4 O'clock Edition
ONE CENT.
Two Editions Daily.

London Advertiser.

General Cable News,
Market reports thoroughly reliable, and other items of interest comprise the make-up of today's paper.

VOL. XXXIV., NO. 268. LONDON, CANADA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1897. WHOLE NO. 10,616.

Born, Married, Died.

MARRIED.

STEWART—KICKHAM—At Pontiac, Mich., Aug. 25, 1897, by Rev. Father Ryan. Will C. Stewart, of Northville, Mich., to Alice B. Kickham, of London, Ont.

CLARK—SINGER—At the Wellington street parsonage, by the Rev. A. L. Russell, on Sept. 1, William W. Clark, of this city, to Alice M., second eldest daughter of Mr. William Singer, St. Thomas.

St. Thomas papers please copy.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line each insertion.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—COMMENCING Monday, matinee every afternoon and evening, for three days only, Sept. 6, 7 and 8, first time in America, continuous moving views of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee Procession. Popular prices. Next attraction, Thursday, Sept. 9. Thos. Q. Seabrooke Opera Company, presenting "Papa Gou Gou." Seats on sale Tuesday. b

BAND CONCERT—BY SEVENTH BAND—In Princess rink, Tuesday evening, Sept. 7. 15c

HEAR BEST LOCAL TALENT AT band concert, Princess rink, Tuesday evening. Admission 10c. 15c

FAST TRIP OF STEAMSHIP ST. PAUL—Six days, 13 hours, 40 minutes, New York to Southampton. For tickets via the American Line apply F. B. CLARKE, agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser. ywt

THE STEAMSHIP CARTHAGINIAN, Allan Line, sailing from Montreal to Liverpool Saturday, Oct. 9, will carry only one class of cabin passengers, giving passengers full deck privileges and two berth rooms. Secure berths at once as accommodation is limited. Rate $34 from Montreal. F. B. CLARKE, agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY REOPENS Monday, Sept. 20. Make application at once, as all classes will be limited to number. Academy open evenings from 8 to 9 o'clock. DAYTON & MCCORMICK.

LABOR DAY PICNIC—PORT STANLEY, Monday, Sept. 6; brass and string bands; sports of all kinds; best picnic of the season. See posters for train time. 71 xtywt

BASEBALL—TECUMSEH PARK, LABOR Day; two games, 10:30 and 3:30; London vs. Detroit Athletic Club. 15c

STEAMER THAMES—LABOR DAY specials leave London 10 a.m., 1:45, 3:30 and 7:45 p.m.; leave Springbank, 11 a.m., 2:30, 5:15 and 9:30 p.m. 15u

REMEMBER THE FORESTERS' EXCURSION to Detroit is via Canadian Pacific Railway, going Sept. 5 and 6, return 7th. Tickets $1 50. 13cxvt

VOICE CULTURE—
EVA N. ROBLYN.
Studio, 340 Dundas street. Concert engagements accepted. ix

Meetings.

1c per word each insertion. No ad. less than ten words.

THE TUSCAN LODGE, NO. 195, A. F. and A. M., meets Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome. John Higginbottom, W.M.; R. B. Hungerford, secretary. b

HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH FUSILIERS, London, Sept. 2, 1897—No. 1—Regimental order No. 1, 18th June, is hereby canceled and the following substituted: The Battalion will parade in drill order at the drill shed on Monday, the 20th, at 8 p.m. W. H. Lindsay, Lieut.-Col., commanding Seventh Fusiliers. 16c

CONVENTION FOR THE DISPENSING of spiritual life—Prayer for the convention, Y. M. C. A., 8 p.m., Saturday evening. Opening meeting of the convention, Sabbath 4:15, in Y. M. C. A. Auditorium. b

MCALL AUXILIARY MEETING WILL be held Wednesday, Sept. 8, at 3:30 p.m., in Somerset Hall. b

W. C. T. U.—MEETING SEPT. 7TH, 3 p.m., in Somerset Hall, a large attendance requested. b

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GOOD STRONG GIRL WANTED TO DO general housework. JAS. WARD, corner Simcoe and Maitland streets. 16u

COOK WANTED—WELLINGTON HOUSE J. O'FLAHERTY. 16c

GIRL WANTED—APPLY ATLANTIC House, corner York and Clarence streets. 16c

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM girl. Apply at Metropolitan Hotel, London. 15c

PLAIN COOK AND GENERAL SERVANT wanted at once—No Sunday work. Apply at Office Restaurant, Richmond street. D. SARE, proprietor. 15tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—COMPETENT general servant in family of three. Apply 817 Maitland street. 15c

SERVANT GIRL, IMMEDIATELY—References. Apply 492 Princess avenue. 15tf

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEMAID AND a number of good general servants and cooks wanted at once. Osborne Intelligence Agency, 55 Dundas street. Phone 386.

GIRLS, GIRLS—LOTS OF SITUATIONS at the old reliable. Dwyer's Employment Agency, 591 Richmond street, and still we want dining-room and kitchen girls and hotel cooks for out of city. On hand—Housekeepers, housemaids, cooks, general servants and nurse girls. Ring up 1121.

Agents Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

$3 A DAY SURE—SEND US YOUR ADDRESS and we will show you how to make $3 a day absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; write at once. Imperial Silverware Co., Box K. C., Windsor, Ont. ywt 1

AGENTS—"KLONDIKE GOLD FIELDS," a great, cheap, valuable book, selling like a whirlwind. Beautiful prospectus. Twenty-five cents. Books on time. The Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 10g

$600 Per Year.

Mr. Albert Adams, a former graduate of the Western Ontario Shorthand and Business Academy, has accepted a situation with a steamship company at Windsor at above salary.

COO'S ACADEMY

76 Dundas Street, London,

is the place to get a thorough and practical education. We teach for results, and our pupils make their mark in the world. Classes now open. Pupils may join at any time, and every graduate is guaranteed a

SITUATION.

ywt

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FARMER WANTED—BY OCT. 1—MARRIED man with small family, or single man whose mother lives with him as housekeeper: must be sober, industrious and come well recommended. Apply GEO. G. MCCORMICK, at office, The McCormick Manufacturing Company. b

WANTED—GOOD PAINTER, ALSO lather. Apply new building, corner Central avenue and Colborne street. b

WANTED—CAPABLE NURSERY salesman, salary and expenses to right man. Apply at once. BLACKFORD & CO., Toronto. 28tfywt

FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH WANTED—Apply GEORGE HEAMAN, East London. 15u

$7,800 GIVEN AWAY TO PERSONS making the greatest number of words out of the phrase "Patent Attorney Wedderburn." For full particulars write the National Recorder, Washington, D. C., for sample copy containing same. 88tf

Female Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GIRLS WANTED—AT THE DOMINION Laundry. b

WANTED—SALESLADIES—MUST have experience; also bookkeeper: one used to foreign moneys. Apply between 9 and 10. Woods' Fair. b

The Churches Tomorrow.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—

Rev. Robert Johnston, B.D., pastor.

Sabbath, Sept. 5, 11 a.m.—Communion service; the pastor will preach: 7 p.m., Rev. John Sloan, of Glasgow will preach.

3 p.m.—Sabbath school.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Thursday, 3 p.m.—Women's Foreign Mission Society.

Friday, 7 p.m.—Pew committee in church. 8 p.m.—Managers' meeting.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—The pastor will preach at both services. Morning, Where Is God's Kingdom? Evening—The Power of Unbelief. Communion in the morning.

CHALMERS CHURCH — REOPENING services—Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. Rev. Edward Sawers, 11 a.m.; Rev. Mr. Talling, 7 p.m. Special collection for building fund.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor. 11 a.m.—Rev. John Sloan, Glasgow. 7 p.m.—Rev. W. J. Clark. 3 p.m.—Society for Bible Study and Sabbath school.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. T. S. Johnson, pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Everybody welcome.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—At 11 a.m., Sunday school floral service. Addresses by pastor, Dr. Buchan, C. R. Sayer and Peter Glen; at 7 p.m., the pastor, Rev. Ira Smith.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—VENITE, Harvey; Te Deum, Sippi; Benedictus, Barnes. Preacher, Rev. F. Scott Webster, M.A., rector of St. Thomas' Church, Birmingham, England. Evensong—Magnificat, Tours; Nunc Dimittis, Tours; anthem, Hymn of Peace, Callcott. Preacher, the Dean. Holy Communion at 11 a.m.

ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. M. P. Talling, B. A., pastor, at morning service; Rev. Walter Moffat, evening. Welcome.

KING STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Services as usual; pastor will preach. Strangers welcome.

BISHOP BALDWIN WILL PREACH IN St. James Church, South London, on Sunday morning. b

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—London South—Rev. J. G. Stuart, B.A., pastor. Services as usual.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. Chas. Inwood, of Belfast, Ireland, will preach at 7 p.m. Rev. R. Hobbs at 11 a.m. Mrs. H. B. Travers, of St. Thomas, will sing at both services.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thos Wilson, pastor. Morning, The Work of the Holy Spirit. Evening, Quenching the Holy Spirit. Seats free.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. Mr. Brown, of South Dakota, will preach morning and evening.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. W. J. Ford, pastor. Morning, The Transfiguration. Evening, a memorial service.

CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST)—Duffield Block. Service 11 a.m. Experience meeting Friday, at 8 p.m. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. A. L. Russell, M.A., B.D., pastor. Services 11 and 7; Sunday school 2:30.

DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST CHURCH—The pastor, Rev. E. B. Lanceley, will preach. Sacrament at close of morning service. Morning, anthem, If I Go Not Away, (Caldicott); solo, Come Unto Me (Rodney). Evening, Chorus, Hark, Hark, My Soul (Skelly); solo, He That Dwelleth (Jeffers); duet, Peace to Thy Sacred Dwelling (Smith).

LONDON WEST METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. A. G. Harris, pastor. Morning Mr. Irwin. Evening, Dr. Swan.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. R. Hobbs, pastor. Services as usual.

Situations Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

REFINED WIDOW WISHES SITUATION as housekeeper or any position of trust; references. 313 King street. 16c

Lost and Found.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

$25 REWARD TO THE PERSON who found Gaven Park's money. If not returned will be prosecuted as the bills are marked. b

DOG LOST—ENGLISH SETTER—WHITE, with red spots; answers to the name Pero. Anyone keeping him after this notice will be prosecuted. MRS. BOATH, 629 Dundas street. 15c

Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

ANY PERSON WISHING TO LOAN $2,000 at 4 per cent on gilt edge security address R. T., this office. 15u

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SECOND hand or new bicycle. Address GEORGE ELLIOTT, Advertiser office. 15c

SEVEN PERSONS WANT FIVE ROOMS with board in good locality by Oct. 1; everything must be first-class; correspondence confidential. Address X. Y. Z., this office. 16c

Business Chances.

OLD ESTABLISHED COAL AND WOOD business for sale in city of London. Good reasons for selling. For particulars apply J. W. WINNETT, barrister, 420 Talbot street, London. ywt

FOR SALE—BAKERY BUSINESS AND property, fully equipped; doing good business; great snap; better than the Klondike investments; good reasons for selling. Address Box 179, Wallaceburg. 11bu 54u

Miscellaneous.

WILL EXCHANGE LADY'S AND gent's bicycles for horse and carriage. G. PARK, Market Lane. b

A. HOWAY (SUCCESSOR TO ED. F. HOWAY)—House-moving, building and repairing. 815 Queen's avenue.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—GAVIN PARK has removed his pork butcher business from Market Bazar to Market Lane, second door north from Market Square.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSE, 474 Princess avenue; furnace and all modern improvements. Apply WM. MORRISON, 148 Dundas street. b

TO LET—DETACHED BRICK HOUSE, near Victoria Park, 10 rooms, every modern convenience, furnished or unfurnished. Apply box 29, Advertiser. 16c t

TO LET—534 DUNDAS STREET—NEW brick house, 3-story, double parlors, dining-room, two kitchens, all modern conveniences, hot water heating, combination lights. Apply 421 William street. b

THAT COMMODIOUS AND COMFORTABLE brick cottage at No. 711 Queen's avenue. Rent $12 50. Immediate possession. J. H. MCMECHAN, 368 King street. 11c zwt

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS COTTAGE—96 Hope street: rent $8 50 per month. Apply R. BOYD & SON, 150 Dundas street. 14n eod

FOR RENT—THAT DESIRABLE STORE, 172 King street, lately occupied by P. J. Watt & Co.; low rent; immediate possession. Apply to HEAL & FLEMING. 14u wt

TO LET—HOUSE—130 MILL STREET; good repair; 8 rooms; modern conveniences; low rent. Apply to C. A. BLINN, Canadian Savings and Loan Company, or to MRS. BLINN, 116 Mill street. 15k vtyw

TO LET—COMFORTABLE COTTAGE 567 Dufferin avenue: 7 rooms. Apply 569 Dufferin avenue. 15u

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, FOUR BLOCKS from market, on Belt line. Apply GEO. ROWNTREE, grocer. 12n yxwvtx

Articles For Sale.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

CREAMERY APPARATUS—ONE PINE churn, capacity 200 pounds butter, pulleys and all complete, in A1 condition; 3 75-gallon milk vats, steam connections; 1 8-bottle Babcock milk tester, a splendid machine. All this apparatus is the best of its kind, and been used only one season. Cheap for cash; time allowed responsible persons. Address Superintendent Western Dairy School, Strathroy, Ont. 16u tx 55u

SINGING CANARIES—FROM $1 TO $2. Apply 69 Dundas street. 16c

GOOD UP-TO-DATE WHEEL FOR SALE—Cheap for cash. Apply this office. 16c

A NICE ASSORTMENT OF THE GENUINE Heintzman & Co. Pianos, all styles and finishes, low prices and easy terms. HEINTZMAN & CO., 236 Dundas street. 72tf t

TIMBERS, TRUSS RODS AND PLATES PATTERSON & JOLLY. 72tf

BICYCLE OIL—BICYCLE AND GUN repairing at lowest prices. D. MCKENZIE & CO., 374 Richmond street.

STOVES AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE for sale cheap at KEENE'S Furniture Store, Masonic Temple, Market Square.

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—ADVERTISER Job Department.

CAST IRON SOIL PIPE AND SOIL PIPE fittings of all kinds. SMITH BROS, 265 Dundas street. t

WAGON WOODWORK BAR IRON, benches, ball headers, anvil, window frames and sash, large double doors and frames cheap. PATTERSON & JOLLY. 16t tf

MACHINERY, TRIP HAMMER, JOINTER, rounder, skein setter, hub mortiser, bolt cutter, pulleys, hangers, machinist tools, etc. PATTERSON & JOLLY. 56tf t

ENGINE—45 HORSE POWER, STATIONARY, first-class order. PATTERSON & JOLLY. 56tf t

FOR SALE—ONE 30 HORSEPOWER automatic "Brown" engine, built by Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt. Cylinder 10 inches, stroke 24 inches; can be run at 60 revolutions, or as high as 90 revolutions; also one tubular exhaust feed water heater. The engine can be seen at H. PORTER & Co.'s storage warehouse, Carling street, London, Ont. 6tf-3tf

PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, clean and quick, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

POSTERS—ALL STYLES—HANGERS and dodgers. ADVERTISER Job Department.

THE LOCKED WIRE FENCE CO., LTD., of Ingersoll, whose head office is at 309 Bathurst street, city, have been instructed by the waterworks commissioners to place one of their famous fences round the pond at Byron. ywt

LONDON CARPET CLEANING WORKS. Carpets taken up, cleaned and relaid same day if necessary. Our work has been very satisfactory, and can give best of references. Craig street, South London. Telephone 569. 10tf ywt

STEWART'S STOVES, RANGES, STEEL ovens are perfect workers. We give estimates on iron roofs. Iron eavestroughs, hot air furnaces, JAS. THOMPSON, 424 Richmond street. ywt

ENVELOPES—PLAIN OR PRINTED—AT ADVERTISER Job Department.

DYMENT-BAKER LUMBER CO.—
LUMBER YARD,
PLANING MILL,
BOX FACTORY,
Corner Wellington and Bathurst Sts. London. xt

Insurance.

A. N. UDY, INSURANCE AGENT Office over C. P. R. ticket office. ywt

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
Largest fire company in the world. Assets over $57,000,000.
EDWARD TOWE,
General Insurance Agency, 412 Richmond street, over Bank of Commerce, London. Funds to loan at 5 and 5½ per cent. ywt

Electric & Turkish Baths

THE EXPERIENCE OF THE PAST proves conclusively that beneficial effects can be obtained by taking an Electric Turkish Bath. Nothing else can equal it in the whole lexicon of medicine. 320 Dundas street. ywt

Real Estate.

TWO-STORY DETACHED RESIDENCE for sale, 11 rooms, exceptionally good locality; east end; all modern improvements. Postoffice box 535.

$9 96 A MONTH WITHOUT INTEREST will purchase cottage No. 161, Lichfield street. Apply M. J. KENT, 433 Richmond street, London. 8n eod

2 NEW COTTAGES ON FLORENCE street for sale. Apply E. H. JOHNSTON, 436½ Richmond street. 6tfywt

FOR SALE—BRICK COTTAGE—PALL Mall street. Apply A. A. CAMPBELL. 83an xt

SEVERAL GOOD IMPROVED 50 AND 100-acre mortgaged farms in the counties of Middlesex, Essex, Kent and Lambton for sale very cheap. Small amount down: balance at low rate of interest. For list apply to WILLIAM F. BULLEN, Manager Ontario Loan and Debenture Company, London. xt

FORSALE—TEN FINEBUILDING LOTS five fronting on Grey street and five fronting on Simcoe street, immediately east of the London and Petrolea Barrel Works, East London. Price and particulars given by
GEO. PRITCHARD,
yt 9 Market Lane.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE GROCERY store with dwelling attached, with or without stock; must be sold, as owner has other business.
J. F. SANGSTER,
403 Richmond street.

REAL ESTATE

REALTY POINTERS.

The Ontario Government estimate the increase in the grain yield to be over 10,000,000 bushels, which, with the appreciation in prices, means that the Ontario farmers will have $2,000,000 more money to spend than last year. This means good times; advanced values in London real estate. Are you ready for the advance?

Piccadilly street—Good frame cottage, eight rooms, $1,100.

Elizabeth street—Frame cottage, good repair, $1,200.

Pine street—Large lot, will divide into three lots, near G.T.R. car shops, $400.

15 acres adjoining G.T.R. car shops at a low figure. Must be sold to close estate; inquire quick; a great snap.

Shipping property—Lot 110 feet facing Bathurst and running back to G.T.R. siding, central, an opportunity for lumber or coal and wood yard: a great bargain.

Colborne street—A 1½-story frame, eight rooms, furnace, large lot, price $1,400.

Builders, contractors, speculators! The Chapter House, corner Richmond and Piccadilly streets, is for sale at a bargain. Divide into lots and build. Houses in this locality will sell quickly.

Building lots, cottages, residences, business properties, etc., for sale at rock-bottom prices and on easy terms.

LOANS.

Money advanced to purchase property, build, remodel the old house or pay off old mortgages.

Every one interested in real estate is invited to call.

A. A. CAMPBELL,
Real Estate, Loans and Investments,
Molsons Bank Buildings, London, Ont.
Telephone 642. 74tf t

London Real Estate Exchange.

HANDSOME NEW BRICK RESIDENCE 422 Pall Mall street, 8 rooms, furnace, bath, mantel, everything first-class, lot 40 feet frontage. This is one of the best and cheapest properties on the market. Key for inspection at 428 Piccadilly street. Don't miss this chance.

Cheap rents—Good cottage, 345, $10; 345½, small house; modern brick house, 110 Cartwright street, gas, bath, etc. Fine residence of the late Col. Shanly; double brick house, Pall Mall street, $6; No. 467, Hamilton road, $5; 468 Queen's avenue, $14.

To Manufacturers—For sale, that fine property, Dundas street, at present occupied by Mr. Dart, 2 shops and good cottage in rear; great chance to investors. See this property if you want to make money. Easy terms.

Good chance for market gardener or butcher, 14½ acres, Shanly's Grove, East street, timbered with oak and pine, just south of brick school house, outside city limits. Speculators should see this.

W. D. BUCKLE.

P. Walsh's Bulletin.

565 Central avenue—A splendid two-story frame house on brick foundation, 7 rooms, in perfect order, lot 40 by 148 feet, shade trees; price $1,200; a snap. If you don't buy somebody will.

699 Maitland street—A two-story frame house on brick foundation, 8 rooms in perfect order, corner lot; at a bargain. Dont miss this chance.

48 Craig street—A two-story brick, 8 rooms, in good repair, lot 66x198 feet, fruit and shade trees; at a big bargain. Must be sold at once.

65 Duchess avenue—A neat frame cottage, 6 rooms, in perfect order, lot 76x150 feet; price $725.

317 Grey street—A neat frame cottage, 6 rooms, in good order, nice lot, shade trees; price $925.

442 and 444 Hill street—Two new frame cottages, 6 rooms each, good lots, shade trees; price $850. Cheap.

124 Lichfield street—A neat roughcast cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, in perfect order, good lot; price $1,300.

446 Ontario street—A neat frame cottage, 5 rooms, in good order, nice lot; price $600. Easy terms.

9 Pipe Line road—A neat frame cottage, 7 rooms, in perfect order, nice lot; price $1,000. A snap.

Cheap lots on Talbot street next to T. H. Carling, Esq. Lots in the east end near the car shops, with several cheap lots in all parts of the city. Call and get a list of properties and be convinced.

P. WALSH.
Real Estate Office - - 110 Dundas street.

Hotel Cards.

O'NEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND York street; new and convenient; stables. WM. COLLINS, proprietor.

CITY HOTEL, LONDON—BEST $1 DAY house in Canada; good stables in connection. J. MCMARTIN, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

"THE RICHMOND" — CORNER KING and Richmond streets. JAMES FALLAHE, new proprietor. A call solicited.

TECUMSEH HOUSE—LONDON, ONT. Largest and best hotel in Western Ontario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms. Rates $2 and $2 50 per day. C. W. DAVIS proprietor.

Musical Instruction.

MR. FREDERICK G. SIMPSON, ORGANIST Askin Street Methodist Church. Instruction in piano and harmony. Accompanist. 199 Richmond street. zxt

Educational.

MISS SMITHETT'S DAY SCHOOL, 369 Queen's avenue, reopens Sept. 8. 4ct

WESTERN UNIVERSITY, LONDON, Ont.—Faculties of arts, divinity and medicine: open Oct. 1. Calendars from Registrar. 10tf ty

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN supplied with office help without charge for our services. Apply W. C. COO, court reporter. 76 Dundas street. t

MRS. EVANS' BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies will be reopened (D.V.) Sept. 15. A thorough English school combined with the comforts of a quiet Christian home for a limited number of pupils. 355 Princess avenue. 12a ywt

Bicycle Liveries.

TRIBUNE TANDEM TO RENT MORNING, afternoon or evening, 75c; single wheels 40c, at 758 Dundas street. FRED. W. HARDEY. 4bctyw

BICYCLE LIVERY—TELEPHONE 335 for prices. Bicycles slightly used for sale. JAS. W. T. PARK. 14n eod

BICYCLES TO RENT—ALL NEW wheels. H. BEAMISH, Spencer Block. Also bicycle repairing. Riding lessons given.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
—OF—
Thorndale Real Estate

BY AUCTION, ON WEDNESDAY, 8TH September, 1897, at 2 o'clock p.m., on the premises, the real estate of the late Jennett McKinley, being lot No. 54, south side Main street, in the village of Thorndale, Ont., including a frame cottage. Particulars and terms on application to JARVIS & VINING, vendor's solicitors, London and Thorndale. b

AUCTION SALE—RESIDENCE, ETC.

MR. J. W. JONES HAS BEEN FAVORED with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at his rooms, No. 242 Dundas street, on Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1897, at 2:30 p.m., the property of the late Charles Allison, No. 343, Dundas street. This is a brick residence, beautifully and conveniently located on Dundas street just east of Waterloo. It was laid out for a doctor's office and residence and is admirably situated and adapted for the purpose. For particulars apply to J. A. CHILDS, Esq., executor, Becher street, London or to G. N. WEEKES, solicitor, Hiscox new building, Richmond street, corner of King. 16u t

By Auction—Household Furniture, Piano and Organ.

J. W. JONES HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED by Jas. A. Mann, Esq., to sell at his residence, 481 Waterloo street, on Wednesday, Sept. 8, at 10:30 a.m., his household effects, comprising parlor suite, easy and other chairs, center and other tables, pictures, bric-a-brac, carpets, hall stand, dining table and chairs, crockery, glassware, lamps, lace curtains, contents of nine bedrooms in suites, mattresses, springs, bedding, feather pillows, wardrobes, cook stove, kitchen utensils, etc. Terms cash. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. 16u

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the auction rooms of Mr. J. W. Jones, 242 Dundas street, London, on Thursday, the 9th day of September, 1897 at 2:30 o'clock p.m., the stock of N. P. Finch, of Aylmer, in two parcels as follows:

Boots and shoes	$ 3,791 37
Clothing	7,603 32
Men's furnishings	1,075 42
Hats, caps and furs	659 24
Shop furniture	148 00
Total	$13,371 35
Dress goods, silks, velvets, linings	$ 2,209 12
Tweeds and cloths	819 28
Staples	2,206 70
Hoisery, gloves, underwear, etc	1,175 75
Small wares	1,406 87
House furnishings	1,714 39
Millinery, mantles and ribbons	1,649 77
Shop furniture	192 75
Total	$11,374 63

Terms—One-quarter down; balance, 2, 4, 6, and 8 months, approved indorsed paper, interest at 7 per cent. Two separate stores which can be had. Stock list on the premises, and with the undersigned, GIBBONS, MULKERN & HARPER, solicitors for trustee, London, Ont.: C. B. ARMSTRONG, trustee. 13k xvty

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE greenhouse property in London West. Default having been made therein there will be sold under power of sale contained in a mortgage, made by William S. Greenway, by public auction by H. Porter & Co., auctioneers, at their rooms, No. 97 Carling street, in the city of London, on Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897, at 2 p.m. Lot No. 74, on William street, in the village of London West. On the property there are four greenhouses, windmill, pump, etc. For terms and particulars apply to either H. PORTER, auctioneer, or LOVE & DIGNAN, vendor's solicitors. 10c tyt

TAKE NOTICE—TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN PURSUANT to R. S. O., 1887, Chapter 110 and amending acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of Johnston Browne, late of the township of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, gentleman, who died on or about the 22nd day of May, 1897, are required on or before the 30th day of September, 1897, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the executors of the said estate their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement and particulars of their claim and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, and after the said 30th day of September, 1897, the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased according to law, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice. FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, solicitors for the said executors, Fitzgerald's block, 171 Dundas street, London, Ont. Dated at London, this 3rd day of September, A. D. 1897. 16c t

SOULANGES CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed: "Tender for Guard Lock," will be received at this office until sixteen o'clock on the 20th day of September, 1897, for the construction of a Guard Lock at the upper entrance.

Plans and specifications of the work can be seen on and after the 6th day of September, 1897, at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa. Printed forms of tender can also be obtained at the place named.

In the case of firms there must be attached to the tender the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank check for the sum of $3,500 must accompany the tender. This accepted bank check must be indorsed over to the Minister of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The accepted check thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, Sept. 2, 1897.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 16c

A man may float in salt water without moving his hands or feet if he has the presence of mind to throw his head back and allow his body to sink to the position which it will then naturally take.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believed it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

The Talk of Old London.

No Abatement of the Bad Weather.

Triumphal Tour of the Royal Party in Ireland.

Alleged Failure of the Irish Potato, Hay and Corn Crops.

Court Circles Laughing at a Booklet Describing the Inner Life of Royal Personages.

Special Cable Letter to The Advertiser.

London, Sept. 4.—The bad weather and the cyclonic disturbances show no signs of abating. The rainfall of the month of August was largely in excess of the average, and in some places the excess was greater than in the case of any August of the past 28 years.

THE ROYAL PARTY IN IRELAND.

The Duke and Duchess of York continue their triumphal visit to Ireland. They have spent the last two days at Barons' Court, the Duke of Abercorn's place. Their spontaneous popularity among the Irish is remarkable. The Irish peasantry have shown themselves especially anxious to see the duke and duchess.

The correspondent of the Daily Graphic, who, his paper says, is a prominent Parnellite, who has suffered for the Nationalist cause, sent the following private telegram to the editor: "The tour has become a triumphal procession. At Castle Town and Dunraven I was simply astonished. You cannot magnify its significance."

ORANGE ADDRESSES REVISED.

A certain clique in the castle at Dublin is so determined to make political capital out of the visit of the duke and duchess that the lord lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, has been obliged to set his foot down firmly in order to prevent it from being turned into a Protestant ascendancy demonstration, and he has ordered expunged several sentences, in this sense, from addresses sent to their royal highnesses by Orange societies.

BAD FOR THE IRISH.

The failure of the potato, hay and corn crops in most of the districts in Ireland has resulted in the gloomiest outlook for the winter. The chairman of the Michaelstown Board of Guardians, at a meeting held by that body on Thursday last, declared Ireland is on the verge of a great agricultural crisis, and that numbers of ratepayers will be compelled to go to the workhouse.

DEAR BREAD IN LONDON.

The price of bread is rising slowly in London, and here also the outlook for the winter is gloomy. This city required 70,000 quarters of foreign wheat weekly, independent of flour, and during August less than 35,000 quarters arrived per week. Not one-tenth of London's bread is made from English flour, and the bakers assert that with flour at the present figure the loaf of bread at 5½d (11 cents) will send them into bankruptcy.

THE HOP CROP.

The hop crop is below the average. The picking, which is in full swing, has produced the usual pauper invasion of Kent, and has been marked by greater distress than usual. The workhouses and police stations of that county are filled, and there have been several deaths from exposure in the fields and hedges during the recent storms.

FUN FOR COURT CIRCLES.

Court circles are enjoying a sixteen-page booklet, written entirely in cipher by a minor royal personage, in which amusing stories and facts connected with the inner life of members of the royal circle are set out in the most unvarnished manner. Most of the matter in this publication concerns Emperor William of Germany, and the writer asserts than 6,600 people are languishing in the German state prisons on charges of lese majeste.

THE POPE'S HEALTH.

The Pope's attending physician declares that Leo XIII. will see the twentieth century. The announcement has been decidedly unpleasant to the papal initiators of changes in Rome, who are in a complete state of stagnation. One cardinal is reported as having said this week: "If you want to be correct in statements about the Vatican you must say and impress upon the people that the present complete stagnation in everything initiative does not project any changes. No one, high or low, wishes to undertake anything new, for if Dr. Lapponi is wrong in his prediction, a real, great and radical change may arrive at any moment, and all fear to find themselves the mainsprings of some enterprise which might be displeasing to the new pope."

THE ENGINEERS' STRIKE EXTENDING.

The strike in the engineering trades has grown more serious during the past week. It has now extended to the various trades connected with engineering. Over 6,000 molders, boilermakers, finishers, etc., at Newcastle, Sheffield and other centers have received notices that their services will not be required after this week. Many of the firms affected declare that they are preparing to move their establishments to the continent, and they say that the question of eight hours' work per day is by no means the most important thing involved in the dispute. The strikers are opposed to the introduction of new machinery, and are trying, artificially, to check production. In connection with the engineering strike, the Employers' Federation has issued a statement regarding the hours of work in the case of engineers in America, based on the official statistics of the United States Government labor bureau, showing that wages are not higher in America relatively to the work done at much higher pressure and with fewer holidays.

Nicest Thing—

FOR THE SKIN IS HAZELINE. CURES CHAPPED LIPS AND HANDS. MAKES RED, ROUGH SKIN SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL. THE BEST ARTICLE FOR TAN, SUNBURN, FRECKLES; PREVENTS WRINKLES AND PRESERVES THE COMPLEXION. DELIGHTFUL FOR GENTLEMEN AFTER SHAVING.

Price, 25 cents.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,

Chemists and Druggists,

216 Dundas street. Branch—Corner Richmond and Piccadilly.

Section 22

To Receive Close Consideration by the U. S. Cabinet

Before Its Interpretation Is Officially Announced.

How It Would Militate Against the United States and Benefit Halifax and St. John, N. B.

New York, Sept. 4.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: President McKinley and the entire membership of the cabinet will probably be consulted before Attorney-General McKenna announces his opinion as to the construction to be placed on section 22 of the Dingley law imposing discriminating duties.

The attorney-general had expected to announce his report this week, but now the understanding is that it is to be held back until next week, and in the meantime the president will cut short his outing and return to Washington.

It is probable that the question will be the subject of a general exchange of views at a meeting of the cabinet before the opinion is written. The questions involved are so important that all the light possible is to be thrown on them before the administration is committed to a construction which might demoralize the entire foreign commerce of the country and which involves a matter of about

$30,000,000 A YEAR

in customs revenue, according to the calculations of the officials of the treasury department. This calculation is made on the basis of last year's imports and on the assumption that the imports under the discriminating duty would be practically the same in value and would come in ships of the same nationalities. British ships bringing goods from other countries than British territories in Europe would be the heaviest sufferers, and it is expected that one result of the imposition of this duty would be the transfer of many British ships to the flags of nations having more favorable treaties with the United States.

THE GENERAL ASSUMPTION

is that on account of the imposition of these duties on goods coming into the United States through a contiguous country the transcontinental roads of the United States would be benefited at the expense of the Canadian Pacific road, but when it is taken into consideration that the steamship connections of most of these roads would be unfavorably affected, it appears that about the only road which would gain any decided advantage would be the Southern Pacific, which, having connection with the American line of steamships from San Francisco would have the advantage of discrimination in favor of its steamship connection as well as against its Canadian rival. About the only cities that would gain any decided advantage would be

HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN, N. B.,

as the effect of the discriminating duty on goods brought into the United States over the Canadian Pacific would tend to break up the transit of such goods through New England to the seaboard and divert this traffic to these ports in British territory.

MRS. STERNAMAN'S TRIAL

Medical Testimony to the Effect That Mr. Sternamen Was Poisoned.

Cayuga, Ont., Sept. 4.—When the preliminary trial of Mrs. Sternaman, on the charge of murder, was resumed, Dr. Parke, of Fisherville, was further examined. He said Dr. Harrison and Dr. Thompson were present at the post-mortem when the various garments were removed for examination. In view of deceased's history, and of the circumstances of his death, together with the results of the post-mortem, he had no hesitation to express the opinion that George Sternaman died from the effects of arsenic.

John Snider, undertaker, Selkirk, his son Absalom, and David Thompson, coroner, of Haldimand, gave evidence similar to that of Dr. Parke.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jane Sternaman, mother of the deceased, testified as to Mr. Sternaman's illness in Buffalo and at Cayuga after he was brought home. Her testimony was decidedly unfavorable to the prisoner.

Court adjourned till Friday, Sept. 10.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases.

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Lost in the 'Leventh.

Seems Hard for London to Win at Guelph.

Toronto Loses Both the Games at Providence.

Buffalo on the Toboggan—Baltimore Has a Circus at St. Louis.

Chatham Cricketers Defeat the Detroit Eleven.

Golf, Tennis, Turf, Cricket and Various Sporting Events.

BASEBALL.

COULDN'T SOLVE STEIBER.

Special to The Advertiser.

Guelph, Sept. 3.—The Londons lost today through their inability to solve Edward Steiber, a raw and rural twirler, who has been pitching for Acton in the Halton County League. He wasn't considered good enough for the Leafs, who loaned him early in the season to the Actons. He had good speed, and fine control, issuing only two passes, and those in the eleventh inning. Kershaw, as usual in Guelph, pitched a splendid game, and not until the eleventh did he weaken.

A hit by Kershaw, a passed ball, and Strowger's overthrow gave London a run in the sixth. In the ninth, Cockman's double and Keenan's single tied the score, and there London's run-getting ceased.

In the second, the Leafs earned two runs, when Busse and Dark made doubles, and McElroy a single. They were helpless before Kershaw until the eleventh. Dark then drew a pass, McElroy singled, and Ward let the ball escape him, the runners going to second and third. They came home on Moore's single. Sheppard clinched the game by knocking the ball over the left field fence for a home run. Lowney and Strowger also singled, Steiber struck out, Boyle fouled out and Dark flied out to Walsh. Score:

GUELPH.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Sheppard, l.f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Lowney, s.s.	4	0	1	6	3	1
Strowger, c.f.	5	0	2	0	0	1
Boyle, 2b.	5	0	1	3	8	0
Busse, 1b.	5	1	1	17	0	0
Dark, r.f.	4	2	2	1	0	0
McElroy, 3b.	4	1	2	0	5	0
Moore, c.	4	1	2	5	2	1
Steiber, p.	4	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	39	6	13	33	21	3

LONDON.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Cockman, s.s.	5	1	2	2	1	1
Sippi, 2b.	4	0	0	2	6	0
Keenan, 3b.	4	0	2	0	3	0
Reid, c.	5	0	0	2	4	0
Walsh, c.f.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Sechrist, l.f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Ward, r.f.	4	0	0	0	0	1
Williams, 1b.	4	0	0	21	0	0
Kershaw, p.	4	1	1	0	7	1
Totals	38	2	6	33	21	3

Guelph ..... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—6
London ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2

Earned run—Guelph 5, London 1.
Two-base hits—Busse, Dark, Cockman.
Home run—Sheppard.
Stolen bases—Boyle 2, McElroy, Sippi.
Double play—Sippi to Williams.
Sacrifice hits—Sheppard, Lowney, Boyle, McElroy, Moore, Steiber.
Base on balls—By Steiber, Sippi; by Kershaw, Sheppard, Lowney, Strowger, Busse, Dark, Moore.
Hit by pitcher—Keenan.
Struck out—By Steiber, Sippi, Reid 2, Walsh, Ward; by Kershaw, Steiber 3.
Passed ball—Moore.
Wild pitch—Kershaw.
Left on bases—Guelph, 12; London, 5.
Time of game—2 hours.
Umpire—Kid Jordan.

NOTES.

The old, old story.

Running up against a strange pitcher.

Where are the boys of the old brigade?

The result was heard with pleasure—in St. Thomas.

The Londons are seldom good for more than nine innings.

The stick work of the Londons was once the pride of the fans. But, alas! the mighty are fallen.

If Kershaw had pitched his arm off, it would have made no difference. Games cannot be won by such stick work as the Londons have recently shown.

London has one consolation left: It can whip St. Thomas.

Hamilton will advance another notch today. She plays Guelph.

Well, the Leafs can hardly beat us out for second place.

A BRUTE!

Joe Vila, of the New York Sun, says that the act of Catcher Warner, of the New Yorks, in spiking Catcher Donohue, of the Chicagos, on Saturday, was of sufficient criminality to warrant the suspension of the former by the league. He adds: "No such premeditated attempt to injure a fellow-player has ever been seen here, and, according to Umpire Emslie, it was the most barefaced assault that he had ever witnessed during his long career on the diamond. So palpably in the wrong was Warner that several members of the New York team openly reprimanded him, while the big crowd censured him with hoots and hisses."

AGAINST DIRTY BALL PLAYING.

President A. H. Soden of the Boston club, is the first league magnate to openly condemn rowdy ball playing and unsportsmanlike behavior on the part of spectators who patronize the Boston grounds. He has caused to be circulated a notice to the public that anybody who openly attempts to rattle a visiting team or who uses abusive language in addressing remarks to umpires or players will be ejected from the grounds.

Soden, it is said, will also offer a resolution at the fall meeting of the National League, to be held in Philadelphia, that the rowdies of the ball field be suspended. President Hart and A. G. Spalding, of the Chicago club, and President Byrne, of the Brooklyn club, are said to be ready to back Soden up with radical measures.

ARLINGTONS LOSE AGAIN.

Ingersoll, Ont., Sept. 4.—Ingersoll defeated the Arlingtons, of London, in a friendly game of baseball yesterday by a score of 5 to 2.

OH! OH!

St. Thomas has a rotten team, according to London, and, in fact, should not be on earth. Just the same, any fair-minder person will agree that St. Thomas was certainly entitled to yesterday's game.—St. Thomas Times.

ST. THOMAS JOURNAL.

We are in sackcloth and ashes!

There is a place on the map after all called London.

What's the matter with our hats this morning? They seem too loose. Have those Londoners run off with our tiles?

Why were there not two or three of the bags full when Christman and Lyons cracked out those home runs? The Londoners were more lucky.

The directors have a constable on duty any they should have either ordered McDonald, of the Hamiltons, and Keenan, of the Londons, to be arrested for the vile and profane remarks of which they were guilty, or had them put off the grounds.

Why was Dr. Sippi hissed by a few rooters every time he went to bat? He certainly has given no cause for it in this city, where he has always played a quiet and gentlemanly game and was, by the way, the same Doc. Sippi is a cracking good ball player.

ST. THOMAS TIMES.

St. Thomas can down that London outfit easily with Delehanty on the team.

The man with the horn was there. It's a good thing he only comes when London plays.

If Hardy's head can swell any larger than some of the sizes used by the Cockneys it will resemble a balloon.

St. Thomas is dead anxious to let Johnson have another chance and London can make easy money by playing here next week.

The St. Thomas team was just fast enough to make London play the game of their life, and Mr. Johnson was well aware of the fact.

Perhaps Daddy Lyons, Humphrey, Rodden and Hardy are not fast enough, but there's easy money in St. Thomas if London can repeat the trick at Atlantic Park.

The London rooters seem to regard the Cockney players as a lot of infants. "Now, Andy," "Be careful, Charlie," and others of the same kind were thrown out all the time.

Jo-Jo Keenan made a bad break while at the bat. He was afterwards called down by Manager Holman. Jo-Jo said he didn't mean it, and it's not likely he did. He's a funny little fellow and a good ball players.

It's funny why the crowd always roasts Sippi. He conducts himself like a gentleman, and plays the game just as well as he knows how all the time. The fans should give the London second baseman a square chance.

CANADIAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P'c't.
Hamilton	34	21	.618
London	29	27	.518
Guelph	21	32	.375

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES—FRIDAY.

At Providence—	R.	H.	E.
Providence	5	10	4
Toronto	4	11	1

Batteries—Egan and Dixon; Norton, Gaston, Casey and Snyder.

At Providence—Second game—			
Providence	6	6	1
Toronto	0	5	4

Batteries—Hodson and Dixon; Norton and Casey.

At Springfield—			
Springfield	5	11	3
Buffalo	1	4	2

Batteries—Woods and Nichols; Gray and Zahner.

At Wilkesbarre—			
Wilkesbarre	1	8	8
Syracuse	15	16	4

Batteries—Keenan, Wellner and Gonding; Lampe and Ryan.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES—FRIDAY.

At Boston—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	6	12	0
Chicago	3	7	1

Batteries—Klobedanz and Bergen; Thornton and Kittridge.

At Boston—Second game—			
Boston	9	12	3
Chicago	1	7	4

Batteries—Nichols and Ganzel; Griffith and Kittridge.

At Baltimore—			
Baltimore	22	28	1
St. Louis	1	7	2

Batteries—Corbett and Robinson; Donohue and Coleman and Douglass.

At New York—			
New York	1	6	4
Cincinnati	11	11	2

Batteries—Sullivan and Warner; Breitenstein and Peitz.

At New York—Second game—			
New York	13	15	4
Cincinnati	3	1	4

Batteries—Rusie and Wilson and Warner; Rhines and Schriver.

FLYS.

The Hobbs baseball team play at Woodstock today, and two games in Strathroy on Monday (Labor Day).

The New Yorks have lost but two games out of the last seventeen.

Ball Player Wm. A. Rourke, of Grand Island, Neb., who has played and managed clubs in the Northwestern, Western, Inter-State and Iowa leagues, is undergoing treatment for some trouble of the eyes at the Maryland general hospital in Baltimore. He is recovering.

Some pitchers give their own signs before delivering the ball to their catchers, while others have their backstops do it. Such men as Rusie, Meekin and Nichols give their own signs. Catchers like Robinson, of Baltimore, Clements, Kittredge and others generally "sign" for their pitchers.

Bill Egan, the second baseman of the Syracuse Eastern League team, has been sold to the Brooklyn National League team for $500, and Canavan, formerly of Providence. The deal takes effect after the close of the present season.

Horton, an ex-Baltimore pitcher, has been signed for the Syracuse Stars, and will report immediately.

Frank Selee, manager of the Bostons, is one of the few managers who came direct from a minor league, and made a success in the big league. While not a player himself, he has been a good listener, and has picked up valuable information from his players, which he has turned to good advantage.

"Billy" Earle, the catcher, is unable to get a job because it is said that he is feared as a "hoodoo." Some time back he began experiments with hypnotism, and now other players refuse to be on a team with him because of the fear that he might have some influence over them. Earle is considered by many a better backstop than a majority of those in the National League.

"Jim" Corbett had 17 put outs without an error in a game in Hartford last week.

Secretary Charles H. Ebbet, of the Brooklyn club, proposes a ball players' union on benevolent lines.

Young Corbett, of Baltimore, has the best pitching record in the country, based on victories and defeats.

In 1895 Cincinnati drew 16,272 people to three games, or 5,424 as an average. In 1897 the same team drew 10,421 to four games, or an average of 2,605. In other words, 21,696 as against 10,520. This represents $3,750.

The spectacle of two brothers playing first base on opposing teams was seen in Grand Rapids the other day. The Minneapolis Ganzel fielded like a veteran, but was not as handy with his stick as the Grand Rapids man.

Frank De Haas Robinson wanted to play a game in Cleveland on Sunday, Sept. 19, but Judge Neff, of the common pleas court, has granted a temporary injunction restraining the club from playing any Sunday game until after Sept. 20. Mr. Robinson says the decision originally rendered, which declares Sunday ball legal, will never be reversed.

In a recent game at Augusta, Pitcher McAfee, of the home team, shut out the Atlantas without a run or basehit, and struck out sixteen men.

It is estimated that the New York club will realize $75,000 for its stockholders this season, or $18,000 more than Andy Freedman paid for the majority of the stock in the club.

Manager McKee, of the Paterson baseball club has exchanged Capt. Geo. Smith, for Abbie Johnson, the Louisville infielder, a native Londoner.

Messrs. Reach & Rogers, of the Philadelphia club, have issued a statement in which they review their management of the Philadelphia club from its inception, the money they have expended, the deals made, etc., and stating their willingness to sell the franchise for $300,000.

President P. T. Powers, of the Eastern League, has sent out a bulletin, setting forth the contracts, releases, suspensions, etc., of the different clubs in the Eastern League. Besides he makes it clear that Smith, Lush and Norton were released by Washington and signed by Toronto in regular form.

Eddie Burke has fallen off lamentably in his batting this season, and is worried over it.

Every member of the Buffalo team now wears a smooth-shaven face, for luck.

Sockalexis is feeling well now, and says his foot is all right again. He may join the Cleveland team soon.

The Clevelands won't win the pennant, but they are having considerable to say as to who shall win it.

Clevelanders say that the loss of Pitcher "Zeke" Wilson's effectiveness can be charged to cigarettes.

To the Cincinnati pitching more than to anything else the high place the team has held all this season can be attributed. The Reds' pitching, while backed up by clever fielding, have not had the batting support they should have had.

Magee, Louisville's promising young pitcher, has won only three games out of eleven, and, singularly, two of his three victories were over Boston.

Rusie is actually attempting the bicycle. He should wait until the Temple Cup question is settled. If he is thown and gets a smashed knee cap, such as the writer is now suffering from, he wouldn't be of much use to the Giants for the rest of the season.

Everybody knew the Leafs didn't want the pennant this year. They have a sufficient stock of rags on hand now to start a paper factory.—Guelph Mercury.

The lawyers defeated the doctors and druggists at ball at Windsor on Thursday, by 25 to 18. A. R. Bartlet and Wm. Kerby formed the battery for the lawyers, and the doctors had Dr. Ashbaugh, T. McConnell and Alex. Stewart.

WHEEL

ROAD RACE.

In a ten-mile road race Thursday evening George Bell won from the 2:30 mark; George Baldwin, scratch, second. Bell rode a remarkably good race.

RECORD BROKEN.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 4.—Jimmy Michael broke the American hour paced record Thursday afternoon on the Detroit Cycle Association track. The broken record was 31 miles, 1,020 yards and 10 inches, and was made by Lesna at the Charles River Park track at Boston. Michael was paced by a sextet, two quads and a triplet. His fastest mile was made in 1:48. At the end of the hour he had covered 32 miles and 1,020 yards. He went the ten miles in 18 minutes 52 seconds, which was 47 seconds ahead of Lesna's record, and at the 25-mile mark he was one minute and 21 seconds ahead of the Frenchman's time. Michael rode a wheel geared at 106. The crowd was very small.

AT BRANTFORD.

Brantford, Ont., Sept. 4.—The bicycle races held at Parkdale Park were fairly well attended. Four events were run off. Results:

Quarter-mile—Axton, 1; Mott, 2; White, 3. Killeleagh, Hall and Hamphill also started. Time, 34½.

Half-mile—Axton, 1; Mott, 2; White, 3. Hall, Killeleagh and Hamphill also started. Time, 1:20.

One mile—Axton, 1; Mott, 2; White, 3. Killeleagh, Hall and Hamphill also started. Time, 2:30.

Two mile—Axton, 1; Mott, 2; Killeleagh, 3. White, Hall and Hamphill also started. Time, 4:50.

SPOKES.

Earl Kiser, outside his salary, has earned $3,500 so far this season. He expects to make it over $5,000.

With a start of 20 yards, Earl Reynolds, the Chicago bicycle skater, defeated Charles J. Fox, the latter on a bicycle, in a quarter-mile straightaway dash at Bath Beach, New York. The time was :33 4-5. This was the first competitive event on bicycle skates, and the result proves that they are fast.

ATHLETICS.

NO FIGHT.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 4.—The fight advertised to come off between big Joe McAuliffe and Jack Stelzner, at Woodward's Pavilion, Thursday, did not take place. There was a dispute about the purse, and at the last moment the fight was declared off. The small crowd which had gathered left in disgust.

THE TRIGGER.

D. R. A. MATCHES—THE LAST SHOT.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 4.—There are three ties for the governor-general's prize—Pte. W. D. Davidson, 48th, Pte. J. McVittie, 48th, and Corp. C. A. Windatt, 10th R. G.—each scoring 93. These three will shoot off for first, second and third places. The first prize is $250, the second prize $150, and the third prize $100.

The first twenty of the following will be selected as the Bisley team: 1, Lieut. T. Mitchell, 12th, 460; 2, Pte. Burns, 63rd, 459; 3, Capt. C. N. Mitchell, 90th, 459; 4, Capt. Hutchinson, 43rd, 458; 5, Lieut. Ross, 13th, 458; 6, Pte. McVittie, 48th, 458; 7, Sgt. Broadhurst, 5th R. S., 453; 8, Pte. Swaine, 14th, 453; 9, Lieut. Pain, 13th, 453; 10, Capt. Runions, 59th, 453; 11, Sgt. T. Mitchell, 13th, 451; 12, Pte. Heller, 10th, 450; 13, Sgt. T. Hayhurst, 13th, 450; 14, Sgt. Blair, 78th, 450; 15, Lieut. Gilchrist, 1st F. A., 449; 16, Geo. Miller, B. C. A., 449; 17, Capt. McMicking, R. L., 449; 18, Lieut.-Col. Anderson, R. O., 449; 19, Lieut. Crooks, Q. O. R., 449; 20, Sgt. Loggie, 12th F. B., 448; 21, Capt. Cartwright, R. G., 448; 22, Lieut. King, 46th, 447; 23, Pte. Davidson, 48th, 446; 24, Sgt. D. Mitchell, 13th, 446; 25, Sergt. Armstrong, R. G., 446; 26, Color-Sgt. Skeddon, 13th, 446; 27, Lieut. A. Robertson, 77th, 444; 28, George Wilson, 5th R. C. A., 444; 29, Sgt. Simpson, 10th R. G., 444; 30, Lieut. Smith, 59th, 444; 31, Color-Sergt. Meadows, Q. O. R., 444; 32, Lieut. Fortier, 73rd, 443; 33, Corp. Spencer, 13th, 441; 34, Capt. McAdams, 3rd, 441; 35, Sergt. Whyte, 72nd, 441; 36, Corp. Windatt, 10th, 440; 37, Pte. McLaren, 48th, 440; 38, Lieut. Carmichael, 56th, 450; 39, Sgt. Rolston, 39th, 439; 40, Pte. Davidson, R. G., 439.

Official scores in the London merchants' cup are not yet made out, but Ontario will take the cup and first prize of $80, while Nova Scotia will take second prize, $40. There are only two prizes.

Extra series, "A," 500 yards, five rounds—Western winners: Lieut. J. W. Gilchrist, 1st B. F. A., $7 33, 25; Pte. E. S. Sales, 21st, $7 33, 25; Pte. J. W. Smith, 21st, $7 33; 25; Pte. E. Limpert, 29th, $4, 24; Sgt. Margetts, 25th, $4, 24; Pte. Lumley, 21st, $1 60, 24.

Extra series, "B," 600 yards, five rounds—Western winners: Pte. E. Limpert, 29th, $5, 24; Sgt. Margetts, 25th, $4, 23; Sergt. Robson, 7th Fusiliers, $4, 23; Pte. J. W. Smith, 21st, $4, 23; Pte. S. Goodwin, 7th Fusiliers, $4, 23.

Extra series, "C," 800 yards, five rounds—Western winners: Lieut. J. Ogg, $10, Ist B. F. A., 24; Pte. Swarnock, 21st, $5, 23; Sgt. Margetts, 25th, $5, 23; Pte. J. W. Smith, 21st, $4, 23.

Extra series, "D," 100 yards—Western winners: Lieut. J. Ogg, 1st B. F. A., $5, 22; Sgt. Margetts, 25th, $4 50, 22; Pte. J. W. Smith, 21st, $4, 21; Sgt. H. C. Blair, 7th, $4, 21; Pte. E. S. Sales, $4, 20.

Extra series, aggregate—Sgt. G. Margetts, 25th, $4, 92.

The last shot on the Rideau range was fired by Postmaster-General Mulock, there being a little ceremony, and a photograph was tåken of the scene.

ROD.

The Duchess of Fife, who is nearly as expert an angler as her mother, the Princess of Wales, has been fishing in the Dee with much success every day since her arrival at Mar Lodge, and has landed a large number of red fish.

LARGE SCOTCH SALMON.

On Saturday Mr. Grove, of Bond street, London, received a large salmon which was taken in the River Tay. It weighed 54 pounds. The measurements were: Length, 51 inches; girth, 28 inches. This is the third salmon of over 50 pounds which has been on view in Bond street this season. The other fish weighed 55 pounds, and 51 pounds, respectively. The larger one was captured in the Shannon, and the other was taken in the Fifeshire district.

AQUATIC.

The proposed race between the single scullers, Maguire and Ten Eyck, has been declared off.

TENNIS.

AT TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—The Toronto lawn tennis tournament commenced yesterday. The final match in the handicap series of the international tournament at Niagara-on-the-Lake was transferred to prevent further delay.

The feature of the handicap was Osborne's win from Sheldon, which was a surprise. Osborne's play was brilliant, his hitting hard, and his back-hand work excellent. Sheldon did well in the second set, but the handicap was too heavy. Scores:

Open singles—P. Edgar (T. A. C.) beat Burns (Hamilton), 8-6, 6-0. Ware (Harvard) beat Love ('Varsity), 6-1, 6-2. Sheldon (Yale) beat Harris ('Varsity), 8-6, 6-2.

Novice singles—P. Edgar (T. A. C.) beat B. Crosthwaite (Buffalo), default. Palmer (T. A. C.) beat Burns (Hamilton), 6-0, 9-7. Scott ('Varsity) beat Gzowski (T. A. C.), 6-1, 6-3. Lefroy ('Varsity) beat Bertram (T. A. C.), 6-2, 0-6, 6-1. MacDonald (T. A. C.) beat Ryerson (Osgoode), 6-0, 6-1.

Handicap singles—Bertram X 15 (T. A. C.) beat Burns X 15.1 (Hamilton), 6-4, 6-2. Avey, N., X 15 (Detroit) beat Bell, X 2-4 (T. A. C.), 6-1, 6-2. Ware, 30.2 (Harvard) beat Lillie, X 15.3 (T. A. C.), default. Lefroy ('Varsity), beat Muir, X 15.1 (T. A. C.), 6-1, 6-2. Hobson, X 2.2 (T. A. C.), beat P. Edgar, X 15 (T. A. C.), 8-6, 6-4. Medd, X ¾ (Osgoode), beat Gzowski, X 15.2 (T. A. C.), 7-5, 6-4. Osborne, X 2-4 (T. A. C.), beat Sheldon, 30 (Yale), 6-4, 7-5. Harris, scratch ('Varsity), beat Crowthwaite, X 15.2 (Buffalo), default. Fischer, 30.2 (New York), beat W. Edgar, X 15.3 ('Varsity),7-5, 6-0. Love, scratch ('Varsity), beat Hollingshead, X 15.1 (Peterboro), 6-0, 6-3. Scott, X 15 ('Varsity), beat Lyall, X 15 (T. A. C.), 6-3, 5-7, 6-3. Meldrum, X 2-4 (T. A. C.), beat Shore, X 15.1 (T. A. C.), 3-6, 7-5, 8-6.

Coleman's SALT Best for Table use. Best for Dairy use.
UNEQUALLED FOR QUALITY
Canada Salt Association
CLINTON, ONT. 8

THE TURF.

FAST COLTS.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Thursday's harness races were for 3-year-olds, trotters and pacers. The pace went in straight heats to a good-looking mare by Prohibition, who stepped the first half of the second heat in 1:09½. The trotters split it up, and as the deciding heat could not be reached by 5 o'clock, the race went over. Summaries:

3-year-olds, pacing; purse, $500:

Alma, b. m., by Prohibition, Wm. Collins, London	1	1	1
Elgin Girl, by Grandeur, F. Helmer, Port Bruce	2	2	5
Railway Queen, by Ambrosial, J. M. Morgan, Ottawa	4	3	2
Magis, by Sir John, Dr. L. Carr, Stoney Creek	3	4	3
Lady Hull, by a son of Stanton, H. Scott, Caledonia	5	5	4
Alicia Bell, by Liberty Bell, A. Sinclair, Chatham	6	dis	

Time—2:25¼, 2:24¼, 2:37¼.

3-year-olds, trotting; purse, $500 (unfinished):

Vivo, blk. f., by Superior, B. B. McCarthy, Thamesford	3	4	1	1
Abbot, ch. c., by Ambrosial, R. Stewart, Aylmer, Que.	1	1	2	4
Cooper, by Bryson, L. G. Bennett, Port Hope	5	2	4	2
Wilfrid J., by Superior, W. L. Jifkins, Toronto	2	5	3	3
Ottawa Queen, by Hermit, J. McKinistry, Thamesford	4	3	5	5
Robert H., by Ansonia, Moses Hunter, Toronto	6	6	dis	

Time—2:35¾, 2:34½, 2:30¾, 2:30¼.

Josephine's pacing performance was a mile in 2:33¾.

T. B. McCarthy's race on the bicycle against the pacing stallion Bryson was a close contest. The wheelman won, but had to ride the mile in 2:19½ to do it.

DETROIT RACES.

Detroit, Sept. 4.—The track has been in very bad shape for a week, and it is difficult to secure enough entries to make up a programme. Today brings the Grosse Pointe meeting to a close. Summary:

First race, selling, 6 furlongs—Red Top 1, Sunshine 2, Mamie Sullivan 3. Time, 1:22¼.

Second race, selling, 7 furlongs—Springtime 1, Logan 2, Jazabel 3. Time, 1:36¾.

Third race, 5½ furlongs—Gilray 1, Sophronia D. 2, Plantain 3. Time, 1:05½.

Fourth race, selling, 6 furlongs—Faybelle 1, Gasparone 2, Adam Johnson 3. Time, 1:19.

Fifth race declared off.

Sixth race, selling, 1 mile—King Elkwood 1, Leoncie 2, Travello 3. Time, 1:48¾.

LAST DAY AT NEWPORT, KY.

First race, selling, ¾-mile—Carrie Lyle 1, Shuttlecock 2, Hilda 3. Time, 1:14.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Calculator 1, Joe Mussle 2, Dr. Coleman 3. Time, 1:28½.

Third race, 5 furlongs—Dan Rice 1, Creedmoor 2, Lena Meyers 3. Time, 1:02½.

Fourth race, selling, 1¼ miles—Blanton 1, Parson 2, Three Bars 3. Time, 2:09.

Fifth race, 1 mile—A. B. C. 1, Miss Ross 2, Lockhart 3. Time, 1:41½.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Evaline 1, Gov. Boes 2, Masterpiece 3. Time, 1:29.

POINTER AND PATCHEN.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 4.—Star Pointer won from Joe Patchen with apparent ease over the Charter Oak Park course yesterday. It had been agreed that each horse should alternate at the pole, and the toss of a penny decided which should start in that position. Mr. Murphy, owner of Star Pointer, won the toss. In the second heat, when Patchen had the pole, Pointer had to travel a little faster to get to the wire first, and that heat was done in 2:03¾. He landed about half a length ahead in each heat. In the three heats the horses traveled the mile side by side, Pointer going about half a length ahead in the home stretch, and keeping it to the wire. The race was without any other features, and there was a general belief that the horses were not driven as fast as they could go. Summary:

Special pacing race, mile heats, winner to take all, purse $5,000:

Star Pointer, b. s. (McCleary)	1	1	1
Joe Patchen, blk. s. (Geers)	2	2	2

Time—2:04¼, 2:03¾, 2:05.

AT DRESDEN.

Dresden, Ont., Sept. 4.—The final day of Dresden's fall race meeting opened with fine weather, track fair, attendance fair and racing excellent. Prince H. lowered the track record to 2:18½. Summary:

Free for all:

Prince H.	5	1	1	1
McKenzie	1	3	3	3
Riverside	2	2	2	5
Quaker K.	4	5	5	2
Blinkey Morgan	3	4	4	4

Time—2:20, 2:21, 2:18½, 2:20¼.

2:32 trot and 2:35 pace:

Molley A.	4	2	1	1	1
Lady May	1	1	3	3	5
Texas Alice	3	3	2	4	2
Barney	2	4	4	2	3
Big George	5	6	5	6	dr
Ellerton	6	5	6	5	4

Best time—2:27½.

Three-quarter mile dash:

Marcellina	1
Mallard	2
Metre	3
Lady Rye	4

Time—1:16.

GOLF.

THE NIAGARA TOURNAMENT.

Niagara, Ont., Sept. 4.—Play in the international golf events at Niagara began yesterday, with beautiful weather. The two Canadian cracks, A. P. Scott and G. S. Lyon, were successful in drawing byes. The best performance of the day was that of G. T. Brown, of London, who made the round in 91, or within 1 of bogey, G. C. Powers, of Rochester, beat Capt. Dickson, of Niagara, in a very close match of one hole up, and by the very narrow margin of one stroke. The scores were:

J. A. Dupuy, Rochester, 95, beat H.K. Tyng, Buffalo, 107, by 3 up and 2 to play.

J. C. Powers, Rochester, 96, beat Capt. Dickson, Niagara, 97, by 1 hole up.

G. T. Brown, London, 91, beat G. T. Curtis, Rochester, 99, by 3 up and 1 to play.

Charles Hunter, Toronto, 98, beat C. B. Hudson, Rochester, 102, by 3 up and 2 to play.

J. R. Taylor, St. Andrew's, beat J. Anstice, Rochester, 4 up and 2 to play.

J. A. Dupuy, Rochester, beat H. K. Tyng, Buffalo, 3 up and 2 to play.

In the afternoon G. T. Brown beat Wm. Hunter 2 up and 1 to play.

Powers beat Taylor 6 up and 5 to play.

Dupuy beat Betts 5 up and 4 to play.

A. P. Scott, Toronto, beat G. S. Lyon by default.

CRICKET.

CHATHAM DEFEATS DETROIT.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 4.—Detroit and Chatham met yesterday in the fourth game of the annual series of cricket matches held between these clubs, and Chatham won. Detroit went to bat first, and through the clever bowling of Ireland and Kinney, the Detroit team were disposed of for a total of 55. Chatham followed, and compiled the fine total of 193, winning the game by 138 runs. The score tells the story of playing:

DETROIT.

T. Jenner, not out	30
H. J. Grylls, b Kinney	8
R. B. Ridgely, b Kinney	0
I. Davies, b Kinney	0
J. C. Stewart, c and b Ireland	4
J. G. Peddie, run out	0
I. Dale, c Kinney, b Ireland	5
I. J. Dodds, b Ireland	3
F. J. Bamford, b Kinney	0
P. Davis, b Ireland	1
F. Davis, b Ireland	0
Extras	4
Total	55

CHATHAM.

R. Richardson, l b w, Stuart	20
J. Kinney, b Stuart	22
W. G. Richards, b Stuart	4
W. B. Wells, b Davis	23
J. Horstead, c Bamford, b Jenner	27
I. L. Nicholls, b Dale	40
C. R. Atkinson, b Stuart	16
F. A. Ireland, b Stuart	0
J. Reeve, run out	1
S. Mercer, not out	1
H. Northwood, b Dale	7
Extras	32
Total	193

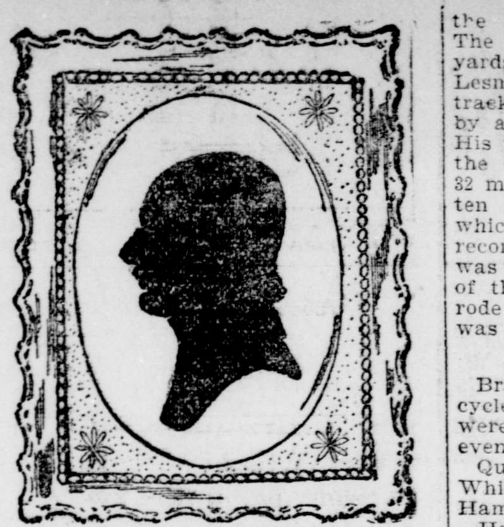
BYES.

The barracks cricket team play the Hobbs Hardware club an all-day match on Monday, play to be commenced at 10:30 a.m. Visitors are welcome.

FOOTBALL.

A meeting of lovers of Rugby football will be held on Wednesday night to organize for the season.

MENELIK OF ABYSSINIA is running Kaiser Wilhelm close in the variety of his accomplishments. He showed the French envoy, M. Lagarde, the plans he had drawn with his own hand for his new palace at Addis Adaba. When the first sewing machine he had seen came to him out of order the Negus looked it over, found out what was wrong, and repaired it himself.



Fifty Years Ago.

This is the way it was bound to look
When grandfather had his "picter took."
These were the shadows cast before
The coming of Conjurer Daguerre
And his art; like a girl in a pinafore
Some day to bloom to a goddess fair.
Men certainly were not as black, we know
As they pictured them, 50 years ago.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

began to make new men, just as the new pictures of men began to be made. Thousands of people fronted the camera with skins made clean from blotch and blemish, because they had purified the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is as powerful now as then. Its record proves it. Others imitate the remedy; they can't imitate the record:

50 Years of Cures.

RHEUMATISM

Is caused by Uric Acid and other impurities lingering in the blood, which have not been filtered out by the Kidneys through the urine. The seat of the trouble is not in the skin or muscles. It's sick Kidneys. Electricity, liniments or plasters will not reach the case. But the disease can be

CURED

I was very much afflicted with rheumatism, and kept my bed for nearly six weeks. I tried nearly every medicine recommended to me, but without relief, until your advertisement that you gave away sample boxes of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills was brought to my notice. I got a sample box and it helped me. Since that time I have taken four full boxes, and am entirely cured. I cannot say too much in recommendation of your pills as a sure remedy for rheumatic troubles.

F. W. DUNHAM, 1905 Fifth St., Bay City, Mich.

HOBBS
Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., Proprietors, Chicago.

Wrestles With Disease

A New and Perfect Medicine Which Takes Hold of Heart Disease and Defeats It.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are daily proving themselves to be the best medicine for all heart and nerve troubles. Testimony upon testimony pours in as to their good effects in diseases of the heart and nerves.

Here is what Mrs. W. R. Garner, London, Ont., has to say about them: "My mother has been suffering for four years with fluttering of the heart and sleeplessness, together with other symptoms of heart and nerve troubles. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I procured from Mr. W. T. Strong, our well-known druggist, have done her a great deal of good, removing the fluttering of the heart and restoring restful sleep and steady nerves. They are undoubtedly a splendid remedy for heart troubles, sleeplessness, nervousness, etc., and as such I highly recommend them."

Laxa Liver Pills cure Constipation and sick headache. 25 cents. All druggists.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Price 50 cents per Box, or 6 for $2.50. At Druggists, or Mailed on Receipt of Price by T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto.

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

P. D.

These two letters tell a wonderful tale. Possibly of the entire alphabet there are no two letters combined so well and so widely known.

P. D.

—The initials of the most celebrated corset maker of today. See the new styles for fall season. Complete range in all sizes.

Sold only by

Bayley's

MUNYON PRAISED.

Druggists and Patients Everywhere Speak in Highest Praise of His Cures.

Munyon Leads, Never Follows.

Facts of Actual Cures Have Dispelled All Doubts of Munyon's Treatment.

TALK OF THE PEOPLE.

His Positive Cures Have Roused the City Into Wondering How It Can Be Done.

The people have taken it upon themselves to sound the praises of Munyon's invaluable cures. They have been cured They are happy. They are telling their friends.

The time has come when mere say so does not establish a fact. People are at best skeptical. The X rays of penetration, of research, of investigation, is upon us. Demonstration is the cry, and ocular demonstration it must be. To this end Professor Munyon has established a means. He is anxious to prove to you, beyond the shadow of a doubt that your catarrh, your rheumatism, your dyspepsia, your kidney trouble, your fever, or any curable disease you have, he can and will cure in a simple, speedy and thoroughly effective manner. Will you give him the opportunity?

There's the Munyon office at 251 Queen's avenue, where a corps of expert specialists are ready to give you kind and courteous treatment—free.

The treatment, no matter whether of long or short duration, doesn't cost you one copper.

Munyon Helped Her.

Mrs. Annie McLean, residing at 313 Queen's avenue, London, Ontario, Canada, and a resident of this city for the past forty-five years, says: "I am now 73 years of age, and have been troubled with that dread disease, rheumatism, for the past four years. I was very bad, indeed, prior to my using Munyon's Rheumatism Cure. I had taken many remedies, and not receiving any noticeable relief, I gave them up. Recently, when my sufferings became so severe, I began using Munyon's Rheumatism Cure. To my great satisfaction, for after using a very small quantity of this wonderful remedy, I have indeed been helped very much, and I do not hesitate to recommend the remedy to others who may be suffering as I did."

Caution to the Public.

Beware of imitators who are copying our advertisements, appropriating our methods and following the plan adopted by us when we introduced our remedies to the people of Ontario a year ago. You can easily distinguish between the original and the imitation. The Munyon Homeopathic Remedies are known the world over (not in London, Ontario, only). United States headquarters, Philadelphia, Pa., with branches in all the principal cities. Canadian headquarters, Toronto, with branch at Montreal and English headquarters, London. Prof. Munyon, founder of the new School of Homeopathy, does not desire that the public should be imposed upon.

251 Queen's Ave.

Open 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

NOTICE

Cooking Stoves, new and second hand, also Bedroom Suites, Sideboards, Chairs, Mattresses, Springs, cheap for cash. Old furniture taken in exchange. Call and get prices before buying.

G. PARISH, South Market, 357 Talbot Street

HAMMOCKS

AT REDUCED PRICES AT—

REID'S HARDWARE,

118 Dundas Street, North Side.

Remember This.

We guarantee our treatment. If your hair is falling out you had better call at once.

Madame Ireland's Parlors

211½ Dundas Street.

European Hotel.

Visitors to the fair should get their meals at the above hotel.

25c a Meal.

STEVENS & NICOL,

203, 205½ Dundas Street.



Toronto College of Music, Limited.

In affiliation with the University of Toronto. Highest musical standing in Canada. School of Elocution and Physical culture. DR. CARLYLE, Principal. New calendar free upon application. GEO. GOODERHAM, Pres.; F. H. TORRINGTON, Musical Director.

WHISKARD'S

LONDON'S CHEAPEST STORE.
228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street.

Our New Store

General surprises and exclamations among our customers and friends—"WHAT A BRIGHT AND CHEERFUL STORE; NOT A DARK SPOT IN IT. **IT IS CERTAINLY THE BEST STORE IN LONDON.** What a large amount of space. You certainly will have room enough now."

THE NEW STORE adds immensely to the size of our establishment, but we have not outgrown those good old principles upon which this business has been conducted for over a quarter of a century, and we can assure our friends that no matter how great the house may grow, the same fair treatment that has been accorded our patrons in the past, shall be continued in the future. Our advertisements from week to week will tell you what we are doing, and you can always look for special lines of goods at special prices. We are now winding up our REBUILDING AND ALTERATION SALE, and HERE IS ONE LESSON IN ECONOMY you may take advantage of.

Corsets-Corsets-Corsets

Fine Sateen Corsets, worth 50c, for 29c.
Fine Sateen Jean Corsets, worth 75c, for 39c.
Beautiful Black Sateen Corsets, worth $1 50, for 89c.
Fine Sateen Corsets, in fawn and white, beautifully stitched in silk, worth $1 50, for 89c.

DON'T BUY UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN THESE CORSETS—No use throwing away your money. COME.

New Lines of Dress Goods Coming In.

CALL AND SEE OUR NEW DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT IN THE NEW STORE. IT WILL PAY YOU.

MILLINERY:

Our new goods are coming in fast. Large quantities of FELT HATS, WINGS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, QUILLS, and all the TRIMMINGS needed for FIRST-CLASS MILLINERY.

LADIES' FINE FELT WALKING HATS, trimmed, regular $1 25, our price 90c. All colors.

All departments will soon be in first-class working order—OUR REBUILDING AND ALTERATION SALE PRICES will continue for a short time longer.

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

This Company is the exclusive property of policy-holders, who own it, and control it through a Board of Directors, elected by and from among themselves. Geo. A. Somerville, Esq., manager Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company, is elected for London District. This principle of mutuality has contributed very largely to the unequaled r 'ts given members during the past twenty-seven years.

C. E. GERMAN,
General Agent.

OFFICE—C. P. R. BUILDING,
CORNER DUNDAS AND RICHMOND STS.

16u ty

AN ART IN BLANKETS.

Head of One of the Largest Laundries Tells About Washing Flannels.

"The best way to wash blankets?" said the superintendent of one of the largest laundries. "Well, the first thing to be considered is the soap. It should be a good white soap and free from rosin. Slice the soap in a kettle of hot water and put it over the fire until it dissolves—there is no need for it to boil. Then pour it into the tub and turn on the water, which should be hot—almost scalding," says an exchange.

"Mix the two together so as to form a good lather, then put in your blankets. Let them remain in this water about fifteen or twenty minutes, covering the tub so as to keep in the steam; then souse them up and down with the hands and turn them over in the water for a few moments.

"One of my women, who is very successful, has a large tin funnel that she uses to manipulate her blankets with. She takes it by the stem and presses the mouth of the funnel up and down on the blankets, turns them over and keeps up the process until she thinks that every part has had the water passed through it by the suction of the funnel, then takes them out and passes them through the wringer. While she is, perhaps my best blanket washer, I have not sufficient faith in her funnel theory to think it at all necessary, though I think it much better than using a stick, which should never be allowed, as it is almost certain to make holes in the blanket.

"In passing through the wringer the blanket should always go lengthwise. After the first wringing comes the second tub of hot water, in which has been put a goodly supply of ammonia. Then another wringing and another tub of hot water, with just enough of the soap mixture to make a good suds.

"Not a thick suds—nothing like as thick a suds as the first—but just enough to make the water smooth to the touch. After a thorough rinsing in this water it should be passed through the wringer or wrung with the hands lengthwise and hung in the wind to dry. It should never be hung in the sun, as it makes it yellow. Soap containing rosin will also cause yellowness and cold water harshness.

"I know you wish to know why I put soap in the last rinsing water—to make the blanket soft and pliable, otherwise it would be harsh and stiff, almost as much so as if washed in cold water. And what I have told you about blankets is true about all flannels, from the finest to the coarsest."

WHAT AILS YOU?

A Cold in the Head? Some Szeezing? Pains Over the Eyes? Disgusting Dropping in the Throat? Headache?—It May Mean That the Seeds of Catarrh Have Been Sown—Don't Neglect It an Hour—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Will Give Relief in 10 Minutes.

"I had chronic catarrh for a number of years. Water would run from my nose and eyes for days at a time. I tried many cures without any permanent relief. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It cured me, and I have had no return of the malady. I find that for a cold in the head it gives almost instant relief. I would not be without it, and I recommend it most heartily. C. G. Archer, Brewer, Me."

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Canadian Products.

Latest Developments in Our Great Staple Industry.

Not Enough of Canadian Bacon Going to England.

Tender Vegetables and Fruit to Be Sent Across the Atlantic.

Advice as to Cheese—Eggs Going Up.

MORE CANADIAN BACON NEEDED

The London correspondent of the Trade Bulletin writes: Canadian bacon is 6s below the highest price on the market. Irish is quoted all the way from 46s to 66s, and Danish the same; American, 28s to 40s; Canadian, 46s to 60s. It will be seen that there is not much difference, and what there is being in favor of Canada; for little continental gets the higher figure, while the bulk of the trade done in Canadian is at the top, the lower prices being for fat and stout, for which there is never an active demand, though this week it has appreciated on the continued firmness of the lean selections. The market is in a good groove for Canada. It is a pity she cannot supply it more largely.

ADVANCE IN EGG CABLES.

Cables received yesterday from Liverpool and Glasgow quoted Canadian eggs steady at 6s 9d to 7s; but subsequent advices quote 7s 3d for choice Canadian in Liverpool.

LATEST ON APPLES.

Mr. Arthur R. Fowler, Montreal, received the following cable from Messrs. Simon, Shuttleworth & Co., Liverpool: Duchess, 13s to 16s, good quality and conditions well paid for; but lower grades and poor condition are very weak. Mr. Fowler is shipping 600 bbls this week to Liverpool, and a lot on the Reford liner Concordia for Glasgow to his firms there. These apples have been carefully selected, and if they land in good order should realize good nets to shippers.

The total shipments of apples from Montreal for the season up to date is 1,206 bbls, against 8,177 bbls for the corresponding period last year. At the auction sale Friday afternoon sales were made as follows: Astracans at 80c to $1 35; Golden Sweets, $1 10 to $1 30; Duchess, $1 35 to $1 55; Codlings, $1 55; Sweetboughs, $1 30; Gloria Mundi, $1 30.

Advices from west of Toronto state that in some sections they have gone perfectly wild on their contracts, bidding $1 75 to $2 for the fruit. In other districts, however, the excitement is said to be quieting down.

OUR TENDEREST FRUIT AND VEGETABLES FOR ENGLAND.

When over a year ago the Trade Bulletin made the statement that by the aid of cold storage on board ocean steamers and railway cars there was no reason why we should not find a market in England for our tenderest fruit and vegetables, for the fish of our lakes and rivers, and dead poultry in summer as well as in winter, certain parties in the trade here laughed at the remarks, at the same time referring to the repeated attempts that had been made to ship grapes, peaches, pears, plums and tomatoes to the other side, all of which had proved abortive. That is all true enough, but the improved facilities which now exist for carrying the tenderest fruits and vegetables across the Atlantic this season in a perfect state of preservation has been availed by Mr. G. E. Fisher, of Burlington, Ont. (one of the finest fruit centers in Canada), who is shipping by the Numidian a splendid selection of plums, pears and tomatoes, and we have no doubt these consignments will meet with a ready market on the other side. We shall also see dead poultry going over in the spring and summer, probably next year, followed by the fresh fish of our inland waters, and the product of our Maritime coasts. The cold storage system has not yet seen the full fruit of its labor.

THE CHEESE SITUATION.

The keen edge of the market which was at its climax on Thursday of last week is now decidedly off, and it is difficult to get within ¼c of last week's prices; but, considering the astonishing heavy exports from Montreal from the commencement of the season to the close of last week, amounting to 1,136,094 boxes, against 935,472 boxes for the same period in 1896, and from New York 389,627 boxes, against 253,680 boxes, the great wonder is that values have not shown a perpendicular drop of 1c per lb at the least; and that they have not done so seems to be evidence that there is more inherent strength in the situation than many are inclined to admit. This season to date the combined exports of cheese from the two Atlantic ports of Montreal and New York show the enormous increase of 336,569 boxes, being no less than 1,525,721 boxes against 1,189,152 boxes. Factorymen could well afford to take less for their August, September and October cheese after the prosperous season they have had up to the present, sell their whole season's make and have done with it. But, of course, they will argue just the reverse, and contend that they should receive more for their fall make because it shows better keeping quality. Markets, however, do not always follow arguments; if they did, factorymen would have had to accept 70c to $1 per box less money for their summer make than they actually received.

THE HAY TRADE.

Numerous offers of new hay are being made to parties in Montreal from dealers west of Toronto at $7 50 for No. 1, $6 50 for No. 2, and $5 50 for No. 3, or clover mixed which, with a freight rate of 18c per 100 lbs, would bring it up to a cost laid down here of $11 10 per ton for No. 1; and this it is said is too high for the Montreal market, though we know of mixed clover being worked on the basis of $9 10 laid down here on track. Buyers prefer old hay, which is scarce and salable at $11 50 to $12. The sale has just been reported of 15 cars of mixed clover at a point west of Toronto costing $8 85 laid down in Montreal on track. Quebec Province, taken as a whole, will not be much over half an average.

A MONSTER BUTTER FACTORY.

The work of building a butter factory in St. Marys, to which reference has already been made, is now under way. The building itself is to cost $12,000; it is to be of brick, and almost half the work of construction is already completed. In connection with the factory there are to be five outside skimming stations, and operations will be carried out on a scale far surpassing anything before attempted in Western Ontario. Dr. Matheson, St. Marys, has been in St. Albans, Vt., and other places, collecting information which will be utilized in connection with the operation of the factory.

CANADIAN CATTLE SHIPMENTS.

Montreal, Sept. 4.—There was quite a big movement of both cattle and sheep from here this week, especially the latter. The markets, on the other hand, are not in the most satisfactory condition, but the fact does not appear to have hindered shipments in any way. Exports in detail for the week ending Sept. 1 are as follows:

	Cattle.	Sheep
Aug. 26—Ormiston, London.	359	1,736
Aug. 27—Kildona, London..	304	....
Sept. 1—Rosarian, London..	40	1,770
Aug. 28—Scotsman, L'pool..	683	....
Aug. 28—Numidian, L'pool..	378	....
Aug. 29—Oakmore, L'pool..	674	874
Sept. 1—Lake Huron, L'pool.	553	....
Aug. 26—Lycia, Bristol....	306	....
Aug. 26—Kastalia, Glasgow.	405	....
Aug. 31—Norwegian, Glasgow	441	177
Aug. 28—Escalona, Newcastle	233	....
Aug. 29—Cynthiana, Manchester	370	....
Totals	4,746	4,557

COARSE GRAIN.

Sales of 40,000 bushels of oats were made over the cable on Friday for London account at equal to 29¾c to 29⅞c afloat, and, for the first time in a month, local buyers have been running around for supplies, and have taken several cars at 29½c in store, equal to 30c afloat. It is said that short sales have been made for September-October shipment on the other side at pretty low prices. Peas are steady at 59c to 60c, sales of 2,000 quarters having been made over the cable at equal to the inside figure, but holders now ask 60c afloat. Rye is scarce and higher at 52c, showing an advance of 2c on the week. A large quantity of corn has recently been placed over the cable, probably 200,000 to 300,000 bushels, at steady prices.

Electricity in the Future.

Impossible to Prophesy the Wonders It Will Perform in the Coming Years—Annihilation of Time and Space.

Prof. Elihu Thomson's address at the recent educational conference at Eliot, Maine, embodies some interesting forecasts in regard to electrical development. The following passage from Prof. Thomson's opening remarks is notable for its presentation of profound scientific thought: "To me has been left that most difficult of all tasks, the predicting the future of electricity. Who can tell what discoveries are yet to be made? Who can set the bounds to human insight, to invention, to discovery? Three years ago the wonderful Roentgen ray was not known to exist. All the prophets of the past had had their try at it, but no one hinted at its existence. All the seers, all the clairvoyants, failed to note its existence, and yet it was for years before our very eyes, pleading, as it were, to be discovered. And it was sadly needed, as its greatly extended use in surgery now abundantly proves. But the history of many other great discoveries is much the same, and the fact that the prophets did not predict them leads me to think that in the present instance I may succeed no better."

Prof. Thomson went on to enumerate some of the directions in which electrical progress might be looked for. The telephone and the telegraph have not yet reached their limit. Within a year has been seen a development of Heartzian wave telegraphy, predicted as possible not less than eight or nine years ago. By this new system even the conducting wire between stations is abolished, the signals enter and ring bells in inclosed boxes; solid walls of stone or brick make no difference to the passing to and fro of the signals; fog, mist and storm are unable to cut them off. The reason we can do this is that ether travels everywhere, and when we set up ether waves the vibrations pass through air liquids and solids. One of the results of this discovery is that navigation in a fog, or near a dangerous shore inshrouded in mist or darkness, need not now prevent those on a passing vessel from ascertaining their position. If ever a man is to acquire a true understanding of the universe, he must study and understand the ether. He knows already that it is an electro-magnetic medium, as through it electrical actions become possible.

But when he discovers, if he ever does, that difference which makes the contrast of positive and negative electricities, he will have touched very near to the foundations of all science. One of the next great steps in electrical work will be the obtaining of more light from a given amount of electric energy than is now possible. Present methods are too wasteful; only about 3 per cent of the efficiency of the fuel is turned into electricity. The use of electrical energy in chemical work wil go on in an increasing ratio, and there will soon be plenty for the rising electrical engineer to do in the rapidly multiplying utilizations and the transmission of electrical power. Mines will be operated and illuminated entirely by electricity, but whether we shall ride in electric trains exclusively in the future is uncertain. At the same time, the wide expansion of railroad service through electrical power, and the supplanting of steam in railway passenger traffic on a scale hardly dreamed of, will inevitably be features of the near future.

Worth $10 a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost $10 a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute, lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes, and all pains just as rapidly.

Everything that looks to the future elevates human nature; for never is life so low as when occupied with the present—Landor.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

(ASSESSMENT SYSTEM).

DO

you remember the old Norse proverb: "Cattle die, kinsmen die, but the fame of him that doth a good deed dies never." If you want to do

A

deed that will keep your name in fond remembrance for many a year, insure your life in the Canadian Order of Foresters. It will make YOU happy while you live, and it will keep OTHERS from want if you are called away. "A

GOOD

name is better than riches." The Canadian Foresters have both the good name and the riches. They have earned them and deserve them. They will welcome you as a brother, and insure you for about 25c. a week. Now is the time to do the good

DEED.

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having removed to new quarters, corner Bathurst and William streets, are prepared to take orders for Show Cases. A few good Second-Hand Cases for sale. Estimates given and contracts taken for wood carving by an expert.

S. Gillies & Son.

OAK HALL BARGAINS.

Where's That Boy



Of yours going for his new outfit? We haven't forgotten about him and his winter needs. He will want a new suit to wear to school—he must have good, warm clothes for the cold weather and a neat Sunday Suit, perhaps. Our Boy's Department is full of interest to parents. The clothes are stylish and good, made of dependable cloth and so strongly sewed that they will keep the small fellows busy to wear them out. You will acknowledge that the prices are lower here than you have ever seen them before. There certainly never was a time when we could dress a boy for so little money. As for the bigger lads or the young men who want Long Pant Suits, there's a big showing of the latest styles for them here—nobbier Suits than they'll find elsewhere. Better Overcoats, too, when they want them.

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Long Pants Suits - - $2 50 to $10.

ODD PANTS, SIZES 22 to 34.

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LONDON - CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manag. Dir.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Saturday, Sept. 4, 1897.

Today is the 27th anniversary of the proclamation of the French republic. The French are becoming more stable in their political convictions. They have stuck by the new republic longer than they held to one form of government in the previous 100 years.

Recently two reports were sent out from Toronto in reference to Mr. Charles Durand, an old and respected citizen of that place. One was that Mr. Durand was dead; the other asserted that he was alive and enjoying better health. Mr. Durand, being appealed to, said the latter statement was correct.

Many friends of Mr. I. E. Bowman, ex-M.P. for North Waterloo, will regret to hear of his death, after a long illness. Mr. Bowman had been in public life, municipal or national, since 1867. He retired from Parliament before the last general election. He was a director of the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company from its formation in 1863 till his death.

Mr. Whitney, Opposition leader, is finding that he made a mistake when he tied up his fortunes with those of the Opposition at Ottawa. He is inclined to repudiate these gentlemen. But did he not go to Ottawa some time ago and solicit their aid, on the understanding that success to him in Ontario meant rehabilitation for them in the Dominion? The people of Ontario will spoil that little compact.

President Loudon, of the Provincial University, asserts that the recent meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science will have far-reaching effects on the educational institutions of Canada. In a speech at the closing ceremonies the president pointed out that the degree of Ph.D. had been recently established at the Provincial University to promote and reward original investigation. They were expecting, also, to start a series of publications that would preserve the results of such research. The value of the gathering to the general educational interests of the Province was also stated by the Minister of Education. Our people cry out for practical education, said Hon. Mr. Ross, sometimes forgetting that every experiment of the laboratory was practical, and every painstaking searcher after truth was a practical worker in the highest sense of the term.

Canada Discovered.

It must rejoice every Canadian who has faith in the future of his country to find that everywhere the world over, within the last few months, the standing and bright prospects of the Dominion have been recognized. Not alone by the brilliancy with which the Premier represented the country in the great celebration at the center of the empire was this emphasized.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, it is true, captivated all with whom he came in contact. But what rendered his welcome so much more cordial than that extended to any Canadian statesman who had preceded him was the fact that he took to the British people a Message from the Parliament of Canada that went straight to their hearts. That Message carried with it not only a declaration for closer trade relations with the Motherland, but a demand that if the British treaties with Germany and Belgium prevented the carrying out of the Canadian policy of preferential trade they should be got rid of. The British Government recognized the fairness of the proposition. It conceded Canada's right to complete freedom in trade matters. Canada became a nation, though more closely allied than ever with the great British nation on the other side of the Atlantic.

The new position attained for the Dominion, the determination with which the Government of this country stuck to the attainment of its objects, the persistency with which it pointed out by unassailable proof the immense benefits which would accrue to Great Britain as well as to the Dominion, from the development of our rich natural resources, have arrested the attention of the world.

Hitherto Canada has been kept in the background because of her proximity to the big republic lying to the south of us. We have been kept, as it were, in the shadow of the United States. It has been next to impossible to make the mass of old world people believe that we were not a part of that country. Canadians visiting Great Britain have been humiliated because of the ignorance of Canada exhibited by usually well-informed persons. The name "America" has been applied to Canada and to New York State as if they were similarly situated politically, and it has been next to impossible to make these easy-going Britishers believe that Canada was really a great nation doing business on its own account, managing its own affairs, and looking to a great future. Now all this is changed. Canada is recognized everywhere as a nation. A great future for her is conceded. Instead of immigrants from this country flocking to the United States, as in the past, United States immigrants are coming over here, believing that in Canada the worker has now the brighter prospect.

Canada's sudden rise to national importance, in the eyes of the civilized world, has an appropriate counterpart in Japan—the Britain of the Orient—whose sudden elevation into the position of a nation of the first-class was the wonder of the world a year or two since. Japan, however, made her impression on the minds of men through her plucky war with China. Canada has achieved a fame and prestige, which she will maintain and increase, not by the arts of war, but by those of diplomacy and peace.

Coming Lively Contest.

There are elections of one kind or another every November in the United States. This year, the most spectacular fight will be in New York city—the Greater New York, as constituted at last sitting of the Legislature. Already the parties are making their preliminary moves, and before the end of this month the battle for the mayoralty of the great civic corporation will be waxing hot. The Citizens' Union, an organization composed of electors opposed to the Tammany Democracy, have met and nominated Seth Low, formerly mayor of Brooklyn, and now head of Columbia University, as their candidate for the mayoralty of enlarged New York, which includes Brooklyn and many minor municipalities. This action does not meet with the approval of the Republicans. It suits the Tammany Democracy, which embraces by far the larger proportion of the Democrats, admirably. The reasons are plain. Mr. Low is a mugwump Republican. In the campaign of 1884 he studied a long time as to whether he would vote for Blaine or Cleveland. It is claimed by his political enemies that he did not make up his mind until after the election was over. In June, 1888, he resigned his membership of the Republican Association in Brooklyn city, because he could not indorse McKinley trade restrictionism, and he said in his letter of resignation: "I cannot believe that a country so large as the United States can be permanently held aloof from the great trade movements of the outside world." A month before the election of that year, speaking in the Reform Club at Cooper Union, Mr. Low defended President Cleveland for making the issue a square one betwen higher or lower "protection." It was, he said, a most commendable exhibition of executive courage. Despite this anti-protectionist attitude, there is reason for believing that the Republican managers would have swallowed Mr. Low as their candidate if allowed to first nominate him; but the mugwump, or non-party, organization, having put him in the field, it is now believed that the Republicans will nominate a candidate of their own, Thus the prospect is that there will be three tickets in the field—the Tammany Democracy, the Citizens' Union, and the Republican.

The prize of the mayoralty of Greater New York is the richest one in point of patronage and influence of any city in the world. The mayor is elected for four years at a salary of $15,000 a year, but he is not eligible for a second term immediately succeeding the first. His powers and responsibilities are large. He is the head of a corporation containing 3,000,000 inhabitants. He appoints—and may remove during the first six months of his term—all heads of departments, except those which the charter declares elective, such as the controller. To secure a position of such prestige and power is worthy the ambition of any man, and it seems highly probable that each of the great political parties will use its best endeavors to elect its candidate. At present, whether three candidates or only two go to the polls, the outlook favors the Democracy, if they put a first-class man in nomination. New York is nominally Democratic.

Solidest Town in Canada.

Referring to a recennt article in these columns on "London's Enviable Standing and Bright Future," the Amherstburg Echo says: "Everybody knows London is all right—it is the solidest town in Canada—never booms, but keeps advancing in every way."

The Independent Order of Foresters Still Going Ahead.

The opening of the magnificent new headquarters for the Independent Order of Foresters, in Toronto last week, was an event of great importance, not only to members of the order, but to the general public, and the full report of the proceedings, given in another column of today's Advertiser, may be perused with profit by all. The Foresters' Temple is indeed a most imposing structure. It is an ornament to the city and a credit to the great fraternal order, which possesses it. The I. O. F. has had phenomenal success since, in 1881, it was incorporated, and started out on a business footing. Then it had a membership of but 369; now it has a membership of over 120,000. Every month shows an increase over that of any like previous period. The money paid over to beneficiaries to June last amounted to $4,667,568. While sick and other benefits and cheap insurance are thus provided, the order takes good care to have a substantial surplus for emergencies. That surplus now amounts to over $2,300,000—an increase in seven months of more than $300,000. Convincing facts of this description formed the theme of the speeches given at the opening of the great building of the order in Toronto last week, reported in today's Advertiser. Dr. Oronhyatekha, who has proved so efficient head of the institution, told the story in graphic language, and also conveyed the interesting information that a ladies' branch of the order has now been organized, which promises to be as prosperous, in its particular line, as has the parent order. The Foresters, of whom there are a very large number in this part of Canada, are to be congratulated on the prosperity of their order, as evidenced in the statistical information given at the opening of the splendid headquarters.

The Moslem Revival.

London (Eng.) New Age.

The disturbances in India, and the evident alarm of the government at the attitude of the Mohammedans, are the natural result of the feeble action of the European concert at Constantinople. An impression has been produced amid the ignorant populations of the east that Islam's time has come, and that the Crescent is to prevail over the Cross. It has actually done so all over the Turkish empire. The Christian powers have proved utterly powerless to protect the Christians in Armenia, to free the Christians of Crete from the ascendancy of a small Mussulman class, or to keep Christian Greece from being humiliated and despoiled by her anti-Christian foe. Even in the west of Europe we are amazed at the sudden revival of the Turkish power; the Ottoman caste cannot govern, but they can fight, and Europe has weakly given them the opportunity of reviving the traditions of their conquering time. Two years ago the Turks hung down their heads; they were afraid of European, and particularly of British action, which they would have felt had there been a man of iron—a Gladstone—at our foreign office. But there was only a Salisbury—a lath painted to look like iron. Not only did the great assassin go unpunished, but the German emperor courted him, the Russians took his part, and on Easter Sunday in the present year the united fleets fired upon Christian insurgents against his power. The Turks saw that all Europe was afraid of them; they declared war against the Greeks, and utterly defeated them. After some three months of parley with the ambassadors they still hold Thessaly, which the powers declare they shall not have, and they have sent a military governor to Crete against the wishes of united Europe. Is it any wonder, then, that all over the MHohammedan world there has sprung up a new feeling of strength and confidence? In Lord Beaconsfield's days the Daily Telegraph vapored about a rejuvenated Islam. Lord Beaconsfield was overruled in his own Cabinet, and the Russians brought the Turks upon their knees, so that the rejuvenation did not come about. But what Lord Beaconsfield could not do with his strength, Lord Salisbury has accomplished by his weakness. He has presided over the rejuvenation of Islam. Europe has looked on with wonder, our Ashmead-Bartletts have been filled with reverent admiration, and the stock exchange with interested surprise. It may not mean much more than this as we see it from the west, but it may mean everything as the Mohammedans of all Asia look on it. It is quite possible that even the Ameer may think that Britain has become solely a naval power. Lord Salisbury has reminded him that the British fleet, mighty as it is, cannot go to mountain lands. It could not protect the Armenians, it could not, therefore, punish the Afghans. If we could be confronted by a great Mohammedan rebellion in India, it will be the Nemises of a great and humiliating national betrayal, the direct result of the feeble policy which has left three Christian people under the heel of victorious Islam.

CHILDREN AND BICYCLING

Physicians for some time have been urging great care in the fitting of bicycles to small children. They insist that the possibilities of developing hip trouble by the use of machines too large for growing boys and girls are very great. The protest, with which every sensible person will agree, is against a child using the wheel when the saddle is so far out of reach that the child can use the wheel only by standing on the pedals. The way to fit a bicycle is to have the wheel at first small enough for the saddle to be raised several times before the child outgrows the machine. To buy a wheel on the principle that the child will grow to it is absolutely wrong, and is fraught with every danger to the child who is to use it.

KILLED BY CHEWING-GUM.

[Providence Journal.]

James A. Gould, the 3-year-old son of James Gould, of Wakefield, has just died from the effects of convulsions caused by the child's swallowing a small piece of chewing gum.

One day last week the little fellow, while at play with another child, was given by the latter a penny piece of ordinary chewing gum. The Gould boy, liking the taste of the gum, after chewing a while swallowed it.

Later the child was taken alarmingly ill, and Mr. Gould sent for a physician, who, upon examination of the case, could learn of nothing to cause the boy's illness, save the retention in the stomach of a lump of gum. The remedies which he immediately gave proved of no avail, and the child becoming unconscious shortly after died.

THE EARTHQUAKE IN THE TEA DISTRICTS.

The Indian Planters' Gazette, Calcutta.

Earthquakes have been of more or less frequent occurrence in Assam from time immorial, but for magnitude and severity, former seismic disturbances sink completely in the shade when compared with the awful upheaval which, without the least warning, took place on the afternoon of the 12th instant. Reports, very much delayed in transmission, are now coming to hand, and the tale they tell is a sad one indeed. The tea industry has suffered (at present) incalculable loss, not merely by the wholesale destruction of costly buildings, factories, bungalows, coolie lines, etc., but by the cessation of all traffic by the railway lines of communication, which have been most seriously crippled.

The chief tea-producing districts—Assam, Cachar, Sylhet, Darjeeling, Terai and Dooars—have been punished so heavily, that the probabilities of their yielding the 147,250,112 pounds of tea estimated for season 1897 are somewhat remote.

The arrivals of teas in Calcutta will be very considerably delayed. Owing to several factories having been compelled to stop manufacturing, a good deal of tea will also be lost. A planter writing from Sylhet estimates that the outturn from that district alone will be diminished by some fifteen or sixteen millions of pounds.

REFORMED BURGLAR.

The Latest "Awful Example" of the Salvation Army.

The Hamilton Times of Tuesday says: Quite a dramatic incident occurred at the open-air meeting of the Salvation Army at the corner of Rebecca and James streets last evening. After the knee-drill, volley-firing, testimony and music, the leader announced a collection. As an incentive to the crowd to be liberal, he said the army needed money to carry on the work and deserved it—because it did work that the churches could not do, that the police could not do, that the magistrates, the judges, the prisons and the cat-o'-nine-tails could not do. Then suddenly tapping a young man on the shoulder and cried, "There stands a living example of the work of the army, a monument of the grace of God." The young man thus abruptly introduced to the wondering crowd stepped to the middle of the ring, and folding his arms in Napoleonic fashion, stood motionless, while the officer, in picturesque and fervid language, recited the story of his life. "This young man," he shouted in stentorian tones, "has just been having a fifteen years' holiday at the expense of his country. His hands were never soiled with honest toil. He has been fifteen years behind prison bars, and he is only two months out of Kingston Penitentiary. At 10 years of age he began his career of crime. His last sentence was for ten years. He never earned an honest penny in his life until two months ago. His hands were used for picking other people's pockets, for stealing from houses and business places that which did not belong to him. He was a thief, a pickpocket and a burglar. But while he was undergoing imprisonment in the penitentiary a Salvation lassie visited him and told him of his Saviour, of his love for the criminal and the sinner, and pleaded with him to cast in his lot with Christ. Then and there the young man made up his mind that if he lived to get out of prison he would thereafter lead an honest life. Two months ago he was liberated, come to Toronto, and at the barracks was convicted of sin and converted, and he is here tonight, to testify on behalf of Christ, a striking monument of the grace of Almighty God. He is now earning an honest living. Some weeks ago he drew his first week's pay, $6. Holding it in his hand, he looked at it and said: 'I am prouder of the six dollars than if I had been given $10,000. It's the first honest money I ever earned.'" The ex-burglar was well and neatly dressed, of most respectable appearance, looked to be about 28 or 30 years of age, and did not flinch or even wink when the speaker, pointing him declared him to be a "thief, a pickpocket and a burglar." The bystanders seemed impressed. It was at least a novelty in the "awful example" line, as these are usually recruited from the ranks of the scarlet woman or are the victims of the rum fiend.

CAUSE OF BALDNESS.

A Bruce County Man's Discovery by Way of a Horse.

[Lucknow Sentinel.]

"What is the cause of baldness?" is a question asked by many a man who finds the raven lock of youth taking their departure one by one, and leaving behind them only a sterle waste of scalp, fringed by a circle of hair which formed but the skirt of the original adornment. It has been supposed that the exclusion of fresh air from the top of the head by the wearing of tight hats had something to do with it, but opinions among medical men have differed widely. In an article contributed to a Detroit medical journal, Dr. Black, of Paisley, advances a view which seems reasonable enough. It is to the effect that the tight hat band, pressing against the blood vessels of the head, checks the flow of blood to the scalp, and impoverishes it, causing the hair to fall out. The idea was suggested by an experience which Mr. J. B. Campbell of Pinkerton, had in fitting up a horse for show purposes. He had braided up the tail, and in order to keep it in place, had put on a rubber band. This remained some time, and after its removal the hair on the tail below where it had been placed, fell out.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Underground Streams

Evidences of a Vast Subterrestrial Tidal System of Water Courses.

Constantly Oscillating Water Affected by Storms and Influenced by the Moon.

A remarkable new theory concerning the nature of parts of the earth's interior has just been promulgated by Prof. F. H. King, agricultural physicist of the University of Wisconsin. It is to the effect that the sub-surface of the human footstool is interpenetrated by water incessantly in motion; that there is a vast network of underground rivers, brooks, streams, pools and rivulets constantly flowing in various directions, some shallow, some deep, some near the surface, some far below the outer crust—all of them having a definite tidal motion and all subject to lunar influence. The theory is not based on pure supposition, but certain tests and observations have been made which give legitimate bearing to it, in the eyes of Prof. King's associates. Prof. Hallock, of the physics department of Columbia College, when asked for his opinion of the theory, said he considered it very ingenious and quite within the range of probability.

MAP OF UNDERGROUND STREAMS

Prof. King has so far determined the nature of these underground waters that at a recent meeting of the University Scientific Club he was able to draw a blackboard chart of many of the streams, their courses, movements and general character. He classifies the movements as gravitational, thermal and capillary. These are due, respectively, to fluid pressure, osmotic pressure and surface tension. Thus the movement of these waters may be determined by gravity, which would make them sink, so to speak, toward the center of the earth, by diffusion through the various substances with which they come in contact, and by the tension to which they would be subject when lying on the surface of the earth, but whether flowing toward the center or from the center, or with a centrifugal or centripetal motion, the fact is undisputed that they are in a constant state of oscillation.

Prof. King has even made automatic records which show that ground water is constantly in a state of oscillation, which may extend over a long period, may be siesmal or may correspond with the high and low barometric waves associated with the movements of storms. He has made a series of records which show that the surface of the ground water in a well is much more responsive to atmospheric changes of temperature than is the barometer itself. He has also found that during stormy weather the movements of surface water are so complex and rapid—so short in period—that a rapidly moving cronograph is required to separate them.

IMMENSE TIDAL SYSTEM.

Data from different wells and springs seem to suggest that there exists beneath the surface of the earth an immense tidal system, which is affected by the moon, and which rises and falls, or at least moves about with as much regularity as the tides of the ocean. It is not stated whether there is any intimate connection between these underground streams and the great streams and bodies of water which exist on the surface, except that they are both governed by lunar influence, and that the natural process of percolation may indirectly connect them with each other. It is a known fact that the variation of water from springs under barometric changes is very great, and the surface of Lake Mendota has been shown, even in winter, when covered with ice, to be subject to extremely complex oscillations, some of which appear to be barometric.

It is a contention of Prof. King that these underground waters embrace a world-wide zone. They are not, therefore, confined to the United States alone, but undermine the surfaces of Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia as well. Prof. King is working to perfect a map of the underground streams of the world, and as soon as he has finished we shall doubtless know more of what the interior of the earth is like. The substitution of a theory to the effect that the interior of the earth is occupied by large bodies of water is only another refutation of the old theory of the molten character of the earth's interior. Years ago it was thought that the center of the earth was a molten mass, which was the result of the former geological condition. It was held that the earth had progressed from its original entirely molten state, had cooled off on the surface, and was gradually cooling off toward the center, but that there must, in the nature of things, yet remain a large portion of the interior which was yet in a molten condition. During late years, however, scientists, while holding this view to be in a measure correct, yet contend that the process of cooling is very much more advanced than it was formerly supposed to be. They contend that the center of the earth is very hot, but that it is not precisely a molten mass.

HEAT UNDERGROUND.

That the center of the earth is quite hot is proved when very deep penetration through the surface is made. It is found that the temperature gradually rises as the center is approached. All deep wells are much hotter at the bottom than at the top, and Prof. Hallock, of Columbia College, recently made a test of a very deep well near Pittsburg, Pa., in which the temperature, at a depth of 5,502 feet, had reached an altitude of 128 degrees. This well is being dug in the interests of science, and it is the intention of the owners to eventually carry the well down until a depth of two miles is reached. In Australia there is a gold mine, the shafts of which have been sunk 2,000 feet into the earth. Temperature investigations show that the heat of the earth is materially greater at 2,000 feet than at the surface.

The possibilities of Prof. King's theory are very great, and from a scientific standpoint his investigations are very valuable, and the final results are being eagerly awaited by all scientists.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Produce Soft, White Hands," free.
ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Friday Bargains AND Saturday Night Fair.

ALL DAY SATURDAY

The record-breaking bargains that we advertised for Friday will be getable not only during the hours of our regular Saturday Night Fair from 7 till 10 o'clock, but may be taken advantage of at any hour on Saturday, and the earlier you do your shopping the better for you and for us. We never in all our history pared prices so close, and it will be many a long day before we do the like again.

Staples Department.

The regular price of these eight Plush Table Covers was $3 25. Now they're $1, Fancy borders. Any hour on Saturday for.....$1 00

On Friday you'll be able to get $1 90 English Toilet Quilts, white, full size, Saturday, for... 99c

Fine quality Bleached Damask Tablecloths, 68 inches wide, worth $1, for 65c. Only one cloth will be sold to each customer... 65c

Haberdashery Dept.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, regular 10c, for 5c

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, regular 20c, for. 14c

Ladies' Black and Fancy Parasols, regular price from 50c to $1 40, your choice any hour on Saturday 39c

Ladies' Black Parasols, fancy assorted handles, regular $1 to $1 25, on Saturday for 75c

Ladies' Black and Fancy Parasols, regular price from $1 25 to $3, your choice on Saturday for....$1 50

Dress Goods Dept.

There's no room to tell about the goods. In the lot there are Cheviots, all-wool Crepons, Silk and Wool Crepons, and all-wool Debieges. Most of them are worth 50c a yard. Any hour on Saturday for 15c

Bigger value still on this table. For 25c you'll have your choice of Silk and Wool Mixtures, all-wool French Dress Goods in Merveleaux, all-wool Canvas Cloth, Barathas, Ombreas, Check Tweeds, Soliels, Shot Lusters, Whip-Cords, and Fancy Dress Patterns. Some of them were 75c this season. Your choice any time on Saturday for 25c

Millinery Department.

You'll have your choice of all our stock of Flowers for trimming at almost nothing, by the spray. Any hour on Saturday for 10c

Any colored trimmed Summer Hat in the store for $1 50 Saturday. There's about three dozen—all in the latest shapes $1 50

Mantle Department.

This is the last Wrapper chance of the season, as there are only four dozen left, and they'll be sold before Saturday night at this price. You'll have your choice of all our $1, $1 25 and $1 45 Wrappers for 50c

The regular price of these Dress Skirts runs from $3 to $4 25, but $5 wouldn't be too much for any one of them. You can have them in black or tweed patterns. Your choice on Saturday for $1 50

Gents' Furnishings.

We've a lot of excellent Felt Hats, whose regular price runs from 75c to $2 50, that we'll sell on Saturday for 25c. They're old-fashioned shapes, but they're fine goods for all that 25c

Your choice of any of our $1 25, $1, 75c and 50c Straw Hats, on Saturday for 25c

Summer Underwear—Scotch Natural Wool, all sizes, regular 75c each; any hour on Saturday for.37½c

Regular $1 Regatta Shirts, soft, for summer wear, silk and wool stripes, fancy-striped sateens and Ceylon flannels. During the sale for 49c

Men's and Boys' Clothing

On Friday you'll have your choice of all our Boys' Linen and Duck Blouses for 15c. They were 65c. Any time on Saturday for 15c

Any Boys' Duck Wash Suit in the store will be yours on Saturday for 20c. They were 75c.....

Any Boys' Scarlet or Cream Wash Serge in the house will be yours during this record-breaking sale for 50c. They were $2..... 50c

There's one table of Men's Tweed Suits that are the biggest suit value we ever offered. All shades and sizes are here. Their regular price runs from $5 to $8. On Saturday for $2 49

Men's Fawn All-Wool Venetian Fall Overcoats, the $9 kind, on Saturday for $3 95

Your Money Back If You Want It.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126-128 Dundas St., London

Commercial.

Local Market.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.

London, Saturday, Sept. 4.

Wheat, white fall, per bu.....84c to 84c
Wheat, red fall, per bu .....80c to 84c
Wheat, spring, per bu .....80c to 84c
Oats, per bu .....23c to 24c
Peas, per bu .....39c to 42c
Corn, per bu .....32½c to 34c
Barley, per bu .....29c to 31c
Rye, per bu .....39½c to 40c
Beans, per bu .....35c to 45c

There was a large attendance on the market today. General receipts were good.

Wheat—Receipts were quite large, and values a little higher, sales being made at $1 40 per 100 lbs.

Oats—Sales were made at 75c for old and 65c to 70c for new.

Very little of any other kind of grain came in, and there was no difference in price.

Eggs came in more freely, and sold steady, at 11c wholesale and 12c to 13c retail.

Ducks and chickens were plentiful and firm in price.

Beef—Sales ranged from 3½c to 5½c by the quarter and 4c alive.

Lambs sold at 7c by the carcass and 8c to 9c by the quarter.

Hides and skins were steady; the demand was good. Sales of hides ranged from 5c to 7c; lamb skins and pelts sold at 55c.

No wool of any account offered.

Apples were freely offered at 20c to 30c by the peck, and $1 20 to $1 50 per bag.

A good many home-grown plums came in; the price paid ranged from 25c to 50c a peck, according to size and quality.

Peas were plentiful, and sold at $1 to $1 25 a bushel.

No local-grown peaches or grapes offered.

Elderberries sold at 4c.

Tomatoes were steady, at 50c to 60c per bushel; demand good and supply large.

Potatoes were not so freely offered, but the price did not change.

Cauliflowers are arriving in quite plentifully, and the quality is much improved. They sell at 75c to $1, by the dozen.

Cabbage, celery, and squash were among the other leading lines offered.

Hay was steady, at $5 50 to $7 for poor to ordinary, and $7 50 for choice.

No milk cows offered.

Live chickens and hens sold at 25c to 40c per pair.

Young pigs brought $4 to $6 per pair—mostly at $5 and $5 50. There were not so many offered as usual.

Quotations:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lbs	1 33	to	1 35
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 35	to	1 40
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 35	to	1 40
Wheat, new	1 40	to	1 40
Oats, per 100 lbs	65	to	75
Peas, per 100 lbs	65	to	73
Corn, per 100 lbs	65	to	65
Barley, per 100 lbs	60	to	63
Rye, per 100 lbs	70	to	70
Beans, per bu	35	to	45
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	60	to	60
PROVISIONS.			
Honey, comb	10	to	12½
Honey, extracted	7	to	10
Cheese, per lb	8½	to	8
Eggs, single dozen	12	to	13
Eggs, fresh, basket, per doz	11	to	11
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	10	to	11
Butter, per lb, retail	18	to	20
Butter, per 1 lb. rolls, baskets	17	to	17
Butter, per lb., large rolls or crocks	14	to	16½
Butter, per lb., tubs or firkins	10	to	12
Lard, per lb	5	to	7
Chickens, per pair	35	to	60
Ducks, per pair	60	to	80
Turkeys, each	75	to	90
MEAT, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, quarters, per lb	3½	to	5½
Mutton, quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Veal, quarters per lb	5	to	6
Lamb, quarter	8	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs	6 50	to	7 25
Hides, No. 1 per lb	7	to	7
Hides, No. 2, pe. lb	6	to	7
Hides, No. 3, per lb	5	to	5
Calfskins, green	6½	to	6½
Calfskins, dry, each	4	to	6
Sheepskins, each	60	to	90
Lambskins, each	55	to	55
Pelts	55	to	55
Wool, per lb	19	to	19
Wool, unwashed, per lb	10	to	11
Tallow, rendered, per lb	2½	to	3
Tallow, rough, per lb	1½	to	2
HAY AND SEED.			
Hay, per ton	6 00	to	7 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	2 50
Timothy seed, per bushel	1 25	to	1 60
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.			
Pears, bush	1 00	to	1 25
Peaches, per bushel	1 00	to	1 75
Plums	90	to	1 00
Apples, per bag	1 20	to	1 50
Grapes, per pound	5	to	5
Melons, water, per dozen	2 40	to	2 50
Melons, musk, per dozen	50	to	1 50
Celery, per doz. bunches	25	to	30
Cauliflowers, per doz	75	to	1 00
Peas, per quart	5	to	8
Beets, per doz. bunches	20	to	30
Beans, quart	4	to	5
Carrots, per doz. bunches	20	to	30
Potatoes, per bag	50	to	55
Tomatoes, per bushel	50	to	60
Turnips, per pound	4	to	8
Cucumbers, dozen	5	to	10
Cucumbers, per hundred	15	to	25
Cabbage, per doz	30	to	40
Corn, dozen	6	to	8
Lettuce, per doz	10	to	15
Onions, per doz. bunches	20	to	20
Onions, per bushel	65	to	1 00
Radishes, per doz. bunches	12½	to	15
LIVE STOCK.			
Young pigs, per pair	4 00	to	6 00
Cows each	20 00	to	33 00
Fat beef, per pound	4	to	4
Hogs per 100 lbs	5 25	to	5 50
Sows, per 100 lbs	3 50	to	3 50
Chickens, per pair	25	to	40
Hens, per pair	40	to	45
Ducks, per pair	60	to	80

A. M. HAMILTON & SON.

—DEALERS IN—

FLOUR, BREAKFAST CEREALS, SEEDS, FEED AND SALT.

373 Talbot St., Opposite Market, London, Ont.

The Oil Market.

PETROLEA

Petrolea, Sept. 4.—Oil opened and closed at $140.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 3.—Petroleum—Pennsylvania crude, no market; nominally 85c.

English Markets.

Liverpool, Sept. 4.—12:30 p.m.

Wheat—Spot quiet but steady; demand poor; holders offer moderately; No. 1 Cal. 8s 4d to 8s 5d; No. 1 red northern spring, 8s 4d to 8s 5d; No. 2 red western, winter, 7s 10d to 7s 10½d.

Corn—Spot firm; demand moderate; American mixed, new, spot, 3s 4½d; old, 3s 5d.

Peas—Canadian, 4s 9½d.

Beef—Extra India mess, 62s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, western, fine, 59s.

Bacon—Long clear heavy, 40 to 45 lbs., 30s 6d; short clear heavy, 45 to 50 lbs., 29s 6d; long, clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, 31s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, 28s.

Butter—Finest United States, 90s; good, 60s.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, 46s.

Tallow—Fine, American, city, 18s.

Turpentine—Spirits, 21s 6d.

Rosin, common—4s 4½d.

Petroleum—Refined, 6½d.

Linseed oil—17s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4—Closing.

Wheat—Spot No. 2 red western winter, steady, 7s 10d; No. 1 red northern spring, steady, 8s 4d; spot, American mixed new, steady, 8s 3½d.

Corn—Spot American mixed new, firm, 3s 4½d; do, old, firm, 3s 5d; Sept., steady, 3s 4½d; Oct., steady, 3s 4½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, steady, 10s.

Beef—Firm, extra India mess, 62s 6d; prime mess, firm, 52s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, firm, 50s; do, medium western firm, 46s 3d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 15 lbs., dull, 38s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, firm, 33s 6d; short ribs 20 to 24 lbs, firm, 32s; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs, firm, 31s 6d; long clear middles, heavy 40 to 45 lbs, firm, 30s 6d; short clear middles, heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, 29s 6d; clear bellies, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 37s.

Shoulders—Square 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 30s.

Rosin—Common, steady, 4s 4½d.

Lard—Spot dull, 25s.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, steady, 45s.

Tallow—Prime city, firm 18s.

Cottonseed oil—Liverpool refined, steady, 16s 6d.

Turpentine spirits—Firm: 21s 6d.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), steady, 55s to 65s.

London, Sept. 4.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat, very inactive; corn, nothing doing.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat, buyers indifferent operators; corn, quiet but steady.

American Produce Market.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 3.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 Sept., 95¾c; Dec., 92¼c; May, 99¼c.

Corn—No. 2 Sept., 23½c; Dec., 23½c; May, 25½c.

Oats—No. 2 Sept., 19c; Dec., 20½c to 20¾c; May, 23c to 23½c.

Mess pork—Sept., $8 92½; Oct., $8 92½; Dec., $8 97½.

Lard—Sept., $4 77½; Oct., $4 80; Dec., $4 87½.

Short ribs—Sept., $5 67½; Oct., $5 67½.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, barely steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 93¾c to 95c; No. 3 spring wheat, 89c to 92c; No. 2 red, 93¾c to 95½c; No. 2 corn, 30¾c; No. 2 yellow, 30½c; No. 2 oats, 19½c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 22c to 23½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 20½c to 22½c; No. 2 rye, 39c; No. 2 barley, 45c; No. 3, f. o. b., 31c to 44½c; No. 4, f. o. b., 31c to 37c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 01½ to $1 04; prime timothy seed, $2 80; mess pork, $8 85 to 9?; lard, $4 77½ to $4 80; short ribs sides, $5 50 to $5 80; dry salted shoulders, 5½c to 5¾c; short clear sides, 6c to 6¼c; sugar, unchanged; eggs, steady, fresh, 13c.

Receipts—			
Flour	6,000	Wheat	165,000
Corn	1,351,000	Oats	410,000
Rye	16,000	Barley	14,000
Shipments—			
Flour	4,000	Wheat	3,000
Corn	1,350,000	Oats	636,000
Rye	900	Barley	5,000

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Opening.—Wheat, Dec. 94c; May, 94½c. Corn, Dec., 22½c; May, 25½c; Oct., 21½c; Sept, 30½c. Oats, May, 23½c to 23¾c; Dec., 20¾c. Pork, Dec., $8 92½. Lard, Dec., $4 80; Oct., $4 82½. Ribs, Oct., $5 70.

Live Stock Markets.

GUELPH.

The monthly cattle fair at Guelph on Wednesday was practically a failure. Only 13 head of cattle were on the grounds, and of these, nine were offered by a local buyer. No sales were made. The prices asked were as follows: Stockers, 3¾c to 4c per lb; bulls, 2c to 2½c per lb; cows, $30 to $35 per head. It is stated by local butchers that never for years has it been so difficult to obtain butchers' cattle. One dealer of that city says that in 35 years' experience as has not found such a scarcity as is found this season.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,057 head; 14 cars on sale; active; general advance of 10c per 100 lbs; native steers, $4 40 to $5 30; exports today, 194 beeves, 95 sheep.

Calves—Receipts, 39 head; 139 head on sale; veals, ¼c lower; other calves steady; veals, $5 to $7 25; grassers and buttermilks, $3 50 to $4 25; westerns, $4 62½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2,822 head; 13 cars on sale; active; general advance of ¼c per lb; sheep, $2 to $4; lambs, $4 50 to $6 40; dressed mutton, 6c to 8c; dressed lambs, 7¼c to 10c.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,644 head; higher, at $4 60 to $4 90.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Bugalo, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 112 cars through, 6 on sale; market steady; Montana butchers' cows, $3 75; veals firm, at $6 75 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts, 9 cars through, 55 on sale; market lower; Yorkers, $4 65 to $4 67½; fancy selected light, $4 70 to $4 75; others, $4 50; roughs, $3 75 to $3 90.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2 cars through, 24 on sale; market 10c to 15c higher for best lambs; common steady; sheep dull; prime lambs, $5 80 to $5 90; a few fancy more; culls to good, $4 25 to $5 65; mixed sheep, $3 90 to $4 25; culls to fair, $2 50 to $3 75

TORONTO

Toronto, Sept. 3. — Business at the Toronto cattle market today was rather slow. Offerings were 39 loads; 180 loads received yesterday. The quality of offerings were not materially improved, and prices generally were unchanged. For export cattle there was very little doing. Cables are not as strong as shippers would wish, and consequently they are not anxious to buy stock at present prices. The range in prices is from 4c to 4½c per lb. The market for butchers' cattle was not quite as lively as the season warrants. Buyers are picking their lots, and are not willing to give more than 3¾c per lb. The general run of prices is from 3c to 3½c per lb. For export bulls there is a good demand, the best animals bringing 3½c per lb. Stock bulls are slow of sale. There is a little better inquiry for stockers, at prices ranging from 2¾c to 3¼c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—The market for sheep and lambs was steady. There were about 1,500 lambs on sale, and were quoted at from $2 75 to $3 25 per head, or 3¾c to 4¼c per lb. About 600 sheep brought 3c to 3¼c per lb.

Calves—Seventy calves sold at from $4 to $7 per head.

Hogs—There was the usual run of hogs, with select lots bringing 5¾c to 5¾c per lb.

The Dairy Market.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Butter steady; creameries, 12c to 17½c; dairies, 9c to 15c. Cheese steady, at 9c to 9½c.

SHELBURNE.

Shelburne, Ont., Sept. 3.—The cheese board met today; nine factories boarded 1,170 boxes; 9¼c offered; salesmen looking for 9½c; no sales made.

SOUTH FINCH.

South Finch, Ont., Sept. 3.—At the regular meeting of South Finch board, 1,660 were offered—1,500 white; balance colored; 9½c bid for both; two lots sold.

ALL THREE CURED.

Neil McKechnie, With His Wife and Mother-in-Law Cured of Constipation by Dodd's Kidney Pills — These Pills Better Than Ordinary Cathartics.

Toronto, Aug. 30.—Neil McKechnie, a popular barber of this city, has been a sufferer from chronic constipation for years. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills and not only obtained immediate relief, but a permanent cure. His wife and mother-in-law were similarly afflicted, and used these pills with the same good results. Ordinary cathartics give only temporarily relief and leave the patient worse than before using them. While Dodd's Kidney Pills are not cathartics, their peculiar action on the liver and kidneys is such that the causes of constipation are permanently removed.

The first carload of Ontario fruit from Winona reached Winnipeg in prime condition.

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera, and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Lockhart Sent For

To Command an Expedition Against the Afridis.

Tribesmen Threaten an Attack on Jamrud.

The Sultan's Tactics—Wants to Open the Cretan Question.

Death of the Governor of the Bank of England.

Four Lives Lost Off the Scottish Coast—Warning to Would-be Gold-Seekers—The Wheat Supply

DAVID POWELL DEAD.

London, Sept. 4.—David Powell, ex-governor of the Bank of England, is dead. He was born in 1840.

SNOW IN SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Sept. 4.—A snow storm has swept over Scotland. The Grampian Hills are covered with snow.

SHOT THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

Barcelona, Sept. 4.—The chief of police and the assistant chief, who directed the investigation into the Barcelona bomb outrages, were shot at and wounded seriously last night by a supposed anarchist, who was subsequently arrested.

THE WHEAT SUPPLY.

London, Sept. 4.—The Daily Graphic publishes a table, comparing the available and prospective English wheat supply at the present time with that of September, 1896, showing a deficiency of nearly 2,000,000 quarters. It is inevitable, the Graphic says, that the rise in the price of bread will be maintained.

PONTOON COLLAPSED

Berlin, Sept. 4.—During the military maneuvers in the vicinity of Weimar a pontoon bridge constructed by the pioneers collapsed while the Ninety-fourth Thuringian Regiment of Infantry was passing over it. A number of the soldiers and some of the trumpeters were either drowned or were hit by the timbers of the bridge and killed.

SENSATIONAL STORY SPOILED.

Berlin, Sept. 4.—An official contradiction has been made of the report that Germany will demand an explanation from France of the dispatch sent by the French premier, M. Meline, in reply to the message of Lorraine Society, congratulating the government upon the Franco-Russian alliance, in which M. Meline expressed the hope that Lorraine would be reunited to France.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE TURKS.

Canea, Sept. 4.—In consequence of the firing of several volleys by Turkish irregulars at the Italian man-of-war Sardegna off Candia on the night of Aug. 31, the admirals of the foreign fleet propose to disarm the Turkish irregulars. If permission to carry out this measure is refused by Djevad Pasha, the commander of the Turkish forces in Crete, the admirals will demand his recall. It is also proposed to raise the blockade of the island, which is now considered useless.

MURDERER LIVING IN LUXURY.

Vienna, Sept. 4.—Private reports received here from Sofia state that Capt. Boltcheff, formerly A. D. C. to Prince Ferdinand, and who was convicted of the murder of his mistress, Anna Szimon, is living luxuriously in the house of the governor of the prison. According to the reports, Boltcheff is allowed to receive an unlimited number of visitors and is only kept in seclusion during the day time, being allowed to go out at night and spend his time as he pleases. His name, the report says, has not been erased from the army list.

LOST OFF THE SCOTTISH COAST.

London, Sept. 4.—News has been received here of the loss of four lives off the coast of Scotland. Four skiffs left Fair Isle, between the Orkney and Shetland Islands, on Thursday, to barter produce with passing vessels. The skiffs were overtaken by a gale, but two succeeded in returning safely. The other two were missing throughout the night, but one was found in the morning. In it were the bodies of four men, and its three other occupants were almost dead from exhaustion. The remaining boat has not been seen, and it is believed that its occupants, four in number, have all been drowned.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

London, Sept. 4.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says the Sultan is impatient to reopen the Cretan question, hoping thereby to checkmate European concert. The palace councils are cunningly preparing the campaign, though no official action has yet been taken.

Since Tuesday of the present week about 300 Turks have been arrested for supposed connection with the committee of the Young Turk party. Rifaat Bey, until recently councilor of the Turkish embassy in London, has been appointed Turkish minister at Washington in succession to Mustapha Tachsin Bey.

WARNING.

London, Sept. 4.—The Englishmen now returning from the Klondike are earnestly warning the public against an English rush there. "The Klondike," says one, "is a lottery. The blanks are now about one hundred to one prize." Yet this man himself has netted $30,000. He returns to the gold fields in the spring. The papers continue to warn investors not to touch the Klondike companies, but to extend their preference to Kootenay, where the returns are sure. The insurance companies are refusing to insure those going to Klondike at any price unless they are joining a well-equipped expedition. The papers, however, publish advertisements inviting men with £250 to join an expedition in November by a short and secret route to the northern gold regions.

CABLE NOTES.

The Financial News says that the investing public is not evincing a great deal of interest in the Klondike Gold Reef Exploration Company.

Principal Peterson, of McGill University, is still confined to his bed at Aberfeldy. Today's advices by wire say that he is improving steadily.

The Times' Montevideo correspondent says that the rebellion in Uruguay is growing and that the insurgents are advancing toward the center of the republic.

Only a few London newspapers publish the news agency's cabled report of an alleged conspiracy among the Liberals of Canada to oust Sir Wilfrid Laurier for Sir Richard Cartwright.

It was learned from Denver today that Sir Casimir Gzowski was much improved. He was able to leave his room today. On Monday next he leaves for London, and on the 23rd sails from Liverpool for home by the steamship Labrador.

Sir Charles Tupper had intended proceeding to Italy, but an urgent business summons from Canada compels him to sail on Sept. 9. He is said to be occupied chiefly with gold-mining companies.

FROM THE FAR NORTH

Return of the Exploring Party From Franz Josef Land—Map Revision Necessary.

London, Sept. 4.—The British steamer Windward, having on board the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, which has spent three winters near Cape Flora, Franz Josef Land, arrived here yesterday, with Mr. F. G. Jackson and his colleagues. All the members of the expedition are in good health. They report having explored Franz Josef Land thoroughly, with the exception of some odd corners. Mr. Jackson left there a quantity of supplies, in case the place is visited by Prof. Andree or other explorers. He has also established a depot at Bell Island. Mr. Jackson and Mr. Albert Armitage, nautical astronomer of the expedition, started on March 26 with a pony and dog sledges to explore the western part of Franz Josef Land. They encountered boisterous weather, and at the end of the first month a majority of the dogs and the pony succumbed. The party followed the coast line, sometimes on a sea of ice and sometimes along glaciated land 1,500 feet high, bordering on Cambridge Bay. The constant mists which prevailed made the journey very harassing. They shot a bear, the only one seen, and having procured meat and blubber, they returned to Elmwood in the middle of May, after meeting a party sent out to look for them, anxiety having been felt for their safety, as they were a fortnight overdue.

A second expedition, which went westward during the beginning of June, was less successful, as on the second day out the explorers lost a sledge through the thin sea ice, and had a hazardous return journey. The result of these explorations, it is claimed, completely revolutionizes the old ideas of Franz Josef Land, and proves that the much-discussed Gillies Land does not lie where Arctic geographers have been in the habit of placing it. Therefore it may be considered as non-existent.

The whole continental mass of land is replaced by a vast number of small islands, and the lofty mountains by long-ridged hummocks and ice packs, while north of these areas has been found an open sea, which is the most open north sea in the whole world. Most valuable magnetic, meteorological and geological observations were made, and very valuable botanical and zoological collections were brought to England.

The winter life of the explorers was uneventful. There were about two hours' twilight in the middle of the day from October to November, and from thence on it was total darkness until the end of February.

The cold sometimes reached 40 degrees below zero, and jumped up to 20 below freezing point. The members of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition failed to see King Oscar Land, and are convinced that there is no great land northwest of Franz Josef Land. The prospect of reaching the North Pole from Franz Josef Land is considered more than doubtful, as the returning explorers are satisfied that there is no land north of 82 degrees. They did not see anything of Prof. Andee.

IN INDIA.

Gen. Lockhart to Command an Important Punitive Expedition.

London, Sept. 4.—Confirmation has been given to the report that the government has sanctioned the sending of a large expedition against the Afridis. It is reported that Gen. Lockhart, commander-in-chief in the Punjab, will be recalled from England, where he has been on furlough, to command the expedition. Gen. Lockhart left Brindisi, Italy, yesterday on his way to India, where he will arrive in good time to command the expedition, which will be ready to move in about a fortnight hence. Gen. Lockhart's reputation, military ability and skill in border warfare, which is great, will, it is believed, tend to overawe the tribesmen who have taken part in the uprising.

Bombay, Sept. 4.—Little news has been received here regarding the situation on the frontier. The expedition to Tirah will invade the country of the Afridis by several different routes. The tribesmen in the vicinity of Jamrud are increasing in numbers and are threatening an attack.

YOUNG WOMAN A BURGLAR.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 4.—Miss Clara McClellan has been convicted of burglary of the residence of Manuel Diaz, at Elmhurst. The jury recommended her to the mercy of the court.

COSTLY FIRE.

New York, Sept. 3.—Fire totally destroyed the machine shop and car house at Thirty-sixth and Church avenue, Brooklyn, belonging to the Nassau electric railroad, this morning, and entailed a loss of $100,000.

MRS. CALDWELL'S SUIT.

Ingersoll, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Caldwell, the Hamilton singer, has a case against the town of Ingersoll for damages suffered in the breaking of her ankle in the town hall there. An application for her examination as to the extent of her injuries is pending at Osgoode Hall.

Minard's Liniment, Cures Dandruff.

Lord Aberdeen will meet the members of the Royal Society in Toronto on the 17th.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

Best in Many Years

Further Evidence of Improvement in Business

Throughout the Dominion—Testimony of the Commercial Agencies.

New York, Sept. 4.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of Canadian trade says:

There is further evidence of improvement in Canadian trade generally and the prospects are considered much brighter. The grocery business at Halifax is improving, with orders increasing and profits better, and trade in drygoods is up to the average, with a better demand for fancy goods. Hardware is quiet. The hay crops is good, and the general tendency towards improvement.

A hopeful feeling prevails at Montreal and in many lines values tend to strengthen. Collections are fair and discount rates 6 to 7 per cent.

The trade situation at Toronto is unchanged, though the exposition, which opened on Tuesday, brought in a large number of merchants, who are buying liberally.

Business continues steady and brisk at Winnipeg, and bank clearings are over 50 per cent larger than a year ago.

At Victoria general business continues good for the season, and in most lines larger than a year ago, and collections are satisfactory.

BRADSTREET'S STATEMENT.

Bradstreet's says: The distribution of general merchandise in the province of Ontario is larger than for many years, owing to the large crops and higher prices for farm products.

Business at Montreal is more active than last year, and the prospect for fall trade is good.

The Nova Scotia apple crop is short and St. John, N. B., lumber shipments continue checked.

Our Neighbors.

Mrs. Malcolm McFarlane, of Melbourne, is seriously ill with typhoid fever. "Nurse" McVicar, of Wardsville, is in attendance.

Threshing is the order of the day around Melbourne, and grain is turning out well.

The Church of England lawn social at Christena, was a decided success. Proceeds, $112.

Colin Taylor bought 100 acres, the estate of the late Ransom Fitchitt, Belmont. Price, $6,050.

Have You Any of These?

Palpitation, Fluttering of the Heart, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Swelling of the Ankles, Nightmare, Spells of Hunger and Exhaustion. These are most pronounced symptoms of Heart Disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart will give relief inside of 30 minutes, and will effect a speedy cure in most stubborn cases. It's vegetable, It's liquid, It's harmless, it's wonderful.

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

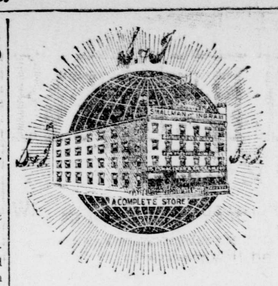
The loss by burning of Smedley's planing mill, at Fort Erie, Ont., on Friday morning is $7,000. Insurance $3,000.

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with Indigestion or Dyspepsia.

The funeral of Madame Ouimet, wife of Judge J. A. Ouimet, formerly minister of public works, took place Thursday in Montreal, and was largely attended by members of the bench and bar and citizens generally. The interment took place at Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

Dreadfully Nervous.

Gents,—I was dreadfully nervous, and for relief took your Karl's Clover Root Tea. It quieted my nerves and strengthened my whole Nervous System. I was troubled with Constipation, Kidney and Bowel trouble. Your Tea soon cleansed my system so thoroughly that I rapidly regained health and strength. Mrs. S. A. Sweet, Hartford, Conn. Sold by all druggists.



WEATHER PROBS: Fine.

After the Fair.

This announcement we trust will reach thousands of ladies and be read by them. We have many things they should know all about and we are after them with the information—or, as the heading says, we are after the Fair.

The Beautiful Too.

Already this season we have opened up most beautiful lines of Dress Goods, Jackets, Wraps, etc. Day by day our importations are coming to hand, and in a few days any need you may have we can fill, and fill it with credit to ourselves and pleasure to you. We strongly advise you to come and look over the many captivating and elegant dress materials already opened up. We append a few prices:

Colored Dress Goods.

We are selling large quantities of our 50c Boucle Serges because they are the best value we have ever offered, and because customers know a good thing when they see it. One line of Boucle Serges sold at 65c is almost gone, though here but a short time. But another has come forward that is equally good value—all the leading shades. We have a better line at 75c and a gem at $1.

Black Dress Goods.

From the stock to hand you can get almost any price you want. The selection never was better, and we are pleased to add prices never were lower on goods of this quality. Some lines are being taken quickly. So be among the early buyers.

SERGES—25c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c.
BOUCLE SERGES—75c and 85c.
JACQUARDS—45c, 63c, 75c, 85c, $1.
CREPONS—50c, 75c, 85c, $1 10, $1 25, $1 50.
WOOL MOIRE—$1.

We can please you if any stock in Canada can. Our name for giving good values still holds good. Your money back if you want it.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM.

149 and 151 Dundas Street.

JACK FROST.

Heard From in Quebec and New York State.

Georgetown, Que., Sept. 4.—There was a heavy frost here Thursday night. Considerable damage was done.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The thermometer dropped to a remarkable degree during last night. For the first time thus early in the autumn the frost line was reached in the Adirondack region.

WHEAT IN RUSSIA AND MANITOBA.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The United States consul at Odessa, Russia, has reported to the state department that the wheat crop this year in Russia is a poor one, the yield in many places being not more than four bushels to the acre.

Winnipeg, Sept. 4.—Several cars of new wheat have been purchased at provincial points at 80 cents, Brandon freight. The general price offered is between 75 and 80 cents. The farmers are not selling their wheat freely. The majority is being stored in the elevators.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

TWELVE BODIES RECOVERED

From the Old Sunshine mine Where an Explosion Occurred.

Glenwood Springs, Col., Sept. 4.—Twelve bodies have been recovered so far from the old Sunshine mine, where the explosion took place last night. The explosion is so great that it cannot be learned whether there are any more in the mine or not.

The explosion was caused by ignition of coal dust. Rescue parties are still exploring the mine, and great crowds surround the entrance.

SHOT HIM DEAD.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 4.—Chas. Bowman was shot dead by Henry Davidson at Tracadie Thursday night, jealousy being the supposed cause of the crime, which was committed just as Bowman was leaving the house in which the perpetrator boarded with a Mrs. Dolorey. Davidson was arrested.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging, mostly at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue, tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. All druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Cheap Sugar. See India Tea Company's ad, 6th page, on Monday. ywt

WESTERN FAIR.

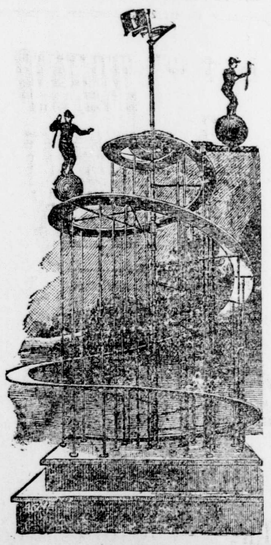
LONDON, SEPT. 9th to 18th, 1897.

Four Days More to Make Entries. The Closing Date for Entries Sept. 9—Don't Forget

Going To Beat Our Own Record, and There is None Better.

The Live Stock and Agricultural Fair of Canada.

The finest buildings and best half-mile track in the Dominion. Special trains on all lines, leaving London after 10 p.m., to accommodate visitors who stay for evening exhibitions.



FOUR EVENINGS:

Monday, 13th, to Thursday, 16th, Inclusive.

The Grandest Special Attraction Programme Ever Presented:

Sie Hassan Ben Ali's Aggregation, the Whirlwinds of the Desert, Flying Leapers, Gun Spinners, Pyramid Builders, Acrobatic Stars of the East.
Achille Phillion, Originator of the Spiral and Globe Act.
Rossow's Midgets, Pocket Editions of Men, Smallest Acrobats Alive.
Johnston and Williams, Most Finished Bar Actors in America.
Carlos Fernandez, the World's Star Trapese Artist.
Ray Burton, Equilibrist and Novelty Juggler.
Shields, Rube, the Trick Bicyclist of America.
Ozav, the French Clown Juggler, the most sensational Artist in this line.
Lowell and Lowell, Funniest Comedy Acrobats of the 19th Century.
Prof. Littlia, the Peerless Italian Fancy Wire Walker.
Three Deltorellis, Musical Comedy Artists, Matchless Comedians, and others.

The Grand Pyrotechnic Display of Jubilee Fire Works, Four Evenings Together With All the Attractions.

Decorate the city, merchants, and let us have the greatest fete of the year! Programme and Prize List.

LIEUT.-COL. F. B. LEYS, Pres. THOS. A. BROWNE, Sec.

F. H BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER
Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade. Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchange quotations received by wire. Long distance telephone.
15 and 16 Masonic Temple, London.

Real Estate and
Mining Stock Broker.
Money to Loan. Notes Collected.
JAS. MILNE, 88 Dundas St., LONDON. ywt

LOANS
Money to loan on real estate. Easy terms of repayment.
DEPOSITS
Money wanted on deposit. Interest paid half yearly.
DEBENTURES
Issued on favorable terms.
Canadian Savings and Loan Co.,
420 and 422 Richmond St.
zxt

Chenille Curtain Cleaning
You're interested when we say that the work we do on Chenille Curtains makes the past season's curtains as handsome as when first purchased. Sometimes we dye Chenille Curtains. Again, cleaning is all that is needed. We can tell you just what is best to do.
R. PARKER & CO'Y,
Dyers and Cleaners,
217 Dundas Street, Telephone 614.

Late Afternoon Markets.

New York Stock Market.

Reported by Frank Butler, broker, Masonic Temple.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Sept. 4. Close.
Atchison Ry.	15½	15¾	15¼	15¼
C. B. and Q.	98½	98¾	97⅞	98⅛
C. and N. W.	126½	126½	126	126¼
Chicago Gas	104½	104¾	104½	104¾
General Electric	38	38⅜	38	38⅛
L. and N.	63½	63⅝	63	63⅜
Manhattan	106½	106¾	105¾	105¾
Missouri Pacific	39	39½	38¾	39⅛
Pacific Mail	38	38	37⅞	37⅞
Rock Island	92¼	92⅝	92	92⅛
Reading	27⅛	27⅛	27	27⅛
St. Paul	98¾	98¾	98⅛	98⅛
Tenn. Coal and Iron	32⅛	33	32⅜	33
Wabash	23⅛	23⅛	23	23⅛
Western Union	93⅝	95⅞	93	95⅛
Distillery Trust	14⅜	14⅝	14¼	14⅜
Leather Trust	70⅜	70⅝	70¼	70⅜
Sugar Trust	154½	155⅜	154	155⅛
Tobacco Trust	95⅜	95½	94¼	94⅜

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, Sept. 4.

	Ask	Off.
Montreal	240	235
Ontario	99	91
Toronto	284	277½
Merchants	185	178
Commerce	139	136
Imperial	196	193
Dominion	263	251½
Standard	175	171½
Hamilton	172	170
British America	126	125½
Western Assurance	174	170
Confederation Life		
Consumers' Gas	216	211
Montreal Gas	194½	194½
Dominion Telegraph	135	131
Montreal Telegraph		
Northwest Land Company, pref.	57½	57½
Canada Pacific Railway Stock	73½	73½
Commercial Cable Company	184	183½
Com. Coupon Bonds	107½	106½
Commercial Registered Bonds	107½	100½
Postal Telegraph Company		
Bell Telephone Company	173	168
Montreal Street Railway	222	221
Montreal Street Railway, new		
Toronto Street Railway	83½	83½
Dominion Savings and Invest.	75½	..
Farmers' Loan and Savings	98	99
Farmers' L. and S., 20 per cent.		
Huron and Erie L. and S.		155
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent.		146
London and Canada, L. & A., x-d.	102	99
London Loan		101
London and Ontario	95	
Ontario Loan and Debenture		120

SALES—11 a.m. board, Imperial, 10 at 190, 50 at 192, 25, 2 at 193; Dominion, 20 at 251, 100, 100 25½; British America, 17 at 125¾; Western Ass., 100, 25 at 170; Consumers' Gas, 6, 19 at 211; Northwest Land, 10 at 57½; Toronto Railway 25 at 83. Noon, Dominion, 20 at 246; Standard, 50 at 171¾, 25 at 171½; British America, 17 at 125¾, 3 at 126; Western Assurance, 100 at 169¾, 25, 50 at 170; Com. Cable, 25, 25 at 183¾, 50 at 183½; Reg. Bonds, 5,000 at 108¾.

COMMERCIAL.

Toronto Produce Markets

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Wheat—Steady, and new is quoted at 82c to 83c west. Manitoba wheat is steady at $1 to $1 01 for No. 1 hard afloat Fort William, and $1 07 for No. 1 hard Goderich, and $1 05 for No. 2 hard.

Flour—Quiet, at $4 31 for cars of straight roller west.

Mill-feed—Unchanged, at $11 for shorts and $7 50 for bran west.

Rye—Firmer, at 43c east and 45c west, with little offering.

Corn—Firmer, at 29c for yellow west.

Oats—Steady, at 22c for new mixed and 23c asked for white west.

Peas—Firmer, owing to reports of crop damage in Ontario, and they sold middle freights yesterday at 47c, and 50c was asked for more.

Baled hay—Unchanged, at $7 to $9 for cars here.

Baled straw—Dull, at $5 to $5 25 here.

Eggs—Fresh-laid are in good demand and firm at 11½c to 12c.

Butter—There is a keen demand for choice dairy, which is not in liberal supply, and the market for the best is firm at 12c to 13c for pails and tubs.

Chicago Exchange.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler Broker, Masonic Temple. 'Phone 1,378.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec.	91	94¼	90¾	93⅛
May	91¾	94⅞	91¾	94⅛
Corn—Dec.	32⅞	33⅛	32¾	32⅞
May	35¾	35⅞	35¼	35⅝
Oats—Dec.	20¾	20⅞	20⅛	20⅜
May	23¾	23⅞	23¼	23½
Pork—Oct.	8 95	8 95	8 85	8 85
Dec.	9 02	9 02	8 92	8 92
Lard—Oct.	4 82	4 82	4 75	4 75
Dec.	4 85	4 87	4 82	4 82
Ribs—Oct.	5 70	5 70	5 62	5 65
Dec.	5 05	5 05	5 05	5 05

Puts, 91½; calls, 96½.

American Produce Markets.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 4.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 95c; No. 2 red, cash, 95c; Sept., 95c; Dec., 94c.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Sept. 4.—Wheat—Cash, 95½c; Sept., 95½c; Dec., 85c.

Corn—Cash, 3⅓c; Dec., 33c.

Oats—Cash, 19c.

MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Sept. 4.—Wheat, cash, 95½c; Dec., 92c.

DULUTH.

Duluth, Sept. 4.—Wheat, No. 1 northern Sept., 94½c; Dec., 91c.

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 4—Spring wheat—No. 1 northern, $1 10. Winter wheat, No. 2 red, 89c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 36½c; No. 3 yellow, 36c; No. 2 corn, 35½c; No. 3 corn, 35½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 24½c; No. 3 white, 23½c to 23½c; No. 4 white, 22½; No. 2 mixed, 21c on track.

Rye—Quiet; No. 2 offered at 54½c in store.

Flour—Quiet, steady.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 5.

Flour—Receipts, 18,477 bbls.; sales, 1,600 packages; state and western, inactive and steady. Rye Flour—Dull; fancy, $3 40 to $3 75.

Wheat—Receipts, 154,475 bu; sales, 600,000 bu; options opened stronger on big clearances and firm cables, but eased off under big primary selling; May, 83½c to 83¾c; Sept., 81 9-16c to 82c.

No. 2 western, 92½c c. i. f. Buffalo.

Corn—Receipts, 108,100 bu; sales, 55,000 bu; options opened firm on steady cables, but reacted with wheat; Dec., 37½c to 37¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 352,800 bu; options were dull; track white, state and western, 42c to 42c.

Butter—Receipts, 4,740 packages; firm; state dairy, 10c to 16½c; state creamery, 12c to 18c; western creamery, 12c to 18c; Elgins, 18c; factory, 8c to 12c; imitation creamery, 10c to 13c.

Cheese—Receipts, 1,697 packages; dull; large white, 9½c; small white, 9½c to 9⅝c; large colored 9½c; small colored, 9½c to 9⅝c; part skims, 6½c to 7c; full skims, 3½c to 4c.

Eggs—Receipts, 3,811 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania, 17c to 18c; western, 16c.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3½c to 3 5-16c; centrifugal 1896 test, 3 13-16c; refined, firm; crushed, 5½c; powdered, 5¼c; granulated, 5c.

Petroleum—Quiet; refined, all ports, $5 70 to $5 75.

Coffee—Dull; No. 7, 6¾c.

Hops—Quiet; state common to choice, 1895 crop, 3c to 4c, 1896 crop, 6c to 8c; Pacific coast, 1895 crop, 3c to 4c; 1896 crop, 6c to 9c.

Lead—Strong; bullion price, $3 85; exchange price, $4 25 to $4 30.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Close: Wheat—Sept., 94½c; Dec., new 93½c; do, old, 92c, nominal; May, 94⅛c.

Corn—Sept., 30¾c; Oct., 31½c; Dec., 32½c to 32⅝c bid; May, 35⅜c.

Oats—Sept., 20⅝c; Oct., 21½c; Dec., 21½c bid; May, 25¾c.

Pork—Sept., $8 82½, nominal; Dec., $8 85 to $8 92½.

Lard—Sept., $4 72½; Oct., $4 75; Dec., $4 82½.

Ribs—Sept., $5 65, nominal; Oct., $5 65; Dec., $5 05; Jan., $5 05.

Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 15,000; left over, 5,000; market slow, at yesterday's decline; light, $4 20 to $4 50; mixed, $3 95 to $4 40; heavy, $3 80 to $4 30; rough, $3 80 to $3 90.

Cattle—Receipts, 600; market unchanged.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; prospects are steady.

STRONG'S
BAKING POWDER
Defies All Honest Competition.
25c Per Pound
—AT—
STRONG'S
DRUG STORE
184 DUNDAS STREET.
FREE to every housekeeper on application, a valuable recipe book on the art of cooking. ywt

Deadly Tuberculosis

Makes Its Appearance at a Kansas College Farm.

Men Who Handled the Cattle Seriously Affected by the Disease.

regents of the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, perceived that the cattle, sheep and hogs kept on the college farm are infected with tuberculosis. The men who have been employed in the stables are also seriously ill, and the man who had direct charge of the cattle is not expected to live, having been suffering with the disease for several months.

Mrs. C. Georgeson, wife of one of the professors, has also been ill for several weeks, and it is reported that she became infected by using milk from the diseased cows.

Paul Wilcox, an assistant, is also suffering with tuberculosis, and his life is despaired of. He contracted the disease while handling the cattle.

The existence of the disease was discovered by Prof. A. B. Cottrell, the newly-elected professor of agriculture. The whole state is excited over the discovery.

TOADSTOOLS KILL.

Gathered Them for Mushrooms, Ate Them and Died.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Arthur T. J. Robinson, of 45 Western avenue, Toronto Junction, gathered mushrooms and also some toadstools in Indian road and High Park a few mornings ago. He thought the toadstools were mushrooms, and was taken ill. Dr. Clendennan was called. Wednesday night Robinson became worse and sank into deep unconsciousness, from which it was impossible to arouse him.

At an early hour yesterday morning Dr. Tyrrell, of Dovercourt road, was hurriedly called in consultation, and as Robinson was dying, it was decided to bleed the patient as a last resort. The bleeding was not productive of beneficial results, and the patient died unconscious at 10:15.

He was a coppersmith at the Canadian Pacific shops and leaves a wife and child.

Steamship Arrivals.

Sept. 3.	At	From
Baltimore	Father Point	Liverpool
Ormidale	Montreal	London
Barne-more	Montreal	Liverpool
Ulunda	Liverpool	Halifax
Karlsruipe	New York	Bremen
Normandia	Hamburg	New York
Fulda	Genoa	New York
Bellona	Leith	Montreal
Rounslow	London	North Sydney, B.C.
Delphia	London	New York
Ucalia	Liverpool	St. John
Switzerland	Antwerp	Philadelphia
Verax	Manchester	Parnisboro
Sept. 4	**At**	**From**
La Touraine	New York	Havre
Etruria	New York	Liverpool
State of California	Heath Point	Liverpool
Winnipeg	Malin Head	Montreal

Cure that Cough with Shiloh's Cure. The best Cough Cure. Relieves Croup promptly. One million bottles sold last year. 40 doses for 25c. Sold by all druggists

Topics of Today.

The treasury department of the United States Government has issued telegraphic instructions to the collector of customs at Detroit directing him to admit free of duty bicycles intended for temporary use in the United States. The collector has been keeping out of Detroit many wheels owned by people engaged in business in that city, but living just across the river. The order is to relieve residents from this inconvenience. It is understood that a circular of instructions in the same line will soon be issued to all collectors along the border.

• • • •

Mr. John Richardson, M.... ...as nominated Liberal candidate in East York yesterday.

• • • •

So pushed are the Canadian car works with orders that the C. P. R. has had to place an order for 400 box cars with a Detroit company. By and bye Canada should be able to export cars, as well as to fill all Dominion requirements.

• • • •

Mr. Whitney, Opposition leader, spoke in Barrie and Stayner yesterday.

• • • •

Wheat has been selling at Boissevain, Manitoba, at 81 cents a bushel.

• • • •

The originators of section 22 of U. S. tariff law did not intend it to affect the bonding privilege under which foreign merchandise can be shipped and forwarded through Canada, according to the Lewiston Evening Journal, Mr. Nelson Dingley's paper. It says that as finally construed, the contention to the contrary must fall to the ground.

• • • •

Seth Low has accepted the nomination of the Citizens' Union for the mayoralty of Greater New York, and has greatly incensed the Republicans. Mayor Strong is being urged to accept the Republican nomination.

LATEST FORECAST.

Fine Weather for Probably Three Days

Toronto, Sept. 4—11 a.m.—Probabilities for lower lakes region: Moderate to fresh southeasterly and southerly winds, with fine weather today and tomorrow; Monday also probably fine, with fresh southwesterly and westerly winds.

Around the City

—Malcolm McGuigan, M.P., is in the city today.

—The Waverley Club will picnic at Springbank on Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wheeler and children went on a brief visit to Leamington today.

—Albert E. Wardell, son of J. McQueen Wardell, city, is visiting his grandfather, E. Wardell, Middlemarch.

—Mrs. Rodden and Misses Mabel and Marjorie Rodden, of Clarence street, city, are visiting friends in Hamilton.

—Mr. A. E. Finnemore, accountant Bank of Montreal, Peterboro, is spending a few days here with Mr. John Dillon.

—Ald. Cooper, despite the police court summons against him, sold fruit on the market again today before 11 o'clock.

—The cars wrecked in the collision on the G. T. R. at Strathroy Thursday were brought to the car shops here yesterday.

—Mrs. Harvey, soloist of St. James' Church, South London, will sing at Wellington Street Methodist Church tomorrow evening.

—A brown cape awaits an owner at the police station. It was picked up by a policeman on Wellington street, Thursday, evidently having been lost out of a rig.

—Inspector McGuigan brought in an order to County Treasurer McEvoy this morning for the payment of accounts for the House of Refuge, Strathroy, amounting to $1,113 06.

—Drs. Ferguson, Gardiner, McCallum, Piper, Hobbs, Moorhouse and Bucke returned home today from the meeting of the British Medical Association at Montreal. They report a magnificent meeting.

—Mr. R. A. Pyne, of Winnipeg, and Mr. J. Hinton, of Broadview, have been here for a few days on their way home from the A. O. F. meeting, and are simply delighted with London upon this their first visit.

—P. C. Weir today received word of the death of his brother, Dr. David Weir, of Grand Marais, Michigan. The body will be brought for burial to London, where Dr. Weir formerly lived. He left here about 18 years ago.

—A meeting of the school inspectors of the county was held this morning at Inspector Dearness' office to discuss plans for the present school term. There were present Inspectors Carson, Johnson and Dearness, and Mr. Jones.

—There were exhibited at The Advertiser office this morning a few strawberry plants bearing delicious ripe fruit. This makes the second crop for the plants this season, and plenty more can be seen at the garden of Martin Roberts, Hackett street, from which they were dug.

—Those going on the excursion to Detroit on Sunday evening or Monday morning will have the opportunity of getting their tickets tonight at the "Clock" corner, which will be open for the sale of all reduced rate and other tickets. Fare to Detroit and return, $1 50; children over 5 and under 12 years of age, half fare. Tickets good on Sunday afternoon and Monday morning trains.

—The Advertiser had a call today from Mr. W. A. Garner, now of Flint, Michigan, but who was a native of Nissouri West, and 31 years ago very familiar with London. He notes immense improvements in the city, and he pronounces London an unusually attractive place. This year has been a good one throughout Michigan, a state full of Canadians and their descendants.

A TERROR.

James Ward, sore and sober, was the sole occupant of the cage at the police court this morning. While drunk last night Ward entered a couple of houses on Bathurst street, upset the furniture, smashed the flower pots, threw one of the residents through a window, and acted altogether like a madman. The terrorized residents sent for the police, and when P. C. Eggleton and Woolway arrived they found Ward in a back yard near the notorious Mrs. Knox's house. Five men were holding down the infuriated man, and while he was being put under arrest he fought viciously. Even after he was handcuffed he kicked P. C. Woolway in the mouth and struck both officers. In court Ward presented a battered appearance that bore testimony of his big fight. To the magistrate he said he was a laborer living on York street, and that he was 23 years of age. He was fined $2 or 20 days for being drunk, and $5 or one month for assaulting the policemen.

NOTED OLD COUNTRY DIVINES HERE.

Rev. Frank S. Webster, vicar of St. Thomas' Church (Anglican), Birmingham, England, arrived in the city last evening, and Rev. John Sloan, of the Presbyterian Church, Glasgow, and Rev. Charles Inwood, of the Methodist Church, Belfast, Ireland, arrived at 11 o'clock this morning. The three are among the most noted of the Keswick movement in England and London is the point from which they begin their Canadian tour, the object of which is the quickening of spiritual life. Each will preach twice at city churches tomorrow, as follows:

Rev. Charles Inwood—Morning, at Askin Street Methodist Church; evening at First Methodist Church.

Rev. John Sloan—Morning, at First Presbyterian Church; evening, St. Andrew's Church.

Rev. Frank E. Webster—Morning, St. Paul's Cathedral; evening, Memorial Church.

All three will speak at the Auditorium tomorrow afternoon at 4:15.

Squeezed for Room.

School Children in the Third Ward Without Accommodation.

Temporary Quarters Must Be Secured—Children's Aid Society Secure Homes for Little Ones—City Hall Notes.

The school trustees find they must secure temporary accommodation at once for several scores of third ward pupils, who have been crowded out of the other schools. Last term the board rented the old Waterloo schoolhouse (now Chalmers Church), and this relieved the pressure, but the church was not available this year, hence the squeeze. In one room in the Aberdeen school there are 87 pupils; in a room at the Park street school there are 90. Forty-two is considered a big class, and 50 is as large as the regulations permit. Simcoe street school is likewise crowded. The board will attempt to secure Christ Church Sunday school for the time being for those pupils who are now compelled to stay home for want of accommodation. The new school in that locality will be built as soon as the dispute over the site is settled.

CITY HALL NOTES.

A meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held yesterday afternoon, when a number of applications were received for children for whom the society desire foster homes. Eleven of the applications were approved, and the applicants will be provided with children. Two were thrown out and two laid over.

A special meeting of the city council will be held this afternoon at 3:30 to consider the Wellington street roadway.

Mr. John Mills has taken out a permit to erect a brick addition to his factory building on King street, to cost $650.

A diphtheria card has been placed at 704 King street.

Only one tobacconist has taken out the $50 cigarette license. The dealers consider it an injustice that they should have to pay the full $50 for a license good only until Dec. 31 next.

A FINE MARKET.

Grand Array of Fruit and Vegetables On the Square—Good Attendance.

Today's market was an exceedingly good one, and the array of fruit and vegetables was magnificent. The market square presented a lively scene all morning, being thronged with sellers and buyers. There was not a large offering of grain, nor will there be until harvesting operations are finished; but fruit and vegetables were brought in by the ton. A good deal of poultry was also offered, and chickens by the score were spread out in a tempting line on the shady side of the market building, which was almost impassable for the crowd. Prices are given in the regular local market report on another page.

A glance at the square this morning plainly revealed London's proud position as a marketing center.

FINE WEATHER PROMISED

For the Holiday on Monday—The Crowd Going to Springbank.

The probabilities say that fine weather is almost a certainty for the next three days. This is good news for the thousands who are looking forward to Labor Day. It is the last holiday they will be able to enjoy before the chill November days, when people prefer to hold their "outings" indoors.

As usual, the great popular local resort on Monday will be Springbank. The park was never lovelier than now, when the faintest tinge of autumn mellows the landscape, toning and subduing the perhaps too glaring colors of the summer. The London Street Railway Company promise the very best car service in their power, and since the double track was laid they have never failed their patrons. Natural beauties will not be the only attraction at the park, for the splendid Musical Society Band will give concerts, morning, afternoon and evening.

All aboard for Springbank!

A TORONTO TRAGEDY.

Wm. McKeever, of Listowel, Drops Dead on the Sidewalk.

Special to The Advertiser, per C. P. R. Line.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—There have been six sudden deaths in the city this week.

The latest is that of Wm. McKeever, who died of heart failure shortly after 8 o'clock this morning. The deceased was between 18 and 19 years old, and was attending school at Listowel, where his father has a farm. He came to the city with a neighbor named Jones, who has some cattle to exhibit at the exhibition. This morning McKeever had early breakfast, and after settling his hotel bill, walked out. He had scarcely reached the sidewalk when he fell dead.

Minard's Liniment for sale everybody

A Number of Accidents.

Township People Meet Mishaps Driving to the London Market.

Mrs. Smith's Arm Broken—Mr. Brown's Head Cut—A Magistrate Seriously Injured.

Three bad accidents occurred this morning to township people, who were driving to the London market.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, who live near Delaware, had reached the corner of the Wharncliffe road and Askin street, when their horse in some unexplained manner took fright and bolted. Mrs. Smith was thrown out, her arm was broken, and she was otherwise painfully hurt. Mr. Smith escaped with slight injuries.

Mr. Wm. Brown, of con. 1, Caradoc, son of Robert Brown, deputy reeve of Westminster, was driving to London this morning with his wife, two other ladies and his two children. About three miles this side of Delaware, on the Longwood road, the trace of the harness broke, and the horse turned into the ditch. Mr. Brown was thrown against the fence and badly cut about the head. The other occupants of the rig, though also thrown out, were not hurt.

A third victim was Magistrate Cornell, of Delaware. About 9 a.m., a passing rig caught the hind wheel of Mr. Cornell's vehicle on the Longwood road, and overturned it. The magistrate received serious injuries, the exact extent of which cannot be learned at present. His rig was filled with market produce, which was strewn on the roadway.

Late Sporting News

Toronto Falls Fourteen Points Behind Syracuse.

Springfield Crowding Buffalo for Third Place.

Local Golf Match—The Ball Teams for Monday's Games.

BASEBALL.

LONDON VS. DETROIT

The London and Detroit Athletic Club teams will line up as follows for the two games here on Monday:

Londons.		D. A. C.
Crowe	Pitcher	Martin
Johnson	"	Bacon
Reid	Catcher	Twomey
Williams	First base	Ducharme
Sippi	Second base	Dingwall
Keenan	Third base	Miller
Cockman	Shortstop	Hudson
Sechrist	Left field	Callahan
Walsh	Center field	Kelsey
Ward	Right field	Codd

The pitchers will be Crowe and Martin in the morning and Johnson and Bacon in the afternoon.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Syracuse	71	46	.612
Toronto	64	43	.598
Buffalo	67	49	.577
Springfield	61	46	.570
Providence	68	52	.527
Scranton	47	53	.470
Montreal	38	70	.351
Wilkesbarre	28	76	.269

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	77	34	.694
Baltimore	74	33	.692
New York	68	39	.636
Cincinnati	63	44	.589
Cleveland	55	52	.514
Chicago	50	61	.450
Philadelphia	49	62	.441
Pittsburg	47	69	.439
Louisville	49	63	.438
Brooklyn	48	62	.436
Washington	46	69	.431
St. Louis	27	83	.245

WHEEL.

THE LONDONS MAY REORGANIZE

An informal meeting of a number of London Bicycle Club members was held last night at the Tecumseh House, and the affairs of the club were discussed at length. There is still a great deal of enthusiasm left and many think it should be collected by the reorganization of the club. A committee composed of Messrs. Charles Bowman, H. C. McBride, Dr. Balfour, Fred Beltz, and Ed. Burke was appointed to interview local wheelmen and report on the prospects of reorganization.

GOLF.

A LOCAL MATCH.

A golfing match has been arranged between members of the London Golf Club, to take place on Monday. The sides chosen are: Messrs. Andras, Inglis, H. Cronyn, C. Cronyn, Hellmuth, Macintosh, Balfour, Harris, Gates (captain), and Messrs. Brown, Blackburn, Betts, Macdonald, W. Cronyn, Widder, Pope, Turnbull and Anderson (captain).

The monthly handicap golf competition has been in progress this week, and will be terminated tonight. Throughout the contest has been very interesting.

HORRIBLE CONFESSION.

Charges of Herman Nack Against His Wife Who Is Held for Murder.

New York, Sept. 4.—District Attorney Olcott gives out a statement by Herman Nack, the husband of Mrs. Augusta Nack, who, with Martin Thorn, is charged with the murder of William Guldensuppe. Nack states that his wife made a living through illegal operations, involving the murder of children. He said that she was a so-called midwife, but that she never had a diploma.

At one time, Nack states, there were six dead infants preserved in spirits in bottles in his room in their house. He also states that she murdered from two to three children every year for a period of from eight to ten years; that his wife was assisted by a number of physicians and by undertakers as well, in concealing the bodies of murdered babies.

Pile Terrors Swept Away.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment stands at the head as a reliever, healer, and sure cure for Piles in all forms. One application will give comfort in a few minutes, and three to six days' application according to directions will cure chronic cases. It relieves all itching and burning skin diseases in a day. 35 cents.

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

Notice! A few baby carriages and refrigerators will be sold cheap for cash. Parties wanting anything in this line will do well to see them at 95 and 97 King street. WM. TRAFFORD.

EXHIBITION SALE SPECIALS:

Royal Canadian Wringers	$2 50 each	Rogers' 1847 Plated Knives	$4 dozen
Lightning Wringers	$3 00 each	Addis Carving Tools	10c each
Standard Washers	$4 00 each	Seymour Shears, warranted, 7 in.	59c each
Monarch Washers	$3 00 each	Seymour Shears, warranted, 7½ in.	60c each
Grand Rapids Carpet Sweepers	$3 00 each	Seymour shears, warranted, 8 in.	60c each
Mrs. Potts Sad-Irons	75c set	Seymour Shears, warranted, 8½ in.	65c each
Horse Clippers	$1 25 each	Double Ratchet Screw Driver	$2 each

BUILDERS' HARDWARE AT BIG REDUCTIONS.

Cowan's Cash Hardware.
127 DUNDAS STREET.

Afternoon Cables.

British Comment on United States Naval Needs.

Turks Shoot a United States Citizen in Crete.

SIR CASIMIR GZOWSKI BETTER.

London, Sept. 4.—Sir Casimir Gzowski, A.D.C., who was reported dangerously ill, is much better.

PREDICAMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

London, Sept. 4.—Naval circles continue to make much of the docking of the United States battleship Indiana at Halifax, and it is remarked that the predicament of the United States must be taken into account in estimating her fighting power. The Morning Post says: "After all of America's talk, she has not yet built a navy of any serious sea-going strength, and it will be long before she builds docks. Our guests at Halifax are heartily welcome to all the assistance we can give them; but it does not need asking assistance to reduce the process of twisting the lion's tail."

CABLE NOTES.

A special dispatch from Canea, Island of Crete, says that an American named Cyrus Thorpe has been killed by Turks near Hierapetra.

The Cunard Line steamship Gallia, which sailed from Liverpool for New York on Thursday, had among her passengers Admiral Sir Knowel Salmon, V.C., of the British navy.

The Orr Murder.

Magistrate Turnbull Considers the Crown's Evidence is Weak.

But Commits Allison for Trial at Berlin, Nov. 29.

Special to The Advertiser, per C. P. R. Line.

Galt, Ont., Sept. 4.—The magisterial hearing in the Orr murder case was resumed at 10:30 this morning before Magistrate Turnbull. Two witnesses were examined by the crown, who simply gave evidence corroboratory of that taken at the coroner's inquest.

Prisoner's counsel claimed the crown had not produced sufficient evidence to commit the prisoner for trial.

His worship replied that had the charge been for a crime of lesser magnitude he would be inclined to discharge the prisoner, owing to the weakness of the crown evidence. As it was a serious case he had to find that there was sufficient evidence to hold prisoner for trial before competent judges. He accordingly committed Allison to stand his trial at the fall assizes, which begin at Berlin on Nov. 29.

FOR THE MASSES.

Springbank Will Be Popular on the Day Specially Set Aside for Working Men and Women.

Monday, Labor Day, will be the last holiday of the season. By this thought one is reminded that the summer is fast approaching a close, and the pleasures of picnicking at Springbank will soon be over for this year. However, the street railway company expect a grand climax on Monday, and it is probable that the crowds at the park on that day will be a record-breaker. At no time of the year is the excursion along the river, nor the outing at the park, more enjoyable. Added to these pleasures will be band concerts in the afternoon and evening by the Musical Society Band. This talented organization will present the choicest selections from their extensive repertoire. Another special attraction of great importance, but one for which no one can claim credit, will be the moonlight in the evening.

GUARDING M'KINLEY.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 4.—It turns out that extraordinary precautions yesterday were taken to take care of the president, on account of the mayor having received a note, unsigned, telling him to be on guard against a proposed assassination of Mr. McKinley because of the appointment of Mr. Powderly.

The will of the late Nicholas Awrey, registrar Wentworth county, was entered for probate Thursday. He leaves an estate valued at $11,000, which is divided equally among his three sons and one daughter.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Penny Wise
Pound foolish, is the man who buys a cheap grade of Coal, which burns faster and gives no heat. All the Coal in our yard is the best mined. Try it.
City Office—Next Advertiser.
Yard—Bathurst Street.
Bowman & Co.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. Chas. Inwood, of Belfast, Ireland, will preach in the morning, and Rev. L. Hobbs, the pastor, in the evening.

Giving Up Business
CLEARING SALE OF
New Fall and Winter Drygoods Millinery and Mantles
NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS
Store to let. Horse, Cart and Harness for Sale.
A. SHARP,
120 Dundas Street, London. b




Skelly Hydrant.
Absolutely seatless—no brass or leather seat to wear out—no vibration—no waste of water—can't get out of order—thoroughly guaranteed—can be repaired without digging up—will last a lifetime.
Manufactured by
R. SKELLY,
245 Dundas St.
Patented July 15, 1897.) t

DALY
Sells Good Koal. . . .
Prompt and careful delivery.
19 York St. 3 Masonic Temple Phone 348

A D CAMERON & SON.
COAL, WOOD, LIME, CEMENTS, SEWER PIPE.
Office—Hiscox Building.
Yard—Burwell St. at G. T. R.

H. & C. Colerick,
—AND—
A. T. Corp.
Painting, Paperhanging, Graining, Kalsomining, etc.
443 Richmond St.
ywt

Fashionable Suitings And Overcoatings.
Our stock comprises the latest fall effects in Imported Suitings and Overcoatings. You are guaranteed a perfect fit and best workmanship.
O. LABELLE, Merchant Tailor, 372 Richmond Street
Telephone 1,067. ywt

A BACK UP



of representation by facts is the thing demanded by the public. Come and see the prices at which we are selling wall paper, window shades, picture frames, etc., and be convinced that when we say you can save money by buying from us, we mean it.

E. N. HUNT

190 DUNDAS STREET.

FAITHFUL TILL THE END

Her manner has grown a little feverish now, and a hot, brilliant spot is forming on her cheeks.

"It is growing late, Cissy," says Nell, very gently. "You know you have some people coming to luncheon, and there are others coming in the afternoon to tea—and scandal." She smiles faintly at Philip. "I think we ought to be going home."

"Yes—yes, of course," agrees Cecilia, eagerly. "I am so stupid, I always forget things. I hope," hurriedly, and without looking at him, however, "you will come to luncheon, Philip."

"I am afraid not. The McGregors are having some people also. Perhaps later on I may look in."

"Yes—do," says Cecilia.

"We must not steal him altogether from the McGregors, Cissy," says Nell, as lightly as she can manage.

No one makes any reply to this poor little hint, but Cecilia presently holds out her hand to bid Stairs good-bye.

Nell, full of the knowledge that it is her duty to see the farewell said, for all that turns abruptly away. A great disgust of her own position is humiliating her to the ground. What miserable fate has thrust her into it? To feel that they wish her out of the way, that they believe she is acting the spy with regard to them, drives her half mad. And yet——

She has no more time for further fears. Cecilia has slipped her arm into hers. There had been a moment, when Nell had so impatiently moved on, in which Stairs and her hands had met, when they had looked into each other's eyes, and now Cecilia, because of that quick glance and pressure, is happy once again, forgetful of her terrors of a moment since, and ready to believe them vain. After all, of course, Nellie does not suspect that she still has a little (only a very little) love for poor, poor Phil! If she had, she would not have gone away, leaving them to bid each other good-bye. No, Nell thinks of nothing but that Philip is an old friend. And, indeed, what else is there to think of? And once she, Cecilia, has had an opportunity of fully explaining to him that nothing in their past was caused by her fault, he must go away.

She has arranged it all delightfully, and very indefinitely. He must go certainly—not now—not soon—not until he has paid his promised visit to them—but go, of course, he will.

What a glorious day—what a heavenly sky! She chatters gaily to Nell all the way home, passing from topic to topic—from the merriest laughter over Mrs. Cutforth-Boss' costume of last night to one of Mickey's latest sayings and all in the lightest vein. Talking a little fast, a little too persistently, perhaps, and always oblivious of the girl's few answers, and fewer smiles.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

Luncheon has been quite a success. Never had Cecilia been so brilliant, so enchanting. Nell glancing at her now and then wonders whether after all she had not been mistaken in the fact of Cecilia and Philip having been both down at the sea this morning was anything but a bare coincidence. Had she even been mistaken about last night? However it is, she feels a little comforted, had Cecilia anything very unhappy in her mind she could not possibly laugh and talk like that.

She is glad when they all rise from the table and saunter idly towards the drawing-room and the veranda beyond. As she, a little separated from the others, is crossing the hall, one of the servants gives her a long, slim, carefully tied-up parcel.

"Looks like a golf stick," thinks she, puzzled, and then:

"Who is it from, James?"

"Sir Stephen Wortley, ma'am."

"Oh," says Nell, carelessly, and straightway turns and goes to her room. To snip the string that binds this mysterious parcel takes but a minute, and now before her is one of the loveliest parasols she has ever seen. All white silk and white lace, and little flounces! She flings it from her on to the lounge that stands by the side of the fireplace in winter, but is now pushed sideways against the wall. An angry frown is puckering her brows.

"How hateful of him! How impertinent! As if she would accept anything from him, even though he had broken that other! And where did he get it? Not in Bigley-on-Sea, certainly. Oh!" she almost stamps her foot. "Why, he must have driven post-haste into Wharton, eight miles away, to get it for her! Now what venom that showed! Nothing but venom—nothing at all! He was determined to show her that he would not be for one second in fault where she was concerned! Well she can show him, too."

She picks up the poor innocent parasol again with the tips of her fingers as if loathing it, but once in her fingers it seems impossible not to see how it looks when open. Her right hand slips half unconsciously up the beautiful ivory handle, and in another second she is standing before a long mirror, with the dainty white silk treasure held over her head. It suits her admirably, she looks so entirely charming beneath it, that in spite of her anger she laughs at her own reflection in the glass.

Then she sighs.

"Vanity! Thy name is Woman!" says she scornfully. She closes the parasol reluctantly, and reties it in its packings. Then she sighs again, and this time more profoundly. She looks singularly like Cecilia at this moment.

Half an hour later Sir Stephen receives the parasol back again from the hands of a mounted groom from Galveston Park.

* * * * * * *

It is now just 4 o'clock, and many friends and acquaintances have come to talk over last night's triumphs. Everyone has been feeling a little flat, and the general invitation that Cecilia had given to everybody, as they left in the small hours of the morning—to come again to tea in the afternoon and discuss the affair—though received with doubt when given—had been hailed with rapture later on.

Amongst others Galveston had put up Trent and Manners for the dance, and now the former, looking even a little more in want of chin than usual, is holding forth to Nell upon the terrace, where an extra tea-table has been arranged, round which—or near it—Grant and his sister, with some others, are sitting.

Trent is maundering on; Nell, whose mind is preoccupied, is apparently lost in admiration of his theories. He has now come to the conclusion that she is the cleverest girl he has ever met. The fact of her listening to him has secured her this tribute. The real fact, however, is that she has almost forgotten his existence, and is listening all over again to certain angry words said some hours ago, and grinding her little teeth over them, too.

"In my opinion," Trent is saying, in his high, squeaky voice, "society is going to the bad." He manages to say this as though he has not heard it before. Perhaps he hadn't.

"A poor compliment to the little fraction of it you see here," says Nell, rousing partly from her dreams, and smiling.

"Society, in my opinion, is just as good and just as bad as it has been since the beginning of the world," says Mrs. Wilding, with a hitch of her lean shoulders. "There are always half this way, and half that! Ten foolish virgins, you know, but ten wise also! And as it appears, it seems safer to back the ten wise."

"To which do you belong?" asks Mrs. Chance, with her friendliest smile, and quite a little touch of humor meant to carry off the sting of her remark.

Mrs. Wilding sticks her glass in her eye.

"Hard to say," says she, "but I'd back myself against you, anyway."

This interlude has happily passed unheard. Bella retires smiling. Mrs. Wilding drops her glass, and all is smooth once more.

Mr. McNamara having successfully tucked away all the maccaroons, to which form of confection he is specially addicted, is now giving his attention to the seed cake.

"What do you think about the decadence of society, Mickey?" asks Nell, giving him a little unseen pinch. Everything is getting a little slow, some way, and Mickey, if dragged into it, might make a diversion.

"What's the good of thinking about it?" says McNamara, leaning back luxuriantly in his chair with the last bit of seed-cake between his fingers. "I've thought until I'm nearly blind." He glances pathetically at Nell. "Did you know I was going blind? Seen my new glasses?"

"No!" with concern. "Oh, Mickey, I am sorry!"

"You needn't be! I haven't seen 'em, either!" says Mr. McNamara. "They're coming—in the sweet bime-bye! We must be on the lookout for them. As for society, we all know what's the matter with that."

"No, we don't," say Mrs. Chance and Mrs. Wilding in a breath. "And," continues Mrs. Wilding, "I don't believe you know, either."

"You wish me to speak?" Mr. McNamara looks round with a deprecating smile. He draws himself up in a dignified fashion, and half puts away from him the bit of cake he is holding, then, thinking better of it, finishes it. After this he leans forward, very much forward, coughs consumptively, interlaces his fingers, and begins:

"But for women, there would be no society at all! This, my friends, I think you will all allow. But the struggle by women of the present day to equal or excel men in their own departments, especially those of physical prowess, though merely a revolt against the over-civilization of the nineteenth century, is a step on the backward road to that state of savagedom in which women performed all the manual labor and men spent their lives in various congenial forms of amusement. Glass of water, please!"

"Not one, if you were to die for it!" says Nell, indignantly.

"More cake, then," sadly.

"You've eaten it all!"

"It's a poor world!" says Mr. McNamara.

[To be Continued.]

KIDNEY SENSE.

Cure-alls Are Out of the Question in Kidney Disorders—A Liquid Solvent—A Specific Kidney Tonic Is the Only Safe Remedy.

How Many Discover When It Is Too Late that the kidneys have literally been ground out by the little solid particles which are contained in the blood of all sufferers from kidney disease, and which accumulate in these organs. Common sense says, and medical science has proven it, that a liquid solvent which will dissolve these solids and eradicate them from the system is the only sure cure for kidney disorder. South American Kidney Cure is a solvent. It has been tested in almost hopeless cases, and there is yet to be recorded against it a failure to cure when it has had a faithful trial. Pills will not do it as they are not solvents. Don't trifle.

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

The typical Scotch sexton is not dead yet; he only jokes with more "defeeculty." At a funeral that took place in the village of A—— the other day the son of the deceased handed the grave-digger some hard cash, saying—"I suppose that will do." The worthy looked at it, and then remarked rather drily—"I suppose I'll be daein' wi't, but if yer faither had buried you he wid hae gi'en me a guinea."

Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant laxative. Regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. Clears the complexion. Easy to make and pleasant to take. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

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Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co.,

169 DUNDAS STREET.

Very Valuable.

Geological Expert's Estimate of the Michipicoten Gold Field.

Another Large Party to Start for the Diggings on Monday.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 4.—Excitement here concerning the Michipicoten gold fields continues unabated, and another large party will leave on the next North Shore steamer Monday for the new El Dorado. A number expect to charter a yacht, and will depart at the earliest possible moment. Something like 200 people are now on the ground. Prof. Alex. McKenzie arrived down from the gold fields last evening, but was here only a short time. He immediately left for Montreal. Mr. McKenzie is the Canadian geological expert, who investigated the Mackey-Dickinson property for the Montreal capitalists who are interested. He says that the find is an extremely valuable one, and that during his many years' experience in mining throughout the Dominion he never encountered better gold prospects. He professes to believe that Rossland and other districts will not be in it with the new fields, and that the largest mining district in Canada will be developed there.

Prof. McKenzie asserts positively that the deposit is not an isolated one, and is convinced that a vast body of auriferous ore extends over a large territory there. He says that in character the gold is what is known as coarse, and is easily extracted from the quartz. While the first find is a very valuable one, Mr. McKenzie is of the opinion that the richest discoveries are yet to be made. He states that in going over between four and five hundred acres of the Mackey location paying quartz was found in at least forty different places. He says that western miners will go wild over a find of much less promise.

When Prof. McKenzie was first requested to go to Michipicoten he demurred, as he considered that the result would be a disappointment, in view of the fact that the fields back of the Canadian Soo had not turned out well. Then, too, he had been a member of the Canadian geological survey party which studied the formation through the new district several years ago, without making any remarkable discovery. He was astounded, he says, after shortly getting to work.

Applications have been filed for a number of claims, and the official surveyor and a large corps of assistants are on the ground. A mining camp of some pretensions has sprung up on the shore of Lake Wawa, where the first discovery was made. Many prominent business men of the two Soos are there.

A DETROIT MAN'S VIEW.

D.W. Anderson, Detroit, superintendent of construction of the Detroit Railway before the consolidation, is familiar with the Michipicoten region, having spent three seasons there as superintendent of construction for the contractor building the adjacent section of the Canadian Pacific Railroad. He says:

"Michipicoten, pronounced up there with the accent on the first and last syllables and with the 'ch' soft as in 'Michigan,' is a Hudson Bay Fur Company trading post, which for more than 40 years has been conducted by Peter Bell, the king in that region. About the post building are ordinarily grouped a few Indian huts. The post is five miles up the river from the Lake Superior shore, and steamers cannot get within that distance. There is absolutely no town, and no houses or settlement at the landing place.

"From the steamer to the post the trip must be made on foot over very rough country that prolongs the five miles to a day's journey, or else by batteaux up the shallow river.

"Lake Wawa, where the gold was found, is 95 miles from Lake Superior by the river. The country is wild and mountainous, and covered with a thick growth of pine and hemlock. It is the hunting ground of the Blackfeet and Iroquois Indians, who trade with Peter Bell, and except for the Indians there is no trace of men and their labor until Lake Wawa is reached. Across Lake Wawa and 29 miles beyond lies the Canadian Pacific Railroad. The station Lake Wawa on that road is merely a station house with two or three other buildings near by. The twenty miles between the station and Lake is more than doubled for the tourist by the mountainous character of the country.

"The best way to get to the gold field is by the Canadian Pacific. The 95-mile batteau trip by the river from Lake Superior is extremely difficult and protracted.

"A man going in there ought to take a big supply of provisions with him. Of course, supplies can be put in fast enough over the Canadian Pacific road, but mountain traveling in midwinter is not comfortable in that climate unless a man is used to it and knows how to protect himself. It is no Klondike, of course, but there is plenty of snow and ice up there in the winter, and the season is long. Nothing can be obtained from the Hudson Bay post—not a solitary thing. The nearest point to Lake Wawa, where other gold findings have been made, is 180 miles distant. Gold has been found at Black bay, Jackfish bay, Monroe harbor, Otter cove, Otter head, Peninsular harbor and McKay harbor. Michipicoten means 'heavenly rest.'"

BOYS KILL A CATAMOUNT

The Animal Had Attacked One of Them and Was Tearing Him to Pieces.

Caney, Kan., Sept. 4.—Tom Morris and Fred Allen, boys, left this city early in the morning in search of squirrels in the heavy timber skirting Bee Creek. Morris was armed with a 32-calibre revolver, while Allen carried a No. 16 shotgun. They reached Bee Creek at about 6 o'clock, and immediately separated, Morris going on the one side and Allen on the other. They had gone but a short distance when Allen came upon a large catamount stretched out at full length on the limb of a tree, and calling Morris to his assistance, Allen pulled up his gun (which was loaded with small-size squirrel shot) and blazed away at the sleeping animal.

The big cat, which was hurt just enough by the shot to be thoroughly enraged, sprang upon Allen, and after tearing nearly all the clothes from his body picked him up and shook him as a terrier would a rat. It was at this time that Morris, who had been attracted hither by Allen's screams, appeared on the scene. Dropping on his knee he took aim at the spot over the catamount's heart and fired. The animal loosened his hold upon Allen and fell back dead. Allen, although badly lacerated about the shoulders and arms, will probably recover.

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on this Continent. No Chemicals are used in their manufactures. Their Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure, delicious, nutritious, and costs less than one cent a cup. Their Premium No. 1 Chocolate is the best plain chocolate in the market for family use. Their German Sweet Chocolate is good to eat and good to drink. It is palatable, nutritious and healthful; a great favorite with children. Consumers should ask for and be sure that they get the genuine Walter Baker & Co.'s goods, made at Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A.

CANADIAN HOUSE, 6 Hospital St., Montreal.

ONTARIO'S GOLD FIELDS.

At Last They May Come to the Front in the Great English Market.

From London, England, Financial Bulletin.

Our oft-repeated prediction that there would be considerable activity in the gold mining districts of Ontario this autumn is being verified. We can justly claim to having been the first of financial journals to draw the attention of the investing public to this gold field, situated as it is in British territory, where, owing to a good climate, cheap labor, abundance of fuel and water, gold-bearing quartz can be treated at a cost of three and a half to four pennyweights a ton.

The Financial News has, during the last month, taken Ontario under its wing, and in a very able letter from its Winnipeg correspondent demonstrates that from Nov. 1, 1897, no less a sum than one million sterling will be produced from Ontario.

We have one fault to find with our contemporary, which is the statement that out of fourteen well known mines in this district only one has so far found a footing on the London market. There have been dealings for the last two years in the Regina and Dominion mines, and later the shares of the Mikado have been sold at £3 10s for the £1 share. At the same time we must acknowledge that little energy has been shown in bringing attention to Ontario, British Columbia and Klondike have been puffed ad nauseam by the Yankee and British press, and companies formed for obtaining money on a sort of "do as best we can" principle. Meanwhile, in Ontario, the Lake of the Woods and Seine River districts are slowly but surely being developed by American and provincial investors, and on the strict quiet by some of the South African millionaires, who deem it prudent to transfer some of their capital to a country where, under the British flag, they knowthat their rights will be maintained.

The principal companies working in Western Ontario are the Sultana, Regina, Gold Hill, Pine Portage, Triumph, Scramble, Norway, Dominion, Mascot, Foley, Ferguson, Lucky Coon, Olive, Harold, Sawbill, Yum Yum, Cornucopia, Gold Coin, Monarch, Gold Mountain, Monte Cristo and Ontario, Limited.

The Sultana, Regina and Mikado have been proved beyond possible doubt.

FALL FAIRS.

Where and When the Exhibitions Will Take Place.

Western, London	Sept. 9 to 18
Industrial, Toronto	Aug. 30-Sept. 11
North Grey, Owen Sound	Sept. 14-16
Central, Guelph	Sept. 15-16
Northern, Walkerton	Sept. 15-16
Mornington, Milverton	Sept. 16-17
Central, Ottawa	Sept. 17-25
East Lambton, Watford	Sept. 21-22
North Waterloo, Berlin	Sept. 21-22
Great Northwestern, Goderich	Sept. 21-24
Southern, Brantford	Sept. 21-24
Peninsular, Chatham	Sept. 21-24
North Oxford, Woodstock	Sept. 22-23
Hay Agricultural Society, Zurich	Sept. 22-23
West Middlesex, Strathroy	Sept. 22-24
Horticultural, Clifford	Sept. 23-24
North Perth, Stratford	Sept. 23-24
Aylmer	Sept. 25-25
Palmerston, Palmerston	Sept. 27-28
Oxford, Kemptville	Sept. 27-28
Ontario and Durham, Whitby	Sept. 27-28
Blenheim, Drumbo	Sept. 28-29
South Oxford, Tilsonburg	Sept. 28-29
Zone and Bothwell	Sept. 28-29
Lambton, Sarnia	Sept. 29-30
Cayuga	Sept. 28-30
Essex	Sept. 28-30
North Bruce, Port Elgin	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
West Elgin, Wallacetown	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Kinloss, Lucknow	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
East Nissouri	Oct. 1
London Township, Ilderton	Oct. 1
South Norwich, Otterville	Oct. 1-2
Brigden	Oct. 5
Comber	Oct. 5
Moss and Ekfrid	Oct. 5-6
Perth, South, St. Mary's	Oct. 5-6
Woolwich, Elmira	Oct. 5-6
North Brant, Paris	Oct. 5-6
N. and W. Oxford, Ingersoll	Oct. 5-6
Glencoe	Oct. 5-6
Westminster, Lambeth	Oct. 6
Alvinston, Alvinston	Oct. 6-7
Leamington	Oct. 6-8
Highgate	Oct. 7-8
Embro, Embro	Oct. 7
Petrolea, Petrolea	Oct. 8
West Nissouri, Thorndale	Oct. 8-9
Springfield	Oct. 8-9
Norwich, Norwich	Oct. 8-9
Howard	Oct. 11-13
Ridgetown	Oct. 11-13
Norfolk Union, Simcoe	Oct. 12-14
Delaware	Oct. 13
Rodney	Oct. 14-15

Sunlight Soap

WRAPPER COMPETITION,

JULY, 1897.

The following are the Winners in District No. 1, Western Ontario:

Winners of Stearns Bicycles:

Mr. Allan Snyder, 1,498 Queen street west, Toronto.

Mr. M. Hambly, 192 Dundas street, Toronto.

Winners of Gold Watches:

Mr. J. Milton Cork, 459 Dundas street, Toronto.

Sweet Bros., corner Elm and Elizabeth street, Toronto.

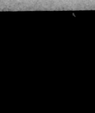
Mr. C. S. Philip, 39 McNab street, Hamilton.

Miss Georgia McKee, Bridgeburg.

Miss Annie Gander, 56 West Lodge avenue, Toronto.

The above competition will be continued each month of 1897.

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Hellmuth Ladies' College,

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Fall term will begin on Wednesday, Sept. 15. Graduation courses—Academic, Music, Art, Elocution—also elective courses. Fees, board, etc., and academic studies, $2 75 per year. Music, art, etc., extra.

A limited number of bursaries (value $25 to $100) will be awarded to students at entrance. For calendar address

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ALMA COLLEGE



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TERM COMMENCES OCTOBER 4th.

Application for admission should be addressed to the lady principal at St. Hilda's College, Shaw street, Toronto. 2bu ywt

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THE BIG BUILDING SALE

208, 210, 210½ and 212 Dundas Street.

Will only last a few days longer, but for a fitting climax to a most successful building sale, these few days offerings will be characterized by

Bargains of Unusual Interest

in every department of the Big Store, and we invite everybody to share in these bargains while the sale lasts, which will be till the noise of the builders ceases.

In less than a week we will throw open the finest and most extensive store in London, which will be a credit to the city, as well as a convenience to the public. Our large stocks in the different departments will be all new and thoroughly up to date in every respect, while our prices, as usual, will be found lower for the same class of goods than elsewhere.

THE BIG DEPARTMENTAL

Will be one of the sights of London during the exhibition, and we invite everybody to make themselves at home here, examine the different stocks, get acquainted with us and our mode of doing business, see our prices, etc.

To see through this big busy store when in full running order, with its immense stocks from the manufacturing centers of the world, its large staff of employes and the machinery-like motion with which it glides along, and the comfort in shopping in a big, bright, light store, where you can buy everything you want under one roof and at lowest prices, is not only an artistic treat, but an object lesson in economy.

The few remaining days of the building sale will be marked by many bargains at every counter in the store, upstairs and down. Hotel and boarding-house keepers should remember this sale offers rare inducements in Sheetings, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Bed Spreads, Curtains, etc. Just the goods wanted at very special prices.

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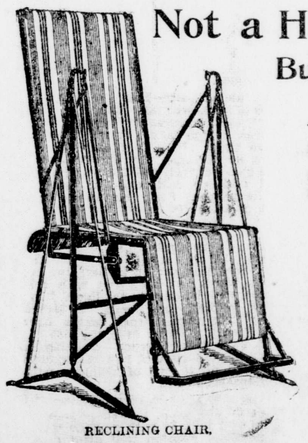
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If you want to buy your Coal at bottom prices just try the C. P. R. Coal and Wood Yard before placing your order.

Summer Wood, $3 per cord.
Best Beech and Maple, $4 50 per cord

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by you can be made more home like and attractive by placing new Wall Paper upon it. Don't cost much. Wall Paper can be had at any price. Some of the cheaper grades are of handsome design. See the thousands of patterns.

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NOTICE.

R. K. COWAN, Barrister, etc., has removed his office to the county buildings, Court House Square, corner Dundas and Ridout streets, where he will continue his law practice.

Change Your Diet

Try our confectionery for a change and be delighted. Our lunch parlor is always at your command for rest and refreshment.

KENT'S, 209 Dundas street. ywt

THE MODEL SCHOOL

Very Much Crowded—Largest Attendance in Its History—Some of the Pupils.

There is urgent need of increased accommodation at Simcoe street public school, and it is probable the school room of Christ Church will be secured to relieve the crowded condition during the model school term. Since the closing of the school on Waterloo street, it has been necessary to place two teachers in some rooms.

The model school class this year is the largest in the history of the school, there being 48 students in attendance on Thursday, the opening day of the term. About half this number are residents of the city, and of the others several come from outside of Middlesex county.

Inspector Dearness visited the school on the opening day and delivered a practical, helpful address to the students. He urged them to get to work as early and as earnestly as possible. They should start with the intention of climbing to the top of the ladder. Mr. Dearness, in complimentary terms, referred to the proficiency of the London model school as proved by its past record, and predicted another successful year.

An address was also given by Principal Graham, who spoke in general terms of our present system of education and its evolution in the province.

Following are the names of students who have already entered, and more are expected in a few days:

Mabel Jeffrey, London; Mary Benn, Lucan; Agnes J. Campbell, Iona Station; Della Benn, Lucan; Minnie E. Cripps, London; John Currie, Belmont; Mary J. McCully, Cedar Springs; Violet Dunn, London; Ida Drought, Ailsa Craig; Miriam Elston, Centralia; Florence Fisher, London; David Elston, Centralia; Ada M. Giljan, Wiarton; Minnie Porteous, London; Arthur George, Port Elgin; Annie Hodges, London; Ada Hunt, Delaware; Minnie Hobbins, London; Thomas Hodgson, Whalen; Russel K. Higman, London; Etta F. Hunt, White Oak; Waverly Kerr, London; Isabella Milne, Glanworth; Sarah S. McMillan, London; Katie B. McLachlin, Glanworth; Jessie F. McColl, Glanworth; Katie McGregor, London; Eva McMahon, London; Fred W. Langford, Granton; Ambrose P. O'Meara, London; Wm. J. O'Brien, London; Cecilia Powe, Lucan; Lizzie Penney, London; Grace G. Pennock, London; Wm. Ryder, Lucan; Douglas Ramsay; Plattsville; Clifford H. Reason, London; Minnie E. Robinson, Fanshawe; Maggie L. Shoebottom, London; Louie A. Showler, London; Lilly M. Stuart, Belton; Charles E. Sale, Herbert A. Stein, Lida Trevethick, Frances E. Trudell, Edith M. Whittaker, London; Alice S. Webb, Belton; Eva L. Williams, London.

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Hand and machine loaded, with black Gold Dust and Schultze smokeless powders. A special line at very low prices.

W. Gurd & Co.,
185 Dundas St., London.
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There's a World

of satisfaction in a suit of clothes such as we make to order—the best that fine materials and skillful hands can produce.

SOUTHCOTT'S, 361 Richmond Street. ywt

FINE WEATHER.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 3—11 p.m.—The high area is moving slowly southeast across the lake region, while the low area in the Northwest, which has developed into a well-marked storm, is moving slowly northward across Manitoba. The weather today has been showery in British Columbia and parts of the Northwest Territories; elsewhere in Canada it has been fine.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Esquimalt, 50-58; Kamloops, 50-64; Edmonton, 34-64; Qu'Appelle, 60-64; Winnipeg, 66-92; Port Arthur, 46-66; Parry Sound, 46-70; Toronto, 50-67; Ottawa, 46-66; Montreal, 48-64; Quebec, 44-62; Halifax, 54-70.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, Sept. 4—1 a.m.—Probabilities for 24 hours for lower lake region: Moderate to fresh east and southeast winds; fine, with a little higher temperature.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory yesterday were 75 and 46.5.

YOU NEVER TIRE

Of Johnston Bros.' bread. It's always made the same way, and that the best that experience can produce. Delivered in all parts of the city. ywt

LOVERS

of a good smoke buy their cigars and tobaccos from

W. J. Portwood, 394 Richmond St Opposite City Hall.

In the Dining-Room.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 6.

BREAKFAST—Iced melons. Ham omelet. Toast. Coffee.

LUNCHEON—Creole kedgeree. Thin bread and butter. Florendines. Cucumber jelly. Tea.

DINNER—Baked veal cutlet. Tomato sauce. Curled potatoes. Sweet pickles. Green corn. Peach cake. Pineapple sherbet.

Cut out these recipes and paste them in a scrap-book.

Ham Omelet—This may be baked, or cooked on top of the stove in a skillet; be sure, however, to grease the latter well. Mince two full tablespoons of ham, with a tiny slice of garlic. If latter is not relished, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley may be substituted. Beat six eggs separately; mix the ham with its relish into the yolks. Take a teacup of milk, thicken with a tablespoonful of flour; let it come to a boil; add one tablespoonful of butter and a saltspoonful of salt. Let this cool somewhat, then stir in yolks which have been mixed with the ham; lastly add the frothy whites, stirring very lightly with a knifeblade. Have quick oven; serve very hot. Bake about ten minutes.

Creole Kedgeree—Any kind of cold fresh fish can be used for this appetizing, inexpensive dish. To one cupful of cold trout, salmon or whitefish, left from yesterday, from which all the bones have been taken, add cupful of cold boiled rice, one tablespoonful of butter, teaspoonful of salt, a dash of cayenne, a very hard-boiled egg, chopped fine, a slice or so of garlic, or onion, or one full tablespoon curry powder, if preferred. Drop these into a hot skillet; as the butter melts, stir the ingredients well together. It is not intended to fry them, only to thoroughly heat and blend them—five minutes will be enough. Serve on squares of hot, buttered toast, or slices of buttered bread. If curry powder is not the East India article, a little lemon juice may be added.

Cucumber Jelly—This is especially nice to serve with any fish, or it makes a good salad course served with lettuce leaves, which have French dressing upon them. Pare four large cucumbers, not too ripe. Cut up and stew in one quart of water with a small onion, full teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon white pepper. Soak meanwhile half box gelatine in teacup cold water. When cucumbers are perfectly soft stir in the gelatine until it is fully dissolved. Then strain so as to avoid the seeds. When almost cold peel and slice very thin one cucumber; line the mold, which has been wet with cold water, with it; pour in the liquid jelly; allow to "set" very firmly. If served on platter upon lettuce leaves pour the French dressing over the mold as well as leaves. French dressing is made in proportion of two tablespoons of salad oil to one of vinegar, with half-teaspoon salt.

Florendines, or Fruit Tarts—Can be made of any fruit, stewed if possible in its own juice or with as little water as possible; sweeten well after cooking. Line small crimped pans with puff paste or rich pie crust and bake them. While still warm drop in the fruit and return to the oven for ten minutes.

Pineapple Sherbet—Boil one quart of water and a pound of sugar for fifteen minutes, so that a thick syrup is made. Pare carefully and finely shred a pineapple two hours before using. Cut out the core, so that almost all fruit can be used. Sprinkle with two tablespoons sugar; cover well. Allow the fruit, juice and shreds to infuse in the warm syrup until entirely cold—an hour, if convenient. Put in freezer; when the little crystals begin to form on sides stir in the well-beaten whites of three eggs and return to freezer, shaking as usual.

Peach Cake—Make any good white take, bake in layers, put sliced peaches between the layers and pour whipped cream over the peaches.

IT MAKES A DIFFERENCE

in your appearance if you wear a hat that suits you. We do not confine our stock to a few shapes, but buy from the best and leading hat manufacturers of the world. You're sure to get a hat that becomes you if you buy here.

MILNE, SPITTAL & CO.,
Men's Hatters,
146 Dundas St.
Furs renovated on the premises.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
107.....Business Office.
134.....Editorial Rooms.
175.....Job Department

MONDAY'S HOLIDAY ADVERTISER

Monday will be Labor Day, and a public holiday. All editions of The Advertiser will, therefore, be printed at an early hour in the morning. All out-of-town subscribers will receive their papers by first trains and stages, and city agents and newsboys will get supplies at the usual early hour.

A Local Budget

—The fall assizes will start on Sept. 27, Chief Justice Armour presiding.

—The Middlesex fall assizes open on Sept. 27 before Chief Justice Armour.

—Miss Olive C. Cater, Colborne street, city, is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Miss D. Dineen has returned home from a very pleasant visit with Detroit friends.

—Miss Kingsmill, of this city, is the guest of Mrs. (Judge) Fitzgerald, St. Clair avenue, Welland.

—Mrs. Frank F. Radway and Mrs. J. O'Brien have returned from a wheeling trip in eastern towns.

—An asphalt driveway is being put down around the custom house by the Barber Asphalt Company.

—Bishop O'Connor will administer the sacrament of confirmation to the children of Petrolea on Sunday, Oct. 3.

—Mrs. James Hand has returned from Chatham, where she has been visiting relatives and friends for the past two months.

—Mr. W. Hallam, of Dufferin avenue, has gone on a bicycle tour to Bay City, Mich., by way of Sarnia and Port Huron.

—Mrs. Wm. Smith, of Central avenue, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. McLean, of Kincardine, has returned home.

—Mrs. S. Potter, wife of Superintendent Potter, of the London Street Railway Company, is visiting friends at Port Perry.

—Mrs. John Break, wife of the assistant superintendent of the London Street Railway Company, is visiting relatives at Markham.

—Mr. Fred. Lister, Sarnia, son of J. F. Lister, M.P., has arrived here to take a three months' course at Wolseley Barracks for a lieutenancy.

—Mr. D. Cornsteil, of Simcoe street, city, has returned home from the Northwest Territories, where he has been traveling for the past three months.

—The Bishop of Huron, who has just returned from the Lambeth conference in England, will occupy the pulpit in St. James' Church, South London, tomorrow morning.

—Mr. T. G. Davey, South London, was in St. Marys the other night, organizing a new court of the Independent Order of Foresters. About twenty members joined.

—Mrs. H. B. Travers, of St. Thomas, is the guest of Dr. Eccles, Queen's avenue. The lady is a singer of considerable note, and will take part in the musical services at the First Methodist Church tomorrow.

—Owing to the substitution of inferior matches on the market by certain manufacturers, the E. B. Eddy Company have decided to reduce the price of their matches 50 cents per case. "Eddy's Matches" are a household word in Canada, and hold sway from one end of the Dominion to the other.

Ralston's Health Club Food

Has proved itself to be a perfect breakfast dish. Since we introduced Ralston's Food it has had a remarkable sale. Every customer who has tried it praises it, and to persons with poor digestion it is indespensable. We have just received another shipment and we want every person to try Ralston's Food. If you do not care to buy a package and try it we will give you a free sample.

If you want GOOD COFFEE we have it.

T. A. Rowat & Co.
234 Dundas St. Phone 317.

—Messrs. Dayton & McCormick have selected Monday, Sept. 20, as the opening date for the Palace Dancing Academy. The hall is now undergoing a thorough renovating and brightening up preparatory to the opening night.

—At the last meeting of the board of works the tender of Moses Cox for a tile drain on York street was not accepted, as previously stated. On the contrary, the committee confirmed their acceptance of Mr. Laing's tender.

—Color-Sergt. Cooper, of Wolseley Barracks, received the sad news by telegraph yesterday of the death of his sister at Harcourt, Mich., and he left for there in the evening to attend the funeral. Color-Sergt. Cooper was one of the jubilee contingent.

—Owing to financial difficulties, the steamer Flora, which has been running between Port Stanley and Cleveland during the summer, has been put off the route; consequently the Labor Day excursion advertiser to leave for Cleveland tonight has been cancelled.

—Mr. C. A. Jones has sold to Mr. Cy Warman, the noted magazine writer, a lot on the corner of Cheapside and George streets, in the block usually known as the Becher block, opposite the residence of Mr. P. W. D. Brodrick. Mr. Warman intends building a residence immediately.

—Mr. Cal. Wilson, for many years with the late firm of John Birrell & Co., and subsequently with R. C. Struthers & Co., left via the C. P. R. yesterday for Vancouver, B. C., where he purposes making his home in future. A large number of his personal friends were at the depot to see him off, and all wished him the greatest success.

—Mr. E. A. Foley, treasurer of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, has returned to Hamilton from Detroit. He says he did not intend going to Oregon, and that his accounts with the brotherhood will be straightened out satisfactorily. Some of the members, he says, became alarmed unnecessarily, as did some of his own friends and even relatives.

—Principal Merchant, of the Collegiate Institute, contemplates establishing a purely commercial form at the institute. The subjects to be taught will not be new, but they will embrace fewer studies than were necessary for pupils to take in connection therewith heretofore. The new form will include only English, mathematics, stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, writing, etc.

—All arrangements for the Labor Day picnic at Port Stanley have been completed by the London Trades and Labor Council, and the labor organizations of St. Thomas. The Seventh Fusiliers Band goes from London and the Twenty-fifth Battalion Band from St. Thomas. Prizes are offered for fancy step dancing, tugs-of-war, baseball matches and various other sports. No doubt a large crowd will go both from London and St. Thomas.

—A carload of Niagara fruit passed through the city today on the Grand Trunk, bound from Winona to Winnipeg, per Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway to Chicago, and thence by Northern Pacific to its destination. Mr. B. S. Murray, route agent of the Canadian Express Company, accompanied it from London to the tunnel. This is the third consignment of this kind in the present week. The first car left Winona on Tuesday at 9 a.m. and arrived in Winnipeg at noon on Thursday—remarkably good time. The shipment is important, as it opens up a new and promising market for Ontario fresh fruit in Manitoba. The shippers, C. P. Carpenter & Son, were much pleased with the result of the experiment.

—The attraction at the Grand every afternoon and night (beginning Monday matinee) for three nights, will be the moving views of the Queen's diamond jubilee. The Toronto Globe, Aug. 31, says: The more important parts of the procession were shown on the canvas. The first shown represented the Queen's arrival at Windsor on the evening previous to the procession. The figure of her gracious majesty was quite easily recognizable. Altogether, the Queen is seen three times, and a good view of her is to be obtained in each picture. Among the sections of the parade shown were the foreign envoys, the naval brigade and horse artillery, several cavalry bands and the First Horse Guards. The pictures are very distinct and steady. The jubilee pictures are preceded by a number of other scenes equally interesting.

—The death occurred here Thursday of Mr. John Robinson, formerly of Ingersoll and Dereham. The deceased was a respected resident of Ingersoll for several years previous to 1888, carrying on business as a carpenter, afterwards removing to Dereham, where he engaged in farming until 1894, when his health failed, and he returned to Ingersoll, living there until about a year ago. He had reached the ripe age of 86 years, and for the past three years was an invalid. He leaves a family of nine children—David, of West Oxford; Abner, East Zorra; John and Gilbert, London; Mrs. Balton, Brownsville; Mrs. Welt, Salford; Mrs. J. McKee, Ingersoll; Mrs. Haines, London, and Elizabeth at home.

—Petrolea Advertiser: A deal was closed last week by which the oil producing farm of VanDelinder Bros., Blind line, became the property of Mr. Thos. Scott, formerly of [illegible] Springs. Mr. L. VanDelinder, who lived on the farm and looked after the interests of the firm, will remove to London, where it is his intention to embark in the boot and shoe business. During their stay in Enniskillen, Mr. and Mrs. VanDelinder have made hosts of friends, who, while regretting their departure, join in wishing them a long and prosperous life in their new home.

SUCCESSFUL CANADIAN INVENTORS.

The following list of patents recently granted to inventors residing in Canada is reported for The Advertiser by P. J. Edmunds, international patent solicitor, London: Canada patents—John W. Cowan, London, pneumatic boiler tube cleaner; the Standard Cycle Company of London, Canada, and London, England, machine for perfecting tubes, etc.; O. M. Malcolm, Vancouver, B. C., canned salmon (trade mark; McGregor, Atkinson & Co., Rossland, B. C., map of Trail Creek mining camp, West Kootenay district, B. C. (copyright). United States patents—J. Gilbert, Victoria, B. C., typewriter; W. MacCallum, Magog, dinner kettle; T. Martin, Wallaceburg, sash holder; A. F. McIntyre, Ottawa, label cabinet; J. P. Northey, Toronto, wheel; P. Olsen, Field, adjustable gauge-bar for railways; C. A. Prescott, Victoria, B. C., tidal motor; W. J. Still, Toronto, storage battery; J. F. Black, Montreal, bicycle construction.

The Industrial.

Pioneers' Day at the Fair in Toronto.

All the Departments in Full Swing—Some of the Noteworthy Features.

Toronto, Sept. 4. — Yesterday was pioneers' and historical day at the fair. The weather was fine, and the attendance large. The usual performance was given in front of the grand stand, including the jubilee procession, with its attendant ceremonies. The full display of live stock was on the grounds, and a grand parade took place in front of the grand stand. One of the notable features is the number of charitable institutions, which from the city and outside, are taking advantage of the exhibition to give those under their care a treat. The Toronto and Mimico asylums and the various institutions for orphans are among them. Among the distinguished visitors yesterday was Lord Chelmsford, the commander of the British forces in South Africa, who defeated the Zulu king, Cetewayo, at the battle of Ulundi.

WARNING TO THE UNWARY.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Alexander Pingle, a wealthy farmer from Unionville, who is stopping at the Clyde Hotel, Toronto, on Thursday evening fell in with two young men, who invited him down Church street to take some refreshments. Mr. Pingle was not very well acquainted with the neighborhood, so he accompanied the strangers down Church street until they reached the building known as Ontario Chambers, near Front street, where they suddenly turned on him and threw him on his back in the doorway. While one held him down by the throat, the other man rifled his pockets, securing a weighty pocketbook, containing about $100 in cash, several negotiable promissory notes for considerable amounts, and other valuable papers. The thieves got away.

EXHIBITION NOTES.

One of the most promising exhibits in the stove department is that of the James Smart Manufacturing Company, Limited, of Brockville. A special feature is that of their celebrated Kelsey warm air generators, widely known in the United States and Canada, and claimed as being the greatest heating device on the market. The leading features of this valuable apparatus are, more heat with less fuel, better quality of air, no gas or dust, heats long distances, which is accomplished by a patented positive attachment, by which any required quantity of warm air to heat any particular room at a long distance, or on a level with the heater, can be directed into that particular room. Near-by registers cannot rob the long distance hot air pipe. The quality of air—owing to the fact that the heating is done with a larger volume of warm, rather than a small volume of dry, hot air, as with ordinary draft air furnaces—is of a purer nature. The company have long since passed the experimental stage, having been in use in the United States for over nine years. This heater was put on the Canadian market last year, and they have been sold from Revelstock in the west to New Glasgow in the east, and the company have yet to learn of any dissatisfaction from those using them. Anyone who visits the Industrial in Toronto should see this wonderful heating apparatus, and as Messrs. Wm Stevely & Son, of this city, have them on hand, our citizens can see them here. b

While passing through the main building, near the entrance is an exhibit of more than ordinary interest to the good housekeeper, who is ever on the alert for improvements in the art of cooking. This interesting exhibit is that of the Dwight Company's Cow brand of soda. The trade mark of this company is certainly a prominent one, showing their confidence in the future of this sterling brand of goods. The trade mark of this famous soda is the picture of a fine Jersey cow, with appropriate words on the margin, setting forth the claims of the famous Dwight's Cow brand of soda. When asked why this striking picture was used, the reply was that in 1846, when Mr. Dwight first made soda, baking powder and cream of tartar were little known, and the association of milk and soda together with his admiration for animals, prompted him to use the now well-known trade mark. Cow brand soda is sold in convenient sized packages, and can be obtained from all up-to-date grocers. Purchasers should see that they get the package with the picture of the cow on it. At this exhibit are cuts of pictures of different breeds of cows. These pictures decorate the Dwight Company's office, and were executed by artists of ability at a cost of several thousand dollars. Visitors at the Industrial should see this very interesting exhibit.

Photography Artistic! Photography Permanent. Qualities so essential in first-class portraiture to be had every day at Frank Cooper's old established studio over 169, 171 and 173 Dundas street. xt

Kingsmill's

LONDON.

The largest exclusive Drygoods and Carpet House in Western Ontario.

There's a big difference between CHEAP goods and goods CHEAP. The former is false ECONOMY—the latter true.

Don't forget there's as much evil in paying too little as too much. The motto of some stores is "not how cheap, but how good;" The motto of others is, "not how good but how cheap;" Our motto is "GOOD AND CHEAP." See the following special lines—a few out of many:

Cotton Sateens, 34 inches wide worth 18c, for	10c
Men's Cotton Ties, worth 10c each, 4 for	25c
Men's Braces, extra length, pair	10c
44-inch All-wool Dress Goods, worth 30c, for	18c
Heavy Huckaback Toweling, 16 inches wide	4c
White Sateen Parasols, worth 40c, for	25c
Ladies' Leather Belts, worth 25c, for	10
Ladies' Sterling Silver Belt Buckles	25c
Heavy Silk Belting Ribbon	16c
Dark Colored American Crepons, worth 15c, for	8c
Light Colored American Ginghams	9c
32-inch Printed French Dimities, worth 18c, for	12½c
Turkey Red Table Linen, worth 40c, for	25c
32-inch American Organdie Muslins	9c
Wide Unbleached Table Linen, worth 30c, for	20c
American Glace Crinkle, worth 15c, for	8c
English Granite Cloth Dress Goods, worth 30c, for	20c
Men's Ready-made Flannelette Shirts, were 40c, for	25c
Your choice of our whole stock of Shirt Waists	40c
Ten Pieces All-wool Tweeds, cut free of charge	35c
36-inch American Gray and Black Prints, worth 12½c, for	10c

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications.

Kingsmill's
Dundas and Carling Sts.

Fire. Fire. Fire.

Bargains in Every Department For Saturday.



Goods Slightly Damaged by Water and Smoke.

Graham Bros.

Wabash Train Service.

No. 3, Chicago and St. Louis limited, leaves London 11:55 a.m.; is solid vestibuled train to Chicago, with through sleeper to St. Louis. No. 5, Pacific Express, leaves London 8:35 p.m.; is solid train to Chicago and St. Louis. Passengers going to Mexico, California, west or southwest, should wait for Wabash trains; they are the finest in America. Full particulars from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner of King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 83tf

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

Box stoves, big stoves, cook stoves, little stoves, parlor stoves—all kinds of stoves and furniture, bedroom suites, mattresses, pillows; feather beds and mattresses cleaned. Stoves bought at HUNT & SONS, 593 to 597 Richmond street north. Telephone 997.

T. C. Thornhill, watchmaker, etc., knowing times are hard, has lowered his charges on watches, etc., to benefit the laborer, because of machinery and monopoly. 402 Talbot street. yt

Chapter of Casualties.

Very Sudden Death of an Ingersoll Lady.

John Allan, a G. T. R. Driver Drops, Dead.

A Widow Lady Eighty Years Old Burned to Death—Other Accidents.

Ingersoll, Sept. 4.—Death visited our town with extreme suddenness about 11:15 yesterday afternoon. Miss Sarah Franks, for about 17 years a trusted saleslady at Coyne & Co.'s drygoods store was suddenly stricken with hemorrhage of the brain and died almost instantly while on duty. She had been feeling unwell for some time past, and this morning complained of a severe pain in the back of her head, and suddenly an intense pain seized her, and before medical aid could be procured the death angel had finished its work. The body was immediately removed to Mr. Coyne's residence, Thames street north.

DROPPED DEAD.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Yesterday a man approached the residence of Mrs. Mitchell, 15 Denison avenue, and asked for a drink of water. He said he felt faint. The lady of the house went in to fetch the water, when she was startled by the noise of a fall, and rushing into the front hall was horrified to see the stranger prone on the floor and gasping hard for breath. She went to his assistance, but in a moment the man was dead. The dead man proved to be John Allan, a G. T. R. driver, who lived at 20 Sullivan street, and who had long been troubled with heart disease.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Mrs. Cyria Dwight, a widow, 80 years of age, was burned to death Thursday night in this city. Mrs. Dwight was an invalid, and was in bed when a lamp exploded, setting fire to the house. The woman was burned to a crisp. Her brother who is very old and feeble was taken out of the house alive, but very badly burned.

ELEVATOR ACCIDENT AT TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—John Mohan, an employe at the Foresters' building, corner Bay and Richmond streets, was caught between the elevator and floor of the basement of that building yesterday morning, and received injuries which may prove fatal. His jaw and hip bone are fractured, and he is badly injured internally. He was engaged in oiling the machinery at the foot of the shaft when the hoist descended upon him.

DISEMBOWELED BY A PLOW.

Allison, Sept. 4.—A terrible accident occurred on the farm of Mr. Christopher Thompson, lot 11, con. 3, Essa, on Tuesday, by which the victim will probably lose his life.

Mr. Thompson and his hired man were plowing in a field, when the team driven by the latter got beyond control and ran away. Mr. Thompson left his team to go to the assistance of the hired man, but as they, too, took fright, Mr. Thompson returned and seized them by the bridles. He could not control them, however, and was thrown to the ground. The plow passed over him and inflicted terrible injuries, of which he has little chance of recovery.

KILLED AT A CROSSING.

Sandy Hill, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Montreal express, No. 101, due at Dunham's Basin at 3:20 p.m., yesterday, struck a horse and buggy in which were Joseph Guilder, his wife and two children, 6 and 4 years old. The man and woman were killed. The boy was badly hurt and will die. The girl was seriously, but not fatally, injured. Guilder lived in the town of Granville, Washington county. He was a basket maker.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Joseph Schroder and his hired man, named Doyle, were struck by a train at Burdick's Crossing yesterday and both instantly killed.

HAMILTON MAN LOST BOTH LEGS

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 4.—Thomas Geoghegan, a G. T. R. section man, had both legs cut off by an engine at Copetown yesterday while crossing the track. He failed to notice the engine's approach, as it followed an express train, and was crossing over the track immediately after the express had passed him. One leg was severed at the ankle joint, and the other at the thigh. Geoghegan is now at St. Joseph's Hospital, but it is doubtful if he will survive his injuries.

Geoghegan has a wife and a large family of children, some of whom are very young. He is about 40 years of age.

The Medicos

Discuss the Subject of Pure Water and Sewage Farms.

Business Concluded — Lord Aberdeen and Lord Mount Royal Elected Honorary Members.

Montreal, Sept. 4.—The British Medical Association's annual meeting, which has been in progress here for some days, was brought to a close last evening.

At the morning meeting of the public health section, Dr. J. J. Mackenize, bacteriologist to the Ontario provincial board of health, gave the results of a number of experiments with mechanical filteration plants in Ontario. He described the success attending mechanical filteration in St. Thomas and Chatham, and recommended it where naturally pure water supplies could not be had.

Dr. Bryce, of Toronto, spoke in the discussion on a paper dealing with the disposal of sewage. He said that sewage farms had been adopted with perfect success in several parts of Ontario, there being a very complete one at the London asylum. In 1895 nearly $300 was realized from the sale of vegetables at wholesale.

At the afternoon session an interesting address was delivered by Dr. Biggs, of the New York health department, on the health methods of New York city.

Lord Aberdeen and Lord Mount Royal were elected honorary members of the association.

A resolution was adopted approving of the Victorian Order of Nurses scheme.

After the customary votes of thanks, the 65th annual meeting was declared closed.

Last night a grand conversazione was given at McGill College. Many of the delegates are leaving for home, and the steamship Labrador will take a large number.

Western Ontario.

Opposition to the Proposed Sandwich Drain.

Rev. Dr. Battisby, of Chatham, Pleasantly Surprised.

The Heroism of a Paisley Boy Recognized and Rewarded.

Diphtheria is raging at Wellandport. Three cases of diphtheria are reported at Thamesville.

James Wisely, a Port Lambton farmer, received the neat sum of $200 for hogs on Tuesday.

Sneak thieves entered the cheese factory in Sandwich South one night this week and carried off one whole cheese and part of another.

Division court opened at Ridgetown Thursday and will continue throughout the month at the various ports, ending with Wallaceburg on Sept. 29.

The government has opened a new postoffice at Sandwich South. It will be known as Fairplay, and the postmaster appointed was Dennis Perrin.

A. E. Lanfesty, a compositor at the Planet office, Chatham, fell sixteen feet out of a second story window. He struck on his heels and was not much hurt.

Galt has been twice honored in Rossland, its first mayor and first preacher being from that town. The former was Mr. Robert Scott and the latter Mr. Hugh Robertson.

John Watson, of Sarnia, sentenced to one year for breaking into and stealing from the house of Henry Brown, Iona, was taken to Central Prison by Bailiff English on Thursday.

A well-known resident of Tilsonburg, Mrs. Elizabeth Nicholson, died quite suddenly on Tuesday, age 79 years. Heart disease was the immediate cause of her demise. She was widely known and much esteemed.

A pretty wedding took place on Tuesday morning at the Roman Catholic Church, Wallaceburg, when Miss Helent Barrett, youngest daughter of T. H. Barrett, merchant, was married to P. J. Maher, of Delhi.

Mr. John Scott, late of Howick, Scotland, died at the Guelph General Hospital Thursday. He had been confined to that institution for the past ten days, where an operation for appendicitis was performed.

A meeting of the creditors of James Buchanan, farmer, Yarmouth, was held on Thursday. The liabilities are $6,400 and the assets $6,200. J. McAlpine was appointed assignee, and J. P. Martyn and W. Martyn, inspectors.

Charles D. Thorpe, jeweler, picked up a nugget of gold at Elin River, Ont., when he was up there on a vacation. He sold it to a Detroit jeweler for $42, and now he has gone back to purchase the land on which he made the find.

A Chatham dispatch says: The duck shooting season opened on Friday, and the local sports report big birds more plentiful than last year, but teal scarcer. Good prospects on the whole; food more plentiful, and water higher.

S. and L. Pierce, who now own both of the grist and flour mills at Aylmer, are negotiating with the G. T. R. for a spur line to run to the east mill. If they succeed they will bring grain from Manitoba, and run the mill at its fullest capacity.

The month of August ended with a remarkably low death rate in Woodstock. From the close of July to the beginning of the present month only two death have been registered at the clerk's office, and these were of women 75 and 67 years of age respectively.

Sarnia Observer: There is 150 feet of oil in the new well just completed on Mr. J. D. Simpson's farm. It will be a day or two yet before the pump will be put to work and the exact daily capacity of the well determined, but all indications go to show that it is a good one.

On Wednesday Miss Flossie Clark, daughter of Mr. Charles Clark, of Malahide, was united in marriage to Mr. H. E. Sherk, of Hamilton. The wedding took place at 11 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. Mr. Kimball, of Aylmer, performed the ceremony.

The necessary stock having been subscribed, a meeting of the shareholders of the Tilbury Curling and Skating Rink Company has been called had passed him. One leg was severed for next Tuesday evening for the election of directors. It is expected that work will be commenced at once, so as to have everything in readiness for the winter.

The ferry company at Windsor issued ten tickets for a quarter, but the boys of Windsor have been making a business of buying a string of tickets and selling them at 5 cents each. The company has now begun the issue of "meal tickets," like those formerly used by the street railway company. A punch is made for every trip.

The funeral of the late City Clerk Tissiman, of Chatham, on Friday, was attended by two city bands, the exmayors, ex-councilors, council, and public officials and professions, all the clergy being present, and the rites being those of the Church of England. The offral tributes were numerous and beautiful. Business was suspended along the line of march.

Wednesday night George Jackson, from Windsor, put up at the C. P. R. Hotel, Chatham, and on retiring blew out the gas. Fortunately James Anderson, who boards at the same hotel, smelt the fumes and aroused the porter. The porter went up to the room and turned off the gas, which had not been leaking any great length of time and nothing injurious resulted.

A very painful accident happened to Mr. J. Kemp, of Delhi. While at work on the new house which is being built by Mr. J. Whitesides, on Church street, Tuesday evening, he slipped down the roof, striking the scaffold and falling a distance of 15 feet, alighting on a pile of lumber, dislocating his left hip and hurting himself internally. He is doing well under the treatment of Dr. Wells.

Rev. Dr. Battisby, who has been touring through Europe, arrived at Chatham on Wednesday night. The doctor, with his daughter Anna, drove to the residence, and was surprised to see the house brightly illuminated. Upon entering they were met by a representative gathering of the congregation, who gave him a very hearty welcome home. After the welcome of the pastor an impromptu supper was spread and much enjoyed. The doctor is much improved in health.

The township board of Sandwich West is contemplating the construction of a large drain through a certain part of the township, and there is a vigorous protest from some of the ratepayers. Some time ago a new road was surveyed over the land through which the proposed drain would go, and this will be interfered with by the drain. Those who live along the proposed road have notified the council that they will hold the council responsible for any injury that may be done the road by the digging of the drain.

Master Russel Treleaven, of Aylmer, son of Rev. B. J. Treleaven, had another close call for his life by the bursting of a large artery in his broken arm. He nearly bled to death before the trouble was discovered and remedied. Three doctors stayed with him all day, and one or two all the next night, and for over two hours there was no perceptible pulse at the wrist. He was kept alive by strong hypodermic injections, and is now considered out of danger, although very weak.

On Friday afternoon a Royal Humane Society bronze medal for bravery was presented to a son of Dr. S. McArton, ex-reeve of Paisley. On July 6, last year, John McArton's sister and a number of other girls went down to the Saugeen River to bathe. John became uneasy as to his sister's safety, and he followed them at a distance. On arriving at the bank he witnessed Miss Nancy McKenzie struggling in deep water. He at once sprang in and caught hold of her hair with one hand and swam with the other, and though she had sunk for the third time, the youth very soon had her on the bank, and in about one hour she had recovered. This makes the third person he has helped to save. He is only 11 years of age, and the young lady is about 21 years. The medal is inscribed: "Awarded to John McArton for promptitude and conspicuous bravery in rescuing from drowning Nancy McKenzie, in the River Saugeen, in Paisley, July 6, 1896." Three hundred children marched to the town hall to witness the presentation, where a large audience had assembled. Mr. Chisholm, principal of the school, presented the medal.

Clearing Houses in London.

An Institution That Would Facilitate the Work of the Banks.

Why is there no clearing house in London? Though such an institution would be a private enterprise, in which banks alone would be concerned, the question is one of public interest, by reason of the fact that the publication of the clearings each day serves to some extent as an index of the daily business done. Some time ago there was considerable talk in banking circles about the establishment of a clearing house here, but no action was taken, and the agitation dropped. Of late it has been revived to some extent. The manager of a prominent city bank was asked what advantage would there be in the establishment of a clearing house here, as at Montreal, Halifax, Toronto, etc. He replied: "None whatever to the public, but it would greatly facilitate the work of the banks. When a draft on one bank is deposited by the customer of another bank, it is entered on the latter's books against the former. The total amount of paper against one bank received in a day by the other banks in the city is not known until the following day, when the manager makes checks in favor of each of the other banks for the amount of his bank's indebtedness. If there were a clearing house, all such paper would go there. One clerk could take charge of it, and in an hour would ascertain what the debts and credits of each bank were. Thus, the clearings would be known in much quicker time than at present. It would be a great convenience to us, but is a private institution that can originate only out of concerted action of the banks."

A GRANT MEMORIAL

Proposed Monumental Building in Winnipeg City.

Says the Canadian Baptist:

A sanguine friend and admirer of the late Alexander Grant, whose heart is also in the great work which is so well begun, largely through Bro. Grant's instrumentality, for the immigrants from various lands pouring into the Canadian land of promise, quite stirred up our enthusiasm the other day, during a short visit in the office. He believes in attempting great things at favorable moments. Knowing that multitudes of those who have been touched with a deep sense of loss in the death of our magnetic Bro. Grant, and at the same time inspired as never before, with a conception of the largeness of his unselfish plans and purposes, this brother believes that these would, many of them, be glad to unite in erecting a grand memorial of the departed, in the shape that would best please him were he here—that of some permanent aid to this work. The scheme proposed takes shape roughly as a substantial building to be erected in Winnipeg, the center of this immigration from foreign lands, consecrated to this phase of our missionary work. This building, which he would call by some such title as "The Alexander Grant Polyglot Memorial Building," would be so constructed as to afford a home for some of the missionaries of the various foreign nationalities, and to become a center of operations for supplying their spiritual needs in all parts of the Northwest where they may settle. Of course, the more prompt the movement, the better the prospect of success. Is it not worth thinking about?

GONE TO A SHADOW.

Racked by Pain, Bed-Ridden, Life Despared of—South American Rheumatic Cure Was the Good Angel Which Stilled the Tempest and Piloted Safely Into the Harbor of Health.

"I was so troubled with sciatica that at times the pain and suffering I experienced was excruciating. I failed in flesh to almost a shadow. I was almost continuously in bed for over a year, and I had spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring. I had almost given up hope of a cure. A relative who had been cured of the same disease by South American Rheumatic Cure induced me to try it. The first dose gave me instant relief. After using three bottles I was completely cured. William Marshall, Varney, P. O., Ont."

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

The cowboys of Cheyenne River, of South Dakota, are speeding their herds on bicycles instead of on the tough little bronchos so characteristic of the west.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Animal Curiosities

A Dog "Rushes the Growler" in a Prohibition Town—Two-Legged Cat Up to All Sorts of Tricks—Novel Way to Trap Rabbits—An Accomplished Rooster—Other Oddities.

Dog Rushes the Growler.

Since the war on the joints of Kansas City, Kan., has been opened by Dr. St. John and the Christian Endeavor people have taken an active part in seeing who was visiting the joints, many citizens who like a glass of beer have quit going to the places for it, and have adopted many novel and ingenious methods of getting their supply without laying themselves liable to being called in court as a witness against the keepers of the places. The most ingenious scheme so far discovered is that of Charles Ferguson, who lives on Walker avenue, just east of Fifth street. He does not intend ever to be a witness in court. He has taught his bird dog, Frank, to take a bucket in which he places a nickel or dime and go to the nearest joint, where the bartender fills the bucket with the amber fluid, which is carried back safely to the house by the dog. The spectacle of a dog rushing the growler has caused many people along the street to gather each evening and watch the performance. The dog is a marked pointer, well trained for hunting. His tail has been cut down very stumpy. He takes the bucket bale in his mouth and trots demurely over to the famous joint at Fifth and Walker streets, run by Rheinard Falk. If the screen is closed he will scratch on it and bark until someone lets him in. Then he carries the bucket to the bar, sets it down, waits until it is filled, and then he picks it up again and trots back home. One of all the inventive geniuses that has been called into play in Kansas since prohibition made drinking one of the forbidden pastimes, the dog route is probably the most striking.

Bruin Came Down the Chimney.

Says the San Francisco Call:

Shrieks of "Help! Murder! Fire! Police!" and similar cries at about 2 o'clock in the morning, uttered in the shrill voice of a terrified woman, aroused the policeman on the Pike street beat, and awakened scores of sleeping citizens in the vicinity of Union street and Third avenue, Seattle. The officer finally located the cries and ran down Union street to a lodging-house which fronts on Third avenue, where a woman was standing in the middle of the sidewalk yelling at the top of her voice.

On top of the house from which the woman had just emerged was a small boy, while perched on one of the chimneys just out of the lad's reach was a bear cub. The bluecoat, with the help of the neighbors who found sufficient courage to go out of doors where such terrible things were happening, finally got the boy and woman together and heard their story.

The woman stated that she was sound asleep in room No. 13 of the lodging-house, when a tin covering over a hole where a stovepipe was once connected with the chimneys was suddenly kicked out of place and fell down on the bed, followed by two bricks and a dirty little ball of fur, which she did not at the time recognize as a bear. Bruin brought soot galore, and frightened the woman half out of her wits. As soon as the little bear saw the woman and heard her shrieks, he climbed up into the hole again and went back up the chimney.

The boy says the bear got loose from his back yard, and he was awakened by hearing the cub climbing up the side of the house. He put on his clothes and followed. The bear gained the roof of the lodging-house and climbed to the top of the chimney. The boy grabbed at him and the frightened cub fell into the hole and out at the bottom, his weight pushing out the tin covering opening in room No. 13.

Sweet's Two-Legged Cat.

A Dunkirk, N. Y., correspondent writes: Hooker is a gray cat with only two legs, but he attracts more attention than all the other cats in Dunkirk. He is the property of Frank D. Sweet. He was born on Easter Sunday, April 5, 1896, without a vestige of forelegs.

He will jump when told from the floor to the top of pieces of furniture four feet high. He lights upon his breast, but so quickly regains his feet that it is necessary to watch very closely to see how he does it. When he jumps down to the order "Jump down carefully, Hooker," he looks down as if carefully making calcuations of the distance, and then drops himself down on his feet. He walks about on his hind legs, all the legs he has, in two different ways. Sometimes he stands upright and walks as a dog walks on his hind legs, and at others he walks as a kangaroo does, on the foot and the whole of the lower joint of the leg. He walks up steps without jumping. He sits upright, and takes a survey of surroundings, but his favorite position to rest when he does not lie down is to stand by some object, a block or pile of books or anything of convenient height to prop him at the point where forelegs, if he had them, would support the front portion of his body.

He will jump high against a perpendicular wall to catch a string or a fly. He will lie down, roll over, and when told to "go to sleep" he will lie down flat on his side and shut his eyes. He loves to jump in and out of a clothes basket.

He romps in play with his four legged brother Tiger, and usually gets the best of the game. In great glee he chases the young chickens, of which Mr. Sweet has a considerable number, and when they fly to escape he jumps in the air for them. He does not seem to want to hurt them, but only to play with them, but he plays too roughly to suit the chickens. He goes over to a neighbor's house every morning for about two hours to play with two young kittens, and then returns home. He formerly drove a neighbor's dog home every time he came upon the Sweet premises, but recently he and the dog have become good friends.

This Fish Carries a Searchlight.

Daily Florida Citizen: George Burbridge is enjoying the atmosphere and waves at Pablo, and comes frequently to the city for a change. He was met yesterday afternoon hurrying to the ferry, and stopped long enough to halt a reporter with a tale, which he declared was not a fish story.

It was to the effect that an electric fish had passed along through the surf not many evenings since, shedding its light for a considerable distance around. The party with which he was sitting noticed the light, and remarked that it must be a bicycle lantern. The speed of the light was that of a fast-moving wheel. Mr. Burbridge went down to the beach and discovered that the light was in the surf, about 100 feet from where he stood, at the water's edge. He knew that it was a fish, and not an unusual collection of phosphorescence. He returned to his friends, and the matter was discussed at some length, but the sight was so strange that they hesitated to mention it for fear of ridicule.

The next day they found others who wanted to say something about the occurrence, but were deterred by the same fear. The ice was finally broken and the sight freely discussed. About fifteen people along the beach had noticed the light. Mr. Burbridge was talking quite freely about the matter yesterday in town, but his story was met with looks of pity, and one or two of his friends thought it was time for him to end his stay at the beach. He insists that he can bring witnesses to prove the fact, and quoted one old fisherman as saying that the sight was so familiar to him that he had stopped remarking about it.

Bow-Legged Jack.

With the advent of the new police force of six men in Mamaroneck, N. Y., came the end of the duties of "Bow-Legged Jack," the bulldog who has been doing police duty for ten years in the village. The dog is an ungainly creature, with a long body, legs bowed like the staves of a barrel, and only one eye. What he lacks in personal beauty he makes up in amiability. He came to town with a tramp ten years ago, and has always lived at the hotels and saloons, at night patrolling the village streets and alleys.

He knew every resident of Mamaroneck. He has saved three children from drowning. One was the son of Town Clerk John C. Fairchild, one the little daughter of William Taylor, and the other a baby. The children fell off the dock, and Jack jumped in and pulled them out. Once he caught a burglar who had broken into the savings bank and was escaping.

He held him until Constable Briggs arrived. A whole family was saved from burning to death last winter by this dog. He discovered a fire in the home of Henry Winters, and gave the alarm by barking. The children were carried downstairs just in time to be saved. This is only a part of his record.

But there has been no pleasure for Jack since the new uniformed police went on duty. The dog growls as he passes them, and then goes away disconsolately and spends his time at the town dock, gazing woefully at his old friends.

When it was announced that the new ordinance would require him to be licensed or be shot, the sympathies of the trustees were aroused, and they made a provision in the ordinance exempting Bow-Legged Jack.

How Hammond Trapped Rabbits

Mr. Wm. H. Hammond, of Eldred, N. Y., has one of the finest kennels of dogs in that part of the state, and he knows pretty much all about dogs and other animals. Last winter he thought he would catch some rabbits for market, and he became deeply interested in the sport.

Soon he hit on an ingenious scheme. He built a large bonfire in the woods one very dark night when the snow was six inches deep. The bunnies for miles around were attracted by the light and ran to the spot. There they sat and talked with each other, warmed their paws, became drowsy, curled up, and went to sleep to dream of a land that was always warm and comfortable and abounding in food. The snow about the fire melted, the fire died out, the snow water froze, and when the rabbits awoke in the gray dawn they were frozen fast. In fact, they did not wake at all, because they were frozen to death.

Then the wily William came around with his hatchet, chopped out 150 of the rabbits, and sent them to the New York market.

Funeral of a Pet Cat.

A Peru, Ind., dispatch says: The most unique funeral the city has ever had took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Bluey, a pet cat of Mrs. L. E. Parson, a well-known lady living on East Main street, was laid to rest in a casket especially built and ornamented by Undertaker Fetter.

Mrs. Parsons has for years treated Bluey and its mate Tobey as though they were children. She went to New York the other day to visit, and as Bluey seemed ill she instructed her neighbor to care for it, and it it died to give it a burial such as she would herself.

Accomplished Rooster.

Phil Young, the fence builder, who lives at South Hamilton, O., has a Plymouth Rock rooster. The rooster took possession of a setting of eggs three weeks ago, and by great patience hatched out eight little chicks Friday night. The rooster has the custody of the chicks now, and is taking the same care of them that a hen would.

SUGAR MAKES MUSCLE

German War Office Making Interesting Experiments—Desire of Mountain Climbers for Sweet Food.

The German War Office has been making investigations into the question whether the consumption of small quantities of sugar renders the tired muscles capable of renewed exertion. On sugar estates, when the crop is in full swing, and both laborers and animals live largely on sugar in some form, the horses and cattle, which eat the "chopped tops" of the cane smeared with molasses, are round fat, and the skin of the colored estate hands is sleek and shining. One of the most distinct sensations experienced by Alpine tourists while on difficult climbing excursions, is a strong desire for the consumption of sweets and sweetened foods, and many who never touch such things at home devour large quantities on such expeditions. It has also been noticed how eagerly the guides appropriate any sugar that may be left over.

In the German experiments, on one day a sweet liquid was administered containing 30 grammes of sugar; on the next day a similar liquid containing a sufficient amount of saccharin to render it indistinguishable from the other as regards taste. After a very large amount of musclar work had been performed, it was found that better results could be obtained on the days when the sugar was given than on the days when saccharin was given. The blood had become very poor in sugar in consequence of the severe muscular effort, and the administration of a comparatively small quantity of sugar had a markedly invigorating effect.

A well-known engineer, whose duties often lead him into districts where the food supply is uncertain, never travels without one or two small packages of chocolate tablets in his grip. He says that the combination of the sugar and the fatty matter they contain affords a sustenance most grateful to a starving stomach, and many a night when supplies had not materialized he would have gone to bed hungry if it had not been for his little chocolate magazine.

Trial of Allison,

The Alleged Murderer of Mrs. Anthony Orr.

Forty Witnesses Have Been Subpoenaed to Appear at the Galt Hearing —No New Evidence.

Galt, Ont., Sept. 4.—James Allison, charged with murdering Mrs. Anthony Orr on Aug. 9, appeared before Magistrate Turnbull yesterday. Crown Attorney Bowlby is in attendance as prosecutor. J. R. Blake and Mr. Weir, of Berlin, are looking after the prisoner's interests.

The evidence brought forward so far is similar to that taken at the coroner's inquest. The crown's theory appears to be that Allison first assaulted Mrs. Orr, and being repulsed, killed her and buried the body in the corn patch. Between 400 and 500 spectators are in attendance.

Young Allison appeared quite unconcerned and self-possessed.

Crown Attorney Bowlby suggested that only two or three of the more important crown witnesses be heard, and that prisoner waive further examination, so that the hearing might be finished in the afternoon.

Prisoner's counsel objected, and stated he proposed taking exception to some of the evidence adduced at the inquest.

The magistrate ruled that the case should be proceeded with in the ordinary way.

Prisoner's lawyer requested that all witnesses be excluded from the court room, which was done.

About a dozen witnesses were examined, the most important of whom was Anthony Orr, husband of the murdered woman. His evidence was largely the same as at the coroner's inquest. The point was brought out that prisoner had a bad temper, having in July threatened to strike Orr with a fence rail during a quarrel, but this evidence was objected to by prisoner's counsel, and the magistrate sustained the objection.

At the inquest evidence was adduced to the effect that Mrs. Orr was frightened when driving home alone from Galt one night about a week prior to the tragedy, and when going up the long lane leading to the house a man came out suddenly from ambush. Anthony Orr testified yesterday afternoon that on that occasion he (Orr) and the children were in the house, but Allison was outside, and did not make his appearance for ten minutes after Mrs. Orr's arrival at the house.

Several witnesses gave evidence as to the different conflicting stories told them by the prisoner Allison in reference to Mrs. Orr's disappearance and the shooting off of the gun.

Allison during the trial smiled frequently, and did not manifest any signs of feeling uncomfortable in his present position.

Detective Murray visited the Orr farm in the morning and attended the magistrate's court in the afternoon. Lawyer Saunders, of Toronto, is here as counsel for the private prosecutor.

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New Era in the History of Independent Forestry.

Auspicious Opening of the Grand Edifice, the New Temple, Which Will Be the Future Home of This Successful and Thriving Order.

DR. ORONHYATEKHA TELLS THE STORY OF FORESTRY.

Many Interesting Addresses by Leading Members of the Society All Over the Continent—Sketch of the Rapid Rise and Phenomenal Growth of the Society.

The Foresters' Temple, perhaps the most imposing building in Toronto, was opened on Thursday, Aug. 26, with ceremonies in keeping with influence of the order and the magnificence of its new headquarters.

In the evening there was a brilliant function in the great assembly hall, which was appropriately decorated with loyal bunting for the occasion. Many of Toronto's best citizens were present in addition to a large number of visitors from outside places. Everyone present took the greatest interest in the function, which, indeed, was noteworthy in making the progress of the I. O. F. from its modest beginning to its present stupendous constitution. All the invitations sent out by the executive were accepted, and the express elevators had all they could do to carry the crowds to the assembly hall. The speeches were excellent—both in matter and form, and dealt with the growth, the history, and the prospects of the order.

No fraternal society has a more palatial home than the Foresters' Temple in Bay street. The foundation is one of the soldiest pieces of masonry on the continent—a fact not surprising, because Oronhyatekha lays his foundations well, whether it be an order or a building. The super-structure is of red pressed brick trimmed with brown stone. The front portion of the building contains ten stories and the rear portion eight. The general offices of the order are on the eighth floor. The rooms are spacious, airy and well lighted. They are comfortably furnished, and may be reached by the three elevators opposite the main entrance, or by the elevator in the rear.

The remainder of the building will be given over to offices, and when the city and county departments remove to the new City Hall, the success of the temple as an office building is assured. The building is most conveniently situated for the City Hall the Police Court and Osgoode Hall. Financially as well as artistically there is no doubt about the success of the Foresters' Temple.

For Thursday evening's function the main entrance was richly carpeted and the hallway bedecked with flags and bunting. The entrance was illuminated by great clusters of electric lights, while along the sides of the rotunda were arranged palms and tropical plants. The assembly hall, where the opening ceremonies were performed, and where the large meetings of the order will be held, was flooded with light from the fair-colored electrolle's dependant from the ceiling. Over the platform hung a life-size portrait of the supreme chief ranger, and to the right another portrait of Rev. W. D. McCaughan in his official uniform as chief ranger of Ireland.

Some of the visitors present to attend this supreme court function were: Hon. D. D. Aiken, S.V.C.R., Flint, Mich.; Hon. Judge Wedderburn, S.C.C., Hampton, N. B.; T. G. Davey, P.S.T., London, Ont.; Charles Kendall, H.C.R., Buffalo, N. Y.; George W. Strickland, H.C.R., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. D. Clark, H.C.R., Dayton, Ohio; N. M. Calfaghan, H.C.R., Reed City, Mich.; A. E. Stevenson, H.C.R., Chicago, Ill.; Col. B. F. Parker, H.C.R., Milwaukee, Wis.; F. S. Mackay, H. C. R., Montreal; C. R. Fitzgerald, S.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; B. W. Greer, S.A., London, Ont.; Ven. Archdeacon Davis, H.T., London, Ont.; Dr. C. L. Coulter, D.S.C.R., New York City; A. A. Weeks, H.L., Grand Rapids, Mich.; W. R. Gillette, D.S.C.R., Chicago, Ill.; C. D. Clark, M.D., H.C.R., Tamworth, Ont.

THE DAY OPENS.

The proceedings of the day proper began with the procession in the afternoon, which was held largely for the purpose of showing the visitors over a portion of the city. The procession was a decided success and made quite an impression upon the citizens who viewed it as it passed through the streets. The members of the order who took part assembled at St. George's Hall at 3:45 o'clock, and at 4 o'clock the procession was formed and the march began.

At the head of the line was the band of the Forty-Eighth Highlanders, following them came Temple Encampment No. 607, Royal Foresters, in full uniform, with their standard displayed. The delegates from the high court of Central Ontario, the visiting Foresters and the Foresters of Toronto.

The I. O. F. followed, and the executive officers and the distinguished visitors, occupying twelve carriages, brought up the rear. Dr. Oronhyatekha and his staff in their exceedingly handsome uniforms and cocked hats with white plumes presented a splendid appearance, the supreme chief ranger himself looking like a general enjoying a triumph.

The Royal Foresters, too, in their martial dress, went through the march with almost the bearing of veteran soldiers. The route was up Yonge street to Gerrard, along Gerrard to Jarvis, down Jarvis to King, west on King to Yonge, down Yonge to Front, west along Front to York, up York to Richmond and then to the temple.

THE BANQUET.

The assembly hall in the evening presented a brilliant scene. Society had sent many of its leading luminaries, and the large room was crowded to the doors. On the platform and in the hall were noticed the following: Dr. Oronhyatekha, S.C.R., Toronto; Hon. Hon. D. D. Aiken, S.V.C.R., Flint, Mich.; John A. McGillivray, Q.C., S.S., Uxbridge; Dr. Millman, S.P., Toronto; Hon. Judge Wedderburn, St. John, N. B.; Judge Fitzgerald, Welland; R. Matheweon, Belleville; Col. Drennan, Kingston; Archdeacon Davis, London; James L. Hughes, inspector of schools; W. B. Saunders, Stayner, H.C.R., Central Ontario; Rev. W. J. McCaughan; Rev. Wm. Courtney, St. Thomas; Col. N. F. Paterson, Uxbridge; Mrs. Dr. Oronhyatekha, sen.; Miss Oronhyatekha, Cea. Kappele, Acland Oronhyatekha, M.D., Mrs. Acland Oronhyatekha; Mrs. Custer Calhoun, New York; Mrs. Hayard, Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. McLaren; Mrs. T. G. Davey, London; Mrs. Dr. Millman, Mrs. John A. McGillivray, Miss Wedderburn; Mrs. McCaughan, Toronto; Mr. Morgan, Barrie, H.V.C.R. Central Ontario; Mr. Dickinson, ex-M.P., Manotock; Mr. George Bertram, Toronto; Dr. Rose, Toronto; W. J. Hambley, Toronto; Mrs. Leslie, E. B. Osler, M.P., Toronto; Mr. Callaghan, H.C.R., Michigan; Mr. Clark, H.C.R., Ohio; Dean Carey, Kingston; Wm. Laidlaw, Q.C., Rev. Alexander MacGillivray; A. H. Backhouse, Aylmer, H.C.R. Ontario; Mr. McKay, Montreal, H.C.R. Quebec; Geo. H. Wilson, Toronto; Mr. Gorselin, city clerk, Montreal; Ald. Hallam, Ald. Hubbard; Mr. Barker, H.C.R. Wisconsin; Dr. Kendall, H.C.R. Michigan; Mr. Stevenson, H.C.R. Illinois; Ald. Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. James Glover and Miss Glover; Thos. Lawless, A.S.C.R., Mrs. Thomas Lawless, D. A. Rose, Mrs. D. A. Rose, Daniel Rose, Mrs. Daniel Rose; G. A. Harper, H.S.O.R.; A. E. Weeks, Michigan; E. C. Oliver, Stayner; Z. Hemphill, W. H. Morgan, Walter Dixon, A. Johnston, C. C. Whale, S.O.; C. A. Stone, John H. Dunlop, W. J. Lawrence, T. A. Kirvan, A. Speers; M. N. Dafoe, Zephyr; J. A. Smith, Campbellford; J. W. Frost, Owen Sound; W. S. Johnston, Mrs. W. S. Johnston; T. H. Little, M.D., P.H.P., Mrs. Little; Miss Fanny Snook, Detroit; Andrew Doole, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Martin.

Precisely at 8:40 o'clock Dr. Oronhyatekha, the supreme chief ranger, stepped forward, and said:

"In the name of the Independent Order of Foresters, I declare the Temple Building duly opened."

This significant formality was greeted with tremendous applause.

PRAISES DR. ORONHYATEKHA.

After the lapse of a few minutes Mr. James L. Hughes presented Dr. Oronhyatekha in the following speech:

"It is indeed a great pleasure that I have in introducing to those of you who do not already know him, and of reintroducing to those of you who do know him, the distinguished gentleman who presides over the great organization to which most of us, if not all, have belonged.

"I hope that all of you who are not at present members of this great institution will soon belong. When a boy a great many years ago, so long ago that I dare not tell you how many years, when I started to teach my first school, I had the good fortune to meet Dr. Oronhyatekha, then beginning his medical practice. I have watched his course very closely since then, and there is no Canadian of whom I am personally prouder than Dr. Oronhyatekha.

"One of the reasons why I have such great faith in the Prince of Wales as a man well qualified to rule over our great empire is that when he visited Canada in 1860, and met young Oronhyatekha, he recognized in the youth of that time the power that ought to be developed. In order to enable him to develop his power as it ought to be developed, the Prince of Wales took him to England and gave him opportunities of development at the best British universities.

"I need not tell you that since that he has amply justified the choice of the Prince of Wales, and has reflected distinction also upon the university which he attended. If he had not done anything but what he has done in connection with this great institution and in connection with the founding of the method of insurance tht is practiced by this institution, it would have been sufficient to justify the opinion of his friends, that he is one of the most original, one of the most accomplished, and one of the best executive officers that the American continent has yet produced.

HIS GREAT SUCCESS.

"We, as Foresters, all realize the deep obligation all fraternal societies are under to Dr. Oronhyatekha, for having been the founder of the principle which has become so general throughout the world, and the principle upon which fraternal societies are based. In all departments of our societies, Dr. Oronhyatekha, so far as he has been willing to undertake it, has performed a high and responsible part.

"He has occupied the highest place in connection with the great Templar organization, not only in Canada, but of all the world, and he also had the highest position in the Sons of Temperance. Other organizations of which he has been a member have offered to him their highest positions, so far as he has been willing to accept them.

"We are glad that during the last fifteen years he has concentrated his attention upon this institution, and brought it to such magnificent proportions. We are all glad to be associated with him in this work. I personally believe that he has brought this organization to such a position that it may be able to do without him, when that time comes that we shall have him in a still higher position.

"I look forward to the time when Dr. Oronhyatekha will be called upon to take a position of greater importance in connection with the public life of Canada than he has yet taken. We feel the need of a man of this kind, and I have no doubt that he will well fill any position that his fellow citizens may give him. At any rate, we are proud of him as Foresters, and I know you will be proud to be presided over by Dr. Oronhyatekha, supreme chief ranger of the order."

DR. ORONHYATEKHA SPEAKS.

The supreme chief ranger said: "Ladies and Gentlemen.—The position of chairman over an assembly of this character is a sinecure. I am fortunate tonight in being surrounded by some of the most eminent men in the order—orators of the very highest qualities—and it is not expected that as chairman I should occupy your attention tonight.

"Tonight every member of the executive is present except one whom we all love, my old friend Edward Botterel, of the House of Commons in Ottawa. Owing to pressing official duties at the capital he was unable to be present tonight.

"The other five members of the executive are here upon the platform with me. They are all orators. They represent always upon occasions of this kind the oratorical powers of the executive—I simply represent the good sense and the good looks of the body—(laughter and applause)—and, therefore, tonight, I am expected to simply show myself to you and then to take my seat, and give my time to my colleagues and the other distinguished officers from other jurisdictions who are here tonight.

EARLY DAYS OF THE SOCIETY.

"Let me just say, however, that the Independent Order of Foresters have had a somewhat checkered career. The order was founded in 1874, in Newark, N. J. In 1876 it was introduced into Canada by the establishment of Court Hope, in the city of London, and the principal parties concerned in the establishment of that court are present



ORONHYATEKHA, M.D., S.C.R.

tonight in the persons of his Honor Judge Fitzgerald, who is familiarly known in the order as the grandfather of the institution, and Ben Greer, one of the supreme auditors. His full name, I believe, is Benjamin, but the Foresters would not know him if I called him Benjamin. From his hands I received the grip of the order and the first password, and he is usually known as the 'dad' of the order. (Laughter.)

"For several years the government of the order was with our American brethren. In 1881 a reorganization took place, and at the time of the reorganization the order was not in a very flourishing condition. I may say that at this time there was a danger—it looked as if there was no other end for the Foresters save dissolution, but a few in Canada, and a less number in the United States, believing in the principle of fraternity—believing that insurance can be given at a much less cost than is usually charged by the regular insurance companies—banded themselves together in the reorganization of the order.

ITS GREAT GROWTH.

"[illegible] that time we numbered 369. Today there are over 120,000 members of our grand institution. At the time of the reorganization we had no funds in the treasury; we began with a large indebtedness—large for such a small body of men as that which then assumed so much responsibility and obligation. At the time of the reorganization the order was more than $4,000 in debt. The latest report of the treasurer showed that we had in our treasury a surplus after paying all benefits and after paying all expenses of management of $2,328,810. (Applause.)

"Now I am not going to argue, but simply direct your attention to the fact that in our history from 1881 down to the 1st of August, 1897, this great order has demonstrated that insurance can be given at the lowest cost and safely given at the rates which we charge our membership.

"During that period, during the short existence of the order, we have distributed among the members and the beneficiaries, the widows and orphans of our deceased members, no less than $4,667,568. This is but a small part of the work which is being done by this great order in every land where its courts are established, for in addition to giving the benefits to the widows and orphans we give medical attendance, sick benefits, funeral benefits and privileges of fraternal membership. We have nearly 3,000 subordinate courts under the jurisdiction of the supreme court today.

NEVER BE SICK.

"In every subordinate court there is a medical officer charged with the duty not of curing Foresters when they are sick, but of keeping them healthy all the year round—and not permitting them to be sick at all. They are charged with the duty of selecting our membership, and on them depends very largely the success, the continued prosperity of our institution, and that they have succeeded admirably is shown by the history of our society.

"In 1881, at the time of the reorganization, the mortality was 10 in the thousand; in 1891, ten years after the reorganization, the mortality rate had dropped down to 6.40, a great achievement, indeed, for our medical officers. In 1892 the mortality rate fell still lower, to 6.25, and we then supposed that we had reached the lowest possible point to which a death rate could be reduced.

"Great was our rejoicing, and we congratulated ourselves at so small a death rate, but in 1893 the mortality dropped down to 5.47, and we began to think that perhaps the time would come when we would have no deaths at all in our order—(laughter)—if the death rate continued to fall lower and lower every year.

"In 1896 the death rate was only 5.50 per thousand, so that one great advantage of being a member of this institution is in the fact that if you are a Forester you will die only about one-third as often as you would if you remained outside of the order—(laughter and applause)—the mortality of the ordinary public being 16 to 18 in the thousand, and only 5½ in the Foresters.

THE FORESTERS' HOME.

"I shall not attempt to describe this building—look it it yourselves and describe it for yourselves, and you will be satisfied, as the members of our



order are immensly satisfied, with our investment. We expect that it will prove to be the best investment of the order, and yet we did not begin the building of the Temple so much for revenue as for other causes.

"We have today between 80 and 90 clerks in the head office, and we were anxious that they should have a place in which to work where every possible thing was done that could be done to contribute to their health and comfort while working for this great order. After the close of this meeting you will be invited to go to our offices and examine them.

"Although that was our primary object in beginning the building it now looks as if the building would yield us the phenomenal sum of 5 per cent on the investment. I say phenomenal, because 2 or 3 per cent is considered a very good revenue for buildings of this class. On behalf of the executive of the supreme court, of the high chief rangers of the various jurisdictions in Canada and the United States and on behalf of the membership, the bone and sinew of the order, I bid each of you welcome to the Temple.

THE LADIES' BRANCH.

"I may say that we have just authorized the institution of a ladies' branch of the Independent Order of Foresters, and the supreme secretary, who has always opposed, with all his talents and with all his might and energy, and with all the ability of the eminent politician that he is, the admission of women to the order, has finally concluded that it is a good thing to let them in. During the 30 days that that branch has been in operation we have received applications for 31 charters."

The Grand Secretary—34 it is.

The Doctor, continuing, said: "34, is it? Ah, as a matter of fact, you know when dealing with statistics in regard to the Independent Order of Foresters, you must always look at your watch. It was 31 at noon today; tonight it is 34; what it will be at midnight I am not prepared to say.

"These ladies who have joined us in our great work are called 'Companions of the Independent Order of Foresters,' and at the close of this meeting I would not be surprised if Bro. Harper would not ask all of you to join a court to be instituted tonight, and become Companions. I may tell you that you might be very much worse off than as Companions of the Independent Order of Foresters. (Laughter.) Let me bid you welcome, and thank you all for coming to the opening of the Temple building. I trust that you may by thus assembling together tonight be induced to look into our principles and look with a more sympathetic heart into our principles, and so join with us in pushing forward the greatest work of the age. I know of nothing that can be more important than providing for the widows and orphans, and I call for your sympathy in forwarding that work."

The supreme chief ranger resumed his seat amidst loud applause.

MR. AITKEN SPEAKS.

Hon. D. D. Aitkin, of Michigan, supreme vice-chief ranger, was received with much cordiality by the audience. In his admirable address he said:

"Brother Foresters, I believe that you rejoice with the executive and with the management of this great institution in the ceremonies of dedicating this Temple to the use of this order. I believe that you rejoice with us that the good work in which we are engaged is to be continued. This Temple was erected and paid for by our order, composed of men whose actions were unselfish.

"No assessment was ever contributed by any member for a selfish motive. No man ever joined the Foresters expecting himself to profit by its efforts. The great order has been stretching out its arms to uplift humanity, to make life better worth living, to alleviate the suffering of the unfortunate, to care for the widow and protect the orphan, how well we have succeeded the citizens of Toronto can justly judge. The hand of charity has been outstretched in the time of your need to alleviate the distress of your citizens. You have this great building, but we Foresters in the states and the provinces have the benefit of the teaching of this order—liberty, benevolence and charity. You have much to be proud of in the city of Toronto.

PRAISES THE CHIEF.

"Here lives the architect who has had late and immediate supervision of this great edifice, but, citizens, the foundation was laid many years ago. You have the architect of the building, but we have the supreme chief of the order, who devised and fashioned the law that made it possible to have it erected, and I say to you that as a member of this order I have the tried and trusted friendship of the great architect of Forestry. He is your citizen, but our chief, and we believe that we are rightly proud—proud of the genius and of the courage to fashion aright a system that did absolute equity and justice to its membership, and that at a time when orders were new, when the death rate was low, and when all the new orders with a low death rate were catering to popularity to furnish life benefits as cheaply as possible. It remained for Toronto to furnish a citizen who conceived the project, and who had the courage of his convictions to start right and continue right in this great system of fraternal insurance. He would not swerve from his purpose by the prejudice of public opinion. He believed that in order to do equity to the entire membership you must take care for the living as well as regard for the families of those who die early in the order, and he is the first man not only in your Dominion, but on the American continent, who had the courage to start right in this work and continue steadfast in his efforts.

"Tonight marks an epoch. It presents the first evidence of the perpetuity of this system of insurance. While all over the land there have been doubts as to whether it would be possible to unite men by the ties of fraternity and have them at the actual cost protect home and kindred, the possibility has been demonstrated by the members of this great order. Man is selfish, as a rule; his efforts are directed to purpose of self, but it is not so with this order.

"All they ask for is that they shall have an opportunity to contribute their share toward the protection of the home and guarantee that when they are called away their brothers remaining will tender to those dependent upon them the same solicitude, care and protection. This massive building is evidence that our future is assured.

"While in this beautiful city of Toronto, as beautiful as any on this continent, with its great institutions of learning, second to none in the land, with a class of citizens whose morals and civilization are equalled by few, and surpassed by no community, I say to you that you have a great building; you are entitled to it because you furnished the architect that made possible the completion, but we have the benefit of the teaching of that architect."

MR. M'CAUGHAN'S ADDRESS.

Rev. Mr. McCaughan, who was introduced by the genial chairman as "an Irishman to the backbone who has recently become a Canadian," spoke briefly upon the benefits of the order. He believed that the harmony on the present occasion was but a foretaste of the harmony that was likely to permeate the order in the years before it. He attributed the success of the order to the genius of the supreme chief ranger.

AN OHIOAN SPEAKS.

Brother J. D. Clark, high chief ranger for Ohio, spoke eloquently and forcibly. He expressed the appreciation of the high honor of standing amid such distinguished and representative men. The fact that Ohio had furnished presidents for the United States since the war of the rebellion was alluded to by the speaker with justifiable pride. He continued: "I come bringing the congratulations to this side of the beautiful lakes of 6,000 brethren in the State of Ohio; I come claiming that 50,000 men on my side of the great lakes and more than 50,000 here each has a little brick in their wall. I come bearing from my own jurisdiction the congratulations of every loyal Forester to the Foresters of Toronto, and especially to him to whom we are more indebted than to any other person for the proud position of the order."

QUEBEC'S CHIEF RANGER.

Bro. McKay, high chief ranger of Quebec, prefaced his remarks with an apology for his inability to speak English perfectly—and this was the only way in which those present knew he was not English, so perfect was his speech. He pointed to the high chief ranger as a wonderful example of the elevation of an Indian chief to a position of the very first importance through his own ability and wisdom, added by the benefits of an English university education.

VOICE FROM NEW BRUNSWICK.

Judge Wedderburn, of New Brunswick, supreme consul of that province, delivered a speech of great eloquence. Thousands of Foresters were, he said, looking towards the Temple, widows and orphans were looking towards it, and thanking God that such an organiaztion as the Foresters existed to heal the wounds in their hearts and assuage their grief.

MR. HOWLAND'S SUGGESTION.

Mr. O. A. Howland, M.P.P., in a brief and effective speech commended the worthy objects of the order, felicitated its members upon the success that had attended their efforts, and made a practical suggestion. It was that every member at the age of fifty years should be bound as a condition to bring in a new and younger member. He expressed the hope that Forestry, which he characterized as one of the most beneficent institutions of our social system, might continue in usefulness and prosperity.

Dr. Oronhyatekha invited Mr. Howland to carry out his suggestion. The supreme chief ranger mentioned that during the months of May, June and July the order had received 9,835 applications for admission, of which 8,826 had been accepted. The addition to the surplus during the same time had been $151,020, which he thought not bad for the dog days, taking into consideration the fact that the order had paid to widows' and orphans in that time $235,000.

Other speeches were made, after which the company enjoyed a dance in their new hall.

THE ORDER'S GREAT GROWTH.

On the occasion of the opening of the magnificent new Temple on the corner of Richmond and Bay streets, one of the finest of the many fine buildings in Toronto, it is fitting to briefly review the history of the Independent Order of Foresters. The statistical and financial details will show a marvelous growth and prosperity—a growth and prosperity unexcelled, perhaps unequaled, in this age of wonders.

Mr. Lawless very truly says in speaking of the rapid growth and financial prosperity of the order:

"From a membership of 369 less than sixteen years ago to upward of 111,700 on the 1st of May is a mighty stride to make; from a deficit then of over $4,000 to a surplus now of $2,177,781 is a very broad gap to span.

"The stride has been made, however, without halt or falter, and the gap has been spanned with an arch perfectly formed and strong enough to carry safely the sturdy hundreds of thousands who are now, and hereafter will continue to be, attracted to our standard; and these feats have been accomplished notwithstanding deaths and lapses numbering nearly forty thousand and the disbursements of but little less than five millions of dollars for mortuary, total and permanent disability, expectation of life, old age, and sick and funeral benefits, together with management and other expenses during the period occupied by the operations."

ROYAL ORDER OF FORESTERS

About the year 1745 there was established at Knaresborough, England, a society which was called the "Royal Order of Foresters," but which is now known, as it has been since 1834, as the "Ancient Order of Foresters." The first court of that order in the United States was established at the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1864. Ten years later there were sixty-four courts in existence in various parts of the Union, all working under the high court of England. In 1871 the American courts asked the parent body in England for permission to establish a subsidiary high court for the United States, with a view to the more speedy adjustment of local business, but were unable to obtain the desired concession. The request was repeated a year or two later, with a similar result. Then separation was resolved upon by the dissident courts, and at a "national convention"—by the way, a peculiarly American institution—on the 17th day of June, 1874, "the Independent Order of Foresters" came into existence, with Colonel Alonzo B. Caldwell as the first presiding officer. It is not now necessary to inquire into the motives which induced the gallant colonel and his associates of the occasion to sever the English connection and establish the order under whose name and auspices we are assembled.

"Let it suffice to say that the work since done by the society then inaugurated has proved the need for and justified their action. That society started out upon its fraternal mission along death assessment lines and with a somewhat crude system.

THE NEW SYSTEM.

"It presented the problem of mortuary insurance in a new light, however, and the very small cost at which it proposed to provide against the uncertainties of life caught the popular mind at a time when there was springing into existence a demand for that protection which the exorbitant charges of the old line companies practically placed beyond the reach of the masses. The consequence was the rapid extension of the new society to all parts of the United States and Canada.

"But an incomplete system, hampered by internal troubles and aggravated by larger death losses than could be met without assessing the membership beyond their expectations, produced dissatisfaction, and disaster followed; and it came to pass that in a few months a society many thousands strong, and that had distributed half a million of dollars in benefits to the widows and orphans of other dependents of deceased members was, in the seventh year of its existence, broken up into fragments that assumed other names, under which they nearly all subsequently passed into oblivion.

"A section of the membership headed by Dr. Oronhyatekha, the present honored supreme chief ranger, however, refused to obliterate itself or to desert the widows and orphans to whom the order owed $3,000 for insurance benefits, but resolved to stand by and remodel and rebuilt it upon its present international basis; and it was not long before the Americans recognized the merits of the remodeled system, and they now form nearly one-half of the membership of the best fraternal benefit society in the world, as Dr. Oronhyatekha, with pardonable pride and great truthfulness, calls the Independent Order of Foresters.

THE DARKER DAYS.

"It was the last week in June of the eventful year 1881, when clouds hung darkly and heavily over the order, [illegible] Supreme Court at Ottawa to consider what should be done. When then census was taken there were but 869 members found ready to stand up to the work of making good to the widows and orphans the unredeemed pledges of the parent body. The treasury contained not a dollar wherewith to redeem the pledges that had become claims; and the institution was discredited everywhere.

"The situation was one to try the courage of even a stronger band, for success, under the circumstances, appeared very doubtful, and failure might mean ruin to those who would be compelled to pledge all they were worth to raise the funds necessary to carry out their undertaking. But they set to work with a firm determination to remove the mountain of difficulty which stood in the way.

"The Supreme Court was reorganized and incorporated to give it a legal standing in the country. The whole system was revised, and the plan of monthly assessments adopted, which has proved a tower of strength to the order. An entirely new literature was prepared and published to meet the changed conditions and to combat opposition.

"Money was raised to pay off old claims, and to provide for current expenses. So well did Dr. Oronhyatekha and his colleagues plan, and so vigorously act, that in less than six months the tide which threatened to overwhelm the society was turned, and the remodeled Independent Order of Foresters fairly on the way to that great success which has since made the society an object of admiration as well as of envy for the whole fraternal world.

THE WORK DONE.

"Adding the aggregate of the several benefits paid during 1896 to the previous payments, and there is made up the immense total of $4,113,511 17 disbursed in golden blessings to members or their widows and orphans or other beneficiaries since the order commenced its career. Of the 102,838 members in the order on the 31st of December, 1896, 25,121, or 24.42 per cent, were enrolled for the sick and funeral benefits, the number of enrollments during 1896 having been 5,240. It will perhaps give an idea of the beneficent work of the sick and funeral benefit department to say that during 1896, 5,816 sick claims were approved, for which the benefits paid amounted to $101,149 15; in addition to which there was paid as funeral benefits, to assist in burying the dead, the sum of $7,285.

"The average amount paid on each sick claim was $17 39, and the average amount paid per week was $4 16. The average membership in the department for the year was 22,501, and the total number of weeks of sick risk during the year was 1,170,052. The sick experience was 24,343 weeks and 2 days, equal to a small fraction over one week for each person exposed.

"No account has been taken in these computations of the local sick benefits disbursed by courts outside of Canada, which must amount to a considerable sum; but the figures given are sufficient to show the very large amount of good being done in an unostentatious manner by the sick and funeral benefit department of the order, to say nothing of those magnificent and far-reaching benefits—those golden blessings—which the mortuary department distributes without stint, and to the workingman as freely as to the millionaire.

"Condensing and summarizing the results of the order's operations we obtain the striking and eminently satisfactory facts which tell us more eloquently than can be done by rhetoric or metaphor how grandly the promises of Independent Forestry have been and are being redeemed, and hold out the reasonable hope that even greater and more magnificent achievements will signalize the future of the order so well adapted for the practical development of liberty, benevolence and concord in their noblest form.

THE RECENT WORK.

"It may not be out of place just here to refer briefly to what has been accomplished by the order since the commencement of the present year. There were on the register of the Supreme Court on the 31st of December last the names of 102,838 members in good standing; on the 31st of June the number was 116,001. This represents an increase for the half year of 13,165, which lacks but 3,154 of equaling the increase for the whole of the year 1895. The increase for the corresponding months of 1896 was 9,603. The surplus on the 31st of last December was $2,015,484 38; on the 30th of June it was $2,267,683 82.

"This was an increase for the half-year of $252,199 41; and during the month of July there was a further increase of $61,177, bringing the surplus up to the very handsome sum of $2,328,801 76, and the increase for the seven months to $3,313,317 38. The increase for the corresponding months of 1896 was $249,498 77.

"The total benefits paid by the order up to the 31st of December, 1896, amounted to $4,113,511 17. During the six months to the 30th of June following no less a sum than $480,328 86 was paid for the various benefits given by the order, and during the month of July that sum was increased by $73,728 47, making the payments for benefits during the seven months amount to $554,057 33, and bringing the total sum distributed by the order in the form of benefits to members or their beneficiaries up to $4,667,568 50. The benefits paid during the corresponding months of 1896 amounted to $490,398 05.

"A very brief contemplation of this vast sum of money and of the circumstances under which it was distributed will enable one to realize that it has been a veritable showering of golden blessings upon thousands who otherwise would have been left to the charity of an unsympathizing world."

Heart Disease

CURED BY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

I have suffered for years with fluttering of the heart, sleeplessness, and tired feeling, with occasional backache. I am now on the second box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and am improving every day. I can highly recommend them to my fellow-men as the best medicine on earth, and shall never miss an opportunity of saying a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills.

T. J. DONOHUE,
Crystal City, Man.

Dodd's Kidney Pills Always Cure Heart Disease

Canada's Products.

Dominion's Dairy Commissioner Talks About His Trip.

Old Country Folks Are Much Interested.

Our Farmers Can Supply Good, Clean Fresh Products for British Breakfast Tables.

The outlook for Canadian agricultural products in the markets of Great Britain is of particular interest at the present time. The material prosperity of Canada is so intimately bound up with the results which the farmers obtain from their labors, that when there are good crops, good prices and a steady demand, every commercial and manufacturing concern is able to do more business with larger profits, the professional men can collect their fees more quickly and certainly, and all classes of the population meet their financial obligations with the promptness and regularity which indicate general prosperity.

Prof. Robertson, commissioner of agriculture and dairying, returned from a mission to Great Britain lately. In response to an inquiry as to how he found Canadian farm products taking in Great Britain, he said to a representative of the Montreal Star:

CANADIAN PRODUCTS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

"Great and continuous prominence has been given to Canadian matters in the British papers during the season. That may lead to a decided advantage in the demand for Canadian products. The consuming public of Great Britain, which does not often trouble itself with the names of places whence their food products come, have been persistently made aware of the fact that Canada is the premier colony of the empire, and a place from which all sorts of good things may be obtained, from the best quality of wheat to the finest of cheese to eat with their bread, from the most nourishing beefsteak to luscious and dainty flavored peaches and pears, from golden butter made in the government creameries in the Northwest and elsewhere, to bricks of gold (in prospect) from the Klondike and Kootenay and the Lake of the Woods.

BUSINESS IS BUSINESS.

"The British business men whom one meets from day to day say that they find a decided preference in England for things Canadian and things colonial; but that when the retail buyer comes to the importer's warehouse to select his goods for the week, he leaves his preferential sentiment outside of the warehouse and out of the bargain, and buys only what he counts to be the best value, no matter where the goods come from. Moreover, when he buys anything Canadian, he adds to his shop talk for his customers the fact that it is Canadian, and, therefor pure, wholesome and from a country where the habits and customs of the people are of a very high order in regard to cleanliness.

"More than ever the British markets are becoming the places where the surplus foods of all lands are sent for final disposal. There is such an abundance and variety of foods in the markets of the great cities of England, Scotland and Ireland, that the people have become fastidious and most discriminating buyers. On the streets of the great cities, while a Canadian notices the poor, and sometimes tattered clothing of the lower classes, he is struck by the well fed appearance of their faces and limbs. For the best qualities of all kinds of foods in the pink of fine condition, there is a steady demand, at relatively high prices; and for the same kinds of food of an inferior quality and out of condition, the prices are very low, although the demand may be called omnivorous.

FRESH MEATS.

"I saw only one shipment of fresh dressed beef from Canada. When cut up on the counter of the retailer, it compared most favorably with the best Scotch or best English beef on sale. The outside of the quarters had lost the bloom of freshness, and that doubtless prevented it from being sold at as high a price wholesale as was obtainable for the best Scotch or the best English.

"The fat cattle which are imported into Great Britain from Canada or the United States, must, according to regulations of the British government, be slaughtered at the port at which they are landed. The carcasses from such cattle are hardly distinguishable in appearance from the home fed cattle of England and Scotland. They are dressed in the same way. The only external evidence of difference is in the fat of the most of them being of a yellower hue than in the carcasses of the English and Scotch. The chilled beef imported into Great Britain from the United States is not fetching, wholesale, as high prices by the quarter as the beef from the steers which are imported alive from Canada and United States. In the retail butchers' shops, the beef from the steers imported alive from Canada and the United States, and the chilled beef from the United States are sold often indiscriminately for the same price as beef from home fed cattle; and it is doubtful whether an expert judge of beef could tell by examination from which class of animals the roast or steak, when so cut, had been taken.

"The frozen beef which is imported into Great Britain from Australasia and Argentina, sells for a definitely lower price than classes which I have mentioned. There appears to be a large opening for a large trade in chilled beef from Canada. The beef particularly from steers fed in the Northwest Territories could be handled to the British market at much lower cost per head dressed than alive. There would be an avoidance of the shrinkage in weight resulting from the long journey. There would be prevention of the discoloration of the tallow. There would be no bruising with the consequent damaged appearance of many quarters from cattle shipped alive. I think it is only a question of a short time when the retail butchers will pay for chilled beef arriving in England in the best condition, a price equal to, if not higher than the price they will pay for beef from the abattoirs there.

MUTTON AND LAMBS.

"Enormous quantities of frozen mutton and lambs are imported from Australia and Argentina. While in the frozen state they look almost as well as the fresh killed and unfrozen carcasses; but when they are thawed and exposed, they quickly take on a darkened and repulsive appearance. Those interested in these products claim that the quality is nearly as good as the home-grown English, Welsh and Scotch mutton, but they do not fetch nearly as good a price. There is a good chance for trade in chilled Canadian lambs and mutton to be built up.

CANADIAN CHEESE.

"I found the Canadian cheese holding its place well in the British markets. This year has shown a more active demand from consumers than has existed during the summer for a few seasons. I think the output of cheese has been slightly above the average quality, and some 20 shillings above the average price of the last two years. There is still a wide difference between the prices of the finest Scotch and English Cheddars and the finest Canadian cheese. As an instance I may cite what I saw in some of the large warehouses in London. A lot of Scotch Cheddars were sold at 62 shillings per cwt.

"They had a slightly richer body and finer flavor than the Canadian cheese in the same warehouse, and in this country would have been counted worth a quarter, or at most a half cent per pound more than the Canadian. Yet they were sold wholesale at four cents per pound over the top price for the Canadian cheese on the same market, on the same day. There is room still for improving the quality of Canadian cheese until a large share of it is as fine as the best of the English and Scotch Cheddars. With cool storage at the cheese factories, so constructed and managed that the temperature shall never rise above 60 degrees in summer, it is easily practicable to make cheese of as rich a body and as fine a flavor as the best I saw in England or Scotland.

"At present the discrimination between the different qualities of cheese in Canada seldom leads in the same district to a difference of more than a half cent per pound, whereas in Great Britain the differences often are as much as four or five cents per pound, wholesale.

"An evil complained of by many of the importers in Great Britain is the practice by some exporters on this side of the Atlantic of selling "futures," that is offering to sell cheese at certain prices for future delivery, often before the cheese are made. In their opinion, if that could be effectually stopped, the trade would be on a healthier and more satisfactory basis, with the likelihood of more remunerative prices for the producers of Canada.

CREAMERY BUTTER.

"I found a great change in the reputation of Canadian creamery butter in the markets of London and Manchester. During the last few years it has won for itself a good name and an increasing demand. The Danish butter still holds a good place in the British markets, but in some of them it is now only second to the best Irish butter from the co-operative creameries. The North-British Agriculturist, in its issue of Aug. 4, published the last of a series of articles on Danish farming. The writer illustrates the article by a number of cuts reproduced from kodak photographs of cow stables in Denmark. He agrees with Mr. Spiers, an eminent Scotch farmer, who visited Demark lately with several other members of the royal commission on tuberculosis, in saying that Danish dairy stock were, as a rule, kept under the most deplorable sanitary conditions.

"Tuberculosis of a generalized and very virulent type was exceedingly prevalent there, and the wells for the water supply to the farm, households and live stock, as well as for the washing of the butter were, in three cases out of four, within less than a dozen yards of the dungstead; so that he had been forced to the conclusion, that many of the obscure cases of typhoid fever in this country were caused by the use of Danish butter.

"I think that the place hitherto occupied by Danish butter, which has been stupendously advertised, well manufactured, generally uniform in quality, and put up in some attractive packages, will hereafter be taken up by butter from Irish creameries and Canadian creameries.

"The general good health of Canadian cattle, the purity of the water supply, the luxuriance and fine quality of the herbage and fodders, and the cleanly habits of the people, are all advantages on the side of Canada which count for a great deal. While I saw the best quality of fresh flavored butter selling at from 84 shillings to 88 shillings per cwt., I saw what was called creamery butter from the United States, slightly off in flavor and soft in body, selling at from 60 shillings per cwt. The market emphasized in the most striking way that for anything under the very best in quality an almost ruinously low price was the best that could be obtained.

"The 56 pound box is the butter package most in favor. Manufacturers and shippers of butter should take special pains to put every package in a canvas bag while it is clean. An unsoiled, neat and attractive package will attract the best class of customers who are able and willing to pay the highest range of prices that the market will afford. In conversation with a large butter dealer in Scotland, who handles only butter from Irish and Scotch creameries, he said to me that he had that day examined a lot of Canadian creamery butter which had arrived in one of the cold storage chambers, and that he had never seen a finer quality of creamery butter, adding: 'If you Canadians can send butter like that all the time, you will take a first place in the markets here.'

CANADIAN BACON.

"Canadian bacon is taking a relatively better place in the British markets than it has done hitherto. A great advance has been made during the last two years, and particularly during the current summer. In this product also I found that there is a very great difference between the prices obtainable for the finest quality and any seconds, 'fats' or 'softs,' as they are called. It will pay the Canadian farmer to select, rear and feed the hogs, that they will have a large number of hogs of a fairly uniform quality. They should be what are called fleshy hogs. These are obtained chiefly through feeding the young hogs, after they are weaned, on skim milk, or butter-milk, or whey mixed with them. The best bacon pigs are those which would, when ready to kill, weigh from 160 to 180 pounds, live weight. These are also the pigs which yield the largest profit on their feeding. At that time they have given a larger increase in live weight for the amount of food consumed than they could at any later period of their growth.

"There has been a considerable increase in the number of swine fattened in Canada during the summer in connection with dairying, and the prices during the past month have been remunerative, at Toronto, the No. 1 hogs selling as high as 6 cents per pound live weight. According to their actual value for making bacon for the British markets, No. 1 selected hogs, weighing about 160 pounds, are worth about one cent per pound live weight more than those which are too fat, soft or rough.

POULTRY.

"All the poultry dealers whom I saw said that Canadian turkeys were well liked in Great Britain; and why should they not be? The experts declare that their flesh is whiter, sweeter, and of a higher flavor than the turkeys from the continent. The turkeys should be killed in such a way as to leave no external blemish on the birds. They should be plucked so as to leave no disfiguring marks and no tears on the skin, or surface, and the feet and legs should be spotlessly clean. For export they should be packed in cases and sorted so that each case will contain birds of as nearly an equal weight as possible. In one case there might be put birds weighing from eight to ten pounds. The number of birds in the case and the range of weight (namely, from eight to ten pounds, or other weights) should be marked on the outside. Another case could contain the birds weighing from ten to twelve pounds, etc. Cock turkeys of large size will sell well about Christmas time. All other seasons of the year birds of smaller size, from eight to twelve pounds are in greater demand. Those in the trade in England say that there is a good market for them from the middle of November until the end of March. There is a large market for chickens of good size and quality, but as yet the Canadian farmers do not supply enough of those for the demand of our own cities.

EGGS.

"Great Britain imports eggs annually to the value of about $20,000,000. Canadian eggs are gaining in favor. Those arriving this year in cold storage are said to be pleasing very well. The only complaint I heard was that when the cases were opened, they became very moist, and were said to be 'sweating,' or becoming covered with dew. As a matter of fact, the cause was when eggs from the cold storage chamber were exposed to a warm, moist atmosphere, the moisture from the air was condensed on the surface of a glass containing ice-cold water. When the egg cases are left closed two days in the warehouse at the ordinary temperature of the atmosphere, and then opened, the eggs are warmed up gradually. After that this trouble which is called 'sweating,' does not occur. It is important that the eggs for export to Great Britain should be collected from the nests regularly, and that only those which are collected regularly should be sold to the exporters. When a nestful is found at one time, these should not be put in with the eggs collected in the usual way.

"The Right Hon. W. H. Gladstone, in a speech at the annual Hawarden Flower Show, a fortnight ago, dealing mainly with butter and eggs, said: 'I find that twelve hundred million eggs are laid all over Europe in order to be imported to England; I cannot help thinking it would be a good thing if five or six hundred millions of these eggs were laid at home. Because you may depend on this, that the nearer the egg is to the place where it is consumed, the better and the fresher it will be.' With the cold storage from Canada, the hens from Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces can lay down eggs in the pantries of the most fastidious in Great Britain, fresh in flavor, and fit for any egg use. The collecting, the packages and the packing must be looked after carefully.

PEACHES, PEARS AND GRAPES.

"I was able to arrange for the sale in Great Britain of the trial shipments of peaches, pears and grapes which are to be sent from the Niagara district. For the first year, these trial shipments will be sent only, or mainly, to Covent Garden, in London, and to the Fruit Bazar, in Glasgow.

"I saw pears from California arrive in very good condition at Covent Garden. They are sold at excellent prices, and I am sure that the Canadian pears of higher flavor and rather finer quality can be delivered in equally good condition.

"Since I returned I visited Grimsby, Ont., inspected the cold storage warehouse, and had a conference with fruit growers who had agreed to furnish fruit for these trial shipments. There is an excellent crop of Crawford peaches on the trees, a fine and unusually heavy crop of Bartlett pears, and the promise of a very good crop of grapes. The fruitgrowers at Grimsby have procured a quantity of suitable packages and a first trial shipment will be sent from there next week. Each fruit will be wrapped in tissue paper. They will be packed in comparatively small trays, holding from three to five pounds each, and these will be put in crates holding about twelve trays each. The outside cases, or crates, are constructed to permit of thorough ventilation. The fruit will be cooled in the cold storage building before it is put in the refrigerator cars; a special chamber will be provided on the steamships, and every reasonable precaution will be taken to see that the fruit is landed in good condition in London and Glasgow. Full information of the prices obtained, etc., will be published for the benefit of the fruit growers in Canada, and I am confident that a large and profitable trade can be developed in the shipment of these fruits to Great Britain.

GOOD PROSPECTS.

"I saw the members of many firms, and also British officials, and received and gave information on Canadian products, which will help to develop trade along lines profitable to Canadians. On the whole, I think that the cold storage service, arranged for by the minister of agriculture, marks a distinct era in the place which Canadian products of the more perishable sorts will take on the British markets.

THE BRITISH PRESS TAKES IT UP

"In addition to conferences with business men, and the making of business arrangements, I saw a good many of the leading newspaper men and women of Great Britain, in the effort to interest them in Canadian products, and in the policy of the department of agriculture in promoting their sale in the British Isles. I have no idea as to the amount of space, which they gave to discussing this matter in their columns; but articles of an excellent character, keenly critical, but on the whole commendatory of Canadian products, and the agricultural policy of the Dominion were accompanied or followed by editorial articles dealing with the matter from various standpoints.

"Some of the English papers discussed what the Canadian Government was doing from the point of view of what the Imperial Government might do for English agriculture. The Irish papers, led by the Dublin journals, took the matter up, and considered it chiefly in reference to the proposal by the Imperial Government to establish a ministry of agriculture for Ireland. The Scottish papers wrote up Canadian resources, Canadian products and Canadian policies from various standpoints, all of them dwelling upon the fact that British consumers should meet Canadian enterprise by giving a preference to Canadian products over those of foreign countries.

"Among many other influential papers that have dealt with the matter were the Times, the Daily News, the Chronicle, the Telegraph, the Daily Mail, the Westminster Gazette and the Empire, all of London; the Liverpool Daily Post, the Liverpool Courier, the Manchester Guardian, the Manchester Courier, the Irish Times, the Daily Independent, the Freeman's Journal, the Daily Nation, and the Dublin Express, all of Doublin; the Glasgow Herald, and the Glasgow Daily Mail, and others too numerous to mention."



The man may be able to whip the lion single-handed, but he is not taking chances, and is not going to disdain the assistance of helpers with hot irons. The same is true of a wise man who is having a tussle with ill-health. It is barely possible that he may have the natural inherent resisting power that will enable him to conquer disease without the assistance of medicine, but he is not willing to take the chances and will not disdain the help of the right remedy.

When a man feels out-of-sorts, when his head is achey, dull and heavy, his body lazy, his nerves jerky, his sleep broken, his appetite finicky, his skin sallow, his breath foul and his mouth bad-tasting, he is having a struggle with ill-health. If he is wise he will take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It gives edge to the appetite and makes the digestion perfect. It invigorates the liver. It makes rich, red, pure blood. It puts vim into every organ and fiber of the body. It drives out all impurities and disease germs. It imparts the glow of health to the skin and the vigor of youth to the muscles. It tones the nerves and gives refreshing sleep. It builds firm flesh, but does not raise the weight above Nature's normal. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. All medicine stores sell it. An honest dealer will not suggest a worthless substitute for the sake of a little extra profit.



The most valuable book for both men and women is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A splendid thousand-page volume, with over three hundred engravings and colored plates. A copy, paper-covered, will be sent to anyone sending 31 cents in one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing and customs *only*, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth-bound 50 stamps

POPE LEO'S SUMMER LIFE.

Writing More Latin Poetry and Studying Up Arbitration.

[Pall Mall Gazette.]

Rome, Saturday.—Notwithstanding the intense heat, which in Rome this year really assumed extraordinary proportions, Leo XIII. maintains his usual health, feeling, indeed, rather better and stronger than in the winter. His holiness passes the hot hours of the day in the apartment especially prepared for him in the tower of Leo IV. in the Vatican gardens, where, by reason of the thickness of the walls, the temperature is always fresh. Prof. Lapponi, his personal doctor, has often remarked to me that the summer seems to benefit him, and that the season to be feared is the winter, when it is almost impossible to keep an even temperature in the immense apartments of the Vatican, and to prevent draughts, the lightest of which is felt by his holiness. Besides this, the Pope leads in the summer months, without doubt, a much easier life than in the winter, because of the comparatively small amount of business to be transacted and the almost entire suspension of functions and receptions, which are for him most exhausting.

Now the Pope rises rather early, and immediately receives a resume of news coming from all parts of the world, prepared purposely for him in the most condensed form by a special office in the Vatican, which works from midnight until his hour for receiving it, summarizing it from telegrams, letters and newspapers. The general outlook over the world is shortly after completed by a visit from Cardinal Rampolla, with whom he discusses the most important affairs. After a frugal breakfast, accompanied by his private attendant, he descends to the garden and is driven to the town of Leo IV., escorted only by a member of the Noble Guard, with whom he converses amiably about the doings and gossip of the town. He usually descends from the carriage to take a walk in his flower garden, which, though not large, is bright with blossoms, and in which he is said to take a great interest. He occupies himself also with the growth of his grape vines, speaking personally on the subject with his gardeners. Grapes are among his favorite fruit, especially the pizzutello, an oblong white grape, found almost exclusively near Rome. In the tower he attends only to ecclesiastical or literary work, especially Latin poetry, in which he is such an adept, and a little before sunset returns as he came to the Vatican Palace. If nothing of great importance has occurred he is not disturbed with politics until the next morning.

It is asserted that the Pope's attention at present is again directed toward the subject of international arbitration, of which he is such a staunch advocate, and which he considers a principle peculiarly appertaining to the domain of the papacy. He says that the duty of the common father of the faithful and of the head of Catholicism is to work for the establishment of permanent peace among nations. He seems to think that the concert of powers, which has so long succeeded in remaining unanimous with regard to the Levant question is a step toward the realization of his cherished ideal.

HUMPHREYS'

CURES

No. 1 Fever, Congestion.
No. 2 Worms.
No. 3 Infants' Diseases.
No. 4 Diarrhea.
No. 7 Coughs & Colds.
No. 9 Headache.
No. 10 Dyspepsia, Indigestion.
No. 11 Delayed Periods.
No. 12 Leuchorrea.
No. 13 Croup.
No. 14 Skin Diseases.
No. 15 Rheumatism.
No. 19 Catarrh.
No. 27 Kidney Diseases.
No. 34 Sore Throat.
No. 77 Grip & Hay Fever.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

Vagaries of Pigeons.

Andree's Messengers and Others in Their Odd Antics.

London Daily Mail.

Since it was reported that Herr Andree had provided himself with a number of homing pigeons, which he intended to dispatch from his balloon en route to the North Pole, with information as to his success or otherwise, it has been impossible to pick up a paper without finding a telegram from some part of the globe announcing the capture of a "homer," which it is invariably suggested may have come from the pole or thereabouts.

The peculiarity about all these pigeons seems to be that they bear on various parts of their persons letters, numbers, and words of a highly cryptogrammic character. They are picked up everywhere, from Tromsoe, in Norway, to Bedford and the Isle of Thanet, "the woods are full of them." To the casual reader who lights on his inevitable pigeon paragraph, the impression is conveyed that the heavens are raining pigeons in all directions. One descended "in a thunder storm" at Pemberley avenue, Bedford, on Monday afternoon, and was promptly captured and minutely examined by a local parson. Its right leg bore a ring, inscribed "H. T. 95 M.D., 1897," and on "the fifth feather of its left wing was stamped in purple ink" the letter "A." Its captor, the Rev. H. T. Stevens, suggested that it was the bird dispatched by Dr. Strindberg, with a farewell message to his sweetheart just prior to the Andree balloon ascent from Dane's Island. Apparently the evidence relied on to prove this thesis is the inclusion of the letters "M." and D." in the cryptic inscription; though it is not pretended that Dr. Strindberg's fiancee is a Bedford girl.

A much less mysterious fowl is forthcoming from Broadstairs. Mr. Henry Ormonde, F.R.H.S., of Westcliff, the president of the Isle of Thanet Homing Pigeon Association, writes to tell us that he was training some of his own young birds to fly from Dunkirk on Wednesday of last week, the day upon which 2,000 war pigeons were flown from Dover. One of these latter presumably finding military service in the fatherland somewhat irksome, deserted his regiment during a fog in the North Sea, and, like many of his wingless countrymen, came to England to take up his position in a British dovecote. Mr. Ormonde detected the foreigner, and subjected him to the usual examination. He proved to be decorated with an imperial crown and a number of figures and letters, as well as to carry an indiarubber ring containing a cypher message. A large number of local pigeon men have visited and examined the distinguished captive, who must by this time regret his unfortunate resolve to be no longer a conscript-pigeon, but a free bird in a free country.

Pigeon-flying is a pursuit more fascinating and popular than is generally supposed; and many thousands of pigeons are liberated every day on long distance journeys in England alone. To speak by the card, it is not uncommon for all the trains into Newcastle-on-Tyne on a pay Saturday, from every part of the Northumberland and Durham coal fields, to contain from 100 to 300 homing birds; and as many as 500 birds are flown from the Wimbledon Park road, Wandsworth, every night in the season in order to train for various obscure handicaps. The stationmasters on the Southwestern Railway are regularly employed in dispatching birds from various points on the line to the west, which are entered in the big handicap flown from Exeter in the autumn. Reflection, therefore, will show that there is little either novel or mysterious about the capture of stray "homers" bearing their owner's private marks; and if every bird so observed is to be captured—whether by putting salt on its tail or otherwise—and subjected to examination at the hands of a score of wiseacres, the life of a carrier pigeon, never particularly cheerful, will shortly become intolerable. While, if the German emperor's birds prefer to roost in England, and Dr. Strindberg's messenger is caught searching for the doctor's Swedish sweetheart in Bunyan's birthplace, the confidence of the fancy in the instincts of their pets and cup winners is likely to be rudly shaken.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.:

Dear Sirs—For some years I have had only partial use of my arm, caused by a sudden strain. I have used every remedy without effect, until I got a sample bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT. The benefit I received from it caused me to continue its use, and now I am happy to say my arm is completely restored.

Glamis, Ont. R. W. HARRISON.

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

The Outward Sign of Inward HEALTH.

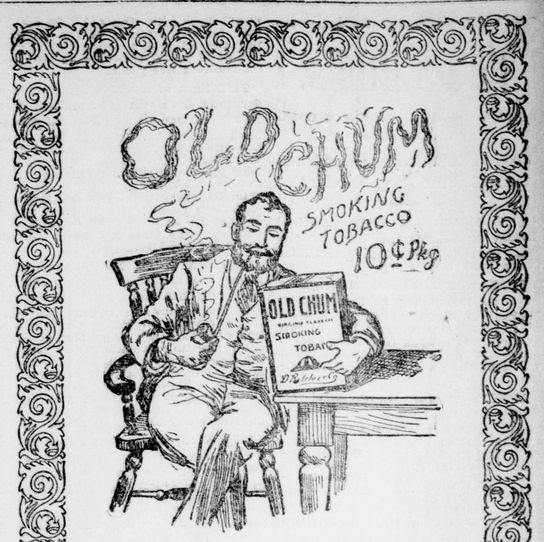


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BEAUTIFUL NECKS,
WHITE ARMS AND HANDS,
DR. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPEXION WAFERS
AND
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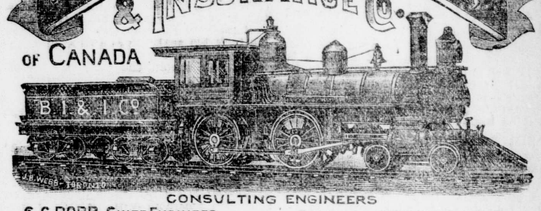
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News Links.

Gossip From Every Land Summarized for Busy Readers.

THE DOWAGER LADY AIRLIE dresses as severely as a Salvationist lass, and has worn the same quaint shape bonnet for years.

BRIGANDS in the Roman Campagna have no luck; they held up Prince Francesco Borghese, Duke of Bomarzo, and his agent recently, but the two had only $7 between them. Two years ago when the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen was robbed he had just $10 on his person.

AFTER several unsuccessful attempts and three years' labor the unparalleled feat of cutting a ring out of a single diamond has been accomplished by the patience and skill of M. Antoine, one of the best known lapidaries of Antwerp. The ring is about six-eighths of an inch in diameter.

THE Nestorian Christians have resolved, according to the London Daily Chronicle, to adopt the doctrine and discipline of the Russian Orthodox Church. There are 400,000 of them living on the borders of Turkey and Persia, and they have determined on this step to secure Russia's protection.

THE ocean contains several fish which clothe and adorn themselves. The most conspicuous of them is the antennarius, a small fish which literally clothes itself with seaweed, fastening the pieces together with sticky gelatinous strings, and then, as it were, holding the garment on with its forefins.

A PLAN for connecting south and west Australia by railroad is under consideration. The distance between the ends of their railroad systems is only 553 miles, but the country to be traversed is an arid desert, and reservoirs must be built at 25 mile intervals along the whole line. The cost will be about $10,000,000.

SIR ROBERT MENZIES of Menzies, at 80 years of age, can still shoot. On two days recently he brought down 31 and 26 brace of grouse, following it up by starting from his shooting box at 4 o'clock one morning, rowing fourteen miles down Loch Errocha in a drenching rain, and then taking a long railroad journey in order to open a bazar.

MR. HENRY CRANK, of New York, has been permitted by the New York courts to change his name. In his appeal the petitioner set forth that he was handicapped in life by the name. He was a crank, and yet he was no crank. When his name was mentioned people smiled, and their mirth made it impossible for them to take him seriously. The courts saw the point.

THE "wheat king" of the world belongs to Argentina. He is an Italian immigrant named Guazone, and his broad acres are situated in the south of the province of Buenos Ayres. His crop occupies an area of 66,270 acres. He numbers his workmen by the thousand, and each one receives a certain share of the profits. When his season's crop is harvested he fills over 3,000 railway trucks with the grain.

LORD MACAULAY learned the whole of "Paradise Lost" by heart, but his lordship's mnemonical record has been beaten by an Italian professor, who has repeated the whole of the "Divine Comedy" of Dante from memory, in a continuous sitting of twenty hours. He began at 6 o'clock one evening, and ended at 2 on the following afternoon. He was never once prompted, and did not make a single mistake.

THE Bishop of Hereford having expressed very emphatic views on the subject of modern female costume, a woman writes to the London Truth to say that the real cause of the episcopal censure is not his lordship's objection to women's waistcoats, but jealousy of their adoption of "bishops' sleeves." "And why," she asks, "should a bishop put on so feminine a garment as an apron, if a woman cannot put on a vest?"

CARDINAL VAUGHAN, primate of England, attended the garden party recently given by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the American Episcopal bishops. This is the first time since the rupture of England with the Roman Catholic Church that a Catholic dignitary of such high rank has been seen at Lambeth Palace, and the presence of the cardinal was due to the personal friendship between him and Dr. Temple.

IT is a fact not generally known that the first and the last stand of the Confederates were made on land owned by the same man. A part of Bull Run battlefield was owned by Mr. McLean. After this famous battle he decided to move to a locality where there would be less fear from the ravages of war. By a strange coincidence he took up his abode at Appomatox, which subsequently proved to be the final battlefield of the civil war.

BY THE death of a cat the Temple quarter in Paris receives a legacy of 10,000 francs for its elementary schools. The cat's mistress, who died in 1892, left the money for the maintenance of her pet cat, with the reversion at its death to the district municipality if it would look after the cat. It speaks well for the honesty of the trustees that the cat, which is now dead at the age of 16 years, should have survived its mistress five years.

THE limit of a wife's devotion to a drunkard has about been reached by a New York woman who has had a husband arrested for the first time after a continued spree of nine years' duration, interspersed with frequent beatings inflicted upon his partner. The woman, who is the mother of nine children, every night saw her lord depart for a near-by saloon, from which he returned in the morning drunk and abusive. The man has been held in bonds for good behavior.

MR. HALL CAINE, the novelist, states that he is to take a prolonged rest. He has been asked to give a course of lectures in America, but hesitates, fearing the strain and exhaustion of such a life. And then he adds the interesting announcement, "I have my new book to think of—for though it may be years before it comes to be written, I have to begin work upon it. It will deal with the great drink question, and will involve an immense amount of study and preparation.

WHEN the Queen was about to sail for Alaska from Seattle a few days ago, says the San Francisco Argonaut, in the heigh of the rush to Klondike, a man rushed down to the purser and exclaimed: "Look, here, I paid for a state-room for myself and wife, and when I got there I found an old cow sticking her head through the window." "I am very sorry, sir," said the purser, "we are very crowded, but I will do the very best I can for you. "John," turning to a deck hand, "go up on deck and turn that cow around!"

THERE are still living as members of the English parliament two persons who were active in political life before Victoria ascended the throne. One, the Earl of Mansfield, 92 years old, has, it is true, been a member of the House of Lords for only 57 years; but before that he had been in the Commons for eleven years, thus making a political career of 68 years. The other is Charles Pelham-Villiers, who was born in 1802. He took his seat in the House of Commons in 1835, 92 years ago, and has always represented the district of Wolverhampton.

A GOOD story is told of the late Bishop Wakefield's labors. His lordship was a staunch teetotaler, and to facilitate his access to workingmen he adopted the Blue Ribbon badge. That mark of abstinence, however, once led to a rather humorous misconception. Button-holing a notorious drunkard on a certain occasion, a temperance worker pointed to the wearing of the blue ribbon by Bishop How as a reason why others should join the movement. "Ah, well," was the answer, "they do say as there's reformed characters in every rank of life."

ACTING upon the suggestion of Prof. Hanson, who is now in Russia, for the United States Government, studying the grasses and forage plants of that country and Siberia, the department of agriculture at Washington has just brought two tons of seed of the bromus inermis, a grass indigenous to the Russian steppes. The purchase has been made for the purpose of experimenting with the plant on the western plains at the foot of the Rockies. It is said that it thrives in land too dry for the ordinary forage plants and that it is tall and very nutritious.

Anæmia means "want of blood," a deficiency in the red corpuscles of the blood. Its cause is found in want of sufficient food, dyspepsia, lack of exercise or breathing impure air. With it is a natural repugnance to all fat foods. Scott's Emulsion is an easy food to get fat from and the easiest way of taking fat. It makes the blood rich in just those elements necessary to robust health, by supplying it with red corpuscles.

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A Smile: A Laugh.

Jingle—I never hear you talk about your ancestors.

Pickwick—Well, they never talked about me, did they?

The Rescuer—How did you come to fall in?

The Rescued—I didn't come to fall in, sir; I came to fish.

Dolly, discovering a crock-mark on her hand, exclaimed: "When I touched the stove-lid, I knew it was black; but I didn't know it was contagious."

A Satisfactory Excuse—Well, little girl, what is it? "If you please, sir, Mr. Slimmer will not be able to come down this morning. He's just got back from a two-weeks' rest in the country, and he's all tired out."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An advertisement, praising the virtues of a new make of infants' feeding bottle says: "When the baby is done drinking, it must be unscrewed and put in a cold place under a tap. If the baby does not thrive on fresh milk, it should be boiled."

A young man who had prolonged his call on his lady love rather later than usual was surprised when a window in an upper story was raised as he left the house, and the voice of the mistress of the mansion called out: "Leave an extra quart this morning, please."

Crabby Old Aunt (in a poetic vein)—Ah! I wish I were a star.

Nephew—So do I.

Aunt—Thanks, my dear, but why?

Nephew—Because the nearest star is about seven millions of miles away from here.

Aunt—Monster!

A school inspector finding a class hesitating over answering the question, "With what weapon did Samson slay the Philistines?" and wishing to prompt them, significantly tapped his own cheek, and asked: "What is this?" The whole class instantly answered: "The jawbone of an ass!"—Tit-Bits.

She had just returned from a visit to Boston. "Is it true," asked an acquaintance, "that there is an air of culture and educational refinement plainly noticeable in the speech of Boston residents?" "My dear," she replied, impressively, "even the owls around Boston hoot 'To whom!' instead of 'To who!' as they do in the west."—Chicago Times-Herald.

"I like my sandwiches with the bread cut thin," said Mr. Gooleby, "but I seldom try to make them in that way myself, for they always make me angry, and the bread crumbles and curls up so when I try to spread it. Mrs. Gooleby has no such trouble, however, and this morning I discovered why; she butters the cut end of the loaf before cuttin' off the slice. Simple, ain't it, and Mrs. Gooleby tells me it's as old as the hills.

For Boys And Girls

Amy's Story.

Lucy was very small, and was afraid to be left alone away up in the bedroom. So mamma told her a story after she was in her crib; and she generally went to sleep just at the finish, holding her eyes open for the last word.

One night, precisely as mamma had seated herself in the rocking-chair, a lady called upon her, and she had to go downstairs.

"Sister Amy will stay with you," she said, "and you must try to go to sleep without your story."

Lucy was very sorry, and the tears stole softly down her cheeks. Amy, who was seven years old, and considered herself quite grown up in comparison with Lucy, saw her crying, and bent over her.

"What is the matter?" she asked.

"I want my story," sobbed Lucy.

"I'll tell you one," said Amy.

"I—I—I don't bewieve you know how," sobbed Lucy.

"Well," said Amy, "I could try, anyhow."

"Yes," said Lucy, "you may try."

After receiving this condescending permission, Amy seated herself in a chair and began:

"Once there was a princess——"

"What was her name?" asked Lucy.

"Violet. She had curly, golden hair, and a diamond crown, and she was very pretty."

"Princesses are bufiful," said Lucy.

"It's the same thing," said Amy.

"No; I want a bufiful princess," said Lucy.

"She was beautiful, then," said Amy. "It must be another princess," said Lucy; "the pretty one couldn't be bufiful."

"Well, let it be another princess; but I won't change her again. It was another princess."

"What was her name?" asked Lucy.

"Oh, 'Sarah,'" said Amy, after thinking a bit.

"No," said Lucy, very decidedly. "I won't have 'Sawah.' Princesses don't be named 'Sawah'; they wouldn't."

"They couldn't help it if their mothers named them 'Sarah,'" sighed Amy. "Well, 'Jane,' then."

"They would never name princesses 'Jane'!" almost screamed Lucy, sitting up in bed.

"Oh, dear, dear!" sighed Amy. "You don't let me think. 'Estella'—there! This is a story of the Princess Estella. She was very beautiful, and had curling golden hair and a diamond crown."

"All right," said Lucy, lying down again.

"And there was a good fairy," said Amy, taking a long breath. "So she came to the christening, and gave the baby a golden whistle, with a golden chain to wear about her neck always; and, when she wanted help, she could blow it, and all the good fairies would come."

"Amy," said Lucy, "that is a vewy nice stowy. I like it."

"I'm glad you do," said Amy, "because I made it all up my own self."

"Go on," said Lucy.

"And there was a bad fairy," said Amy.

"What was her name?" asked Lucy.

"Fairy Spiteful,'" said Amy.

"But you didn't tell me the good fairy's name," said Lucy.

"I'll call her 'Good Fairy,'" said Amy.

"No," said Lucy. "She must have a name."

"What a bother!" said Amy. "You don't seem to think of anything but names, Lucy. I have to go back all the time, and then I forget what I meant to tell."

"Mamma doesn't stold me when she tells me a story," said Lucy. "I don't like to be stolded." And she wept again.

"There, now! I didn't mean to scold you, Lucy," said Amy.

"You said I was a bovver," said Lucy.

"No; I said it was a bother, not you," said Amy.

"It was just the same," said Lucy. "You meant I bovvered you. You oughn't to stold me, 'cause I had the hooping'-cough last Monday."

"It wasn't last Monday; it was weeks ago," said Amy. "Well, the bad fairy, Spiteful, came to the wedding party, too; and she was angry because the good fairy had most ice-cream."

"What was her name?" persisted Lucy.

"'Sweetness.' There, now!" snapped Amy. "She was angry because Sweetness had most ice-cream."

"What kind of ice-cream?" asked Lucy.

"Vanilla," said Amy.

"No; I don't like vanilla," said Lucy. "But the fairy did," said Amy.

"No," said Lucy, beginning to sob, "she liked strawbewy."

"Well, because Sweetness had most strawberry ice-cream, Spiteful was mad," said Amy. "So she said the Princess Estella should one day be eaten up by a great black bear." Lucy sat up in bed again and screamed aloud. "But the king, her father, gave orders that all the bears in the world should be killed at once!" shouted Amy, at the top of her voice. "So the people went and killed them, and the Princess Estella grew up. And then she had a long train to her dress every day; and once, when she was embroidering all alone in her room, she looked up and beheld a great black bear, who opened his mouth and came toward her——"

As she said this, Lucy not only sat up in bed, but jumped out and began running about the room, crying bitterly. Just then mamma came in.

"What is the matter?" she asked.

"Amy is going to let the bear eat up the princess!" screamed Lucy.

"Oh, ma! I meant to make the princess blow the golden whistle that Fairy Swetness gave her; and then all the good fairies would have come and killed the bear, who was Fairy Spiteful in disguise!" sobbed Amy.

"Oh, how you fwightened me!" said Lucy, slipping under the quilt again. "I thought she would be eaten up."

Afterwards mamma said that, for a first original story, Amy's was very thrilling; but as a means of putting Lucy to sleep, it was a decided failure. —[New York Ledger.

Familiar Phrases.

In spite of Scott's continued popularity, few people remember that from "Old Mortality," we have "A sea of upturned faces," and Byron is never thanked for "Flesh and blood can't bear it."

The "most humorous and least exemplary of British parsons" is known to have thought "They order things better in France," and "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," but we seldom credit him with "I saw the iron enter into his soul." Yet that keen image of grief so often on our lips, may also be found in the "Sentimental Journey."

Cowper is comparatively little read —the immortal "John Gilpin" always excepted—therefore we may be forgiven if the source of "Hand and glove," or "Her dear five hundred friends" has slipped our memories.

The same may be said of Rogers' "To know her was to love her," Congreve's "Married in haste and repent at leisure," Farquhar's "Over the hills and far away," and Southey's "March of intellect."

Sir Philip Sidney, who was poet, philosopher, and, best of all, hero, should share a better fate. How many can tell that it was he who first said in English, "God helps those who help themselves"?

Pharaoh and the Sergeant.

(. . . Consider that the meritorious services of the sergeant instructors attached to the Egyptian army have been inadequately acknowledged. . . . To the excellence of their work is mainly due the great improvement that has taken place in the soldiers of H. H., the Khedive.—Extract from letter.)

Said England unto Pharaoh, "I must make a man of you
That will stand upon his feet and play the game,
That will Maxim his oppressor as a Christian ought to do,"
And she sent old Pharaoh Sergeant Whatisname.

It was not a duke or earl nor yet a viscount;
It was not a big brass general that came;
But a man in khaki kit, who could handle men a bit,
With his bedding labeled "Sergeant Whatisname."

Said England unto Pharaoh, "Tho' at present singing small,
You shall hum a proper tune before it ends,"
And she introduced old Pharaoh to the sergeant once for all,
And left 'em in the desert making friends.

It was not a crystal palace or cathedral;
It was not a public house of common fame;
But a piece of red-hot sand, with a palm on either hand,
And a little hut for Sergeant Whatisname.

Said England unto Pharaoh, "You've had miracles before,
When Aaron struck your rivers into blood;
But if you watch the sergeant he can show you something more,
He's a charm for making riflemen from mud."

It was neither Hindustani, French nor Coptic;
It was odds and ends and leavings of the same,
Translated by a stick (which is really half the trick),
And Pharaoh hearked to Sergeant Whatisname.

There were years that no one talked of; that were times of horrid doubt—
There was faith and hope and whacking and despair—
While the sergeant gave the cautious and he combed old Pharaoh out,
And England didn't look to know or care.

That is England's awful way o' doing business—
She would serve her God or Gordon just the same—
For she thinks her empire still is the Strand and Holborn Hill,
And she didn't think o' Sergeant Whatisname.

Said England to the sergeant, "You can let my people go."
(England used 'em cheap and nasty from the start.)
And they entered 'em at Firkeh on a most astonished foe—
But the sergeant he had hardened Pharaoh's heart

That was broke along of all the plagues of Egypt,
Three thousand years before the sergeant came—
And he mended it again in a little more than ten,
So Pharaoh fought like Sergeant Whatisname.

It was wicked bad campaigning (cheap and nasty from the first):
There was heat and dust and coolie—work and sun;
There were vipers, flies and sandstones, there was cholera and thirst,
But Pharaoh done the best he ever done.

Down the desert, down the valley, down the river,
Like the Israelites from bondage so he came,
'Tween the clouds o' dust and fire to the land of his desire,
And his Moses it was Sergeant Whatisname.

We are eating dirt in handfuls for to save our daily bread,
Which we have to buy from those that hate us most,
And we must not raise the money where the sergeant raised the dead,
And it's wrong and bad and dangerous to boast.

But he did it on the cheap and on the quiet,
And he's not allowed to forward any claim—
Tho' he drilled a black man white, tho' he made a mummy fight,
He will still continue Sergeant Whatisname—
Private, corporal, color sergeant and instructor—
But the everlasting miracle's the same.

—Rudyard Kipling.

MAIDEN BLUSHES.

How They Fade When the Hand of Disease and Disorder Lays Hold on Them—What a God-send Is a Reliable and Well Tried Remedy—How We Hail the Return of the Pink of Health Under Its Influence—It It's Good for the Maiden, It's Good for the Mother.

"My daughter had been ailing for nearly two years with nervous prostration, indigestion and other complaints which girls in their teens are subject to. For days at a time she was confined to her bed, and could retain nothing on her stomach. Our family physician finally declared she was in a decline. We despaired of her recovery. She gradually grew worse. I had found so little benefit from remedies I was skeptical about trying South American Nervine. I, however, procured a bottle, and relief came like magic; the pain left her in a day, and after taking five bottles she was completely cured, and as well and hearty as ever she had been. Mrs. George Booth, Orangeville, Ont."

Sold by C. McCallum and B. A. Mitchell.

The World of Labor.

The regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Council this week was well attended. The principal business was the furthering of arrangements for the Labor Day picnic at Port Stanley. It was reported that the St. Thomas unions were working energetically to make the outing as successful as possible. The Twenty-fifth Battalion Band, of St. Thomas, had been engaged, and would leave on the afternoon train. As far as local arrangements were concerned, everything possible to insure success has been attended to. The programme of sports was completed, and included fourteen events. The Seventh Fusiliers Band will go from London.

A lively contest took place for the selection of delegates to the Trades and Labor Congress meeting. It was decided to send three. After several ballots had been taken Messrs. Joseph T. Marks, Wm. Burleigh and S. Wilson were elected, with Messrs. Joseph Kelly and T. C. Thornhill as alternates.

Credentials were received from delegates representing the Plumbers' Union.

It was decided that the council would meet in special session on Saturday evening, Sept. 11, for the purpose of instructing the council's delegates to the Dominion T. and L. Congress on the matters which the London unions desire to have brought before the attention of that body.

The Canadian Blue Label Cigar League will meet in this city on Monday, Sept. 6, with President R. A. Schrieber presiding. Representatives from all Canadian cities are expected to be present.

Since the visit of Organizer Christopherson to the city, the Tailors' Union has been given new life. A large number of the craft have joined the organization, which bids fair to have a more successful career than ever before in its history.

James Small, organizer for Ontario of the International Horseshoers' Union, is desirous of forming a local in this city. Any member of the craft who wish to assist in the establishment of a union in London should send their names to the Trades and Labor Council, from whom all information can be secured.

Baltimore hod carriers demand $2 a day.

Boston molders struck against the introduction of the piece system.

New York unions have decided that "prevailing wages" are union wages.

New York iron molders have asked architects to give the contracts to local bosses.

Two hundred silk weavers in Paterson, N. J., struck because operatives are deprived of benches.

Atlanta, Ga., will have the most elaborate celebration of Labor Day ever held in the South.

Beginning Sept. 1 the 3,000 employes of the National Rolling Mill Company, at McKeesport, Pa., will receive a 10 per cent advance in wages.

It is said that the West Virginia Militia have not been paid for their services in the strike of 1895, and now would refuse to turn out in case of trouble.

In cash and other contributions it is believed the total amount raised for the distressed Ohio miners among the trades unionists of Detroit will exceed $1,000.

A conference of labor leaders was held in St. Louis this week in connection with the miners strike. What action was decided on has not yet been made public.

The 375 miners of the Palms mine at Bessemer struck for $1 65 a day, and there is much industrial unrest reported from the iron districts of the upper peninsula.

Last Sunday the Progressive Tailors' Union of New York, declared a strike for an advance of 25 per cent, and on Monday 3,000 cloakmakers walked out. Friday all their demands were conceded.

Organized labor on the Pacific coast is hot over the action of an Oregon penitentiary, which, it is alleged, has contracted for 5,000 tons of foreign coal, and is shipping stoves to various Western States and underselling the product of free labor.

The Labor Day parade in Chicago on Monday will be the largest turnout of labor organizations ever seen in that city. It is expected that over 40,000 men will be in line. In the afternoon a picnic, with athletic sports, will be held at River Grove.

The trouble between the Chicago board of education and the building trades council have not yet been adjusted. The council demand that only union labor be employed on the schools to be constructed or repaired, and 2,000 men are on strike in consequence.

The Manitoba executive of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress have prepared a report, which will be submitted at a meeting of the congress in Hamilton, calling attention to the influx of unorganized skilled and unskilled laborers to the newly found gold fields, and other matters of importance to the wage-earners of the Dominion.

News of better conditions in an industry which has been at low ebb in a wage way for a long period is always extremely gratifying to all the friends of the laboring classes. Such appears to be the case with the iron molders, says the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune. For years the wages of these men have dropped from one of the highest to one of the lowest points in the skilled labor world. This has been due partly to the constant improvement of methods, but principally to the lack of good organization. If the molders had stood together their craftsmen would not have had to work at a $12 a week rate, as many have done, and as many hundreds are doing today. Two recent advances in molders' wages are cited as instances of the better conditions likely to prevail in the craft. Some five weeks ago the Haney School Seating Company, of Grand Rapids, Mich., gave notice of a 10 per cent reduction on molding prices. This the men refused to accept, and declared the shop closed. Overtures were later made by the company looking to a compromise, but the men remained firm, with the result that the demand has been withdrawn and the men put to work at the old prices. Also, a few days ago, the molders employed by the Auburn Stove Company, Auburn, Me., scored a success by securing an advance of 10 per cent on cook stoves and making it a strictly union shop.

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*TEUTONIC.....Sept. 15, noon
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