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The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Ex caris sumendum est optimum. - Cic.

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LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS

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European Intelligence.

Arrival of the Asia.

The steamship Asia arrived at Halifax on Tuesday, 6th inst.
Since the sailing of the Arago there is news that the Russians on the 18th, have themselves blown up their fortifications on Ochakoff point, opposite Kiburne, viz: fort Nicholas and other works mounting 23 guns. Kiburne and Ochakoff commanded entrance to the Bay of the Dnieper, and also served as outworks of Nicolaï, hence, by their capture they have full command of the mouth of the great line of River communication in rear of all the Russian forces.

THE CRIMEA.

The principal portion of the news from Sebastopol, consists in accounts of the manoeuvres of the two armies in the field; the substance of which appears to be that the Allies are moving forward systematically, and the Russians are retiring in good order back upon their positions.
The French and Sardinians have advanced to the Tchernaya and Balair; correspondence says, within 7 miles of Bakshi Sarai.

The Russians have three divisions opposite to the Allied lines.
Oct. 12.—English correspondence supposes that Russians from the north side of Sebastopol were falling back by detachments on Persekop.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Arrival of the Star of the West.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.
The steamship Star of the West had arrived at this port from Punta Arenas, with \$272,651 in treasure.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.

The important news by this arrival is, that Col. Walker, having been reinforced by a party of Californians, attacked the city of Granada de Nicaragua on the 13th ult., and captured it after a short contest. The citizens subsequently held a meeting and tendered Col. Walker the Presidency of the Republic, which honor he declined in favor of Gen. Conde.

Col. Kinney was pursuing the even tenor of his way perfecting plans to secure a large emigration from the United States, with every prospect of carrying them out successfully.

PIRACY AND MURDER ON BOARD A NEW ENGLAND WHALER.

Capt. Bowles of ship Black Dog, which arrived at Sydney, N.S.W., July 8th, from Sandwich Islands, was informed by one Francis John, a white man on Roche's Island, lat. 2° 32' South, lon. 176° 9' West, that ship John, of New Bedford, passed that island April 17, in possession of two South Sea Islanders, who stated that the captain of the John having ill used them; they took the opportunity, while two boats were out after whales, to kill him, together with the cook and cooper who were left on board. After the capture of a whale, the mate's boat returned to the ship, when all hands were killed excepting one man who pushed off in the boat. Shortly after the second mate's boat went alongside, he and three men were killed, the remaining two having succeeded in pushing off from her, and joined the other boat. The ship then ran away, leaving them without compass or food.

The pirates stated that they would run for Oceania Island, but if unable to make it, would run the ship ashore, where no white man lived. When last seen from Roche's Island, she was steering wild from North to West. Prior to leaving, the pirates offered tobacco and other inducements to the natives of Roche's Island to join them, but to no purpose. The Black Dog arrived at Roche's Island, April 29, twelve days after the John's visit. Had the interval been shorter, Capt. Bowles would have made some attempt to discover her whereabouts.

The captain of the John was, Ous Tilson, of Edgartown; the first mate, Henry C. Allen, son of Joseph Allen, Jr., of New Bedford, and the second mate Isaac W. Gallop, of New London.

The ship was owned by Frederick Parker, Esq., New Bedford, and was last reported at Paita, January 24, bound to the Sandwich Islands, with 250 sperm, and 350 whale oil.

Flour and Grain Leagues at LYNN.—The various bread leagues throughout the country, appear to be working with satisfactory results. The operations of one at LYNN, are now at the rate of \$150,000 per annum. On Tuesday and Wednesday last, six large freight cars, loaded with flour, arrived there from the West, and Boston, for the League, and an equal amount is now on the way. Through the influence of the League, flour is at least a dollar a barrel cheaper than in

Correspondence.

[FOR THE STANDARD.]

Mr. Editor.—The Chinese maxim, that "He that is indifferent to an evil a hundred miles off, will soon find it under his own table," is peculiarly applicable to the good people of St. John in reference to railways. Their jealousy of any diversion of any part of the trade of the Valley of the St. John, has heretofore sealed their eyes, not only against the probability but the possibility almost of any such event, as long as they can stare off the first section of the St. Andrews & Quebec Railway. They have a confused notion that the St. John and Shediac project is the one for them, as it is anticipated that its realization would bring the shop-keepers a large accession of retail trade, and this is their *summum bonum*. But the thing must be done at the public expense, and at the public risk, as it is scarcely probable that a man could be found in the city who has confidence enough in its paying character to risk a thousand pounds, or half of it, in the enterprise. If this confidence existed and was general there, the people themselves would have assumed the forty-five per cent. on the contract cost, which the contractors expected to get taken up in England, but were disappointed, and the construction of the road would have gone on to completion. The city might have loaned its credit, for say one half of the 45 per cent. on a second mortgage on the road, and the other half the shareholders could have raised from their own private resources, as has been done in the case of the Baring and Lewis Island railway, which will be finished next year. But the good people of Saint John will risk nothing themselves—it is the expected gain they are after, leaving the Province to pocket the loss.

By burdening the country with this scheme, they have postponed the construction of the other, and are fast bringing the distant evil of a foreign railway to the upper St. John, under their own table.
Should both schemes be taken up and pursued simultaneously, it is difficult to see how the Province can escape a financial crisis, from the heavy and rapidly accumulating pressure upon its revenue, in the shape of interest on the large amount of debentures which would be required for their completion.

As the papers inform us, the E. & N. A. Company and the Government are about to send a Joint Delegation to England on railway matters—this carries with it an intention of prosecuting both works at once, with perhaps something additional. By attempting too much at the outset, both schemes, or the only at present important one, will probably remain unaccomplished for the want of means—or, an amount of expenditure incurred, and unnecessarily, far exceeding the ability of the revenue to meet by paying the annual interest thereon. If the schemes are to be twin and have a common destiny, it is a bad augury for both—and indicates the incompetency of our rulers to grapple with the subject, either from a want of disinterestedness and foresight, or from an external pressure, which they feel unable to resist. Besides, prior to further legislation on the subject, any arrangement made by the Delegates could be only hypothetical, and therefore premature. The thing has a bad aspect, and if true, goes far to justify the assumption, that the men demanded by the exigency of the times are still wanting.

The Province has already provided \$462,000 sterling, (equal to \$2,217,600), for the E. & N. A. railway, of which amount \$3,000 sterling, or \$3,600 currency, are applicable to the line from St. John to Chediac. Is the Province prepared to assume the whole cost, and that too at the exorbitant rate of £7,800 currency a mile, bating the seven per cent. on the cost assumed by Jackson & Co.? It may do so, as there is no folly, however great, but will find advocates. The road can be built and equipped for \$5,000 currency a mile, and this would leave but \$1400 a mile for the people of St. John and on the line to make up—making an aggregate of \$149,500 for the whole 107 miles from St. John to Shediac, being 107 miles more than the St. Stephens and Calais people have already expended, and are under engagements to expend for the Calais & Baring and the Baring & Lewis Island railways. If the people of St. John had any confidence in the paying character of their darling scheme and any public spirit, they would say to Jackson & Co.: The contract price is exorbitant, and you need expect no further facilities; we can build the road and equip it for £5000 currency a mile, and can make up the £1400 a mile out of our own private resources, and will do so, and have nothing more to do with you. The Province should say to those who pretend to anticipate so much benefit

from this road—Go and do as the St. Stephens and Calais people have done, with scarcely a tithe of your resources, and thus manifest your faith in the beneficial and remunerative character of the enterprise.

The time is rapidly approaching when the good people of St. John will learn, that they have all along been working against themselves. They will see that their opposition to the St. Andrews & Quebec railway, (which of course would be extended to the city,) has been a great mistake. This line is the great desideratum not only for the Province, but for St. John itself. In the meantime also, finish the railway from Chediac to the Bend. After this is done, and perhaps before, ascertain the feasibility of a Ship Canal to connect the Bay of Fundy with the Gulf of St. Lawrence—and if feasible, which it probably is, enlist the Americans in the enterprise, who would, if necessary, furnish the whole of the capital required. When all this is accomplished, and it might and ought to have been at this present time, it will be time enough to enter upon new enterprises, for which the first in order would prepare the country. We have too many irons in the fire, and some of them the wrong ones, and all are burning into the revenue without making any return.

Great benefits have rarely been conferred on a people without opposition, and this kind of opposition is the historical character of our neighbors at the embouchure of the Otagoquid.
The rapid progress of our Sister Province of Canada in material and social advancement, admonishes us of our past staidity in neglecting the application of similar means for the promotion of our own. But we are a little people, and great ideas overwhelm us. When we begin to awake from our past lethargy, our confusion will, very likely, hurry us into complications, from which it will require another generation to extricate the country. Such appears to be the present aspect. We are like a man who is made suddenly conscious of danger near, and in his efforts to escape, encounters the evil he is striving to avoid.

A recent address of the Montreal Board of Trade to the Governor General, concludes with a prayer that measures may be immediately taken to ascertain, by survey, the practicability of a Ship Canal from the city of Ottawa to Lake Huron, and the cost, and also of a Railway, should a Canal be found not feasible, or too expensive. The address commences as follows:—
"That the rapid growth and production of the vast region around and West of the great lakes, demand a corresponding increase in the means of communication between those regions and the Atlantic seaboard."

The people of Quebec, as well as of Montreal, are alive to the importance of the enterprise; as it would throw an immense additional transit trade into both cities. Were the St. Andrews & Quebec railway completed, the Quebec transit trade, as well as two or three hundred miles of the trade of the lower St. Lawrence would be divided exclusively between this railway and the water, and be constantly increasing. The country is thickly settled along the banks of the St. Lawrence for more than 150 miles below Quebec, whose only outlet to the seaboard for one half the year would be this railway. Mr. Kiefer, some years since in a Report made by him, stated that the productions of the Valley of the St. Lawrence were continually pressing on the means of conveyance to the seaboard—and still the cry is, and will be, more railways.

The future historian of New Brunswick will probably find himself compelled to write against the names of its leading men of the present generation, "betis," or a word of similar import.

An address of the Mayor of Boston in January, 1854 contains the following remarks:—

"The agricultural riches of the far off West at this moment are choking up every line of conveyance, it being impossible to transport the continually accumulating products that arrive for transit to the Ocean. If such is the fact now, what, (says he,) may we not anticipate in the next twenty-five years, when the harvests of those same productive regions shall be more than quadrupled."

An impenetrable darkness overshadows the vision of our public men, and the reason is, that an overwhelming selfishness and localism pervade every nook and corner of the country, which begets its like in its rulers. The mole is blind, and therefore he burrows in the earth. Facts, and a future carrying its shadows before, fall into vacancy in New Brunswick. The *amos patrum* sickness with indignation at our self-deceiving, narrow-mindedness and stupidity. If we do not become a by-word and a reproach to the Anglo-Saxon name, it will not be because we have not richly earned the unenviable distinction.

MONITOR

CHARLOTTE COUNTY Agricultural Society.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

List of premiums, awarded at the Annual Exhibition of Cattle, and domestic Industry, held by the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, October 23d, 1855:—

On Brood Mares.—Cornelius Short 1st prem 17s 6d; William Doak 2d do 15s; James Maxwell 3d do 10s.
On Cows, Geldings, or Fillies, under 3 years old.—James McMillan 1st prem 15s; Samuel Denley 2d do 10s; John McBride 3d do 7s 6d.
On Spring Cows.—Cornelius Short 1st prem 12s 6d; William Doak 2d do 10s; John McBride 3d do 7s 6d.
On Bulls.—J. Russell Jr., 1st prem £1; D. Mowatt 2d do 15s.
On Cows.—Robert Stevenson 1st prem 12s 6d; Edward Pheasant 2d do 10s; James McCarty 3d do 7s 6d.
On Heifers.—James McCarty 1st prem 12s 6d; John McBride 2d do 10s; David Mowatt 3d do 7s 6d.
On Spring Calves.—Robert Stevenson 1st prem 10s; Jeffrey Treaholm 2d do 7s 6d; Edward Pheasant 3d do 5s.
On Steers.—James McFarlane Jr., 1st prem 12s 6d; Edward Pheasant 2d do 10s.
On Boars.—James McCarty 1st prem 15s; James Gallagher 2d do 12s 6d.
On Sows.—Henry Ouel 1st prem 15s.
On Rams.—James McFarlane Jr., 1st prem 10s; Samuel Denley 2d do 7s 6d.
On Ewes.—David Mowatt 1st prem 7s 6d; Stewart Kerr 2d do 5s.
On Butter.—John McFarlane 1st prem 15s; James Russell Jr., 2d do 12s 6d; Robert Stevenson 3d do 10s.
On Wheat.—Robert Stevenson, 65 lbs 1st prem 12s 6d; James McMillan 66 lbs 2d do 10s; John Laiton 65 lbs 3d do 7s 6d.
On Oats.—James McMillan 50 lbs 1st prem 10s; Charles Carson 44 lbs 2d do 7s 6d.
On Barley.—James McMillan 55 lbs 1st prem 10s; Joseph H. Meers 53 lbs 2d do 7s 6d; J. Russell Jr., 54 lbs 3d do 5s.
On Smooth Buckwheat.—David Mowatt 49 lbs 1st prem 7s 6d.
On Rough Buckwheat.—James McMillan 54 lbs 1st prem 7s 6d; John Laiton 53 lbs 2d do 5s.
On Beans.—D. Mowatt 65 lbs 1st prem 12s 6d; John Laiton 63 lbs 2d do 10s.
On Peas.—Robert Johnston 66 lbs 1st prem 10s; James Russell Jr., 65 lbs 2d do 7s 6d; Henry Hitchings 64 lbs 3d do 5s.
On Carrots.—Robert Stevenson 61 lbs 1st prem 7s 6d; J. H. Whitlock 55 lbs 2d do 5s.
On Mangold Wurtzel.—J. H. Whitlock 65 lbs 1st prem 7s 6d.
On Parsnips.—Charles Carson 44 lbs 1st prem 7s 6d.
On White Blue Nose Potatoes.—Samuel Billings 69 lbs 1st prem 10s; Joseph H. Meers 69 lbs 2d do 7s 6d; James McFarlane Jr., 66 lbs 3d do 5s.
On Swedish Turnips.—Robert Stevenson 1st prem 7s 6d; Henry Ouel 2d do 5s; David Mowatt 3d do 2s 6d.
On other Turnips.—James Russell Jr., 1st prem 7s 6d.
Dyed Woolen Cloth.—Stewart Kerr 1st prem £1.
Cotton and Wool Sattinette.—James McMillan 1st prem 15s; John McFarlane 2d do 12s 6d; John Laiton 3d do 10s.
Cotton and Wool, will-d Cloth (dyed).—Stewart Kerr 1st prem 12s 6d; David Mowatt 2d do 10s; T. T. Odell 3d do 8s.
Twilled Flannel, cotton and wool.—John McFarlane 1st prem 15s; John Laiton 2d do 12s 6d; David Mowatt 3d do 10s.
Woolen Socks.—Stewart Kerr 1st prem 7s 6d; David Mowatt 2d do 5s.
Woolen Mitts.—Charles Carson 1st prem 7s 6d; Stewart Kerr 2d do 5s.
Dyed Woolen Yarn.—John McFarlane 1st prem 7s 6d; James Gallagher 2d do 5s.
Undyed Woolen Yarn.—David Mowatt 1st prem 7s 6d; James McMillan 2d do 5s.
Woolen Ploughs.—Henry Hitchings, 1st prem £1.
Apples best assortment.—R. Stevenson 1st prem 10s; William Doak 2d do 7s 6d.
A piece of 3, dyed woolen cloth exhibited by Mr. Robert Johnston, was honorably mentioned by the Judges, who could not award a premium, the quantity being under 15 yards.

Mr. Hitchings' plough was also mentioned as highly creditable to the exhibitor, being a superior piece of work.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Secretary.

A young creole of St. Croix, in the Antilles, has just performed a feat which leaves that of Leander crossing the Hellespont far behind, having swum across the Sound between Cronenberg and Helsingborg, a breadth of four English miles. But as the current of breakers prevented his landing, he had to swim to a small village, two miles from Helsingborg, making about six miles in all

which he swam in two hours and forty minutes. A Danish officer and three sailors accompanied him in a boat.—*Galignani.*

MORE FRUITS OF BAD LEGISLATION.—In consequence of the reduction of the tariff by our "freetrade" Executive at the last Session of the Legislature, about two thousand Yankee flash-in-the-pan Cooking Stoves, have been imported into this City, "obstructing" thereby about six thousand pounds of our floating capital from this City alone, while the men who should have been employed in manufacturing them here, are working short time, say four days and a half instead of six days per week. Here then is a double evil; first, our circulating medium, in a time of unusual scarcity, is drawn from its legitimate course, while our mechanics when every article of food is at a famine price, are deprived of the necessities of life. And this is the policy acted upon by our very Liberal Government, and strongly advocated by the *Opposition*, *Freeman*, and the *Morning News*. Men who rejoice in the aristocracy of HOWEY LA BOUR, "Know your enemies, for these are they of them."—*Chronicle.*

A labouring man, named Jerry Buckley, was drowned in the Market Ship yesterday afternoon. It is supposed he was taken in a fit, and fell backwards over the North Market Wharf. Assistance was promptly afforded him, but he sank almost instantly, and after about ten minutes, when his body was recovered, life was apparently extinct, and all efforts made for his recovery proved totally unavailing. He was an industrious man, and has left a large family.—*Chronicle.*

OCHAKOFF—or Ochakow, as the name is generally spelled—is a decayed Russian seaport, seated near the Black Sea, on the north side of the estuary of the Dnieper. Being the key to both the Bug and the Dniester, and consequently a place of considerable military importance, it has always, since it came into the possession of Russia, been strongly fortified and garrisoned. It has frequently been an object of contest between the Turks and Russians, many thousands of whom, on both sides, have fallen in its different sieges. The Russians took it by storm in 1789, and it was confirmed to them, by the subsequent peace. At latest advices, it was threatened by a strong detachment of the Allied squadrons, and has probably succumbed, ere this, to the resistless might of its invaders.—*Chronicle.*

THE FIRST DUTIES OF A WIFE IN SUNDAY.—It is a received custom, that every young bride, on her arrival at her husband's house, must invite guests to a dinner prepared by her own hands; and this repast is considered a test of the education she has received at her parent's house. Shame and disgrace are the consequence should she be found deficient on such an occasion; and shame, also, to the parents who did not attend to this essential branch of her education. Whereas her success in gratifying her guests is reckoned as a proof, not only of the woman's own excellence, but also as no small recommendation to her own family, among whom who must have had so good an example, and received such an excellent instruction.

Tax saying that there is no harm in telling what we know to be true, may be grossly abused. What we may recognize as a fault may spring from a cause of which we are utterly ignorant; it may arise from a weakness of character, rapid transition of feeling, or weakness of judgment. We know that the same disease will not show itself by the same symptoms in different constitutions, and that do resembling symptoms always imply a similar disease. So that the act that would be the result of one feeling, in another mind, may be the result of a very different one.

A Good Reason.—A grand jury, way out South, ignored a bill against a huge negro for stealing thick-fist, and before discharging him from custody, the judge bade him stand reprimanded. He concluded as follows:—
"You may go now, Johnny, but I shall keep his finger at him; let me wash with a needle and thread here again, then I shall give a spinning to John, with delight beaming from his big white eyes, and with a broad grin, displaying a row of beautiful pearls, jetted out of his mouth." I wouldn't bin disreputable, but only a comical fetch line. These allusions, I find. Somewhat very wickedly says, with blooming later eyes caught in a shower of electricity recently, and when they arrived, he had the rain had washed the very color out of their cheeks.

In Paris, apothecaries are obliged to put all poisons in red paper; while white labels must be used for medicines intended for internal application. When a person says, "Well, I hate hypocrisy; I always speak my mind," he either tells an untruth, or, has got much mind to speak.

European Intelligence.

FURTHER BY THE ASIA.

St. Petersburg, Friday, Oct. 26th.—The whole of the Militia has been ordered on march to reinforce the army of the South under Gen. Luder.

Two liners, sixteen frigates and some gunboats have entered the Dnieper.

The Emperor Alexander had left Nicolaiev for Elizabethgrad, 130 miles to the north.

Gen. Todleben is entrusted to fortify Nicolaiev.

London Times says that Gen. Simpson has resigned or is dismissed. Globe says he is not recalled but that physical ailments may induce him to resign. Post says that a new commander is appointed, but does not give his name. Rumour mentions Gen. D. Lacy Evans, Codrington, Markham, Col. Campbell and others as his probable successor.

Major Delfield, Major Mundochie and Maclean, American officers, had arrived in the camp. The British general order provides them rations during their stay in the Crimea.

Oman Pacha, taken at Sinope is exchanged.

Miss Nightingale has returned to Sebastopol.

Gen. Wyndham has command of the 4th British Division.

The Monitor publishes a list of the stores found in Sebastopol. A million of shot and cartridges and half a million pounds of gunpowder.

The efficient land strength of the Allies in the Crimea, including sick, is officially reported 210,000 men.

St. Petersburg letter of the 15th, says Allied successes caused despondency, yet everything indicates the intention of Russia to continue the war.

Preparations were making for a fourteenth levy and enrolment of the local militia. Prayers were offered up for the Emperor's safe return from the Crimea.

The attitude of Sweden was regarded in St. Petersburg with increasing suspicion.

BALTIC.—Weather bad.

The English Fleet, near Nargen, were preparing to leave.

The gun boats at Elisnore, were ordered to England.

The coasting trade was again springing up since the removal of the fleet.

ASIA.—When the Russians in Asia heard of the fall of Sebastopol, they on Sep. 29, made an attack upon Kara, and Turkish details of their repulse are received; Russian loss reported 2000. Two Turkish Redoubts were lost and retaken four times. Hungarian General Kuntz commanded the Turks in absence of English General Williams.

Russian General Mouravioff with 80 guns cannot continue the siege.

The Russians have fortified all passes leading to Tiflis.

Oman Pacha is at Louchern Kalis.

BRITAIN.—Parliament met pro forma on the 23rd, and was prorogued till Dec. 11th.

A new coalition of Lord John Russell, Bright, Gladstone, Disraeli is still talked of. Palmerston wishes Earl of Shaftesbury to accept the vacant Colonial Secretaryship, but his colleagues oppose. The name of Lord John Russell was also mentioned.

The London Times has a noticeable editorial respecting the American expansion.

The Times says the English Government is omitting no opportunity of reinforcing the West India squadron, and thus interposing a powerful barrier between Britain and the North American Continent. At this moment North America is in profound peace with the whole world, yet it is not less true that in her ports there are fitting out at this moment piratical filibustering expeditions, destined to carry war and bloodshed into dominions of an unoffending neighbor. We cannot believe that those who are now engaged in enlisting unhappy men for these desperate and criminal enterprises really contemplate success of a decent upland, for instance, as probable, or even possible. If we can prevent the expedition from sailing or intercept them mid-ocean we shall have done much towards averting the danger which must arise should they be carried out to their natural development. An important discussion has been held in the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce on present British Monetary crisis, resolutions were adopted—that although there is no cause for immediate alarm, the Government should anticipate and prevent any break down of public confidence by suspending the operation of the Bank Act of 1844, as during the crisis of 1847. The London Times opposes this expedient.

The city of London presented an address to the Queen on the glorious success of the Allies. The Queen made a suitable reply, promising a vigorous continuance of the war.

The London papers comment strongly on Admiral Stirling's movements in the Pacific, by which, on May 20th, he permitted the Russian fleet to escape.

Lord Wharfedale and Mr. Lucas, M. P., are dead.

The New York clipper Carrier Pigeon abandoned at sea, was towed by the steamer Sabrina into Cork, the captain and crew afterwards arrived in boats.

Ship America is ashore at Gibraltar, total wreck.

Sir Charles Napier is canvassing South-west, London, for Parliament with good chances of success.

Bank of England has not made further change in the rate of discount.

FRANCE.—Bank of France has arranged

to obtain some millions of francs in silver from the Bank of Amsterdam and it is rumoured also intends to issue twenty five and fifty franc bills.

There are two rumours about as to the Czar. In Berlin it is said that his Imperial Majesty has sprained his foot in the most serious manner, and is obliged to keep to his room. In Paris the report that the Emperor's mind is becoming affected, and that he spends the greater part of his time with priests, praying to God for victory. One story may give rise to the other; but whether the seclusion caused by the sprain was the germ of the latter story, or the sprain was invented to account for the seclusion arising from mental excitement, we must leave our readers to guess.

A striking instance of the way in which high prices attract grain from unexpected quarters is noticed by the Manchester Guardian. Even India, it seems, can furnish us with wheat, if the price be high enough to bear the costs of transport. In the month ending the 7th September, the quantity of wheat shipped from Calcutta for Great Britain was no less than 127,881 mounds, or 22,654 quarters, at the rate of 60 lbs to the bushel; and at the date of the latest accounts shipments were still going on with considerable activity, and at rates which promised a handsome profit to the exporters.

Paris papers say splendid gold mines discovered in Cayenne.

According to a despatch of Marshal Pellissier, the Allies took at Kinburn 1420 prisoners, with 174 pieces of cannon and a quantity of ammunition and stores; and this success has been rendered complete by the Russians themselves blowing up the fortifications of Ochakoff, on the 18th.

DENMARK.—Danish Government has forwarded circulars to all European States interested in Sound dues, circular says: Denmark determines to bring the question to a settlement. King of Denmark writes all states to a general congress at Copenhagen in November; attached to the circular is a memoir explaining Denmark's rights, dimly hinting at a modification of the Danish tariff as the best means of a settlement, memoir also expresses hopes that America will exhibit good will and join other powers in amicable arrangement.

CHAMBERS meet 14th Nov. King of Belgium actively offers his mediation in the war.

SPAIN.—There have been a hundred cases of cholera daily at Madrid.

Gen. Tacón, former Governor of Cuba, died of cholera, aged 80 years.

ITALY.—Distress from cholera—scarcity and crime is increasing in Tuscany.

Russia has become to a amicable understanding with the Pope respecting the nomination of Catholic Bishops in Poland.

There are rumours that the Government of Naples has committed gross outrage against some American citizens, particulars not to hand.

INVENTIVE GENIUS OF THE AMERICANS.—Few are aware of the marvellous inventive triumphs constantly going forward in this country. A contemporary says:—

"We have seen lately, as a specimen of rare American mechanical genius, a machine costing not over five hundred dollars, invented by a working man, which takes hold of a sheet of brass, copper, or iron, and turns off complete hinges at the rate of a gross in ten minutes—hinges, too, neither than are made by any other process; also, a machine that takes hold of an iron rod and whips it into persing process. This is also the invention of a workman man; and both the machines are superior to anything of the kind in the world. No other process of manufacture can compete with them."

LIFE IN NEW ORLEANS.—Some idea of the life in New Orleans may be formed from the following paragraph in the Delta. The arrest of "fifty citizens of the highest respectability," is pronounced "excessively dull business":—

"Everything in this line was extremely dull yesterday and night before last. Several bulls were reported; for being open without license, and one or two coffee houses were found in the same predicament. Sergeant Dryden reported officer Hudnal for being saving drunk on his beat. And some fifty citizens of the first respectability were arrested for drunkenness. Among their number a poet, who paced the cold cell all night in company with three runaway negroes, and composed a poem entitled Liberty vs. License."

A "Sell"—The Newport News relates that a person called at a store in that city a day or two since, just before the departure of the steamer Perry, and ordered a bottle of brandy to be sent on board that boat. The brandy was put up and despatched by a boy, together with fifty cents, in order to avoid delay in making change. The man on board the boat took the bottle with the fifty cents, and said that all was right, and the boat was soon on her way to Providence, leaving the liquor seller minus his bottle of brandy and fifty cents change! The Newport "boys" don't seem to be very sharp.

The story, by the way, shows how rigidly the Maine law is enforced. Or was the store spoken of—the city rum shop?—[State of Maine.]

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Thursday night last, as a hack was standing on the wharf of the British Steamship Company, East Boston, in which were seated Mr. G. B. Neel, and Mrs. G. W. Warren, wife of Geo. W. Warren, Esq., of Charlestown, who had just arrived from Europe with his family, the

horse nearest the water became frightened and sheered so that he slipped off the wharf. The horse on the wharf, having a firm footing, held on, and the harness on the other horse broke, and let him into the water. The carriage was partly over the edge of the wharf, but was saved by the exertions of the driver and others.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 14, 1855.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO RAILWAYS.—The legislatures of the United States and Canada, and Nova Scotia too, show every disposition to foster Railways. Happily they are not cursed with those blighting prejudices, sectional and localism. It matters not to them where the road lies, provided there is a prospect of its paying, and consequently they offer facilities for their construction—by giving large grants in debentures, when a company can show that one half the proposed stock is subscribed and the right of way secured. How long will New Brunswick remain behind the neighboring Colonies in the race of improvement, and permit local jealousies and sectional feeling to thwart the progress of the Country? Just so long as there is a want of confidence in the rulers, whose selfishness and love of office are so apparent, that he must be wilfully blind who cannot see it; the remedy is in the hands of the people, and we hope ere it be too late they will apply it.

DAY OF THANKSGIVING.—We observe that in Canada and Nova Scotia a day has been appointed "to be observed as a day of Praise, Thanksgiving and Prayer for the abundant harvest." We trust that His Excellency the Lieut. Governor of this Province will follow such an excellent example and appoint a day for a similar purpose in this Province.

C. C. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—On our first page we have published a list of the Premiums awarded at the annual exhibition of the above named Society; from which it will be seen that this Province is capable of raising as fine grain, both with respect to weight and quality as any part of the world; and we are assured by farmers from the Mother Country that larger or better potatoes or turnips they never saw.

On the first page we have inserted the able letter of our correspondent "Monitor," which is well worth the attention of our readers.

TEA MEETINGS.—On Thursday and Friday evenings last, the Members of the Methodist Congregation in this place, held tea meetings in the Town Hall, for the purpose of raising funds to pay off the debt on the Chapel. We learn that the tables were well filled, the Hall neatly decorated, and that a goodly number of persons attended on each occasion, who expressed themselves well pleased with the entertainments.

A world's boat race is to take place in Narraganset Bay, next year. Here will be an opportunity for our St. John, oarsmen to crown their laurels, by beating all the world—and then retire with the proud consciousness of not only beating all the world—but of never having been beaten.

Snow has fallen in considerable quantities in New York, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and other States. Here, up to the present there has not even been "an indication."

We shall be pleased to receive from our farming friends—payments in produce, as the money crop has failed this season.

A writer in the last Reporter says, in reference to the delegation about to proceed to England:—

"Mr. Robertson's expenses will be paid by the Company, and the Attorney General's will have a comfortable journey at an inclement season of the year, and so far from its being any advantage to him pecuniarily, he will get his bare expenses, while his office business during his absence will necessarily suffer. This is the real case as respects the Attorney General."

Now who are the Company? The Province subscribed for six thirtieths of the stock and the contractors for nearly all of the remainder. Surely "No Humbug" does not mean to insinuate that the few gentlemen in and about St. John, who called themselves "The Company," will pay Mr. Robertson's expenses? Nor will he, we think, assert that the Contractors will pay the expenses of a man sent home to treat with them? No; the Province will "pay the piper." But the latter part of the paragraph is the richest. The Attorney General will have to travel in an inclement season of the year, &c! Dear Attorney General! what a hardship, to exist some ten days on the Atlantic, in a floating palace!—to live upon the choicest delicacies,

and drink the richest wines!—to travel over England's smooth railways, and spend a few weeks (chiefly devoted to pleasure) in London!—to trip over to France, and see the Parisian lions!—to spend a couple of months in the lap of luxury, living like a Nabob at the public expense, and then return as wise as when he left! *For Attorney General!*

Head Quarters.

The Ordnance department advertises for sale an enormous amount of artillery, shot and shell, now lying at the Island of Saint Helena, opposite Montreal.

COUNTY BONAVENTURE.—A Correspondent at New Carlisle, under date of October 25, communicates the annexed item of intelligence:—[The Gleaner.]

"We have had a continuation of wet, cold, boisterous weather, and a large quantity of grain I am sorry to say is still in the field. This is caused by the wet season we have had, which has prevented its ripening. Potatoes are for the most part housed—the yield most abundant and quality excellent. Turnips are also a good crop."

ACCIDENT.—A melancholy and fatal accident occurred on the afternoon of Wednesday, at the Mill belonging to Messrs. Russell, at Baribog. A young man, named William Stewart, son of Mr. Alexander Stewart, of the Lower District of Newcastle, while working on a pile of edgings, unfortunately fell over into the dam, and notwithstanding prompt assistance was rendered, and his body taken up a few minutes after the accident, life was extinct. Every exertion was made to resuscitate the body, but all proved unavailing.—[Gleaner.]

The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce telegraphs that the General American question has assumed a new aspect, and Mr. Buchanan is charged with its adjustment, under new instructions. No demand has yet been made for the recall of Mr. Crampin.

The new ship "Herald," 1200 tons, Captain Smith on her first voyage from Bathurst, N. B., bound for Liverpool, G. B., proving leaky after being a short time out, the crew unable to keep the ship free, bore up for Bathurst, but the wind coming ahead off Cape Miscon they put the ship before the wind, and steered for the east end of this island, intending to make for Piccadilly, N. S., but in beating up for Northumberland, Strait on Thursday morning, while before daylight, the ship struck with much violence on Cape Bear Reef, near the Malabar Rocks, the seamen immediately deserted the ship, leaving only the officers on board, and being helped people from the shore, and being favoured with fine weather succeeded in getting her off yesterday morning, when she ran into Georgetown to repair.—[Charlottetown paper.]

[These stamps no doubt received a hand some sum before leaving, for the run home, and hence their anxiety to leave the vessel.]

[Ed. of Gleaner]

TORONTO.—We learn that Lord Barr has agreed to "go home" shortly. Mr. Dray, or Edmund Head's Secretary while in New Brunswick, is now in Toronto. His Excellency and family are still at Niagara Falls, where S. Zimmerman, Esq., the great railroad contractor is to give a great entertainment to the Ex. Inspector General at the Clifton House, of which Mr. Zimmerman is the proprietor.—Quebec Chron.

THACKERAY IN AMERICA.—Among the passengers in the steamship Africa, which arrived at Boston on Thursday, is William M. Thackeray, who visits this country for a lecturing tour. It is announced that he will deliver the first of his series of lectures on the four Georges of England and English society during their reigns, on Thursday evening, November 1st, at Dr. Chapin's church in New York.

Railroad Facilities in Maine.—The Portland "State of Maine," says an arrangement has been made by the railways between Montreal and Bangor by which flour is taken from Montreal to the latter place for 60 cents per barrel. This will place flour into Bangor as cheaply as into New York. The Grand Trunk Line is to be opened as far as Brockville is above the Long Sault Rapids, and will give one month later navigation than through the Erie Canal. It also says that Canadian flour has already become a favorite in that market. The railway is now in a condition to bring ten thousand barrels per week.

ACCIDENT ON THE TROY AND NOTLAND RAILROAD.—On Monday of last week a passenger train on this road fell through a bridge across the Battenkill, near Squam N. Y. There were thirty passengers on board, besides the employees, none of whom were seriously injured. This was owing, probably, to the fact that the bridge was but five feet above the water, and the water shallow. The accident was caused by carelessness of workmen engaged on the bridge, who removed one of the essential supports of the bridge, and gave no effectual warning.

HOGS—LARGE OPERATION.—We understand that one of our pork house firms, sold yesterday to an English picker 20,000 hogs at \$5 from the hooks. An average of 200 pounds net per hog, would make the aggregate amount involved in the transaction \$200,000. This is, we believe, the largest transaction that has ever taken place in this market. Louis ville Journal.

THE PAN, in the hand that knows how to use it, is the most powerful weapon known. As the tongue of the absent, how cheering! When the golden tints of vintage guide it, how beautiful! When self respect gives it new vigour how pleasing! When honor directs it, how respected! When wit sharpens it, how fatal! When scurrility wields it, how contemptible! 'Tis the weapon of the soul!

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Wonderful Remedies for the Cure of Scalds and Burns.—Emelia Anderson, of Sydney, Nova Scotia, was accidentally severely scalded by some boiling water falling on her. The whole of the right side and leg in particular was in a most shocking state. Something in the hurry of the moment was applied, which caused the flesh to peel off almost to the bone, and rendered her utterly unable to move, she was carried to bed, medical assistance called in, and her recovery despaired of; it so happened, that a friend who paid a visit that day, had just been cured of a dreadfully bad leg by Holloway's Ointment and Pills, and she recommended the same; the Pills and Ointment were accordingly bought and used; by continuing them for two weeks she was perfectly well, and has written most gratefully to Professor Holloway for the cure effected.

Cleared, at New York for St. John, 5th Nov., Schr. Alma, Waycott.

Married.—On the 4th inst., at the Parish Church, Penfield, by the Rev J. McGovern, Rector of St. George, Mr. Tobias G. Mealy, merchant, to Miss Catherine Prescott, both of Penfield.

On the same day, at St. George, by the same, Mr. John McGowan, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Stoue, both of the Upper Falls, St. George.

On the 20th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Barron, Mr. Charles Short, shipbuilder, to Miss Hannah Halloran, both of this town.

At St. John, on the 10th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. Andrew Gimson, aged 35 years, leaving a widow and six children to mourn their bereavement.

THE MAILS FOR ENGLAND will close at this Office on Friday the 9th inst., and Tuesday 13th inst., at 6 A. M., via New York, and on Sunday 18th November, at 9 A. M., via Halifax.

The Postage for the United Kingdom, via Halifax, is 7d single rate, and via New York 1s. 5d. pre-payment optional.

By Order, G. F. CAMPBELL, F. M.

Post Office, St. Andrews, Nov. 7, 1855.

FLOUR—PORE—APPLES—&c.

W. Whitlock,

HAS just received per schooner "Jelia," from New York, and steamer "Adelaide" from Boston:—

75 bbls superfine and extra family FLOUR

20 bbls New York Greening Apples

Corn Meal, Mess Pork, White Beans

Carolina Rice, Navy and Pilot Bread

Bacon Cakes, refined Whale Oil

Burning Fluid, Lard, Tallow, etc.

TOGETHER WITH—

The following articles on hand:

Hyson, Oolong and Souchong Teas

Ground and whole Coffee, Cocoa and Chocolate

Crushed and broken Sugar, Molasses, Soap

Candles, Starch, white wine and cider Vinegar,

Brooms, painted Pails, Tubs, Axes, and

Axe Handles, Spices, Macaroni,

Willow, Market and Clothes' baskets

Cod and pollack Fish,

Perry Davis' Pain Killer,

Cooking, Franklin, and other Stoves

A more general assortment of Stoves daily expected.)

An assortment of low-priced Common, and

Rocking Chairs.

ALSO,

A variety of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc. etc.

St. Andrews, Oct. 16.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm

of Robert Brown & Co., are requested to make immediate payment to Messrs. Beard & Venning, or their agent; the said Beard & Venning being lawfully authorized to receive the said debts and give receipts therefor.

ROBERT STORE.

St. Andrews, Nov. 3, 1855.

Mr. JAMES BURNS is authorized to collect the above and give receipts therefor.

BEARD & VENNING.

St. John, Nov. 3, 1855.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby Given, that the

Partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of Mealy & Johnson, at St. George, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business in future will be conducted by SAMUEL JOHNSON alone, and who is duly authorized to receive all debts due to said firm, and will pay all debts owing by them.

TOBIAS G. MEALY.

SAMUEL JOHNSON.

Saint George, Nov. 5, 1855.

[Patriot and Provincialist—8 ins.]

Cherry Brandy, Whiskey, &c.

One cask Cherry Brandy

One cask Scotch Whisky

One cask French Brandy

One cask Cognac

One cask Brandy

One cask Whisky

One cask Brandy

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One cask Brandy

THE
UNION STORE
At Robinson, Mass.
Has just received a full stock of desirable
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Which are now offered at the lowest prices above
the cost of production, for cash. Particular attention
is invited to our new and fine line of
Stuffs and Dress Goods.
Comprising a great variety of styles, entirely new,
and never before offered in this market.
OUR SUPPLY OF
GROCERIES & WEST INDIA GOODS
is, as usual, complete, and sold on truly protective
Union Principles.
ROBINSON, Oct. 23d, 1855.

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES.
HAYING purchased from HALL & FAIRWEATHER,
their entire STOCK of West India
Goods and Groceries, the undersigned now offers
for sale low:-
45 Chests and 20 bbls Congo TEA, the following
brands—Chester, Challenger, Eagle,
Wing, Horatio, Golden Gate, Wild Pigeon
and Huzzar;
18 of chests Orange Pekoe favorite brands
23 chests from 15 to 20 lbs each,
30 hds Masorodo MOLASSES;
19th Clayed do; 5 do SUGAR;
4 boxes TOBACCO;
210 bags Coarse and Fine SALT; 3 bbls Pine Oil;
2 cases Pickles; 2 cases INDIGO;
1 bbl VITRIOL; 120 lbs NUTMEGS;
40 boxes common and pale Yellow Soap;
10 do Castile; 40 qts nut-oil;
35 Great Woodstock PIPES;
150 lbs Cloves; 12 REDWOOD;
1 case ANNOTA;
2 cases Colman's No 1 Mustard; 3 bales Candle
WICK; 2 bags COFFEE; PAINTS, OILS,
Glass Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c., with a large variety
of other GOODS.
Et. John. W. E. STRONACH.

Pine Timber.
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY
FIVE TONS PINE TIMBER, aver-
aging 13 inches, for sale—Apply to
JAMES BOYD.
Oct. 6, 1855



ST. JOHN STONE WORKS.
SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE Proprietor of the above Establishment,
gives notice to the Public, that he has
entered into Partnership with his Brother under the
firm of
J. & R. MILLIGAN,
and they have added largely to their stock of dif-
ferent Stone and Marble, and
are prepared to supply at the shortest notice—
Monuments, Headstones, Tombs, Vault,
Fountains, Granite Piers, and Table Tops, &c., &c.
of all designs and patterns, and all kinds of cut
stone for Building.
They also beg to intimate, that they are not
under the necessity of importing men from
the United States to execute their work, but be-
lieve that as good, if not superior workmen may
be found in this City, without sending for for-
eigners, and thereby throwing our people out of
employment. Our motto is "Protection to our
own Mechanics."
JAMES MILLIGAN.
ROBERT MILLIGAN.
We have always on hand, a great variety of—
Finished Monuments, Tombstones, and
Head Stones,
Of all shapes and the best quality, and sold at
lower prices than can be purchased anywhere
else in the same style.
Also—Grindstones, and Stone Pipe Stones, of
all sizes, sold cheap.
AGENTS.
St. Andrews, Mr. I. Snoogress, saddler.
Boscawen—Mr. R. Turner.
Frederickton—Mr. G. H. Hay, merchant.
Penfield—Mr. Josiah Prescott.
St. David's—Mr. D. Hyslop.
REFERENCE.
St. Andrews—Capt. James.
St. James—Rev. Mr. Turnbull.
Do—Rev. Mr. Milten.
Harvey, York—The Rev. Mr. Smith.
Prince William, York—Rev. Mr. Glass.
October 31, 1855.

Mangle.

I OFFER FOR SALE—A new Clothes'
MANGLE. Also,
A WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINE
low for Cash. **JAMES BOYD.**
Oct. 6, 1855.

Cottage & Land for Sale.
TO be sold, a convenient Cottage residence,
owned and occupied by the Subscriber, with
about seven acres of land, adjoining the Town
Plot of Saint Andrews. The House contains—
Dining room, Parlor, entrance Hall, five good
Bedrooms, Kitchen &c. There are also a new
Barn, and other outbuildings on the premises.
The house is pleasantly situated, commanding
good views of the bay and river.
For particulars apply to Messrs. Odell & Turner,
St. Andrews, or to the subscriber,
Sep. 18. C. H. RICE.

Soap and Candle Factory
AGAIN.
THE Subscriber in returning thanks for the
extensive patronage received for the last
twelve years, respectfully informs his friends and
customers, that since the late disastrous fire in
Water-street, he has erected a new Factory in
Princess-street, a very short distance above the
Post Office, and next adjoining Dunn's Steam Mill,
where he will be happy to receive and execute all
orders from his old customers and the trade gener-
ally; and by manufacturing a good article, at a
fair price and light profit, to give satisfaction.
GEO. WOODS.
St. John, Sept. 13, 1855. (Patent Sm.)



AYER'S
PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for
the patient, however, that almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els. This is not. Many of them produce so much
gripping pain and retension in the system as to more
than counterbalance the good to be derived from
them. These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the blood
poisons which have been speedily cured by them, we
may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Leucorrhoea, Hemor-
rhoids, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the
Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the
consequences of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Con-
stipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Sci-
atic and Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body,
Fluor and impurity of the blood; in short, any
and every case in which a purgative is required.
They have also produced some singular suc-
cesses in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Eruption of the Skin, Pains in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
used in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of season.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite and vigor. They purify the blood, and by their
stimulant action on the circulatory system, reno-
vate the strength of the body, and restore the
wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but the
necessary dosing should never be carried too far,
as every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The doses and uses of which
a physician is required cannot be enumerated here,
but they suggest themselves to the reason of every
body, and it is confidently believed that this pill will
answer a better purpose than any thing which has
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are more known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
cathartic medicine.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Analyser and Practical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

SOLD BY
Agents for St. Andrews, Odell & Turner and
M. S. Hannah—St. George, E. P. Knight.

Tea, Linseed Oil,
STARCH, &c.
OCTOBER 15, 1855.

Ex Achilles from London:
10 Half-Chests } Best Congou Tea
4 hds. best boiled Linseed Oil
4 cases finest improved No 1. Poland Starch
2 do improved parent Rice Starch
50 hds. pale Rotterdam Geneva, "Anchor"
brand, &c. &c.
J. W. STREET.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. & F. Rice,
WHOLESALE GROCERS—116 & 118,
State street, Boston.

FURNITURE.
A. S. THAYER & CO.
Nos. 82 & 84 Union street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Rich, Medium,
and low-priced
Furniture, of all Descriptions
Gilt, Fluted, Landscape and Plain striped
Chamber Sets,
Looking Glasses, in Gilt, Mahogany, and
Black Walnut Frames;
Husk, Palm, Excelsior and Hair
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
Sofas,
Black Walnut, Mahogany, and Marble-Top
Tables, Secretaries, Bureaus, &c.
Upholstering done to order.
Those in want, will do well to examine our
stock before purchasing elsewhere.
A. S. THAYER & CO.
82 & 84 Union Street, BOSTON.

BOSTON HAND STAMP COMPANY.
Manufacturers of the
PATENT FLEXIBLE STAMP.
N. B. BIGELOW, Agent,
152 Washington Street, Boston.

THE HANDEL COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.
By A. N. Johnson, assisted by B. F. Baker and
E. H. Frost.
The above comes almost without recommendation, this
work to all who want of a new book. Published by
J. R. MILLER, No. 90, Tremont Street,
BOSTON.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. D. SPEAR,
INDIAN DOCTOR.
18 Kneeland Street, BOSTON, Mass.
The great success which has ever attended
the Indian practice of Medicine, as perfected
by E. D. SPEAR, M. D., residing in the
heart of the many advocates of Mercury. Many
of his remedies, as the public have already learn-
ed from newspaper of the day are prepared from
recipients which are believed to have originally been
received from the Indians one hundred and seventy
years ago. No other remedy deserves the
name of Indian.

DR. SPEAR'S
GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE.
(For names and description see his "Family
Physician"—to be had, free, at his office, or sent
to order, prepaid on receipt of a paper postage
stamp.)
Are certain cures for
Asthma, Ague and Fever, mercurial Eruptions, Boils,
Gonorrhea, Cancer, Canker, Colds, Consumption,
Croup, Scurvy, Dropsy, Debility, Diabetes,
Derangement of the Bowels, all humors in the
blood, Giddiness, Headache, Inflammation of the
Eyes, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Com-
plaints, Loss of Hair, Lumbago, Milk Let, Nigh-
mare, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the side,
back, and other parts of the body, Painful Men-
struation, Pin Worms, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum,
Scald Head, Scrofula, Shortness of Breath, Sore
Throat, Spinal Complaints, Strabismus, &c.
Dr. Spear's Family Medicine have become very
celebrated, and it is now admitted that his treat-
ment of Female Weaknesses, Prolapsus Uteri, Ir-
regularities and Suppressions is far superior to
every other treatment for these complaints.
DR. SPEAR,
is also celebrated in the treatment of children.
His medicines being vegetable, do not poison the
system.
Dr. Spear is now being visited by one thousand
patients every month, some of whom travel hun-
dreds of miles to consult him and to obtain his me-
dicines.
Dr. S. will warrant a cure in every curable case.
After giving his remedies a fair trial, if a cure is
not effected, he will pay any other physician, who
will effect a cure, his bill, not exceeding \$100.
Persons who desire a dissection can consult him by letter,
enclosing a stamp to pay the answer.
Dr. S. consults with patients at his Office
No 18 Kneeland Street, upon all conditions and dis-
eases of the system, free of any charge.

French's
Mercantile & Nautical
Institute.
94 Tremont St. - - - Boston.

PENMANSHIP
BOOK-KEEPING
NAVIGATION
ENGINEERING &c.
Students can commence at any time, there being
No Classes. Tuition of Terms &c.,
sent by mail.

THIS is the most extensive and complete Insti-
tute of the kind in the United States, and
was founded for the express purpose of affording
Thorough and Practical, Mercantile and
NAUTICAL EDUCATION,
and aiding them when qualified, in obtaining
Good Salaries.
CHAS. FRENCH, A. M., Principal.
Four Assistant Professors, Messrs. L. F. E. J.
James Walker, D. D. President Harvard University,
and many others.

J. J. WARREN,
BONNET & HAT HOLEYERY, 114 Sud-
bury Street, BOSTON.

HENRY TOLMAN,
153 WASHINGTON STREET,
BOSTON.
Publisher of Music, Importer of Musical Mer-
chandise, and Manufacturer of Musical Instru-
ments.
Just Published—TOLMAN'S AMATEUR
DIAMOND BOOKS,
containing twelve pieces arranged for Military
Amateur Brass Bands: price \$3.00.
Directly opposite the Old South Church.

DIAMOND LIGHT,
or,
ROSIN OIL LAMP.
Producing a most beautiful and perfectly
safe light, at a cost not exceeding 1-2 a cent an
hour. Lamps from \$2 to \$10; oil, 50 cents per
gallon. For sale, wholesale and retail, by W. W.
UPHAM, Treasurer Tremont Oil Factory, No 10,
BROAD STREET, Boston, Call and see it.
N. B.—Agents wanted.

Thomas P. Barnes,
Importer and Dealer in
Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps,
Steel Traps, &c.
No. 28 DOCK SQUARE, Boston.

Old Stand Union Store.
GEO. A. MANFIELD.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots,
Shoes, and RUBBERS, LEATHER and FINDINGS.
No. 4 Market Square, and 5 North Street,
(Opposite North side Faneuil Hall) BOSTON.

Samuel T. Crosby,
WATCHES, JEWELRY, & SILVER
WARE.
69 Washington Street,
3 doors south of Court Street, Boston.

SEWING MACHINES.
OUR Machines are with case, heavy Boots
and Shoes, Carriage and Harness work
with any sized Lined Thread, with or without
wax. The Cylinder Machine is invaluable for
stitching Boots after they are tread—Ladies'
Gaiters, Sleeves into Coats, and every variety
of Curious Clothing. Our Family machine is
especially adapted to all kinds of Family sewing,
and is superior to any other ever made.
J. B. NICHOLS & Co.
No. 33, Hanover Street, Boston.

THE MUSIC BOOK OF THE SEASON!

BAKER'S CHURCH MUSIC.
We are now prepared to fill our orders for this
valuable work, which is spoken of in the
highest terms by all musicians who have examined it.
JOHN P. JEWETT & Co., Publishers.
117 Washington Street, Boston.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. I. HEALEY'S
IRON RAILINGS,
For Garden and Cemetery Fences,
and Balustrades.
No. 51 Spring Street, Boston. J. I. H.
has one of the largest and best selected assortment
of elegant designs of
ORNAMENTAL RAILING,
to be found in the state, which he offers at prices
that will defy competition. All orders in City or
Country promptly attended to.

NEW ENGLAND WIRE RAILING

Manufactory.
Nos. 90 & 92 Union Street Boston.
Wire and Cast Iron Fence Patent Railings,
Window Guards, Balconies &c., of every descrip-
tion made to order.
OTIS HINMAN. **THEO. LYMAN.**

JOHN D. FOWLE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
WINDOW SHADES, & FIXTURES.
252 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.
Sole Agent for Bray's Patent Balance
Spring Fixture.

AMARIAN STORES,
Dealer in every variety of
Cards, Card Board, R. R. Tickets, Stock,
Fancy Papers, &c.
54 and 56 Cornhill, Boston.
Papers of every shade manufactured to or-
der, and Cards or Tickets cut to patterns, at
short notice.

Opposite the old South Church, in Boston.
BURDETT'S HAT, CAP, AND FUR
STORE.
All goods sold on the lowest terms. All
HATS, CAPS, or FURS of the finest quality,
and latest fashions always guaranteed. 147
Washington Street, directly oppo-
site the old South Church which is familiar to all
New England people.

Boston Type Foundry,
THE OLDEST IN NEW ENGLAND.
JOHN K. ROGERS & CO
Spring Lane, - - - Boston.

Wholesale Paper
WAREHOUSE.
RICE & KENDALL, 16 Water-street, Bos.
Papers of every description on hand
or made to order. Paper Makers' stock and
materials of all kinds for sale.

Stammering Cured!

DR. BRONSON, AND C. C. BEERS
ARE happy in announcing that STAMMER-
ing can be PERMANENTLY CURED by
Medicine and Vocal Gymnastics. It is first treat-
ed as a Nervous Disease, (like St. Vitus' Dance,
Epileptic Fits, &c.) and then the habit, incident
to the disease, is corrected by exercises in Elo-
cution. Mr. Beers has been an inveterate stam-
merer for thirty-five years; has attended many
institutions for the cure of stammering, and ex-
pended hundreds of dollars without any perma-
nent benefit, but cured himself, 18 months ago,
and has ever since remained so: With the
same means, we have cured others, to whom we
would gladly refer any applicants—not having
failed in a single instance. Being satisfied from
reason, experience, and observation, that stam-
mering is the effect of a Nervous Disorder, and
can be perfectly cured by the above means in the
course of two or three weeks, we assure all in-
terested in these gratifying results, and guaran-
tee a permanent cure, or refund the small fee
paid in advance. Those desiring further infor-
mation on these subjects, (including terms,
guaranty, &c.) can obtain it from our New
Work, just issued, on Stammering, its Effects,
Causes and Remedies: Illustrated by One Hun-
dred Engravings. Price, One Dollar; or on the
receipt of which the Book will be sent without
expense, and the money that is paid will be effec-
tively in the bill for treatment. Board, etc, fur-
nished on reasonable terms—Address BRONSON
& BEERS, 180, Washington-street, Boston, Mass.

MELODEONS, SERAPHINES AND
REED ORGANS.
(CARRIAGE PATENT)
FIRST premium for the best Melodeon has
been awarded by the Mechanics' Fair, Bos-
ton, to

PARKS & POISSON.
236 Washington St. Boston.
P. & P. would respectfully give notice,
that they still continue to manufacture the
Melodeon and Seraphine, in a variety of
styles which, in point of finish and tone,
are not surpassed by any other manufac-
turers. Also, the Melodeon Organ, with a
sub-bass, suitable for Churches, Vestries
and Halls. The public are invited to call
and examine before purchasing.
Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

Deafness Cured!
However Caused!!
TESTIMONY—Mr. Editor: Seeing an
advertisement that the Deaf might be relieved by
applying to DR. BOARDMAN, 304 Washing-
ton street, corner of Suffolk Place, BOSTON,
I was induced to leave home and send the Doc-
tor's skill. I was so deaf that I was unable to
hear ordinary conversation: To my astonish-
ment, in twenty minutes my hearing was per-
fectly restored. I recommend all persons to try
the Doctor's new method of cure.
Ezekiah Brockmeyer, of Springfield.
Letters, post paid, attended to.
Remedies and Apparatus sent by express.

Phrenological Rooms.
142 Washington Street BOSTON.
Rooms open Day and Evening.
For the sale of Books and description of
Character, including advice as to choice of Occu-
pation, selection of Halls of all kinds, Clerks, Ap-
prentices, &c. &c. Also Education and Govern-
ment of Children, Marriages, Alliances, Health
Liaisons, Mental and Physical Diet, &c. &c.
FOWLER & WELLS,
D. P. BUTLER.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW IS THE TIME!
WHO WANTS A GOOD CARPET?
FOR A LITTLE MONEY!
As I am about to change my
business, I propose to close off my Stock of
Carpets and Window Shades.
at a Discount.
Please call soon at 163 Hanover Street, Boston,
and examine for yourselves. **F. MARTIN.**

BARTLETT & BATHAM,
Manufacturers of
Premium Trusses and Improved supports,
Such as Fitch's, Chapin's, and others. Also
A. F. Bartlett's well known
Washington Suspender Shoulder Braces,
for the cure of Round and Crooked shoulders, weak
back, Chest, &c., for Gentlemen, Ladies and Chil-
dren. 186 Washington, corner of Franklin St.,
(Up stairs,) opposite Marlboro' Hotel, Boston.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
COMPLETE supplies of materials for Oil Paint-
ing, and Crayon and Gouache Paintings—
Winsor & Newton's superior Oil Colors in Tubes
for sale wholesale and retail, by M. J. WATSON,
35 Cornhill, Boston.

IRVING'S WASHINGTON
Colton's Gazetteer,
FRANKLIN'S SELECT WORKS,
PARKER, KING & Co's Book and Print-
ing Store,
50 and 52 Cornhill, Boston.

Premium Window Shades.
Manufacturers and Importers of Window Shades,
Lace, Muslin and Damask Curtains, Cornices,
Blinds, Pins, Looms, &c. &c.
IN. E.—Store Shades, made to order.
J. L. and J. B. Kelly, Washington St. Boston.
Also Kelly's Improved Metallic Figures.

Bailey, Russell & Chapman,
Successors to Foxenden Brothers,
Importers and Dealers in
Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware.
No. 205 Washington, cor. of Bromfield St.,
BOSTON.

CARD ENGRAVING,

AND COPPERPLATE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
AND DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF
ENAMELLED CARDS, AND ENVELOPES.
THE subscriber would call the attention of
Printers and the trade to his large and well
selected stock of Fancy Cards, Note Paper and
"Envelopes. Beautifully illuminated Paper, for
"Bills of Fare" Invitations, &c. Ball Cards, a
new and beautiful pattern, Wedding Stationery
such as Envelopes and plain Envelopes, Cake
Boxes, &c.
Wedding, Invitation, Address and business cards
engraved to order in the highest style of art. The
Trade respectfully invited to call and examine
specimens.
N. S. DEARBORN, 24 School Street, Boston.

STEREOTYPING
AND ELECTROTYPING
—BY THE—
BOSTON STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY
CHARLES J. PETER, agent.
No. 4 Spring Lane—up stairs—BOSTON.

Earthen Ware.

To arrive per the "Joseph Tarratt" from
LIVERPOOL.
SEVENTEEN CRATES well assorted
Earthenware,
10 Boxes large Woodstock PIPES,
374 Stone BOTTLES.
J. W. STREET.
St. Andrews, 1st Oct. 1855.

FLOUR, Ex "UTICA" from Bos-
ton—Now Landing—
60 Bbls. Fancy & Extra Superfine
Southern Flour.
Warranted fresh and good for family use.
J. W. STREET.
July 16, 1855.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS,
1855.

Appointed to sail from Liverpool as under—
Ships Captains Tonnage To sail
Libra, Kenney, 875 5th May
Imperial, Moran, 1279 5th June
Madison, Delaney, 936 5th July
John Barbour, Marshall, 990 7th July
John Owens, Doane, 1236 5th Aug.
Joseph Tarratt, Gray, 942 20th do.
Eudocia, Sparr, 1015, 5th Sept.
David G. Fleming, Cruickshank, 1225 20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail
remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyd's, and
covered and will be dispatched punctually on the
days appointed.
They are commanded by men of the greatest ex-
perience and nautical skill and no expense or ex-
erting will be spared to make this line efficient in
every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance
of Goods.
Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are re-
spectfully solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to
Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Warne
Buildings, Water Street, or at St. John, to
J. & R. REED.
June 1, 1855.

Waggons, Carts, &c.

EDWARD STENTIFORD,
WAGGONS, Carts, WHEELBARROWS, &c.
N. B.—Fine & Spacious Boats, Hemlock Bark
Laths, Shingles, and Country Produce, taken in
payment.
An Excellent Horse for Sale.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
The Subscriber has just received a further as-
sortment of Watches, Jewelry, Cutlery, &c.
consisting of—
Gold and Silver Laver & Lining Watches,
Guard Chains, Gold Lockets, a superior article;
Barrington's fine gold finger Rings, silver Jet and
steel Shawl Pins, Watch Chains, &c. &c.
Silver Tea & Table Spoons, salt and mustard do.
Joseph Rodgers & Sons old English Razors, Pocket
knives, and Pen Knives, &c.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry cleaned and re-
paired &c.
GEO. F. SMICKLEY.
St. Andrews, Jan. 26, 1855.

Sheriff's Sales.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of
JOHN McCOLL and **EDWIN A. RUSSELL**, to all of those several Lots, pieces and parcels of Land, situate or near the Lower Falls, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, described as follows:

That **PIECE** of LAND beginning at the south angle of the lot formerly owned by John Mann and William McLeod, running hence west along the north side of Water street 65 feet to Brunswick street; thence along said Brunswick street 150 feet to George street; thence along the south side of George street 131 feet; thence south 71 feet; thence west 40 feet; and thence south 90 feet to the place of beginning—being the lot on which John McColl's new house stands.

ALSO—Two other **LOTS** of LAND situate at the Portage, so called, on the eastern side of the river Magogadavic, conveyed by Sarah N. Sione and others to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated 26th May, 1851.

ALSO—One **MOIETY** of a **LOT** of LAND, with the Mills, Dams and Sluices thereunto belonging, lying on both sides of the said river above, at, and below the said Lower Falls, bounded northerly by said river and the Robert Hanson Lot so called, westerly by the eastern line of the estate of the late John McMaster, southerly by Saltwater Basin, and easterly by the Portage road.

ALSO—All that certain **LOT** or **PIECE** of LAND, situate on the east side of Lake Utopia, in the Parish of Penfield and Saint George in said County, known as the number One, bounded on the north by lands granted to the late Hugh McKay; on the south by lot number Two, and contains forty-four acres, and was conveyed by Lewis Bliss to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 14th January, 1853.

ALSO—All the **GULLY PROPERTY** so called, situate in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 9th July, 1853.

ALSO—That certain **LOT** or **PARCEL** of LAND, situate at the Lower Falls aforesaid, on the west side of said river described as follows:—Beginning at a cedar-post 35 rods along south side of the old highway road, westerly from the end of the bridge above the Lower Falls, thence south 22 rods 10 links to Milliken's and Seely's line; thence west along said line 80 rods and 16 links; thence north easterly 25 rods to the first mentioned bounds, containing one acre and a half, more or less.

ALSO—Another **LOT** situate in the Parish of Saint George, on the south side of the great road leading to Saint John bounded by the said road on the north; on the east by the McMillan lot; on the south by the Munroe lot; and on the west by the McGormon lot, containing five acres, more or less.

ALSO—That **LOT** or **PIECE** of LAND lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, being lot number Three, and is part of lot number Four in the Military Grant containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, and conveyed by John Rodger to the said McColl & Russell, by deed dated the 29th September, 1853.

ALSO—That **LOT** in the said Parish of Saint George, lying north of Munroe's barn, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McColl & Russell.

All that **LOT** of LAND lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, conveyed by John Wallace to the said McColl & Russell.

And all other the Real Estate and Possessory Right of the said McColl & Russell, or either of them, wheresoever situate in the Bailiwick.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte,
Oct. 1, 1855.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews:

ALL the right and title, interest, claim and demand of **JOHN McCOLLEY**, to the following Lots, Pieces, or Parcels of LAND, with the appurtenances belonging to them, viz:—

ALL that Lot, Piece or Parcel of LAND situated on the northern side of the road leading from the Upper to the Lower Mills, in the Parish of St. Stephen, excepting in part sold by said McColl to one Donald Campbell; the same having been purchased by said McColl from James Murdoch, as by deed bearing date 10th July 1854.

THE same having been seized and taken under an Execution in favor of Samuel Neill.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte,
Oct. 1, 1855.

Sheriff's sale.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 17th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest claim and demand of **ERNEST R. DOTEN**, to the following Properties, situated in the Parish of St. David, in the County of Charlotte, viz:—

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, part of the Penobscot Grant, containing 17 acres, more or less, beginning at the intersection of the Tower Hill road with the great road leading from St. Andrews to St. Stephens, and running along the Eastern side of the said Tower Hill road, North 29 degrees West, about 90 rods to the North line of Isaac Garcelon's land, thence by said line South 24° 41' East about 40 rods to a cedar stake on the old division line between Garcelon's land and Moore's land, thence North 66° East on the Southern line of land owned by Ebenezer R. Doten about 20 rods to a brook on the Eastern branch of the Mill stream; thence by the centre of the said brook to the flowage of the Saw Mill Pond; thence by the flowage of the said pond westerly to the West branch coming from the Carding Machine house; thence crossing the said branch southerly about 8 rods to a cedar stake on the West bank of the saw Mill Pond; thence westerly on a line about 8 rods to a cedar stake about 20 feet from the South West corner of the Carding Machine house; thence West two rods to a cedar stake, the same being allowed for a public road; thence South about 10 degrees East to a cedar stake by the great road aforesaid about 24 rods; thence westerly by the said road to the place of beginning.

ALSO—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, part of the Penobscot Grant, containing 25 acres, more or less, commencing at a cedar stake on the division line between Garcelon and Moore's lands, North 15° 30', West 52 rods to a stake and stones, thence East 92 rods to a stake and stones, South 49 rods to a stake and stones, thence West about 75 rods to the place of beginning.

ALSO—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, being part of the Penobscot Grant, containing one acre, more or less, being the same lot on which Ebenezer R. Doten now lives, and decided by Isaac Garcelon to him, with all the buildings, machinery, improvements and appurtenances in any way appertaining to the said lots, pieces or parcels of land.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte,
5th Nov. 1855.

Ufford's Smoke Consuming Patent Lamp.

Is warranted to produce, without smoke and with only the poorest quality of oil or grease, at an expense of less than half a cent per hour, a light equal to at least four wax candles. Extremely simple and durable, less injurious to the eyes than any other artificial light, and will prove the truth of these statements.

Price \$1.25, 85c. 67c.
We have one of the Lamps in use, and are able to conform to the favorable testimony of the Traveller, having found it answering well to what it claimed for it. (Puritan Recorder.)
No person who has ever tried one of the Lamps would be willing to give it up for ten times its cost, if it could not be replaced. [New England Farmer.]
Boston, 117 Court-street, head of Sudbury.

Marble Work at Reduced Prices.

A. WENTWORTH & CO.,
Now offer their stock of
Chimney Pieces and Mantelpieces,
of various qualities and patterns, being the largest and best assortment in New England.
15, 17, and 60, Haverhill Street,
and 6, 8, 10, and 12, Beverly Street, Boston.

A. G. Lyon,
COMMISSION MERCHANT and Dealer in
Produce, Butter, Cheese, Fruit, Nuts,
&c. &c.
All articles consigned to him on commission will be disposed of in the quickest manner, and on the most advantageous terms 103 Union and 174 Blackstone streets,
Near Haymarket Square, Boston.

Isaac Harow,
MERCHANT TAILOR, and Dealer in Gentleman's Furnishing Goods, and Ready-Made CLOTHING.
58 WASHINGTON STREET,
Near State street, Boston.

IF Garments cut and made to order, and warranted to fit.

WILLIAM E. RAM-DELL,
Manufacturer of the AMERICAN PATENT CURTAIN FIXTURE, No 24, Utica Street, Boston.
IF Balances Fixtures constantly on hand.

J. M. Read,
Inventor, Manufacturer and Dealer in Portable Cylinder Ventilating Hot Air
COOKING RANGES.
New Era Cooking and Parlor Stoves combined, both fitted to burn wood or coal. With a general assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Office STOVES.
Also, Read's Patent Screw Foot Press and Boot Crimping Machine. Read's Patent Double-Acting Screw Jack, for raising buildings, railroad cars, coaches, and other heavy burdens.
Nos. 31 and 33 Union street, Boston.

THE INFALLIBLE REMEDY!!!

Holloway's Ointment.

ERYSIPELAS of eight years cured!
Copy of a Letter from Geo. Sinclair, Esq., of Paris, Canada, dated the 18th July, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir,—I feel a pleasure and a pride in bearing witness to the wonderful benefit I have derived by the use of your invaluable Ointment and Pills. For eight years I suffered incessantly from attacks of erysipelas: large purple blotches came all over my body; in addition to the unpleasant feeling of itching and burning, which affected me both night and day, rendering life a misery to me, as well as to all around me. So severe was the attack I used several reputed remedies without deriving the least cessation to my misery. At last I determined to try your Ointment and Pills; after taking them for a few weeks, a visible improvement took place, and I feel considerably better: in three months, I was completely cured, and now enjoy the best of health. The truth of this statement is well known here, hence there is no necessity for me to request secrecy.

I am, Sir, yours respectfully,
(Signed) **Geo. SINCLAIR.**

ULCERS in the Leg.—Remarkable Cure!
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Edward Tomkinson, of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, dated the 4th May, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir,—My sister, Miss Jane Tomkinson, suffered for a great number of years from a bad leg; in which there were several deeply seated and old wounds, defying the skill of some of the most eminent of the medical faculty, a variety of remedies were also used unsuccessfully; and it seemed to me that there was not any thing capable of mitigating the agonies she endured. At length she had recourse to your Ointment and Pills, and after using them for about five weeks, she was completely cured, after all other means had failed to afford her the slightest relief. I have no objection to these facts being published, if you feel disposed to make them known.

I remain, Sir, your most obedient Servant
(Signed) **EDWARD TOMKINSON.**

A BAD BREAST CURED WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR!!

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Henry Malden of Three Rivers, Canada West, dated July 9th, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir,—My wife suffered most severely after the birth of our last child with a bad breast. There were several holes in it, one as large as a hand; all the devices and stratagems I tried would not heal them, but assumed an aspect more frightful than before, and horrible to behold. As a last resource I tried your ointment and pills, which she persevered for seven weeks, at the expiration of that time her breast was almost well; by continuing with your remedies for two more weeks, she was entirely cured, and we offer you our united thanks for the cure effected.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
(Signed) **HENRY MALDEN.**

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:
Bad Legs Chirco-foot
Bad Breasts Chiblainis
Burns Chapped hands
Blisters Corns (soft)
Bites of Mosquitoes Cancers
Coco-bay Contracted and Stiff Joints
Elephantiasis Fistulas
Glandular Swelling Lumbago
Gout Piles
Sore Heads Rheumatism
Tumours Scalds
Ulcers Sore Nipples
Wounds Yaws

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots, at 1s. 3d., 3s. 3d. and 5s. each, each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

O'DELL & TURNER,
Of St. Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
March 28, 1855.

Tea, FLOUR and Molasses.
By "UTICA" from Boston.
20 Chests Superior Congo TEA.
15 half Chests Souchong do
10 Hds. Muscovado Molasses
70 Bbls. Canada Extra Superfine FLOUR
10 Bbls. Crushed SUGAR, &c. &c.
1 case Orange Marmalade 1lb Jar;
—Will be sold low—
J. W. STREET.

FLOUR &c.
Ex.—Utica from Boston—just received:
50 Bbls. superior flour.
10 Do. Rye do.
10 Bundles printing paper (Royal)
J. W. STREET.
7th March 1854.

To Let,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Joseph Walton, on the corner of Water & Eliza both streets; to which is attached a large Garden. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to
G. F. CAMPBELL.
St. Andrews, 26th March, 1855.



AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Headache, Nervousness, Irritability, Eruptions, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is alike true of Colds, Febrile symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or produce the deep seated and formidable distempers which lead the horses all over the land. Hence a reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing anything hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, where they were not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the eminent gentlemen to whom we are allowed to refer for these facts, are
Prof. VALENTINE MORT, the distinguished Surgeon of New York City.
Doct. A. A. HAYES, Practical Chemist of the Port of Boston, and Geologist for the State of Massachusetts.
IRA L. MOORE, M. D., an eminent Surgeon and Physician, of the City of Lowell, who has long used only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process, in a state of purity and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrimony and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the hurt and obnoxious qualities of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting wherever they exist such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see the wrapper on the Box.

Prepared by **JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.**
Agents for St. Andrews, Odell & Turner, and M. S. Hannah. St. George. E. F. Knight.

ATHENÆUM FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.
Capital £2000,000 Sterling.
Rt. Hon. the Earl of GLENCAIRN, Chairman.
This Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in the same; Household Furniture, Linen, Wearing Apparel, &c.; Ships on the stocks, in harbour or in dock; River Craft and their Cargoes; and Farming Stock of all descriptions in Great Britain and Ireland, and the Colonies, and also in Foreign Countries.
HENRY SALTER, Manager.
30 Sackville Street, London.
WM. WHITLOCK,
Agent for Saint Andrews.

"Martell" Brandy.

Direct from Cognac via Halifax
40 Hds. Best Martell Brandy, vintage 1850 and 1851.
30 Cases
July 30 1855 **J. W. STREET**

Flour, Tea, &c.

Just received by steamer from Boston, via EASTPORT:
30 Bbls. fancy superfine family flour made from new wheat.
10 Chests superior Congo tea.
Oct 13 **J. W. STREET.**

FRIEND OF THE CANADIAN

MOLLOY'S PILLS.

Extraordinary Cure of Asthma!!! of an old Lady, seventy-five years of age.
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Weston, (Book Store,) Toronto, dated the 9th October, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir,—Gratitude compels me to make known to you the extraordinary benefit an aged parent has derived from the use of your Pills. My mother was afflicted for upwards of four and twenty years with asthma and spitting of blood, it was quite agony to see her suffer and hear her cough: I have often declared that I would give all I possessed to have cured her; but although I paid a large sum for medicine and advice, it was all to no purpose. About three months ago, I thought perhaps your Pills might benefit her, at all events I resolved to give them a trial, which I did, the result was marvellous; by slow degrees my mother became better, and after persevering with your remedies for nine weeks, she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health, although seventy-five years old.

I remain, Sir, your obliged,
(Signed) **Thomas Weston.**

Remarkable Cure of Dropsy!! after being tapped three times.

Copy of a Letter from Anthony Smith, Esq., Halifax, Nova Scotia, dated the 25th August, 1854.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—I desire to add my testimony to the value of your Pills, in cases of dropsy. For nine months I suffered the greatest torture with this distressing complaint; it was tapped three times, and finally given up by the doctors; having become apoplectic as a skeleton, and with no more strength in me than a child just born. It was then that I thought of trying your Pills, and immediately sent for a quantity, and commenced using them. The result I can scarcely credit even now, although true it is. After using them for four weeks, I felt much better, and by persevering with them, at the expiration of two months, I was completely cured. I have since enjoyed the best of health.

I am, Sir, yours, sincerely,
(Signed) **ANTHONY SMITH.**

Astonishing Cure of General Debility and Liver Complaint!!!

Copy of a Letter from William Reeves, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward's Island, dated 17th Nov. 1854.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—I am happy to say that your Pills have restored me to health after suffering for nine years from the most intense general debility and languor, my liver and bowels were also much deranged for the whole of that time. I tried many medicines, but they were of no good to me, until I had recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and following the printed directions for seven weeks I was cured, after every other means failed, to the astonishment of my neighbours, acquaintances, and friends. I shall ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing restoration to health, and will recommend your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty to do so.

I remain, Sir, your humble servant,
(Signed) **WILLIAM REEVES.**

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Rheumatism
Colic	Retention of Urine
Constipation of the Bowels	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Consumption	Sore Throat
Debility	Stones and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary symptoms
Dysentery	Tic Douloureux
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Ulcers
Fever of all kinds	Veneral Affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from whatever cause
Head-ache	&c. &c.
Indigestion	
Inflammation	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—
1s 4d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicine throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

O'DELL & TURNER,
Of Saint Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
March 28, 1855.

Notice.

THE Subscriber having had his Office destroyed by fire, will for the present conduct his business at his residence just above the Court House, where all persons desirous of seeing him, are requested to call.
R. M. ANDREWS.
St. Andrews, 23d April, 1855. (d)