



## WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST.

**The Weekly Colonist.**

Tuesday, December 20, 1864.

REQUIESCAT.

### LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Wednesday, Dec. 14.

**THE WRONG MAN.** — Yesterday some amusement was occasioned in the police court by the wrong man appearing in answer to a charge of disorderly conduct. The officer stated that the accused had used abusive language towards him and that he behaved like a scoundrel. The supposed offender, who is a well known swindler, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a fine of £10. The magistrate stated that he heard a noise in his yard and on going outside detected the persons in the act of bagging one of the feathered occupants of the house. Immediately John saw complainant approach the Shanghaian and demanded "Is it fast as his legs would carry him?" He was however followed and captured. The prisoner through his attorney first asserted that he was there for the very legitimate purpose of investing in "spuds," and afterwards that he happened to be passing and hearing a disturbance among the chickens he stepped in to enquire the cause. The magistrate did not consider the defense sufficiently explanatory, and sent John for 12 months to the chain gang.

**NATHAN AND BOYLE.** — Samuel Nathan appeared on demand yesterday on a charge of feloniously appropriating certain articles of jewelry belonging to his reputed wife Mary Boyle. Mr. Courtney prosecuted and Mr. Cary defended. The case was finally dismissed on the accused bringing to render the value which he had received from his master. On the conclusion of the trial the parties commenced abusing one another, and had to be somwhat cooled by the Bench.

**CHARGE OF INSANITY.** — John Tait was yesterday brought before the Police Magistrate charged with threatening to shoot Mr. W. Pearce, Acting Surveyor General. As it appeared that the accused was of sound mind, Mr. Bishop remanded him for one week, that a medical certificate might be given of his state.

**THE IDAHO TRAGEDY.** — George Smith arrested under a suspicion from the U. S. authorities on suspicion of being concerned in the Idaho robbery and murder, was yesterday brought up in the Police Court and remanded for three days to enable the Police to complete the evidence against him.

**BOND OVER.** — The assault case in the Police Court between Gorrieon and Abbott resulted yesterday in defendant being bound over to keep the peace for six months in the sum of £10. The magistrate dismissed the first charge and postponed the further hearing of the second until Friday.

**ASSAULT.** — Barney Dougherty was yesterday tried at 10 or 12 days' imprisonment for the assault upon Alexander McKinnon.

**POLICE COURT.** — Charles Good was charged yesterday with stealing a horse of the value of £75, belonging to Samuel Barlow.

Mr. Bishop acted for the complainant. On investigation into the merits of the case it appeared that the dispute was one of mere identity, and the parties having agreed to a compromise, the charge was dismissed.

The other cases were unimportant.

**THE IDAHO TRAGEDY.** — Oberon Ferrall

**CHRISTMAS RECESS.** — The House of Commons returned yesterday afternoon having succeeded in capturing Dulligan "the Brooky Jack" on Vinalhaven Island. The sheep Devon, the property of Dulligan, has been taken possession of by the Police.

**TAR-EVER.** — This unfortunate bark has been beaten at Dutton's yard, and her last stoppage was the wharf and have down to be prepared.

**H. M. GRAPPLER.** — We are informed that as soon as the repairs to the Grappler are completed she will be placed in commission for active service.

**MASONIC BURIAL.** — The St. John's Eve Ball to be given by the Masonic Lodges of this city, will be held in the House of Assembly on the 24th instant.

**SILVER.** — H. M. S. Charbydis left Esquimalt yesterday afternoon for England, calling down this evening a party of New Westminister for the same purpose.

**THE EAST TREASURE SHIPMENTS.** — The amount of treasure forwarded from Portland by the Brother Jonathan to San Francisco is \$140,000, this with the \$270,125 shipped from this port made a total of \$425,165, 20, besides what was conveyed in private hands.

**ODYSSEY HOME.** — H. M. S. Charbydis sailed for England, via Valparaiso, this morning.

**WILLIAM J. B. STUART & CO.** — This was an action in which the plaintiff, represented by Mr. Gopland, sued the defendants advised by Messrs. Pearce & Green for \$220 for wages of Quarters. Mr. Stewart had paid \$36.36 into Court, as the amount due, and pleaded that the plaintiff had remained five months after he had been discharged. The Judge held that the action should have been brought against the administrator, and therefore the suit was dismissed.

**TODD & CO. v. J. T. PINEAU.** — This was an action in which the plaintiff, represented by Mr. Gopland, sued the defendants advised by Messrs. Pearce & Green for \$220 for wages of Quarters. Mr. Stewart had paid \$36.36 into Court, as the amount due, and pleaded that the plaintiff had remained five months after he had been discharged. The Judge held that the action should have been brought against the administrator, and therefore the suit was dismissed.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.** —

**CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA, CRAMP, AGUE, FEVER, RHEUMATIC CONSTITUTION, ASTHMA, COUGH, &c.**

**A. L. PAIN, VOMITING AND DISTRESSES.** — A case in a few minutes after taking does of this wonderful SANCTUARY AND ANESTHETIC.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE M.R.C.S.L.** (ex-Army Medical Staff) in the receipt of which was compiled solely to relieve pain.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.** — A medical testimony of civil hospitals, military and American Missions, Royal Hospital, Suez Canal, and Captain White's Oriental Pickle, Curry Powder and Paste, and Milligatawney Paste.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.** — An astrigent in several Diarrhoeas and an antiseptic in various Complaints in the Abdomen. The result is instantaneous.

**CHLORODYNE.** — Via Chancery St. W. 1. Wood, and all presenters, that is a specially prepared Remedy for the cure of Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and other Complaints, and discoverer of a remedy for the cure of Diarrhoea, and other Complaints.

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### HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, Dec. 12.

House met at 3:30 p.m. Members present—Messrs. DeCosmo, Franklin, Young, Tolmie, Trimble, Dickson, Dennis.

### INCORPORATION BILL.

This bill came up for a third reading, and after a few words from Mr. Tolmie, the question of making provision in the bill for a Medical School or College, was passed and the bill began:

### INCORPORATION BILL.

Mr. Tolmie moved that the consideration of the Incorporation Bill be postponed till the 2d of January next.

The bill required the careful attention of all members, and he was aware of the various

objections which had been made to it, and he

had no objection to it.

Mr. DeCosmo said that no member would give

notice of his motion as to adjourn the bill.

(Mr. DeCosmo) would not object to the consideration of the bill.

He could not understand the cause of the

postponement of a subject which was as familiar

to every one in this country as their alphabet.

He was well aware that there were people who

objected to the extension of the electorate, and

the principal improvements without contributing

towards municipal expenses. There was

plenty of time for getting up petitions during the

progress of the bill, and if the bill was not passed,

he could not understand the cause of this proposed delay.

He would ask

that the house adjourn till to-morrow.

Mr. Ward said that he did not wish him to think

that there was any disposition to delay the bill.

He would say, however, that he would prefer to

postpone the consideration of the bill, after the

vote of the citizens of Victoria, whom he had

the honor to represent, that this debate be ad-

journed till to-morrow.

Mr. Kean said that he did not wish him to think

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## THE IDAHO STAGE ROBBERY.

Lawrence Dulligan (alias Brokey Jack), and George Smith, the two men whose capture under the extradition treaty upon a charge of robbing the Idaho stage on the highway between Virginia and Salt Lake cities, has already been recorded, were brought up yesterday before A. F. Pemberton Esq., attorney magistrate. The case awakened considerable interest, and the proceedings were listened to with marked interest by a large number of spectators.

Mr. Bishop acted for the prosecution, and Mr. Gary, instructed by Mr. Courtney, conducted the defense.

Mr. James H. Kirk, Sheriff of Lewiston, Idaho Territory, was in attendance, and produced certified copies of the depositions taken before the proper authorities in Utah and Colorado.

The information laid before us follows:

From information I have received, there is reason to believe that on or about the 20th day of August last past a highway robbery was committed between Virginia and Salt Lake cities, and that Brokey Jack, George Smith and two other men, who are now after described, were the perpetrators of the robbery. Property to the value of \$25,000 and upwards was taken.

I am specially informed and believe that the robbers were in the colony of Vancouver Island and its dependencies, and pray for warrants for their arrest.

Brokey Jack and George Smith are known to the police officers here. The two other men are described as having been heavy black whiskers, but short black hair, dark complexion, being between 22 and 30 years of age and medium size. I make this application by virtue of a regulation to the Governor of Idaho Territory, U. S. of America, under the Extradition Treaty between England and the U. S. of America.

(Signed) A. F. PEMBERTON.

John Bishop of Denver, Colorado, depo- posed that he was a citizen of Denver, in the Territory of Colorado; and that on the 20th April last he left Denver for Virginia City in Montana via Salt Lake City, and that he arrived there on 18th May. He remained in that city until 18th August, when he left in company with three other passengers for Denver, in one of Oliver's coaches, a stage line plying between those districts. On arriving at a point some 22 miles east of Snake river, on the mail route, the coach was stopped by four armed men, and all the passengers were ordered by the leader of the party to get out, which request was complied with, and all the said passengers were robbed of all their money in gold dust. The deponent was asked by the captain of the coach to hand over all the valises and carpet bags, which he refused, and the driver was asked a similar question and replied that he "would not do it." The leader of the band then entered the vehicle and took out all the baggage belonging to the passengers and carried it a short distance from the coach and laid them on the ground. He then demanded the keys and forced the owners of the valises to open them, and from which he abstracted all the treasure except about 100 ounces in gold dust belonging to one Stanley, amounting in the aggregate to twenty-three thousand eight hundred dollars, consisting of United States coin and gold dust. The deponent further states that he was individually robbed of \$5,000, and that the leader of the band, is well known on the route in question as "Brokey Jack" the Highwayman, that he is about 20 inches in height, very heavy weight from 180 lbs to 200 lbs, and about 40 to 45 years of age. At the time of the robbery he wore heavy whiskers. He is evidently a foreigner, and is believed to be either a Scotchman or Irishman.

John Conover depo- posed that he resided at a station called Portrill, in Idaho, was a driver of one of Oliver & Co.'s express coaches, consisting of four horses. On the 20th August the conveyance contained four passengers, and when about 300 yards south of a place called Dry Creek he saw four men coming up the road on horseback, whom he supposed to be packers, as they were driving loose animals, all the men were armed with double-barreled shot guns, except one who had a pistol. When the men came up to the coach, they turned out two and two on either side, and who opposite the leaders leveled their guns at the deponent, ordered him to halt. Finding resistance useless, he dismounted. The robbers then insisted on the passengers walking away a short distance, each one leaving a man in the coach, the guns being leveled at them all the while. Deponent further states that one of the men whom he supposed to be the captain of the band, because he did all the talking, giving orders and searching, after the driver declined to fetch out the treasure, got off his horse, personally searched the passengers and made the respective owners unlock their trunks, and he abstracted all the gold coin he could find. The money and valuables were in small sacks, and the robbers plaged the men with Captain's saddle bags. The passengers then stated the captain robber to release them enough money to take them to the Missouri river, which was at once conceded; the robbers then departed in the direction north towards Snake river, the leader of the gang remarking to his victims that if ever they saw them again (meaning the robbers), perhaps it might be in Missouri, and they (the passengers) might be poor then, and they (the robbers) would help them, etc. The robbers further appropriated two shot guns and three revolvers. The supposed captain of the gang, deponent took to be an Irishman, about thirty years of age, light brown hair, blue eyes, sandy whiskers, and five feet inches in height, and should give a more particular description than general state when they met with their chief did the plundering, thus preventing his naming them satisfactorily.

When the depositions were read over, the prisoner Smith, who is a tall, raw-boned, un-

gaily looking man, with a forbidding expression, apparently an American, made an interlocutory remark in respect to the description given of one of the robbers, "that's me, sure!" Mr. Fish did not catch his words, and Smith said he would repeat the observation, but, on being cautioned by the Bench, said he did not care about repeating it, as he was a master of indifference to him what the depositions contained, and there was no use in his saying anything. The depositions gave the fullest and best account of the affair that had been seen, but it was all new to him.

John Dulligan (alias Brokey Jack), and George Smith, the two men whose capture under the extradition treaty upon a charge of robbing the Idaho stage on the highway between Virginia and Salt Lake cities, has already been recorded, were brought up yesterday before A. F. Pemberton Esq., attorney magistrate. The case awakened considerable interest, and the proceedings were listened to with marked interest by a large number of spectators.

Mr. Bishop acted for the prosecution, and Mr. Gary, instructed by Mr. Courtney, conducted the defense.

Mr. James H. Kirk, Sheriff of Lewiston,

Idaho Territory, was in attendance, and produced certified copies of the depositions taken before the proper authorities in Utah and Colorado.

The information laid before us follows:

From information I have received, there is reason to believe that on or about the 20th day of August last past a highway robbery was committed between Virginia and Salt Lake cities, and that Brokey Jack, George Smith and two other men, who are now after described, were the perpetrators of the robbery. Property to the value of \$25,000 and upwards was taken.

I am specially informed and believe that the robbers were in the colony of Vancouver Island and its dependencies, and pray for warrants for their arrest.

Brokey Jack and George Smith are known to the police officers here. The two other men are described as having been heavy black whiskers, but short black hair, dark complexion, being between 22 and 30 years of age and medium size. I make this application by virtue of a regulation to the Governor of Idaho Territory, U. S. of America, under the Extradition Treaty between England and the U. S. of America.

(Signed) A. F. PEMBERTON.

Sword to me, &c.

(Signed) A. F. PEMBERTON.

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To the bench—Did you ever hear any one call me by the name of Brokey Jack?

Witness—No; I don't think I have.

Prisoner—Did you ever hear of more than one called Brokey Jack in the country?

Witness—Yes; I believe I have heard of two.

Prisoner—Do I answer to the description of one of them? I am a man of about 22, 23, 24 years of age, and am described as follows:

Witness—Yes; I believe I have heard of two.

Prisoner—How do you know it is not the description of the other man?

Witness—Because I happen to know that he is dead (laughed).

Mr. Pemberton—Have either of you any further questions to ask?

Witness—No; I have not.

Dulligan (apparently quite imperturbable)—Well, I don't see it's any use. He swears I'm the man, and I'm ready to go with him. Me seems a very decent sort of man, but I don't want him to persecute himself. Why doesn't he bring some one to identify me, because it puts me to great inconvenience. I shall already lose two or three hundred dollars by this affair, and I don't know whether you are aware of it, Judge, but they have seized my sleep.

Mr. Pemberton—You will have your remedy. I can do nothing here where I am.

Prisoner—The Government of Vancouver Island won't assist me, my sleep has been seized and they have seized my bed.

Witness—He was put in, because he was the vessel owner, at least I do. It's all the same, and they are respectable and innocent young men as I am myself. (Laughter.)

To the bench—Did you ever issue a warrant, Mr. Pemberton, to seize my vessel and papers?

Mr. Pemberton—No. I received a requisition from the Governor to cause your arrest wherever you could be found.

Prisoner—Well, Judge, when this is over who am I to sue for my sleep?

Mr. Pemberton—Let the trial proceed in regular course, if you have any application to make to me I will hear it at the proper time.

Mr. Bishop here applied for a postponement, and the court adjourned.

Mr. Bishop—Will you have your remedy?

Mr. Pemberton—You will have your remedy.

Prisoner—I can do nothing here where I am.

Mr. Pemberton—The trial will be adjourned.

Prisoner—The trial will be adjourned.

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**The Weekly Colonist.**  
Tuesday, December 20, 1862.

**PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S MESSAGE.**

The annual message of the President of the United States is always a more important document than that which emanates from His Majesty on the opening of Parliament. While the latter is generally a merely formal statement, abounding in the most meagre common places, for its great object is to avoid saying anything that can by any possible means be construed into a subject for argument—the former goes minutely into the general condition of the country during the past year, and places vigorously before Congress the political wants and exigencies of the country. In the usual condition of the United States these messages have always been more interesting to the world in general, but since the commencement of the present civil war their importance has been immeasurably enhanced. The present message, the principal portion of which we publish elsewhere, does not, however, possess the same amount of interest as any of its predecessors since 1860, for the reason, probably that the general policy of the Cabinet at Washington has assumed a defined and settled shape and is pretty thoroughly understood by the world at large. At the same time the same, which the message gives of the actual condition of the Republic is worthy of notice, and must be interesting to every person who is desirous of studying contemporaneous history—especially of the most important events which have probably ever before taken place in the political world.

**THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.**

By the Jenny Jones we receive files of papers, and extract the following from the President's message:—

*"MAINTAINING THE UNION.—The following Citizens of the Senate, and House of Representatives:—*

**FOREIGN AFFAIRS.**

The condition of our foreign affairs is reasonably satisfactory. Mexico continues to be a threat to the United States, and we hope that country undergoes no change, we have at the same time strictly maintained neutrality between the belligerents.

**TELEGRAPH VIA BIRMINGHAM'S STRAITS.**

The proposed Overland Telegraph between America and Australia, which was introduced into Congress in the last session, has been under taken under very favorable circumstances by an association of American citizens, with the cordial good will and support of all this Government. We have received frequent news of the growth of the enterprise and their readiness to co-operate in constructing lines in concert with those of the Canadian, States of their high appreciation of the value of such a communication between the eastern coast of America and Great Britain has been renewed with full expectation of its accomplishment. Thus it is hoped that with the aid of dry land lines we shall be able to resume with energy and advantage her former high career of commerce and civilization.

**FLORIDA, FORT.**

The posts of Norfolk, Fernandina and Pensacola, have been captured by the rebels, and we hope that for some time to come will now consider whether it is not more probable to themselves as well as to the United States, to restore these to the other party than it is to pursue through force, land and sea, a costly and difficult blockade with other ports which are situated on both sides of the Atlantic.

**DEBLOTTED RIGHTS.**

The slave question forms a prominent feature in the message. The amendment to the Constitution, abolishing slavery throughout the United States, which passed the Senate last session but was not carried by the necessary two-thirds majority in the House, the President again presses upon the attention of Congress. He points out to the pro-slavery members in the House of Representatives that the recent elections indicate a strong anti-slavery sentiment, and that if the present House does not pass the amendment the next House is bound to do it through the force of the popular will. So far as he himself is concerned, he declares his absolute purpose of neither retarding nor modifying his emancipation proclamation, nor of returning to slavery a single person who is made free by that celebrated manifesto. If the people, says Lincoln, should by whatever mode or means make it my executive duty to reclaim such persons, and her, and not I, shall be their instrument.

**EMANCIPATION.**

The act passed at the last session for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, which will go to the States for their adoption, and as it is to go, at all events, may not agree that the sooner the better. It is not election has imposed a duty on members to change their views or votes, any farther than as an additional element to be considered, their judgment may be affected by it. It is the voice of the people now for the first time heard on the question. In a great national crisis like ours unanimity of action among those seeking a common end is very desirable, almost indispensable, and yet no approach to such unanimity is at all possible, unless some deference shall be paid to the will of the majority, finally determined by the will of the majority. This movement is destined to be a powerful and lasting one, and while making this adjustment it is deemed best to leave it to the action of the Imperial Government, and after the expiration of six months, if the period continues, to submit the existing arrangements with Great Britain, the United States must hold themselves to liberty to increase their armament, and to find that they are needed.

**CANADIAN BORDER.**

In view of the insecurity of life in the regions adjacent to the Canadian border, caused by recent assaults and depredations committed by Indians and desperadoes who harbored there, it has been decided to postpone the action of the Senate, as well as the House of Representatives, until after the expiration of six months, the period contained in the existing arrangement with Great Britain, the United States must hold themselves to liberty to increase their armament, and to find that they are needed.

**GENERAL AMENDMENT.**

At the last session of Congress a proposed amendment of the Constitution, abolishing slavery throughout the United States, passed the Senate, but failed for lack of the regular two-thirds vote of the House of Representatives. Although the present is a Congress which nearly the same members, without question, are in favor of the principles of those who stood in opposition, it is to recommend the passage of the measure at the present session. Of course the abstract question is not changed by an intervening election, but it has almost certainly indicated that the next Congress will pass the measure if this does not. Hence there is only a question of time as to when the proposed amendment will go to the States for their adoption, and as it is to go, at all events, may not agree that the sooner the better. It is not election has imposed a duty on members to change their views or votes, any farther than as an additional element to be considered, their judgment may be affected by it. It is the voice of the people now for the first time heard on the question. In a great national crisis like ours unanimity of action among those seeking a common end is very desirable, almost indispensable, and yet no approach to such unanimity is at all possible, unless some deference shall be paid to the will of the majority, finally determined by the will of the majority. This movement is destined to be a powerful and lasting one, and while making this adjustment it is deemed best to leave it to the action of the Imperial Government, and after the expiration of six months, if the period continues, to submit the existing arrangements with Great Britain, the United States must hold themselves to liberty to increase their armament, and to find that they are needed.

**TERITORIAL AND TERRITORIAL.**

The territories of the United States are generally in a condition of prosperity and rapid growth, and the increase of population, regular emigration, as one of the principal causes of this increase, and the extension of communication with them by Indian hostilities, have been only partially organized; but it is understood that these difficulties are about to disappear, which will permit their governments to be more easily and rapidly established and fully organized.

**INDIAN WAR AND TERRITORIAL.**

The great majority of Indians in the American West, Pacific by railroad and overland, have been put into operation. It seems to need amendment which will enable the officers of the Government to prevent the practice of frauds against the Indians who are on their way and on their arrival at their new homes. All that is necessary is to secure the due payment of the compensation and place of settlement of the Indians, which is manifested by the receipt of the treaty of the 6th of June, 1854. I desire, however, to add that while making this adjustment it is the essential duty of the Government to be uniformly just and uniformly true to the United States, but on the contrary there is every reason to expect that with the approval of the Imperial Government they will be more nearly unanimous in their efforts to prevent new incursions across the border.

**GENERAL REMARKS OF THE WAR.**

Our general resources are now more complete and abundant than ever. The national resources then are exhausted and as we believe inexhaustible. The public purpose to re-establish and maintain the national authority is unchanged, and we believe unchangeable. The manner of continuing the effort it remains to choose. Our careful consideration of all the evidence accessible it seems to me that no attempt at negotiation with the insurgent leader could result in any good. He would accept of nothing short of the separation of the Union. His declaration to that effect is explicit and off repeated. He does not attempt to deceive us. He affords us no excuse to deceive ourselves. We cannot voluntarily yield. Between him and us there is a distance, simple and inflexible. It is an interval which can only be traversed by war and decided by victory. If we yield we become the Southern party.

**FRIDAY, Dec. 15.**

House met at 3:15 p.m. Members present:

Mrs. Franklin, Young, Tolmie, Southgate, Burnaby, Denrees.

Some certain and other possible questions are and would be beyond the executive power to adjust. For instance, the admission of members into Congress, and whatever might require the appropriation of money. The executive power itself would be greatly diminished by the cessation of actual war. Pardons and remissions of forfeitures, however, would still be within reach of executive control. In what spirit and temper has the control would be exercised can be fairly judged by the past. A single general amnesty, or amnesties, on specified classes, were offered to the entire population designated class, and it was at the same time made known that the excepted classes were still within the contemplation of special clemency. During the year many arraigned themselves of the general provision, and many more would have, only that the signs of bad faith in some value to the National cause.

The election has exhibited another fact, not less valuable to be known. The fact that we do not approach extinction in the most important branch of the National resources that of living men. While the politicians have shown their knowledge that there is no candidate for any office whatever, high or low, has ever ventured to seek votes on the ground that he was giving up the Union. There has been no single individual who has not made a positive stand in favor of the Union, and the mode of advancing the Union cause, but on the distinct side of Union, or no Union. The politicians have shown their knowledge that there is no candidate for any office whatever, high or low, has ever ventured to seek votes on the ground that he was giving up the Union. There has been no single individual who has not made a positive stand in favor of the Union, and the mode of advancing the Union cause, but on the distinct side of Union, or no Union. 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Tuesday, December 20, 1864.

Visitors at the Mechanics' Institute.—Yesterday morning Mr. Charles Keen, in company with Mr. Sproat, the Vice President of the Mechanics' Institute, visited the library and reading-room, and expressed himself much pleased with the tasteful and comfortable appearance of the rooms. Before leaving, Mr. Keen requested to be allowed to become a member of the institute. At half-past two o'clock His Excellency the Governor paid a visit to the Institute rooms, and was received by the President, Vice President, Secretary, and several of the Committee of Management. His Excellency was highly satisfied with the mode in which the rooms had been furnished and supplied with reading matter, and expressed his conviction that great good would result from the establishment of the Institute—adding that even if the Government should expand the public funds in putting up a dozen reading rooms in the city, the money would be well expended.

His Excellency had kindly consented to preside at the formal opening of the Institute, which will take place early next week.

INDIA PASSAGE.—We understand that Messrs. A. F. Pemberton and E. G. Astor, Indian Commissioners, will, on Wednesday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock, present through the Rev. A. C. Garrett, a number of blanketed and other stores to the Sonargaon Indians, purchased with the proceeds of rents of property on the reserve. His Excellency the Governor will be present and address the tribe. The presentation will be made at the school house, in the rear of the residence of the Rev. Mr. Garrett, who continues

THE GREAT ENGAGEMENT.—Mr. and Mrs. Keen will appear in the theatre on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights, which will terminate their engagement with Mr. Ward.

On Thursday night the distinguished visitors will be present, by invitation, at the subscription ball, to be held in the House of Assembly, and on Friday, should the mail steamer arrive, they will take their departure for San Francisco via Portland.

WHISKY CHARGE DISMISSED.—The charge against McLean and Butler for supplying spirits to Indians was resumed yesterday in the Police Court. Mr. Bishop called additional testimony in support of an alibi, and the magistrate finding the evidence so contradictory said there had been some hard swearing somewhere, but as it was possible that the officers might have been mistaken in the persons, he must dismiss the case.

MURKIN.—Yesterday evening, at 7:35, a remarkably brilliant meteor passed through the constellation of Orion to the eastern horizon; it was equal in magnitude to the light of four planets, and burst with a violet-blue flash. So large a bolt we have not noticed since that which appeared in England in August, 1862, and which exploded over Liverpool.

FRAZER UR.—By last advices Fraser river was frozen over below Pitt river, and there was every prospect of the entire river being blocked in the course of another day or two. Communication with New Westminster will probably have to be made via Burrard's Inlet for sometime to come.

A GOOD PASSAGE.—That smart little craft the Fideler made an excellent run up to Nanaimo on Friday last, with the barge with the old barge of the Thames in tow, arriving about 12 o'clock at night. The passengers gave Capt. London three cheers as she went under.

A GALE.—A violent south-west gale sprang up early yesterday morning and raged with fitful gusts until sundown, when it moderated and turned to east. A report was in circulation that a canoe had capsized during the night off the harbor and all hands lost. Particulars wanting.

FRASER RIVER BRAGONS.—By an advertisement in this morning's paper it will be seen that the Beavers on the North and South Sandheads at the Mouth of Fraser river have been carried away by the late gales.

THE FABRICANT'S MESSAGE.—The Annual Message of President Lincoln to the United States Congress, which was telegraphed to the Pacific Tribune at Olympia, appears in our columns this morning.

ACCIDENT AT LEESCH RIVER.—We learn that a man has been accidentally shot through the foot at Leesch River. The wound is not dangerous.

STEAMER NANAIMO.—The steamer Fideler, London, arrived from Nanaimo on Saturday night at 10:30, with Captain Nicol, 60 other passengers and ten tons of freight.

Governor Sawyer and wife will return to New Westminster to day or His Excellency's return to Victoria.

Dr. Ann is obliged through urgent private business to leave the colony for a few months. He proposes returning to resume his practice with the least possible delay.

HARD-EAR Books at Roger & Co., Government street, three pairs for half a dollar, and six pairs for one dollar. All sizes and styles.

Invincible Carpet, Roger & Co., Government street, have on hand a variety of Blue Mosaic, Velvet, and Tasseled Inverness Capes.

JOHN W. ARMSTRONG, Bookseller, Government street, opposite the Hotel Victoria, has a large stock of American and English books.

## THE WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST.

## COMMERCIAL.

FOR PORT SOUND.—The steamer Jenny Jones sailed for Olympia and way port yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

FROM NAMAIMO.—The steamer Fideler, Capt. London, arrived this evening from Nanaimo and way settlements, with 62 passengers, and 50 tons of freight.

SHIPPING AT NANAIMO.—The schooner Crosby for Portland, and the steamer Emily Harris and schooner Meg Merrill for the port, were loading at Nanaimo, yesterday morning.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.—The steamer Otter arrived from New Westminster yesterday afternoon at half past three o'clock, with 25 passengers and a small freight. owing to the large quantity of ice in the river, the Otter discharged her freight on Tuesday night, and would have left at once but was delayed by the thick weather to wait till daylight next morning. It was snowing heavily during the Otter's run down the river and half way across the Gulf.

PEAK POKE AVENUE.—The steamer Northern Light arrived yesterday afternoon with passenger, from Port Angeles.

FOR ALBERNI.—The steamer Thames sailed yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Alberni, with 6 passengers and a full freight of mill supplies.

FOR NANAIMO.—The steamer Fideler sailed for Nanaimo yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, with passengers and freight.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—The bark Golden Gate sailed yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Seattle, to load lumber for San Francisco.

A CARD.—The steamer Northern Light arrived yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Alberni, with 6 passengers and a full freight of mill supplies.

THE REV. A. C. GARRETT, a number of blankets and other stores to the Sonargaon Indians, purchased with the proceeds of rents of property on the reserve. His Excellency the Governor will be present and address the tribe. The presentation will be made at the school house, in the rear of the residence of the Rev. Mr. Garrett, who continues

VAUGHAN'S EVERLASTING "CRAFTS."—It is superior to anything afloat. One sitting of a few seconds is only required to produce sufficient photographic definition for the artist to work a picture of any size. Distortion, occurring in solarizing, is avoided, and durability attained. Medium size, \$20; Large size, \$30; colored, \$50. Suitable cases, from \$10 to \$30, extra.

CHRISTMAS TRADE.—The largest and finest stock of Toys, Willow and Wooden Ware, and Fancy Goods generally, are imported into these colonies, is now on exhibition in the establishment of Mr. S. Zinn, Government street, opposite the Theatre. The houses of Zinn has branches in the principal cities of Europe and America, the oldest, established nearly one hundred years ago; and as Mr. S. Zinn imports direct from the houses in Europe, he is enabled to offer a greater variety of goods, and at a cheaper rate than any similar establishment north of San Francisco.

FOR ALBERNI.—The steamer Otter arrived yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Alberni, with 6 passengers and a full freight of mill supplies.

FOR NANAIMO.—The steamer Fideler sailed for Nanaimo yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, with passengers and freight.

FOR SEATTLE.—The bark Golden Gate sailed yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Seattle, to load lumber for San Francisco.

FOR PORT SALT SPRINGS.—The steamer Northern Light arrived yesterday morning at 8 o'clock for Port Angeles.

FOR VICTORIA.—The steamer North Star arrived with 75 tons of coal, to R. Brodrick.

FROM NANAIMO.—The steamer Caledonia arrived from Nanaimo last night with 8 passengers and 70 tons of coal from the new Douglas seam.

PASSENGERS.

PER G.S. WRIGHT.—Dr. Henry Westbrook and wife, Murray, J. Currie, Boyce, Willoughby, Page, Capt. J. H. Turner, S. Duncanson, Capt. John, J. Parsons, C. W. McDonald, Dr. John Robinson, Robertson, J. Kelly, Mrs. Dennison, Miss Garland, Miss Sims, and Mrs. Cunningham.

REPORTS.

PER G.S. WRIGHT.—600 sets Ivory, 224 boxes apples, 67 sacks oats, 60 kgs butter, 11 sacks wheat, 25 sacks eggs, 1 box, 2 barrels gunnies, 1 coop turkeys, 1 barrel flour, 1 barrel bread meal, Value, \$6,000.00 per head.

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