

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES.

228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street, London.

The Three Busy Stores

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Trimmed Hats.

You'll surrender to the beauty, the worth and the style of these hats at first sight. They are more meritorious than anything offered before. Marvels of good taste and millinery expertness, tulles, straws, ribbons and flowers were never handled to better advantage than in these hats. Unnecessary to tell you our judgment of what they are worth. We would rather have you put your worth on them. Sufficient to say they pass for much higher priced hats.

Beautiful line of LADIES' BLACK SILK CHIFFON HATS, \$2.50, \$3.25 and \$4.50 each.

Splendid line of Ladies' Walking Hats, in black and colors, at 75c each.

Fine line of Ladies' Turbans, black and colors, 85c each.

New lines in Ladies' Trimmed Hats, at \$1.69, \$1.89, \$2.25, \$2.39, \$3.10, \$3.25, \$3.50 each.

Double-Fold Silk Chiffon, in black and colors, regular 50c, for 29c yard.

48-inch wide Mousseline de Soie, in black and colors, regular 50c, for 38c yard.

Fancy All-Over Straws, in black and colors, 35c, 40c, 50c and 55c yard.

A Great Hosiery Value

19 dozen only, Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, sizes 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2. In some places you would pay 25c for them. We will sell this lot at 15c pair.

Ladies' Spring Underwear

Special lines of White and Egyptian Cotton Underwear, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c and 25c each.

White Underwear Department

There's a vast difference in the quality of White Underwear. There are kinds made just to sell, and there are other kinds made upon honor, of honest materials, with honest workmanship. We handle the latter kinds.

Ladies' Night Dresses, lace and tucking, beautifully made, \$1.97 each.

Ladies' Night Dresses, at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.47. Tucked and embroidered trimmed.

LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS, deep flounce Valenciennes lace and insertion, fine tucking, \$2.49, \$2.59 each.

Ladies' White Drawers, embroidery and tucks, 35c, 47c, 50c pair.

Ladies' Great Wrapper Sale Continues

Large assortment of patterns yet, 60c, 75c, 95c each; all below the regular value.

White Goods—Special Value

White Corded and Fancy Piques, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c yard.

Township Councils.

LOBO.

At the last meeting of Lobo council, held on April 19, those present were: Donald Campbell, reeve; Donald A. Stewart, Donald A. Brown, Thos. Johnson and James McNair, councillors.

Moved by D. A. Brown and James McNair that the first meeting of the council of revision on the assessment roll for the year 1901 be held in the town hall, Coldstream, on May 27, at 10 o'clock a.m., and that the clerk be instructed to advertise the same. Carried.

Moved by James McNair and D. A. Brown that the reeve be authorized to meet the pathmasters, pond-keepers and fence-viewers for the purpose of administering the declarations of office and delivering the road lists at 2 p.m. on Tuesday, May 28, at 10 a.m.; at Dundas at 2 p.m.; at Komoka on Wednesday, May 29, at 10 a.m.; at Lobo village at 2 p.m. Carried.

The following tenders were accepted: Hamilton Bridge Works Company, material and erection of steel superstructure of Poplar Hill bridge, at \$52; George Oliver, excavations at site of Poplar Hill bridge, \$130; the Patterson, Ellis & Whelan company, concrete abutments of Poplar Hill bridge, \$300.

Bylaw No. 428, confirming the appointment of pathmasters, pond-keepers and fence-viewers for the current year was read three times and passed.

Arch. A. Graham was appointed to run the road grader, at \$250 per day.

The council, after passing current accounts, adjourned, to meet in court of revision on May 27 at 10 o'clock. E. R. Barclay, clerk.

TORONTO HORSE SHOW.

Toronto, April 25.—The judging of animals at the horsemanship yesterday resulted in the following wins:

Sweepstakes for the best standard bred roaster stallion—First, W. A. Collins, Hamilton, Dalton McCarthy; second, Dr. Hassard, V.S., Caledon East.

J. M. Bryson and R. Beth, Bowmanville, got first, second and fourth for buckney mares with Hermia, Mamie and Helena.

H. M. Crossley, of Rousseau, won the sweepstakes for the best buckney mare with the Countess Josephine.

In the class for thoroughbred stallions qualified to improve the breed of saddle horses and hunters, the Telfer & Clinie Company, of Montreal, got first with Ballymore; third with Rotherfall Bay, and fourth with Hallfax. W. Barbour, Toronto, was second with Billeto Bay.

The largest cut stone known to posterity are in the Temple of the Inn

Saves Others.

When one of the children has diphtheria, scarlet fever, or measles, why not keep the others from having it? You can do so with our Vapo-Cresolene. Put some Vapo-Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and have them breathe in the vapor. This vapor destroys all the germs of disease. The contagion can't spread—you save others. It is the only known specific for whooping-cough. Ask your doctor about Vapo-Cresolene.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, \$1.00, extra supplies of Cresolene 25c and 50c. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 316 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

50 KILLED!
140 INJURED!

Awful Catastrophe Near Frankfort, Kentucky.

Griesheim Chemical Works Torn to Pieces by the Explosion of Three Boilers—Frightful Loss of Life.

Frankfort, Ky., April 25.—The boilers of the Griesheim electro-chemical works, near Frankfort, exploded yesterday afternoon, and the factory caught fire. Fifty persons are reported to have been killed and 140 injured. The three boilers of the works exploded.

The number of dead and injured cannot be determined until the list of employees of the chemical works can be compared with the survivors. The greater part of the fire department and the troops tried to prevent the spread of the fire. The flames apparently originated by the blowing of the valves of the explosive department of the works in the afternoon. The fire spread with frightful speed to the adjacent buildings, and there were no means for out of the business, and of course all expenses connected with the enforcement of the law and carrying on of the business.

To sum up: Government ownership and control would eliminate private profit, take the liquor interests out of the country, and make it possible to treat, make more than half of the country practically clear of the trade, reduce drunkenness to a minimum, and make it possible to increase revenue and diminish drunkenness. We are at the threshold of a great new era in Canadian life. To eliminate the liquor traffic would be to put our civilization upon a firm basis and to give our country an enviable and exalted distinction among the free nations of the earth. We owe it to our weaker citizens, to the women and children dependent upon them, to future generations and to the multitudes who are seeking homes in this country to make the soberest country in the world. State ownership and control of the liquor traffic seems to be the best means to this end.

FURTHER DETAILS.

Frankfort, Ky., April 25.—One of the most disastrous explosions on record occurred yesterday afternoon at the electro-chemical works near Frankfort, where smokeless powder was being made. Most of the boilers exploded. The factory immediately became a mass of flames, and a northeast wind carried the sparks to neighboring villages, where several houses were also set on fire. Eighteen cylinders, each containing about a hundredweight of smokeless powder, were in the room where the explosion occurred.

Troops were immediately ordered to Griesheim to prevent the fire from spreading to a large benzene reservoir near by. Fire brigades from every place in the neighborhood hurried to the scene, but owing to the dangerous nature of the disaster, and the fear of a renewal of the explosion, they were not allowed to enter the factory. The greatest difficulty was experienced in stopping the progress of the flames.

PROBABLY TWO HUNDRED KILLED OR INJURED.

Only after five hours of strenuous effort was the conflagration to some extent controlled, and the danger passed so as to make it possible to begin the sad work of extricating the bodies. It is feared that nearly 200 persons have been killed or injured.

The Liquor Problem As Regards Canada

Temperance sentiment in Canada has outgrown all methods hitherto devised for its enforcement in law and practice. There are large numbers of citizens who believe in temperance and even total abstinence who do not believe in prohibition or high license as the best means of eliminating the evils of the liquor traffic. It is clearly time for the introduction of a new method more radical and more rational than any that has been tried. The solution suggested is state ownership and control of the traffic.

While, of course, at this stage of the discussion, we cannot pass very far beyond the principle involved, leaving details to be worked out later on, the following ideas would seem feasible: Let the Dominion Government assume absolute and complete control of the traffic throughout the whole country. Let them manufacture and sell whole sale and retail, all the spirits and malt liquors used in the country. Let the act establish in its first clause total prohibition of every kind of liquor to each municipality the right by majority vote of its citizens to have one or more government dispensaries within its limits, according to population. The dispenser to be appointed by the government at a fixed salary, so that he can have no possible interest in increased sales. The traffic consumed on the premises, but all sales to be made in closed packages; strict regulation as to sale to minors and known inebriates; traveling inspectors to be paid by the government, whose duty it will be to enforce the laws regulating the traffic; the citizens of each municipality to decide as to the location of such dispensaries as may be allowed them by the act.

The first advantage of this law would be to make more than half of Canada absolutely without the sale of intoxicating liquors. For judging by the results of plebiscites on prohibition, the rural portion of almost the whole country would vote to have no dispensaries within their borders. This would confine the sale of liquors to the cities and larger towns. Because of the complete elimination of private profit from the business, the saloon would disappear, and with it the treatment of the drunkard, the traffic would also be completely out of politics. For it is a political factor simply because the private profit involved in the business, the desire to make private profit and you take away the incentive to political interference.

Along with the enforcement of such a system, the schools ought to carry on a persistent education upon the evils of alcoholic drinking. And churches and other moral agencies should redouble their energies along the line of moral suasion. This would leave the traffic resting upon only one basis, viz., the inherent desire for stimulant which could be dealt with effectively by religion and education. In the place of the saloon it would be

the duty of the government to establish in cities and towns counter-attractions, so that the homeless or those whose homes are miserable would have a meeting place. The nature of these would be determined by local conditions, but in the main they ought to furnish reading and resting rooms, innocent games, free baths, eating houses and perhaps some educational facilities.

The government is now in the liquor business, receiving an income of some eight millions a year and expending large sums of money for police and prison accommodation made necessary by the traffic. The government would not go into the business in order to make it permanent or to advance it, but only to reduce it as evils to a minimum and ultimately destroy it. It is objected that the vested interests of the trade are now so large that they will have to be compensated if the business were taken over by the government. To this it may be said that every man who has gone into the liquor business in the last 30 years has taken his chances, knowing that with the state of public opinion and with the growing rigor of governmental control, he was liable to have the business taken out of his hands at any time. The question of revenue and of profit is fundamental. If the present revenue from excise and traffic on intoxicants is eight million a year, let the prices in the business under government control be arranged at first so as to furnish the government with the same revenue that it is to be a maximum, and as the business diminishes the revenue is to diminish year by year. The counter attractions in cities ought to be paid for out of the business, and of course all expenses connected with the enforcement of the law and carrying on of the business.

To sum up: Government ownership and control would eliminate private profit, take the liquor interests out of the country, and make it possible to treat, make more than half of the country practically clear of the trade, reduce drunkenness to a minimum, and make it possible to increase revenue and diminish drunkenness. We are at the threshold of a great new era in Canadian life. To eliminate the liquor traffic would be to put our civilization upon a firm basis and to give our country an enviable and exalted distinction among the free nations of the earth. We owe it to our weaker citizens, to the women and children dependent upon them, to future generations and to the multitudes who are seeking homes in this country to make the soberest country in the world. State ownership and control of the liquor traffic seems to be the best means to this end.

A Guarantee of Relief From One Box, and a Cure After Use of Four Boxes of Wills' English Pills

More than 3,000 druggists in Canada are at present guaranteeing to their customers the celebrated Wills' English Pills. Most of the druggists in the most famous in Great Britain, and have given perfect satisfaction in every case to a critical public.

If constipation is making you miserable and despondent, just make trial of one box of Wills' English Pills, sold everywhere at 25 cents. If you are moved from a drug store, The Wills & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, will mail pills to any address on receipt of price.

POLAR SHIPS

Only Three Have Been Specially Built for Arctic Exploration.

England and Germany have just launched the only ships ever built specially in those countries for polar exploration, says the New York Sun. Leaders in this have been in polar research, they have hitherto employed sailing vessels or other strong craft, very good ice boats as a rule, but never comfortable or well adapted to the special requirements of the explorers.

Nansen was the first to declare that polar explorers need specially built vessels, which will not only give greater resistance to ice pressure than any sailing vessel, but also be better adapted to make the men comfortable and to facilitate scientific work on shipboard. He carried out his ideas and the results which his vessel, the Fram, attained fully justified his view of the matter.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of *Wm. Carter*

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Dyspepsia

Dyspepsia, indigestion, water brash, belching of wind, nausea and pain after eating, sour stomach, catarrh of the stomach—these conditions all mean that the usefulness of the stomach is impaired, that the food is not being digested properly. When you find your stomach out of order, use BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS without delay. There is no better medicine for the stomach compounded, and none which has such a record of permanent cures of stomach troubles.

January 26, 1900.

LEONARD SMITH, Selma, N.S., writes: "Eight years ago I had a bad attack of dyspepsia. I took two bottles of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS and am thankful to say that since then I have been able to digest my food as well as any body."

GAINED 23 POUNDS.

March 25, 1900.

MRS. AGNES LANG, West Lacombe, N.S., writes: "I have been using your BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS for dyspepsia and kidney troubles for five months. I have gained 23 pounds since I commenced it, and attribute my recovery to its efficacy. I tell my friends that I owe my life to B.B.B."

that the shape of the Fram would not be suitable for the heavy weather of the southern seas. She is built not only for the heaviest ice navigation, but also for all the comfort possible on such an expedition. The Discovery, launched at Dundee in March, is also a vessel of uncommon strength, built largely after the model of the Fram, but with modifications suggested by Nansen's experience.

The Fram lifted so easily whenever the pressure against her rounded sides became severe that her crew lost all fear of serious accident. They would sit at their games in the comfortable cabin wholly unperurbed by the uncanny cunching of the ice against her sides. No polar voyagers ever before had such complete confidence that their vessel would be equal to every test.

WAS IT THOUGHTLESSNESS?

Possibly her action was due to thoughtlessness, and possibly it was not. Somehow the strange story of the New York man who had been amusing himself by kissing the pretty feminine shoppers who happened to have been in their arms came up for discussion. It was both droll and interesting, and elicited much sprightly comment.

"Of course," he said, "a woman with bundles is helpless in such an emergency."

"True," she returned; "and there is no chance to blame her if she is kissed, is there?" Then she added a moment later: "I wonder who left those books in here. They belong to the library."

Now, a woman with bundles is no more helpless than a girl with a big book under her arm, and the practice of moving large volumes is said to be rapidly becoming a fixed habit in Lake View circles—Chicago Post.

THE RELIABLE BELT

OUR "EXTRA" BRAND

OAK TANNED.

J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO. MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

A Thing Worth Owning

A Cleveland Bicycle

With a Cushion Frame and a Morrow Coaster Brake.

A. WESTMAN,

111 DUNDAS STREET. BRANCH—654 DUNDAS STREET.

Coal Season Near Over,

But we still can supply you with the finest quality of Scranton Coal. Price remains the same, \$5.50 per ton.

CHANTLER BROS.

178 Bathurst Street. Phone 347.

John Ferguson & Sons

Undertakers, 130 King Street. Phones, 543 and 373.

If You Telephone

Our rig will call for your laundry. We do the best work. Collars and Cuffs a specialty. No parcel too small for driver to call for and deliver. Phone 305.

CANADIAN STEAM LAUNDRY

284 Dundas Street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS.—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 154 Hamilton road. Phone 1,231.

WM. HODGSON, HOUSE PAINTER.—Decorative painting, paper hanging, etc. 410 Horton street. Orders promptly attended to. First-class work done. Patronage kindly solicited. Estimates free.

The HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANO

IN ALL great musical events the pianos of this firm hold first place. FRIEDHEIM, the great Russian pianist, in his brilliant tourney in Canada a few months since, used a Heintzman & Co. Concert Grand exclusively.

—The Concert Grand Heintzman & Co. Piano used in my recitals in Toronto and elsewhere throughout Canada gave complete satisfaction. I had the tone, massive in its sonority and of very excellent quality. —with a particularly fine piano in its mezzo tints. —I had no idea so good a piano was manufactured in Canada. —[Friedheim.]

FRIEDHEIM.

Albani, queen of song, in her wonderful success in all the leading cities of Canada, has never used any other than a Heintzman & Co. piano.

—The tone of the Heintzman piano is delightful, the elasticity of action marvelous, every note ringing out in clear, peppy and limpid quality. It exceeds any piano I have ever used. —[Albani.]

These pianos are the choice of the world's greatest artists. Indorsed by the leading musical conservatories of the Dominion. The choice of Canada's cultured citizens from ocean to ocean.

Ye Old Firm of Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS FOR INVESTMENT on real estate security. Macgo, McEllroy & Murphy, solicitors, London.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4% and 5% per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 38 Dundas street, London.

TRUST FUNDS TO LOAN AT 5 PER cent on first mortgages. Meredith & Fisher, 74 Dundas street, London, Ont.

TRUST FUNDS OF ABOUT \$5,000 to loan at 5 per cent. In one or more sums. G. F. Weeks, solicitor, 357 Richmond street, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Mills, 33 Dundas street, London.

DENTAL CARDS.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS.—216 Dundas street, next Eddy Bros., over Catraro's & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 225.

DR. O. I. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST.—Honorary graduate Toronto and Chicago. Office, 665 Dundas street.

DR. A. E. SANTO, DENTIST—FIRST-CLASS. Honorary graduate Toronto. Office, 180 Dundas street, upstairs, next Morphy's Jewelry Store.

DR. W. S. WESTLAND, DENTIST.—Post graduate in crown and bridge work, Chicago. Edge Block, Richmond street. Phone 350. Residence, 237 Queen's avenue. Phone 420.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST.—Successor to the late Dr. D. A. Speer. Preservation of natural teeth. 170 Dundas street. Phone 975.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE MISSES WESTCOTT'S SCHOOL, 441 Ridout street, resumes April 16.

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS' SCHOOL, LIMITED. A Boarding and Day School. Summer term begins April 16. For prospectus apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 63 Talbot street.

LIVERY STABLES.

JILLEY'S LIVERY—No. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 666.

HOTEL CARDS.

THE RICHMOND—JOHN & WILLIAM TROOK, proprietors. Transient guests and weekly boarders. Rates \$1 per day. Excellent accommodation. Fine wines and liquors.

BRITANNIA HOUSE, CORNER WELLINGTON and York. Particular attention paid to transient trade. Rates, \$1 and \$1.50. J. Hefferman.

THE TROQUEURS, TORONTO, CANADA.—Popular hotel, popular prices. Newly fitted and refurbished. James K. Paisley, proprietor, late Hotel Royal, Hamilton. Phone 275.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot. Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. F. Hogan, proprietor.

OFFICE RESTAURANT—CHOICE lager, liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. D. Sare.

ALBION HOTEL, 15 DUNDAS STREET.—Rates, \$1.50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. Jacob Obernesser, proprietor.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. Phone 275.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED OF FIVE Akins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS GILLEAN, Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Shuff's Drug Store, corner Dundas and William streets. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 29 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Shuff's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 239 Dufferin avenue.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

J. H. TENNANT, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 127 King street. Residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Treatment of dogs a specialty. Phone 23 and 98.

JOHN H. WILSON, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office and residence, 440 Richmond street. Telephone 420.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore, Frederick Henry.

DR. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., England. Office, 287 King street. Telephone 52.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 209 QUEEN'S avenue, Kingsmill Terrace. Telephone 24.

DR. MACLAREN, 183 QUEEN'S AVENUE, five doors east of Richmond street.

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

DR. A. T. HOBBES, 338 DUNDAS street, near Colborne—Diseases of women and mental diseases only. Hours: 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. Telephone 1,342.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

CL. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE and residence, 327 Queen's avenue, London. Special, eye, ear, nose and throat. 2 to 4 p.m. and 6 to 8:30 p.m. Skin disease a specialty.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S., England. Specialist (surgical diseases only). 439 Park avenue. Phone 324.

DR. BAXLY, 443 PARK AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of children. Phone 527.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON, OFFICE and residence, 440 Richmond street. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

J. E. CAMPBELL, M.D., 339 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4; 6 to 8. Phone 522.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 230 CLARENCE. Residence, 616 Richmond street. Specialties, pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

R. OVENS, M.D., 225 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. MCLELLAN, EYE AND EAR SURGEON. Specialist, eye, ear, nose and throat. 457 Talbot. Hours, 5 to 7; 7 to 8.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST—St. Andrew's Church. Gives lessons in piano, pipe organ, harmony and in singing. Both elementary and advanced tuition given. Studio, 315 King street.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST, Dundas Street Methodist Church, teacher of piano, organ, theory and composition. 413 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1218.

LEGAL CARDS.

GREENLEES & BECHER-BARRISTERS, etc., Canadian Loan Company Building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan. A. Greenlees, Esq., C. Becher, Esq.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Office, Masonic Temple Building, corner Richmond and King streets, Ont. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

JOHNSTON & CASEY, BARRISTERS, etc., 29 Dundas street. E. H. Johnston, Avery Casey.

STUART, STUART & BUCKE—BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., office southwest corner Dundas and Richmond streets. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; Duncan Stuart; E. T. Bucke, V.A.

BUCHNER & MILLS—BARRISTERS, etc., 33 Dundas street, London. Telephone 25. Money to loan at lowest rates.

T. H. LUSCOMBE—BARRISTER, SO-LICITOR, etc., 189 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

M

London Advertiser.

(Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1853.)

THE LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO

3,688 Sworn Average Daily Circulation for 1900.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

Address all communication, THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited), LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Friday, April 26.

"Nest" Days Compared With the Present.

Some people who have no very friendly feeling towards anything that emanates from a Liberal Administration, find fault with the Department of Labor, established at Ottawa, to assist in settling labor disputes amicably, and in otherwise forwarding the industrial interests of the country. They allege that it does not move fast enough. Well, that is an offense, if it were proved, that can be overcome. But the cavill suggests the idea that the Labor Department, now established at Ottawa, moves much faster than the Labor Department which was never established by the late Administration.

In this respect it bears a strong resemblance to the law dealing with the importation of alien laborers, passed by the Government now in power at Ottawa. There has been much grumbling, for political effect, by the George Taylors and the Clarke Wallaces of the Conservative party, because this measure, in its experimental shape, did not in every respect meet the views of those who most zealously worked for its enactment. How much honesty there is in their criticism may be imagined when it is explained that these men for many years kept that question of an alien labor law dangling in a Parliament where the Conservatives had a very large majority, and never forced the question to an issue. They talked and talked, and wasted good Government money, but they never had the courage to demand that the Government of Sir John Macdonald, or of Sir John Thompson, or of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, should place upon the statute books an Alien Labor Law. And they went out of power without any action having been taken. They are very angry when they are reminded of all this, and branch off on some other side topic. But on the platform and in the press it is well to remember these Tayloristic fiascos of the past when you have these fine fellows of the present telling what they would do were they given a similar opportunity to that which they absolutely wasted. The Alien Labor Law is to be amended, with the Prime Minister as its sponsor, but even were it to remain as it is today, the men who for many years toyed with the question, and left it without an approach to settlement, would be without an excuse for their hostile criticism, for "half a bill" would be better than "no bill," which was their contribution to the meeting of a situation with regard to labor matters, for which Canada is not responsible, but in which there might have been a different issue, but for the procrastination of the time-serving politicians who aided in the wreck of the Conservative party in 1896 and who are still very much in evidence in directing its policy.

Fact and Fiction.

The cynic will tell you that in all cases it is difficult to divide between fact and fiction, the two are so well blended in the affairs of human life. If the critic does not believe in Macaulay, he labels the works of that writer, "historical romance," and indeed, as "truth is stranger than fiction," it is sometimes difficult to distinguish between history and romance. As a matter of fact the romantic historian may get nearer to the heart of things than the sober analyst. It is possible to get a more vivid and truthful view of some periods from Scott than from many who pride themselves on being truthful historians.

A novel sometimes gives one a better conception of the particular social situation than can be got from a learned array of facts and figures. We all know that it is a poor thing to make fiction too large a proportion of one's reading.

It is well known that there are works of fiction that are not fit for young people, or for that matter, for any one else to read. There are also other books of all classes that are neither profitable nor inspiring. These facts we must deal with as best we can. But it is too late in the day to denounce fiction indiscriminately. There was a time when men had nothing else but fiction, that is, in early literature men's views of the world were presented in poetic forms which could not be called scientific. Science, literature, poetry, theology had not been divided into separate classes. Now we have the world of knowledge divided into various compartments, and after the strain of hard problems, it may be well sometimes to turn to a book which seeks to give a picture of human life. Let not the word "fiction" mislead us. Fiction here does not mean the false.

The great work of fiction is pre-eminently truthful and gives a fair view of human life, but the work of

the real artist is all the more truthful because it is, in its form, free from limitations of time and place. Beware of the impure story, the cynical novel, but accept the help that comes from the noblest fiction.

England and Preferential Trade.

There is one clear lesson from the last budget, namely, that what is called "preferential trade" has not yet come within the realm of practical politics in England. This form of trade is advocated by many colonial politicians, and also by many strong imperialists in England; while that the present time, which calls for some striking change, is a fine opportunity to get in the thin edge of the wedge. We are told by those who think they know that the thin edge of the wedge is driven in, but it is not this wedge; it is the other wedge, the protection wedge.

We are not now discussing preferential trade. We are not now concerned with the thing on its merits, but simply with the situation in England. What does that situation mean? It means simply this, that the politicians of the inner circle do not see their way to take hold of preferential trade, even when it comes in their way. We are not now speaking of Canada. Canada is prosperous, and can wait until the proper time for preferential trade, if that time ever comes. But Jamaica and other West Indian colonies need help, and might have had it in connection with the new sugar duties. But no, the Chancellor of the Exchequer turns deliberately aside from the path that it was supposed Mr. Chamberlain would lead him into. How is this? Some supporters of the Government think it sheer stupidity.

All that we are concerned to do just now is to point out to the Canadian politicians who maintained that it was easy to get England to adopt preferential trade, that it is not so easy as they think. The men who are least inclined to make a fetish of Free Trade, the men who claim to be the real imperialists, find that it is not easy to introduce a new feature into the fiscal policy of a great country.

Says the Kingston Whig:

"The 'Queen's printer' at Ottawa has not yet heard about the ascension of Edward VII., and so issues the blue books of the government by 'permission of the Queen's most excellent majesty.' What do you think of that?"

Well, we think that as the Government blue books were in print before Feb. 22, 1901, when the Queen died, he did quite right. If the Queen's printer and the deputy heads of departments would always have the reports as promptly completed as they have been this year, Parliament would have its business considerably expedited.

Genial Jamaica.

The Elder-Dempster Company issue at the modest price of sixpence a beautiful illustrated guide to the Island of Jamaica. This company, like all others, must run on business lines, but we are particularly inclined to deny that business and patriotism may be gracefully combined. At any rate, the guidebook makes this statement: "In appealing to Mr. A. L. Jones to put his hand to the Jamaica plow, Mr. Chamberlain recognized that the man who has practically created the present West African trade and the tourist traffic and fruit trade of the Canaries, while conducting gigantic operations in other directions, is pre-eminently the man to see the thing through; and in lending his aid to the revival of Jamaica prosperity, Mr. Jones, it is evident, is actuated more by patriotic than selfish considerations."

Hence Mr. Jones, or his firm, Elder-Dempster Company, have undertaken to run a fortnightly mail service between Bristol, England, and Kingston, Jamaica. The splendid fruit of Jamaica will be placed on the English markets at prices within the reach of all, and its magnificent scenery, with all the glamor of its wonderful romance, and the picturesque life everywhere abounding, will be thrown open to the tourist of modest income. Why did Mr. Chamberlain appeal to Mr. Jones? Because, "to use a homely metaphor, Jamaica had put all her eggs in one basket; they had, so to speak, staked their whole welfare on sugar, and indeed for a time it seemed as if they could not have done better." Continental beet sugar has, however, made things hard for the Jamaica sugar planter, so that he must be helped by the British Government, or must adapt himself to new conditions. England, it seems, treated Jamaica very badly. "To add insult to injury, while the American physicians were sending their patients to seek renewed health and energy from the balmy breezes laden with health-giving ozone, which blow over the island, our life insurance societies, using data compiled in the days of the buccaniers, placed Jamaica on their black list, and slandered its climate by demanding an additional premium of their policyholders visiting its shores."

However, Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Jones are going to remedy these wrongs, and we trust they will be successful. It may do the island more good to turn the energies of its people into some new lines of commerce than to give a preference to sugar. We trust that the optimistic tone of the following passage will be fully justified: "Happily, at last colonial affairs fell into able hands, the difficulty was squarely faced and grappled with, and now there is a fair promise of a revival of the old close connection fostered by enlightened statesmanship and secured by far-sighted commercial enterprise, combined with a generous imperialism."

The Iron Tables Turned.

That is good news which is cabled from Great Britain that the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, Sydney, C. B., are already receiving large orders for their output of iron and steel in Europe. The first order, amounting to several thousand tons is already on the way to Liverpool. This, in olden days, would have been regarded as carrying coal to Newcastle, but times have changed since Hon. W. S. Fielding, as head of the Nova Scotia Government, arranged for the effective working of these mines, against the strongest possible opposition of his political opponents, who then carried their warfare to Ottawa, and even to Rideau Hall, declaring to Lord Stanley that if he did not compel his Ministers to interfere with the bargain arrived at, the mines would be ruined, and the coal supply of the British navy on this continent would be cut off! People laugh at the vagaries of these Conservative politicians now, but they were then very, very earnest as now, in their opposition to Mr. Fielding, and with as little effect, for both he, the mines, the whole Province of Nova Scotia and the Liberal party have prospered in spite of it all.

Old-Time Restraint and Present Freedom.

During recent years the question of freedom of teaching has become to a certain extent recrudescence. There has certainly been progress with varied movement, from the time when the entertaining of individual opinion stood in the same category with crime. The movement has been from a stereotyped state of society to a social condition where men are free. We are now practically free; no one thinks of questioning that freedom of thought and research has resulted in such material progress as would otherwise have been impossible.

Notwithstanding the result of such freedom, which must be evident to everyone, we, even at the present day, hear of attempts being made to bridle the mouths of instructors in institutions of learning. In fact, these attempts to curtail freedom of speech have gone so far as to cause the dismissal of university professors, a case which recently happened at Leland Stanford University, California. This attitude on the part of wealthy benefactors of the New York Evening Post to elicit the opinions of prominent educationalists on matters pertaining to the functions and rights of instructors in colleges.

President Harper, of the University of Chicago, states that a formal expression of opinion adopted by the congregation of the university in 1899, declares "the principle of complete freedom of speech on all subjects, to be fundamental in the university; this principle can never be called in question; that the university, as such, does not appear as a disputant on either side upon any public question; and that the utterances which any professor may make in public are to be regarded as representing his own opinion only." President Harper adds also, that "no donor of a university, whether that donor be an individual or the state, has any right to interfere with the teaching of the instructors in a university." President Hyde, of Bowdoin College, declares that "a professor has a right to teach as truth whatever is accepted by the consensus of experts in his department; and, in addition, to give dignified and moderate expression to his opinions on disputed political and social questions." This does not mean that he should make himself an offensive partisan, or that he should advocate measures which are repugnant to the aims of the institution in which he is employed. These limitations, if such they may be called, will not in any way interfere with a professor's rights as stated above. "Donors, founders, and benefactors have no more right to interfere with a professor in his teaching than the stockholder of a steamship company has to direct the pilot how he should steer."

The Passing of a Great Historian.

The Rev. William Stubbs, Bishop of Oxford, whose name has found a place in the category of Britain's greatest historians as the author of an English constitutional history, died on Monday last. Though in the front rank of English bishops, he is known better as an historian than as an ecclesiastic.

His Constitutional History of England appeared in successive volumes between the years 1874 and 1878, and placed him among the modern school of historians, along with John Richard Green and the historian Freeman. Regarding his relation to these men, the Cleveland Plaindealer states that "if Stubbs lacks somewhat of the vigor of Freeman and the fascination of Green, his works are free from some of the defects of those historians. He was not as prejudiced and controversial as is Freeman in some of his writings, nor as apt to sacrifice exactness of facts to picturesque style as has been charged to Green's delightful 'Short History.' Stubbs was painstaking as a writer of history, as he was also in editing the 'Select Charters' and the 'Chronicles' of medieval England published under the supervision of the master of the rolls. The historical student rather than the ecclesiastic is indicated by the statement, in a recent biographical sketch of Bishop Stubbs that his recreations were 'making out pedigrees and correcting proof sheets.'"

THE RUNIANS-GRAY CO
A MEDLEY OF ATTRACTIONS.

The following deserve special attention. Odd lines, broken lots, and special drives, together with new lines, all seasonable bread and butter goods, make up a list rarely equaled and never surpassed. Our close buying and selling for cash make these prices possible for you.

Table Linen. Special line Heavy Double Damask Table Linen—best Brookfield make: 72 inches wide, very pretty patterns; regular price \$1.50, special, per yard\$1.00	Tailor-Made Suits. Ladies' Man-Tailored Costumes, in great variety, strictly new and up-to-date. The latest weaves and newest colorings. They range in price from \$8.00 up to\$30.00	Sailor Hats. A specially large and fine assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Sailors, in all shades; they range in price from a brown and navy fancy straw, with silk band, at only 15c, up to a fine Mackinaw at\$1.00
Corsets. 300 pairs Ladies' Corsets, in eoru. fine coutille jean, all sizes, medium length, regular price 50c, special, to clear29c	Gloves. Ladies' French Kid Gloves, in both Perrin's and Jaunnet's celebrated makes; all leading shades; every pair fitted and guaranteed. Special, per pair\$1.00	Silk Belts. Taffeta Silk Belts, hemstitched and corded, in black and white, extra special, each50c
Corset Covers. Ladies' Corset Covers, good, strong cotton, trimmed with embroidery, sizes 32, 34, 36, and 38, special15c	Hosiery. Children's Black Cashmere Hose, fancy ribbed, spliced sole, in sizes 6½, 7, 7½, and 8½, regular price 25c, special, each18c	Bicycle Skirts. Ladies' Bicycle Skirts, in Oxford gray, brown, blue and black homespun, stylishly made, from \$5.00 down to\$4.00
Ladies' Ties. Ladies' Corded Stock Collar and Tie, taffeta silk, in sky, pink, white, mauve, black, cardinal, bluet; special, each50c	Laces. A fine assortment of Cream and White Applique Insertions, edges and allovers; these range in price from \$2.00 down to15c	Belts. Patent Leather Belts, double-faced, with black and steel buckles, worth regularly 35c, our special price25c
Toilet Sets. 10-piece Printed Toilet Sets, in blue, brown and pink, regular price \$2.50, special, per set\$1.95	Men's Shirts. Black drill, with white stripes, fancy Ceylon flannel; fancy check flannels, black sateen and Oxford shirting, for workmen; big assortment50c	Ladies' Lace Boots. All sizes, beautiful, fine stock, hand-turn soles, swell style\$2.00
Lemonade Sets. Lemonade Sets, in plain and decorated colored glass, large assortment, from \$1.75 down to, per set, \$1.00	Ladies' Oxford Shoes. Very fine Chocolate Dongola Oxford Shoes, with vesting top, neat style, regular \$1.75 and \$2.00, all sizes Saturday\$1.25	Men's Suit Bargain. \$6.50 and \$7.50 Men's Tweed Suits, nobby and reliable and up-to-date, Saturday\$4.95
Linoleums. We have just put in stock a special deep sailor English Linoleum, in both floral and tile designs, new colorings, special, per yard45c	Balbriggan Underwear. Full-Shaped Double-Thread Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, all sizes 34 to 42, each37½c	Boys' Vestee Suits. Black Serge and Fancy Tweed, deep sailor collars, neatly trimmed, sizes 22 to 26, regular \$2.75 and \$3.00, Saturday\$1.95
Brussels Carpets. Special line Heavy Body Brussels Carpet, with border to match, in the newest colorings. This line is worth regularly \$1.15, our special price per yard85c	Muslins. In great variety, Swiss dots, tambours, organdies, dimities, batistes, plain and fancy lawn, and brodered lawns, etc., every wanted shade, prices range from 5c up to50c	Art Scrims. Special line Colored Scrim, fancy lattice stripes, with floral designs, in gold, mauve, green, pink and cardinal, fast colors, special, per yard10c
75c Waist Silks for 35c Special lot Waist Silks, in shades of blue, green, pink, and black, and checks, in taffeta, English merv, and Japanese Wash stripes, regular 50c, 75c, special, per yard35c	\$1 Waist Silks for 50c. Special lot Waist and Dress Silks, in fancy foulards, taffetas and satin stripes, light and dark colors, regular price 75c and \$1.00, special, per yard50c	\$1.50 Waist Silks, 69c. Special lot Waist Silks, in piece lengths, satin stripes, checks and fancy figured, in taffeta, duchesse satin and Swiss silks, regular \$1.25 and \$1.50, special, per yard69c

Don't Brag.

[Washington Star.]
"When you are lucky," said Uncle Eben, "don't brag. If you do you are simply advertising for somebody to come along and make trouble for you."

Superseded.

[Washington Star.]
Of statesmen soon no more we'll hear. The mighty men will disappear. We'll give attention once again To summer girls and shirt waist men.

Results of Economy.

[Detroit News.]
Economies of management effected by the tin can trust have cheapened production to such an extent that the organization is able to advance prices 25 per cent.

Smuggling Silver.

[Toronto World.]
As there is a 20 per cent duty on American silver coming into this country, isn't every man or woman who comes over here with American silver coins a smuggler?

Can't Hold a Candle.

[Chicago Journal.]
"This is our latest novelty," said the manufacturer, proudly. "Good work, isn't it?"
"Not bad," replied the visitor, "but you can't hold a candle to the goods we make." "Ah, are you in this line, too?"
"No, we make gunpowder."

War.

[Ainslie's Magazine.]
"All trembling in the meadow: All crimson is the hill. The dead lie in the valley. The dead lie on the hill. And one side is the victor. The other side has lost—The women of two peoples. Are counting up the cost."

Industry the Best Balm.

[Pittsburg Dispatch.]
The new south is awaking to its advantages and forgetting its calamities. The factories in operation have done more to heal the wounds of the rebellion than all the oratory of thirty years. Industrial development has given the people an outlook to the future and induced them to forget the past. The new south is the same as the old, but is busier and better, casting aside its ancient grievances for the treasures to be extracted from the present.

CURIOUS INSTANCES.

A large wild buck was taken from Long Point to the provincial park, at Rondeau, and turned over to Chief-Ranger Herbert Gardner. The buck was placed in an inclosure formed by a wire fence seven feet high. The buck did not take kindly to captivity, however, and when approached, cleared the seven-foot fence with apparent ease. This incident occurred nearly two years ago, and the buck ran wild in the bush of the park until a short time ago when Ranger Gardner, after working for nearly a week, succeeded in decoying him into the inclosure again. He is a magnificent animal.

Seventy-four years ago the first tree was cut in Guelph. The chief figures in that great instance have long since been gathered to their fathers, but on each recurring anniversary of the city's birth, Guelph honors the memory of John Galt and the men who were associated with him.

Harrison Tribune: A postcard was addressed on March 15, from this office, to parties in Detroit, Michigan. The postal authorities there tried to find the persons, who had left Detroit, and they

forwarded the card. Again and again the card was forwarded, until finally it arrived back at this office bearing a number of changes of address and fifteen postmarks. It is a good monument of the efforts which the United States postal authorities make to deliver a letter before they finally give up.

Aylmer Sun: On the afternoon of Good Friday, 5th inst., Postmaster Ashbaugh placed a setting of eggs under one of his hens, and on Tuesday morning last, eighteen days later, the brood was hatched. This breaks all records so far as we know, and double discounts any chicken stories ever told by Aylmer's finance minister or the editor of the Express.

The North American Bent Chair Co., of Owen Sound, made shipments last week to Dawson City; Dunedin, Scotland, and to the Hawaiian Islands.

On the Lake Shore there is a car which has a history, second to none in railroad annals. The car in question is number 19, and has a very interesting history, dating back for years. It was one of the cars in the disastrous wreck at Angola in years gone by, and was also in the great Ashtabula disaster; in both places many lives were lost and many maimed for life. The car has been repaired and rebuilt a number of times, but is still the same old car with quaint panels and ancient fixtures. In its day it was considered one of the finest cars in use, and as it flits back and forth it is looked upon with reverence and awe.

A Kuhlville correspondent writes: We are sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. Catherine Ruel, widow of Mr. Hy. Ruel, who predeceased her some nineteen years ago. She was 96 years of age. She leaves a family of five sons and two daughters, and 46 grandchildren, 110 great grandchildren, and two great great grandchildren.

A Warning.
To feel tired after exertion is one thing; to feel tired before is another. It isn't; but it's a sign that the system lacks vitality, is running down, and needs the tonic effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It's a warning, too—and sufferers should begin taking Hood's at once. Buy a bottle today.

Every precious stone known to the lapidary has been found within the limits of the United States.

THE GREAT lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Hickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air passages. It is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

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Every precious stone known to the lapidary has been found within the limits of the United States.

SATURDAY EVENING

From 7:30 to 10 we offer the following array of special bargains:

300 yards Fancy Check Gingham, assorted colors, good strong cloth, worth regularly 1½c, our close price 9c. Saturday evening only, per yard,	48 pairs Ladies' French Kid Gloves, in black and tan, laced and buttoned, regular price \$1 and \$1.25. Saturday evening only, per pair,
6c	59c
375 yards Art Muslin, assorted colors, neat designs, 27 to 30 inches wide, regular price 8c. Saturday evening only, per yard,	72 pairs Ladies' Linen Thread Gloves, in tan and black, all sizes, regular price, 15c. Saturday evening only, per pair,
5c	9c
25 pairs largest size Flannellette Blankets, in gray and white, cut and finished at both ends. Special, Saturday evening only, per yard,	100 pairs Ladies' Black Hose, spliced sole, sizes 9 and 9½, special, per pair,
88c	15c
24 Ladies' Corset Covers, trimmed with tucking, insertion and embroidery, regular price 35c. Saturday evening only, each,	200 Spikes—the new thing for ribbon and cord ends, regular price 5c. Saturday evening, each,
27c	2c
30 Bottles Florida Water, regular price 25c. Saturday evening, per bottle,	110 yards English Tapestry Carpet, regular price 50c, Saturday evening only, per yard,
15c	38c
18 Velvet Finished Ruffs, size 27x66, assorted colors and designs, regular price \$1.25. Saturday evening, each,	5 pieces Figured Mohair Dress Goods, 42-inch, in small designs, good weight, regular price 35c. Saturday evening only, per yard,
95c	20c
6 pieces only, Figured and Striped French Flannel, for waists, in green and red brocade, black and white, black and purple stripes, and designs, regular price 50c. Saturday evening, per yard,	Men's Shirts. Your choice of any Men's Colored Shirts, cuffs separate, laundered bosoms. Any \$1.00 or \$1.25 Shirt Saturday evening,
20c	75c
High-Grade Boot Bargain. Ladies' \$3 and \$3.50 Fine Lace and Button Boots, American make. Saturday evening for	Men's Hats. Your choice of any Men's Fedora or Soft Hat in the store at \$2 and \$2.50, Saturday evening for
\$2.25	\$1.50
38 bottles of Choice Mixed Pickling, only, per bottle,	300 pounds of choice Dried Apples, Saturday evening 6 pounds for
8c	25c

WESTERN ONTARIO

Live Items Culled for Busy People's Information.

S. Hardy, of Zurich, sold his dwelling on Tuesday, 22, were sold at prices ranging from \$65 to \$108. Many buyers were present from the Norwich district.

The East Zorra Sunday school convention will meet on June 14, instead of June 11 as recently announced.

Since the first of the year permits for buildings to the value of about \$2,000 have been granted by City Engineer Jones of Brantford.

Mr. W. E. Long has purchased the furniture business of Mr. Charles Whitney, who has been in business in Brantford for twenty years.

Mr. Samuel Ditchfield has sold his property situated on the northwest corner of Innis and Harris streets, Ingersoll, and will go to Manitoba the first of next week.

Harrison may soon get improved public school accommodation. The board have asked the town council to raise the necessary \$8,000.

A branch office of the Molsons bank will shortly be started in Zurich to be managed from the Hensall branch. The manager at Hensall will make bi-weekly visits to Zurich.

Brantford Courier: Rumor has been busy of late with the report that executors of the estate of the late Mr. J. C. Cockshutt contemplate making a gift to the city of the agricultural park, upon which Mr. Cockshutt held a mortgage of \$10,000.

Out of 25 horses offered at woodstock, on Tuesday, 22 were sold at prices ranging from \$65 to \$108. Many buyers were present from the Norwich district.

Robert Brown, of Norwich, bought a new driver from R. Lockhart for \$100, and S. Allan bought from J. Breckenbridge a worker for \$80. A driver owned by George Nutt brought \$90, the purchaser being J. Hartwell.

It has just come to light that a week ago last Sunday, an elopement took place from Ottaville. Miss Maud Sherman, whose home has been at Milldale, which is about two miles away, came to the village to attend Sunday school. She was met while in town, by Frank Ammerman who lived on a farm some where in a southerly direction. No trace of the missing ones has been found.

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Lung Cure, a pulmonary of acknowledged efficacy. It cures lameness and soreness when applied externally, as well as swollen glands in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

The darabuka, or Turkish drum, resembles a long vase, the bottom covered with parchment.

If you take a Laxa-Liver Pill to-night before retiring, it will work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia and sick headache, and make you feel better in the morning. X

From Yesterday's Last Edition.

Graydon's suggestion and five of the present six foremen districts will probably be as follows: Wards 1 and 3, Powie; ward 2, Foreman Okla; Foreman Mullhall; Foreman Evans; ward 6, Foreman

retaining
men. Their
allotted as
Foreman
ke; ward 4,
ward 5,
Foreman

George Spaulding, who
from the Merchants' Bank
phn, Man., with \$500, may
on suspended sentence.
has been refunded.

Griffiths' Menthol Liniment
tained at any drug store
immediately penetrates
spot, and relieves every pain.
Just try it and see. GRIFFITHS'
THOL LINIMENT, for sale
& Nelles.

in a recent issue of the paper that the Chatham football club will not enter any league this season. The secretary of the club, however, has been negotiating with the I. A. A. C. It is thought that they will enter the Central League.

An ale free from the faults of Lager and heavier
Ale and having the virtues of a pure beverage

An ale free from the faults of Lager and heavier brand
Ale and having the virtues of a pure beverage.

An ale free from the faults of Lager and heavier brand
Ale and having the virtues of a pure beverage.

The best advertisement of Carling's Ale and Porter is inside the bottle.

F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for prospectus. 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

THE MARKETS.

TORONTO STOCKS.

Stock	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	250	250
Ottawa	245	245
Quebec	240	240
Calgary	235	235
Edmonton	230	230
Winnipeg	225	225
Saskatoon	220	220
Regina	215	215
Brandon	210	210
Manitoba	205	205
Saskatchewan	200	200
Alberta	195	195
British Columbia	190	190
Ontario	185	185
Quebec	180	180
Calgary	175	175
Edmonton	170	170
Winnipeg	165	165
Saskatoon	160	160
Regina	155	155
Brandon	150	150
Manitoba	145	145
Saskatchewan	140	140
Alberta	135	135
British Columbia	130	130
Ontario	125	125
Quebec	120	120
Calgary	115	115
Edmonton	110	110
Winnipeg	105	105
Saskatoon	100	100
Regina	95	95
Brandon	90	90
Manitoba	85	85
Saskatchewan	80	80
Alberta	75	75
British Columbia	70	70
Ontario	65	65
Quebec	60	60
Calgary	55	55
Edmonton	50	50
Winnipeg	45	45
Saskatoon	40	40
Regina	35	35
Brandon	30	30
Manitoba	25	25
Saskatchewan	20	20
Alberta	15	15
British Columbia	10	10
Ontario	5	5
Quebec	0	0
Calgary	0	0
Edmonton	0	0
Winnipeg	0	0
Saskatoon	0	0
Regina	0	0
Brandon	0	0
Manitoba	0	0
Saskatchewan	0	0
Alberta	0	0
British Columbia	0	0
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