

MOTHERS AND WIVES

buy about everything that goes into a house—from a pound of tea to a piano.
Are you taking this fact into consideration in your winter advertising campaign?
If you are, take into consideration the fact that the
—London Advertiser—
is the favorite paper of the women of Western Ontario.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

BORN.
LOVE—On Oct. 13, the wife of Francis Love of a daughter.

DIED.
MILLER—In this city, on Nov. 1, 1898, Frank M. Miller, G. T. R. telegraph operator.
Funeral Thursday, at 2 p.m., to G. T. R. station. Interment at Stratford.

KENNEDY—At Detroit, on Oct. 30, 1898, Fred Kennedy, aged 2 years.
Funeral from Grand Trunk station, at 4:20, Nov. 2.

WILCOX—In this city, Nov. 2, 1898, Eliza, beloved wife of James Wilcox, in the 73rd year of her age.
Funeral private, on Friday, Nov. 4, at 3 p.m., service at 2:30.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line, each insertion.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TODAY AND TONIGHT, return of the favorites,

GUY BROTHERS' MINSTRELS.
Entire new show. Biggest and best ever. Watch for the big street parade. Best band and orchestra traveling. Matinee prices—10c and 25c. Night prices—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Seats now on sale.

AUDITORIUM—POPULAR CONCERT
course. The Pasquall Concert Company, Friday, Nov. 4. Plan now open at Y. M. C. A. office.

VOICE CULTURE.
EVA N. ROBINSON.
Studio, Bell Piano Block, No. 320 Dundas street. Concert engagements. Telephone 1270.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT—MESSRS.
Dayton & McCormick will open their classes for children on Saturday, Nov. 6, at their new academy, 422 Richmond street. Membership list now open. Register early. Dayton & McCormick.

10,500 TONS—THE CANARD
steamship, Campania, will sail from New York to Liverpool via Queenstown, Saturday, Nov. 12, 1 p.m. E. B. Clarke, agent, Richmond street, next to Advertiser Office. Note: No war tax on cargo.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING.
Rapid teaching, low rates. All who desire a thorough knowledge of the art of dancing should avail themselves of this opportunity. Lessons any hour. R. E. Millard, teacher of dancing, 345 Princess avenue.

Meetings.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—MYRTLE
Lodge—All knights are requested to meet at Prospect Lodge, Dundas Block, Thursday, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock, for the funeral of our late brother Miller. Gavin Park, C. C.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY—THERGULAR
annual meeting will be held in Sons' Hall on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. T. H. Purdon, president; W. B. Laidlaw, secretary.

MEETING OF WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN
Association at "Y" rooms, on Thursday, Nov. 3, at 3 p.m.

MACCABEES—LONDON TENT IT WILL
meet tonight (Wednesday), at 8 o'clock, at Edge Block, Richmond street.

I. O. O. F.—DEGREE WORK—DOMINION
Lodge, No. 48, this (Wednesday) evening. A full attendance requested. Geo. E. Logan, N. G.; Thos. D. Hastings, R. S.

ST. GEORGES, 42, A. F. AND A. M., G. R. C.
meets tonight (Wednesday) 2nd inst., at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Visitors welcome. Henry Haynes, W. M.; A. Ellis, F. M.; secretary.

THE MEMBERS OF PROSPECT LODGE,
No. 10, Knights of Pythias, are requested to meet at Castle Hall, Dundas Block, at 1 p.m. sharp, Thursday, Nov. 3, to attend the funeral of our late brother, Frank M. Miller, P. C. Members of sister lodges are cordially invited to attend. Geo. Burdick, C. C.; J. W. Stilling, K. of R. and S.

FOURTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE
Methodist Young People of London District in Askin Street Methodist Church, Thursday, Nov. 3. Three sessions, commencing with sunrise prayer meeting at 6:30 a.m. The Rev. A. C. Crews will address the evening session. All welcome. W. Cox, president.

CITY UNION OF THE KING'S DAUGHTERS
and Sons meet at the Memorial Church schoolroom Thursday, 8 p.m. Visitors cordially invited.

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT
housework. Apply 405 King street.

WANTED—COOK—REFERENCES RE-
quired. Apply Mrs. Talbot Macbeth, 76 Maple street.

WANTED—COOK AND KITCHEN GIRL
—Apply Boswell House.

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN—\$50 A MONTH.
expenses and share of profits. \$500 cash required for sample stock. Address: "Optician," Advertiser Office.

WANTED—MANAGER—\$100 A MONTH.
expenses and commissions. \$500 cash required. Fully secured and returnable. "Manufacturer," Advertiser Office.

JUNIOR CLERK WANTED IN LARGE
office. Address A. B. C., Advertiser Office.

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED—THREE EXPERIENCED
laundry girls. Apply Dominion Laundry.

NO FAULT IS FOUND

Deeks & Co.,
—TAILORS—
393 Richmond St.

HOW....

In the world can you afford to sell merchandise so cheaply?
That's the question scores of customers have put to us. No secret about it. Cash in buying and selling explains it—it puts us in a position to sell at the lowest possible prices. For instance:

Women's Genuine Dongola Buttoned and Laced Boots, coin or pointed toe.....\$1.00
Men's Fine Satin Calf Laced, coin toe, dongola top.....\$1.25
Women's Fine Black Cloth, 10-button Overgaiters.....65c
Women's Fine Black Cloth 8-button Overgaiters.....50c

J. P. COOK
173 Dundas Street.
"What you want, when you want it."

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—WE WANT LIVE
agents everywhere. No trouble selling our high-grade nursery stock and seed potatoes. Write us before engaging elsewhere. It will pay you. Blackford & Co., Nurserymen, Toronto.

MAN OR WOMAN OF ENERGY AND
business ability to travel for established firm; \$50 a month and all expenses. P. W. Zigler & Co., 255 Locust street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—FOUR CANVASSERS FOR
city to solicit orders from private families; salary paid. Apply 288 Dundas street.

Situations Wanted

COMPETENT ACCOUNTANT—TWELVE
years experience, desires position. Could take charge of credit department for wholesale house. Address Box 78, this office.

Wanted.

WANTED—A TUBULAR BOILER—TEN
to twelve feet in length, not less than 36 inches diameter, in exchange for a 25 horse-power engine. Address Box 64, this office.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE
MEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Sainsbury, 80 King street. Mail orders attended to.

All furnished rooms, servants wanted, houses to let, for sale, etc., advertisements are inserted in both editions of The Advertiser without extra charge. Get the best results.

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE—LARGE ART GARLAND
basinburner, with hot air tubes, cheap. Apply 422 Princess avenue.

OUR BROWN BREAD IS MADE WITH
graham flour; not with bran. George Peters, confectioner.

\$5 PER TON—BOWMAN'S BEST SEAM
less coal. Arrange for some at F. B. Clarke's Richmond street, next Advertiser.

COOL BICYCLE FOR SALE CHEAP
This year's. W. Brophy, 394 Richmond street.

IMMENSE STOCK STOVES, RANGES,
oven baseburners, heaters, all kinds, selling at 20 per cent discount. Stringer's, 141 King street.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND SUPPLIES—A
special line of 50 scribblers for 75c. 620 Dundas street, East London.

BOLOGNA, 4 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS—
Small sausage, 4 pounds for 25 cents. Hams, bacon, chow, eggs, cheese and fruit. Lowest prices. Park's, corner Market Lane.

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DE-
LIVERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Ealey, 771 Dundas street. Phone 1134.

KINDLING WOOD AT THE SAW MILL,
East London. Satisfaction both in quality and quantity. Prompt delivery. Phone 1,312. S. Gillies & Sons.

SNAPS AT HEINTZMAN & CO'S, 217 DUN-
DAS street, corner Clarence street. 1 Heintzman & Co. piano, slightly used; 1 Evans square piano, 8 years old, 75c; 1 Nisichke piano, first-class condition, 75c; 1 Whaley upright piano, 75c; 10 months old. Will be sold on easy terms of payment.

PERFECT WORK OF EVERY DE-
partment, clean and quick, at Advertiser Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—
Advertiser Job Department.

CUSTOM TAYLORS OF ALL KINDS AT-
TENDED on hand at Advertiser Job Department. You can have them in large or small quantities.

POSTERS, ALL STYLES—HANGERS
and dodgers. Advertiser Job Department.

REVOLVERS, CARTRIDGES, POCKET
knives and repairing at D. McKenna's, 314 Richmond street.

R. M. MILLAR, ELECTRICIAN, NO.
374 Talbot street, between Carling street and Queen's avenue. All work done efficiently and at moderate prices. A specialty of Edison batteries.

KERNE'S, MASONIC TEMPLE, IS THE
cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET—2-STORY BRICK HOUSE, EIGHT
rooms. Apply on premises, 406 King street, corner Colborne.

TO LET—COTTAGE ON SYDENHAM
street, hard and soft water, garden. Apply 220 Central avenue.

TO LET—TWO STORY BRICK—288 PIC-
CADILLY street, between Wellington and Waterloo, all modern conveniences. Apply Sterling Bros.

TO RENT—COTTAGE—34 DUFFERIN
avenue, desirable locality; possession at once. Fred W. Matthews, Postoffice Inspector's office.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—FOUR BED-
rooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and basement. Apply 128 Queen's avenue.

HOUSE TO LET—322 KING STREET—AP-
PLY 232 King street.

TO LET—COVERED MOVING VANS—
When moving have your furniture and pianos carefully moved. Address 97 Carling street. Phone 1,122 and 1,161.

A Hard Problem Well Solved.

Every married man desires to accumulate such an estate that his family have sufficient and that he and they are in comfortable circumstances in old age. If he lives he hopes to accumulate the fortune. But he may die, or he may be unfortunate and miss the fortune. The solution is to be found in securing a substantial endowment policy which guarantees the fortune to your estate, whether you live or whether you die.

The Ontario Mutual Life.

C. E. GERMAN, General Agent,
Office—403 Richmond Street.

Real Estate.

A SNAP—THAT HANDSOME NEW
modern residence, 330 Central avenue, near park. Has been reduced in price away below cost. That estate will be opened. Ten rooms, closets, bathroom, lavatory, all modern appointments. Open for inspection from 9 to 6 p.m. See this for a bargain.

HOUSE NO. 46 QUEEN STREET AND
large lot, with stable and henhouse, to rent or sell, on monthly, quarterly or yearly payments to suit purchaser. Interest 3 per cent per annum on unpaid purchase money. Apply Tennant, McElanagh & Colridge, Barristers, etc., 75 Dundas street, London.

By Auction

Wednesday, Nov. 2, at 7:30 p.m.
CONTENTS OF WHITE PALACE TEA

Coffees, Baking Powder, Tea, Candles, Cakes, Preserves, Jam, Marmalade, and Cash Register. Terms cash. U. A. BUCHNER.

THE KAISER FOR PEACE

William's Ardent Hope Expressed at Jerusalem.

Large Increase in Germany's Export Trade.

A Set-Back for Russia—Spain Need Not Count on European Intervention in Her Deal With Uncle Sam.

WILLIAM THE "GOOD."

Jerusalem, Nov. 2.—The emperor, at the close of the ceremony of consecrating the Church of the Redeemer here, read an address, during which he said:

"From Jerusalem came the light in splendor from which the German nation became great and glorious, and what the German people have become under the banner of the cross of the emblem of self-sacrificing charity. As nearly two thousand years ago, so today shall I ring out cry, voicing my ardent hope, to all 'Peace on earth!'"

His majesty then renewed the vow of his ancestors, saying: "I and my house will serve the Lord."

The emperor called upon all present to make the same vow, concluding with a prayer that "God grant that confidence in the Almighty, brotherly love, resignation in suffering and efficient work may be the German nation's noblest ornament, and that the spirit nobility may more and more permeate and hallow the evangelical church."

GERMAN TRADE GROWS.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—The imperial statistical office has issued tables regarding the German trade for the first nine months of the present year, which show a total increase in exports of 58,659,000 marks, as compared with 1897. This is largely accounted for by the increase in exports to the United States during the third quarter of the year, when the exports totaled \$3,100,000 marks, as compared with 63,300,000 marks for corresponding quarter of 1897. It is asserted that both England and France also show a large increase of exports to the United States during the same period; but both countries had a large total decrease in exports for the nine months. The official statistics indicate that Germany's trade is prosperous and industry reviving.

RIVAL RAILROADS.

From Teheran, about 60 miles south of the Caspian Sea, to Hamadan, 150 miles southwest of Teheran, a German syndicate is now constructing a railway. Negotiations are in progress between the shah and the czar's government for the building of a road parallel to the German railway, and another Hamadan southeast to Bushire, on the Persian Gulf. If these negotiations are successful, the granting of Bushire as a Russian coaling station will also be included. Russia already has a naval station in Persian territory, at Ashrad, on the southeastern coast of the Caspian Sea. According to present indications there will doubtless soon be a Russian railway running both from Resht and from Ashrad to Teheran, and thence through Hamadan straight through Persia to Bushire and the Persian Gulf.

Lord Chief Justice Russell has started British propriety by kicking off the football at the first match of the London Irish Club.

Board and Lodging.

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN BOARD-
ERS, private family. Apply 183 Richmond street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WITH BOARD—
AT 514 Talbot street.

Swedish Massage.

MISS MILLAR, 339 PRINCESS AVENUE, Swedish therapeutic massage, graduate of the Hugo Oldenborg Institute, Chicago.

BLOODLESS VICTORY!

The French Government to Recall Marchand.

Fashoda To Be Evacuated Without Conditions or Compensation.

News of France's Complete Back-down Comes From Several Sources.

Russia Afraid to Interfere on Account of Her Interests in China—The Victory at Omdurman Completely Changed the Situation—Cost of a European War Estimated at \$20,975,000 Per Day.

London, Nov. 2.—The Daily Graphic says this morning: We learn from an official source in France that Capt. Barillet bears instructions to Major Marchand to return to Fashoda, and then to withdraw his expedition in the direction of the Upper Ubanghi River, evacuating Fashoda and the five points established east of the frontier indicated in the Anglo-German agreement.

The Egyptian Government will be invited to send troops to accompany Major Marchand as he retires from the Bahr-el-Ghazal territory, and to occupy the posts as they are evacuated by the French officers, thus solving the difficulty concerning Major Marchand's revictualment.

When Major Marchand's retirement is fully accomplished, negotiations based on proposals submitted by Baron de Coudat to Great Britain will be opened. France is disposed to recognize frankly that the reconquest of Omdurman COMPLETELY CHANGES THE SITUATION.

as it existed when Major Marchand was instructed to proceed to the Nile. The French Government will even state that, had Major Marchand been aware of the Khedival advance, he would not have pushed his mission so far east.

These intentions have not yet been officially imparted to Great Britain, but they probably will be before Major Marchand's evacuation commences.

WITHOUT CONDITIONS OR COMPENSATION.

The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "France will retire from Fashoda 'unconditionally, and without asking compensation. Baron de Coudat, whose term as French ambassador in London expired long ago, but who has held on to conduct negotiations referring to Egypt, will now be recalled, and no haste will be shown to appoint his successor, with a view to marking French resentment at British action, for England has almost taken the place of Germany as the object of French hatred."

MR. FISHER'S STATEMENT.

Major Hayes Fisher, one of the junior lords of the treasury and a ministerial whip, last evening said he had seen dispatches which enabled him to assert that the French Government had decided to recall the Marchand mission from Fashoda. In the course of an interview after the delivery of his speech, Mr. Fisher explained that he did not say he had read the dispatches, remarking that he had been misinterpreted. There is little doubt, however, that either purposely or carelessly, Mr. Fisher allowed the news of the actual fact to leak out.

USELESS.

Without going so far as the Daily Graphic, all the special dispatches from Paris to the morning papers indicate that the solution predicted by the Daily Graphic will be the one finally reached, and that even should France sulk diplomatically, no further serious consequences are anticipated.

It is expedient for her to yield so as not to be exposed to the terrible consequences of the bombardment of the Spanish coast.

RUSSIA NOT IN IT.

The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says: "Russia has declined to support France in the Fashoda affair, fearing that a reopening of the Egyptian question would interfere with her tremendous task in China."

The Paris correspondent of the Times says: "Baron de Coudat gathered from a conversation held after the last British cabinet council that Lord Salisbury's attitude had undergone a change. The British premier maintained that it was impossible to disregard public opinion in England, and that nothing could be done until Fashoda was evacuated. So far as French public opinion is concerned, there is not the slightest idea of going to war for Fashoda, and any government doing so would be regarded as a set of imbeciles."

COST OF AN EUROPEAN WAR.

London, Nov. 2.—The Contemporary Review confirms the report that the czar was influenced to issue his peace manifesto by the remarkable figures of the Polish publicist, M. Bilokh, showing the Europe pays yearly for the maintenance of its fleet and armies \$225,000,000, and nearly as much again as interest on war debts. The cost of a future European war in which the five great continental powers should be engaged would be \$4,195,600 daily. In other words, the annual cost of this European war, exclusive of indirect losses, would be \$1,747,120,000.

CABLE NOTICES.

The Earl of Minto, who is to succeed the Earl of Aberdeen as governor-general of Canada, has been gazetted a Knight of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.

Dr. Nancy Guilford, the midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., whose extradition on the charge of murder, in connection with the death of Emma Gill, the victim of the Yellow Mill Pond tragedy, has been granted, sails for

New York on Nov. 12.

Archduchess Gisela of Austria, wife of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, and eldest daughter of the murdered Empress Elizabeth, will be the recipient of the pope's golden rose this year.

A dispatch from the Vizayas group of the Philippine Islands, says that several companies of native troops there have rebelled. They were purchased, and several of them were killed.

The British steamer Concordia, which arrived at Glasgow on Oct. 27 from Montreal, was struck by a heavy sea when off the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Her ventilators and deck plate rivets were wrenched off, and several cattle stalls were smashed.

As to salvage on the Atlantic transport line steamer Mohegan, wrecked near Lizard Head, strong ideas restrict the divers from working very much, and little merchandise has been saved from the ship.

It is understood that little, if any, progress has been made with the Pacific cable question since the Austro-Hungarian conference, through the joint conference, the view that the proportion of cost should be Australia four-ninths and Britain and Canada together providing five-ninths.

WAR SCARE IN THE EAST!

The British Battleships at Wei-Hai-Wei.

Ordered to Clear for Action—Ready for Sea at an Hour's Notice.

Wei-Hai-Wei, Nov. 2.—All the British warships here. The first-class battleship Centurion, the first-class cruiser Narcissus, the second-class cruiser Hermione, the torpedo boat destroyer Whiting, the torpedo boat destroyer Fame, the torpedo boat destroyer Hardy and the first-class gunboat Peacock have cleared for action and are ready for sea at an hour's notice.

The first-class battleship Victorious and the first-class cruiser Undaunted, at Chee Foo, not far from here, are coaling to their full capacity.

The greatest secrecy is maintained as to the meaning of these warlike preparations, but there is no doubt that important instructions are expected at any moment.

A large Russian fleet is assembled at Port Arthur.

VANCOUVER RUMORS.

A Vancouver special says: The most startling piece of news received here since the war scare commenced came in the form of a notification from the British Government to have the three Oriental liners, the big Empress of India, Empress of China, and Empress of Japan, in readiness to be called at any moment as auxiliary cruisers. This news was not generally believed here until a Canadian official in an interview confirmed the rumor.

CHECK FOR THE CZAR.

London, Nov. 2.—The Roman press, without exception, approves the promptness and energy displayed by the Italian Government in deposing the Sultan of Rahaeta and appointing his vizier to succeed him. Inasmuch as Italy's northern neighbor on the African east coast, that Russia hoped to gain a coaling station on the Red Sea. This action on the part of the Italian Government will have the effect of baffling the czar's designs.

RUSSIA JEALOUS.

The Novoe Vremya expresses jealousy of the facilities granted to English companies now working in the oil fields of the Caucasus. It suggests that the American Standard Oil Company "may be buying up Russian competitors at Baku behind an English mask."

SPAIN MUST GIVE IN.

London, Nov. 2.—The Paris correspondent of the Times notices with pleasure the fact that important French newspapers advise Spain not to count upon European intervention, and that it is expedient for her to yield so as not to be exposed to the terrible consequences of the bombardment of the Spanish coast.

The Daily Chronicle says, editorially: "A war in which the justly vanquished nation receives a solatium of £6,000,000 would be a novelty so great that it must be seen to be believed. In any case it would be mad for Spain to attempt to resume hostilities."

THE TURKISH WAY.

Constantinople, Nov. 2.—A recent decision of the Turkish authorities to transfer the seat of government from Auzoum, in the Province of Yozgad, to Boghazlayan, caused great indignation among the inhabitants of the former place, who protested energetically. Their protests were misunderstood by the governor, who reported a rebellion, whereupon the village was surrounded by troops, who fired upon the residents, killing twelve Armenians and ten Turks, men and women, and wounding 40.

THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.

Paris, Nov. 2.—President Faure has signed the decree constituting the cabinet formed by M. Dupuy. M. Dupuy has a long conference with his colleagues. The ministers reported a complete accord regarding the past attitude of M. Delcasse, the foreign minister, toward the Fashoda question, and as to the policy he proposed for the future. They approved also the taxation reform proposal of M. Peytral, minister of finance. It was agreed that the ministerial statement of policy promise the introduction of progressive reforms, such as old age pensions, and similar bills. As regards the Dreyfus question, the cabinet bows to the decision of the court of cassation.

REGARDED AS VERY GRAVE.

CLAIMS AND COUNTER CLAIMS

What the Street Railway Employees Want,

And What the Company Has Offered.

What Four Londoners Discovered in Ingersoll.

Montrealers Who Left Here Cared for in That Town. The Party Finally Bring Up at St. Thomas.

The long conference yesterday resulted in leaving the matter practically as it was before the parties began to discuss it. The questions upon which the company and the strikers are at variance are the recognition of the union and the rate of wages. As a matter of fact, the only thing which the company have consented to do is to go back to the old condition of affairs, and restore the scale of wages, which existed prior to March, 1897. The company absolutely refuse to recognize the union.

Had Manager Carr consented to the restoration of the old rates when the difficulty first began to brew, all the trouble would have been averted, and there would have been no union to fight. But, as the adage puts it, "What is to be, will be," and so the world goes on.

THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL.

The original petition of the employees to the company, as already published in The Advertiser, was what the conference thoroughly discussed all day yesterday. The company drew up a proposition, which did not even satisfy the committee, but it contained all the points that the company was willing to concede, and this proposition was what the committee carried to Labor Hall, where it was submitted to the union.

The proposal was as follows: 1. The wages for motormen and conductors now employed by the London Street Railway Company shall be on the following scale: For the first six months, 12½ cents per hour; for the second six months, 13½ cents per hour; for the third six months, 14½ cents per hour; after six months, 15 cents per hour; all men to be rated at once upon said scale, according to length of previous service. The hours of service to be the ordinary hours of the employees, by majority vote, either, (a) nine hours per day for day men, and balance of time for relief men; (b) ten hours per day for day men, and balance of time for relief men; (c) twelve hours per day for five days per week, that is, 60 hours per week, for both day and relief men required. All overtime to be paid at rate per hour men are receiving for regular work.

2. All conductors and motormen in the employ of the company to be marked up on the blackboard in accordance with the time they were hired. The spare men to get all spare work, which, as far as practicable, shall be equally divided among them.

3. All conductors and motormen shall report at the car barn 15 minutes before their run goes out, and any motorman or conductor who has failed to report or send word within four hours after his run goes out shall lose the next day also, unless his services are required.

4. No motorman or conductor shall be required to pay for any breakages, unless it is proven that the breakage was due to his own carelessness.

5. No conductor or motorman shall lose his own time to look up accident reports when he is requested to do so by the manager or superintendent, but in such case his pay shall go on at regular rates.

6. All employees in the employment of the company to have free transportation over all lines operated by the company while going to or returning from duty; no more than four employees in such case to be on any one car.

7. Any employee laying off with permission of the company shall have his place on list when he returns to work.

8. The company to have the right to make such rules or regulations as may from time to time be deemed necessary, not inconsistent with this proposal.

9. One week's notice to be given by employees before leaving the company's service, or failing such notice, forfeiture of equivalent wages.

10. In event of proposal being accepted, none of the employees who went out on strike on Thursday, Oct. 27, 1898, to be refused reinstatement, on account of their having struck work, as aforesaid, and no dismissal of such employees to be made except for other and good cause.

WHAT THE STRIKERS WILL ACCEPT.

The company's proposal was given the most serious consideration, and the following proposition drawn up, to be presented to the company for their approval:

1. The wages for motormen and conductors now employed by your company shall be 16½ cents per hour. All men entering the employ of the company after this date shall receive 15 cents per hour for the first six months,

thereafter to receive the regular scale. Nine hours to constitute a day's work for all regular men, with a leeway as near 2½ hours as the time will allow. Relief men to receive remaining hours, which must not be less than eight hours. All men that are called upon to work over-time to receive 20 cents per hour for the same.

2. That all employees entering the service of the company after this date to become members of the Employees' Association within 30 days, if satisfactory to the company.

3. All conductors or motormen in the employ of the company to be marked up on the blackboard, in accordance with the time they were hired. The spare men to get all spare work, which, as far as practicable, shall be equally divided among them.

4. All conductors and motormen shall report at the car barn fifteen minutes before their run goes out, and anyone failing to do so, his place shall be filled by the first man on the spare list, and any motorman or conductor failing to report or send word within four hours after his run goes out, shall lose the next day also, unless his services are required.

5. No motorman or conductor shall be required to pay for any breakages, unless it is proven that the breakage was due to his own carelessness.

6. No conductor or motorman shall lose his own time to look up accident reports when he is requested to do so by manager or superintendent, but in such case his pay shall go on at the regular rates.

7. All employees in the employment of the company to have free transportation over all lines operated by the company; no more than four employees to be on one car.

8. Any employee laying off with permission of the company shall have his place on the list when he returns to work.

9. The company to have the right to make such rules or regulations as may from time to time be deemed necessary, but not inconsistent with this proposal. One week's notice to be given by employees before leaving the company's service, or failing such notice, forfeiture of equivalent wages.

11. In event of proposal being accepted, none of the employees who went out on strike of Thursday, 27th October, 1898, to be refused reinstatement on account of having struck work as aforesaid, and no dismissal of such employees to be made except for other and good cause. Also that Richard Westby, William Crawford, William Kerr, Jas. Fitzgerald, Michael Delisle and Jordan Pickell be reinstated to the runs they were on previous to their dismissal.

12. In case of differences arising between the company and the employees which cannot be mutually adjusted between a grievance committee of the employees and the company, the same to be submitted to a board of arbitration, one to be selected by the company and one by the employees, the two thus selected to choose the third, their finding to be binding to the parties thereto.

We further ask that the above be formulated into an agreement to be binding upon the parties hereto for the space of eighteen months.

SOME MODIFICATIONS.

Clause 2 of the original agreement was one of the chief points of discussion at the conference, and read as follows: "None but residents of London shall be employed, and before they start to train they must deposit their initiation fee with the secretary of our division, and receive a permit card; after 30 days' experience, if satisfactory to the company, they must become members of our association."

The union agreed to greatly modify this clause, giving the company the right to engage whom they would, but should the person engaged be satisfactory to the company at the expiration of 30 days, the employee to become a member of the union.

WHERE THEY DIFFER.
In clause 1, the men want a day of 9 hours, at 16½ cents, or \$15.00 per week. The relief men to receive the remaining time, which must not be less than 8 hours per day. The men want 20 cents per hour for over-time, but will accept 15 cents per hour for the first six months.

The company agree to pay 12½ cents per hour for the first six months, 13½ cents for the second six months, 14½ cents for the third six months, and after that 15 cents per hour; all men to be placed upon the above scale according to length of previous service. The option of hours is to be left to a majority vote of the men. For over-time the company refuse to pay 20 cents per hour, but agree to pay for extra hours at the regular scale.

Clause 2, calling for recognition of the union, is one of great importance to the men, as they feel that their future depends upon the life of the union. Without its support and protection they say they would be at the mercy of the company, and be gradually dismissed and supplanted by others.

The company refuse absolutely to recognize this clause.

In clause 11 the men demand that Richard Westby, Wm. Crawford, Wm. Kerr, James Fitzgerald, Michael Delisle and Jordan Pickell be reinstated in their positions.

The company is willing to reinstate the men who were discharged for leaving their cars on the Thursday when the endeavor was made to submit the original petition to the company's manager. But Delisle and Pickell, it is claimed by the company, were discharged by order of the engineer, and are not eligible for enrollment in the company's service.

By clause 12 the men seek the recognition of an arbitration committee for

the settlement of disputes arising between the company and employees.

The company will not concede this point in any particular.

ST. JOHNS WOMAN VICTIMIZED

Flam-Flam Artist Works With Profit on Mrs. T. A. Shoebottom.

The flam-flam dodge was successfully practiced on Mrs. T. A. Shoebottom, who conducts a grocery store at St. Johns, on Monday, and the sharper is ahead a \$5 bill.

The scheme was worked by tendering a \$10 bill in payment for a plug of 5-cent chewing tobacco. When the change was made—\$9 in bills and 95 cents in silver—and it was in his hands, the sharper said he did not intend giving such a large bill, took it from Mrs. Shoebottom's hand, and passed back (as she supposed) the \$9.95, then made a rush to the door, saying his horse would not stand, jumped into the rig, and was off down the road before she had time to even think. He had deftly extracted the \$5 bill from the small pile.

Melville, a young son, gave chase, but on coming up with the thief, after a hard ride, was unable to obtain the money, and the man endeavored to conceal his identity by covering his face with his arm, but Mrs. Shoebottom could identify him easily, though unable to say exactly how he was dressed. The rogue has a football crop of hair, and is quite noticeable on that account.

The trick was done so quickly that the most wide-awake man on the road would have been taken in.

Several wheelmen had a hard time making Lucan over the Proof Line yesterday. Near the city the roads are gold, but get worse further away.

J. W. Ferguson, of the Proof Line, sold to Wm. Reid, of Lucan, a fine Stone River colt, coming 4 years old. The buyer has a splendid mate, and the pair make as fine a team as the most fastidious could wish to drive.

MAJORITY 13,884

Full Returns of the Plebiscite Are Now Available.

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Making in all a majority for of 107,899. Then in Quebec there was a majority against of 14,015, leaving a net majority of 13,884.

SAVED FROM THE GRAVE

Miss Maud Cotterell's Tribute to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Belleville, Oct. 31.—"I have been like a person half-dead for months."

So says Miss Maud Cotterell, speaking of her rescue from the clutches of Bright's Disease.

"I could neither sit up nor lie down, and I had almost lost hope."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me, fully and quickly. They have saved me from the grave."

It has been proved, thousands of times that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Bright's Disease every time they get a chance.

Bright's Disease KILLS every time it gets a chance.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the only remedy on earth that prevents Bright's Disease from killing, by rooting it out of the system entirely.

SHOT NINE MEN.

Beaver Dam, Wis., Nov. 2.—Adam Hammer, of the city, became suddenly insane yesterday, and, securing a gun, wounded nine men, and was fatally shot himself to prevent his doing further injury. All the wounded will recover.

GAINED 20 POUNDS.

Mr. E. S. Massey, Belleville, Ont., tells how Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Increased his Weight and Restored his Health and Strength.

When you find yourself losing in weight, feel weak and miserable, you're in a serious condition. It's time for you to

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Read the following statement made by Mr. E. S. Massey, foreman at Capt. Allen's Coal and Wood Yard, Belleville, Ont.:

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James Clark, Commanco, Ont., says:—"Some time ago I was greatly troubled with headache and constipation. One bottle of Laxative Liver Pills helped me more than any medicine I ever took." Price 25c.

BISMARCK RELIGIOUS.

No man could have had less taste for dogmatical discussions than Bismarck, and yet his was essentially a religious nature. A deep sense of reverence and true humanity in the eyes of the enigmatical nature was among the mainstays of his religious feeling. On one occasion he expressed himself to Herr von Poschinger with regard to the doctrine of metempsychosis—a doctrine which Count Moltke was also deeply interested.

With Bismarck it may have been only a fleeting, fanciful thought—as Herr von Poschinger assures me it was—but he said, "I had to choose the form in which I should prefer to live again."

He said, "I am not so sure that I should prefer to be an ant. You see, I should not like to live in a state of perfect political organization; every one of them is obliged to work—lead a useful life—every one is industrious. There is discipline, and order among the ants. They are happy, for they work."

—From "Bismarck," by Sidney Whitman, in Harper's Magazine for November.

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"He that stays in the valley will never get over the hill." Don't delay, but try Blue Ribbon if you want to enjoy good tea.

IS ANYBODY IMPORTUNING YOU

with life insurance propositions? If so, GIVE HIM A HEARING. You have NO BUSINESS SO IMPORTANT as the solvency of your estate and the safety of your family. TAKE OR MAKE TIME or room for the agent of

The Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada,

who will present to you JUST THE KIND OF POLICY YOU NEED. You will CONSIDER IT. You will TAKE IT. You will VALUE IT MORE HIGHLY EVERY YEAR. You will THANK THE AGENT FOR OFFERING IT.

Security to Policyholders \$356,350.00

PRESIDENT—HON. DAVID MILLS, Minister of Justice.

HEAD OFFICE—London, Ont. MANAGER—JOHN MILNE.

70th St.

There is amongst all the teas advertised

ONE of supreme excellence

THE WALLA GALLA TEA

Is ahead of all others for purity and healthfulness. In Lead Packets, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb.

77c x 18



MIDDLESEX NEWS

Honor Roll of Thorndale Public School
—Death of a West Nisourai Pioneer.
—Pretty Wedding at Harrietsville.

Miss Annie Mablane, of Lobo, is seriously ill.

Five cars of apples were shipped from Iderton last week.

Mr. Duncan McTavish, of Iderton, is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

R. M. Edwards, of Lobo, has a Chester White sow which had a litter of nineteen pigs recently.

Messrs. E. McCann & Sons, of Dorchester Station, have contracted with Benjamin Johnson, of Mossley, to erect a dwelling to cost about \$800.

The 3-year-old daughter of Mr. J. Little, of Iderton, died on Sunday of typhoid fever, after a two-day illness. The funeral was held on Monday to Grace Church, Iderton, thence to St. George's burying ground.

Messrs. Orser, Campbell, York and McKee, were visitors at Merrill Lodge, on Thursday night, it being the official visit of D. D. G. M. Dubber to that place. They were all highly entertained.

Last Wednesday a pretty wedding was celebrated at the home of Mr. James McCallum, Harrietsville, his daughter Flora being married to Archibald, son of Colin Campbell, of Souris. The wedding was of a quiet nature, only a few relatives being invited. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell left on the evening train for Dutton, where they will reside.

Honor roll, Thorndale public school for October. This is based upon the work done during the month, which depends chiefly upon the attendance of the pupils.

Senior department, leaving class—Bert McLean. Entrance class—Maud Buckle, Ardell Guest, Maurice Abbott, Willie Steele, Bessie Logan. Fourth class—George Buckle, Logan. Fourth class—Ardell, Millie Hol-

Third class—Harris Muxworthy. Junior department—Elymer Bedgood, Jaby Barnard, Chester Guest, Harry Adiel, son, Merle Walker.

Stanley Logan, Roy Orr, Willie Provost, Stanley Logan, Roy Orr, John Lovatt, Johnny Logan.

The death is announced of Mr. Wm. McMurray, one of West Nisourai's most industrious and prosperous farmers. In his business he was always found in his uplight and honest. His word was his bond. The funeral services were largely attended by his friends and relatives.

Rev. Mr. Cluff, preached the formerly his pastor, being assisted by Rev. Messrs. Bloodworth and Thompson. Deceased was a member of Grace Church, Evelyn. He leaves behind him a sorrowing widow and young son, the eldest being married to family. The deceased was a kind, loving and generous man, and his loss is a great one to them by their neighbors and friends.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Oliva, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Alken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All American kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing, you need it. Every bottle guaranteed; only 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

YOUTH KILLED WHILE HUNTING

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 2.—Morris Grimshaw, aged 13, while hunting on Wolfe Island yesterday, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of his gun.

weak lungs

There are many people who catch cold easily—whose lungs seem to need special care and strengthening. Such should take

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

It so heals and invigorates the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes as to render them capable of resisting colds.

"I was troubled for years with weak lungs," says E. J. Furling, Lower Woodstock, N. B., "and could not get any relief, but on trying Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, it acted splendidly, healing and strengthening my lungs."

5c 2-OZ. LEAD PACKETS.
"FOR THOSE IN DOUBT."

Thousands have become converts to the daily use of



through this medium, as a "Tea Pot" test, sets doubt at rest. Ask your Grocer for a packet.

THE QUEEN OF THE SEASON

The only effect this speech had was to make her start away, and pace the room as wildly as before; but in a little while she grew calmer, and came back to where the Englishman sat with a gleam of hope irradiating her countenance.

"I will be patient," she said. "My rings are valuable; that wicked woman will come back for them. Yes, her cupidity will lure her back; and then I can be more wary, and make terms with her. Do you not think she will return?"

He did not answer, for his head was giddy with weakness; and, seeing that he could not support himself any longer, Vivien put her own arms aside, and went to his assistance. With her aid he contrived to reach a feverish doze, and she was left to indulge her reflections undisturbed.

She drew a chair close to the door, and leaned her head against a crack, that she might catch the passionately longed-for sounds of the woman's returning steps. How frightfully quiet the house was! Could these vile people have fled with their captives to starve? On such a thought as this she dare not dwell, though it persisted in returning again and again. She had not the slightest idea where the wicked woman had fled, but the thought of her, and the worst parts of the city, and that this house, standing alone at the bottom of a narrow alley, must be well situated to hide such deeds as its owners appeared capable of committing.

A gleam of light began to appear through the dirty, smoky skylight, and she watched it with all her angry distress reviving. Alas! It was morning. Already the Sister of Charity must have discovered her loss; but some hours would elapse before she would presume to enter the sleeping chamber of the countless step-daughter, or connect her with the disappearance of the nun's garments—hours that Vivien must spend here, unless her jailers relented, or for the sake of further reward, agreed to let her depart.

But they came not. In vain she listened. All was still as death, and even the busy hum of the city did not penetrate to this secluded dwelling. Only the boom of the German artillery sometimes reverberated through the house, faintly and distantly, leaving it more silent than before.

"They have gone to a jeweler's to dispose of the watch," Vivien told herself; and with this hope she willed away the time, till despair could be combated no longer.

"I shall go mad—mad!" she wailed, as she flung herself against the door and shook it till she was breathless with the efforts which were but wasted on the stout woodwork of which it was framed.

"Thank heaven you are awake!" she cried, when the noise made the Englishman open his heavy eyes. Speak to me or I shall lose my senses. Are they going to leave us here to starve to die the most awful of deaths? Oh, I am so young! Is there no help for me?"

She slid down on her knees by the side of the bed, and a burst of hysterical tears relieved and eventually calmed her. As she became more tranquil she perceived that a more critical one than her own; for she was strong, and capable of enduring a lengthy imprisonment, while he was sinking from inanition, and a new terror seized her. What should she do if he expired before her eyes, and she found herself immured in this chamber with a corpse?

She started up and bathed his face, and moistened his lips with the few drops of water remaining in the pitcher; she chafed his cold hands, heaped upon him the scanty coverings of the bed, and fetched the warm, woolen robe of the sister to wrap round his feet. He was a stranger; but he was her countryman; and while he lived she did not feel utterly alone and forsaken. The delicate, listless aristocrat, whose white fingers had never been usually employed till now, excited herself bravely, to keep warmth in the feebly-fluttering pulses of her dying companion; for his life had become almost as precious to her as her own.

A thankful exclamation suddenly burst from her lips; on folding the nun's robe round him she had discovered that the capacious pocket contained two or three articles; a tiny stoppered bottle of some potent stimulant, and a bonbonniere full of chocolate. Little did the good sister think when she provided herself with these articles for the use of a patient she intended to visit when relieved of her duties beside the countess, that they would be hailed with such thankfulness by Vivien St. Orme, and prove the means of actually saving a human life.

A few drops of the stimulant, administered in fear and trembling, brought back a tinge of color to the ghastly face of the Englishman, and then his young nurse fed him with the lozenges till, smiling gratefully—he had not strength to express his thanks in any other way—he sank into the first really healthful and refreshing sleep he had enjoyed since the commencement of his illness.

CHAPTER VI.

"Still here, my little friend?" was his first exclamation when after long hours of that dreamless repose, he awoke and found Vivien sitting beside him, gazing pathetically at his skylight which the last gleams of daylight were slowly fading.

"Yes, still here," she echoed, so mournfully that his heart ached for her.

"Then they have not returned. My poor child. What a day of anguish and terror this must have been for you."

"Yes," she answered, almost inarticulately. "I have envied you, for you have been able to sleep, to forget; while I—"

She averted her face and could say no more. By slow degrees the hopes with which she had buoyed up her sinking spirits had vanished, and she could no longer doubt that the heartless couple into whose power she had fallen, had carried off the money wrested from her, and left their prisoners to their fate. If they returned, it would be at the dead of night, to take by force her remaining ornaments, perhaps to silence forever her struggles for freedom.

The Englishman's extreme weakness made him more indifferent to the danger threatened them equally than the active, healthy girl who was sharing his imprisonment. He felt too weary, too helpless, to dread death; she did, or to conjure up such horrors as her more vivid imagination was creating, but pity for her roused him from his lethargy, and he pointed to the phial.

"Give some more of those drops, and do not despair. I will help you if I can. Already I feel better. Now lend me your arm. With my color-brown, I should be an odd couple if used for mixing my gaiters. Surely I can muster strength enough to cut out one of those panels, and you are slim, you could squeeze yourself through a very small aperture."

"And you?" said Vivien, as she assisted him in his search.

"I will stay quietly here till you send some one to assist me to a more respectable lodging. Do you know your way to your home? You do not? I thought as much. As soon as you quit the alley turn to the right, and keep straight on till you see the towers of Notre Dame before you, then—"

"Alas! the knife is gone!"

"I expected as much," muttered Vivien, drearily. "Everything is against us; it is useless resisting our fate; we may just as well sit down and wait."

"Stuff!" was the impatient reply. "You are always in extremes, like the foolish child you are. If my limbs did not fail me so, I would make a dash for it. I thought of this, and have you no knife in your pocket, no scissors? I thought women always carried a pair of scissors about with them."

Vivien betwined herself of the dagger, and Vivien, as he seized it with an exclamation of delight, which was followed, however, with a scornful, invective on the folly that had enriched such a worthless toy with a richly-chased handle.

"A paper-cutter would almost be of as much use as this thing; but never mind, a bad tool is better than none. Now, if we can but find a loose or shaky panel to operate on, and my wrists do not me play false—Tush! I have no more power in them than an infant!"

"It will be dark if you do not hasten," exclaimed Vivien, as he feebly wiped away the moisture from his brow. "Let me work; I am strong enough. Only direct me what to do."

In a fever of anxiety she stood over him while he endeavored to insert the dagger between the interstices of the wood, grinding her little white teeth when the steel snapped in half, taking breath again when, with the remnant of the blade, he had made a hole in the wall, and finally, crushed with her despair, when this, too, gave way, and became useless.

"Hark!" she cried, starting up and pushing back the hair that had fallen over her face. "What was that? Some one knocks at the outer door. Again—again! The bouquetière—heaven bless her—has told them where to find me. Mamma, Aymer, I am here—here!"

(To be Continued.)

In Woman's Interest

Apologies that Are Disagreeable

"She looks like a dear little girl, and I want to hear her talk."

"Oh, she's nice enough looking when she's clean. But you can't judge of her in that soiled dress. I think you must run out, Nettie, you make mamma feel so ashamed. I declare I don't know when I've felt so provoked with myself. Now, if you'd only come yesterday you wouldn't have caught us looking like beggars."

And so she ran on, apparently unable to turn her thoughts to anything else. In vain did we try to turn the conversation. Mrs. D— invariably harped back to the subject of her own and Nettie's appearance, and assured us at least a dozen times that she was "mortified to death."

Wearied and disgusted with her unnecessary apologies, we cut the call short, and my friend remarked that she would not care to call on Mrs. D— again.

When we rang the bell at the next house on our visiting list, the door was opened by Mrs. M— herself, with whom we had no acquaintance, having been requested by a mutual friend to call upon her. She wore a dark morning dress and a large, white apron, and my friend and I glanced at each other, fully expecting another dejection of apologies. But nothing of the sort. Greeting us cordially, Mrs. M— led us into the parlor, and sitting down, talked to us without the slightest embarrassment, and from the beginning to the end of our stay no reference whatever was made to either the apron or the fact that she had herself opened the door. We could but contrast the favorably with poor Mrs. D— who had annoyed and embarrassed us so much.

I chanced to spend the following day with my friend, Mrs. R—, and in the afternoon she received a call from a lady with whom she had been acquainted the previous summer in the mountains, and who was now visiting a married sister in the city, who accompanied her.

Mrs. R—'s house is a large one, and that its size impressed Mrs. L—, and her sister was soon made painfully evident when Mrs. R— spoke of returning the call in a day or two.

"My sister lives in a very small house—I don't know what you'll think of it," said Mrs. L—, depreciatingly.

"A small house is taken care of so much more easily than a large one," said Mrs. R—. "I find this is a large responsibility, along with less room."

"Well, I must say I like a large house," was the rejoinder. "I told sister when we came in that I'd be almost ashamed to have you come to see me, for your house will look so cramped to me after living in this."

Mrs. R— was perceptibly embarrassed. She could not think what reply to make to this remark, and a very awkward silence ensued, which was broken by Mrs. L—, who said that "allowances must be made, for her brother-in-law has just started in business for himself, and had to look at his money before he spent it."

It was a relief to Mrs. R— when the visitors departed, but she was forced to listen to a repetition of the apologies for the call a few days later.

Half the apologizing that comes in this world is not only unnecessary, but out of taste, and fails utterly of the result intended.

Poultry Feathers Now Largely Used for Women's Hats.

Fashion's latest freak is the employment of poultry feathers on women's hats and bonnets, and plumes of domestic fowls are displayed in large numbers in the newest feminine headgear for autumn. This is a result of the spread of the movement for the protection of the wild birds from destruction for milliners' purposes, in which crusade the sympathies of thousands of persons of the feminine sex have been enlisted. It is observable that these barnyard feathers are very handsome, trimmer being employed to make them beautiful. Nor is this so very difficult, inasmuch as the plumage of some

of the improved varieties of chickens is very lovely, though hardly appreciated up to now from this point of view, because so common and familiar. The everyday thing of any kind is not apt to be admired. Certain of the domesticated ducks possess exquisite plumes, some of them of a metallic lustre.

Farmers are finding a new source of profit in the sale of the feathers produced in their barnyards, which they furnish to dealers who utilize them in a variety of ways. They are used to a considerable extent in the manufacture of artificial birds, which has long been an important feature of this branch of industry.

Freckles.

French women, who try to make a virtue of necessity, are discovering that freckles are becoming. They are "chic," they say and they stoutly maintain that the little yellow dots bring out the whiteness of the complexion in a marvelous way.

Notwithstanding this, pronunciation of the French language, Englishmen are down and freckles, and when English women, headed always by the irrepressible Princess of Wales, frown, then it is time for the world to disapprove also.

In a private letter, received from a titled American woman—one with whose name you are very familiar—I read that she and several other beauties of London are removing freckles with salted sweet milk. The letter says: "Bath your face four times a day in sweet milk, made very salty, and your freckles will soon disappear." If they persist, as in the case of the Countess of Craven, use clear, salted lemon juice in the middle of the day—once the midday milk bath.

These cosmetics can do no harm and are certainly to be recommended to the woman who suffers from rust patches.

Digestibility of Cold Food.

It is impossible to digest articles of food until they are raised to a moderately high temperature. Much of the illness prevalent in summer would be avoided if people ate warm food, as they do in winter. Delicate persons especially should avoid cold dishes and drinks. They are extremely taxing to the digestive powers and a great draft on the vitality. The human system has just so much power in reserve, and if this is exhausted in warming up the large amount of cold food that is taken into the stomach there is but little left to carry on the other processes of existence.

A physician of wide experience says that for 45 years he has scarcely had a day's illness or an hour's pain, and this exemption from suffering he attributes to an unvarying practice of taking a plate of hot soup three or four times a day, winter and summer. His practice is largely metropolitan, and if he is tired or overtaxed he makes it his imperative duty to visit the nearest first-class hotel and get a dish of the best soup he can find. He frequently takes it without accompaniment of any sort. Occasionally a cracker or roll is eaten at the same time.

Being equal, he will stake his reputation on the theory that nine-tenths of the intestinal troubles of the summer season could be avoided by the systematic and frequent use of hot beverages, or, what is better, dishes of soup eaten as hot as they can be relished.

New York Ledger.

Cheese Straws.

When rolling out pie crust, often-times there will be a few scraps of crust left over. A good way to utilize these is to make them into cheese straws. Gather the scraps together, put into a firm piece, roll out very thin, sprinkle with a little salt, and roll up like a jelly roll. Then roll out very thin again, sprinkle once more with cheese, form into a jelly roll again. Place in the ice box for a half-hour or so, after which roll out a thin strip—about one-eighth of an inch thick—and cut into long narrow strips about three inches long and one-quarter of an inch wide. Bake in hot oven, about two minutes.

THE SNOWDROP.

In potting large bulbs, it is well to fill the pots with a mixture of the above soil, and to add a little sand to the top, adding an equal amount of prepared soil.

CULTURE OF BULBS

The Selection of Varieties and Their Treatment.

Some Explicit Directions for Both Window and Garden Growing of These Beauties of the Floral World—The Time to Plant—The Soil—Drainage Absolutely Necessary—About Potting.

Of the many factors tending to make the home surroundings beautiful, none can accomplish desired results more easily and cheaply than a luxuriant mass of bulbs, artistically arranged in the sitting room window, or beautiful clusters placed in different parts of the lawn. It is not difficult to secure a pleasing effect in either situation. The operations are not only simple, but most bulbs appear particularly adapted to various conditions, and even unfavorable conditions, as a rule, quite easily overcome. The work is a little more confined to wealthy amateurs, commercial florists, experiment stations or botanical gardens.



N. PORTI-CES. N. INCOMPARA-BILIS. N. TRUMPET-MAJOR.

but any bright, thrifty, well-to-do person with a few rods of land as his command, can be the happy owner of many choice flowers. Let these institutions cultivate rare and costly plants which require careful nursing; there are many others just as beautiful which are within the reach of all who desire them.

Conditions vary so widely with different persons it is impossible to make any satisfactory set rules for all to follow. In the general culture of bulbs, and much less is it possible to select sorts agreeable to the varied tastes. I will, therefore, merely suggest methods which appear to me most convenient to the greater number and within reach of many others.

Bulb growing naturally divides itself into two classes: First, window culture, or indoor; second, outdoor or garden culture. Window culture requires a little more labor, but the compensation is correspondingly greater, as the blossoms mature at a season when vegetation is naturally taking her rest. However, no more time need be spent caring for these, and frequently not so much, as with the garden.

Moreover, many of our most easily grown bulbs are not to be compared with the geranium in beauty and delicacy of bloom.

Hyacinths and the Chinese Sacred Lily are frequently forced in water, or by glass culture, as the process is usually termed. Glasses made especially for hyacinths, each holding a single bulb, and having an array of floris or seed-men, are various designs and sizes, some having two or more compartments, for as many bulbs. The glass is sometimes colored, to exclude bright light from the roots.

About November 1st a bulb is placed in the top of the vase and the glass filled with water, even with the nose of the bulb. Set away in a cool, dark place until roots are three or four inches long, when they may be gradually brought to the light. Instead of immediately starting the bulbs in water, some growers recommend plunging into wet sand, to one-half their depth, keeping moist, and in a cool, dark place, until roots have formed about an inch long, when they are placed in glasses. Either change the water occasionally, being careful that the water added is of the same temperature as that removed, or place a small piece of charcoal in the glass, which will keep the water pure.

For this purpose always select the largest and most firm bulbs, as they depend largely upon their own resources for nourishment. The single varieties of hyacinths are better for forcing, as they bloom earlier and seem to endure the unnatural conditions better than double sorts. Further than this, as the varieties differ, principally in color, a selection depends upon the taste of the grower.

The Chinese Sacred Lily is even more easily forced in this manner. Several are grown in each glass or earthen vessel, which has about one-half an inch of gravel in the bottom, on which bulbs are placed, and the space around them filled with fine pebbles to the depth of an inch. Otherwise treated as hyacinths, they may be brought into bloom in a month, or even a shorter time. Other narcissi are sometimes grown in water, but with greater difficulty.

Most bulbs are quite easily forced in pots. The best time to plant them is about the middle of October. Use five or six-inch pots with a little drainage in the bottom. Of the large bulbs only one can be planted in each pot, and of the small ones from three to eight. Larger pots, or even pans, may be employed, with several more bulbs planted in each, but much better effect in arrangement can, as a rule, be secured by using smaller pots. The best soil is a light, sandy loam, enriched with cow manure and leaf mold.

In potting large bulbs, it is well to fill the pots with a mixture of the above soil, and to add a little sand to the top, adding an equal amount of prepared soil.

Good health is worth more than anything else to you, and every bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla contains good health.

Navigation and Railways

CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CBE CBE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

A TOURIST CAR.

WINTER SERVICE.

COMMENCING Thursday, Nov. 3, 1905. Quipped Tourist Sleeper will leave Carleton Place at 7:05 p.m., and run through to Seattle, and on Friday, Nov. 4, one will leave Toronto at 12:30 p.m., and run through to Vancouver. The Thursday and Friday Service will be continued throughout the winter season. The Tourist Sleeper Service on other days will be abolished.

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Wall Paper Cost.

The cost of papering your walls should be given consideration; compare quality and lowness of price. When you get both that's a bargain. From us you have the experience of years at your service.

ALL KINDS. BEST PRICES.

O. B. GRAVES
222 Dundas Street.

DR. S. J. CAMPBELL,
DENTIST, 439 PARK AVENUE,
Between Dundas and Queen's Ave. Phone 922

W. B. LAIDLAW,
Barber, shaver, etc. Money to loan at low
est rates. Bank of Commerce Bldg.

We Study

our patrons' wishes, and
then do their laundry to
suit them.

Parisian Steam Laundry Company
of Ontario, Limited.

EASY READING.

When you have the electric light to
read with in the long winter evenings
your eyes will not suffer from the
steady and continuous strain put upon
them.

Electric light is handy and does not
accumulate dirt and smoke. Let us
give you prices. Phone 825.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
859 Richmond Street.

BROCK'S Smokeless Cartridges

are a permanent success because they
may always be depended upon to give
the Highest Velocity with Low
Pressure, Full Even Pattern. They are
Clean and Smokeless.

W. A. BROCK,
162 Dundas St., London, Ont. Phone 501

At a Small Cost

you can have a room papered now, as
we have made a cut in the prices of
all our

WALL PAPER.

H. & C. COLERICK,
443 RICHMOND STREET.

\$10,000.00 for 30 cents per day. The Manufacturers' Life

is issuing a NEW policy that is within
the reach of all. For further particu-
lars apply to

VIVIAN REEVE,

District Manager, 183 Dundas Street

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Nelles, dentist, has removed to
211 Dundas street, opposite Runlans'
department store.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.—Cheap
Cook Stoves, Square Ranges, Par-
lor Stoves, Extension Tables, Bedroom
Suites, Spring and Hair Mattresses,
Goose Feather Pillows, Down Cushions,
made to order at the Feather Bed and
Mattress Cleaning Factory, 539 Rich-
mond street. HUNT & SONS.
Telephone 997.

We have just opened out a fine line
of furniture coverings, imported direct
from England. All the latest shades
and designs. You should see them. At
Traford's, 95 to 97 King street.

Don't have corns on your fingers by
using dull cutters when you can have
them sharpened for 5 cents by PERRY
DAVID, 539 Richmond street, two doors
north of Albert. xzv

Monsoon Indo-Ceylon Tea goes far-
ther in use than any other packet tea.
This is not due to any better weight,
but to richer quality. The substance in
Monsoon is the imperial strength of
flavor and body which grows into the
leaf of this perfectly ripened tea—all
preserved in the perfect process of cur-
ing. You need less of Monsoon for each
cup than of any other kind of tea. xzv

Kneeing may not be dangerous, but
it often causes palpitation of the
heart.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial.
It removed them from one pair of
feet without any pain. What it has
done once it will do again.

The shoemaker who fits a woman's
feet to her satisfaction performs a
heroic feat.

A GOOD STEAK

Choice roasts, lamb and every-
thing good to eat in the meat
line. Tender and cut right. If
that is what you want, drop in
and order it.

J. H. GATECLIFFE,
267 Dundas Street.

How About Your Stoves?

The Famous Active Baseburner and the
Famous Active Range are the best stoves
in the world—broad assertion, but it's so.
Bought by everyone who sees them. You
will buy also if you come and look at them.

STEVELY'S,

202 Richmond Street. Phone 422

GENERALLY FAIR; LIGHT
SHOWERS.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 1, 11 p.m.—The
low area which was approaching from
the Northwest Territories last night
is now centered over Lake Superior
and another pronounced low is follow-
ing in its immediate rear. The winds have
increased to strong breezes, and a
moderate gale over the lakes and the
weather has become milder generally.
Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Victoria, 48-52; Kamloops, 42-50; Cal-
gary, 20-52; Qu'Appelle, 26-32; Win-
nipeg, 32-34; Port Arthur, 34-50; Parry
Sound, 28-32; Toronto, 28-32; Ottawa,
34-44; Montreal, 28-42; Quebec, 24-38;
Halifax, 38-46.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1 a.m.—Probabili-
ties for the lower lakes: Strong
breezes and moderate gales; south-
westerly to northwesterly; generally
fair; light showers at some places, be-
coming cooler by night.
Local temperatures—The highest and
lowest reading of the thermometer at
the observatory on Tuesday, Nov. 1,
were 50 and 49 above.

Sweetness And Beauty

will be your possession in dark winter days
if you now put some of GAMBAGE'S
fine Tulips, Hyacinths, Narcissus, Crocus
Iris, Freesias, etc. They are very choice
and cheap, too.

THE WATSON-JOHNSTON CO.

Importers of Fine Woollens

239 Dundas Street.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
107.....Business Offices
184.....Editorial Room
178.....Job Departments



A LOCAL BUDGET

—The city union meeting of the
King's Daughters and Sons will be held
at Memorial Church tomorrow evening.

—Galt Reformer: Capt. Patterson, of
the local Salvation Army corps, is
spending a ten day furlough in Lon-
don.

—Sarnia Post: The Emerson Dram-
atic Company, of London, passed
through town this morning en route to
Wallaceburg, where they appear.

—A bright vaudeville and burlesque
entertainment is what the Buttery
Ballets will give at the Grand
Opera House Saturday, Nov. 6, matinee
and night.

—The customs returns at the port of
London for October amounted to \$41-
578 00, as against \$40,159 for October,
1918, and \$43,337 for October, 1919,
showing quite a marked increase.

—Berlin News-Record: Mayor Hughes
will leave on Monday to accompany a
party for Round Lake, Haliburton dis-
trict, on a deer-hunting expedition. Col.
Leys and Mr. Fred Trebilcock, of
London, will also be in the party.

—A Detroit paper says that the
stranger who shot himself, and who
gave the name of J. H. Grenfell, is
supposed to be Mr. Fred Kennedy, of
Hill street, but so far there is no
foundation for the report. Mr. Ken-
nedy has not been in the city for some
time.

—The Guy Brothers will be the at-
traction at the Grand tonight. "Notwith-
standing the many outside attractions,
last evening, a good sized audience
greeted Guy Brothers' Minstrels at the
opera house, upon their first visit
to London. The company gives a re-
fined minstrel show and one that is
first class in every particular. Their
music is good and their special fea-
tures of their olio are among the finest
ever seen here.

—Stratford Beacon: Col. Holmes, the
new D. O. C. at Wolseley Barracks,
London, officially inspected the army
of the Twenty-eighth (Perth) Battalion
in this city yesterday afternoon. He
made a most thorough and minute ex-
amination of everything in connection
with the army, and expressed himself
as exceedingly well pleased with the
neatness everywhere apparent. He has,
however, determined to recommend
some extensive and very much needed
repairs to the structure.

—The anniversary of the Christian
Endeavor Society in connection with
the Talbot Street Baptist Church was
pleasantly celebrated last night with
a concert in the lecture room of the
church, and the evening was passed
in a very pleasant manner. The pas-
tor, Rev. Ira Smith, occupied the chair,
and he appropriately introduced a mu-
sical and literary programme, compris-
ing an instrumental duet by Misses
Jennie and Nettie McLeod; solo, Miss
Olive Niall; recitation, Miss Ella Gra-
ham; solo, Miss Frankie Cullis; instru-
mental solo, Miss Rogers; duet,
song, "Snowflake," Cowen; Miss E.
Magee; song, "Nita Giana," Newton,
Mr. W. Hungerford; song, "Starlight,"
Piccolomini, Mrs. G. B. Sippl; violin
obligato, Mr. Sippl.

—At the Asylum for the Insane last
evening, Mr. C. B. Sippl and his con-
sult company delighted a large and
mixed audience by the splendid ren-
dition of the following programme: Vi-
olin and piano, "Chant Sans Paroles,"
P. Tschalowsky; Mr. C. B. Sippl and
Miss Wilkins; song, "Dream of Me,"
Miss E. Magee; song, "A Tar of the
Queen," Mr. A. V. Becher; piano solo,
impromptu, Chopin, Miss Regan; song,
"Creole Love Song," Mr. E. P. Bucke;
song, "Snowflake," Cowen; Miss E.
Magee; song, "Nita Giana," Newton,
Mr. W. Hungerford; song, "Starlight,"
Piccolomini, Mrs. G. B. Sippl; violin
obligato, Mr. Sippl.

—Mr. Frank M. Miller, for the past
twenty years telegraph operator of the
G. T. R. here, died yesterday after an
illness of some weeks caused by lung
trouble. Deceased was 27 years of age,

A FRIENDLY TIP

Don't economize at your own expense
in buying your Winter Underwear too
cheap. The best underwear you can
afford is the cheapest. We are making
a specialty of good underwear, better
than the average. Our prices for some
are very little more, if any, than ordi-
nary underwear costs; then is the satis-
faction and comfort you get out of
good underwear. Make ours, from \$1 to
\$7.50 a suit. Come and see it.

BOUGHNER'S.

Business Men

Buy your office supplies
from us. Prices are close.

"The Nimble Sixpence Rather Than
the Slow Shilling," our motto.

Office Supplies for 1899 are now in
stock.

Anderson's, 153
Dundas Street.

of a retiring disposition and very high-
ly esteemed. He was a brother of Mr.
James C. Miller, G. T. R. train dis-
patcher here, and of John Miller, of the
G. T. R., Green Sound. A meeting of
the Good Knights of Pythias was held
last evening, when it was decided to
attend in a body the funeral of the late
Mr. Miller, who was a past chancellor
commander and received his jewel only
a few weeks since. He was very popu-
lar with the brethren.

—The city union of the King's
Daughters and Sons, to be held at the
Memorial Church Sunday school on
Thursday evening, promises to be one
of unusual interest. Delegates will
report. A paper will also be read upon
a subject deeply affecting home life
and training of children. Those who
had the great privilege of attending the
convention and enjoying the feast of
good things, especially Mrs. Bot-
tome's "Bible talks," will have a rich
mine to draw from in verbally report-
ing to the city union of circles. It is
hoped that all who take an interest in
the work of the King's Daughters and
recognize the helping hand they have
extended for years, to the poor and
needy of our town, and aided in estab-
lishing and encouraging organized
charities and missionary work in the
different churches with which the
members are connected, will meet with
the city union on Thursday evening.

CONDUCTOR CANED.

Mr. John Nolan, ex-C. P. R. conduc-
tor of this city, has gone to Montreal,
O., to take a position on the Wabash.
Before leaving, a number of his friends
called upon him at the Dominion House
and presented him with a cane, and
a gold-headed cane. The presentation
was made by Mr. John Cox, and the
address, which was read by Mr. W.
Stein, expressed regret at the depart-
ure of Mr. Nolan from the city and as-
sured him of the best wishes of his
friends for his future success. Mr.
Nolan was taken completely by sur-
prise.

CLAN FRASER.

An entertainment was given in Al-
bion Hall, Richmond street, last eve-
ning, by Clan Fraser, No. 43, O. S. C.
There was a large attendance of the
clansmen and their friends, and a
very pleasant time was spent. Chief
John G. Jones occupied the chair, and
introduced the following excellent pro-
gramme: Quartet, Messrs. Gruber, Ef-
ner, Osborne and Jones; Scotch reel,
Misses Susie McGill and Ina Riddell;
Masters Frankie Tucker and John
McClair; Scotch song, Miss Murray;
stump speech, Mr. Cameron Macdon-
ald; song, Mr. W. J. Johnston; gipsy
dance, Misses Susie McGill and Ina
Riddell; song, Mr. Armstrong; Irish
reel, Mr. W. J. Johnston; recitation,
"Tam o' Shanter," Mr. W. L.
Johnston; violin solo, Mr. Frank Snid-
der; song, Mr. W. Young; Mr. George
Taylor gave the benediction. The
entertainment was a most successful
one, and the aims and objects of the order.
It is the intention of the clan to hold a
series of concerts during the coming
winter, probably on the first Tuesday
of each month.

The Price of Employees' Suits.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In reply to Mr. Watson as to receiv-
ing \$13 75 for uniforms for street rail-
way men, he may have got it, but how
much did he give back to the company,
as there were several, briefly outlin-
ing on them at a much less price than
that, and they were too high. We will
give you a few who tendered for them:
Mr. Armour, East London, whose price
was \$10; Mr. Bird tendered them at \$9;
Mr. Baker, South London, \$9 25; and
they were all too high. We can give you
others, but it would be taking up too
much space. These prices are for the
union price for making coats, and Mr.
Watson had the coats partly made at
Greene's wholesale house, so he got
them up partly shop-work, and, as he
said, got a big figure for them. Mr.
Watson's own words are that he ten-
dered on overcoats at \$9, and the con-
tract was given to Mr. Chapman for
\$11 50, so there was something wrong
there; but it all goes with the street
railway employees. They dare not say

The housewife's hor- ror, the bedbug, driven out of the house by Persiatie Bedbug Ex- terminator.

Use Persiatie Car-
pet Powder and save
your carpets and fur-
niture from moths.

THE PICKHARDT-RENFREW CO.,
Limited, Stouffville.

a word—just pay their money, and take
the clothes at any price the company
say; and when the cloth was changed
some men had new uniforms, and they
had to get another in a few weeks,
and were not allowed to work till they
got them, so the statement A. D. Cooper
made was correct.

E. O. BAKER, E. TOLHURST,
committee.
London, Nov. 2, 1899.

PERPLEXED PEDAGOGUES

When Should They Demand
Health Certificates From
Pupils?

Parents Dissatisfied With Present
Rules—An L. O. I. Cadet Corps To
Be Established—Board of Education
Has No Funds.

The duty of school teachers in de-
manding a certificate from the med-
ical health officer after a pupil has or
is supposed to have had some infec-
tious disease was discussed at the regu-
lar meeting of the board of educa-
tion last night.

Trustee Wilkins raised the question
and said a great deal of dissatisfaction
existed among the teachers and par-
ents. He cited the case of Mrs. Geo.
Stinson, living on Maitland street
north, whose child was unwell for a
few days but with no contagious dis-
ease, and when she wished to send the
child back to school, a certificate had
to be obtained from the medical health
officer. Mr. Hutchinson first asked \$2
for the certificate, but finally gave it
up for \$1.

Some of the trustees said it was un-
derstood the certificates would be given
free, but they also knew of cases
where a fee had been charged.
Dr. English considered Dr. Hutch-
inson quite within his rights. He was
under the jurisdiction of the board of
health and the board of education had
no power to order him to give the
certificates free.

Mr. McRobert said he would not have
made the motion he did about the
certificates if it was decided to
make them compulsory, if the medical
health officer had not assured him that
no charge would be made for them.
Mr. Teasdale thought it most ab-
surd for a teacher to demand a cer-
tificate because a child was feeling un-
well and stayed at home for a day or
two. Such a teacher should be com-
pelled to get a certificate from the
health officer to ability, he said. Chil-
dren with infectious diseases were not
ill one day and well the next, and the
teacher should take the mother's word.
The medical health officer was not
charged to give certificates, and if it
gave him a lot of extra work, said
Dr. Teasdale. He believed the law was
too stringent.

Mr. McRobert defended it. A string-
ent law was necessary to keep the
physicians in line, he said.

No action was taken. It was thought
the teachers would take warning and
be more careful about asking for cer-
tificates.

The finance committee reported a
depleted treasury. There are no funds
to make the proposed grant to the late
A. G. Stewart, or to establish a kinder-
garten for the same. The committee
suggested that the most rigid economy
will have to be exercised, the report
states, and in any event the overdraft
at the end of the year will be con-
siderable.

Inspector Carson and Principal Mer-
chant submitted no reports.

The report of No. 1 committee con-
tained several recommendations con-
cerning the extension of fees to high
school students, also that a kinder-
garten be established in connection
with Maple avenue school Jan. 1, 1899,
and that No. 2 committee make re-
commendations for the same. Miss
Florence M. Wilson be appointed as an
assistant in Lorne avenue kinder-
garten; that Miss Northcott be added
to the substitute staff; and that a
kindergarten be established at the Col-
legiate Institute, the \$50 grant from
the government be given to the drill
instructor for his extra services.

All the recommendations were
adopted.

On motion of Trustees Gillean and
Hamilton no more teachers will be
inquired in within the next few days.
The teachers would take warning and
be more careful about asking for cer-
tificates. The finance committee reported a
depleted treasury. There are no funds
to make the proposed grant to the late
A. G. Stewart, or to establish a kinder-
garten for the same. The committee
suggested that the most rigid economy
will have to be exercised, the report
states, and in any event the overdraft
at the end of the year will be con-
siderable.

Trustee McRobert voiced some com-
plaints he had heard about the man-
ner in which the regulation punishment is
administered by some of the teachers.
Some have been boxing the pupils' ears.
The regulations provided that
only by applying the regulation strap
to the child's hands, and if the two
lady teachers Mr. McRobert has most
prominently in mind as offenders in this
respect, continue to violate the
rules, they may expect to come before
No. 1 committee and be reprimanded.

Mr. McRobert said further that a
West London teacher was not teach-
ing history in accordance with the text
book. He was strongly opposed to
teachers "airing the effervescence of
their imaginative brains" instead of
going by books.

Applications from Mr. Justus Wright
and Principal of the new school, Rich-
mond street north, were referred to
No. 1 committee. W. Parker's appli-
cation for the position of janitor of
the school was sent to No. 2 com-
mittee.

Progress was reported re the adju-
stment of teachers' salaries.

Those present were Chairman Logan,
Mrs. Bomer, Messrs. McRobert, Bay-
ley, Evans, McCormick, Boyle, Dr.
English, Weldon, Dr. Teasdale, Dr.
Ziegler, Bridle, Hamilton, Gillean and
Strong. Inspector Carson, Principal
Merchant and Secretary McElheran.

A Complete Hospital.

That's what Merrill's System Tonic
is. It is one of the most powerful blood
purifiers and the best bowel regulator
known, besides being a muscular and
nerve tonic. Hence it cures a wider
range of diseases than most medicines.

It is skillfully prepared in one of
Canada's largest drug stores, and is
extremely pleasant to take. Price, 50
cents for three weeks' treatment. Get
a free pamphlet at W. T. Strong's drug
store.

Three pints of Liquid a day is suffi-
cient for the average adult.

The rapid growth of the finger nails
is said to indicate good health.

Worth Trying if Sick.

A verified record—1,018 persons
cured in one month by Dr. Chase's
Family Remedy. All dealers sell and
recommend them.

No matter what a woman's age may
be she never thinks she looks it.

Are you Anxious To Save Money on Your New Autumn Jacket?

IT'S A PLEASURE TO WEAR

Our Soft Imported
English, Scotch and German

UNDERWEAR

See the Leading Lines. All Sizes. Per Suit— \$2, \$2.50, \$3.

GRAHAM BROS.

"THE COMING MAN" THE DETROIT SUICIDE

Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw Tells a London
Audience What Some of His Char-
acteristics Must Be—A Capital
Lecture.

"The Coming Man" was the subject
of a lecture by Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw, of
Philadelphia, in the Dundas Center
Church last evening. The edifice was
fairly well filled, as this talented lec-
turer is no stranger to London audi-
ences, and has always had a reputa-
tion of being a forcible and pleasing
speaker. The lecture was a capital one,
both interesting and instructive, and
the speaker was frequently ap-
plauded. Her illustrations were clear
and distinct, and the lecture abounded
in considerable humor, which was very
effective. Rev. Dr. Saunders occupied
the chair, and said he was pleased to
be able to introduce one who had aided
so much in the reforms of humanity.

Dr. Shaw, in her opening remarks, said
she thought the new man should re-
ceive part of the attention that the
new women had been getting for some
years. Men were distressed and afraid
that women would adopt the men's
wardrobe. There was no fear of this,
as women always wanted to look their
best, and no human being ever looked
well in men's clothing. (Laughter.) The
new man was to be created of God.
The women were not the sentimental
sex today; it was the men. The first
thing that was required of the new
man, for the new woman, was that he
be physically a man. The girls of to-
day were physically stronger than
those of 25 years ago. They should get
more into outdoor sports and life, and
leave their crazy quilts and knitting
for pleasure alone. One man attempt-
ed to make a crazy quilt, but he was
crazy before he started. Gymnasium
work at college was good for girls.
The boys of today were not so strong,
physically, as their forefathers. This
was due to the use of narcotics, to-
bacco and yellow journalism. The new
man would get an idea of the dignity
of man, and refuse to let himself ac-
quire bad habits, not because of wor-
ship, but because he was a new man.
The new man must be an intellectual
man. It took a much better man to
run an electric car than the old horse
conveyance. He must have confidence
in his own mind, and a steady hand. The
demand of today was for developed
minds, not developed brawn.

The W. C. T. U. the speaker said,
had taken up all good reforms, and
was doing a noble work along these
lines. There was an old saying that
the world was everyone a living. This
was not so. What the world did owe
man was a chance to earn a living. It
was said that a woman was usurping
right, and should go back to the work
of the mothers and grandmothers. The
work of these mothers and grandmothers
was knitting, butter making, candle
making, and numerous other
arts, which were all done now by ma-
chinery invented by man. Man digni-
fied woman's work. A female cook
man, but because he was a new man.
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minds, not developed brawn.

A cordial vote of thanks was tender-
ed the lecturer, accompanied by a beau-
tiful bouquet of flowers.

Rev. Dr. Shaw goes to Ottawa in a
couple of days, where she will address
the provincial convention of the W. C.
T. U.

Red Hot From the Gun.

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman,
of Newark, Mich., in the chest, war it
caused horrible pain, that no treat-
ment helped for 20 years. Then Buck-
len's Arnica Salve Cured him. Cures
Cuts, Bruises, Bolls, Felons, Corns,
Skin Eruptions, Boils, Piles, cure on ear,
25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold
by all druggists.

Kingsmill's can
show you how to do
it. Warm weather
in early fall made
price-pruning a ne-
cessity.

Splendid Beavers,
Friezes and Naps at
half and less than
half price.