

43RD YEAR NO. 18037

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PRICE TWO CENTS.

**Bennett's Secure Control
of Grand Opera House****Will Book Both Syndicate and
Independent Attractions—
Mr. Stewart Remains.**

The Grand Opera House lease has changed hands. Fitzpatrick & Stewart, who have controlled it from the 1st of September, 1906, drop out, and the lease goes to the Bennett's Theatrical Enterprises Company, which controls vaudeville theaters in London, Ottawa, Montreal and which will build a vaudeville theater in Hamilton shortly.

Mr. John R. Stewart will remain in the position of manager of the house.

The change in leasehold effects a change in the bookings of the theater. For five years up till Sept. 1 of last year, Klaw & Erlanger, better known as the hub of the big theatrical syndicate, controlled the bookings. Then Mr. J. B. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Stewart's partner, arranged with the Shuberts to book for the house.

The arrangement proved most unsatisfactory to Manager Stewart, and the theater-going public of London. The attractions were few and far between, though it must be admitted that those which did visit London were of a very high class. In five months the Shuberts booked in only five attractions—Aubrey Bourgeois in "The Greater Love," Virginia Harned in "The Love-Letter," Postock's animal circus, Eddie Foy with "The Earl and the Girl," "The Stolen Story," and tonight and tomorrow night "The Flower Girl."

Chevalier and Guilbert and Digby Bell were booked in by Manager Stewart and were syndicate attractions.

Beginning Feb. 1, the syndicate attractions will again play the Grand, and it is safe to say that the bookings will be more satisfactory than they have been for some time.

London being the only town in Canada in which the Shuberts had a theater, they sent attractions here only when they could profitably do so by breaking long jumps. It was expected that the Toronto house would be opened long ere this, but the work has been delayed.

It is understood, however, that the Bennett people will make an endeavor to play both the Shubert and syndicate attractions here. It is said they anticipate no opposition along this line from Klaw & Erlanger, and the Shuberts are quite willing that this should be done.

It is acknowledged that there is not room for another theater in London, and that it is merely a dog in the manger policy for either independent or the syndicate to seek to bar out the attractions of the other.

The Bennett syndicate apparently intend to go into the theatrical business in Canada in earnest. They are credited with an intention of securing both dramatic and vaudeville houses in all the important centers in Canada. London was Mr. C. W. Bennett's first ground in vaudeville, and now the firm is about to try its luck in a dramatic house here. That the effort will prove a successful one, all who know the men behind the Bennett syndicate are ready to admit.

It is understood that Bennett's has secured an option on the Grand Opera House, and that it will only be a matter of time until the property will fall into the hands of the company.

Under the new lessees the Grand is to be lifted to a standard it never in the past attained.

It is understood that it will be improved in every manner possible without interfering with the attractions.

Londoners will be pleased to learn that Manager Stewart is to remain at the Grand. During his five years' residence in London he has made very many friends, who would be very sorry to hear of his leaving the city.

The Grand Opera House Company met today to ratify the transfer of the lease to Bennett's.

REASURE-HUNTERS' FOILED**Ocean Sweeps Away Pier Leading to
\$1,500,000 Gold.**

Mexico City, Jan. 15.—According to a dispatch from Guadalajara, hope of securing the \$1,500,000 gold buried in the hull of the steamer Golden Gate, sunk on the Colima coast in 1861, is at an end for at least a year. The 250-foot pier built from the beach to the wreck, with necessary equipment, built by persons who undertook to regain the treasure, has been swept into the ocean by the storm of last week.

**SHAH'S BROTHER
TRIES SUICIDE****Second Son of the Late Persian
Monarch Takes a Dose
of Opium.**

Paris, Jan. 15.—A special dispatch received here from Teheran says that Malik Mansour Mirza, the second son of the late Shah, made an unsuccessful attempt yesterday to commit suicide by taking opium.

Malik Mansour Mirza, according to recent advice from Teheran, created a scene in the death chamber of his father, and was ordered out of the room by his brother, the present Shah. There has been considerable speculation concerning the ultimate fate of Malik. Two other brothers have not been on good terms for a long time past.

**Coghlan's Body
Cast Ashore.**

New York, Jan. 15.—A dispatch to the Times from Galveston says: A report reached here last night that the body of the late Charles Coghlan, the English playwright and actor, which has been lost since the great storm of Sept. 8, 1906, had been found in its metallic coffin on the mainland in an out-of-the-way place by hunters. The hunters came across the casket almost buried in the marsh, and hidden by weeds. Coghlan died here while on tour, playing in "The Royal Box," and the casket was placed in a vault pending removal to New York for interment. The casket was swept away by the flood. Search for it was kept up for a year, and the Actors' Club had a standing reward for its recovery for nearly three years.

A WESTERN SUICIDE**A Former Wingham Man Reported to
Have Taken His Life.**

Edmonton, Jan. 15.—A blacksmith, George Robertson, aged 30 years, committed suicide on Sunday morning. He was a former resident of Wingham, Ont.

CONSTABLES ARE IDLE**County Police Have Had Nothing To Do
for Some Time.**

Never in the history of Middlesex County has there been so few complaints, and such a scarcity of arrests at this season of the year, as at present. Not a complaint has been received by the county officials in several weeks, and there has been but one arrest in the county in nearly two months. There have been as many as twelve county prisoners in the jail at one time. At present there are none. The fact speaks well for the prosperity of the county, for prosperity and crime do not, as a rule, go together.

**FORMER LONDONER
KILLED IN WEST****John H. Anderson Victim of Acci-
dental Shooting at Dids-
bury, Alberta.**

News was received in this city yesterday of the death by accidental shooting at Didsbury, Alberta, of Mr. John Harvey Noble Anderson, formerly of this city and of Alisa Craig. Mr. Anderson was a son of Dr. J. R. Anderson, of the latter place. No particulars of the accident have yet been received in London or Alisa Craig.

Mr. Anderson was employed at one time in the wholesale of W. E. Saunders & Co., here, and he took a course later in the School of Pharmacy at Toronto. At one time he was a traveler for Parke, Davis & Co., and as such was well known to the pharmaceutical trade of Ontario. In London, Toronto, Parkhill, as well as in Alisa Craig, he was a general favorite. He is survived by his father and mother, one sister, Miss Belle Anderson, Alisa Craig, at present a student in the London Medical School, and Howard Anderson, formerly accountant for the International Harvester Company, now located in the west.

The remains are being brought to Alisa Craig for interment by Mr. R. Anderson, and will arrive there this afternoon.

**MURDERER MACRI
PAYS PENALTY****Winnipeg Italian Goes to Gallows
Protesting His Innocence
to the Last.**

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 15.—Macri, the Italian, was hanged in the yard at the provincial jail here this morning at 9 o'clock for the murder of a fellow-countryman, named Romanelli, on Yonge street, this city, last spring, the final appeal for a reprieve having failed. So far as can be learned, Macri until the last denied having caused the death of Romanelli. The sheriff had a score of applications to fill the hanging man's job.

**TRACK ELEVATION
TO BE TAKEN UP****Negotiations With the G. T. R.
Will Shortly Be Resumed.****DUTIES OF RAILWAY COMMITTEE****Misunderstanding Among Some of the
Aldermen—The Extension of the
Trunk Sewers.**

Mayor Judd stated today that it is his intention to reopen negotiations at once with the Grand Trunk Railway for the elevation of the company's tracks from Ridout street as far east as it is possible for the elevation to be carried, which will be to Adelaide street.

"We will find out what the company intends doing," his worship said.

The newly-appointed railway committee will have the conducting of the negotiations. There appears to have been a serious misunderstanding amongst the aldermen as to what the duties of the railway committee will be. Some were of the opinion that No. 1 committee will meet the Grand Trunk and talk over the reopened negotiations when they are resumed, and that the railway committee will merely attend to the works which were undertaken last year.

The mayor says this impression is erroneous. No. 1 committee will not deal with the trunk sewer matter. The railway committee will attend to this.

The Sewer Extension.
Chairman Matthews of the board of works, spent an hour or more with City Engineer Graydon this morning mapping out plans for carrying on the works of the year.

In the first place the chairman suggested to the engineer that plans be at once prepared for all sections of the main trunk sewer extension, so that all the works may be begun at the same time.

The chairman also figures on getting intelligent bids from contractors outside London, and that the contractors may know what they are doing, borings will be made by the city engineer's department to ascertain the class of ground through which the sewers will run.

Ald. Matthews also gave orders to have a fence built at the foot of Richmond street, to prevent persons driving over the embankment into the river. A report is also to be made on the condition of Grey street west, the dead end of which is said to be unprotected.

**LABOR APPROVES
GOVT.'S POLICY****The Trades Congress Favors Mr.
Lemieux's Measure Re Strikes
and Lockouts.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, minister of labor, received a delegation today from the Trades and Labor Congress of the Dominion. The congress was represented by Alphonse Verville, M. P., president; James Simpson, vice-president; P. M. Draper, secretary, and J. G. O'Donohue, solicitor. Several resolutions, which were adopted by the congress, were presented to the ministers. One of the resolutions was in favor of a separate portfolio for the minister of labor. Another resolution, referring to the strike at the coal mines at Leithbridge, protested against the Mounted Police being used in labor disputes where no breach of the peace or demonstration against property had taken place.

A resolution was presented which favored the establishment of industrial technical schools throughout the Dominion.

As to the letter carriers, it was held that the minimum pay should be \$300 per annum on the expiration of three years' service.

In reference to the fair wage clause in Government contracts, an amendment was asked so that the fair-wage officer could see the books of any officer under suspicion.

The congress approves of the general principles of the Lord's Day act, but it was asked to be amended so that a man who worked only eight hours ought not to be called upon on Sunday.

Another resolution protested against assisted passages or bonuses to emigrants. Hindus, it was held, should be excluded from Canada.

The delegation approved of the bill of Hon. Mr. Lemieux in reference to lockouts and strikes in connection with public utilities, with the exception of sections 62 and 63, which they asked to be eliminated from the bill. Section 62 provides that no employer can dismiss a man or declare a lockout, because he belongs to a trades union. Section 63 provides that members of trades unions cannot refuse to work with non-union men. This is what the delegation objects to, and to be logical they asked that the other be struck out.

MENACED BY LAVA

Honolulu, Jan. 15.—A new outbreak is reported at Mauna Loa. A fourth stream of lava is now flowing toward Kona, a health resort inland from Kalakaua Bay, Hawaii.

MUNICIPAL FIGURES—No. 14**ALD. SCARLETT.****MAYOR HINTS THAT THE OFFER
OF BELL COMPANY IS NOT FINAL**

According to statements made by Mayor Judd today, there is every reason to believe that the city does not accept as final the Bell Company's statement that there will be no reduction in telephone rates in this city.

His worship was very guarded in his statements, but to The Advertiser he hinted that there will be something doing along this line shortly.

One thing is certain, his worship is not budging on receiving any cash sum from the Bell Company this year, which means that either the Bell Company will cut the rates to secure an exclusive franchise, or an agreement will be made by the city with the independent, and an attempt will be made to force the Bell people by competition to cut the rates.

Nothing has been heard from either company lately by the city, but a motion of Ald. Gleason's adopted by the council on Monday gives No. 1 committee power to reopen negotiations at once.

DEATH OF A JOURNALIST
Passing at Winnipeg of George W. Wrigley, Formerly of This City.

Mr. George W. Wrigley, a journalist well known throughout Ontario and the west, died at Winnipeg last night from a complication following an attack of paralysis.

Mr. Wrigley was 60 years of age and spent the greater part of his life in the newspaper business. He was at one time connected with the editorial staff of the Globe, the Mail and Empire, The Advertiser, the Farmer's Sun, the Royal Templar and the Pioneer. Mr. Wrigley was a resident of this city for several years, during which time he edited the Weekly Advertiser and the Farmer's Sun, later removing to Toronto when the publication of the Sun was taken to that city. The deceased made a special study of agricultural matters, and also took a prominent part in the Patrons of Industry, who for a time were very strong in Ontario. He removed to Winnipeg a few years ago, where he had since resided.

Mr. Wrigley is survived by a wife and two sons—George W. and Edward, both of Toronto.

BURGULARS AT BELLEVILLE
Belleville, Ont., Jan. 14.—Plunder to the amount of \$500 was last night secured by burglars who, at church time, broke into the houses of Ald. Ackerman and J. M. Hurley, fishery inspector and ex-M. P., on Queen street. The thieves forced the back doors and the police believe local parties who knew the lay of the land, did the job.

THE WEATHER.**TOMORROW—COLDER.**
Toronto, Jan. 14-8 p.m.

Moderate snowfalls have occurred in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys, and a few light showers of snow or rain in Ontario. The weather remains extremely cold throughout the Western Provinces and British Columbia.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Atlin, 6-20; Vancouver, 4-24; Kamloops, 20 below-14 below; Edmonton, 46 below-22 below; Calgary, 14 below-22 below; On. Appleton, 34 below-24 below; Winnipeg, 30 below-20 below; Port Arthur, zero-6; Parry Sound, 14-26; Toronto, 22-35; Ottawa, 8-18; Montreal, 6-18; Quebec, 2-14; St. John, 6-30; Halifax, 14-20.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Monday were: Highest, 36°; lowest, 22° above zero.

FORECASTS.
Tuesday, Jan. 15-8 p.m.

Fresh northerly to northwesterly winds; mostly fair and much colder; local snow flurries.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Winnipeg	9	-38	Clear
Port Arthur	22	-24	Cloudy
Parry Sound	9	4	Fair
Toronto	20	20	Cloudy
Ottawa	14	16	Cloudy
Montreal	18	16	Cloudy
Quebec	14	12	Cloudy
Father Point	12	10	Cloudy

The sign indicates below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.
Moderate snowfalls have occurred in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys, and snow and rain in the Maritime Provinces. The great western cold wave has now spread as far east as Lake Superior. At the same time it is beginning to diminish.

Detroit, Jan. 14.—Forecast: Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy and colder on Tuesday; cold wave at night. Wednesday fair, colder in east portion; fresh to brisk northwest winds.

**SMALLPOX AGAIN APPEARS HERE;
DOMESTIC IN ISOLATION HOSPITAL****Supposed to Have Contracted
Disease While Visiting Rela-
tives at Oil Springs.**

The smallpox hospital down the river has another occupant. This time it is Miss Beatrice Willoughby, aged 16, who has been working as a servant in a family on Central avenue.

For two weeks the patient has been under surveillance, but the health department of the city kept the news from the press.

Miss Willoughby has been working in the city for a year or more, and at Christmas time she went home to visit her parents, who reside in Oil Springs. Upon her return to this city she took ill, and her physician, fearing smallpox, called in Dr. Hutchinson, the medical health officer, who is a specialist in this line.

After his diagnosis, Dr. Hutchinson was not quite sure as to the presence of the disease, but he took every precaution to prevent the spread of smallpox if it should manifest itself. He communicated with Dr. Clements, the health officer of Oil Springs, who informed him that there was smallpox in the family of the Willoughby girl. Dr. Hutchinson thereupon had the patient removed to the isolation hospital, and Mrs. Vatcher, who has nursed for

Continued on page eight.

BIG ELECTRIC MERGER**California Power, Light and Heat Mon-
opoly on a \$25,000,000 Basis.**

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—A financial deal, involving the merger of the Western Electric and the Western Power Companies, which furnish power, light and heat to all the cities and towns in Northern and Central California, is being conducted by the Goulds and Edwin E. Hawley, in the east, and John Martin and Eugene De Sabio, of California.

The Great Western Power Company was recently incorporated in California with a capital of \$25,000,000, as the operating company of the Western Power Company of New Jersey, a holding company, with \$18,000,000 authorized capital stock. Edwin Hawley is president. Bonds valued at \$25,000,000 have been issued in New York. It is said to finance the proposed merger.

**GOOD NEWS FOR
LETTER-CARRIERS****Hon. Mr. Lemieux Announces
That Their Salaries Will
Be Increased.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The Hon. Mr. Lemieux announced today that he would increase the letter-carriers' salary and favored an eight-hour day on public works.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked the labor delegates to be very sure of facts before pressing resolutions and charges against the Hindus because, after all, Hindus were British subjects.

**HON. MR. COMEAU
GOES TO SENATE**

Member of the Nova Scotia Cabinet Called to the Upper House.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—A. H. Comeau, a member of the Nova Scotia Government without portfolio, has been called to the senate. This leaves one vacancy for Nova Scotia.

The Hon. A. H. Comeau is member for Digby. He was born Sept. 26, 1860, and is of French parentage. Mr. Comeau was educated at Digby, N. S., and Yarmouth. He was elected to the Nova Scotia Legislature in 1890, and has been returned at every election since. Mr. Comeau is a merchant.

**CAR WORKS LIBRARY
SUCCESSFUL YEAR****Membership Now Numbers 170—
Fred J. Rodgers President
for 1907.**

The ninth annual meeting of the G. T. R. Car Works Library Association was held last evening in the spacious reading-room of the association, a large number of the members being present. The president, Mr. J. Loughlin, was in the chair.

The statement of the treasurer was read, showing a substantial balance on hand at the close of the year. The librarian's report showed a membership of 168; new books added, 140; monthly magazines in reading-room, 27; weekly, 7; daily papers, 11; books in circulation during the year, 4,355; magazines, 1,900.

The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place, resulting as follows:
President—Fred J. Rodgers.
First Vice-President—Chas. Barratt.
Second Vice-President—Robt. Moule.
Secretary—Treasurer—Wm. Reid.
Auditors—H. W. Freeland and J. Phillips.

Librarian—Wm. Allaster.
Executive Committee—A. Jackson, E. B. Graham, A. Allen, J. Hawken, T. Beattie, R. Rider and J. L. White.

Messrs. T. J. Hutchinson and S. Sercombe acted as scrutineers. The president-elect and vice-president made short speeches, thanking the members for the honors conferred. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the retiring president, Mr. J. Loughlin, for the very capable manner in which he filled the office during the past year.

THE ELECTION CASE

Trial Not Likely To Start Until Monday Next at Toronto.

It is understood that the London election case will not come up for trial in Toronto until Monday next. It appears that several important witnesses, whom it was not at first intended to send to Toronto, have been demanded by the grand jury.

**PARTY CAUCUS MAY
CHOOSE LEADER****Such a Method Favored by
Prominent Liberals.****OTHERS FOR A CONVENTION****Leader Need Not of Necessity Be in
the House Now, Says
Mr. Graham.**

Toronto, Jan. 15.—There is considerable speculation here as to who will succeed the Hon. Mr. Ross as leader of the Ontario Liberals. That the strongest man will be chosen from amongst the many strong men eligible for the position goes without saying, and just now there are splendid opportunities for vigorous, aggressive leadership.

Mr. Whitney is making mistakes that are bound to count heavily against him at the polls. The three-fifths majority clause in the local option law has raised an extremely ugly feeling among Conservative temperance men. The mining policy in the north is bitterly resented. Instead of spending money freely on colonization roads the Government is multiplying fat offices in Toronto. The friends of hundreds of beheaded J.P.s, branded as scoundrels and unfit for service by the Premier himself, are waiting quietly for revenge on the man who on the morning after election declared he owed much of his success to Liberal voters, and pledged himself against the very spoils policy he afterwards put in force.

Convention or Caucus.

Prominent Liberal members of the Legislature have been asked their opinion as to whether a permanent leader should be chosen by a caucus of the members or by a general convention of the party in the Province. Some of the answers follow:

Hon. Richard Harcourt (Monck)—I do not think that a convention will be called. No one in the Legislature seeks the vacant post. The members of the Opposition are united and sanguine as to the future. They will without friction or discord choose a leader, and the cause of Liberalism, which is always the cause of the people, on the floor of the House and elsewhere, as always heretofore will not lack able champions.

John A. Auld (South Essex)—I think the whole Province should have a say in selecting a permanent leader.

E. J. B. Penne (Kingston)—The party in the Legislature may be trusted to select its own leader. Members who had sufficient strength and individuality to win against the fierce and unjust tide of the general election are of a stamp to respect the best interests of Liberalism and of the country. But if the party at large desires a convention its representatives in the House would welcome it, for several expedient considerations, apart from the personal choice under consideration.

Favors Delegates.

A. G. MacKay (North Grey)—I think Liberals should act democratically and somewhat radically. Therefore a leader should be chosen by delegates selected by all Liberals in the Province, even if such leader could not be elected so as to lead at the coming session. Leader so elected would have a tremendous send-off on the outset as being selected by all Liberals, and therefore leader of the whole party. This would give the leader great confidence, and would shut off the cry that he was selected by only a portion.

Mr. George P. Graham (Brockville)—The Liberal members of the Legislature, as is the custom, will probably select a leader when the House selects, armed undoubtedly with advice and counsel from the party in the various sections of the Province. He need not of necessity be a member of the Legislature, but whoever the choice he will have a loyal following.

PENNSYLVANIA FLOODS**Waters About Pittsburgh Steadily Rising
and Warnings Are Out.**

Pittsburg, Jan. 15.—Flood warnings were sent out late last night by the local weather bureau, stating that a stage of 22 feet will be reached by the rivers this morning. Early this morning rain was falling along the headwaters of the Allegheny, and about the city, which will have a tendency to further increase the amount of water.

The crest of the flood early this morning was at Freeports and McKeesport. Both the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers are contributing to the rise. Police officials here and at Allegheny City were asked to warn residents in the lower sections of the city.

Advices received last night that very heavy rains had fallen at the confluence on the Youghiogheny, and at Johnstown, on the Conemaugh, with flood stages in both rivers, led to the flood warnings.

**ANOTHER GIANT STEEL COMPANY
SEEKING A SITE IN CANADA**

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 15.—Promoters from Harvey, Illinois, are here looking for a site, on which, they say, they will establish a big manufacturing plant if the United States Steel Company carries out what it is believed to be its intention, to build near Sandwich. The Harvey people decline to say just what their industry will be, but this is known to be some kind of plant using large quantities of steel. They are negotiating conditionally with John Curry for a 1,200-acre tract.

DOTTY KINKS IN MANY SANE MINDS

Queer Aberrations of Some
Normal People.

BEST BEWARE OF MYSOPHOBIA

That's a Morbid Desire for Tidiness,
But Insanity Just the
Same.

New York, Jan. 15.—Dr. John D. Quackenbush told the Entertainment Club at its last meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria how easy it is for perfectly sane people to get insane at times and how wheels in the head may be removed by mental suggestion. The doctor, who mixes psychical research with his medicine, paid for his entertainment by the club by handing out a choice collection of thrills and creepy stories, all of which were culled from his professional notebook.

Delusions of the sane are a matter of nerves and twentieth century strenuousness, said the doctor. If you play bridge or poker too much, play the races, speed an automobile, dabble in Wall Street, work or play too much by electric light, live in a flat, eat adulterated food or breathe bad air you are liable to imagine that microbes are playing tag on your coat sleeve; or, if you happen to keep bees in your cellar, you may be afraid to go into that cellar for fear of eating a bee.

These are merely mild pranks of the delusional bug; but if you have a bad case you may be scared to death of lemons or water. The doctor said that he has seen a man who has taken to the arms of the first fat woman he may chance to meet on Broadway. "Among my patients," said the doctor, "have been persons who dared not cross the threshold of their homes and had not been out of their homes for months, who could not force themselves on a car, or wash, or dress themselves, or shake hands, or sleep under a bed quilt. Some have diseases that no one ever had before. Wheels go around in their ears, they see birds and the fluttering of wings, footsteps follow them. They see things crawl through the keyhole faces of people on the wall, flies whisper secrets to them.

"Many have a baseless fear of insanity, and one woman sought a position in an asylum so as to be on hand when the day of aberration should arrive. Lots of people come to me saying they are bewitched—an exceedingly common delusion today.

"A well-known authoress believes she is under the hypnotic power of a doctor who comes into her room disguised as a clown and flaps his astral wings underneath her bedclothes. There was a lady who was on her way to Alaska to found a moral town where drinking and gambling should be excluded. She met on a train a gambler, who fixed his piercing black eyes upon her and put her under a spell. From that hour bad luck pursued her and she abandoned the scheme of the moral town."

Dr. Quackenbush told stories about a woman who could not sit in a theater for wanting to fire a pistol at the person in front of her; of a woman who saw a coarse word scribbled on a fence and couldn't help saying it herself; of a man who developed a mania for going to law, and in one instance pursued in execution with persistent malignity during five years of controversy only to be defeated in court twenty times in succession. One subject complained of a spirit that came to him and offered to give the Oddfellow grip. Another declared that God had dictated a letter to her.

Others imagined that neighbors were tapping on their feet putting weights in their shoes, and then they were abused electric currents; that people read their thoughts. Some are in deadly fear of being poisoned, and one man the doctor did about kept an electric fan constantly whirling over his pillow to blow away a noxious powder that a member of his family had sprinkled there, he insisted.

A common delusion of the sane, said Dr. Quackenbush, is a morbid horror of just and disorder (mysophobia). One patient feared that if the cups and saucers were displaced they could never be put back, and spent in special cases a night keeping them on the shelves, the sight of a goblet upside down drew him into a frenzy. Cases like these are promptly cured by suggestion, said the doctor.

"When a sane person wrongly called insane of indecently manifests itself in delusions of doubt," he said. "The sane will go back several times to see the gas has been turned off properly, the stock certificates returned to be safe. A neurasthenic I have known to stand on the front steps undecided as to whether to mail a letter in the postbox on Fifth Avenue or the next corner in Madison Avenue until a mental conflict precipitated an attack of hysterical weeping.

The vague sense of being afraid, so characteristic of neurasthenia, often takes concrete shape in special cases of anxiety or fear, like horror of matrimony or a bridal tour, fear of opposing, fear of making people cough, sneeze, of being locked up in a steam bath, of cabin, fear of a church building, the service itself, of going to bed, fear of waking up and knowing the next morning, fear of seeing the North River and of ferry-rides, of looking down hill, going up an elevator, fear of going into a room where there is a man who kept bees there in winter, and who would be likely to pick up a bee and eat it, fear of simply being afraid.

There is a humorous as well as a pathetic side to some of these abnormal fears. A physician recently had his care imagined that his clothes were covered with microbes. He was constantly brushing them off. He had fifty napkins a day in desperate haste to brush them off the tableware, his wife was unable to keep a servant

in her employ, and his practice went by the board.

"Even hard-headed businessmen become the victims of ludicrous obsessions. A young man applied to me last autumn for the cure of an irresistible impulse to throw himself into the arms of every corpulent woman he saw and he was hustled to sleep by her. It is generally conceded that asylums for the insane are filled with inmates that might have been saved had they been opportunely treated."

Dr. Quackenbush read a number of letters sent him by persons who imagined he could benefit them by absent treatment suggestion on other persons. One man who had some oil paintings to sell wrote the doctor asking him to make Tom Lawson buy his pictures. Another wanted him to hypnotize poor, procrastinating debtors and make them pay up.

"I once prepared a young lady to receive a proposal," said Dr. Quackenbush. "Her lover was due that night from Boston, and I consented to do the best I could for her. She must not be too eager and so convey the impression that she was an easy conquest. She must not be too frigid and repel the advances of affection. I worked one hour over that sleeping beauty impressing my views, and when I waked her I felt that she was thoroughly equipped to go through the trying ordeal. Do you know, that man never came. He has not since materialized and the poor girl is still waiting for an opportunity to give expression to my instructions. On another occasion I was induced to put a young man to sleep and make him ready for the declaration, but the girl threw him down and I never could believe that he carried out my suggestions."

A GREAT YEAR FOR DEER HUNTING.

G. T. R. Returns Show Remarkable Increase in Number of Deer Killed in Open Season.

From the latest returns received by the Grand Trunk Railway System in Ontario for fish and game, it appears in comparison with the season of 1905, the number of last fall had a full measure of success.

During the fifteen days open season of 1906 the Canadian Express Company transported 2,100 carcasses of deer with an aggregate weight of 318,215 pounds, all of these being shipped from points on the northern division and Ottawa division of the Grand Trunk against a total of 2,796 carcasses in 1905, or an increase of 304 deer, with an increase in weight of 11,820 pounds.

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Other authentic information is found that during the last seven or eight years deer have been seen from 150 to 200 miles further north than they were found before.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN, SOOTHES THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold in all countries, and in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

A true patriot is a man who represses his genius; and doesn't try to save his country.

SUDDEN TRANSITION from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, or the substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs, and the many medicines for bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It is safe and comes convinced. Price, 25 cents.

Reform seems to be needed everywhere except in our own intimate vicinity.

DEAD BROUGHT BACK TO LIFE

A Child Snatched From Grave
After She Ceased Breathing
Twenty Minutes.

London, Jan. 15.—The remarkable case of a child, Ruth Geoffrey, who was virtually raised from the dead at the Farnham Isolation Hospital, has aroused intense interest.

The child, who is eight years old, was taken by her mother to the hospital in a dying condition. She apparently ceased to breathe while preparations for the operation were being made, but artificial respiration being employed, she began to breathe again twenty minutes later.

"It is certainly a remarkable case," said one of the hospital doctors. "The child, who has twice had pneumonia, was brought in apparently in a hopeless condition, suffering from diphtheria. She was really at her last gasp. She was removed to the operating room, where two doctors and three nurses were in attendance. No sooner had the chloroform been given than the child's breathing ceased. Her heart certainly did not beat. The child's color was waxen."

One of the nurses left the room, saying, "It is all over." But the doctors determined to proceed with the operation. Tracheotomy was performed, though the child was apparently dead. The operation took exactly twenty minutes. Then, as a last hope, artificial respiration, aided by strychnine, brandy and hot bottles, was employed.

To everyone's amazement, the child began to breathe again. The staff was delighted as well as astonished.

How long the child ceased to breathe it is, of course, difficult to tell. Unless her heart becomes affected, there is an excellent chance of her complete recovery. The tube has been removed from her throat and she can speak quite clearly now.

Experiments at this same hospital on the subject of dietetics have produced some interesting results. Faddists who understand the physician's say, and use common sense, but there is just chance that the great eater may be better off in the matter of health.

In a lecture on "The Diet of Today," at the Institute of Hygiene, Prof. Halliburton by a sly dig at the vegetarian, and expressed the opinion that it was safer to eat rather too much than too little.

Proteid, albuminous or nitrogenous foods, he said, were essential for the repair of tissues. Starch and sugar were equally necessary as a source of energy and heat, and milk was the most perfect food existing.

Prof. Halliburton recalled the experiment of Prof. Chittenden of Yale University, by which he cured himself of rheumatic pains by taking less proteid food and daily increasing the quantity of nitrogenous food. Prof. Halliburton argued that the Yale experiments did not mean all persons should follow them to keep healthy, but that temperance in proteids was as necessary as temperance in drink.

It was the extreme fads wherein lay danger. He added: "The poor in large cities of vegetarian nations, who have low nitrogenous intake show less resistance to privation and disease than do meat-eating people. A proof that their diet is that they are forced to take the very richest of proteids, milk, eggs and cheese. Badly cooked vegetables, however, are more digestible than badly cooked animal food. The real usefulness of the apparent excess in eating," the professor said, "is that certain constituents of a vegetable nature are necessary for the building up of tissues, but the amount of these tissues is very limited. Taking the case of the far eastern nations, where the native population is diluted with a small number of whites, it is the latter, the meat eaters, who come to the front and who withstand privation and disease better than vegetarians or the black race."

MESSAGE WAS TOO LATE

Russian Consul Commits Suicide Under
Dramatic Circumstances.

Liverpool, Jan. 14.—Colonel Robert de Gelmann, the Russian consul at Liverpool, died at his residence at Alburgh yesterday morning from the effect of two wounds which he inflicted on himself with a Turkish dagger.

He had been driven to despair by financial troubles in connection with his estate at Warsaw. His servants were aroused late on Thursday night by a revolver shot. They rushed into his apartments and found that he had fired at himself and had stumbled against the sideboard.

He ordered the servants away, and then seized a Turkish dagger and stabbed himself in the region of the heart. His fall brought up the servants again. They found him in a pool of blood.

Four medical men were summoned, one of them being the assistant consul, Dr. Oursanofski, and they remained with the injured consul all night. Colonel de Gelmann was unconscious until breakfast time. Then a telegram arrived from his daughter at Warsaw stating that all his troubles had been satisfactorily ended. Colonel de Gelmann listened to the message and exclaimed: "It comes too late, too late." A moment afterward he fell back and died.

Colonel de Gelmann has been consul at Liverpool for two years, after acting as assistant Russian consul at Bremen. He was formerly a colonel in the Imperial Russian Guards, and served in the Russo-Turkish war.

During the siege of Plevna he was the officer in charge of the bodyguard of the Grand Duke Nicholas. He slept in an outer apartment of the duke's bedroom, and one night a Turkish spy, frustrated by him in an attempt to reach the duke, stabbed him with a dagger. Colonel de Gelmann killed his assailant after a fierce struggle, and

5 or 500 or 5,000,000

—they are all
alike.
Each biscuit
as light as if
made by fairy
hands.
Baked to a
golden russet
brown.

So fresh,
and tempting,
that just opening
the box is teasing
the appetite.

And you
find a new
delight in every
one you eat.

You get perfection
when you get

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SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY. THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Get Your Share of This Special 50c Chiffon Taffeta

A splendid, firm, durable silk with that soft, rich chiffon finish which everyone admires. If it was a trifle wider we could class it with our regular 75c silks. At 50c it is worth hurrying after. And the only way you'll make sure of getting your share will be by coming here immediately. Only 50c pieces to sell. Choice of navy blue or brown. On sale now at.....
Silk Department—Main Floor.

Buy Teacloths, Traycloths and Centerpieces at January Linen Sale Prices

Our January Linen Sale is, as usual, a big success. But we want to make it even more successful. With this idea in view we have provided you with the following big money-saving programme from which to select a stock of teacloths, traycloths and centerpieces. Those who live out of town can take advantage of these reductions by ordering through our mail order department.

Remember, our linens are of strictly reliable quality. When we offer you anything that is not all linen we call your attention to the fact that it is union. Everything is sold on a plain, straightforward basis. A safe, sure, satisfactory buying trip is the result of a visit by person or mail to the Satisfactory Store.

CLUNY LACE TRAYCLOTHS, with 6-inch pure linen lace border and pure linen center. Size 18x27. Regular \$3.25. January Sale Price.....\$2.75

Same style as above. Size 20x30. Regular \$3.75. January Sale Price.....\$3.15

OVAL CLUNY LACE CENTERPIECES or Traycloths, with 4-inch lace border and pure linen center. Size 20x30. Regular \$3.00. January Sale Price.....\$2.55

TWO OTHER STYLES. Same size as above. Regular \$3.25 and \$3.50. January Sale Price.....\$2.95

A SNAP IN CLUNY TEACLOTHS. 4 only Cluny Teacloths, with lace border, insertion and medallions. Slightly damaged. Size 36x36. Regular \$3.50. January Sale Price—just half.....\$1.75

1 only, similar style as above. Size 45x45. Regular \$6.50. January Sale Price.....\$4.45

Quantities are limited on above goods, so it will not do to lose any time in coming here for them. Linen Department—East Store.

Trimmed Hats With
Prices Deeply Cut
Millinery—Second Floor.

Colored Coats at Ridiculously
Low Prices.
Mantles—Second Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

ENGINE BECAME MOUND OF ICE

Stalled Under Water Tank at
Nanton, Alberta, and Even
Fire Froze.

Winnipeg, Jan. 14.—They have been having a gay time on western railroads this year, owing to the unprecedented cold. At Nanton, Alberta, the other night, the local thermometer stood so low as to be altogether beneath contempt. Outside the depot the downward tendency of the weather gauge drew out the night which held it to the wall, and the whole apparatus fell to the platform with a dull, sickening thud. At Nanton, Engineer McCrae took his big locomotive to the tank to give it a drink, while the passengers were eating their supper. Nanton has, unfortunately, a water tank of magnificent proportions and ample capacity. After the tender had been filled, the fireman found that something had gone wrong with the works, and do what he might to stop it, the water still flowed from the tank over the tender, and the coal and the track, and, in fact, all over the place. This is where the unfortunate of the tank's capacity comes in. As fast as the water fell it froze, till in a little while the wheels of the engine and her tender were firmly embedded in a large body of solid ice. She could neither go ahead nor back up.

The engineer rang his bell, presumably to keep the train from freezing. He whistled "go ahead" and "back up," but nothing happened. He had tried and failed to bluff the elements, but was compelled to lay down. Meanwhile Superintendent Niblock, whose car was attached to the train, was in the thick of the trouble, but as love laughs at locksmiths, the ice king scoffs at superintendents. Big fires were lighted under the locomotive, but in vain. There was entirely too much atmosphere for the amount of heat available. The casual observer, who was, of course, present, said that in his opinion the fire was frozen. The engineer said if he could only back up a bit he could go ahead, and did not seem pleased when somebody suggested that he should go ahead a bit so as to back up a bit, so as to be able to go ahead, which was what he and everybody else wanted to do. While all these things were taking place the train was becoming more and more firmly rooted in the soil. The passengers, with that charming disregard of facts, began to blame the railway company for the state of the weather. Cheerful pessimists brought reports from time to time to the effect that there was no way out, and that Nanton was the northern terminus until the next chinook.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacture of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Quilted and Spring Beds, Brass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory. J. F. HUNT & SONS, 698 Richmond Street. Phone 997.

WIFE NOT CURED, HE DEMANDS RETURN OF \$20,000 FEE BY DOYEN.

Paris, Jan. 14.—George Crocker's suit against Dr. Doyen for restitution of a \$20,000 fee which he paid the physician on his undertaking to cure Mrs. Crocker of cancer some two years ago, came up for trial today. Mr. Crocker contends that the contract made with Dr. Doyen was not fulfilled, that his consent to it was obtained by "moral violence," and furthermore that he ought not to have been compelled to pay in advance.

It was in 1904, two years after Dr. Doyen had announced his discovery of a cure for cancer, that he was called in to attend Mrs. Crocker at Cannes. He said he could cure her, although her case had been pronounced hopeless by noted American physicians. Mr. Crocker says that Dr. Doyen refused to name his fee before, but after he had been treating her for about two weeks told Mr. Crocker over the telephone one day that his fee would be \$20,000, and that it must be paid at once or he would abandon the case.

Mr. Crocker paid the amount demanded, although he thought the charge preposterous. Mrs. Crocker grew worse as the treatment proceeded, until at length Mr. Crocker called in another physician, who advised him to discontinue Dr. Doyen, and he did so. Two months later Mrs. Crocker died at Newport.

Mr. Crocker asks the court in case it should decide in his favor to give the amount awarded to him to the Pasteur Institute of France.

The idea of catching fish by means of a beehive with a hole in the top of it is a strange enough one. Yet this, says the Country Gentleman, not inadequately describes the method employed by fishermen in the Philippine Islands, who clap their apparatus down over the sluggish bottom-feeding fish and then, putting their hands through the hole in the top, extract their victims.

In the South Seas and in various groups of islands in the Indian Ocean the aborigines shoot fish with the bow and arrow. The art is extremely difficult, as in taking aim at an object under water the archer has to allow for refraction. If he were to aim di-

Matches

The "Flint and Steel" have passed away,
The Lucifer has had its day,
The Eight-Day Match has ta'en its flight
And paled its ineffectual light.
Not one of these could "hold a patch"
On Eddy's SILENT PARLOR MATCH.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Ltd., Hull, Canada
DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond Street, London.

SUES CANCER DOCTOR

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DOTTY KINKS IN MANY SANE MINDS

Queer Aberrations of Some Normal People.

BEST BEWARE OF MYSOPHOBIA

That's a Morbid Desire for Tidiness, But Insanity Just the Same.

New York, Jan. 15.—Dr. John D. Quackenbos told the Entertainment Club at its last meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria how easy it is for perfectly sane people to get insane at times and how wheels in the head may be removed by mental suggestion. The doctor, who mixes psychological research with his medicine, paid for his entertainment by the club by handing out a choice collection of thrills and creepy stories, all of which were culled from his professional notebook.

Delusions of the sane are a matter of nerves and twentieth century strenuousness, said the doctor. If you play bridge or poker too much, play the races, speed an automobile, dabble in Wall street, work or play too much by electric light, live in a cat, adulterated food or breathe bad air you are liable to imagine that microbes are playing tag on your coat sleeve; or, if you happen to keep bees in your cellar, you may be afraid to go into that cellar for fear of eating a bee.

These are merely mild, pranks of the delusional bug; but if you have a bad case you may be scared to death of lemons or want to throw yourself into the arms of the first fat woman you may chance to meet on Broadway.

"Among my patients," said the doctor, "have been persons who dared not cross the threshold of their homes and had not been out of their houses for months, who could not force themselves on a car, or wash and dress themselves, or shake hands or sleep under a bed quilt. Some have diseases that no one else has before. Wheels go around in their ears, they hear the fluttering of wings, footsteps follow them, strange things crawl through the keyhole, faces stand out on the wall, flies whisper secrets to them."

"Many have a baseless fear of insanity, and one woman sought a position in an asylum so as to be on hand when the day of aberration should arrive. Lots of people come to me saying they are bewitched—an exceedingly common delusion today.

"A well-known actress believes she is under the hypnotic power of a doctor who comes into her room disguised as a cloud and flaps his astral wings underneath her body. There was a lady who was on her way to Alaska to found a moral town where drinking and gambling should be excluded. She met on a train a gambler, who fixed his piercing black eyes upon her and put her under a spell. From that hour had luck pursued her and she abandoned the scheme of the moral town."

Dr. Quackenbos told stories about a woman who could not sit in a theater for wanting to fire a pistol at the person in front of her; of a woman who saw a coarse word scribbled on a fence and couldn't help saying it herself; of a man who developed a mania for going to law, and in one instance pursued an executor with persistent cogitation during five years of controversy only to be defeated in court twenty times in succession. One subject complained of a spirit that came to him and offered to give the Oddfellow grip. Another declared that God had dictated a letter to her.

Others imagined that neighbors were stepping on their feet putting weights in their shoulders, afflicting them with electric currents; that people read their thoughts. Some are in deadly fear of being poisoned, and one man who had almost kept an electric fan constantly whirling over his pillow to blow away a noxious powder that a member of his family had sprinkled there, insisted.

A common delusion of the sane, said Dr. Quackenbos, is a morbid horror of dust and disorder (mysophobia). One patient feared that if the cups and saucers were displaced they could never be put back, and spent the greater part of a night keeping them on the shelves. The sight of a goblet upside down threw him into a frenzy. Cases like these are promptly cured by suggestion, said the doctor.

"What has been wrongly called insanity of indecision manifests itself in fusions of doubt," he said. "The subject will go back several times to see the sight of a goblet upside down threw him into a frenzy. Cases like these are promptly cured by suggestion, said the doctor."

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In her employ, and his practice went by the board.

"Even hard-headed businessmen become the victims of ludicrous obsessions. A young man applied to me last autumn for the cure of an irresistible impulse to throw himself into the arms of every corpulent woman he saw and he was hushed to sleep by her. It is generally conceded that asylums for the insane are filled with inmates that might have been saved had they been opportunely treated."

Dr. Quackenbos read a number of letters sent him by persons who imagined he could benefit them by absent treatment suggestion on other persons. One man who had some oil paintings to sell wrote the doctor asking him to make Tom Lawson buy his pictures. Another wanted him to hypnotize procrastinating debtors and make them pay up.

"I once prepared a young lady to receive a proposal," said Dr. Quackenbos. "Her lover was due that night from Boston, and I consented to do the best I could for her. She must not be too eager and so convey the impression that she was an easy conquest. She must not be too frigid and repel the advances of affection. I worked one hour over that sleeping beauty impressing my views, and when I waked her I felt that she was thoroughly equipped to go through the trying ordeal. Do you know, that man never came. He has not since materialized and the poor girl is still waiting for an opportunity to give expression to my instructions. On another occasion I was induced to put a young man to sleep and make him ready for the declaration, but the girl threw him down and I never could believe that he carried out my suggestions."

A GREAT YEAR FOR DEER HUNTING.

G. T. R. Returns Show Remarkable Increase in Number of Deer Killed in Open Season.

From the latest returns received by the Grand Trunk Railway System, Ontario for fish and game, it appears in comparison with the season of 1905, the hunters of last fall had a full measure of success.

During the fifteen days open season of 1906 the Canadian Express Company transported 2,190 deer carcasses, with an aggregate weight of 318,215 pounds, all of these being shipped from points on the northern division and Ottawa division of the Grand Trunk, against a total of 2,796 carcasses in 1905, or an increase of 294 deer, with an increase in weight of 11,820 pounds.

The districts from which the largest numbers were shipped were the Magalloway River (Burk's Falls), Trout Creek, South River, Lake of Bays (Huntsville), Kootenay, Poyassee, and the Haliburton region. This number, of course, cannot be taken as an estimate of the number killed, as a large number are eaten by the hunters in camp, and a large number are transported home by the settlers. When it is considered that nearly 5,000 hunters were in the several districts during the open season, and that each hunter is allowed two deer, it can be conservatively estimated that the total open season of 1906 was between Nov. 1 and Nov. 15.

From other authentic information it is found that during the last seven or eight years deer have been seen from 150 to 200 miles further north than they were found before.

Instead of diminishing in numbers the deer in the "Highlands of Ontario" are increasing. The woods are full of them, and the game laws are so well enforced by the Ontario Government that good hunting in that territory is assured for years to come.

Without a doubt the hunting season of 1906 in the Province of Ontario has seen the largest influx of hunters that has ever been. Not only from the towns and cities of Ontario have the Nimrods turned out in large numbers, but from the United States many have taken advantage of the well-known attractions that appeal to lovers of sport, and the life in the woods following the chase.

There has been some discussion in the newspapers to the effect that the large number of hunters who go in each year in quest of deer will diminish the supply. But this has not been borne out by the facts and returns. This game is not on the decrease, but on the contrary they seem to be multiplying in the several districts in which they are found, though in the regions where railway construction has been going on for some time it has had the effect of driving them further north or to other parts of the Province into more sparsely settled districts.

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A true patriot is a man who represses his genius and doesn't try to save his country.

DEAD BROUGHT BACK TO LIFE

A Child Snatched From Gravo After She Ceased Breathing Twenty Minutes.

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The child, who is eight years old, was taken by her mother to the hospital in a dying condition. She apparently ceased to breathe while preparations for the operation were being made, but artificial respiration being employed, she began to breathe again twenty minutes later.

"It is certainly a remarkable case," said one of the hospital doctors. "The child, who has twice had pneumonia, was brought in apparently in a hopeless condition, suffering from diphtheria. She was really at her last gasp. She was removed to the operating room, where two doctors and three nurses were in attendance. No sooner had the chloroform been given than the child's breathing ceased. Her heart certainly did not beat. The child's color was waxen."

One of the nurses left the room, saying, "It is all over."

But the doctors determined to proceed with the operation. Tracheotomy was performed, though the child was apparently dead. The operation took exactly twenty minutes. Then, as a last hope, artificial respiration, aided by strychnine, brandy and hot bottles, was employed.

To everyone's amazement, the child began to breathe again. The staff was delighted as well as astonished.

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Experiments at this same hospital on the subject of dietetics have produced some interesting results. Faddists who underest, the physicians say, and those who overeat, are both dining against common sense, but there is just chance that the great eater may be better off in the matter of health.

In a lecture on "The Diet of Today," at the Institute of Hygiene, Prof. Halliburton by a sly dig at the vegetarian, and expressed the opinion that it was safer to eat rather too much than too little.

Proteid, albuminous or nitrogenous foods, he said, were essential for the repair of tissues waste. Starch and sugar were equally necessary as a source of energy and heat, and milk was the most perfect food existing.

Prof. Halliburton recalled the experiment of Prof. Chittenden of Yale University, by which he cured himself of rheumatic pains by taking less proteid food and daily increasing the quantity of nitrogenous food. Prof. Halliburton argued that the Yale experiments did not mean all persons should follow them to keep healthy, but that temperance in proteids was as necessary as temperance in drink.

It was the extreme fads wherein lay danger. He added: "The poor in large cities of vegetarian nations, who have low nitrogenous intake show less resistance to privation and disease than do meat-eating people. A proof that vegetarians cannot be satisfied with their diet is that they are forced to take the very richest of proteids, milk, eggs and cheese. Badly cooked vegetables, however, are more digestible than badly cooked animal food. The real usefulness of the apparent excess in eating," the professor said, "is that certain constituents of the proteid molecule are necessary for the building up of tissues, but the amount of these substances is very limited. Taking the case of the far eastern nations, where the native population is diluted with a small number of whites, it is the latter, the meat eaters, who come to the front and who withstand privation and disease better than vegetarians or the black race."

MESSAGE WAS TOO LATE

Russian Consul Commits Suicide Under Dramatic Circumstances.

Liverpool, Jan. 14.—Colonel Robert de Gelmann, the Russian consul at Liverpool, died at his residence at Alburgh yesterday morning from the effect of two wounds which he inflicted on himself with a Turkish dagger.

He had been driven to despair by financial troubles in connection with his estate at Warsaw. His servants were aroused late on Thursday night by a revolver shot. They rushed into his apartments and found that he had fired at himself and had stumbled against the sideboard.

He ordered the servants away, and then seized a Turkish dagger and stabbed himself in the region of the heart. His fall brought up the servants again. They found him in a pool of blood.

Four medical men were summoned, one of them being the assistant consul, Dr. Ouranofski, and they remained with the injured consul all night. Colonel de Gelmann was unconscious until breakfast time. Then a telegram arrived from his daughter at Warsaw stating that all his troubles had been satisfactorily ended. Colonel de Gelmann listened to the message and exclaimed: "It comes too late, too late." A moment afterward he fell back and died.

Colonel de Gelmann has been consul at Liverpool for two years, after acting as assistant Russian consul at Bremen. He was formerly a colonel in the Imperial Russian Guards, and served in the Russo-Turkish war.

During the siege of Plevna he was the officer in charge of the bodyguard of the Grand Duke Nicholas. He slept in an outer apartment of the duke's bedroom, and one night a Turkish spy, frustrated by him in an attempt to reach the duke, stabbed him with a dagger. Colonel de Gelmann killed his assailant after a fierce struggle, and



MOONEY'S PERFECTION Cream Sodas

5 or 500 or 5,000,000 —they are all alike.

Each biscuit as light as if made by fairy hands.

Baked to a golden russet brown.

So fresh, and crisp, and tempting, that just opening the box is teasing the appetite.

And you find a new delight in every one you eat.

Yon get perfection when you get

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

retained the dagger, with which he took his own life.

He wrote a book on his ride from Warsaw to Constantinople, and was also the author of a book of short French stories. Not long ago he wrote a play for children, which was produced by the French Society in Liverpool.

Advertiser Correspondence

The Three-Fifths Majority.

To the Editor of The Advertiser: A recent editorial in the Free Press calls for a number of corrections.

1. "The three-fifths clause was thought to be satisfactory to the prohibition party." If so, why the numerous letters to the members of the House last April protesting against the unjust clause, also the strong deputations from the Dominion Alliance, the temperance and moral reform committee of the Methodist Church, etc., and their protestations and arguments were unanswered. Further, how could any sane man suppose the clause satisfactory to us, when the liquor deputation at the same declared that the clause was quite fair and reasonable?

2. It is said that we are "related by the outlook for success all along the line." This is quite untrue. The three-fifths clause had a most discouraging effect everywhere, as it was designed to have, yet 100 or more municipalities rose so far above it as to put up a heroic fight against the barrow with results which are now well known.

3. The gentlemen, whose names are quoted, spoke the words credited to them some four years previously, under other circumstances, and had no application to the liquor license law of 1903. It is said that the barrow with results which are now well known.

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D. ROGERS.

Thorndale, Jan. 11, 1907.

FALL OVER PRECIPICE

Terrible Experience of Two Members of Party in Alps.

Vienna, Jan. 14.—The details have just become known of a terrible experience which befell a large party of professors and students of Lvov and Zurich Universities the other day in making the ascent of the Ortler, a peak by a largely increased, and in a few places, almost a double mountain of that given three years ago, thus proving the effectiveness of majority rule, as well as the educational value of a good law. Yours truly,

While they were wandering in search of the path darkness fell. A musician named Seelen and a professor, Dr. Verignon, went on ahead with lanterns to act as guides. Both fell over a precipice.

It was impossible for the others to render any assistance, and they took shelter for the night in a hut they found. Sixteen hours passed before they could summon assistance from the valley below. Then M. Seelen was found so severely injured that he is not expected to live. Dr. Verignon's legs were broken, and he was nearly dead from cold.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY. Colder.

Get Your Share of This Special 50c Chiffon Taffeta

A splendid, firm, durable silk with that soft, rich chiffon finish which everyone admires. If it was a trifle wider we could class it with our regular 75c silks. At 50c it is worth hurrying after. And the only way you'll make sure of getting your share will be by coming here immediately. Only 50c pieces to sell. Choice of navy blue or brown. On sale now at..... **50c** Silk Department—Main Floor.

Buy Teacloths, Traycloths and Centerpieces at January Linen Sale Prices

Our January Linen Sale is, as usual, a big success. But we want to make it even more successful. With this idea in view we have provided you with the following big money-saving programme from which to select a stock of teacloths, traycloths and centerpieces. Those who live out of town can take advantage of these reductions by ordering through our mail order department.

Remember, our linens are of strictly reliable quality. When we offer you anything that is not all linen we call your attention to the fact that it is union. Everything is sold on a plain, straightforward basis. A safe, sure, satisfactory buying trip is the result of a visit by person or mail to the Satisfactory Store.

CLUNY LACE TRAYCLOTHS, with 6-inch pure linen lace border and pure linen center. Size 18x27. Regular \$3.25. January Sale Price..... **\$2.75**
Same style as above. Size 20x30. Regular \$3.75. January Sale Price..... **\$3.15**
OVAL CLUNY LACE CENTERPIECES or Traycloths, with 4-inch lace border and pure linen center. Size 20x30. Regular \$3.00. January Sale Price..... **\$2.55**
TWO OTHER STYLES. Same size as above. Regular \$3.25 and \$3.50. January Sale Price..... **\$2.95**
A SNAP IN CLUNY TEACLOTHS. 4 only Cluny Teacloths, with lace border, insertion and medallions. Slightly damaged. Size 36x36. Regular \$3.50. January Sale Price—just half..... **\$1.75**
1 only, similar style as above. Size 45x45. Regular \$6.50. January Sale Price..... **\$4.45**

Quantities are limited on above goods, so it will not do to lose any time in coming here for them. Linen Department—East Store.

Trimmed Hats With Prices Deeply Cut
Millinery—Second Floor.

Colored Coats at Ridiculously Low Prices.
Mantles—Second Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

ENGINE BECAME MOUND OF ICE

Stalled Under Water Tank at Nanton, Alberta, and Even Fire Froze.

Winnipeg, Jan. 14.—They have been having a gay time on western railroads this year, owing to the unprecedented cold. At Nanton, Alberta, the other night, the local thermometer stood so low as to altogether beneath contempt. Outside the depot the downward tendency of the weather gauge drew out the nail which held it to the wall, and the whole apparatus fell to the platform with a dull, stoking thud. At Nanton, Engineer McCrue took his big locomotive to the tank to give it a drink, while the passengers were eating their supper. Nanton has, unfortunately, a water tank of magnificent proportions and ample capacity. After the tender had been filled, the fireman found that something had gone wrong with the works, and do what he might to stop it, the water still flowed from the tank over the tender, and the coal and the track, and, in fact, all over the place. This, where the unfortunate engine was stalled, was a most unfortunate thing. The water fell in a little while the wheels of the engine and her tender were firmly embedded in a large body of solid ice. She could neither go ahead nor back up.

The engineer rang his bell, presumably to keep it from freezing. He whistled "go ahead" and "back up," but nothing happened. He had tried and failed to bluff the elements, but was compelled to lay down. Meanwhile Superintendent Niblock, whose car was attached to the train, was in the thick of the trouble, but as love laughs at locksmiths, the ice king scoffs at superintendents. Big fires were lighted under the locomotive, but in vain. There was entirely too much atmosphere for the amount of heat available. The casual observer, who was, of course, present, said that in his opinion the fire was frozen. The engineer said if he could only back up a bit he could go ahead, and did not seem pleased when somebody suggested that he should go ahead a bit so as to back up a bit, so as to be able to go ahead, which was what he and everybody else wanted to do.

The place the train was being towed more and more firmly rooted in the soil. The passengers, with that charming disregard of facts, began to blame the railway company for the state of the weather. Cheerful pessimists brought reports from time to time to the effect that there was no way out, and that Nanton was the northern terminus until the next chinlock.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized. Also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Quilts and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT, 608 Richmond Street. Phone 997.

Matches

The "Flint and Steel" have passed away, The Lucifer has had its day, The Eight-Day Match has 'ta'en its flight And paled its ineffectual light. Not one of these could "hold a patch" On Eddy's SILENT PARLOR MATCH.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Ltd., Hull, Canada
DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond Street, London.

SUES CANCER DOCTOR

Wife Not Cured, He Demands Return of \$20,000 Fee by Doyen.

Paris, Jan. 14.—George Crocker's suit against Dr. Doyen for restitution of a \$20,000 fee which he paid the physician on his undertaking to cure Mrs. Crocker of cancer some two years ago, came up for trial today. Mr. Crocker contends that the contract made with Dr. Doyen was not fulfilled, that his consent to it was obtained by "moral violence," and furthermore that he ought not to have been compelled to pay in advance.

It was in 1904, two years after Dr. Doyen had announced his discovery of a cure for cancer, that he was called in to attend Mrs. Crocker at Cannes. He said he could cure her, although her case had been pronounced hopeless by noted American physicians. Mr. Crocker says that Dr. Doyen refused to name his fee beforehand, but after he had been treating her for about two weeks told Mr. Crocker over the telephone one day that his fee would be \$20,000, and that it must be paid at once or he would abandon the case.

Mr. Crocker paid the amount demanded, although he thought the charge preposterous. Mrs. Crocker grew worse as the treatment proceeded, until at length Mr. Crocker called in another physician, who advised him to dismiss Dr. Doyen, and he did so. Two months later Mrs. Crocker died at Newport.

Mr. Crocker asks the court in case it should decide in his favor to give the amount awarded to him to the Pasteur Institute of France.

The idea of catching fish by means of a beehive with a hole in the top of it is a strange enough one. Yet this, says the Country Gentleman, not inadequately describes the method employed by fishermen in the Philippine Islands, who clap their apparatus down over the sluggish bottom-feeding fish and then, putting their hands through the hole in the top, extract their victims.

In the South Seas and in various groups of islands in the Indian Ocean the aborigines shoot fish with the bow and arrow. The art is extremely difficult, as in taking aim at an object under water the archer has to allow for refraction. If he were to aim di-

English Novelties

Arrived too late for Christmas trade.

PARLOR COAL HODS, black with floral decorations. BRASS TODDY KETTLES, with amber handles. ENGLISH DOOR KNOCKERS, BRASS SPIRIT LAMPS, BRASS CANDLESTICKS, TRAYS AND SNUFFERS.

Westman's Hardware
121 Dundas St. Market Sq.

rectly at the fish as he sees it, he would, of course, miss. Long practice has, however, made the natives expert in this sport.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Here is the difference: Though pleasure is often work, work is just work.

PAIN IS A PUNISHMENT—Pain is a protest of nature against neglect of the bodily health, against carelessness regarding the physical condition. It steals in at the first opportunity, and takes up its abode in a man, and it is sometimes difficult to eject it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will drive it out in short order. Pain cannot stay where it is used, but immediately flees away.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY — WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Advertising Department 175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 151-153 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Readers of The Advertiser are re-
quested to favor the management by
reporting any irregularities in deliv-
ery. Communicate with the Circu-
lation Department or phone 107.

LONDON, TUESDAY, JAN. 15, 1907.

WEST MIDDLESEX.

The Ontario Legislature will assemble in a few days, so that Mr. Ross will probably resign his seat at once, and an election will be brought on in a few weeks. It is taken for granted that the Conservative candidate will be George Stewart, of Strathroy, whose two defeats give him a moral claim upon his party. There is no lack of good material among the Liberals. Among the men whose names are given prominence are Alexander Stuart, K.C.; Duncan Ross, barrister, Strathroy, son of the retiring member; John C. Elliott, barrister, Glencoe, and Malcolm McSugan, ex-M.P., of Carleton Place. Any one of these gentlemen would make a good candidate, and with proper organiza-
tion, a winning one. The Whitney Government has been installed scarcely two years, but its popularity has un-
dergone a very rapid shrinkage. The recent by-election in Hamilton was one of many indications that its strength in the Province by no means corresponds with its excessive majority in the Legislature.

For its brutal application of the spoils system alone the Government should be rebuked. Dr. Pyne's ama-
teurish administration of the education department must be contrasted by the electors of West Middlesex with the work of their present member in the same field. With an overflowing treas-
ury, the result of the financial policy of the Liberal party which the Conserva-
tive party assailed when in opposition and embraced when in office, the Govern-
ment has created a new head of tax-
ation, and municipalities must now con-
tribute to asylum maintenance for the first time. Mr. Whitney, before the last
election, prated about taking the license
administration out of politics, but it
was the first branch of the service to
be chosen as the prey of the spoilsmen.
The latter have got the upper hand,
and are persecuting Liberal officials
throughout the Province. In spite of
the pledges of members of the
cabinet, the Government has gone
back to the contract system of labor
in the Central Prison, which the late
Government was eliminating as fast as
practicable. In two years the present
Government has managed to commit
many blunders, and accumulate such a
load of unpopularity, that the Liberals,
under good leadership, will go into the
next general election with every pros-
pect of sweeping the Province.

It is a misfortune for the Province
that the Opposition forces in the Leg-
islature are not numerically stronger.
Why should another unit be added to
the Government's bloated majority? It
is not needed by the administration, but
the public interest will suffer if the
Opposition, which has a vital duty to
perform, is further weakened by the
loss of a seat. There will be no fear
of this if the Liberals of West Middle-
sex rally around the choice of their
convention. The riding is historically
Liberal. It has been represented in the
Legislature for nearly 25 years by Hon.
George W. Ross, one of the ablest of
Canada's sons. The Liberals of West
Middlesex have, therefore, a distin-
guished tradition to maintain. It would
be a sore rebuff if the riding fell out
of the Liberal ranks.

THE WORLD'S SHIPPING.

A recent British board of trade re-
turn contains some statistics relative
to the world's mercantile ship-
ping. The foreign trade tonnage of
the United Kingdom entered and cleared
at all ports during 1905 was 112,040,
734, of which 70,968,087 was British
and 41,077,647 foreign. There has been
practically no change in the relative
proportion of British and foreign
ocean carriers in the last five years. In
fact, while the figures rise and fall un-
der varying conditions of prosperity
or depression not in Great Britain
alone, but also in other countries, the
British preponderance is today prac-
tically what it was far back as 1850.

In that year out of a total tonnage
of 14,500,000 entered and cleared at
British ports the British share was
65.1 per cent; in 1890, with the total

over five times greater, the percentage
in favor of Great Britain had risen to
72.7, while ten years later it was down
to 63.7, or practically the same as that
disclosed by the figures for 1905. Of the
foreign countries, bidding for the car-
rying trade of the United Kingdom,
Germany exhibits, as has been the
case for some years back, the most
notable activity. Her share in 1880
was a little over 2,000,000; by 1900, this
figure had been doubled, while for 1905
its volume had increased to a total of
8,645,053 tons, this in itself being an in-
crease of 1,236,414 over the preceding
year. The growth has been steady
and in many respects remarkable;
comparing the increases made by Ger-
many and Great Britain from 1904 to
1905, the advantage rests with Great
Britain by only 72,286 tons.

Norway takes second place to Ger-
many as a foreign competitor with
over 6,750,000—about the same as in
1898—and Sweden and Denmark with
4,250,000 each, show steady progress
for the last decade. The United States
is far down in the list with 1,750,000
tons. Ocean-going ships cannot be
built in the United States because of
the excessive cost of steel and other
materials, the prices of which are
forced up by heavy duties. But for the
coasting trade, of which home-built
vessels have a legal monopoly, the
United States shipbuilding industry
would be almost extinguished. Ger-
many is a protectionist country, but
German citizens, unlike American citi-
zens, freely buy ships from other coun-
tries. This wise policy of free ships
has been a great factor in the growth
of Germany's mercantile marine. The
carrying trade of the United States
is largely in the hands of British shipown-
ers because the United States refuses
to allow foreign-built ships to fly the
American flag.

Anyhow, Elihu Root will be a more
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Mr. Ross has not sung his swan song
by any means.

It is natural that local Tories should
argue that an experienced educationist
should not be elected to a school board.
Look at the present Minister of Educa-
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The venerable Secretary of State,
Hon. R. W. Scott, was mayor of Otta-
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The members of the House of Com-
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duty on corn have no mandate from
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of the finest highways in Western Onta-
rio and serves a large population,
and a splendid farming district. It
should be as free as air.

THE ONE ROAD.

[Lippincott's.]
A wood road, and a good road,
And a road by sand and sea;
A high road and a by-road,
And a road by plain and lea;
A fair road and a bare road,
And a road by vale and hill;
A deep road and a steep road,
And a foot-road sweet and still;
A town road and a down road,
And the king's road broad and free—
There's but one road in all the world—
The way that leads to this!

A GENTLE REFUSAL.

[Baltimore American.]
He-I dreamed last night that you
promised to marry me.
She-Pity, isn't it how dreams go!

A CHEERFUL VIEW OF THINGS.

[Kansas City Times.]
Cheer up for the world at its worst
Might be better.
The sun is so bright,
It kin reach ye all right:
At the foot of the ladder.

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was a little over 2,000,000; by 1900, this
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8,645,053 tons, this in itself being an in-
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figure had been doubled, while for 1905
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8,645,053 tons, this in itself being an in-
crease of 1,236,414 over the preceding
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and in many respects remarkable;
comparing the increases made by Ger-
many and Great Britain from 1904 to
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Norway takes second place to Ger-
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1898—and Sweden and Denmark with
4,250,000 each, show steady progress
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tons. Ocean-going ships cannot be
built in the United States because of
the excessive cost of steel and other
materials, the prices of which are
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coasting trade, of which home-built
vessels have a legal monopoly, the
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publicity here than elsewhere, perhaps.

There should be sufficient public
spirit in London Township to rid it of
the toll-gate before another summer
has passed. The Proof Line road is one
of the finest highways in Western Onta-
rio and serves a large population,
and a splendid farming district. It
should be as free as air.

THE ONE ROAD.
[Lippincott's.]
A wood road, and a good road,
And a road by sand and sea;
A high road and a by-road,
And a road by plain and lea;
A fair road and a bare road,
And a road by vale and hill;
A deep road and a steep road,
And a foot-road sweet and still;
A town road and a down road,
And the king's road broad and free—
There's but one road in all the world—
The way that leads to this!

A GENTLE REFUSAL.
[Baltimore American.]
He-I dreamed last night that you
promised to marry me.
She-Pity, isn't it how dreams go!

A CHEERFUL VIEW OF THINGS.
[Kansas City Times.]
Cheer up for the world at its worst
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PROSPEROUS YEAR
FOR A CHURCHAdelaide Street Baptists Make
Good Progress—Increase
Pastor's Salary.

Adelaide Street Baptist Church held
its annual business meeting last night.
There was a large attendance of mem-
bers, and an unusual degree of interest
was aroused by the encouraging char-
acter of the yearly reports, and espe-
cially by the splendid showing made in
the treasurer's annual statement, which
was a surprise to most of those pres-
ent.

After brief service of prayer and
praise, Rev. T. T. Shields, made
his second report of a full year's work
as pastor. Mr. Shields said it was at
the first morning service of his pas-
torate that the idea of a new church
shaped itself in his mind, though he
kept it to himself for some time. In
the 24 months of his service (from Sep-
tember, 1904, to the end of December,
1906), he had welcomed 158 new mem-
bers into church fellowship, and in that
time the church had raised \$12,500,
while the average congregations had
doubled in size. He said, however, that
the faithful, hearty support given him
by all the officers and members of the
church. The past year had been one of
great material advancement. The only
thing that called for regret was that
there had not been larger spiritual re-
sults. He spoke of the pastor's salary
as being a matter of some importance,
and the able assistance of
Mr. Charles Maynard, and especially
complimented Treasurer J. K. Mc-
Dermid for his energy and ability.

The deacons' report was in many re-
spects similar to that of the pastor. In
referring to the progress made by the
Sunday school they recognized the good
work done by Mr. J. K. McDermid,
while he held the office of superintendent.
They also referred to the fact that
two more members had been called to
service in the mission department, making
six from Adelaide Street Church. The plan
of holding communion service in the
evening bi-monthly had been a success.

The clerk's report showed that the
number of members received during the
past year was 18 by baptism, 33 by let-
ters and 4 by experience—55 in all. The
decrease by removal and other causes
was 21, leaving a total number on the
roll of 347.

The Sunday school report, by ex-Sec-
retary A. J. Gillies, showed a gradual
increase in attendance, the average per
Sunday being 24 members, and 125 in all.
The school had raised \$52 75—of which
\$70 was for the organ fund. The officers
are: Honorary superintendent, Rev. T.
T. Shields; superintendent, Capt. J. W.
Fuller; grading superintendent, J. K.
McDermid; assistant superintendent, D.
H. Gillies; honorary secretary, C. G.
Moorehead; secretary, Miss Ida Ryck-
man; assistant secretary, Percy Cook;
honorary treasurer, Mrs. A. E. Pierce;
treasurer, Frank Pierce; honorary
librarian, A. E. Pierce; assistant librar-
ian, Percy Darlington; pianist, Eddie
Johnston; assistant pianist, Miss Pearl
Maynard.

The Ladies' Aid report, submitted by
Mrs. (Captain) Fuller showed an in-
crease in membership to 61. A great
deal of hard work has been done by the
ladies in the way of getting the new
building into its condition, as well as in
securing furniture, etc.; besides send-
ing supplies to Nipissing and St. Peter's
reserve, entailing an expenditure of
\$112 12.

The report of the Women's Circle,
presented by Mrs. Preston, shows that
the circle has for home and foreign
missions \$137 65—of which \$12 has been
added to the fund. To this sum, however,
should be added \$14 75 since collected and be-
longing to 1906, which would make the
total \$152 40 more than in the previous
year.

The Young Ladies' Mission Circle has
30 members, with Mrs. W. H. Woodburne
as president; Miss Velma Hayes, vice-
president; Miss Kindree, secretary, and
Mrs. A. E. Pierce, treasurer. This circle
raised \$49 40.

The Young People's Mission Band has
15 members, and collected \$30 for the
year. The officers are: Honorary
president, Miss McLeod; honorary vice-
presidents, Rev. Dr. Woodburne, Rev.
Dr. Clark, and Rev. A. S. Woodburne;
president, Miss Moran; acting
presidents for respective quar-
ters of the year, Stanley, Mur-
ray, Frank, and Hope Hope Mc-
Michael and Miss E. Gillies; treas-
urer, Miss Lamont; secretary, J. Brown;
pianist, Miss Pearl Maynard.

The Junior Mission Band has a mem-
bership of 67, and collected \$7 92 dur-
ing the year.

The following church officers were
elected for the year: Church clerk, J.
Gillies; treasurer, J. K. McDermid;
financial secretary, Mr. De Wolfe;
envelope secretary, A. R. Malton; fi-
nance committee, Messrs. Robert Angus,
D. Shaw, J. K. McDermid, D. H. Gil-
lies, Mr. De Wolfe, S. D. Taylor, A. R.
Malton; ushers, Deacons Gillies, Wood-
burne, Spencer, and Brethren T. Shaw,
W. H

A Knot of Blue

BY WILLIAM R. A. WILSON.

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Raoul shook his head, and remained standing.

"Pardieu!" exclaimed the other with an insolent grin, as he took up the documents to examine them, "Monsieur Raoul, the beggar today, is as naughty as Monsieur Raoul, the rich young seigneur of yesterday."

Raoul's face flushed, and he hurried his nails in the palms of his hands at this insult, he had come to fulfill his agreement and obtain possession of a receipt, not to quarrel. The three satellites burst into a peal of laughter they did not attempt to suppress.

Du Tillet finally completed the examination of the deeds, and, finding everything satisfactory, drew up the form of receipt, signed it, and motioned to his three friends to affix their signatures. This being done, he presented the paper to Raoul with a flourish. The young man placed it carefully in an inside pocket, and turned to leave after a stiff bow to his companions.

"Stop a moment, Monsieur, if you will," cried du Tillet. Raoul looked at him interrogatively. "You have had a marvelous experience, although somewhat costly," he continued in a jeering tone; "you whose excitement it has fallen to the lot of few men to enjoy. What a glorious struggle it was! How steadily you won until, just as you were about to seize final victory, it was snatched away from your grasp!" Here he glanced slyly at his three confederates, who immediately became convulsed.

Raoul's eyes snapped with anger. "It has occurred to me, Monsieur," he said with marked emphasis, "that my winning always up to a certain point and

then invariably losing, was more than a mere coincidence."

Du Tillet sat leaning back in his chair, with a gleam of approaching triumph on his face, surveying Raoul between half-shut eyelids.

"In other words, you suspect that you have been—a dupe, perhaps?" he inquired slyly.

"Precisely," was the laconic reply.

"Oh, wise young man! oh, penetrating mind!" du Tillet cried, raising his hands in mock admiration.

"You admit, then—?" exclaimed Raoul hotly, taking a step forward, his right hand involuntarily seeking the place where his sword-hilt should be.

"I do," was the cool rejoinder. "But calm yourself, Monsieur; act not hastily. You are unarmed, you see."

Raoul's bitten lip and clenched hands were his silent answer, sure tokens of a rising storm.

Du Tillet leaned the elbow of his right arm upon the table, and pointing his forefinger at his victim, went on:

"You have indeed been duped, Monsieur, you have been deceived, cheated, deluded, circumvented, overreached, beguiled, cozened, imposed upon, tricked—do you catch my meaning?"

Raoul trembled with emotion as he muttered: "I shall have a friend call upon you tomorrow to arrange a meeting. Nothing but your miserable life will make amends for your villainy, your insults."

"Bah!" was the quick reply. "You will challenge me, and I shall refuse to meet you. I shall show to the world that you merely wish to avenge your losses!"

And I shall show to the world that I have been tricked by a rogue."

"You will hardly care to do so when you learn that you have been tricked by—Wait a moment!" Here du Tillet rose and entered the adjoining room. Quickly divesting himself of his outer clothing he put on another suit hanging on the wall, which changed his appearance marvellously. Standing before a mirror, a few deft strokes of a razor removed all hairy growth from his lips. Having soaked a handkerchief with the contents of a bottle taken from the closet, he proceeded carefully to rub his face and hands. The result was that the scar on his cheek disappeared, together with the tan, leaving the skin fair and white. Seizing his dark locks he whisked off a wig which he tossed across the room, revealing a closely cut head of hair. This he covered with a hat from a nearby peg, and returned to his companion.

"I repeat it, Monsieur," he went on in quick, fervent tones in striking contrast to his customary drawl. "You will hardly care to do so when you learn that you have been tricked by—"

With a quick motion he seized a candle, and, holding it to his face, leaned over the table until his head was close to Raoul's—"Guess!"

Raoul gazed at him in amazement for a few seconds, then a light of recognition shot from his eyes and he recoiled a step, with a cry of consternation:

"Gaspard Roguin!"

"Aye, Gaspard Roguin," was the reply, "the whom you thought to banish from the scene by your meddling with his affairs that night at The Silver Fox, but who has returned, before your very eyes, and has gained his revenge by plucking you of everything you possess. Ah! it was rare sport to see you day by day drawing closer and closer to the trap, little dreaming whose hand it was that stood ready to spring it at the proper time!"

Raoul at first stood petrified by his discovery. In a flash the many scenes of the past few months in which du Tillet had had a part passed before him, and he could now trace his enemy's craft and cunning through them all. A blinding fury that rendered him speechless seized him at his companion's words.

"But my cleverest stroke of all," continued du Tillet with a laugh, "and really, Monsieur, you must admit that it was clever—was to induce you to become desperately smitten with a woman who has wound you round and round her little finger; who has used you, under my direction, as her tool, Madame Duvivier."

"Stop," cried Raoul hoarsely, his speech returning at the sound of his charmer's name. "I command you not to sully her fair name by allowing it to pass your distant lips, or pardon! I will tear your lying tongue from your mouth, unarmed though I may be."

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Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



AN ATTRACTIVE SHIRTWAIST
FROCK—6803-6804.

After considering all of the models in street and general wear, the shirtwaist dress is the usual choice of practical and yet particular womankind. A dress of this style is sketched, which is very pleasing in design, with its tucks and shoulder-yokes and pleated skirt. The waist is one which might be made of any reasonable fabric, a soft silk or washable woolen being much liked, or it may be made of the material of the skirt. But tone of braids may trim the front, yokes and cuffs. The back of the waist is made at home, this one is excellent, and requires but little work to complete. For the medium size the waist requires 3½ yards of 67-inch material, and the skirt 5½ yards of 67-inch goods.

6803—Size 32 to 42 inches bust measure.
6804—Size 20 to 32 inches waist.

The price of these patterns is 20 cents. But either will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE
ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure, representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 20 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

Address: PATTERN DEPARTMENT,
ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

"You are a wonder!" gasped Berthier when he could speak.

"A devil!" cried Gaudais.

"Mille tonnerres! A matter of the Black Art," growled Lieut. Liotot.

"Peste! It was so easy! With a dark wig and dyed mustache, carefully padded clothes, stained skin, and altered voice I have deceived even you, my old companions. You see my year in Paris was not spent in vain. And then my scar—that was a work of art! My limp was the hardest thing to cultivate. A dozen times I have caught myself walking briskly across the floor, forgetful of my infirmity. It is a wonder you did not suspect something wrong long ago."

"But how—?" began Gaudais.

"Wait and I will explain everything. By the aid of some natural skill in imitation, which I developed while away, I forged a number of letters and documents for the mystification of the governor. With them and my disguise I was not afraid to venture back undetected in order to wreak vengeance upon my enemy, Raoul de Chalignac. No one save my housekeeper knows of my identity. Thanks also to a powerful ally I have been able with your aid to bring about de Chalignac's ignominious downfall, which gratifies my revenge, and, incidentally, lines your pockets with gold."

"But the Dutch trader!"

"And the English commandant!"

"That part of my story was strictly true. Have you not already received handsome presents from the governor? But we waste time. Do you, Gaudais, follow our friend and report to me where he goes."

Gaudais, obedient to Gaspard's bidding, followed Raoul at a distance as he flew over the road on his way back to Quebec. His horse, puffed vigorously with spur and whip, rushed fearlessly along in response to the reckless mood of his rider. The revelations of the evening seemed to have seared his brain as with a red-hot iron, but deeper than all, and more painful than any other, had been the villainous accusation against Madame Duvivier. It was a lie, he knew, but she had admitted her friendship for du Tillet, and now it was but right that she should know at once the terrible wrong that he had inflicted upon one to whom she had all so revealed her love. Perhaps when she learned the news she could offer some helpful suggestion toward the avenging of his injury. At any rate his fevered mind needed the calming sympathy she was sure to give. On approaching her house he was relieved to see a light shining from her sitting-room window, indicating that even at that late hour she had not retired.

"Mon dieu! What has happened, mon cher ami? You look as though you had seen a ghost."

Raoul stood before her. "I have indeed seen a ghost, or, rather, have beheld some equally weird sights this night, and have experienced some terrible things. Mad as I am, I am ruined, and by one, your friend, whom you bade me trust. Monsieur du Tillet is not worthy of your friendship. He is a rogue and cheat, who, by his rascally methods at cards, has robbed me of my all. I had planned a far different meeting with you, and with more gold I had hoped to tell you that I loved you, to offer you everything. But now I am a beggar, one who will spend this night under his family roof, knowing that it is no longer his. And worse than all else, I find that the whom I thought my friend is not Monsieur du Tillet, but my former enemy, Gaspard Roguin, in disguise, who has thus triumphed over me. And, last of all, I have heard your dear name insulted, have heard him, the foul-mouthed fellow, proclaiming you a traitress, and, the fact that he had used you to aid him in my downfall; you, as he boastfully asserted, his discarded mistress. Oh! tell me, Madame, you who have been as a star of hope in my midnight sleep, tell me that you have had no hand in this, no love with him, and bid me go and avenge the double blow upon his unworthy frame. I have lost my lands and gold, and I warrant that for such a cause my hand has not forgotten its cunning, and can yet pierce with unerring blade his treacherous heart."

[To Be Continued.]

DISEASE MADE BONES
SNAP LIKE GLASS

Frank L. Wellington has died at his home in Trinity avenue, New York, the victim of a disease which caused his bones to snap like glass. One day while holding a strap in his right hand he snapped off. A short time later a leg bone snapped. According to his physician this terrible condition was brought about by taking medicine which contained a certain mineral poison.

Again and again as he has been demonstrated that mineral poisons are harmful. It is because Bileans are so effective for all liver and digestive disorders, yet contain no trace of any mineral, but are, on the contrary, purely herbal, that they have won the praise of medical men, trained nurses and scientists all the world over. Bileans differ from pretty nearly every other liver medicine in containing no mercury, and from pretty nearly every other stomach medicine in being free from bismuth. They are also free from alcohol. They are compounded from the finest known medicinal herbs and roots, and are thus the best family medicine that can be obtained. They operate gently on the bowels, curing constipation and piles. They correct acidity of the stomach, stimulate the digestion, tone up the liver, and correct the secretion of bile. Their general action is at the same time corrective and tonic—correcting faulty secretion, toning up weak and debilitated organs. They thus cure anemia, green sickness, female ailments, and irregularities, blood impurities, rheumatism, etc. For nausea, headache, gas, pain in the chest and between the shoulders they are also very effective. Their operation is mild, yet effective. In curing constipation they do not cause after-constipation, nor do they ever cause griping. Mothers will find them beneficial in the many little ailments to which children are subject. All druggists sell Bileans at 50 cents a box, or they may be obtained post free from the Bilean Co., Toronto, on receipt of price. For \$2.50 a parcel of six boxes will be mailed. This is the most economical form for family use.

GOOD STORIES OF SHAH OF PERSIA

Conferred Grand Cordon on
Man Who Cured Toothache.

MONARCH'S BARBAROUS FATHER

Wanted to Kill a Man at Buckingham
Palace and To Buy Some
English Wives

London, Jan. 15.—The death of Mirzaffer ed Din, Shah of Persia, recalls some amusing incidents of recent visits to Europe and England, by himself and also by his paternal predecessor, Nasser ed Din, on the Persian throne.

While Nasser ed Din, was an innate barbarian, cruel and autocratic, his son and successor had acquired some European tastes, and his disposition was kindly. Nasser was with difficulty persuaded on one occasion that he must not send one of his suite, who had offended him, to be executed in the garden of Buckingham Palace; and on another time, the subject of capital punishment in Persia being under discussion at a state banquet, he proposed with perfect seriousness to behead one of his followers in the presence of the company to illustrate the process. He once offered an Englishman of high rank and title whose wife was a celebrated beauty £10,000 for the lady, whom he desired to add to his harem.

In contrast to this, it is related that when his son Mirzaffer, whose death occurred last week, was at Ostend in 1900 the Belgian police were much excited by the appearance in town of three ragged Orientals, armed with revolvers. It was surmised that their purpose was to kill the Shah, and they were arrested. They explained, however, that they were Persian merchants who, becoming destitute in London, where they had come on a business venture, and learning of the proximity of their ruler, had managed to beg their way to Ostend to ask him for assistance. They had purchased the revolvers to protect themselves from hostile English and Belgian tribes on the journey, they declared. Mirzaffer, on being informed of their plight, and finding their story to be true, at once issued orders that they be cared for and sent back to Persia.

Did Not Boil Him in Oil.

Nothing could better illustrate the difference between Mirzaffer and his average Oriental despot, however, than the Shah's conduct after the attempt by the Anarchist Saloon to assassinate him in Paris in 1900. Nasser would doubtless have insisted that the would-be assassin be buried alive or boiled in oil. His son, on the other hand, was probably crazy. He even expressed sympathy for him to President Carnot, who called at the Hotel des Souverains to express the overwhelming regret of the French people at the death of the illustrious ruler of Persia, who had been attempted on French soil.

While Nasser was not as much approved as his son in European courts, however his visits caused considerably more amusement than those of his successor. Nasser had a certain frankness that was refreshing and a sense of humor without. He held himself far above the greatest nobles with whom he came in contact, and treated them with arrogance or condescension as his mood dictated. When dining with an enormously wealthy Duke of Sutherland, whose daughter was the guest was the then Prince of Wales, the Shah glanced the eye of the Prince and then glanced significantly at the duke, and drew his hand across his throat, his idea being to convey the suggestion that in Persia a vassal whose son was slain would be disposed of and his property confiscated.

Ineligible for the Harem.

Once at a state ball at Windsor a certain great lady who had had a reputation for beauty, but was no longer in her first youth, was presented to Nasser ed Din, at her own earnest solicitation, and not much to his satisfaction. The Persian monarch, who spoke only his own language and French, inspected her critically from head to heels through his spectacles, and then turned away with the remark, "Trop tard!"—meaning that he had met her too late in her life to find her acquaintance a valuable one.

Nasser attended many state banquets during his tours of Europe, but he generally satisfied his appetite alone before he came to the table, since he found it difficult to live up to modern etiquette. He could not overcome the impulse to take his food in his fingers, for example, and he was almost sure to throw what was left on his plate over his shoulder, when he had eaten all he cared to of its contents. The story is told that he was once sitting at the right of Queen Victoria, at a formal dinner at Buckingham Palace, when he bit off the top of a piece of asparagus and handed the remainder to his hostess to finish, as a particular mark of esteem.

While a distinct improvement on his father, as has been suggested, Mirzaffer ed Din was by no means an up-to-date person. He was unable to handle a knife and fork, and to eat properly from a table; but, when alone, he preferred to sit on a stool with his food on an elevation about the same height and use his fingers.

Afraid of Motor Cars.

It was a long time, also, before the Shah would venture his precious person in a motor car, though eventually he took several to Persia with him. At first, however, he preferred to watch his attendants risk their lives in the devil-wagons that were brought for his inspection, into the courtyard of the Hotel des Souverains, and it was not until they had made a sufficient number of journeys without accident that he ventured to trust himself in one.

Although one of the wealthiest sovereigns in the world, Mirzaffer was not overparticular about the payment of his debts on his journeys abroad. He

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Artistic Shades
Why waste your labor using
inferior silks—buy Corticelli—
and see the difference in results

made extravagant purchases at most of the European cities he visited, and many of the tradesmen with whom he dealt had cause to regret it. On his second visit to Paris his French creditors attached his baggage and other portable possessions, and he was forced to liquidate their claims. On his way to Vienna the same year the Shah stopped over night at Lemberg, he and his suite occupying forty-six large and thirty-two small rooms at the leading hotel. In the morning he was rendered a bill for about 10,000. Mirzaffer was furious and rated the landlord as an extortioner, but the hotelkeeper told him that it had cost \$4,000 to repair his kitchen in preparation for his royal guest, and insisted on payment. There was not sufficient money in the treasury to meet the bill, and the landlord refused to accept jewels as security, because he did not know whether they were real or not. Finally a local banker came to the rescue; accepted a draft on Persia, and settled the account.

During his visit to Paris, in 1900, Mirzaffer created something of a sensation among European royalties by conferring the grand cordon, of the Order of the Lion and the Sun, which had hitherto been confined exclusively to reigning sovereigns, upon an American dentist who had relieved him of an obstinate toothache, after many others of the craft had failed.

Mirzaffer's visits to the European capitals left a better impression than those of his father, in spite of the fact that Nasser's barbaric display of jewels and the Oriental custom that he refused to modify to suit more cultivated tastes, lent him a certain mystic in the eyes of the vulgar. Nasser's religious principles impose very dirty habits upon himself and the members of his suite, and his visits were looked forward to with positive terror by the custodians of the palaces in which he was housed by his royal hosts.

It required weeks of disinfection and careful cleaning to render habitable again the Alter Schloss in Berlin, where he had occupied the magnificently decorated Louis XIV. apartments. He was given a suite of rooms in Buckingham Palace on the occasion of his first visit to England, but was taken care of elsewhere on his second and third visits. Indeed, it was said on his second visit that rich English parvenus vied with one another in inviting him to their residences. In the hope that so signal an act of devotion to the crown would secure reward in the form of titles, and that this hope was fulfilled in more than one instance. Nasser's suite fed principally on mutton, and this was killed in the living-rooms of the houses they occupied, which was not conducive to cleanliness.

A rumor that the Maritzburg (Natal) Corporation intended to dispense with the services of unmarried employees so frightened the single members of the staff that within a week they all obtained from the chief magistrate special licenses to marry.

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Ladies' Long-Sleeve Vests, in gray only button front, lace trimmed, for 25c

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Ladies' Long-Sleeve Vests, light fleeced, button front, lace trimmed, in gray only, shaped waist, for 35c

Men's Underwear 39c
Men's Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers, ribbed wrist and ankles, assorted sizes, well finished. Sale price, a garment 39c

Ladies' Hose, 35c
Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose, seamless feet, full fashioned, spliced heel and toe. Sale price 35c

Big Umbrella Sale
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas, bone handles, bulb-runner, Austrian cloth covering. Special at 58c

Big Value in Handbags
Leather Handbags, in green, black, brown and blue, moire lined, gilt frame, change purse inside. Special at 76c

6 dozen Handbags, in black, blue, green and brown, gilt frame, moire or leather lined, change purse inside, leather handle. Special sale price 88c

Ladies' White Lawn Waists, special at 98c.

J. M. THOMPSON Proprietor

Vienna is to have the largest and finest illuminated fountain in existence. The illuminating power will equal 900,000 candles. It includes 27 immense reflectors capable of giving 17 variations in light effects every 17 seconds. Alfred Everitt, of West Mersea, while cycling at Fingringhoe, was thrown in to a hedge in consequence of a cat running against his machine. He found the cat firmly wedged between the mudguard and the fork of the cycle.

CASTORIA

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Tom Phillips' Thistles pass through Toronto about noon today en route to try for the Stanley Cup, and although the hour is an awkward one, the Argonaut executive has arranged with the banks to let the team off long enough to go down to the station. So that Bertie and Rollo and blue-eyed Karl will at least get a glimpse of the really truly thing in hockey. And for mercy's sake, Percy, don't crowd. You'll have plenty of time to see them all, as the engine always stops at Toronto to take on water.

"Everything comes to those who hustle while they wait." The local sport-loving public, especially the hockey enthusiasts, have had a good, or bad, if you will, long wait, and now their patience is to be rewarded. Hockey tomorrow night! Manager Trafford, of the Jubilee Rink, states that two City League hockey games will be pulled off on Wednesday. If Old Jupiter Pluvius wants to retain his hold on the people's affections he would do well to keep the wet stuff away from the Forest City until April at least. The "Hockey King" will be sung by the chorus, and the choir is requested to turn out in large financial quantities. Chormasters McMahon and Peel will lead the chorus—and preserve peace.

At last old Hamilton has been worsted. Her athletes lost four out of five events at the Buffalo indoor meet recently. The Spectator says: The Hamilton athletes who went to Buffalo on Saturday to compete in the indoor games of the Seventy-fourth Regiment, brought back one first prize. Rowton was the winner. He won his heat and also the final heat in the 250 yards run in impressive style. His time, 28 3/5 seconds, was fast, equalling the record. Rowton started in the 100 yards dash, but was too heavily handicapped that he did not show. Bobby Kerr was the scratch man in the 100 and 200 yards events. He ran well, but the handicappers were so generous to the other contestants that the Hamilton boy was unable to get inside of the money in either event. A. J. Lambert, another Hamiltonian, started in the 100-yard and one-mile runs, but was misplaced in both, being unable to overcome his handicaps. The games were well patronized and great interest was taken in the events in which the Hamilton boys competed.

The McVior-Cole assault case at Goderich has been postponed again. It is high time that slugging in hockey matches was cut out. When the public pays to see a hockey contest they want nothing else. A combination of hockey and fistfights, while exciting, is not desirable.

As an aftermath of the decidedly suspicious-looking six-day bicycle grind recently run off in New York, Root and Folger, two of the riders in the event, are about to get themselves in a peck of trouble. At least, so say the promoters of the affair. It seems that the two riders have been making statements to the effect that the event was not on the square, and that they have not as yet received their share of the proceeds. The promoters will prefer charges against the pair to the racing board of the National Cycling Association, and fondly hope that such action will result in the expulsion of the riders from cycle tracks in all parts of the world. That sounds nice, doesn't it? It is really terrible the way those poor innocent promoters, Pollock and Powers, have been used. They think it their duty to prosecute the two riders in question because they uttered something that was on the tongue of every sporting man all over the country, and at the pen-point of every sporting writer on the continent. It is to laugh.

What is in a name after all? An old skate dignified by the commonest of names—Jerry—won out over a field of horses supporting names like: Rustling Silk, Gold Duke, Goldass, Duessa, Arby Van and Gamster, yesterday in the first race at New Orleans.

Daniels, the swimming champion, is now less than 21 years of age and holds all tank and many straightaway records for from 25 to 400 yards.

The following from the Philadelphia Enquirer is breezy, and perchance interesting, but what championship Haley possesses is neither apparent in the sporting records or in the appended item: "Darkey Haley, champion of England, who made his first appearance in this country at the National on Saturday night, has all the earmarks of a good one. Remembering Ike Bradley, local enthusiasts were skeptical, but when they saw him put up his hands against our own Tommy O'Toole, they knew he was a long ways removed from a lobster, and that the pride of Port Richmond had a job in front of him. They were at it every minute of the six rounds, and at the finish there was little or nothing to choose between them. The advent of a boxer of the class of Haley at this stage of the game is a godsend to the cranks who have become wearied of seeing the same old faces. He will throw a little variety into the bills—something that has been sorely needed for some time."

The writer of the above article says that Haley will throw a little variety into the bills. Never heard of Haley before, didn't know there was such a party, but if he is anything like our Tommy Burns or his prospective sparring partner, Hod Stuart, he should throw much more than variety on the American sporting bills. Tommy turned conventional ring form topsy-turvy when he gave O'Brien that famous lambasting out on the coast, and Hod Stuart gave the Americans an exhibition of referee-baiting (and other things) that has never been since equaled.

ROYAL CANADIANS WON THEIR POINT KEEPING UP THEIR WINNING STREAK

None But Fresh Water Yachts
to Compete in Canada
Cup Races.

Toronto, Jan. 14.—An agreement has at last been arranged between the Rochester Yacht Club and the Royal Canadian Yacht Club with reference to next year's Canada's Cup race. Mr. Jarvis has just returned from Rochester, where he had a conference with the Rochester Yacht Club regarding the eligibility of salt water yachts to compete in the trial races for the Canada's Cup. The contention of the Royal Canadian has been that the race is confined entirely to fresh water yachts, whereas the Rochester Yacht Club have contended that so long as the owner was a member of their club, no matter where the yacht came from, it filled the conditions.

After a long and arduous argument on the subject, the Rochester Yacht Club consented to take the Royal Canadian's interpretation, provided the Royal Canadian would join in an application to the original donors of the cup to alter the wording with respect to this particular matter, and also to alter several other clauses of the deed to coincide with present conditions.

Mr. Jarvis says he heard that the Rochester Yacht Club were likely to give their offer this year to the Herreshoff Manufacturing Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., which would be the first time that the famous Nat. Herreshoff will have designed or built for this cup.

At Sulham, a small village near Reading, Eng., some men working in a gravel pit there came upon seven prehistoric British urns containing human bones more or less incinerated. Near by were found the ashes of a large fire. The character of the pottery is that of the bronze age. Several flint instruments were found on the spot.

Guelph's Seniors Take Game
From Galt—Some Clever
Combination Work.

Guelph, Jan. 14.—The Guelph seniors continued their victorious career by defeating Galt in a fast game tonight by the score of 7 to 5. The crowd in attendance was large, and enthusiasm ran high, especially as the game at most stages was very close. A feature of the game was the clever combination work displayed by both teams. The play was clean, although quite a few were penalized for minor offenses.

In the first half the scoring was close, both teams securing two goals. Right at the start in the second, however, the locals forged ahead and soon had the lead by 5 goals to 2. Galt then took a brace up and things began to look interesting until Otto Christman, the Guelph point man, dashed the full-length of the ice for a game. Galt took the last, and the call of time found both teams as hard at it as at the start. For Guelph the whole defense played hard and brilliant hockey. On the forward line Quette put up a showy game, but the real star was young Fyfe, who was always in the thickest of it. For Galt Brady and Dennis were both very effective.

The teams lined up as follows: Guelph—Goal, Booth; point, Christman; cover, Irving; river, Deyman; center, Fyfe; wings, Buchan and Ouellette.

Galt—Goal, Roberts; point, Johnson; cover, Twatke; river, Dennis; center, Robson; wings, Brady and Munn.

Referee—Fred C. Waghorne.

The stationmaster's parrot at Walmer, Eng., has been frustrated a burglary. Some men broke into the station office and had begun to ransack it when the bird began calling "Harry, Harry," and uttering unearthly yells. The men left the goods they had packed to take away and fled.

Some Baseball Contracts That Were Remarkably Odd

Hugh S. Fullerton has the following in the Chicago Tribune:

Signing a ball player to a contract sometimes involves queer conditions. The joke of the entire matter is that there never was a contract made in baseball—that is, on the regular contract form—that would hold for ten minutes in a court of law, but just the same they are binding, because the baseball organizations of the country make their own laws—and enforce them.

Managers have to deal with some odd characters, and often the contracts they make with the players, who, as a rule, know nothing of law and little of business, are fantastic things. I once helped sign a pitcher who stipulated in his contract that he was to be permitted to take two chews of tobacco a day and smoke a cigar each day. He had heard that major league players were forbidden to smoke or chew, and he did not propose to be robbed of these privileges.

One of the oddest things ever entered into was the contract between the Chicago National League Club and George Edward Waddell, who was formerly a pitcher with the White Sox. The contract provided that he was to be permitted to take two chews of tobacco a day and smoke a cigar each day. He had heard that major league players were forbidden to smoke or chew, and he did not propose to be robbed of these privileges.

Rube had, in the language of T. Donohue, "got through" in Pittsburgh. He openly was threatening to annihilate several members of the team and was on one of his periodical rumpages. Boston wanted him badly—and so did Chicago. Boston offered to give him \$3,500 for the remainder of the season, and Chicago was willing to pay him only \$2,400, and Loftus was delegated to sign Rube and make him glad to knock off \$1,100 from his earnings for the end of May to the middle of October. Loftus cornered George Edward and commenced jolting him.

"I'll tell you, Tom," said Eddie, "I'd rather play with you than with Boston, but they offer me \$1,100 more."

"That's all right," said Tom, "Don't let a little thing like that stop you from joining a good ball club with a lot of good fellows."

For perhaps half an hour they argued along that line, and then Tom said: "I'll tell you, Eddie, what I'll do. You sign that contract, and when we get to New York I'll buy you the best Panama hat in town."

"All right," said George Edward. "Just put that in the contract."

So Loftus inserted it in the contract and George Edward, perfectly satisfied, signed up and joined the team. When they got to New York Loftus bought him the \$1,100 Panama—for \$28.

James A. Hart once signed a player from Eufaula, Ala., to one of the oddest contracts ever framed, and if that player had lived up to his agreement, the National League would have seen the greatest star that ever played the game. However, something happened to him before the season opened—possibly he died, being too good to live. At any rate he never appeared to keep the contract.

The player wrote to Hart during the winter and told him how good he was. Among other things he said: "I hit .555 this summer, and can do as well in the National League. My fielding average was 1.260 and it would have been better but for the bats scoring. We have down here and some bad players on our team whose errors were charged to me. I will agree to hit .550 in the National and field 1.500."

Hart at once forwarded him a contract calling for \$25,000 for the next season, providing he did as he agreed. The contract was signed and sent, but the player never appeared. That was one reason Chicago didn't win the pennant that year.

Ted Sullivan, the most persistent hunter of players in the world, returned from one trip with a contract signed up in due form. It was in the war days and both leagues were after a certain player—who was missing for the winter. Finally somebody located the player far up in Montana, and it was a race to see who got there first.

Ted had half a day's start on the representative of the rival league and made the best of it. He lost his grip at Great Falls, but plunged on and found the player. He knew that the next train, only a few hours behind him, would bring the rival and that a bidding match for the services of the player would result.

Ted found the player, made terms, and was reaching for the contract to be signed, when the train bearing his rival whistled in. Then he discovered that he had lost the contract with his grip.

He thought quickly, and, jerking off his cuff, wrote out the contract terms upon it, and the player signed just as the agent of the rival league appeared.

The story attributed to C. Dryden that Ted signed the player for the Boston club and that Conant refused to repay him for the lost cuff is declared untrue.

One spring in Chicago we had an entire new crop of baseball reporters turned loose, and upon them I perpetrated a joke. It was just before the opening of the baseball season, and the same old grist of senseless gossip was being rehearsed. One morning I turned loose a story to the effect that I Ryan had not signed his contract.

That day James A. Hart was besieged by angry reporters, who accused him in all sorts of ways of favoring me and giving me inside tips. They demanded explanations and apologies. Hart was bewildered and pained until they showed him the paper with a story to the effect that Ryan was not signed.

The joke of it was that during the twenty years with the Chicago National League Club Ryan never signed a contract.

There are dozens of players in each major league who sign contracts each spring agreeing not to drink during the season and to forfeit certain sums of money in case they break over—and some of them keep one of these agreements.

There was a case like this in the old Chicago ball club. The player was a man who was religious and a man of his word in every sense, and besides,

that a cracking good pitcher, but he could not resist drink when he met a crowd of good fellows. That season he signed an absolute pledge with the management, agreeing to drink neither each year and to forfeit \$250 for each time he broke the agreement. Late in August he played in Pittsburgh, and the player pitched one of the greatest games of his career. That night he and I and a couple of others jumped to Boston, leaving the rest of the team to play an exhibition on the way. The evening was hot, the car stifling, and the beer cold. Someone invited him to drink and he refused, although expressing a great longing for just one bottle. All the urging of the others failed to shake him. Finally I remarked: "Hart is at the Walton in Philadelphia. Will you and get permission to take a drink?" We wrote this message: "James A. Hart, Walton, Philadelphia: May I drink a bottle of beer?"

The message was sent from some place down in Ohio. Ashtabula, I think, early in the evening and as the train rolled into Erie there came a reply from Hart, who evidently had read the account of the victory at Pittsburgh. The telegram said: "Yes, six bottle, and I'll pay for them."

Hart was involved in another contract with a player who was famous for his abnormal love of drink. The player was poor old Tom Toad Ramsey, the greatest left-hander that ever wore a spike. Ramsey simply had to drink. Hart pitched and knew that no contract, agreement or fine would stop him, so he hit upon another plan, and Tom Toad signed an agreement to drink only when Hart, as manager, gave him permission to drink.

Tom pitched a good game on Tuesday night and went home with money and say, "Get it over and be ready to pitch on Friday." Through the entire season Ramsey kept his word. He would make haste to get drunk as soon as permission was granted, but he always straightened up and was ready for the game on the day named by Hart, and, furthermore, he drank less that season than he did in any of the three years in which he was the premier southpaw of the world.

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GUELPH BOYS MADE A STRONG FINISH

Scored Twice in Last Five
Minutes and Won From
the Midgets.

Stratford, Jan. 14.—In the fastest junior game seen in Stratford for some seasons the Midgets fell down before Guelph Lyons tonight. Score at half time tie—1 to 1, and at full time 2 to 2. Both teams waded in every minute of play, and at no time did either have any distinct advantage. During the last five minutes Guelph gathered in considerable speed, and when the game was 2 to 1 against them they came back and scored twice. Referee Irving was not altogether satisfied. He was quite erratic on off-sides, and allowed players to slash at will. The lineup: Guelph—Goal, Brooks; point, Mowat; coverpoint, Allen; center, Mercer; Referee, Rochon; left, Savage; right, King.

Stratford—Goal, Reg. Rankin; point, Richardson; coverpoint, Ramsay Rankin; center, J. Simpson; rover, F. Rankin; left, Preston; right, F. Simpson.

Referee—Irving, Toronto.

SAINTS BLANKED.

Tillsonburg, Jan. 14.—The Pandrieds defeated the Saints O. H. A. team here tonight in a fairly fast game by a score of 6 to 0. The ice was soft, making fast work impossible. The home brews were better and faster all around.

For the Pandrieds, Andrews, Oatman and Hogarth shone. Kempton, in great play in his first game, and did well. Johns put up a brilliant game for the Saints. Referee Coombs, of Simcoe, was good. The lineup: St. Thomas—Goal, Johns; point, Laut; cover, Parker; rover, Whittaker; center, Sinclair; right wing, Size; left wing, Johns.

Tillsonburg—Goal, Kempton; point, Weatherwax; cover, Wilcox; rover, Vance; center, Hogarth; right wing, Andrews; left wing, E. Oatman.

Referee—A. H. Coombs, Simcoe.

THE McVOR CASE.

Goderich, Jan. 14.—The McVior-Cole assault case in a recent hockey game was again postponed, this time for two weeks, owing to engagements of counsel for defense and for other reasons. There are hints at a desire on the part of the complainant to withdraw the case, but the crown officer thinks the public should have a say in it, and he will not agree to that.

SPARTA, 4; ORWELL, 1.

Orwell, Jan. 14.—The Sparta hockey team defeated the local team here on Saturday in a keenly-contested game by a score of 4 to 1. In the first half the puck was kept in the vicinity of the Orwell goal, the score being 4 to 0 at half time. In the second half the local team played superior hockey and scored 1 goal the visitors failing to score. Parker played a fine game for Orwell, and Smale did good work for Sparta. Referee Ingram, of St. Thomas, gave good satisfaction to both sides.

TENNIS.

GARCIN WON TOURNAMENT.

New York, Jan. 14.—The international invitation court tennis match between the four best players in the world was completed today at the New York and Tennis Club court. Ferdinand Garcin, the French champion, defeated George Standing, the American champion, at racquets in two straight sets. The score was 8-5, 8-6. By this Garcin, who had a record of three games, and none lost, won the tournament.

SEVENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

CAPITAL, \$3,000,000 - RESERVE FUND, \$5,250,000

HEAD OFFICE - - - - - HALIFAX
GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN Y. PAYZANT, president. CHARLES ARCHIBALD, Vice-President.
R. L. BORDEN, J. WALTER ALLISON, G. S. CAMPBELL,
HECTOR McINNES, H. C. McLEOD.

BRANCHES.
NOVA SCOTIA—Amherst, Annapolis, Royal, Antigonish, Bridgetown, Canim, Dartmouth, Digby, Glace Bay, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, New Glasgow, North Sydney, Oxford, Parrsboro, Pictou, River Hebert, Springhill, Stellarton, Sydney Mines, Truro, Westville, Windsor, Yarmouth.

NEW BRUNSWICK—Campbellton, Chatham, Fredericton, Moncton, Newcastle, Port Elgin, Sackville, St. Andrews, St. George, St. John, St. Marys, St. Stephen, Sussex, Woodstock.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—Charlottetown, Summerside.

ONTARIO—Amherst, Berlin, Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Peterborough, Toronto, Kingston, Dundas street.

QUEBEC—Montreal, Paspébie.

MANITOBA—Winnipeg.

ALBERTA—Calgary, Edmonton.

SASKATCHEWAN—Saskatoon.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Vancouver.

NEWFOUNDLAND—Harbor Grace, St. John's.

WEST INDIES—Havana, Cuba; Kingston, Jamaica; Montserrat, Port Antonio, Port Antonio, Jamaica; Port of Spain, Trinidad.

UNITED STATES—Boston, Chicago.

HALIBUT PAY WELL

Canada Has Choice Fishing Grounds
On the Pacific.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 13.—John Seymour, of Seattle, says: "Time was when nearly all the halibut sold in Canada and the United States came from the Atlantic fishing grounds. But now the development of the Pacific has changed all this, and by far the greater part of the halibut sold in the west coast. So much greater is the sale of western fish that halibut from the Pacific may be found so far east as within 100 miles of the Atlantic seaboard."

"If it wasn't for the Pacific halibut fisheries the Atlantic grounds would have long ago been pretty well exhausted, and now halibut would be selling at fancy prices. But it is sold all over the country, and at very reasonable rates, considering the distance it has to come in many instances."

"The fish are caught at some seasons off the coast of the state of Washington, and at others about 400 miles north of Vancouver. The fish are dressed on the boats as soon as drawn in. They are immediately put in ice, and the steamers make as soon as possible for Tacoma or Seattle, where the fish is passed into the waiting refrigerator cars. Then comes a fast trip to Chicago, which is the great distributing point for the whole of the great middle west."

FAST COAL SEAM BURNS

Fire in Vein Extinguished After Smouldering for Months.

Edmonton, Alta., Jan. 15.—J. A. L. McDougall has returned from a trip up the Saskatchewan, extinguishing a fire that has been smouldering in a coal seam since Aug. 23. The coal outcrops on the north bank of the river and is owned by McDougall and Secord and the C. P. R. The seam is about 23 feet in thickness and shows a face of about 400 feet, dipping into the river eastward. The fire originated from a pile of brush and obtained a ready means of access by several excavations that were formerly made into the bank.

McDougall put on a gang of thirteen men digging and picking until a trench 22 feet deep and 400 feet long divided the burning coal from the main seam. He says it is a most beautiful sight to see the seam stripped and showing a black, glistening face 400 feet long alongside the river bank. The coal is of excellent quality and is being used by the blacksmiths in their forges in the lumber camps.

A seam some nine miles up the river has been burning for nine years, and there seems at present no possibility of ever getting it under control.

The world is growing better, but not at such a rapid rate that it is likely to yearn to support you and your family just out of the goodness of its heart. If the man in the moon isn't a high liver, he looks it.

With rye, scotch or brandy, York Sparks adds zest and improves flavor, because no salts overload it; it does wonders in bringing out the bouquet of spirits. Ask for it at good hotels and clubs; or tell your wine merchant you want it.

York Sparks
is better—yet costs no more.

The Mineral Springs Limited, Toronto
SCANDRETT BROS.

Cupid Without Wings

It is announced that the executives of the London (Eng.) Young Men's Christian Association will be granted permission by the home office—subject to the prison governors' and chaplains' views—to deliver non-religious lectures on moral subjects to a certain class of prisoners after their day's work.

D. H. HUIE, C.A., Edinburgh.
J. MAX TONE GRAHAM, C.A., Edinburgh.

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PROFIT AND LOSS.

1905. Dec. 30. By Balance \$ 39,326 04
1906. Dec. 31. By net profits for current year; losses by bad debts estimated and provided for 638,516 58
697,842 63

1906. Mar. 31. To Dividend No. 145, at 11 per cent per annum, payable 2nd April, 1906 69,037 78
June 30. To Dividend No. 146, at 11 per cent per annum, payable 3rd July, 1906 71,889 30
Sept. 29. To Dividend No. 147, at 11 per cent per annum, payable 1st October, 1906 77,482 45
Dec. 31. To Dividend No. 148, at 12 per cent per annum, payable 2nd January, 1907 80,978 40
To contribution to officers' pension fund 20,000 00
To written off bank premises account 100,000 00
To transferred to reserve fund 210,000 00
To balance carried forward 54,454 70
\$ 692,842 63

Note—Average capital for the year, \$2,735,361 18.

RESERVE FUND.
1905. Dec. 30. By balance \$4,200,000 00
1906. Oct. 31. By premium on 5,000 shares of new stock issued at 268 \$840,000 00
Dec. 31. By transferred from profit and loss 210,000 00
1,050,000 00
\$5,250,000 00

1906. Dec. 31. To balance carried forward - 175 per cent of capital \$5,250,000 00

GENERAL STATEMENT AS TO DECEMBER 31st, 1906

LIABILITIES.
Deposits not bearing interest \$ 5,348,743 26
Deposits bearing interest 19,539,650 00
Interest accrued on deposits 178,514 57
\$25,066,907 83

Deposits by other banks in Canada 244,325 78
Deposits by other banks in foreign countries 208,365 06
\$ 452,690 84

Notes in circulation 2,888,777 42
Drafts drawn between branches, outstanding 547,011 18
\$ 3,435,788 60

Capital paid up \$ 3,000,000 00
Reserve fund 5,250,000 00
Profit and loss 54,454 70
Rebate of interest at 6 per cent on time loans 116,910 67
Dividend warrants outstanding 57,75 75
Dividend No. 148, payable Jan. 2, 1907 89,978 40
\$ 8,511,401 62
\$27,461,788 89

ASSETS.
Specie \$ 2,159,216 39
Dominion notes—legal tenders 2,169,481 50
Notes and checks on other banks 1,901,757 13
Due from other banks in Canada 123,499 61
Due from other banks in foreign countries 1,129,301 21
Sterling exchange 962,705 75
\$ 8,415,961 59

Investments (provincial, municipal and other bonds) \$ 5,040,805 25
Call loans, secured by bonds, debentures and stocks 3,792,123 94
Call loans, secured by grain and other staple commodities 1,726,594 57
\$10,064,485 83

Loans to provinces and municipalities 82,067 36
Current loans, secured by bonds, debentures and stocks 1,481,723 95
Current loans, secured by grain and other staple commodities 1,461,894 08
Overdrafts, secured 73,184 65
Overdrafts, authorized, but not specially secured 140,282 81
Notes and bills discounted and current 14,650,905 47
Notes and bills overdue 1,224 76
Bank premises 428,452 86
Real estate other than bank premises 438 69
Stationery department 15,779 56
Deposits with Dominion Government for security of note circulation 120,299 25
\$18,456,302 54
\$37,461,788 89

NOTE.—The latest return from Port of Spain, Trinidad, is dated Dec. 14, 1906, and the figures therein are incorporated herein.
A contingent liability of \$200,000, in conjunction with several other banks in connection with the liquidation of the Ontario Bank, is not expressed in the above statement.

H. C. McLEOD, General Manager.

AUDITORS' REPORT.
We hereby certify that we have personally checked the cash on hand at Halifax, St. John, Montreal and Toronto. We have also verified the securities as held as investments, personally examining those held by the Canadian branches of the Bank, and procuring certificates by responsible businessmen, not in the employ of the Bank, certifying to the existence of the remainder of these securities.

We have further to report that having examined the foregoing Balance Sheet, and having compared the same with the books of the Head Office, and the certified returns from the branches, we are of the opinion that it is a full and fair Balance Sheet, exhibiting a true and correct view of the Bank's affairs as at 31st December, 1906.

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J. MAX TONE GRAHAM, C.A., Edinburgh.

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BEAR WAR BURDEN WITHOUT COMPLAINT

Japs Are Heavily Taxed, But Are Willing to Bear It—Londoner in Orient.

Colonel A. M. Smith, of this city, has just returned from Japan, where he spent some time on business and pleasure combined. Col. Smith went to Japan by way of Vancouver, and returned by way of Honolulu, San Francisco, and New Orleans. While in Japan he traveled extensively among the people in the more secluded districts, and he has many strange and interesting things to relate.

Speaking to The Advertiser today, Col. Smith said the people of Japan in general are suffering from the extremely heavy taxation occasioned by the recent war, but that they are bearing the burden without complaint, being very patriotic, and willing to give all they have for their country.

The Japanese, he says, are going in extensively for manufacturing, and are very anxious to learn new and improved methods, no matter what source they come. To learn to speak and write English is the desire of nearly every young person in Japan, and now English is taught in all the public schools. Of late there has been a movement on foot to have the Japanese language Romanized—that is to have the Roman letters substituted for the complicated Chinese and Japanese characters—which would remove many of the difficulties to learning to write the language.

Speaking of the stand the Japanese people are taking regarding religion, Col. Smith said the Japanese are ready to learn anything about it. He said he would not be surprised to see the Japanese Government send a delegation to the different civilized countries of the globe to make a careful study of the different religions and report to the Mikado as to which they considered the most suitable for Japan.

Among the curious customs of the Japanese is that of never heating their houses, even in the coldest of weather, which makes it very inconvenient for Europeans and others who have to live among them.

Some sections of their larger cities he described as being very much the same as are found in European places, while other sections are built of Japanese architecture. The leading cities have all the modern conveniences, such as electric cars, electric light, and telephones. One very pleasant experience which Col. Smith had on his return journey was to bathe in the ocean at Honolulu in the month of December.

CAT GAVE ALARM

Roused Family in House Full of Escaping Cat Gas—"Bill's" New Stunt.

A resident of Waterloo street north, opposite St. George's school, has for some time been the proud owner of a large Angora cat, which performs all manner of tricks, and also as a side-whisker makes miserable the lives of wandering canines when they happen to trespass on the back yard.

"Bill" is the somewhat uncommon name which has been given the cat. He invariably makes it a rule to stay by the old firestone, and hence it was that the owner was not a little surprised when at 1 o'clock this morning "Bill" came to his bedroom and started to scratch on the door. The head of the household arose with anything but kind words for the cat, but a moment later when he opened the bedroom door he found that he had good reason to further increase his love for the feline, if that were possible.

The house, it was found, was full of cat gas, and an investigation showed that a check which carries the gas from the furnace was closed.

The difficulty was soon remedied, the house aired, and the occupants were free to be none the worse for their experience.

But they feel that they owe much to "Bill," for had he not aroused the head of the family it is difficult to say what the consequences might have been.

"Bill, the Lion Saver," is very likely what the Angora, will hereafter be called.

FAREWELLED WITH FRIENDS

London last night lost two of its well-known young citizens, when Dr. Evan Ardell stepped aboard a train bound for Omaha, Nebraska, and Mr. John R. A. Grant, son of Assessment Commissioner Grant, boarded a train for Simcoe.

Dr. Ardell is a graduate of the Western Medical School, and was connected with Victoria Hospital for some time after completing his course in medicine. He will locate near Omaha.

Mr. Grant is well known for his long connection with the Molsons Bank, of this city, which has transferred him to the Simcoe branch of the institution.

Dr. Ardell and Mr. Grant were tendered banquets recently at the same cafe, and on the same night, Dr. Ardell was made the recipient of a gold-mounted pipe.

Speeches were made by Dr. McQuade, Dr. Reed, Mr. Scott Murray and Mr. Allan Tove.

The Waterloo Club did itself proud at Mr. Grant's farewell banquet, and turned out in full force to bid farewell to him.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

DEATHS.

LEIGH—In this city, on Jan. 15, 1906, Edythe, the fourth daughter of John B. Leigh, in her 21st year.

Funeral from the family residence, 81 Madison street, West London, on Friday, at 3 p.m.; service at 2:30 p.m. Funeral private.

HOCKEY—Opening Game CITY LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP.

THE COCKBURN CASE

Witness Says He Told Ex-President That McGill Was Speculating.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Jan. 15.—At the trial today of G. R. R. Cockburn, charged with signing false returns to the Government, evidence was given by G. W. Yarker, manager of the clearing house, formerly a banker, to the effect that he had told Mr. Cockburn that McGill was speculating in stocks in New York.

Crown Attorney Corley told the magistrate that he would probably have called Caldwell, formerly inspector of the Ontario Bank, present tomorrow to give evidence. He then said he had information that would probably enable him to give more evidence later. Also from reports he heard he thought he ought to put McGill in the box after his case was disposed of in the other court. The magistrate said that the case had been going on for some time and that the crown should have its evidence ready and that the case ought to wind up tomorrow.

OH! THOSE RASSLERS

Michigan Man Says He Was Flim-Flammed Out of \$1,500 at Hamilton.

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 15.—This afternoon a man named Brockman, who hails from Ameda, Mich., reported to the police that he was fleeced out of \$1,500, on a fake wrestling match pulled off here yesterday. He says that he was induced to bet on a wrestling match in Ameda and made a little money. He was then induced to come to Hamilton to bet on a match that was supposed to be "fixed." His friends told him that there was not a chance for him to lose, and he went the limit, betting \$1,500. The match was pulled off at the half-mile track, and the man Brockman backed lost. He does not know who the wrestlers were or who got his money, but is satisfied that he was the victim of a job. The local police were unable to do anything for him.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. J. M. Soper, of this city, leaves tonight for Omaha, Neb.

—The annual carnival of Trafalgar Lodge, No. 51, Sons of England, will be held tonight at the Westminster Rink.

—Mrs. Allen and daughter, Miss Dorothy, of this city, are at present visiting Mrs. Thomas Symington, at Sarnia.

—Mr. A. A. Fairchild, B. A., of the Glencoe High School, has resigned his position as mathematical master to accept that of principal of the high school at Elora.

—The firemen were called early this afternoon to 99 Wilson avenue, West London, where a blaze had started in a chicken coop. The building was destroyed. Loss slight.

—Miss Anne Mackenzie has gone to Chicago, accompanied by her uncle, Mr. Wm. Ross, who is returning to Montana after a very pleasant visit with friends in this city.

—Mrs. Archibald McPherson will receive at her new home, 32 Grosvenor street, on Friday afternoon of this week, and on the first and third Mondays of each month thereafter.

—This evening Rev. Russell Conwell, of Philadelphia, will lecture in the Auditorium on the theme, "The Heroism of a Private Life." Dr. Conwell is considered to be one of America's greatest lecturers.

—A passer-by noticed a reflection in the windows of one of the McClary Manufacturing shops at 6:24 this morning and he sent in an alarm. The brigade responded promptly, but its service was not required.

—Messrs. John and William Stevenson, of Clairholm, Alberta, returned home yesterday after a short visit in Grey, Simcoe and Middlesex counties. They have recently been the guests of Mr. John Stevenson, of 649 William street, this city.

—Mr. Frank A. Symons, formerly of this city, who has successfully represented J. Gage & Co., of Toronto, for some time as a sales agent, has been appointed to represent the same firm throughout the Northwest Provinces, with headquarters in Regina. His many friends will be pleased to hear of his promotion.

—A pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Robert Cooper, 11 Pearl street, on Saturday, when her daughter, Miss Mills A. J. Nethercott, of Hamilton, Miss Dorothy Davidson played the wedding march. The bride was dressed in a blue serge. The happy couple left for Buffalo, where they will spend a short honeymoon. Mr. and Mrs. Nethercott will reside in Hamilton.

—The funeral of Florence Bonser took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her parents, Cavendish street, West London, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Nixon at 2:30. The funeral was largely attended and the floral tributes were very beautiful. The pallbearers were Messrs. Maiven Barthelemy, Ray Montefiore, Robert Wray, James Scoine, Thomas Fraser and Wm. Mercer.

—The case of Hemphill vs. the Pere Marquette came up at Toronto yesterday, when a motion was made before J. A. McAndrew, official referee, for directions as to trial of third party action. The suit is brought by the widow of Frank Hemphill, an M. C. R. trainman who was killed in a collision in August last between a Pere Marquette and M. C. R. train on the L. and P. S. R. line between this city and St. Thomas. The wreck was due, it is alleged, to the failure of the Pere Marquette to stop at a signal.

—The suit of Joseph Hagar, on behalf of S. Hagar, a minor, vs. the Ontario Spring Bed and Mattress Company to recover \$3,000 damages for the loss of a hand in an alleged defective machine—is being heard today at the winter assizes.

—It is understood that Mayor Judd has Mr. Charles Taylor slated to succeed Mr. W. D. Willis on the board of

NO CONCESSIONS IN TRADE TO U. S.

Premier's Statement Re the Waterways Settlement.

QUID PRO QUOS BASIS ONLY

The Ross Rifle Criticised—Coasting Privileges—Recent Wrecks—New Measures Down.

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—Debates in the House today covered a wide range of subjects, including the settlement of the outstanding differences between Canada and the United States in reference to waterways, the enjoyment of coasting privileges by foreign vessels upon the Atlantic coast and the great lakes, and the efficient arming of the Canadian militia. Incidental to the last-named topic, the suitability of the Ross rifle and its value as a service weapon was raised. Sir Frederick Borden announced that the board of experts had reported all the defects disclosed in the rifle were capable of removal and had been remedied.

Waterways Commission.

In connection with the recommendation of the commission on international waterways for the division of an water at Niagara Falls for power purposes, the between Canada and the United States, to which Mr. Lancaster objected as unfair, Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave expression of the opinion he had entertained for a long time, that we should endeavor to settle permanently on the present time the question of the division of waters between Canada and the United States from Puget Sound to the St. John River. In order to arrive at this desirable end he suggested that it be necessary to give a quid pro quo for the concession of the water power at Niagara Falls. Sir Wilfrid declared that, although there had been a time when Canada would have given up to get trade concessions from our neighbors, he had abandoned that idea for a long time.

Owing to the Christmas recess having curtailed the period for presenting private bills, on the motion of the Premier the time was extended to the 7th of February.

The speaker announced the election of Mr. C. Devlin for Nicolet. A bill to amend the act respecting judges of provincial courts was introduced by Mr. Lennox, who explained that its principal object was to prevent judges of provincial courts undertaking extra judicial work. The bill was read a first time.

Mr. Kennedy (New Westminster) introduced a bill to amend the railway act, 1903, and to give the Canadian Pacific Railway the right of eminent domain for all classes of property caused by locomotives. The bill was read a first time.

The Premier informed Mr. Crockett that he would answer an inquiry by him as to the appointment of Hon. J. Postgate and Mr. D. Gilmor to the Senate tomorrow.

Mr. Broder informed Mr. R. L. Borden that four sailors from the vessel Alice Gertrude, arrested by the Uruguayan authorities as seal poachers, had been released, but certain claims against the Dominion Government had still to be settled.

The Minister of Railways informed Mr. Martin (Queen's) that it was the intention of the department to carry out experiments with motor cars on the lines of the Prince Edward Island Railway. In a general way the cost per mile of such service had been estimated as being half the cost of the ordinary trains. Further action by the Government would depend on results with respect to lines already established.

Those Wrecks.

The Minister of Marine informed Mr. Boyce that the steamer, which was wrecked near Michipicoten, was registered on the 9th of April, 1906. No loss of life had occurred, and the Government had not considered it necessary to hold an investigation. The Golspeid was imported by a Hamilton firm and placed on the coasted by the Dominion register in 1905, and was last inspected on the 9th of August, 1906. The monarch, wrecked off Isle Royale in November, was last inspected on June 4, 1906. One deck hand was drowned, and an investigation was proceeding.

Mr. Martin inquired whether the Government intended to introduce legislation carrying out the resolution passed by the Dominion Horticultural Council with regard to the legal barrel, and Mr. Fisher stated that as the Government had found that those engaged in the fruit industries held diverse opinions on the subject, the Minister of Agriculture also informed Mr. Martin that very satisfactory results had been obtained by open-air treatment of infected cattle with tuberculous at the experimental farm. None had died, and there had been no further development of symptoms. All calves were successfully raised last year, and the animals had adapted themselves remarkably to the changed conditions under which they were being kept. It was the intention of the Government to establish experimental stations for crop-growing and soil treatment in Prince Edward Island, Lethbridge, Northern Alberta and Northern Saskatchewan.

The Ontario Railway stated in answer to Mr. Ames that the Government in connection with the purchase of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway's surveys east of Winnipeg had been \$32,747.

Mr. Fisher informed Mr. Porter that last year 90,450 cubic yards of material were removed from Belleville harbor, at a cost of \$5,570.00.

AROUND THE WORLD.

Mr. W. F. Fulton, C. P. R. ticket agent, has sold tickets to a party composed of Mr. Ward Sutherland, of this city; Mr. R. MacGregor, Miss Kate MacGregor, and Miss Bertha Steele, all of Galt, who are going to take a trip around the world. They will go to San Francisco; from there to Honolulu, then to Japan, and from there to Shanghai, China; from China to Ceylon and Calcutta, and by way of the Red Sea to Italy; then home by way of Switzerland, France, Germany and England. They will cross the Atlantic on one of the fast Empress steamers of the C. P. R. The trip will take about nine months.

"FLOWER GIRL" TONIGHT AND TOMORROW.

Louise Gunning, the bright particular star of "Veronique, the Flower Girl," who is to delight local music lovers with her sweet and brilliant singing of the title role of that musical comedy success at the Grand Trunk tonight and tomorrow night, has had an exceptionally lustrous career as a prima donna ever since she made her debut in De Koven's "Mandarin." Before that she has achieved national fame as a balladist of Scottish melodies. Among her musical comedy triumphs have been the roles of Arabella in the De Wolf Hopper production of "Pickwick," and of Euphemia in "The Office Boy." She has been the leading soprano in support of Miss Schumann-Helke.

TWO CALLS EXTENDED.

The quarterly board of the First Methodist Church, have extended calls to Rev. W. L. Routledge, B.A., of Chatham, to succeed, for the remainder of the term, Rev. J. W. Graham, who goes to Toronto shortly to accept the position of associate secretary of education with the Ontario Education Department.

Dr. Sparling, of Winnipeg, to become pastor of the church at the beginning of the 1909 conference year. Both preachers are well known in London. The invitation to Rev. Mr. Routledge was presented by Mr. John H. Chapman, who visited Chatham yesterday, and Mr. Routledge promised to give it his immediate consideration. It is thought he will accept.

ANNIVERSARY CONCERT.

The anniversary concert of the Colborne Street Methodist Church held last night was the most successful in the history of the congregation. The church was filled to the doors with an audience that was highly appreciative and applauded every number on the programme. The Schubert Ladies' Quartet rendered several numbers, and in addition to these duets were given by Miss Rose and Mr. J. W. Fetherston; solos by Miss Sharnock of Stratford; Miss Rose, Miss Lancelotti, Mr. W. L. Balfie, Mr. Fetherston, Dr. Blackwell and Mr. Crawford; readings by Miss V. Farnsworth, Miss Carmichael, and Mr. Wm. Gibson; and solos by Mr. C. Irwin. The programme was opened with an organ selection by Mr. Bert Weir, organist of the church. Owing to the length of the programme arranged, the committee in charge insisted on no encores. At the conclusion of the entertainment, the music committee entertained the talent and choir of the church.

THE SEVENTH MINSTRELS.

Judging from the advance sale of tickets for the Seventh Regiment Minstrels, there will be a great rush for seats at the box office tomorrow morning when the plan opens. The changing of the date seems to have met with popular favor, and the call for tickets has been greater. The programme of chorus are rounding into excellent shape, and the burlesque, "Way Up East," will be found to contain a laugh every minute. The soldiers have promised many novel features, and the past record of the company has been a guarantee that every promise will be more than fulfilled. The plan will open tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock to ticketholders only.

HARAHAN'S ELECTION.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 15.—Senator Henry Evans today introduced a resolution in the state senate for the appointment of a special committee of five, to make a thorough investigation of the election of J. Harahan, to the presidency of the Illinois Central Railway.

RUSSEL ESCAPES.

Plattsburg, Jan. 15.—It is reported here that Edward J. Russel, an insane convict, escaped from a train between Albany and this place last night. Russel is the man who subpoenaed former Governor O'Dell and a number of supreme court justices in a proceeding begun by him to prove himself sane.

Malta Vita

"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

Strong's Baking Powder

by the Analytical Chemist for the Dominion of Canada.

Strong's Baking Powder is found to have very high aerating power. It is a Cream of Tartar powder, containing no alum or phosphate, and it is not adulterated.

Alum baking powders are sold to consumers at from 10 to 20 cents a pound. So detrimental to health are alum baking powders considered, that in many countries their sale is prohibited. Strong's Baking Powder.

25c Per Pound.

W. T. STRONG
DISPENSING CHEMIST,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

WINNING FEATURES

Are Included in Bennett's Vaudeville Bill This Week.

Manager Alois has another list of attractions at Bennett's Vaudeville this week, a number of which should pack the house every afternoon and night. It is one of those diversified bills which is sure to have something of especial interest for every taste.

The headline act is a protean sketch entitled "How He Won Her," presented by Mr. Thomas J. Keough and Miss Ruth Francis. Mr. Keough appears in six distinct characters, and his work in each is commendable. Miss Francis carries out her part of the sketch in a pleasing manner, and she also sings a popular number very well.

Another act which is of a high class is that of Detorelli and Glessandro, the French musical comique. The act is original and clever and proves one of the most entertaining of its kind as yet seen at Bennett's.

"A Cobbler's Dream," a neat little dancing sketch, put on by Fred and Eva Mozzara, is a winner, and was rewarded with the applause it deserves. Carroll and Baker do fairly well in a singing and dancing act. Sazona presents some living portraits of famous men in a manner mostly clever, but sometimes a little off. Bob and Bertha Hyde have a sketch, and the La Belle Trio are also on the bill. The moving pictures this week are excellent.

It was announced on the curtain last night that Daby Harcourt is coming back to Bennett's shortly and the crowd applauded the announcement.

SMALLPOX AGAIN APPEARS HERE

Continued from page one.

years the city smallpox patients, were re-engaged to look after her. She was taken to the hospital on the night of Monday, Jan. 7, but it was not until yesterday that the disease unmistakably manifested itself.

Dr. Hutchinson says the disease is of a mild type, but unfortunately the young lady has never been vaccinated.

There are many cases of smallpox in Oil Springs and the vicinity at present.

BUY EAST END SITE

Interesting Rumor About Messrs. Gorman, Eckert & Co.

It was stated today that there is a probability that the Gorman, Eckert & Co. may take over the plant of the London Canning and Evaporating Company. It is rumored that some time ago the Gorman-Eckert people made an offer to the canning company which has not as yet been accepted.

It is also known that the Gorman-Eckert Company, which is one of the most rapidly-advancing concerns in the city, has made an offer for the factory and grounds of the Bennett Furniture Company.

If the canning company's property can be acquired, the Gorman-Eckert Company will not need the Bennett property.

In either event, the present large premises of the firm on Clarence street will be vacated.

THE DISPUTED SEAT

Mr. Armstrong Can Make No Move to Secure It for Some Time.

Mr. George W. Armstrong, who has made application to the seat to which Mr. Joshua Garratt was declared elected, stated today that it will be impossible to make any further move for some time.

In the first place, Mr. Garratt cannot be proceeded against until he appears here.

But if he should not appear and take his seat at the third regular meeting of the council, which will occur on the first week in February, then he will lose the seat.

Consequently, Mr. Armstrong's counsel is simply waiting to see what Mr. Garratt will do. If he is not here for the third meeting, Mr. Armstrong will take the seat.

And if he appears before that time, proceedings to unseat him will be taken at once.

The favorite recreation of Professor Smith, of Columbia University, seems to be along the line of collecting mathematical "antiques," in which pursuit he has spent some months of European travel during the summer holidays.

POPULAR HILL.

Poplar Hill, Jan. 12.—Mr. Ira Owen and Miss Mabel Hatch, of London, were recent visitors here.

The rink will open again on Wednesday, providing the weather man does not make another mistake.

Mr. F. G. Owen has returned from Fernhill.

The auction sale of cows held here on Thursday drew a good attendance, but the sale was not a success financially. Many

It Stands Chief in FAVOR Through Its Unrivalled FLAVOR.

Blue Ribbon Tea

Is the most delicate and delicious beverage for table or social use. Pure and healthful.

BLACK, GREEN, MIXED—25c to \$1.00 a lb.—ALL GROCERS.

Capital \$4,000.00
Established 1855. Assets 39,000.00
Reserve 4,400.00

Special Room for Ladies

This bank has found its special department for ladies most popular. The large business has warranted this move, and ladies are invited to call and see how easy it is to lay aside savings or have an account and pay bills by check.

The BANK OF TORONTO

THREE BRANCHES IN LONDON
Corner Richmond and King Sts.
JOHN PRINGLE, Manager.
Richmond and John Sts. Adelaide and Dundas Sts.

BUSINESS CAPITAL

It is possible for a young man to save enough money in a few years to set himself up in business. The basis of the saving habit is the savings-bank book. It is your recommendation with your bank as well as the means by which the bank is able to recommend you in a business way. Do you know the feeling of having money out at interest? Start an account today.

Three per cent interest on Deposits.
Four per cent interest on Debentures.

DOMINION

Savings and Investment Society
Masonic Temple, London.
Nathaniel Mills, Manager.

ELECTRIC EFFECTS

A cordial invitation is extended to call at our showrooms and inspect our latest examples of lighting effects, all recognized styles, Renaissance, Colonial, Victorian, Flemish, etc., adapted for both combination and electric, including a complete line of Tiffany Art Bases, with chain effect, for dining-rooms, dens, etc. We also have an assortment of artistic reading lamps.

ROGERS ELECTRIC COMPANY

179 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

A TIP TO TRAVELERS

When you come in at the end of the week bring your shoes. We will fix them while you wait.

The Modern Shoe Repair Shop.
472 TALBOT ST. PHONE 2110.

Although there has been an advance in all lines of

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

and All Table Silverware

We are maintaining the old prices right through without any change.

One look at our windows will show the class of goods we handle.

Nothing is sold without a guarantee.

Our Carving Sets and Table and Dessert Knives deserve special mention.

Cowan's Hardware.

127 DUNDAS STREET.

WING CHONG.

Importer and dealer in Chinese and Japanese fancy drygoods, tea, handkerchiefs, chinaware, general eastern merchandise. Unique goods. Spencer Block, City.

Miner--One Who Works at Mining.

I am not a miner, but I sell the Best Coal the miner mines from the mine.

Try some from this mine.

JOHN M. DALY

Coalman
Phone 348. 19 York St.

head: 25c lower, \$4.25 to \$9.75.
Hogs—Receipts, 6,200 head; active and 54 to 10c higher; heavy, \$6.75 to \$6.80; mixed, \$6.50; Yorkers, \$6.50 to \$6.65; pigs, \$7.10 to \$7.20; cows and heifers, \$1.60 to \$1.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$4.00; Texas, \$3.75 to \$4.50; westerns, \$4.50 to \$5.25; Hogs—Receipts, about 20,000 head; 6c higher; mixed and butchers, \$6.25 to \$6.60; rough heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.35; light, \$6.25 to \$6.50; pigs, \$5.75 to \$5.85; bulk of sales at \$7.60.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Cattle—Estimated receipts, 4,500 head; steady; beefs, \$4.10 to \$4.20; cows and heifers, \$1.60 to \$1.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$4.00; Texas, \$3.75 to \$4.50; westerns, \$4.50 to \$5.25; Hogs—Receipts, about 20,000 head; 6c higher; mixed and butchers, \$6.25 to \$6.60; rough heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.35; light, \$6.25 to \$6.50; pigs, \$5.75 to \$5.85; bulk of sales at \$7.60.

Sheep—Estimated receipts, 14,000 head; strong; sheep, \$5.60 to \$5.75; lambs, \$4.40 to \$7.60.

Commission Orders
on all Exchanges

BONDS AND STOCKS
Investment Securities
Both Listed and Unlisted
Members: Toronto Stock Exchange

Long Distance Telephone Main 5200-01-02

LOCAL MARKET.
London, Tuesday, Jan. 15.

The feature of today's market was the large supply of hay. It was the largest delivery since the high prices commenced. The smaller lines were not as well represented as expected, but there was a good demand and prices were firm.

Grain—There was a good demand for the 20 loads of oats offered and sales were made at \$1.07 to \$1.10 per cwt. Wheat sold at 70c per bushel.

Hay and Straw—Today's delivery of hay was the largest so far this season, amounting to 60 loads; sales were slow and prices lower, at \$1.02 to \$1.03 for most of the loads; a few choice loads went at \$1.05. Straw sold at 85c and 86c per ton.

Butter and Eggs—There was a brisk demand for the rather small supply of butter; sales were made at 25c to 26c for crocks and pound rolls. Eggs sold at 75c to 80c per dozen for fresh-laid.

Vegetables and Roots—There were several large loads of potatoes offered, which were sold at 7c to 8c per bag; one large load of onions sold at 15c per bag; cabbages, 40c per dozen; celery, 40c per dozen.

Poultry—There was very little offered; turkeys sold at 15c to 16c per lb.; chickens sold at 10c per lb.; old fowl, 75c to 80c per lb.

Dressed Hogs—There was a big supply offered; sales were brisk, at 89 to 89.25 per cwt for light hogs and 87.50 for hogs which weighed about 250 lbs.

Butchers' Meats—Sales were a trifle slow in this line; beef sold at 55c to 56c per cwt; lamb, 11c to 12c per lb.; veal, 83c to 84c per cwt; mutton, 7c to 8c per lb.

COTTON.
New York, Jan. 14.—Cotton—Spot closed steady, 10 points lower; middling upland, 10 7/8; middling upland, 10 7/8; sales, 1,500 bales.

Futures closed easy, March, 89.32; April, 89.31; May, 89.28; June, 89.25; July, 89.21; August, 89.18; October, 89.15.

New York, Jan. 15.—Cotton—Futures opened steady; January, 89.22; March, 89.36; April, 89.32; May, 89.31; June, 89.28; July, 89.25; August, 89.21; October, 89.18.

SUGAR MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
New York, Jan. 14.—Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96c; test, 3 1/2c; molasses sugar, 2 1/2c; reduced sugar, No. 6, 84c; No. 7, 84c; No. 8, 84c; No. 9, 84c; No. 10, 84c; No. 11, 84c; No. 12, 84c; No. 13, 84c; No. 14, 84c; No. 15, 84c; No. 16, 84c; No. 17, 84c; No. 18, 84c; No. 19, 84c; No. 20, 84c; No. 21, 84c; No. 22, 84c; No. 23, 84c; No. 24, 84c; No. 25, 84c; No. 26, 84c; No. 27, 84c; No. 28, 84c; No. 29, 84c; No. 30, 84c; No. 31, 84c; No. 32, 84c; No. 33, 84c; No. 34, 84c; No. 35, 84c; No. 36, 84c; No. 37, 84c; No. 38, 84c; No. 39, 84c; No. 40, 84c; No. 41, 84c; No. 42, 84c; No. 43, 84c; No. 44, 84c; No. 45, 84c; No. 46, 84c; No. 47, 84c; No. 48, 84c; No. 49, 84c; No. 50, 84c; No. 51, 84c; No. 52, 84c; No. 53, 84c; No. 54, 84c; No. 55, 84c; No. 56, 84c; No. 57, 84c; No. 58, 84c; No. 59, 84c; No. 60, 84c; No. 61, 84c; No. 62, 84c; No. 63, 84c; No. 64, 84c; No. 65, 84c; No. 66, 84c; No. 67, 84c; No. 68, 84c; No. 69, 84c; No. 70, 84c; No. 71, 84c; No. 72, 84c; No. 73, 84c; 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Bookkeeping and Penmanship

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We wish that we could tell you just how we teach these interesting subjects. Space is too limited. If interested, write us and we will give particulars with you. College opened Jan. 2.

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This being the season for Dress Suits and Fur-lined Overcoats. We beg to remind you that our stock and workmanship in these lines are unsurpassed. We combine excellence with reasonable prices.

O. LABELLE,
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\$1.00
Your Bicycle
Cleaned and Stored

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Enamelled, Cleaned
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Let us send for it now, and deliver it next spring in good running order. Pay when you take it out. Phone 890.

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COAL RUNNING OUT.

If your coal is running out you will want a fresh supply. Doubtless you want the best, too; at least it is poor economy to buy poor COAL at any price. We can supply you with the best to be had WELL SCREENED and FREE FROM IMPURITIES. Our price is as low as the best can be sold for.

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Phone 123. Phone 412.
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ELLIOTT & OLIMSTED
Removed to 225 Dundas.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS
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Reasonable charges. Best equipment.
Open day and night. Residence on premises.
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MONUMENTS Granite & Marble.
Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.
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SMITH, SON & CLARKE
Undertakers and Embalmers
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.
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R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
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EXPERT WORKMANSHIP
Modern appliances, high grade materials. These essentials combine to make our Repair Department most efficient. Satisfaction guaranteed.

EDWARDS, Watchmaker and Optician
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4 Per Cent
allowed on special deposits in Savings Bank.

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allowed on security of first-class debentures.

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The entire assets, capital stock, reserve fund, mortgages and total income of this company are pledged by Act of Parliament for payment of depositors and debenture holders, making their security safe beyond question.

G. A. Somerville, Manager
OFFICES—440-442 Richmond Street.
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Hamilton's Porter is fully aged. It is the best. Ask for Hamilton's when you are buying.

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SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING

Lens Making and Frame Fitting
The Tait-Brown Optical Co.
EXPERT OPTICIANS,
237 Dundas Street
Appointments by phone, 1877. Four doors east of Bennett's.

Bracelets

The Bracelet plays an important part in the outfit for evening wear. It is the finishing touch to any costume and with the elbow or sleeveless gown it is a necessity. See our variety.

Thos. Gillean
402 RICHMOND ST.

You Can't Begin Too Soon

If Johnston Bros. XXX Bread is not already an article of your daily diet, make it so at once. Unsurpassed in nourishing value. Your grocer sells it.

JOHNSTON BROS. Phone 818

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. Wm. Masurett will not receive again until the first Tuesday in February.

—Miss Anna Robinson, of 421 Pall Mall street, has returned home after a visit in Mason, Mich.

—Mr. W. P. McDougall and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Isaac, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs. Wright, 536 Wellington street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wright and Mrs. F. A. Isaac, Toronto, have returned from a two months' trip to Jamaica and Florida.

The officers of London Council, No. 75, Canadian Order of Chosen Friends, were installed last evening, by P. C. C. A. M. Legg, of Council No. 19, with Friend Mrs. Graham, grand guard, acting as grand marshal. After the installation a social hour was spent, the lady members serving light refreshments.

—Friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Shaver to the number of about seventy, gathered at their home in Westminster the other evening, and enjoyed their hospitality. Cards and dancing were indulged in until midnight, when refreshments were served by the host and hostess, after which dancing was resumed until 4 o'clock.

Among the guests were a number of Mr. and Mrs. Shaver's friends from the city. All agreed that the evening was one of the most pleasant they had ever spent.

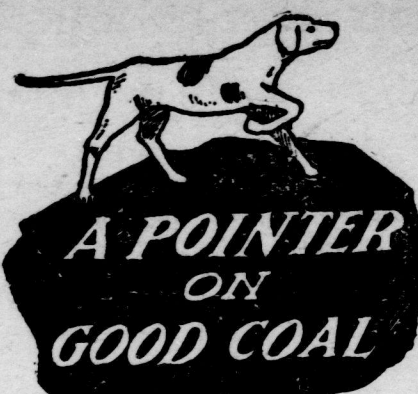
—Mrs. Toohey, of this city, has leased

SAVE MONEY

By buying your watch of us. We carry a special line of Watches that we can save you money on. Perfect timekeepers. Fully guaranteed.

SUMNER

The Leading Jeweler,
380 RICHMOND STREET



A POINTER ON GOOD COAL

JOHN MANN & SONS
Phone 470.

Ladies! It Is Possible

To make a decided mistake in buying Cut Glass. All Cut Glass is not alike. There is a vast difference between ordinary and exclusive designs, guaranteed. When you buy you should buy the best, the most beautiful. Come and see our stock.

C. H. WARD & CO.
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Parnell's BREAD

on her table every meal. It has that something that appeals to the appetite. It is better than the average bread. For sale at all grocers or phone our office (929) for a trial loaf.

DAINTY Sachet Powders

(EXTRA STRENGTH)
Chrysis
Wood Violet
White Heliotrope
Quadruple Orris
Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S RALLY

Local Baptist Societies Meet at Talbot Street Church.

The quarterly rally of the five Baptist young people's societies of this city was held last night at the Talbot Street Church. The meeting was largely attended, and great enthusiasm was shown.

The speaker of the evening was Rev. W. T. Graham, of Sarnia, who delivered an eloquent, instructive and very convincing address on "The Church of Today." Rev. Mr. Graham is an old London boy, and is one of the ablest preachers in the Baptist Church, being especially noted as a sound theologian.

Some excellent music was rendered. The Talbot Street quartet gave two very pleasing numbers, while Mr. Greenslade rendered a delightful solo.

EXTERNAL BANK INSPECTION

Departure From Usual Practice by Bank of Nova Scotia.

In presenting its 75th annual general statement to its shareholders and the public, the Bank of Nova Scotia has made a departure from its usual practice of banks incorporated in Canada.

We refer to the certificate of the two chartered accountants of Edinburgh, Messrs. D. H. Hule and J. Maxtone Graham.

For years Mr. McLeod, the general manager of the bank, has urged the necessity for examination or inspection of banks by officials not connected with the institutions examined. While the discreditable failure of the Bank of Yarmouth gave a strong little countenance was shown them by other bankers. The recent happenings in the Ontario Bank have again brought up the need for outside examination, and deeming the time ripe for radical action.

The bank act has made ample provision for the protection of those holding Canadian notes, a reform introduced into the act by the government in 1890.

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MISSING MAN FOUND

Francesco Framene, Aged Italian, Wandered to Komoka.

About 6 o'clock last night Francesco Framene, the aged 100-year-old Italian, who disappeared from his home in this city, was located near Komoka, and restored to his relatives.

A G. T. R. flagman at Komoka had read an account of the disappearance of the old man in the London papers, and was convinced that he had been harboring the man in his shanty. He immediately telegraphed to the city police and sent Mr. Framene back to the city on the eastern flyer.

A large party of Italians gathered on the station to meet the old man, and there was great rejoicing over his return. It appears that Mr. Framene lost his way en route to his sister's on Sunday morning, and that he wandered through South London into the country, where he strayed through the fields and woods for some time.

He eventually found his way to the Grand Trunk tracks, and became completely mixed up in the directions, for, instead of turning toward the east, as he should have done, he turned west and arrived in Komoka, being unable to speak English, he could not explain to anyone where he had come from, and was in a bad fix until he found a friend in the flagman, who allowed him to sleep in his bunk, gave him food and took care of him.

The Bank of Nova Scotia, in adopting the practice of independent audit, has furnished its depositors with a guarantee, if any were needed, of the strength and security of the institution in which their money is lodged. It is also giving an assurance to its shareholders that their confidence in its conservative supervision and management is not misplaced, thereby enhancing the value of their investment.

As a pioneer in a good cause the Bank of Nova Scotia deserves the commendation of all who desire to see our financial institutions move forward on lines insuring increased stability and permanence. It has given an example worthy of imitation.

THE RUSSIAN BUDGET

A Loan Contemplated to Meet Expenditure of 1907.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 14.—A communication, issued by Minister of Finance Kokovtsov, says that owing to the dissolution of parliament and the adjournment of the council of the empire until March 5, the budget proposals cannot be considered in time to allow the publication of the budget Jan. 14, as in previous years.

The council of ministers accordingly decided that the budget shall, without fail, be submitted to Parliament and the council of the empire March 5.

Meantime the council of ministers has decided to be governed by the article in the constitution which says that if a budget is not confirmed at the beginning of a financial year, then the budget of the preceding year shall remain in force, and which permits a credit to be opened for the different departments not exceeding one-twelfth of the total budget expenditure.

Conferring with the different departments the total ordinary and extraordinary expenditure for the current year, based on the budget for 1906 was fixed roughly at \$1,250,000,000.

The total expenditure is increased by \$22,500,000, representing an obligatory expenditure of the exchequer in carrying out the laws passed after the adoption of the 1906 budget.

The ordinary receipts are estimated at \$1,087,500,000, and are expected to show an increase of \$75,000,000 over those of 1906.

The total ordinary expenditure for 1907 is estimated at \$1,162,500,000, to meet which a loan operation is contemplated, the magnitude of which depends on the revenue of 1907.

The total extraordinary expenditure for 1907 is estimated at \$149,300,000, to meet which a loan operation is contemplated, the magnitude of which depends on the revenue of 1907.

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A GOOD RESOLUTION

Commence the New Year with a Savings Account at this Bank, no matter how small, and resolve to add to it each week.

It's not what you earn, but what you save that makes you rich.

Interest Credited 4 Times a Year

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CORNER RICHMOND AND KING STREETS

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Interest Allowed on deposits at current rate.

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Tracking Missing Link

Hands and Feet Shaped Similarly to Those of Simians.

Berlin, Jan. 14.—An interesting discovery has been made by the well-known Heidelberg scientist, Professor Klaatsch, who is now pursuing anthropological studies in Australia.

Writing in the Koelner Zeitung, the professor says that while examining some Australasian natives arrested for killing a white man in Port Arthur he found that one of the men had feet and hands of exactly the same shape and appearance as those of monkeys.

The natives on his inquiries, stated that in the hitherto unexplored regions between the Rivers Daly and Victoria numerous people have similar hands and feet, and otherwise bear a strong resemblance to large monkeys. This is the first time that these characteristics have been discovered in a human being.

Prof. Klaatsch is now starting for the region where these natives are to be found, in order to verify the above statement. The discovery has awakened great interest in the German scientific world as it is a striking testimony in favor of the Darwinian theory of the missing link.

DECIDES AGAINST HEARST

Supreme Court Gives Ballot Boxes to Election Board.

New York, Jan. 15.—The ballot boxes containing the ballots cast for mayor in the city election in 1906 were today ordered by Justice Levensitt to be placed in the custody of the New York City Board of Elections.

He vacated the order granted by Justice Hendrick which gave the boxes into the custody of Attorney-General Jackson.

Justice Levensitt in his decision vacating the order said:

"In my opinion the court should not continue an order which interferes with the election laws. These laws provide that the boxes should be in the custody of the board of elections."

"Assuming, however, that the court has the power to interfere, I fail to find any facts in the papers to justify such action. If the court were notified that the ballot boxes were in jeopardy, the court might then be called upon to make an order, but no such evidence is before me, and the order to impound should be vacated, and it is hereby vacated."

OFF FOR ANOTHER YEAR

Toronto's New Council Strikes Off Committees and Gets to Business.

Toronto, Jan. 14.—The new city council began business this morning. The mayor's inaugural address referred to the problem of the year, including railways, street railways, harbor, Ashbridge's Bay, sewerage, parks, electric power, workingmen's homes and other more or less important questions to be considered by the council. A striking feature of the numerous notices of motion was the unanimity of the members on the question of compelling the Toronto Railway Company to improve the service and stop the overcrowding.

The following chairmen of standing committees were elected: Legislation and reception, Ald. J. J. Graham; works, Ald. Geary; property, Ald. Chisholm; fire and light, Ald. McBride; parks and exhibition, Ald. Vaughan; island, Ald. Keeler.

DELAWARE.
In The Advertiser of Dec. 21 appeared a paragraph casting unwarranted reflections upon a highly-respected family, living on the first concession of Delaware. It was stated that a Home boy had been taken from there by the Home authorities, because if ill-usage, and that the incident would be a lesson for other parties. The Advertiser has since seen the correspondence between the family and the Home authorities, which shows that the story was not unfounded, but directly contrary to the facts. The boy was not taken back by the Home authorities, but was returned against their wish, because of

the story is terribly tragic, as the decent workingman and his mother are laid innocent to the gallows. It is just the sort of story that supplied the gruesome and popular ballads of past generations.

In the last of the three scenes the audience is shown the prisoners chained in the bench. The mother implores John to tell the truth and save them from needless death. Richard upbraids him, but John, a ruffianly homicidal maniac, refuses to speak.

The chaplain enters. One by one they are taken out and hanged.

Imagine this scene written with great literary and dramatic skill and acted consummately well, and some, at least of the horror of the play may be realized.

Pianos to Rent.

Pianos rented from \$2 per month upwards. Six months' rent allowed in case of purchase. Nordheimer Company, Limited, 138 Dundas street.

Books, papers and magazines—Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane, London, Ont.

A William and Martin farthing, by George Bowers, 1690, was sold for two guineas at a sale of rare medals and coins at Messrs. Sotheby's, London (Eng.). A similar sum was paid for a Charles II. tin farthing of 1684.

The brown-tail moth, which is the plague of New England trees, was imported by Prof. Trouvelot, as an aid in his experiments in producing silk. Now congress has voted \$100,000 for the importation of parasites to hasten the depopulation of the moth.

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