

# The Guardian.

ADVERTISING RATES:  
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
\$1.00 per year to any part of Nfld. (post free). To Canada, U.S. & Great Britain \$1.50.

VOL. 13, NO. 13

TO UNITED STATES AND CANADA \$1.50 A YEAR.

BAY ROBERTS, N.F.L.D., FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1924

\$1.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

PRICE: TWO CENTS

IT IS SO EASY FOR HIM  
TO PROCURE IT, THAT  
YOUR DEALER IS ONLY  
TOO PLEASSED TO SUPPLY  
YOU WITH

## WINDSOR PATENT "Canada's Best Flour"

### French's Cash Sale!

The lines of Goods quoted below have been **CUT IN PRICE** to ensure a **QUICK CLEARANCE**. All who wish to Save Money should take advantage of this opportunity!

#### Specials for Men

**AN UNUSUAL OFFERING!**  
Sweaters, \$1.48.  
Suits, \$11.00 to \$15.00. Good value.  
Raglans, \$9.48.  
Soft Collars, 19c each.  
Corduroy Pants, \$2.98.  
Khaki Pants, \$2.89.  
Cloth and Cotton Tweed Pants, \$2.29 to \$5.98.  
Cloth, 56 inches wide, for \$1.29 yard.  
Dress Shirts, \$1.50.  
Suit Lengths, \$7.49 to \$9.78.

#### Ladies' Apparel

Ladies' White Lawn Blouses, embroidered front, \$1.19.  
Ladies' Black and Colored Silk Blouses, \$2.98 to \$4.49.  
Ladies' White Embroidered Undershirts for 65c to 90c.  
Fancy Muslin, 19c yard.  
White Muslin, 25c yard.  
Dress Cotton, 30c yard.

Veiling, in black and colored, 25c yard.  
Serge and Cloth Skirts for \$2.49.  
Cotton Serge Dress Goods, in brown, blue and maroon, 29c yard.  
Slip-Over Sweaters, \$2.19.  
Coat Sweaters, \$2.79.  
Dress Plaids, from 39 to 59c yard.

#### Boys' Wear

**MOTHERS! Buy your Boy a Sweater and Suit of Clothes**  
Boys' Sweaters, 98c.  
Boys' Suits, \$3.49 to \$7.98.  
Overalls, 98c.  
Dress Shirts, 75c.

#### For Children and Misses

Children's and Misses' Fleece lined Underwear, as cheap as 25c per garment.  
Cotton Dresses, 59c to \$1.19.  
Coat Sweaters, \$1.48.

#### For the Home

Towelings, 18 to 25c yard.  
Stair Oilcloth, 22 to 40c yard.  
Wool, black and colored, 9c knot.  
Infant's Boots, 48c.

#### Hardware

Hammers, 85c to \$1.40.  
Axes, \$2.20 to \$2.30.  
Auger Bits, 34 to 85c, assorted sizes.  
Monkey Wrenches, 59 to 84c.  
Try Squares, 49 to 78c.  
Brace Bits, 98c.  
Spoke Shaves, 24 to 48c.

#### Enamelware

Frying Pans.  
Custard Pans.  
Saucepans and Kettles.

#### Boots and Shoes for All.

Prices on the talking Hoop.

WITH EVERY \$5.00 PURCHASE FROM THIS LIST A VALUABLE PREMIUM WILL BE GIVEN FREE!

**E. J. FRENCH, Bay Roberts West**

### Our Sale of

Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes will go on. Cleaning out lot of Misses' and Children's White Canvas Shoes at less than cost.

**FURST IM—Ladies' Gloves, from 98c to \$1.30 Worth \$1.50 to \$2.00.**

Ladies' Black Silk Hosiery.

Children's Tan Hosiery.

Men's Black, Brown and Gray Socks.

Men's Knitted Neck Ties.

Our usual large stock of Fancy Groceries always on hand.

**J. JARDINE & SON**

**W. T. & E. Bowering**

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

BOAT BUILDING A SPECIALTY.

**Bay Roberts W.**

### THE SEALFISHERY

The sealing voyage is rapidly drawing to a close for the season of 1924. The Viking is now bound home without even a saving trip. The following is the message received Thursday night by Bowering Brothers: "Close to Deadman's Island; blowing gale S.E.E. Now bound east. Struck good spot seals 5 a.m. but ice impossible."

#### THE CATCH TO DATE

Neptune (landed) .....	28,101
Eagle (landed) .....	23,582
Seal (landed) .....	17,830
Terra Nova (landed) .....	18,851
Thetis (landed) .....	11,905
Sagona (landed) .....	9,459
Ranger (in port) .....	18,000
Viking .....	1,900
Stella Maris .....	1,400
Sable I. ....	600
.....	131,639

The petition for the release of Capt. Jesse Winsor having been granted. He was set free on May 1st.

#### SUDDEN DEATH OF COL. MORRIS, S.A.

The sudden passing of Col. Frank Morris, Chief Secretary of the Canada West Division of the Salvation

Army, took place at Saskatchewan on April 12th. At the time Col. Morris was on a "Farewell" tour due to his recent appointment as Resident Secretary of the Salvation Army Immigration affairs in Canada with offices in Montreal. The late Col. Morris had been thirty three years connected with the Army and it will be remembered that he visited this town in 1920 and lectured in the S.A. Citadel. He was a survivor of the "Empress of Ireland" disaster in 1912.

Mr. W. C. Whiteway, of this town, went to St. John's by Thursday morning's train and will visit his brother, Mr. Edwin Whiteway, who is ill.

#### Jas. G. Baggs

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes Turnings and all inside finishings.

Upholstering and Furniture Making and Repairing.

Undertaking a Specialty.

Caskets and Coffins always on hand.

SHOP: Water St., Bay Roberts

### Adventist Church Sunday, May 4, 3.30 and 7.30.

Pastor B. E. Manuel.

Subject: 3.30, "The Christian Sabbath. Is it Saturday or Sunday?" 7.30, "Has the Sabbath been changed and if so by whom?"  
**YOU ARE INVITED!**

#### CONGRATULATIONS

We extend hearty congratulations to our contemporary the "Evening Telegram" on the occasion of its forty-fifth anniversary. Newfoundland's leading newspaper was first published on Thursday, April 3rd, 1879, by the late W. J. Herder. Since then the "Telegram" has gained an enviable place in the journalism of this country. The "Telegram" office holds many pleasant associations for the Editor of the Guardian, he having worked on the staff for a number of years. The present publishers are The Evening Telegram, Ltd., Mr. C. E. A. Jeffrey is in the editorial chair, and our friend Mr. Robert Mercer is press foreman. With such a staff we hope that for many more years the Telegram will meet with the success which has crowned their work in the past.

#### APPRECIATION OF "THE GUARDIAN."

We appreciate the action of Mr. Kenneth Mercer, one of our valued readers residing in Framingham, Mass., U.S.A., who has recently sent a three years' renewal subscription to the "Guardian." In a very practical way Mr. Mercer has said, "I appreciate the home paper and the principle it stands for." This is another way of keeping Bay Roberts on the map—by boosting and supporting the Guardian.

The 25-ton sch. Prince David, recently purchased by Mr. Lewis Dave was brought here from Placentia Bay to-day (Friday). She will be used in the Labrador fishery.

Mr. Herbert Walsh returned from the General Hospital, St. John's, on Thursday and is very much improved.

#### TRAGEDY AT BELL ISLAND.

Bell Island, May 1st—Walter Dwyer, son of Philip Dwyer of West Wabana, aged 18 years, was electrocuted in No. 3 Mine at 4 o'clock this afternoon. It is believed that he came into contact with the high tension switch, when 6,000 volts passed through his body. He was well-known and a general favorite in Bell Island, a member of the Cadet Corps, and the Cadet goal-keeper at last season's sports.—Daily News.

Rev. Fr. Finn, P.P., was in this town Thursday on a brief visit.

### Wall Papers

One Thousand Pieces  
**New Wall Papers**  
Bright and Attractive Patterns!

As we wish to clear out this lot as soon as possible an offering the whole at **Reduced Prices**

A good chance for the thrifty Housewife to make her home smart. These Wall Papers are appropriate for every room and in a wonderful variety of designs.

**W. H. Greenland**  
SOLE'S POINT

### Tenders for Property

Will be received by the undersigned up to and until April 30th, 1924, for that **DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE AND LAND** belonging to the Estate of the late Solomon French, and situated at French's Cove, Bay Roberts. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address tenders to **WILLIAM FRENCH, Administrator Estate Solomon French, French's Cove, Bay Roberts.**

### A Flour that's at the Head of the procession of Bread Makers is **Cracker Jack**

It has a natural and earned right to take such high rank, because the Wheat from which it is made, the skill, care and cleanliness used in its manufacture, prove our claim that Cracker Jack Flour is the best made.

**BOWRING BROS., Distributors**  
A. A. FRENCH, LOCAL AGENT.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR TAKING LIST OF VOTERS

A Proclamation was issued in the past week's Royal Gazette directing that a Voter's List should be taken and revised in the manner provided under the 1913 Election Act, and in accordance with the rules and regulations made thereunder. It is understood that instructions have been sent by telegraph to the various officials concerned to proceed forthwith in the matter.—Telegram.

#### TAX ON CODFISH

Portuguese Consul has received a cablegram from Portugal as follows: Tax on Codfish remains unchanged. Tax on Haddock is doubled.

Mr. W. J. Carson, of the Hudson Bay Company, arrived from St. John's by Thursday's train.

Mr. R. A. Parsons, Solicitor, has been appointed Clerk of the Legislative Council.

#### ITEMS OF NEWS

Mr. James Samway, Country Road, has been appointed a Surveyor of Lumber.

The schooner Humorist, Capt. Peley, reached St. John's on Wednesday last after being out 65 days from Turk's Island, salt laden to the Monroe Export Co.

While enroute to the North West Gander River on Wednesday last, a squall of wind struck their boat throwing Stanley Gillingham and Herbert Francis into the water. Francis managed to reach the shore. Up to this writing the body of Gillingham has not been recovered.

Messrs. Geo. H. Mercer, James Badcock and Edward Trinchard left by Friday morning's train enroute to Boston, Mass.

All those attending colleges and schools in St. John's and teaching in the various places who were here for their Easter holidays returned by Saturday's and Monday's trains.

Mr. John J. French who has been receiving treatment at the General Hospital, St. John's, returned home by Thursday's noon train considerably improved.

Messrs. Frank Moore and Hedley Critch arrived by Thursday's noon train.

Messrs. Bert and Robt. Bradbury left by this (Friday) morning's train to join the Silvia en route to Boston.

Services will be held in the Adventist Church on Sunday, May 4th, at 3.30 and 7.30 p.m. Subject "The Christian Sabbath—Is it Saturday or Sunday? At 7.30 the subject will be, Has the Sabbath been changed, if so by whom? All are welcome.

### For Sale

A SELENDID SUIT OF SAILS at a great Bargain. These sails belonged to an American boat, are well made and in first class condition. Suitable for boat 20 to 25 tons. Suit includes Baloon Jib, Jib, Jumbo, two Foresails and Mainsail. Apply to B. E. Manuel, Box 217, St. John's.

### TO LET

DWELLING HOUSE AND LAND in central part of Bay Roberts. Apply to G. E. Russell, Guardian Office.

### Property For Sale by Tender

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received up to and including May 13th, 1924, for that desirable piece of Land situated on the Southside of Water Street, Bay Roberts West, next east of Mrs. W. Creebie's land. Said land measures nearly 200 ft. frontage, and extends from the road to the water. Very suitable for building sites. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address tenders to C. E. RUSSELL, Guardian Office, Bay Roberts.

### Good Advice

IF YOU WANT YOUR HEALTH PROTECTED

### Buy Rubbers

AND KEEP DRY FEET. We stock RUBBERS in all sizes both low and long, which we are offering at **REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.**

### Patent Medicines

We also carry a Big Assortment of Patent Medicines. If you feel run down we can give you a tonic that will restore you to the pink of condition.

OUR COUGH MIXTURES cannot be equalled. Try a bottle and break up that old cold before it turns to flu.

### PAINT

We are CLEARING OUT on Paints Don't Miss these Bargains. We offer a **RED PAINT** in halves, whole and five-gallon tins. **RED** is the stippled color of the day. We offer this Paint at much below cost.

### E. J. French

THE BARGAIN STORE. BAY ROBERTS WEST.

### Now in Stock

FOR S.S. "SKULDA"  
A LARGE QUANTITY

### Best North Sydney

SCREENED

### COAL

At \$12.00 Per Ton

THE

### Avalon Coal Co. LIMITED

BAY ROBERTS

### Reserve Empire Day

May 24th, FOR C.L.B. Annual EXHIBITION

Proceeds in aid of local War Memorial.

### Sole Leather

Just a few sides at 44c per lb.

### Stockings (imperfect)

Ladies and Childs, Boys and Girls, all one price to clear 19c pair.

### Stockenette

Just two rolls Slightly damaged, 29c per yd.

### Navy Sweaters

Mens \$3.20 each. Boys, assorted sizes and colours, \$1.45 each.

### FISHING BOOTS & LONG RUBBERS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

A grand assortment Ladies' Shoes, Strapped and Laced, in Black, Swede, Patent Leather, and Tan.

Another lot of Ladies Coats and Hats.

### Marshall's

NEXT DOOR TO PUBLIC BUILDING.

R. AUGUSTUS PARSONS, E.C.L. SOLICITOR, etc.

Bank of Montreal Building ST. JOHN'S

Phone 470. P.O. Box 1303.

### Monuments - Headstones

If you want a first-class Headstone or Monument, send to  
**Chislett's Marble Works**  
 We carry the LARGEST STOCK and BEST FINISHED WORK in the City.

**Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.**

Our Carving and Lettering pleases everyone. We are now booking orders for

**Spring Delivery.**

DESIGNS and PHOTOS of our own work sent everywhere FREE.

Write to

**Chislett's Marble Works**

208 Water Street, ST. JOHN'S P. O. Box 86

### Newfoundland Government Postal

**Telegraphs and Cable Service**

Covers the whole of Newfoundland with Telegraph and Telephone Service.

Has Wireless connection with Shipping, via Cape Race, Fogo and Labrador, via Battle Harbor.

Gives quick service to Canada and the United States, and all benefits of reduced low rates fortnight messages. Direct service to Great Britain at rates as low as 6 cents a word.

Earnings go to Newfoundland Revenue, and the business is handled by officials sworn to secrecy.

DAVID STOTT,  
 Superintendent

G. W. LeMESSURIER  
 Deputy Min. Posts & Telegraph

April 19, 23



**ROTHWELL & BOWRING LIMITED**

DISTRIBUTORS.

C. CHESLEY BUTT, HARBOR GRACE, BROKER.  
 SOLD BY W. H. GREENLAND, COLEY'S POINT.

### Nfld. Government Railway

Now Operating  
**Train Service**  
**Coastal Steamers**  
**Express Service**  
**Dockyard**

Travel and Ship Your Freight via Your Own Transportation System.

### Nfld. Government Railway

# Victor

## The King of Flours.

**GEORGE NEAL Limited**  
 Wholesale Only.

Advertise in The Bay Roberts Guardian

## LUCY GRAHAM'S SECRET

(Continued.)

'Mr. Maldon is not at home sir, she said, with insinuating civility; but if it's for the water-rate, he requested me to say that—'

She was interrupted by little George Talboys, who scrambled down from the high chair upon which he had been perched, and ran to Robert Audley.

'I know you,' he said; 'you came to Ventnor with the big gentleman, and you came here once, and you gave me some money, and I gave it to gran'pa to take care of, and gran'pa kept it; and he always does.'

Robert Audley took the boy in his arms, and carried him to a little table in the window.

'Stand there, Georgey,' he said, 'I want to have a good look at you.'

He turned the boy's face to the light, and pushed the brown curls off his forehead with both hands.

'You are growing more like your father every day, Georgey; and you're growing quite a man too,' he said; 'would you like to go to school?'

'Oh, yes, please, I should like it very much,' the boy answered, eagerly. 'I went to school at Miss Pevins' once—day-school, you know—round the corner in the next street, but I caught the measles and gran'pa wouldn't let me go any more, for fear I should catch the measles again; and gran'pa won't let me play with the little boys in the street, because they're rude boys; he said blackguard boys, because it's naughty. He says damn and devil, but he says he may because he's old. I shall say damn and devil when I'm old; and I should like to go to school, please, and I can go to-day, if you like; Mrs. Plowson will get my frocks ready, won't you, Mrs. Plowson?'

'Certainly, Master Georgey, if your grandpa wishes it,' the woman answered, looking rather uneasily at Mr. Robert Audley.

'What on earth is the matter with this woman,' thought Robert as he turned from the boy to the fair-haired widow, who was edging herself slowly toward the table upon which little George Talboys stood talking to his guardian. 'Does she still take me for a tax-collector with inimical intentions toward these wretched goods and chattels; or can the cause of her fidgety manner lie deeper still. That's scarcely likely, though; for whatever secrets Lieutenant Maldon may have, it's not very probable that this woman has any knowledge of them.'

Mrs. Plowson had edged herself close to the little table by this time, and was making a stealthy descent upon the boy, when Robert turned sharply round.

'What are you going to do with the child?' he said.

'I was only going to take him away and wash his pretty face, sir, and smooth his hair,' answered the woman, in the most insinuating tone in which she had spoken of the water-rate. 'You don't set him to any advantage, sir, while his precious face is dirty. I won't be five

minutes making him as neat as a new pin.'

She had her long, thin arms about the boy as she spoke, and she was evidently going to carry him off bodily when Robert stopped her.

'I'd rather see him as he is, thank you,' he said. 'My time in Southampton isn't very long, and I want to hear all that the little man can tell me.'

The little man crept closer to Robert, and looked confidingly into the barrister's gray eyes.

'I like you very much,' he said. 'I was frightened of you when you came before, because I was shy. I am not shy now—I am nearly six years old.'

Robert patted the boy's head encouragingly but he was not looking at little Georgey; he was watching the fair-haired widow, who had moved to the window, and was looking out at the patch of waste ground.

'You're rather fidgety about some one ma'am, I'm afraid,' said Robert.

She colored violently as the barrister made this remark, and answered him in a confused manner.

'I was looking for Mr. Maldon, sir,' she said; 'he'll be so disappointed if he doesn't see you.'

'You know who I am, then?'

'No sir, but—'

The boy interrupted her by dragging a little jeweled watch from his bosom and showing it to Robert.

'This is the watch the pretty lady gave me,' he said. 'I've got it now—but I haven't had it long, because the jeweler who cleans it is an idle man, gran'pa says, and always keeps it such a long time; and gran'pa says it will have to be cleaned again, because of the taxes. He always takes it to be cleaned when there's taxes—but he says if he were to lose it the pretty lady would give me another. Do you know the pretty lady?'

'No, Georgey, but tell me about her.'

Mrs. Plowson made another descent upon the boy. She was armed with a pocket-handkerchief this time, and displayed great anxiety about the state of little George's nose, but Robert warded off the dreaded weapon, and drew the child away from his tormentor.

'The boy will do very well, ma'am,' he said, 'if you'll be good enough to let him noise for five minutes. Now Georgey, suppose you sit on my knee; and tell me all about the pretty lady.'

The child clambered from the table onto Mr. Audley's knees assisting his descent by a very unceremonious manipulation of his guardian's coat-collar.

'I'll tell you all about the pretty lady,' he said, 'because I like you very much. Gran'pa told me not to tell anybody, but I'll tell you, you know, because I like you, and because you're going to take me to school. The pretty lady came here one night—long ago—oh, so long ago,' said the boy, shaking his head, with a face whose solemnity was expressive of some prodigious lapse of time. 'She came when I was not nearly so big as I am now—and she came at night—after I'd gone to bed, and she came up into my room, and she sat upon the bed, and cried—and she— Why do you make faces at me, Mrs. Plowson? I may tell this gentleman, Georgey added, suddenly addressing the widow, who was standing behind Robert's shoulder.

Mrs. Plowson mumbled some confused apology to the effect that she was afraid Master George was troublesome.

'Suppose you wait till I say so, ma'am, before you stop the little fellow's mouth,' said Robert Audley, sharply. 'A suspicious person might think from your manner that Mr. Maldon and you had some conspiracy between you, and that you were afraid of what the boy's talk may let slip.'

(To be continued.)

Mr. Robert Badcock, formerly of Hr. Grace, arrived recently at St. John's on a brief visit. He is son of the late Robert Badcock, who represented Job Bros. & Co. for several years at New York. Mr. Badcock is now doing business on his own account in New York City.

**Stall's Books**  
 Rev. T. Albert Moore, D. D., General Secretary of the Dept. of Social Service and Evangelism of the Methodist Church of Canada, who visited Newfoundland in Sept., 1917, in connection with the Social Congress, says:

'Stall's Books on Avoided Subjects have been standard works for such a long time that it seems almost unnecessary to say a word in their behalf. I believe they have accomplished great good, and are written with care and delicacy, at the same time with sufficient frankness or the modest discussion of these delicate subjects. They are safe books for general reading, especially if from the various books there is proper selection for the youth or adult, man or woman, as the case may be.'

'What a Young Man Ought to Know', by Dr. Stall, 269 pages, cloth binding. Price, postpaid..... \$1.25

'What a Young Woman Ought to Know', by Dr. Emma Drake, 272 pages, cloth binding. Price, postpaid..... \$1.25

'What Young Husband Ought to Know', by Dr. Stall, 254 pages, cloth binding. Price, postpaid..... \$1.25

'What a Young Wife Ought to Know', by Dr. Emma Drake, 293 pages, cloth binding. Price, postpaid..... \$1.25

Sent Postpaid, to any address on receipt of price.

THE GUARDIAN OFFICE  
 BAY ROBERTS

THE GUARDIAN needs more subscribers. We want two or three hundred more in Bay Roberts and vicinity. We also want our friends in the United States and Canada to send us along additional subscriptions. Will you help—NOW?

### WISE AND OTHERWISE

A lady of our town has found a sure cure for broken dishes. If the dish to be mended can be tied together with a stout string, then place it in boiling milk and leave one hour, you can never tell the dish had been broken and it can afterwards be put in boiling water without the pieces coming apart. This experiment has been tried and proven and many are the broken dishes which were thought to be useless which are now as good as new.

Some time ago a young married woman of our town, whose name we omit, made a curious blunder. She put some eggs on to boil soon after breakfast one morning. They were still on when when her husband came home at dinner time. Upon her husband asking what was in the saucepan, she answered: "Eggs for your dinner. They have been on since soon after breakfast. I have tried them with a fork and they are not boiled yet." His astonishment may rather be better imagined than described. And the mere mention of eggs now brings a rosy blush to her face.

It is not easy to learn to keep a household account book all at once. A young husband gave his wife a neat little account book prettily bound and designed to be inviting in appearance. He also gave her fifty dollars, and said: "I want you to put down what I give you on this side and on the other write down the way it goes, and in two weeks I will give you another supply. Two weeks later he asked for the book. "Oh, I have kept that account," said the young matron; "here it is." And on one page was inscribed: "Received from Fred fifty dollars," and on the opposite was this summary, "Spent it all."

It wasn't a Missouri editor but a printer's devil who was going through his first experience on "making up" forms. The paper was late and the boy got the galley mixed. The first part of the obituary notice of a pecunious citizen had been dumped in the forms and the next handful of type came off of a galley describing a recent fire. It read like this: "The pall bearers lowered the body to the grave and as it was consigned to the flames there were few if any regrets for the old wreck had been an eyesore to the town for years. Of course there was individual loss, but that was fully covered by insurance." The widow thinks the editor wrote the obituary that way because the lamented partner of her joys and sorrows owed him five years' subscription.

### THE LAUGH LINE

"I HAM"

Mr. Kingston tells a story of Sir Edward Carson, who, when a gorgeously-arrayed person confronted him from the witness-box, and in reply to the question if he was a commercial traveller, said with proud emphasis, "I ham," congratulated him with the sarcastic remark, "Then sir, you are the best dressed ham I have ever seen."

Daniel O'Connell, the Irish orator, was applied to by a friend for his autograph; to which he replied: "Sir,—I never send autographs, Yours, Daniel O'Connell."

An anomaly, one of the many in this country, is that if a man secures a pass through a Member of the House to go to the Humber for work, the sum of \$7.10 is deducted from his pay, while if a man buys a ticket himself to go there he has to pay \$10.60 for it. What is the explanation? Is this a new form of bribery? We ask this because the matter of work is being confined solely to the members of the House of Assembly.

Wesley Church, St. John's, is having a radio broadcasting outfit installed in the church for the benefit of those people who are unable to attend the services.

The safest procedure during the time of an epidemic, if one begins to have symptoms suggestive of influenza, such as cold in the head, headache, fever, aching bones, etc., is to go home at once and go right to bed; ingly, or better, not at all.

### The Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co. Ltd.

The World Auxiliary Insurance Corporation Ltd.  
 British Fire Offices.

Property insured at Tariff Rates. Losses Liberally and Promptly Settled.

**H. Maxwell Dawe**

SUB-AGENT AT BAY ROBERTS.

Bowring Bros. Ltd., St. John's, Nfld.

AGENTS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

### Hard Work Means Success

There never was a goal worth getting but you must work to attain. You must suffer and bleed for it, cling to your creed for it. Fail and go at it again.

Success is no whim of the moment, no crown for the indolent bloater. You must battle and try for it, offer to die for it; Lose it yet win it somehow.

The Pathway to glory is rugged, and many the heart-aches you'll know. He who seeks to be master must rise from disaster, Must take as he giveth the blow.

There's no royal highway to splendour, no short cut to fortune or fame. You must fearlessly fight for it, dare to be right for it, Falling, yet playing the game.

The test of man's merit is trouble, the proof of his work is distress. Much as you long for it, man must be strong for it, Work is the door to success.

HEALTH is the greatest blessing in the world  
 If you are HEALTHY you can work hard but not otherwise. HARD WORK means SUCCESS but you will NEVER be able to work very hard without HEALTH and STRENGTH  
 If you require HEALTH and STRENGTH use

**Brick's Tasteless Cod Liver Oil**  
**PRICE \$1.20 BOTTLE**  
**Dr. F. Stafford & Son**  
 Wholesale, Retail Chemists and Druggist  
 St. John's, Newfoundland

### NOTICE

To Owners and Masters of British Ships

The attention of Owners and Masters of British Ships is called to the 74th Section of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1894."

75.—(1) A Ship belonging to a British Subject shall hoist the proper national colors—

(a) on a signal made to her by one of His Majesty's ships, including any vessel under the command of an officer of His Majesty's navy or full pay, and

(b) on entering or leaving any foreign port and

(c) if of fifty tons gross tonnage or upwards, on entering or leaving any British Port.

(2) If default is made on board any ship in complying with this section the master of the ship shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

At time of war it is necessary for every British Ship to hoist the colours and heave to if signalled by a British Warship; if a vessel hoists no colours and runs away, it is liable to be fired upon.

H. W. LeMESSURIER,  
 Registrar of Shipping

Real Economy  
 The House Wife knows that it is Economical in every sense of the word when she uses

# VERBENA FLOUR

W. A. Munn, Wholesale Agent



## RULES FOR Making Cod Liver Oil

For the Guidance of Manufacturers

- 1st. The manager in charge of factory must see that the livers are fresh; that all brown or poor livers are thrown out; that there is no gall bladder attached to any livers.
- 2nd. The good livers must then be washed in a tub of clean fresh water.
- 3rd. The pan in which the livers are boiled must be perfectly clean inside, before any livers are placed in it.
- 4th. Before you start to boil any livers, you must have sufficient steam.
- 5th. Turn on the steam, and use as much as you need to have for the quantity of livers you have in your pan. Boil until the white scum floats off (which will take about thirty minutes.) Don't forget to stir the livers, and see that those in the bottom and those around the sides are brought into direct contact with the steam all the time.
- 6th. Turn the steam off, and allow all to settle, not exceeding five minutes, according to capacity of liver boiler.
- 7th. Then you dip all the oil you can get, which is the finest white oil. Put this oil in a cooling tank made of galvanized iron, and let the oil remain there till next morning. Don't forget to put a straining cloth over the cooling tank before you put any oil in, so that it will catch any bits of blubber; allow to remain 12 or 14 hours or longer if possible, then dip from cooling tank and strain through double calico bag, inside bag to be one inch smaller all around; then strain into a tin shute under the bags, the cask to be at the end of the shute with a funnel, to lead oil into casks, which funnel to be covered with caesse cloth.
- 8th. When you have dipped the finest oil from the top of the liver boiler pan, take all the blubber from the pan while it is warm. The oil from this blubber is not fit for medicinal purposes.
- 9th. Then clean your liver pan with warm water and washing powder. Have it bright and clean for the next boiling.
- 10th. Every bag, cloth, tank, funnel and pan, must be washed only with warm water, soap and water. Soda must not be used. The best results for medicinal oil can only be obtained by the use of tin barrels. Wooden packages generally make the oil dark, and destroy its fine flavor. Keep oil in barrels in a cool place, and covered from the sun.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES  
St. John's.

## REGULATIONS For Salting Scotch Pack Herring

One barrel salt to five and a half barrels herring—Large Fulls  
One barrel salt to six barrels herring—Medium Fulls.  
One barrel salt to six and a half barrels herring—Matt Fulls.  
This amount of salt is for dredging and laying on rows only. It does not take into account that put on the herring before gibbing.  
All salt falling off herring in rousing tubs is put on rows as you pack unless very dirty or scaly; in that case, you have to make good the same amount, or otherwise you could not have any fixed rule on salt.

Matt Fulls ..... 10 1/2 inches long ..... Milt or roe  
Medium Fulls ..... 11 1/2 inches long ..... Milt or roe  
Large Fulls ..... 12 1/2 inches long and upwards ..... Milt or roe  
Medium Filling ..... 11 1/2 inches long and upward  
Large Filling ..... 12 1/2 inches long and upwards  
Filling Fish may be branded as Scotch Cure without the Crown Brand

No drowned, stale, or scaleless herring can be used as Scotch Pack, nor herring in half frozen state.

The root cause of light salting is to come as near as possible to the pleasing of the palate of the consumer; and if we bear in mind that over three-fourths of all Scotch-Pack Herring are consumed as a tonic before the mid-day meal, just as they come out of the barrel, without any fire cooking, we can see the reason at a glance for the right salting. The herring is dressed by the head and the tail being cut off, the main bone taken out. It is then cut into squares of about one inch, and is served with vinegar and other condiments. This gives power to the stomach to digest the following meal and keeps the consumer in the best of health.

People with bad stomachs please note that the art of cooking, and eating right is just as essential as the art of curing; and based on the best medical directions, and with the chemical analysis of the constituent parts of herring as a food ever kept before the consumer, we need not be surprised that the people who eat most herring are the most healthy and efficient.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES  
St. John's.

### For Sale

Parcel of land in Bay Roberts; also dwelling house in Conarty Road, to be removed from land; Moving Picture Machine, Gas Light and Films; Acetated Water Plant, suitable for an outpost; one Sleigh. For particulars apply at this office.

F. GORDON BRADLEY, LL.B.,  
Barrister-at-Law, Solicitor, etc.  
RENOUF BUILDING,  
Duckworth Street,  
ST. JOHN'S.  
P. O. BOX 1270.

## Report of T. Hollis Walker, K.C.

(Continued.)

Mr. Wolvin, (President of the Dominion Co. and of Besco) was not available, nor was Mr. McDougall who has now entirely severed his connection with the companies, but evidence was given by officials of less prominence—Mr. Gillis; Mr. Tasman; Mr. McDonald and Mr. Miller. Mr. Gillis knew nothing about the payments until after they had been made, and he had no power and did not purport to ratify them. He brought them promptly to the attention of others to whose departments they more properly belonged. Mr. Tasman was content to let things alone, and Mr. McDonald's association with the matter was small and the result of ignorance. Mr. Miller, of course, is in a very different position, he made himself the go-between to finance Sir Richard Squires out of the resources of the Dominion Company and his letters show that he fully appreciated the nature of the benefits which the Company might look for in return. His credit was attacked in strong terms by Mr. Lewis, counsel for Sir Richard Squires, and he was denounced as embezzler, thief and forger. I do not think that this was justified; so far as his relations to his own employers, and to Sir Richard were concerned his actual authority was vague and indefinite, but I am satisfied that he acted in good faith, and with a simple desire to help the one and carry out what he conceived to be the wishes of the other. The money of the company did not find its way into his pockets, but into the pockets of Sir Richard Squires and he did not deserve the abuse and obloquy heaped upon him on behalf of the man whom he had served. Moreover his evidence was not the main or the deciding factor, and I relied far more upon the documents and the testimony given by Sir Richard Squires himself.

It is clear that in March, 1921, Sir Richard knew that he had had the money and in what sum, though he was not sure whether it was to be regarded as a loan or as a gift. I can well understand that his necessities would tempt him to retain it even if he disapproved of its being procured from such a source, but I can see no sign of disapproval, and I find that he did not disapprove but that on the contrary help from the companies was precisely what he was hoping for when he left the country in August. No one could have supposed for a moment that Mr. Miller could have produced anything substantial from his own resources, and the idea that he could have collected a sum like this from anonymous political supporters is simply ludicrous. As time went on Sir Richard's hopes that it was a gift grew stronger and when in August he was at Montreal and no suggestion of repayment was made the last shadow of doubt was removed. It was contended by Mr. Lewis that the Company had still a right to sue Sir Richard for the money, and he invited me so to decide, and to hold in consequence that the charge made in this commission must fail. Though for three years Sir Richard has had the gratuitous use and benefit of the Company's bounty, I do not say that it is impossible for them to revise the opinion expressed by Mr. Jenks, their own counsel, that it would be "bad business" to sue him! I must not prejudice the result of it; I do not agree that it would provide a conclusive or any test for the question which I have to decide. Tony mind financial assistance from the Company at such a time and under such circumstances would be equally objectionable whether it took the form of accommodation only or of actual cash lent or given. Sir Richard accepted that help regarding it as a gift, the money was paid to him and I find that the allegation in this paragraph as far as he is personally concerned is proved.

One of his instruments was Mr. Miller with whom I have already dealt. Another was Miss Miller, now Mrs. Harsant. Her position was one of great difficulty and anxiety and I should wish to make every excuse for her, but she had knowledge of the facts and ability to appreciate them, and she ought not to have allowed the pressure upon her employer to

blind her to the dubious nature of the methods adopted to relieve it. At a later stage Mr. Meaney came upon the scene; he was worrying about his own position with reference to the money taken from the Liquor Control Department, as he said in a letter to Mr. McDougall (19th Dec. 1922) he was in a very awkward predicament unless he was in a position to insist upon the discharge of certain outstanding obligations which leant heavily upon him. He hoped to find the means of covering up one wrong by participating in another. Though I look upon the incident of the \$5,000 parcel with grave suspicion, on the evidence before me I do not find that the Nova Scotia Company or any of its officials as such paid any money to Sir Richard Squires.

### THE PIT PROP ACCOUNT

The Commission was stated in the following terms:—"Allegations have been made of wrong-doing in the Department of Agriculture and Mines during the years 1922-23 in relation to the expenditure made for the relief of destitution and known as 'Pit-Prop Account', and also in relation to expenditure upon the model farm."

#### 1.—PIT-PROP ACCOUNT.

In the period that followed the cessation of active operations in the great war the Colony of Newfoundland encountered serious troubles and difficulties. Markets were closed and trade upset, unemployment was rife and numbers of the people were on the verge of starvation. This state of things became pronounced in the year 1920 and grew worse in the succeeding years 1921 and 1922. Early in 1921 the Government devised a scheme of relief by which work was to be found for the necessitous and the perils of want averted. Hitherto the law had prohibited the exportation of unmanufactured timber, this it was proposed to relax to the extent of permitting the production and sale of pit props and pulpwood. By an Order in Council dated 21st of January, 1921, it was provided that the Governor in Council should permit:

- 1.—The cutting, taking and carrying away from ungranted Crown Lands of timber for exportation;
- 2.—The exportation of unmanufactured timber by such persons as may be approved by the Governor in Council and who shall enter into such agreement therefor as may be approved by the Minister of Agriculture and Mines;
- 3.—The sale either within or without the Colony of timber cut upon ungranted Crown lands by such persons as may be approved by the Governor in Council and who shall enter into an agreement therefor approved by the Minister of Agriculture and Mines.
- 4.—The purchase of timber cut upon ungranted Crown lands by such persons as may be approved by the Governor in Council.

The administration of this order was entrusted to the Department of Agriculture and Mines (of which Dr. Campbell was the head) and all the accounts were kept in that department under the title "Pit Prop Account." As time went on the relief work of the department increased both in volume and variety. The department itself conducted cutting operations, made contracts for rough wood or selling wood, bought junks and splits, provided work on unremunerative undertakings such as roads and bridges, and sought to increase food supplies by distributing seed potatoes.

The results from a financial point of view were disastrous. There are items still awaiting adjustment and there are claims outstanding by and against the Department, but the total loss to the Colony up to the end of 1923 cannot be less than \$1,200,000. It is not surprising that there should arise murmurs and rumors against the Department insinuating extravagance and waste, mismanagement and inefficiency, misappropriation and graft. In July, 1923, statements were made in the House of Assembly criticizing Dr. Campbell, the Minister of Agriculture and Mines, and in particular charging him with paying cab fares, part of his election expenses, out of the Pit Prop account; the account itself was tabled, and its unexpected contents made known and discussed; and this section of the enquiry was settled in its present form in other that investigation might be made both as regards the specific charges against Dr. Campbell and as regards the general conduct of his department in relation to this costly

experiment. At an early stage of the enquiry, Mr. Howley, K.C., (Counsel for Sir Richard Squires and Dr. Campbell) complained of the wording of the Commission, and asserted that there were other allegations against his clients which he wished to have included. I held that the Commission did not restrict me to the matters which Counsel on the other side of the table had opened, and I expressed my willingness to deal with any allegations of wrongdoing in the Department in relation to the Pit Prop Account, which he (Mr. Howley) or anyone else might bring to my notice. At my invitation Mr. Howley enumerated his additional charges as follows:

1. That Dr. Campbell had been guilty of misappropriating the funds of his Department;
2. That when Dr. Campbell left the country in July, 1923, he fled from justice;
3. That indictments were prepared and the Government authorities were taking steps to bring him back to stand his trial.
4. That large misappropriations and misuse of funds (in other words graft) were made by Dr. Campbell and divided up between himself and Sir Richard Squires.

In my view paragraph 1 was already before me, possibly also paragraph 4; but I invited Mr. Howley to assist me, especially as regards paragraphs 2 and 3, by information as to the source of these allegations so that although I was doubtful whether they really fell within the scope of the enquiry, I might send for those who were responsible for them. His answer that he knew only of popular rumors and the columns of a Canadian newspaper placed me in a difficulty which was solved by a timely statement made by Mr. Warren, who was Minister of Justice in July, 1923, that no indictments were drawn or steps contemplated against Dr. Campbell and that he (Mr. Warren) had never heard or thought that Dr. Campbell fled from justice. No one in the course of the enquiry expressed any other view, and I declare these two paragraphs of idle and probably malicious gossip to be untrue. I would add that from the first to the last no suggestion whatever was made against Sir Richard Squires, and there was no evidence that he was a party to the misuse of any funds belonging to the Department.

The contracts which were made under the order in the year 1921 were in a form drafted by the Minister of Justice which after reciting the order provided, among other things:

1. The Government shall permit the contractor to cut on Crown lands and to sell in the Colony of Newfoundland or to export therefrom—cords of pit props or pulpwood.
2. The contractor agrees to pile the pit props.
3. The Government shall not be responsible for losses by flood, fire or larceny.
4. Should the contractor fail or be unable to sell or dispose of all or of any of the pit props or pulpwood cut under this agreement the Government agrees to purchase whatever amount the contractor has failed to sell or dispose of at the rate of six dollars per cord provided:—

(a) The contractor shall first have made a bona fide attempt to sell all such pit props or pulpwood.

(b) The contractor shall furnish to the Government satisfactory evidence of his attempts to sell the same.

Agreements were made in this form with thirteen contractors, and wood was cut, but no sales were effected. Some of the contractors were able to show that they had made substantial efforts but the majority were in the first instance unable to furnish satisfactory evidence of this. It was, however, common knowledge that the state of the market made sales practically impossible and ultimately the Government took over the whole cut at the agreed price. In fact this proved to be a very bad bargain the cost to the Department was \$192,579.21, a good deal of the wood was stolen, and the Department's own attempts to sell at a latter date had very unsatisfactory results.

For the following season a new form of contract was devised. Sales by the contractor were eliminated and from the first the Government agreed to take over the whole of the wood at a fixed price per cord. The contracts were originally offered at four dollars, but the Government were compelled to give five at first, and later to add a bonus of 50 cents. The dimensions of the wood were altered, and all of it had to be cleaned. Like its predecessor this contract was permissive only, it did not bind the contractor to cut a single cord and the operations conducted under it proved equally unprofitable.

(Continued on page 4)

## C. & A. DAWE

Our Prices and Qualities are Right for Provisions, Groceries and Dry Goods.

WE HAVE LATELY IMPORTED A LARGE STOCK OF BOOTS

FOR LADIES, CHILDREN AND MEN, AND OFFER YOU A WIDE RANGE OF FOOTWEAR TO SELECT FROM ALL THE BEST



Boots are guaranteed BY THE MANUFACTURERS. WE HAVE ALSO LOTS OF LOCAL MANUFACTURED BOOTS AT

RIGHT PRICES. COME AND SEE OUR STOCK.

The latest thing in Ladies' Winter Footwear is the CAVALIER GAITER. We have them in Black and Tan, all sizes. They are stylish and the quality is reliable. The price is Right at \$7.50

Your Satisfaction our First Thought.

## VICTOR FLOUR

Sold by JOHN PARSONS



Newfoundland Postal Telegraphs

Foreign Connection

The Commercial Cable Company and its World-Wide Service

THE POSTAL is the only extensive public telegraph service for Newfoundland, and has connection to all inland places. A ten word message costs only twenty-five cents, the address and signature as well as Postal telephone transmission to destination is free of cost.

THE POSTAL has also immediate and constant connection with Wireless Stations at Cape Race, Fogo and Battle Harbour, and in Summer with Labrador Wireless Stations. Also with Wireless to and from ships at sea.

Cable business handed to the Postal ensures quick service via New York or Canso to Brazil, Bahia, Pernambuco, Bahamas, Barbadoes and Bermuda. Our connections are as follows:—

### THE COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY

"American Postal Telegraph," "Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraphs," "All American Cables for Central and South America," "Mafax and Bermuda and Direct West India Cables."

A cheap night, as well as day service, is also given to all points in Canada and the United States of America. The Postal has also direct connection with Great Britain, thence to all European points. Rates as low as 6c per word. Stamps to value of ten cents must be affixed by senders to all cable (foreign) messages from Newfoundland.

The Newfoundland revenue benefits largely when you patronize the Postal Telegraphs. Its whole staff (clerical and operators) from Superintendent to Messengers are sworn to secrecy.

DAVID STOTT, Superintendent.

Oct. 1923

## W. & I. BOWERING

Repairers of all kinds of MARINE AND STATIONARY ENGINES.

All Outport Orders carefully attended to

COLEY'S POINT SOUTH, Bay Roberts, Nfld.

Enquiry Report

(Continued from page 3)

able. It contained a clause (No. 5) which provided "that the Minister of Agriculture and Mines may from time to time prior to the time above stated make payments on account of wood cut by the third contractor to the extent of and in such proportion of the whole amount provided hereunder as may hereafter be determined by the Governor-in-Council." It does not appear that anything was ever brought before the Governor-in-Council in this connection, but many and large advances were made not only on account of wood cut, but also on account of wood to be cut, which might or might not be cut, and before a single cord was cut. This contract was certainly in form more favorable to the Government than its predecessor and it was difficult to find contractors, who would undertake its burdens. Most of those who did accept it were unable to pay for the supplies without which the operation could not be started, and the various stores were unwilling to provide them on credit without a Government guarantee. The contractors themselves were usually accepted on the recommendation of the members for their District, and in many cases the contract or the money to become due under it was at once assigned to the provider of supplies to whom the Department thereupon made advances. It may be that, as Dr. Campbell stated, there was no other way of meeting the situation in remote districts before navigation was closed for the winter but in the result there were many contracts on which the amounts advanced far exceeded the value of the wood cut under them. For instance a number of contracts were made in the names of employees of the Fishermen's Union Trading Company on the recommendation of Sir W. F. Coaker, and forthwith assigned to that Company.

Brown's contract showed \$2,250.00 advanced and wood cut worth \$1,462.50. Russell's contract showed \$2,250.00 advanced and wood cut worth \$1,410.00. Yetman's contract showed \$2,250.00 advanced and wood cut worth \$789.00.

(To be continued)

Corner Brook, Bay of Islands will in future be a port of call on the Canadian Govt. Merchant Marine Service between Montreal and St. John's. The first sailing on this service will be made by the S.S. Canadian Sapper leaving Montreal this month.

The Church Lads' Brigade are planning to make Empire Day, May 24th, a big celebration day in this town. Preparations for the Exhibition are in full swing and the event promises to be of unusual interest.



Electrify!

No doubt you INTEND to have Electricity in your home SOME TIME—no home is complete nowadays without it.

BUT WHY WAIT? You want the comforts and conveniences that Electricity affords now, and you can have them with less trouble and less expense than you may think possible.

Hundreds of thousands of already built homes have been wired for Electricity—AT SMALL COST.

Perhaps you are not familiar with modern methods of installing Electricity, whereby wires are drawn through partitions and under floors by expert workmen.

There is no dirt, no disfigurement of walls or woodwork and no interruption of the everyday household routine.

GET YOUR HOUSE WIRED NOW!

For particulars apply to Mr. F. J. Winsor, Bay Roberts, agent

UNITED TOWNS ELECTRIC CO. Limited.

THE GUARDIAN.

C. E. Russell - Proprietor

Issued every Saturday from the office of publication, Water St., Bay Roberts, Nfld. Subscriptions (post free) to any part of Nfld. \$1.00 per year. To Canada, United States Great Britain, etc., \$1.50 per year, postpaid. All subscriptions payable in advance.

Advertising Rates—For display advertisements, 50 cents per inch for the first insertion; 25 cents per inch for each continuation. Special advt. Want or For Sale column, 10c per line for 1st insertion, 5c a line for subsequent insertions. Special prices quoted for six or twelve months.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

All advertisements subject to the approval of the management.

Birth, Marriage and Death Notices 50 cents per insertion. Notes of Thanks and Lists of Presents, 50c to \$1.00.

We cannot guarantee to insert items of news or advertisements received later than Thursday morning.

All small and transient advertisements must be paid for at the time of insertion. The number of insertions must be specified.

Bay Roberts, Friday, May 2, 1924

The Day's Demand.

We are faced with another event which is likely to be the most outstanding and most important in the history of Newfoundland—the coming Election. From cove and inlet, settlement and town comes the challenge to those who call themselves leaders of men to step forth and in the name of Manhood, uphold and defend the principles of honesty and uprightness which has been the foundation-stone of the great British Empire, of which we are a part. It was our boast when in 1914 the call rang out for men to defend freedom and honor, that Britain's oldest colony—Newfoundland—gave the best she had, many of whom are now sleeping on a foreign shore. Even when our grief seemed almost unbearable, we gloried in their courage and strength of purpose which saw but one objective—the overthrow of evil. And, with their heroism fresh in our memory, we promised that the cause for which they died would be made our own, the torch of truth which their failing hands had lit would never be put out and the glory of the laws which they had died to uphold would never be tainted. What has been our record through the years? Lust of office and spoils of office have been the dominant factors in our public life. But now we have called a halt. Too long men of worthless character, whose highest ambition has been self-interest, have been the controlling powers in the life of the country. From the electorate we hear such cries as these, "Give us strong men! Give us good men! To whom shall we look? Where are they to be found?" "Who is the strong? Not he who puts to test His sinews with the strong and proves the best; But he who dwells where weaklings congregate And never lets his splendid strength abate."

Patriotism and Citizenship.

Rev. C. H. Johnson, of Cochrane St. Meth. Church, is one of the most outstanding and fearless men in the pulpits of Newfoundland to-day. Only a few Sunday nights ago he stood in his pulpit and preached a powerful sermon on present political and public conditions in this country, mentioning the names of those prominent in the public eye as being guilty of wrongdoing. The various societies parading at St. John's in honor of St. George's Day attended the service at Cochrane St. Meth.

Church, when Rev. Mr. Johnson addressed them on the subject of Patriotism and Citizenship. Thursday's Daily Mail gives a full report of the sermon, and we regret that we are unable to copy it in full. But there is one paragraph that especially appeals to the writer, as it is in accord with our own views, which the electors of this district will find yet to be absolutely correct in principle and also in practice. The paragraph follows:—

"Until 100 years ago it was a serious crime to publish the debates of the House of Commons. Less than 90 years ago there were 90 members of the English House elected by less than 50 voters each. Two members actually sat for Old Sarum which did not have a single voter, and only a few hundred population. For getting the pit from which we have been digged there are so-called Christian men to-day who say it is wrong to attend a political meeting and it is wrong to do any work for any Party. Some even go so far as to say it is wrong to vote. Such a man is either wrong in his head or in his religion. The fact is the electors of every district and they of every constituency should meet to select their candidates. In no other country would one man or small group of men be allowed to choose the candidates for a party for a whole country. A voter in any district ought to be indignant that Mr. A or Mr. B is being sent for him to vote on. In many cases the very fact that a man is selected by the ring is sufficient for refusing him."

Latest Political News.

Just as we are going to press we have learned that Mr. A. E. Hickman has definitely decided to lead a party in Opposition to the Warren Government. Further political developments will take place shortly.

A Man who deserves Commendation.

A BRIEF OUTLINE OF C. E. RUSSELL'S ACTIVITIES IN THE COMMUNITY.

To the people of Bay Roberts and vicinity: I have wondered if we are forgetting or keeping fresh in mind the many things which C. E. Russell had taken an active or leading part in? Coming to St. John's from Toronto in 1908, after living there for a number of years, he spent one year or better in St. John's working on the staff of the "Herald" and "Telegram" newspapers. He also published a newspaper there, "The Citizen" I think was the name of it. In 1909 he bought out the "Outlook" plant and moved to Bay Roberts, changing the name of the paper to "The Guardian." Immediately he started boosting Bay Roberts. I do not remember much about things before 1909, perhaps because I did not take thought or interest enough to know what was going on or what was 'nt, but today I am more interested, and realize that in order to

If you want anything, or if you have anything to offer for sale, use our WANTED ADVT. COLUMN.

SPECIAL NOTICES

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: I am keeping a BULL in pasture this summer. Fee: \$1.50. Terms: Cash. ROBERT SAUNDERS, Shearstown. 225,31

WANTED TO PURCHASE, FOR CASH, early issues of Postage Stamps of all countries; also old Envelopes with stamps attached. Am open to purchase current issues of Newfoundland, as well as early issues, both on and off the envelopes. It may pay you to look up your old correspondence. Reply (by letter) to Box 103, The Guardian Office, Bay Roberts.

get anywhere we have to shake off that easy-going way and get out of the rut of the past. And this is why a sense of duty has urged me to attempt to outline before you the activities of a man whom we must admire, whether we care to or not, has done more in recent years for the advancement of Bay Roberts than any other person that has ever stepped on the streets of the town. In other words, he has been a live wire in every sense of the word.

In 1910, or about one year after he moved to Bay Roberts, the Western Union representatives, Messrs. Dunham, Lynch and Dawson, started looking for a place to land their cables. Mr. Russell lost no time in trying to interest this delegation to look over Bay Roberts. This he succeeded in doing, and the result was a very large amount of money spent in the town which was of great benefit to those employed, and the Western Union is still helping many in Bay Roberts today, although it may not be looked at in this way by many because we are possessed of that small, narrow-minded feeling that if we do not see a direct benefit we think it's not worth having around.

There are numerous other details connected with the landing of the Western Union cable at Bay Roberts, and in all of the local transactions Russell took an active part. But we did not appreciate his efforts at that time owing to the fact that we did not know him then as well as we do today. But his strangeness to us did not last long, as we all remember around 1914 how things were moving. It is not easy to forget the Agricultural Society meetings, which were attended by hundreds, and like numbers received benefit directly or indirectly. I do not have in this movement the leading man in this movement which gave us an idea of what the spirit of Co-operation can do and this is what we've got to get down to in order to accomplish anything substantial.

Perhaps some of you remember the Exhibition held in Hr. Grace in 1912. I do not remember much about it myself, as I was residing in the U.S.A. at that time, but this I do know that C. E. Russell was one of the Executive of that Exhibition. Here we find him teaching us a broad-minded way of doing things. Why, nine out of ten of us would say, "What do we care what's going on at Hr. Grace? It won't do us any good and anyway, why worry over it?"

This week's arrivals of New Spring Goods.

Ladies' Spring Coats, Hats, Sweaters, etc. Ladies' Low Shoes, from \$7.99 up. Dress Goods and Tweeds. Pound Goods of all descriptions. New Shipment of Floor Canvas, direct from mills. Beautiful Patterns.

EXPECTED THIS WEEK: A shipment of New Wall Papers.

Marked-Down Goods

MEN'S SUITS clearing at \$10.00 per suit. Also PANTS and OVERALLS at our usual Low prices. New stock just in. MEN'S NAVY SWEATERS, extra good value at \$3.50. BOYS' SWEATERS, from \$1.00 to \$2.00. LADIES' SWEATERS, to clear at COST PRICE. COTTON BLANKETS, large size, \$2.75 per pair. MEN'S FLEECE-LINED UNDERWEAR at \$1.00 per garment. Full line of FLANNELLETTES, white and colored, always on hand.

GUS PARSONS, Barends Road, Coley's Point.

But Ed Russell looked at it in a different way. He co-operated. He knew what it meant to take part in such things. He knew if it worked successfully in Hr. Grace, Bay Roberts would get the fever and other towns would follow. It did work good at that time as I have learned since. Many lines of Agriculture, Horticulture, Poultry, Live Stock, as well as Thrifty Home Work - and many other things were shown. But this good doing did not last long because the spirit of Co-operation and Enthusiasm was lacking. But if there had been enough push or pushers to repeat again and then again I have a strong belief that thousands would be receiving a benefit from it today.

Then again we find him devoting his time to another line of work for our betterment. He wrote petitions and otherwise interested himself in bringing about a better mail service, better train service, the new public building, branch post offices, branch bank, electric light and power, railway of Klondyke Road and bridge and many other things that I do not have to mention. He has always been a strong advocate for a Fire Brigade, local hospital accommodation, industrial development, etc. To my knowledge he is always interested not only in the more serious things of life but also in the social and sports activities of the people generally.

But these alone is enough to convince any sane person of the spirit of Enthusiasm and courage to go after things; one that will not sit back and let others do the talking and getting, but one whom I firmly believe will get a right share for the people he lives amongst in whatever capacity or wherever he may be called and to those who believe Russell is a man of determination and right ideas, I would say more than showing a mere sentimental recognition but make a memorandum of these things, so that a word can be spoken that may count some, and by doing so Russell will get the recognition he is entitled to.

Nine out of ten you speak to will say, I wish we had a man of his calibre in our town or our district as the case may be, representing us in the Government. On the other hand, to those of you who are not interested, or perhaps do not care to believe that what I say is true, I take the liberty to ask you to step in and have a chat with him, and I think you will find out that what I write is very nearly correct.



Hello! Have You?

It's the handiest thing about our House. We can talk to almost anybody in town—any time. It saves trips and time, and offers the surest protection against fire and sickness. No, it's not expensive. It's the cheapest, best thing you can get! DO IT TO-DAY! AVALON TELEPHONE COMPANY LIMITED.

We Offer the following Low-Priced Goods

- Fresh Beef, 1-lb. tins, 25c per tin. Blueberries, 10c per tin. Wagstaffe's Jams, 35c per tin. Raspberries, 40c per tin. Sugar Corn, 15c per tin. Lemon Juice, 14c per bottle. Cocoa, 20c per lb. Prunes, 15c per lb. Loose Baking Powder, 40c per lb. ALSO KIPPERED HERRING and LOCAL SAUSAGES. Canvas Mats, 17c each. JUST ARRIVED BOYS' and YOUTHS' PEGGED LACED BOOTS, Local make, exceptional quality. MEN'S AMERICAN PEGGED BOOTS, Blucher cut. Also, MEN'S EXCEL HIP RUBBERS. ALL PAINTS, both local and foreign, have advanced in price, but we have a large quantity to sell of the following grades at the old prices: MARTIN SENOUR, White and colored. ACME BRAND, White only. KLEAN-UP BRAND, white only.

A. E. MERCER, Bay Roberts W.

A Bargain in Belting

- New and Second Hand 56 ft. 10-inch RUBBER, NEW. 110 ft. 7-inch RUBBER, NEW. 120 ft. 5-inch RUBBER, NEW. 80 ft. 4-inch RUBBER, NEW. 49 ft. 9-inch LEATHER, SLIGHTLY USED. 45 ft. 5 1/2 inch SCANDINAVIAN, NEW. 20 ft. 5-inch SCANDINAVIAN, NEW. 21 ft. 4-inch SCANDINAVIAN, NEW. 22 ft. 5-inch SCANDINAVIAN, SECOND HAND.

John Bishop's Lumber Mill

BAY ROBERTS. Could any man do more? I shall now leave it to the public to remember or forget, appreciate or disregard his activities. Yours truly, JACK S. PARSONS, Supt. of Grounds, Portland County Club, Portland, Me., U.S.A. April, 1924. Miss Ivy Cave returned from Cupids last week, where she had been visiting Mrs. Arthur Coombs. Cove and Loon Bay. Horatio Wells, who is supposed to have been with him, is also missing.

MISSION BAND ENTERTAINMENT

The annual entertainment, under the auspices of the "Curtis" Mission Band, took place in Snowden Hall on Wednesday night, April 30th. The programme reflected great praise upon the organizers who worked so hard for its success. The chair was occupied by Rev. S. Biggs, who, at the close of the entertainment on behalf of the President of the Band, Miss Florence Mercer, thanked the audience for their patronage. He also congratulated the performers who, in each instance, rendered their part in an excellent manner. At the close of the entertainment fancy work, candy and ice cream was sold.

ASHTON JOLIFFE DROWNED

On Tuesday, April 21st, soon after the S.S. Canadian Sapper landed at the wharf to discharge machinery for the Humber, the police were notified that Ashton Joliffe, Second Engineer, was missing. They at once began a systematic search for the missing man. On Saturday afternoon the body was recovered from the waters of the harbor at the dock premises. It is believed that the young man fell overboard while walking to his room. He was the son of Capt. Joliffe, LeMarchant Road, St. John's. He was 26 years of age and was well known in athletic circles.

DROWNING TRAGEDY

On April 29th a message was received by the Minister of Posts and Telegraphs from Mr. Kenneth Manuel, Loon Bay, via Campbellton, stating that he had found the body of Patrick Clair, of Boyd's Cove, in a water-logged boat in drift ice about two miles from Loon Bay. Clair was a mail courier between Boyd's

Subscriptions

Just now we have a number of readers renewing their subscriptions to The Guardian for the coming year. During the past year we felt we had a Mission to fulfil and a Message to deliver, and we have tried to do this to the best of our ability. We receive from time to time many words of encouragement and commendation, and while we appreciate this fully, we are still faced with the problem of financing The Guardian, and we need practical support in the shape of \$\$\$\$\$. There are large numbers of people who can help the Home Weekly at a cost of 2 or 3 cents a week—\$1.00 to all parts of Nfld., and \$1.50 to the United States and Canada. Send us your subscription.

General Post Office

CASH ON DELIVERY PARCELS From 1st of May, 1924, parcels addressed to places within Newfoundland which are Money Order Offices, may be mailed subject to the C.O.D. Service, whereby charges due to the sender up to \$60.00 may be collected from the addressee, and remitted to the sender by Post Office Money Order. The scale of G.O.D. fees is as follows: For sums not exceeding \$15.00 5c. Over And not Exceeding \$15.00 \$30.00 10c. 30.00 45.00 15c. 45.00 60.00 20c. The fee must be paid by means of postage stamps affixed to the article by the sender, and is additional to the ordinary parcel postage and registration. For further particulars apply to the General Post Office. M. E. HAWCO, Minister Posts & Telegraphs April 11th.