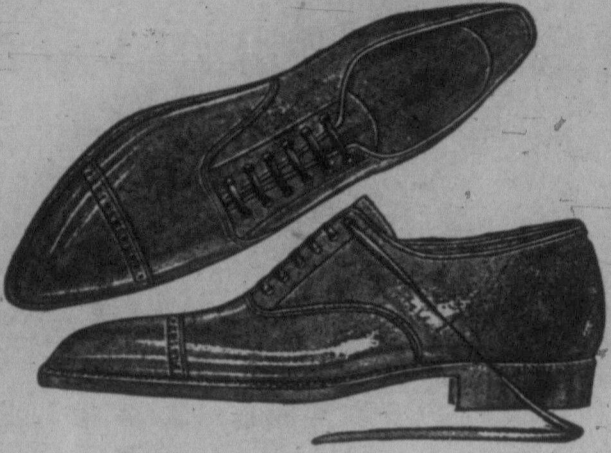
You'll Get Your Ice
promptly if we are your ice-man. Be on time every time with the best and purest ice to be had. And the piece will not be a stinky one either. You'll find that by taking ice from us you will have better ice service than ever before. Shall we call tomorrow?

TWIN CITY ICE COMPANY LTD.
PHONE 4202 9806 100TH STREET

The Sporting Page

Invictus Oxfords

\$11.00



There is nothing so good as the best—and real economy is assured in the purchase of the Invictus Shoe. For many years this line has been the standard of high grade footwear.

This popular line in brown, koko-calf and black.
Your size is here now.

Yale Shoe Store Ltd.

For Shoes that Fit and Wear

VISITORS

You are invited to take advantage of our splendid facilities for handling all kinds of clothing, curtains, carpets and rugs. Give us an opportunity to show you how much better we can make your garments look.

We employ skilled labor only, which means a great deal to you.

Henningsen's Dye Works

9514 110th Avenue 9451 118th Avenue 10147 Jasper 10716 Jasper West



A. F. A. Coyne & Co.

Petroleum Operators

47 Throgmorton Street, London, E.C.

The above named firm wish to acquire a large holding of Petroleum and Natural Gas Leases in the vicinity of Peace River Crossing, for immediate development.

Our London clients which are a strong and influential body of all British capitalists, are at present considering the expenditure of several million dollars in development work in Canadian Oils, so that the petroleum resources of the Province of Alberta will come under the control of all British finance, a company is in process of formation to be known as THE ANGLO-CANADIAN PETROLEUM COMPANY, capitalized at £10,000,000, which will be underwritten by the particular group referred to and their associated groups. It is our wish that independent holders of oil leases in the Peace River District be consolidated into one merger, giving a total acreage up to one million. Which acreage they are willing to acquire by assignment to The Anglo-Canadian Petroleum Company at a price of \$5.00 per acre cash with a perpetual royalty of 10% on Production. The method of procedure to be as follows:

An option for four months' duration to be obtained by A. F. A. Coyne & Company on the acreage of each subscribing holder thereof. The period of four months being required to complete the necessary formation and underwriting of the British company, at the end of which period will be paid the sum of \$5 per acre in cash to each assignor of oil leases. One year from the date of the payment of the \$5 per acre the Anglo-Canadian Company will have completed its geological survey of the acquired group of one million acres, and have a number of drilling outfits at work, and immediately on commercial production being obtained pipe lines and refineries shall be placed in commission.

FURTHER PARTICULARS may be obtained by writing immediately to A. F. A. Coyne & Company, at P. O. Box 1572, Edmonton. Please send name and address, also description of location of your leases, and you will receive in return a copy of

"THE IMPERIAL PREFERENCE AND PETROLEUM DEVELOPMENT OF NORTH WEST CANADA"

By A. F. A. Coyne

As our Mr. Coyne is scheduled to arrive in London again shortly on the subject matter of this advertisement the immediate attention of Peace River lease owners is desired.

SENIOR LEAGUE SCHEDULE FOR SECOND HALF

Several Important Changes Also Made in Rulings of League

A schedule of the Senior League games to be played the second half of the season was adopted at a meeting of the league held Monday night. Several important changes were also made in the constitution of the league. The rule requiring players who play in the Mercantile League to sign up exclusively with one league for the other four games before the end of the season was rescinded.

New players may be signed up to July 28th and will be eligible to play in the post-season series. The limit of 15 players to the team was lifted and henceforth each team may have as many as desired. The book tickets which have been sold in large quantities will not be of use for the post-season series, being issued for schedule games only.

Following is the new schedule adopted:

Saturday, July 12—Vets at Y.M.C.A.
Monday, July 14—K.C. at Grotto.
Wednesday, July 16—K.C. at Yets.
Saturday, July 19—Grotto at Y.M.C.A., 10 a.m.
Monday, July 21—Vets at Grotto.
Wednesday, July 23—Y.M.C.A. at K.C.
Saturday, July 26—Grotto at K.C.
Monday, July 28—Y.M.C.A. at Vets.
Wednesday, July 30—Y.M.C.A. at Grotto.
Saturday, August 2—Vets at K.C.
Monday, August 4—Grotto at Yets.
Wednesday, August 6—K.C. at Y.M.C.A.

HEINIE WAGNER IS MASTER THIEF IN BASE STEALING

Ray Schalk, catcher of the White Sox, who "Kid" Gleason believes has a great deal to do with the success of his pitchers, has this to say about guarding against the signal tipper:

"Heinie Wagner was one of the most dangerous at this game in the league. Wagner had to be watched all the time, and he disturbed me more than any other coach. Other fellows who have sharp eyes are Bill Carrigan, Chief Bender and Jack Coombs."

As to studying the batter, Schalk says: "I have watched some wonderful hitters in the American league. I have fooled some, and have the dope on practically all of them. I have detected a weak spot in every one except 'Ty' Cobb. I confess that I have been unable to find Cobb's weakness as a batter or a base runner."

MANY ENTRIES ARE RECEIVED FOR PEACE DAY SPORTS

Many entries have been received for the sports events to be held on Peace Day, July 19, at the South Side athletic grounds. This meet is a preliminary to the provincial championship gathering to be held some time in August, the date for which has not yet been definitely set. The following is the official program for the Peace Day events: 100 yards, 220 yards, 440 yards, half mile, one mile, three miles, tug-of-war, high jump, broad jump, hop, step and jump, pole vault, 56-lb. weight, 16-lb. shot, 15-lb. hammer, discus, half mile open relay, 220 hurdles, boys 100 yards, boys 440 yards, boys 3 mile bicycle race on track, 100 yards for returned men, 100 yards for returned men (cutch cases).

VETERANS MAKE PERFECT SCORE IN FIRST HALF

Win Last Game in First Half of Schedule From Knights of Columbus

The last game of the first half of the Senior League schedule was played between the Veterans and the K.C.'s at Diamond Park Monday night. The result was a win for the Vets, making them six straight games, and a perfect score for the first half of the schedule.

For the first seven innings it looked as though the game was going to the K.C.'s but in the eighth the Vets found Mountfield for four hits in succession and crossed four over the home plate, making the score six to three. The K.C.'s were unable to score in either the eighth or ninth.

Jones, a new pitcher for the Vets, did nice work, allowing the K.C. team only five hits, while Frame worked behind the bat. Mountfield pitched for the K.C.'s and Kenny Howard as his batsman.

GERMANY UNDERGOING ECONOMIC REVOLUTION AT THE PRESENT TIME

As the German revolution proceeds through the stage of reorganization with reactionary tendencies constantly in evidence, it is important to consider why the people of the former empire sought the overthrow of their governmental system. It was not because they were opposed to kaiserism as a political institution, or because they were particularly indignant at the loss of the war. There was no moral revulsion, no awakening of conscience. The revolution, to state the case plainly, was strictly economic in character. The people were seeking a betterment of physical conditions.

"It has not been known generally by the citizens of this country, for instance, that the average earnings of the adult male in Germany, shortly before the war, were \$310 a year in unskilled and \$373 in skilled occupations; that the average cost of living per family was \$531.70; that fully a third of the economic labor of the empire was done by women, nearly 10,000,000 of them working; that the average wage of these women was about 55 cents a day; that men and women alike worked on an average ten to twelve hours daily; that in 1911 more than half a million children worked in the mills, mines and factories at pitifully low wages; that to make up the family budget it was necessary for all members, adults and children, to work at home on "sweatshop" tasks, that there was such a surplus of labor that, for example, in Baden in 1913 there were 278,910 applications for 163,112 jobs, with an average of 171 applicants for every 100 jobs, and in 1914 there were 273 male candidates for every 100 places."

FORTY-THREE WORDS MOST USED IN OUR LANGUAGE

While the average vocabulary consists of about 3,500 words, that is words that one recognizes when seen, very few men use more than 2,000 in oral or written speech. This may seem strange until it is understood that nine words do about one-fourth our work, and that an additional 34 words bring the percentage up to one-half.

The nine most used words in the English language are: And, be, have, it, of, the, to, will, you. The additional 34 are listed by philologists as follows: About, all, as, at, but, can, come, day, dear, for, get, go, here, her, if, in, me, much, not, on, one, say, she, so, that, there, they, this, though, time, we, with, write, your. How these words make for simplicity in speech and writing may be noted that there is only one of the entire 43 that consists of more than one syllable.

A teacher asked a Cleveland girl in the sixth grade to write an essay on the sexes. She handed this in: "The world is divided into two zones, the male and female. The male zone is temperate, in temperate or drunk. The female frigid, torrid or horrid."

ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND TEAMS ARE SELECTED

International Soccer Teams Will Lock Horns Saturday at Diamond Park

The International Soccer game between England and Scotland will be held at Diamond Park on Saturday evening. This is the first international game to be played since the beginning of the war, and it is expected that much interest will be taken in the event. Strong elevens have been selected to take the field for each country, as follows:

England—Jenvey (Shamrocks); Needham (Radials) and Griffith (Swifts); Davis (South Side), Price (Veterans), and Wraight (Shamrocks); Collier (Veterans) Gregory (Swifts), Sonnen (Veterans), Bryant (Swifts) and Dingley (Veterans). Reserves—Heathcote (South Side) and W. Thompson (Swifts).

Scotland—Muir (Veterans), Kinsman (Veterans) and Hunter (Swifts); Paterson (Shamrocks), McCurdy (Swifts), and Adams (Veterans); J. Robson (Swifts), Lappin (South Side) Guthrie (Canucks), Spence (Shamrocks), Clark (Veterans). Reserves—Wilkie (Radials) McCabe (Canucks) and C. Robson (Swifts).

DO YOU LIVE IN THE CELLAR OR IN THE GARRET?

From your chin down you are worth about one dollar and a half a day. From the chin up you are worth anything. There's no limit.

You have a mistaken idea. You think you are paid for your work. You are not. You are paid for what you think while you work. It's the kind of brain that directs your hands that gives you your rating. And what causes you the most concern: the contents of your school, or the mass below the collarbone? Are your thoughts flabby uncontrolled, yaward and useless, though you are expert in tennis or golf? Is your thinker as keen, alert, accurate and dependable as your hands? What interests you most, books or beer? What pains you most, a stomach ache or a lie? Where do you get your pleasures? From the chin down? And is all your fun in the cellar? Don't you ever have any fun in the attic? Suppose it were possible to live after the head had been severed from the body, which part would you rather be, the head part or the meat part?

What are you, anyhow—an animal pestered with a mind, or a soul imprisoned in a body? Do you know that the gist of culture consists of transferring one's habitual amusements from below to above the nose?

D. Lachman, in The Railway Clerk.

AEROPLANE SPRUCE SHIPPED FROM B.C. DURING YEAR

There were 35,000,000 feet of aeroplane spruce shipped during the year 1918 from British Columbia, according to a report to the Department of Immigration and Colonization, Winnipeg.

The 1918 value of the lumber output for British Columbia was \$54,102,223; almost double that of 1915 and 12 per cent greater than that of 1917. The total production for the year was 1,545,422,000 feet. The lumber cut has increased over 50 per cent since 1915.

An increase of \$3 per 1,000 feet in the price of fir and hemlock has been announced, making a total advance of \$6 per 1,000 within the past month.

SMALLER CHARGE TO BE PLACED IN EXTINGUISHERS

Since the bursting of a portable fire extinguisher at a fire in Toronto, on February 5th last, at which Captain Moses Thompson lost his life, Fire Chief W. J. Smith has looked into the question of charging fire extinguishers with a smaller charge. After thoroughly testing all extinguishers in use in the Toronto Department, Chief Smith has found that satisfactory results can be obtained with a much smaller charge than is recommended by the manufacturer; there is also less liability of an explosion by using a smaller charge.

ELECTRICAL MEN FIGHT FIRE DEPT. AT DETROIT, MICH.

Unfair methods employed by some of the officials of the Fire Department at Detroit, Mich., was the cause of a strike by the electrical workers connected with that department. Discrimination shown against the men employed in this department, the underpaying of foremen, and the taking away of the vacation period of ten days which the men were always allowed in the past was charged by the strikers.

The strike was won after the men stayed out less than 24 hours, and they are now back at work under conditions contended for.

\$35.00 YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

Smart style, well tailored garments; sizes 34 to 38 only. Special price \$35.00

GILPIN & McCOMB

10123 JASPER AVENUE

IF WE PUT IN A WHITE ENAMELED SINK

in your kitchen it will add 100 per cent to both the appearance of the room and to your personal satisfaction. The old style sink may be clean but it doesn't look so. The white sink is clean and looks to the personal satisfaction of the kitchen queen. Want us to tell you the cost?

KELLY & KOKOTT CO.

10350 97th Street
Phone 1644 Muttart Block

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED BY IRVING KLINE

The Reliable Optician
10035 Jasper Avenue Phone 5264
"Where poor eyes and good glasses meet"

REAL CAUSE OF KEY MEN'S STRIKE NOT WAGE RATE

'Nobody Home' When Suggestion Offered That Postmaster General Take a Vacation

The commercial telegraphers' strike is not caused by a dispute over rates of pay and hours of service, said S. J. Small, former international president of the Commercial Telegraphers' union.

"The cause lies deeper," said the unionist, who recalled the union discriminating policy of the companies, their speeding up and sliding scale systems.

"By returning operating control of the wires to the private owners," he said, "and continuing in force the financial agreements, the operating companies are guaranteed their high rates of dividends and all necessary cash to fatten their sinking and other funds from government moneys collected by taxation from all of the people. Therefore, it is immaterial to the owners, under these conditions, whether the telegraphers' strike lasts one month or one year."

The unionist said that six weeks before the strike order was issued he undertook to harmonize both elements in this controversy.

"I visited a high official in the post office department and put the case to him bluntly and without reservation, suggesting that in view of the statements of the postmaster general indicating that he had no intention of resigning from the cabinet, might it not be possible to induce him, on a plea of indisposition, to take a few months' vacation and give an acting postmaster general an opportunity to untangle the disturbing conditions developed since he was given administrative powers of the various wire communication systems.

"The net result was comparable to a pleading throng of helpless citizens seeking admittance at the doors of an empty citadel, to be greeted with a resounding echo, 'Nobody home.'"

"Raincoat Weather"

Tweed Raincoats for Men, all this season's latest full fitting and belted styles at prices that saves you dollars

\$14.45, \$16.65, \$17.75 and \$22.50

JIM MARTIN'S

Jasper at Namayo

For Life and Accident Insurance
Talk **LOWRY** It
With **LOWRY** Pays

"The Travelers Man"
533 TEGLER BLDG. PHONE 5316

LEATHER PRICES

today makes it imperative upon all to investigate the Best Shoe Repair Service in this City.

"Progressive Shoe Repairers Are Better"
PROGRESSIVE SHOE REPAIR
LAMB BROS. Phone 2235
10050 105th St.

LEGAL CONVEYANCE OF ONE ORANGE

If a man were to give another an orange he would simply say, "I give you this orange." But when the transaction is entrusted to a lawyer to put in writing he adopts this form: "I hereby give and convey, bequeath, all and singular, my estate and interest, right, title, claim and advantages of and in said orange, together with all its rind, juice, pulp and pips, and all rights and advantages therein, with full power to bite, eat, suck and otherwise at the same or give the same away with or without the rind, skin, juice, pulp or pips, anything hereinbefore or hereinafter or in any other deed or deeds, instrument or instruments of whatever nature or kind whatsoever to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding."

And then another lawyer comes along and takes it away from you.

The union label protects the trade union against attack by making the purchaser the real employer.

The union label tends to make strikes unnecessary by making compliance with union conditions an advantage to business.

PHONE 1916 QUALITY COAL CO.
WAKAY FIRST 10055
101ST ST

EDMONTON FREE PRESS

Published at Edmonton, Alberta, every Saturday

Phone 5695 HENRY J. ROCHE, Publisher 101 PARVIS BLOCK

VOL. 1, No. 14 JULY 12, 1919

THE "POCKET" SELF-FILLING
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

Useful Simple Durable Convenient Practical
The Lever Fills It

A. H. ESCH & CO., LTD.

JASPER AVENUE
AT 104TH STREET

Does Your Watch Keep Time?

Our repair dept. is in a position now to handle watch repairs on a reasonably quick delivery through having been able to increase our staff.

Try us with yours and get satisfaction.

D. A. Kirkland
The Quality Jeweler

WHEN YOU are ready to store your furs
PHONE 5622

EDMUND P. JAEGER CO.
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS
9925 Jasper Ave.

Repairing Alterations

July Clearance Coats

A Clean Sweep must be effected of all Spring Goods, and Big Price Reductions Prevail on All Lines.

COATS
Rain Coats, Motor Coats, Dressy Coats, Dolmans and Capes, \$12.50, \$18.50, \$28.00, \$29.50, \$35.00 and \$45.00

July Clearance of Suits, Specially Priced, \$25.00, \$35.00 and \$55.00
July Clearance of Millinery \$2.95 to \$10.00

Forbes-Taylor Co.
10514-18 Jasper Avenue

SKY'S GROCERY

Goodridge Block
Jasper Ave., corner 97th St.
PHONE 2739

Quality, lowest prices and prompt delivery is our motto
Watch for specials in local papers

GIVE US A TRIAL

In Memoriam Cards
Beautiful Designs
Dredge & Crossland Limited
10123 100th Street

The Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council must change its color or lose its charter. A demand from union circles has been made that the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council charter be revoked. In short, orthodox union men all over the country are awakening to the demand that the O.B.U., I.W.O., Bolsheviks, Ultra-radicals, Reds, or whatsoever name the revolutionary element in Labor ranks wished to be called, be put outside the first line trenches of the great big and powerful army of Trades Unionism. Edmonton Trades and Labor Council, with foresight that commends itself particularly now, eliminated the O.B.U. element from its midst several months ago. This very fact severely singed the wings of the Edmonton Red element with the result that Edmonton weathered the O.B.U. windstorm visiting Western Canada more favorably than the majority of cities.

The writing on the wall merely means that Organized Labor is a lawful, sane, sound organization of good citizens seeking and demanding a right and just proportion of the wealth created; that the aims, the methods, and actions of Organized Labor are worthy of commendation and support of all fairminded people at all times.

Organized Labor is a part and parcel of the various social organizations composing society of the present day in self governing nations. It seeks by lawful and constitutional means to solve its problems and has been conspicuously successful in the past, and is making rapid strides today—still more urgent needs for readjustment notwithstanding. And it is the greatest element, the most influential and most powerful factor in the whole land in quenching the destructive and inflammatory Bolshevistic wave which temporarily appeared as a menace to social law and order.

From evidence appearing here and there Organized Trades Unionism is about to take cognizance of the activities of the O.B.U. brethren with the view of purging itself of that element of lawlessness. The Trades Union does not intend to tolerate such conduct longer. Tolerance much longer would sacrifice for Labor all the prestige and following and strength gained through the untiring efforts of many generations.

CHANGE OVERDUE.

Reform of the Canadian Senate is intimated in press dispatches from Ottawa. At the next session, it is declared, the government will bring in some proposed reform, to prevent private members from doing the job for it. The Senate has been little more than a political graveyard for a good many years. Occasionally it gets in the way by presuming to constitute a real function of government. In Canada there is no room for the exercise of any authority not delegated by the people. If it is expedient that there be two houses in the national government, the upper house should be elected. The need for two houses is seriously questioned. It is time that all supernumeraries be struck from the pay roll.

EXHIBITION OF GREAT MERIT.

Edmonton's 1919 Victory Exhibition has been a success from the onset, eclipsing all others in practically all departments and in all endeavors. There is no department of municipal endeavor in which Edmonton's success is so conspicuous as in the exhibition. To begin with it pays its way. This is due to superior management from the purely business standpoint. Coupled with this soundness, the enterprise is unequalled this side of Toronto. The added ground space this year accommodating the midway attractions and numerous other stands and booths give the exhibition a setting of material advantage. The Edmonton exhibition is a great big, live, up-to-the-minute enterprise comparing to advantage with similar undertakings anywhere.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

Merits of collective bargaining were exemplified this week when the bakers of the city arrived at a new schedule and new working conditions with the master bakers. All men employed in the bakers trade will receive the same minimum wage, all master bakers are on an equal footing as to payroll in competing for the trade. Had each master baker insisted on dealing with his individual employees only, there would have been no settlement of the strike yet and the city would have been without bread save what mother baked. When both sides really want to adjust a difference, want to arrive at a fair and just solution and do it quickly, it is usually brought about.

DIRECT CONTROL OF POLICE.

After experimenting with "independent commission" control of the provincial police for a year, the Attorney General's department of the provincial government has seen fit to abolish that system, appoint one commissioner in the person of Alfred Cuddy, police chief of Calgary, and make that head of the police directly responsible to the elected representatives of the people for the proper and efficient conduct of police affairs. The management of the police is thereby placed on a more businesslike and satisfactory basis. If anything goes wrong, the public will look directly to the Attorney General. The Attorney General, a minister of the government, is directly responsible for the police. There can be no sidestepping and "passing the buck." And the Attorney General does not seem to be trying to shirk any responsibility. Since its organization the provincial police have not been conspicuously successful in gaining public commendation for its work. Hence the change in administration. The Edmonton police administration, under the independent commission plan, has met with general disapproval.

SPINELESS REPORT.

That House of Commons Committee investigating the high cost of living discovered profiteering in the country ranging from 50 to 300 per cent, and the Prime Minister of Canada as a stock holder in one of the profiteering concerns. And the committee reports that cost of living is not due to profiteering and that greater production is the solution to the problem. The report of the committee was accepted by the National Government. This Parliament Committee has done a big service to the country, inadvertently or otherwise. Regardless of what its report may have been, the people of the whole country are familiar with some of the startling evidence presented, and no judgment on the part of the committee was required. Judgment had been passed by the public generally long before the committee had even discovered that the first minister of the government was a profiteer.

MUCH NEEDED REFORM.

Following the recommendation of the public schools superintendent, the Edmonton School Board is relieving principals of the larger school centers of class room instruction one half of each school day. The only criticism that can be directed at this action is that the principals of the larger schools are not relieved entirely of direct responsibility for teaching a particular class. At the same time it may be just as well to take off half the load at this time. The proper administration of the larger schools of any city is one of the biggest jobs in that city if it is filled adequately.

This innovation in the Edmonton school system is merely recognizing a principle that has been tried and proved economically and educationally sound in so many countries and places that it is never disputed by any reasonably well informed on school matters.

R. R. MEN ENDORSE ROCHDALE PLAN FOR CO-OPERATION

Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen Go On Record For Co-operation

The recent convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen went on record endorsing and to promote the Co-operative Movement.

This organization has many good locals of live members in the State of Illinois. These locals in accordance with the action of their convention will, no doubt, immediately get busy in their localities and organize local stores, or become more active for the movement in the localities where stores are already established.

They have endorsed the Rochdale plan, which is the most successful plan for co-operators and are therefore to be known as real co-operators.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen is an old reliable labor organization with a very intelligent membership and with their union on record for the co-operative movement will be a "big boost" for the co-operative movement and their unions.

The Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen have for years co-operated with the officers of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, in securing Labor Legislation. Dan McCarthy, an officer of their state organization, has for years been secretary of the Joint Labor Legislative Board, with offices in Springfield during the legislative sessions.

During the Fifty-first Illinois General Assembly Frank J. Purtil, who was representing the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen as Legislative Representative, during the absence of Dan McCarthy, was also acting as Secretary of the Joint Labor Legislative Board.

Dan McCarthy was in the United States Army. He was discharged about six weeks ago, and since that time has been at Springfield on his old job as Secretary of the Joint Labor Legislative Board. When such men as Dan McCarthy and Frank Purtil boost the co-operative movement among their membership, we know that will be a great deal of added strength to the Co-operative Movement in our state.

SCHOOL TEACHERS THREATEN STRIKE IN PORTO RICO

Teachers Conclude Real Cash Is Better Than Mere Words of Praise

Unless the legislature makes provision for an increase in teachers' salaries, Porto Rico is threatened with a strike of 2,500 school teachers. Commissioner of Education Paul G. Miller put the question of teachers' salaries up to the legislature.

"If the legislature takes the view that there is no money in the treasury with which to pay teachers, the answer is that the legislature is the only agency in Porto Rico that can put money in the treasury by proper revenue measures," said Commissioner Miller. "It is high time that teachers should have an addition of real cash rather than mere words of praise."

RECOGNITION OF UNION CAUSE OF THOROLD STRIKE

The Beaver Board Company at Thorold, Ont., are completely tied up as the result of a strike. At ten o'clock Friday morning the paper board makers, grinder and yardmen walked out, the machines remaining at work. The men interviewed the company a week ago and were promised eleven hours pay for an eight-hour day, to take effect July first, but the company would not recognize the union and it is for recognition of the union that the men are on strike.

TEAMSTERS GET WAGE INCREASE AT MONTREAL

An increase of \$1 per day has been granted to teamsters of the public works department of Montreal. Double teamsters have up till now received \$6.50 per day for themselves and two horses. Now, however they will receive \$7.50.

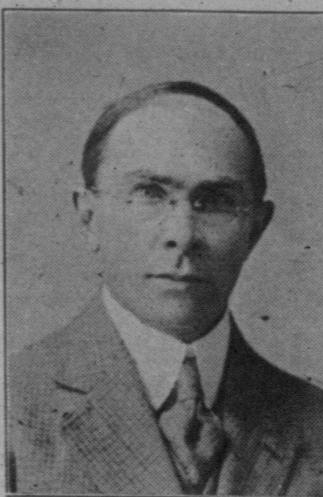
TEAMSTERS ASK FOR BOARD OF CONCILIATION

The Minister of Labor will be asked to establish a Board of Conciliation to go into the differences between over 600 teamsters in Toronto and their employers. The men are members of Local 191, International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablesmen, and Helpers. The firms involved are the Dominion Transport Company, The William Hendrie Cartage Company, Shelden Forwarding Company, Brown Storage Company, W. J. Meade Cartage Company, and several others. The wages at present are approximately \$75 per month, with a war bonus of \$5, making \$80. The hours range from nine and a half to ten and a half hours per day, state the officials of the men. The men request an eight-hour day and an increase of \$20 per month on present wages, and they desire to be paid weekly, instead of every two weeks as at present.

WHICH CURE DO YOU PREFER, SIR

Dr. E. A. Roe, D.O., M.D., Occupies Unique Distinction Among Physicians

Which will you have, physical manipulation, or something to work on inside? The unusual distinction of being a two-phased healer of human ailments is earned by a local physician in the person of Dr. E. A. Roe, D.O., M.D., meaning when translated Doctor Edmund Arthur Roe, doctor of osteopathy and doctor of medicine. This is brought about by Dr. Roe having successfully passed all the osteopathic and medical examinations required and prescribed by the much famed Alberta medical act. As is widely known any and all who would practice upon the Alberta population must pass examinations prescribed by the Alberta medical board, regardless of the number of standing of universities and colleges from which one



Dr. E. A. Roe, D.O., M.D.

may have graduated or the length of success of practice one may have experienced. Accordingly Dr. Roe found it necessary to write said examinations when he located in Edmonton some thirteen months ago.

The osteopathic colleges of repute cover the curriculum prescribed usually for the medical doctor. Dr. Roe took the prescribed examinations for osteopathy last fall and incidentally bit, off considerable of medical examination at the same time. He made application to the University senate to take his written medical examination and, after the senate had satisfied itself that the osteopathic institution of which Dr. Roe is a graduate, had covered the work, permission to write was granted. The examination was passed, and Dr. Roe now occupies the rather unusual position of being a regularly licensed and duly constituted osteopathic physician and a medical physician—so take your choice.

BROTHERHOOD IS DIRECTLY OPPOSED TO ONE BIG UNION

A definite stand in the fight of Labor organizations affiliated with the American Federation of Labor against the One Big Union movement has been taken by the Federated Council of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers and Express and Station Employees. This organization took part in a strike about two months ago and its troubles were amicably settled by the Canadian Railway Board of Adjustment. The leaders of the organization declare that they are directly opposed to general sympathetic strikes and the One Big Union as demanded by western radicals.

MONCTON ELECTRICAL STRIKE IS SETTLED

The strike of electrical workers in Moncton, N.B., insofar as the Moncton Tramways Electric and Gas Company is concerned was settled last week and the men have resumed work. The mediation of the mayor and city clerk resulted in bringing the tramways officials and men together. Some concessions in the way of wages and better hours have been granted to the men.

MONTREAL SUGAR REFINERS GET WAGE INCREASE

The Canada Sugar Refinery help at Montreal went back to work last week satisfied with their promises, and they were joined promptly by the other men of the St. Lawrence, and so that lot may be ticked off as going for a while at any rate. Messrs. Bastien and Giffard have been working carefully in this matter of the Refinery men, and in the case of the Canada it is reported that the management, under the direction of George Bower, the head of the plant, good interviews were obtained and a strike was avoided by the best of common sense prevailing. The men now get 35 to 45 cents an hour, instead of the old rate of 20 to 35 cents.

Hoisting and Portable Engineers in Fredericton, N.B., who are now solidly organized, have signed up a new agreement with the employers that provides for a material increase in wages, the new minimum being placed at \$42 a week. Better working conditions were also conceded by the employers. This organization is chartered by the International Brotherhood of Steam Engineers.

Men! Buy Your Exhibition Taggery Here Tomorrow

The July Clearance Sale, presents a splendid chance to economize on everything you'll need for the occasion. Our immense summer stocks are being cleared at sensational price reductions in spite of advancing markets. Such news will prove intensely interesting to men, for the best part of the summer is yet to come, not to speak of the annual vacation, when suitable summer apparel will surely be needed. Get in line for the following (Main Floor):

MEN'S STRAW HATS

THE FINAL CLEAN UP
This will probably be your last chance to secure a summer straw at a big saving in price. The whole stock is moving out fast. All the season's styles.
MEN'S STRAW BOATERS and FEDORA STYLES: Regular \$2.50 Sale **\$1.65** Regular \$3.00 Sale **\$2.15** Regular \$3.50 Sale **\$2.65**

MEN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR

AT JULY CLEARANCE PRICES
Cool and comfortable Underwear is a necessity these days. Get into a suit of the quality WHITE COTTON COMBINATIONS with short sleeves, knee length. Regular \$1.50. Clearing at **\$1.15**
MEN'S WHITE BALBRIGGAN COMBINATIONS with long sleeves and long leg. All sizes. Clearing at **\$1.50**

BOYS' LINEN HATS AT A SACRIFICE

Just the kind for the summer holidays to play around in. Made of white linen trimmed with red facings. Suitable for all ages. Hurry for these; 9 a.m. Rush Clearance Price **35c**

WOOL JERSEYS FOR THE LITTLE FELLOWS.

REGULAR \$2.00; SALE PRICE \$1.25
Spangled quality Wool Jerseys; English make. The famous "St. Margaret's Brand," button on shoulder. Ages 3 to 5 years. Regular \$2.00. Clearance Price **\$1.25**

Mens High Grade Footwear at a Big Saving in Price

Regular \$7.50, \$8.00 and \$8.50. Sale Price \$6.45

Included in the lot are MEN'S FINE CALF SKIN in cherry red, mahogany, nut brown and black. These have Goodyear welted oak tanned leather soles or brown and white Neolin soles with rubber heels. There are also a few Willow Calf Blucher Cut Boots with unlined uppers, double viscolled leather soles. The styles are all this season's, with medium, medium narrow or medium round toes. Sizes 5 to 11. Regular prices \$7.50, \$8.00 and \$8.50. July Clearance Price **\$6.45**

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Alberta Lumber Co., Ltd.
Dealer in LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIALS
Corner Jasper Ave. and 93rd St. Phone 2138

H. M. E. EVANS & CO. LTD.
Insurance—All Classes
Houses for Sale
House and Building Lot Listings Solicited
VICTORY BONDS
Highest price paid—spot cash
Union Bank Building
Telephones 2115, 4212

Exhibition Week Special

Children's and Misses' Patent Leather Slippers

Sizes from 1 1/2 to 5.....\$2.00
Sizes from 5 to 7 1/2.....\$2.50
Sizes from 8 to 10 1/2.....\$3.25
Sizes from 11 to 2.....\$3.95

DOMINION SHOE STORE

A. K. Taylor 10145 JASPER AVENUE B. W. Atkinson

WE try to serve our customers as they wish to be served to see that you get what you came for and are satisfied with it after you get it.
We guarantee your satisfaction.

Stanley & Jackson

10117 JASPER AVENUE