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# PITMAN'S <br> Cumulative Speller 

Commercial Students' Edition

FOR BUSINESS SCHOOLS AND COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENTS

By

## CHARLES E. SMITH

Author of "A Practical Course in Touch Typewriting"

TORONTO, CANADA
THE COMMERCIAL TEXT BOOK COMPANY
NEW YORK
Isaac Pitman \& Sons, The Phonographic Depot,
2 West 45th Street
and at london, Bath and Melbourne
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## PREFACE.

Trre generous reception accorded the Shorthand Students' Edition of the Cumulative Speller affords ample justification for issuing the Commercial Students' Edition.

As the title indicates, the plan of this Speller is cumulative. Each lesson consists of sixteen words, the first twelve of which are re-spelled phonetically and defined. The syllabication, pronunciation, and definition of the remaining four words should be assigned to the student, either as homework or seat-work. A homework dictionary, containing all of these special words, is included in the Speller at the end of the first hundred regular lessons This feature of the work is intended to afford the student a ready means of acquiring the dictionary habit-a habit so essential to all who take pride in turning out accurate work. Nearly all of the words assigned for homework are later on repeated in the regular lessons, so that the lessons review themselves and reduce to a minimum the necessity of having ${ }^{-}$scial review lessons.

For : information of those who have no clear conception of what is meant by the Spelling Reform Movement, the circular issued by the Simplified Spelling Board on 21st March, 1906 is included at the end of the reguiar lessons. Those who wis: further information, may obtain it by writing to The Simplifed Spelling Board, 1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

The Standard Dictionary has been the chief authority consulted in the preparation of this work.


## CUMULATIVE SPELLER.

 Commercial Students' Edition.LESSON 1.

1 busi'ness
2 tel'e-phone tel'e-fōn
3 oc-cur'pence ok-kur'ens
4 com-mis'sion kom-mish'un

5 per-suade' per-swüd'
6 sep'a.pate ser -rint
7 ex-hil'a-rate ex-il'a-rut
8 pre-cude' pre-sēd'
9 suc-ceed suk-seid ${ }^{\prime}$
10 su"per-sede' siü"per-séd"
11 re-ceipt' re-sēt'

12 rec'i-pe res'i-pe

An occupation; trade; profes. sion.
An instrument for reproducing sound at - listant point.
An event; bappening.
To give r ommission tn; to appoint; a document conferring rank or authority.
To influence by entreaty or reasoning; to win over.
To disconnect; to keep apart.
To enliven; to cheer; to atimu late.
To go, happen, or axist before.
To follow; to come next in order ; to meet with success.
To take the place of ; to replace.
The act of receiving; $A$ written acknowledgment of angthing received.
A formula; a medical prescrip-

Consult homework dictionary.
13 proficient 14 inveigle 15 alignmint I auisance

## LESSON 2.

1 defli-cit def'i-sit $\quad$ deficienc ${ }_{j}$, or falling short in amount; shortage.
2 ar-rears' ar-rèrz'
3 cal'en-dar kal'en-dar
Something due and unpaid.
A systematic arrangement of days, months, and years; a list of events.
4 quin'ine kwin'ain A bitter alkaloid contained in cinchona-bark: used for malarial affections.
5 de-lir'i-ous de-lir'i-us Wandering in mind.
6 fac-sim'i-le fak-sim'i-li An exact copy or reproduction.
mä, 动e, mē, ąll, nō, rūle ; at, met, it not, up, full:
àrm ; fiü (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

| 7 | ooun'tep-foit | koun'ter-fit | To make iraudulently; any imitation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Fah'ren-hoit | fä'ren-bait | Designating that thermometerscale in which the freezingpoint of water is $32^{\circ}$ and the boiling-point $212^{\circ}$. |
| 9 | maxi-mum | max'i-mum | The greatest possible quantity, amount, or degree. |
| 10 | min'i-mum | min'i-mum | The least possible quantity, amount, or degree. |
| 11 | coup | kù | A sudden telling blow; a master-stroke. |
| 12 | cou"pe' | kū ${ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | A low close carriage. |

Consult homenork dictionary.
13 reprieve 14 forfeit 15 accommodate 16 ecstasy

## LESSON 3.

1 re-plev'in re-plev'in An action to regain possession
2 gran'deur gran'diūr
3 as-phyx'i.ate as fix'i-āt
4 re-sus'ci-tate re-sus'i-tāt

5 syn'dilcate sin'di-kāt

6 scin-til'la sin-til'a
7 per-mit' per-mit'
8 per'mit per'mit
9 pecip'i-ent
10 sat'is-fied
11 sta'tion-a-py
12 sta'tion-er"y
re-sip'i-ent
sat'is-faid
stäshun-e-ri Remaining in one place; fixed.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 wearied 14 heinous 15 pneumatic 16 hypocrisy

## LESSON 4.

| 1 | col'umn | kol'um | A pillar: a vertical series of lines, figures, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | fea'si-ble | fe'r ${ }^{\text {P-bl }}$ | That may be done; practicable. |
| 3 | sal'a-ry | sal'a-ri | Stated allowance for services. |

4 ap"pa-pa'tus ap"a-rätus
bur'glàr
in"ter-sēd"
kon-vers ${ }^{\prime}$ kon'vers
simp'tom
sym'met-ry sim'et-ri
sem'i-na-ry sem'i-ne-ri

Consult homevoork dictionary.

A machine, or a set of tools, etc.
One who breaks into a house to rob.
To mediate between persons; to plead.
To talk familiarly; to chat.
a. Transposed; reversed. $n$. Conversation.
A phenomenon of disease; $a$ sign, or indication.
Due correspondence of parts or elements.
An educational institution; academy.
A place for the barial of the dead.
optimism 14 pessimism 15 acquiesce 16 erponeous LESSON 5.
1 in-trin'sic in-trin'sik Pertaining to the inherent nature of a thing or person; real.
The commander of a vessel, or of a company of soldiers.
Strong and brave.
A right or advantage enjoyed by certain persons.
Marking on a surface in letters; anything written in letters.
Attendant; accompanying. Collateral security, property, money, etc. given as security additional to one's personal obligation.
To announce by placards.
A paper publicly displayed, as a proclamation or poster.
A visitor; boarder.
Conjectured; surmised.
To be superior to ; to surpass.
Having good qualities in a high degree.
Consult homework dictionary. 13 complement 14 compliment 15 reminiscence 16 imperyious arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

1 mu'ol-lage miū'si-lāj
2 ap-ppaise' ap'präz'
3 ul'ti-mo ul'ti-mó
4 proxilmo prox'i-mō
5 sched'ule sked'yul
6 non"pa-peil'
7 in-valid
8 in'va-lid
9 be-slege'
10 sel'zure
11 sa'la-ble (sale'a-ble)
12 leg'i-ble
non"pa-rel"
in-valid
in'va-lid
be-sejj'
se̊ziūr
(se'zhur)
sä'la-bl
lej'i-bl

CUMULATIVE GPELLER
LESSON 6.
miư'si-läj $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { An adhesive solution of gom in } \\ \text { water. }\end{gathered}$
ap'präz' To put a value on officially; to value.
In the last month: abbreviated $u l t$.
In or of the coming month: abbreviated prox.
A written or printed statement.
Of unequaled excellence.
Having no force or weight; null.
A sickly or disabled person.
To lay siege to; to beset or harass.
The act of seizing; a sudden or violent attack; fit; spell.
That may be sold; marketable.
That may be read easily.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 emigrate 14 immigrate 15 abstinence 16 dependent

## LESSON 7.

ca-tapph ka-tár Inflammation of a mucous membrane, as a cold in the head or lungs.
6 ex"pla-na'tion ex"pla-nä'shun Act of making plain or"clear.
7 at-trib'ute at-trib'yut To ascribe (something) as due
8 at'tri-bute at'ri-biūt and belonging; to assign.
That which is attributed; a
characteristic.
9 sten-og'ra-phy sten-og'ra-fil The art of writing by the use of contractions or symbols; shorthand.
mä, àle, mē, ạll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full ;

$$
11
$$

12 bla'ma-ble blä'ma-bl Culpable; deserving censure. cor-pupt'i-ble kor-rupt'i-bl That may be corrupted; subject to decay.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 eplthet 14 epitaph 15 chaufifeup 16 aqueous

## LESSON 8.

1 chat'tel chat'el Anarticle of personal property;
2 erfer-vesce' ef"er-ves'
3 crit'l-cize krit'i-saiz (-cise)
4 re'al-ize réal-aiz
5 fis'cal fis'kal
6 phym'ic-al fiz'ik-al
7 es-cort' es-kort'
8 es'copt es'zort

9 mis'chie-vous mis'chi-vus
10 suf-ficient suf-fish'ent
11 proph'e-cy prof'e-si
12 proph'e-sy profe-sai To foretell; to predict.

Consult homevork dictionary.
13 councll 14 counsel 15 prodigy 16 charlatan

## LESSON 9.

1 per-cep'ti-ble per-sep'ti-bl 'That may be seen or apprehended.
2 ir-pep'a-pa-ble ir-rep'a-ra-bl That can not be repaired, or rectified.
3 oc'ca-Bion ok-käzhun An occurrence; opportanity
4 an'thra-cite an'thra-sait mineral action. v. To canse. Mineral coal of nearly pure carbon; hard coal.

[^0]5 bl-tu'mi-nous bi-tiú'mi-nus Containing mineral pitch, as

6 par"a-pher- par"a-fer-na'li-a
7 tpans-port'

8 trans'port
trans'pört
9 prec'e-dent pres'e-dent

10 pres'i-dent prez'i-dent
11 there'fore thär'for
12 there-for thär-for ${ }^{\prime}$ soft coal.
Miscellaneous articles of equipment; trappings.
To carry from one place to another; to banish; to fill with delight, or ecstasy.
A vessel for conveying troops, etc.; delight; ecstasy.
An example in the past that may be given as an antboi:"ty; previous usage.
A governing officer; chief mag. istrate of a republic.
For that reason; on that ground or account; consequently. Consult homework dictionary. 13 deprecate 14 depreciate 15 itinerant 16 accessory

LESSON 10.
1 ar"fi-da'vit af"i-dàvit
2 ma-jor'i-ty ma-jor'i-ti
3 mi-nori-ty mi-nor'i-ti
4 naph'tha naf'tha
5 gra'tis grä'tis
6 sum'ma-ry sum'a-ri
7 fre-quent fre-kwent'
8 fro'quent frēkwent
9 ceil'ing
sēl'ing
seel'ing
ad-hēr'ens
12 ad-her'ents ad-hēr'ents
A voluntary sworn declaration in writing.
The greater part ; excess ; legal age.
The smaller number; the state of being under legal age.
A volatile, inflammable oil.
Without recomp ase; freely.
An abridged account. ar Concise; instant.
To visit often.
Occurring or appearing ofton.
The overhead covering of a room.
Fastening with a seal; closing tigntly.
The act or state of adhering ; attachment.
Followers; those who are devoted or attached.
Consult homevoork dictionary.
13 Yariegated 14 ingredient 15 aggrandize 16 competitor

Consult ñomework dictinnary.
13 deflelt 14 pneumonia 15 neuralgia 16 adjourn ìrm; fiū (fewi, aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, eẋact.

## CUMULATIVE 8PELLER

## LESSON 13.

1 cat'e-go'ry kat'e-gor"i Any comprehensive class or
2 hy'brld hai'brid description of things.
Mired, produced from incon gruous or different sources; a mongrel.
3 ac-ou'mu-late ak-kiu'miụ-lāt To krinig together; to amass.
4 nul'sance niū'sans An anmoyance; veration.
5 fa-ce'tious fa-séshus Humorous; jocular; witty.
6 Jeop'ard-y jep'ard-i
7 re-fusé re-fiūz'
8 refiuse refius
9 at-tend'ants at-tend'ants Those who accompany or wait at-tend'ancoupon; servants.
11 In-vel'gle
12 for'folt
Consult homework dictionary.
13 resuscitate 14 miniature 15 receptacle 16 competent

## LESSON 14.

1 spon-ta'ne-ous spon-taंne-us Produced without apparent cause; arising from inherent qualities.

2 du'bl-ous diū'bi-us
3 ve'hi-cle
ac-com'raodate
5 pap'ti-ole par'ti-kl
6 guapean-tee' gar"an-të
7 au'ger áger
8 au'gur águr
9
10
oc-cup ok-kur'
mä. àle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;
11 wear'ied wër'id Tired; fatigued.
12 ac"qui-esce' ak"wi-es' To remain satisfed with.

## Consult homework dictionary.

13 Intercede 14 purveyor 15 malleable 16 campaign

## LESSON 15.

1 cpi-te'ri-on
2 du'ly
3 lan'guor
4 ec'sta-sy
5 fau'cet
krai-tē'ri-on
diüli
lang'gwor
ek'nta-si
fạ'set

A stardard for compariton.
Fitly becomingly; regularls.
A feeling of dulness; listlessness.
Rapture; jojous excitement.
An external valve controlling the supply of liquid.
6 del'e-te'pl-ous del'e-téri-us Hurtful; injurious.
7 min'uia min'it The si=tieth part of an hour.
8 mi-nute'
9 sal'a-ry
10 cel'er-y
11 hel'nous
12 va'rl-e-gat"ed va'ri-e-gat"ed Diversified; marked with different colors.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 intrinsic 14 ostensible 15 acclamation 16 vitreous

## LESSON 16.

1 so'lar
2 cui-sine'
3 ex-ag'ger-ate ex-aj’er-āt
4 pneu-mat'ic niu-mat'ik
5 ab'sti-nence
6 ep'i-thet
7 ac-cept'
8 ex-cept'
9 far'ther
10 fur'ther
sōlar
kwe-zèn ${ }^{\prime}$
ab'sti-nens
ep'i-thet
ak-sept'
ek-sept ${ }^{\prime}$
far'ther
fur'ther

Pertaining to the sun.
The cooking department; the kitchen. (Fr.)
To represent as greater than strict truth will warrant.
Containing air.
Self-denial; especially from strong drink.
A descriptive word or phrase.
To take when offered.
To omit; to leave out; to object to.
More distant.
To help forwarr': in advance of.

CUMULATIVE BPELLER

| 11 | lei'sure | lézhur |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (lézhur) | Freedom from employment. |  |
| 12 con-ceit' | kon-sēt' | Self-tattery; a quaint fancy. |
| Consult homework dictionary. |  |  |

13 nonpareil 14 precocious 15 indispensable 16 sagacions

LESSON 17.

|  | trol'leg | trol'i | A grooved wheel used in electric traction. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | de-pend'ent | de-pend'ent | Hanging down; subordinate; one who depends on another. |
| 3 | un-til ${ }^{\prime}$ | un-til ${ }^{\prime}$ | To the time when. |
|  | hyp-oc'ri-8y | hip-ok'ri-si | Insincerity ; pretense of |
| 5 | op'ti-mism | op'ti-mizm | Hopef lness ; belief in th |
| 6 | ran'dom | ran'dum | Done or uttered by chance. |
| 7 | through | thru | From beginning to end. |
| 8 | thor'ough | thur'o | Complete; perfect. |
| 9 | a-chieve' | a-chèv' | To perform with sk |
| 10 | de-celve' | de-sēv ${ }^{\prime}$ | To mislead, as by false statement. |
| 11 | in-cite' | in-sait ${ }^{\prime}$ | To urge onward. |
| 12 | in'sight | in'sait | Clear vision or perception into the true nature or character of a thing. |
| Consult homework dictionary. |  |  |  |
| 13 | uxiliapy 14 | igilance 1 | irpelevant 16 ret |

## LESSON 18.

1 met-al'lic
2 chauf"feur'
3 gage
(gauge)
4 em'l-grate
5 pes'si-mism
6 cra'ni-um
met-alik
shōf"fur ${ }^{\prime}$
gàj
em'i-grāt
Having the characteristics of a metal.
The operator of an automobile.
To measure; to estimate.
To leave a country to go to another.
Despair; belief in the worst.
The bony case that encloses the brain; th- skull.
To influence; to assume; to imitate.
8 ef-fect ${ }^{\prime} \quad$ ef-fekt' A consequence; to cause.
mä, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up. fụll;

9 ex-ceed ${ }^{\prime}$
10 se-cede'
11 chiefrain
12 tral'tor tri'tor

To go beyond; to surpass. To withdraw ; to separate.
The head of a Scots clan, or other body of men.
A deceiver; one who betrays a trust.

## Cunsult homevort dictionary.

13 chattel 14 appertain 15 bargain 16 maintenance

## LESSON 19.

1 a-pol'o-gy a-pol'o-ji Anexcuse; an acknowledguent
Im'mi-grate im'i-grāt
plau'si-ble plázi-bl
To come into a country.
Apparently true; specious.
er-ro'ne-ous er-rō'ne-us Mistaken; marked by error.
5 com'ple-ment kom'ple-ment The full allowance or number.
6 ab-struse'
ab-strūs'
Hard to understand.
pre-sent' pre-zent' To introduce; to give.
pres'ent prez'ent
Present time; a gift.
9 an'ec-dote an'ek-dōt
A short story; account of a personal incident.
10 an'ti-dote an'ti-dōt A counteracting element, espucially against poison.
11 ac'tu-al ak'tiụ-al Existing in fact; real; present.
12 ac'tu-al-ly ak'tiu-al-i In fact; in reality.
Consuit homework dictionary.
13 paraphernalia 14 auditor 15 superstitious 16 civilize

## LESSON 20.

1 similar
2 pan'o-ra'ma pan"o-rä'ma
3 coun'cil
4 rem"inis'cence
5 өp'i-taph

6 sus'te-nance sus'te-nans
7 con-tract' kon-trakt'
ep'i-taf

Resembling, but not completely identical.
A complete view in every direction.
A consultative assembly.
rem"i-nis'ens a memory.

An inscription on a tomb; any similar expression of sentiment.
Food; that which supports life.
To draw together; to shorten; to acquire.
12 CUMOLATIVE BPELLER
8 con'tpact kon'trakt $\triangle$ formal agreement to do or
9 birth ..... berth
10 berth ..... berth
11 blup blur ..... blur
12
blupredblurdnot to do for a stipulatedconsideration.
The fact of being born; nativ.ity : origin.
A sleeping place in a ship : anyplace afording ease.An indistinct marking.Indistinctly marked.
13 afildayit 14 susceptible 15 admissible 16 coincidence
LESSON 21.
1 mercan-tilo mer'kan-til Commercial; pertaining to mer-

2 strychinin (strych'nine)
strik'nin
a'que-ous àkwe-us Watery.
4 com'pli-ment kom'pli-ment To express admiration.
5 prod'i-gy prod'i-ji
6 par'ox-ysm
di-geat'
8 digest
9 spe'cle
10 spe'cious
11 re-mit'

12 re-mit'tance re-mitians
Consult homework dictionary.

## 13 amanuensis 14 reversible <br> 15 essence 16 minutiae

LESSON 22.
1 bound'a-ry bound'a-ri
2 a-gree'ment a-grément
3 coun'sel koun'sel

A limit; an object indicating a limit.
Mutual assent; coming into accord; a contract.
To advise.

4 Im-per'vi-ous im-per'vi-us Permitting no passage.
5 dep're-cate dep're-kīt To express dieapproval.
6 mun'o-gram mon'o-gram Two or more letters written as one.
7 sup-vey' sur-ví To determine a boundary.
8 sup-vey'or sur-vior One who surveye or overlooks.
9 en-rol on-roll' (en-roll')
10 en-rol'ment en-rol'ment The act of placing on a roll, or (en-moll'ment)
11 or'dl-nance or'di-nans
12 ord'nance

To place on record, to register. registering.
An authoritative regulation.
Heary guns ; artillery.

Consult homeverk distionary.
13 singeing 14 responsible 15 exchequer 16 ohancellor

## LESSON 23.

1 gram'mar gram'ar The science of language and the crt of speaking.
2 ser'geant sár'jent A non-commissioned office:.
3 in-gre'di-ent in-grèdi-ent An element in a mixture or compound.
4 char'la-tan shár'la-tan A quack; one making extravagant pretensions.
5 pro'ceeds prö'sēdz Results; returns.
6 an"te-ce'dent
7
tranelor trans-fer
8 trans'fer trans'fer
9 hu'man hiü'man Belonging to man.
10 hu-mal $9^{\prime}$ hiu-män
11 for'mep-lve formerli
12 form'al-ly form'al-i In a formal manner.

## Consult homework dictionary.

13 facetious 14 competence 15 amenable 16 antique
LESSON 24.


3 accspan dize ag'ran-daiz To make great; to exalt.
4 de-pre'ol-ate de-préshi-at To undern..9; to lessen the
5 I'eo-late (1s'o-lato)
6 Chas-tise (Chas-tize')
7 ob-ject'
8 ob'ject
9 a'lien ilien
10 a'lien-ist
11 af-firm'a-tive
12 neg'a-tive
ai'so-lñt (is'o-lảt) chas-taiz' ob-jekt ${ }^{\prime} \quad$ To oppoze. ob'jekt Anything set before the mind or senses; ultimate purpose.
An unnaturalized foreign resident.
One who studies insanity. Asserting a fact; assenting. Denying a fact ; vetoing.
To place in 4 detached position. 'To correct with the rod.
${ }^{\text {ál}}$ lien-ist
af-ferm'a-tiv neg'a-tiv worth os.

## Consult homenork dictionary.

13 epontaneous 14 ipreaistible 15 valuable 16 tabular

## LESSON 25.

1 mu-nic'i-pal
2 an-ni hila'tion
3 com-pet'i-tor
4 1-tin'er-ant
3 an'a-lyze (an'a-lyse)
6 kin'der. gar'ten
7 pro-test
8 pro'test
9 lleu liū
10 lieu-ten'ant liup-ten'ant
11 mort'cra-mee' (lef-ten'ant)
12 mort'ga-gor mor'ga-jor
miup-nis'i-pal Belonging to a town or city. an-nai"hi- Utter destruction.
lāshun
kom-pet'i-tor One who competes. ai-tin'er-ant Going from place to place. an'a-laiz To examine minutely.
kin'der- A play-school for young chil-
gar'tn
dren. pro-test' prō'test (liu-ten'ant mor"ga-jē"

## LESSON 26.

1 ap-pear'ance ap-per'ans Coming into view; permonal presence.
2 In'can- in Fandes'oen:
3 com-pleto
4 ac-ces'so-ry
5 a"pro-pos'
6 gar'nish-e0'
7 pre-mise' pre-maiz'
8 prom'is-es prem'is-ez

9 skill skil
10 skil'ful
(Bkill'ful)
11 em"ploy-ee'
12 em -ploy'er
des'ent
kom-plēt'
al-ses'o-ri
a ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ prō-pō Oprortune; appropriate.
gar'nibh-ë One lawfully warned not to deliver money or goods.
To make an introductory statement.
Introductory statements or conditions; land with or without buildings.
Familiar knowledge; dexterity : efficiency.
Full of skill.
One who works for another.
One who has others to work for hin.

## Consult homework dictionary.

13 cuisine 14 intermittent 15 lattice 16 mortar
LESSON 27.
1 ex"traor'di- ex"tror'di- Out of the common;rimarkable. na-ry ne-ri
2 scheme skēm
A plan; a combiration.
3 con'sci- kon"shien'tious en'shus
4 di-vis'l-ble di-vizi-bl
5 in-au'gu-rato in-ạgiu-ràt To begin with proper ceremonies.
6 Vet'er-i-na-ry vet'er-i-ne-ri Pertaining to the diseases of domestic animals.
7 sub-ject' sub-jekt' To bring under the power of ; to subdue.
8 sub'ject subjekt One who is governed: something treated in a special maj.
9 rec'la- rel: 1 - Restoration.
ma'tion ma'shun
Gorerned by conscience ; morally right.
-spable of being cut up into parts.
àrm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 28.

1 de-fend'antpa'tion

4 ap-par'el
5 do'nor
6 mis"cel-la'ne-ous
cumblative bpeller
whith'er To what place. wheth'er Which of two. weth'er Coudition of the atmosphere to overcome difficulties.

## 14 disciple 15 laudable

7 mis'ne-us 'a'ne-us
plän'tif
kon-fig"yu: rā'shun
ap-par'el do'nor mis"el-

A pereon against whom a legal action is brought.
One beginning a legal action.
Arranging in a given form or shape.
To covor or clothe; clothing.
One who gives.
Of several kinds ; mixed.
7 mis"con-duct' mis"knn-dult' To behave badly.
8 mis-con'duct mis-kon'dukt Bad behavior.
9 prom'is-so"ry prom'i-so"ri Expressing a promise.
10 gen'ius jēn'yus
11 ge'nus jénus
12 spe'cles
spē'shèz
Consult homework dictionury.
Eralted mental power.
A group of similar things divisible into a smaller class or species.
A group of similar things belonging to a larger class, or genus.

> 1 min'i-a-ture min'i-a-tiür Much smaller than reality; a
> 2 pneu-mo'ni-a niu-móni-a
> 3 grate'ful
> 4 cor"respond'ence
> 5 la'bel
> 6 pur-vey'or
> 7 ab-stract
> 8 ab'stract
> grāt'ful kor"espond'ens lä'bel
> pur-vä'or ab-strakt' ab'strakt small painting or portrait.
> Intlammation of lung tissue.
> Thankful.
> Written communications; adap-
> tation of one thing to another.
> A mark denoting contents or ownership.
> One who furnishes supplies.
> To take away ; to abridge.
> A summary ; not concrete; existing only in thought.
> mä, àle, mē, ạll, nó, rūle ; at, met it, not, up, fụll;
nosphere ; ties.
m a legal
action. form or
thing.
divislass or
things class,
ssant
lity ; a ait.
sue.

1 de-sir'a-ble
2 ad-journ'
3 os-ten'si-ble os-ten'si-bl
Consult homework dictionary.

2 re-scind' re-sind'
3 in"de- in"de-
pend'ence pend'ens
4 ec-cen'tric ek-sen'trik
5 re-cep'ta-cle re-sep'ta-kl
6 mal'le-a-ble mal'e-a-bl
7 com-pound' kom-pound'
8 com'pound kom'pound
9 deb'it deb'it
10 debt'or det'or
11 qual'i-fled kwol'i-faid

Consult homework dirtionary.

Amusement; the act of turning aside.
10 rec"re-a'tion rek"re-a'shun Amusement; refreshment after labor.
11 as"Eign-ee' as"in-e" One to whom property is legally transferred.
One who assigns property or rights.

13 apology 14 tangible 15 convalescent 16 magnificence

## LESSON 30.

1 neur-al'gi-a niur-al'ji-a A sharp, sudden pain in anerve.

12 ag-grleve' ag-grēv' To cause sorrow; to oppress.
13 panorama 14 flexible 15 conscious 16 tenacious

## LESSON 31.

de-zair'a-bl Worth having.
ad-jurn' To put off to another day; to postponc.
Offered as real ; sceming ; pretended.

[^1]\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 18 \text { CUMULATIVE SPELLER } \\
& 4 \text { cour'te-ous } \\
& 5 \text { pre-co'cious } \\
& 6 \text { sep'a-rate } \\
& 7 \text { ab'so-lute } \\
& 8 \text { ob'so-lete } \\
& 9 \text { Pe-sour'ces } \\
& \text { kur'te-us Polite; affable. } \\
& \text { pre-kō'shus Developed in advance ; ripened } \\
& \text { prematurely. } \\
& \text { sep'a-rat To disconnect ; to keep apart. } \\
& \text { ab'so-lūt Unrestrained by laws. } \\
& \text { ob'so-lēt Gone out of use. } \\
& \text { re-sobr'sez } \\
& \text { The total of one's available } \\
& \text { property, or means of paying. } \\
& 10 \text { li"a-bil'i-ties lai"a-bil'i-tiz The total of one's responsi- } \\
& 11 \text { here-in' hēr-in' In bilities for debt. } \\
& 12 \text { here-on' hēr-on' On this; hereupon. } \\
& 13 \text { paroxysm } 14 \text { convertible } 15 \text { honopary } 16 \text { ostracize } \\
& \text { per'jūr To speak falsely under oath. } \\
& \text { kom'pe-tent } \\
& \text { Having sufficient authority; } \\
& \text { qualified. } \\
& 3 \text { In-flam'ma- in-flam'a-bl } \begin{array}{c}
\text { Readily set } \\
\text { ble }
\end{array} \text { on fire; easily } \\
& \text { excited. } \\
& 4 \text { con'tro-ver"sy kon'tro-ver"si A dispute; a debate. } \\
& 5 \text { vit're-ous vit're-us Glassy; having the qualities of } \\
& 6 \text { ap"per-tain' ap"er-tän' To helong by right. } \\
& 7 \text { in-her'it-ance in-her'it-ans Somoth:ng received from a } \\
& 8 \text { in-her'ent in-hērent } \\
& 9 \text { dis-ease' diz-ēz' } \\
& 10 \text { de-cease' de-sēs }{ }^{\prime} \\
& 11 \text { cour'age } \\
& \text { Lur'áj } \\
& 12 \text { car'riage kar'ij } \\
& \text { parent or ancestor. } \\
& \text { Essential; a permanent quality. } \\
& \text { A morbid orabnormal condition. } \\
& \text { Departure from life; death. } \\
& \text { The mental quality which meets } \\
& \text { dangers or difficulties calmly } \\
& \text { and firmly. } \\
& \text { Consult homework dictionary. } \\
& 13 \text { ordinance } 14 \text { prevalence } 15 \text { disparity } 16 \text { embezzle }
\end{aligned}
$$
\]

LESSON 33.

1 nec'tar
2 su"per-vise'
3 in"dis-
pen'sa-ble
nek'tar
siū"per-vaiz"
in"dis-
pen'sa-bl

A delicious drink.
To look over; to superintend.
Necessary or requisite for the purpose.
mä, alu, uē, ạll, nō. rūle ; at, mei, it, not, up, full;
ripened apart.
vailable paying. sponsi-
acize
12 em'pha-size em'fa-saiz

Mental ability ; news.
To agree; to trade; to negoti ate; to haggle.
Disposed to believe falsely or unreasonably.
To loring in from abroad.
Meaning; signification.
An assumed name.
A plea of being elsewhere when a crime was committed.
An effort of the voice in speaking ; any special demonstration.
To speak with special stress or earnestness.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 sergeant 14 permissible 15 intersperse 16 optical

## LESSON 34.

1 op"er-a'tion oy"er-a'shun A mode of action; a working to
2 sur-ppise' sur-praiz' To astonish; an unexpected

- event.

4 o-be'di-ence o-bédi-ens
Watchfulness; alerti.ess.
Dutiful ; complying with law or behest.
Shrewd; wise; ready to decide. To reclaim from savagery.

To act together; to agree.
A musical performance by a numider of persons; any agree ment of persons.
9 op'u-lent
10 pli'ant
11 plaint
op yü-lent
plai'ant
plänt
Having much property.
Easily bent; lithe; supple.
Utterance of sorrow; a legal writ.
12 re-al'it-y re-al'i-ti The state of being; actuality.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 realty 14 codicil 15 prejudice 16 pumor
arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

## CUMULATIVE SPELLER

LESSON 35.
main'te-
nance
2 cam-paign'
mān'te-nans Means of support.
kam-pān ${ }^{\prime}$
An organized action, movement, or contest : a complete military operation.
3 per'ma-nent pei'ma-nent
fas'cl-nate
fas'i-nāt
ir-rel'e-vant ir-rel'e-vant
6 au'di-top
$a^{\prime}$ 'di-tor
7 dis-count'
dis-kouńc
8 dis'count dis'rount
9 cre'dence krē'dens
10 ac-cord'ance
11 pat'ent
ak-kord'ans
pat'ent

2 pat'tern pat'ern

## Consult homework dictionary. style. <br> 13 annihilation 14 pique 5 veriked 16 homogeneous

Durable; lasting; continui.ng without change.
To attract irresistibly; to enchant.
Not applicable or pertinent; superfluous.
One who hears; one who examines accounts.
To deduct; to anticipate; to discredit.
An amount deducted; the rate of discount.
Belief; confidence.
Agreement; harmony.
A monopoly granted to an inventor; an official grant of privileges.
A model or guide for friming something else; a type or

LESSON 36.
1 Pos'sil

2 reti-cence
3 prep"apa'tion
em'a-nato
5 sus-cep'ti-ble
6 pe-vers'i-ble (re-vers'a-ble)

## fos'il

Preserved in or dug out of the earth; remaining from past times.
The quality of keeping silent.
The act of making ready.
To flow forth.
Yielding readily.
That which may be turned to an opposite position.
7 con-vert' kon-vert'
8 con'vert kon'vert
To change into another form.
One who has been converted, especially in regard to $1 e$ ligion.
9 pap-ti'tion par-tisk'un Division; a dividing wall.
mぶ, āle, mè, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

10 peti'tion pe-tish'un A formal request; a prayer; a
11 apt'i-tude
12 ement, e miliinvi: 7 g
; to
inent;
who
e; to
te rate
in innt of ming er


[^2]12 im-par'tial im-par'shal Fair; unbiased; not taking Consult homework dictionary.

## 13 correspondence 14 recommend 15 canceled 16 Yice Yersa

## LESSON 40.

1 ip"pe-sist'i-ble ir"re-zist'i-bl That which cannot be success-

3 chan'cel-lop chan'sel-or A high officer in legal, govern-
4 Where'a- whar'a-bouts A place near which a person or bouts
5 com'pe-tence kom'pe-tens
6 fur'lough fur'ō
7 11'bpa-ry lai'bra-ri
8 li'bra-pies
9 om'i-nent
lai'bra-riz
em'i-nent
10 Im'mi-nent
11 bal'ance
of six-
atisfy ;
s, as a
npany
ies of
nying mous.
ate of
id.
ed or
ding
than a
which
l; any arning. ducted
imen

1 dis-ci'ple
2 a-me'na-ble
a-mē’na-bl
Consult homevoork dictionary.
13 eccentric 14 exorbitant 15 insolvency 16 defalcate

## LESSON 41.

$\begin{array}{lll}3 & \text { con-sen'sus } & \text { kon-sen'sus } \\ 4 & \begin{array}{c}\text { gubmit. } \\ \text { general agreement; collective } \\ \text { opinion. }\end{array} \\ 5 & \begin{array}{l}\text { con'u-lar } \\ \text { les'cent }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { glob'yu-iar } \\ \text { kon"va-les'ent }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c}\text { Spherical; ; globe-shaped. } \\ \text { Recovering health after sick- } \\ \text { ness. }\end{array}\end{array}$

## 7 de-fense' (de-fence') <br> 8 de-fon'bive <br> 9 tralt

10 straight
11
12
13
Consult homenork dictionary.
de.fens ${ }^{\prime}$
de-fen'siv strät strät
re-fer re-fer ${ }^{\prime}$
re-ferped' re-ferd'

CUMOLATIVE BPELLER
bangk'rupt Unable to pay one's debts; insolvent.
A protection or guard against harm ; justification ; apology. Intended or suitable for defense.
A narrow passage of water; any narrow passage.
Direct; not crooked; unbroken; uninterrupted.
To submit to another for information or decision.
Submitted to another.
15 forgery 16 monetary

## LESSON 42.

1 im-per'a-tive im-per'a-tiv Expressive of command obli-
2 rep"er-toipe' reper-twàr
3 per"pen- per"pen-
dic'u-lar dik'yu-lar
4 ex-pe'pl-ence ex-péri-ens
5 par-al'y-sis par-al'i-sis
6 par'a-chute par'a-shūt
7 sep'a-pate sep'a-rāt
8 pa-pade' pa-rád'
9 com-pare' kom-pär'
10 com-par'i-son kom-par'i-son likeness or unlikeness.
11 par'a-pet par'a-pet ison The act of comparing.
12 ram'part ram'part $\begin{gathered}\text { protection; breastwork. } \\ \text { An embankment around a fort. }\end{gathered}$
Consult homework dictionary.
13 appapatus 14 parallel 15 permeate 16 perpetpate

## LESSON 43.

1 as-nar'a-gus as-par'a-gus A garden vegetable.
2 nine'ty-ninth nain'ti-nainth A garden vegetable. $\begin{aligned} & \text { One in order before the han- } \\ & \text { dredth. }\end{aligned}$
mä, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle ; at, met, it, not, up, full ;
debts; acainst pology. lefense. er; any roken; infor
stary
obli-
dy at
laight
mally.
ss of
ratus
art.
n, as
ce to
light
fort.
ate
han-

3 nine'ti-eth nain'ti-eth Tenth in order after the eightieth.
4 nincs'tzen" nain'tèn" Nine more than ten.
5 Whol'ly
höl'li
6 re-tire' re-tair' To withdraw ; to go to bed; to remove from active service.
7 re-tire'ment
re-tair'ment
8 syn'a-gogue sin'a-gog
The act of withdrawing.
A Hebrew place of worship; or the worshippers.
9 am"a-teup' am"a-tiūr"

10 nov'ice nov'is
11 ex-pen'sive
ex-pen'siv an-tēz'

One who follows an art or sport for the love of it; non-pro. fessional.

12 an-tique'
A beginner.
Costly.
Ancient; in the style of ancient art. Consult homework dictionary.
13 nectar 14 warpanty 15 usury 16 defaulter

## LESSON 44.

1 ex-ist'ence ex-ist'ens State of being or existing; life;
2 ton'si-ble continued being
2 tan'gi-ble $\tan ^{\prime} \mathrm{ji}-\mathrm{bl} \quad$ Perceptibleto the touch; visible.
3 can'celed kan'seld Marked out; obliterated.
(can'celled)
4 val'u-я-ble val'yụ-a-bl
5 ac-knowl'edg- ak-nol'ejment ment
6 be-lieve' be-lēv'
7 be-liev'ing be-lēv'ing
8 im-pan'el
im-pan'el
Having value; costly; esteemed.
An admission, as of receipt; avowal ; confession.
To accept as true; to have faith.
Having faith.
To enroll upon a jury list; to swear in a jury.
9 im-pan'el-ing im-pan'el-ing The act of forming a jury. (im-pan'el-ling)

| 10 arch | arch | To curve; to span; roguish; |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 are | sly. | Anything in the shape of a <br> bow; an arch. |
| 12 ar'chi-tect | arki tekt | One who plans a building; a <br> builder. | Consult homework dictionary. 13 opulent 14 millinery 15 synonymous 16 administrator

## LESSON 45.

rec'om-pense rek'om-pens To repay ; to give an equivalent.
2 re-mu'ner-atere-miü'ner-át To pay for services.

3 al'ti-tude
4 dy'na-mo
al'ti-tiūd
dai'na-mo

Height ; verticul elevation.
A machine for generating 6 ac-ces'si-ble ak-ses'i-bl Approachable; easily reached 7 ho'slep.y ho'zier-i or attained.

$$
8 \text { ce-ment' } \quad \begin{aligned}
& \text { (hò'zher-i) } \\
& \text { se-ment' }
\end{aligned}
$$

Hose, atockings, etc.
An adhesive substance for uniting stone, glass, etc. ; to
9 con-demn' kon-dem' unite firmly.
To impose a penalty, especially for a crime; to declare unfit
for use.


## LESSON 46.

1 tab'u-lar tab'yup-lar Arranged in the form of a table
2 che-nille
3 con-tempt'1. ble
4 tick'ler
5 in-ces'sant
6 in'ter-
mit'tent
7 prin'ci-pal
she-nèl A soft, fluffy cord.
kon-tempt'i-bl Vile; despicable.
tik'ler A reininder, or collection of in-ses'ant memoranda; one who tickles. in"ter-mit'ent Occurring from time to ting off. ccurring from time to time,
with more or less regularity. prin'si-pal First in rank, character, or value; a leader; property as
8 prin'cl-ple prin'si-pl
9 mem'o- mem"opan'dum ran'dum

A general truth; inherent characteristic.
A note to help the memory.
mä, àle, mē, ạll, nō, rūle, at, met, it. not. un full-

10 mem'o-pan'da mem'o-run'da Plural of memorandum.
il com-pe.' kom-pel To drive by force; to overpower.
12 con-trol'ling lon-tröling Directing; restraining; govern. ing.
Consult humework dictionary.
13 preparation 14 alcohol 15 withdramal 16 superfluous

## LESSON 47.

: ho'ping höping Cherishing a desire; trusting confidently that gond wilf come.
2 ob-lit'er-ate ob-lit'er-āt To wipe out; to destroy without leaving any trace.
3 lat'tice lat'is Openwork inade by the crossing of strips or bars.
4 cou'pon ${ }^{*}$ kū’pon ${ }^{*}$
A ticket entitling the bolder to some advantage, usually monetary.
5 mag-nifi- mag-nif'i-sens The state or condition of being cence
6 caout'chouc kn̄chụk
7 tu'bu-lar tiūbiụ-lar
s si'ne-cure sai'ne-kiür (sin'e-kiūr)
9 gyn'co-pe sin'ko-pi
(sing'ko-pe)
10 lin'i-ment lin'i-ment
11 Ifn'e-ar lin'e-ar
12 lin'e-al lin'e-al great in character or action.
India-rubber ; the juice of the tree from which it is made.
Tube-shaped; pipe-like; provided with tubes.
An office or position having pay with few or no duties.
A fainting fit; the dropping of a vowel or syllable from the midst of a word.
A liquid preparation applied to bruises, etc.
Of the nature of a line; con sisting of lines.
Made with lines; a pedigree descending in one line.
Consult homevork dictionary.
13 phenomena 14 tacit 15 mnemonic 16 nondesoript

## LESSON 48.

1 re-quire'mentre-kwair'ment That which is demanded or claimed.
2 dis-cesn'i-ble di-zern'i-bl Capable of being seen or perceived.

COMOV.ATIVE SPELI,ER


5 how'itz-ep
6 laud'a.ble
7 in-fringe'
8 in.
fringe'ment

- lim'i-nate

10 pre-lim'i-na. Py
11 al"to-geth'er al'ways
narl A tough knot in wood ; to growl. mor'tar
hou'itzer
lạd'a-bl in-frinj'
in-frinj'ment Violation.
$\Delta$ mixture of sand and lime nsed in building; a vessel in which drugs, etc. are pounded; a short cannon.
A short, light cannon.
Praiseworthy.
To break ; to violate.
e-lim'i-nait To cast out; reject; remove. pre-lim'i-ne-ri That which precedes the main business; introductory.
al"to-geth'er Wholly; completely. äl'wāz

Consult homework dictionary.
13 moutine 14 Instantaneous 15

## LESSON 49.

di-rect'or
2
freight

3 os"tenta'tious
4 con'scious
5 al-low'ance

7 mer' dise
8 pro pa'ta
9 li'en
10 cash-ier'
11 an-nuif-ty
12 im-mu'ni-ty

Consult homework dictionary.
13 arpangement 14 hydraulic 15 itemize 16 peimburse mıä, àle, mē, all, nō, rūle : at, met. it, not, up, fụll :

Having a like course; proceeding in the same direction without meeting.
2 ow'ing o'ing The state of being obliged or

3 Hexi-ble
4 hon'or-a-ry
5 te-na'oious
6 ten'ta-tive ten'ta-tiv
7 site sait
8 re-cum'bent re-kum'bent
9 suc-cumb'
suk-kam'
ar'ma-ment ar'ma-ment
$\begin{array}{lll}11 & \text { ar'mis-tioe ar'mis-tis } \\ 12 \text { ar'ma-ture ar'ma-tiūr }\end{array}$
llez'i-bl
on'or-e-ri
te-nä'shus indebted.
Easily bent; pliant.
Done, made, or held as an honor.
Tough; sticky; holding fast; ant 3 sive.
Exj imeatal; made by way of tral.
Local position; a plot of ground set apart for use.
Leaning back; reclining.
To sink down, as under a burden; to yield.
A. land or sea force; warlike equipment.
A truce; temporary cessation of hostilities.
A piece of iron joining the poles of a magnet; the rotating core of a dynamo.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 furlough 14 beneficiary 15 corduroy 16 bulletin

## LESSON 51.

1 dis-par'1-ty dis-par'i-ti Inequality; the state of being
2 su"pep-in-
siū"per-intend'ent
3 Wherein
4 tes"ti-móni-
whär'in
tes"ti-móni-
al
5 op'ep-a"tor op'er-a"tor
6 dis-8im'lap
7 fore'tell
8 fore'man
dis-sim'i-lar
för'tel
fōr'man
9 per-mis'si-ble per-mis'i-bl dissimilar.
One who manages or supervises.
In which thing or place
A formal token of refurd or approval.
A skilled worker, Jne who operates.
Unlike; different.
To tell in advance; to predict.
The head man overseeing a body of workmen.
Allowable; that which is per mitted.
àrm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, eẋact.

## LESSON 52.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
1 & \text { ledg'er } & \text { lej'er } \\
2 & \text { cus'tom-er } & \text { kus'tum-er } \\
3 & \text { os'tra-cize } & \\
& \text { os'tra-saiz } \\
4 & \text { os'tra-cise) } & \\
5 & \text { he'zle } & \text { em-bez' } \\
6 & \text { tion-al } & \text { ir-rash'un-al } \\
7 & \text { s-al } & \text { op'tik-al } \\
7 & \text { spe-cific } & \text { spe-sif'ik }
\end{array}
$$

8 e-con'o-my
9 sun'dry
e-kon'o-mi sun'dri
10 sun'driessun'driz
11 con-cur
12 con-curped'
kon-kurd'

Consult homework dictionary.
13 incomparable 14 mortiseA principal account book.A buyer; a purchaser; onewith whom one deals.

Exclusion from favors in society or politics.
To appropriate fraudulently. Contrary to reasoning ; absurd. Pertaining to the science of eyesight.
Distinct; definite; precise; intended to produce a definite
result. result.
Good management; frugality. Several; various; of an indefinite small number.
Items or things not separately specified.
To run together; to agree. Run together; agreed.

## LESSON 53.

1 cyl'in-der sil'in-der
2 in'cu-bus inkiụ-bus
3 liq'ui-date lik'wi-dàt
4 in"ter-sperse' in"ter-spers'
5 an"ti-sep'tic an"ti-sep'tik
6 prej'u-dice prej'u-dis

A circular body of uniform diameter.
An oppression or weighing down; a nightmare.
To pay debts; settle; adjust
To distribute scatteringly.
Anything that prevents putre. faction.
An opinion not resting on
reason.
män, āle, mē, ạll, nō, rūle: at, uret, it, not, up, fụll;

7
8 pen-in'su-la pen-in's?
9 pen"i- pen"i
ten'tia-py ten she. ri
ac'cent
11 as-sent' as-sent'
12 as-cend'ing as-send'ing Going up; climbing. Consult homework dictionary.
13 retirement 14 equitable 15 porcelain 16 discrepancy

## LESSON 54.

1 vac'u-um vak'yu-um A space devoid of matter.
2 ne-go'ti-ate ne-góshi-àt To bargain for property,
3 pu'mor
4 sou"ve-nir
5 pique
6 sa-lu'bri-ous sa-lū'bri-us
7 in-dict'ment in-dait'ment
8 lic'o-rice lik'o-ris
9 an-nounce' an-nouns To declare; to publish; to proclaim.
10 an- an- A declaration; public notice. nounce'ment nouns'ment
11 phys'1-ol'o-gy fiz"i-ol'o-ji The science of vital organisms.
12 psy-chol'o-gy sai-kol'o-ji The science of the mind andits perceptions.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 acknowledgment 14 boycott 15 contagious 16 pecuniary
LESSON 55.
2 sur'plus
3 Ver'i-fied
4 tem'po-pa-py
5 spec'i-men

1 Vac'ci-nate vak'si-nāt To inoculate with cowpox virus. sur'plus Excess over what is needed. ver'i-faid Proved to be true or exact. tem'po-re-ri Lasting for a short time only. spes'i-men One of a class of things reyarded as a model or sample.
$\dot{\text { àm }}$; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, eṡact.

## CUMULATIVE SPELLER

6 Pec*om-mend' rek"om-mend' To make attractive; to com-

7 pto'main tómān
8 bi'cy-cle bai'si-k]
$\begin{array}{ccc}9 & \text { se'ri-al } & \text { sē'ri-al } \\ 10 & \text { ce'pe-al } & \vdots r e-a l \\ 11 & \text { ba-na'na } & \text { ba-nä'na }\end{array}$
12 ban-dan'na ban-dan'a mend to favorable attention.
An alkaloid, usually poisonous, resulting from putrefaction.
A vehicle with two wheels set in line.
Occurring at regular intervals. A grain yielding plant.
The fruit of a large herbaceous tropical plant.
A large, bright-colored handConsult homework dictionary. 13 pepertoire 14 sciatica 15 pretentious 16 Judicial

## LESSON 56.

1 con-tin'gent
3 va'can-cy

7 va-lise'
8 phillos'o-phy
9 a'er-ate
10 sub-poe'na
11 ster'il-ize
12 as-sim'i-late
spiū'ri-us dij'it
va-lès'
kon-tin'jent
di-lem'a
vä'kan-si tar'if
fi-los'o-fi
à'er-àt
sub-pèna
ster'il-aiz
as-sim'i-lāt

Liable to occur; probable.
A choice between undesirable alternatives; perplexity.
Space; emptiness.
A system of duties on imports, any list of charges.
Not genuine; false; forged.
A finger or toe; any one of the ten Arabic numerals.
A traveling-bag.
The love of wisdom ; a rational explanation of things.
To supply with, or expose to the air.
A legal order requiring appear ance at court under penalty. To destroy micro-organisms. To take up; to digest. Consult homework dictionary.

## 13 memoranda 14 procedure <br> 15 oficiate 16 pleurisy

## LESSON 57.

1 Vl'ce ver'sa vai'sè ver'sa In reversed rclationship.
2 map'vel-ous már'vel-us Astonishing; wonderful.
3 Pheu-mat'ic rū-mat'ik Affected with rhenmatism. mák, āle, mē, ạll, nō, rūle ; at, mei, it, not, up, full ; tion.

## tex'tile tex'til

Consulı homeworh dictionary.

Uniform; made up of similar elements.
Adapted to cure or mitigate disease.
Bankruptcy; unable to pay one's debts.
Difficult to accomplish.
Like a giant ; colossal ; huge.
A pair of hollow musical instru. ments sounded by being clashed together.
Representative ; figurative.
Pertaining to the mechanical arts; formal, as in a terhnical defect.
A woven fabric.

13 liniment 14 strenuous 15 cinnamon 16 missile

## I.FTMSON 58.

1
2
3
4

5

6 tu'ni-ty oporn

Pecuniary; pertaining to money. Well managed.
That which may be steered or directed.
A small charitable gift; any small allowance.
A fit time; a favorable occasion.
Excessive; beyond the proper limit.
Dreamy; unpractical.
A contest of skill among several competitors.
An upstart; one who has lately risen in society.

10 req"ui-si'tion rek"wi-zish'un A demand; a formal request.
11 sub'tile sub'til Delicately formed; refined.
12 sub'tle sut'l Cunning; crafty; sagacious.

## Consult homework dictionary.

13 infringement 14 utilitarian 15 subterfuge
16 definite
arm; tiū (fuw; aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact. $3-\left(44^{8}\right)$

## CUMUIATIVE SPRLITER

## LESSON 59.

Vouch'er
vonch'er An. material evidence of an
2 flitgree
fili-grē alleged act.
Fanciful; delicate; made of fine sire: any ornamental
3 sub"ter-pa'ne sub"ter-räne- Underground; below the sur
an an
an
de-fal'cato
Pe-bate'
vit'ri-ol
7 per'me-ate
in-juns'tion
9 mallent
10 stat'ue
11 at at'ute
12
an
de-fallzat
re-bāt' vit'ri-ol per'me-àt face.
To cut off ; to misappropriate money.
A deduction.
A soluble sulphate of any metal. To pass througb the pores without breaking.
in jungk'shun A legal crder requiring a person to do or not to do an act.
$S^{4}$ 7ding out prominently; con.picuous; striking.
A figure in sculptural art.
A duly anthorized law.
Natnral height of men or animals.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 immunity 14 eflicacious 15 dilapidated 16 edible
LESSON 60.
1 u'su-py yu'ziu-ri A premium paid for the use of money, especially when exceeding the legal rate of interest.
2 ex-cru'ci-ate ex-krūshi-at To torture.
3 com-bus'ti. kom•bus'ti-bl
ble
4 forgery

5 cite
6 WOPs'ted
7 a-nom'a-1y
8 lig'a-ment lig'a-ment

A substance that will readily ignite or burn.
Sometking falsely made or altered with intent to defraud or deceive.
To quote or name for argument; to summon.
Woolen yarn.
Irregularity; deviation from rule.
A connecting tie, usually of fibrous tissue.
mi , āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

Consult homercork dictionary.
13 paresis 14 accelerate 15 aggregate 16 casualty

## LESSON 62.

1 im-pugn' im-piūn'
2 hem'or-phage hem'o-rāj
3 milli-nep-y mili-ner-i
4 wap'pant-y wor'ant-i
irm; fiī (few), sisle oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.
$\begin{array}{lll}5 & \text { vol'a-tile } & \text { cumula } \\ 6 & \text { ab-bréa-til } \\ \text { abl ate ab-brēvi-āt }\end{array}$
7 ac-cede'
8 Jour'neys
9 ben'e-fit
10 ben'e-fit-ed
11 leg'i-ble
12 11-leg'i-ble
ak-sēd' jur'niz ben'e-fit
ben'e-fit-ed lej'i-bl
il-lej'i-bl

Consult liomework dictionary.
13 specinc 14 coepcion 15 obelsance 16 realm
LESSON 63.

1 al'co-hol
2 nas'cent
3 in-vet'er-ate
4 administra'tor

5 financial
al'ko-hol
nas'ent
in-vet'er-āt
$\underset{\text { tra'tor }}{\text { ad-min }}$
fi-nan'shal
 $\operatorname{tas}^{\prime}$ it

A volatile, inflammable, colorless liquid; an intoxicant.
Beginning to exist or develop.
Deep-rooted; long-continued;
malignant.
One who administers, regulates or manages, especially in a
legal capacity.
Pertaining to finance or
revenue ; monetars revenue; monetary.
A medicinal root; a beverage made therefrom.
Understood without direct statement; silent.
A body of persons having common interests.
The science of military positions and combinations.
An act or device for gaining advantage, especially in warfare.
To fall out; to dispute; to
disagree.
The act of falling out.

12 quarrel-ing kwor'el-ing Consult homework dictionary.
13 antiseptic 14 unique 15 encomium 16 peremptory mä, àle, mē, a!l, n̄̄, rūle ; at, met, it, not, up, full;

## LESSON 64.

1 su-per'flu-ous siū-perflu-us More than is needed.
2 ip-pes'o-lute ir-rez'o-lūt Hesitating; undecided; not
3 mne-mon'le ne-monik $\quad \therefore$ resolute.
4 pos"si-bil'i-ty pos"i-bil'i-ti The fact or state of being pos-
5 as"cer-tain'a- as"er-tän'a-bl Capable of being found or disble covered.
6 cep-tirileate ser-tif'i-kāt $\mathbf{A}$ written declaration or vou-
7 Ir'ri-ta-ble
Easily provoked; impatient.
9 odd.
di"ag-no'sis dai"ag-nö'sis The determination of the nature of a disease.
An appointed place of meeting.
A hard, heary wood, usually black.
ma-hog'a-ny ma-hog'a-ni
A large tropical tree, with hard, reddish wood.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 Indictment 14 intrigue 15 analyst 16 inanimate

$$
\text { LESSON } 65 .
$$

hy-drau'lic hai-drạ' ik

Pertaining to the movement or energy of witter.
2 rep"ri-mand' rep"ri-mand" To reprove sharply; severe
3 awk'wapd censure.
4 colo'nel Eur'nel Ungraceful; difficult to handle.
5 In"stan-ta'ne-in"stan-täne- Acting or occurring very ous us
6 ben"e-ficia-ry ben"e-fish'ia-
7 thep-m om'e- ther-mom'eter
8 ckeln ter
skān
9 writ'ten rit'en
10 wri'ting rai'ting
quickly, or instantly.
One who receives a benefit or privilege.
An instrument for measuring temperature.
A fixed quantity of yarn or thread wound and doubled.
Past particinle of write.
The nct of one who writes ; the thing written.
arm; fiü (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.
be-rē' To deprive of something valuable or beloved. reave'ment Consult homework dictionary. 13 surplue 14 innuendo 15 abhorrent 16 vermilion 1 storear LESSON 66.

1 stor'age stō ${ }^{\prime}$ ãj

2 l'tem-ize ai'tem-aiz
3 di'a-phragm

dai'a-fram

har'as
kor'dius-roi
6 log'a.cy
leg'a-si
7 lith'o-graph
8 ten'e-ment
9 couple
10 cu'po-la
11 wool'en (wool-len)
12 wo'ful (woe'ful)

Consult homevorle dictionary.

The safe-keeping of goods in a
warehouse; the price for warehouse; the price for keeping goods in store.
To state in detail.
A dividing membrane or parti. tion.
To vex; to worry.
A thick, ribbed cotton stuff. Corduroy road, a $\log$ road across a swamp.
Something left by will; anything inherited.
To print from a drawing on stone ; the print so made.
A room or rooms for a family; a dwelling-house.
Two of a kind ; to join; to plece in a pair.
A dome; an arched roof.
Made wholly or partly of wool.
Sorrowful; distressful;
wretched.

15 epysipelas 16 schiom

## LESSON 67.

1 ec'ze-ma ek'ze-ma
2 tol'ep-ate tol'er-ät
3 re'im-burse' réim-burs'
4 in-cor'po-pate in-kor'po-rat
5 com-mit'tee kom-mit'ė

An inflammatory skin disease.
To allow to exist; to endure.
To pay back; to indemnify. To combine into one body; to form a legal corporation. A person or persons appointed to consider or decide some matter.
min, ale, mè, all, nō, rüle : at, met, it, not, up, full;
$g$ valnved, or
ilison $s$ in a for
parti.
stuff.
road
any-

3 on
ily;
lace
1 mor'tise

Im-pet'u-ous im-pet'yụ-us
3 ma-tu'pi-ty ma-tiū'ri-ti
4 bul'le-tin
5 hi"ep-o-
glyph'ics
6 in-oc'u-late

7 a-vail'a-ble a-vãl'a-bl
8 in-sip'id in-oipid
9 pol-lu'tion pol-lū'shun
10 pu'ri-ty
11 in-vel'gle in-vëgl
12 shplek shrēk

## Consult homework dictionary.

mor'tis

One who travels on foot to sell goods.
Depressions between hills.
The act of taking back; a recalling from a certain position.
Produced by nature; native: ordinary.
Produced by art; manufacturcd; not genuine : crafty.
A sealed contract, especially of apprenticeship.
A writ issued by courts of superior jurisdiction.

13 technical 14 incoherent 15 foreclosure 16 heretofore

## LESSON 68.

A cavity made in a piece of timber; to receive the tenon of another piece; to join by a tenon and mortise.
Passionate; impulsive; headlong.
Ripeness; full development.
A short, official report.
Picture-writing, especially of the ancient Egyptians.
To communicate disease by the introduction of infectious matter.
Usable; that may be used to advantage.
Tasteless; without flavor.
The act of making unclean.
The state of being pure; cleanness; innocence.
To lead astray; to entice.
A sharp, shrill outcry, or scream.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 requisition 14 vepacity 15 meningitis 16 ultimatum
arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exiact.


## LESSON 70.

1 eq'ui-ta-ble ek'wi-ta-bl
Fair ; conformable to right and justice.
2 ob'vi-ate ob'vi-ät
3 e-nun'ol
$a^{\prime}$ tion $\begin{gathered}\text { e-nun'si- } \\ \dot{a}^{\prime} \text { 'slun } \\ \text { (e-nun'shi- } \\ \bar{a}^{\prime} \text { 'shun) }\end{gathered}$
To meet in such a way as to avoid difficulty.
The utterance of vocal sounds.

4 char'ac-ter kar'ak-ter
5 a-part'ment
6 co-los'sal
7 hand'icapped
a-part'ment
ko-los'al
hand'i-kapt
ree; to
stance.
dro;
el.
other :
sually circle rough lace.
ater. lefile
e; to
or
not
pris'tin
10 mod'epn
11 car'at

12 car'et
Consult homework dictionary.
13 anomaly 14 colleague 15 ampere 16 connoisseur LESSON 71.
ex-plic'it ex-plis'it Plainly expressed.
2 verge verj An extreme edge or border.
3 e-lec"trle'l-ty e-lek"tris'iti An invisible natiral agent manifested in varions forms of energy.
4 dis-crep'an- dis-krep'an-si A disagreement or difference; Cy
5 con-ta'gious kon-tājus
6 con-tig'u-ous kon-tig'yụ-us Touching, or adjoining.

7 sci-at'i-ca
8 cas'ter (cas'tor)

9 ob-jec'tive ob-jel'tiv

10 sub-jec'tive sub-jek'tiv
11 an'a-lyze (an'a-lyse)
12 syn'the-size minutely and critically.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 nucleus 14 reciprocate 15 instrumental 16 consensus LESSON 72.
1 in-dorse'ment in-dors'ment The writing of one's name on (on-
dorse'ment) (en-
dors'ment) $\begin{aligned} & \text { the back of a document; } \\ & \text { approval. }\end{aligned}$ arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out : bath, bathe, exact.

## 2 Whole'sale*

3 boy'cott

4 of-ncl-ate
5 pre-ten'tious
6 mis'sile
7 car'ton
8 right'eousness
9 mag-nan'1mous
10 vi-cin'ity
11 con'fi-dent
12 con"n-dant'

Consult homework dictionary.
13 accede 14 conspleuous 15 trivial

1 le'nient
2 plu-rality
3 vin'di-cate

4 pe-cu'ni-a-py
5 Ju-di'clal
ca'tion

7 stren'u-ous
8 pro-mo'ter

16 abscond

## LESSON 73.

kon'fi-dent
kon "fidant
(kon"fi-dent')
CUMULATIVE APELLER
bōl'sàl ${ }^{-1}$
boikot
of fish'i-at
pre-ten'shus mis'il
kir'ton
rait'yus-nes Thequalit for making it. The quality of conforming with
mag-nan'i- Great in spirisgtand justice. mus Great in spirit; unselfish.
vi-sin'i-ty
Nearness in space or relation. ship; proximity.
Bold; audacious.
One to whom wecrets are
entrusted.
lè’nient plu-rali-ti vin'di-kàt

Not severe; mild; merciful. The greater number.
To assert or prove a right; to defend; to justify.
pe-kiü'ni-e-ri Relating to money.
ju-dish'al Pertaining to the administra-
kom-miüni tion of justice.
kom-miū"nj- Interchange of thoughts or
kã'shun
opinions: opinions; correspondence;
intercourse.
stren'yu-us Active; vigorous; earnest.
pro-mo'ter One who aids in the development or establishment of
anything.
To cover by wrapping.
A wrapper of paper with gummed edges for enclosing
a letter.
To unfold and open up by degrees; tcc increase in power.
mian, àle, mē, all, nō, rüle ; at, met, it, not, up, full;

COMMERCIAI STUDENTS' EDITION
12 de-vel'op- de-vel'op- Agradual unfolding and exbibiment ment tion of something previonsly hidden or involved; graduml owth.
Consult homework dictionary,
13 nascent 14 autonomy 15 clientele 16 hypothecate

## LESSON 74.

1 can'vase Lan'vas To sift; to scrutinize; to nearch
2 In'sta-bil'ty for votes, or customers.
changeableness.
4 pro-ee'dure ha. Involving danger, risk, or loss.
prl ed'yür An act or course of action sin'a-mun An aromatic bark used as a spice.
6 pleu'ri-sy plü'ri-si Inflammation of the pleara, or covering of the lungs.
To relinquish, especially temporarily.
8 In-dem'ni-fy in-dem'ni-fai To compensate for loss or damage.
9 du'pll-cate diū'pli-kāt To reproduce exactly; double.
10 em-po'ri-um em-po'ri-um The chief trading center of a
11 In-di'ted wide territory.
12 in-debt'ed in-det'ed In debt; ander cbligation.
Corisult homework dictionary.
13diagnosis 14 abrogate 15 prerogative 16 exemplary
LESSON 75.

1 al-loge'
2 lunch'eon
3 charge'a-ble
4 u-til'i-ta'rl-
an
5 threat'en
6 effica'clous
7 at-tor'ney
al-lej'
lunch'un
chárj'a-bl
yū-til' i -tā’rian
thret'n
ef ${ }^{\prime \prime} i-k{ }^{2}{ }^{\prime}$ shus
at-tur'ni

To assert to be true; to declare. Any light meal.
Liable to be charged.
Relating to usefulness.
To menace; to express bad intentions.
Having tifective energy.
A person legally empowered to act for another, as a lawyer.
irm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out: bath, bathe, exact.

## 8 ac-cel'er-ate <br> 9 re-gret' <br> 10 re-gret'ting <br> 11 en'tep-prise (en'ter-prize) <br> $12 \begin{aligned} & \text { rec'og-nize } \\ & \text { (xec'og-nise) }\end{aligned}$

Consult homework dictionary.
13 reprimand
14 cllent
15 notary
16 actuapy

## LESSON 76.

1 fraud'u-lent

Deliberately deceptive.
A tax levied on domestic commodities; to cut out.

3 di-lap'lda-ted di-lap'i-dä-ted Impaired or ruined by misuse

4 e-lic'it
5 sub'ter-fuge
6 sher'if
e-lisit sub'ter-fiūj sher'if

7 ag'gre-gate ag're-gāt
8 im'ple-ment im'ple-ment
9 In-fe'ri-or in-férri-or
10 ma-nip'u-late
11 ac-crue'
12 ac-cpu'ing

COMULATIVE BPELLER
ak-sel'er-ät To quicken the motion of a re-gret'
re-gret'ing
en'ter-praiz
rek'og-naiz
moving body.
To remember with sorrow or distress; to lament.
Remembering with sorrow.
An andertaking; boldness and energy.
To know again ; to acknowledge formally. or neglect.
To draw out; to bring to light A false excuse.
The chief executive officer of a
county. county.
Collected into a sum, mass, or total; amount; total.
Anything used in work, especially in manual work.
Lower in quality or rank.
ma-nip'yul-làt To work upon with the hands. ak-krṻ ${ }^{\prime}$ To come as a natural result. ak-krū'ing Coming as a natural result. addition. Consult homework dictionary.
13 cupola 14 deteriopate 15 authentic 16 inference LESSON 77.

1 ben"e-ficlal
2 cas'u-al-ty
3 hes'i-tan-cy
4 defi-nite
ben"e-fish'al kaz'yu-al-ti (kazh'yup-al-ti) hez'i-tan-si

Helpful; conferring benefits A fatal accident; a chance Slowness or uncertainty def'i-nit action or speech.

Having exact meaning, or
limits.
mäk, āle, nē, âll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

5 as-sas'sin-ateas-sas'in-ät To murder under the impulee 6 editble of wild passion.
ed 1-bl Fit to eat; suitable for food.
7 a-tro'cious a-trō'shus Horrible; wantonly wicked.
8 ges'ture jes'tiūr
A. movement, especially of the hands, to express emotion.
9 man'i-fest man'i-fest To make plain; a document used in shipping.
10 ac'ou-pa-cy ak'yu-ra-si The quality of being exact or correct.
11 de-mure de-mur
12 de-mur'page de-mur'āj
To offer objections; to take exception.
The detention of a vessel or cargo beyond a specified time; a charge for such detention.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 indenture 14 precinct 15 granary 16 pavilion

LESSON 78.
1 sta-tis'tics sta-tis'tiks Collected facts and figures on any subject.
2 dil'i-gent dil'i-jent Careful; painstaking.
3 sed'en-ta-ry
sed'en-te-ri
Sitting much of the time.
4 dis-train' dis-trān'
To take and detain goods so security for debt.
5 co-er'cion kỏ-er'shun Forcible restraint; cumpulsion.
6 co-part'ner-
ship
7 u-nique'
8 fe-po'cious
9 shipped

10 co-op"er- kō-on"era'tion
11 in-1'ti-ate
12 as-so'ci-ate ship yū-nēk'
fe-rō'shus shipt
kō-part'ner- An arrangement to share in business.
Being the only one of its kind. Wild; fierce; savage.
Sent by any estabiished mode of transportation, especially by a ship.
Joint action; working together for a common object.
To introduce; to instruct in first principles.
To bring together; to unite.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 mandamus 14 alienate 15 perpetuity 16 delinquent

## CUMULATIV园 BPELIIER

$$
\text { LESSON } 79 .
$$

1 mack'er-el
mak'er-el The common name of a food-
2 o-bel'sance o-bä'sans fish of different species.
3 fa-mil'iar fa-mil'yar
4 im'pe.tus
5 in'ter-change'a-ble
6 en-co'mi-um en-kō'mi-nm
7 tem'po-pa'pi-ly
8 ex-pe'ri-ence
9 flend
10 lau'da-num
11 con-
sign'ment
im'pe-tus
in ${ }^{\prime}$ ter-
chānj’a-bl
en-kō'mi-um tem'po-re'ri-li
ex-péri-ens Knowledgeobtained personally.
fënd
la'da-num Wicked person.
lon-sain'mentThe sending of goods, etc., for
12 mis-man'age- mis-man'ajConsult homework dictionary.

## 13 vitiate 14 intestate 15 applicable 16 eulogy

## LESSON 80.

1 diph-the'ri-a dii chērri-a
2 al-u'mi-num a-lu'mi-num (al'u-min'i-um)
3 per'ti-nent
4 ex'tip-pate
per'ti-nent ex'ter-pàt
5 realm relm
6 en-force'ment en-förs'ment
7 per'emp-to ${ }^{\prime}$ ry per'emp-tóri
8 in-stil' (in-atill)
9 in-stall
in-stil ${ }^{\prime}$
in-stal ${ }^{\prime}$
10 in-stal'ment in-stal'ment (in-stall'ment)
min, àle, mẽ, all, nō, rūle ; at, met, it, not, up, full ;

|  | n"stal- <br> la'shun | The introduction of useful apparatus; an official cere mony. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | Judg'ment juj'ment (Judge'ment) | Correct decision ; a legal sentence. |
| Consult homework dictionary. |  |  |
|  | ret 14 enamel | lpaca 16 h |

## LESSON 81.

1 ten'ant ten'ant Onewhoholds or occupies lands or tenements of another.

2 fu'tile
fiū'til
3 In-trigue' in-trèg'
4 cor'ri-dor kor'i-dor
Done in vain; unavailing.
A plot or scheme.
A wide gallery or passage in a building.
5 fore-clo'sure för-klözhur The legal process o preventing a mortgagee from redeeming his property.
6 ap-pen"d:ci'tis
ap-pen"disai'tis (ap-pen"disē'tis)
7 con"nois- kon"i-sur' seur'
8 Pal-la'oious
9 diph'thong
fal-lā'shus
Deceptive; illogical.
Two vowels sounded as one syllable.
Tranquil; inclined to peace.
10 peace'a-ble pės'a-bl
11 sal'vage
sal'vāj

12 sel'vage (sel'vedge)
sel'vảj
Consult homework dictionary.
13 contiguous 14 afiliate 15 vignette 16 excerpt
LESSON 82.

1 om'e-let
2 eighth äth
3 an'a-lyst
om'e-let
an'a-list

A dish of eggs and milk, beaten together, and fried.
Next in order after the seventh.
One who separates a compound into its parts or elements.
àm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

## CUMULATIVF BPELLER

4 cu'ti-cle
5 here"to-fore'
6 prop'a-gate
7 res'ep-volp"
8 wil'ful (will'ful)
9 hoe'ing 10 ty'ing

11 Jew'el-er (Jow'el-ler)
12 trav'el-er (trav'el-ler)
kiü'ti-kl The outer covering of the skin. hēr ${ }^{\circ}$ tụ-för ${ }^{\prime}$ prop'a-gāt
rez'er-vwor" wil'ful
hỏing
tai'ing
jü'el-er trav'el-er

Previously; hitherto.
To cause to multiply or spread abroad.
A storage place for any liquid. Bent on having one's own way
The act of working with a hoe. The act of frstening with cord, etc.
A dealer in, or maker of One who makes a journey.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 carton 14 ipretrievable 15 versatile 16 anomalous
LESSON 83.
1 sub'urb
2 as'phalt
3 in-an'l-meto
4 am-bas'sa-
dor

5 ve-pac'l-ty
6 lu'ore
7 Pragille
8 chifín
9 pa-ja'mas
10 a-cet'lc
11 ac'et-yl-ene*
12 as-cet'l-cism
sub'urb
as'falt
in-an'i-māt
ve-ras'i-ti lüker
frajil
shif'on
pa-jä'maz
am-bas'a-dor Without animal life; dead. The representative of one government sent to another.
A place adjacent to a city. Mineral pitch; hard bitumen. Without animal life; dead. Truth; the state of being true. Money; especially as an object of greed. Frail; delicate; easily broken. A very thin transparent fabric. Loose trousers commonly worn in Trdia.
Sour; like vinegar. A brilliant illuminating gas. The practice of extreme self. denial.
a-set'ik as'et-il-ēn"
as-set'i-sizm
Consult hemework dictionary.
13 plupality 14 phlegmatic 15 meager 16 archive LESSON 84.
1 san"i-ta'ri- san"i-tä'ri-um A place where the conditions are made favorable to the cure of disease.
A bride's outfit.
2 trous"seau' trū"so" mu, âle, mé, all, nō, rūle ; at, met, it, not, up, full;

3 in'nu-en'do in"yu-en'dō A hint; an indirect aspersion; an insinuation.
4 bat-talion bat-tal'yun A body of troops.
5 men"in-gi'tis men"in-jai'tis Inflammation of an enveloping membrane, especially of the brain.
el'-ee-mos'y- el'e-mos'i- Relating to alms; given in na-ry ne-ri charity.
7 cu'mu-la-tive kiū'miu-la-tiv Gathering strength by addition or repetition.
8 ex-cres'cence ex-kres'ens An unnatural outgrowth.

9 Jaude'ville vüd'vil
10 e-gre'gious e-grèjins
11 ep'1-lep-sy ep'i-lep-si
12 ap'o-plex-y ap'o-plex-i

A miscellaneous entertainment.
Remarkable, usually in a bad sense.
A disease of the brain accom. panied by convulsions.
A sudden loss of sense and motion from an effusion of blood upon the brain.

Consult homework dictionary.
13 indemnify 14 fictitious 15 contraband 16 aforesaid

## LESSON 85.

1 in'ven-to'py
2

8 ex-on'er-ate
el-lipse' el-lips'
10 el-11p'sis
11 char"ac-ter- kar"ak-teris'tic
12 car'i-ca-ture kari-ka-tiür

A detailed list, as of property.
A soft pliable leather; a kind of antelope.
Hateful; repugnant.
A thick, oily, sweet liquid obtained from fat.
A final statement.
The infliction of punishment for an injury : revenge.
Jtumiliation; wounded pride.
To vindicate; to free from responsibility.
An oval figure.
The omission of a word or phrase.
A distinguishing quality.
A picture or description marked by ridiculous exaggeration.

## Consult homework dictionary.

13 attopney 14 mercenary 15 incipient 16 voracious
àrm; fiū (faw), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact. 4-(443)

## CUMULATIVE BPELLER

LESSON 86.

1 gel'a-tin jel'a-tin (gel'a-tize)

2 au-ton'o-my a-ton'o-mi
3 ver-mil'ion ver-mil'yun
4 ob-lique' ob-lēk'
5 bête noire bāt nwär (bête nolp)
6 chrys'a-lis kris'a-lis
$\begin{array}{lll}7 & \text { sur'ro-gate sur'o-gåt } \\ 8 \text { cres'cent } & \text { kres'ent }\end{array}$

A substance of a jelly consistence obtained by boiling the solid parts, as the muscles, bones, etc., of animals.
Power or right of self-government.
A brilliant red pigment, or its color.
To slant; to deviate from the perpendicular.
Black beast; any object of especial dread.
The form assumed by some insects before they become winged.
A deputy; a substitute.
Increasing; said of the moon in its first quarter ; hence, cres-cent-shaped.
On a level; parallel with the skyline.
To make better, or more endur. able.
11 reg'is-ter rej'is-ter An official record of facts.
12 reg'is-trar rej'is-trar J'he official keeper of a register.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 inferior 14 secpetary 15 vertical 16 sanguine

## LESSON 87.

1 fra-ter'nal fra-ter'nal Brotherly; pertaining to brethren.
2 e-ma'ci-a"ted e-ma'shi-a"ted Greatly reduced in flesh.

3 ig-ni'tion
4 ret'i-cent
5 an-tith'e-sis
6 cli"en-tele'
7 tal'is-man
8 compla'cency
ig-nish'un The act of setting on fire.
ret'i-sent Habitually silent.
an-tith'e-sis Opposition of words or sentiments; contrast.
A body of clients or customers.
Something supposed to produce magical effects ; a charm.
$\underset{\text { si }}{\text { kom-pla'sen- }}$ Satisfaction; being pleased with one's self or with one's con-
dition.
mä, āle, mē, ạll, uñ, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full :

13 demuppage 14 appaign 15 expedient 16 pectitude

## LESSON 88.

1 lu'era-tive lū'rra-tiv Productive of wealth; highly
2 for'ceps for'seps
3 er'y-sip'e-las eri-sip'e-las An acute inflammation of the
4 in-ter'pret-er in-ter'pre., or One who makes an intelligible
5 -paque trunslation, usually oral.
6 Not transparent; dull.
hy-poth'e- hai-poth'e-kāt To pledge personal property.
cate
7 poul'tice pol'tis A mollifying remedy applied to
8 co'coa-nut ko'ko-nut A large nut, the fruit of a palm.
9 pit'e-ous pit'e-us Exciting pity, sorrow, or sympathy.
10 lab'y-pinth lab'i-rinth A place full of intricate wind-
11 in-car'cep-ate in-kàrser-āt To imprison.
12 o'pl-ate ō'pi-āt
Something tending to induce sleep.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 distrain 14 propaganda 15 parliament 16 intimidate
LESSON 89.
1 dye'ing dai'ing Staining, or fixing a color in a substance.
2 ser"e-nade' ser"e-nād' Music performed in the open air at night to compliment soineone.
trm: fiū (few), aisle, oil, out : lanh, bathe, exiact.

## CUMULATEVE SEELLEK

3 schism
4 trav'es-ty
5 col'league
6 sleve
sizm
trav'es-ti
kol'ēg siv

7 gra-tu'i-tous gra-tiūi-tus
8 re-cip'ro-cate re-sip'ro-kāt
9 tank'ard
10 bor'ough
11 im-pos'tor
12 im-port'er
tangk'ard
bur'o
im-pos'tor im-pört'er

Factional or other division, especially of a church.
A grotesque imitation.
An associate (not a partner).
A utensil with a meshed
Given freely.
To interchange ; to pass to and fro; to alternate.
A large drinking cup.
An incorporated town; any town.
One who deceives.
One who brings merchandise into a country.
Consult homerork dictionary.

## 13 temporarily 14 obloquy 15 arsenal 16 quandary

## LESSON 90.

1 in-im'i-cal
2 bur-lesque'
in-im'i-kal Unfriendly; hartful.
bur-lesk ${ }^{\prime}$ A ludicr: - imitation.
3 In"co-her'ent in Fsö-hērent Unconnected; confused.
4 lar'ce-ny làr'se-ni
5 am-pere' am-pär'
Theft.
The unit of electric currentstrength.
6 Eas'o-line gas'o-lèn
7 re-pug'nance re-pug'nans
8 pic"a-yune' pik"a-yūn'
9 coch'íneal koch'i-nèl
10 di-ag'o-nal dai-ag'o-nal
11 so-lil'o-quy so-lil'o-kwi

12 mon'o-logue mon'o-log
Consult homework dictionary.

## 13 extippate 14 ignominious 15 exigency 16 appliance

## LESSON 91.

1 ge-ra'ni-um je-ráni-um A cultivated flowering plant.
2 ab'ro-gate ab'ro-gat To annul; to repeal.
mï̀ àle, mé, ạll, uō, rūle ; at, met, it, not, up, full ;

3 pum'ice pum'is A polishing material of volcanic
4 fu'mi-gate fiúmi-git To smoke; to dininfect with
5 cru'ci-ble krüsi-bl A vessel in which metala are melted.
6 in-tes'tate in-tes'tāt A person who dies without having made a valid will.
7 pre'am"ble préam"bl An introductory statement.
8 cul'pa-ble kul'pa-bl
Deserving of blame.
9 ma-la'ri-al ma-lārri-al Caused by malaria.
10 ar"bi-tra'tion ár"bi-trāshun The determination of a dispute by a party chosen by the disputants.
11 han'som han'som A low, two-wheeled, one-horse
12 buffet buf'et A sideboard; a public place for Consult homevork dictionary.
13 salvage 14 corpoborate 15 debenture 16 curpency LESSON 92.
1 ar'ohive drkaiv

2 dis-burse' dis-burs'
3 ex'em-pla-ry ex'em-ple-ri
4 re-hearse' re-hers'
5 hy-poth'e-sis hai-poth'e-sis Something assumed as the foundation of an argument; supposition.
6 in-del'i-ble in-deli-bl That which cannot be erased or blotted out.
7 pro-vi'so pro-vai'zö A provisionor condition in an agreement.
8 cal'um-ny kal'um-ni A false report; slander.
9 de-gen'er-ate de-jen'er-āt
10 flue'tu-ate fluk'tiu-āt
To become worse or inferior.
To move like waves.
$11 \operatorname{mot}_{\tan } \mathrm{ro}-\mathrm{pol} \mathbf{1}^{-}$ tan
met'ro-pol'i-
Pertaining to a chief city.
12 que'ry kwéri To make inquiry.
Consult homercork dictionary.
13 reservoir 14 despicable 15 receiver 16 promiscuous
àm ; fiū (few), aisle. oil, out ; bath, bathe, eẋeot.

## LESSON 93.

1 typ'ic-al
tipiz-al Having the nature of a type or pattern.
2 etip'u-lato stip'ju-lät
3 pre-rog'a-tive pre-roy'a-tiv
4 ac-orijed' ak-krūd'
5 af-il'l-ate af-fil'i-àt
6 per'fo-mato per'fo-rat
7 quar"an-tine' kwor"an-tēn'
8 fic-ti'tious fir-tisi'us
9 neg'li-gence
negli-jens
To specify as the terms of an agreement; to bargain.
An unquestionableofficial right.
Brought about as a natural result.
To receive as a friend; to consort.
To bore through ; to pierce with holes.
Enforced isolation in cases of disease.
Having no real existence.
An act of neglect; disregard for appearances.
Minor things attached to principal ones.
A certificate allowing a vessel to sail.
12 un-wield'y un-wèld'i
Consult homework dictionary.
13 acetylene 14 Initiative 15 mitigation 16 embango
LESSON 94.

1 briet
2 chap'er-on shap'er-ōn
3 res'li-due rez'i-diū
4 ac'tu-a-py
5 ref"er-ee' ref"er-ë'
6 Ver'sa-tile ve sa-til
7 de-scent de-sent'
8 ap-paign' ar-ran'

Short; a concise legal statement.
The attendant of a young unmarried woman in public.
A romainder from other parts.
One who calculates insurance and other risks.
A person to whom a thing is referred.
Facility for varied occupations.
The act of coming or going down.
To cause a person to plead guilty or not guilty; to accuse.

9 sub'se-quent sub'se-kwent Following in time, or place, or order. mä, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle : at, met, it, not, up, full ;

| 10 | u-ten'sils | y4-ten'silz | Things serving a useful pur pose. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | ac-com'plice | ak-kom'plis | An associate or helper, gener ally in a crime. |
| 12 | ac-com'plish | at-kom'pli | To perform ; to carry out. |
|  | Consult |  |  |
|  | ve |  | 15 proximity 16 clemen |

## LESSON 95.

1 chal'lenge chal'enj A defiance; an objection to n statement.
2 mea'ger mëger Def.cient; inadequate. (mea'gre)
3 can'ta-loup kan'ta-lūp
A variety of muskmelon.
4 préolnct présingkt
A place with fixed boundaries; a district.
5 cis'tepn sis'tern A reservoir for holding water.
6 a-nom'a-lous a-nom'a-lus
Irregular; exceptional; abnor$\because .7$.
7 typ'ist taip'ist One who operates a typewriter.
8 de-te'pl-o-pate de-téri-o-rät To make worse; to grow worse.
9 mas'sage mas'aj A system of treatment in which
(mas'sazh') the body is rubbed and kneaded.
10 quar'ry Kwor'i To cut or dig, especialiy stone anything cagerly pursued.
11 tinc'ture tingk'tiür To tint slightly; a medicinal solution.
12 en-clo'sure en-klo'zhur The act of enclosing; an enclosed space.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 ellpse 14 onerous 15 gazetteer 16 implicit

## LESSON 96.

1 ton-tine ton-tėn A financial scheme of which the gain accrues to the survivor or survivors.
2 cal'i-ber kali-ber (cal'i-bre)
3 in'fer-ence in'fer-ens
The inside diameter of a tube: degree of power or capacity.

4 pa-vil'ion pa-vil'yun
A deduction; a conjecture
A temporary shelter; a tent; it canopy.
àm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

5 ex'pl-ate
6 ex-pa'ti-ate
7 alien-ato
8 bo'na n'de
9 quan'da-ry dis-pense'

11 In-sur'ance
encum'brance Consult homewoork ditionary. 13 surrogate 14 quorum 15 usteopathy 16 intuition

LESSON 97.
deci-mate des'i-māt
2 dis.sem'inate destroy a large proportion of.

3 de-lin'quent
4 mag"a-zine'
de-ling'kwent Faulty; failing in duty. mag"a-zēn"

| Gran'a-ry | gran'a-ri |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vlct'uals | vit'lz |

7 per"pe-tu'i-ty per"pe-tiū'i-ti The state of being continued indefinitely.
8 um-brel'la um-brel'a A light folding canopy to pro-
9 skep'tic-al skep'tik-al
10 man'i-fold man'i-fōld

11 ma-nil'a ma-nil'a

Consult homevork dictionary.

## 13 reticent 14 cyclometer 15 phosphate 16 succor

mä, àle, mē, all, nō, rūle, at, met, it, not, up, full;

## LESSON 98.

pas'sion-ato pash'un-it Easily moved to joy or anger.

## pa'tiont pä'shent

Enduring; tolerant; a person undergoing treatment.
pur'pose pur'pus
A plan, design, or aim; to resolve; to intend.
pro-posé pro-pōz' To offer as a plan or scheme;
ap-pro"pri- ap-pro"pri- The act of setting apart for a'tion a'shun prop"apa'tion prep"araishun

7 pap-také
8 por'ti-co par-tāk' pör'ti-ľō
com-par'ative kom-par'a-tiv Relative; express:ng a higher or a lower degree.
10 op'er-a-tive op'er-a-tiv Exerting power, or force; one
11 pre-tend' pre-tend'
12 por-tend' pōr-tend' Consult homezorl happen.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 aperture 14 portray 15 oppressor 16 peruser

## LESSON 99.

1 pros'e-cute pros'e-kiūt To pursue in order to attain an object ; to carry on a judici 1 proceeding against.
2 per'me-cute per'se-kiūt
To pursue in or ler to injure or vex.
3 per'son-ato per'sun-àt
4 pup-su'ant pur-siưant

5

6 par'a-sol
7 ten'or ten'or

8 ten'ure ten'yūr
employed in a mill.
To assume a false appearance; to simulate.
To indicate as being about to

|  | prose-cuto | pros'e-kiūt | To pursue in order to attain an object ; to carry on a judici proceeding against. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | per'me-cute | per'se-kiüt | To pursue in orter to injure or vex. |
| 3 | per'son-ato | per'sun-ait | To assume the charwere of another. |
| 4 | pur-su'ant | pur-siùant | Done in accordan e with or by reason of some thing; conformable. |
| 5 | par'cel | pår'sel | Anything wrapped up or distinct from other hings. |
| 6 | par'a-sol | par'a-s | A small, lig t umbrella. |
| 7 | ten'or | ten'or | A settled course; - a highest adult male vo ${ }^{\text {e }}$. |
| 8 | ton'ure | ten'yūr | A holding of re rerty; the term during $w^{\frac{1}{2}}$ h a thing is held. |

arm; fiū (few). aisle, oil. out, bath, bathe, exact.

| 9 | pla'gi-a-rist | plà'ji-a-ris | One who takes the writings of another and palms them off as his own. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | proffer | prof'er | To offer for acceptance. |
| 11 | pre-fer | pre-fer ${ }^{\prime}$ | To like better; to give precedence to. |
| 12 | -ferred' | pre-ferd' | Past tense of prefer. |
| Consult homework dictionary. |  |  |  |
| 13 | advance | deffance | 15 divers 16 dive |

## LESSON 100.

1 col-lapse kol-laps' To fall together; to fail utterly.

2 e-clipse'
3 cul'mi-nate
4 ca-lum'ni-ate ka-lum'ni-āt
5 for'ward for'ward
6 fro'ward
7 sup-port'

8 sep'a-pate
9 es'say-ist
10 sies'ta
11 In-defi-nite
12 un'de-fined' $^{\prime}$
e-klips'
kul'mi-nāt
frō'ward sup-port'
sep'a-ràt es'á-ist sies'ta in-def'i-nit To darken; to hide; to surpass.
To attain the highest degree.
To defame ; to speat falsely and maliciously.
To send onward; toward the front; advanced.
Reluctant to yield; perverse.
To bear a weight; especially from below; to endure; to aid.
To disconnect ; to keep apart.
A writer of essays.
A'mid-day or after-dinner nap.
Not precise ; uncertain; without boundaries.
un"de-faind' Not explained in precise words ; witiout clear limits.
Consult homework dictionary.
13 unavoidable 14 inevitable 15 ingenious 16 ingenuous

## HOMEWORK DICTIONARY.

ab-hor'rent, ab-hor'ent. Hateful; repagnant.
ab'ro gate, ab'ro-gat. To annul; to repeal.
ab-scond', ab-skond'. To hide; to run away.
ab'stl-nence, ab'sti-nens. Self-denial ; especially from strong drink.
ac-cede', ak-sèd'. To agree; to assent.
ac-cel'er-ate, ak-sel'er-at. To quicken the motion of a moving body.
ac-ces'so-ry, ak-ses'o-ri. Contributing; aiding to the principal agent.
ac"cla-ma'tion, ak'la-máshon. A shout of applause or approval.
ac-com'mo-date, ak-kom'o-dait. To help; to provide for; to conform.
ac'et-yl-ene", as'et-il-ēn". A brilliant illuminating gas.
ac-knowl'edg-ment, al-nol'ej-ment. An admiesion, as of receipt; avowal; confession.
ac'qui-esce', at'wi-es'. To remain satisfied with.
ac'tu-a-ry, ak'tiū-a-ri. One who calculates insurance and othar risks.
ad-journ', ad-jurn'. To put off to another day ; to postpone.
ad-min"is-tra'tor, ad-min is-tra'tor. One who administers, regulates, or manages, especially in a legal capacity.
ad-mis'si-ble, ad-mis'i-bl. Allowable.
ad-vance', ad-vans', To move forward; to pay beforehand.
ar"fi-da'vit, af"i-da'rit. A voluntary sworn declaration in writing af-il'1-ato, af-fil'i-ät. To receive as a friend; to consort.
a-fore'sald, a-för'sed. Said or mentioned before.
ag'gran-dize, ag'ran-daiz. To make great; to exalt.
ag'gre-gate, ag're-gāt. Collected into a sum, mass, or total: amount; total.
al'co-hol, al'zo-hol. $\Delta$ volatile, intlammable, colorless liquid; an intoricant.
alien-ate, álien-it. To estrange; to make alien.
a-lign'ment, a-lain'ment. Placing in a line.
al-pac'a, al-par'a. A Sonth American animal resembling a sheep; aloth made from the wool of the alpach.

[^3]a man'u-on'sis, a-man'yu-en'sis. One who copies manuecript or takes dictation.
a-me'na-ble, a-ména-bl. Tractable; willing and ready to submit.
am-pere', am-par'. The unit of electric current-strength.
an'a-lyst, an'a-list. One who separates a compound into ite parts or elementa.
an'a-lyze, (an'a-lyse) fan'a-laiz. To examine minutely.
an-ni"hi-la'tion, an-nai"hi-lä'shun. Utter destruction.
a-nom'a-lous, a-nom'a-lus. Irregular; exceptional; abnormal.
a-nom'a-ly, a-nom'a-li. Irregularity; deviation from rule.
an-tique', an-tèk'. Ancient; in the style of ancient art.
an"ti-sep'tic, an"ti-sep'tik. Anything that prevents putrefaction.
an-tith'e-sis, an-tith'e-sis. Opposition of words or sentiments; contrast.
ap'er-ture, ap'er-tiūr. An open parsage; an opening.
a-pol'o-gy, a-pol'o-ji. An excuse; an acknowledgment of error. ap'pa-ra'tus, ap"a-rā'tus. A machine, or a set of tools, etc.
ap"per-tain', ap"er-tän". To belong by right.
ap-pli'ance, ap-plai'ans. The act of applying; something applied; an instrument or tool.
ap'pli-ca-ble, ap li-ka-bl. Capable of or suitable for application. a'que-ous, a'rwe-us. Watery.
ar'chive, dr'kaiv. A place for keeping public documents; the document itself.
ap-paign', ar-ran'. To canse a person to plead gailty or not guilty; to accuse.
ar-pange'ment, ar-ranj'ment. The state of being arranged or put in order.
ar'se-nal, ar'se-na'. A place for keeping ailitary stores; an armory.
at-tor'ney, at-tur'ni. A permon legally empowered to act for another, as a lawyer.
au'di-tor, ádi-tor. One who hears ; one who examines accounts. ack-then'tic, a-then'tik. According to the facts; entitled to belief; trustworthy.
au-ton'o-my, a-ton'o-mi. Power or right of self-government.
aux-11'i-a-py, axi-ili-a-ri. That which aide.
bar'gain, ber'gen. To agree; to trade; to negotiate; to haggle. ben'e-ficla-ry, ben"e-fish'ia-ri. One who receives a benefit or a privilege.
mu, àle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;
bote noire, bāt nwär. Black beast; any object of especial (bête nolp) $\}^{\text {dread. }}$
boy'cott, boikot. To combine with others in refusing to have dealings with a person.
bulie-tin, bul'e-tin. A short official report.
cam-paign', kam-pann'. An organized action, movement, or contest; a complete military operation.
can'celed,
( Oan'celled) $^{\prime}$ \}kan'seld. Marked out; obliterated.

car'et, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { kär'et. } \\ \text { (kar'et) }\end{array}\right\} \mathbf{A}$ sign ( $A$ ) indicating omisaions.
car'ton, ketr'ton. A pasteboard box or the material for making it. cas'u-al-ty, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { kaz'yu-al-ti. } \\ (k a s h ' y u-a l-t i)\end{array}\right\}$ A fatal accident; a chance. cep-tif'l-cate, ser-tif'i-kāt. A written declaration or voucher.
ohan'cel-lor, chan'sel-or. A high official in legal, government, or university life.
char'la-tan, shiria-tan. A quack; one making extravagant pretensions.
chat'tel, chat'el. An article of personal property; a movable. chauf"ferr', shöf"fur'. The operator of an antomobile.
oln'na-mon, sin'a-mun. An nromatic bark used as a spice.
elv'il-ize,
(CIV'll-ise) biv'i-laiz. To reclaim from savagery.
clem'en-cy, klem'en-si. Mildness toward offenders or dependents; leniency.
cli'ent, klai'ent. One in whose interest a professional or business man, especially a lawyer, acts.
cli"en-tele', klai"en-tēl'. A body of clients or customers.
cod'l-cll, kod'i-sil. A supplement to a will or testament.
co-er'cion, kóer'shun. Forcible restraint; compulsion.
co-in'ol-dence, ko-in'si-dens. The act or state of happening at the suine time or place as something else.
colleague, kul'êg. An associate (not a partner).
com'pe-tence, kom'pe-tens. Ability; sufficiency; qualification.
com'pe-tent, kor:'pe-tent. Having sufficient authority ; qualified.
com-pet'i-tor, kom-pet'i-tor. One who competes.
com'ple-ment, kom'ple-ment. The full allowance or number.
com'pli-ment, kom'pli-ment. To express admiration.
con'nois seur', kon"i-sur'. A competent judge of art, etc.
con'scious, kon'shus. To be aware that one lives, feels, and thinks.

[^4]con-men'iaus, kon-sen'as. General ugreement; collective opinion. con-spic'u-ous, kon-apiz'yч-us. Clearly visible; prominent and distinct. con-ta'glous, ron-ti'jus. Transmissible by contact, as a disease con-tempt'i-ble, kon-tempt'i-bl. Vile; despicable. con-tig'u-ous, kon-tig'yч-us. Touching, or adjoining. con'tra-band, kon'tra-band. Prohibited by law or treaty;
illegal trade. con"va-les'cent, kon"va-les'ent. Recovering health after sickness. con-vert'i-ble, lon-rert'i-bl. Interchangeable; equivalent in
scope or meaning.
cor'du-roy, kor'diu-roi. A thick, ribbed, cotton staff. Corduroy road, a log road acrose 3 swamp.
cor"pe-mpond'ence, kor"e-spond'ens. Written communications;
adaptation of one thing to another.
cor-rob'o-rato, kor-rob'o-rāt. To make more certain; to confirm. coun'cll, koun'sil. A consultative assembly. coun'mel, koun'sel. To advise.
cui-sine', kwe-rēn'. The cooking department; the kitchen (Fr.) cu'mu-la-tive, kiū'miy-lä-tiv. Gathering strength by addition or repetition.
cu'po-la, kiū'po-la. A dome; an arched roof.
cir'pen-ay, kuren-si. Circulation; the money of a country; Keneral acceptation.
cy-clom'e-ter, sai-klom'e-ter. An instrument for recording the revolutions of a wheel.
de-ben'ture, de-ben'tiūr. An acknowledgment of debt, making specific pronsion for repayment. de-fal'cate, de-fal'zat. To cut off; to misappropriate money. de-fault'er, de-falt'er. One who neglects to fulfil an obligation. de-fend'ant, de-fend'ant $\Delta$ person against whom a legal action
is brought.
de-fen'elve, de-fen'oiv. Intended or suitable for defense.
de-f'ance, de-fai'ans. The act of defying; a challenge.
deri-oit, deffi-sit. A deficiency, or falling short in amount : shortage.
deri-nite, def'i-nit. Having exact meaning, or limits.
del"e-te'vi-ous, del"e-téri-us. Hurtful; injurious.
de-in'quent, de-ling'xwent. Faulty; failing in duty de-mur'page, de-mur'aj. The detention of a vessel or cargo beyond a specified time; a charge for such detention.
de-pend'ent, de-pend'ent. Hunging down; subordinate; one who depends on another.
dep're-eate, dep're-kāt. To express disapproval.
de-pre'cl-ate, de-pre'shi-at. To under te; to lessen the worth of.
des'piea-ble, des'pi-ka-bl. Deserving to be despised; contemptible.
de te'rl-o-pate, de-téri-o-rait. To make worse; to grow worse.
di'ag-no'mis, dai'ag-nō'sis. The determination of the nature of a disease.
di-lap'1-da-ted, di-lap'i-dä-ted. Impaired or ruined by misuse or neglect.
di-lem'ma, di-lem's. A choice between undesirable alternatives: perplexity.
dis-cern'i-ble, di-zern'i-bl. Oapable of being seen or perceived.
dis-ci'ple, dis-sai'pl. One who accepts or follows a teacher.
dis-crep'an-oy, dis-krep'an-si. A disagreement or difference; variance.
dis-ore'tion, dis-kresh'un. Cantious and correct judgment; prudence ; freedom to act at will.
dis-paw'i-ty, dis-par'i-ti. Inequality; the state of being dissimilar.
dis-train', dis-tran'. To take and detain goods as security for debt.
di'vers, dai'verz. More than one, but not a great number; several; various.
di-verme', di-vers'. Differing essentially; dissimilar.
oc.cen'tric, ek-sen'trik. Peculiar; erratic; tot having the same center.
ec'sta-sy, ek'sta-si. Rapture ; joyous excitement.
ed'1-ble, ed'i-bl. Fit to eat ; suitable for food.
ef"fi-oa'cious, ef i -kāshus. Having effective energy.
el-lipse', el-lips'. An oval figure.
em-bar'go, em-bàr'go. Prohibition of ships from leaving port.
em-bez'zle, em-bez'l. To appropriate fraudulently.
em'i-grate, em'i-grat. To leave a country to go to another.
en-am'el, en-am'el. A hard and glossy coating, as of the teeth; to corer with enamel:
en-co'mi-um, en-ko'mi-um. A formal expression of praise.
e-nun'ci-a'tion, $\{e-n u n "$ isi-a'shun, $\}$ The utterance of vocal $\{(e-n u n$ "shi-ä'shun) $)$ sounds.
op'l-taph, epi-taf. An inecription on a tomb; any similar expression of sentiment. ep'i-thet, ep'i-thet. A descriptive word or phrase. eq'ul-ta-ble, ek'wi-ta-bl. Fair; conformable to right and justice. ep-po'ne-ous, er-róne-us. Mistaken; marked by error.
er"y-sip'e-las, er'i-sip'e-las. An acute inflammation of the skin. es'sence, es'ens. Elements making up the real nature of anything ; the extracted virtues of a plant or drug. eu'lo-gy, yülo-ji. A discourse in praise of a person.
ox-cerpt', el-serpt'. $\Delta n$ extract from written or printed matter. ex-oheq'uer, ex-chek'er. A government treasury or ite department ; financial condition. ex'em-pla-py, ex'om-ple-ri. Worthy of imitation.
ex'i-gen-oy, exi-jen-di. The state of being urgent; a pressing necessity.
ex-ist'ence, ex-ist'ens. State of being or existing; life; continued ex-or'fol-tant, ox-or'bi-tant. Excessive; beyond the proper ex-pe'di-ent, ex-pédi-ent. Suitable under the circumstances; that which promotes an end; a device. ex'tip-pate, ex'ter-pait. To get rid of by taking out by the roote.
fa-ce'tious, fa-séshus. Hamorous; jocular; witty. fas'cl-nate, fas'i-nat. To attract irresistibly; to enchant. fle-ti'tious, fik-tish'us. Having no real existence.
flex'i-ble, flez'i-bl. Easily bent; pliant.
fore-clo'sure, för-klo'zhur. The legal process of preventing a mortgagee from redeeming his property. for'feit, for'fit. A penalty for a fault; to lose.
for'ger-y, för'jer-i. Something falsely made or altered with intent to defraud or deceive. fur'lough, fur'lo. A sailor's or soldier's leave of absence.
gaz"et-teer', gaz"et-ēr'. glob'u-lap, glob'yu-lar. Spherical; globe-shaped. gran'a-ry, gran'a-ri. A storehouse for grain.
hei'nous, hà'nus. Very wicked; atrocious. here "to-fore', hēr"tu-för'. Previously; hitherto. ho'mo-je'ne-ous,
similar elements. mí, àle, mē, all, vō, rūle : at, met, it, not, up, full;
hon'or-a-ry, on'or-e.ri. Done, made, or held as an honor.
hy-drau'lic, hai-dra'lik. Pertaining to the movement or energy of water.
hyp-oc'ri-ay, hip-ok'ri-ai. Insincerity; pretense of virtue.
hy-poth'e-cate, hai-poth'e-kāt. To pledge personal property.
hy-poth'e-sis, hai-poth'e-sis. Something assumed as the foundation of an argument; supposition.
ig-ni'tion, ig-nish'un. The act of setting on fire.
ig'no-min'l-ous, ig'no-min'i-us. Marked with pablic disgrace; shameful.
im'mi-grate, imi-grāt. To come into a country.
Im-mu'ni-ty, im-miư'ni-ti. Freedom from burdens, duties, or penalties.
im-pass'a-ble, im-pas'a-bl. That cannot be passed.
im-per'vi-ous, im-per'vi-us. Permitting no passage.
im'pe-tus, im'pe-tus. The energy with which anything moves.
Im-plic'it, im-plis'it. Fairly to be understood; implied; unquestioning.
In-an'i-mate, in-an'i-màt. Without animal life; dead.
in-au'gu-rate, in-ágiu-rät. To begin with proper ceremonies.
in'can-des'cent, in "kan-des'ent. Made white with heat.
in-ces'sant, in-ses'ant. Continued; without leaving off.
in-cip'i-ent, in-sip'i-ent. Belonging to the first stages: initial.
in"co-her'ent, in "kó-hër'ent. Unconnected; confused.
Incom'pa-ra-ble, in-kom'pa-ra-bl. Not admitting of coinparison; peerless; matchless.
in-cor'po-rate, in-kor'po-rait. To combine into one body; to form a legal corporation.
In'ou-bus, in kiu-bus. An oppression or weighing down; a nightmare.
In-dem'ni-fy, in-dem'ni-fai. To compensate for loss or damage.
In-den'ture, in-den'tiür. A sealed contract, especially of apprenticeship.
in-dict'ment, in-dait'ment. 4 furmal charge of crime.
in"dis-pen'sa-ble, in"dis-pen'sa-bl. Necessary or requisite for the purpose.
in-ev'i-ta-ble, inevi-ta-bl. That can not be shunned or avoided; nnavoidable.
in'fer-ence, in'fer-ens. A deduction; a conjecture.
In-fe'ri-or, in-férri-or. Lower in quality or rank.
In-fringe', in-frinj'. To break, to violate.
in-fringe'ment, in-frinj'ment. Violation.
in gen'fous, in-jēn'yus. Possessed of inventive faculty; clever.
1A-gen'u-ous, in-jen'yu-us. Candid, frank, or open in character; honorable; sincere.
in-gre'di-ent, in-grèdi-ent. An element in a mixture or compound.
in-i'ti-a-tive, in-ish'i-a-tiv. An introductory step or action; a first move.
in-junc'tion, in-jungk'shun. A legal order requiring a person to do or not to do an act.
in'nu-en'do, in"yü-en'dō. A hint; an indirect aspersion; an
in-solv'ency, in-solv'en-si. Bankruptey; unable to pay one's debts.
in"stan-ta'ne-ous, in"stan-ta’ne-us. Acting or occurring very quickly, or instantly.
in"stru-men'tal, in"stru-men'tal. Serving as a means or instrument ; serviceable; helpful.
in'ter-cede', in"ter-sēd'. To mediate between persons; to plead.
in'ter-mit'tent, in"ter-mit'ent. Occurring from time to time with more or less regularity.
in "tep-sperse", in"ter-spers'. To distribute scatteringly.
in-tes'tate, in-tes'tāt. A person who dies without having made a
in-tim'i-date, in-tim'i-dāt. To cause to become frightened; to make afraid.
in-trigue', in-trēg'. A plot or scheme.
in-trin'sic, in-trin'sik. Pertaining to the inherent nature of a thing or person ; real.
in"tu-l'tion, in"tiu-isk'un. Immediate knowledge without conscious reasoning
in-vel'gle, in-vē'gl. To lead astray; to entice.
ir-rel'e-vant, ir-rel'e-vant. Not appuicable or pertinent;
superfluous.
ir"re-sist'i-ble, ir"re-zist'i-bl. That which cannot be successfully
opposed.
ir"re-triev'a-ble, ir"re-trēv'a-bl. That can not be recovered or restored.

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { i'so-late, } \\ \text { (is'o-late) } \\ \text { iso-lat. } \\ \text { (is'olat }\end{array}\right\}$ To place in a detached position.
I'tem-Ize, ai'tem-aiz. To state in detail.
i-tin'er-ant, ai-tin'er-ant. Going from place to place.
Ju-di'cial, ju-dish'al. Pertaining to the administration of justice.
lat'tice, lat'is. Openwork made by the crossing of strips or bara. laud'a-ble, lad'a-bl. Praiseworthy.
H'cense, lai'sens. To authorize; to permit.
lin'i-ment, lin'i-ment. A liquid preparation applied to bruises, oto.
mag-nifi-cence, mag-nif'i-sens. The state or condition of being
great in character or action.
main'te-nance, man'te-nans. Means of support.
malle-a-ble, mal'e-a-bl. Capable of being hammered without breaking.
man-da'mus, man-da'mus. $\Delta$ writ issued by courts of superior jurisdiction.
ma-tu'ri-ty, ma-tiüri-ti. Riponess; full development. $\underset{(\text { mea'ger, }}{\text { mere }}$ ) ) mē'ger. Deficient; inudequate.
monn'o-pan'da, mem"o-ran'da. Plural of momorandum.
mom"o-pan'dum, mem"o-ran'dum. A note to help the memory.
men'in-gi'tis, men"in-jai'tis. Inflammation of an enveloping membrane, especially of the brain.
mer'ce-na-py, mer'se-ne-ti. Influenced by the desire for gain or reward.
met-allic, met-al'ik. Having the characteristics of a metal millit-nep-y, mil'i-ner-i. Relating to women's hats and their fixings.
min'i-a-ture, min'i-a-tiūr. Much smaller than reality; a small painting or portrait.
mi-nu'ti-ae, mi-niū'shié. Small or unimportant details.
mis'sile, mis il. A weapon thrown, or intended to be thrown. mit"i-ga'tion, mit'i-gàshun. The act of making less severe. mne-mon'ic, ne-mon'ik. Aiding the memory.
mon'e-ta-ry, mun'e-te-ri. Pecuniary; pertaining to money. mor'tar, mor'tar. A mirture of sand and lime used in building: a vessel in which drugs, etc., are pounded; a short cannon.
mor'tise, mor'tis. A carity made in a piece of timber, to reccive the tenon of another piece; to join by a tenon and mortise.
nas'cent, nas'ent. Beginning to exist or develop.
nec'tar, nek'tar. A delicious drink.
neup-al'gi-a, niupr-al'ji-a. A sharp, sudden pain in a nerve.
non'de-scpipt, non'de-skript. Not easily described; strange; odd.
non'pa-reil', non'pa-rel'. Of unequaled excellence.
no'tarry, no'ta-ri. An officer who atlents writinge.
nu'cle-us, niū'le-us. $\Delta$ central part about which the reb. accumulates.
nul'sance, niúsanc. An annoyance; verations.
c-bel'sance, o-ba'sans. A bow or act of respect or roverence. ob'lo-quy, oblo-kwi. The state of one who is under odium or disgrace.
ob'vi-ate, ob'vi-àt. To meet in such a way as to avoid difficulty. of-n'ol-ato, of-fish'i-ät. To act as an officer.
on'er-ous, on'er-us. Burdensome or opprescive.
o-paqué, o-pär'. Not transparent; dull.
cp-press'or, op-pres'or. One who governs severely and unjustly: a tyrant.
op'tic-al, op'tik-al. Pertaining to the science of eyesight. cp'ti-mism, op'ti-mizm. Hopefulness; belief in the best. op'u-lent, op'yu-lent. Having much property.
cr'dl-nance, or'di-nans. An authoritative regulation. os'oll-late, os'i-lāt. To swing or move to and fro. To waver. os-ten'si-ble, os-ten'si-bl. Offered as real; seeming; pretended. os"ten-ta'tious, os'ten-täshus. Marked by vain display. pretending to be real.
Os"te-op'a-thy, os"te-op'a-thi. A system of treating disease without drugs or knife, through the agency or use of the bones. $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { os'tpa-clze, } \\ \text { (os'tra-olse) }\end{array}\right\} \begin{gathered}\text { os'tra-saiz. } \\ \text { politics. }\end{gathered}$
pan'o-pa'ma, pan"o-räma. A complete view in every direction. par'al-lel, par'a-lel. Having a like course; proceeding in the same direction without meeting.
par"a-pher-na11-a, par'a-fer-nāli-s. Miscellaneous articles of equipment ; trappings.
par'e-sis, par'e-sis. Partial paralysis affecting muscular motion but not sensation.
par'liament, par'le-ment. A meeting for consultation. (P-) the supreme legislature of Great Britain, also of some of her colonies.
par'ox-y 5 m, par'0x-izm. A periodic attack of disease; a conrulsion.
pa-vil'ion, pa-vil'yan. A temporary shelter; a tent; a canopy. po-cu'nl-a-my, pe-kiūni-e-ri. Relating to money.
per'emp-to ${ }^{\prime}$ ry, per'emp-to ${ }^{\prime}$ ri. Positive in judgment ; dogmatic; dictatorial.
per'me-ato, per'me-zt. To pass through the porcs without breaking.
per-mis'sl-ble, per-mis'i-bl. Allowable; that which is permitted. per'pe-trate, per'pe-trāt. To perform; to be guilty of; to commit.
per"pe-tu'i-ty, per"pe-tiū'i-ti. The state of being continued indefinitely.
per'ti-nent, per'ti-nent. Related to the matter in hand. pe-ru'ser, pe-rúzer. One who reads carefully or thoughtfully. pes'el-mism, pesi-mizm. Despair; belief in the worst.
phe-nom'en-a, fe-nom'en-a. Plural form of phenomenon.
phe-nom'on-on, fe-nom'en-on. Something seen; an appearance or extraordinary appearance.
phleg-mat'ic, fleg-mat'ik. Not easily roused to feeling or action; aluggish.
phos'phate, fos'fat. A salt of phosphoric acid.
pique, pēk. A feeling of slight irntation.
pit'tance, pit'ans: A small charitable gift ; any small allowance.
pleu'ri-sy, plu'ri-si. Inflammation of the pleura, or covering of the lungs.
plu-pal'i-ty, plu-ral'i-ti. The greater number.
pneu-mat'ic, niu-mat'ik. Containing air.
pneu-mo'ni-a, niu-móni-a. Inflammation of lung tissue. porce'lain, pors'ān. A translucent pottery, usually glazed.
por-tray', por-trà. To draw or paint; to describe vividly.
pre-cede', pre-sēd'. To go, happen, or exist before.
pre'cinct, présingkt. A place with fixed boundaries; a district.
pre-co'clous, pre-ko'shus. Developed in advance; ripened prematurely.
prej'u-dice, prej'u-dis. An opinion not resting on reason.
prop"a-pa'tion, prep'a-rā'shun. The act of making ready.
pre-pog'a-tive, pre-rog'a-tiv. An unquestionable official right.
pre-ten'tious, pre-ten'shus. Showy; conceited; egotistical.
prev'a-lence, prev'a-lens. The act, state, or quality of being prevalent, or widely extended.
pro-ce'dure, pro-sēd'yūr. An act or course of action.
pro'ceedes, prö'séds. Results; returns.
prod'i-gy, prodi-ji. A thing exciting wonder; a monstrosity.
pro-fi'cient, pro-fish'ent. Skilled; expert; well-advanced.
pro-mis'ou-ous, pro-mis'kiu-us. Mixed; confused; exercised or shared without discrimination.
prop'a-gan'da, prop'a-gan'da. Any plan for the spread of a doctrine or syatem.
prox-im'i-ty, proz-imi-ti. The state of being near.
pur-vey'or, pur-vàor. One who furnishes supplies.
quan'da-ry, kwon'da-ri. A state of hesitation.
quo'rum, kwo'rum. Number of member necessary $\boldsymbol{f}$. he transaction of businese.
pan'dom, ran'dum. Done or uttered by chance.
realm, relm. The dominions of a 1 aigning sovereign.
re'al-ty, réal-ti. Real entate; landed property in any form.
re-celv'op, re-seev'er. One who receiven; a person appointed by a court to manage the property of another pending judicial action concerning it.
re-cep'ta-cle, re-sep'ta-kl. A thing that contains or holds other things.
re-cip'ro-cate, re-sip'ro-kxt. To interchange; to paes to and fro; to alternate.
rec'om-mend', rek"om-mend'. To make attractive; to commend to favorable attention.
reo'ti-tude, rek'ti-tiūd. The quality of being upright in principles and conduct.
re'im-burne", re"im-bure'. To pay back; to indemnify.
rem"i-nis'cence, rem"i-nis'ens. A memory.
rep'er-tolre', rep'er-twar'. A stock of pieces ready at command. pe-ppleve', re-prēv'. Temporarily to suspend a sentence.
rep'pi-mand', rep 'ri-mand". To reprove sharply, severe censure. req"ui-si'tion, ret"wi-zsh'un. A demand; a formal request. pes'er-voip', rez'er-vwor". A storage place for any liquid.
re-sour'ces, re-sor'ses The total of one's nvailable property, or means of paying
re-spon'si-ble, re-spon'si-bl. Legally or morally answerable for a debt or duty; able to distinguish between right and wrong.
re-sus'oi-tate, re-sus'i-tāt. To bring or come back to life; to revive.
ret'i-cence, ret'i-sens. The quality of keeping silent.
pet'i-cont, ret'i-sent. Habitually silent.
re-tire'ment, re-tair'ment. The act of withdrawing.
pe-vers'i-ble, re-versi-bl. That which mas be turned to (pe-vers's-ble) f an opposite position.
mou'tine', rü"ten". A regular method of action.

[^5]Pu'mor, rủ'mor. An unverified report.
sa-gr'clous, sa-ga'shus. Shrewd; wise; ready to decile.
enl'vage, sal'våj. The act of saving a ship or property from loss; that whioh is rescued from shipwreck.
san'gulno, aang'gwin. Of buogant disposition; hopefn); red, life blood.
sar"sa-pa-rilita, sar"sa-pa-ril'a. A medicinal mot; beverage made therefrom.
sohism, simm. Factional or other division, especially of a church. sol-at'i-ca, mi-ati-ka. Neuralgia of the hip and thigh.
sco'ro-tary sek're-ter"i. One who writes for another; the hand of a department of government.
sed'en-ta-ry, med'en-te-ri. Sitting much of the time.
ser'geant, sirjent. A non-commisaioned officer.
singe'ing, sinj'ing. Burning alightly.
sou"ve-nir', sü"vo-ner'. A token of remembrance.
spe-cific, spe-nifik. Distinct, definito; precise; intended to produce a definite result.
spec'i-mon, epesi-men. One of a clase of things regarded as a model or semple.
spon-ta'ne-ous, spontrine-us. Produced without apparent cause ; arising from inherent qualities.
spu'ri-ous, spiúri-us. Not genaine; false; forged.
tor'ace, stör'äj. The safe-keeping of goods in a warehouse; the price for keoping goods in store.
stren'u-ous, stren'yū-us. Active; vigorous; earnest.
sub-poo'na, ub-péna. A legal order requiring appearance at court under penalty.
sub'ter-fuge, sub'ter-fiūj. A false excnse.
sucicor, suk'or. To go to the aid of ; to help.
su-per' 14 -ous, siū-per'flu-us. More than is needed.
su"per-In-tend'ent, siu"per-in-tend'ent. One who manages or supervises.
su'per-sti'tious. sii" wer-stish'us. Disposed to believe falsely or unreasonably.
surinius, sur'plus. E」cess over what is needed.
sur'mo-gate, sur'o-pit. A deputy; a substitute.
sus-cep'ti-ble, sus-wep'ti-bl. Yielding readily.
syn-on'y-mous, sin-on'i-mus. Hering the same. or almost the mame, meaning.
tab'u-lar, tab'yp-lar. Arranged in the form of a table or list.
tao'it, tas'it. Understood withont dircet statement; silent.

[^6]tan'gl-ble, $\tan$ 'ji-bl. Perceptible to the touch ; visible.
tar'if, tar'if. A system of duties on imports ; any list of charges. toch'nic-al, tek'nik-al. Pertaining to the mechanical arts; formal, as in a technical defect. tem'po-ma"ri-2y, tem'po-re"ri-li. For a short time only. te-na'clous, te-nảshns. Tough; sticky; holding fast; adhesive. ten'ta-tive, ten'ta-tiv. Experimental; made by way of trial. trivi-al, trivi-al. Of little importance or value; insignificant. tu'bu-lar, tiū'biч-lar. Tubeshaped; pipe-like; provided with
tubes.
ul'ti-ma'tum, ul'ti-min'tum. A final statement.
un"a-vidida-ble, un'a-void'a-bl. That can not be avoided;
inevitable.
u-nique', yū-nêk'. Being the only one of its lind.
u'su-ry, yu'ziu-ri. A premium paid for the use of money, especially when exceeding the legal rate of interost. 11-til"1-tar"1-an, $\overline{\text { un-til" } i-t a ' r i-a n . ~ R e l a t i n g ~ t o ~ u s e f u l n e s s . ~}$
Val'u-a-ble, val'уu-a-bl. Having value; costly ; esteemed. Vát'ri-e-gat"ed, va'ri-e-gat'ed. Diversified; marked with different colors.
Ve-paci-ty, ve-ras'i-ti. Truth; the state of being true.
veri-fed, veri-faid. Proved to be true or eract.
ver-mil'ion, ver-mil'yun. A brilliant red pigment or its color. Ver'sa-tile, ver'ma-til. Facility for varied occupations.
ver'ti-cal, ver'ti-kal. Occupying a position directly above a given point or place; upright.
vi'ce ver'sa, vai'sé ver'sa. In reversed relationship.
vig'i-lance, viji-lans. Watchfulness; alertness. vigin-otte', vin-yet'. To make with a gradually shaded off background or border.
V'ti-ate, vish'i-zt. To debase; to contaminate; to render defective. Vit'pe-ous, vit're-us. Glassy; having the qualities of glass.
Vol'a-tile, vol'a-til. Evaporating at ordinary temperature ; fickle;
fleeting.
vo-pa'sious, vo-ràshus. Eating with greediness; ravenous.
Vouch'er, vouch'er. Any material evidence of an alleged act.
war'rant-y, wor'ant-i. A legal deed of security.
wear'led, wēr'id. Tired; fatigued.
with-draw'al, with-dra'al. The act of taking back; a recalling from a certain position.

[^7]
## LESSON 101

1 Mon-sieur mo•syu (M. or Mons.) The French equivalent to Mr., or Sir; a Frenchman.
2 Ma"dame ma*dam (Mme.) The French equivalent to Mrs.
3 Mad'em-ol- mad"em-wä- zel $^{\text {melle' }}$ (Mlle.) The French equiva-
4 Herp hār woman.

| 4 | Herp | hăr | The German equivalent to Mr or Sir. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Frau | frou | (Fr.) The German equivalent to Mrs.; a married woman. |
| 6 | Fräu'ein | froilain | (Frl.) The German equiva lent to Miss; an unmarried woman. |
| 7 | Si'gnior | sē'nyor | (Sig.) English form of the Italian signore, equivalent to Mr. or Sir ; a gentleman. |
| 8 | Sl-gno'pa | вè-uyō'ra | (Sigra.) The Italian equivalent to Mrs. |
| 9 | Sl'gno-ri'na | së'nyo-rēna | The Italian equivalent to Miss. |
| 10 | Se ñor | sā-nyōr ${ }^{\prime}$ | (Sr.) The Spanish equivalent to Mr. or Sir: |
| 11 | Se-ño'ra | sā-nyōra | (Sra.) The Spanish equivalent to Mre., or lady. |
| 12 | Se'ño-ri'ta | să`nyo-rèta | (Sita.) The Spanish equivalent to Mise ; a young lady. |

arm ; fiü (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

## LESSON 102.

1 Al-too'na
2 Atch'I-son
3 Bor"deaux'
4 Cal'ga-ry
5 Chat"ta-noo'ga
6 Chey"enne'
7 Natch'ez
8 O'ma-ha
9 Pom-pe'li
10 Vi-en'na
11 Wilkes'bap-re
12 Worses'ter

LESSON 103.
1 Ca-yu'ga
2 Cin"cin-na'ti
3 Du-luth'
4 Ed'In-burgh
5 Mil-wau'kee
6 Monciton
7 Mu'nich
8 Nu'rem-berg
9 Pough-keep'sie
10 Wich'1-ta
11 Win'ni-peg
12 Y;"ko-ha'ma
al-tū'na
ach'i-sun
bōr"dō'
kal'ga-ri
chat" $a-n u \bar{g}$ ga
shai"en'
nach'ez
o'ma-hs
pom-päyė
vè-en'na
wilks'bar-e
ซus'ter

La-yü'ga
sin"sin-nä'ti
diụ-lūth ${ }^{\prime}$
ed'in-bur-ō
mil-wáke
mungk'tun
miū'nik
nü'rem-berg
po-kip'si
wich'i-ta
win'i-peg
yōそō-hä́mä

LESSON 104.

| 1 | Al-giers' |  | al-jėrz' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Bang ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ kok' |  | bang 'rok' |
| 3 | Bell-aire' |  | bel-ir ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| 4 | Cam'bridge |  | kàm'brij |
| 5 | Co-lum'bi-a |  | ko-lum ${ }^{\text {bi-a }}$ |
| 6 | Co-lum'bus |  | ko-lum'bus |
| 7 | Des Moines |  | dà moin |
| 8 | Gi-bral'tar |  | ji-bral'tar |
| 9 | Ha-van'a |  | ha-van'a |
| 10 | Ke'o-kuk |  | kėo-kuk |
| 11 | Leav'en-worth |  | lev'en-wurth |
| 12 | Vla"di-vos-tok' |  | vlä"dē-vōs-tök' |
| LESSON 105. |  |  |  |
| 1 | Ant'werp |  | ant'werp |
| 2 | Bar"ce-lo'na |  | bár 'se-löna |
| 3 | Chil'li-coth'e |  | chilli-koth'e |
| 4 | Glouces'ter |  | glos'ter |
| 5 | Ha'vre |  | hä'ver |
| 6 | Kis'sing-en |  | kis'sing-en |
| 7 | Leip'sic <br> (Lolp'zig) |  | laip'sik (laip'tsif) |
| 8 | Man-hat'tan |  | man-hat'an |
| 9 | Os-we'go |  | Os-wégo |
| 10 | Pat'er-son,(N.J.) |  | pat'er-sun |
| 11 | Que"bec' |  | kwi'belz' |
| 12 | Sche-neo'ta-dy |  | ske-nek'ta-di |

trin: fiū (few ), aisle oil, out; bath, bathe. exact.

LESSON 106.

1 Auckiand
2 Bat'on Rouge
3 Cleveland
4 Green'wich
5 Ho"no-lu'1u
6 Low An'ge-les
7 Ma-nila
(Ma-nilla)
8 Ot'ta-wa
9 Piq'ua
10 Ban Fran-cis'co
11 San'ti-a'go
12 Zu'pich

LESSON 107.
1 Boi'se Cit'y
2 Bue'nos Ay'res
3 Cats'kill
4 Hou'ston
5 In'di-an-ap'o-lis
6 Lynch'burg
7 Mel'bourne
8 Mont-pel'lep
9 Pierre'
10 Prague
11 Rl'o de Ja-
12 Ban Di-e'go
ak'land
bat'ou rüzh
klērland
grėn'ij
hō'no-lū'lū
los an'je-lèz
mä-nē 1 lä (ma-nil'a)
ot' -wä
pik'wa
$\operatorname{san}$ fran-sis'kō
sän"tè-ä'go
zü’rik
boi'zà si'ti
bó'nus á’rēz
(bwánōs ai'res)
kats'kil
hü'stun
in"di-an-apóo-lis
linch'burg
mel'burn
mont-pel'yer
pē-är ${ }^{\prime}$
prag
rêo dà zhä-näèèrō
sñn dē-ä’gō min, ìlo, mē, all, nō. rūlo: at. met. it. not, up, full :

LESSON 108.

| 1 | Brin di-si |  | brin'dè-sè |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Brus'sels |  | bras'elz |
| 3 | Mar-sellles' |  | mar-salz ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| $t$ | Min'ne-ap'o-lis |  | min ${ }^{\prime}$ e-ap'o-li |
| 5 | Pitts'burg |  | pits'burg |
| 6 | Platte Ci'ty |  | plat ni'ti |
| 7 | Qui'to |  | kētó |
| 8 | Raioigh |  | râle |
| 9 | San Jo-se' |  | $\operatorname{san~hö-sä~}$ |
| 10 | Sa-van'nah |  | sa-van'a |
| 11 | To-ron'to |  | to-ron'tó |
| 12 | Val'pa-rai'so |  | väl'pä-rai'sȯ |
|  |  | LeSSSON 109. |  |
| 1 | Butte |  | but |
| 2 | Mas*sil'lon' |  | mäs"eėlyon' |
| 3 | Mo-bile' |  | mö-bel ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 4 | Mont're-al' |  | mont'rē-al ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| 5 | Puebla |  | pweb’lä <br> (pü-eb'lä) |
| 6 | San'ta Fe' |  | sän'tä fà |
| 7 | Scit'u-ate |  | sit'yü-àt |
| 8 | Sing ${ }^{\text {a-pore }}$ |  | sing ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - pör $^{\prime}$ |
| 9 | Tal'la-has'see |  | tal'a-has'i |
| 10 | Ter're Haute |  | ter'e höt |
| 11 | Ti'con'der-o'ga |  |  |
| 12 | Tri-est <br> (TM-es'te) |  | tre-est' |

Arm; fiū (fow), aislo, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 110.

1 Ed'mon-ton
2 Se-at'tle
3 Ee-bas'to-pol (Se-vas'to-pol)
4 Sloux Ci'ty
5 Emyr'na
6 So ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{pel}^{\prime}$
7 South-amp'ton
8 Stock'holm
9 Eyr'a-cuse
10 Van-cou'ver
11 Ver"salles'
12 Yo-sem'ite
! Ab"ys-sin'i-a
2 Ad'i-mon'dacks
3 Bering
4 Car-pa'th-ian
5 Co-lom'bi-a
6 Dnie'per
7 Ec"ua-dor
8 Gua"to-ma'la
9 Hai'ti (Hay'ti)
10 Kam-chat'ka
11 Lab"ra-dor'
12 Mack'i-nac (Maok'i-naw)
ed'mon-tun
sè-at'
se-bas'to-pol
(se-vas'to-pol)
sū si'ti smer'na
so "rel'
south-hamp'tun
stok'hōlm
sir'a-kiūs
van-kü'ver
ver-sälz' (ver" ${ }^{\text {säl'y }} \mathrm{ye}$ )
yö-sem'i-te
ab"i-sin'i-a
ad 'i-ron'daks
ber'ing
kàr-páthi-an
ko-lom'bi-a
néper
ek"wa-dör ${ }^{\prime}$
gwä"tā-mä’ä (go"te-mäla)
hä'ti
käm chät'ka
lab"ra-dor'
mak'i-na
mà, àle, mè, all, nō, rüle ; at, met, it, not, up, full ;

1 Ant-arcitic
2 Bal-kan'
3 Carilb-be'an
4 Eu-phra'tes
5 Lor" paine'
6 Mac'o-do'ni-a
7 Mer'ri-mac
8 Now Zealand
9 Por'tu-ga
10 Rhine
11 St. Law'rence
12 Thames
ant-iry'tik
bäl-kän ${ }^{\prime}$
kar"i-bé’an
yu-frītēz
lo"rann
mas"e-dóni-a
meri-mak
niū zéland
pör'tiu-gal
rain
saint lạ'rens
tomz
LESSON 113.

1 Ap'pa-lach'i-an
2 Bos'phor-us
3 Ches'a-peake
4 Gui-a'na
5 Guin'ea
6 Mad'a-cas'car
7 Ma-dol'pa
8 Mo-non"ga-hela
9 O"pl-no'co
10 Philip-pine
11 Sal"va-dor'
12 San'ta Cruz
ap"a-lach'i-an
bos'for-us
ches'a-pèk
gè-ä'na
gin'e
mad"a-gas'kar
ma-dä'ra
mo-non"ga-hê’la
ö'rè-nō'kó
fil'ip-in
säl" ${ }^{\text {ºä-dōr }}{ }^{\prime}$
sän’tä krūs
arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil. out; bart bathe, exact.

## LESSON 114.

1 Ar'a-pat
2 Chile (Chi'1i)
3 Hon-du'pas
4 Mont Blano
5 Ni'ca-pa'gua
6 Scan"di-na'vi-a
7 Su-ez'
8 Sus'que-han'na
9 Thu-pin'gi-a
10 Tyrol
11 Ven'ez-ue'la
12 Zan"zíbar"

Ar'gen-tine
2 Ba-lu"ohis-tan'
3 Lu-cerne'
4 Man"i-to'ba
5 No'va Sco'ti-a
6 Prus'sia
7 Rhone
8 Seine
9 Si-le'si-a
10 Si'nai
11 Trans-vaal
12 Zam-be'si (Zam-be'se)
ar'a-rat
chét
(chil'i)
hon-dü'ras
mont blän̆
nē $\mathbf{k a ̈ - r a ̈ ' g w a ̈ ~}$
skan"di-nai'vi-a
sū-ez'
sus'swe-han'a
thư-rin'ji-a
tir'ol
ven"ez-wè’ไa
zän"zè-barr
ar'jen-tain
bä-lü"chis-tän'
lū-sern'
man ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{i}$-tó’ba
nö'va skǘshi a
prush'ya (priu'shi-a)
rōn
sān
sai-léshi-a
sai'nui
(sai'na-ai)
trans-väl ${ }^{\prime}$
zäm $\cdot$ bä'zė

## LESSON 116.

| 1 | Bar-ba'dos | bâr-bådỏz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mich'l-pl-cot'en | mish'i-pi-köt'en |
| 3 | Phoe'nix | fénix |
| 4 | Po-to'mac | po-tómak |
| 5 | Ru-ma'ni-a <br> (Rou-ma'ni-a) | rụ-mä'ni-a |
| 6 | Sen"egam'bi-a | sen'e-gnm'bi-a |
| 7 | Shen'an-do'ah |  |
| 8 | Trin"i-dad' | trin ${ }^{\text {i-dad }}{ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| 9 | Tur'kes-tan' | tūr 'kes-tän' |
| 10 | U'ru-guay' | $\bar{u}^{\prime \prime}$ rū-gwai <br> (ū'rū-gwè) |
| 11 | Wirt'tem-berg (Wur'tem-burg) | veir'tem-berHg |
| 12 | Yu'kon | yū'kon |
| 1 | Bach LIRSSON 117. | bäнk |
| 2 | Beet'ho-ven | batt'ö-ven |
| 3 | Bel-1i'ni | bel-le'nē |
| 4 | Cho'pin' | shö"pan' |
| 5 | Liszt | list |
| 6 | Men'dels-sohn | men'dels-sōn |
| 7 | Mosart | mözzàrt <br> (Ger. mö'tsàr) |
| 8 | Pa-de-rew'ski | pä-de-ref'ski |
| 9 | Pa"ga-ni'ni | рä"gñ-nē'n¢ |
| 10 | Schu'bert | shư'bort |
| 11 | Schu'mann | shü'mau |
| 12 | Wag'ner | väнg'ner <br> (wag'ner) |

bàr-bā’dỏz
mish'i-pi-köt'en
fénix
po-tómak
rụ-mäni-a
sen"e-gnm'bi-a
shen" ${ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{n}$-dō'ä
trin ${ }^{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{i}$ dad ${ }^{\prime}$
tūr 'Kes-tän'
$\bar{u}^{\prime}{ }^{\text {rū }}$-gwai
(ū'rū-gwà)
ver'tem-berig
yú'kon
bärlk
bat'ö-ven
bel-lē’nē
shö"pan'
list
men'dels-sōn
mözàrt'
(Ger. mō'tsàr)
pä-de-ref'ski
pä"gä-nē’n̄
shū'bort
shü'mau
väнд'ner
(war'ner)

Arm; fiü (few). aisle, oil, out; beth, bathe, exact.

LESSON 118.
1 Na-nai'mo
2 En'qui-malt
3 Banf
4 Leth'bridge
5 Sas-ka-toon'
6 Koo'te-nay
7 Bran'don
8 Guelph
9 Sault Ste. Ma'rie
10 Wind'sor
11 New Lis'keard
12 St. Cath'a-rines
LESSON 119.
1 Kam'loops
2 Pe-tro'II-a
3 Belle'ville
4 Kin-cardine
5 Wi'ar-ton
6 Pen"o-tan'guishene" (Pen"etang')
7 Gan"an"oque'
8 O-riliti-a
9 Gra'ven-hurst
10 Osh'a-wa
11 Wa"ba-shene'
12 Fred'er-ic-ton
na-nai'm $\boldsymbol{m}$
eski-mält
banf (bämf)
leth ${ }^{\prime}$ brij
sas-ka-tūn'
kū'te-nā
bran'dun
gwelf
sū sănt mã'ré
wind'zor
(win'zor)
niū lis'kard
sānt kath'a-rinz.
kam’ūps
pe-tröli-a
bel'vil
kin-kér'din
wai'ar-tun
pen"e-tang'gi-shền"
gan"an-ok'we
(gan"an"ok)
o-rili-a
gra'van-hurst
OBh'a-wä
wä "ba-shēn"
fred'er ik-tun

## STATES AND TERRITORIES.

| Al'a-ba'ma | al'a-bä'ma | Ala. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A-las'ka (T.) | a-las'ta | Alaska |
| Apilzo'na (T.) | ar ${ }^{\text {ci-zóna }}$ | Ariz. |
| Ap-kan'sas | Ar-kan'sas | Ark. |
| Cal'l-for'ni-a | kal'i-for'ni-a | Cal. |
| Col'o-pa'do | kol"o-rä'do | Colo. |
| Con-nect'i-cut | kon-net'i-kut | Conn. |
| Del'a-ware | del'a-wàr | Del. |
| Dis'tpict of Co-lum'bi-a | dis'trikt ov ko-lumbi-a | D. C. |
| Flor'ida | flori-da | Fla. |
| Geor'gi-a | jor'ji-a | Ga. |
| Guam | gwäm | Guam |
| Ha-wal'1 | ha-wai'ė | Hawaii |
| I'da-ho | ai'da-bō | Idaho |
| II'1i-nois' | il 1 i-noi ${ }^{\prime}$ (il" ${ }^{\prime}$ i-noiz') | Ill. |
| In'di-an'a | in'di-an'a | Ind. |
| I'o-wa | ai'ō-wa | Ifora |
| Kan'sas | kan'eas | Kans. |
| Ken-tuck'y | ken-tuk'i | Ky. |
| Lou'i-si-an'a | lü'i-zi-an's | La. |
| Maine | mȧn | Main |
| Ma'ry-land | mȧ'ri-land | Md. |

irm ; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out ; bath, bathe, ezeot.


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| Mas"sachu'setts | mas"sa-chū'sets | Mass. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mich'igan | mish'i-gan | Mich. |
| Min"ne-so'ta | min"e-sō'ta | Minn. |
| Mis'sis-sip'pi | mis-i-sip'i | Miss. |
| Mis-sou'pl | mis-sū'ri | Mo. |
| Mon-ta'na | mon-tä'na | Mont. |
| Ne-bras'ka | ne-bras'ka | Nebr. |
| Ne-va'da | nā-vä'dä | Nev. |
| New Hamp'shire | nià hamp'shir | N. H. |
| New Jer'sey | niū jer'ze | N. J. |
| New Mex'l-co | niū mex'i-kō | N. Mex |
| New York | niū york | N. Y. |
| North Car"o-li'na | north kar"o-lai'na | N. C . |
| North Da-ko'ta | north da-köta | N. Dak |
| O-hi'o | ö-hai'ö | Ohio |
| Ok'la-ho'ma | olx'la-hö'ma | Okla. |
| Or'e-gon | or'e-gon | Oregon |
| Penn"syl-va'ni-a | pen"sil-vā'ni-a | Pa. |
| Por'to ki'co | pōr'tò rêkō | P. R. |
| Rhode Is'land | rōd ai'land | R.I. |
| South Car"o-li'na | south kar"o-lai'na | S. C. |


| South Da-ko'ta | south da-kōta | S. Dak. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ten'nes-see' | ten "es-se" | Tenn. |
| Tex'as | tex'as | Tex. |
| Tu-tu-11a <br> (Samoa) | tū-tū-ēlä | Tutaila |
| U'tah | yū'tä | Utah |
| Ver-mont' | ver-mont' | Vt. |
| Vip-gin'l-a | ver-jin'i-a | Va. |
| Wash'ing-ton | wosh'ing-tun | Wash. |
| West Vip-gin'l-a | west ver-jin'i-a | W. Va |
| Wis-con'sin | wis-Kon'sin | Wis. |
| Wy-o'ming | wai-ō'ming | Wyo. |
| PROVINCES | OF CANADA. |  |
| Al-ber'ta | al-ber'ta | Alta. |
| Brit'ish <br> Co-lum'bl-a | brit'ish ko-lum'bi-a | B. C. |
| Man'l-to'ba | man*i-tō ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Man. |
| Now <br> Bruns'wick | niū brunz'wik | N. B. |
| No'va Sco'ti-a | nö'va skóshi-a | N. S. |
| On-ta'pl-o | on-tā'ri-ō | Ont. |
| Prince Ed'Ward Island | prins ed'ward ai'land | P. E. I. |
| Que"beo' | kwi'bek' | Que. |
| Sas-katch'e-wan | sas-kach'e-won | Sask. |

arm: fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, ex́uct.

## DISTRICTS.

Frankiln

## Kee-wa'tin

Mac-ken'zie
Un-ga'va
Yu'kon
frangklin
kè-wa'tin
ma-ker 'zē
un-gä’va
yū'kon
mä, āle, mē, âll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full : àrm; fiñ (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, eixact.

## CAPITALIZATION.*

The systematic ap lication of the following rules will assure correct capitalization:

1. Capitalize the initial letter (1) of the first word of every complete sentence; (2) of the first word of every distinct clause separately paragraphed or numbered; (3, of every proper name: (4) of every word derived from a proper name; (5) of the first word and of the chief other words in the titles of books, pictures, plays. or publications; (6) of the firbt word and other chief words in subtitles or subdivisions of books written in two or more parts.
2. Capitalize all the names of the Deity-e.g., the Almighty Creator, Father, God, Jahveh, Jehovah.
3. Write the personal pronoun in the first person singular a capital-as "Vengeance is mine, saith the Lord; $I$ will repray."
4. Capitalize the initial letter of words of special impor'ance or others specifically applied, as the family names or type genuses of animal or of plant life.
5. Write the initial letter of the first word of every line of verse a cepital-e.g.:
" My love to those that I love; My love to those that love me. My love to those that love those that I love, And to those that love those that love me."
6. Capitalize the initial letter of the first word of a complete example or direct quotation-e.g.:
" Honesty is the best policy."
7. Capitalize the initial letters of the days of the week and month festivals, holy days, and days of historic significance.
8. Capitalize prefixes, as $\mathrm{D}^{\prime}, \mathrm{Da}, \mathrm{De}, \mathrm{Di}$, Van, Von, when not preceded by a given name. If a given name precedes the surname, the first letter of the prefix should be a small one. However, this rule is not always strictly adhered to.
9. Capitalize the initial letter of names of political or special significance-as. the Middle Ages, the Elizahethan Period, the Great Reforma'ion, Democrat, Republican, Conservative, Liberal, Nationalist, etc.
10. Capitalize the initial letter of all titles of dignity-as, President, Chief Justice, Bishop, Senator, etc., when these precede the surnames of dignitaries.
11. Capitalize the initial letters of all geographic names-as Bermuda, Gulf of Mexico, North Sea, Hadson River, Rocky, Mountains.
[^8]
# EXPLANATORY NOTES AND EXAMPLES OF PUNCTUATION. 

## 1. The Comma (,)

The comma is used to mark the shortest pause of time.

1. In a simple sentence it may be used or be omitted.

Examples:
Know that the slender shrub which is seen to bend, conquers when it yields.
Truth is afoot, nothing can impede it.
The same principle leads us to neglent a man of merit that induces us to admire a fool.
2. In a compound sentence-that is, one in which the direct sequence of thought is interrupted by repetition or by the addition, as of verbs, nouns, or other parts of speech-the comma is used tn separate the simpli members.
Examples:
Charity, like the sun, brightens every object it shines upon
Men of age object too much, consult too long, adventure too little, repent too soon, and seldom drive business home to the full period, but content themselves with a mediocrity of
success.
3. It is used in separating several (more than two) words which are connected by conjunctions expressed or implied.
Examples:
Man must have some fears, hopes, and cares for the coming morrow.
God has given us wit, and flavor, and brightness, and laughter, and perfumes, to enliven the days of man's pilgrimage, and to "charm his pained steps over the burning marle."
Gordon met death as a brave, valiant, and noble man.
4. it is not used to separate two words that are connected by a conjunction.
Example:
Mirth is short and transient, cheerfulness fixed and permanent.
5. It may or may not tee used to separate a series of words in pairs that are connected by conjunctions.
Examples :
This sound brought out from their lurking-klaces a crew of vagabond boys and vagabond dogs, . . . . . and boy and dog, and hostler and Boots, all slunk back again to their holes.
In schoolroom and college class., the fisld and afoat, discipline maintains order.
East and West and South and North
The Messengers ride fast.
6. It is used to set off nouns and pronouns in the absolute, and words put in apposition.
Examples:
The prisoner, his sentence being pronounced was removed.
He who stands before thee is Panl, the Apostle.
The transaction closed, we separated.
7. It is used to set off adjectives or participial adjectives and their adjuncts, especially if they affect the significance of a dependent clause.
Example:
Man, living, feeling man, is the easy prey of the powerful present.
8. It is used to introduce a single short quotation. If, howe. r more than one quotation is cited, a colon should be used instead.
9. It is used in the place of a verb omitted or of a word understood.
10. It is used before and after t'ie infinitive ood when the infinitive follows a verb from which it should be $s$ is dependent on a thing understood or remote.
Examples:
His aim was, to foster the interests of the natives.
To continue, I will now show the consequence of my argument.
11. It is used also to set off an adverb or adverbial phrases when they cause a break in the construction of a simple sentence.
Esamples:
This suriosity of theirs, however, was attended with very serious effects.

And yet I knew that every wrong, However old, however etrong, But waited God's avenging hour.
12. It is used to set off $F$-2positional phrases when they interrupt the sequence of a simple sentence, or wheu they are separated from words on which they are dependent.

Examples:
American aristocracy is, to some extent, a matter of wealth.
By study, we may add to our store of knowledge that acquired by our ancestors.
13. It is used to set off a conjunction when it is divided from the main clause dependent on it or when it introduces an example.

Example:
The collision was inevitable, but, by timely assistance, the crew was saved.
14. It is used occasionally to set off interjections.

Example:
Yet then from all my grief, 0 Lord, Thy mercy set me free.
15. It is used to set off a word which it is desired to emphasize.

Example:

Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty !

## 2. The Semicolon (;)

The semicolon is "sed to indicate a separation in the relations of the thought in a compound sentence-a degree greater than that expressed by the comma.

1. It is used to separate different statements; that is, the different clauses of a compound sentence which are already separated by commas.
Example:
We may live withont poetry, music, and art;
We may live without conscience, and live without heart:
We may live without friends; we may live without books;
Bat civilized man can not live without cooks.
2. It is used to separate two or more simple members of a sentence when these require a pause greater than that which a comma would mark.
Example:
Who lives to nature rarely can be poor; who lives to fancy hiever can be rich.
3. It is used before "as" when employed as an introductory to an example.
Example :
That which is not permitted or allowed ; as, the illicit sale of intoxicants.

## 3. The Colon (:)

The colon is used as a sign of apposition or equality to connect one clause with another that explains it, as in introducing a list, a quotation. an enumeration, or a catalog; or to join clauses that are grammatically complete yet closely connected in sense; or to mark any discontinuity in sense or grammatical construction greater than that which is indicated by a semicolon, but not sufficient to require a period or a dash.

1. It is used to separate one complete clause from another.

Examples:
The power to bind and loose to Truth is given:
The mouth that speaks it is the mouth of Heaven.
Love is the emblem of eternity : it confounds all notions of time : effaces all memory of a beginning, all fear of an end.
2. It is used in sentences in which the semicolon has been introduced when a greater pause is required than can be indicated by a semicolon.

Example:
It surely was not obscurity ; it was not weakness: it was a want of that sensitive taste which ought to breathe its delicate sense of fitness into the plainest phraseology.
3. It is used to introduce a formal quotation.

Example:
A writer in the Westminster Review discourses in this "sshion: "Another curious observation upon philosopuic stivity is that the coordination of all functions which anstitute the whole intellectual energy of philosophic minds s preserved in its plenitude for only a short period of their whe in duration of life."*

## 4. The Peratod (.)

1. The period or full stop is used after every complete declarative statement.
Example:
Consider the end.
2. After title-headings and side-heads.
3. After most abbreviations.

Examples:
A.M. for ante meridian; LL.D. for Doctor of Laws ; e.g. for exempli gratia (for the sake of example).
4. After Roman numerals, except when they are used to number pages.

$$
\text { 5. The Dash }(-)
$$

The dash is used to mark (1) a change of thought or construction or (2) an emphatic or nnexpected pause.

[^9]Examplea:

1. He may live without books - what is knowledge but grieving? Hemay live without hope-what is hope but deceiving ?
2. What say ye? Speak now-now or never.

## 6. The Interrogation Point (?)

The note of interrogation or eroteme is used at the end of a sentence to designate (i) a single question or (2) more, and (3) is sometimes written in parentheses to express a doubt or challenge the accuracy of a statement.

Examples:

1. Truths would you teach, or save a sinking land?
2. Father of Light! Great God of Heaven!

Hear'st Mriou the accents of despair?
Can guilt like man's be e'er forgiven?
Can vice atone for crimes by prayer?
3. Peru. Manco Capac, with his wife, and sister Mama Ocello, arrives from China (?), and claims to 1ave been sent by the Deity to reclaim the tribes from savage life.

## 7. The Exclamation Mare (!)

The note of exclamation or ecphoneme is used after a word or phrase to express sudden emotion, and is sometimes repeated fo: emphasis.

Examples:
Ah! What were man should Heaven refuse to hear!
Never! Never !! Never !!!
8. Quotation Marks (". .."; '...')

1. Double quotation marks or guillemets are used to designate that the matter within them is a direct quotation from another author or is dialogue.
2. Single quotation marks are used within double quotation marks to designate that the matter within them is a quotation from another author or speaker cited by the first author whose matter is printed within the double marks.

Examples:

> "Grant White, referring to Milton, says 'Milton calls Raphael "the affable archangel," and makes Adam say to him, as he is about departing heavenward :
> 'Gentle to me and affable hath been Thy condescension, and shall be honored ever With grateful menory." "
3. Double quotation marks are sometimes used in citing titles, a of books, but titles are often printed in italic type, and when this is done quotation marks are not used.

## 9. Parentheseg ()

1. The parentheses are used to separate an explanatory or qualifying clause, or a : nntence inserted in another sentence which is grammatically comp. ste without it.

Examples:
The wallflower, on each rifted rock, From liberal blossoms shall breathe down (Gold blossoms frecked with iron-brown) Its fragrance.
The columbine is a herbaceous plant of the crowfoot family (Ranunculaceae), with the leaflets shaped like those of the meadow-rue.
2. They are used also in connection with the titles of books (a) to separate the place and date of publication from the text, thus preserving the continuity of same; (b) to enclose references or figures denoting numerical sections or other divisions; $(c)$ to enclose notes of interrogation inserted to express doubt of the correctness of the statement made.

Example :
(a) Mrs. Massingbird published "Sickness, Its Trials and Blessings" (London, 1868).
The uses referred to under (b) und (c) above are so frequent as not to requi--illustration.

## 10. The Apostrophe (')

The apostrophe is used to denote the possessive case, which is made in the singular by adding $s$ with an apostrophe, as also in the plural of nouns that do not end in s-as, man's. nen's. The plura! possessive, when the plural already ends with an $s$, is formed by adding an apostrophe after the word-as, horses' theth; that is "the teeth of horses."

## 11. The Caret (a)

The caret is used only in writing, to denote where omitted words or letters are to be aserted.

> 12. THE DIERESIS (")

The dieresis or dialysis consists of two dots placed over a vowel.

1. It is placed above one of two vowels when these follow one another, to show that they do not form a diphthong-as Danäe.
2. It is itsed sometimes (but, in general, modern practice discards it) over the second vowel in words where the vowel is doubled-as, zoöphyte. The "Standard Dictionary" discards the dieresis altogether.

# SIMPLIFIED SPELLING 

(From Circular of Simplified Spelling Board.)

## List of Common Words Spelled in Two or more ways.

The anomalies ard perversities of English spelling are obvious enous, and call loud!y for regulation. But the very fact that some spellin. are anomalous and perverse implies that the other spellings are more or less regular, and this is true. The majority of English words are spelled according to ascertainable analogies, and are thrr fairly regular. This is especially true as to literary words of more than one syllable, of Latin or Greek origin. Thus, words like eminent, prominent, evident, protestant, memorial, terrestrial, practical, astronomical. familiar, peculiar, ability, conformity, monopoly, tedious, previous, biology, etc., are approximately phonotic as to the short vowels which are concerned in these words. They would not present many difficulties to the learner, if the learner were not confused by a host of other words with other analogies. It is true also of a great many monosyllables notending in silent e, as bat, bet, bit, but, bad, bed, bid, bud, ban, bin, bun, cam, dam, slam, slap, slat, clash, clasp, self, help, strony, strength, etc., but here again a host of other monosyllables suggesting other analogies (plaid, saith, bread, been, flood, come, etc.) rush in to badger and confuse the unhappy learner.

The rules and analogies which underlie English spelling can however, be ascertained .. - stated, and the exceptions can then be clearly seen. The next thing is to reduce or abolish the exceptions The process has worked well with many words. Why not continue it with other words? The matter is really very simple. When the rules and analogies are understood, any intelligent person can see for himself when a particular spelling deviates from them. Thus, any one can see that binn, bunn, butt, are out of accord with the rule established by the innumerable words like pin, pun, cut, that centre, metre, fibre, etc., are out of accord with the rule established by canter, number, timber, diameter, etc., and that favour, honour, etc., are out of accord with the rule established by error, terror, minor, major, editor, senator, etc. So likewise, dmipt, dropt, snapt, drest, prest,
eto., tho now actually leas common than dripped, dropped, snapped, eroseed, dreased, are more in accord with the prevailing analugy of $p$ or a before a $t$ sound. which appears in a $t$, hovt, boast, best, nest, rust, etc., and in the old spelling, atill retained, of some preterits and participles, as crept, lost, awept, eto., as well s dreamt, leapt, etc. The common forms dripped, dropped, dressed, iressed, otc., are in a great partalterations of seventeenth and eigh: $=$ nth century sjellings with $t$. The alterations were made to establish a visible but fallacious uniformity of inflection. Forms like dript, dropt, stept, stopt, rrost, drest, kist, prest, etc., abound in the original editions of Shakespeare, Milton, Uryden, Pope. 3 urns, Scott, Byron, and are very common in more recent poets, is Tennyson, Landor, Swinburne, Lowell. They are always seen in those modern editions of the older standard writers in which the attempt is made to give a correct text. The habit of present publishers of permitting their proofreaders to "adopt" some imperfect standard, like the older dictionaries, as an inflexible rule, and to alter the text of the standard authors, when a new edition is made, to suit his "preference," serves to ccnceal from the reader the real spelling of the author himself. Thus, not only Shakespeare and Milton, but Pope, Cowper, Byron, Scott, Campbell, Macaulay, are compe'led to appear, no ${ }^{+}$in their own yelling, but in the spelling of the publisher or proofreaut: whe char :- to "prefer" Worctster or Webster, or some other mechanical gui This tends to suppress the truth, to stereotype bad fcrins as well as good, and to prevent that reasonable change toward order and simplicity which was allowed to work freely before inc nineteex, ii) century.

Happily, however, there are $m_{\sim-j 5}$ hundred words in which this process of stereotyping irregular or anomalous forms has not prevailed, and in which a choice still lies open between a simple or normal form, and a less simple or anomalous form.

It has been thought wise to print a partial list of $t$ e words now spelled in two or more ways, with a view of informing the public of the facts, and of ascertaining how far intelligent readers will concur in the effort to establish thesimpler forms. A full list would contain many hundred words, many of them bookish or technical or semiforeign. Such lists are to be found in the current dictionaries (Webster, Worcester, Standard), but they were compiled for a different purpose, and not only include spellings long obsolete, but omit many spellings (like dropt, prest, tho, etc.) always in extensive use.
The following list contains three hundred common worls now spelled in two or more ways. The list could be made to contain 600
or 900 . The number depends upon the limits assigned to the word 'common,' and upon the purpose in view.

There are in this list about 40 distinguishable classes of words. We mention 20. The other classes include each only a few wordsSome words are quite isolated,
Certain large classes of words spelled in two or more ways are for the sake of brevity omitted from the present list, Such are the chemical words in -ide or id, and ine or in, and the forms involving $-l l-$ or $-l$, or $-t t$ - or $-t$-, before suffixes, as travelled or traveled, traveller or traveler, travelling or traveling, etc., rivetted or riveted, rivetter or riveter, rivetting or riveting, etc. Of course the simpler form is to be preferred.

The classes included, arranged in the alphabetic order of the letters or affires affected, are as follows:

1. Words spelled with ae, $\infty$ or e. Rule: Choose e. Ex.: Anesthetic, esthetic, medieval, etc.
2. Words spelled with -dge-ment or -dg-ment. Rule: Omit e. Ex.: Abridgment, acknouledginent, judgment, lodgment.
3. Words spelled with -ed or $-t$ the preceding single consonant being doubled before -ed (-pped, -ssed) and left single before -t (-pt, $-s t$ ). Rule : Choose -t in all cases. Ex. : Dipt, dript, dropt, stept, stopt, etc., blest, prest, distrest, mist, etc., blusht, husht, washt, etc.
Forms like these, being inflections, are commonly omitted in the dictionary lists of words spelled in two or more ways, but they are genuine historical spellings and can not be ignored. Some are very ancient (for example, kist is Anglo-Saxon cyste, and mist is AngloSaxon miste), and all are frequent and normal in English literatue from Spenser, Shakespeare, and Milton to Tennyson and Lowell. We cite some authorities, from original or exact editions, for the principal forms included in the list. Exact references can be supplied. Similar forms abound in the authors mentioned and others. Milton, for example, has compast, languisht, vanquisht, admonisht, astonisht, diminisht, polisht, worshipt, supt, ceast, linkt, matcht, scorcht, etc.

[^10]cropt : Bible (1611), Pope.
crost : Shakespeare, Bunyan, Dryden, Burns, Scott, Lowell.
crusht : Bible (1611), Milton, Burns.
curst: Shakespeare, Dryden, Goldsmith.
deprest: Milton, Gray, Burns.
dipt : Bible (1611), Milton, Pope, Gray, Tennyson, Lowell.
distrest : Milton, Goldsmith, Burns, Lowell.
drest: Spenser, Dryden, Pope, Goldsmith, Burns, Tennyson.
dipipt : Hacket.
droopt: Tennyson.
dropt : Shakespeare. Milton, Dryden, Pope, Burns, Mrs. Browning, Tennyson, Swinburne, Lowell.
exprest: Dryden, Pope, Milton, Goldsmith.
fixt: Shakespeare, Milton, Cowley, Dryden, Thirlwall.
gript : Milton, Tennyson.
heapt : Milton, Lowell.
husht : Shakespeare. Dryden, Wilson.
imprest : Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Pope, Burns, Cary.
kist : Shakespeare, Milton, Goldsmith, Tennyson.
lapt: Tennyson, Lewis Morris.
lasht: Spenser, Shakespeare, Quarles.
leapt : Addison, Collins, Tennyson, Mrs. Browning, Swinburne.
lookt : Spenser, Milton, Bunyan, De Foe.
lopt : Shakespeare, Milton, Young.
mist : Shakespeare, Walton, Bunyan, Lowell.
mixt : Bible (1611), Shakespeare, Bacon, Milton, Addison.
nipt : Shakespeare, Pope, Shelley.
opprest : Milton, Dryden, Burns.
past : Shakespeare, Dryden, Goldsmith, Burns, Tennyson.
possest : Milton, Addison, Pope, Gray, Goldsmith, Lowell.
prest : Spenser, Milton, Dryden, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
propt : Dryden, Pope, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
sipt: Tennyson.
skipt: Shakespeare, Milton.
slipt : Shakespeare. Tennyson.
stept : Milton, Bunyan, Dryden, Burns, Scott, Tennyson.
stopt: Shakespeare, Milton, Tennyson.
stript: Shakespeare, Bunyan, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
tapt: Tennyson.
tipt . Milton, Pope, Somervile.
tost: Milton, Dryden, Burns, Whittier, Lowell.
trapt: Tennyson
7-(448)
tpipt: Shakespeare.
vext : Shakespeare, Milton, Pope, Tennyson, Lowell.
wisht: Shakespeare, Milton.
wrapt : Milton, Burns, Pope, Cowper, Scott, Lowell.
4. Words spelled with -ence or -ense (Latin -ens-a). Rule: Choose -ense. Ex.: Defense, affense, pretense.
5. Words spelled with -ette or -et. Rule: Omit -te. Ex.: Coquet, epaulet, etiquet, omelet, etc.
6. Words spelled with gh or 1. Rule: Choose 1. Ex. : Draft.
7. Words spelled with -gh or without. (1) -ough or -OW. Rule: Choose -OW. Ex. : Plow. (2) -ough or -O. Rule: Choose -O. Ex.: Altho (Bunyan), tho (Bunyan), thoro, -boro (in place names).
8. Words with the verb suffix, of Greek origin, spelled -ise or -ize. Rule: Choose -Ize, Ex.: Catechize, criticize, exorcize legalize, etc.
9. Words spelled with -ite or -it. Rule: Omit e. Ex. : Deposit, preterit.
10. Words spelled with -11 or $\mathbf{- 1}$ (-111 or -11). Rule: Choose -1. Ex. : Distil, fulfil, instil.
11. Words spelled with -ll-ness or -1-ness. Rule: Omit one 1. Ex.: Dulness, fulness.
12. Words spelled with -mine or -m. Rule: Omit -me. Ex.: Gram, program.
13. Words spelled with $\omega$, $\boldsymbol{\infty}$, or e. Rule: Choose e. Ex.: Ecumenical, esophagus.
14. Words spelled with -our or -or. Rule: Ohoose -or. Ex.: Fuvor, fervor, flavor, honor, labor, rigor, rumor, tenor, tumor, valor, vapor, vigor.
15. Words spelled with ph or P. Rale: Choose f. Ex. : Fantasm, fantasy, fütom, sulfate, sulfur.
16. Words spelled with -rp or -r. Rule: Omit one r. Ex. : Bur, pur.
17. Words spelled with -pe or -er. Rule: Choose-er. Ex.: Center, meter, miter, niter, sepulcher, theater.
18. Words spelled with 8 or $Z$ (in the root). Rule: Choose z. Ex. : Apprize, assize, comprize, raze, surprize, teazel.
19. Words spelled with s-or sc-. Rule: Omit c. Ex. : Simitar sithe.
20. Words spelled with or without silent -ue. Rule: Omit -ue Ex.: Catalog, decalog, demagog, pedagog, prolog.

## THREE HUNDRED WORDS.

| abridgment | chapt | dipt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accouter | check | discust |
| accupst | checker | dispatoh |
| acknowledg- | chimera | distil |
| add: ast [ment | clvilize | distrest |
| adz | clamor | dolor |
| aflixt | olangor | domicil |
| altho | clapt | draft |
| anapest | claspt | dram |
| anemia | clipt | drest |
| anesthesia | olue | drlpt |
| anesthetic | coeval | droopt |
| antipyrin | color | dropt |
| antitoxin | colter | dulness |
| apothem | commixt | ecumenical |
| apprize | comprest | edile |
| arbor | comprize | egis |
| archeology | confest | enamor |
| ardor | controller | encyclopedia |
| armor | coquet | endeavor |
| artizan | criticize | envelop |
| assize | cropt | Eolian |
| ax | crost | eon |
| bans | crusht | epaulet |
| bapk | cue | eponym |
| behavior | curst | epa |
| blest | cutlas | esophagus |
| blusht | cyclopedia | esthetic |
| brazen | dactyl | esthetics |
| braziep | dasht | estivate |
| bun | decalog | ether |
| bur | defense | etiology |
| caliber | demagog | exorelze |
| callper | demeanor | exprest |
| candor | deposit | fagot |
| carest | deprest | fantasm |
| catalog | develop | fantasy |
| catechize | dieresis | fantom |
| center | dike | favor |

100
Pavorite fervor
fliber
fixt
flavor
fulfil
fulness
gage grazel
gelatin
gild
gipsy
gloze
glycerin
good-by
gram
gript
hapbor
harken
heapt
hematin
hiceup
hock
homeopathy
homonym
honop
humor
husht
hypotenuse
idolize
imprest
instil
jail
Judgment
kist
labor
lacrimal
lapt
lasht
leapt
legalize

CUMULATIVI BPLLLER
license
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mama
maneuver
materialize
meager
medieval
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mist
miter
mixt
mold
molder
molding
moldy
molt
mullen
naturalize
neighbor
niter
nipt
ocher
odor
offense
omelet
opprest
orthopedic
paleography
paleolithic
paleontology
paleozolc
parafin
paplor
paptizan
past
patronize
pedagog
pedobaptist
phenix
phenomenon
pigmy
plow
polyp
possest
practise, v. and $n$.
preflxt
prenomen
prest
protense
preterit
pretermit
primeval
profest
program
prolog
propt
pur
quartet
questor
quintet
pancor
rapt
raze
recognize
reconnoiter
rigor
rime
ript
rumor
saber
saltpeter
savior
savor
scepter
septet
sepulcher
sextet
silvan
simitap
sipt sithe skilful skipt
slipt smolder
snapt
somber
specter
splendor stedfast stept stopt strest stript subpena succor suffixt
sulfate sulfur sumac supprest surppize synonym tabor tapt teaksl tenor
theater
tho
thoro
thopofare
thopoly
thru
thruout
tipt
topt tost

Simplified Spelling Board 1 Madison Avenue, New York March 21, 1906
transgrest
trapt.
tript
tumor
valor
vapor
vext
vigor
Vizop
wagon
washt
whipt whisky wilful winkt wisht wo woful woolen wrapt

## ABBREVIATIONS.

|  | $\Delta$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. | America; American |
| A. B. | (Artium Baccalaureus) Bachelor of Arts; ablebodied seaman |
| Abp. | Archbishop |
| A. C. | (anto Christum) Before Christ |
| Acot. | Account |
| A. D. | (anno Domini) In the year of our Lord |
| ad. Adv. | \}Advertisement; Adverb |
| A. D. C. | Aide-de-camp |
| Agst. | Against |
| Agt. | Agent |
| A. I. | American Institute |
| A1 | Of the first or highest class |
| A. I. A. | Associate of the Instituce of Actuaries |
| A. M. | (ante meridiem) Before noon |
| Amt. | Amount |
| Anon. | Anonymous |
| Ans. | Answer |
| A. R. A. | Associate of the Royal Academy |
| Ar. | irrival, arrivals |
| Apt. | Article |
| Asst. | Assistant |
| A. V. | Ad valorem-according to the value |
| Av. | Average; avoirdupois |
| Ave. | Avenue |
|  | B |
| B. A. | \} Bachelor of Arts; British America |
| Bal. | Balance |
| Bart., Bt. | Baronet |
| B. C. | Before Christ ; British Columbia |
| B. C. L. | Bachelor of Civil Law |
| Bds. | Boards |


| B. D. | Bachelor of Divinity |
| :---: | :---: |
| B/E | Bill of Exchange |
| Bk. | Book, bank |
| B. L. | Bachelor of Laws |
| b. 1. | Bill of Lading |
| Bl., bbl., brl. | Barrel |
| Bldg. | Building |
| B. M. | Bachelor of Medici: e |
| B. Mus. | Bachelor of Music |
| Bot. | Bought |
| b. p. | Bills payable |
| Bque. | Barque |
| b. rec. | Bills receivable |
| Brg. | Brig |
| Brit. | British |
| Brls., Kis. | Barrels |
| Bro. | Brother |
| Bros. | Brothers |
| b. 8 . | Bill of Sale |
| Bus. | \} Bushel |
| Bx. | Box |
| Bxs. | Bores |

0
C. Centigrado
c.
ca.
C. A.

Cam.
Camb.
Cantab.
Capt.
Cent
Case
Chartered Accountant
\} Cambridge
(Cantabrigiensis) Of Cambridge
C. B.

Captain
C. E.

Companion of the Bath
Cen. Am.
Civil Engineer
Cent.
Cent.
Cert.
Cf., conf.
Central America
(Centum)--one hundred
Centigrade
Certificate
C. 1. 1 .

Compare
C. 1. f. \& c. Cost, insurance, freight, commission
C. 1. f. c. \& 1. Cost, insurance, freight, commission and interest
C. 1. 1. Cost, freight. and insurance
C. H. Custom House, Court House

Ch.
C. J.

Chuldron (measure)
cip., olpe.
Ck.
Cks.
Cl. cld. cm.
C. 0.

Chief Justice
(circa, circiter, circum) about
Cask
Casks
Centiliter, cloth
Cleared
Centimeter
Co.
c. 0.
C. O. D.

Coll.
Com.
Cont.
Cor. Sec.
Cr.
Crs.
Cs.
Ct.
Cum d.
Cum. Pref. curp., curt. Current-of the present month
C. S . Cwt.

Democrat
Danish
Daily and weekly till forbidden
Drawback
D. C. L.
D. D.

Def.
Deg.
D. $\mathbf{G}$.

Dept. Dft.

Doctor of Civil Law
Doctor of Divinity
Defendant
Degree
(Dei gratia) By the grace of God
Department
Draft, Defendant

Diam. Div.
D. L. 0 .
D. $\mathbf{P}$. do.
Dols.
doz.
Dr.
dr.
d. $s$.
D. Sc.
D. T.
D. $\mathbf{V}$.

Dwt.

Diameter
Dividend, division
Dead letter office
Doctor of Philosuphy
Ditto
Dollars
Dozen
Debtor, Doctor
Dram
Days' sight
Doctor of Science
Doctor of Theology
(Deo volente) God willing
Pennyweight

## E

E.
E. C.

Ea.
Ed.
Eds.
E. E.
E. \& O. E.
e. g.
E. I.

Enc.
Eng.
Esq.
et seq.
etc., \&c.
Ex.
Exch.
Ex. $\mathbf{c p}$. Exd.
F.
F. a. a.

Fahr.
Fep.
Fec.
Fig.

East; Earl; English
Eastern Central (Postal District, London)
Each
Editor, edition
Editors
Errors excepte
Errors and omissions excepted
(Exempli gratia) For example
Eas: Indies
Enclosure
English, Engineers
Esquire
And the following
(et cetera), and so on example
exchange
(isxtra), without coupon
Examined
F
France, Franc
Free of all average (insurance)
Fahrenheit
Foolscap
(fecit) He or she made it
Figure
F. G. S.
F. I. A.

Fl.
Fo., Fol.
f. o. b.
f. p. a. Fr.
F. R. A. S. $^{\text {. }}$
F. R. C. P.
F. R. C. S.

Fit.
Fithm.
Fto, in.
Fur.

G/a
Gal.
Gals.
G. A. R.

Gaz.
G. B.
g. ©. m. Gent.
gl.
Gov.
G. P. 0 .

Gr.
gr.
gr. wt. grs.

Hdkr.
H. H.

Hhd.
H. M.
H. M. S.

Hon.
H. $P$.
H. R.

Fellew of the Geological Sooiety Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries Florin Folio Free on board Free of particular average (insurance) French Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians Fellow of the Royal College of Strreons
Foot, feet, fort
Fathom
Feet, inches
Furlong

## G

General average (insurance)
Callon
Gallons
Grand Army of the Republic
Gazette
Great Britain
Greatest common measure
Gentleman
Gill
Government, Governor
General Post Office
Greek
Gross
Gross weight
Grains

H hps.

## I

1b., 1bid. (ibidem) In the same plave
id.

1. e. in. incog. inst. Ins. Inst. Int.
Inv.
I. O. U.
I. W.

It.
Ital.
J.

Jan.
Jno.
Jul.
Jun. Jp.
J. $\mathbf{P}$.
(idem) The same
(id est) That is
Inch, inches
(incognito) Unknown
Instant-of the present month
Insurance
Institute
Interest
Invoice
I owe you
Isle of Wight
Italian
Italics

## J

Judge
January
John
July
\} Junior
Justice of the Peace

## K

K. B.
K. C.
K. C. B.

KI.
K. G.
$\mathbf{K t}$.
Kr.
K. S. 1.

Knight of the Bath
King's Counsel
Knight Commander of the Bath
\}Kilogramme
Knight of the Garter
Knight
Kreuzer (coin)
Knight of the Star of India
L
L., 1., or $\boldsymbol{2}$

A pound sterling
Latitude, Latin
1 b . 1bs.
\} Pound in weight

## CUMULATIVE BPELLER

L/O

1. 0. 

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LL.D.
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\& s. d. Ltd.

Letter of Credit Lower cave (printing) Bachelor of Lawa Doctor of Laws Longitude Licentiate of the Royal College of Phyaicians (Locum sigilli) Place of the seal Pounds. shillings, peuce Limited

## M

| M. | Thousand, Monsieur |
| :--- | :--- |
| M. A. | Master of Arts |
| Mag. | Magazine |
| Max. | Maximam |
| M. B. | Bachelor of Medicine; Bachelor of Musio |
| M. C. | Master of Cer |

M. C. M. D. Mdlle. Mdme. M. E. Mdse. Mem. Messpr. Mfd. Mfg. Mr. Mar. Min. Mile. MM. mo. Mons. Monsig. mos.
Mr. Mrs. MS. Mss.

Thousand, Monsieur
Master of Arts
Magazine
Maximum
Bachelor of Medicine ; Bachelor of Musio
Master of Ceremonies
Doctor of Medicine
Mademoiselle, Miss
Madame
Methodist Episcopal
Merchandise
Memorandum
Gentlemen, Sirs
Manufactured
Manufacturing
Manufacturer
March
Minimum, minute
Mademoiselle, Miss
Messieurs, Sirs
Month
Monsieur, Mr.
Monsignor
Months
Mister, Sir
Mistress, Madam
Manuscript, mail steamer
Manuscripts

## N

| N. | North |
| :--- | :--- |
| N. A. | North America |
| N. B. | (Nota bene) Take note, mark well |
| N. B. | North Britain, New Brunswick |
| N. E. | Northeast |
| nem. con. | (nemine contradicente) No one contradicting |
| N. F. | Newíoundland |
| Nom. | Nominal |
| Non seq. | (Non sequitur) It does not follow |
| N. P. | Notary Public |
| Nos. | Numbers |
| N. S. | New Style, Nova Scotia |
| N. S. W | New South Wales |
| N. W. | Northwest |
| N. Z. | New Zealand |

## 0

Obdt. Obedient
Obs. Observation
O. H. M. S.

On His (or Her) Majesiy's Service
O. K.

Oz.
All Correct
Ounce

## $\mathbf{P}$

Pd.
P. E.
P. E. I.

Per an.
Per cent.
\%
Pkg.
P. M.
P. 0 .
P. O. O.
P. Q.

Pop.
Prof.
pp.
Pres.
Pro

Paid
Protestant Episconal
Prince Edward Island
Per annam
$\}$ Per centum
Package; packing
(Post meridiem)-afternoon ; Postmaster
Post Office
Post Office Order
Province of Quebec
Population
Professor
Pages
President
For

| Pro tem. | (Protempore) For the time being <br> Prox. |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Praximo) Of the next month |  |
| P. S. | (Post scriptum) Written after |
| P. T. O. | Please turn over |

## Q

q. e. d.
Q.
Q. M.

Qrs.
Qts.
q. $v$.

Qy.
(Quod erat demonstrandum) Which was to be demonstrated
Question
Quartermaster
Quarters
Quarts
(Quod, ide) Which see
Query

## R

R. Rex, King
R.
R. C.

Rs.
R. A. M. re
Recd.
Rect.
Ref. Reg. Rm. R. I. P. R. N. R. R. R. S. V. P. Ry.

Recipe, take
Roman Catholic
Rupees
Royal Academy of Music
Re-in regard to, relating to
Received
Receipt
Reference
Registered
Ream
(Requiescat in pace) May he (she) rest in peace
Royal Navy
Railroad
(Repondez, s'il vous plait) Reply, if you please Railway

## S

s.
S. A. Sat.
S. E.

Sec.
Secy.
F 7 .
South, saint, shilling
South America
Saturday
Southeast
Section, secretary, seconds
Secretary
Senate, Senator, Senior

Shipt.
S. 0 .

Soc.
Sov.
Spec.
Sq.
S. P. Q. R.

SS.
S. $\mathbf{S}$.

St.
st.
Stg.
Str.
S. W.

Shipment
Seller's option
Society
Sovereign
Special
Square
(Senatus Populusque Romanus) The Senate and People of Rome
Saints
Steamship
Saint, street
Stone (weight)
Sterling
Steamer
Southwest

## T

Ter.
Thurs.
T.
T. 0 .

Tr.
Treas.
T. T. L.

## U

Ult. (Ulimo) In the last month
Univ.
U. K.
U. 5 .
U. S. A.
U. S. M.
U. S. N.

University
United Kingdom
United States, Uncle Sam
United States of America
United States Mail
United States Navy

## V

V. or Vs. (Versus) Against

Var. Variant, variety
Via
Vice-Pres.
Viz.
Vol.

By way of
Vice-President
(Videlicet) Namely
Volume

## W

W.
W. A.
W. C. WhP.
W. I.

Wk.
Wks.
Wm.
Wt.
xcp.
xd.
Xmas.

West
Weatern Australia
Western Central (Postal District, London)
Wharf
Weat Indies
Week
Weeks
William
Weight

## X

Without coupon
Without dividend
Christmas
Y

| Yd. | Yard |
| :--- | :--- |
| Yds. | Yards |
| Yr. | Your, year |

Other Special Signs
Foot (as $2^{\prime \prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$-two feet, six inches)
Inches
By (as $4 \times 3$-four by three)
Degree (as $30^{\circ}$-thirty degrees)

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