

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. I. No. 190.

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1914.

Price:—1 cent.

597 St. John's Men Have Volunteered For Service At The Front Great Britain Has Captured German Shipping Valued At 350,000,000 Dollars Since War Began Berlin In a Panic Over Rapid Approach Of The Russian Army

ST. JOHN'S, PRACTICALLY PATRIOTIC, PROVIDES SIX HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS TO HELP FIGHT THE EMPIRE'S BATTLES

The Regiment of Five Hundred Men Originally Offered to The Home Authorities by the Government of Newfoundland For Service Abroad Has Already Been Raised From the Capital City of the Colony, With Ninety-Seven Men Additional

CITY ALIVE WITH PATRIOTIC ENTHUSIASM AND HUNDREDS VOLUNTEER EACH EVENING

The First Regiment of Newfoundland Volunteers Wholly Composed of Young Men, Averaging Twenty-Three Years of Age and Comprising the Very Best Material Amongst Our Citizens

(Mail and Advocate Special Staff Correspondence from C. L. B. Armory)
CITIZENS of all classes were delighted last night when they heard that the five hundred mark had been reached in the enrolment of volunteers for the Newfoundland Regiment.

Saturday night the total was 457, and last night 140 came forward bringing the total up to 597.

Of this number all but twenty five are from St. John's.

Ten days ago fears were entertained by some that the number promised the Home authorities would not be forthcoming, but it is now gratifying to know that the Colony is rallying round the flag in a truly practical and patriotic spirit.

St. John's Does Its Duty Nobly.
St. John's has done its duty nobly. The city has never been backward in works of charity and assistance.

The cry of the needy has never fallen on deaf ears in this city. A few months ago when the Sealing Disaster took over two hundred and fifty of our hard sons leaving hundreds of dependants who were not provided for, everyone came forward and contributed their mite.

Not only the wealthy but the poor men, women and children all subscribed what they could with the result that the aged parents, the widow and orphan will not go cold or hungry.

Now an appeal of a different nature is made, and the result is just what we believed it would be.

The Capital City Sets the Pace.
The powers that be offered 500 men from the whole Colony. The capital set the pace and has of herself offered 572 up to last night.

The Empire is in trouble; the King's majesty, his crown and dignity is in danger, our trade and commerce, our peace and happiness are hung in the balance. That dear old flag which even its enemies admit, will afford greater protection than any other, needs strong and valiant arms to keep it unfurled against the German hordes who would take our heritage from us.

England, Ireland Scotland and Wales are doing all that could be expected of them. But more men are needed. The cry goes out to the colonies, and it is not a cry in vain.

Now is the time to show devotion to the Motherland. The larger Dominions have done well, and Newfoundland feels that she could not be left out in the cold.

Small, But Intensely Loyal.
Our number is small, the five hundred could be lost in the millions now in the conflict, but if our contingent be unable to perform some service which might place it in the line fight above all others the fact of over subscribing the number required will have a good effect on the Empire at large.

When His Gracious Majesty learns today, as we believe he will, that Newfoundland has more volunteers than she offered Britain when that hero of many fights, Lord 'Bobs', knows what the Colony has done, they will be proud of the Ancient Colony.

Let us all be proud of the fact that we are Britishers. Not boastfully but thankfully.

All Volunteers
NOT a single Britisher has been forced into the ranks. Everyone has gone of his own free will, and they have fought as no other soldiers can.

The messages from the front have all shown that the Englishmen are there with the goods. Life has not been sacrificed as is the case with the enemy. The life of every British soldier is of consequence to the British officer.

The British army has won the greatest admiration of the French General France will never forget the heroic conduct of Tommy Atkins, says Commander-in-Chief Joffre, and when the war is over his words will do much to cement the nations together for peace.

The Navy Does its Part.
And then think of the little torpedo boats which stormed the Bight of Newfoundland the pages of history contain nothing grander than the details of that early morning fight.

A popular young citizen who is in

GENERAL PAU WINS ANOTHER VICTORY

London, Sept. 1.—An Antwerp despatch to Reuters Telegram Co. says: It is reported here that Genl. Pau has won a brilliant victory over 50,000 Germans near Peronne, in the department of Somme.

GERMANS BUSY LAYING MINES

Use Trawlers Which Are Disguised as Neutral Fishing Boats
London, Aug. 31.—In confirmation of the story that mines are being laid in the North Sea by vessels disguised as neutral fishing boats, a woman who arrived at London from Bergen tells of the sinking of such a mine layer by a British cruiser.

The ship on which she was travelling found herself one morning close to a number of British cruisers, one of which had caught a German trawler flying the Norwegian flag and engaged in laying mines.

According to this woman the British commander gave the crew of the trawler three minutes in which to leave their vessel, and they came tumbling over the side of the passenger ship.

Then, first backing up a bit, the cruiser rammed the offending trawler and at the second attempt cut her in two and she went down.

GERMANS FAIL TO CAUSE ANY DISLOYALTY

Washington, Sept. 1.—At the British Embassy yesterday it was said that no attention is being paid to reports emanating from the German official sources of attempts to rouse disaffection among the Mohammedan subjects of Britain in India, Egypt and elsewhere, where the embassy officials said Germany had long been seeking to enlist the friendship of the Mussulman communities.

Their efforts have not produced any noticeable evidence of disaffection.

FIRST HONORS FOR THE NAVY

London, Aug. 31.—The first decorations from the Government for valor will go to the Navy.

An announcement was made to-day that Rear-Admiral Beatty had sent a list of officers and sailors who distinguished themselves in the victory over the German warships off Heligoland.

touch with many of the naval officers remarked to our representative the other day, that the officers of the torpedo flotilla would not only go through the waters of Heligoland but to hades itself if duty called them.

And then we see the British sailor in a different light. He has sunk the German warships, and German sailors are battling for their lives, not in conflict with the British sailors but in the cold and stormy waters of the North Sea, and true to traditions His Majesty's ships lowered boats to rescue them.

Big Contrast.
What a contrast to the Germans who shoot down defenceless men and women and outraged innocent girls!

And to the German shame, be it said, the rescuing parties were fired upon by a cruiser!

In the light of these facts is it any wonder that Britons the world over are tumbling over one another in

(Continued on page 6.)

"EVEN GALLANT LITTLE NEWFOUNDLAND HAS PROMISED A REGIMENT," SAYS PAPER.

New York, Aug. 29.—A London cable to the Tribune says: "The Daily Chronicle in an editorial makes an appeal to all able-bodied men to enlist in the fight for freedom and the country's prosperity in the hour of her extreme need. The editorial says:

"The Dominions are already sending us troops in greater numbers per population than our own. Canadian, Australian, and New Zealand forces make imposing figures. Even gallant little Newfoundland has promised a regiment.

"It would be a splendid East Indian policy to bring over East Indians. Nothing would give India a stronger sense of being admitted to the dignity of European brotherhood than for her sons to shed their blood beside ours on the white man's soil.

These are not scares. We venture to think that they are entirely practical, and that the only unpractical person is the man who delays to recognize their urgency."

RUSSIAN ARMY EXPECTS TO ATTACK GERMAN CAPITAL IN THREE WEEKS

St. Petersburg, via Rome, August 29.—That the plans of the Russian army contemplate an attack on Berlin, within three weeks, is officially admitted. At the same time it was stated that not only has the Russian mobilization been completed, but that there are now eight million men under arms.

The troops have been divided into four armies of two million men each. The armies are being placed in the field, from the inland mobilization centres, to operate one behind the other, the rearward one filling the gaps in the ranks of the one in front, after each general engagement.

STILL TOUCHY ON HOME RULE FAIL TO RESCUE BARTLETT'S MEN

'Red Rag' Waved in British House of Commons Causes Little Bit of an Uproar But it Very Soon Subsides

London, Aug. 31.—For a moment this afternoon the Commons tiring from its country's danger reverted to the old controversy over Ireland.

Asquith had announced that on re-assembling Sept. 9th, the Government would proceed with the Home Rule Bill and Welsh Disestablishment Bill. John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists expressed the hope that if the Government's proposals did not meet the approval of the whole House, the Government would not change its intention as regards Home Rule.

Ex-Premier Balfour immediately rose and said that if the Government again introduced the Home Rule Bill its course would arouse a torrent of abuse. This pronouncement brought an angry roar from the Ministerialists during which Balfour stood unmoved.

When order was restored he said that to introduce the Bill while members were serving at the front could only arouse a most heated contro-

Nome, Sept. 1.—The cutter Bear, which left Nome on July 24th to rescue the eighteen white men and three eskimau who found shelter on Wrangell Island after Stefansson's exploring ship Karluk was wrecked last January, has returned to Nome without the castaways.

The Bear sent word ahead that she ran short of coal and after coaling at Nome she will again set out for Wrangell Island. It is not known how near the Bear approached the castaways.

Schr. Hiawatha entered yesterday at Burin to load dry codfish from the H. R. Silver Co., for Halifax.

versy. Again the Ministerialists roared "shame" which cry was met with angry counter cheers from the opposition.

There was another angry shout from Ministerialists and Nationalists and the House proceeded with other business.

500,000 TONS GERMAN SHIPPING VALUED AT 350,000,000 DOLLARS ARE CAPTURED BY GREAT BRITAIN

Some of the Ships Captured by the British Carried Very Valuable Cargoes—Belgians Have Also Taken Thirty-Four German Ships

GERMAN PRIZES
TOTAL 20,000 TONS

But There Are Still Twenty Million Additional Tons of British Ships Moving Freely About on the High Seas, Says Lloyd George

London, Sept. 1.—An analysis of the attacks on the enemy's shipping since the war began shows that 490 German and 13 Austrian ships have been captured and taken to British ports while 34 German ships have been seized by the Belgians at Antwerp.

The largest of the German ships captured by the British have a combined net tonnage of nearly half a million.

Valuable Cargoes
The captures comprise several very valuable cargoes.

The value of ships captured by the British are estimated at \$350,000,000. Of 8,256 replies received in answer to the Government's enquiries as to the proposed extension of the moratorium, 3,653 were for extension and 4,653 against.

These most strong for the extension are bankers and stock brokers generally. London favors extension while the Provinces are against it.

'Few More' at Large
London, Sept. 1.—Continental connections are causing this city to be hardest hit by the recent dislocation of credit.

Lloyd George announced in the House of Commons that German men-of-war on all the seas have captured 20,000 tons of British shipping.

"There remain 20,000,000 tons to be taken," said the Chancellor amid derisive laughter.

OPEN CONCLAVE TO ELECT POPE PARIS PREPARES FOR POSSIBILITY OF GERMAN SIEGE

Secret Session Starts With All Doors Guarded, Telephone Wires Cut and Outside Communication Shut Off Entirely

Rome, Sept. 1.—At 7.30 o'clock last evening Cardinal Della Velle, the Papal Chamberlain, closed the inside door to the Conclave Hall in which the College Cardinals are gathered to elect a successor to the late Pope Pius.

Not until the new Pope has been chosen by ballot will the doors be opened or any intimation of the procedure inside be known.

All telephone wires leading into the edifice have been cut and communication with the outer world severed.

JAP DESTROYER MEETS HER FATE

Tsing Tau, Aug. 31.—A Japanese destroyer went ashore in the fog out of range of the guns of the forts. A German cruiser is reported to have destroyed the boat after the Japanese had abandoned it.

AERIAL FLEETS
PLAY THEIR PART
London, Sept. 1.—A Times despatch speaking of the fighting in the North says: "Throughout the fighting of the last few days, swarms of aeroplanes have circled in the sky.

"The enemy's supply arrangements are reported to have broken down, their men in some cases are subsiding on the flesh of horses.

"The British transports are working admirably and the spirits of the British and French forces are excellent."

BALKAN STATES
LIKELY LINE UP
WITH THE ALLIES
Rome, Sept. 1.—A message says that the Bulgarian Government has informed Serbia that if Roumania will abandon her neutrality in favor of Russia, Bulgaria will do likewise, so that all the Balkan States, with the exception of Turkey, will side with the Triple Entente.

DUKE'S BUSY DAY AT HALIFAX PORT

Halifax, Sept. 1.—The Duke of Connaught, who arrived here on Sunday night, spent a busy day in Halifax and left at midnight for Ottawa.

He inspected the Royal Canadian Regiment which is about to sail for Bermuda and also inspected the Harbor forts.

S.S. Earl of Devon left La Sclé at daylight.

Hosiery!

EVERY LADY, desirous of a keen bargain in Hosiery, should pay an early visit and inspect our stock.

Large quantities of
FANCY EMBROIDERED HOSE
from **25c. to 65c.**

OPENWORK HOSE
35c. to 90c.

CASHMERE HOSE
Plain and Ribbed.

At Prices to suit all Purses.

All Sizes in Children's Hose.

Anderson's,
Grace Building.

CANNED MEATS!

are at present being quoted at a considerable advance over last years prices.

We offer at a reasonable figure:

- 500 Cases 24 1's Cooked Corned Beef
- 450 " 12 2's Cooked Corned Beef
- 650 " 24 1's Roast Beef
- 250 " 12 2's Roast Beef

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was

Secured Before the Advance,
HEARN & COMPANY

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTHCHILD, G.C.V.O. Chairman
ROBERT LEWIS General Manager.

TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000.

Fire Insurance of every description effected.

LEONARD ASH, Carbonear,
Sub-Agent for Carbonear District.

BAINES, JOHNSTON & CO.
Agents for Newfoundland.

Stoves! Stoves!

Tinware! Tinware!

We have received a shipment of
STOVES

"Star Stirling," "Improved Success,"
"Improved Standard."

We also carry a large stock of
Tin Kettles, Boats Kettles, Measures and Funnels.

Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

Fishermen's Union
Trading Co., Limited.

Facts Which Fasten Guilt Of Precipitating The War On Germany And Austria

Apologists for the German and Austrian governments have striven to fasten the responsibility for the war upon other powers. Certain technical details which have been published by the French newspaper, the Temps, go to prove that Germany meant war from the beginning. It will be remembered that the course of events was briefly as follows:

July 23, 6 p.m.—The Austrian ultimatum was presented to Serbia.

July 25, 6 p.m.—The Serbian reply was given and the Austrian minister quitted Belgrade.

July 28.—Austria, after some hostile actions, declared war on Serbia.

July 28 or 29.—Russia ordered a partial mobilization.

August 1.—Germany declared war on Russia.

The Temps has shown that while these events were in progress and during the course of negotiations represented as showing Germany earnest in the cause of peace, active military preparations were in full swing in Germany.

On July 25.—Before the reply of Serbia to the Austrian ultimatum was due—all leave was stopped for garrisons on the French frontier.

On the evening of the same day all bridges, viaducts and similar works near the Franco-German frontier were placed under military guard.

On the same day all the measures concerning the preparation of fortresses for war were put in application. Underground was removed, wire entanglements set up, advanced batteries in position, ammunition distributed, and telegraphic communications established. These measures were steadily continued from that date.

On the morning of July 26 orders were given to railway companies to distribute their engines, rolling stock, etc., with a view to mobilization and to clear the mobilization platforms.

In the evening of July 26 all men on leave were recalled and all troops engaged at the instruction camps or maneuver grounds returned to barracks.

On July 27.—The work of local mobilization and commandeering began. The principal supplies establishments, in particular the most important flour mills, were occupied by troops.

On the same day, IN ADVANCE OF AUSTRIA'S DECLARATION OF WAR the German "covering troops" began to take up their position and all frontier roads were barred. It may be explained that the "covering troops" are special corps stationed on the frontier, which are kept usually strong in peace time, their duty being to repel any early attacks which might break up the railway system and otherwise hinder the concentration of the main body.

On the same day the telegraphic censorship came into force and the German fleet was prepared for service.

On July 28, 29, 30, the "covering troops" were brought up to their full effectiveness by the calling up of individual reservists, at least 125,000 men being so called up. Horses and motor-cars were commandeered, and all along the French frontier, particularly in the neighborhood of Metz, the corps usually stationed at some distance were brought up into close proximity with the frontier.

The preparations for the war of the German government thus date from a very early period in the negotiations which preceded the outbreak of hostilities.

GERMAN FORCES ON THE FRONTIER TOTAL 2,000,000

From Namur, South to Longwy in France They Have a Million Men

BIG FORCES THREATEN FRENCH STRONGHOLD

Very Few Men on the Russian Frontier and Mostly Raw Recruits

From calculations made by a close following and examination of all despatches from reliable sources since the war began, the total of the German forces operating from the Swiss border in the South, to Brussels in the North, is calculated to be 1,950,000 men of all arms.

Between Namur, on the river Meuse, in Belgium, and extending South to the French fortress at Longwy, South of Luxembourg and on the German frontier and having a front of about 120 miles, there are 1,000,000 German troops, which force composes the army reported to have broken through the line of the allied armies at three points—near the extreme left and in the direction of the French fortified point of Maubege, in the centre at Neufchateau in the direction of the French fort at Mezieres, and at Longwy on the extreme right and in the direction of the French stronghold of Spincourt and Verdun.

Apparent Plans

To the uninitiated the German plan of operations in the North would appear to be to press back the British and French lines by sheer force of numbers and possibly to break through these lines and separate the allies armies. In support of such a plan the Germans have about 100,000 men North of Namur, attacking that city and Liege and holding the district in the vicinity of Brussels, which two army corps may be used at any time to protect their right flank.

About twenty-five miles South of Longwy, and based on Metz and Thionville, the Germans are driving a wedge shaped formation, comprising about 250,000 troops, across the border toward the French fortified point of Verdun and the fort of Argonne supporting Verdun.

Force of 600,000 Men

Between Nancy and Luneville, about another twenty-five miles further south, and extending to the French chain of forts touching the frontier of Switzerland, the Germans have massed about 600,000 men.

From fifteen to twenty miles West of Nancy is the big French stronghold of Toul and about thirty-five miles South of that is the French massive defence works of Epinal. Between these two points is an open and undefended space, intended by the eminent French military engineer who planned all of the border defences of France following the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71 to provide an inviting trap for any German army of invasion in the future.

Though the Westward of the line below Toul and Epinal are three strong fortresses, from twenty to forty miles apart and these it would seem are what the French expect the invading force to break their back upon should they attempt the passage-way so intentionally left open.

Supporting Corps

Supporting their million men of the North army operating through Luxembourg and Belgium, the Germans have three double lines of military railway constructed within the past three or four months, running from Cologne and Remagut to the frontier, by which munitions, commissariat and reserves can quickly be, and conveniently be sent to the front.

On the Russian frontier Germany has only 150,000 regulars, these, however, being supported by the raw reserves.

The number of men France has at the front is absolutely unknown and the same is to be said as regards the British expeditionary force.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

The S. S. Portia
will leave the wharf of
Bowring Brothers, Ltd.

ON
Wednesday, 2nd of September, at 10 a.m.
calling at the following places:

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cape Broyle | Ferryland | Fermeuse |
| Trepassey | St. Mary's | Salmonier |
| Placentia | Marystown | Burin |
| St. Lawrence | Lamaline | Fortune |
| Grand Bank | Belleoram | St. Jacques |
| Harbor Breton | Pass Island | Hermitage |
| Gaultois | Pushthrough | Richards Hr. |
| Francois | Cape LaHume | Ramea |
| Burgeo | Rose Blanche | Channel |
| Bay of Islands | Bonne Bay | |

Freight received until 6 p.m. on TUESDAY. For freight or passage apply to the Coastal Office of

Bowring Brothers, Ltd.
TELEPHONE 306

THE BEST IS CHEAPER IN THE END



Order a Case To-day
"EVERY DAY" BRAND
EVAPORATED MILK.
Job's Stores Limited.
DISTRIBUTORS

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS



MOTOR BOAT F.P.U.
For Sale!
Motor Boat
F.P.U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his cruises North. Boat is fitted with a 27 h.p. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nine-tenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil. The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for. The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses. Apply to

W. F. Coaker.

Headquarters —FOR— Motor Boat Supplies

In Stock, a full supply of
Batteries, Spark Plugs, Spark Coils, Magnetos, Trouble Lights, Propellers,
ETC., ETC.

Lowest Prices
—ON—
Gasoline, Kerosene
—AND—
Lubricating Oils.

AGENTS for
New FERRO Kerosene Engines,
The Standard of the World.

DISTRIBUTORS for
Imperial Oil Co., Limited, Canada.

OUR Stock is Complete—Prices Right.
INSPECTION INVITED.

A. H. Murray
Bowring's Cove.

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate



To The People of Newfoundland:

FELLOW COUNTRYMEN:

The Mother Country has been compelled to go to war to preserve, among other things, the rights and liberties which we all enjoy as citizens of the Empire.

Newfoundland, in common with the other Oversea Dominions, has pledged itself to assist the Mother Country with material help in the present extremity.

This is to take the form of an increase of the Naval Reserve from Six Hundred to One Thousand men and the raising of a Regiment of Five Hundred men for land service abroad, and the Colony has further undertaken to assume the full cost of this contingent of Five Hundred men during the course of the war.

It is our duty and privilege, as loyal and patriotic citizens of the Empire, to voluntarily assist in supporting this movement, and to raise a fund for that purpose. This Patriotic Fund will be applied primarily in making provision for the dependent relatives of those who undertake to fight the battles of the country and the Empire by land and sea and afterwards to such other objects connected therewith as may be deemed desirable.

The need is great and in the confident expectation that this appeal will evoke a prompt and generous response, we respectfully but strongly urge all who can, to give as liberally as possible towards this most deserving object.

The undersigned, on behalf of the Patriotic Committee appointed to undertake the organization and despatch of this regiment, appeal for subscriptions toward this Fund. Contributions may be sent to the nearest magistrate, to the branches of any of the Banks doing business in the Colony, or to the Treasurer, J. S. MUNN, ESQ., and they will be gratefully acknowledged.

W. E. DAVIDSON, Governor.
E. P. MORRIS, Prime Minister.
J. M. KENT, Leader of the Opposition.
E. R. BOWRING, Chairman Finance Com.

ASPHALT FELT

We have just received a shipment of
1000 Rolls No. 3 Asphalt Felt
OUR PRICES WILL SUIT YOU.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
BIRD & SON, Hamilton, Manufacturers

The Direct Agencies, Ltd.
SOLE AGENTS

Wall Paper and Bordering

Arrived ex S.S. Sardinian:
2029 Bundles, 75,000 Rolls Wall Paper!
Specially selected for the Newfoundland trade.
EXCEPTIONAL VALUE

ROBINSON EXPORT Co.

Big Conflict Was Marked By Strenuous Fighting And By Terrible Carnage

All Sections of the Allies Fought Well and Kept Much Superior Numbers of the Enemy in Check—Four French Machine Guns Held 2000 German Troops at Bay at One Point

THOUSANDS OF DEAD AND WOUNDED
BLOCKED MANY PARTS OF BATTLEFIELD

British Expeditionary Force Occupied Mons and Successfully Repelled Six Attacks Within Twenty-Four Hours—Frightful Contest Between Rival Artillery Sections—Splendid Work of African Squadron of French Army

Paris, Aug. 29.—From the mass of confused details it is now possible to construct provisionally an outline of the great combat in Belgium. In the first place that it is evident that the first Germans to reach the field of action, came not from Brussels, but from the northeast. All the week the French had been in contact with flying columns of the army of the Meuse as far off as Genblou.

It seems probable that the battle of Dinant, which has been forgotten in the stress of later events, although it seemed to be a considerable victory, from which the French artillery in particular emerged with honor, really marked the end of an attempt to relieve and occupy Namur.

However that may be, they have since been slowly retiring toward the frontier, and this movement evidently prudent, became decisive when the German troops, thrown southward through Brussels, arrived upon the scene.

On Wednesday evening last (Aug. 19) French troops, including a battalion of the line, Chasseurs De Afrique and Turcos, with some artillery, were brought into Charleroi. By Thursday evening the Allies were engaged against increasing numbers of the enemy to the northeast of the town, but the northwest was still relatively free.

Swarms of Invaders
The Brussels-Mons Railway was, however, cut midway and numerous bodies of Uhlans were found about Nivelles Hal. Hitherto Mons itself was not threatened.

Early on Friday morning (Aug. 21) a column of Uhlans broke into Charleroi. They were made prisoners, but by Saturday all the northern approaches to Mons and Charleroi were swarming with bodies of the invaders and serious fighting had begun.

The British artillery to the south of the town checked the first advance and put the German guns out of action. Four French Mitrailleuses are said to have kept at bay for three hours 2,000 men coming in by the northern roads. Infantry regiments were brought up but not in sufficient numbers to make pursuit possible.

Later in the day reinforcements, especially of Zouaves arrived. Some of them were engaged in disposing of German incendiaries in the town, while others crossing the Sambre at Thuin, pursued the enemy as far as Somain-L'Evêque.

British Repelled Six Attacks
Meanwhile Mons had been occupied by the British expeditionary force.

LOST

On Thursday night, a Gold Chain Bracelet, with attached Locket, bearing initials "B.G." containing two photos. Will the finder kindly return same to this office.

The Newfoundland Fox Exchange.

Dealing in the buying and selling of LIVE STOCK.
If you are desirous of buying or wish to sell write us.
Highest Prices Paid For Raw Furs.
—Office—
276 Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

charge, while the perpetual flight of shells made, especially during the night, a wonderful and terrible spectacle. It seemed that the British on their side were more than holding their own, but although reinforcements were continually brought forward the position in Charleroi on Sunday (Aug. 23) evening was much more serious. Charge after charge was made by one side or the other, while the French and German artillery kept up an increasing bombardment.

Germans Fired Buildings
By then the Germans have evidently fired a large part of the buildings and the fact that the place was no longer habitable even if it could have been held, may have been one of the reasons for the decision to effect a general retirement on the frontier.

While the Allies gradually fell back in perfect order, the line of fire moved southward until the allied army rested upon the base it now holds. That the Germans had been so far in superior numbers would seem to be shown by the very large area covered by their raiding patrols.

One such body of the Uhlans, coming from the neighborhood of Mons, actually crossed the frontier near Conde, on the Scheldt, Monday evening (Aug. 24). All through the night they traversed the neighboring towns and villages and tore up some of the railways.

After overrunning twenty miles of French territory at about four a.m., they were caught and wiped out by a French artillery regiment.

On Sunday morning a similar patrol of German dragons was caught to the north of Lille.

DROVE GUNS OVER TRENCHES FILLED LEVEL WITH WOUNDED

Heavy Artillery Wheels Sunk Deep in Human Bridges as German Drivers Lashed Their Horses Into Furious Gallop

London, Aug. 30.—The correspondent of The Daily Mail describes a visit among the French who were wounded in the battles of Vosges and have been brought to Vichy, whose palatial hotels have been transformed into hospitals.

"I talked with many of these wounded," he said. "Three men who fought side by side said:

"It is probably our own fault that we are here. Our major fell at the first volley, and then all the other officers at succeeding volleys. When we found ourselves without officers we, not bothering about what was going on at the front, rear or flank, fixed bayonets at 1,200 yards and went at them, singing all the way. We were just fifty yards from the enemy when we were downed."

"In an adjoining cot was a sturdy peasant, who told me this story: "At Cleiry a shot fell full on my knapsack, sending me sprawling face

THERE IS NO COMPARISON

Between Molasses Meal and other sugar foods. The manufacturers of Molasses Meal never attempt to COMPETE with anything else, their product being

Unique, Distinct and Superior

to everything else.

for Sale at all Feed Depots, or Wholesale Only from

HARVEY & Co., Ltd.

AVOID IMITATIONS.

Come Up to DEVINE'S

on the Corner

BIG TEN DAYS OPENING SALE.

See the Men's Shirts at 50c.
75s. Shirt for 50c., Negligee, daintily striped—they're all talking about them.

See the Boots for Men, \$3.00 and \$3.50 regular for \$2.50. Good stuff.

See the Ladies' 4 strap Oxfords with a four dollarish look for \$2.70.

Take a glance at the beautiful Baby Beds. Regular \$20.00. Now \$16.00.

Wall Papers with Borders to match from 20c. up.

Come right along to this great event.

J.M. Devine
THE RIGHT HOUSE

Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.

New Stock Winchester, Eley's and Kynock's

Rifle & Shot Cartridges

Double & Single Barrel
Breech Loading Guns
Double & Single Barrel
Muzzle Loading Guns

Single Shot and Repeating Rifles.

Also, the above can be supplied in damaged stock, which we are selling at very low prices.

P.S. All the above can and will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered

Also a stock of the FAMOUS "ROSS" RIFLE
Martin Hardware Co. Ltd.

Front and Rear Next West of Old Store

A Between-Seasons Suggestion

We have in stock just a very few exquisite Evening Gowns, one or two actual Paris Models, others exact copies of Paris Gowns. As these are decidedly advance style they will be the correct mode for the Fall Season, and we are selling them off at greatly reduced prices to make room for our large Autumn Stock. Two particularly lovely Gowns are briefly described below.

¶ Gown of Sheer White Lace mounted on fine Brussels net lining. It has the new three tier skirt; Waist and Sleeves of Lace, in soft, graceful draping; Vest caught with tiny crystals; and wide crushed girdle of Pale Blue Satin

¶ Elegant Gown of Black Chiffon over soft White Lace, lined throughout with White Silk; handsome and effective trimming of rich Helio Velvet.

U.S. Picture & Portrait Co.

KELLOG'S
Toasted Corn
FLAKES.
GROOTE'S
DUTCH
COCOA
at import prices.
J. J. ROSSITER,
Agent.
may 7, 3m

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE"



(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate
Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.
Subscription Rates.
By mail The Daily to any part of Newfoundland and Canada, \$2.00 per year.
To the United States of America, \$3.50 per year.
The Weekly issue to any part of Newfoundland and Canada, 60c. per year
To the United States of America, \$1.10 per year.
All correspondence for publication should be addressed to the Editor of The Mail and Advocate.
Letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only and the real name of the author should be attached. This will not be used unless consent is given in the communication.
The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions there in expressed.
All business communications should be addressed to the Union Publishing Co. Ltd.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., SEPT. 1, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

The Legislature

TO-MORROW afternoon the special session of the Legislature will open. Most of the legislation proposed to be enacted will have direct connection with the situation arising out of the war.
It is said Mr. Devereaux will propose in the Lower House that a committee be appointed to draft a reply to the Governor's speech and the Hon. E. R. Bowring will perform a similar duty in the Upper House.
In the Lower House Mr. Kent will speak for the Opposition, followed by Mr. E. P. Morris.
The real work of the session will commence in earnest on Thursday afternoon, and the Legislature will probably close on Friday.
Last Friday we proposed on behalf of the Union Party the formation of a new government composed of the best men of all parties in order to supply the country with the strongest possible government to face the very serious situation confronting the Colony, and to show that the Union Party desired to do its full duty towards Country and Empire at such a critical period in the nation's history.
We are convinced that our proposal was the only solution of the present difficulties confronting the Colony and the only way in which united action was possible. Our proposal was made on behalf of the Northern toilers, who have no confidence in the Government as at present composed.
The condition of acceptance was that the new government should meet the Legislature on Wednesday.
It is now apparent that when the House opens to-morrow it will be in charge of the same administration that controlled its last session, therefore the proposal made by us (not having materialized) will not be open after to-day, and the hope of the country possessing a government capable of meeting all emergencies and representing all parties at this crisis will have disappeared.
Let those who have assailed Coaker for not offering to shoulder his full share of responsibility in this crisis forever hold their peace, and place the blame for dealing in a party man-

ner with this crisis, on the proper shoulders.
It is apparent that but for the existence of this paper, the cause of the people at this time would not have a defender, we are being continuously congratulated upon the fearless independence of our paper, and upon the manner in which we have performed our duty towards the Common People. The course pursued will be faithfully continued.
This paper represents the Common People and is now their sole defender, for The Telegram is now more anxious to please its advertisers than to expose their wrongdoings. This paper is not published to make money. It will not make a cent. In fact it could not be published but for the money paid for its upkeep by the Northern fishermen. It doesn't receive much help from St. John's business men, nor was such help expected or desirable, therefore it is untrammelled and the only free and independent paper published in the Colony.
We care not two straws who are offended by our utterances. Some of our town sports (?) were annoyed over our remarks in reference to the Naval Reserve, but such was expected, for if this paper would not defend the men, and place their side of the matter before the public, it would not be doing its duty, for many of those men are shareholders in the Company that publishes this paper and three-fourths of them are members of the F.P.U.
The outport toiler has now a defender of his own, and the St. John's citizens must realize that The Mail and Advocate is not published in order to please them. It will probably be found that in most matters we will disagree with the views of the other three St. John's daily papers, and the reason is not hard to find. They represent cliques in St. John's who have in the past dominated public and commercial matters, while we represent the interests opposed to all those cliques.
We care not who the sinner is, he will not find shelter in our paper. This is the poor man's paper and while there is an F.P.U. this paper will exist, and all might feel assured that while there is an F.P.U. there will always be a "Coaker" to lead it.
We thank no one but the fishermen for making this paper what it is. They are affording us a circulation in outports five times greater than any of the other daily papers and being what it is, the only independent paper published in the country—more citizens of St. John's read it than they do any of the other papers.
If a large and fast growing circulation is what makes a paper a success, then The Mail and Advocate may rest content.

Price of Fish—Taxation
MOST of the fish buyers here are paying six dollars per quintal for dry talqual codfish. No fish is being sold in the outports at less than \$6. Some buyers have started to purchase in outports at this figure. Firms who bought fish at \$5 and the rise up to Sept. 1st should now square up at \$6 per qtl. If they don't pay \$6 for what they took in, subject to the rise, they are not acting squarely.
Cod oil is \$75 per ton. Don't sell at less than that figure. The output of cod oil will be far below that of last year and the probabilities are that the price will advance later in the season.
The price of flour has advanced one dollar per barrel at the mills in Canada and the United States during the last twenty days. There is no hope of a reduction in the price of flour while the war lasts.
The price of beef and pork has steadily advanced.
The high price for sugar will cause a big demand for molasses, and higher prices for molasses will result.
The financial proposals of the Government which will probably be tabled on Thursday are expected to be very important and business firms are sending out notices intimating that all sales made are subject to an addition equal to any duties that may be imposed.
The most important matter to be brought before the Legislature at the coming session will be that of finance. Any attempt by the Government to make the poor man pay the increased taxes will be strongly opposed by the Union Party. The rich man must be made pay more than he has been paying and every cent of public expenditure must be closely scrutinized and all waste cut off.
The public expect a reduction of the salaries of public officials and the saving of all useless expenditure.

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

Watches, Printing Outfits, Cameras, Footballs, Fountain Pens, etc., etc., for selling 25 of our Beautiful Art Pictures, size 16x20 at 20c. each. Write for some today. Address GOLD MEDAL ART CO., P.O. Box 63, St. John's.

A GREAT FEATURE PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL TO-DAY!

A KLEINE-CINES FEATURE OF UNUSUAL POWER.
"THE SIGN OF THE BLACK LILY."
You will like this picture—it's a detective story in two parts—full of adventure—crowded with unexpected situations of splendid power, assisted by those most remarkable of stage mechanics. You will find a new thrill in the charms of this delightful subject.
"THE VETERAN," In 2 Parts--2.
One of the best productions—from a standpoint of pathos and heart interest—we have had for some time—A genuine ly pure and wholesome two part subject.
"THE EVER POPULAR WEEKLY" News items the World over. "ACROSS THE ALLEY" a rattling good Keystone Comedy.
DeWITT C. CAIRNS Sings "Heroes and Gentlemen," a Patriotic Ballad.
Prof. P. J. McCarthy, Pianist—Joseph F. Ross, Realism-Effects.
THE NICKEL FOR A GOOD SHOW. EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2. EVERY NIGHT AT 7.

THE HOUR

We've shut the gates by Dover Straits,
And North, where the tide runs free,
Check by jowl, our watchdogs prowl,
Grey hulks in a greyer sea.
O Lord of our destiny!
As the foam of our plunging prows, is white;
We have stood for peace, and we war for right,
God give us victory!
Now slack, now strung, from the mainmast flung,
The flag throbs fast in the breeze;
Strained o'er the foam, like the hearts at home
That beat for their sons on the seas.
For mothers and wives are praying to-night—
O Lord of our destiny!
But we've no time, for our lips are tight
Our fists are clenched, and we're stripped to fight
God give us victory!
The west winds blow in the face of the foe—
Old Drake is beating his drum—
They drank to 'The Day,' for 'The Hour' we pray.
The day and hour have come.
The sea-strewn Empire prays to-night—
O Lord of our destiny!
Thou didst give the seas into Britain's might,
For the freedom of Thy seas we smite.
God give us victory!
—James Bernard Fagan.

THE HOUR

tion endures, nor its record lost while a page of history remains. It is the doom of that general peace which has not been broken at one time from end to end of Europe since the climax of the Napoleonic wars a hundred years ago. Taken for all in all, it is the most critical issue that British policy has ever yet had to decide. The life or death of sea supremacy and Empire may depend on it.
Never Again!
The Nation, London:—"Not twice can the peoples of seven States be summoned to take their chance of death and material ruin on the fiat of kings and governments from whom no statement of causes has proceeded beyond a hasty or a selected resume of the last flying messages of embarrassment or despair that have passed between them. No such order can be re-established save as the consequence of a formal and deliberate abandonment of democracy and a reversion to the autocratic principle. On this ground thousands of thinkers in all countries stand watchful, dejected, and expectant."
The Rich and War Obligations
London Express:—"We would accent the fact that at this unprecedented crisis in our history the nation demands something from every one of us. This war will almost certainly be followed by far-reaching social rearrangements, and it will, indeed, be a bad thing for the wealthy and the fortunate if they do not realize that there is an obligation on them, individually, cheerfully to abandon luxuries, and to curtail comfort for the common good. We believe that a new and better England will be created from the troubles through which we are passing, and the character of this new England will be fundamentally determined by the conduct of

CANADA'S PENSION SCHEDULE

Ottawa, Aug. 28.—Canadian regulations covering yearly rates to officers and men on account of wounds or illness sustained on active service are, made public. They are as follows:

	When only Slightly Incapacitated.	When Materially Incapacitated.	When Wholly Incapacitated.
Lieut.-Colonel	\$600	\$900	\$1200
Major	400	600	800
Captain	300	450	600
Lieutenant	200	300	400
Sergeant-Major (W. O.)	150	225	300
Sergeant	100	150	200
Corporal	85	135	170
Private	75	110	150

The following yearly rates of pensions to widows will be in force:

Rank Held by Deceased Husband through the national fund.	If With No Children	If With One Child	If With Two Or More Children
Lieut.-Colonel	\$547.50	\$730.00	\$912.50
Major	438.00	548.00	730.00
Captain	328.50	438.00	547.00
Lieutenant	219.00	292.00	365.00
Sergeant-Major (W. O.)	219.00	292.00	365.00
Sergeant	147.22	197.00	246.37
Corporal	120.45	160.60	200.75
Private	99.50	146.00	182.50

The above are irrespective of provisions which will be made through the national fund.

TALK IS CHEAP—

Advertising is also very cheap, if carried in the right medium. The Mail and Advocate is the Can't Lose paper now. Must be true. Everybody's talking. It's not the price you pay but the returns you get.
READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

WORLD'S PRESS ON THE BIG WAR

Where a Draw Means Defeat
Springfield Republican:—"If the French are driven back they have still a second line of defence and the war will go on. But for the Germans a drawn battle, a Tschatalja stalemate, would be little short of a disaster."
Britain's Enormous Riches
London Statist:—"Should, however, circumstances arise to render so great an expenditure essential, we have no doubt whatever that out of new savings the country will be able to raise some £300,000,000 of money in the year, for war purposes over and above any sums it may obtain by the sale of some portion of its great holding of foreign securities. Thus as far as the financial situation is concerned the position is one of great strength."
Italy Might End the War
New York Globe:—"Under the circumstances there is no improbability in the report that Italian mobilization will be ordered. If Italy does go in, the likelihood of an early end of the war could be vastly increased. Austria could not spare a soldier for Germany, and it will hardly be contended by the greatest admirer of Germany's military prowess that single-handed she is a match for France, Russia, and Great Britain in a prolonged war."
Might No Longer Right
London Times:—"We know that we shall win because might is not right any more upon the earth. This knowledge alone can strengthen us in the day of battle, comfort us, it may be, in the hour of defeat, and teach us when we win, as win we must, to remember that the race is not to the swift nor the battle to the strong. Till that day dawn, be it soon or be it late, there is work for us all to be done for the great cause, to be done without boasting and without fear of loss or hope of recognition. Keep silence before Me, O Islands; and let the people renew their strength."

Doom of General Peace

London Observer:—"Such a conscious moment in the life of the whole world has never been known; its memory will never be forgotten while the recollection of this genera-

BOYS' CLOTHING.
Lowest Prices. Largest Stock.
We wish to call your special attention to our Boys' Department which is well stocked with the best and leading patterns in Boys' Suits.

Clyde Suits. This very smart School or Sunday Suit is very much sought for. Two Garment Suit with Belt on Long Coat and Fancy Collar. For Boys age 2 to 8 years, according to Size & Quality \$1.40 to \$4.40	Boys' Suffolk Suits. This make of Suit is quite the latest out, but is already a great favorite and with the Sham Vest looks exceedingly smart. For Boys age 4 to 13 years, according to Size & Quality \$1.90 to \$3.50	Norfolk Suits. Two Garment Suits always sure to please the most exacting tastes made in the very latest Scotch and English Tweeds, \$1.60 to \$5.00, according to Size and Quality. For age 2 to 13 years, Navy Serge, \$2.60 to \$4.80
Conway Suit. A beautifully Cut Three Garment Suit to fit Boys age 3 to 6 years, exceptional value; usual price \$4.00 to \$4.50. Special Price \$3.00 to \$3.30.	Rugby Suits. Suitable for all weathers and occasions, can be had in Long or Short Pants. Tweed Short Pants, \$2.90 to \$7.40. Navy Serge, \$3.50 to \$6.10, for age 10 to 17 years. Long Pants Suit for age 13 to 17 years, according to Size and Quality \$2.90 to 7.90.	Kensington Suits. About a dozen Suits we are offering at giving away prices for Boys age 3 to 6 years; usual price \$1.50 to \$3.60. Special Price 90c. to \$2.40.
Sailor Suits. Navy Blue Serge, very strong and durable, and always looks smart and dressy for age 2 to 8 years, according to Size and Quality 90c. to \$4.40.		

GEO. KNOWLING.

BRITISH TROOPS MAKE FAVORABLE IMPRESSION ON CONTINENTAL FOLK

Paris, Aug. 25.—French observers have been favorably impressed by what they have seen of the British troops, during the disembarkation at French ports.

Among the people here there has always been the impression that the English military forces were largely an armée de parade. The arrival of the pick of the British army, tens of thousands of fine khaki clad soldiers, has been an agreeable surprise for the French people.

The khaki uniform is a novelty for France. The "Clou-Pion" still fights in the uniform which he wears on every day occasion, during the time of peace. It has a tradition connected with it and Frenchmen would feel any change, just as our own Highlanders would object to abandoning the historic kilts.

The military authorities of the continent hold that as modern armies fight at such a great distance from one another, uniforms such as those worn by the French forces are not fatally conspicuous. The youth, height and strength of the British soldiers; too, made an admirable impression.

WOUNDS NOT VERY PAINFUL

Some Experiences of the Injured Now in Hospital At Paris

Paris, Aug. 6.—Numbers of French wounded are being cared for in Paris hospitals.

It is frequently remarked among the men that their bullet wounds were not painful. In a large number of cases men who had been hit were not aware of the fact until after the engagement were over.

One man declares that he did not know he had been hurt until the following morning. He then discovered a ball had gone through his arms. The only outward indications were two dark spots on the skin, such as might be made by a lead pencil.

The men in the hospitals pass the time gaily, and spend many hours listening to the accounts of the war read aloud by one of their number.

CONSIGNMENT OF GOLD FOR NFLD.

Valuable Shipment of "the Yellow" Passes Through Sydney

A consignment of gold coin, contained in a massive looking box that required three men to assist Mr. Kohoe, of the express agency to lift it from the train to the company's steam, was shipped to Newfoundland one night last week, says the North Sydney Herald.

The treasure box contained one hundred thousand dollars in the yellow coin, destined for use in the Bank of Montreal at St. John's, Nfld. Naturally there were no labels pasted over the box to tempt the designs of crooks or the like. On the contrary, the utmost secrecy followed, the movements of the Bullion.

Another gold shipment amounting to seventy-five thousand dollars passed through here last week en route to St. John's. In fact nearly every trip of the Reid steamers from here carried shipments of gold to the Abient Colony.

DO IT NOW!

Its no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in The Mail and Advocate.

ADVENTURE FILM AT THE NICKEL

"The Sign of the Black Lily" a thrilling detective story in two reels, is the feature film at the Nickel Theatre this evening. It was produced by the Vives players, who became famous in Quo Vadis. The story is full of adventure and unexpected situations of splendid power; the staging and settings are wonderful. This film has had great success in London and New York.

The second two-reel feature this evening is entitled "The Veteran," a beautiful production which appeals to the heart of all. It is genuinely pure and wholesome drama which will charm all.

There will also be a Keystone comedy, "Across the Alley," and a Pathe Weekly.

Mr. DeWitt C. Cairns sings the patriotic ballad, "Heroes and Gentlemen."

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

DR. LEHR, DENTIST, 203 WATER ST. BEST QUALITY TEETH AT \$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED—PAINLESSLY—25c.



Open Letter

W. F. Coaker, Pres. F.P.U.
Dear Sir,—I must congratulate you on the stand you are taking in The Mail and Advocate re Morris and the Government.

I can assure you that the masses appreciate your good work. Things are in a deplorable state here; you cannot imagine to what a degree the Government is handling affairs in this district and the civil service has been increased ten fold.

In one department where four men were employed in the Liberal Government, to-day ten officials are paid. The latest addition is an assistant to the Post Master here to fulfil "an election promise. You cannot imagine the crowd of useless officials that are under pay of the Government here with nothing whatever to do, the majority of them drawing big salaries and giving no service in return.

Case in Point

One case I am anxious to bring to your notice is Charles McCarthy who receives his cheque monthly for \$33.33 from the Deputy of Finance and Customs and gives no service in return no more than I do for the Government. He was a great heeler the first term of the Morris Government and I think it is up to you to put up a memorial to the Governor and ask that his pay be stopped. This thing has gone on since the Morris Government was elected.

I understand that the House of Assembly is to be opened on Tuesday next and the people are looking to you and expecting you to bring forward resolutions asking the Government to cut off half the useless Government officials which, I think, should be done.

Keenly Felt

Every man in every walk of life at the present time is keenly feeling the present state of affairs and why should not the Government officials share the same?

Every business man is curtailing his staff, why should not the Government do the same?

I assure you, sir, that if you take a stand in this particular you will be voicing the sentiments of the majority of the voters of the country and you could not possibly do a more beneficial thing.

You have no idea how things are managed around here, everything is in a deplorable condition from a public standpoint.

Our roads are in a disgraceful state; there has been nothing done to them since this party came into power. We have also a political magistrate here that runs everything his own way.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

WONDERFUL COOLNESS AND DARING OF BRITISH

They Picked Off the Germans at Mons With All the Quiet Precision of Rifle Range Practice—No Nervousness, No Excitement, Just Cool, Undaunted Bravery

London, Aug. 29.—The correspondent of The Central News at Paris sends the following:

"I have been talking with British officers from the front, who tell of the wonderful coolness and daring of the British soldiers in the fighting around Mons.

"The shooting of the British infantrymen on the firing line was wonderful. Every time a German's head showed above a trench and every time the German infantrymen attempted to rush a position, there came a steady withering rifle fire from the khaki-clad men lying in extended formation along the wide battle front. Their firing was not the usual firing of nervous men shooting without aiming; rather it was the calm and careful marksmanship of men one sees on English rifle ranges firing with all the artificial aids permitted to the match expert.

No Nervousness

"When quick action was necessary the men showed no nervousness, no excitement; they showed cool, methodical efficiency for which the British army is noted.

"If the British lost heavily, the Germans must have lost terribly. One of the German prisoners said: 'We had never expected anything like it; it was staggering.'

"The British troops went to their positions silently, but happily. There was no singing, because it was forbidden, but as the men deployed to the trenches there were various sallies of humor in the dialects of the various-English, Irish and Scotch countries. The Cockney was there with quips about 'Uncle Bill' and every Irishman who went into the firing line wished he had money to buy a little Irish horse so that he might 'take a slap at the Uhlands.'

Superb Cavalry Charges

"As for the cavalry, the officers declare, their charges against the Germans were superb. They charged as Berserks might have done. They gave the Uhlands the surprise of their lives.

"With the close of the first series of combats between the British and Germans, the scene of interest shifted to the Paris railway station, where the injured British soldiers were being taken. The handling of the wounded was all that could be desired; everything was perfectly organized and without theatrical display.

"The station at the time was crowded with Americans who were on their way to England from Switzerland. The Americans joined with the French in cheering for the first arrivals of British wounded from the scene of the fighting. While the crowd waited, train after train rolled by carrying fresh British troops to the front.

Blessed by Cardinals

"I witnessed a notable scene on the road between Boulogne and Paris. Two English Cardinals, Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, and Cardinal Gasquet, abbot president of the English Benedictines, were on their way from London to the conclave at Rome. Their train stopped on a siding, and by a curious chance a regiment of British troops, which included in its ranks a large body of Irish Catholics, was drawn up alongside for a moment. The Cardinals leaned out of the window and gave the soldiers their blessing, which the Catholic soldiers, by spontaneous impulse, knelt to receive."

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN

Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effectual filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self-evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.

CANADA'S FLOUR GIFT ON OCEAN

Most of the Million Bags of Flour is Now En Route To Britain

Ottawa, Aug. 27.—Three-fourths of Canada's gift of flour to Great Britain is on the ocean.

The sub-committee of the Government which had charge of the purchase of the million bags of flour and which has also had charge of the purchase and shipment of food and other supplies ordered by the War Office, have completed arrangements for the transportation of all these supplies and the bulk of the flour, oats and hay has already been shipped.

The flour is on its way to London and will be followed almost immediately by the remaining 250,000 bags, making up the Canadian gift. It is understood that the oats and hay for the use of the British cavalry and artillery horses are being sent direct to Havre.

The Government does not anticipate that these cargoes will be subjected to any interference in transportation, as they are advised that the ocean lane has been cleared of the enemy's ships.

Germans Terrorize The Jews in Poland

Took Some Hostages, Including a Rabbi and Afterward Shot Them

London, Aug. 28.—A St. Petersburg despatch to the Jewish World says the Germans terrorized the people of Kalisz, Poland, after their occupation of that place. The despatch says that under the pretence that civilians had fired on their troops the Germans exacted a levy of \$40,000 and took a number of hostages, including a rabbi and two wealthy Jews. The people, who were alarmed, did their utmost to placate the Germans, and obeyed all the orders that were issued.

Nevertheless, the correspondent says, the invaders burned many houses and shops, and subsequently shot the hostages, after bombarding the town.


The correspondent says that the Germans and Austrians terrorized the Jews at other places.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

F. A. MEWS, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR and NOTARY.

ADDRESS: Law Chambers Building, Duckworth Street, St. John's, N.F. (Offices opposite Crosbie Hotel.)

LOOK FOR THE BEAR-- HIS PHOTO IS HERE.



This is the trade mark of the Wales Gooty Rubber Co. If you do not find this on rubbers, they are not BEAR BRAND.

Those celebrated rubbers will be on sale next fall and winder in the following towns in the DISTRICT OF BURIN: Burin, Marystown, Grand Bank, St. Lawrence.

The people in these places will find BEAR BRAND the best rubbers they have ever worn. So will you. Watch for the name of your town.

Cleveland Trading Co., St. John's



Proclamation!

W. E. DAVIDSON By His Excellency Sir **WALTER EDWARD DAVIDSON**, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its Dependencies.
Governor
[L. S.]

YOUR KING AND COUNTRY NEED YOU! Will You Answer Your Country's Call?

At this very moment the Empire is engaged in the greatest War in the history of the World. In this crisis your country calls on her young men to rally round Her Flag and enlist in the ranks of Her Army.

If every Patriotic young man answers Her Call, Great Britain and the Empire will emerge stronger and more united than ever.

Newfoundland responds to the Homeland's Call and promises to enlist, equip and despatch to England the First Newfoundland Regiment of 500 strong. We want to send our best, and we believe that Britain's Oldest Colony will gain greater honour and glory for Her Name.

If you are between 19 and 35 years old, will you answer your Country's Call? If you will, then go to the nearest Magistrate and enrol your name for service in the fighting line. If you live in St. John's go to the C.L.B. Armoury and enter your name at the Central Recruiting Office, or any evening between 8 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Tickets to St. John's will be provided by the Magistrate free of cost.

The terms of enlistment are: To serve a broad for the duration of the war, but not exceeding one year. It is intended the men shall leave within one month of their enrollment, and that in the meantime they shall receive a course of instruction and training in St. John's.

A complete outfit will be provided.

Each private will receive pay at the rate of \$1.00 per day and free rations, from the date of enrollment to the date of return, a portion of which will be paid to dependents left behind, or it will be allowed to accumulate for their personal benefit until termination of service.

Volunteers from outports will be given free passage to St. John's.

Any applicant for service, forwarded by the proper authorities and not accepted after arrival at Headquarters, will be provided with a free passage and maintenance back to his home.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at the Government House, St. John's, this 21st day of August, A.D. 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

aug22

Invictus SHOES

Only at this Store can the far-famed **Invictus Shoes** Be Purchased More Handsome Shoes or More Satisfactory Shoes are not to be had at any price.

Our New Stock Has Just Arrived.

All styles, shapes and leathers may be had in **Invictus Shoes**

MARSHALL BROS.



ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

F. A. MEWS, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR and NOTARY.

ADDRESS: Law Chambers Building, Duckworth Street, St. John's, N.F. (Offices opposite Crosbie Hotel.)

LOOK FOR THE BEAR-- HIS PHOTO IS HERE.



This is the trade mark of the Wales Gooty Rubber Co. If you do not find this on rubbers, they are not BEAR BRAND.

Those celebrated rubbers will be on sale next fall and winder in the following towns in the DISTRICT OF BURIN: Burin, Marystown, Grand Bank, St. Lawrence.

The people in these places will find BEAR BRAND the best rubbers they have ever worn. So will you. Watch for the name of your town.

Cleveland Trading Co., St. John's

HERRING NETS!

Just received: A large stock.

Star Nets, all sizes, Standard Nets, all sizes. Wholesale and Retail.

BURRELL'S English Mixed Paints

Highest quality obtainable at a very low price.

FELT.
1, 2 and 3 Ply.

SHEATHING PAPER

STEER BROS.

Mail and Advocate \$2.00 a Year.

LADIES FORM A PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION

Will Do All Possible To Aid the Men Defending the Empire

HOLD MEETINGS AT GOVT. HOUSE

List of the Members Comprising General Committee of the Association

There was another grand patriotic demonstration at the British Hall yesterday afternoon when upwards of seven hundred ladies attended the meeting called by Lady Davidson to make arrangements for assisting our soldiers when at the front.

All classes were represented and all were anxious to assist in every way possible.

Lady Davidson delivered a lengthy address which was very interesting, showing the good work being done by the Queen, the Queen Mother and other ladies of England.

What is Required
She then outlined what was required of the St. John's ladies.

We have received an appeal from the St. John Ambulance Association, asking for things for the sick and wounded, and they send a list of the things required, which comprise shirts, cotton and flannel, not flannel-lette, bed jackets, pyjama sleeping suits, pillows, pillow slips and old linen, not old clothes.

Now I feel sure we women in Newfoundland can help in this way with our work, as well as in other ways, and we shall do so best and most effectively if we join together and co-operate. To do this, I consider that we shall do best to organize ourselves into an association. Later on, there will be our own Newfoundland Regiment to think of and to provide for.

Pressure on our space to-day prevents a full report of Lady Davidson's eloquent speech.

At the conclusion His Excellency gave an excellent address on the causes of the war.

Practical Patriotism
His Excellency commenced by reading a letter from a young woman, now in the States, offering her services in place of those of her aged father residing at Clarke's Beach. She said she had had experience in nursing and could do many things impossible to the father in helping the Flag of Old England to Victory.

After the Governor's able address, two resolutions were then moved by Lady Morris, seconded by Lady Horwood, supported by Mrs. W. G. Gosling and put and adopted, forming those present into the "Patriotic Association of the Women of Newfoundland," whose object shall be to help our men in the defence of the British Empire.

Mrs. Clift moved, Mrs. V. P. Burke seconded, and Mrs. C. P. Ayre supported an accompanying resolution that the Patriotic Association of the Women of Newfoundland does hereby consent to the nomination of the following persons to be on the General Committee, with power to add to their number and to form sub-committees for various purposes.

Lady Davidson then announced that Government House would be the Headquarters of the Association, and that meetings would be held there every Tuesday.

Lady Davidson announced that the ladies of Grand Falls had signified their intention of co-operating. Their assistance will be gratefully accepted and it is expected other outposts will be heard from.

General Committee
President—Lady Davidson.
Vice-Presidents—Lady Morris, Lady Horwood, Mrs. Pitts.
Hon. Secretary—Mrs. Cluny Macpherson.
Hon. Treasurer—Mrs. Geo. Emerson.

Mesdames Anderson, John Ayre, Hugh Baird, John Bennett, Harold Bishop, Edgar Bowring, Eric Bowring, Frank Bradshaw, John Browning, V. P. Burke, M. P. Cashin, J. A. Clift, C. O'N. Conroy, Crosbie, Crowley, G. Davey, T. J. Edens, Franklin, N. S. Fraser, Martin Furlong, R. C. Grieve, Richard Goodridge, Gosling, A. W. Harvey, Hemmick, Herder, Hickman, C. H. Hutchings, W. C. Job, George Johnson, Kent, Geo. Knowling, T. McNeil, Chas. Marshall, Frank Martin, S. Milley, Walter Monroe, A. B. Morine, Donald Morrison, Mosdel, J. V. O'Dea, O'Dwyer, Lady Outerbridge, Paddon, Jas. F. Parker, Paterson, K. Prowse, R. G. Reid, R. G. Rendell, F. W. Renie, Robinson, J. Ryan, J. D. Ryan, Miss Shea, R. C. Smith, Anderson, Squires, F. Steer, Sullivan, Sutherland, W. H. Thomas, Tobin, Lady Whiteway, C. White, Withers, M. G. Winter with power to add to their number.

LEMBERG, AUSTRIAN FORTRESS SURROUNDED BY HUGE INVADING FORCES OF THE RUSSIANS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—Announcement was made by the War Office today that Russian troops in force are already in the vicinity of Koenigsburg having driven back German outposts, on the crossing of the River Alle, to the fortress.

It is further stated that Russian troops are successfully hemming in the twentieth German army corps, around Allestein, and that success has attended Russian operations in Galicia.

The Austrian army, it was said, cannot longer avoid a general conflict.

The fortress of Lemberg is practically surrounded by Russian troops.

ST. JOHN'S PRACTICALLY PATRIOTIC

(Continued from page 1.)

their eagerness to fight for liberty and honor.

Newfoundland, like others, cannot hold back and we are not surprised that St. John's has done so well.

An Excellent Class.

Another gratifying feature is the class of volunteers. Nearly all are ex-members or present members of one or other of the city brigades. The majority are well-known in athletic circles; the cricketer, the footballer, the rower, the golfer, tennis player, runner, all are included. The young business man who might, if he felt inclined, remain in the luxury of his home, the son of the wealthy stands next to the lad of humble birth, ready to fight. There will be no differences or distinctions in the Newfoundland Regiment.

And what about the Newfoundlanders who are not in a position to volunteer? We refer our readers to Mr. J. S. Munn, Treasurer of the Patriotic Fund.

In a few days he has acknowledged over \$15,000 for the needs of those left behind.

Splendid Donations.

The Bowring's headed the list with \$5,000.00. We felt that they would, \$5,000.00. We felt that they would, Mr. M. G. Winter has given an equal sum.

The enthusiasm displayed last night was indeed inspiring, and all of the vast concourse being anxious to give a word of encouragement and cheer.

Additional Volunteers.

Those who volunteered last night were:

R. Grant Paterson, Wm. Crotty, Thos. B. McGrath.
Alex. Fraser, Rd. J. Sheppard, Wm. J. T. Moore.
Edward F. Gladney, F. Walsh, M. I. Vail.

John Tizzard, C. S. Murphy, Stan. Tizzard.

John Dunn, F. Bennett, H. Field.
Howard C. Winsor, Hy. F. O'Brien, Wm. R. Cleary.

John F. Nicol, Sol. Hodder, Arthur H. Thomas.

Arthur H. Thomas, H. Seward, J. J. Benson.

Robert B. Reid, Lawrie Bain, Howard V. Reid.

Wm. D. Ayre, James Miller, John J. Cunningham.

John Cleary, Thos. J. Lawlor, Chas. E. White.

Thos. J. Connors, John J. Whelan, Jacob Abbott.

Stan J. Shortall, Chas. C. Beiben, Ron Phippard.

Thos. G. Moore, Thos. McGilvary, M. J. Murphy.

Ed. Moores, Al. J. Edgcombe, Malcolm Godden, Wm. F. Arns.

Rd. Fowlow, Hy. G. Jones, Wm. B. Knight.

P. F. Harding, Herb. Pitcher, Hy. Bishop.

Silas Jeffers, Wm. J. Thistle, Robt. K. Watts.

A. Perks, Wm. B. Taylor, Geo. W. Rees.

Harvey F. McNeil, Alf. S. Cook, F. Snelgrove.

FOGO REPORTS FISHERY BETTER

Fogo, Aug. 27.—Capt. Ambrose Payne arrived on Tuesday from Belle Isle with 1100 qtls. fish.

The new Church of England Rectory is nearing completion and will be ready for occupation in September. This is a splendid building, of different type from anything ever erected here. The building, which is supported on concrete pillars reflects great credit on the young builder, Mr. Reginald Bugden, who ought to feel proud of his work.

Every part of the house is finished in first class style, all the rooms and hall being finished with hard pine and beaver board, and the kitchen with hard pine. The stairs are particularly creditable to Mr. Bugden, being two sets of winding steps, showing excellent workmanship.

A splendid verandah in front gives the house a most attractive appearance.

There is a good sign of fish lately, but the fishermen are hampered through lack of bait. Lots of fishermen are holding back their fish anticipating higher prices.

The telegraph office is "bombarded" every day by people anxious to hear the latest war news.

The English schr. Eleanor Elizabeth is discharging salt at J. W. Hodge's.

Mr. Harold Earle, one of the principals of Earle, Sons & Co., is expected to arrive from England shortly with his bride.

Fogo will be ready to give him a good reception on arrival.

The Branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia is now running in full swing under the management of Mr. Mann, who is a very obliging and courteous official.

BETTER OUTLOOK AT JOE BATT'S ARM

Joe Batt's Arm.—Everything is beginning to look a little brighter all round now, more especially around the Union store since we have given the extra dollar on bartered fish. It was what our people were longing to hear and it came, which still heaps up boundless measures of thanks and appreciation to Coaker for the glorious things he has done and is still doing.

Outsiders are now acknowledging that our fishermen and country would now be down and out but for Coaker. Weather conditions has been very stormy here the past week; our men could not do anything in the way of fishing. Yesterday first day out for a week and all that had bait done fair. No squid; herring bait scarce.

Hodge and Earle are still offering \$4.50 and \$5.00 for fish, but there is nothing doing at that. Both combined they have not yet secured sixty quintals. Scammell hasn't twenty quintals yet. All hands here now are of the one opinion and they intend sticking to their fish like glue until Coaker gives the order.

To-day more so than ever people are praying that the Union or some means brought about by same will be forthcoming to buy fish for cash. This is what we want to make things hum.

PARTY LEADERS AS RECRUITERS

London, Sept. 1.—Asquith and Balfour are to speak in the Guild Hall, London, this week in an effort to encourage recruiting.

The Guild Hall will be used as a recruiting station.

REPORTS BIG BATTLE IS ON

London, Sept. 1.—The Times correspondent at Dieppe sends the following: "I have just returned from Amiens District to send this despatch. A great battle been fought at Croiselles and is probably still in progress."

"The French claim a success towards Guiz, but South of it and all Saturday, there was heavy fighting on the left. I know cannonading was still going on at noon Sunday and that at five o'clock Sunday afternoon there were Germans in Amiens; whether as some declare the lines between Amiens and Boulogne have been cut, I do not know."

BRITISH WATCH EASTERN WATERS

Honolulu, Sept. 1.—Officers of the Pacific Mail China, which has arrived here en route to San Francisco, reported that British warships of Hong Kong are boarding all vessels including those under the American flag and removing Germans and Austrians bound for the scene of hostilities.

Patriotic Fund

Already Acknowledged	\$9,560.00
Hon. M. G. Winter	5,000.00
R. Gordon Winter	500.00
Ron. Robt. Watson	100.00
The Evening Herald, Ltd.	100.00
P. T. McGrath	50.00
Total	\$15,310.00

More Volunteers

Magistrate Fitzgerald had a wire from Grand Falls to-day that three more volunteers, Goodyear, Bert Blackall and Redmond, had passed the medical exam.

They will leave for St. John's by to-night's express.

Schr. Annie M. Parks is loading green fish at Burin for Gloucester.

Germany "Annexes" Belgium

Berlin, Aug. 30.—The appointment of Field Marshal Freiherr Von Dergoltz as Military Governor of Belgium has been announced. The Governor of Aix-la-Chapelle has been appointed to act as civil administrator under Von Dergoltz.

This despatch indicates that Germany has annexed Belgium as a German province.



SAMPLE COATS.

In our Show Rooms in the Upper Building we are showing some exquisite models of the New Styles for Fall

The designs are entirely different to anything we have hitherto shown, and are striking examples of the style tendencies of the season.

Owing to the war, later shipments of such goods are problematical, and it would be wise for our patrons to secure what they want in these garments NOW.

SEE WINDOW!

Full Line of NEW COATINGS and SUITINGS in our Dry Goods Store

Ayre & Sons
LIMITED

VOLUNTEERS GOT THEIR BADGES

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Davidson visited the C.L.B. Armoury last night when the latter presented over eighty of the volunteers who have given particulars of their attestation, with badges, donated by Mrs. W. H. Franklin.

These are in the form of a small button bearing the words "First Newfoundland Regiment" and are attached to red, white and blue ribbons.

Lady Davidson made a pretty little speech and was warmly applauded.

Major Hutchings then read the following Declaration which the volunteers will be called upon to sign later:

I, do make oath, that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will, as in duty bound, honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity against all enemies, according to the conditions of my service.

Volunteers Arrive

The Bell Island volunteers arrived to-day and marched down Water St. at 1 p.m. They are a fine lot of fellows.

The Municipal Council held a special meeting last night to discuss sanitary affairs. To-night the office committee will hold a special meeting.

Union Flour

The Union store at Bonavista received 400 barrels of flour to-day via Port aux Basques. This flour is selling considerably cheaper than it can be purchased here, or about \$2.00 per barrel less than some outport grinders have charged for flour since the war opened.

Schooner Lost

The schr. Ionia, Butler, master, of Burin, from Sydney with a cargo of 150 tons coal, was lost near Drunkard's Point, Little Lawn, yesterday morning.

The schooner is a total loss; the crew were saved.

Fogota sailed at 10 a.m. taking Miss Oakley, Miss Hall, Rev. G. L. Mercer, Frank Winsor, D. Neil, Mr. Feder, Miss Young, Mrs. E. Barbour, Mrs. Blundon, Miss Winsor, Miss B. Williams.

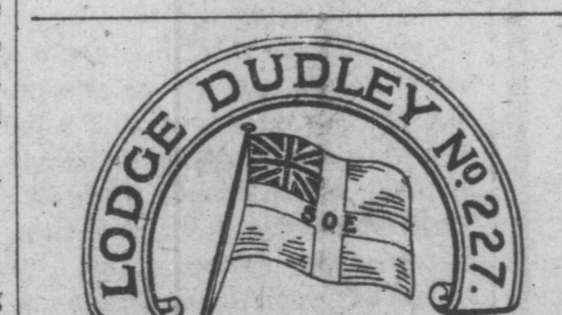


1st Newfoundland Regiment.

RECRUITING

Men who have passed the Medical Examination and have been pronounced "Fit" will please understand that this does not mean that they have been accepted by the Committee.

Until a man has been attested he is not accepted.
A. MONTGOMERIE,
Sec. Recruiting Com.



SONS OF ENGLAND

Members of Lodge Dudley, No. 227, volunteering for active service are requested to communicate with the undersigned after enlisting.

C. W. UDLE,
Secretary.

More Newfoundland Volunteers Abroad

Two other Newfoundlanders have volunteered at Sydney. They are Mr. R. Breen, who was once a steward at the City Club, son of Mr. P. Breen of this city, and Mr. Paul Routledge. Both are well known in the city.

Jack Walsh, ormerly of Job's St. this city, and an old pupil of the Holy Cross Schools, who has been in Quebec for the last three years, has been accepted in the 9th Field Ambulance corps of the Canadian Continent and is now in training at Valcarier.

James Adams, formerly employed at The News office, and ex-corporal of the C.L.B., has volunteered at Montreal.

We wish them all good luck.

Total Now 598

This morning Angus Reid, son of Mr. H. D. Reid, volunteered for active service. He is most enthusiastic and hopes to be one of the first to go to the front.

This brings the total up to 598. Last night Bruce and Howard Reid, sons of Mr. W. D. Reid, signed on at the C. L. B. Armoury, and their friend, Mr. Bain, who is visiting them, also signed the roll.

Mr. Paterson, nephew of Dr. Paterson, also volunteered.

Everjet Elastic Paint

The Best Carbon Paint
Everjet is a lustrous black carbon paint that combines the qualities of cheapness and durability.

It is a bituminous product and is elastic, adhesive; will not rub, peel or scale; will not become brittle and crack; is impervious to moisture; can be used in any climate, resists all action of acids, alkalis, gases, steam vapors, etc.

Everjet is suitable for use on all exposed iron and woodwork.

Booklet on request.

Colin Campbell,
85 Water Street.

Useful for Over 500 Purposes

GILLETT'S LYE

EATS DIRT.